



**MET Laboratories, Inc.** *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE ● BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 ● PHONE (410) 354-3300 ● FAX (410) 354-3313

January 5, 2011

AirWalk Communications, Inc.  
1830 N. Greenville Ave.  
Richardson, TX 75081

Dear Rob MacLennan,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the AirWalk Communications, Inc., AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version as tested to the requirements of the FCC Certification rules under Title 47 of the CFR Part 22 Subpart H and RSS-118, Issue 2, August 1990 for Cellular Devices, and Part 15 Subpart B and ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for Class A Digital Devices.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please contact me.

Sincerely yours,  
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell  
Documentation Department

Reference: (\AirWalk Communications, Inc.\EMC27786C-FCC22 Rev. 2)

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## **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report**

for the

**AirWalk Communications, Inc.  
Model AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version**

**Tested under  
FCC Certification Rules  
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 22 Subpart H & RSS-118, Issue 2, August 1990  
for Cellular Devices,  
Part 15 Subpart B & ICES-003 for Class A Digital Devices**

**MET Report: EMC27786C-FCC22 Rev. 2**

January 5, 2011

**Prepared For:**

**AirWalk Communications, Inc.  
1830 N. Greenville Ave.  
Richardson, TX 75081**

**Prepared By:  
MET Laboratories, Inc.  
914 W. Patapsco Ave  
Baltimore, MD 21230**

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**for Cellular Devices,**  
**Part 15 Subpart B & ICES-003 for Class A Digital Devices**



Len Knight, Project Engineer  
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Jennifer Warnell  
Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 22 Subpart H, and Part 15 Subpart B of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-118, Issue 2, August 1990 under normal use and maintenance.



Shawn McMillen, Wireless Manager  
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



## Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
∅	November 12, 2010	Initial Issue.
1	November 15, 2010	Editorial corrections.
2	January 5, 2011	Revised to reflect modulation correction.

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## List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dB $\mu$ A	Decibels above one <b>microamp</b>
dB $\mu$ V	Decibels above one <b>microvolt</b>
dB $\mu$ A/m	Decibels above one <b>microamp per meter</b>
dB $\mu$ V/m	Decibels above one <b>microvolt per meter</b>
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
$\mu$ H	<b>microhenry</b>
$\mu$ F	<b>microfarad</b>
$\mu$ s	<b>microseconds</b>
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts <b>per meter</b>
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane





# I. Executive Summary

## A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the AirWalk Communications, Inc. AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version, with the requirements of Part 22 Subpart H and Part 15 Subpart B. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version. AirWalk Communications, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version, has been **permanently** discontinued.

## B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 22 Subpart H and Part 15 Subpart B, in accordance with AirWalk Communications, Inc., purchase order number 98098.

Reference	IC Reference	Description	Compliance
Part 15 Subpart B §15.109(a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emissions	Compliant
Part 15 Subpart B §15.107(a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§2.1046; §22.913	RSS-118, Section 7.1	RF Power Output	Compliant
§2.1047	RSS-118, Section 7.4	Modulation Characteristics	Not Applicable
§2.1049	RSS-GEN, Section 4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§2.1051; §22.917, §24.238	RSS-118, Section 7.2	Conducted Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	Compliant
§2.1053; §22.917, §24.238	RSS-118, Section 7.2	Radiated Spurious Emissions from the Cabinet	Compliant
§2.1055; §22.355, §24.135	RSS-118, Section 8.1	Frequency Stability	Compliant
N/A	RSS-GEN, Section 6	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

**Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Compliance Testing**



## II. Equipment Configuration



**A. Overview**

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by AirWalk Communications, Inc. to perform testing on the AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version, under AirWalk Communications, Inc.’s purchase order number 98098.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the AirWalk Communications, Inc., AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

<b>Model(s) Tested:</b>	AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version		
<b>EUT Specifications:</b>	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz		
	FCC ID: R4HAWFTRBC1		
	Type of Modulations:	QPSK	
	Equipment Code:	PCB	
	RF Output Power:	-9.63 dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	<b>Transmit</b>	869 – 894 MHz
<b>Receive</b>		824 – 849 MHz	
<b>Analysis:</b>	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
<b>Environmental Test Conditions:</b>	Temperature: 15-35° C		
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
<b>Evaluated by:</b>	Len Knight		
<b>Date(s):</b>	January 5, 2011		

**Table 2. EUT Summary Table**

## B. References

<b>CFR 47, Part 22, Subpart H</b>	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 22: Rules and Regulations for Cellular Devices.
<b>CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
<b>RSS-118, Issue 2, August 1990</b>	Land and Subscriber Stations: Voice, Data and Tone Modulated, Angle Modulation Radiotelephone Transmitters and Receivers Operating in the Cellular Mobile Bands 824 - 849 MHz and 869 - 894 MHz
<b>ANSI C63.4:2003</b>	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
<b>ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994</b>	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
<b>ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000</b>	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
<b>EIA/TIA-603-A-2001</b>	Land Mobile FM or PM Communication Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards

**Table 3. Standard References**

## C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Ave, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site).

## D. Description of Test Sample

AW100 is a small (1 RU) CDMA cellular base station which is sold to CDMA cellular service providers for deployment into their networks.

The AW100 is connected via LAN to the customer's voice or data core network for call processing. The AW100 works as the radio access network. It is installed in a cell site and connected to an external antenna system installed by customer. A GPS antenna would be connected for timing source.

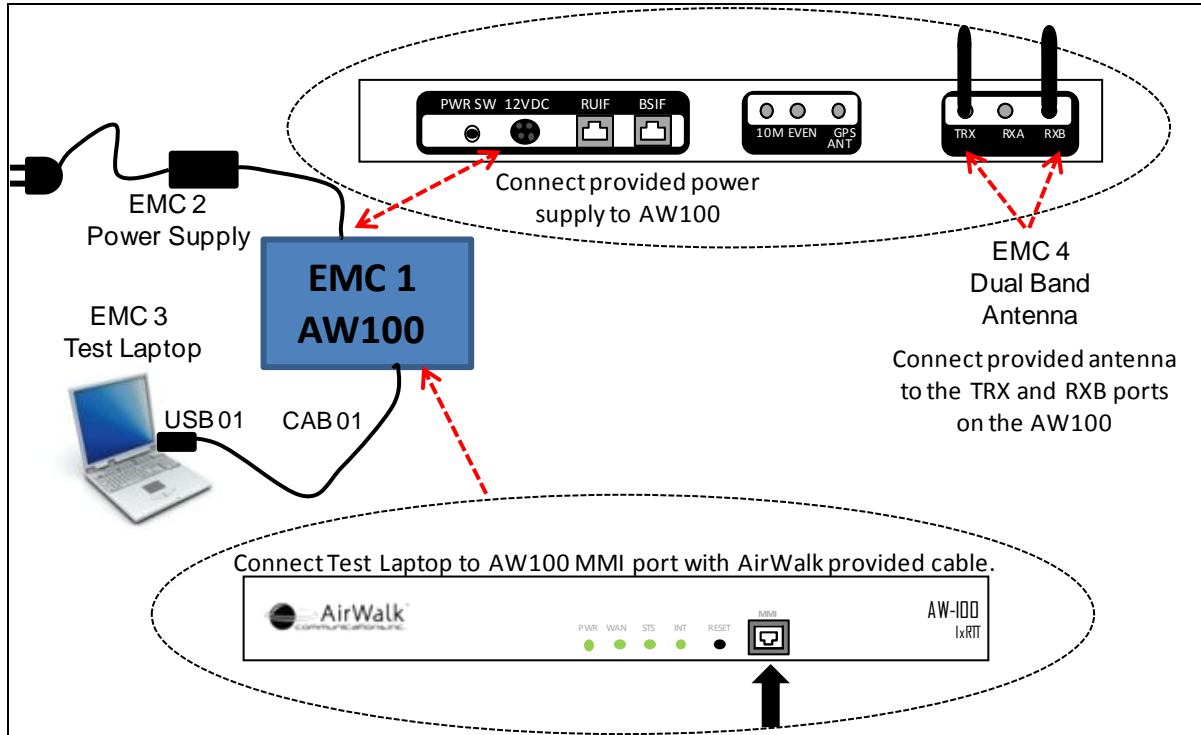


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

### E. Equipment Configuration

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number
EMC 1	AW100	AW100 (800 MHz) 0.1mW Version
EMC 2	AC/DC Power Supply	LED-60-12

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

### F. Support Equipment

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
EMC 3	Test Laptop	IBM Think Pad	2669-44U	L3-LDVN6
EMC 4	Dual Band Antenna (2)	Nearson	D131AM-AMPS/PCS-S	N/A

Table 5. Support Equipment (Radiated Emissions)



## G. Ports and Cabling Information

Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port ID
MMI	MMI test cable	1	2	N	Laptop
RU1F	CAT 5	1	1	N	Unterminated
BS1F	CAT 5	1	1	N	Unterminated
IOM	COAX	1	1	Y	50 OHM Load
EVEN	COAX	1	1	Y	50 OHM Load
GPS ANT	COAX	1	1	Y	50 OHM Load
RXA	COAX	1	1	Y	50 OHM Load

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

## H. Mode of Operation

The AW100 will be powered up and connected to test equipment. Using the provided Test Laptop the transmitter will be turned on and off depending on tests to be performed.

## I. Modifications

### a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

### b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

## J. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to AirWalk Communications, Inc. upon completion of testing.



### **III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators**





## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

### § 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** **15.107 (a)** “Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.”

**15.107 (b)** “For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.”

Frequency range (MHz)	15.107(b), Class A Limits (dBµV)		15.107(a), Class B Limits (dBµV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15- 0.5	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 – 5.0	73	60	56	46
5.0 - 30	73	60	60	50

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

**Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Section 15.107(a) (b)**

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was place on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside a shielded room. The method of testing, test conditions, and test procedures of ANSI C63.4 were used. The EUT was powered through a 50Ω/50µH LISN. An EMI receiver, connected to the measurement port of the LISN, scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz in order to find the peak conducted emissions. All peak emissions within 6 dB of the limit were measured using a quasi-peak and/or average detector as appropriate.

**Test Results:** The EUT was found compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

**Test Engineer(s):** Manasi Bhandiwad

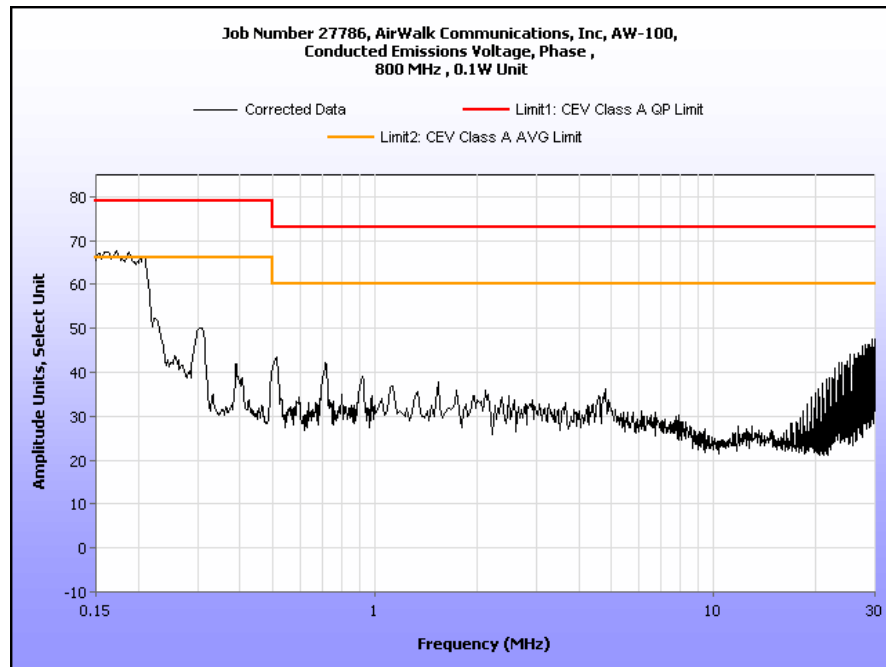
**Test Date(s):** 10/25/10



**Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)**

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.15	48.1	0	48.1	79	-30.9	33.73	0	33.73	66	-32.27
0.194	54.1	0	54.1	79	-24.9	45.44	0	45.44	66	-20.56
0.307	50.48	0	50.48	79	-28.52	45.26	0	45.26	66	-20.74
0.509	43	0	43	73	-30	35.93	0	35.93	60	-24.07
0.716	40.31	0	40.31	73	-32.69	31	0	31	60	-29
29.95	27.6	0.16	27.76	73	-45.24	20.81	0.16	20.97	60	-39.03

**Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)**



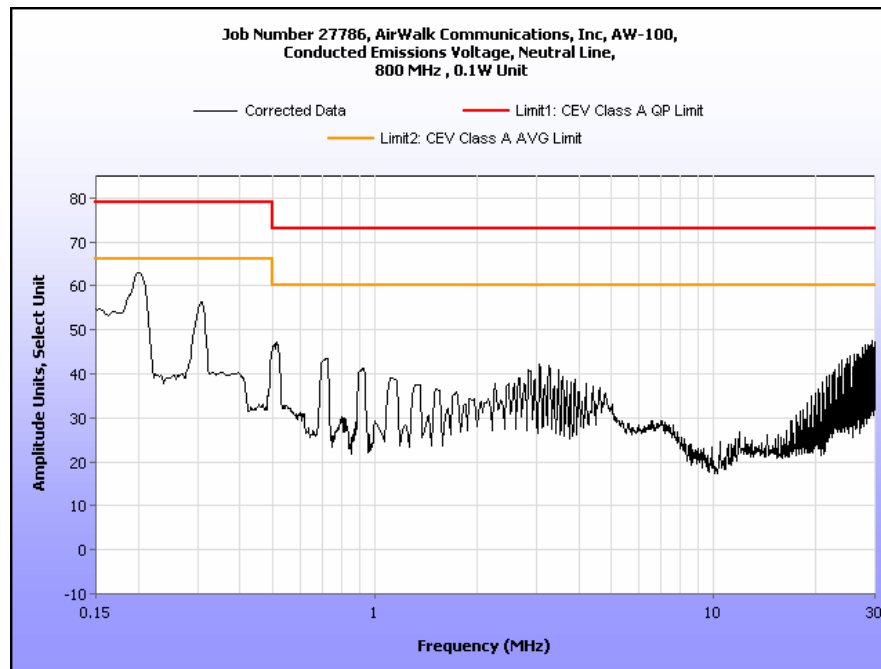
**Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line**



**Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)**

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.202	60.7	0	60.7	79	-18.3	50.21	0	50.21	66	-15.79
0.303	53.18	0	53.18	79	-25.82	51.31	0	51.31	66	-14.69
0.512	45.21	0	45.21	73	-27.79	41.72	0	41.72	60	-18.28
0.723	42.63	0	42.63	73	-30.37	35.94	0	35.94	60	-24.06
0.931	40.27	0	40.27	73	-32.73	31.86	0	31.86	60	-28.14
29.95	29.26	0.16	29.42	73	-43.58	24.25	0.16	24.41	60	-35.59

**Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)**



**Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line**

## Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



**Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup**



## Radiated Emission Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 10.

**15.109 (b)** The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 10.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dB $\mu$ V) @ 10m	§15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dB $\mu$ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

**Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)**

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was placed on a wooden stand inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Emissions measured at 3m were normalized using an inverse proportionality factor of 20 dB per decade for comparison to the 10 m limit.

**Test Results:** The EUT was found compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits

**Test Engineer(s):** Dusmantha Tennakoon

**Test Date(s):** 09/30/10



### Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

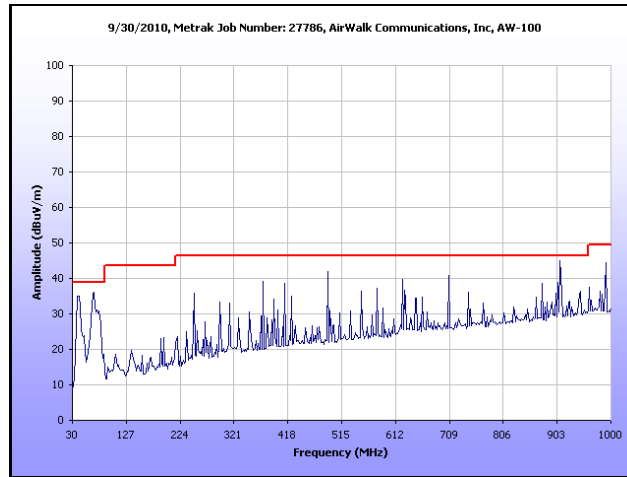
Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
41.820641	257	H	1.00	19.70	8.86	0.23	10.46	18.33	39.00	-20.67
41.820641	203	V	1.00	35.73	8.86	0.23	10.46	34.36	39.00	-4.64
68.385772	59	H	3.05	29.24	9.78	0.23	10.46	28.79	39.00	-10.21
68.385772	197	V	2.28	35.16	9.78	0.23	10.46	34.71	39.00	-4.29
907.50526	122	H	1.00	32.16	22.55	1.67	10.46	45.92	46.40	-0.48
907.50526	213	V	1.00	28.24	22.55	1.67	10.46	42.00	46.40	-4.40
490.00376	361	H	1.00	33.47	17.30	1.00	10.46	41.31	46.40	-5.09
490.00376	151	V	2.00	26.71	17.30	1.00	10.46	34.55	46.40	-11.85
707.78206	260	H	1.00	28.99	20.26	1.50	10.46	40.29	46.40	-6.11
707.78206	273	V	1.00	29.41	20.26	1.50	10.46	40.71	46.40	-5.69
375.00952	69	H	1.00	34.46	14.70	0.83	10.46	39.53	46.40	-6.87
375.00952	135	V	1.00	28.30	14.70	0.83	10.46	33.37	46.40	-13.03

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, FCC Limits

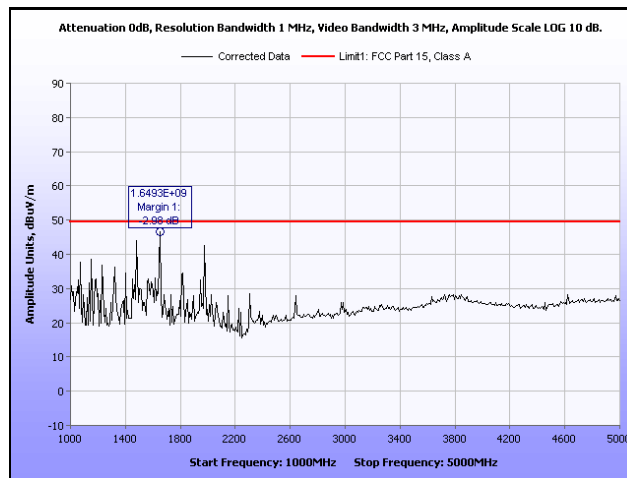
Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
41.820641	257	H	1.00	19.70	8.86	0.23	10.46	18.33	40.00	-21.67
41.820641	203	V	1.00	35.73	8.86	0.23	10.46	34.36	40.00	-5.64
68.385772	59	H	3.05	29.24	9.78	0.23	10.46	28.79	40.00	-11.21
68.385772	197	V	2.28	35.16	9.78	0.23	10.46	34.71	40.00	-5.29
907.50526	122	H	1.00	32.16	22.55	1.67	10.46	45.92	47.00	-1.08
907.50526	213	V	1.00	28.24	22.55	1.67	10.46	42.00	47.00	-5.00
490.00376	361	H	1.00	33.47	17.30	1.00	10.46	41.31	47.00	-5.69
490.00376	151	V	2.00	26.71	17.30	1.00	10.46	34.55	47.00	-12.45
707.78206	260	H	1.00	28.99	20.26	1.50	10.46	40.29	47.00	-6.71
707.78206	273	V	1.00	29.41	20.26	1.50	10.46	40.71	47.00	-6.29
375.00952	69	H	1.00	34.46	14.70	0.83	10.46	39.53	47.00	-7.47
375.00952	135	V	1.00	28.30	14.70	0.83	10.46	33.37	47.00	-13.63

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

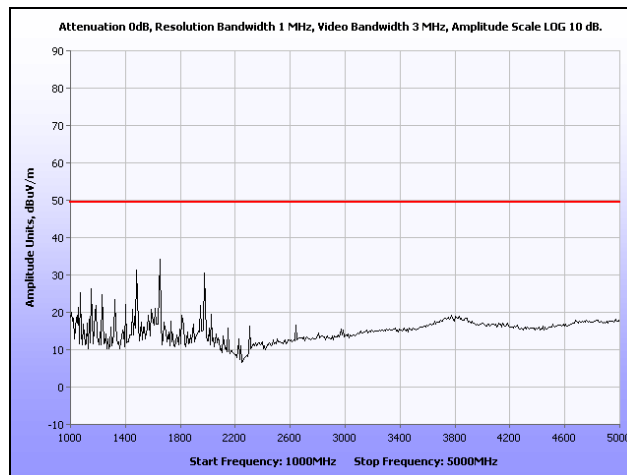
### Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, Pre-Scan, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



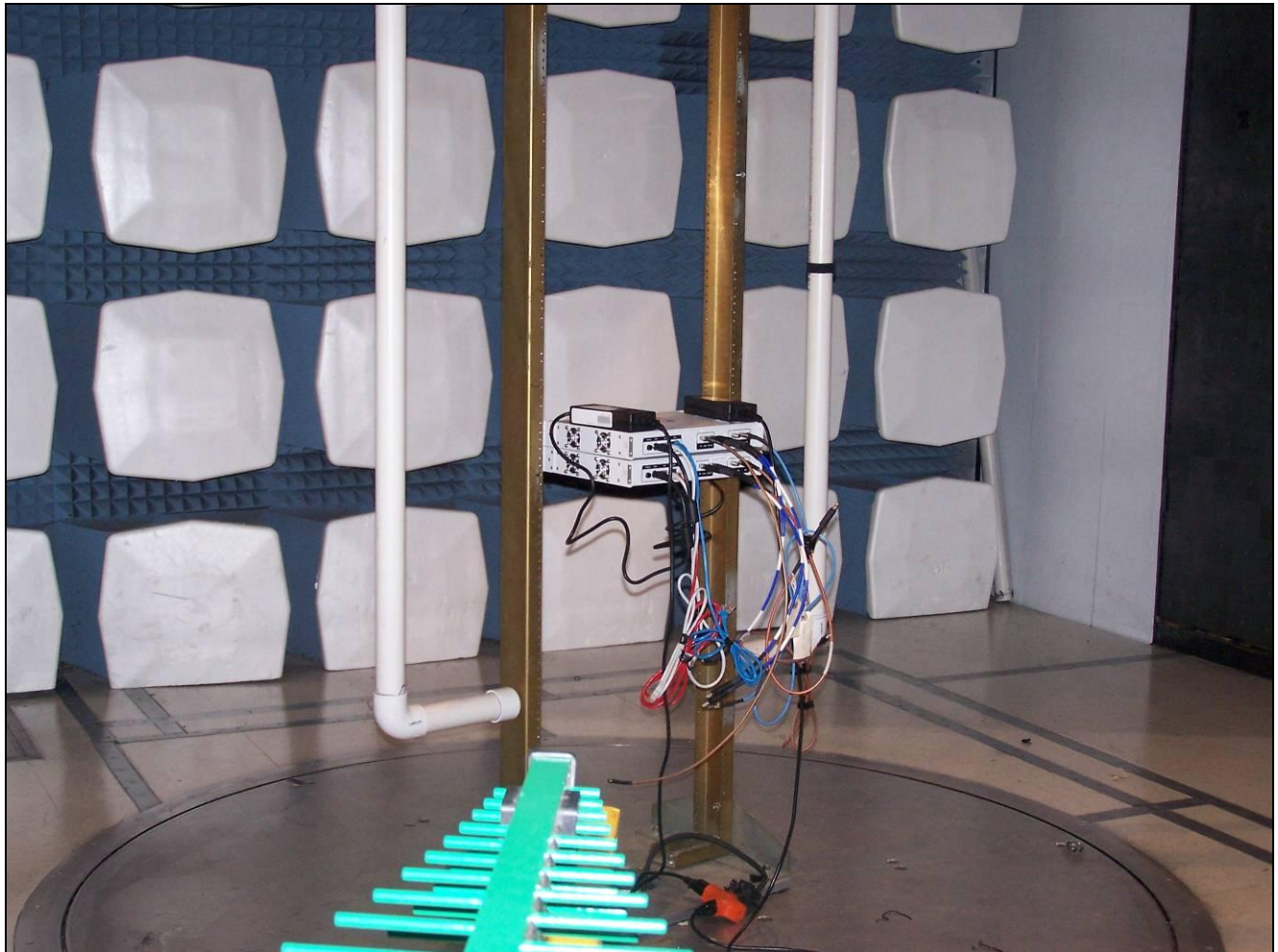
Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 5 GHz, Peak Detector



Plot 5. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 5 GHz, Average Detector



## Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



**Photograph 2. Radiated Emission Limits, Test Setup**





## **IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**



## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 2.1046 RF Power Output

**Test Requirements:** § 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output:

§ 2.1046 (a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

§ 2.1046 (b) For single sideband, independent sideband, and single channel, controlled carrier radiotelephone transmitters, the procedure specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be employed and, in addition, the transmitter shall be modulated during the test as specified and as applicable in § 2.1046 (b) (1-5). In all tests, the input level of the modulating signal shall be such as to develop rated peak envelope power or carrier power, as appropriate, for the transmitter.

§ 2.1046 (c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations.

#### § 22.913 Power and antenna height limits.

§ 22.913(a): The Effective radiated power (ERP) of base transmitters and cellular repeaters must not exceed 500 watts.

**Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1046, RF power output measurements were made at the RF output terminals using an attenuator and spectrum analyzer or power meter. The spectrum analyzer was set to its default settings – RBW, VBW, Sweep Time, etc. – except that the detector was set to an average detector. The “Channel Power” measurement feature of the spectrum analyzer was used to determine the input and output power across the Occupied Bandwidth. Measurements were made with both a Peak and Average detector.

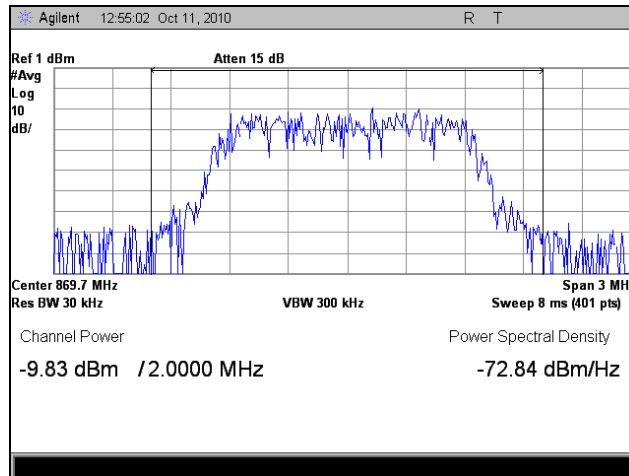
**Test Results:** The EUT complies with the requirements of this section. The EUT conducted power does not exceed limit at the carrier frequency.

**Test Engineer(s):** Len Knight

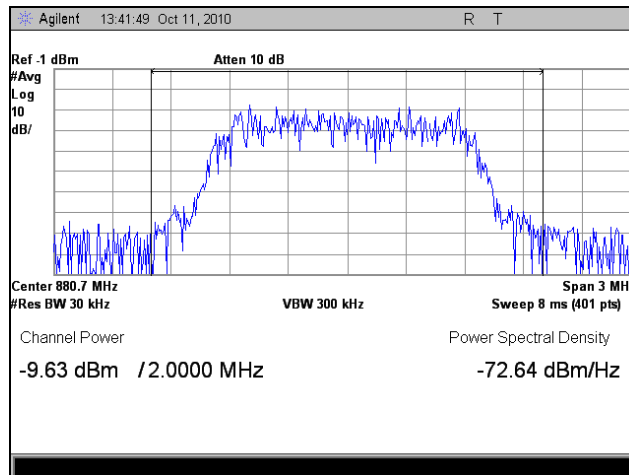
**Test Date(s):** 10/26/10

Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)
Low	1013	869.70	-9.83	-8.32
Mid	356	880.68	-9.63	-8.63
High	777	893.31	-9.98	-9.14

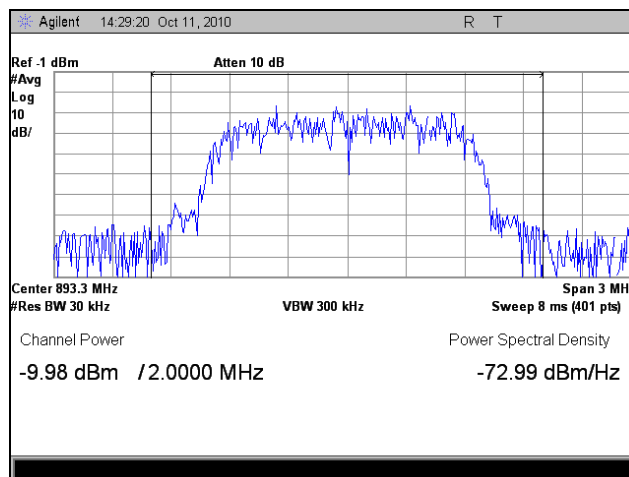
Table 13. RF Output Power, Test Results



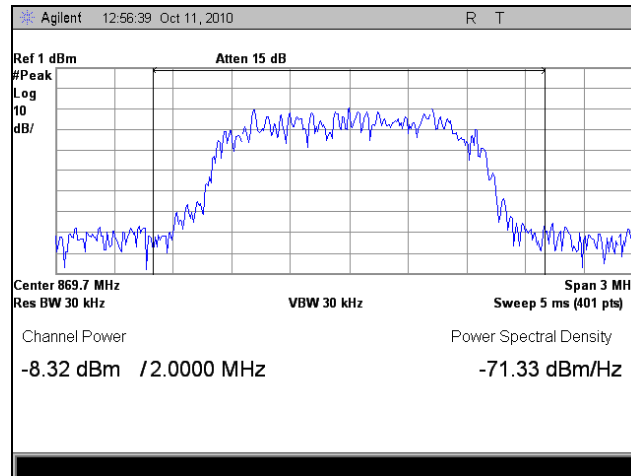
Plot 6. RF Power Output, Low Channel, Average



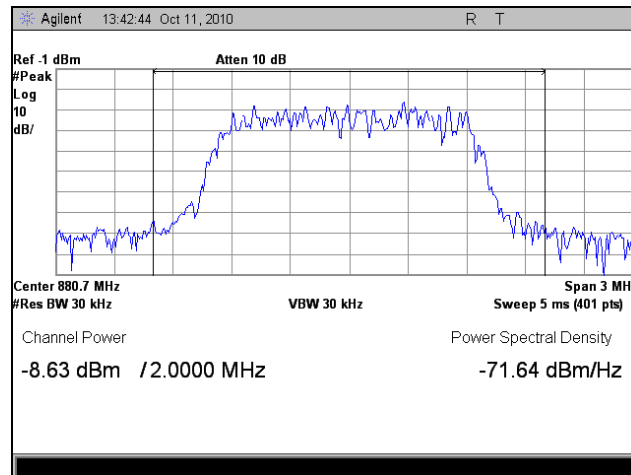
Plot 7. RF Power Output, Mid Channel, Average



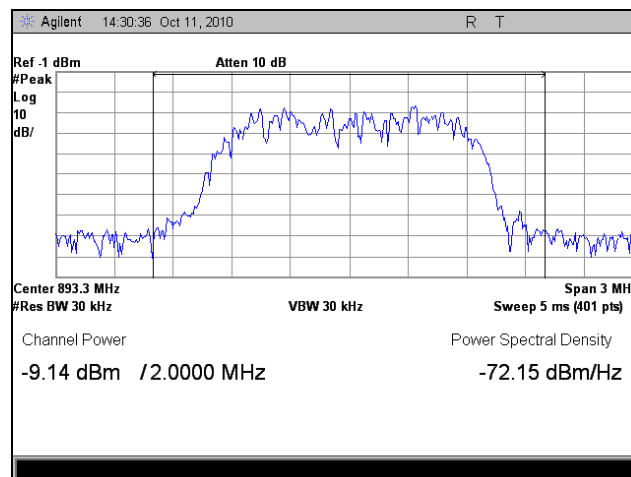
Plot 8. RF Power Output, High Channel, Average



Plot 9. RF Power Output, Low Channel, Peak



Plot 10. RF Power Output, Mid Channel, Peak



Plot 11. RF Power Output, High Channel, Peak



Photograph 3. RF Power Output, Test Setup



## § 2.1049 Occupied Bandwidth

**Test Requirement(s):** § 2.1049 **Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth:** The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the specified conditions of § 2.1049 (a) through (i) as applicable.

**Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1049, *occupied bandwidth measurements* were made with a Spectrum Analyzer connected to the RF port.

The modulation characteristics of signal generator's carrier was measured first at a maximum RF level prescribed by the OEM. The signal generator was then connected to either the Uplink or Downlink input at the appropriate RF level. The resulting modulated signal through the EUT was measured and compared against the original signal.

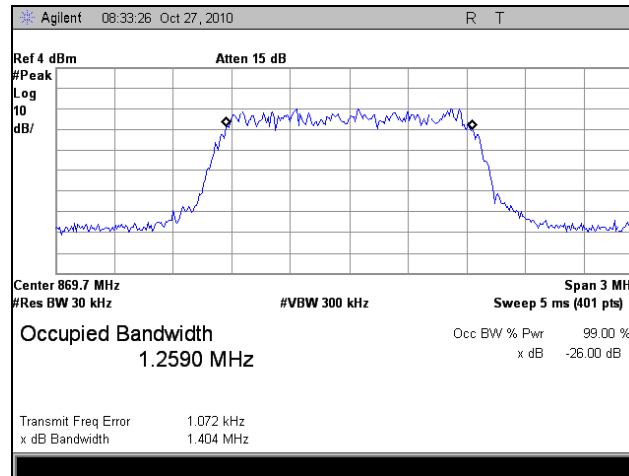
**Test Results:** The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

**Test Engineer(s):** Len Knight

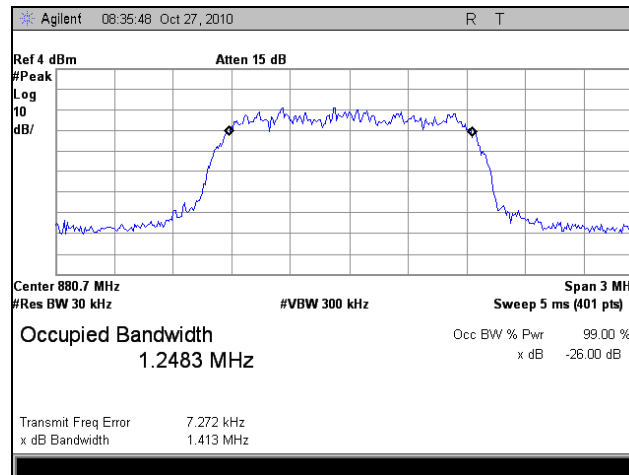
**Test Date(s):** 10/27/10

Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1013	869.70	1.404	1.2590
Mid	356	880.68	1.413	1.2483
High	777	893.31	1.374	1.2277

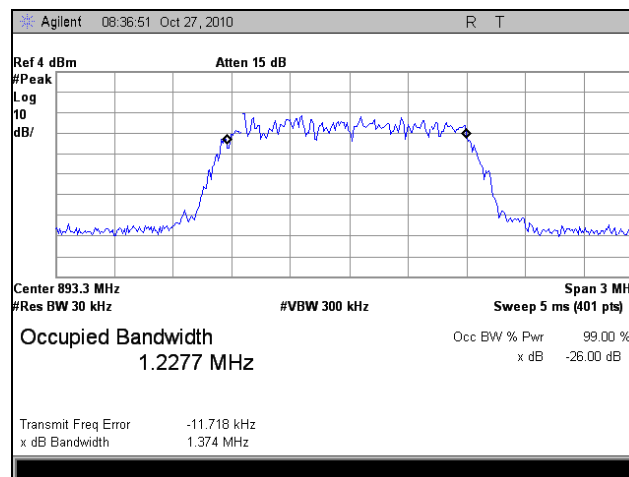
Table 14. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results



Plot 12. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel

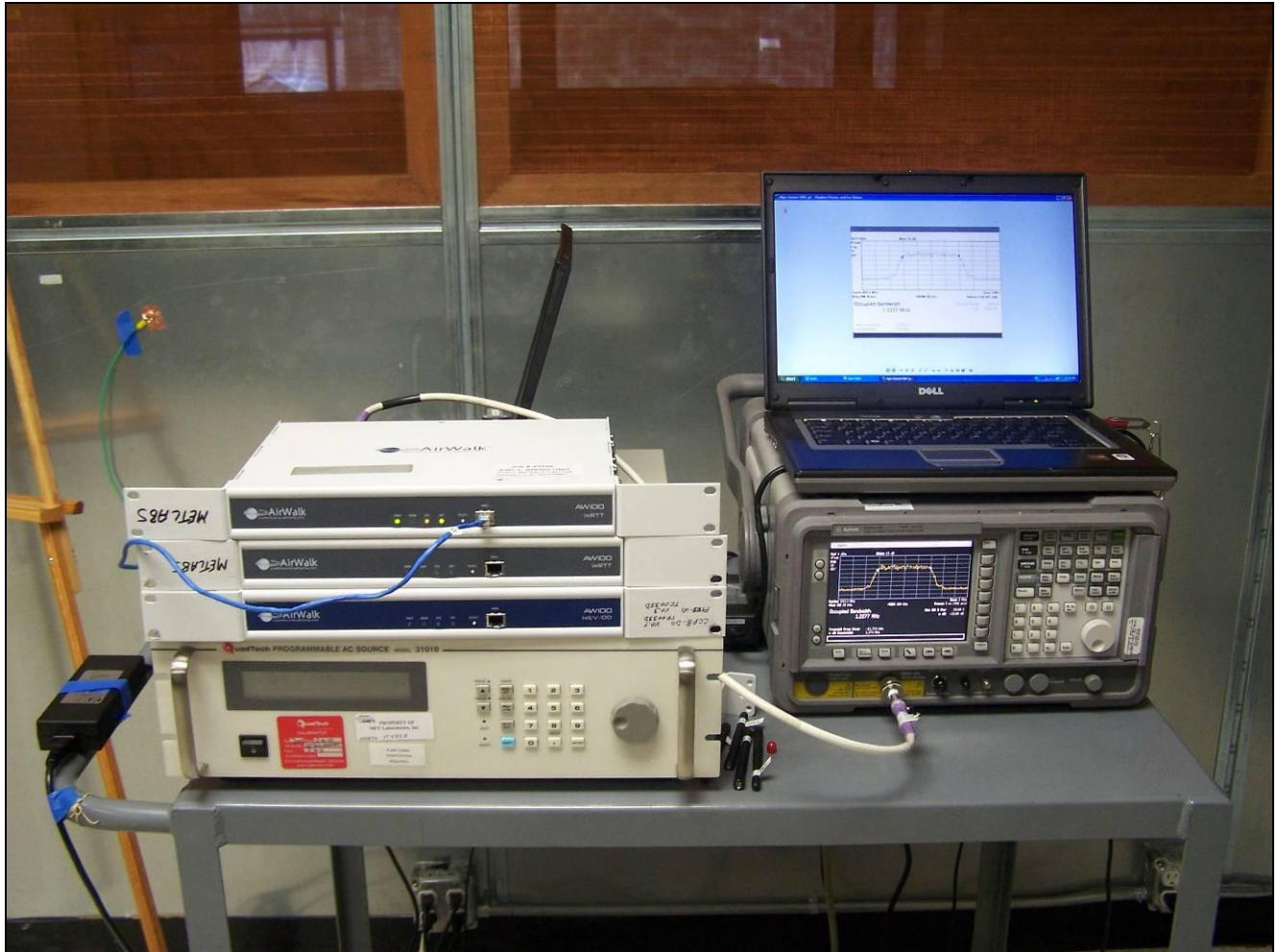


Plot 13. Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel



Plot 14. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel





**Photograph 4. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Setup**





## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 2.1053 Radiated Spurious Emissions

**Test Requirement(s):** § 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

§ 2.1053 (a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of § 2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from half-wave dipole antennas.

§ 2.1053 (b): The measurements specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be made for the following equipment:

- (1) Those in which the spurious emissions are required to be 60 dB or more below the mean power of the transmitter.
- (2) All equipment operating on frequencies higher than 25 MHz.
- (3) All equipment where the antenna is an integral part of, and attached directly to the transmitter.
- (4) Other types of equipment as required, when deemed necessary by the Commission.

§ 22.917 Emission limitations Cellular equipment, § 24.238 Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment: The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Cellular Radiotelephone Service.

§ 22.917 (a), § 24.238 (a): Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$ .



**Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1053, *field strength of radiated spurious measurements* was made in accordance with the procedures of TIA/EIA-603-A-2001 "Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards".

Radiated emission measurements were performed inside a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT's RF ports were terminated to 50ohm load. The EUT was set to transmit at the low, mid and high channels of the transmitter frequency range at its maximum power level. The EUT was rotated about 360<sup>0</sup> and the receiving antenna scanned from 1-4m in order to capture the maximum emission. The plots are corrected for cable loss, antenna correction factor, and distance correction. The field strength was mathematically corrected to an E.I.R.P. Harmonic emissions up to the 10<sup>th</sup> or 40GHz, which ever was the lesser, were investigated.

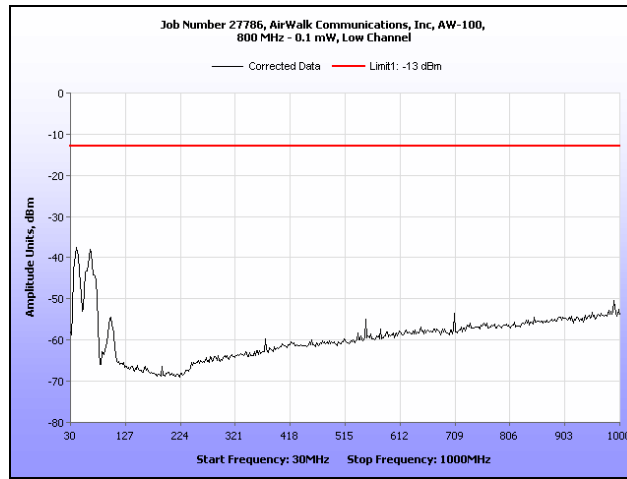
The spectrum analyzer was set to 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW above 1 GHz and 100 kHz RBW and 300 kHz VBW below 1 GHz.. The spectrum was investigated from 30MHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the carrier.

**Test Results:** The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

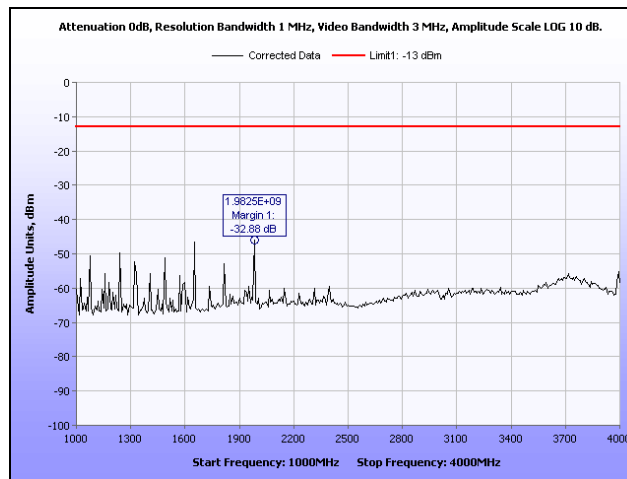
**Test Engineer:** Len Knight

**Test Date(s):** 10/26/10

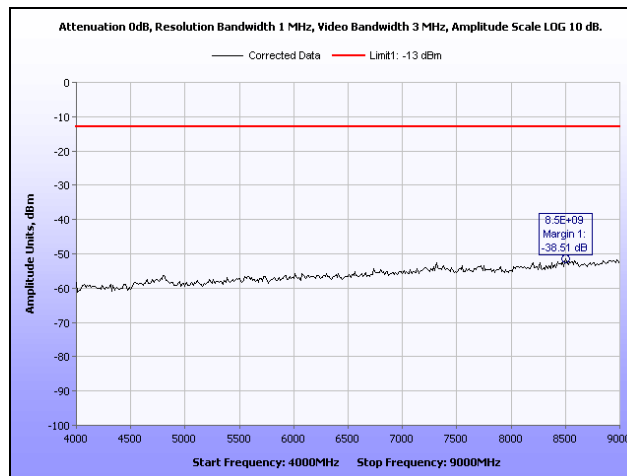
## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



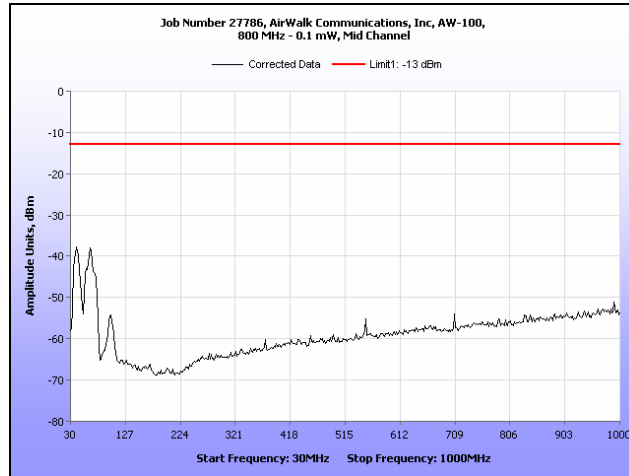
Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



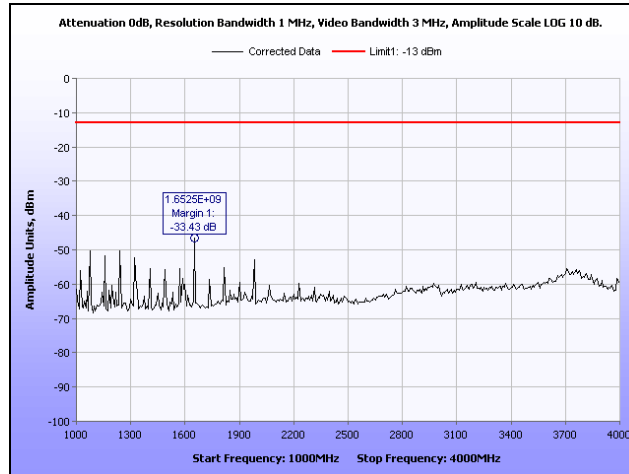
Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 4 GHz



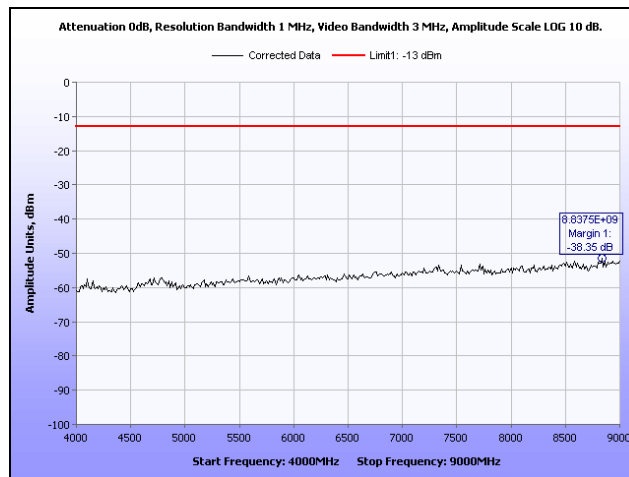
Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 4 GHz – 9 GHz



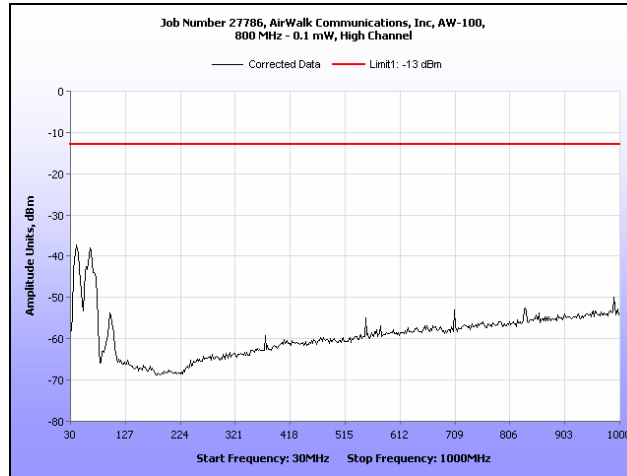
Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



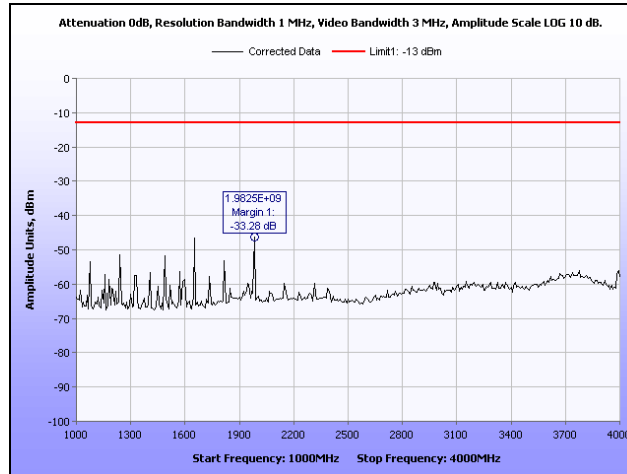
Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 4 GHz



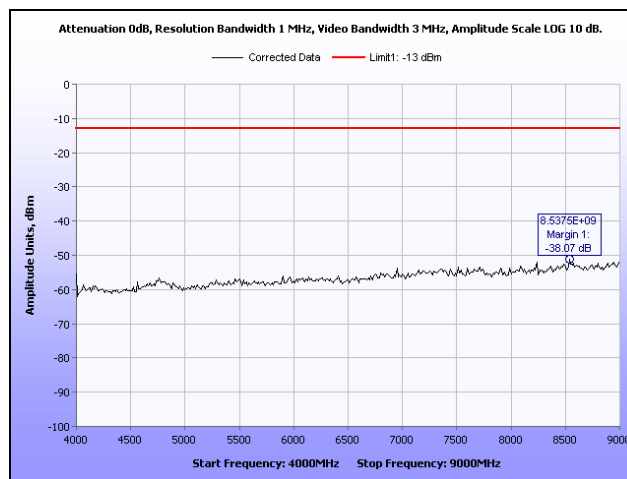
Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 4 GHz – 9 GHz



Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

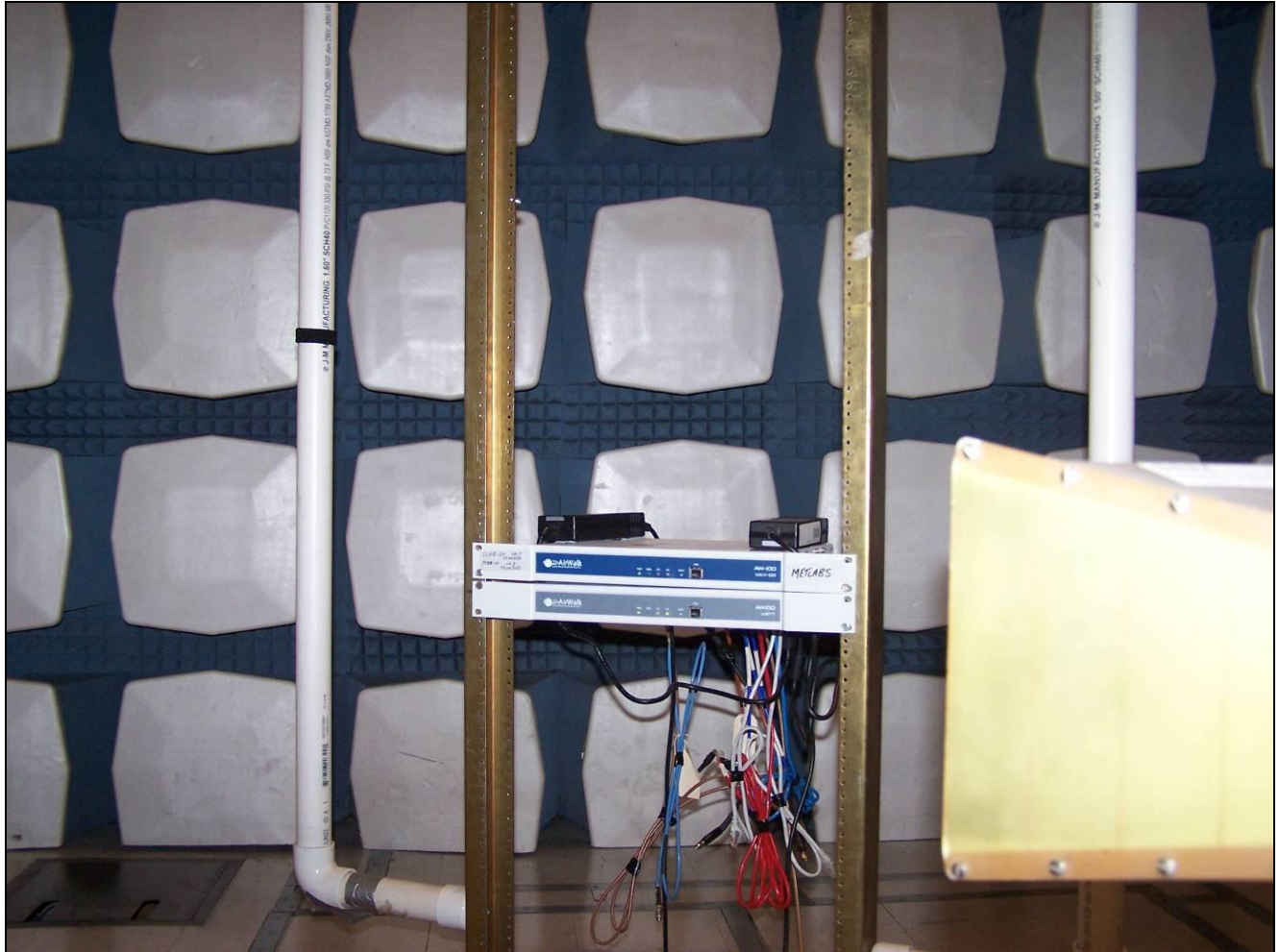


Plot 22. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 4 GHz



Plot 23. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 4 GHz – 9 GHz

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Photograph 5. Radiated Spurious, Test Setup



## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 2.1051 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

**Test Requirement(s):** § 2.1051 **Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals:** The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§ 22.917 The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Cellular Radiotelephone Service.

§ 22.917 (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

§ 22.917 (b) *Measurement procedure.* Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz or more. In the 60 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the authorized frequency range or channel, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy approved the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e., 30 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

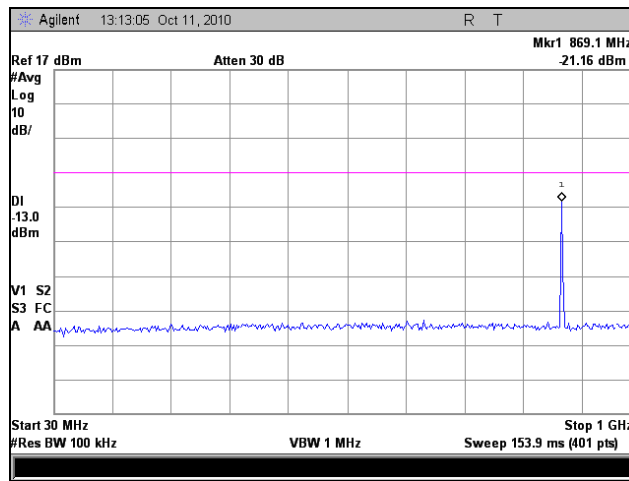
**Test Procedures:** The EUT's RF Output Power port was connected to a spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The EUT was set to transmit and the low, mid, and high channels. Measurements were taken with an average detector up to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the carrier. The spectrum analyzer was set to 1 MHz RBW and 3 MHz RBW for testing.

**Test Results:** The EUT complies with the requirements of this section. There were no detectable spurious emissions for this EUT.

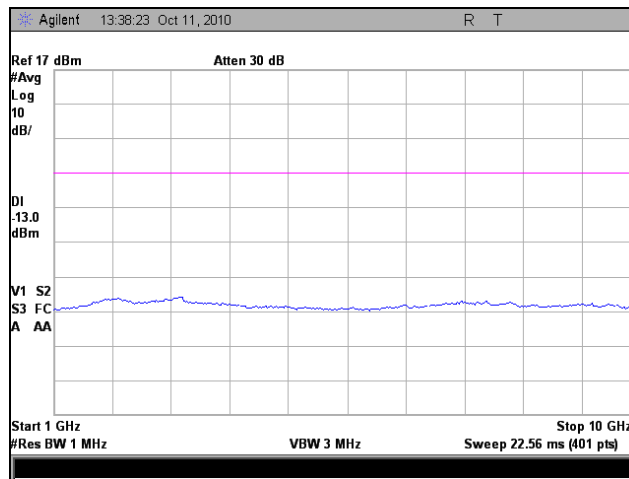
**Test Engineer(s):** Len Knight

**Test Date(s):** 10/26/10

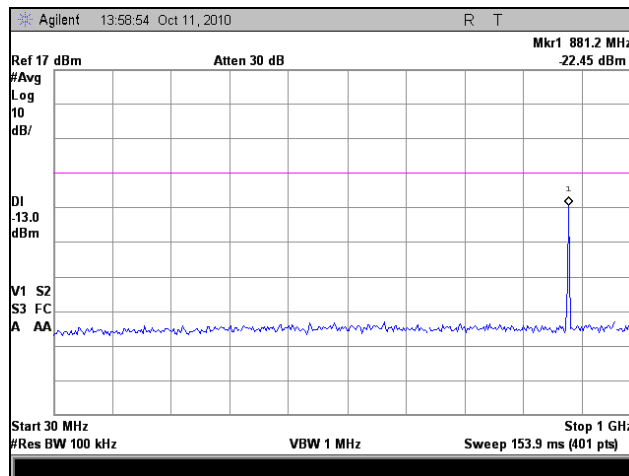
### Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals Test Results



Plot 24. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

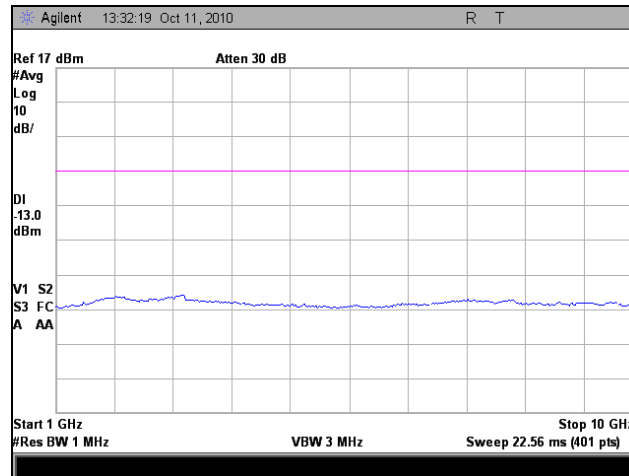


Plot 25. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

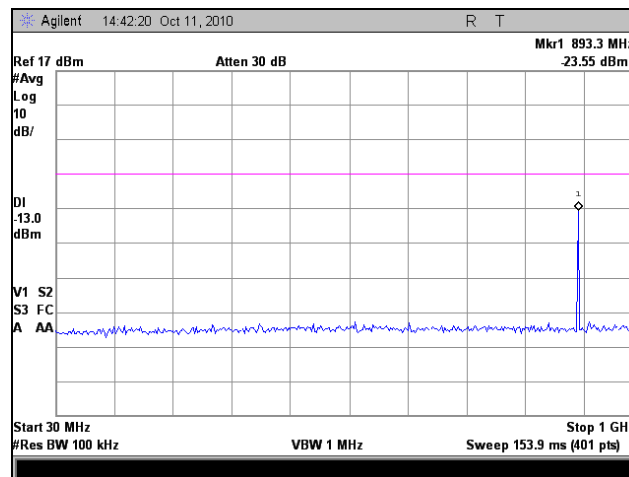


Plot 26. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

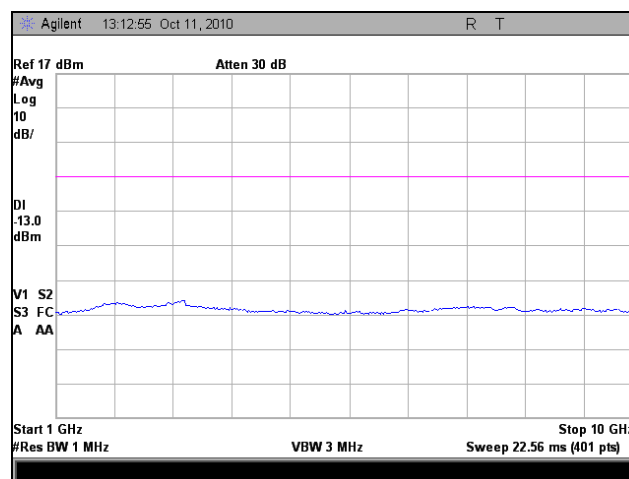




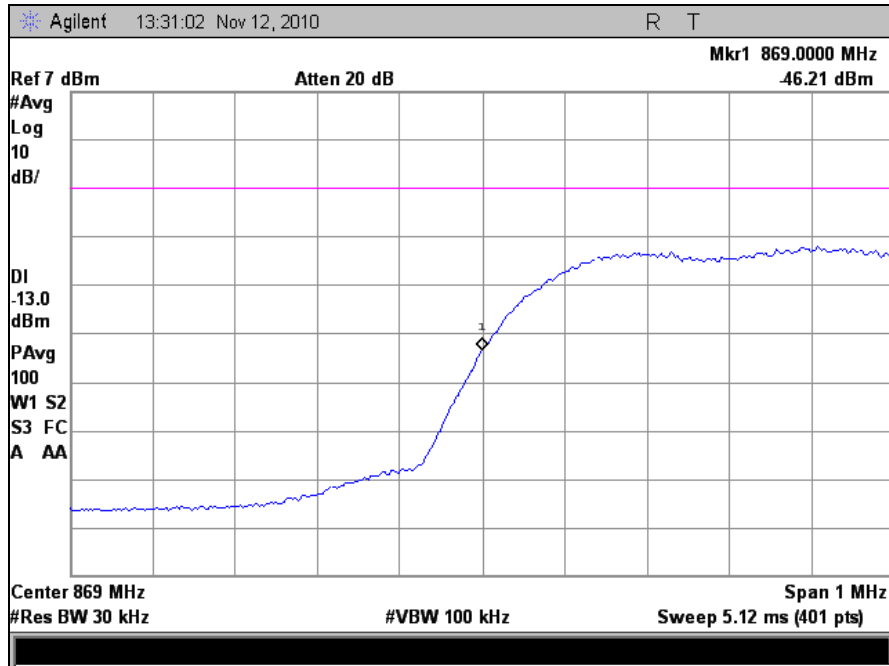
Plot 27. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz



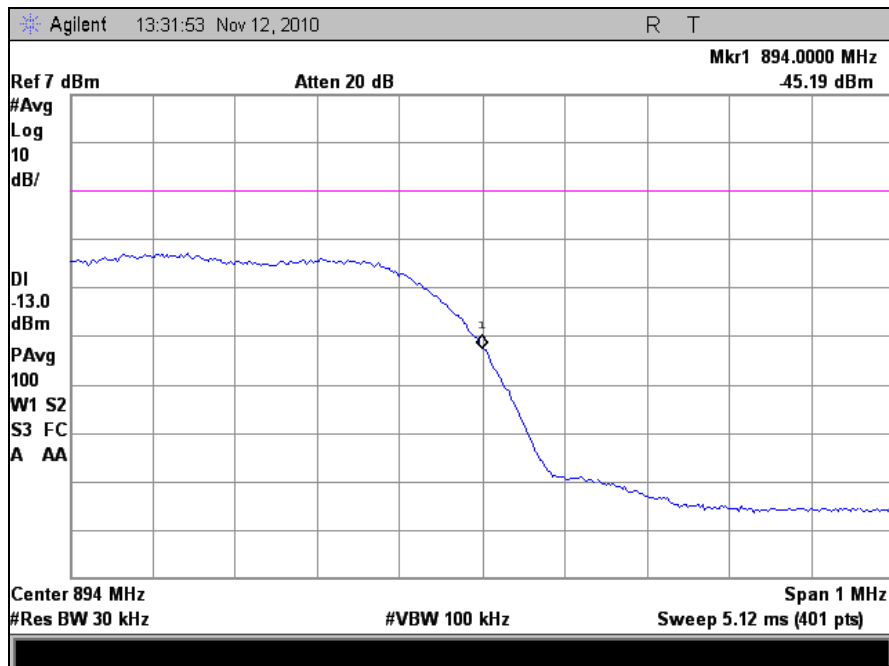
Plot 28. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 29. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz



Plot 30. Band Edge, Low Channel



Plot 31. Band Edge, High Channel



## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### Frequency Stability

**Test Requirement(s):** §2.1055

**Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1055, *Frequency Stability measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a direct connect to a Spectrum Analyzer.

The EUT was placed in the Environmental Chamber and support equipments are outside of the chamber. The EUT was set to transmitter at its low channel and at its high channel. The frequency drift was investigated for every 10°C increment until the unit was stabilized. Plots were taken with the temperature range of -30 to 50°C.

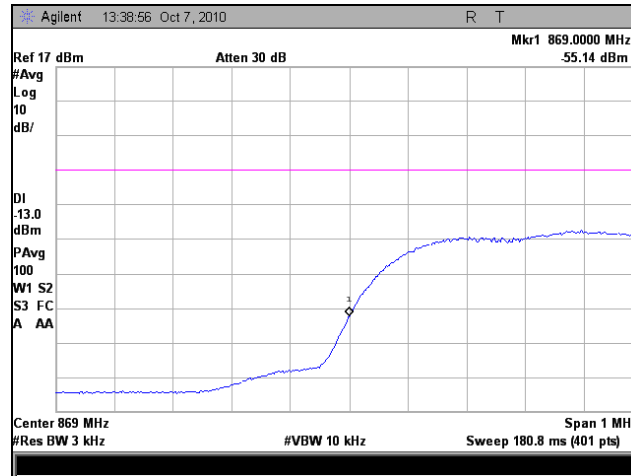
The RF output port was connected directly to the spectrum analyzer. A marker was placed at the band edge of both the low and the high channels. Measurements were made to ensure that the carrier did not drift outside of its intended band.

Voltage supplied to EUT is 120 VAC reference temperature was done at 20°C. The voltage was varied by  $\pm 15\%$  of nominal

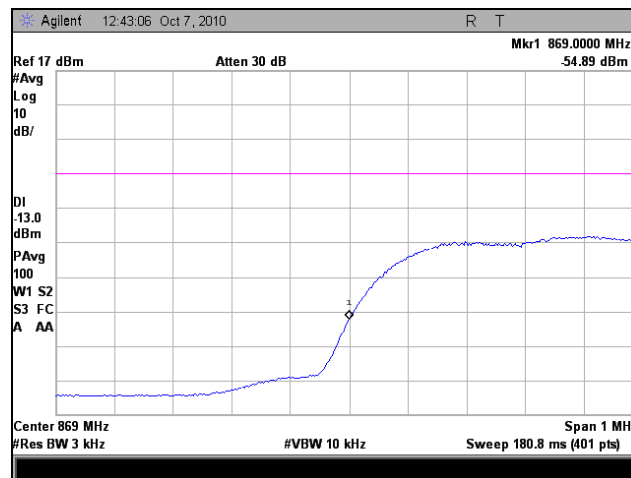
**Test Results:** Equipment is compliant with Section 2.1055.

**Test Engineer(s):** Len Knight

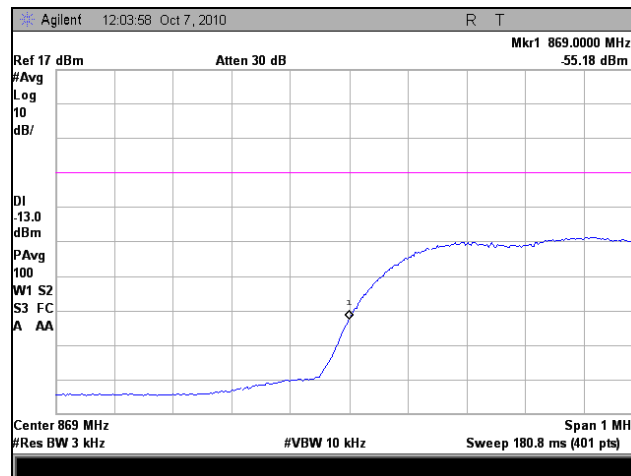
**Test Date(s):** 10/26/10



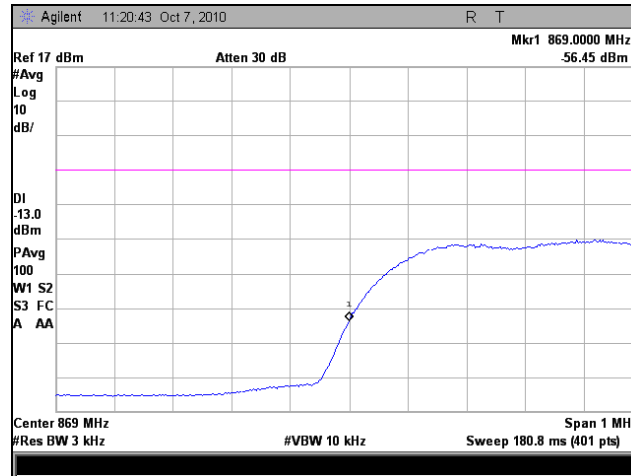
Plot 32. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, -30°C



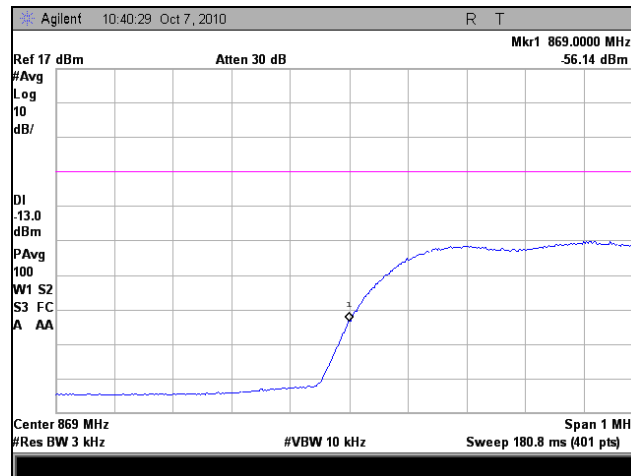
Plot 33. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, -20°C



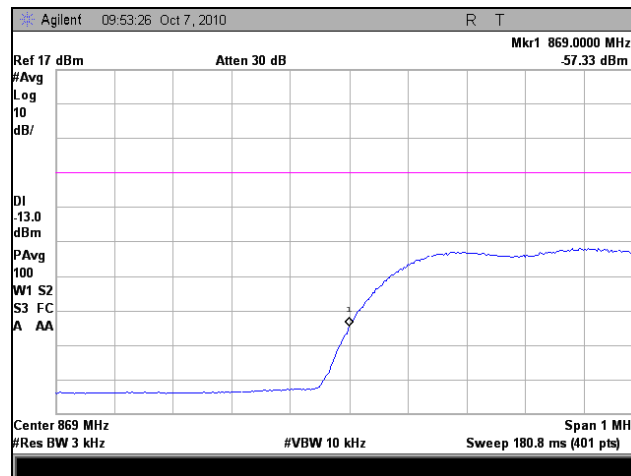
Plot 34. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, -10°C



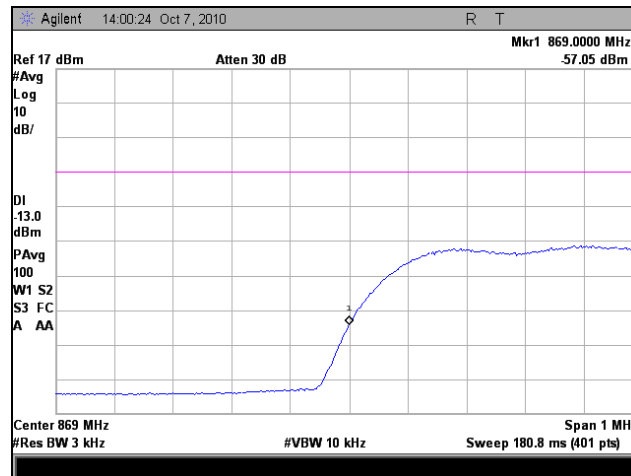
Plot 35. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, 0°C



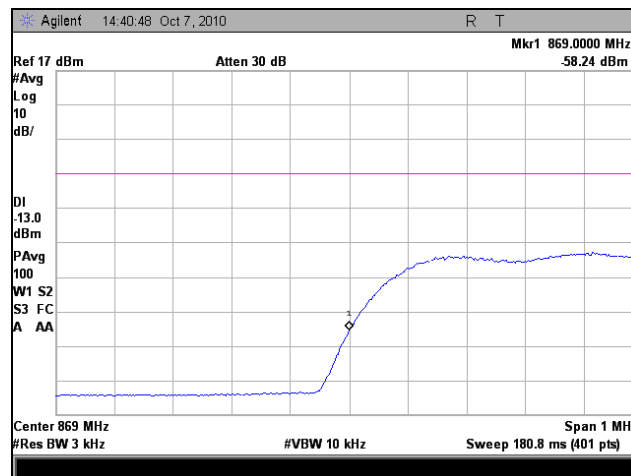
Plot 36. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, 10°C



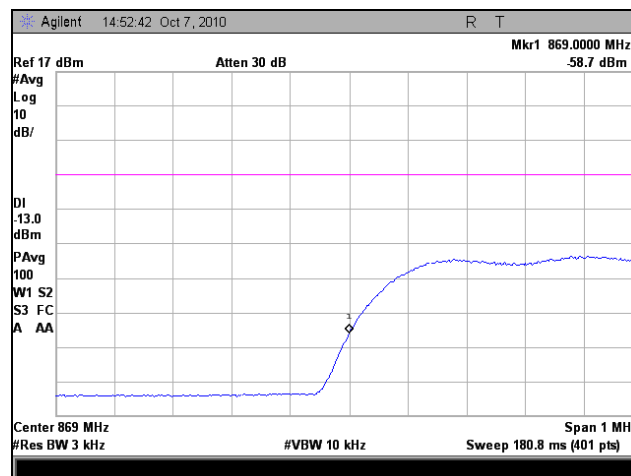
Plot 37. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, 20°C



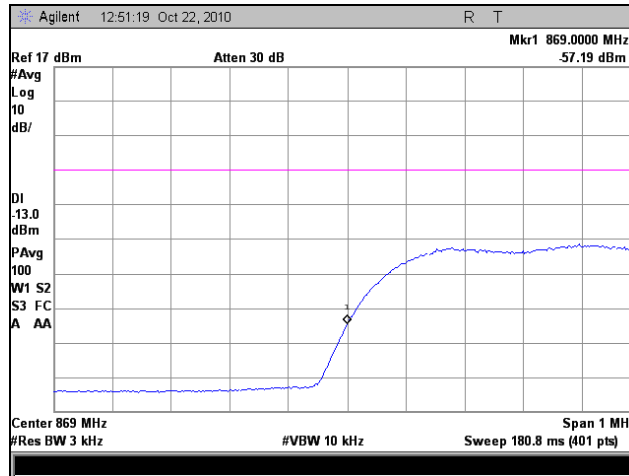
Plot 38. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, 30°C



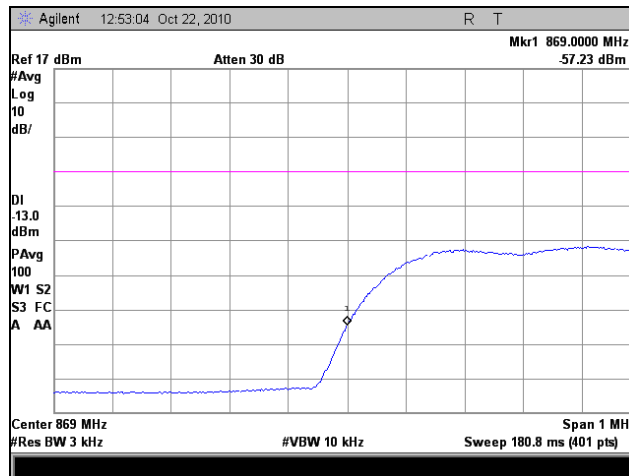
Plot 39. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, 40°C



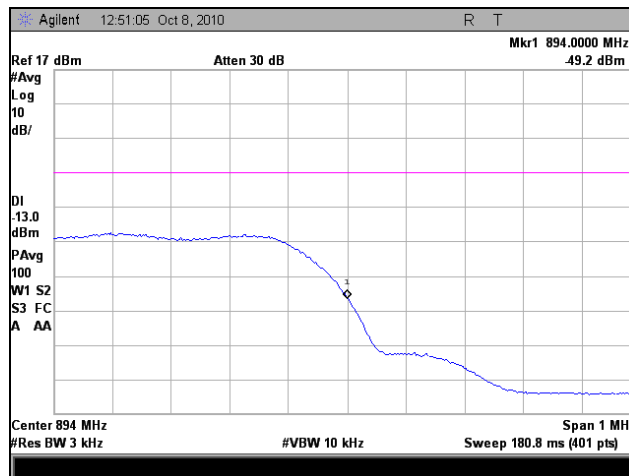
Plot 40. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, 50°C



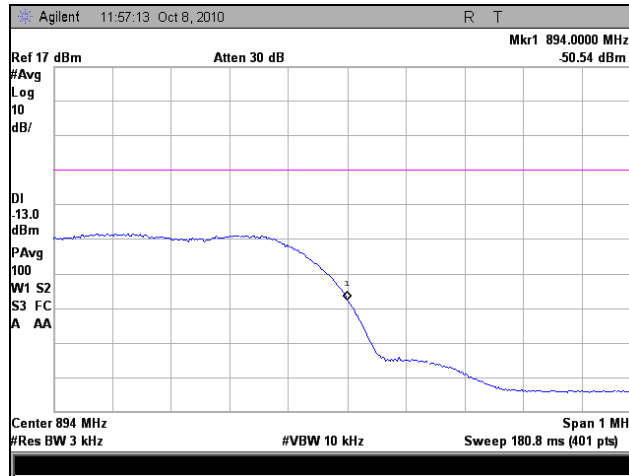
Plot 41. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, Low Voltage



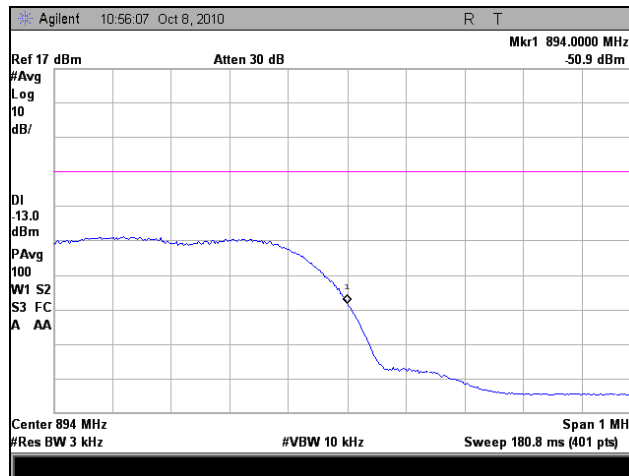
Plot 42. Frequency Stability, Low Channel, High Voltage



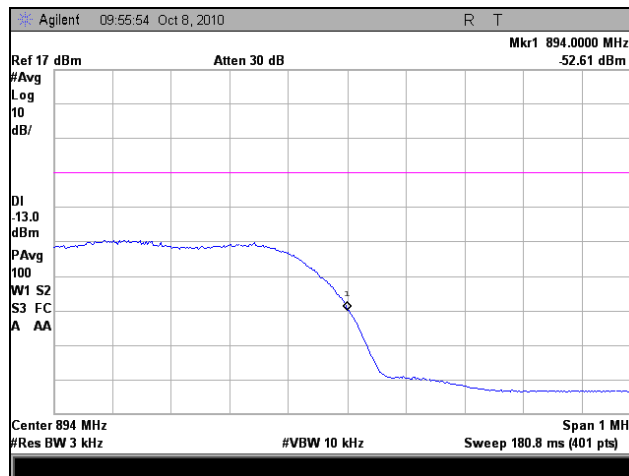
Plot 43. Frequency Stability, High Channel, -30°C



Plot 44. Frequency Stability, High Channel, -20°C



Plot 45. Frequency Stability, High Channel, -10°C

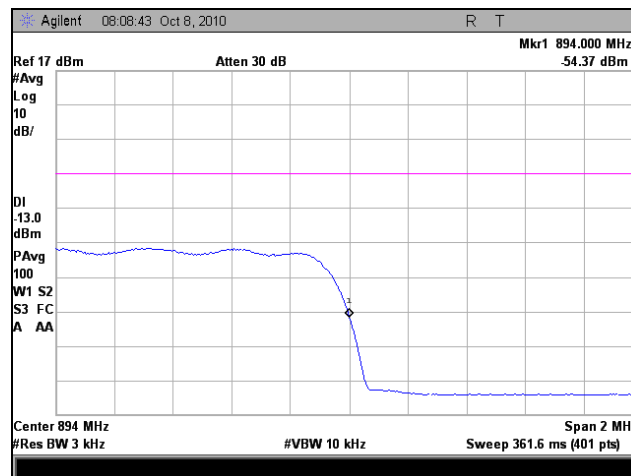


Plot 46. Frequency Stability, High Channel, 0°C

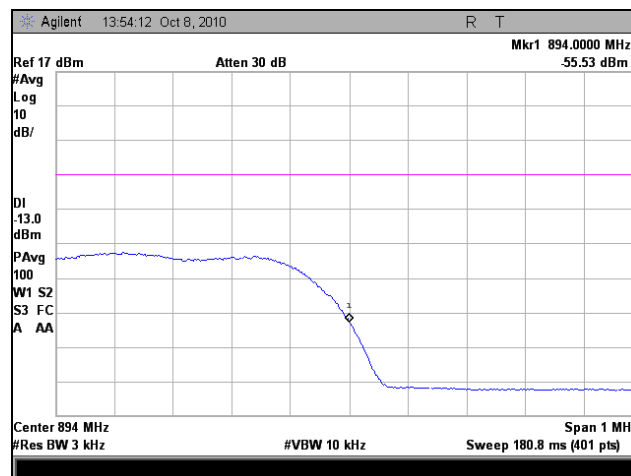




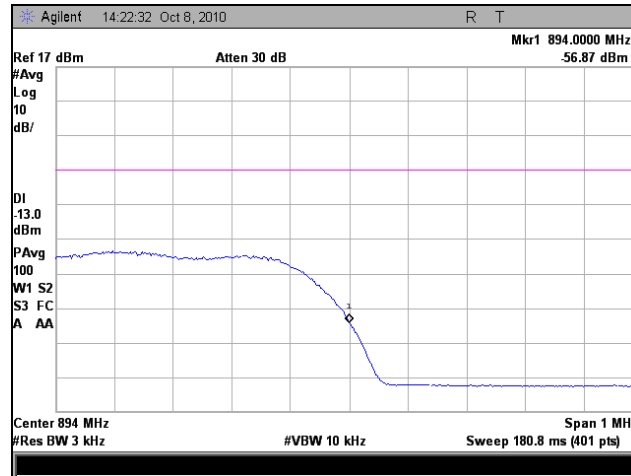
Plot 47. Frequency Stability, High Channel, 10°C



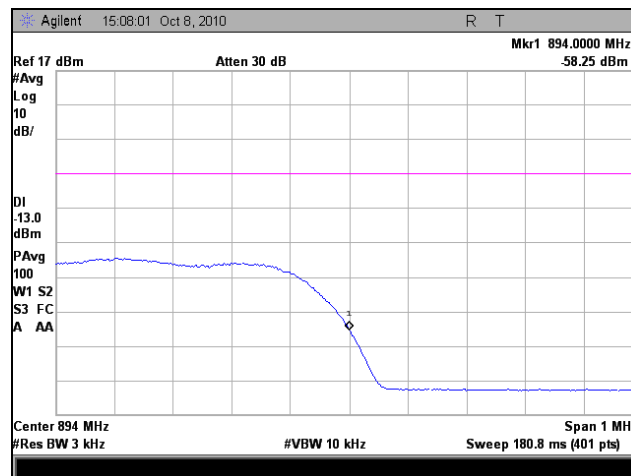
Plot 48. Frequency Stability, High Channel, 20°C



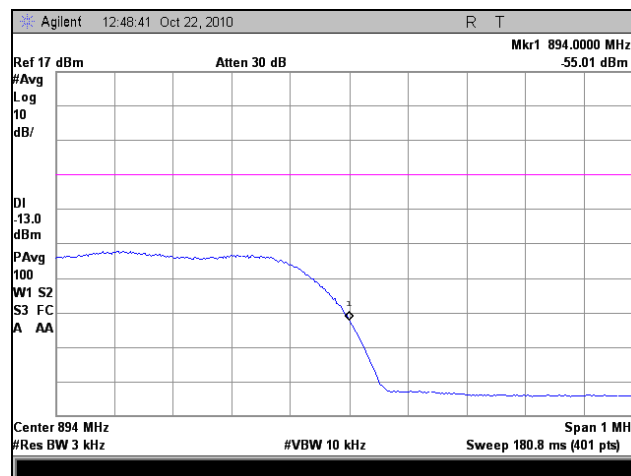
Plot 49. Frequency Stability, High Channel, 30°C



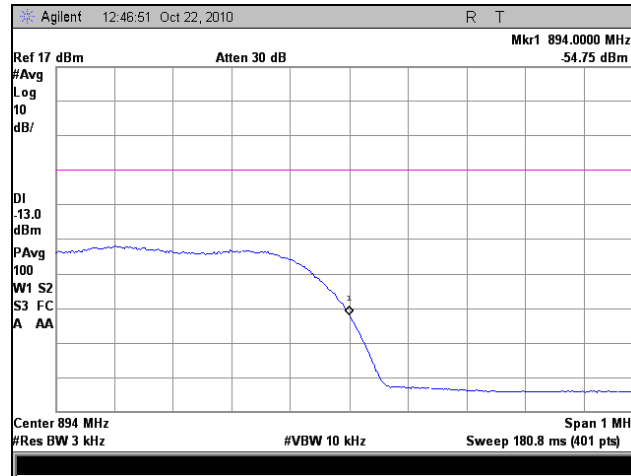
Plot 50. Frequency Stability, High Channel, 40°C



Plot 51. Frequency Stability, High Channel, 50°C



Plot 52. Frequency Stability, High Channel, Low Voltage



Plot 53. Frequency Stability, High Channel, High Voltage



**Photograph 6. Frequency Stability, Test Setup**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

**Test Requirements:** The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

- (a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 15.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 – 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

**Table 15. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers**

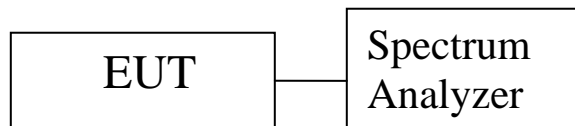
- (b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Conducted measurements were taken at the antenna port of the EUT. 100 kHz resolution bandwidth was used from 30 MHz - 1 GHz and 300 kHz resolution was used for measurements done above 1 GHz. All plots are corrected for cable loss.

**Test Results:** Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN.

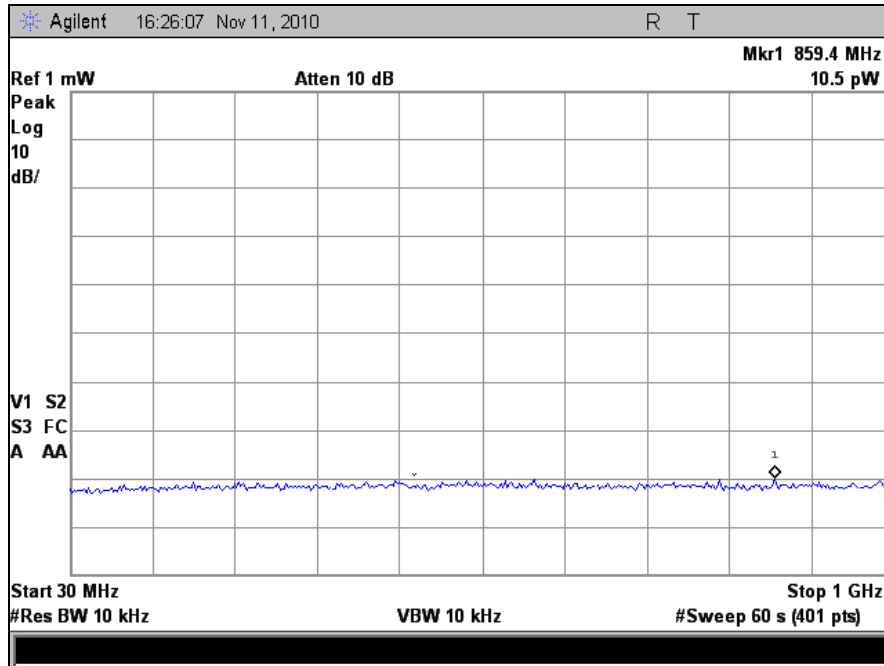
**Test Engineer(s):** Len Knight

**Test Date(s):** 11/12/10

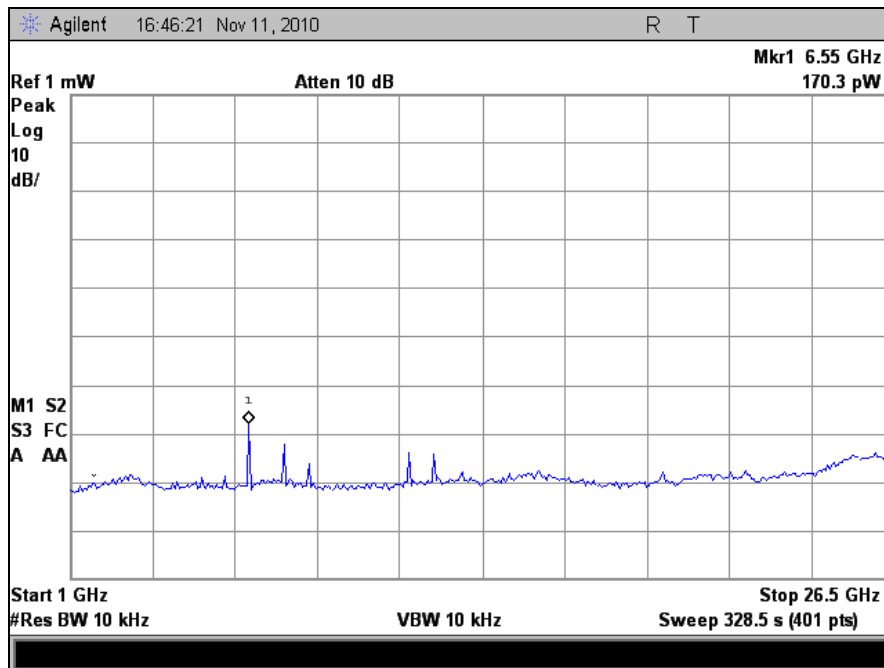


**Figure 2. Block Diagram, Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Setup**

### Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions



Plot 54. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 1 GHz



Plot 55. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz



## IV. Test Equipment



## Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Cal Due
1S2485	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	05/07/2010	05/07/2011
1T4505	TEMPERATURE CHAMBER	TEST EQUITY	115	10/01/2009	11/01/2010
1T4728	PROGRAMMABLE AC POWER SOURCE	QUADTECH	31010	SEE NOTE	
1T4602	TRUE RMS MULTIMETER	FLUKE	87V	11/13/2009	11/13/2010
1T4612	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	09/27/2010	09/27/2011
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	08/31/2010	08/31/2011
1T4414	MICROWAVE PRE-AMPLIFIER	A.H. SYSTEMS	PAM-0118	SEE NOTE	
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	05/25/2010	05/25/2011
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	08/23/2010	08/23/2013

**Table 16. Test Equipment List**

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





## **V. Certification & User's Manual Information**



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## Certification & User's Manual Information

### A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

#### § 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

#### § 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing;*
  - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
  - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



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## Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

### § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.<sup>1</sup> *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

### § 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

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<sup>1</sup> In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



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## Certification & User's Manual Information

### § 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
  - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
    - (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
    - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
  - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



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## Certification & User's Manual Information

### Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

#### § 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

*This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

#### § 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



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## Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

### § 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



## ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

### Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

- Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.
- Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

### Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [<sup>2</sup>] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [<sup>1</sup>] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

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<sup>2</sup> Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.





# End of Report