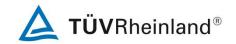


Prüfbericht-Nr.: Auftrags-Nr.: Seite 1 von 30 **CN24PYTF 001** 168470787 Order no.: Page 1 of 30 Test report no.: Kunden-Referenz-Nr.: Auftragsdatum: N/A 2024-02-06 Client reference no.: Order date: **Bosch Rexroth AG** Auftraggeber: Fornsbacher Str. 92, 71540 Murrhardt, Germany Client: Prüfgegenstand: **Electronical Torque Wrench** Test item: OPEX 60Nm Bezeichnung / Typ-Nr.: Identification / Type no.: Auftrags-Inhalt: Test Report for FCC Order content: Prüfgrundlage: 47 CFR 2.1093 Test specification: IEEE Std 1528-2013 Published RF exposure KDB procedures Wareneingangsdatum: 2024-04-29 Date of sample receipt: Prüfmuster-Nr.: A0003710316-001 Test sample no: Prüfzeitraum: 2024-05-31 -2024-06-03 Testing period: Please refer to Photo Document Ort der Prüfung: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Place of testing: Co., Ltd. Prüflaboratorium: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Testing laboratory: Co., Ltd. Prüfergebnis*: Pass Test result*: X Wardy 5 Hardy genehmigt von: geprüft von: X (Julia Lin Lin authorized by: tested by: Ausstellungsdatum: Datum: Date: 2024-06-28 Issue date: 2024-07-02 Stellung / Position: **Project Manager Stellung** / Position: Reviewer The certified module was integrated into this device. Contains FCC ID: R68XPICO200, date of **Sonstiges** / Other: grante on 10/27/2017. This report is applicable to other models listed below as well because of all models are completely identical in electronic hardware except for different size of the torque and angle wrenches. Variants model: OPEX 30Nm, OPEX 100Nm, OPEX 200Nm, OPEX 300Nm, OPEX 400Nm, OPEX 600Nm, OPEX 800Nm. Zustand des Prüfgegenstandes bei Anlieferung: Prüfmuster vollständig und unbeschädigt Condition of the test item at delivery: Test item complete and undamaged * Legende: 1 = sehr gut 2 = gut3 = befriedigend 4 = ausreichend 5 = mangelhaft P(ass) = entspricht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) F(ail) = entspricht nicht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) N/A = nicht anwendbar N/T = nicht getestet * Legend: 1 = verv good2 = good3 = satisfactory 4 = sufficient 5 = poorP(ass) = passed a.m. test specification(s) F(ail) = failed a.m. test specification(s) N/A = not applicableN/T = not testedDieser Prüfbericht bezieht sich nur auf das o.g. Prüfmuster und darf ohne Genehmigung der Prüfstelle nicht auszugsweise vervielfältigt werden. Dieser Bericht berechtigt nicht zur Verwendung eines Prüfzeichens.

This test report only relates to the a.m. test sample. Without permission of the test center this test report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This test report does not entitle to carry any test mark.



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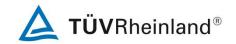
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1. General Information

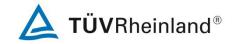
1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Operating Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR _{1g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
2.4G WLAN	0.56
5.3G RLAN	0.97
5.6G RLAN	0.43
5.8G RLAN	0.50

Note:

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue;) specified in 47 CFR 2.1093 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and related FCC KDB publications.



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1.2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

1.2.1. General Information

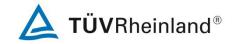
EUT Type	Electronical Torque Wrench
Brand Name	
Model Name / Test Mode	OPEX 60Nm
Variants Model	OPEX 30Nm, OPEX 100Nm, OPEX 200Nm, OPEX 300Nm, OPEX 400Nm, OPEX 600Nm, OPEX 800Nm (All models are completely identical in electronic hardware except for different size of the torque and angle wrenches)
HW Version	240700
SW Version	V1.000
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain:	Peak Antenna Gain: 2.5dBi for 2.4GHz, 5dBi for 5GHz
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

1.2.2. Wireless Technologies

Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825
	2.4G WLAN: 802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n(HT20): OFDM 5G WLAN: 802.11a/n(HT20/HT40): OFDM
Contains Certified Modular	Yes. Contains FCC ID: R68XPICO200

1.2.3. List of Accessory

Battery	Brand Name	Fenix
	Model Name	ARB-L21-5000 V2.0
	Power Rating	3.6Vdc, 5000mAh
	Type	Li-polymer



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2. Test Sites

2.1. Test Facilities

TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

No. 362 Huanguan Road Middle Longhua District, Shenzhen 518110 People's Republic of China

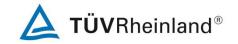
A2LA Cert. No.: 5162.01 FCC Registration No.: 694916 IC Registration No.: 25069

2.2. Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20.8°C – 21.3°C
Relative Humidity	48% - 60%

2.3. List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1081	May. 22, 2022	3 years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1353	May. 27, 2022	3 years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7506	Jun. 29, 2023	1 year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1557	Jul. 6, 2023	1 year
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV 7	103665	Jul. 25, 2023	1 year
Vector Network Analyzer	R&S	ZNB 8	107040	Jul. 25, 2023	1 year
Dielectric assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1269	Jun. 26, 2023	1 year
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB 100A	180840	Jul. 25, 2023	1 year
EPM Series Power Meter	Keysight	N1914A	MY58240005	Nov. 14, 2023	2 years
Power Sensor	Keysight	N8481H	MY58250002	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Power Sensor	Keysight	N8481H	MY58250006	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
DC Power Supply	Topward	3303D	809332	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Coaxial Directional Couper	Keysight	773D	MY52180552	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Coaxial Directional Couper	shhuaxiang	DTO-0.4/3.9-10	18052101	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463219	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463210	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463222	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Digital Thermometer	LKM	DTM3000	3116	Nov. 14, 2023	1 year
Power Amplifier Mini circuit	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	SN002101809	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier Mini circuit	mini-circuits	ZVE-8G	SN070501814	N/A	N/A



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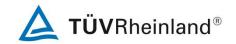
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3. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi Veff
Measurement System Errors								
Probe Calibration	±13.3%	Normal (k=2)	2	1	1	± 6.65 %	± 6.65 %	8
Probe Calibration Drift	±1.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%	∞
Probe Linearity	±4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	8
Broadband Signal	±3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
Probe Isotropy	±7.6%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±4.4%	±4.4%	∞
Other Probe + Electronic	±0.7%	Normal	1	1	1	±0.7%	±0.7%	∞
RF Ambient	±1.8%	Normal	1	1	1	±1.8%	±1.8%	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.006mm	Normal	1	0.14	0.14	±0.10%	±0.10%	∞
Data Processing	±1.2%	Normal	1	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Phantom and Device Erro	ors							
Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5%	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	100
Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.3%	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	8
Phantom Permittivity	±14.0%	Rectangular	√3	0	0	±0%	±0%	8
Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0%	Normal	1	2	2	±4.0%	±4.0%	8
Device Positioning	±2.4%/±2.8%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.8%	±2.8%	30
Device Holder	±3.4%/±3.5%	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	30
DUT Modulation ^m	±2.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	8
Time-average SAR	±1.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%	8
DUT drift	±2.5%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.5%	±2.5%	30
Val Antenna Unc. val	±0.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±0%	±0%	
Unc. Input Power ^{val}	±0.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±0%	±0%	
Correction to the SAR res								
$C(\epsilon,\sigma)$	±1.9%	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%	
SAR scaling ^p	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)						±12.54%	±12.44%	
Expanded Uncertainty (K	= 2)					±25.1%	±24.9%	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz



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Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Diviso r	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi Veff
Measurement System Erro								
Probe Calibration	±13.1%	Normal (k=2)	2	1	1	± 7.0 %	± 7.0 %	∞
Probe Calibration Drift	±1.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%	∞
Probe Linearity	±4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	8
Broadband Signal	±2.6%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	8
Probe Isotropy	±7.6%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±4.4%	±4.4%	8
Other Probe + Electronic	±1.2%	Normal	1	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	8
RF Ambient	±1.8%	Normal	1	1	1	±1.8%	±1.8%	8
Probe Positioning	±0.005mm	Normal	1	0.29	0.29	±0.15%	±0.15%	8
Data Processing	±2.3%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	8
Phantom and Device Errors								
Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5%	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	60
Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.3%	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	8
Phantom Permittivity	±14.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.25	0.25	±2%	±2%	8
Distance DUT – TSL	±2.0%	Normal	1	2	2	±4.0%	±4.0%	8
Device Positioning	±2.4%/±2.8%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.8%	±2.8%	30
Device Holder	±3.4%/±3.5%	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	30
DUT Modulation ^m	±2.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	8
Time-average SAR	±1.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%	8
DUT drift	±2.5%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.5%	±2.5%	30
Val Antenna Unc.val	±0.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±0%	±0%	
Unc. Input Power ^{val}	±0.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±0%	±0%	
Correction to the SAR resu	ults							
Deviation to Target	±1.9%	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%	
SAR scaling ^p	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)						±12.8%	±12.7%	
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)						±25.6%	±25.4%	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz



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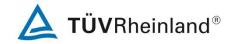
4. Submitted Documents

4.1. Test Specification(s)

- 47 CFR 2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.
- IEEE Std 1528-2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

o TCB workshop April 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)



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5. SAR Measurement System

5.1. Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

5.2. SPEAG DASY System

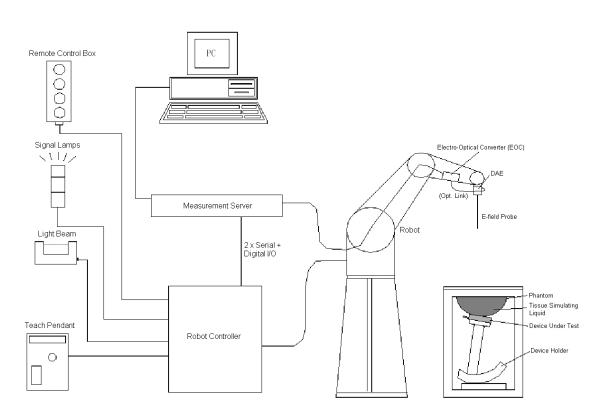
DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



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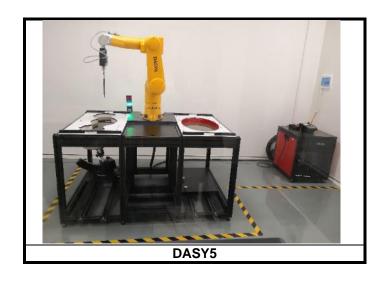


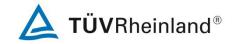
DASY System Setup

5.2.1. Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)





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5.2.2. Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
Frequency	4 MHz – 10 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 10 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

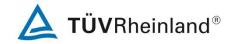


5.2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range set 400mV)		
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	



Model	Twin SAM				
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body-mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	No.			
Material	vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)				
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)				
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet				
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters				



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Model	ELI
Construction	The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all of SPEAG's dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters

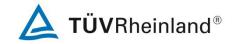


5.2.5. Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	-
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	



Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-1528 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	



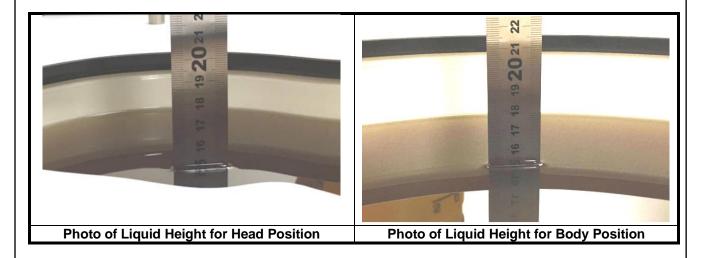
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5.2.6. System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

5.2.7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed.





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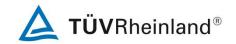
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The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

_		of Hissue Simulatin	<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
		For Head		
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
		For Body		
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30



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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

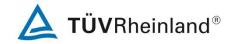
					iating Eiqui			
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	8.0	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	1	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	1	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	ı	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	ı	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

Simulating Head Liquid (HBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Water (% by weight)	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight)	Sodium salt (% by weight)	
50 - 65%	10 - 30%	8 - 25%	

Simulating Body Liquid (MBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Water (% by weight)	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight)	Sodium salt (% by weight)	
60 - 80%	20 - 40%	0 – 1.5%	



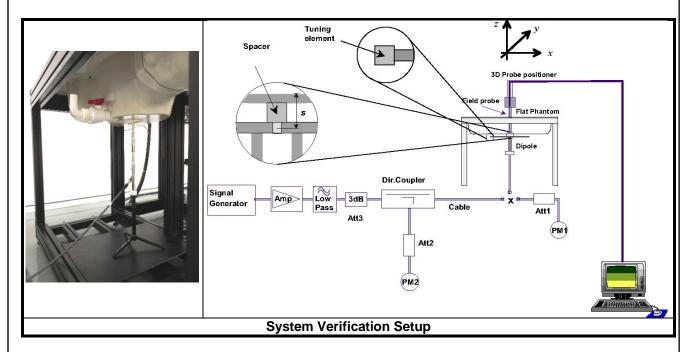
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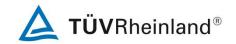
5.3. SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.



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6. SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

6.1. Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note: When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.



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6.2. Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

6.3. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

6.4. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

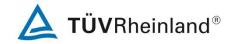


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6.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.



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7. Test Set-up and Operation Modes

7.1. EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

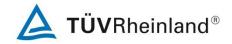
According to the description in clause 1.2, all variants of the electronic torque wrenches are completely identical with regard to the electronic hardware, hence SAR testing was applied to model OPEX 60Nm only.

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tuneup tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.



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Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

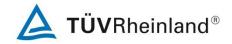
When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Test Reduction for U-NII-1 (5.2 GHz) and U-NII-2A (5.3 GHz) Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.



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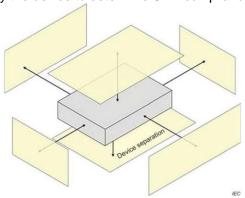
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7.2. EUT Testing Positions

7.2.1. Body Exposure Conditions

For this device, SAR evaluation is required on all sides and edges with a transmitting antenna within 25 mm from that surface or edge, at 0 mm separation from a flat phantom, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supported by the device to determine SAR compliance.



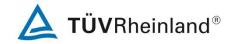
7.3. Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
May. 31, 2024	H2450	2450	1.872	38.152	1.80	39.20	4.00	-2.67
May. 31, 2024	H5G	5300	4.599	37.312	4.76	35.90	-3.38	3.93
Jun. 03, 2024	H5G	5600	4.963	36.788	5.07	35.50	-2.11	3.63
Jun. 03, 2024	H5G	5800	5.160	36.365	5.27	35.30	-2.09	3.02

Note:

1. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 °C.



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7.4. System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test	Probe			Measured	Measured	Va	lidation for C	W	Valida	tion for Modu	lation
Date	S/N	Calibra	tion Point	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
May 24 2024	7500	Head	0.450	. ,				17		NI/A	Deser
May. 31, 2024	7506	Head	2450	1.872	38.152	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May. 31, 2024	7506	Head	5300	4.599	37.312	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jun. 03, 2024	7506	Head	5600	4.963	36.788	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jun. 03, 2024	7506	Head	5800	5.160	36.365	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

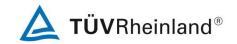
7.5. System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
May. 31, 2024	2450	51.40	13.10	52.40	1.95	1081	7506	1557
May. 31, 2024	5300	79.60	7.94	79.40	-0.25	1353	7506	1557
Jun. 03, 2024	5600	82.10	7.81	78.10	-4.87	1353	7506	1557
Jun. 03, 2024	5800	80.40	8.26	82.60	2.74	1353	7506	1557

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.



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8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

8.1. Conducted Power

All Rate have been tested, the Worst average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<WLAN 2.4G>

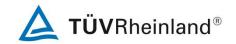
Mode	802.11b (1Mbps)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	17.58	17.53	17.52					
Tune-up		18.0						
Mode	802.11g (6Mbps)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	16.72 16.71 16.70							
Tune-up	17.0							
Mode		802.11n (HT20) (MCS0)						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	16.28 16.25 16							
Tune-up	16.5							

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode 802.11a (6Mbps)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)				
Average Power	18.41	18.35	/	18.03				
Tune-up								
Mode		802.11n (HT20)	(MCS0)					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)				
Average Power	16.21	18.14	/	15.45				
Tune-up	16.5	18.5	/	16.0				
Mode		802.11n (HT40) (MCS0)						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	38 (5	5190)	46 (5230)					
Average Power	15	.21	17.53					
Tune-up	15	5.5	18.0					

<WLAN 5.3G>

11121111111								
Mode		802.11a (6N	lbps)					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)				
Average Power	18.36	/	18.41	18.35				
Tune-up		19.0						
Mode	802.11n (HT20) (MCS0)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)				
Average Power	18.01	/	18.21	18.17				
Tune-up		18.5						
Mode		802.11n (HT40)) (MCS0)					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	54 (5270)	62 (5310)					
Average Power	17	.98	14.51					
Tune-up	18	3.5	15.0					



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<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode		802.11a (6Mbps)										
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)				
Average Power	16.27	/	/	/	18.01	/	/	14.57				
Tune-up	16.5				5		15.0					
Mode			802	2.11n (HT20) (MCS0)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)				
Average Power	16.36	/	/	/	18.07	/	/	14.95				
Tune-up	16.5			18.	.5							
Mode			802	.11n (HT40) (MCS0)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)		102 (5510)			134 (5670)							
Average Power	13.38				15.92							
Tune-up		14		16.5	5							

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	802.11a (6Mbps)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)			
Average Power	17.95	18.26	/	18.26	/	17.99			
Tune-up	18.5								
Mode	802.11n (HT20) (MCS0)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)			
Average Power	17.94	17.98	/	17.99	/	17.97			
Tune-up			18.5						
Mode			802.11n (HT	(MCS0)					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	142 (5710)		151 (5755)		159 (5795)				
Average Power	15.67		17.63		17.47				
Tune-up	16	6.0	18.0						



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8.2. SAR Test Reduction Considerations

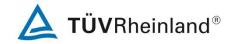
<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.



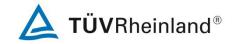
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8.2.1. SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11b	-	Front Face	0	1	18.0	17.58	1.10	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
1	802.11b	-	Rear Face	0	1	18.0	17.58	1.10	-0.07	0.504	0.56
	802.11b	-	Left Side	0	1	18.0	17.58	1.10	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
	802.11b	-	Right Side	0	1	18.0	17.58	1.10	0.06	0.041	0.05
	802.11a	-	Front Face	0	60	19.0	18.41	1.15	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
2	802.11a	-	Rear Face	0	60	19.0	18.41	1.15	-0.00	0.845	0.97
	802.11a	-	Left Side	0	60	19.0	18.41	1.15	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
	802.11a	-	Right Side	0	60	19.0	18.41	1.15	0.09	0.036	0.04
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	0	52	19.0	18.36	1.16	-0.01	0.821	0.95
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	0	60	19.0	18.41	1.15	-0.07	0.838	0.96
	802.11a	-	Front Face	0	116	18.5	18.01	1.12	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
3	802.11a	-	Rear Face	0	116	18.5	18.01	1.12	-0.12	0.385	0.43
	802.11a	-	Left Side	0	116	18.5	18.01	1.12	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
	802.11a	-	Right Side	0	116	18.5	18.01	1.12	0.04	0.016	0.02
	802.11a	-	Front Face	0	157	18.5	18.26	1.06	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
4	802.11a	-	Rear Face	0	157	18.5	18.26	1.06	0.02	0.473	0.50
	802.11a	-	Left Side	0	157	18.5	18.26	1.06	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01
	802.11a	-	Right Side	0	157	18.5	18.26	1.06	0.09	0.02	0.02



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Test Report No.:

8.2.2. **SAR Measurement Variability**

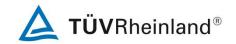
According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
802.11a	Rear Face	60	0.845	0.838	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Test Engineer: Warren Xiong,



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Appendixes

All attachments are integral parts of this test report. This applies especially to the following appendix:

Appendix A: SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

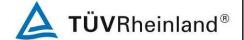
Appendix B: SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Appendix C: Calibration Certificate for probe and Dipole

Appendix D: Declaration of Identical of models

Appendix E: Photographs of EUT and Setup



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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/5/31

System Check-D2450V2 H2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2 SN:1081

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.872 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.152; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250 mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.1 W/kg

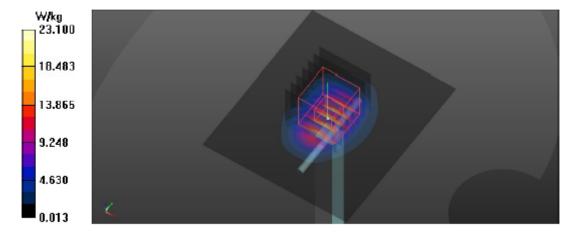
Pin=250 mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 114.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47.3% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/5/31

System Check-D5GHz H5300

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2 SN:1353

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.599$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.312$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

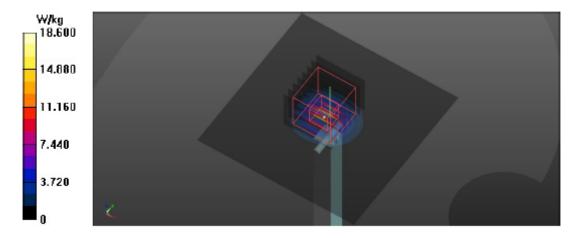
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg





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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/6/3

System Check-D5GHz H5600

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2 SN:1353

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

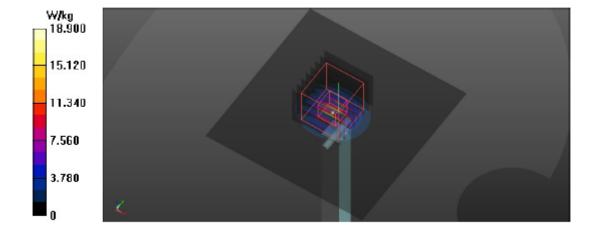
Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.963$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.788$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 68.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.1%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/6/3

System Check-D5GHz H5800

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2 SN:1353

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.16 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.365$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.2 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

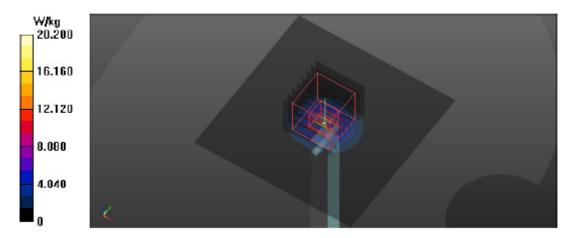
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 60.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg





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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/5/31

P01 802.11b_Rear Face_0cm_Chl

DUT: EUT

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.23$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

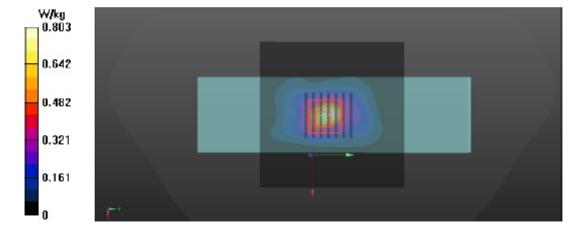
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98) @ 2412 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.803 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.88 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.504 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 5.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 30.6%

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 30.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg





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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/5/31

P02 802.11a Rear Face 0cm Ch60

DUT: EUT

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.599$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.312$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

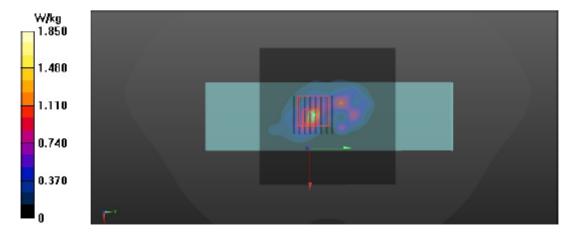
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)
- Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.85 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
 Reference Value = 0.8580 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.845 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 4.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 34.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.10 W/kg





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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/6/3

P03 802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_Chl16

DUT: EUT

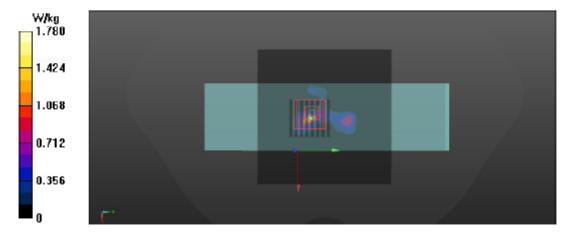
Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; $\sigma = 4.932 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.79$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)
- Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.78 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 13.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.385 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 4.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 32%

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 32% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 W/kg





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Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Date: 2024/6/3

P04 802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_Ch157

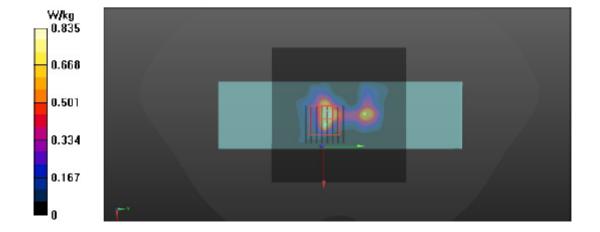
DUT: EUT

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.139$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.417$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7506; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5785 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/6/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2023/7/6
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)
- Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.835 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 8.461 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.98 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.473 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 4.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 31.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 6004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service sulsse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CVC-SZ (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D2450V2-1081_May22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN:1081

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: May 25, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21)	Dec-22
DAE4	SN: 601	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22)	May-23
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Aldonia Georgiadou	Laboratory Technician	The
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	Ca

Issued: May 25, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.2 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω + 6.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23,5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.157 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.05.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1081

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

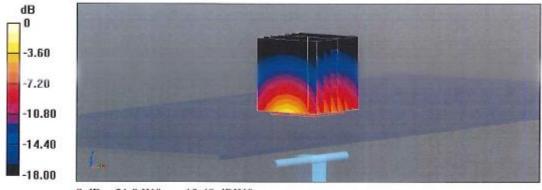
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



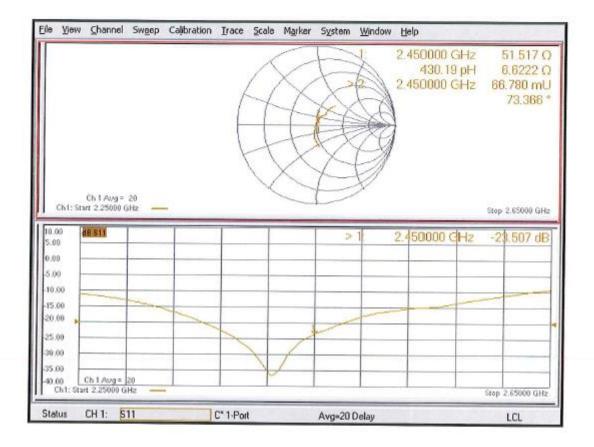
0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





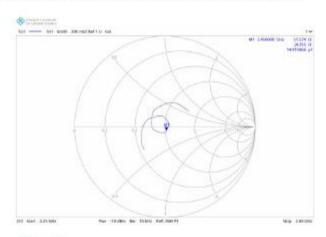
Prüfbericht - Produkte Test Report - Products

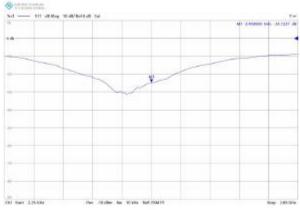
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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Dipole	Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
Head	May 25, 2022	-23.50	5.20	51.50	5950
2450MHz	Jun 20, 2023	-24.72	3.20	51.57	0.07

Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.







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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CVC-SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1353_May22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1353

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22,v6

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz

Calibration date:

May 27, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
SN: 3503	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22)	Mar-23
SN: 601	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22)	May-23
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Name	Function	Signature
Joanna Lleshaj	Laboratory Technician	Alfalling"
Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	5/0
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 8H9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512476 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name Joanna Lleshaj	SN: 104778

atory.

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1353_May22

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)	
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.5 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.65 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	****

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.0 ± 6 %	4.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	5.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1353_May22



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω - 5.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 Ω + 0.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 41.8 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.9 Ω + 1.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.8 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 1.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30,6 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 Ω + 4.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns	
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1353_May22

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.05.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1353

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.55 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 4.65 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 4.86 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.96 S/m; ϵ_r = 35; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.17 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 08.03.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1353_May22

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

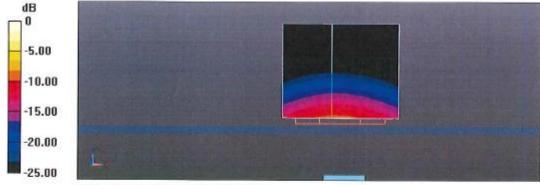
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



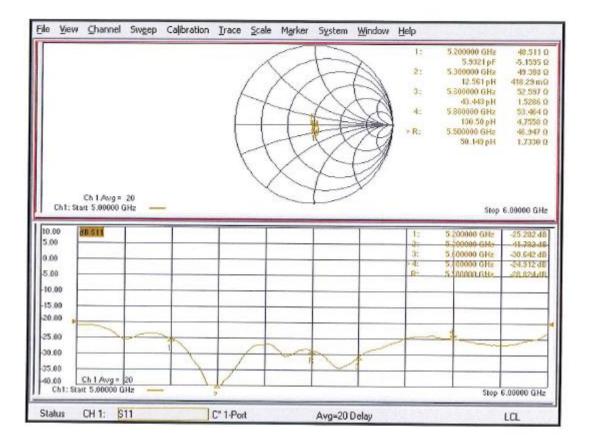
0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.96 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





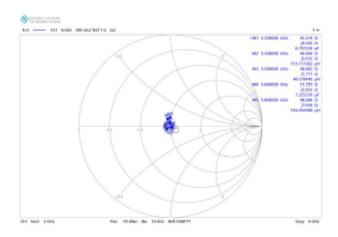
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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Dipole	Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
Head	May 27, 2022	-25.30	12.07	48.50	-3.19
5200MHz	Jun 20, 2023	-28.35	12.5.	45.31	
Head	May 27, 2022	-41.80	-5.53	49.30	-2.84
5300MHz	Jun 20, 2023	-39.49	-5.55	46.46	2.01
Head	May 27, 2022	-28.80	-7.68	46.90	1.98
5500MHz	Jun 20, 2023	-26.59	,,,,,	48.88	
Head	May 27, 2022	-30.60	-4.86	52.60	-0.80
5600MHz	Jun 20, 2023	-29.11		51.80	2.00
Head	May 27, 2022	-24.90	-6.85	53.50	-4.81
5800MHz	Jun 20, 2023	-23.20	2.50	48.69	

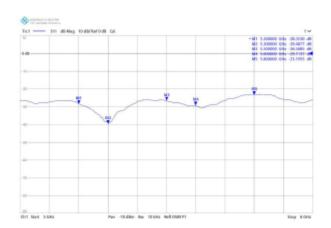
Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.





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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schwelzerischer Kalibrierdienst s Service suisse d'étalonnage С Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

TUV

Shenzhen

Certificate No.

EX-7506_Jun23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

EX3DV4 - SN:7506 Object

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6, Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

June 29, 2023 Calibration date

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
SN: 1249	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22)	Oct-23
SN: 1016	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22)	Oct-23
SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
SN: 660	16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)	Mar-24
SN: 3013	06-Jan-23 (No. ES3-3013_Jan23)	Jan-24
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 1249 SN: 1016 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 660	SN: 104778 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) SN: 103244 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) SN: 1249 20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22) SN: 1016 20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22) SN: CC2552 (20x) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) SN: 660 16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Function Signature Calibrated by Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by Sven Kühn Technical Manager

Issued: July 05, 2023

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst С

Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z ConvF DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization ∂ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4MHz to 10 GHz)*, October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization
 θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).



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EX3DV4 - SN:7506 June 29, 2023

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc $(k=2)$
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.55	0.41	0.50	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	99.2	99.5	97.8	±4.7%

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	140.5	±3.0%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		145.2		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		138.7		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX-7506_Jun23

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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EX3DV4 - SN:7506 June 29, 2023

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-118.9°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

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EX3DV4 - SN:7506 June 29, 2023

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
450	43.5	0.87	11.25	11.25	11.25	0.16	1.30	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	10.54	10.54	10.54	0.31	1.12	±12.0%
835	41.5	0.90	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.38	0.94	±12.0%
900	41.5	0.97	10.06	10.06	10.06	0.47	0.80	±12.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	9.04	9.04	9.04	0.30	0.80	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.99	8.99	8.99	0.34	0.86	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.56	8.56	8.56	0.35	0.86	±12.0%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.31	8.31	8.31	0.38	0.86	±12.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.32	0.90	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.98	7.98	7.98	0.30	0.90	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.42	0.90	±12.0%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.35	1.30	±14.0%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.81	6.81	6.81	0.30	1.35	±14.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.48	5.48	5.48	0.40	1.80	±14.0%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.40	1.80	±14.0%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	±14.0%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Corn/F uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10 , 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for Corn/F assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of Corn/F assessed at 6 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than $\pm 5\%$ from the target values (typically better than $\pm 3\%$) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to $\pm 10\%$. If TSL with deviations from the target of less than $\pm 5\%$ are used, the calibration uncertainties are 11.1% for 3 - 6 GHz.

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G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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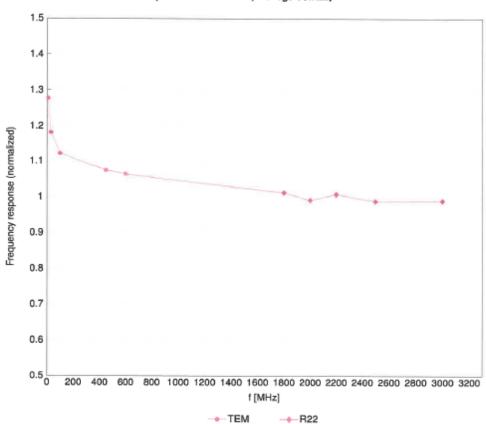
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EX3DV4 - SN:7506

June 29, 2023

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

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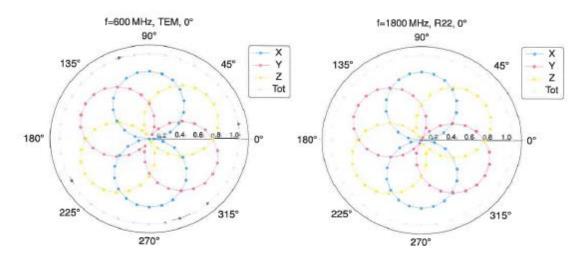


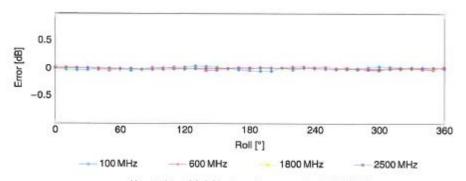
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EX3DV4 - SN:7506 June 29, 2023

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)



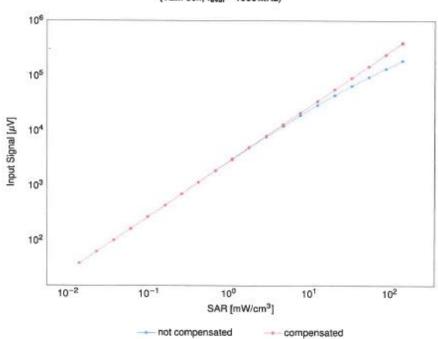
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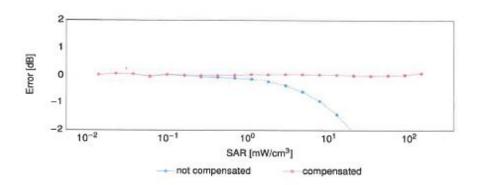
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EX3DV4 - SN:7506 June 29, 2023

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell, f_{eval} = 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

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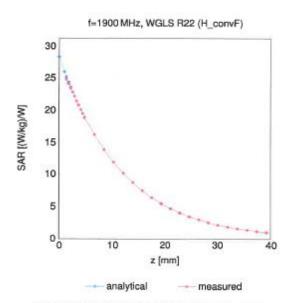


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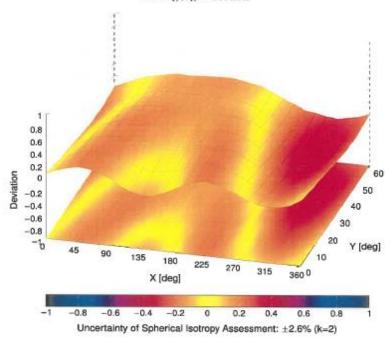


Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ) , f = 900 MHz



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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a q

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

TUV

Certificate No: DAE4-1557_Jul23

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BN - SN: 1557 Object

QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: July 06, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-22 (No:34389)	Aug-23
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-24
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-24

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Adrian Gehring Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Sven Kühn Technical Manager

Issued: July 6, 2023

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Certificate No: DAE4-1557_Jul23 Page 1 of 5



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	405.005 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.673 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.762 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97532 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00603 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99160 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	52.5 ° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: DAE4-1557_Jul23

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199983.75	0.27	0.00
Channel X + Input	19992.14	0.26	0.00
Channel X - Input	-20010.11	2.29	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199984.27	0.54	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19991.26	-1.28	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20012.68	-0.91	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199984.16	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19990.63	-2.10	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20012.67	-1.04	0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	1991.23	0.54	0.03
Channel X + Input	191.11	0.13	0.07
Channel X - Input	-208.69	0.13	-0.06
Channel Y + Input	1992.04	0.57	0.03
Channel Y + Input	190.95	-0.72	-0.38
Channel Y - Input	-207.70	0.39	-0.19
Channel Z + Input	1992.01	0.46	0.02
Channel Z + Input	190.54	-1.11	-0.58
Channel Z - Input	-209.46	-1.46	0.70

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	0.04	-2.23
	-200	4.86	2.79
Channel Y	200	4.37	4.28
	-200	-5.31	-5.41
Channel Z	200	2.66	2.95
	-200	-5.13	-5.33

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	0.52	-1.23
Channel Y	200	6.15	-	-0.08
Channel Z	200	10.42	3.90	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15806	16453
Channel Y	15758	15044
Channel Z	16037	16505

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.74	-0.45	1.76	0.35
Channel Y	0.30	-1.14	1.60	0.48
Channel Z	-1.42	-2.52	0.34	0.55

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Geschäftsleitung

gwk Norbert Gerlach GmbH & Co.KG, In der Steinbach 2, 55758 Schauren

Bosch Rexroth AG Fornsbacher Str. 92 71540 Murrhardt

We, company GWK, herewith unitarily confirm that all variants of the electronic torque wrenches, which are available under the brand names Operator22 of company GWK and OPEX of company Bosch Rexroth AG, are completely identical with regard to the electronic hardware.

The divergences in the brand appearance are limited solely to the external appearance and do not show any differences in the technical equipment.

The divergences in the body sizes only concern the mechanical construction of the measuring equipment. The strain gages used are identical throughout. The adaptation to higher torques is only done by software due to different tube thicknesses and lengths.

The different sizes of the torque/angle wrenches are specified by the respective supplier as follows:

Bosch Rexroth AG	GWK Norbert Gerlach GmbH & Co. KG	
OPEX 30 Nm	Operator22, 30 Nm	
OPEX 60 Nm	Operator22, 60 Nm	
OPEX 100 Nm	Operator22, 100 Nm	
OPEX 200 Nm	Operator22, 200 Nm	
OPEX 300 Nm	Operator22, 300 Nm	
OPEX 400 Nm	Operator22, 400 Nm	
OPEX 600 Nm	Operator22, 600 Nm	
OPEX 800 Nm	Operator22, 800 Nm	

Geschäftsführender Gesellschafter

gwk Norbert Gerlach GmbH & Co.KG In der Steinbach 2 55758 Schauren Germany

Geschäftsführer:

Tel: Fax.: E-Mail: USt -ID-Nr:

Gerlach Verwaltungs GmbH, HRA 11769 Amtsgericht Bad Kreuznach, HRB 11188 +49 (0)6786 2904861 +49 (0)6786 2904861 info@gwkgerlach.de DE219859909

Bankverbindung: Kontonummer: Bankleitzahl: Swift/BIC Code: IBAN-Nummer: WEEE-Reg.-Nr:



