





CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

Report No.: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

Product Name: Dual-SIM Dual-Working PDA Mobile Phone

Product Model: Coolpad 8166G2

Manufacture: Yulong Computer Telecommunication

Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Specification: FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

FCC ID: R38YL8166G2

The State Radio Monitoring Center, Equipment Testing Division

The State Radio Spectrum Monitoring and Testing Center

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Executive Summary

The Coolpad 8166G2 is a GSM/GPRS Dual-SIM Dual-Working PDA Mobile Phone. The phone has two GSM/GPRS modules inside. GSM1 can operate in the PCS1900MHz frequency range and GSM2 can operate in both GSM850MHz and PCS1900MHz frequency range. The device has a internal integrated antenna . The system concepts used are the GSM850, GPRS850 (Class10), GSM1900 and GPRS1900 (Class 10) standards. Outside of North America, transmitter of tested device is capable of operating also in GSM900 and GSM1800 modes, which are not part of this filling.

The objective of the measurements done by SRMC (State radio monitoring center) was the dosimetric assessment of one device in the GSM850 and GSM1900 standards. The examinations have been carried out with the dosimetric assessment system, "DASY4". This phone is a Dual-GSM and Dual-working Digital Mobile Phone. There are two SIM modules inside the Phone. And both these two modules could be on standby (idle) mode at the same time after the phone switching on. But if there is a phone call need to be set up, only one of these two modules could be activated to establish a radio link while the other is always on idle mode. All the SAR tests listed in this report are performed in the status described above.

The measurements were made according to IEC 62209-1-2005: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1:Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz).All measurements have been performed in accordance to the recommendations given by SPEAG.

The maximum SAR of the Coolpad 8166G2 mobile phone is

			(mW/g)/1g	(mW/g)	Result
1880	29.8dBm	Towards	1.6	0.622	PASS
	1880	/1880 29.8dBm	71880 29.8dBm Towards Ground	71880 29.8dBm Towards 1.6	71880 29.8dBm Towards 1.6 0.622

Checked By: ユリル Tested By: ユリル

This Test Report Is Issued By:

Issued date:

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1. General information

1.1 Notes of the test report

The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written permission of The State Radio Monitoring Center.

The test results relate only to individual items of the samples which have been tested.

1.2 Information about the testing laboratory

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1.5 Application details

Date of receipt of application: 2007-8-1

Date of receipt of test samples: 2007-8-10

Date of test: 2007-8-10 to 2007-8-10

1.6 Information of Test Sample

□Name EUT	Dual-SIM Dual-Working PDA Mobile Phone
□type	Coolpad 8166G2
□Frequency range	GSM1: PCS1900: Tx:1850~1910MHz Rx:1930~1990MHz GSM2: GSM850: Tx:824~849MHz Rx:869~894MHz PCS1900: Tx:1850~1910MHz Rx:1930~1990MHz
□Power Level	GSM850:5 (33dBm) PCS1900:0 (30dBm)
□Channel spacing	200KHz
□Duty Cycle	GSM: 1:8 GPRS: 1:4
□Modulation	GMSK
□Power supply	3.7V
□Test condition of declaration	Normal
Product Stage	production unit
□IMEI Number	357236010000445

1.7 Auxiliary Equipment (AE)

AE No.	Name	Model	Manufacturer	Serial
				Number
AE 1	Adapter	CHG50100-3A	Shenzhen Huntkey Technology	
			Co., Ltd.	
AE 2	Battery	CPLD-18	Dongguan New Times New	
			Energy Science&Technology	
			Co.,Ltd.	

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1.8 Reference

IEC 62209-1-2005: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures -Part 1:Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C(Edition 01-01): Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits.

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

[DAY4]

Schmid & partner Engineering AG: DAY4 Manual. Nov.2003

2. Subject of Investigation

The Coolpad 8166G2 mobile phone (Portable Device) is operating in the 850MHz and 1900MHz frequency range. The system concepts used are the GSM850 and GSM1900 standards.



Fig 1: picture of the device under test

The objective of the measurements done by SRMC was the domestic assessment of one device in the GSM 850 and GSM 1900 standard. The examinations have been carried out with the domestic assessment system "DASY4" described below.

2.1 The Standard IEC 62209-1-2005

IEC 62209-1-2005 is Basic standard for Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1:Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)

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2.2 Distinction Between Exposed Population, Duration of Exposure and

Frequencies

The European Standard [CENELEC2001] distinguishes between controlled and uncontrolled environment. Controlled environments are locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure as a concomitant of employment or by other cognizant persons-Uncontrolled environments are locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The exposures may occur m living quarters or workplaces. For exposure in controlled environments higher field strengths are admissible .In addition the duration of exposure is considered.

Due to the influence of frequency on important parameters, as the penetration depth of the electromagnetic fields into the human body and the absorption capability of different tissues, the limits in general vary with frequency.

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 mm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

2.3 Distinction between Maximum Permissible Exposure and SAR Limits

The biological relevant parameter describing the effects of electromagnetic fields in the frequency range of interest is the specific absorption rate SAR (dimension: power/mass). It is a measure of the power absorbed per unit mass. The SAR may be spatially averaged over the total mass of an exposed body or its pads-The SAR is calculated from the r.m.s. electric field strength E inside the human body, the conductivity σ and the mass density p of the biological tissue:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E_{i}^{2}}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_{i} \frac{dT}{dt} \Big|_{t=0}$$

The specific absorption rate describes the initial rate of temperature rise dT/dt as a function of the specific heat capacity c of the tissue. A limitation of the specific absorption rate prevents an excessive heating of the human body by electromagnetic energy.

As it is sometimes difficult to determine the SAR directly by measurement (e.g. whole body averaged SAR), the standard specifies more readily measurable maximum permissible exposures in terms of external electric E

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and magnetic field strength H and power density S, derived from the SAR limits .The limits for E, H and

the SAR limits. The limits for E, H and S have been fixed so that even under worst case conditions, the limits for the specific absorption rate SAR are not exceeded.

For the relevant frequency range the maximum permissible exposure may be exceeded if the exposure can be shown by appropriate techniques to produce SAR values below the corresponding limits.

3 The IEC 62209-1-2005 Measurement Requirements

This basic standard applies to any electromagnetic field (EM) transmitting devices intended to be used with the radiating part of the equipment in close proximity to the human ear including mobile phones, cordless phones, etc. The frequency range is 300 MHz to 3 GHz.

The objective of the standard is to specify the method for demonstration of compliance with the Specific absorption rate (SAR) limits for such equipment.

The measurement system is composed of the phantom, the SAR measurement equipment, the scanning system and the mobile phone holder.

3.1 General Requirements

The test shall be performed using a miniature probe that is automatically positioned to measure the internal E-field distribution in a phantom model representing the human head exposed to the EM fields produced by mobile phones. From the measured E-field values, the SAR distribution and the maximum mass averaged SAR value shall be calculated.

The test shall be performed in a laboratory conforming to the following environmental conditions:

- the ambient temperature shall be in the range of 15 °C to 30°C and the variation shall not exceed 2 °C during the test;
- the mobile phone shall not interact with the local mobile networks;
- care shall be taken to avoid significant influence on SAR measurements by ambient EMsources;
- care shall be taken to avoid significant influence on SAR measurements by any
 - reflection from the environment (such as floor, positioner, etc.).
- Validation of the system shall be done at least once a year according to the protocol defined in annex D of IEC 62209-1-2005 Standard.

3.2 Phantom specifications (shell and liquid)

Phantom requirements

The physical characteristics of the phantom model (size and shape) shall resemble the head and neck of a user since the shape is a dominant

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parameter for exposure. The phantom shall be made from material with dielectric properties similar to those of head tissues. To enable field scanning within it, the material shall be liquid contained in a head and neck shaped shell model. The shell model acts as a shaped container and shall be as unobtrusive as possible. The hand shall not be modeled.

The shell of the phantom shall be made of low loss and low permittivity material: $tan(\delta) \le 0.05$ and $\varepsilon \le 5$. The thickness of the phantom is defined in the CAD files and the tolerance shall be ± 0 , 2 mm in the area defined in the CAD files (where the phone touches the head).

Reference points on the phantom:

The probe positioning shall be defined in relation to three well defined points on the phantom. These points R1, R2 and R3 shall be used to calibrate the positioning system. Three other points, M for mouth, LE for left ear and/or RE for right ear (maximum acoustic coupling), shall be defined on the phantom(s) (see Figure 2). These points shall be used to allow reproducible positioning of the mobile phone in relation to the phantom.

3.3 Specifications of the SAR measurement equipment

The measurement equipment shall be calibrated as a complete system. The probe shall be calibrated together with the amplifier, measurement device and data acquisition system.

The measurement equipment shall be calibrated in each tissue equivalent liquid at the appropriate operating frequency and temperature according to the methodology defined in IEC 62209-1-2005 .The minimum detection limit shall be lower than 0,02 W/kg and the maximum detection limit shall be higher than 100 W/kg. The linearity shall be within 0,5 dB over the SAR range from 0,02 to 100 W/kg. The isotropy shall be within 1 dB. Sensitivity, linearity and isotropy shall be determined in the tissue equivalent liquid. The response time shall be specified.

3.4 Scanning system specifications

The scanning system holding the probe shall be able to scan the whole exposed volume of the phantom in order to evaluate the three-dimensional SAR distribution. The mechanical structure of the scanning system shall not interfere with the SAR measurements.

The accuracy of the probe tip positioning over the measurement area shall be less than 0,2 mm. The sampling resolution shall be 1 mm or less.

3.5 Mobile phone holder specifications

The mobile phone holder shall permit the phone to be positioned according to a tolerance of 1° in the tilt angle. It shall be made of low loss and low

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permittivity material(s): $tan(\delta) \le 0$, 05 and ε≤ 5.

4. Measurement preparation

4.1 General preparation

The dielectric properties of the tissue equivalent materials shall be measured prior to the SAR measurements and at the same temperature with a tolerance of 2° C. The measured values shall comply with the values defined at the specific frequencies in IEC 62209-1-2005 6.1.1. with a tolerance of 5 % for relative permittivity and conductivity.

The phantom shell shall be filled with the tissue equivalent liquid. The depth of the tissue equivalent liquid inside the phantom and at the vertical position of the ear canal shall be at least 15 cm. The liquid shall be carefully stirred before the measurement and it shall be free of air bubbles. The coordinate system of the scanning system shall be aligned to the coordinate system of the phantom with a tolerance of 0. 2 mm.

4.2Simplified performance checking

The purpose of the simplified performance check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications, check is a simple test of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly during the compliance test. The check shall be performed in order to detect possible drift over short time periods and other errors in the system,

The simplified performance check shall be carried out according to annex D of IEC 62209-1-2005. The simplified performance check shall be performed prior to compliance tests and the result shall be within ± 10 % of the target value. After the system validation check. The simplified performance check shall be performed at a central frequency of each transmitting band of the mobile phone.

4.3 Preparation of the mobile phone under test

The tested mobile phone shall use its internal transmitter. The battery shall be fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency (channel) shall be controlled by 8960(base station simulator). Coolpad 8166G2 transmit its highest output peak power level allowed by the system. , The BTS antenna shall be placed at least 50 cm from the phone. The signal emitted by the emulator at antenna feed point shall be lower than the output level of the phone by at least 30 dB.

4.4 Position of the mobile phone in relation to the phantom

The mobile phone shall be tested in the cheek and tilted positions on left and right sides of the phantom.

Definition of the cheek position:

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- a) Position the device with the vertical centre line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical centre line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the centre of the ear piece with the line RE-LE;
- b) Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touches the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Definition of the tilted position:

- a) Position the device in the Tilt position described above;
- b) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost. (see Figure 2)

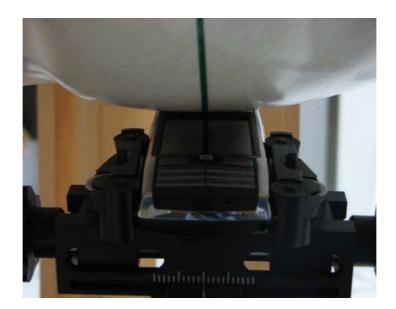


Fig 2 - Definition of the reference lines and points, on the phone and on the phantom and initial position

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4.5Tests to be performed

Tests shall be performed with both phone positions described in 4.4, on the left and right sides of the head and using the centre frequency of each operating band. The configuration giving rise to the maximum mass-averaged SAR shall be used to test the low-end and the high-end frequencies of the transmitting band. If the mobile phone has a retractable antenna, all of the tests described above shall be performed both with

The antenna extended and with it retracted. When considering multi- mode and multi-band mobile phones, all of the above tests shall be performed in each transmitting mode/band with the corresponding maximum peak power level.

5. The Measurement system

5.1 DASY4 Information

DASY4is an abbreviation of "Dosimetric Assessment System" and describes a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of a human being according to different standards. The DASY4 system consists of the following items as shown in Fig3. Fig4 shows the installation in the SRMC laboratory [DASY2004].

- High precision robot with controller
- Measurement server(for surveillance of the robot operation and signal filtering)
- Data acquisition electronics DAE (for signal amplification and altering)
- Field probes calibrated for use in liquids
- Electro-optical converter EOC (conversion from the optical into a digital signal)
- Light beam (improving of the absolute probe positioning accuracy)
- Two SAM phantoms filled with tissue simulating liquid
- DASY4 software
- **SEMCAD**

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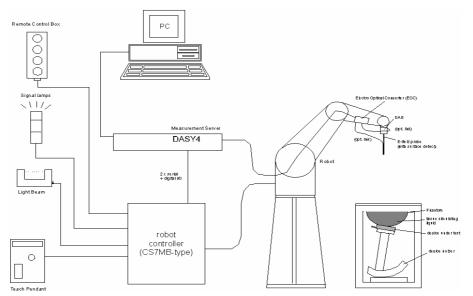


Fig3. The DASY4 measurement system



Fig 4. The measurement set-up with two SAM phantoms containing tissue simulating liquid

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5.2Test Equipments:

Name		Serial Number	Cal. Data
DASY4 SYSTEM			
Software Version	V4.2	N/A	N/A
Dosimetric E-Field probe	ES3DV3	3128	2007.1
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	720	2006.10
Phantom	SAM	1267	N/A
Phantom	SAM	1315	N/A
Performance checking			
System Validation Dipole	D900V2	171	2006.3
System Validation Dipole	D1800V2	2d084	2006.3
RF source	ESG-D2000A	US36260147	2007.3
RF Amplifier	5S1G4	301305	N/A
Power Meter	NRVS	8363331050	2007.8
Power Meter probe	NRV-Z55	834558/008	2007.8
Power Meter probe	N1922A	US44510189	2007.8
Power Meter	N1911A	GB45100295	2007.8
Attenuator	2	BM0059	2007.8
Attenuator	2	BM6452	2007.8
Attenuator	2	BM8993	2007.8
Directional Coupler	778D-012	13733	2007.8
Material Measurement			
Network Analyzer	8714ET	US40372083	2007.8
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US33030365	N/A
General			
Radio Tester	8960	GB43194054	2007.8
Call Tester	CMU200	100313	2007.8

Note: the Dipole Calibration interval is 24 months

Table 1. Test Equipments lists

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5.3 Uncertainty Assessment

	DASY4	Uncer	tainty	Bud	get			
According to IEC 62209-1 [3]								
Error description	Uncertainty value	Prob .	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std.Unc (1g).	Std.Unc. (10g)	(v_i)
		Dist.		1g	10g			$V_{\it eff}$
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	±5.9%	N	1	1	1	±5.9%	±5.9%	∞
Axial isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System detection limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF ambient noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF ambient reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid onductivity(means.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined std. Uncertainty	1					±10.9%	±10.7%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±21.9%	±21.4%	

Table 2. Uncertainty assessment

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6. Test Results

6.1Test Environment:

Ambient Temperature: 24.0 °C Relative Humidity: 35.5% Atmosphere: 101.0kPa

6.2Test Method and Procedure

- a) Measure the local SAR at a test point within 10 mm of the inner surface of the phantom. The test point shall also be close to the ear;
- b) verify that the measured SAR at the point used in item 1 is stable after 3 minutes within \pm 5 % in order to ensure that there is no drift due to the mobile phone electronics;
- c) Measure the SAR distribution within the phantom. The spatial grid step shall be less than 20 mm. If surface scanning is used, then the distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be constant within \pm 0,5 mm and less than 8 mm. If volume scanning is performed, then the scanning volume shall be as close as possible to the inner surface of the phantom (less than 8 mm), the grid step shall be 5 mm or less, the grid shall extend to a depth of 25 mm and then go directly to item 6;
- d) From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, as well as the positions of any local maxima with SAR values of more than 50 % of the maximum value;
- e) Measure SAR with a grid step less than 5 mm in a volume with a minimum size of 30 mm by 30 mm and 25 mm in depth. Separate grids shall be centred on each of the local SAR maxima;
- f) Use interpolation and extrapolation procedures defined in annex C of IEC 62209-1-2005 to determine the local SAR values at the spatial resolution needed for mass averaging;
- g) Repeat the SAR measurement at the initial test point used in item 1. If the two results differ by more than \pm 5 % from the final value obtained in item 2, the measurements shall be repeated with a fully charged battery or the actual drift shall be included in the uncertainty evaluation.

Tests shall be performed with both phone positions of cheek and tilted, on the left and right sides of the head and using the centre frequency of each operating band. Then the configuration giving rise to the maximum mass-averaged SAR shall be used to test the low-end and the high-end frequencies of the transmitting band. If the mobile phone has a retractable antenna, all of the tests described above shall be performed both with the antenna extended and with it retracted. When considering multi- mode and

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multi-band mobile phones, all of the above tests shall be performed in each transmitting mode/band with the corresponding maximum peak power level.

6.3Test Configuration

The test shall be performed in the shield room.

Please refer to chapter 7.8; 7.9 of this test report for photo of this test setup.

6.4Test Results

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication tester (CMU-200) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power and ERP for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Mode: GSM 850 (GSM 2)

 $f_1 (MHz) = 824.2MHz$

f_M(MHz)=836.4 MHz

 $f_H(MHz) = 848.8MHz$

SAR Values (Head, 850MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		1 g Average	
		1.6	
TaskOass		Measurement Result (mW/g)	
rest	Test Case		
		1 g Average	
Left hand, Touch cheek,	f _H		
Left hand, Touch cheek,	f_{M}	0.102	
Left hand, Touch cheek,	f_L		
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree,	f_{M}	0.083	
Right hand, Touch cheek,	f _H		
Right hand, Touch cheek,	f_{M}	0.105	
Right hand, Touch cheek,	f_L		
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree,	f_{M}	0.080	

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom	Device Test		SAR(mW/g)	
Configuration	Position	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)
Right hand	Cheek		0.105	

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Table 3. SAR Results

Mode: GSM 850 (GSM 2)

 $f_L (MHz) = 824.2$ MHz $f_M(MHz) = 836.4MHz$ $f_H(MHz) =$

848.8 MHz

SAR Values (Body, 850MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1g Average 1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g) 1g Average
Towards ground f _H	
Towards ground f _M	0.177
Towards ground f _L	
Back ground f _H	
Back ground f _M	0.148
Back ground f _L	

Phantom	SAR(mW/g)				
Configuration	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)		
Towards ground		0.177			

Table 4. SAR Results

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Mode: GSM 850 (GSM 2) GPRS Mode

 $f_L (MHz) = 824.2$ MHz $f_M(MHz) = 836.4MHz$ $f_H(MHz) =$

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848.8 MHz

SAR Values (GPRS, 850MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1g Average 1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g) 1g Average
Towards ground f _H	
Towards ground f _M	0.214
Towards ground f _L	
Back ground f _H	
Back ground f _M	0.138
Back ground f _L	

Phantom	SAR(mW/g)				
Configuration	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)		
Towards ground		0.214			

Table 5. SAR Results

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Mode: GSM1900 (GSM 1)

 $f_L(MHz)=1850.2MHz$ $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$ MHz $f_H(MHz)=$

1909.8MHz

SAR Values (Head, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Average 1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g)	
	1 g Average	
Left hand, Touch cheek , f _H		
Left hand, Touch cheek, f _M	0.299	
Left hand, Touch cheek , f _L		
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f _M	0.400	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree , f _H	0.390	
Right hand, Touch cheek, f _M	0.352	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree f _L	0.619	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f _M	0.444	

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom	Device Test	SAR(mW/g)		
Configuration	Position	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)
Right Side	tilt	0.619		

Note1: Please refer to 7.7 of this test report for graphical results.

Table 6. SAR Results

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Mode: GSM1900 (GSM 1)

 $f_L(MHz)=1850.2MHz$ $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$ MHz $f_H(MHz)=$

1909.8MHz

SAR Values (Body, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1g Average 1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g) 1g Average
Towards ground f _H	
Towards ground f _M	0.133
Towards ground f _L	
Back ground f _H	
Back ground f _M	0.141
Back ground f _L	

Phantom	SAR(mW/g)		
Configuration	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)
Back ground		0.141	

Table 7. SAR Results

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Mode: GSM1900 (GSM 1)GPRS Mode

 $f_L(MHz)=1850.2MHz$ $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$

 $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$ MHz $f_H(MHz)=$

1909.8MHz

SAR Values (GPRS, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		1g Average
Test Case		Measurement Result (mW/g) 1g Average
Towards ground	f _H	
Towards ground	f_{M}	0.148
Towards ground	f_L	
Back ground	f _H	
Back ground	f_{M}	0.158
Back ground	f_L	

Phantom	SAR(mW/g)		
Configuration	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)
Back ground		0.158	

Table 8. SAR Results

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Mode: GSM1900 (GSM 2)

 $f_L(MHz)=1850.2MHz$ $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$ MHz $f_H(MHz)=$

1909.8MHz

SAR Values (Head, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1g Average 1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g) 1 g Average
Left hand, Touch cheek , f _H	0.218
Left hand, Touch cheek, f _M	0.391
Left hand, Touch cheek , f _L	0.214
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f _M	0.202
Right hand, Touch cheek , f _H	
Right hand, Touch cheek, f _M	0.342
Right hand, Touch cheek f _L	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f _M	0.223

Phantom	Device Test	SAR(mW/g)		
Configuration	Position	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)
Left Side	Cheek		0.391	

Table 9. SAR Results

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Mode: GSM1900 (GSM 2)

 $f_L(MHz)=1850.2MHz$ $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$ MHz $f_H(MHz)=$

1909.8MHz

SAR Values (Body, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1g Average 1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g) 1g Average
Towards ground f _H	0.467
Towards ground with the headset f _H	0.442
Towards ground f _M	0.451
Towards ground f _L	0.454
Back ground f _H	
Back ground f _M	0.178
Back ground f _L	

Phantom		SAR(mW/g))
Configuration	f _L (MHz)	f _M (MHz)	f _H (MHz)
Towards ground			0.467

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Mode: GSM1900 (GSM 2)GPRS Mode

 $f_L(MHz)=1850.2MHz$ $f_M(MHz)=1880.0$ MHz $f_H(MHz)=$

1909.8MHz

SAR Values (GPRS, 1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg	1g Average 1.6
Test Case	Measurement Result (mW/g) 1g Average
Towards ground f _H	0.428
Towards ground f _M	0.622
Towards ground f _L	0.425
Back ground f _H	
Back ground f _M	0.221
Back ground f _L	

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom	SAR(mW/g)		
Configuration	$f_L(MHz)$ $f_M(MHz)$ $f_H(MHz)$		
Towards ground		0.622	

Note1: Please refer to 7.7 of this test report for graphical results.

Table 11. SAR Results

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7. Appendix

7.1 Administrative Data

Date of validation: 850MHz, 1900MHz: Aug. 10, 2007 Date of measurement: 850MHz, 1900MHz: Aug. 10, 2007

Data stored: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

7.2 Device under Test and Test Conditions

TYPE: Coolpad 8166G2

Date of receipt: Aug. 10, 2007

IMEI: 357236010000445

Equipment class: Portable device

Power Class: GSM850, tested with power level 5 (33dBm)

GSM1900, tested with power level 0(30dBm)

RF exposure environment: General Population

Power supply: Internal Battery (Other batteries not available)

Measurement Standards: GSM 850, GSM1900

Method to establish a call: GSM 850&GSM1900: Base station simulator, using

the air interface Modulation: GMSK

TX range: GSM850:824MHz~849MHz GSM1900:1850~1910MHz RX range: GSM850:869MHz~894MHz GSM1900:1930~1990MHz

Used TX Channels: L: ch128; M: ch189; H: ch251

Used TX Channels: L: ch512; M: ch661; H: ch810 (refer to the table 5)

GSM:

GSM 1 Mode	`			GSM1900(Head/Body) Duty cycle: 1:8(12.5%)		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)				29.8	29.8	29.8

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GSM 2 Mode		350(Head ycle: 1:8	d/Body) B(12.5%)	GSM1900(Head/Body) Duty cycle: 1:8(12.5%)			
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810	
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
Measured Power(dBm)	32.8	32.8	32.8	29.7	29.7	29.7	

GPRS:

GSM 1 Mode	GPRS850(Body) Duty cycle: 1:4(25%)			GPRS1900(Body) Duty cycle: 1:4(25%)		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)				29.8	29.8	29.8

GSM 2 Mode	GPRS850(Body) Duty cycle: 1:4(25%)			GPRS1900(Body) Duty cycle: 1:4(25%)		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)	32.6	32.7	32.8	29.7	29.6	29.8

Note: The GPRS Mode is tested with a duty cycle of 1:4 (25%) in the worst case configuration in each band.

Table12. Frequency and Measured power of EUT's Tx channels

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Used Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, as defined by IEC 62209-1-2005 and delivered by Schmid&Parb1er Engineering AG

7.3 Tissue Recipes

Head Tissue Simulant

The following recipes are provided in percentage by weight.

850MHz:	57.90%	Sugar;
	40.29%	de-ionised water
	1.38%	Salt
	0.24%	Cellulose
	0.18%	Preventol
1900 MHz:		
	44,45 %	2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol
	55.24 %	de-ionised water

0.31 % NaCl salt

Body Tissue Simulant

The following recipes are provided in percentage by weight.

800MHz:

50.75%	de-ionised water
48.21%	sugar
0.94%	salt
0.1	Preventol

1900MHz:

70.17%	de-ionised water
29.44%	DGBE
0.39 %	Salt

7.4 Material Parameters

For the measurement of the following parameters the HP 85070D dielectric probe kit is used, representing the open-ended coaxial probe measurement procedure. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3°C.

Head		εr σ[S/m]		Temperature	
				Ambient [℃]	Liquid [℃]
050141	Recommended Value	41.5±2.1	0.97±0.05	15-30	-
850MHz	Measured Value	41.5	0.98	24.0	22.3
1900MHz	Recommended Value	40±1.9	1.40±0.07	15-30	-
1900IVITZ	Measured Value	39.7	1.35	24.0	22.3

Body				Tempe	rature
		εr	σ[S/m]	Ambient [℃]	Liquid [℃]
050141	Recommended Value	55.0±2.8	1.05±0.05	15-30	-
850MHz	Measured Value	54.6	1.00	24.0	22.3
1900MHz	Recommended Value	53.3±2.7	1.52±0.08	15-30	-
1900IVITZ	Measured Value	54.6	1.49	24.0	22.3

Table13: Parameters of the head tissue simulating liquids

7.5 Simplified Performance Checking

The simplified performance check was realized using the dipole validation kits. The input power of the dipole antennas were 250mW (cw signal) and they were placed under the flat part of the SAM phantom. The results are listed in the Table 7 .The target values were adopted from the manufactures calibration certificates which are attached in the appendix. Table 9 includes the uncertainty assessment for the system performance checking which was suggested by the IEC 62209-1-2005 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The expanded uncertainty is assessed to be ± 21.9%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3°C. System validation date: 2007.8.10.

		SAR _{1g}		σ[S/m]	Tempe	rature
		[w/kg]	ε _r (O[S/III]	Ambient[℃]	Liquid[℃]
850MHz	Target Value	10.8	41.5±2.1	0.97±0.05	15-30	-
OSOIVII IZ	Measured Value	10.9	41.5	0.98	24.0	22.3

All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power

Table14: Validation results, 850 MHz

	SAR _{1g}		e	a[S/m]	Tempe	rature
		[w/kg]	٤r	σ[S/m]	Ambient[℃]	Liquid[℃]
1900MHz	Target Value	39.7	40±1.9	1.40±0.07	15-30	-
1900101112	Measured Value	39.9	39.7	1.35	24.0	22.3

All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power

Table 15: Validation results, 1900 MHz

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7.6Setup for System Performance Check

(see also Chapter 15 System Performance Check of DAY 4 System handbook)

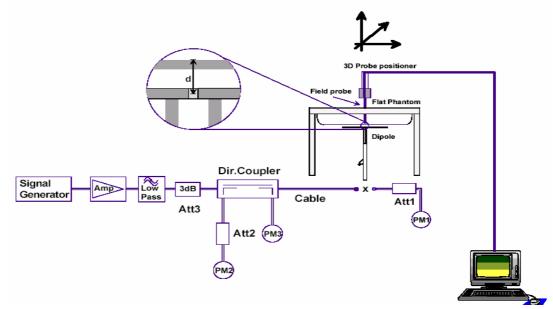


Fig5.Setup for system performance Check

First the power meter PM1 is connected to the cable and it measures the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the (Att1) value) and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. Then after connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at the power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow a setting in 0,01 dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole and ensures that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20 dB below the forwarded power.

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Error description	ToL.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std.Unc (1g).	Std.Unc	(v_i)
				1g	10g		(10g)	$V_{\it eff}$
Measurement system			I					
Probe calibration	±5.9%	N	1	1	1	±5.9%	±5.9%	∞
Axial isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	∞
Boundary effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System detection limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
RF ambient noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF ambient reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Algorithms for Max.SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Dipole								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Input power and SAR drift meas.	±4.7%	N	1	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
Phantom and Tissue Param	I		I	ı	ı		I.	
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid conductivity (means.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined std. Uncertainty						±9.2%	±8.9%	∞
Coverage Factor for 95%		$k_p = 2$						
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±18.4%	±17.8%	

Table 16:Uncertainty Budget for the system performance check

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7.7Test Results

GSM1(1900MHz/Head)

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift =0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.653 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 mW/g



Fig 6 SAR Test result

1880 MHz

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				_

Tilt

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Right Side

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift =-0.118dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.444 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g



Fig7 SAR Test result

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Right Side	Tilt	1850.2 MHz
------------	------	------------

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Tilt position – Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 mW/g

Tilt position - Low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift =-0.140dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.318 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 mW/g



Fig8 SAR Test result

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Right Side	Tilt	1909.8 MHz
------------	------	------------

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 mW/g

Tilt position - High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift =-0.033dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =0.712W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g

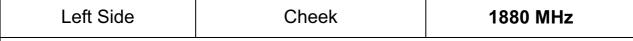
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 mW/g



0 dB = 0.435 mW/g

Fig9 SAR Test result

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Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =14.7 V/m; Power Drift =-0.086dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.472W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 mW/g



Fig10 SAR Test result

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Left Side Tilt 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift =0.188dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.663W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.400 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 mW/g

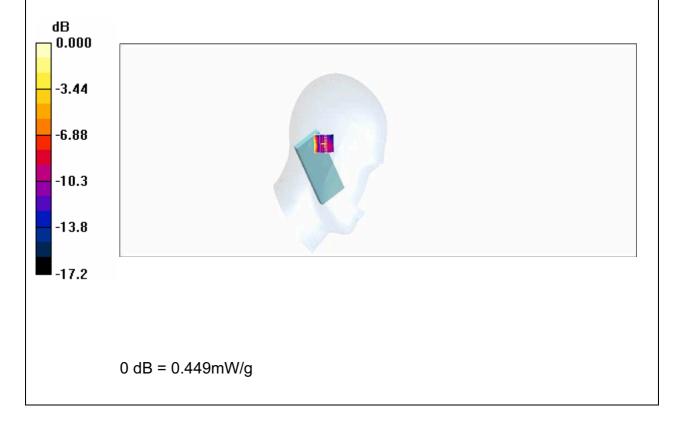


Fig11 SAR Test result

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GSM1(1900MHz/Body)

Towards ground 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.202 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.143 mW/g



Fig12 SAR Test result

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Back ground 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Back ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 mW/g

Back ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =3.87V/m; Power Drift =-0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = -0.087 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 mW/g

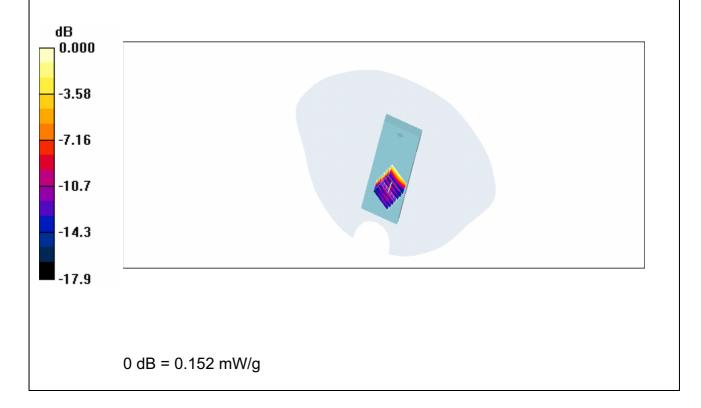


Fig13 SAR Test result

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GSM 1900 (GSM1) GPRS Mode

Towards ground 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160mW/g

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.228W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.160 mW/g

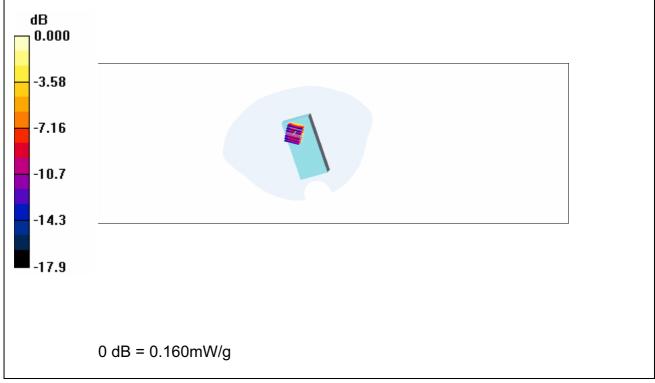


Fig14 SAR Test result

Back ground 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Back ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g

Back ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =4.00V/m; Power Drift =0.199 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.242 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = -0.097 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g



Fig15 SAR Test result

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GSM2(850MHz/Head)

Right Side	Cheek	836.4 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g

Touch position - Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

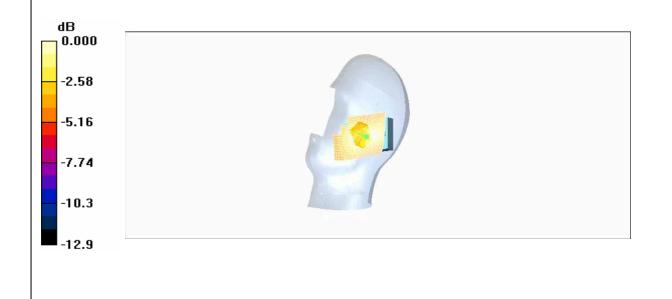
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.83V/m; Power Drift =-0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.133W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.105 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

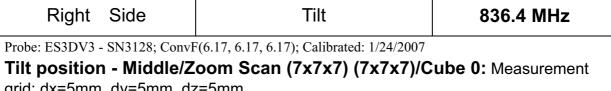
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154mW/g



0 dB = 0.154 mW/g

Fig16 SAR Test result

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grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.29V/m; Power Drift =-0.204dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g



Fig17 SAR Test result

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Left Side	Cheek	836.4 MHz
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Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.72V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110mW/g



Fig18 SAR Test result

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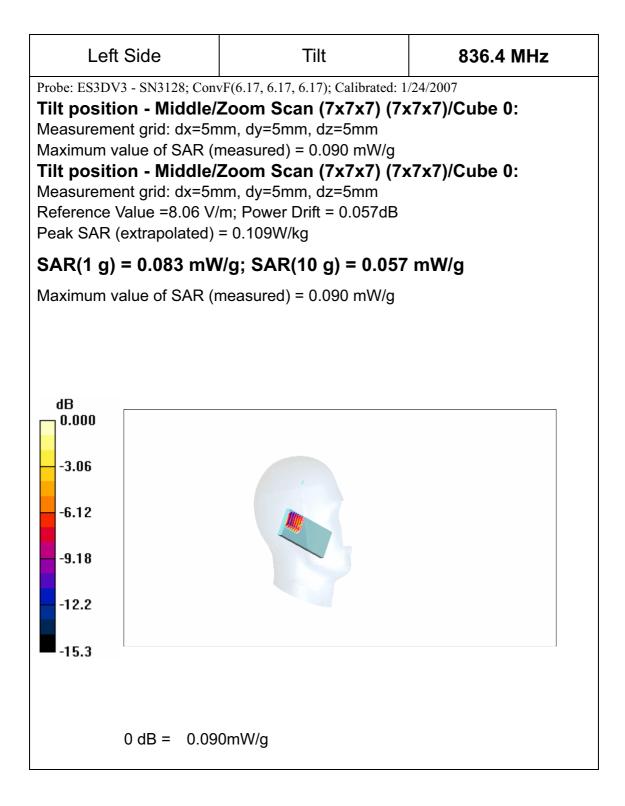


Fig19 SAR Test result

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GSM2(1900MHz/Head)

Right Side Touch 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.384 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.56 V/m; Power Drift =0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.537W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.342 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.384 mW/g



Fig20 SAR Test result

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Right Side Tilt 1880 MHz Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift =0.204dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.223 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g dΒ 0.000 -3.44-6.88-10.3-13.8 -17.2 0 dB = 0.241 mW/g

Fig21 SAR Test result

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Left Side Cheek 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.437 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =7.81 V/m; Power Drift =-0.053dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.437 mW/g

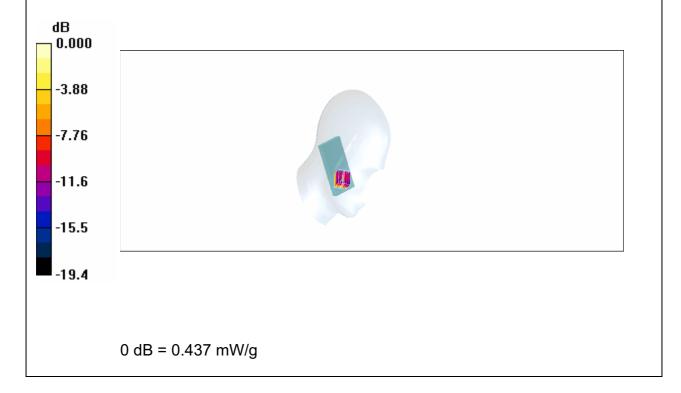


Fig22 SAR Test result

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Left Side	Cheek	1850.2 MHz
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007		

Touch position – Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236mW/g

Touch position – Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =8.05 V/m; Power Drift =-0.200dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236mW/g



Fig23 SAR Test result

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Left Side	Cheek	1909.8MHz
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Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Touch position – High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 mW/g

Touch position – High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =8.66 V/m; Power Drift =-0.025dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.242 mW/g

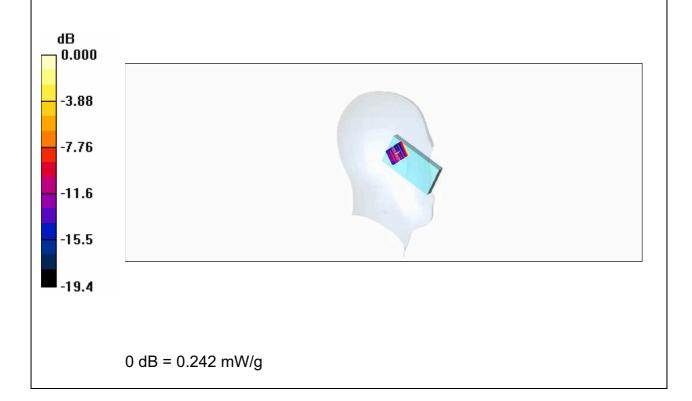


Fig24 SAR Test result

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Left Side	Tilt	1880 MHz	
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221mW/g Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =11.1V/m; Power Drift =0.023dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.310W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g			
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 mW/g			
dB 0.000			



Fig25 SAR Test result

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GSM2(850MHz/Body)

Towards ground 836.4 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187mW/g

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.225 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187mW/g

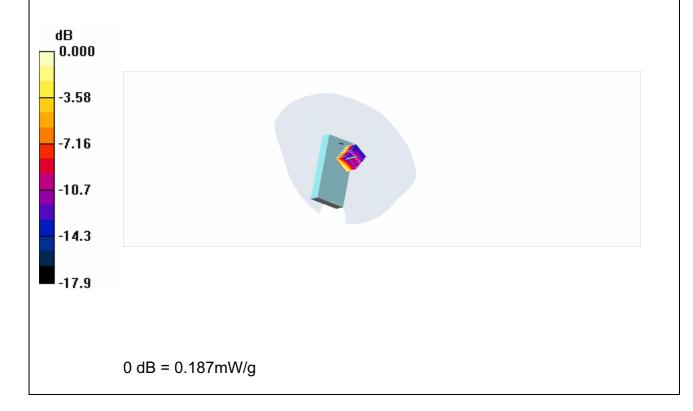


Fig26 SAR Test result

fax:86-10-68009195 68009205 Tel: 86-10-68009202 68009203 Page 54 of 69 836.4 MHz Back ground Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 Back ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158mW/g Back ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =11.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.179 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158mW/g



Fig27 SAR Test result

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GSM2(1900MHz/Body)

Towards	ground	1880 MHz
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Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.497 mW/g

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =7.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.734W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.451 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.497 mW/g

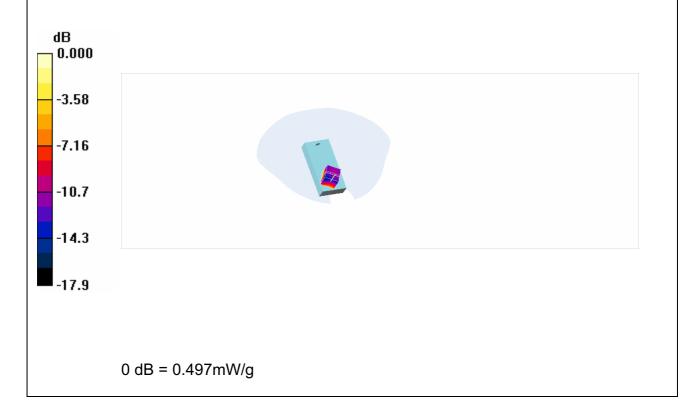


Fig28 SAR Test result

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Towards ground 1850.2 MHz Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 mW/g

Towards ground -Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =7.95V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.734W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.454 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.501 mW/g



Fig29 SAR Test result

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Towards ground 1909.8MHz Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 Towards ground - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g Towards ground - High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =5.90V/m; Power Drift =-0.020 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.783 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.467 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.267mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g

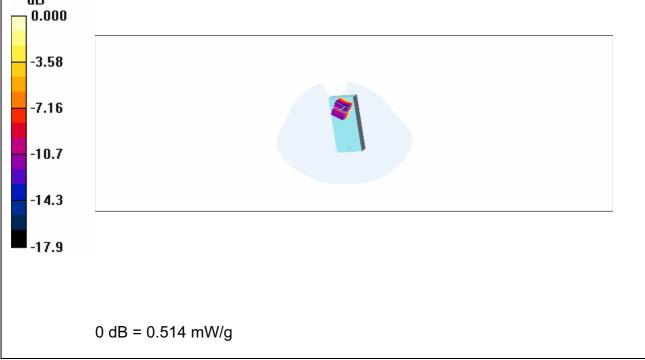


Fig30 SAR Test result

1880MHz Back ground

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Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Back ground – Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 mW/g

Back ground – Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =5.81V/m; Power Drift =-0.018dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.278 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 mW/g

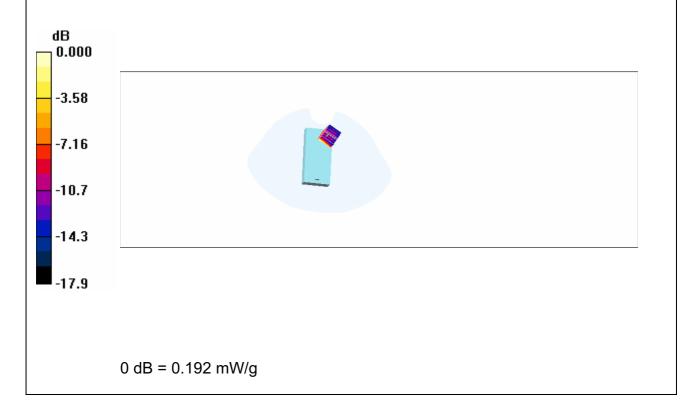


Fig31 SAR Test result

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GSM 850 (GSM2) GPRS Mode

Towards	ground	836.4 MHz
iowaids	ground	000.7 111112

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227mW/g

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.9V/m; Power Drift = 0.063dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.265 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227mW/g



Fig32 SAR Test result

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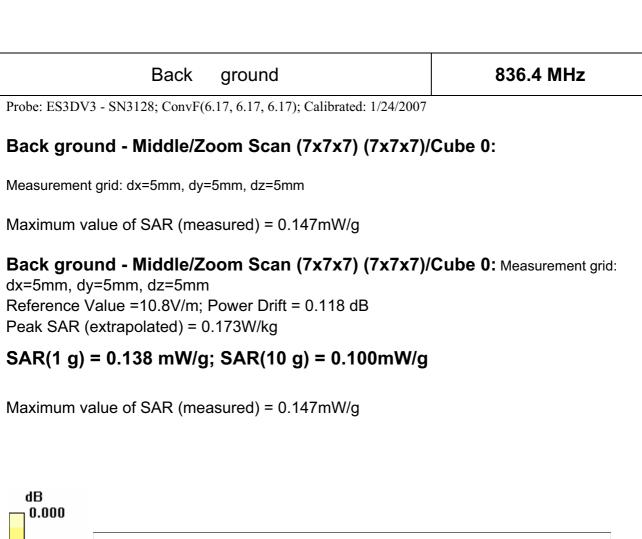




Fig33 SAR Test result

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GSM1900(GSM2)GPRS Mode

Towards ground 1880 MHz

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.678mW/g

Towards ground - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =21.7V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.709W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.622 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.678mW/g



Fig34 SAR Test result

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1850.2 MHz **Towards** ground Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 Towards ground - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 mW/g Towards ground -Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =7.49V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) =1.0W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.425 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) =0.458 mW/g dΒ 0.000-3.58-7.16-10.7-14.3-17.9

Fig35 SAR Test result

0 dB = 0.458 mW/g

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1909.8MHz Towards ground Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 ground - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 mW/g Towards ground - High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =5.69V/m; Power Drift =-0.050 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.722 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.428 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 mW/g dΒ 0.000-3.58-7.16-10.7-14.3-17.9

Fig36 SAR Test result

0 dB = 0.470 mW/g

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Back ground 1880MHz Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 Towards ground - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233mW/g Towards ground - High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =11.8V/m; Power Drift =-0.066dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.235 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.221 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g dB 0.000-3.58-7.16-10.7-14.3-17.9

Fig37 SAR Test result

0 dB = 0.233 mW/g

The State Radio Spectrum Monitoring and Testing Center fax:86-10-68009195 68009205 Tel: 86-10-68009202 68009203 Page 65 of 69 1909.8MHz Towards ground Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 1/24/2007 ground with the headset - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.488 mW/g Towards ground - High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value =5.30V/m; Power Drift =-0.002 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.656 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.442 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.498 mW/g dB



Fig38 SAR Test result

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7.8 Pictures of the device under test

Fig39-46 show the device under test



Fig39: Front view of the device



Fig40: back view of the device

7.9 Test Positions for the Device under test



Fig 41: Cheek position, left side



Fig 42: Tilt position, left side



Fig43: Cheek position, Right side

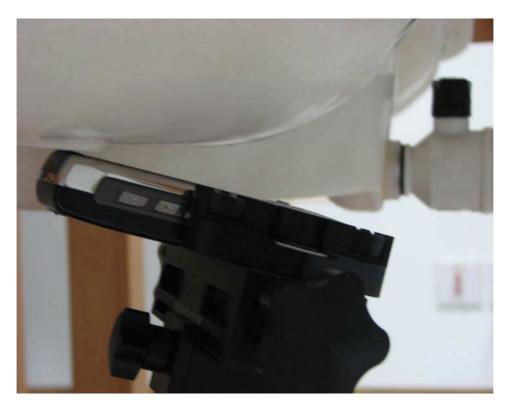


Fig 44: Tilt position, Right side



Fig45 .Body position



Fig46 .Body position with the headset

7.10 Picture to demonstrate the required liquid depth

the liquid depth in the used SAM phantoms



Fig47: Liquid depth for SAR Measurement

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7.11 Certificate of conformity

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Issued: February 26, 2007

Num: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: DAE4-725_Feb07

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BG - SN: 725 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) February 26, 2007 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 SN: 6295803 13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492) Oct-07 03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478) Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Oct-07 SN: 0810278 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check SE UMS 006 AB 1002 15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check) Calibrator Box V1.1 In house check Jun-07 Signature

Certificate No: DAE4-725_Feb07

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

Name

Daniel Steinacher

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Fin Bomholt

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Function

Technician

R&D Director

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

Num: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-725_Feb07

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =

Low Range: 1LSB =

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High Range: $1 LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1 LSB = 61 n V, full range = -1......+3 m VDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.194 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.944 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.514 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.89608 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97890 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97682 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	236 ° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	236 ° ± 1 °

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	199999.4	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20008.02	0.04
Channel X - Input	20000	-19999.77	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200000	199999.9	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20006.16	0.03
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20002.13	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200000	199999.3	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20005.13	0.03
Channel Z - Input	20000	-20002.90	0.01

Low Range	Input (μV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	200.53	0.26
Channel X - Input	200	-199.86	-0.07
Channel Y + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.83	-0.08
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.83	0.42
Channel Z + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.07	-0.47
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.05	0.53

2. Common mode sensitivity

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	9.53	8.54
	- 200	-6.95	-8.23
Channel Y	200	-10.33	-10.58
	- 200	10.35	9.71
Channel Z	200	-3.28	-3.83
	- 200	3.18	2.12

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	3.17	-0.11
Channel Y	200	1.30		4.28
Channel Z	200	-0.39	1.82	

Certificate No: DAE4-725_Feb07

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16234	17028
Channel Y	16225	15769
Channel Z	16101	15831

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10M Ω

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.38	-2.01	2.01	0.39
Channel Y	-2.66	-3.87	-0.19	0.43
Channel Z	-1.36	-2.75	0.08	0.41

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2001	201.0
Channel Y	0.2000	202.0
Channel Z	0.2000	200.2

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura C S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

SRMC (MTT)

Certificate No: ES3-3127_Jan07

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3	127	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration proc	edure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	January 24, 200	7	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		Name of the Park
All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&		ory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and	i humidity < 70%.
rimary Standards	ID#	California (California) by Cartifornia Na V	
minary Standards	ID II	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
ower meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A	GB41293874 MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07 Apr-07
ower meter E4419B lower sensor E4412A lower sensor E4412A	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07
ower meter E4419B lower sensor E4412A lower sensor E4412A deference 3 dB Attenuator	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Apr-07
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Apr-07 Aug-07
ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A teference 3 dB Attenuator teference 20 dB Attenuator teference 30 dB Attenuator teference Probe ES3DV2	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Jan-08
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Apr-07 Aug-07
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Jan-08
lower meter E4419B cover sensor E4412A cover sensor E4412A cover sensor E4412A teference 3 dB Attenuator teference 20 dB Attenuator teference 30 dB Attenuator teference Probe ES3DV2 teference Probe ES3DV2 teference Probe ES3DV2	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 654	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Jan-08 Jun-07
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Recondary Standards RE generator HP 8648C	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 654	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) Check Date (in house)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Jan-08 Jun-07 Scheduled Check In house check: Nov-0
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Recondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 654	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Jan-08 Jun-07 Scheduled Check In house check: Nov-07
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 70 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 654	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Jan-08 Jun-07 Scheduled Check In house check: Nov-07 In house check: Oct-07
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8646C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 654 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	Apr-07 Apr-07 Apr-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Aug-07 Jan-08 Jun-07 Scheduled Check In house check: Nov-07 In house check: Oct-07

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Num: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

 $\begin{array}{ll} TSL & tissue simulating liquid \\ NORMx,y,z & sensitivity in free space \\ ConF & sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z \\ DCP & diode compression point \\ Polarization \phi & \phi rotation around probe axis \\ \end{array}$

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of
 the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ES3DV3 SN:3127

January 24, 2007

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3127

Manufactured:

July 11, 2006

Calibrated:

January 24, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ES3DV3 SN:3127

January 24, 2007

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3127

Sensitivity in Free Space ^A	Diode Compression ^E
--	--------------------------------

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ NormX 1.25 ± 10.1% DCP X 94 mV $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ DCP Y 95 mV 1.29 ± 10.1% NormY $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ DCP Z 1.21 ± 10.1% 96 mV NormZ

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Cente	ter to Phantom Surface Distance Without Correction Algorithm	3.0 mm	4.0 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	5.7	2.6	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.2	

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Cente		4.0 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	4.0	1.8
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.0 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

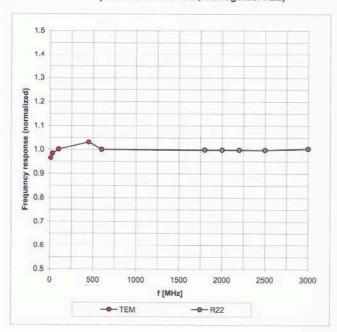
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ES3DV3 SN:3127

January 24, 2007

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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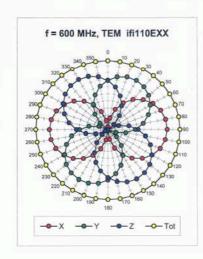
Num: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

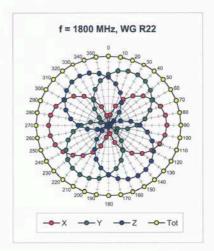
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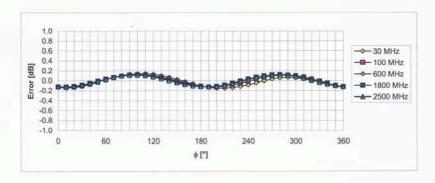


January 24, 2007

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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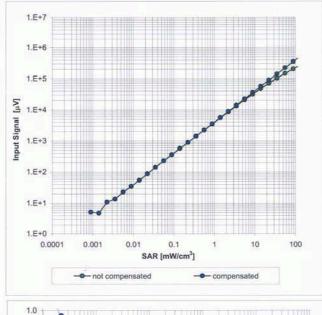
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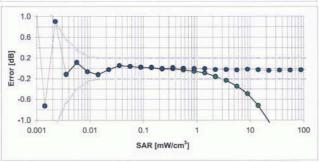
ES3DV3 SN:3127

January 24, 2007

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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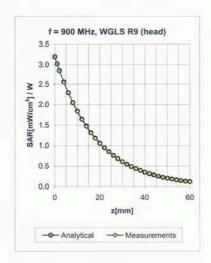
Num: SRMC2007-H024-E0004

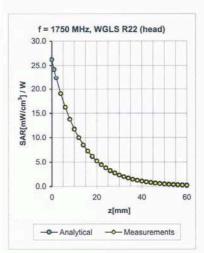
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ES3DV3 SN:3127

January 24, 2007

Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.90	1.12	6.19	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.99	1.12	6.21	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.94	1.15	4.93	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	0.77	1.34	4.87	± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	0.84	1.24	4.66	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.72	1.37	4.47	± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.90	1.12	6.34	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$55.0 \pm 5\%$	1.05 ± 5%	0.90	1.14	6.03	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$53.4 \pm 5\%$	1.49 ± 5%	0.75	1.45	4.83	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.84	1.26	4.64	± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.85	1.25	4.45	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.90	1.06	4.16	± 11.8% (k=2)

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Certificate No: ES3-3127_Jan07

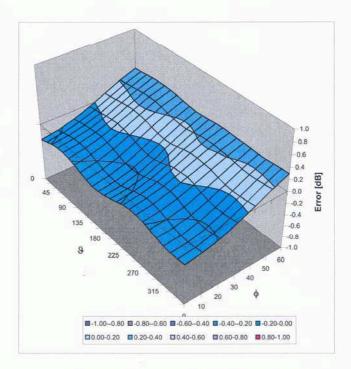
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ES3DV3 SN:3127

January 24, 2007

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (♦, ३), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	
Type No	QD 000 P40 C	
Series No	TP-1150 and higher	
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland	

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006, Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas; 6mm +/- 0.2mm at ERP	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions	DEGMBE based simulating liquids	Pre-series, First article, Samples

Standards

[1] CENELEC EN 50361

[2] IEEE Std 1528-200x Draft CD 1,1 (Dec 02)

[1] and [3].

Signature / Stamp

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date

7.8.2003

Schmid & Partner Fin Brudelt-

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79