Excellence in Compliance Testing

Certification Test Report

FCC ID: R7PSSMM2TRP

FCC Rule Part: 15.247

ACS Report Number: 11-0444.W03.1A

Manufacturer: Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc.
Model: L+G Solid State Meter Module

Test Begin Date: December 1, 2011
Test End Date: Novemver 5, 2012

Report Issue Date: April 11, 2013

FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

Reviewed by:

Kirby Munroe
Director, Wireless Certifications
ACS, Inc.

This report contains 20 pages

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1 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations for single modular approval certification.

1.2 General

The L+G Solid State Meter Module (L+G SSMM) consists of a 900MHz transceiver on a single printed circuit board, which is designed to provide active energy data from Landis+Gyr S4e meters for use in residential and industrial commercial services.

Technical Information:
Band of Operation: 917.58 MHz
Number of Channels: 1
Modulation Format: OOK
Antenna Type/Gain: Flex Dipole; -5dBi gain
Operating Voltage: 12Vdc

Manufacturer Information:
Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc.
30000 Mill Creek Ave., Suite 100
Alpharetta, GA 30022

Test Sample Serial Number(s): C524431100023994 (RF Conducted), C524431100024010 (Radiated)

Test Sample Condition: The test samples were provided in good working order with no visible defects.

1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations

For radiated emissions, including band edge, the EUT was evaluated in an orientation representative of final installation.

2 TEST FACILITIES

2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive
Buford, GA 30518
Phone: (770) 831-8048
Fax: (770) 831-8598

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

ACS is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), Lab Code 200612-0. Unless otherwise specified, all tests methods described within this report are covered under the ISO/IEC 17025 scope of accreditation.

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment.

FCC Registration Number: 511277
Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175A-1
VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

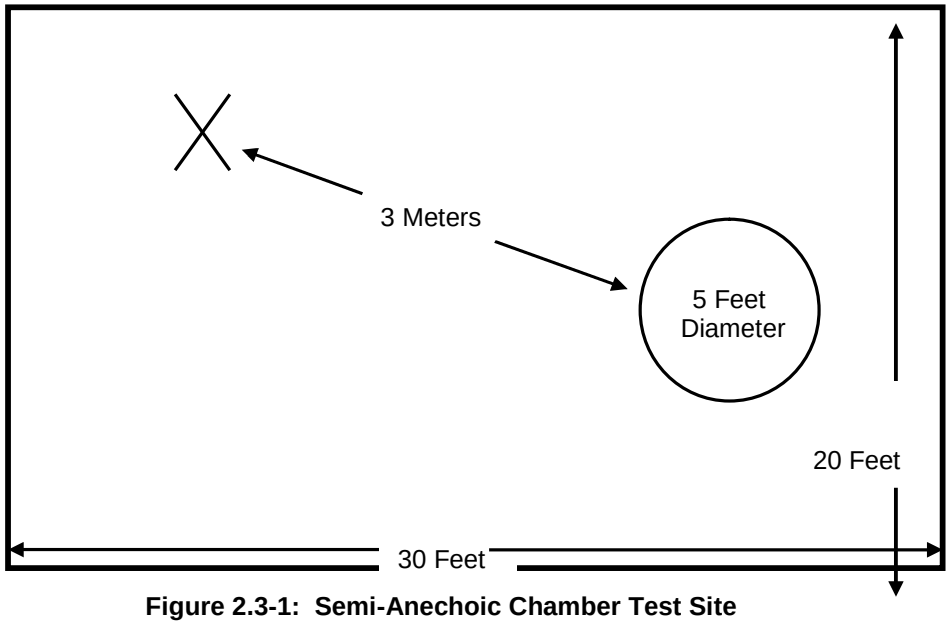


Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40’ x 66’ concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8” holes that are staggered every 3/16”. The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4” and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3” in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12’ beyond the turntable edge and 16’ beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8’ copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10’ flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40’ from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7’ x 7’ square and 4’ deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4” PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

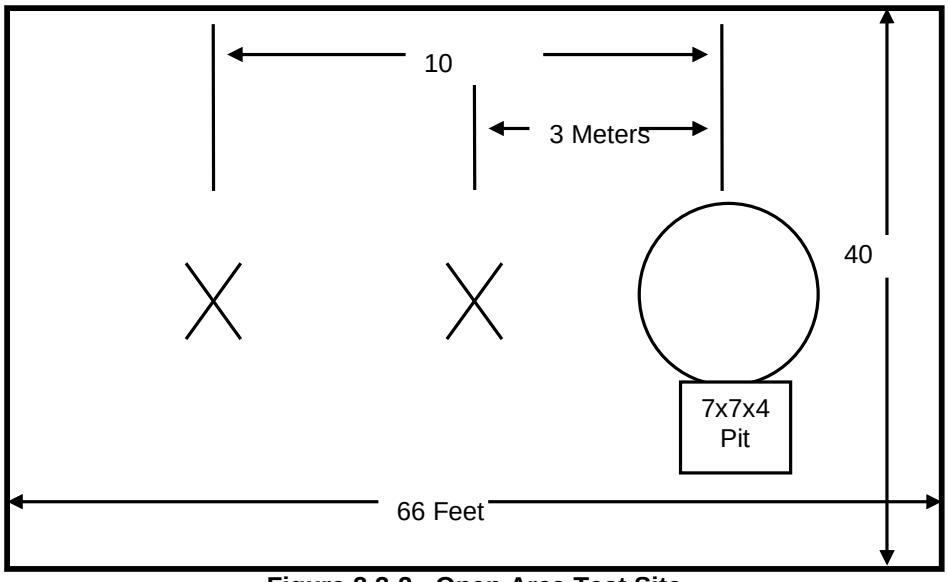


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal ground reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the room is shown below in figure 4.1.3-1:

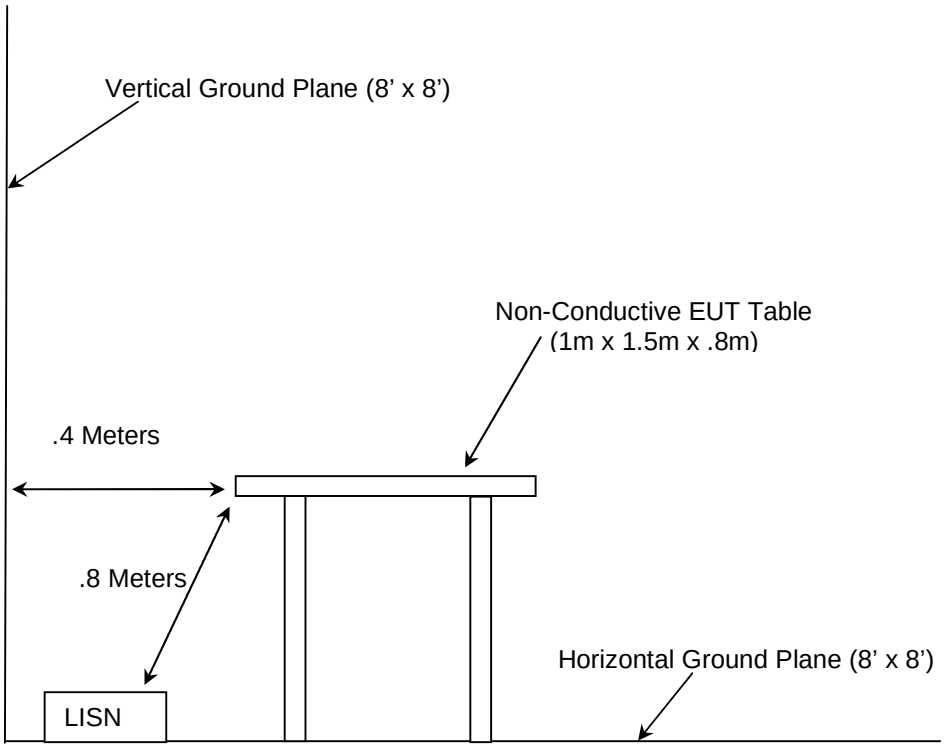


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

3 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ANSI C63.4-2003: Method of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the 9KHz to 40GHz
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2012
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2012
- FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v02 - Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247, October 4, 2012
- Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210 - Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, Issue 8, Dec 2010
- Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-GEN – General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, Issue 3, Dec 2010.

4 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

Table 4-1: Test Equipment

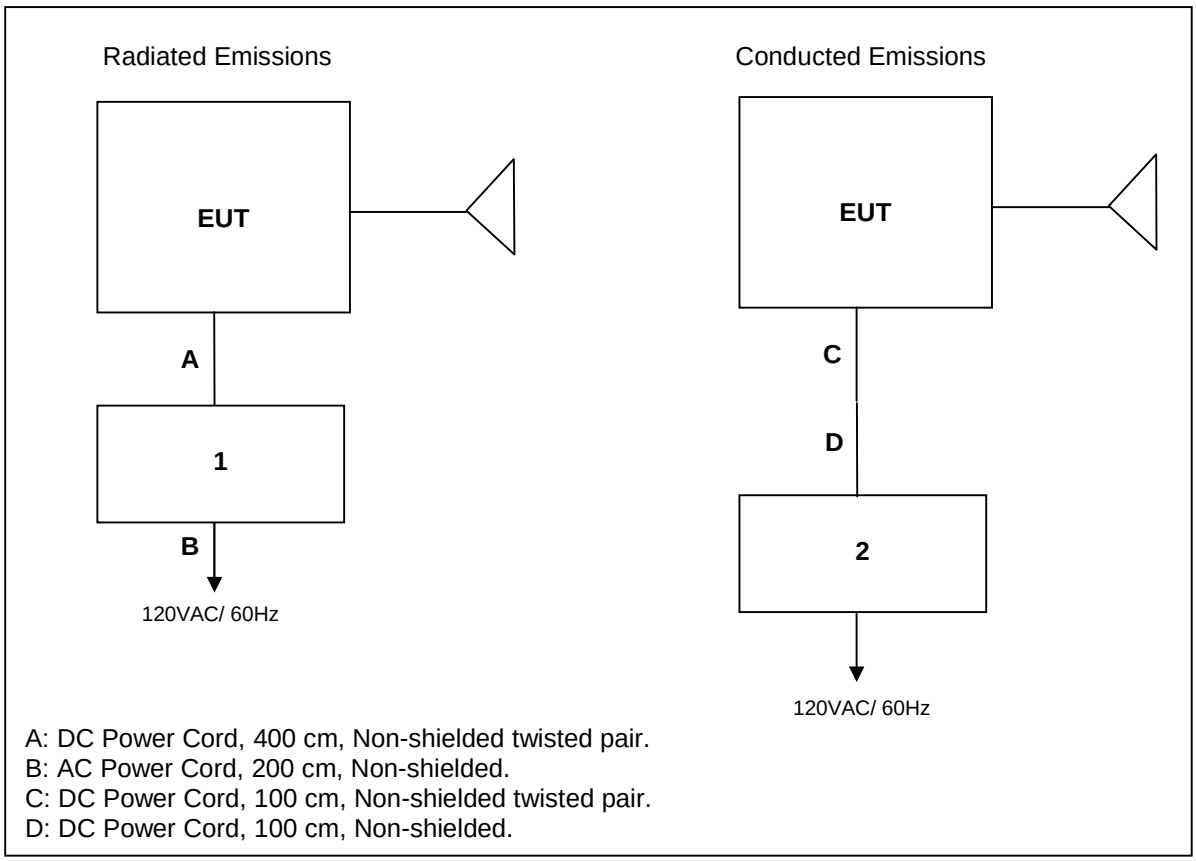
AssetID	Manufacturer	Model #	Equipment Type	Serial #	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI - Display	Spectrum Analyzers	833771/007	9/23/2010	9/23/2012
1	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI - Display	Spectrum Analyzers	833771/007	8/2/2012	8/2/2014
2	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI-Receiver	Spectrum Analyzers	839587/003	9/23/2010	9/23/2012
2	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI-Receiver	Spectrum Analyzers	839587/003	8/2/2012	8/2/2014
3	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI - Display	Spectrum Analyzers	839379/011	5/26/2011	5/26/2013
4	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI - Receiver	Spectrum Analyzers	833827/003	5/26/2011	5/26/2013
30	Spectrum Technologies	DRH-0118	Antennas	970102	4/27/2011	4/27/2013
40	EMCO	3104	Antennas	3211	2/11/2011	2/11/2013
73	Agilent	8447D	Amplifiers	2727A05624	9/30/2011	9/30/2012
73	Agilent	8447D	Amplifiers	2727A05624	9/28/2012	9/28/2013
152	EMCO	3825/2	LISN	9111-1905	11/2/2010	11/2/2012
152	EMCO	3825/2	LISN	9111-1905	7/31/2012	7/31/2014
167	ACS	Chamber EMI Cable Set	Cable Set	167	1/26/2011	1/26/2012
167	ACS	Chamber EMI Cable Set	Cable Set	167	12/21/2011	12/21/2012
168	Hewlett Packard	11947A	Attenuators	44829	2/4/2011	2/4/2012
168	Hewlett Packard	11947A	Attenuators	44829	2/1/2012	2/1/2013
267	Agilent	N1911A	Meters	MY45100129	11/2/2010	12/31/2011
267	Agilent	N1911A	Meters	MY45100129	1/23/2012	1/23/2014
268	Agilent	N1921A	Sensors	MY45240184	12/2/2010	12/31/2011
268	Agilent	N1921A	Sensors	MY45240184	1/17/2012	1/17/2014
283	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	Spectrum Analyzers	1000033	8/26/2011	8/26/2012
283	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	Spectrum Analyzers	1000033	8/1/2012	8/1/2013
291	Florida RF Cables	SMRE-200W-12.0-SMRE	Cables	None	12/7/2010	12/7/2011
291	Florida RF Cables	SMRE-200W-12.0-SMRE	Cables	None	12/2/2011	12/2/2012
292	Florida RF Cables	SMR-290AW-480.0-SMR	Cables	None	4/11/2011	4/11/2012
292	Florida RF Cables	SMR-290AW-480.0-SMR	Cables	None	4/2/2012	4/2/2013
324	ACS	Belden	Cables	8214	7/6/2011	7/6/2012
324	ACS	Belden	Cables	8214	6/26/2012	6/26/2013
331	Microwave Circuits	H1G513G1	Filters	31417	7/11/2011	7/11/2012
331	Microwave Circuits	H1G513G1	Filters	31417	7/2/2012	7/2/2013
338	Hewlett Packard	8449B	Amplifiers	3008A01111	3/24/2011	3/24/2012
338	Hewlett Packard	8449B	Amplifiers	3008A01111	8/2/2012	8/2/2013
340	Aeroflex/Weinschel	AS-20	Attenuators	7136	8/29/2011	8/29/2012
340	Aeroflex/Weinschel	AS-20	Attenuators	7136	8/2/2012	8/2/2013
412	Electro Metrics	LPA-25	Antennas	1241	7/28/2010	7/28/2012
412	Electro Metrics	LPA-25	Antennas	1241	7/27/2012	7/27/2014
422	Florida RF	SMS-200AW-72.0-SMR	Cables	805	12/29/2010	12/29/2011
422	Florida RF	SMS-200AW-72.0-SMR	Cables	805	12/2/2011	12/2/2012

5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

Item	Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
1	DC Power Supply	TryGon Electronics	DL40-1	489512
2	Power Supply	Utilinet	EPAS-101W-12	0448 S

6 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM



A: DC Power Cord, 400 cm, Non-shielded twisted pair.
B: AC Power Cord, 200 cm, Non-shielded.
C: DC Power Cord, 100 cm, Non-shielded twisted pair.
D: DC Power Cord, 100 cm, Non-shielded.

7 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

7.1 Antenna Requirement – FCC: Section 15.203

The antenna used for the L+G SSMM is a flex dipole antenna with -5dBi gain, and therefore meets the requirements of Section 15.203.

7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions – FCC: Section 15.207 IC: RSS-Gen 7.2.4

7.2.1 Measurement Procedure

ANSI C63.4 sections 6 and 7 were the guiding documents for this evaluation. Conducted emissions were performed from 150kHz to 30MHz with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 9kHz and the video bandwidth set to 30kHz. The calculation for the conducted emissions is as follows:

Corrected Reading = Analyzer Reading + LISN Loss + Cable Loss
Margin = Applicable Limit - Corrected Reading

7.2.2 Measurement Results

Results of the test are shown below in and Tables 7.2.2-1 to 7.2.2-2.

Table 7.2.2-1: Line 1 Conducted EMI Results

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Transducer (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Line	PE	Detector
0.45	50.2	10	57	6.7	L1	FLO	QP
0.9	45	10	56	11	L1	FLO	QP
1.026	23.7	10	56	32.3	L1	FLO	QP
1.134	28	10	56	28	L1	FLO	QP
1.266	32.8	10	56	23.2	L1	FLO	QP
1.344	46.9	10	56	9.1	L1	FLO	QP
1.794	41.1	10	56	14.9	L1	FLO	QP
2.244	34.3	10	56	21.7	L1	FLO	QP
2.676	35.9	10	56	20.1	L1	FLO	QP
2.688	41.9	10	56	14.1	L1	FLO	QP
0.45	45.4	10	47	1.4	L1	FLO	AVG
0.894	44.7	10	46	1.3	L1	FLO	AVG
1.08	7.5	10	46	38.5	L1	FLO	AVG
1.182	7.8	10	46	38.2	L1	FLO	AVG
1.236	7.9	10	46	38.1	L1	FLO	AVG
1.344	41.1	10	46	4.9	L1	FLO	AVG
1.794	29.4	10	46	16.6	L1	FLO	AVG
2.238	35.2	10	46	10.8	L1	FLO	AVG
2.682	36.3	10	46	9.7	L1	FLO	AVG
2.688	33.4	10	46	12.6	L1	FLO	AVG

Table 7.2.2-2: Line 2 Conducted EMI Results

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Transducer (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Line	PE	Detector
0.45	49.3	10	57	7.6	L2	FLO	QP
0.894	50.5	10	56	5.5	L2	FLO	QP
1.344	45.4	10	56	10.6	L2	FLO	QP
1.788	43.7	10	56	12.3	L2	FLO	QP
2.238	39.8	10	56	16.2	L2	FLO	QP
2.538	28.5	10	56	27.5	L2	FLO	QP
2.598	24.9	10	56	31.1	L2	FLO	QP
3.132	34.1	9.9	56	21.9	L2	FLO	QP
4.02	36.8	9.9	56	19.2	L2	FLO	QP
0.444	45.2	10	47	1.7	L2	FLO	AVG
0.894	45.6	10	46	0.4	L2	FLO	AVG
1.338	40.9	10	46	5.1	L2	FLO	AVG
1.788	34.4	10	46	11.6	L2	FLO	AVG
2.232	35.9	10	46	10.1	L2	FLO	AVG
2.526	7.2	10	46	38.8	L2	FLO	AVG
2.55	7.5	10	46	38.5	L2	FLO	AVG
3.126	29.6	9.9	46	16.4	L2	FLO	AVG
4.026	23.4	9.9	46	22.6	L2	FLO	AVG

7.3 6dB / 99% Bandwidth – FCC: Section 15.247(a)(2) IC: RSS-210 A8.2(a)

7.3.1 Measurement Procedure

The 6dB bandwidth was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v02. The Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to approximately 1% to 5% of the DTS Bandwidth (6 dB bandwidth), not to exceed 100 kHz. The Video Bandwidth (VBW) was set to ≥ 3 times the RBW. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. The marker-delta function of the spectrum analyzer was utilized to determine the 6 dB bandwidth of the emission, Option 1.

The occupied bandwidth measurement function of the spectrum analyzer was used to measure the 99% bandwidth. The span of the analyzer was set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission sidebands. The resolution bandwidth was set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth was set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. A sampling detector was used.

7.3.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in table 7.3.2-1 and figures 7.3.2-1 to 7.3.2-2:

Table 7.3.2-1: 6dB / 99% Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	6dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% Bandwidth [MHz]
917.58	1.19	3.33

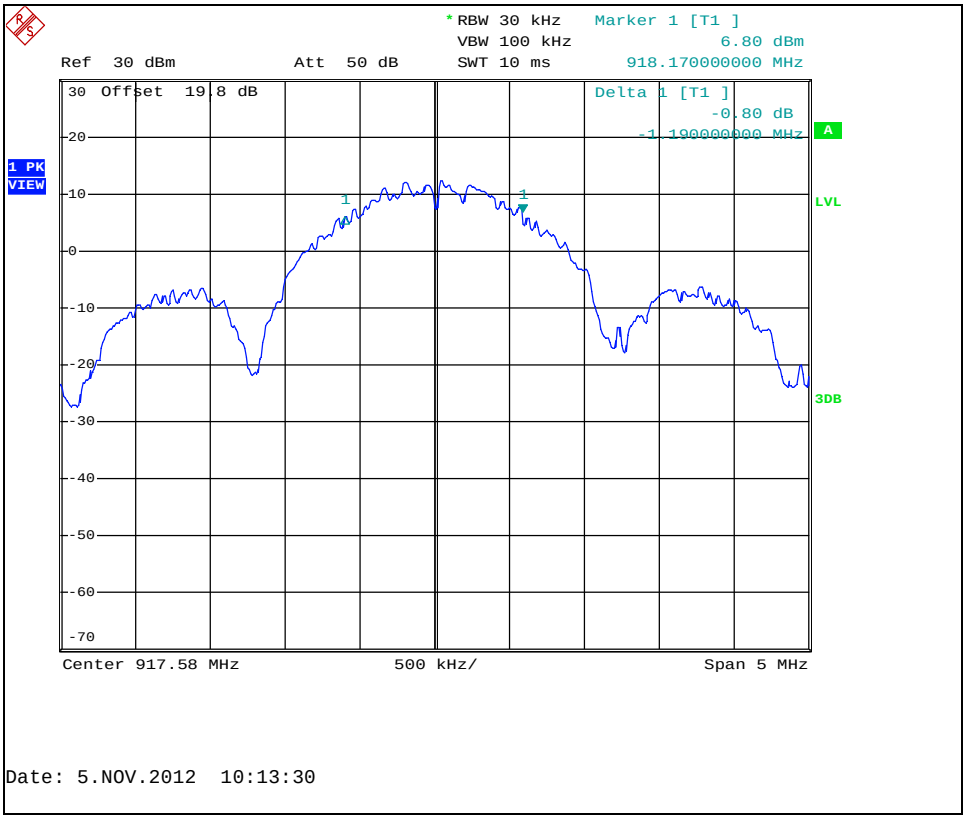


Figure 7.3.2-1: 6dB Bandwidth Plot

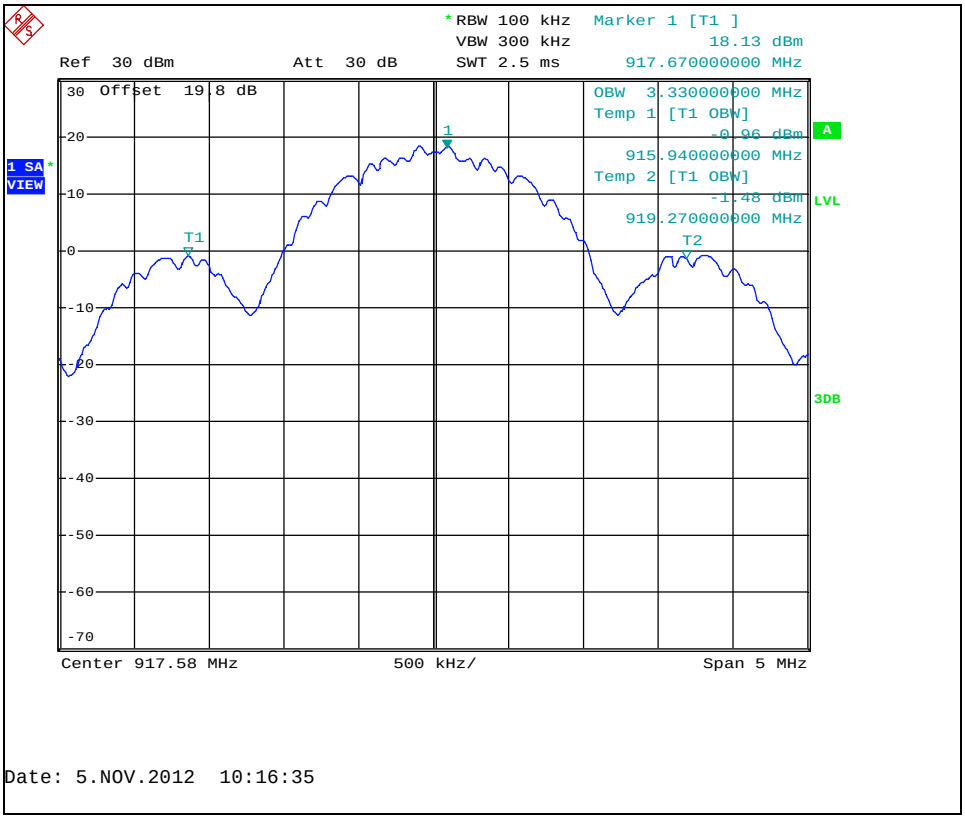


Figure 7.3.2-2: 99% Bandwidth Plot

7.4 Fundamental Emission Output Power – FCC: Section 15.247(b)(3) IC: RSS-210 A8.4(4)

7.4.1 Measurement Procedure

The maximum peak conducted output power was measured in accordance with FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v02 Option 3 (Peak Power Meter Method). The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the peak power meter applying suitable attenuation.

7.4.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in Table 7.4.2-1.

Table 7.4.2-1: Peak Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)
917.58	23.53

7.5 Maximum Unwanted Emission Levels – FCC: Section 15.247(d), 15.205 IC: RSS-210 2.2, A8.5

7.5.1 Unwanted Emissions into Non-restricted Frequency Bands

7.5.1.1 Measurement Procedure

The unwanted emissions into non-restricted bands were measured conducted in accordance with FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v02. The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer applying suitable attenuation. The Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz. The Video Bandwidth (VBW) was set to ≥ 300 kHz. Span was set to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. The resulting spectrum analyzer peak level was used to determine the reference level with respect to the 20 dBc limit. The spectrum span was then adjusted for the measurement of spurious emissions from 30MHz to 10GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency.

Band-edge compliance was determined using the conducted marker-delta method in which the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT is at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

7.5.1.2 Measurement Results

RF Conducted Emissions are displayed in Figures 7.5.1.2-1 through 7.5.1.2-3.

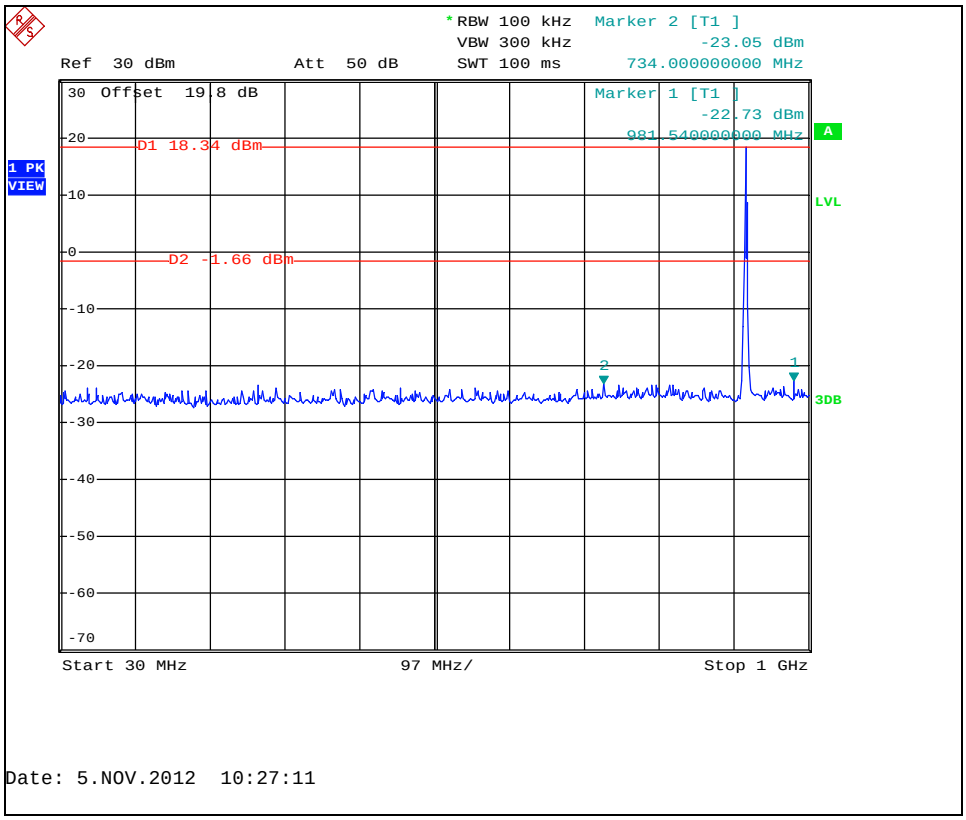


Figure 7.5.1.2-1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz

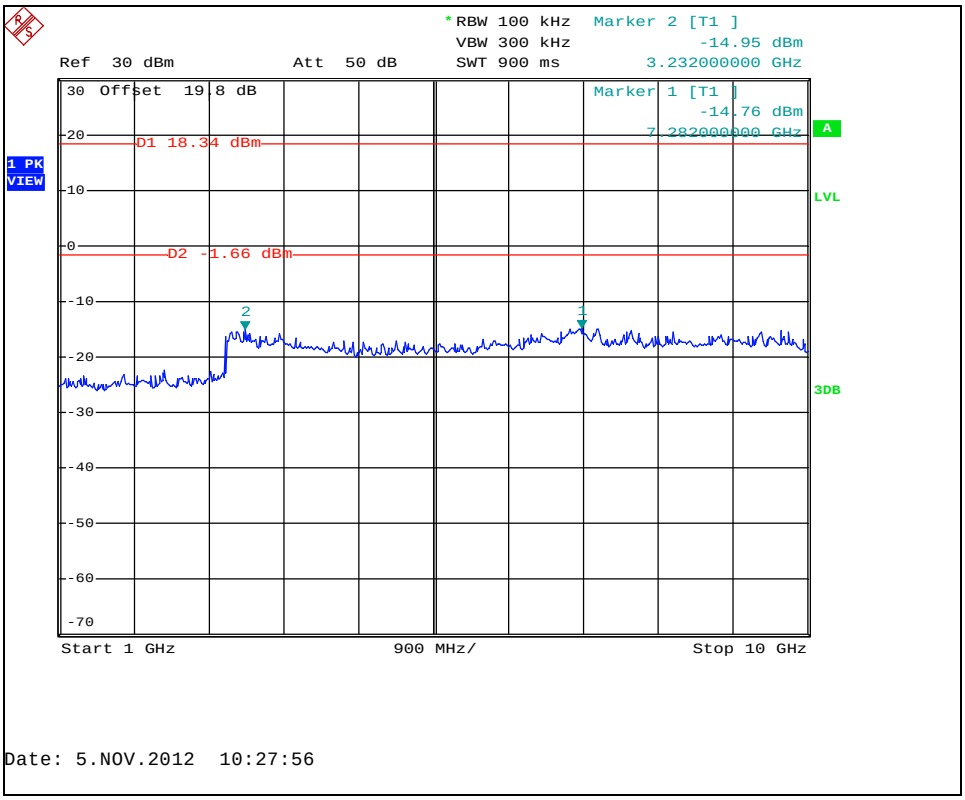


Figure 7.5.1.2-2: 1 GHz – 10 GHz

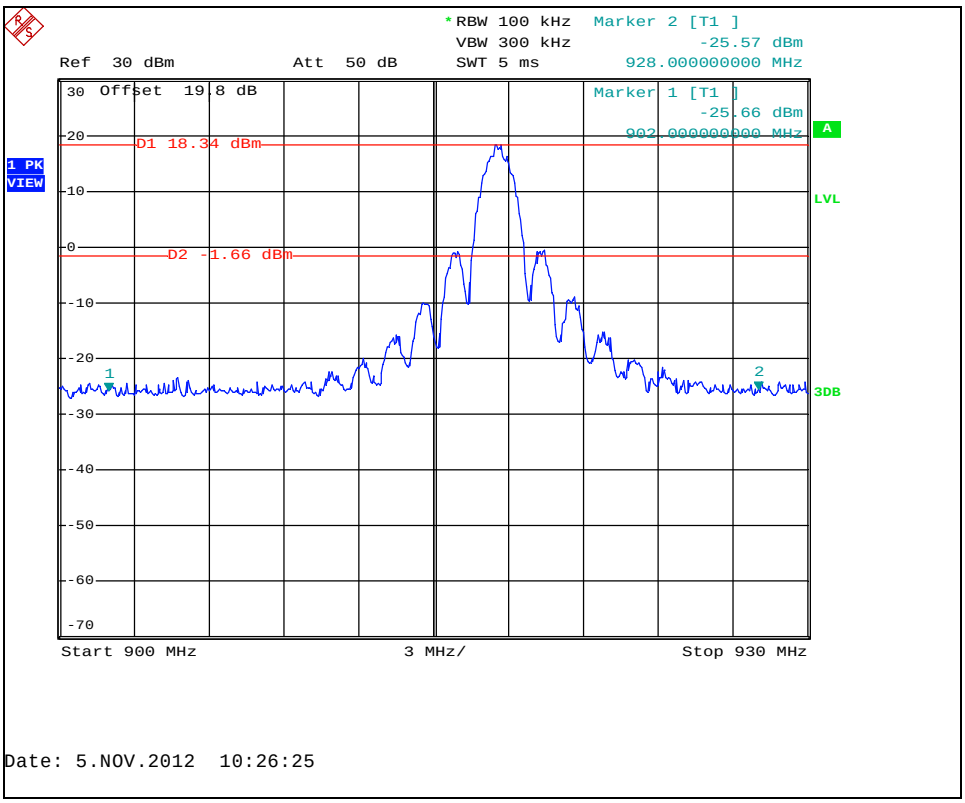


Figure 7.5.1.2-3: Band-edge (Conducted)

7.5.2 Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

7.5.2.1 Measurement Procedure

The unwanted emissions into restricted bands were measured radiated over the frequency range of 30MHz to 10GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency.

The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth RBW of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth VBW of 300 kHz. For frequencies above 1000MHz, peak and average measurements were made with RBW and VBW of 1 MHz and 3 MHz respectively. The average emissions were further corrected by applying the duty cycle correction of the EUT for comparison to the average limit.

Each emission found to be in a restricted band as defined by section 15.205 was compared to the radiated emission limits as defined in section 15.209.

7.5.2.2 Duty Cycle Correction

For average radiated measurements, using a 22.88% duty cycle, the measured level was reduced by a factor 12.81dB. The duty cycle correction factor is determined using the formula: 20log (22.88/100) = -12.81dB.

The duty cycle is shown in figure 7.5.2.2-1 below.

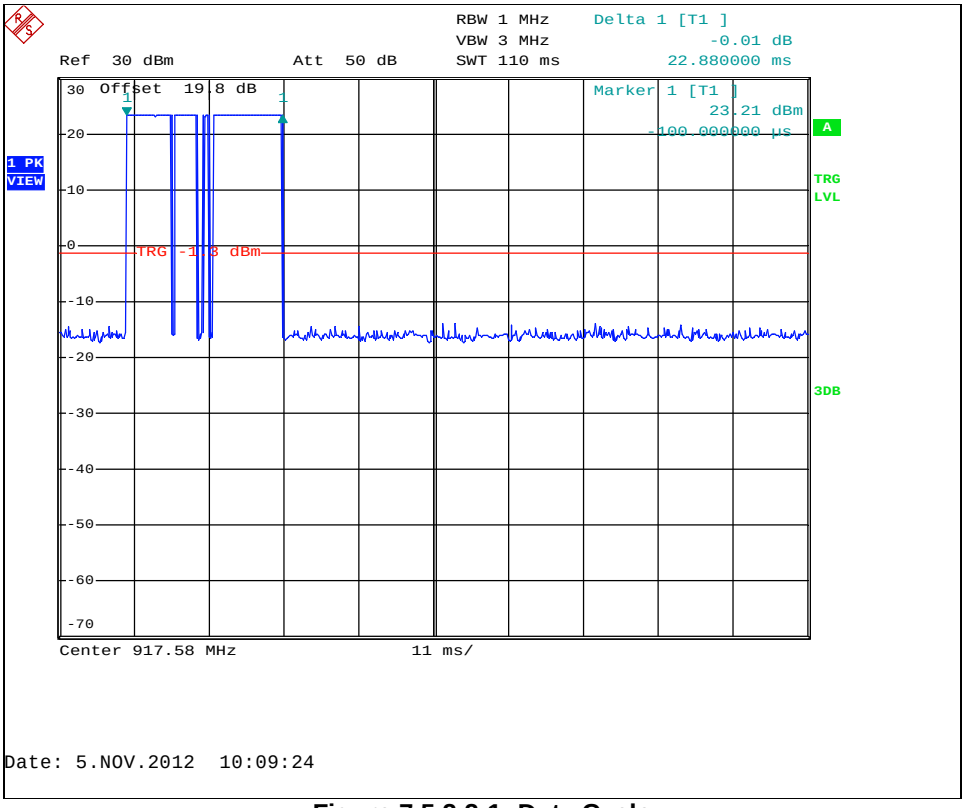


Figure 7.5.2.2-1: Duty Cycle

7.5.2.3 Measurement Results

Radiated spurious emissions found in the band of 30MHz to 10GHz are reported in the table 7.5.2.3-1 below.

Table 7.5.2.3-1: Radiated Spurious Emissions Tabulated Data

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity	Correction Factors	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg	(H/V)	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
2752.74	59.86	59.86	H	-3.87	55.99	43.18	74.0	54.0	18.0	10.8
2752.74	64.56	64.56	V	-3.87	60.69	47.88	74.0	54.0	13.3	6.1
3670.32	59.00	59.00	H	-0.25	58.75	45.93	74.0	54.0	15.3	8.1
3670.32	59.94	59.94	V	-0.25	59.69	46.87	74.0	54.0	14.3	7.1
4587.9	53.05	53.05	H	1.52	54.57	41.76	74.0	54.0	19.4	12.2
4587.9	53.14	53.14	V	1.52	54.66	41.85	74.0	54.0	19.3	12.1
7340.64	51.34	51.34	H	7.67	59.01	46.20	74.0	54.0	15.00	7.80
7340.64	51.24	51.24	V	7.67	58.91	46.10	74.0	54.0	15.10	7.90

7.5.2.4 Sample Calculation:

$R_C = R_U + CF_T$

Where:

CF_T = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)-DC (Average Measurements Only)
R_U = Uncorrected Reading
R_C = Corrected Level
AF = Antenna Factor
CA = Cable Attenuation
AG = Amplifier Gain
DC = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

Example Calculation: Peak

Corrected Level: 59.86 - 3.87 = 55.99dBuV/m
Margin: 74dBuV/m – 55.99dBuV/m = 18.0dB

Example Calculation: Average

Corrected Level: 59.86 - 3.87 - 12.81 = 43.18dBuV
Margin: 54dBuV – 43.18dBuV = 10.8dB

7.6 Maximum Power Spectral Density in the Fundamental Emission – FCC: Section 15.247(e) IC: RSS-210 A8.2(b)

7.6.1 Measurement Procedure

The maximum power spectral density was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v02 Option 1. The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer applying suitable attenuation. The Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to 3 kHz. The Video Bandwidth (VBW) was set to 10 kHz. Span was set to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active.

7.6.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in table 7.6.2-1 and figure 7.6.2-1.

Table 7.6.2-1: Peak Power Spectral Density

Frequency (MHz)	PSD Level (dBm)
917.58	5.80

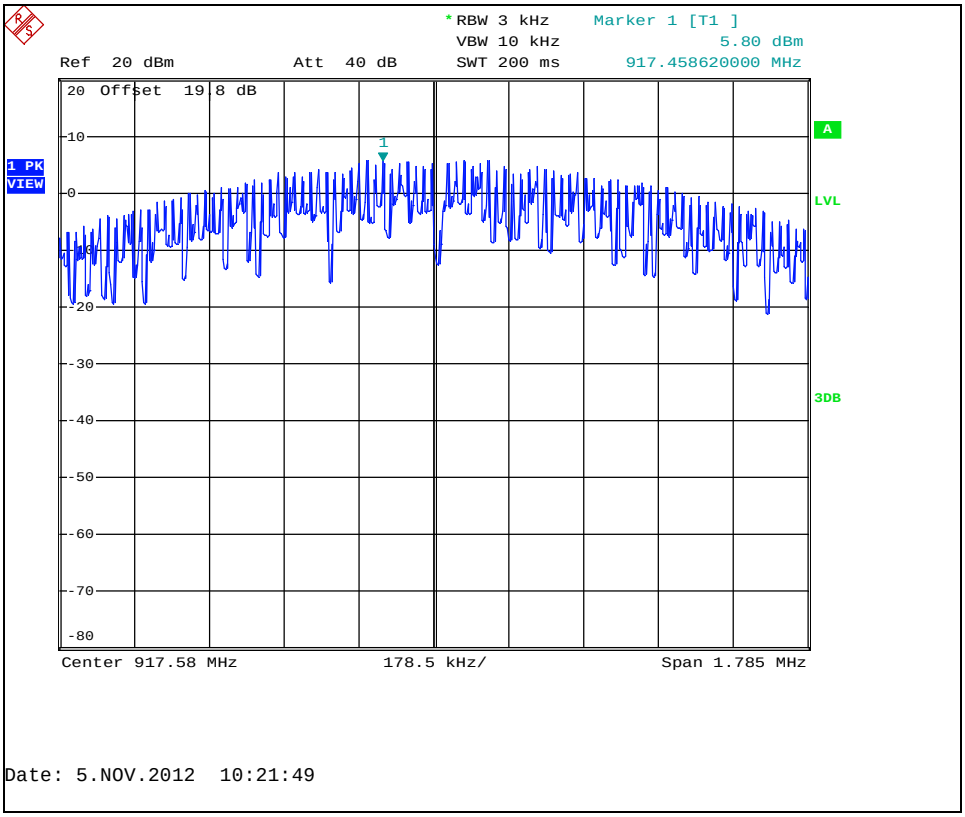


Figure 7.6.2-1: Power Spectral Density

8 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc. the L+G Solid State Meter Module, manufactured by Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc. meets the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210.

END REPORT