

Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO

Installation and Configuration Manual

Edition 1.11 (Firmware V7.6)

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1. HAZARDOUS CONDITION WARNINGS

Like all other global technology vendors, Fluidmesh is required to comply with all local health and government regulations in the locations in which we operate. This includes meeting radio frequency (RF) exposure limits for our products.

Our equipment is tested in accordance with regulatory requirements as a condition to our ability to market and sell in any given jurisdiction. As an equipment manufacturer, Fluidmesh defers to expert national and international health organizations responsible for guidance on the safety of RF signals, specifically the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), Health Canada, the World Health Organization (WHO), and other national and global health agencies.

In May 2019, the FDA stated that there is "no link between adverse health effects and exposure at or under the current RF energy exposure limit", and that the current FCC RF exposure limits are sufficient to insure the safety of users.

If any Fluidmesh hardware unit breaks down or malfunctions, emits smoke or an unusual smell, if water or other foreign matter enters the unit enclosure, or if the unit is dropped onto a hard surface or damaged in any way, power off the unit immediately and contact an authorized Fluidmesh Networks dealer for assistance.

If you are adjusting and/or controlling a Fluidmesh device using control software such as the RACER[™] interface or the device's local Configurator interface, do not make configuration changes unless you know with certainty that your changes will not negatively impact people or animals in the vicinity of the device and its antennas.

1.1. Radio-frequency transmission hazard





WARNING

The system shown in this manual is designed to be installed and operated in a way that avoids contact with the antennas by human beings. The legislation quoted in this section is designed to reduce overall exposure of human beings to RF radiation.

This section gives minimum separation distances between antennas and humans. It is strongly recommended that the system be installed in a location where these minimum separation distances can be maintained at all times.

United States: This system has been evaluated for RF exposure for humans, in accordance with FCC regulation CFR 47 Part 2.1091. To maintain compliance, the minimum separation distance from the antenna to general bystanders is 20cm/7.9in. (all PONTE 50 and x200 radio transceivers), or 21cm/8.3 in. (all 1300 OTTO and x500 radio transceivers).

Canada: This system has been evaluated for RF exposure for humans, in accordance with ISED regulation RSS-102. To maintain compliance, the minimum separation distance from the antenna to general bystanders is 20cm/7.9in. for all Fluidmesh radio transceivers.

Europe / Australia / New Zealand: This system has been evaluated for RF exposure for humans, in accordance with standard EN 62232. To maintain compliance, the minimum separation distance from the antenna to general bystanders is 20cm/7.9in. for all Fluidmesh radio transceivers.

Before activating any device capable of transmitting RF signals, make sure that all persons and animals are protected from possible RF exposure.

Make sure that all RF feeds are securely connected to an appropriate antenna. Never activate any RF-capable device that is not connected to an antenna.

1.2. Hot surfaces hazard





WARNING

The outer surfaces of transceiver and gateway unit enclosures may become hot during normal operation. During normal operation, do not touch or handle the unit enclosure without personal protective equipment.

2. REPORTING MISTAKES AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

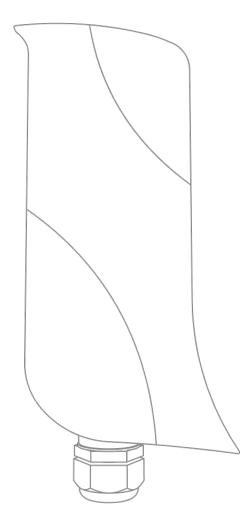
You can help improve this manual.

If you find any mistakes, or if you know of a way to improve the procedures that are given, please let us know by E-mailing your suggestions to documentation@fluidmesh.com.

3. GETTING STARTED

- 3.1. Introduction
- 3.1.1. Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO radio transceiver



Introduction

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is designed to operate in the sub-6 GHz range as a wireless data backhaul link. In non-technical terms, this means it is designed to function as an intermediate radio link between a core wired data network and a sub-network. The radio has an integrated, internally mounted panel antenna with a vertical beam width of up to 24° (vertical polarization), and 22° (horizontal polarization). The radio is capable of transmitting and receiving between 4.9 GHz and 6.0 GHz. A separate antenna cannot be installed or mounted.



IMPORTANT

Note that the PONTE 50 and 1200 VOLO transceivers utilize different communication protocols, and cannot communicate with each other.

Unit function and throughput speed

The unit is designed to handle mission-critical video, voice, and data with extremely high reliability. It can be used to create point-to-point, point-to-multipoint or mesh network links, with real throughput of up to 150 Mbps (under optimal wireless link conditions).

Data throttling

The unit's FluidThrottle functionality allows you to specify the maximum amount of data throughput the unit will be required to handle at any time. The unit's throughput capacity can be upgraded to different levels using software plug-ins.

MPLS protocol

Two different Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS)-based protocol versions can be chosen. If a newer network is being built or upgraded, the advanced Prodigy 2.0 protocol can be selected to boost performance. If an older network incorporating Fluidmesh components is being upgraded, the Prodigy 1.0 protocol with limited functionality can be selected to guarantee compatibility. Prodigy uses a traffic optimization algorithm that allows every Fluidmesh radio to assign a specific priority level to every forwarded data packet.

Unit configuration

The unit is compatible with Fluidmesh RACER[™]. This is a centralized, web-based interface that allows you to configure, monitor, and troubleshoot the unit (and in certain cases, the entire wireless network) in real time, without the need for any offline software. In cases where an initial connection cannot be made to the internet, the unit can be configured using a built-in offline Configurator interface.

Role adaptability

The unit is equipped with FluidMAX. This is a software technology that allows you to easily change the role of the unit, so that it is able to function as part of a Point-to-Point, Point-to-Multipoint, or Mesh network architecture without having to replace physical hardware. The unit can use time-division multiple access (TDMA), or carrier sense multiple access (CSMA) protocols.

Environmental rating

The unit is certified for outdoor usage, equipped with vibration-proof connectors, and designed for fast installation and enhanced reliability in harsh environments.

Staging hardware

A staging kit that allows easy installation of the unit on walls and utility poles is supplied as part of the complete package.

Product specifications

For detailed product specifications, refer to the product data sheet for the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO.

Transceiver and gateway unit power consumption

In service, Fluidmesh transceiver units and gateway units consume electrical power at the rates given in the table below.



IMPORTANT

In service, transceiver and gateway units will consume power at various levels between the quoted lower limit and upper limit, depending on data traffic load, signal strength, environmental conditions such as line-of-sight and atmospheric moisture, and other factors.

Note that the power consumption of transceiver units tends to be affected in inverse proportion to the unit temperature (in other words, power consumption tends to rise when the temperature of the unit falls, and the other way around).

Unit series	Minimum power consumption	Nominal power consumption (typical conditions)	Maximum power consumption (realistic system- design assumption)
FM PONTE 50	4 Watts	6 to 7 Watts	10 Watts
FM 1200 VOLO	4 Watts	6 to 7 Watts	10 Watts
FM 1300 OTTO	8 Watts	10 to 12 Watts	15 Watts
FM 3200- series	4 Watts	6 to 7 Watts	10 Watts
FM 4200- series	4 Watts	6 to 7 Watts	10 Watts

Table 1. Power consumption figures (transceiver units)

Unit series	Minimum power consumption	Nominal power consumption (typical conditions)	Maximum power consumption (realistic system- design assumption)
FM 3500 ENDO	8 Watts	10 to 12 Watts	15 Watts
FM 4500- series	8 Watts	10 to 12 Watts	15 Watts
FM 4800	13 Watts	15 to 17 Watts	20 Watts

Table 2. Power consumption figures (gateway units)

Unit	Maximum power consumption (realistic system-design assumption)	
FM 1000	60 Watts	

3.2. Fluidmesh Architecture

3.2.1. Overview

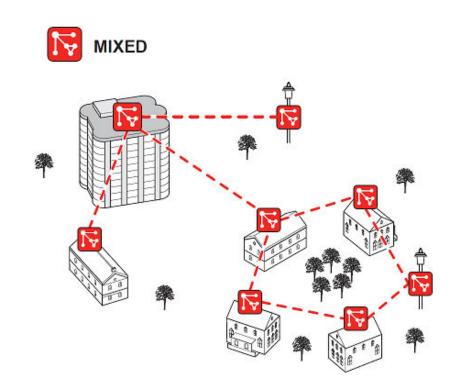
Wireless network architectures

Depending on the network design and the type of components used, the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO can be used to create wireless network architectures, including:

- Point-to-point (P2P) links.
- Point-to-multipoint (PTMP) sectors.
- Mesh networks.
- Mobility networks.
- Mixed networks that are capable of using any combination of types listed above.

The FluidMAX TDMA protocol

Individual radio transceivers can easily be assigned different roles within the same network, using Fluidmesh's patented FluidMAX[™] technology. A typical example of a general network architecture that uses a combination of Fluidmesh components is shown below:



FluidMAX[™] enables high-performance deployments of outstanding flexibility. The following section shows how to build point-to-point, point-to-multipoint and mesh networks using Fluidmesh products.

3.2.2. Fluidmesh technologies

Prodigy

Prodigy is Fluidmesh's proprietary implementation of the Multi-Protocol-Label-Switching (MPLS) standard.



IMPORTANT

A Fluidmesh device only features Prodigy selection if the installed Prodigy engine includes the selection feature.

Fluidmesh devices that are designed to operate exclusively in *Bridge Mode* (in other words, in point-to-point configuration) do not feature Prodigy.

Prodigy 2.0 offers greatly improved performance compared to Prodigy 1.0. New features include:

- Traffic engineering
- Advanced Quality of Service (QoS)

Note that Prodigy 2.0 is only compatible with firmware versions 6.5 and higher.



IMPORTANT

Prodigy 1.0 and Prodigy 2.0 are **not** compatible with each other. Do not implement the two protocol versions within the same network.

If you are expanding an existing network using new Fluidmesh hardware components, make sure that all components are compatible with each other by:

- 1. Upgrading all network components within the same network to firmware version 6.5 or higher, and:
- 2. Configuring all network components within the same network to operate using *either* Prodigy 1.0 or Prodigy 2.0.

Use of Prodigy 1.0 is only recommended if the network contains older Fluidmesh devices that are not compatible with Prodigy 2.0.

Select the Prodigy version you need by using the *General Mode* page of the Configurator interface.

RACER

RACER[™] is Fluidmesh's web-based configuration portal. It is the primary interface with which to configure Fluidmesh radio devices.

You can operate RACER using any internet-connected computer with a web browser.



IMPORTANT

For a detailed description of the differences between RACER and the local Configurator interface, refer to "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

Virtual Gigabit

Virtual Gigabit (VGbe) is a proprietary technology that allows a substantial upgrade in throughput performance for the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO.

VGbe works by 'bonding' the unit's two physical Ethernet ports into a single 'virtual' port. This allows a throughput increase from the standard maximum of 100 Mbps to a theoretical maximum of 150 Mbps (under optimal wireless link conditions).

To enable Virtual Gigabit, software plug-in *FM-VGBE* must be installed. Refer to "Plug-in management procedures" (page 139) for details. No special configuration is required for any other equipment (network switches, routers etc.)



IMPORTANT

VGbe is only supported when the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is configured as a *Mesh End* or *Mesh Point* unit. If the unit is switched to *Bridge* mode, VGbe will be disabled.

A representation of the scenarios in which VGbe is active are shown in Figure 1 (page 16) below:

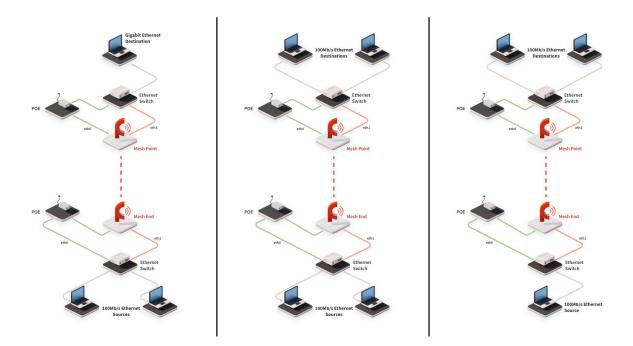


Figure 1. Virtual Gigabit implementation scenarios

In the figure above, all data traffic is sent to and from the primary Ethernet port by default.

If multiple traffic streams (in other words, more than one destination MAC address) are detected, the unit monitors the aggregate throughput of the traffic streams. If aggregate throughput exceeds a detected 85 Mbps, one or more of the traffic streams are 'moved' onto the secondary Ethernet port, allowing the unit's Ethernet throughput capacity to exceed 100 Mbps (under optimal wireless link conditions).

3.2.3. Point-to-point wireless bridge

A point-to-point wireless bridge allows two local networks to communicate with each other. A simplified example is shown in Figure 2 (page 17).

In context of the overall network architecture, the two local networks are called *network segments*.

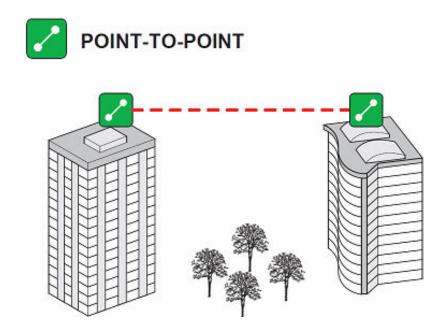


Figure 2. Point-to-point network architecture

All network activity that takes place on wireless bridges is 'transparent' to the network hosts. In other words, a wireless bridge forwards packets from one network segment to another according to a 'Forwarding table'. The forwarding table is built by learning the network topology from analysis of incoming traffic.

In this configuration, no explicit interaction takes place between the wireless bridge and the network hosts. The network segments on either side of the wireless bridge share the same IP subnet. Therefore, each network host must use a unique IP address within the subnet.

3.2.4. Mesh network architecture

Fluidmesh Networks offers wireless networking solutions that are based on the *mesh networking* architecture, but can also fill more traditional networking roles if needed. This allows substantial reliability and flexibility advantages when compared to traditional wireless solutions.

A simplified example of a wireless mesh network is shown in Figure 3 (page 18). In such a network, every Fluidmesh hardware component transmits the data packets that come from the components directly linked to it.

In a reliable mesh network with an acceptable amount of redundancy, every stream of data packets may reach the base station through any of a variety of paths. The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is designed to act as an 'intelligent router' that is able to forward packets coming from other Fluidmesh components in real time, based on an optimal, softwaredetermined path. In addition, the absence of any single point of failure

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greatly increases reliability when compared to any other wireless or wired data-transmission technology.



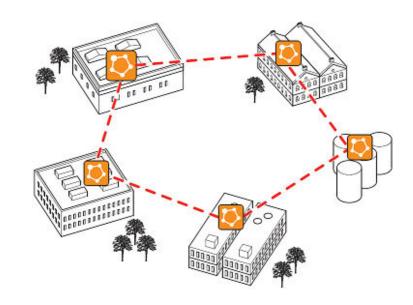


Figure 3. Fluidmesh Mesh Networking Architecture

3.3. Fluidmesh network addressing

3.3.1. Bridge IP addressing

If needed, the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO can be operated in *Bridge mode*. This creates a single point-to-point connection between two network segments. A simplified example of a Bridge mode connection is shown in Figure 4 (page 19).

As shipped from the factory, the wired ethernet ports of all Fluidmesh hardware components are assigned the same default IP address of **192.168.0.10/24**.

No default IP address is associated with the wireless interface.



192.168.0.10 is the default IP address of all Fluidmesh Radios. It is recommended to change the iP address of both units

Figure 4. Wireless network architecture (bridge configuration)

3.3.2. Unit identification and addressing

Mesh- and bridge-capable radio transceiver identification



CAUTION

This section contains theoretical explanations of the underlying concepts behind mesh network addressing, and is intended for use by qualified network engineers only.

- For specific instructions on Fluidmesh hardware installation, see "Hardware installation" (page 26).
- For specific instructions on how to configure a Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit using the configurator interface, see "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

Regardless of its configuration and operating mode, every Fluidmesh radio transceiver is shipped from the factory with a unique unit identification (ID) number. This number always takes the following form:

5.a.b.c

The triplet a.b.c uniquely identifies the individual physical hardware unit, and cannot be changed.

The unit ID number is used to identify the physical hardware units within the configurator interface that is used for configuration of the unit.

A simplified diagram demonstrating the relationship between a wired LAN, and a linked mesh radio network containing a mesh end unit and mesh point units, is shown in Figure 5 (page 20).

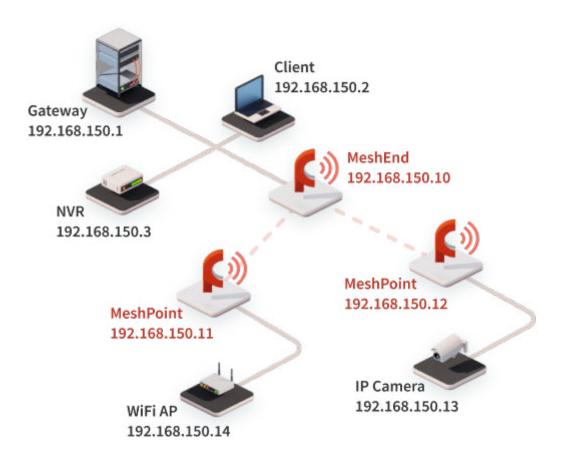


Figure 5. Fluidmesh Network Addressing

Operating the unit in Mesh Point mode or Mesh End mode

If the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO radio transceiver unit is installed as part of a mesh network architecture, it can be set to operate in either of two operating modes:

- **Mesh Point Mode:** This is the default operating mode. Each radio transceiver unit that is part of the network, but is **not** connected to the wired LAN backbone, must be set in **Mesh Point** mode.
- Mesh End Mode: Each radio transceiver unit that is part of the network and is connected to the wired LAN backbone must be set in Mesh End Mode. A Mesh End transceiver unit is always the junction point between the wireless network and any IP-based wired network.

Network addressing

Fluidmesh radio transceivers

Fluidmesh data link layer (layer 2) addressing allows you to configure each Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO transceiver unit, and each IP device connected to the unit, according to the IP address class used in the private LAN to which the **Mesh End** unit is connected.

Each Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit has a factory-set IP address of **192.168.0.10**, and a Netmask of **255.255.255.0**.



NOTE

Each individual Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit has a factoryset *5.a.b.c* unit identification number. Each unit is shipped from the factory with the same IP address, but with a unique unit identification number.

When a Fluidmesh wireless network is connected to a wired LAN, the LAN is usually the private control room LAN. Therefore, Fluidmesh radio transceivers, and all other edge devices that connect the wireless network to the wired LAN, must be assigned individual LAN IP addresses that are part of the same subnet. The edge devices will be accessed using those IP addresses.

A typical network configuration (*Fluidmesh Network Addressing*) is shown in "Operating the unit in Mesh Point mode or Mesh End mode" (page 20). In this configuration, the private LAN IP address class is 192.168.150.0, with netmask 255.255.255.0. Note that each device has an IP address belonging to this subnet.



IMPORTANT

IP addresses must not be duplicated within a network. If addresses are duplicated, IP address conflicts will occur.

Multiple Fluidmesh radio transceiver units can be connected through a network switch, forming radio clusters. The proprietary routing protocol will run automatically on the wired part of the network. To activate the cluster feature, transceiver units that are capable of being set in **Mesh Point** mode must be set in that mode.

Connecting and configuring an Ethernet edge device

Ethernet edge devices such as IP cameras and Wi-Fi access points can be connected to the Ethernet ports of the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO. Such edge devices must be configured using the IP subnet scheme defined for the broadcast domain.

The default *IP subnet mask* for all Fluidmesh devices is 192.168.0.0 / 255.255.255.0.

The default *IP address* for all Fluidmesh devices is 192.168.0.10 / 255.255.255.0.

You can configure any Ethernet device manually or automatically, using a DHCP server that resides on the LAN network. The Fluidmesh network is totally transparent to DHCP, therefore, DHCP requests and responses can be forwarded transparently across the network.



IMPORTANT

If an Ethernet-based system using multiple peripheral components is connected to the wireless network, assign each peripheral component a fixed IP address. If dynamic IP addressing is used, the components may not be accessible to third-party software that relies on the components for data input.

A typical example is a video surveillance system equipped with multiple CCTV cameras. Each camera must be assigned a fixed IP address to be accessible to the video-recording software.

Fluidmesh radio transceivers

A wide variety of Ethernet edge devices, such as IP cameras and Wi-Fi access points, can be connected to the Ethernet ports of the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO. You can configure any Ethernet device manually or automatically by using a DHCP server that resides on the LAN network.

The Fluidmesh network is totally transparent to DHCP. Therefore, DHCP requests and responses can be forwarded transparently across the network.



IMPORTANT

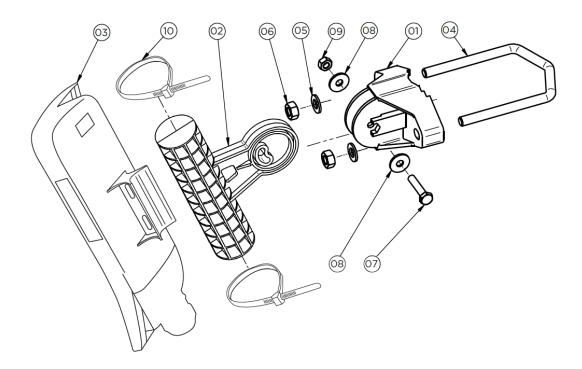
If a video surveillance system is connected to the wireless network, assign each camera a fixed IP address. If dynamic IP addressing is used, the cameras may not be accessible to the video-recording software.

4. INSTALLING THE RADIO

4.1. Installing the radio using the multi-axis mounting bracket



The diagram below shows the components and assembly sequence for installing the radio using the Fluidmesh multi-axis mounting bracket.



To install the radio transceiver on a wooden or metal utility pole using the Fluidmesh multi-axis mounting bracket, do the following steps:

- 1. Decide where on the utility pole the unit must be mounted, taking access to the unit and antenna line-of-sight into account.
- 2. Place the U-bolt (04) around the utility pole at the chosen mounting point.

- 3. Place the Pole mount (01) over the two ends of the U-bolt, with the curved end of the mount aligned with the outer curve of the pole.
- 4. Place the 8.4mm flat washers (05) over the two ends of the Ubolt.
- 5. Screw the M8 nuts (06) onto the two ends of the U-bolt. Do not fully tighten the nuts at this time.
- 6. Insert the circular end of the Swivel rod (02) into the hollow part of the Pole mount (01).
- 7. Place a 6.4mm flat washer (08) over the shaft of the M6x25mm screw (07).
- 8. Push the M6x25mm screw through the securing hole of the Pole mount, making sure that the hexagonal end of the screw seats correctly on the casting of the Pole mount.
- 9. Place a second 6.4mm flat washer (08) over the threaded end of the M6x25mm screw (07).
- 10. Screw the M6 nut (09) onto the threaded end of the M6x25mm screw (07). Do not fully tighten the nut at this time.
- 11. Make sure that the transceiver unit faces the right way up.
- 12. Place the concave surface of the unit's mounting lug securely against the cylindrical end of the Swivel rod (02).
- 13. Route the two Tie-wraps (10) through the clamp holes of the unit's mounting lug. Join the ends of the Tie-wraps.
- 14. Securely fasten the transceiver unit to the Swivel rod by pulling the ends of the Tie-wraps.
- 15. Aim and adjust the radio correctly. You can aim the unit in the vertical and horizontal planes.
- 16. Fully tighten the M6 nut and M8 nuts.



CAUTION

Do not over-tighten the nuts. Doing so could damage the bracket components.

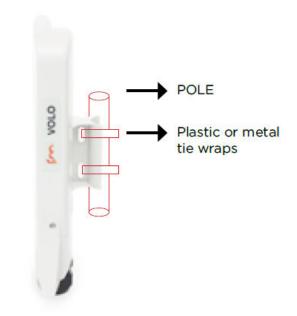
4.2. Installing the radio using Tie-wraps

To install the radio transceiver on a wooden or metal utility pole using the included Tie-wraps, do the following steps:

- 1. Decide where on the utility pole the radio must be mounted, taking access to the radio and line-of-sight into account.
- 2. Place the radio against the utility pole at the chosen mounting point (below).



3. Route the two Tie-wraps through the clamp holes of the radio's mounting lug (below).



- 4. Join the ends of the Tie-wraps. Tighten the Tie-wraps just enough that the radio can be easily moved in the horizontal plane.
- 5. Aim and adjust the radio correctly. You can aim the unit in the horizontal plane only.
- 6. Pull the ends of the Tie-wraps until the radio assembly is secure.

5. HARDWARE INSTALLATION

5.1. Fluidmesh hardware installation

5.1.1. Installing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO

Environmental rating and unit roles

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO (part number FM1200V-HW) is a wireless radio transceiver unit.

The hardware is contained in an outdoor-rated metal enclosure that can be easily mounted on poles or walls.

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO can operate in any of the following networking roles:

- As a point-to-point wireless bridge (see "Point-to-point wireless bridge" (page 16) for details).
- As a single radio unit within a wireless mesh network (see "Mesh network architecture" (page 17) for details).
- As a *principal* radio unit or *Subordinate* radio unit within a point-tomultipoint wireless network (see 'Using the FluidMAX Management Setting' in "Advanced radio settings" (page 85) for details).

Installation hardware

Metal clamps are supplied as part of the installation package, to allow mounting of the unit on utility poles. Refer to the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO installation instructions for details.

Antenna staging kit

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO installation package includes a staging kit that allows you to test the vertical alignment of the unit's built-in antenna. The unit can be mounted on utility poles using plastic cable ties or metal hose clamps.

Removable bottom housing

The unit features a removable, water-tight bottom housing. The bottom housing is equipped with an NPT-1 standard-thread cable gland. The cable gland can house a dual-cable rubber seal that can accept two shielded Ethernet cables. Three different pre-cut rubber seals are provided to accept Ethernet cables of different diameter.



CAUTION

To prevent leaks and cable damage, tighten the cable gland by hand *only*. Do not use a wrench. No additional tape or sealing hardware is required.

If you are running only one Ethernet cable through the rubber seal, block the second cable hole with a one-inch cable stub *only*.

5.1.2. Best practice for shielded CAT5/6 connectors



CAUTION

To avoid the possibility of damage to network components due to electrostatic discharge (ESD), it is extremely important that all shielded CAT5/6 connectors be assembled according to the standards and directives in this section.

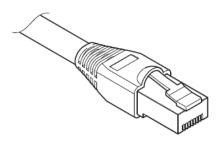


Figure 6. Shielded CAT5/6 connector

Use only professional-quality, outdoor-rated, RF-shielded cables in conjunction with Fluidmesh radio transceivers.

Assemble all shielded CAT5/6 connectors to the following standards:

- Only use shielded RJ45 Ethernet connectors.
- When inserting each connector into a shielded Ethernet port, the connector's inner jacket must form a positive contact with the Ethernet port.
- When each RJ45 connector is plugged into the correct Ethernet port of the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, lock the bottom of the RJ45 connector using the side retaining screws. See the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO installation guide for details.
- When all RJ45 connectors are connected to the unit, make sure that the bottom cover of the unit is correctly secured to the unit enclosure.

5.1.3. Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO Status and link LEDs

Unit and link quality status

The front panel of the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO (as seen below) contains seven LEDs. The panel is used to check the unit status and wireless link quality status.



Figure 7. Status and link/boot LEDs

During normal operation, the seven LEDs indicate the following conditions:

- **Power:** The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is receiving power.
- LAN1: Network activity on Ethernet port 1.
- LAN2: Network activity on Ethernet port 2.
- SIGNAL STRENGTH (red): Signal strength very poor.
- SIGNAL STRENGTH (yellow): Signal strength inadequate.
- SIGNAL STRENGTH (green): Signal strength acceptable.
- SIGNAL STRENGTH (green): Signal strength excellent.



TIP

During normal operation, the readings from the four **SIGNAL STRENGTH** LEDs can be used to do radio antenna alignment (see "Antenna-alignment tools and physical statistics" (page 67) for more information).

Boot sequence

During the unit's boot sequence, the four **SIGNAL STRENGTH** LEDs light up in sequence. During the boot sequence, the LEDs indicate the following conditions:

- 1. Red: Core system boot in progress.
- 2. Yellow: Wireless system boot in progress.
- 3. First green: Routing engine boot in progress.
- 4. Second green: Unit configuration boot in progress.

If the boot sequence above stops at any LED, an error has been detected during that stage of the boot sequence.

5.1.4. Supplying power to the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO



CAUTION

When connecting the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO to a power supply, the instructions in this section must be strictly followed at all times.

Failure to follow these instructions may result in irreparable damage to the unit and/or other connected hardware, and will also invalidate the product warranty.



IMPORTANT

For technical data on which power sources are compatible with the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, refer to "Electrical power requirements" (page 154).

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO can be provided with power using the following methods:

- The included 24 Vdc passive PoE injector (90 Vac to 260 Vac, 50/60 Hz input).
- If connecting the unit to an Ethernet switch or router equipped with unmanaged PoE, an IEEE 802.3af-to-24 Vdc inline converter (Fluidmesh part number *FM-POE-INL*).



CAUTION

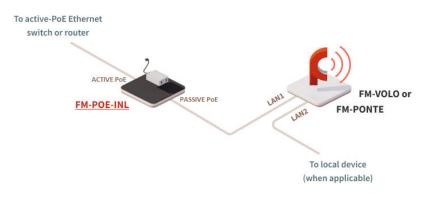
The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is designed to accept power from the included 24 Vdc mode B passive PoE injector (Fluidmesh part number *FM-POE-STD*) or from an IEEE 802.3af-to-24 Vdc inline converter (Fluidmesh part number *FM-POE-INL*) only. Do not connect power supplies of any other voltage output, type or rating to the unit under any circumstances.

Do not connect an unmanaged PoE switch (in other words, a PoE switch on which DC power to the RJ45 ports cannot be switched off) to the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO under any circumstances. Connecting an unmanaged PoE switch to the unit will result in 48 Vdc power being supplied to the unit. This will irreparably damage the unit, and will invalidate the product warranty.

When providing the power source for the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, remember the following important points:

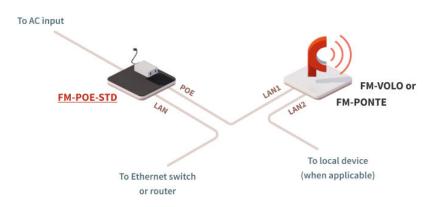
- Install the power source as close to the unit as possible to minimize voltage drop. The maximum suggested distance is 50ft (15m).
- Ensure proper grounding (earthing) and reliable connectivity by using shielded CAT5/6 cables and connectors.

- If you are connecting the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO directly to a power source, only use the included 24 Vdc mode B passive PoE injector(s) (Fluidmesh part number *FM-POE-STD*). If the included PoE injector(s) are non-functional, replacement injectors can be ordered from Fluidmesh.
- If you are 'daisy-chaining' (in other words, connecting the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO to a switch or router through a 24 Vdc mode B passive PoE injector), note the following points:
 - The unit is designed to accept 24 Vdc passive mode B PoE power only. The RJ45 terminal assignments for mode B power are as follows:
 - 1. Terminal 1: Rx +
 - 2. Terminal 2: Rx -
 - 3. Terminal 3: Tx +
 - 4. Terminal 4: DC voltage +
 - 5. Terminal 5: DC voltage +
 - 6. Terminal 6: Tx -
 - 7. Terminal 7: DC voltage -
 - 8. Terminal 8: DC voltage -
 - Do not connect the unit to an IEEE 802.3af or IEEE 802.3at PoE adapter, Ethernet switch or router through a passive PoE injector. The passive PoE injector included with the unit cannot regulate excessive voltages, and the DC power feed from switches of this type cannot be turned off. This will result in a damaging over-voltage being supplied to the unit.
 - If connecting the unit to a switch or router equipped with unmanaged PoE, use the 802.3af-to-24 Vdc inline converter (Fluidmesh part number *FM-POE-INL*) only (below). In this scenario, do not use the included 24 Vdc mode B passive PoE injector (Fluidmesh part number *FM-POE-STD*), as the passive PoE injector will supply a damaging over-voltage to the unit.



• If connecting the unit to an Ethernet switch or router equipped with power-management support, disable PoE on

the RJ45 port of the Ethernet switch or router that is connected to the PoE injector (below).



• If connecting the PoE injector to a non-PoE switch or router (above), no special precautions need to be taken.

Connecting power to the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO



NOTE

For detailed comparative information on which Fluidmesh hardware devices are capable of accepting power through IEEE 802.3at or IEEE 802.3af power sources, or through a DC IN power source, refer to "Electrical power requirements" (page 154).

Connecting power through a LAN RJ45 port

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO radio transceiver unit has two Ethernet ports (Figure 8 (page 32)).

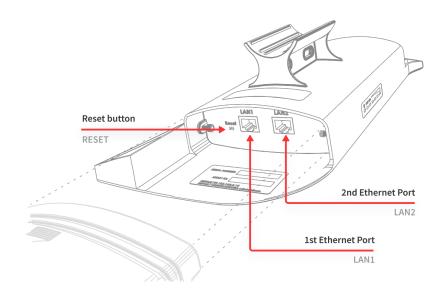


Figure 8. Device connector ports



CAUTION

The unit is designed to take power through 24 Vdc *Power-over-Ethernet* only, and does not have a dedicated power port. A 24 Vdc PoE injector is included with the unit. Do not connect any 48 Vdc PoE injector, and do not attempt to connect any other source of electrical power to the unit.

Connect the included 24 Vdc PoE injector to the unit by doing the following steps:

- 1. Only use a patch Ethernet cable to connect the PoE injector and the unit.
- 2. Insert the RJ45 connector leading from the PoE injector into the Ethernet port labelled *LAN1/POE*.

5.1.5. Rebooting the firmware and resetting the unit to factory defaults

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO hardware can be rebooted and reset to factory default condition using the procedures in this section.



IMPORTANT

The following procedure shows how to do a 'hard' (device firmware) reboot. To do a 'soft' (device software) reboot, refer to "Resetting the unit to factory defaults" (page 131).

To do a 'hard' (device firmware) reboot under emergency conditions (for example, if the unit malfunctions), do the steps in the following subsection.

Device firmware reboot

- 1. Remove the bottom cover from the main unit enclosure as shown in "Connecting LAN cables to the unit" (page 37).
- 2. Insert a long tool with a thin shaft, such as a paper clip or a thin screwdriver, into the **RESET** button port until the tool touches the bottom (Figure 9 (page 33)).

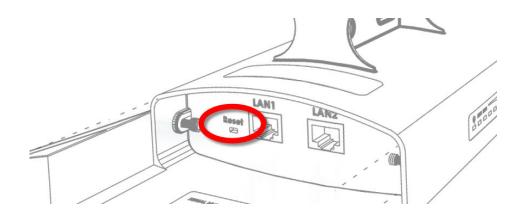


Figure 9. Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO (Hardware RESET button port)

- 3. Press the **RESET** button for one second, then release the button immediately.
 - The unit will reboot.

Resetting the unit to factory settings



CAUTION

Do not do a factory reset unless the unit needs to be reconfigured using its factory configuration as a starting point.

A factory reset will reset the unit's IP address and administrator password, and will disconnect the unit from the network.

The following methods are available to do a factory reset:

- 1. To do the reset using the configurator interface, refer to "Resetting the unit to factory defaults" (page 131).
- 2. To do the reset using RACER, refer to the *Fluidmesh Networks RACER User Manual.*
- 3. To do the reset by physically accessing the unit, follow the procedure below.

To reset the radio to its factory default settings, do the steps that follow:

- 1. Power ON the unit.
- 2. Wait approximately 40 seconds for the unit to boot up.
- 3. When the unit has completed its boot sequence, access the **RESET** button as shown above, and press the button for 7 seconds.
 - The LEDs will blink.
 - The unit will be restored to factory default settings (including its default IP address of **192.168.0.10** and subnet mask of **255.255.255.0**).
 - The unit will reboot.
 - The administrator user name and password will both be reset to **admin**.

5.1.6. Suitability for outdoor installation

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO was specifically designed for installation in harsh outdoor environments. Under operating conditions, the unit is completely sealed, and is capable of high-performance operation in outdoor environments, and under severe conditions such as water spray, salt, and extreme fluctuations in cold and heat.

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO has an IP66 ingress protection rating.

5.2. Connecting the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO to networking and communications hardware

5.2.1. Terminal assignments for power and data connectors



IMPORTANT

Always use outdoor-rated, RF-shielded Ethernet cables when connecting the Power and LAN ports of a Fluidmesh hardware device to external hardware.

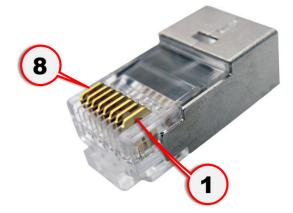
RJ45 Ethernet



IMPORTANT

Always use outdoor-rated, RF-shielded Ethernet cables, and RF-shielded RJ45 male connectors (a typical shielded connector can be seen in the image below).

The terminal assignments for male RJ45 connectors are as shown in the image below. With the connector in this orientation, the terminals are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 from right to left.





CAUTION

RJ45 connectors can be wired according to network cable wiring standards EIA/TIA T568A **or** EIA/TIA T568B.

To prevent device and/or network malfunctions:

- It is strongly recommended that wiring standard T568A
 or T568B be chosen at the network design stage, and applied to all relevant devices throughout the life of the project.
- Always use the same wiring standard at both ends of the same patch cable (for example, if a cable's RJ45 connector is wired according to T568A, the connector at the opposite end of the cable must also be wired according to T568A).

The terminal assignments for the different network cable wire standards are as follows:

Network cable wire standard T568A

- **Terminal 1**: Green wire with white tracer
- Terminal 2: Green wire
- Terminal 3: Orange wire with white tracer
- Terminal 4: Blue wire
- Terminal 5: Blue wire with white tracer
- Terminal 6: Orange wire
- Terminal 7: Brown wire with white tracer
- Terminal 8: Brown wire

Network cable wire standard T568B

- Terminal 1: Orange wire with white tracer
- Terminal 2: Orange wire
- Terminal 3: Green wire with white tracer
- Terminal 4: Blue wire
- Terminal 5: Blue wire with white tracer
- Terminal 6: Green wire
- Terminal 7: Brown wire with white tracer
- Terminal 8: Brown wire

5.2.2. Connecting LAN cables to the unit

Bottom housing and RJ45 LAN cabling



CAUTION

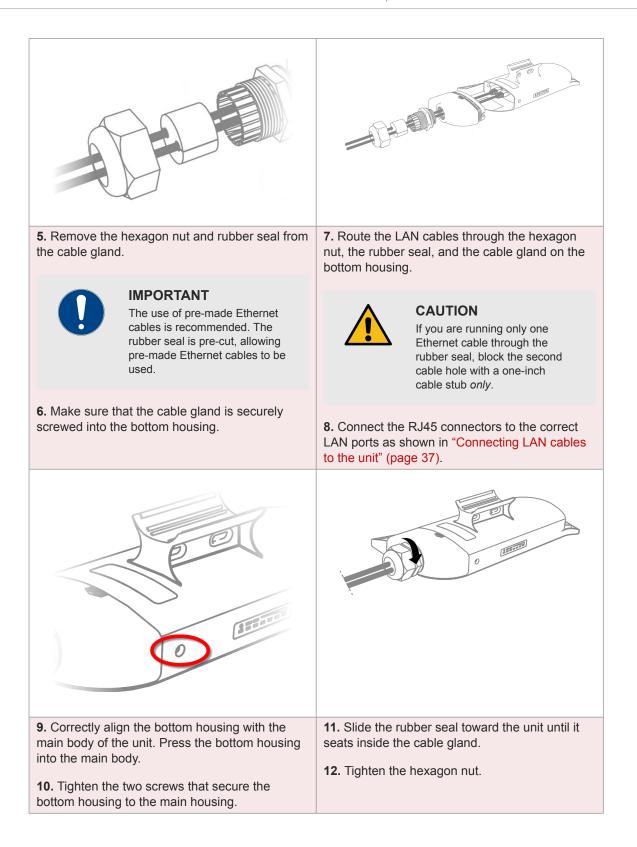
When loosening the screws that secure the bottom housing to the main body of the unit, do not remove the screws. Removing the screws will damage the main body.

When the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is mounted in its final location, connect the unit to LAN connection(s) and a PoE power supply by doing the following steps:

- 1. Only use shielded CAT5/6 cables that terminate in RJ45 Ethernet connectors at both ends.
- 2. Make sure that the terminal pin assignments for the RJ45 plugs comply with the accepted standard for RJ45 LAN/PoE connectors.

Next, proceed to the steps in the following table:

3. Loosen the two screws that secure the bottom housing to the main housing. The location of one of the screws is shown above. The second screw is on the opposing side of the unit.	4. Separate the bottom housing from the main body of the unit.



6. USING THE FLUIDMESH PARTNER PORTAL

The Fluidmesh Partner Portal is the main web-based portal through which the following activities are done:

- 1. Participating in Fluidmesh E-learning
- 2. Using and sharing plug-in license codes for Fluidmesh devices
- 3. Using the RACER[™] radio configuration interface
- 4. Viewing the technical documentation for your Fluidmesh devices

6.1. Accessing the Partner Portal

Access to the Partners Portal is granted only to Fluidmesh's official partners and customers, and requires registration.

To access the Fluidmesh Partner Portal, do the following steps:

- Make sure a current web browser is installed on your computer. For detailed information on which browsers are supported, refer to Table 3 (page 39) below. If needed, upgrade your browser version.
- 2. Click this link.
 - The Fluidmesh Partner Portal **Sign In** dialog will be shown.
- 3. Register as a portal user by clicking the **Create Account** link and following the software prompts.

Table 3. Supported web browsers

	Version	Computer operating systems	Compatibility	Reason
Mozilla Firefox	32 to 38	Linux, Windows 7, 8 and 10, OS X Mavericks	Partial	Icons and fonts do not display correctly in position modality
	39	Linux, Windows 7, 8 and 10, OS X Mavericks	Full	-
	40 onward	Linux, Windows 7, 8 and 10, OS X Mavericks	Full	-
Google Chrome	36 onward	Linux, Windows 7, 8 and 10, OS X Mavericks	Partial	Vertical scrolling in unit/template detail does not work correctly
	56 onward	Linux, Windows 7, 8 and 10, OS X Mavericks	Full	-

	Version	Computer operating systems	Compatibility	Reason
Microsoft Internet Explorer	11 onward	Windows 7, 8 and 10	Full	-
Microsoft Edge	13 onward	Windows 7, 8 and 10	Full	-
Apple Safari	8 onward	OS X Yosemite or later	Full	-

6.2. Enabling Two-Factor Authentication for security

To enhance cyber-security on the Partner Portal, Fluidmesh uses two-factor authentication (2FA).

2FA works by providing an extra security layer that works independently of your Partner Portal login password. With 2FA activated, you will be asked to provide a secure one-time password (OTP) for each login.

To set up two-factor authentication, do the following steps:

- 1. Install an app capable of generating authentication codes on your mobile phone. Apps recommended for specific platforms are:
 - Google Authenticator or Authy (iPhone, Android)
 - Microsoft Authenticator (Windows Mobile)
- 2. Log into the Fluidmesh Partner Portal using your normal access password.
- Hover the mouse cursor over the Profile icon in the upper righthand corner of the web page (Figure 10 (page 40)). Click the Account option.



Figure 10. Partner Portal (Profile icon)

- Your portal account page will be shown.
- 4. Click the **Two Factor Auth.** link on the left-hand side of the web page (Figure 11 (page 41)).



Figure 11. Partner Portal (Two Factor Auth. icon)

- The Two Factor Authentication page will be shown.
- The current two-factor authentication status of your portal account will be shown near the top of the page.
- 5. Click the Set Up Two Factor Authentication button.
 - A two-factor authentication dialog will ask to confirm your identity. If the name and E-mail address shown in the dialog are yours, enter your current portal password and click the **Validate identity** button.
- An E-mail will be sent to your E-mail address with a verification code in the body of the mail. Enter the verification code in the Verification code field of the Two Factor Authentication web page.
 - The Two Factor Authentication web page will show a QR code.
- 7. Use the authentication app on your mobile phone to scan the QR code on the web page. Figure 12 (page 41) is a typical example of the QR code you will be shown.



Figure 12. Two Factor Authentication (typical QR code)

- The authenticator app will generate an authentication code. Enter this code in the **Authentication code** field of the Two Factor Authentication web page, and click the **Enable Two Factor Authentication** button.
- A list of ten *recovery codes* will be shown on the Two Factor Authentication web page. It is recommended that you save these codes in case you lose your mobile phone. Download the recovery codes as a *.TXT file by clicking

the **Download** button, or print a hard copy of the codes by clicking the **Print** button.

6.3. Administering plug-in license codes

The Partner Portal Plug-ins page can be used to do the following tasks:

- Convert plug-in License codes to Activation codes
- Deactivate active plug-in License codes
- Reactivate deactivated plug-in License codes
- Export multiple Activation codes
- Share License codes with other Fluidmesh device users
- Accept shared License codes from other Fluidmesh device users

To do the tasks above, refer to "Plug-In management" (page 123).

6.4. Using the RACER[™] radio configuration interface

RACER[™] is Fluidmesh's web-based configuration portal. It is the primary interface with which to configure Fluidmesh radio devices.

You can operate RACER using any internet-connected computer with a web browser.

To access the RACER portal, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the Fluidmesh Partners Portal using your login credentials.
- 2. Click this link.

For detailed instructions on how to use the RACER interface, refer to the *Fluidmesh Networks RACER™ User Manual*.



IMPORTANT

For a detailed description of the differences between RACER and the local Configurator interface, refer to "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

6.5. Viewing the technical documentation for your Fluidmesh device

All documentation relating to your Fluidmesh device (such as product brochures, technical data sheets, installation instructions and user manuals) can be found in the Documentation section of the Partner Portal.

To find documentation relating to your Fluidmesh device, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the Fluidmesh Partners Portal using your login credentials.
- 2. Click this link.
- 3. All documents are arranged by category. Browse the folders for the documentation you need.

7. DEVICE CONFIGURATION USING THE CONFIGURATOR INTERFACE

Fluidmesh radio devices that are capable of operating as part of a mesh network, including the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, are shipped from the factory in **Mesh Point** mode.

All Fluidmesh radio transceiver devices are shipped with IP address **192.168.0.10**, and Netmask **255.255.255.0**.

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO can be configured by using:

- The RACER™ Radio Configuration interface, or
- The on-board Configurator interface.

The difference between these interfaces is as follows:

RACER is a centralized, internet-based configuration software platform that is accessed from the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.

- An internet connection must be made between the Fluidmesh device and the RACER Cloud Server (an internet-based radio management service).
- Devices can be configured on an *Online* basis only: configuration settings are applied to one or more devices without the need for a configuration (*.CONF) file, and manual configuration is disabled.
- If devices must be configured on an Offline basis (in other words, if the device is not connected to the internet, and therefore cannot access its configuration settings from the RACER Cloud Server), a separate configuration file can be uploaded to the device using the Configurator (described below).

The *Configurator* is a localized configuration software platform that resides on the Fluidmesh device.

- Local configuration is done by connecting a computer to the device through a direct hardware connection, or through the internet.
- Using the Configurator, devices can be configured on an *Offline* basis only. A configuration (*.CONF) file can be manually applied to set the device parameters, or each device parameter can be manually set by the device user.
- Offline configuration settings for more than one Fluidmesh device type can be integrated into a single configuration file. When the configuration file is uploaded to each device, the device automatically loads the correct configuration settings for its device type.

To configure the unit using *RACER*, refer to the **Fluidmesh Networks RACER User Manual**.

To configure the unit using the *Configurator*, refer to the following subsections.



IMPORTANT

The RACER Radio Configuration interface and command-line interface (CLI) contain device configuration parameters that are not available in the on-board Configurator interface.

Note that some configuration features may not be applicable to your specific Fluidmesh device.

Configuration parameters and control tabs that are exclusive to RACER and the CLI include:

- **Project name** (The device has been assigned to the Project listed in this field.)
- **Position** (Shows the current physical location of the unit.)
- Invoice No. (Shows the Fluidmesh sales invoice number for the unit.)
- **Shared With** (If responsibility for the unit is shared with other users, the details of the responsible users are shown in this field.)
- Enable RTS Protection (3500 ENDO and 4500-series transceivers only shows the unit's current IEEE 802.11 request-to-send (RTS) setting.)
- **Promisc** (Shows the unit's current setting for backwardscompatibility with Fluidmesh units that are no longer in production.)
- Noise floor Calibration (Shows the unit's current noise floorcalibration setting.)
- MAX Transmission MCS (Used to choose the modulation and coding scheme by which the unit automatically chooses its maximum data transmission rate.)
- **TX Power** (Controls the effective isotropic radiated power output of the unit.)
- Automatic link distance (Lets the system choose the maximum effective distance between the relevant wireless links.)
- **Ethernet speed** (Selects the correct data exchange speed for each Ethernet port.)
- **FLUIDMESH WI-FI** tab (Allows you to set up a second, segregated Wi-Fi interface that allows technicians access to the unit for configuration and maintenance purposes.)
- **SPANNING TREE** tab (Allows you to build a logical topology for Ethernet networks, including backup links to provide fault tolerance if an active link fails.)
- **QOS** tab (Contains controls for Quality of Service and Class of Service settings.)
- **MPLS** tab (Contains controls for adjustment of the unit's multiprotocol label switching settings.)

- FAST FAILOVER (TITAN) tab (Contains controls to enable fast fail-over capability on networks where backup units are installed.)
- **ARP** tab (Contains controls for Address Resolution Protocol settings used for discovering MAC addresses that are associated with IP addresses.)
- **INTRA-CAR** tab (Contains controls to create and maintain a wireless backbone network throughout physically large, compartmentalized vehicles.)

For a detailed description of the configuration options featured in the RACER interface, refer to the *Available configuration parameters* section of the *Fluidmesh Networks RACER User Manual.*

7.1. Software and hardware prerequisites

To access the Configurator graphical user interface (GUI) and use the Configurator to program the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, you need the following:

- A desktop, laptop or tablet computer equipped with:
 - Any current web browser. For a list of compatible web browsers, refer to the *Supported web browsers* table in "Using the Fluidmesh Partner Portal" (page 39).
 - Any Microsoft Windows, Mac OS or Linux operating system.
 - An integrated Ethernet port.
- A CAT5/6 Ethernet cable with an RJ45 connector at each end.

7.2. Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration

Before the unit can be made part of a wireless network, it must be configured.

The on-board Configurator can be used to configure a Fluidmesh device in either of two ways:

- By connecting a control device directly to the Fluidmesh device using an Ethernet cable (Local access)
- By connecting a control device to the Fluidmesh device through an internet connection (Internet access)

7.2.1. Local access and login for initial configuration



NOTE

If your computer has a wireless WiFi card, you may have to disable the card to avoid routing issues between the computer's wired and wireless network interfaces. To use the Configurator interface to access the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO directly, do the steps that follow:

- 1. Power ON the unit.
- 2. Wait approximately one minute for the boot sequence to complete.
- 3. Connect one end of a CAT5/6 Ethernet cable to the computer that will be used to configure the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO.
- 4. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the *Console* LAN port on the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO.
- 5. Manually set the computer's IP address and Netmask to be recognizable by the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO. The correct settings are as follows:
 - **IP address:** 192.168.0.10 (or any other IP address belonging to subnet 192.168.0.0/255.255.255.0)
 - Netmask: 255.255.255.0
- 6. Launch the computer's web browser.
- 7. Enter the IP address of the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO in the browser's URL entry field.
 - If the Configurator interface is shown immediately, proceed to Step 9 below.
 - Alternatively, you may see the following window:



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from **2.35.83.235** (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). <u>Learn more</u> NET::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID

Automatically send some <u>system information and page content</u> to Google to help detect dangerous apps and sites. <u>Privacy policy</u>

ADVANCED

Back to safety

Figure 13. 'Connection Not Private' warning (Google Chrome)



IMPORTANT

Due to rising levels of cyber crime, most modern web browsers are built to alert you to possible threats, such as hacking, spoofing and identity theft.

Because the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is connected to the computer using an unsecured connection (in this case, a CAT5/6 cable), the web browser may show you security warnings like the one above.

This is normal and expected. During the configuration process, it is safe to ignore these warnings.

- 1. Click the **ADVANCED** link.
 - You will see the following window:

HIDE ADVANCED

Back to safety

This server could not prove that it is **2.35.83.235**; its security certificate is not trusted by your computer's operating system. This may be caused by a misconfiguration or an attacker intercepting your connection.

Proceed to 2.35.83.235 (unsafe)

Figure 14. Security certificate warning (Google Chrome)

- 2. Click Proceed to [the URL] (unsafe).
 - The device login window will be shown:

Sign in https://2.35.8	3.235:3810
Username	admin
Password	•••••
	Sign in Cancel

Figure 15. Fluidmesh device login window

8. The factory-set login details are as follows:

- Username: admin
- Password: admin
- 9. Enter the correct username and password. Press 'Enter'. If your browser shows a time-out or similar message, the computer may be trying to access the Fluidmesh device through a proxy server. To resolve the issue, do the following steps:
 - Go to Control Panel > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings.

Autom	atic cont natic con	figuration	AN) Settings ay override manua able automatic cor	-	
Au	tomatica	lly detect se	ttings		
Us	e autom	atic configura	ation script		
Ac	Idress				
Us		y server for PN connecti	your LAN (These s	ettings will	not apply to
Ac	idress;		Port:	80	Advanced
	Bypass	proxy serve	r for local address	es	
				ОК	Cancel

- 2. Disable proxy connections by un-checking the check boxes for the following options:
 - Automatically detect settings
 - · Use automatic configuration script
 - Use a proxy server for your LAN
- 3. Click the **OK** button.
- 4. Enter your user name and password in the device login window, and press 'Enter'.
- 10. To ensure system security, change the default password when the installation is completed. If the **Sign in** window does not appear, refer to "Changing the Administrator username and password" (page 119).

7.2.2. Initial configuration with the unit in Provisioning Mode

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO cannot be operated without entering some basic configuration settings. These settings allow the unit to connect to a local network and communicate with the network hardware.

If a new unit is being configured for use for the first time, or has been reset to factory default configuration for any reason, the unit will enter *Provisioning Mode*. This mode allows you to program the unit's initial configuration settings.

If the unit is in Provisioning Mode, it will try to connect to the internet using Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP):

- If the unit successfully connects to the internet, you can do a centralized configuration of the unit using the RACER interface, or do a local configuration using the Configurator interface.
- If the unit fails to connect to the internet, you must do a local configuration using the Configurator interface.



NOTE

By default, the local IP address of the unit is set as *192.168.0.10*, and the subnet mask is set as *255.255.255.0* (as shown in the **Current IP Configuration** section).

In Provisioning Mode, the unit connects to the cloud server through a WebSocket connection with 4 096-bit asymmetric encryption and verified security certificates, protecting the communication from cyber-security threats.

• Check that the unit is in Provisioning Mode by looking at the colored icon to the right of the **RACER**[™] tag in the upper left-hand corner of the screen (Figure 16 (page 50)).

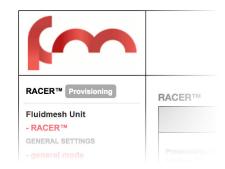


Figure 16. RACER status icon (Provisioning Mode)

- If the icon reads **Provisioning**, the unit is in Provisioning Mode. Configure the unit by doing the steps shown in this section.
- If the icon reads **Online** or **Offline**, the unit has been configured before. In this case, you must choose between two further options:
 - If you want to do a new configuration by reverting the unit to Provisioning Mode, reset the unit as shown in "Resetting the unit to factory defaults" (page 131).

• If you want to change the connection settings, but keep the current configuration, change the settings as shown in "General settings" (page 58).

If the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is in Provisioning Mode:

• The **RACER**[™] dialog will be shown (Figure 17 (page 51)).

RACER™ Cloud	RACER™ Cloud connection info	
Status:	Disconnected	
Current IP Configuration		
Current IP:	192.168.0.10 (fallback)	
Current Netmask:	255.255.255.0	

Configure DHCP to o	connect to RACER™
Use this section to connect the radio to the Internet via back IP settings if DHCP is not available.	DHCP to use RACER™ Cloud Management. Set fall-
DHCP fall-back	configuration
Local IP:	192.168.0.11
Local Netmask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	
Local Dns 1:	
Local Dns 2:	

Save fallback IP

Figure 17. RACER dialog

- The unit's Local IP address will be set to 169.254.a.b, where a and b are the last two parts of the unit's unique unit identification (ID) number. For example, if the unit ID number is 5.12.34.56, the unit's IP address will be set as 169.254.34.56.
- The unit can also be reached using the DHCP fallback IP address (192.168.0.10/24).
- The unit's Status and link/boot LEDs will blink continuously from left to right (*green-green-orange-red*), then from right to left (*red-orange-green-green*). The LEDs will repeat this cycle until the unit either enters a Fallback condition, or enters **Online** or **Offline** mode.
- The unit will attempt to connect to the internet using DHCP.



NOTE

DHCP is disabled when the unit leaves Provisioning Mode.

Make sure that the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is connected to a local network that supports DHCP. If the unit connects successfully to the internet *and* to the Partners Portal, the **RACER™ Cloud connection info** Status will be shown as **Connected** (Figure 18 (page 52)).

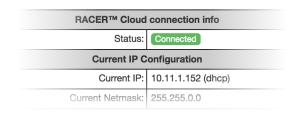


Figure 18. RACER™ Cloud connection info status (Connected)

Configure the unit using either of the following methods:

- To do a centralized (online) configuration of the unit using the RACER interface, refer to the *Fluidmesh Networks RACER User Manual*.
- To do a local (offline) configuration using the Configurator interface, refer to "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

If the unit is not able to connect to the internet:

- The unit will revert to a *Fallback* state.
- The unit's Status and link/boot LEDs will blink continuously from the outer red and green to the inner green and orange. The LEDs will repeat this cycle until the unit exits the Fallback state, or is set as either **Online** or **Offline**.
- The unit's IP address will automatically be set to **192.168.0.10/24**.

If the unit connects to the internet in Provisioning Mode, but cannot connect to the Partners Portal, the unit's IP address will automatically be set to 192.168.0.10/24. If the unit cannot connect to the Partners Portal, verify that the Partners Portal can be reached by doing the following steps:

- 1. Check that the Ethernet cable leading to the unit is properly connected.
- 2. Check that the local DNS server can resolve this address.
- 3. Check that the local DNS server can resolve the IP address of the RACER Cloud server, and that the address can be reached.

- 4. Check the network firewall settings. Port 443 must be enabled.
- 5. Click this link.
 - The Fluidmesh Partners Portal page should open in your browser.
- 6. If the Partners Portal cannot be accessed, contact the Fluidmesh support desk by sending an E-mail to support@fluidmesh.com.
- If the Partners Portal does not come back online, do a local (offline) configuration using the Configurator interface. For further information, refer to "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

If the unit cannot connect to the internet in Provisioning Mode, try to connect to the internet by doing the following steps:

- Enter alternative Local IP, Local Netmask, Default Gateway, Local Dns 1 and Local Dns 2 values as needed, using the RACER[™] dialog.
- 2. Click the **Save fallback IP** button (Figure 17 (page 51)).
 - The web browser will show the unit reboot dialog (Figure 19 (page 53)).

192.168.0.10		
This device will be reset to Provisioning. P device is connected to a DHCP network or fall-back address (192.168.0.11) properly. I changes?	you have cor	nfigured the
	Reset	ОК
	>	

Figure 19. Unit reboot dialog (typical)

- 3. Click the **OK** button to proceed, or click the **Reset** button to go back to the **RACER**[™] dialog and adjust the settings.
 - If you click the **OK** button, the unit will reboot, but will remain in Provisioning Mode.
 - The unit will attempt to connect to the internet using the new connection values.

If the unit cannot connect to the internet using the **DHCP fall-back** configuration settings, the **RACER™ Cloud connection** info Status will be shown as **Disconnected** (Figure 20 (page 54)).

RACER™ Cloud connection info		
Status:	Disconnected	
Current IP Configuration		
Current IP:	10.11.1.152 (dhcp)	
Current Netmask:	255.255.0.0	

Figure 20. RACER™ Cloud connection info status (Disconnected)

Configure the unit by doing the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Reset to Provisioning** button at the bottom of the **DHCP fall-back configuration** section.
- 2. Do a local (offline) configuration using the Configurator interface. For further information, refer to "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

For a quick overview of the initial configuration process, refer to the flowchart below.



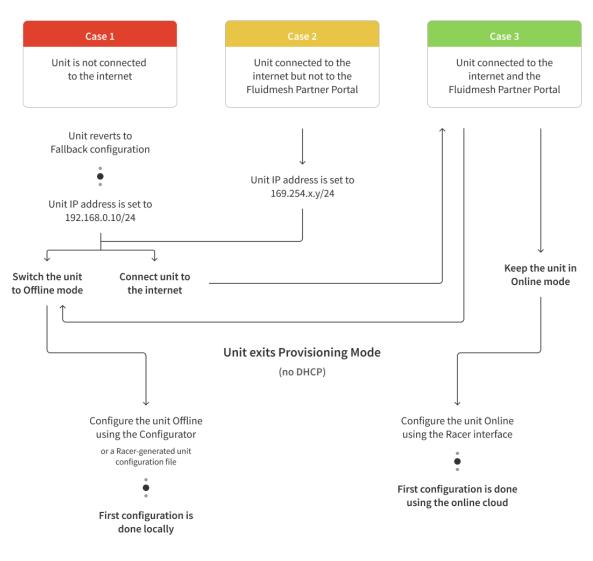
NOTE

Each individual Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit has a factoryset mesh identification number that takes the form **5.w.x.y**.

If the unit's IP address is set to 169.254.x.y/24 as in Case 2 below, the values x and y represent parts x and y of the unit's mesh identification number.

Unit in Provisioning Mode

(DHCP enabled)



7.3. Switching between offline and online modes

The Configurator interface may not be in the needed mode when you log in. To switch between *Offline* and *Online* modes, do the steps that follow:

- 1. Log in to the Configurator interface as shown in "Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration" (page 46).
 - The Configurator landing page will be shown (Figure 21 (page 56)).

\mathbf{f}	Fluidmesh C 5.0.161.165 - ME	
RACER™ Cloud-Managed	DIOCON	
Fluidmesh Device	RACER™	
- RACER™	RACER™ Conf	iguration Mode
GENERAL SETTINGS		
- general mode	Provisioning: initial radio configuration phase. Th	e radio MUST be configured using the Centralized
- wireless radio	Web Interface (Fluidmesh Partners Portal) if connect	ction is successful or manually if Offline
- antenna alignment and stats	configuration is selected.	
NETWORK CONTROL		hanges through the radio Web UI / CLI or upload of
- ping softdog	a single file downloaded from RACER™ section in	
- advanced tools	Online Cloud-Managed Configuration: the radio or Interface (RACER™ section in Fluidmesh Partners I	
ADVANCED SETTINGS	access RACER™ Cloud Server. Radio Web UI and (
 advanced radio settings 		
- static routes	Online Cloud-Mana	ged Offline
- whitelist / blacklist	Unine cloud-mana	
- snmp		
- radius		
- ntp	RACER™ Cloud	connection info
- I2tp configuration	Status	Connected
- vlan settings	Current ID C	
- Fluidity™		configuration
- misc settings	Current IP:	10.11.80.10
MANAGEMENT SETTINGS	Current Netmask:	255.255.0.0
- view mode settings		
- remote access		
- firmware upgrade		
- manage plug-ins		
- status		
- reboot		
- logout		
License Agreement		

Figure 21. Fluidmesh Configurator (landing page)

- 2. The lower section of the **RACER™ Configuration Mode** box has two radio buttons that show whether the unit is in **Online (Cloud-Managed)** mode, or **Offline** mode.
- 3. If the unit is not in the correct mode, click the **Online (Cloud-Managed)** or **Offline** radio button as needed.
 - A confirmation dialog will be shown, asking if you want to switch the unit to the chosen mode.
- 4. To switch the radio to the chosen mode, click the **Confirm** button.
 - A ten-second countdown will be shown.
 - The Configurator interface web page will reload.
 - The unit will be switched to the chosen configuration mode.

Uploading a device configuration file from RACER

A RACER device configuration template contains a set of pre-configured parameters that can be customized and applied to a single Fluidmesh device, or to a group of devices.

RACER configuration files use the *.FMCONF file extension.

If the unit is not connected to the Internet, you can still use the RACER configuration interface to define a configuration file, then upload it to the unit. This can be done in either of two different ways:

- A range of ready-made configuration templates are available from the RACER interface. Each template caters to a particular configuration scenario, and can be copied and modified to your needs.
- Alternatively, you can create a new, custom configuration template.

For instructions on how to copy, modify or create a configuration template using the RACER interface, refer to the *Fluidmesh Networks RACER User Manual*.

A configuration file that has been created using the RACER interface must be uploaded to the unit. To upload a RACER configuration file, do the following steps:

- 1. Switch the unit to Offline mode as shown in "Switching between offline and online modes" (page 55).
- 2. Click the **-RACER™** link in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The Configurator landing page will be shown.
- 3. Click the **Choose File** button in the **Upload Configuration File** section (Figure 22 (page 57)).

Upload Confi	guration File
Select configuration file exported from Fluidmesh Partners Portal:	Choose File No file chosen
Last configuration ID	32

Figure 22. Configurator interface (RACER configuration file upload dialog)

- Find and choose the correct configuration file by following the software prompts.
- 4. Click the **Upload Configuration** button.
 - The configuration file will be uploaded and applied to the unit.

7.4. General settings

7.4.1. The General Mode window

The General Mode window contains controls to monitor and/or change the following settings:

- The unit's operational mode.
- The version of Prodigy currently being used by the unit.
- The unit's LAN parameters.
- If the local unit is in *Bridge Mode*, the Bridge ID of the remote unit to which the local unit must be linked.

To change the General Mode settings, do the following steps:

• Click the **-general mode** link under **GENERAL SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu (below).

Genera	al Mode
Select MESH POINT mode if you are attaching an IP ed Fluidmesh FM3500 or if you are using this unit as a rela	
Mode:	 bridge mesh point mesh end
Prodigy	Version
Select the Prodigy protocol version. Please note the Pro make sure to use the same Prodigy version for the entire	
Protocol:	 Prodigy 1.0 Prodigy 2.0
LAN Par	rameters
Local IP:	10.11.80.10
Local Netmask:	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway:	10.11.0.1
Local Dns 1:	8.8.8.8
Local Dns 2:	8.8.4.4
Reset	Save

Figure 23. Configurator GUI (General Mode)

• The **GENERAL MODE** dialog will be shown (Figure 23 (page 58)).

Changing the operational mode

Changing the operational mode on a mesh network-capable unit

The General Mode box (below) contains the operational mode controls.

Genera	al Mode
Select MESH END mode if you are installing this Flu unit to a wired network (i.e. LAN).	idmesh Unit at the head end and connecting this
Mode:	 ○ bridge ○ mesh point ● mesh end

Fluidmesh radio transceiver units that are capable of operating within a mesh radio network are shipped from the factory in **Mesh End** mode.



IMPORTANT

When designing the required network layout, remember that the wireless network must always connect to the wired LAN through a unit configured to be a **Mesh End** unit.

This is necessary for correct wireless mesh network operation, even if the network consists only of two wireless units.

If needed, change the unit's operational mode by clicking one of the following **Mode:** radio buttons:

- **bridge** (This mode creates a layer 2 connection between the local unit and another Bridge unit.)
- **mesh point** (This mode allows you to use the unit as a relay point in the mesh network and/or attach an IP edge device, such as a CCTV camera or video encoder, to the unit.)
- **mesh end** (This mode allows you to install the unit as the junction point between the wireless network and a wired LAN.)



NOTE

If the **bridge** option is chosen, the Fluidmesh device ID number of the unit that forms the opposite side of the wireless bridge will be shown in the Configurator window heading block (Figure 24 (page 60)).

Fluidmesh Device - BRIDGE MODE LOCAL BRIDGE ID 5.0.157.185 ASSOCIATED WITH REMOTE BRIDGE ID 5.1.783.211

Figure 24. Configurator window heading block

If the unit has been set to **Bridge Mode**, you must set the Bridge ID of the remote unit to which the local unit must be linked. Set the Bridge ID by doing the following steps:

1. Click the **Remote [Unit model] Bridge ID:** drop-down (Figure 25 (page 60)).

Eugar Drib 1.	
Local Dns 2:	8.8.4.4
Remote Bridge Unit	
You can choose the Bridge ID (Identification) of the remo	te Fluidmesh Device to associate with.
Remote Fluidmesh Device Bridge ID:	AUTO -
Reset	Save

Figure 25. General Mode window (Remote Bridge Unit section)

- 2. Click one of the following options:
 - **AUTO**: The local unit will automatically establish a wireless bridge connection with the closest available Fluidmesh unit that is set to *Bridge Mode*.
 - Alternatively, choose the correct unit from the list of available units.
- 3. Save the operational mode settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

Changing the Prodigy version



IMPORTANT

Prodigy version selection is only available if the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is set to **Mesh Point** mode or **Mesh End** mode. If the unit is set to **Bridge** mode, the Prodigy Version selector will not be available.

The **Prodigy Version** box (below) contains the Prodigy version selector.

Prodigy	Version
Select the Prodigy protocol version. Please note the Please make sure to use the same Prodigy version for	
Protocol:	Prodigy 1.0 Prodigy 2.0

Remember that all Fluidmesh devices within a network *must* use the same Prodigy version.



IMPORTANT

Prodigy 2.0 is **not** compatible with Prodigy 1.0. Do not implement the two protocol versions within the same network.

If you are expanding an existing network using new Fluidmesh hardware components, make sure that all components are compatible with each other by:

- 1. Upgrading all network components within the same network to firmware version 6.5 or higher.
- 2. Configuring all network components within the same network to operate using either Prodigy 1.0 or Prodigy 2.0.

Option 2 is recommended if the network does not contain older Fluidmesh devices that are not compatible with Prodigy 2.0.

If needed, change the unit's Prodigy version by clicking the **Prodigy 1.0** radio button or **Prodigy 2.0** radio button.

Save the Prodigy version settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

Changing the LAN parameters

The LAN Parameters box (below) contains the entry controls for localaddress setting.

LAN Parameters	
Local IP:	10.11.80.10
Local Netmask:	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway:	10.11.0.1
Local Dns 1:	8.8.8.8
Local Dns 2:	



NOTE

When the **General Mode** window is opened for the first time, the **Local IP** and **Local Netmask** LAN parameters will be factory-set default values.

The information needed is self-explanatory. To enter a parameter, click the field and type the parameter.

If needed, enter the local primary DNS address in the **Dns 1** field, and enter the local secondary DNS address in the **Dns 2** field.

Save the LAN settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

7.4.2. Wireless settings

Modifying the wireless settings



IMPORTANT

If the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO was purchased in the USA or Canada, the Country selection is set to the country of purchase, and the **Country:** drop-down will be disabled.

The **WIRELESS RADIO** window contains controls to change the following settings:

- The shared network passphrase.
- The national territory in which the wireless network is installed.
- The operational radio frequency and bandwidth settings.

To change the Wireless Settings, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-wireless radio** link under **GENERAL SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The WIRELESS RADIO dialog will be shown (Figure 26 (page 63)).

	Wireless Settings
"Shared Passphrase" is an alphanum be the same for all the FMunits belon	nerio string (e.g. "mysecurecamnet") that indentifies your network. It MUST rging to the same network.
Shared Passphra	ise: testbed2014
Count	try: UNITED STATES -
In order to establish a wireless conne frequency.	action between FM units, they need to be operating on the same
	Radio Settings:
Frequency (MH	Hz): 5660
Channel Width (MH	Hz): 20 -

Figure 26. Configurator GUI (Wireless Radio dialog)

2. Enter a defined network passphrase in the Shared Passphrase field.



IMPORTANT

If a shared passphrase is defined, the same passphrase must be used for all Fluidmesh units in the same network.

The shared passphrase can be composed of any ASCII characters except the following: ""\\$=

3. Specify the country in which the unit is installed by selecting the correct option from the **Country** drop-down menu.



CAUTION

Different countries frequently have differing telecommunications regulations. If the Country listing is not set correctly, the unit may violate national telecommunications legislation.

4. Specify the unit's operating frequency by clicking the correct option in the **Frequency (MHz)** drop-down.



CAUTION

Make sure that the chosen country listing matches the country in which the unit is installed before changing the **Frequency (MHz)** value.

• You can change the frequency of each radio link in order to minimize interference with other wireless networks

operating in the same area. The frequencies shown on the **Frequency (MHz)** selector are the carrier frequencies.

- Operation in the 4.9 GHz band must be enabled using a Fluidmesh software plug-in. Refer to "Plug-In management" (page 123) for details. Note that the 4.9 GHz band is not available in Brazil and Canada.
- 5. If Advanced configuration mode was selected, choose the required channel bandwidth from the Channel Width (MHz) drop-down. Note that the radio units on both sides of a wireless link must be set to the same channel width value. A channel width mismatch will result in degraded communication between the units.



CAUTION

Before finalizing the settings on the **WIRELESS RADIO** window, refer to "Important considerations for wireless settings" (page 64) below. This section contains important information that may influence your choice of wireless settings.

Important considerations for wireless settings

The following sub-sections contain important technical and regulatory information that influences the settings on the **WIRELESS RADIO** window.

- For information on the effects of network topology on frequency selection, refer to "Point-to-Point and Point-to-Multipoint considerations" (page 64).
- For information on how to avoid network co-location interference, refer to "Co-location considerations" (page 65).
- For information on the effects of channel width on data rate and throughput, refer to "Channel width considerations" (page 65).
- For information on using dynamic frequency selection to avoid interference with terminal doppler weather radar, refer to "" (page 66).

Point-to-Point and Point-to-Multipoint considerations

If a Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit's FluidMAX Autoscan setting is enabled, and the unit is assigned a *Subordinate* role within a point-to-multipoint network topology:

- The *Subordinate* unit will mimic the frequency setting of the *principal* unit that shares its cluster ID.
- The *Subordinate* unit's manual frequency selection setting will be disabled by default.



NOTE

If a unit is configured as a *Subordinate*, you can still enable manual frequency selection by disabling the *Autoscan* setting on the **ADVANCED RADIO SETTINGS** page. Refer to "Advanced radio settings" (page 85) for more information.

Co-location considerations

To avoid radio interference caused by unit co-location, set the frequencies of co-located transceivers as far apart as practically possible.

Before a network is deployed, frequency allocations for every unit-to-unit link must be planned in advance. A safe method is to use the narrowest channel width that can realistically support the needed amount of data throughput whilst separating the individual channels as much as possible.

Even if two radios are not transmitting on the same channel, their side lobes may still cause them to interfere with each other. It is good practice to space the radios as far apart as practically possible in the vertical plane, with a minimum of 3ft/1m and an ideal distance of 5ft/1.5m between them.

Mounting radio transceiver units back-to-back or side by side may cause co-location interference that will degrade performance across your network.

Channel width considerations

Whenever practically possible, setting the unit to operate at a narrower channel width can help reduce overall network interference by increasing the number of available channels.



WARNING

Before changing the channel width value, make sure that the overall frequency range you will be using is legal for your territory. Changing the operating channel width may violate the local telecommunication authority's regulations, lead to illegal wireless operation, and have other harmful consequences.

The following table correlates different channel widths with their theoretical maximum data rates and achievable throughput, assuming that the unit is being used as part of a point-to-point configuration.



IMPORTANT

The following table shows theoretical values under ideal conditions. Actual throughput may vary depending on environmental and other conditions.

Channel width	Max.modulation speed	Max. throughput
5 MHz	37 Mb/s	8 Mb/s
10 MHz	75 Mb/s	16 Mb/s
20 MHz	150 Mb/s	90 Mb/s
40 MHz	300 Mb/s	150 Mb/s

To ensure that commercial and military flight operations proceed without interference to terminal doppler weather radar (TDWR), operation of the unit in the 5.250 GHz-to-5.350 GHz band (known as U-NII Mid or U-NII-2A) and the 5.470 GHz-to-5.725 GHz band (known as U-NII Worldwide or U-NII-2C / U-NII-2E) is discouraged.

Operation of the unit within these frequency ranges is disabled by default.



WARNING

If the unit is operated in the U-NII Mid or U-NII Worldwide frequency ranges, dynamic frequency selection (DFS) may be a legal requirement in your national territory.

For information on whether legislation requires that you use DFS, click here.



IMPORTANT

The dynamic frequency selection feature must be enabled using a software plug-in (Fluidmesh part number *FM-UNII2*). Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for details.

If it is essential that the unit is operated in the U-NII Mid or U-NII Worldwide frequency ranges, do the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that local legislation permits operation of the unit in the U-NII Mid and/or U-NII Worldwide frequency ranges. Use of these frequency ranges may be prohibited in some territories.
- 2. Make a note of the exact physical locations of the unit antennas.
- 3. Consult your local Fluidmesh Networks representative. He or she will be able to determine whether the unit can be safely used in its current location.
- 4. If the unit can be safely operated in the U-NII Mid or U-NII Worldwide frequency ranges in its current location, your Fluidmesh Networks representative will forward you the Fluidmesh UNII2 plug-in (part number *FM-UNII2*) free of charge. This plug-in unlocks access to these frequency bands.

Every Fluidmesh unit uses a proprietary distributed-channel switching algorithm. If the UNII2 plug-in is installed, and a TDWR radar transmission is detected:

- The algorithm will attempt to switch communicating Fluidmesh units to the next radar-free channel, allowing uninterrupted communications with no radar interference.
- The number of detected radars is reported in the command-line interface (CLI).

The number of TDWR transmissions detected by the unit is shown in the command-line interface (CLI), and in "The device status view" (page 127).

To enable the use of U-NII-2A, U-NII-2C and U-NII-2E frequency bands on the unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative to obtain the the DFS plug-in (part number *FM-UNII2*) free of charge.
- 2. Install the UNII2 plug-in as shown in "Plug-in management procedures" (page 139).
- 3. When you activate the UNII2 plug-in through the Fluidmesh Partner Portal, you will be prompted to point out the exact location where the unit will be installed.
 - The Partner Portal will verify that there are no TDWR radar installations within 40 miles (64 Km) of the Fluidmesh unit. If no TDWR radar installations are found, the plug-in will grant permission for the unit to be set to frequencies within the 5.250 GHz-to-5.350 GHz band, and the 5.470 GHz-to-5.725 GHz band.
 - If the unit is already set to an operating frequency that is within the above frequency bands, a banner will appear in the Configurator UI, recommending that you contact Fluidmesh Support to request the *FM-UNII2* plug-in, and verify the location of the unit.



IMPORTANT

Fluidmesh Networks Inc. will not, under any circumstances, be held liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages, whether based on tort, contract, or otherwise, arising out of or in connection with improper use or operation of the channel width functionality and/or UNII2 functionality.

7.4.3. Antenna-alignment tools and physical statistics

The **ANTENNA ALIGNMENT AND STATS** window contains controls to monitor current and average radio link status during operation of the unit, allowing you to easily adjust the alignment of the unit's antennas.

The window shows a list of wireless links to other Fluidmesh units that have been detected by the local unit, and the relative strength of each wireless link in decibel-milliwatts (dBm).

To do an accurate alignment of a local antenna for a specific wireless link, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-antenna alignment and stats** link under **GENERAL SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The ANTENNA ALIGNMENT AND STATS window will be shown (Figure 27 (page 68)).

NTENNA ALIGNME	ENT AND STATS	
Detected Links		
Remote Unit	Signal Strength	Alignment
5.0.10.153	-83 dBm (18 %)	Align
5.0.10.171	-60 dBm (100 %)	Align
5.0.80.77	-86 dBm (9 %)	Align
5.0.5.0	-60 dBm (100 %)	Align
5.24.67.120	-60 dBm (100 Current links	signal strength gn

Figure 27. Configurator GUI (Antenna alignment and stats dialog)

- 2. More than one two-way wireless link may be shown in the **Detected Links** table. Find the two-way link for which the local antenna must be adjusted.
- 3. Click the **Align** button.
 - The **ANTENNA ALIGNMENT AND STATS** tool will be shown (Figure 28 (page 69)).



IMPORTANT

The Fluidmesh Transmission Power Control (TPC) algorithm will be disabled during the antenna alignment process. This eliminates the possibility of false radio-transmission power readings.

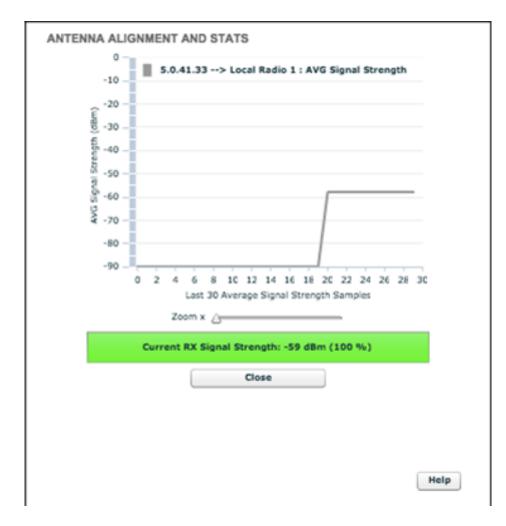


Figure 28. Antenna alignment and stats tool

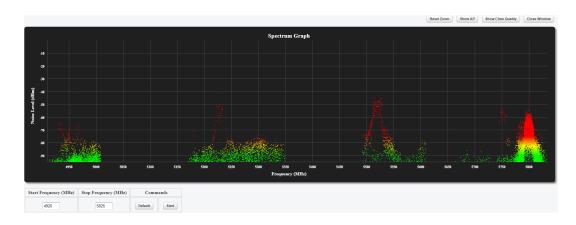
- 4. The tool consists of:
 - A graph that reports average signal strength over the last 30 strength-sampling periods.
 - A bar that reports the quality of the signal currently being detected at the local unit receiver.
- 5. Do the physical antenna alignment by manually adjusting the location and direction of the relevant antenna. During the alignment, use the graph and bar readings to monitor variations in signal strength.
- 6. To increase the readability of the average signal strength graph, click-and-drag the **Zoom x** slider.
- 7. When the antenna alignment is complete, click the **Close** button.
 - The antenna alignment and stats tool will be closed.

7.4.4. Spectral analysis

The **Spectrum Graph** window contains a static graph readout and controls to detect radio-frequency interference that exists between local Fluidmesh units transmitting and receiving in a specified frequency band. The window can be used make the most efficient choice of center frequency and channel width for radio links between units.

To use the Spectrum Graph window, do the following steps:

1. Click the **-spectral analysis** link under **GENERAL SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.



• The **Spectrum Graph** window will open in a new web browser tab (Figure 29 (page 70)).

Figure 29. Spectrum Graph window (typical display)

- The Spectrum Graph readout will be empty.
- 2. Choose a range for the frequency band that must be scanned for interference or excessive radio noise by doing either of the following:
 - Set the start and stop frequency selection to the system defaults (4 950 MHz to 5 825 MHz) by clicking the **Default** button.
 - Enter custom start frequency and stop frequency values for the frequency band that must be scanned for interference, in the Start Frequency (MHz) and Stop Frequency (MHz) fields.
- 3. In the **Commands** table, click the **Start** button.
 - When the frequency scan is complete, the Spectrum Graph window will show the scan result.
 - Signal quality for each channel is shown as a function of signal noise quantity (in decibel-milliwatts) at each frequency. The higher the value shown on the graph, the poorer the signal quality. A green display indicates high

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signal quality. Yellow indicates falling quality. If the signal display is red, there is excessive signal noise.



IMPORTANT

If you are scanning a network with overlapping communication channels, the number of *detected* Fluidmesh units may be larger than the *actual* number of deployed units.

- 4. To view a specific part of the graph, roll the mouse wheel forward to zoom into the window, then click-and-drag the window left or right.
- 5. To reset the window to default size, click the **Reset Zoom** button on the upper right-hand corner of the **Spectrum Graph** window.

To show all Fluidmesh wireless access points (APs) in the displayed radio spectrum, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Show AP** button on the upper right-hand corner of the **Spectrum Graph** window.
 - An icon representing each available access point will be shown on the **Spectrum Graph** window.
- 2. To see detailed information for an access point, hover the mouse cursor over the access point icon.
 - The SSID number, MAC address and signal strength will be shown for the chosen AP.

To see detailed information for the signal quality at each point in the displayed frequency spectrum, click the **Show Chan Quality** button on the upper right-hand corner of the **Spectrum Graph** window.

- A series of vertical bars will be shown for each occupied channel.
- Green bars indicate high signal quality. Yellow bars indicate falling quality. If a bar is red, there is excessive signal noise at that frequency.

To close the **Spectrum Graph** web page, click the **Close Window** button on the upper right-hand corner of the **Spectrum Graph** window.

7.5. Network control

7.5.1. Ping softdog

The **PING SOFTDOG** window contains controls to set up a constant series of pings to one or more IP addresses.

If connectivity is lost between the unit and any of the saved IP addresses, an option can also be set to automatically reboot the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO.



TIP

As well as being a fail-safe mechanism to monitor network connectivity, the constant ping can also be used as a 'keepalive' message to devices that need uninterrupted connectivity, such as VoIP telephones.

To use the constant ping and automatic reboot functions, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-ping softdog** link under **NETWORK CONTROL** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The PING SOFTDOG dialog will be shown (Figure 30 (page 72)).

Ping S	oftdog
Add a constant ping towards a specific IP address. If no selected.	reply is received, the unit will reboot if the reboot box is
Reboot:	Save
IP list:	6.045.654.0 × 2.45.745.001 × 5.008.91.28 ×

Figure 30. Configurator GUI (Ping Softdog dialog)

- 2. To set up a constant ping to one or more IP addresses, do the following steps:
 - 1. Enter the IP address in the field to the left of the **Add IP** button.
 - 2. Click the Add IP button.
 - The IP Address will be added to the IP list.
 - There is no limit on the number of IP addresses that can be entered.
 - 3. To delete an IP address from the IP list, click the red cross to the right of the IP address listing.
- 3. To automatically reboot the unit if connectivity is lost between the unit and any IP address, do the following steps:
 - 1. Check the **Reboot:** check-box.
 - 2. Click the Save button.

7.5.2. FMQuadro

FMQuadro[™] for mesh network-capable devices



IMPORTANT

The FMQuadro tool is only available if the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is set to **Mesh End** mode or **Bridge** mode. If the unit is set to **Mesh Point** mode, the **-FMQuadro** menu option will not be available.

The FMQuadro window contains controls to do the following functions:

- Plot all wireless links within a network.
- Show important information about each device and link.
- Diagnose problems with wireless links.
- Show the actual physical positions of all Fluidmesh components in a wireless network against the background of an aerial map.



CAUTION

Do not change the settings in the **VLAN Manager** table. Changing these settings may have a negative impact on VLAN configuration.

Plotting and interpreting the wireless links

To plot and interpret all wireless links shown by the window, do the following steps:

1. Click the **-FM Quadro** link under **NETWORK CONTROL** in the left-hand settings menu.



NOTE

The FM Quadro window needs Adobe Flash Player to function. If your browser does not have the Flash Player plug-in installed, you will be prompted to download and install the plug-in.

• A graphical view of the current network will be shown. A typical example is shown in (Figure 31 (page 74)).

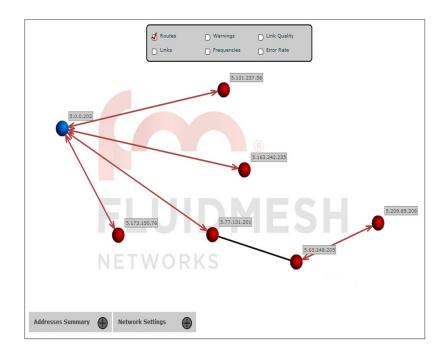


Figure 31. FMQuadro graphical view (Mesh End only)

- Fluidmesh radio transceiver devices are shown as dots. **Mesh End** devices are shown as *blue* dots, while **Mesh Point** devices are shown as *red* dots. If an abnormal condition is detected on any unit, its device icon changes to a *yellow* dot.
- Wireless links are shown as lines. Primary wireless links are shown as double-pointed *solid red lines*. If the network includes mesh radio links, these are shown as double-pointed *dashed lines*. Wired LAN links are shown as *solid black lines*.
- Each element shown in FMQuadro is interactive. To get additional real-time information on any Fluidmesh device or wireless link, click it. A typical device information panel is shown in Figure 32 (page 75).

UPV - I	Jnit ID: 5.0.41.36	C Line Quality	
на на на на на на на на на на	FM3200 mesh end 8.1.754522a.100 10.10.3.100 255.255.0.0 5.825 GHz 20 dBm 40 MHz FluidMAX ^{IIII} master none none none none (BWunlimited] (FLUIDITY) (FMAP) 1000 Mb/s 0 Mb/s		

Figure 32. FMQuadro (unit information)

- 3. When an information panel is shown for a Fluidmesh device:
 - The list of plug-ins currently installed on the device is shown.
 - You can activate any Fluidmesh software plug-in on the device by entering the correct activation code in the **Plugin Activation Code** field and clicking the **Add** button.
 - The device's maximum Ethernet capacity and current data throughput are shown. This allows you to monitor Ethernet utilization, and determine whether the Ethernet port is over-utilized (particularly if the Fluid Throttle plug-in is installed).
 - If a Fluidmesh device is not performing as expected, the dot representing the unit turns yellow. If the dot is clicked, the warning details will be shown.
- 4. Use the check-box panel at the top of the window to show and hide graphical elements as described below:
 - To show all wired and wireless links between Fluidmesh devices in the network, check the **Routes** check-box.
 - To show visual warnings for all devices and wireless links that are not currently performing as expected, check the **Warnings** check-box.
 - To show the radio signal quality of each wireless link, check the **Link Quality** check-box.

- To show all possible routes of transmission between wireless devices in a mesh network, check the **Links** check-box.
- To show the current operating frequency of every wireless link, check the **Frequencies** check-box.
- To show the current data error rate of every wireless link, check the **Error Rate** check-box.
- 5. All Fluidmesh devices represented by dots can be placed in any position on the map view. To move any dot, click-and-drag the dot to the needed position.
- 6. To save the network layout currently seen on the map view, click the **Save Layout** button.
- If the positions of any device dots have been changed, and the Save Layout button has not been clicked, you can restore the visual network layout to its last saved configuration by clicking the Load Layout button.

Using and interpreting the wireless link information display

To show a detailed information display for any wireless link, do the following steps:

- Identify the wireless link for which more information needs to be known. In the FMQuadro view, Primary wireless links are shown as double-pointed *solid red lines*. If the network includes mesh radio links, these are shown as double-pointed *dashed red lines*. To show all mesh radio links, check the Links check-box.
- 2. Click the wireless link line.
 - The basic wireless link information display will be shown (Figure 33 (page 77)).



Figure 33. FMQuadro (Basic wireless link information display)

- 3. Relevant statistical information will be shown as follows:
 - Current TX Rate: The current link transmission rate, in Mb/s.
 - **Packet Error Rate:** The percentage of packets dropped due to excessive transmission errors.
 - Link Error Rate: The percentage of packet retransmissions due to transmission errors.
 - **Signal Strength:** The current signal level being received, in dBm.
 - Link Utilization: (In pie chart format): The percentage of current link utilization for data transmission.
- 4. To view stored information about the wireless link for the last specified period of time, click the relevant button on the basic wireless link information display.
 - The History Stats window for the wireless link will be shown. A typical example is shown in (Figure 34 (page 78)).

listory Sta	its	ad Second La	and in the second	Optional Prop.	-	New Col	Nay Setting	a Cara	No. Date:	
Invert	direction:	.23.128.108			• •			20 May <>	17:32 22 May	Data record: 2 2 Apply (last days) Sample interval: 5 minutes
(%,00) 4000 2000		TX Rate) Theo	ushaut D	• sou	i Strength @	o Pad	ket Error Rate		ror Rabe
TXRate (Mb/s) 5 6 6 0	16h 20Jan	19h 28Jan	21h 20Jan	Oh 293an	2h 293an	5h 29Jan	Bh 293an	10h 29Jan	13h 29Jan	TXRate (Mb/s)
-60	16h 20Jan	19h 283an	21h 20Jan	0h 29Jan	2h 29Jan	Sh 29Jan	Bh 29Jan	10h 29Jan	ilh 29Jan	55 (dlm)
-70 -80 -90 -100	16h 28Jan	19h 28Jan	21h 28Jan	0h 29Jan	2h 293an	5h 29Jan	Sh 29Jan	10h 29Jan	13h 29Jan	

Figure 34. FMQuadro wireless link information display (History Stats window)

- 5. To view time-based information using the **History Stats** window, do the steps that follow:
 - Set the time period for which statistics must be viewed by entering the number of days in the Data record: (last days) field.



NOTE

By default, statistics are recorded for the previous two days, at a sampling interval of five minutes. The statistical recording time can be set at a maximum of 24 days.

Note that if the statistical recording time is increased, the sample interval is lengthened in proportion.

- 2. Set the transmission direction that must be viewed by clicking the **Invert Direction** button.
 - The origin and destination of the data transmission will be indicated in the **Invert direction** section of the window.
- 3. Fine-tune the statistical displays by clicking-and-dragging the **Zoom period** sliders to adjust the period that must be viewed.

- 4. Check any or all of the information category check-boxes in the View: section of the window. Depending on the check-box selections, relevant statistical information will be shown as follows:
 - **TX Rate:** Current link transmission rate, in Mb/s.
 - **Throughput:** Rate of *successful* message delivery over the wireless link.
 - **Signal Strength:** Current received signal level, in dBm.
 - **Packet Error Rate:** Percentage of packets dropped due to excessive transmission errors.
 - Link Error Rate: Percentage of packet retransmissions due to transmission errors.

Interpreting device warnings and wireless link warnings

If the **Warnings** check-box in the check-box panel at the top of the window is checked (Figure 31 (page 74)), all visual warnings for all devices and wireless links that are not currently performing as expected will be shown.

Visual warnings that may be shown for radio units are as follows:

- Ethernet Capacity Overflow (Plug-in capacity exceeded)
- **Hidden Terminal Detected** (A hidden terminal has been detected by the FluidMAX engine)

Visual warnings that may be shown for wireless links are as follows:

- Low Signal Strength (Link signal strength is less than 60%)
- **High Error Rate** (Packet error rate is more than 5%)
- **High Link Congestion** (Link utilization is more than 80%)

Using the address summary table

The **Address Summary** table is located at the lower left corner of the window (Figure 35 (page 80)). This table shows the following information for each radio transceiver unit in the network:

- Name: The user-assigned name of each unit.
- Unit ID: The unique *5.a.b.c* Fluidmesh unit identification number.
- **IP Address:** The IP address of the unit within the network.

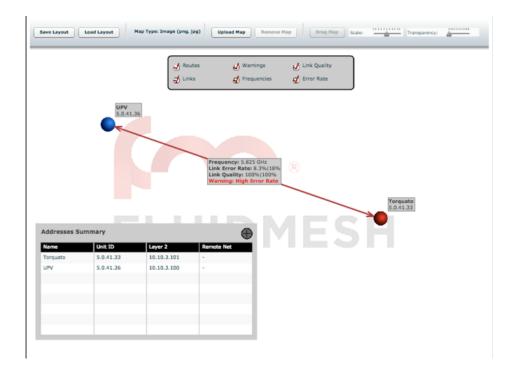


Figure 35. FMQuadro (Address summary table)

To use the address summary table, do the following steps:

- 1. Extend the table by clicking the + button at the upper right-hand corner of the table.
 - The Unit ID and IP Address details for all Fluidmesh units in the network will be shown.
- 2. Enter a unique reference name for each Fluidmesh unit by clicking the **Name** field for the unit and entering the text of the name.
- 3. Collapse the table by clicking the + button again.

Adding an aerial map to the FMQuadro view

You can add an aerial image to the FMQuadro view (Figure 36 (page 81)). This allows you to superimpose the network map over a map of the terrain on which the network has been installed. This allows you to more easily visualize component placement, line-of-sight between antennas, and other factors.

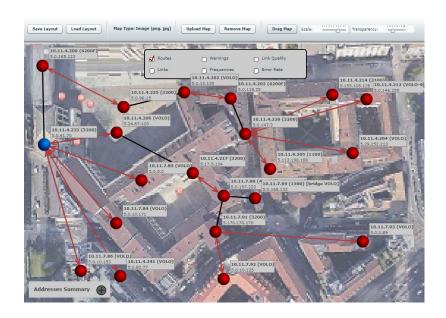


Figure 36. FMQuadro (Aerial map added)

To add an aerial terrain map to the FMQuadro view, do the following steps:

- 1. Get an aerial image of the area in which the wireless network and LAN are installed. The image must conform to the following requirements:
 - Image format: *.JPG or *.JPEG only.
 - File size: Less than or equal to 100 Kilobytes.



TIP

Suitable aerial images can be created and downloaded using Google Earth. Basic instructions on how to use Google Earth are available here.

- Images must be uploaded to FMQuadro using Google Chrome or Microsoft Internet Explorer only.
- Click the Upload Map button on the upper toolbar (Figure 37 (page 81)). Use the upload dialog to upload the aerial image.



Figure 37. FMQuadro (Upper toolbar)

- 3. Click the **Drag Map** button.
 - The aerial image will be un-anchored.

- 4. Click-and-drag the aerial image to the needed position on the map view. Release the mouse button to drop the map.
- 5. Use the on-screen dialog to confirm the image placement, or to continue dragging.
- 6. Adjust the scale and transparency of the aerial image by using the **Scale:** and **Transparency:** sliders.
- 7. Click the **Save Layout** button to save the aerial image as part of the FMQuadro window.
- 8. Click-and-drag the network components to their correct relative positions on the map view, as shown in <u>Step 5</u> above.
- 9. To upload a new aerial image, repeat the process from Step 2 above. Alternatively, delete the aerial image by clicking the **Remove Map** button.

7.5.3. Advanced tools

The Advanced Tools window contains tools to diagnose the condition of the wireless network.

- The Ping test tool sends pings to a user-specified IP address.
- The Bandwidth test tool tests the bandwidth capacity of the wireless link between the Fluidmesh unit and a user-specified IP address.
- The Path MTU tool tests the size of the maximum transmission unit.

To open the Advanced Tools dialog, click the **-advanced tools** link under **NETWORK CONTROL** in the left-hand settings menu.

Using the Ping test tool

The Ping test can be run while the network is under load (to test operational performance), or with the network unloaded (to test installed capacity). To use the Ping test tool, do the following steps:

- Determine which wireless link is to be tested between the Fluidmesh unit and another unit in the wireless network. Get the IP address of the other unit.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the other unit in the **Ping (10 packets only)** field (Figure 38 (page 83)).

	Advanced Tools	
test works only between Fluidmesh devices	tream of UDP packets with a specific destinati ansmission Unit (MTU) size on the end-to-end	
Ping (10 packets only):	2.35.83.235	Run
Bandwith test (4Mbit/s UDP):		Run
Path MTU discovery:		Run
64 bytes from 2.35.83.235 64 bytes from 2.35.83.235 64 bytes from 2.35.83.235 64 bytes from 2.35.83.235 64 bytes from 2.35.83.235	0 received, 0% packet loss, t)ms /ms ims i6ms

Figure 38. Advanced Tools window (Ping test tool)

- 3. Click the **Run** button to the right of the IP address field.
 - The ping test result will be shown below the test controls.

Using the Bandwidth Test tool

The Bandwidth test can be run with the network under load (to test operational performance), or with the network unloaded (to test installed capacity). The test tool generates a stream of packets at a rate of 4 Mbits/sec to test available network path throughput.



IMPORTANT

Bandwidth rate computation is CPU-intensive, and must be regarded as indicative only. Note that bandwidth testing tends to underestimate the actual link throughput.

To use the Bandwidth test tool, do the following steps:

- Determine what wireless link is to be tested between the Fluidmesh unit and another unit in the wireless network. Get the IP address of the other unit.
- Enter the IP address of the other unit in the Bandwith test (4Mbit/s UDP): field (Figure 39 (page 84)).

	Advanced Tools	
Ping: You can ping any remote IP device fro Bandwidth Test: You can create a 4 Mbps st est works only between Fluidmesh devices. Path MTU Discovery: Find the Maximum Tra his node to the specified IP address (warnin	ream of UDP packets with a specific desti insmission Unit (MTU) size on the end-to-	
Ping (10 packets only):		Run
Bandwith test (4Mbit/s UDP):	2.35.83.235	Run
Path MTU discovery:		Run
[4] 0.0-10.0 sec 48.0 [4] Sent 3401 datagrams	GBytes 41.2 Gbits/sec	

Figure 39. Advanced Tools window (Bandwidth test tool)

- 3. Click the **Run** button to the right of the IP address field.
 - The bandwidth test result will be shown below the test controls.

Using the Path MTU discovery tool

The Path MTU discovery tool tests the size of the maximum transmission unit (in other words, the largest protocol data unit that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction).

To use the Path MTU discovery tool, do the following steps:

- Determine what wireless link is to be tested between the Fluidmesh unit and another unit in the wireless network. Get the IP address of the other unit.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the second unit in the **Path MTU** discovery field (Figure 40 (page 85)).

	Advanced Tools	
Ping: You can ping any remote IP device fro Bandwidth Test: You can create a 4 Mbps st test works only between Fluidmesh devices. Path MTU Discovery: Find the Maximum Tra this node to the specified IP address (warnir	ream of UDP packets with a specific destin insmission Unit (MTU) size on the end-to-e	
Ping (10 packets only):		Run
Bandwith test (4Mbit/s UDP):		Run
Path MTU discovery:	2.35.83.235	Run
Path MTU (PMTU) autoscan r	ange: 1432-1530 bytes.	·
PMTU to 2.35.83.235 >= 153	0 bytes (max ping size >=	1502)

Figure 40. Advanced Tools window (Path MTU test tool)

- 3. Click the **Run** button to the right of the IP address field.
 - The Path MTU test result will be shown below the test controls.

7.6. Advanced settings

7.6.1. Advanced radio settings

The advanced radio settings menu item is used to configure the following wireless parameters:

- The device's FluidMAX operating mode
- The FluidMAX cluster identification code
- The AES data encryption setting
- The maximum distance over which the unit is capable of transmitting

To open the Advanced Radio Settings dialog, click the **-advanced radio settings** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu (below).

FluidMAX™	Management
	eoperating mode is Master/Slave a FluidMAX Cluster ID ave units will scan the frequencies to associate with the ency selection on the Slaves will be disabled.
Radio Mode:	MASTER -
FluidMAX Cluster ID:	p2mp2
Max T)	(Power
Select the max power that the radio shall use to transmi automatically select the optimum transmission power ac MAX TX Power parameter. Note: in Europe TPC is auto	cording to the channel condition while not exceeding the
Select TX Max Power:	AUTO 👻
Select Antenna Gain:	12 dBi
Data Packe	t Encryption
Enable AES to cypher all wireless traffic. This setting m	ust be the same on all the Fluidmesh units.
Enable AES:	Disabled -
Maximum	link length
Insert the length of the longest link in the net, or let the	system select an optimal value.
Automatic:	•
Distance:	
Unit:	• Km Miles

Figure 41. Configurator (Advanced Radio Settings)

Using the FluidMAX Management Setting

The **FluidMAX[™] Management** controls are used to set the unit's FluidMAX[™] operating mode.

Note that the **FluidMAX™ Management** controls are only available under the following conditions:

- If the unit's firmware is equipped with the FluidMAX engine.
- If the unit is currently being operated as part of a point-to-multipoint network topology.

To use the FluidMAX Management menu, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Radio Mode drop-down menu.
- 2. Choose the correct FluidMAX operating mode from the following list of options:
 - **AUTO:** The FluidMAX engine is enabled, and the unit role is set automatically. Depending on various factors, the unit will automatically choose whether to transmit using the time-division multiple access (TDMA) protocol or the carrier-sense multiple access (CSMA) protocol.

- **principal:** The unit will be set as the center unit within a mesh cluster featuring a 'star' topology. If the unit is set as a *principal*, it will dictate the operating frequency of the mesh cluster of which it is a principal unit.
- **SUBORDINATE:** The unit will be set as a subordinate unit within a mesh cluster featuring a 'star' topology. If the unit is set as a *Subordinate*, and its Autoscan feature is enabled, the unit will scan the spectrum of available frequencies for a principal unit that shares its Cluster ID, and its frequency selection feature will be disabled.
- **OFF:** The FluidMAX engine will be disabled.
- 3. If the operating mode is set to *principal* or *SUBORDINATE*, enter a unique cluster ID tag in the **FluidMAX Cluster ID** field.
- 4. If the operating mode is set to *SUBORDINATE*, check the **FluidMAX Autoscan** check-box to allow the principal unit of the local mesh cluster to dictate the frequency on which the unit will transmit and receive.
- If the FluidMAX Autoscan check-box is checked, the Include 5-10 MHz Channels in Autoscan check-box will become available. Check this check-box to increase the scan resolution from the default of 20, 40 or 80 MHz to 5-10 MHz.



NOTE

Under normal circumstances, leave the **Include 5-10 MHz Channels in Autoscan** check-box unchecked.

6. Click the **Save** button to save your settings. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Cancel** button.

Using the Max TX Power setting

The maximum transmission power of the radio is automatically adjusted to the maximum power level prescribed by the specific FCC EIRP regulation governing each U-NII band. The **Select TX Max Power** setting cannot be adjusted.

The antenna gain of the radio is fixed at 12 dBi. The **Select Antenna Gain** value cannot be adjusted.

Using the Data Packet Encryption setting

This setting controls whether Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption is applied to outgoing data packets.



IMPORTANT

The Data Packet Encryption setting must be the same on all Fluidmesh units that are part of the same network.

In Fluidmesh devices, AES is applied using a proprietary encoding algorithm, enabling industry-grade network security.



IMPORTANT

The AES feature must be enabled using a software plug-in (Fluidmesh part number *FM-AES*). Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for details.

To use the Data Packet Encryption setting, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Data Packet Encryption drop-down menu.
- 2. Choose the correct encryption activation setting from the list of drop-down options.



NOTE

If Fluidmesh plug-in FM-AES is not installed, the **ENABLED** drop-down option will not be available.

3. Click the **Save** button to save your settings. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Cancel** button.

Using the Maximum link length setting

This setting is used to set the maximum distance between the relevant wireless links. It is also used to set media access control (MAC) layer timeouts for transmitted packets.

To choose the **Maximum link length** setting manually, do the following steps:

- 1. Choose the unit of distance measurement (Kilometres or Miles) by clicking the correct radio button.
- 2. Enter a distance setting in the **Distance** field.



IMPORTANT

If too short a distance value is entered, unnecessary packet re-transmissions may occur, degrading overall link performance.

3. Click the **Save** button to save your settings. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Cancel** button.

To let the system choose the optimal **Maximum link length** setting and MAC layer timeouts automatically, check the **Automatic** check-box.

7.6.2.

7.6.3. Static routes

The Static routes window is used to set static routing rules (in other words, manually-configured routing entries, as opposed to routing instructions from a dynamic routing table) for a Fluidmesh unit.

Static routes are typically used if there is a need to do any of the following in context of the network:

- · Access a remote subnet that does not belong to a local network
- Access other Fluidmesh radio units or client devices across the local network
- Reach gateways (such as Internet gateways)
- Create networks that include 'fixed' devices (such as CCTV cameras)

To change the Static Routes settings, click the **-static routes** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.

• The Static Routes dialog will be shown (Figure 42 (page 89)).

	Static r	outes			
Add any remote subnet the	at does not belong to local r	networks			
	Active stat	tic route	s		
Subnet	Netmask	(Gateway		
	Add new st	tatic rout	e		
Subnet	Netmask		Gatew	ay	add

Figure 42. Configurator GUI (Static Routes window)

To enter a new static route, do the following steps:

- 1. Enter the **Subnet**, **Netmask** and **Gateway** designators in the correct fields of the **Add new static route** section.
- 2. Click the **add** button.
 - If the new static route is valid, it will be added to the **Active static routes** list.

7.6.4. Pass lists and Block lists



IMPORTANT

The Pass list or Block list feature is only available if the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is set to **Mesh Point** mode or **Mesh End** mode mode. If the unit is set to **Bridge** mode, the **-pass list / block list** menu option will not be available.

The Pass list or Block list function is a security feature that prevents fake IP addresses from intercepting or intruding on the network.

A Pass list is a group of Fluidmesh transceivers, described as a list of linked pairs. Within the list, each transceiver unit is considered a valid hop in the routing table. If a Pass list is created, all transceiver units that are not on the Pass list are excluded from packet routing.

Conversely, a Block list is a group of Fluidmesh transceivers that are excluded by the routing table computation, and to which data packets must not be routed. If a Block list is created, all transceiver units that are on the Block list are excluded from packet routing.



IMPORTANT

The same Pass list or Block list must be applied to all transceiver units that are part of a defined network.

Failure to use the same Pass list or Block list may cause units to incorrectly receive, or be incorrectly excluded from, network traffic.

If a Pass list or Block list is applied to a network, the list must be created as a *.CSV file before being uploaded to each unit in the network. This procedure is described below.

To create a Pass list or Block list, do the following steps:

- 1. Create a *.CSV file. Open the file for editing.
- 2. Enter the Pass list or Block list into the *.CSV file. Use the following syntax rules to create the list:
 - A Pass list and Block list are mutually exclusive. Pass lists and Block lists are always separate lists, and are never combined.
 - A Pass list is always expressed in the form of <*source>*,*<destination>*,*<routing priority>*,
 where *<source>* is the unique unit ID number of the sending unit, *<destination>* is the unique unit ID number of the receiving unit, and *<routing priority>* is a natural number with a minimum value of 0 and a maximum value of 3.



IMPORTANT

Source and destination values are always unit ID numbers. Do not enter a unit's IP address as a source or destination value.

The unit ID number is printed on the identification label of each unit. This number always takes the following form: **5.a.b.c**

- The *smaller* the routing priority value, the *greater* the routing priority.
- Block list syntax is the same as shown above, except for one additional rule: Block lists do *not* include routing priority numbers.
- Unit ID numbers and routing priority values are always separated with commas (,) and never with spaces.
- To make sure that the packet flow is allowed or blocked in *both* directions, the unit ID numbers for each link in a Pass list or Block list must be listed in forward order *and* in reverse order.
- If a wireless link is not specified in a Pass list, it will be assigned the lowest routing priority, but will not be completely excluded from routing.
- Example 1: If you want to create a simple Pass list that includes the link between unit ID numbers 5.2.22.136 and 5.29.252.213 (Figure 43 (page 91)), and give the link routing priority 0 (the highest possible priority):
 - Cell A1 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter *5.2.22.136,5.29.252.213,0*
 - Cell A2 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter 5.29.252.213, 5.2.22.136,0

	А	В
1	5.2.22.136,5.29.252.213,0	
2	5.29.252.213, 5.2.22.136,0	
3		

Figure 43. Sample Pass list (Example 1)

- Example 2: If you want to create a Pass list that includes the links between unit ID numbers 5.2.22.136 and 5.29.252.213 (with routing priority 0), and between unit ID numbers 5.29.252.213 and 5.155.105.128 (with routing priority 1) (Figure 44 (page 92)):
 - Cell A1 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter 5.2.22.136,5.29.252.213,0

- Cell A2 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter 5.29.252.213, 5.2.22.136,0
- Cell A3 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter 5.29.252.213,5.155.105.128,1
- Cell A4 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter *5.155.105.128,5.29.252.213,1*

	А	В
1	5.2.22.136,5.29.252.213,0	
2	5.29.252.213, 5.2.22.136,0	
3	5.29.252.213,5.155.105.128,1	
4	5.155.105.128,5.29.252.213,1	
5		

Figure 44. Sample Pass list (Example 2)

- Example 3: If you want to create a simple Block list that includes the links between unit ID numbers 5.2.22.136 and 5.29.252.213 (Figure 45 (page 92)):
 - Cell A1 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter 5.2.22.136,5.29.252.213
 - Cell A2 of the *.CSV file would contain the parameter 5.29.252.213, 5.2.22.136

	А	В
1	5.2.22.136,5.29.252.213	
2	5.29.252.213, 5.2.22.136	
3		

Figure 45. Sample Block list (Example 3)

6. Save and close the *.CSV file.

To upload a Pass list or Block list using the Configurator interface, do the following steps:

1. Click the **-pass list / Block list** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.

	Upload Whitelist / Blacklist Settings	
	List Type: Whitelist Blacklist	
	Select the CSV file to upload: Choose File No file chosen	
	Whitelist / Blacklist Status	
blacklist size	0	÷

Figure 46. Configurator (Pass list / Block list dialog)

- The Pass list / Block list dialog will be shown (Figure 46 (page 93)).
- 2. Choose the type of list to be uploaded by clicking the correct **List Type:** radio button.
- 3. Click the **Choose File** button. Upload the saved *.CSV file using the upload dialog.
 - The contents of the uploaded *.CSV file will be shown in the **Pass list / Block list Status** section.

To apply the list settings contained in the *.CSV file, click the **Apply Settings** button.

To clear the Pass list or Block list settings without deleting the *.CSV file, click the **Clear Pass list or Block list** button.

To delete the Pass list or Block list *.CSV file, click the **Reset** button.

7.6.5. Multicast

Multicast management for mesh network-capable devices

Multicast is a group-communication method in which data transmissions are addressed simultaneously to more than one destination computer. Multicast transmissions can be point-to-multipoint, or multipoint-tomultipoint.

By default, if CCTV cameras and devices that operate in a similar fashion are linked to a Fluidmesh transceiver unit operating in **Mesh Point** mode, the unit forwards all multicast traffic generated by the cameras to the closest **Mesh End** unit in the wireless network.

However, depending on network configuration, it may be convenient to forward multicast traffic from one Mesh Point unit to another Mesh Point unit, to allow such tasks as remote recording of the video data flow.

By default, units operating in **Mesh End** mode do not forward multicast traffic to a wireless network. The only exceptions to this rule are universal plug and play (UPnP) and Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) traffic.

To redirect traffic flow to a **Mesh Point** unit, all multicast flow redirection information must be specified using the Multicast settings on a **Mesh End** unit.



NOTE

To change the unit's Multicast settings, make sure that the unit is in **Mesh End** mode as shown in "Changing the operational mode" (page 59). Multicast controls are not available if the unit is set to **Mesh Point** mode.

To set multicast rules on a **Mesh End** unit, do the following steps:

1. Find the **Mesh End** unit in the wireless network that is most suitable for forwarding multicast traffic.



NOTE

Multicast flow redirection information can only be specified from a **Mesh End** unit. The Mesh End unit will distribute the multicast data to all other Fluidmesh devices in the wireless network.

- 2. Connect to the Mesh End unit as shown in "Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration" (page 46).
- 3. Click the **-multicast** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The **MULTICAST** dialog will be shown (Figure 47 (page 95)).

Ν	Aulticast routes	
List of multicast routes already present. You ca Multicast network masks and wildcard address		
Multicast Group	Destination Address	
	new multicast route	
Use these forms to add new static multicast rou In the Multicast Group field it is possible to spe	utes. cify multicast network masks such as 224.1.1.	.0/24.
Use these forms to add new static multicast rou In the Multicast Group field it is possible to spe The Destination Address field accepts the follo	ites. cify multicast network masks such as 224.1.1. wing special values:	0/24.
Use these forms to add new static multicast rou In the Multicast Group field it is possible to spe	ites. offy multicast network masks such as 224.1.1. wing special values: vales all units of the mesh network. It to send multicast traffic to the primary mesh	
Use these forms to add new static multicast rou in the Multicast Group field it is possible to spe The Destination Address field accepts the follo - 5.255.255 is a wildcard address that indic - 5.0.0.0 is special address that forces each un	ites. offy multicast network masks such as 224.1.1. wing special values: vales all units of the mesh network. It to send multicast traffic to the primary mesh	
Use these forms to add new static multicast rou in the Multicast Group field it is possible to spe The Destination Address field accepts the follor - 5.255.255.255 is a wildcard address that indic - 0.0.0 is special address that forces each un particularly useful when the mesh ends fast-fail	ites. offy multicast network masks such as 224.1.1. wing special values: rates all units of the mesh network. it to send multicast traffic to the primary mesh lover is enabled.	

Figure 47. Multicast dialog (Mesh End mode)

- 4. Compile the needed multicast rule. Use the following syntax rules to create the rule:
 - A multicast rule consists of two parts: a multicast group designator and a destination address.
 - Define the multicast group designator. For example, the designator 224.1.1.0/24 indicates all multicast groups in the range 224.1.1.1 through 224.1.1.254.
 - The destination address consists of one or more Fluidmesh unit ID numbers, in the form **5.a.b.c**. These ID numbers belong to the physical Fluidmesh device or devices to which the multicast traffic must be forwarded.
 - Destination-address wildcards can also be used. For example, the destination address 5.255.255.255 represents all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.
- 5. Enter the multicast group designator in the **Multicast Group** field.
- 6. Enter the destination address in the **Destination Address** field.
- 7. Click the **add** button.
 - The new multicast route will be shown in the **Multicast** routes section.

To enable or disable multicast forwarding on a **Bridge** unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Connect to the Bridge unit as shown in "Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration" (page 46).
- 2. Click the **-multicast** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu (Figure 48 (page 96)).
 - The Multicast dialog will be shown.

Multicast	
Enable or Disable multicast packets forwarding from this unit to the other one. The multicast forwarding is enabled by default, disable it only if necessary. Note that UP-P and IGMP packets are always forwarded from this unit to the other one.	
Multicast Forwarding:	Enabled -
Cancel	Save

Figure 48. Multicast dialog (Bridge mode)

- The unit ID number of the local unit is shown as the LOCAL BRIDGE ID (Figure 49 (page 96)).
- The unit ID number of the Bridge unit to which the local unit is linked is shown to the right of 'ASSOCIATED WITH REMOTE BRIDGE ID'.



Figure 49. Configurator interface (Unit ID information)

- 3. Choose the Enabled or Disabled option from the **Multicast Forwarding:** drop-down menu.
- 4. Save the multicast settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

Configuring Multicast within a Layer-3 network

Within a typical Layer-3 network, consider a scenario in which Multicast traffic must be routed in both directions between Fluidity-enabled, vehicle-mounted radio transceivers, and the global gateway unit that governs data traffic through the core network.

In the case above, since different multicast groups must be used for upstream and downstream traffic, consider that group designator 224.5.5.5 is being used to route traffic from the vehicle radios to the global gateway, and that group designator 224.5.5.6 is being used to route traffic from the global gateway to the vehicle radios.

Apply the needed multicast rules by doing the steps that follow:

- 1. Identify all Mesh End units belonging to each subnet cluster in the Layer-3 network.
- 2. Enable upstream (vehicle to infrastructure) Multicast traffic by adding multicast route 224.5.5.5 / 5.a.b.c to the Mesh End unit in each subnet cluster, where 5.a.b.c is the actual Mesh ID number of the global gateway unit.



IMPORTANT

If TITAN is enabled at core network level and dualredundant global gateway units are installed, do not enter the global gateway's actual Mesh ID number as the Destination Address. Instead, use Destination Address *5.0.0.0*

3. Enable downstream (infrastructure to vehicle) Multicast traffic by adding multicast route 224.5.5.6 / 5.255.255.255 to the global gateway unit, *and* to the Mesh End unit in each subnet cluster.



NOTE

5.255.255.255 is the wildcard address for all Mesh ID destinations within the network.

7.6.6. SNMP configuration

The SNMP window can be used to configure an SNMP v2c or SNMP v3 service to run on the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO.

Both walk-throughs (no agent-to-manager notifications) and traps (agentto-manager notifications enabled) are supported. If SNMP traps are enabled, you can specify the server address to which monitoring information must be sent.



IMPORTANT

The same SNMP configuration must be set for all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.

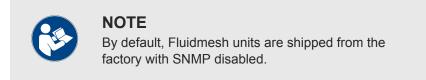
For detailed information on Fluidmesh unit SNMP configuration, refer to the *Fluidmesh SNMP FM-MIB OID Table* and MIB configuration files. These can be downloaded from the Fluidmesh Partner Portal (**Documentation** section > **User Manuals** > **Advanced Manuals**.)

To change the SNMP settings, do the following steps:

- Click the **-snmp** mode link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The default **SNMP** dialog will be shown (Figure 50 (page 98)).

SNMP	
	SNMP
SNMP mode:	Disabled -
Rese	et Save

Figure 50. SNMP dialog (SNMP disabled)



Using SNMP v2c

To change the unit's SNMP mode to **v2c** and configure the unit accordingly, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **SNMP mode** drop-down, and click the **v2c** option.
 - The SNMP v2c settings dialog will be shown (Figure 51 (page 98)).

	SNMP
SNMP mode:	v2c 🔻
Community ID:	fluidmesh
Enable SNMP periodic trap:	•
Enable SNMP event trap:	
NMS hostname:	
Notification period (minutes):	

Figure 51. SNMP dialog (v2c selected)

2. Enter a community identity value in the **Community ID:** field.



IMPORTANT

The same community identity value must be set for all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.

 SNMP traps can be enabled for significant system-related events. If needed, enable SNMP event traps by checking the Enable SNMP event trap: check-box, and enter the name of the network management station (NMS) host in the NMS hostname: field.



IMPORTANT

The NMS host to which traps are sent must have an SNMP agent that is configured to collect SNMP v2c traps.

- 4. You can also configure the unit to send SNMP traps at defined periodic intervals. If needed, enable periodic SNMP traps by checking the **Enable SNMP periodic trap:** check-box, and enter the name of the network management station (NMS) host in the **NMS hostname:** field.
- 5. Save the SNMP settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

Using SNMP v3

To change the unit's SNMP mode to $\mathbf{v3}$ and configure the unit accordingly, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **SNMP mode** drop-down, and click the **v3** option.
 - The SNMP v3 settings dialog will be shown (Figure 52 (page 100)).

SNMP mode: v3 SNMP v3 username: fluidmesh SNMP v3 password: •••••••• Show SNMP v3 password: •••••••• Show SNMP v3 password: • SNMP v3 authentication proto: MD5 • SNMP v3 authentication proto: MD5 • SNMP v3 encryption: No Encryption • SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: •••••••• Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: ••••••••• Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: •••••••••• Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: ••••••••••• Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: ••••••••••• Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	SNMP	
SNMP v3 password: Show SNMP v3 password: SNMP v3 authentication proto: MD5 • SNMP v3 encryption: No Encryption • SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Enable SNMP periodic trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Enable SNMP event trap:	SNMP mode:	v3 -
Show SNMP v3 password: SNMP v3 authentication proto: MD5 SNMP v3 authentication proto: No Encryption SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Enable SNMP periodic trap: Enable SNMP periodic trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Carbon Statement S	SNMP v3 username:	fluidmesh
SNMP v3 authentication proto: MD5 SNMP v3 encryption: No Encryption SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Enable SNMP periodic trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Enable SNMP event trap:	SNMP v3 password:	••••••
SNMP v3 encryption: No Encryption ▼ SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: •••••••• Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: •••••••• Enable SNMP periodic trap: • Enable SNMP event trap: • Enable SNMP event trap: • Enable ID: 0x80001f88804879aadd5b313a99	Show SNMP v3 password:	
SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Enable SNMP periodic trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Enable SNMP event trap:	SNMP v3 authentication proto:	MD5 👻
Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase: Enable SNMP periodic trap: Enable SNMP event trap: Engine ID: 0x80001f88804879aadd5b313a99	SNMP v3 encryption:	No Encryption 👻
Enable SNMP periodic trap:	SNMP v3 encryption passphrase:	•••••
Enable SNMP event trap:	Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase:	
Engine ID: 0x80001f88804879aadd5b313a99	Enable SNMP periodic trap:	
-	Enable SNMP event trap:	
NMS hostname:	Engine ID:	0x80001f88804879aadd5b313a99
	NMS hostname:	
Notification period (minutes):	Notification period (minutes):	

Figure 52. SNMP dialog (v3 selected)

2. Enter an SNMP v3 user name in the **SNMP v3 username:** field.



IMPORTANT

The same SNMP v3 user name must be set for all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.

- To change the current SNMP v3 password, enter a new password in the SNMP v3 password: field. The default password is *fluidmesh*. To show the password as it is being typed, check the Show SNMP v3 password: check-box.
- Choose the correct authentication protocol from the SNMP v3 authentication proto: drop-down. The available options are MD5 and SHA.



IMPORTANT

The same SNMP authentication protocol must be set for all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.

If needed, choose the correct encryption protocol from the SNMP v3 encryption: drop-down. The available options are No

Encryption, **DES** (Data Encryption Standard) and **AES** (Advanced Encryption Standard).



IMPORTANT

The same encryption protocol must be set for all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.

- 6. To change the current encryption passphrase, enter a new passphrase in the **SNMP v3 encryption passphrase:** field. The default encryption passphrase is *fluidmesh*. To show the passphrase as it is being typed, check the **Show SNMP v3 encryption passphrase:** check-box.
- SNMP traps can be enabled for significant system-related events. If needed, enable SNMP event traps by checking the Enable SNMP event trap: check-box, and enter the name of the network management station (NMS) host in the NMS hostname: field.



IMPORTANT

The NMS host to which traps are sent must have an SNMP agent configured to collect v2c traps.

- 8. You can also configure the unit to send SNMP traps at defined periodic intervals. If needed, enable periodic SNMP traps by checking the **Enable SNMP periodic trap:** check-box, and enter the name of the network management station (NMS) host in the **NMS hostname:** field.
- Save the SNMP settings by clicking the Save button.
 Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the Reset button.

7.6.7. Wireless access point configuration

All 1200 VOLO, 3200-series and 4200-series radio transceivers equipped with firmware version 6.5 and above have a built-in wireless access point (AP).

This wireless AP is intended for use by the network's service and maintenance personnel. If the AP is enabled, you can easily connect to the transceiver unit from a short distance aw using a laptop computer or any other Wi-Fi-enabled device.

Note that the radio unit can be configured as a wireless access point (AP) or as a wireless station (STA).



IMPORTANT

To minimize impact on overall system performance, wireless AP bandwidth is limited to 5 Mb/s. This is sufficient for maintenance purposes, but is not sufficient to support normal wireless carrier operations.

To enable the wireless AP feature on the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, do the following steps:

1. Make sure that the *FM-AP* software plug-in is installed on the radio unit. For instructions on how to install the FM-AP plug-in, refer to "Plug-in management procedures" (page 139).



IMPORTANT

If the FM-AP plug-in is not installed on the radio unit, the **–Fluidmesh WiFi** link will not appear in the lefthand settings menu.

2. Open the FLUIDMESH 802.11 INTERFACE dialog (below) by clicking the –Fluidmesh WiFi link under ADVANCED SETTINGS in the left-hand settings menu.

FLUIDMESH 802.11 INTERFACE	
Fluidmesh 802.11 Interface Setup	
WLAN MODE OFF -	
Reset Save	
Connected Devices: 0	

To configure the radio unit as a bridged or routed wireless access point (AP), do the following steps:

- 1. Configure the radio unit as a wireless access point by clicking the **WLAN MODE** drop-down menu and selecting the **AP** option.
 - The FLUIDMESH 802.11 INTERFACE dialog will show additional options (below):

Fluidmesh 802.11 Interface Setup	
WLAN MODE	AP 🔻
Disable SSID Broadcasting	
Network Mode	bridged 🔻
WLAN Security	wpa-psk 🔻
WLAN SSID	fluidmesh-5.0.165.123
WLAN Passphrase	
Show Passphrase	
Reset Save	
Connected Devices: 0	

2. If you want to prevent the radio unit from broadcasting its access point SSID, check the **Disable SSID Broadcasting** check-box. If

the box is not checked, the radio unit will broadcast the SSID shown in the **WLAN SSID** field.

- 3. Choose the network mode in which the radio unit will function as a wireless AP by clicking the **Network Mode** drop-down menu, and selecting the correct option:
 - If the wireless AP is set to **bridged** configuration, the AP will reside on the same subnet as the network of which the radio unit is a part. In this configuration, clients connecting to the radio unit through the AP can potentially connect to any Fluidmesh radio unit that is part of the same network.
 - If the wireless AP is set to **routed** configuration, the AP and the network of which the radio unit is a part are isolated from each other by location on different subnets.
- 4. If the wireless AP has been set to **routed** configuration and access to other Fluidmesh radio units that are part of the same network is needed, facilitate access by adding routes to the relevant radio units as described in "Static routes" (page 89).
- Choose the encryption protocol that will be used to encrypt communication to and from connected clients by clicking the WLAN Security drop-down, and choosing a suitable security option.
- 6. The radio unit will broadcast the SSID shown in the **WLAN SSID** field. If needed, change the SSID manually.
- 7. When maintenance personnel connect to the unit using the AP, they will be prompted to enter a secret passphrase. Type a chosen passphrase in the **WLAN Passphrase** entry field.
- 8. To show the WLAN passphrase in plain text as it is being entered, check the **Show Passphrase** check-box.

If the **routed** Network Mode option was chosen, do the following additional steps:

- 1. Specify the IP address and netmask of the subnet the radio unit is part of by entering the correct addresses in the **WLAN IP address** and **WLAN netmask** fields.
- 2. To allow the radio unit to automatically assign any of a pre-defined range of IP addresses to wireless clients that connect to the radio unit, do the following steps:
 - a. Choose a continuous, unbroken range of IP addresses (for example, 100.0.0.100 to 100.0.254).
 - b. Specify the first DHCP IP address in the chosen range by entering the address in the **DHCP first IP address** entry field.
 - c. Specify the last DHCP IP address in the chosen range by entering the address in the **DHCP last IP address** entry field.



IMPORTANT

A different DHCP IP address class must be assigned to every 1200 VOLO, 3200-series and 4200-series radio in the network. This will help avoid IP conflicts between different access points.

To configure the radio unit as a DHCP or static-protocol wireless station (STA), do the following steps:

- 1. Configure the radio unit as a wireless station by clicking the **WLAN MODE** drop-down menu and selecting the **STA** option.
 - The **FLUIDMESH 802.11 INTERFACE** dialog will show additional options (below):

Fluidmesh 802.11 Interface Setup	
WLAN MODE	STA 🗸
Network Address Translation	
WLAN Security	wpa-psk 🔻
WLAN SSID	fluidmesh-5.0.165.123
WLAN Passphrase	
Show Passphrase	
Network Protocol	DHCP -
Reset Save	

FLUIDMESH 802.11 INTERFACE

Connected Devices: 0

- 2. To enable network address translation, check the **Network Address Translation** check-box.
- Choose the encryption protocol that will be used to encrypt communication to and from connected clients by clicking the WLAN Security drop-down, and choosing a suitable security option.
- 4. The radio unit will broadcast the SSID shown in the **WLAN SSID** field. If needed, change the SSID manually.
- 5. When maintenance personnel connect to the unit using the AP, they will be prompted to enter a secret passphrase. Type a chosen passphrase in the **WLAN Passphrase** entry field.
- 6. To show the WLAN passphrase in plain text as it is being entered, check the **Show Passphrase** check-box.

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- 7. Click the Network Protocol drop-down menu.
 - If the wireless station must dynamically assign itself a wireless LAN IP address and netmask, select the DHCP option.
 - If a wireless LAN IP address and netmask must be manually assigned to the wireless station, select the **STATIC** option. If the **STATIC** option is chosen, additional options will become available. Refer to the steps below for more information.

If the **STATIC** Network Protocol option was chosen, do the following additional steps:

- 1. Specify the IP address and netmask of the subnet the radio unit is part of by entering the correct addresses in the **WLAN IP address** and **WLAN Netmask** fields.
- 2. Specify the default gateway and designated name server by entering the correct configuration data in the WLAN Default Gateway and WLAN Name Server fields.

To access a Fluidmesh radio transceiver through the transceiver's wireless access point, you will need a laptop computer, tablet computer or similar device equipped with the following:

- Wi-Fi capability.
- A current version of Mozilla Firefox or Google Chrome.

To connect wirelessly to the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for configuration and maintenance, do the following steps:

 On your computer or other wireless interface device, use the Wi-Fi connection dialog to connect to the radio unit using the radio unit's WLAN SSID and WLAN passphrase.



IMPORTANT

If SSID broadcasting is disabled on the radio unit, you must create a connection to the radio unit by manually specifying the SSID and passphrase.

- 2. Use the web browser on your computer or other wireless interface device to access the offline Configurator interface.
- 3. Configure the radio unit as shown in this manual.

7.6.8. RADIUS configuration

The **RADIUS** window contains the controls to provide centralized authentication, authorization, and accounting management using the remote authentication dial-in user service (RADIUS) networking protocol.



IMPORTANT

The RADIUS feature is only available if the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is set to **Mesh Point** mode or **Mesh End** mode. If the unit is set to **Bridge** mode, the **-radius** menu option will not be available.

The RADIUS functionality will fail to operate if the network time protocol (NTP) feature is not enabled and configured.



IMPORTANT

Use of this window requires extensive familiarity with the RADIUS networking protocol. Do not change these settings unless there is a specific need to do so.

To change the RADIUS settings for the Fluidmesh unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Enable and configure network time protocol (NTP) as shown in "NTP Configuration" (page 109).
- 2. Click the **-radius** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the lefthand settings menu.
 - The RADIUS dialog will be shown (Figure 53 (page 107)).

RADIUS		
RADIUS Mode:	Enabled -	
IP address / hostname:		
Port:	1812	
Secondary IP address / hostname:		
Secondary Port	1812	
Secret:		show
Expiration (s):	28800	
Authentication		
Authentication Method:	MSCHAPV2 -	
Username:		
Password:		show
Inner Authentication Method:	none 🔻	

Figure 53. Configurator GUI (RADIUS dialog)

- 3. Choose the RADIUS mode for the device by clicking the **RADIUS Mode** drop-down and selecting one of the following options:
 - **Disabled**: RADIUS functionality will be disabled.
 - **Enabled**: RADIUS functionality will be enabled, and the configuration options will be shown.
 - **Passthrough**: If the device is a trackside-mounted Fluidity device, this parameter can be used to simultaneously activate RADIUS device authentication, and enable RADIUS passthrough (communication between RADIUS-authenticated vehicle-mounted devices and non-authenticated trackside-mounted devices).
- 4. Enter the IP address or host name of the RADIUS server in the IP address / hostname field.
- 5. By default, the RADIUS port number is **1812**. Do not change the port number unless there is a specific need to do so.
- 6. Enter the RADIUS access password in the **Secret** field. To read the password as it is typed, check the **show** check-box.

- 7. By default, the RADIUS inactivity **Expiration (s)** period is 28 800 seconds (8 hours). Do not change the expiration period unless there is a specific need to do so.
- 8. Choose the data authentication method by clicking the **Authentication Method** drop-down and clicking the correct option. Available options are:
 - **MSCHAPV2** (Microsoft Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol V2)
 - MD5 (Hash function producing a 128-bit hash value)
 - GTC (Generic Token Card)

.. . . .

- -

- TTLS (Tunneled Transport Layer Security)
- **PEAP** (Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol)
- 9. Enter the personal username for access to the RADIUS server in the **Username** field.
- 10. Enter the personal password for access to the RADIUS server in the **Password** field. To read the password as it is typed, check the **show** check-box.
- Available Inner Authentication Methods depend on which Authentication Method has been chosen. If applicable, choose an inner authentication method by clicking the Inner Authentication Method drop-down and clicking the correct option. Available options are shown in the following table:

Table 5. Available inner authentication methods (per	
authentication methods)	

Authentication Method	Available Inner Authentication Methods
MSCHAPV2	None
MD5	None
GTC	None
TTLS	PAP (Password Authentication Protocol)
	 CHAP (Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol)
	 MSCHAP (Microsoft Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol)
	MSCHAPV2
	• MD5
	• GTC
PEAP	• MSCHAPV2
	• MD5
	• GTC

12. Save the RADIUS settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

7.6.9. NTP Configuration

All Fluidmesh radio transceiver units have a built-in clock.

No manual time-setting controls are provided. Instead, the unit has network time protocol (NTP) functionality that allows it to synchronize its time settings with a chosen internet time server. If the unit cannot synchronize with its primary time server, and the host name of a backup time server is entered, the unit defaults to synchronizing with the backup server.



CAUTION

The same NTP configuration must be set for all Fluidmesh units in the wireless network.

If the same NTP settings are not applied to all units, the network may encounter timestamp conflicts and/or equipment malfunctions.

To change the NTP settings, do the following steps:

1. Click the **-ntp** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.

•	The NTP	dialog	will	be shown	(Figure	54	(page	109)).
---	---------	--------	------	----------	---------	----	-------	--------

	NTP
Enable NTP:	
NTP server hostname:	time.windows.com
Secondary NTP server (optional):	time.nist.gov
Select Timezone:	Europe/Paris 🔻

Figure 54. Configurator GUI (NTP dialog)

- 2. Enable NTP synchronization by checking the **Enable NTP** checkbox.
- 3. Enter the host name of a chosen primary NTP server in the **NTP** server hostname: field.



IMPORTANT

The NTP server host names shown in Figure 54 (page 109) are for reference purposes only. Your company policy may dictate that you use one or more specific time servers.

- 4. If needed, enter the host name of a chosen secondary NTP server in the **Secondary NTP server (optional):** field.
- 5. Select the time zone in which the unit is installed by clicking the **Select Timezone:** drop-down menu and clicking the correct time zone option.
- 6. Save the NTP settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

7.6.10. L2TP configuration



IMPORTANT

The L2TP configuration option is only available if the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is set to **Mesh Point** mode or **Mesh End** mode. If the unit is set to **Bridge** mode, the **-l2tp configuration** menu option will not be available.

The L2TP feature must be enabled using a software plug-in (Fluidmesh part number *FM-L2TP*). Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for details.

Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) functionality allows Fluidmesh radio transceivers to support integration with virtual private networks (VPNs).

Fluidmesh hardware devices are shipped from the factory with L2TP functionality disabled. To change the unit's L2TP settings, do the following steps:

1. Click the **-l2tp configuration** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.

	Local Unit Configuration
peers. This addr gateway. WAN g	is local WAN IP address used for externally commnunicating with the remote tunnel ass must be reachable from the external hosts, e.g. using port forwarding on the LAN ateway is the local gateway used by the local unit to communicate with the outside world s the port used by remote peers to communicate with the local unit (0 means IP

Figure 55. Configurator GUI (L2TP Configuration dialog)

- The L2TP Configuration dialog will be shown (Figure 55 (page 110)).
- 2. To enable L2TP functionality for the unit, check the L2TP checkbox.

- The L2TP configuration settings window will be shown.
- 3. When the L2TP configuration has been set, save the settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.



IMPORTANT

A detailed description of L2TP configuration methods is beyond the scope of this manual. For detailed instructions on how to set the L2TP configuration, refer to the *Fluidmesh Networks* L2TPv3 Configuration Manual.

7.6.11. VLAN settings

VLAN configuration

The **VLAN SETTINGS** window contains controls to connect the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO to one or more virtual local area networks (VLANs) that are part of the local wireless network.



IMPORTANT

The VLAN feature must be enabled using a software plug-in (Fluidmesh part number *FM-VLAN*). Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for details.

The Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO features smart self-management of integration with connected VLANs, with minimal configuration time and avoidance of potential configuration errors. This is done by A) relying on the data-processing configuration of a connected network switch, and B) obeying predefined rules for management of incoming and outgoing data packets.



IMPORTANT

For detailed information on the predefined rules for smart VLAN packet management, refer to the "Rules for packet management" (page 112) table at the bottom of this section.

To connect the unit to a VLAN that is part of the local wireless network, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-vlan settings** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The VLAN SETTINGS dialog will be shown (Figure 56 (page 112)).

	gged packets received on the trunk port will be assigned , VLAN trunking will operate according to the IEEE allowed on the port (including those of the
VLAN	l Settings
Enable VLANs:	
Management VLAN ID:	1
Native VLAN ID:	1

Figure 56. Configurator GUI (VLAN SETTINGS dialog)

- 2. Connect the unit to a VLAN that is part of the local wireless network by checking the **Enable VLANs** check-box.
- 3. Check the Enable VLANs check-box.
- 4. Enter the management identification number of the VLAN (used to communicate with the device's operating system) in the **Management VLAN ID:** field.



NOTE

The same Management VLAN ID must be used on all Fluidmesh devices that are part of the same mesh network.

- 5. Enter the native identification number (the VLAN ID implicitly assigned to untagged packets received on trunk ports) in the **Native VLAN ID:** field.
- 6. Save the VLAN settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

Rules for packet management

Parameter	Default value
Default VLAN configuration	
The factory-set VLAN parameters for the u	init are as follows:
Management VLAN ID (MVID)	1
Native VLAN ID (NVID)	1
Native VLAN processing	Enabled
Port mode (all Ethernet ports)	Smart
Traffic classes	
The system classifies incoming data packet	ets according to the following definitions:
Signaling	Ethernet protocol type \$8847 or \$09xx

Parameter	Default value
User	All other traffic
Packet tagged with MVID	Packet passed
Access port rules for incoming packets	(Case and Action)
Untagged packet from Fluidmesh device	Packet passed
Untagged packet, VID not configured	Packet passed
Untagged packet, VID configured	Packet tagged with specified VID
Tagged packet with valid VID	Packet dropped
Tagged packet with null (0) VID	Packet dropped
Access port rules for outgoing packets	(Case and Action)
Tagged packet with configured and allowed VID	Packet passed
Packet from Fluidmesh device	Packet passed
Tagged packet, port VID not configured	Packet passed
Tagged packet with valid but disallowed VID	Packet dropped
Tagged packet with null (0) VID	Packet dropped
Access port rules for incoming packets Action)	with unit in Smart Mode (Case and
Untagged packet	If native VLAN = ON: Packet passed (tagged with NVID)
	If native VLAN = OFF: Packet dropped
Tagged packet (any VID, no checks)	Packet passed with original tag
Access port rules for outgoing packets Action)	with unit in Smart Mode (Case and
Packets originating from Fluidmesh devices (for example: RACER interface)	Packet implicitly tagged with MVID, next rules apply
Signalling traffic	Packet implicitly tagged with MVID, next rules apply
Tagged with valid VID (1 – 4095), not NVID	Packet passed (tagged)
Tagged with null VID (0) or NVID	Packet passed (untagged)
Access port rules for incoming packets Action) The Native VLAN enable setting is used to	
should be tagged or not.	
Untagged packet, to remote devices	Pass packet to remote peer
Tagged packet (any VID), to remote devices	Pass packet to remote peer with original tag
Untagged packet, to local unit kernel	If native VLAN = ON: Packet passed to kernel, tagged with NVID
	If native VLAN = OFF: Packet not passed to kernel

Parameter	Default value
Tagged packet (any VID), to local unit kernel	If native VLAN = ON: Packet not passed to kernel If native VLAN = OFF: Packet passed to kernel if VID = NVID
Access port rules for outgoing packets Action)	with unit in Bridge Mode (Case and
Tagged packet with valid VID from remote peer	Packet passed (tagged)
Tagged packet with null (0) VID from remote peer	Packet passed (untagged)
Packet from local unit kernel	If native VLAN not equal to MVID: Packet passed, tagged with MVID If native VLAN = MVID: Packet passed, untagged

7.6.12. Miscellaneous settings



IMPORTANT

Support for FIPS, CANBUS, PROFINET and QNET are only available if the corresponding plug-ins are installed. If the corresponding plug-in is not installed, the check-box for the relevant option will not be available.

The following plug-ins are needed to activate these features:

- FIPS: FM-FIPS
- CANBUS: FM-CANBUS
- PROFINET: FM-PROFINET
- QNET: FM-QNET

Note that FIPS support is not available for the FM 1000 and FM 10000.

Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for details.

The **MISC SETTINGS** window contains controls to change the following settings:

- The device name, as used to identify the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO within the FMQuadro network map and to other Fluidmesh utilities.
- The operation of the physical Reset button on the unit.
- Device firmware upgrades by trivial file transfer protocol (TFTP).
- The unit's federal information processing standards (FIPS) 140-2 compliance settings (if applicable).
- The unit's controller area network (CANBUS) support settings (if applicable).

- The unit's process field net (PROFINET) support settings (if applicable).
- The unit's Neutrino Qnet (QNET) support settings (if applicable).

To change any of the miscellaneous settings, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-misc settings** link under **ADVANCED SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The MISC SETTINGS dialog will be shown (Figure 57 (page 115)).

	Device
Name:	In-pit-Camera-2-D1
Res	set Button Settings
Reset Button function:	Enabled •
Ċ	CANBUS Settings
Enable CANBUS:	
Automatio	: TFTP Firmware Upgrade
Enable Automatic Upgrade:	
TFTP Server:	
Check Period (hours):	1
	Check Now

Figure 57. Configurator GUI (MISC SETTINGS dialog)

2. Set the device name by typing it in the **Name:** field.



NOTE

It is not essential to specify the device name, but it is strongly recommended. Failure to specify the device name may make the unit difficult to recognize in situations where more than one unit is being dealt with at the same time (for example, when using utilities such as the FMQuadro network map).

- 3. Set the functionality of the unit's hardware **Reset** button by clicking the **Reset Button function:** drop-down and clicking the needed option as described below:
 - Disabled: The hardware Reset button will be disabled.



NOTE

If the **Disabled** option is chosen, you can still reboot or do a hard reset of the unit using the Configurator GUI. See "Resetting the unit to factory defaults" (page 131) for more information.

- Enabled: The hardware Reset button will be enabled.
- **Factory:** The hardware **Reset** button functionality will be set to its factory default configuration (enabled).
- 4. To enforce FIPS 140-2 compliance for data transmitted by the unit, make sure the FM-FIPS plug-in is installed, then check the **Enable FIPS:** check-box.
- 5. To enable CANBUS support for the unit, make sure the FM-CANBUS plug-in is installed, then check the **Enable CANBUS**: check-box.
- 6. To enable PROFINET support for the unit, make sure the FM-PROFINET plug-in is installed, then check the **Enable PROFINET:** check-box.
- 7. To enable QNET support for the unit, make sure the FM-QNET plug-in is installed, then check the **Enable QNET:** check-box.
- 8. To enable automatic device firmware updates using TFTP, do the steps that follow:
 - a. Check the Enable Automatic Upgrade check-box.
 - b. Enter the IP address of the authorized TFTP server containing the firmware-update source files in the **TFTP Server** field.
 - c. Enter the periodic interval at which the device checks for a newer firmware upgrade package in the **Check Period** (hours) field.
 - d. To do an immediate check for a newer firmware upgrade package, click the **Check Now** button.
 - If a newer firmware package than the existing package is found, the newer package will be installed immediately.
- 9. Save the miscellaneous settings by clicking the **Save** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

7.7. Management settings

7.7.1. View Mode settings

The View Mode window allows the system administrator to grant and prohibit access to device configuration settings by category.



Û

IMPORTANT

Changing the default password to a strong password is an extremely important step in preventing security breaches.

If you have logged into the configurator interface using default login credentials, you will see a notification banner at the bottom of the screen (Figure 58 (page 117)).

You are using default viewmode credentials! Click to change viewmode credentials



Click the banner to change the view mode credentials. You will be taken to the VIEW MODE SETTINGS section.

To gain editing privileges for the View Mode settings window requires the correct administrator user name and password. To change the administrator user name and password for the current user, do the following steps:

- Click the -view mode settings link under MANAGEMENT 1. SETTINGS in the left-hand settings menu. VIEW MODE SETTINGS
 - The Viewmode Credentials section will be shown (Figure 59 (page 117)).

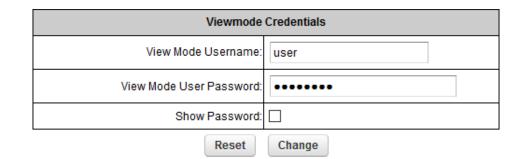


Figure 59. VIEW MODE SETTINGS dialog (Viewmode Credentials section)

- 2. Enter the new user name in the View Mode Username: field.
- 3. The default password is viewmode. Enter the new password in the View Mode User Password: field.



NOTE

The new password must be a minimum of eight characters, and include at least one capital letter and one number.

- 4. To show the password as it is being typed, check the **Show Password** check-box.
- 5. Save the Viewmode Credentials settings by clicking the **Change** button. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

To change the View Mode settings, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the unit's Configurator GUI with Administrator credentials. See "Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration" (page 46) for more information.
- Click the -view mode settings link under MANAGEMENT SETTINGS in the left-hand settings menu (Figure 60 (page 118)).

	Fluidmesh Device Cor 5.0.161.165 - MESH PO	
RACER™ Offline	VIEW MODE SETTINGS	
Fluidmesh Device	Allow View Mode Setting	gs
- RACER™ GENERAL SETTINGS	General Mode Settings:	Disabled ~
general mode wireless radio	Wireless Radio Settings:	Disabled 🗸
antenna alignment and stats	Ping Softdog:	Disabled 🗸
ping softdog advanced tools	Advanced Tools:	Disabled ~
ADVANCED SETTINGS	Advanced Radio Settings:	Disabled ~
advanced radio settings static routes	Static Routes Settings:	Disabled ~
whitelist / blacklist snmp	Whitelist / Blacklist Settings:	Disabled 🖌
radius ntp	Multicast Routes Settings:	Disabled 🗸
I2tp configuration vlan settings	SNMP Settings:	Disabled ~
Fluidity™	Radius Settings:	Disabled ~
MISC Settings	NTP Settings:	Disabled ~
view mode settings remote access	L2TP Settings:	Disabled 🗸
firmware upgrade	VLAN Settings:	Disabled ~

Figure 60. Configurator GUI (VIEW MODE SETTINGS dialog)

- The VIEW MODE SETTINGS dialog will be shown.
- 3. To allow or prohibit access to any device-configuration settings, click the relevant drop-down, and click the **Disabled** or **Enabled** setting:
 - If the **Disabled** option is selected for a device-configuration setting, the setting for that category will be visible but not accessible to ordinary users.

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• If the **Enabled** option is selected for a device-configuration setting, the setting can be modified by ordinary users.



IMPORTANT

If you are logged in to the Configurator interface with Administrator credentials, you can enable or disable any device-configuration setting.

If you are logged in to the Configurator interface as an ordinary user, you will be able to view the deviceconfiguration settings, but cannot change the settings.

4. Save the view mode settings by clicking the **Save** button in the **Allow View Mode Settings** section. Alternatively, clear the settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

7.7.2. Changing the Administrator username and password

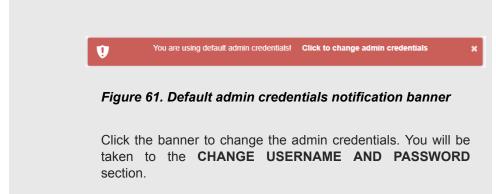
The **CHANGE USERNAME AND PASSWORD** section contains controls to change the Administrator's user name and password for the Fluidmesh unit.



IMPORTANT

Changing the default password to a strong password is an extremely important step in preventing security breaches.

If you have logged into the configurator interface using default administrator's credentials, you will see a notification banner at the bottom of the screen (Figure 61 (page 119)).



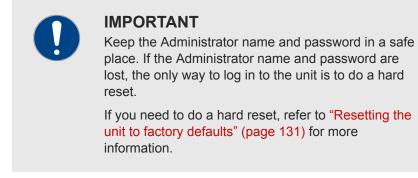
To change the Administrator's user name and password for the unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-remote access** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The CHANGE USERNAME AND PASSWORD dialog will be shown (Figure 62 (page 120)).

CHANGE USERNAME AND PASSWORD
Change Username and Password
Username: admin
Old password:
New password:
Confirm new password:
Show password:
Reset Change
TELNET ACCESS
Telnet Access
Enable telnet access:
Reset Change

Figure 62. Management Settings dialog (Change Username and Password)

- 2. Enter the new administrator user name in the **Username:** field.
- 3. Enter the current password in the **Old password:** field.
- 4. Enter the new password in the **New password:** field.
- 5. Confirm that the new password is correctly spelled by checking the **Show Password:** check-box to show the text of the password, then re-entering the password in the **Confirm New password:** field.
- 6. Save the changed password settings by clicking the **Change** button. Alternatively, revert to the old password settings by clicking the **Reset** button.



Enabling remote access to the unit by Telnet

The **TELNET ACCESS** section contains controls to enable remote access to the unit using Telnet.



IMPORTANT

The Telnet protocol suffers from serious security weaknesses that limit its usefulness in environments where the network cannot be fully trusted.

Telnet is used at your own risk.

To enable Telnet access to the unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-remote access** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The TELNET ACCESS dialog will be shown (see Figure 62 (page 120) in the previous section).
- 2. Enable Telnet access by checking the **Enable telnet access:** check-box.
- 3. Save the changed Telnet settings by clicking the **Change** button. Alternatively, revert to the old password settings by clicking the **Reset** button.

7.7.3. Overwriting and upgrading the unit firmware

The **FIRMWARE UPGRADE** window contains controls to overwrite the device firmware of the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, or upgrade the firmware to the latest available version.



CAUTION

Overwriting the firmware of any electronic device must be done with great care, and always contains an element of risk.

It is not advisable to overwrite the firmware on a functioning Fluidmesh unit unless a specific firmware-related issue needs to be resolved.



IMPORTANT

To access firmware image files, you need an approved Fluidmesh extranet account. To create an extranet account, register for free at the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.

To download the needed firmware image file to your computer, do the following steps:

- 1. Navigate to the Documentation section of the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.
- 2. Find and open the device sub-folder for your specific Fluidmesh device in the **FIRMWARE AND TOOLS** folder.

3. Download the firmware image (*.BIN) file to your computer.



CAUTION

Make sure that you download the specific *.BIN file for your device type. Uploading incorrect firmware for the device type will cause the firmware overwrite to fail, and may damage the unit.

The following procedure describes how to overwrite the existing firmware on a Fluidmesh device. This procedure assumes that the wireless network is currently active.

To overwrite the existing firmware on the Fluidmesh device, do the following steps:

- 1. Power OFF all Fluidmesh devices connected to the wireless network.
- 2. Disconnect all Ethernet cables from the Fluidmesh device.
- 3. With the Fluidmesh device disconnected from the wireless network, power ON the device.



CAUTION

Do not restart or power OFF the device while firmware overwriting is in progress.

Restarting or powering OFF the unit before overwriting is complete will permanently damage the unit.

- 4. Connect the computer containing the firmware image file directly to the Fluidmesh unit, using an Ethernet cable. For detailed information on direct connection, refer to "Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration" (page 46).
- 5. As a precaution, save the unit's existing device configuration file to the computer. For detailed information on how to save the existing configuration file, refer to "Saving and restoring the unit settings" (page 129).
- 6. Click the **-firmware upgrade** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The FIRMWARE UPGRADE dialog will be shown (Figure 63 (page 123)).

Firmware upgrade Upload and upgrade the firmware using a firmware upgrade file. Firmware upgrades are available to registered users at www.fluidmesh.com. WARNING: POWERING OFF OR UNPLUGGING A FLUIDMESH UNIT DURING A FIRMWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURE WILL PERMANENTLY DAMAGE THE UNIT		
Select the firmware file to up	pload and start the upgrade:	

Figure 63. Configurator GUI (typical FIRMWARE UPGRADE dialog)

- 7. Upload the firmware image file to the unit by clicking the **Choose File** button and following the software prompts.
 - The **Upgrade** button will become available.
- 8. Click the **Upgrade** button. Follow the software prompts until the firmware overwrite is complete.
 - When the overwrite is complete, the unit will automatically reboot.

If the previous firmware was overwritten with a newer version of firmware, check that the firmware upgraded correctly by doing the following steps:

- When the overwrite is complete, make sure that the upgraded firmware has a greater version number than the firmware that was previously installed.
 - If the firmware version has not changed, the firmware upgrade has failed. Repeat the overwrite from step Step 1 above.

7.7.4. Plug-In management



IMPORTANT

For a complete list of software plug-ins that are currently available for the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, refer to "Available plug-ins" (page 135).

The MANAGE PLUG-INS page shows which software plug-ins are currently active on the unit, and contains controls that allow you to do the following functions:

- Upload activation codes that allow the unit's accessory software plug-ins to function.
- Activate uploaded software plug-ins for use with the unit.

- Deactivate uploaded software plug-ins so they can be used on other Fluidmesh units.
- Activate a non-repeatable Demo mode that allows full 4.9 GHz, AES and unlimited plug-in functionality for an 8-hour trial period.



IMPORTANT

The 4.9 GHz band is not available in Brazil or Canada.

• Show and erase the log files for plug-in installation.

To open the **MANAGE PLUG-INS** dialog, do the following steps:

- Click the **-manage plug-ins** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The **MANAGE PLUG-INS** dialog will be shown (Figure 64 (page 125)).

Manage	Plug-ins
	se contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for
	in List
FM120: 120 Mb/s LICENSED	REMOVE
FMMOB-MOB-60: 60 Mb/s LICENSED	REMOVE
FMMOB-TRK-UN LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-AES LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-PROFINET LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-LF LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-VLAN LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-MOB LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-L2TP LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-FIPS LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-UNII2 LICENSED	
FM-QNET LICENSED	REMOVE
FM-WORLD LICENSED	
Plug-in Acti	vation Code
Plug-in Activation Code:	
Cancel	Add
	ıg-ins CSV
Select the CS Browse No file	/ file to upload selected.
Cancel	Upload
	opioud
Plug-in Deact	ivation Codes
list of de-activated plug-ins. If you have deactivated new License Code.	a plug-in, please use the deactivation code to get a
Plug-in Type	Deactivation Code
FM-TITAN	66090979
	Mode
Demo	Mode

Figure 64. Configurator GUI (typical MANAGE PLUG-INS dialog)

To activate Plug-in Demo mode, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Demo Mode** button at the bottom of the **MANAGE PLUG-INS** dialog.
 - The Demo Mode activation dialog will be shown (Figure 65 (page 126)). A countdown timer shows how much Demo time remains.

MANAGE PLUG-INS				
DEMO MODE				
The Demo Mode will be active for 8 hours. 8 hours remaining				
Exit Demo Mode				

Figure 65. MANAGE PLUG-INS dialog (Demo Mode activated)

- 2. To leave Demo mode before expiry of the 8-hour trial period, click the **Exit Demo Mode** button.
 - Demo mode will be deactivated, and the unit will reboot.
- 3. If the 8-hour Demo mode limit is reached, the unit will reboot and Demo mode will not be accessible again.

To upload one or more plug-in activation codes, refer to "Plug-in management procedures" (page 139).

To assign a software plug-in on the Partner Portal to the unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Enter the activation code for the plug-in in the **Plug-in Activation Code:** field.
- 2. Click the **Add** button.
 - The plug-in will be activated, and the plug-in functionality can be used.
 - A **REMOVE** link will be shown in red to the right of the relevant plug-in description in the **Plug-in List**.

To deactivate an uploaded software plug-in for use with another Fluidmesh unit, refer to "Plug-in management procedures" (page 139).

To show and erase the plug-in installation log files, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Show Logs** button in the **Plug-in Installation Logs**: section.
 - The log files for plug-in installation will be shown in the **Plug-in Installation Logs**: section.

2. If needed, erase the log files for plug-in installation by clicking the **Clear Logs** button in the **Plug-in Installation Logs:** section.

7.7.5. The device status view

The device status window

The device status window contains information on basic Fluidmesh device settings (including the unit's MAC address), and controls that allow you to download diagnostic data files and view device-event logs.

To use the status window, do the following steps:

- Click the **-status** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The status dialog will be shown (below).

Device: Fluidmesh FM3500 Name: Fluidmesh2 ID: 5.0.161.165 Serial: Operating Mode: Mesh Point Uptime: 1 day, 4:10 (hh:mm) Firmware version: 9.0.1
Device settings
IP: 10.11.80.10
Netmask: 255.255.0.0
MAC address: 40:36:5a:00:a1:a5
Lan 1: link:up speed:1000baseT full-duplex
Lan 2: link:down
Wireless Settings
Passphrase: test-fmcloud-x500-5.0.161.165
Country: AE
Frequency: 5180 MHz
Current tx power: 24 dBm
Channel Width: 80 MHz Radio Mode: csma/ca
Diagnostic Tool
Diagnostic tool
Download Diagnostics
Device Logs
Show Logs Clear Logs

Figure 66. Configurator GUI (typical Status dialog)

Device: Fluidmesh 10000 Name: Fluidmesh ID: 5.100.41.252 Operating Mode: Mesh End Uptime: 4 days, 14:01 (hh:mm) Firmware version: 2.0.1				
Device settings IP: 10.11.17.253 Netmask: 255.255.0.0 MAC address: 40:36:5a:64:29:fc				
LAN Bridge:				
0 UP Full-duplex 1000 1 DOWN 2 DOWN 3 DOWN				
MTU 1500				
SFP+ Bridge:				
4 DOWN 5 DOWN 6 DOWN 7 DOWN				
MTU 1530				
Diagnostic Tool				
Download Diagnostics				
Device Logs				
Show Logs Clear Logs				

Figure 67. Typical Status dialog (second-generation FM10000 gateway)

• Status information on the unit's basic characteristics, device settings and wireless settings is shown in the upper part of the window.

To download and forward the current diagnostic file for the unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Download Diagnostics** button.
- 2. Follow the software prompts to download the *.FM diagnostic file to your computer.

- 3. Log a support call with the Fluidmesh Help desk. Ask for a reference number.
- Attach the *.FM diagnostic file to an E-mail, and enter the support call reference number in the subject line of the E-mail. Send the mail to <u>support@fluidmesh.com</u>.



IMPORTANT

Do not forward diagnostic files unless the Fluidmesh Help desk requests them. If diagnostic files arrive when they have not been requested, they cannot be traced to specific problems.

To show the current device log for the unit, click the **Show Logs** button.

- The current device log will be shown in the Device Logs window above the **Show Logs** button.
- The status messages shown in the log relate to possible Ethernet port flapping, and will also alert you if duplicate IP addresses are present in the LAN. Refer to the text below for a description of the log messages.



NOTE

Ethernet port flapping is an issue in which the Ethernet port goes offline and comes back online at an excessively high rate within a given time period.

Some possible causes of this problem may be autonegotiation issues, chipset incompatibility, or faulty CAT5/6 cabling.

Some status messages that may be shown in the log have the following meanings:

- *ethX phy:X is up/down:* Ethernet port X is currently online/offline.
- chatter: VBR: duplicate IP A? MACX --> MAXY at <timestamp>: Possible duplicate IP address 'A' has migrated from MAC address 'X' to MAC address 'Y', at the time shown.

7.7.6. Saving and restoring the unit settings



IMPORTANT

Note that device software configuration (*.CONF) files are not interchangeable with RACER configuration setup (*.FMCONF) files.

The **LOAD OR RESTORE SETTINGS** window contains controls that allow you to:

- Save the unit's existing software configuration as a configuration (*.CONF) file.
- Upload and apply a saved configuration file to the current unit.

TIP

Saved configuration files can be copied and distributed for use on more than one Fluidmesh unit of the same type, simplifying the configuration of other deployed units.

Saved configuration files can also be used for configuration backup. This can greatly speed up redeployment if a damaged unit must be replaced with a unit of the same type.

To download the unit's existing configuration settings to your computer, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-configuration settings** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The LOAD OR RESTORE SETTINGS dialog will be shown (Figure 68 (page 130)).

LOAD OR RESTORE SETTINGS			
Restore Settings			
restore settings from file:	Browse No file selected.		
	Save Restore		

Figure 68. Configurator GUI (LOAD OR RESTORE SETTINGS dialog)

2. Download the unit's configuration (*.CONF) file to your computer by clicking the **Save** button and following the software prompts.

To upload a saved configuration file to the Fluidmesh unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Find the configuration (*.CONF) file that must be uploaded to the unit by clicking the **Browse...** button and following the software prompts.
 - The name of the configuration file to be uploaded will be shown to the right of the **Browse...** button.
- 2. Apply the configuration settings to the unit by clicking the **Restore** button.

• The configuration will be applied, and the unit will reboot.

7.7.7. Resetting the unit to factory defaults

The **reset factory default** window contains controls that allow you to restore the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO to its default factory settings (in other words, to do a 'hard reset').



IMPORTANT

Doing a hard reset will revert all unit configuration settings, including the unit's IP address and administrator password, to factory defaults.

If you want to reboot the unit instead, refer to "Rebooting the unit" (page 132) below.

To reset the unit to its factory defaults, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-reset factory defaults** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The unit reset dialog will be shown (Figure 69 (page 131)).

Are you sure you want to reset to factory default settings? YES - NO



CAUTION

Do not do a hard reset unless the unit needs to be reconfigured using its factory configuration as a starting point.

A hard reset will reset the unit's IP address and administrator password, and will disconnect the unit from the network.

Figure 69. Configurator GUI (unit reset dialog)

- 2. Reset the unit to its factory defaults by clicking the **YES** link. Alternatively, abort the factory reset by clicking the **NO** link.
 - If the **YES** link was clicked, the unit will do a factory reset, and will reboot.
- 3. If you have previously saved a device configuration file for the unit, you can restore the saved configuration settings to the unit as shown in "Saving and restoring the unit settings" (page 129).

Rebooting the unit

The **reboot** window contains controls that allow you to reboot the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO (in other words, to re-start the unit's operating system).

To reboot the unit, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **-reboot** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The unit reboot dialog will be shown (Figure 70 (page 132)).

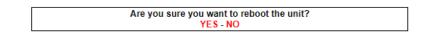


Figure 70. Configurator GUI (unit reboot dialog)

- 2. Reboot the unit by clicking the **YES** link. Alternatively, abort the reboot by clicking the **NO** link.
 - If the **YES** link was clicked, the unit will reboot.

7.7.8. Logging out

If clicked, the logout option logs the current user off the unit, and out of the Configurator interface.

- To log out, click the **-logout** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - You will be logged off the unit and out of the Configurator interface with no further prompting.
 - The web browser will show the **Authentication Required** dialog (Figure 71 (page 132)). If needed, use the dialog to log in again.

NETWORK	CONTROL	Prodiav Version
- ping so	ftdog	Select the Prodicy protocol version. Please note the Prodicy 1.0 is NOT compatible with Prodicy 2.0.
- advan Advanc	Authenticatio	
- advan - static	?	https://2.35.83.235:3810 is requesting your username and password. The site says: "Fluidmesh Network, Inc."
- whitel	User Name:	
- snmp - radius	Password:	
- ntp		OK Cancel
- 12tp cd - vlan se	ttings	Default Gateway: 10.11.0.1
- Fluidity	TM	Local Dns 1: 8.8.8.8

Figure 71. Web browser (Authentication Required dialog)

7.7.9. Viewing the end-user license agreement

The **License Agreement** window contains the Fluidmesh end-user license agreement for the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO, its firmware and control software.

To view the terms and conditions of the license agreement, click the **License Agreement** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.

• The license agreement dialog will be shown (Figure 72 (page 133)).

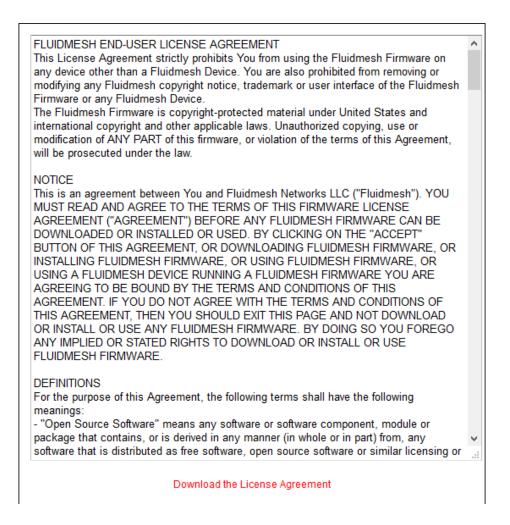


Figure 72. Configurator GUI (End-user license agreement)

To read the end-user license agreement as an *.HTML web page in your browser, left-click the **Download the License Agreement** link.

• The end-user license agreement will be shown under a new tab in your web browser.

To download the end-user license agreement as a standard text (*.TXT) file, do the following steps:

- 1. Right-click the **Download the License Agreement** link.
- 2. Click the **Save Link as...** option and follow the software prompts to download the agreement as a text file.

8. SOFTWARE PLUG-INS

8.1. Available plug-ins

Like other Fluidmesh radio transceivers, the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is able to take advantage of plug-in software upgrades that add features and enhance the performance of the unit.

The following table lists all available software plug-ins for all Fluidmesh hardware devices, their specific functions, and their plug-in part numbers.

The tables that follow this table describe which plug-ins are compatible with specified Fluidmesh devices.

Plug-in	Is the plug- in package removable and re- installable?	Function	Part number	
Bandwidth	Yes	A range of plug-ins are available to enable increased traffic forwarding bandwidth, up to and including the amount of bandwidth specified in the part number (including unlimited bandwidth).	FM[model number]- [bandwidth limit]	
Bandwidth upgrade	Yes	If an existing bandwidth plug- in is installed, this plug-in allows bandwidth to be upgraded to a higher, specified value. Note that if a bandwidth upgrade plug-in is removed, the unit's bandwidth capability is not restored to the level of the previous upgrade (if any). Rather, the bandwidth capability is restored to the factory default level.	FM[model number]-UPG- [existing bandwidth limit/new bandwidth limit]	

Table 6. Available Fluidmesh software plug-ins

Plug-in	Is the plug- in package removable and re- installable?	Function	Part number	
Fluidity- Bandwidth (Mobile)	Yes	Enables Fluidity capability for mobile Fluidmesh devices. Allows traffic forwarding up to and including the amount of bandwidth specified in the part number.	FM[model number]-MOB- MOB-[bandwidth limit] (FMx200 models) FM[model number]-FLU- MOB-[bandwidth limit] (FMx500	
Fluidity- Bandwidth (Trackside)	Yes	Enables Fluidity capability for static-mount Fluidmesh devices. Allows traffic forwarding up to and including the amount of bandwidth specified in the part number.	models) FM[model number]-MOB- TRK-[bandwidth limit] (FMx200 models) FM[model number]-FLU- TRK-[bandwidth limit] (FMx500 models)	
4.9 GHz band	Yes	Enables operation in the 4.9 GHz emergency band. Note that the 4.9 GHz band is not available in Brazil and Canada.	FM-49	
Licensed Frequencies	Yes	Enables the use of any operating frequency, regardless of country selection.	FM-LF	
World Frequencies	No	Unlocks the country drop- down selector on units sold in territories where the selector is locked.	FM-WORLD	
AES	Yes	Enables data exchange according to the regular Advanced Encryption Standard.	FM-AES	
Fluidmesh Access Points	Yes	Enables WiFi access-point capability.	FM-AP	
VLAN	Yes	Enables virtual LAN capability.	FM-VLAN	
Virtual Gigabit	Yes	Enables Fluidmesh Virtual Gigabit capability.	FM-VGBE	
L2TP	Yes	Enables layer 2 transfer protocol capability.	FM-L2TP	

Plug-in	Is the plug- in package removable and re- installable?	Function	Part number
PROFINET	Yes	Enables process field net capability.	FM-PROFINET
QNET	Yes	Enables Neutrino Qnet capability.	FM-QNET
FIPS	Yes	Enables Federal Information Processing Standards capability.	FM-FIPS
TITAN	Yes	Enables fast fail-over capability on networks where redundant (backup) units are installed.	FM-TITAN
UNII2	No	Enables use of frequencies in the Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U- NII) bands.	FM-UNII2
		Supported bands are U- NII-2A (5.250 to 5.350 GHz) and U-NII-2C / U-NII-2E (5.470 to 5.725 GHz).	

The following tables describe which plug-ins are compatible with specified Fluidmesh devices.

Plugin	FM 1000 Gateway FM 10000 Gateway	FM PONTE 50	FM 1200 VOLO	FM 1300 OTTO
Bandwidth	Available	Not available	Available	Available
Bandwidth upgrade	Available	Not available	Available	Available
Fluidity- Bandwidth (Mobile)	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Fluidity- Bandwidth (Trackside)	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Fluidity	Firmware embedded	Not available	Not available	Not available
4.9 GHz band	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available
Licensed frequencies	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available

Plugin	FM 1000 Gateway FM 10000 Gateway	FM PONTE 50	FM 1200 VOLO	FM 1300 OTTO
World frequencies	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available
AES	Not available	Not available	Available	Available
Fluidmesh Access Points	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available
VLAN	Firmware embedded	Available	Available	Not available
Virtual Gigabit	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available
L2TP	Firmware embedded	Not available	Available	Not available
PROFINET	Firmware embedded	Not available	Available	Not available
QNET	Firmware embedded	Not available	Available	Not available
FIPS	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available
TITAN	Available	Not available	Available	Not available
UNII2	Not available	Not available	Available	Not available

Table 8. Device plug-in compatibility (FM 3200-series to FM 4800)

Plugin	FM 3200 BASE FM 3200 ENDO	FM 3500 ENDO	FM 4200 FIBER FM 4200 MOBI	FM 4500 FIBER FM 4500 MOBI	FM 4800
Bandwidth	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
Bandwidth upgrade	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
Fluidity- Bandwidth (Mobile)	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
Fluidity- Bandwidth (Trackside)	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
Fluidity	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
4.9 GHz band	Available	Available	Available	Available	Not available
Licensed frequencies	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
World frequencies	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
AES	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available

Plugin	FM 3200 BASE FM 3200 ENDO	FM 3500 ENDO	FM 4200 FIBER FM 4200 MOBI	FM 4500 FIBER FM 4500 MOBI	FM 4800	
Fluidmesh Access Points	Available	Not available	Available	Not available	Not available	
VLAN	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	
Virtual Gigabit	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	
L2TP	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	
PROFINET	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	
QNET	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	
FIPS	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available Available	
TITAN	Available	Available	Available	Available		
UNII2	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	

To purchase any of the software plug-ins, please contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative.

8.2. Plug-in management procedures

8.2.1. Plug-in activation

The Plug-in management procedure has been standardized, and is the same for all Fluidmesh hardware devices.

To obtain a plug-in activation code for a Fluidmesh device, do the following steps:

- 1. Contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative to purchase a generic 16-digit *License code* for plug-in activation.
- 2. Quote the unique mesh unit identification number (**5.a.b.c**) of the Fluidmesh hardware device.
- 3. Using the Fluidmesh Partner Portal, associate the *License code* with the quoted Fluidmesh device to get an *Activation code*.
- 4. Enter the Activation code on the **MANAGE PLUG-INS** window for the unit.

You can also deactivate a plug-in Activation code that is currently in use so it can be used with a different Fluidmesh unit. To deactivate an active plug-in, refer to The PLUGINS sub-tab.

To convert a License code into an Activation code for a Fluidmesh device, do the following steps:

- 1. Log on to the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.
- 2. Click the **Plug-ins** link.

• When you purchase a generic 16-digit *License code*, the License code and corresponding plug-in will be listed on the Plug-ins page (Figure 73 (page 140)).

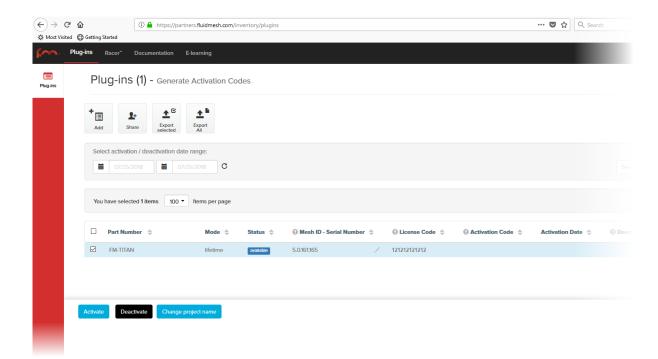


Figure 73. Partner Portal Plug-ins page (License code plug-in)

- When the generic License code was purchased, you will have received an E-mail from *plugins@fluidmesh.com* containing the License code. If the License code and corresponding plug-in are *not* listed on the Plug-ins page, click the **Add** button in the upper left-hand corner of the Plug-ins web page, and enter the License code using the dialog.
- 3. Enter the unit identification number (**5.a.b.c**) *or* the unit serial number of the Fluidmesh unit in the **Mesh ID Serial Number** field.
- 4. If needed, enter the name of the relevant technical project in the **Project Name** field.



TIP

If you cannot see the **Project Name** field, reduce the magnification on the Plug-ins web page until all the headings are visible.

5. Click the **Activate** button on the Plug-ins web page.

- The Plug-in Activation dialog will be shown. Check that the given E-mail address is correct, and click the Activate button.
- You will receive an E-mail from *plugins@fluidmesh.com* containing the Activation code.
- The Activation Code and Activation Date will be shown in the relevant fields on the Plug-ins web page.
- The plug-in Status will change from **available** to **active**.
- 6. Use the Activation code to activate the plug-in. Refer to "Plug-In management" (page 123) for details.
 - The plug-in will be activated, and the relevant functionality can be used.

8.2.2. Deactivating an active plug-in

A plug-in *Activation code* that is currently in use can be *deactivated*. This allows the corresponding *License code* to be used in a different Fluidmesh unit, or transferred to another Fluidmesh user.

To deactivate an activated License code for use with another Fluidmesh unit, do the following steps:

- On the Configurator interface, click the PLUGINS sub-tab under the SERVICES tab (FM 1300 OTTO only) or click the -manage plug-ins link under MANAGEMENT SETTINGS in the left-hand settings menu (all other devices).
 - The Manage Plugins dialog will be shown (see below).

Manage	Plug-ins			
Jse the window below to activate new plug-ins. Please nore information on the Plug-Ins available.	contact your Fluidmesh Networks representative for			
Plug-	in List			
FM3200-UN LICENSED REMOVE				
FM-TITAN LICENSED	REMOVE			
FM-UNII2				
FM-WORLD LICENSED				
Plug-in Acti	vation Code			
Plug-in Activation Code:				

Figure 74. Configurator interface (MANAGE PLUG-INS dialog)

- 2. Click the red **REMOVE** link to the right of the correct plug-in listing.
 - The web browser will inform you that deactivating the plugin will reboot the unit, and ask for confirmation that you want to deactivate.
- 3. Confirm the deactivation.
 - The unit will reboot.
 - The Deactivation code for the plug-in will be shown to the right of the plug-in listing, in the **Plug-in Deactivation Codes** section (see below).

Plug-in Deactivation Codes						
List of de-activated plug-ins. If you have deactivated a plug-in, please use the deactivation code to get a new License Code.						
Plug-in Type	Deactivation Code					
FM-TITAN	66037e03					

Figure 75. MANAGE PLUG-INS DIALOG (Plug-in Deactivation Codes section)

- 4. Make a note of the Deactivation code.
- 5. Log on to the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.
- 6. Click the **Plug-ins** link.
 - The Plug-ins web page will be shown (Figure 76 (page 142)).

	C ^I 습 sited @ Getting St		artners.fluidmesh.com/in	ventory/plugins				💟 🏠 🔍 Searc	h	± lir\ □
f ~~		Racer [®] Documentation	E-learning							l 🖓 🗠
Plug-ins	Plu	g-ins (1) - _{Gener}	rate Activation Co	des						
	+ Add	Share	Export All							
		t activation / deactivation	date range: 07/25/2018 C						Search in the list	Q. Advanced Search
	You h	ave selected 0 items 10	0 • Items per page							
		Part Number 🔶	Mode 💠	Status 💠	🚱 Mesh ID - Serial Number	⊕ License Code	Activation Code	Activation Date 👙	O Deactivation Code	Deactivation Date 💠 🛛 🖯 Expl
		FM-TITAN	lifetime	active	5.0.41.70 - 3200100040	667547258041	66dabf37	25/07/2018, 16:15:22	1	

Figure 76. Partner Portal Plug-ins page (License code deactivation)

7. Check the selection check-box to the left of the relevant plug-in listing.

- The plug-in control buttons will be shown at the bottom of the web page.
- 8. Enter the Deactivation code for the plug-in in the Deactivation Code field (Figure 77 (page 143)).

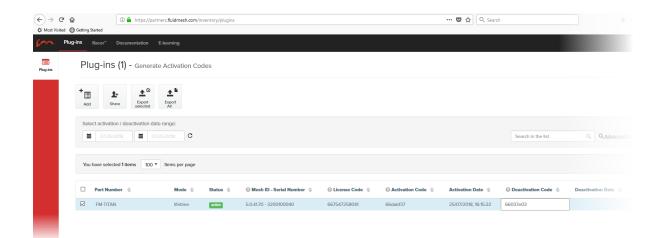


Figure 77. Partner Portal Plug-ins page (deactivation code entry)

- 9. Click the **Deactivate** button at the bottom of the web page.
 - The PLUG-IN DEACTIVATION dialog will be shown.
- 10. To do a normal deactivation, click the **Deactivate** button. If for any reason it is not possible to retrieve the deactivation code, click the **Force Deactivation** button.



IMPORTANT

Only click the **Force Deactivation** button if you have no way to retrieve the deactivation code (for example, if the unit's boot sequence cannot be completed, or if the unit is damaged and cannot be powered ON).

- The plug-in will be deactivated.
- The Deactivation code will be shown in the **Deactivation Code** column of the plug-in listing.
- The Deactivation code will remain on the Partner Portal, and can be used to generate a new Activation code if needed.

8.2.3. Reactivating a deactivated plug-in

To use a Deactivation code to generate an new Activation code, do the following steps:

- 1. Log on to the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.
- 2. Click the **Plug-ins** link.
 - The Plug-ins web page will be shown (Figure 78 (page 144)).

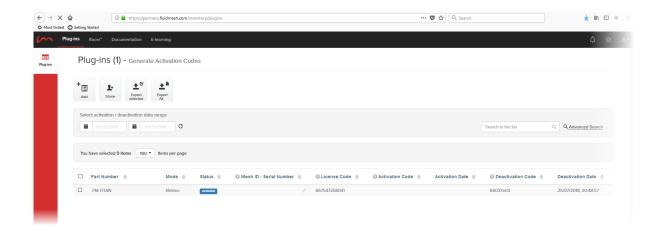


Figure 78. Partner Portal (Plug-ins web page)

- 3. Check the selection check-box to the left of the relevant plug-in listing.
 - The plug-in control buttons will be shown at the bottom of the web page.
- 4. Enter the unit identification number (**5.a.b.c**) or the unit serial number of the Fluidmesh unit in the **Mesh ID Serial Number** field.
- 5. Complete the plug-in activation process as shown in "Plug-in activation" (page 139).

8.2.4. Exporting and uploading multiple Activation codes

If more than one plug-in Activation code must be uploaded to a Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit at the same time, the need to upload codes one by one can be avoided by exporting multiple codes, or all codes, from the Partner Portal as a *.CSV file.

To export a collection of Activation codes from the Partner Portal as a *.CSV file, do the following steps:

- 1. Log on to the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.
- 2. Click the **Plug-ins** link.
 - The Plug-ins web page will be shown.
- 3. Convert all needed License codes and/or Deactivation codes to Activation codes as shown in "Plug-in activation" (page 139)
- 4. To export only selected Activation codes, check the selection check-boxes to the left of each plug-in that must be included in

the *.CSV file, then click the **Export selected** button. Alternatively, export all Activation codes by clicking the **Export All** button (Figure 79 (page 145)).



IMPORTANT

If all Activation codes are exported, only the Activation codes that are linked to the unit identification number (**5.a.b.c**), or the unit serial number of the target unit, will be assigned to the unit.

All codes that are not relevant to the unit will remain unused.



Figure 79. Plug-ins web page (code export controls)

- 5. Follow the software prompts to download the exported *.CSV file to your computer. Save the file in a safe place.
- 6. On the configurator interface, click the **-manage plug-ins** link under **MANAGEMENT SETTINGS** in the left-hand settings menu.
 - The MANAGE PLUG-INS dialog will be shown.
- Upload the *.CSV file to the unit by clicking the Choose File button in the Upload Plug-ins CSV section (Figure 80 (page 145)) and following the software prompts.

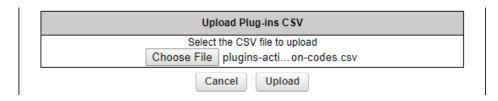


Figure 80. MANAGE PLUG-INS DIALOG (Upload Plug-ins CSV section)

- The chosen *.CSV file will be listed to the right of the **Choose File** button.
- 8. Click the **Upload** button.
 - The plug-ins will be uploaded to the unit and activated, and the relevant functionality can be used.

8.2.5. Sharing License codes and accepting shared License codes

If needed, you can share license codes with other Fluidmesh device users, and also have other Fluidmesh device users share their license codes with you.

To share one or more license codes with another Fluidmesh device user, do the steps that follow:

- 1. Log on to the Fluidmesh Partner Portal.
- 2. Click the **Plug-ins** link.
 - The Plug-ins web page will be shown.
- 3. Check the selection check-boxes to the left of the plug-ins that must be shared.
- 4. Click the **Share** button in the upper left-hand corner of the **Plug**ins web page (Figure 81 (page 146)).



Figure 81. Plug-ins web page (Share button)

- The Share License Codes dialog will be shown.
- 5. Enter one or more E-mail addresses to which the License codes must be sent. Click the **Share** button.
 - An E-mail containing the selected License codes will be sent to the specified E-mail addresses.
 - The License codes contained in the E-mail can be converted to plug-in Activation codes in the normal way.

If needed, you can also ask another device user to share one or more license codes with you. If a License code is shared with you, it will be listed on your Partner Portal Plug-ins web page.

9. TROUBLESHOOTING

This section contains information that will allow you to solve common problems associated with configuration and installation of Fluidmesh products.

9.1. I cannot get the Log-in screen

If you have directly connected a Windows computer to your Fluidmesh device for device configuration, but you cannot access the log-in form on your web browser, check the following points:

Are you trying to access the unit using a valid IP address?

You must manually set the computer's IP address and Netmask to be recognizable by the Fluidmesh device. The correct settings are as follows:

- **IP address:** 192.168.0.10 (or any other IP address belonging to subnet 192.168.0.0/255.255.255.0)
- Netmask: 255.255.255.0

Have you disabled the 'Access the Internet using a proxy server' function?

If your browser shows a time-out or similar message, the computer may be trying to access the Fluidmesh device through a proxy server. To stop the computer from trying to access the unit through a proxy connection, refer to "Accessing the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO for device configuration" (page 46).

9.2. I cannot log in to the RACER interface



IMPORTANT

For a detailed description of the differences between the RACER configuration interface and the local Configurator interface, refer to "Device configuration using the configurator interface" (page 44).

If you are not able to log in to the RACER web-based configuration interface, check that you have entered the correct user name and password.

The factory-set user name for the RACER configuration interface is **admin**. The factory-set password is **admin**

To change the factory-set user name and password, refer to the *Fluidmesh Networks Racer User Manual*.

9.3. I forgot the Administrator password

If you have forgotten the Administrator user name and/or password for the Configurator interface, and you must access the unit to configure it using the Configurator interface, do the following steps:

- 1. Physically access the unit.
- Use the hardware **Reset** button to reset the unit to its factory default settings. Refer to "Resetting the unit to factory defaults" (page 131) for more information.

9.4. The wireless link is poor or non-existent in Bridge mode

If the unit is set to **Bridge** mode, and is showing any or all of the following symptoms:

- There is no wireless link
- The link LED on the device enclosure shows constant red
- The wireless link is constantly below 60% signal strength

Check the following points to improve the wireless link strength:

- 1. **Antenna alignment:** The antennas belonging to both units forming part of the affected link must face each other as directly as possible.
- 2. Line-of-sight: The antennas belonging to both units forming part of the affected link must have clear line-of-sight (in other words, there must be no physical obstructions between the two antennas).
- 3. **Power:** Verify that both units forming part of the affected link are receiving enough power from their Ethernet connections or PoE injectors.
- 4. **Frequency value and channel width:** Both units forming part of the affected link must be set to the same frequency value, and to the same channel width.

9.5. I purchased a Fluidmesh device, but it is not shown in RACER

The Fluidmesh device you have purchased may not yet be added to your Fluidmesh Partners account. Try manually adding the device using the unit serial number and mesh identity (ID) number, as shown in the *Fluidmesh RACER user's manual* (section: *Adding Fluidmesh devices to your RACER portfolio*).

9.6. I cannot connect my Fluidmesh device to the RACER interface

If your Fluidmesh device refuses to connect to RACER, or you cannot switch the device to *Online* mode using the onboard Configurator interface, check the following points:

• Was the Ethernet cable disconnected from the computer or the device after the device acquired the IP address leased by the

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DHCP server? If it was, repeat the connection, making sure the cable remains connected to the computer and the device.

- Is the local DNS server able to resolve the address *partners.fluidmesh.com*, and the address of the RACER[™] Cloud Server? If not, check for possible DNS server misconfiguration.
- Is port 443 open in the network firewall? If not, make sure the port is open.

9.7. I applied configuration settings to the device using RACER, but I have lost connection to the device in RACER.

When configuration settings are successfully applied to a device in Provisioning Mode:

- The device exits Provisioning Mode.
- DHCP is disabled for the device.
- The device is restarted using the configuration that has just been set.

Is the device expected to be connected to the internet? If so, check the following points:

- Do the configuration settings include the correct default gateway address and DNS server address?
- Can the device can connect to the internet from the local subnet?

9.8. How do I connect an existing pre-RACER device to RACER?



IMPORTANT

Please note that Fluidmesh PONTE 50 and 1300 OTTO transceivers are not compatible with RACER.

To configure and maintain these transceivers, refer to the *Fluidmesh Installation and Configuration manual* for the specific device.

To connect compatible Fluidmesh devices that were purchased before RACER came online, do the following steps:

1. Upgrade your device firmware to a version that supports RACER.



NOTE

As of October 2018, the most current firmware versions are as follows:

- 1.2.1 (FM 1000 and FM 10000 gateways)
- 7.5.1 (FM 1200 VOLO)
- 8.2.1 (All FM x200 variants)
- 9.0.1 (All FM x500 variants)
- 2. Connect a computer to the Fluidmesh device.
- 3. Launch the offline Configurator interface.
- 4. Switch to Online Cloud-Managed mode as shown in the Switching between offline and online modes section of your device's Installation and Configuration manual.
- 5. Adjust the device configuration as needed using the Fluidmesh Partners Portal.

10. DEVICE SPECIFICATIONS

RADIO	
Range	Up to 5 miles / 8 km *
Frequency Bands	4.9-5.9GHz
Throughput	Up to 150 Mbps
Modulation	Up to 300Mbps
Transmission Power	Up to 27 dBm, depending on configuration and regulations
Receiving Sensitivity	-96dB@6.5 Mbps; -75dB@300Mbps;
Latency Per hop	< 0.3 ms
Antenna Type	Built in 2x2 MIMO Panel
Antenna Gain	16.1 – 17.1 DBi
Polarization	Dual Linear
Cross-pol Isolation	22dB minimum
Max VSWR	2.0:1
Horizontal Beamwidth Coverage	33 deg
Vertical Beamwidth Coverage	17 deg

COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS

	Fluidmesh Intelligent
Prodigy 1.0 and 2.0	Transmission Protocol

ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature	-40°C to 80°C -40°F to 176°F
Humidity	95% non condensing
Weather Rating	IP66
Wind Survivability	120Mph 193 Kmh
Shock & Vibration	ETSI 300 - 019 - 1.4
Wind Loading @ 125Mph/200kmh	<25lb/11kg

SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES

POE injector 24VDC with US/EU/UK cord	Yes	
Staging Kit	Yes	

ELECTRICAL

Power Input	Passive PoE from 12V DC to 24V DC
Power Consumption	Max 8W
Current Consumption	Max 0.66A
Power over Ethernet Injector	Included, 90 to 260V, 50/60 Hz AC Input

PHYSICAL

Interfaces	2 Internal RJ45 Ports. Shielded CAT5/6 cables and connectors are recommended.
Coupling	NPT-1 threaded cable gland
Dimensions (in)	13(h)x6.1(w)x3.1(d)
Dimensions (mm)	330.5(h)x156.6(w)x79.9(d)
Weight	18.34oz / 0.519Kg

POINT TO POINT USABLE THROUGHPUT*

Throughput	Miles	km
100	3	5
50	4	6
20	5	8

NETWORK

Protocols	UDP, TCP, IP, RTP, RTCP, RTSP, HTTP, HTTPS, ICMP, ARP
Web Based INTERFACE	Yes
Multicast Support	Yes
UPnP	Yes
SNMP	Yes
802.1Q VLAN	Yes

SECURITY

VPN	Yes	
AES Link Level Encryption	Yes	
Full compatibility with AES, 3DES, RSA, HTTPS, SSL	Yes	

APPROVALS

FCC CFR 47 Part 15, class B	Yes	
Industry Canada RSS 210	Yes	
CE	Yes	

WARRANTY

2 years	Limited on parts and labor
3 years	Optional
5 years	Optional

OPTIONAL SOFTWARE PART NUMBERS

H) FM1200V-HW
FM1200V-02
FM1200V-05
FM1200V-10
FM1200V-30
FM1200V-60
FM1200V-UN
FM-VLAN
FM-AES
FM-GIGA

11. POE INJECTOR SPECIFICATIONS



CAUTION

The PoE injector described in this section must always be installed in such a way that it is sheltered from outdoor weather conditions such as dust, rain and snow.

Due to the differential in normal operating temperature between the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO and its included PoE injector, do not confine the two devices within the same enclosure.

The specifications for the PoE injector included in the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO installation kit are as follows:

Manufacturer: GME Technology Company, Limited (China)

Device model number: GFP241DA-240100HB

Table 9. Power input requirements

Parameter	Test conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Normal AC input voltage	Single phase	100Vac	110 Vac or 220 Vac	240 Vac
AC input voltage range	Single phase	90Vac	110 Vac or 220 Vac	264 Vac
AC input frequency	Single phase	47 Hz	50 Hz or 60 Hz	63 Hz
AC input currect	Typical input voltage and output at full load			550 mA
AC inrush current	Typical input voltage and output at full load			30 A
Efficiency	Typical input voltage and output at full load	86.2%		
Leakage current	Typical input voltage and output at full load			0.25 mA

Table 10. Power output specifications

Parameter	Test conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Normal DC output voltage			24 Vdc	
DC output voltage range	Typical output voltage of approximately 5%	22.8V		25.2V
Load current range			1.0A	
Peak load current	Time period of less than 60 seconds			1.3A

Parameter	Test conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Ripple	At typical input voltage, typical load current, and ambient temperature of 25°C			240mV
Hold-up time	At typical input voltage and full electrical load	10mS		
Turn-on delay	At typical input voltage and typical load current			3 sec
Over-current protection	Automatic recovery			
Short-circuit protection	The device cannot be damaged if DC output is accidentally shorted to Ground			
Over-voltage protection			26.4V	28.8V
No-load power dissipation				0.1W

Table 11. Environmental requirements

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum
Operating temperature	0°C	40°C
Storage temperature	-20°C	85°C
Operating humidity	5% relative humidity	90% relative humidity
Storage humidity	5% relative humidity	90% relative humidity

12. ELECTRICAL POWER REQUIREMENTS

The following table describes:

- The electrical power requirements for each Fluidmesh hardware device type.
- Which Fluidmesh hardware devices are capable of receiving power through an IEEE 802.3 Ethernet port (whether from a power-supplying device like a compatible network switch, or from a power-over-Ethernet (PoE) injector), or through a DC IN power supply port, or both.
- The specific voltage-variation tolerances of each Fluidmesh radio transceiver unit type.

Table 12. Individual power requirements (FM 1000 Gateway and FM10000 Gateway)

	Required input power	FM 1000 Gateway	FM 10000 Gateway
DC IN	12 Vdc (from mains AC power adapter producing a minimum of 60W (12V/5A)).	x	
First-generation FM10000 Gateway: unit may be equipped with single 250W non-redundant AC power supply unit (input power: 100 Vac to 240 Vac at 50 Hz to 60 Hz).		X	

Table 13. Individual power requirements (FM PONTE 50 to FM 4200MOBI)

		FM PONTE 50	FM 1200 VOLO	FM 1300 OTTO	FM 3200 BASE	FM 3200 ENDO	FM 3200 +GPS	FM 3200 DEPOT	FM 4200 MOBI
PoE	24V passive PoE	x	X						
	48V passive PoE				X	X	X	X	X

	IEEE 802.3af PoE (voltage range at PD: 37V to 57V)		X	X	X	X	X	X
	IEEE 802.3at PoE (voltage range at PD: 42.5V to 57V)		X	X	X	X	X	X
DC IN	Permanent DC power, min. 24V max. 60V							X
	EN 50155 compliance at 48V							X

Table 14. Individual power requirements (FM FM 4200 MOBI+GPS to FM 4800 FIBER)

		FM 4200 MOBI +GPS	FM 4200 FIBER	FM 3500 ENDO	FM 4500 MOBI	FM 4500 FIBER	FM 4800 FIBER
PoE	24V passive PoE						
	48V passive PoE	X	X	X	х	X	X
	IEEE 802.3af PoE (voltage range at PD: 37V to 57V)	X	X				
	IEEE 802.3at PoE (voltage range at PD: 42.5V to 57V)	X	X	X	X	X	X

		FM 4200 MOBI +GPS	FM 4200 FIBER	FM 3500 ENDO	FM 4500 MOBI	FM 4500 FIBER	FM 4800 FIBER
DC IN	Permanent DC power, min. 24V max. 60V	X	X		X	X	X
	EN 50155 compliance at 48V	X	X		X	X	X

13. HEAT RADIATION DATA

When in use, all Fluidmesh gateway units and radio transceivers generate heat as a by-product of electrical activity.

Heat radiated by a Fluidmesh device may be of concern in confined locations such as server rooms (where the cumulative heat generated by a collection of electrical and electronic devices may cause damage to sensitive electronic components) and outdoor equipment enclosures (in which electronic components may overheat if the enclosure is not properly ventilated).



WARNING

The outer surfaces of some Fluidmesh units may become hot during normal operation. Such units have a 'Hot Surfaces' warning triangle on their outer enclosures.

During normal operation, do not touch or handle such unit enclosures without personal protective equipment.

The following table shows nominal heat-radiation figures for all Fluidmesh devices under idle conditions, and under full-load conditions.

All heat-radiation figures are given in British Thermal Units (BTU) per hour.

Device	Fiber- optic module installed	ldle @ 115 Vac / 60 Hz	ldle @ 230 Vac / 60 Hz	Full load @ 115 Vac / 60 Hz	Full Ioad @ 230 Vac / 60 Hz
FM 1000 gateway		25.590	33.780	25.250	33.100
FM 10000 gateway (first and second generations)		271.595	267.159	436.395	437.078
PONTE 50		6.479	6.138	19.778	19.437
1200 VOLO		6.479	6.138	19.778	19.437
All 3200-series transceivers		10.230	10.230	24.552	24.552
3500 ENDO		9.889	9.889	26.939	26.939
4200 MOBI		10.230	10.230	24.552	24.552
4200 FIBER	No	12.617	12.617	26.939	26.939
	Yes	15.004	15.004	29.326	28.985
4500 MOBI		9.889	9.889	26.939	26.939
4500 FIBER	No	9.889	9.889	26.598	26.257
	Yes	12.958	12.958	29.326	29.326
4800 FIBER	No	23.529	23.529	47.399	47.058

Device	Fiber- optic module installed	ldle @ 115 Vac / 60 Hz	ldle @ 230 Vac / 60 Hz	Full load @ 115 Vac / 60 Hz	Full load @ 230 Vac / 60 Hz
	Yes	27.280	26.939	51.832	50.468

14. FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC) RADIO INTERFERENCE STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC Caution: to assure continued compliance, use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

This device has been assembled using components that comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Industry Canada

The use of this device in a system operating either partially or completely outdoors may require the user to obtain a license for the system according to the Canadian regulations.

Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with RSS-247 of Industry Canada.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Avis d'industrie Canada

Le present appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence.

L'exploitation est autorisee aux deux conditions suivantes:

(1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et, and (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioelectrique subi, meme si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

IC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

EC Declaration of Conformity

Fluidmesh Networks, Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that the Fluidmesh 1200 VOLO is compliant with the following directives, and has been designed and manufactured to the following specifications:

EMC	EN 61000-6-1; EN 61000-6-2; EN 61000-6-3; EN 61000-6-4;						
	EN 489-17						
R&TTE	EN 300 328-1 V. 1.3.1; EN 300 328-2 V. 1.2.1; EN						
	301 893-1 V. 1.2.1; EN 300 440-2 V. 1.3.1						
Safety	EN 60950-1:2001						

Caution: This equipment is intended to be used in all EU and EFTA countries. Contact local Authority for procedure to follow.

Note:

Class A ITE is a category of all other ITE which satisfies the class A ITE but not the class B ITE limits.

Such equipment should not be restricted in its sale but the following warning shall be included in the instruction for use:

WARNING: this is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

For more details on legal combinations of power levels and antennas, contact Fluidmesh Networks, Inc.

Belgique

Dans le cas d'une utilisation privee, `a l'exterieur d'un batiment, audessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est necessaire pour une dis-tance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance sup'erieure `a 300m un enregistrement aupr`es de l'IBPT est requise. Pour une utilisation publque a l'exterieur de batiments, une licence de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.

France

Vous pouvez contacter l'Autorite de Regulation des Telecommunications (http://www.art-telecom.fr) pour de plus amples renseignements.

15. FLUIDMESH END-USER LICENSE AGREEMENT

15.1. Preamble

This License Agreement strictly prohibits you from using the Fluidmesh Firmware on any device other than a Fluidmesh Device. You are also prohibited from removing or modifying any Cisco or Fluidmesh copyright notice, trademark or user interface of the Fluidmesh Firmware or any Fluidmesh Device.

The Fluidmesh Firmware is copyright-protected material under United States and international copyright and other applicable laws. Unauthorized copying, use or modification of any part of this firmware, or violation of the terms of this Agreement, will be prosecuted to the maximum extent allowable under law.

15.2. Notice

This is an agreement between you and Fluidmesh, a division of Cisco (hereafter known as 'Fluidmesh').

You must read and agree to the terms of this firmware license agreement (hereafter known as the 'agreement') before any Fluidmesh firmware can be downloaded, installed or used. By clicking the 'Accept' button on any Fluidmesh firmware download webpage, or by downloading, installing or using Fluidmesh firmware and/or by using any Fluidmesh device running Fluidmesh firmware, you are agreeing to be bound by the terms and conditions of this agreement. If you do not agree with the terms and conditions of this agreement, then you should not download, install or use any Fluidmesh firmware, and you agree to forego any implied or stated rights to download, install or use Fluidmesh firmware.

15.3. Definitions

For the purpose of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

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'Fluidmesh Device' means a Fluidmesh networking device that you purchase or otherwise rightfully acquire;

'Fluidmesh Firmware' means the firmware in object code form made available by Fluidmesh for Fluidmesh Devices; and

'You' and 'Your' mean the company, entity or individual who owns or otherwise rightfully acquires the Fluidmesh Device into which the Fluidmesh Firmware will be incorporated.

15.4. License grant

Fluidmesh grants you a non-exclusive, non-transferable license to use a copy of the Fluidmesh Firmware and accompanying documentation and any updates or upgrades thereto provided by Fluidmesh according to the terms set forth below. You are authorized by this license to use the Fluidmesh Firmware in object code form only, and solely in conjunction with applicable and permitted Fluidmesh-branded products and/or services and in accordance with the applicable documentation. You are granted a limited and non-exclusive license (without the right to sub-license) to use the software solely for the Fluidmesh Devices that you own and control, and solely for use in conjunction with the Fluidmesh Firmware.

15.5. Uses and restrictions on use

You may:

(a) download and use Fluidmesh Firmware for use in Fluidmesh Devices, and make copies of the Fluidmesh Firmware as reasonably necessary for such use, provided that you reproduce, unaltered, all proprietary notices that exist on or in the copies.

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(b) use the Fluidmesh Firmware on any non-Fluidmesh Devices;

(c) copy the Fluidmesh Firmware (except as expressly permitted above), or copy the accompanying documentation;

(d) modify, translate, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt (i) to defeat, avoid, bypass, remove, deactivate, or otherwise circumvent any software protection mechanisms in the Fluidmesh Firmware, including without limitation any such mechanism used to restrict or control the functionality of the Fluidmesh Firmware, or (ii) to derive the source code or the underlying ideas, algorithms, structure or organization from the Fluidmesh Firmware (except that the foregoing limitation does not apply to the extent that such activities may not be prohibited under applicable law); or

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Fluidmesh Devices must be properly installed and they are sold for installation by a professional installer only. Fluidmesh Devices must be installed by a professional installer of wireless networking products certified by Fluidmesh, and they are not designed for installation by the general public. It is your responsibility to follow local country regulations, including operation within legal frequency channels, output power, and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) requirements. You are responsible for keeping the devices working according to these rules.

(g) The Fluidmesh Firmware contains technological protection or other security features designed to prevent unauthorized use of the Fluidmesh Firmware, including features to protect against use of the Fluidmesh Fimrware beyond the scope of the license granted herein, or in a manner prohibited herein. You agree that you shall not, and shall not attempt to, remove, disable, circumvent or otherwise create or implement any workaround to, any such copy protection or security features.

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You hereby acknowledge that the Fluidmesh Firmware may contain Open Source Software. You agree to review any documentation that accompanies the Fluidmesh Firmware or is identified in the documentation for the Fluidmesh Firmware, in order to determine which portions of the Fluidmesh Firmware are Open Source Software and are licensed under an Open Source Software license. To the extent that any such license requires that Fluidmesh provide you with rights to copy, modify, distribute or otherwise use any Open Source Software that are inconsistent with the limited rights granted to you in this Agreement, then such rights in the applicable Open Source Software license shall take precedence over the rights and restrictions granted in this Agreement, but solely with respect to such Open Source Software. You acknowledge that the Open Source Software license is solely between you and the applicable licensor of the Open Source Software. You shall comply with the terms of all applicable Open Source Software licenses, if any. Copyrights to the Open Source Software are held by the copyright holders indicated in the copyright notices in the corresponding source files, or as disclosed at www.fluidmesh.com.

15.7. Termination

This license will continue until terminated. Unauthorized copying of the Fluidmesh Firmware or failure to comply with the above restrictions will result in automatic termination of this Agreement and will make other legal remedies available to Fluidmesh. This license will also automatically terminate if you go into liquidation, suffer or make any winding-up petition, make an arrangement with your creditors, or suffer or file any similar action in any jurisdiction in consequence of debt.

Furthermore, Fluidmesh may immediately terminate this Agreement if (i) you fail to cure a breach of this Agreement (other than a breach pursuant to Fluidmesh intellectual property rights) within thirty (30) calendar days after its receipt of written notice regarding such breach, or (ii) you breach any Fluidmesh intellectual property right. Upon termination of this license for any reason, you agree to destroy all copies of the Fluidmesh Firmware. Any use of the Fluidmesh Firmware after termination is unlawful.

15.8. Feedback

You may provide suggestions, comments or other feedback ('Feedback') with respect to Fluidmesh Firmware, and Fluidmesh Devices. Feedback, even if designated as confidential by you, shall not impose any confidentiality obligations on Fluidmesh. You agree that Fluidmesh is free to use, disclose, reproduce, license or otherwise distribute and exploit any Feedback provided by you as Fluidmesh sees fit, entirely without obligation or restriction of any kind on account of intellectual property rights, or otherwise.

15.9. Consent to use of data

You acknowledge and agree that Fluidmesh may, directly or indirectly through the services of third parties, collect and store information regarding the use and performance of the Fluidmesh Firmware and Fluidmesh Devices, and about equipment through which it otherwise is accessed and used.

You further agree that Fluidmesh may use such information for any purpose related to any use of the Fluidmesh Firmware and Fluidmesh Devices by you, including, without limitation, improving the performance of the Fluidmesh Firmware or developing updates and verifying your compliance with the terms of this Agreement and enforcing Fluidmesh's rights, including all intellectual property rights in and to the Fluidmesh Firmware.

Fluidmesh shall have the right to collect and analyze data and other information relating to the provision, use and performance of various aspects of the Fluidmesh Firmware and Fluidmesh Devices and related systems and technologies ('Data'), and you give Fluidmesh the right to use and disclose such Data (during and after the term of this Agreement) in accordance with Fluidmesh's Privacy Policy. If you choose to allow diagnostic and usage collection, you agree that Fluidmesh and its subsidiaries and agents may collect, maintain, process and use diagnostic, technical, usage and related information, including but not limited to unique system or hardware identifiers, information about your device, system and software, that is gathered periodically to provide and improve Fluidmesh's products and services, facilitate the provision of software updates, product support and other services to you (if any) related to Fluidmesh may use this information, as long as it is collected in a form that does not personally identify you, for the purposes described above.

To enable Fluidmesh's partners and third-party developers to improve their software, hardware and services designed for use with Fluidmesh products, Fluidmesh may also provide any such partner or third-party developer with a subset of diagnostic information that is relevant to that partner's or developer's software, hardware and/or services, as long as the diagnostic information is in a form that does not personally identify you.

15.10. Warranty disclaimer

Fluidmesh Firmware, including without limitation any open source software, any Fluidmesh Device, and any accompanying documentation are provided 'As is', and Fluidmesh and its suppliers make, and you receive, no warranties or conditions, whether express, implied, statutory or otherwise, or in any communication with you, and Fluidmesh and its suppliers specifically disclaim any implied warranty of merchantability, satisfactory quality, fitness for a particular purpose, or non-infringement and their equivalents.

Fluidmesh does not warrant that the operation of the Fluidmesh Firmware will be uninterrupted or error-free or that the Fluidmesh Firmware will meet your specific requirements. You acknowledge that Fluidmesh has no support or maintenance obligations for the Fluidmesh Firmware.

15.11. Limitation of liability

Except to the extent that liability may not by law be limited or excluded, in no event will Fluidmesh or its suppliers be liable for loss of, or corruption to data, lost profits or loss of contracts, cost of procurement of substitute products or other special, incidental, punitive, consequential or indirect damages arising from the supply or use of the Fluidmesh Firmware, howsoever caused and on any theory of liability (including without limitation negligence).

This limitation will apply even if Fluidmesh or an authorized distributor or authorized reseller has been advised of the possibility of such damages, and notwithstanding the failure of essential purpose of any limited remedy. In no event shall Fluidmesh's or its suppliers' or its resellers' liability exceed five hundred United States dollars (US\$ 500). You acknowledge that this provision reflects a reasonable allocation of risk.

15.12. Exclusion of liability for emergency services

Fluidmesh does not support, nor are the services intended to support or carry, emergency calls to any emergency services, including but not limited to 911 dialing.

Fluidmesh will not be held responsible for any liability or any losses, and you, on behalf of yourself and all persons using the services through the licensed products, hereby waive any and all such claims or causes of action for losses arising from, or relating to, any party's attempts to contact emergency service providers using the licensed products, including but not limited to calls to public safety answering points.

Fluidmesh will not be held liable for any losses, whether in contract, warranty, tort (including negligence), or any other form of liability, for any claim, damage, or loss, (and you hereby waive any and all such claims or causes of action), arising from or relating to your (i) inability to use the services to contact emergency services, or (ii) failure to make additional arrangements to access emergency services.

The parties expressly acknowledge and agree that Fluidmesh has set its prices and entered into this agreement in reliance upon the limitations of liability and disclaimers of warranties specified herein, which allocate the risk between Fluidmesh and the end user and form a basis of the bargain between the parties.

15.13. Export control

You acknowledge that the Fluidmesh Devices, Fluidmesh Firmware, documents, technical data, and any other materials delivered under this Agreement are subject to U.S. export control laws, and may also be subject to export or import regulations in other countries. You agree to comply strictly with these laws and regulations and acknowledge that you have the responsibility to obtain any licenses to export, re-export, or import as may be required after delivery to you. You shall not, directly or indirectly, export, re-export or release the Fluidmesh Devices and Fluidmesh Firmware, to, or make the Fluidmesh Devices and Fluidmesh Firmware accessible from any jurisdiction or country to which export, reexport or release is prohibited by law, rule or regulation. In particular, but without limitation, the Fluidmesh Devices and Fluidmesh Firmware may not be exported or re-exported (a) into any U.S. embargoed countries or (b) to anyone on the U.S. Treasury Department's list of Specially Designated Nationals or the U.S. Department of Commerce Denied Person's List or Entity List.

By using the Fluidmesh Devices and Fluidmesh Firmware, you represent and warrant that you are not located in any such country or on any such list. You acknowledge and agree that you shall strictly comply with all applicable laws, regulations and rules, and complete all required undertakings (including obtaining any necessary export license or other governmental approval), prior to operating the Fluidmesh Devices and Fluidmesh Firmware, or exporting, re-exporting, releasing or otherwise making the Fluidmesh Devices and Fluidmesh Firmware available outside the U.S. You acknowledge and agree that Fluidmesh has no further responsibility after the initial delivery to you, and you hereby agree to indemnify and hold Fluidmesh harmless from and against all claim, loss, liability or damage suffered or incurred by Fluidmesh resulting from, or related to your failure to comply with all export or import regulations.

15.14. General

This Agreement shall not be governed by the 1980 U.N. Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods. Rather, this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Illinois, including its Uniform Commercial Code, without reference to conflicts of laws principles. You agree to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the State and Federal courts in Illinois, United States.

This Agreement is the entire agreement between you and Fluidmesh, and supersedes any other communications or advertising with respect to the Fluidmesh Firmware and accompanying documentation. If any provision of this Agreement is held invalid or unenforceable, such provision shall be revised to the extent necessary to cure the invalidity or unenforceability, and the remainder of the Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.

This Agreement and all documents, notices, evidence, reports, opinions and other documents given or to be given under this Agreement (collectively with this Agreement, 'Documents') are and will be written in the English language only. In the event of any inconsistency between any Document in the English language and any translation of it into another language, the English-language Document shall prevail. If you are acquiring the Fluidmesh Firmware on behalf of any part of the U.S. Government, the following provisions apply: The Fluidmesh Firmware and accompanying documentation are deemed to be 'commercial computer software' and 'commercial computer software documentation' respectively, pursuant to DFAR Section 227.7202 and FAR 12.212(b), as applicable. Any use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display or disclosure of the Fluidmesh Firmware and/or the accompanying documentation by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies shall be governed solely by the terms of this Agreement and shall be prohibited except to the extent expressly permitted by the terms of this Agreement. Any technical data provided that is not covered by the above provisions is deemed to be 'technical data-commercial items' pursuant to DFAR Section 227.7015(a). Any use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display or disclosure of such technical data shall be governed by the terms of DFAR Section 227.7015(b).

Fluidmesh is a trademark of Cisco Systems in the United States and worldwide.

16. CONTACT US

Worldwide Headquarters: Fluidmesh Networks LLC 81 Prospect Street Brooklyn, New York 11201 United States of America Tel. +1 (617) 209 -6080 Fax. +1 (866) 458-1522 info@fluidmesh.com Technical Support desk: support@fluidmesh.com www.fluidmesh.com Regional headquarters for Europe, the Middle East and Africa: Tel. +39 02 0061 6189 **Regional headquarters for the United Kingdom:** Tel. +44 2078 553 132 **Regional headquarters for France:** Tel. +33 1 82 88 33 6 **Regional headquarters for Australia and New Zealand:** Tel: +61 401 747 403