Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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S Swiss Calibration Service

S

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D2450V2-926_Jul16

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Client Sporton-TW (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D2450V2 - SN:926 Object QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz July 25, 2016 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) **Primary Standards** Apr-17 Power meter NRP SN: 104778 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289) Apr-17 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) Apr-17 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) Apr-17 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) Apr-17 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 Jun-17 Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 7349 15-Jun-16 (No. EX3-7349_Jun16) DAE4 SN: 601 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Dec-16 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards ID # 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) In house check: Oct-16 Power meter EPM-442A SN: GB37480704 In house check: Oct-16 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) Power sensor HP 8481A SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) In house check: Oct-16 SN: MY41092317 Power sensor HP 8481A In house check: Oct-16 SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) RF generator R&S SMT-06 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) In house check: Oct-16 SN: US37390585 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Name Function Signature Michael Weber Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Technical Manager Approved by: Katja Pokovic Issued: July 26, 2016 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end • of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed . point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. ø
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna 0 connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.0 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.8 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω + 3.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω + 5.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

	4.475
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.155 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	September 26, 2013	

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.07.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:926

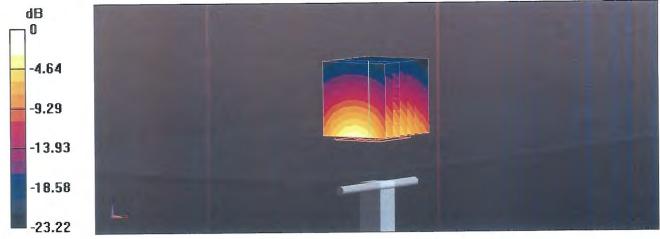
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.86 S/m; ϵ_r = 38; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

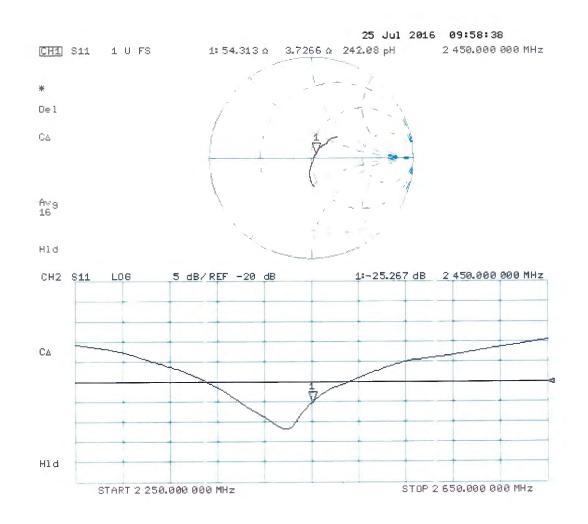
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 114.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



0 dB = 22.3 W/kg = 13.48 dBW/kg



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 25.07.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

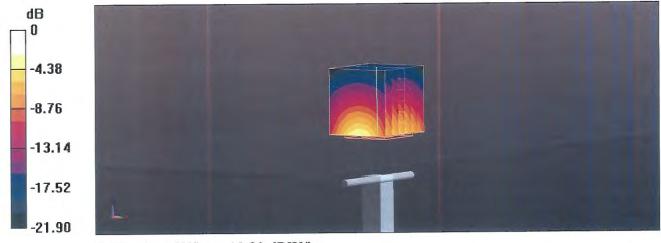
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:926

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.03 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

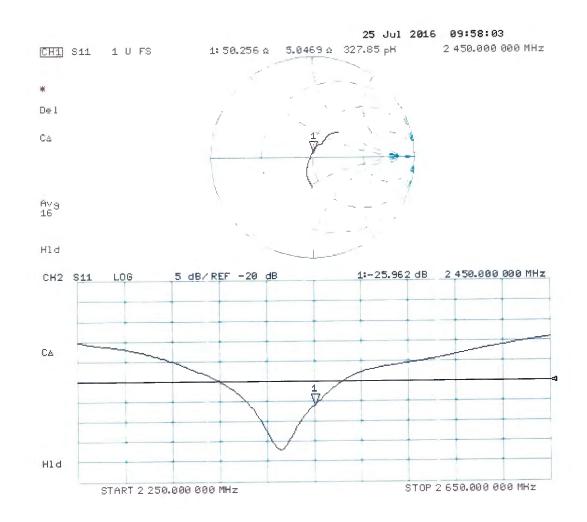
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 107.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



0 dB = 21.4 W/kg = 13.30 dBW/kg



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Sporton-TW (Auden) Client

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1399 Object QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) November 23, 2015 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Certificate No.) Primary Standards ID # Sep-16 09-Sep-15 (No:17153) Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 Scheduled Check 1D # Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards SE UWS 053 AA 1001 06-Jan-15 (in house check) In house check: Jan-16 Auto DAE Calibration Unit In house check: Jan-16 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 06-Jan-15 (in house check) Calibrator Box V2.1 Signature Function Name Techniclan Dominique Steffen Calibrated by: Deputy Technical Manager Fin Bomholt Approved by: Issued: November 23, 2015 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Certificate No: DAE4-1399_Nov15

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Reso				
High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV,	•	-1+3mV
DASY measurement	parameters: Aut	o Zero Time: 3	sec; Measuring	time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.569 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.830 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.686 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98186 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99005 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98036 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	 303.0 ° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be adoa in or to respect	

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200034.20	-1.95	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20004.24	-0.55	-0.00
Channel X - Input	-20004.68	0.95	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	200034.75	-2.81	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20002.71	-1.97	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20006.72	-0.91	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200034.35	-2.72	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20002.74	-1.91	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20007.13	-1.44	0.01

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.90	-0.02	-0.00
Channel X -	+ Input	201.19	0.32	0.16
Channel X -	- Input	-198.77	0.20	-0.10
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.69	-0.23	-0.01
Channel Y -	+ Input	200.19	-0.57	-0.29
Channel Y	- Input	-199.64	-0.59	0.29
Channel Z		2000.76	-0.09	-0.00
Channel Z	- <u>-</u>	199.54	-1.29	-0.64
Channel Z ·	- Input	-200.88	-1.78	0.90

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-5.42	-6.82
	- 200	8.31	6.25
Channel Y	200	-5.59	-5.99
	- 200	4.78	4.49
Channel Z	200	-7.36	-7.21
	- 200	4.34	4.37

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Υ (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		5.03	-1.50
Channel Y	200	9.40	-	5.92
Channel Z	200	8.43	7.65	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15830	16396
Channel Y	16113	15933
Channel Z	15887	15858

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.38	-0.36	1.37	0.35
Channel Y	0.35	-0.44	1,17	0.34
Channel Z	-2.61	-3.42	-1.45	0.39

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Client Sporton-TW (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 - SN:3955 Object QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes November 24, 2015 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Certificate No.) ID Primary Standards Mar-16 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) GB41293874 Power meter E4419B Mar-16 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 Mar-16 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129) SN: S5054 (3c) Reference 3 dB Attenuator Mar-16 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132) SN: S5277 (20x) Reference 20 dB Attenuator Mar-16 01-Apr~15 (No. 217-02133) SN: S5129 (30b) Reference 30 dB Attenuator 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) Dec-15 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Jan-16 SN: 660 DAE4 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) ID Secondary Standards In house check: Apr-16 US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) RF generator HP 8648C In house check: Oct-16 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 Signature Function Name Laboratory Technician Claudio Leubler Calibrated by: Technical Manager Katja Pokovic Approved by: Issued: November 26, 2015

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe se

- Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:
 - a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
 - Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
 - c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
 - d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3955

Manufactured: Calibrated: August 6, 2013 November 24, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.35	0.41	0.31	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	103.2	104.2	98.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊏] (k=2)	
0		X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	130.3	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		120.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 ^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the scale of the square of the square of the scale of the square field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

f (M <u>Hz</u>) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G _(mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.31	10.31	10.31	0.19	1.73	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.96	9.96	9.96	0. <u>18</u>	1.78	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
900	41.5	0.97	9.73	9.73	9.73	0.18	1.89	<u>± 12.0_%</u>
1750	40.1	1.37	8.69	8.69	8.69	0.26	0.85	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
1900	40.0	1.40	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.32	0.88	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
2000	40.0	1.40	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.25	1.01	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.36	7.36	7.36	0.29	0.98	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
2600	39.0	1.96	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.29	0.99	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
5250	35.9	4.71	5.08	5.08	5. <u>08</u>	0.35	1.80	± 14.0 <u>%</u>
5600	35.5	5.07	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.50	1.80	± 14.0 %
5750	35.4	5.2 <u>2</u>	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.50	1.80	± 14.0 %

Calibration Parameter	Determined in Head T	issue Simulating Media
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^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The ⁵ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
 ^F At frequencies up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
 ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

diameter from the boundary.

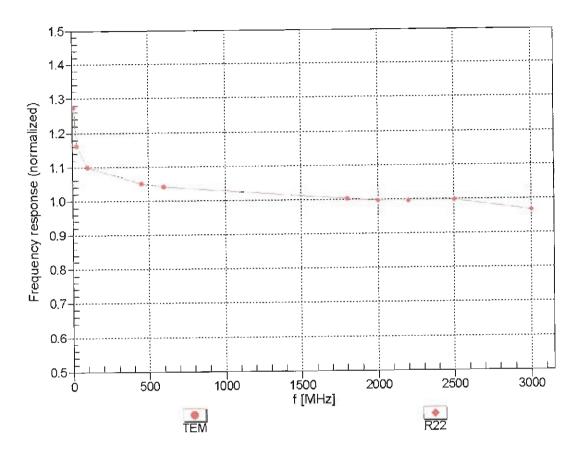
DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.36	10.36	10.36	0.25	1.29	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.08	10.08	10.08	0.24	1.39	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
1750	53.4	1.49	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.42	0.80	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
 1900	53.3	1.52	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.38	0.89	<u>± 12.0 %</u>
2450	52.7	1.95	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.60	0.70	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.27	0.99	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.50	1.90	± 14.0 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3. <u>81</u>	3.81	3.81	0.60	1.90	± 14.0 %
5750	48.3	5.94	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.60	1.90	± 14.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

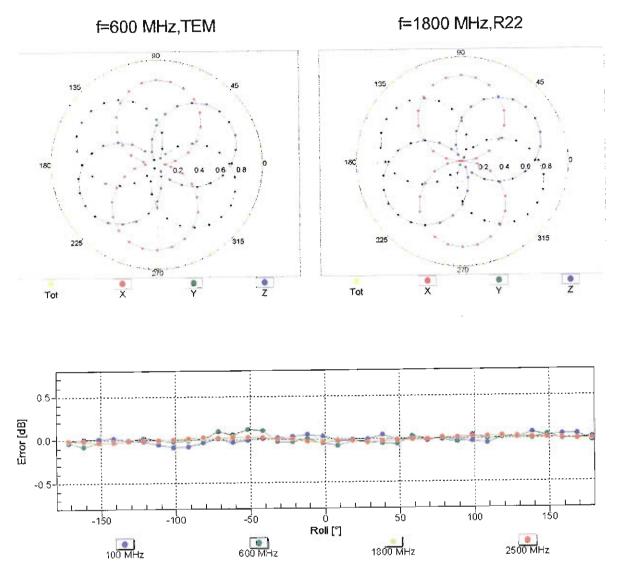
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity is the respectively.

below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz in Conver assessments at 30, 64, 126, 136 and 226 MHz respectively. Above 5 Mi 2 Requestory validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. ^F At frequencies up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



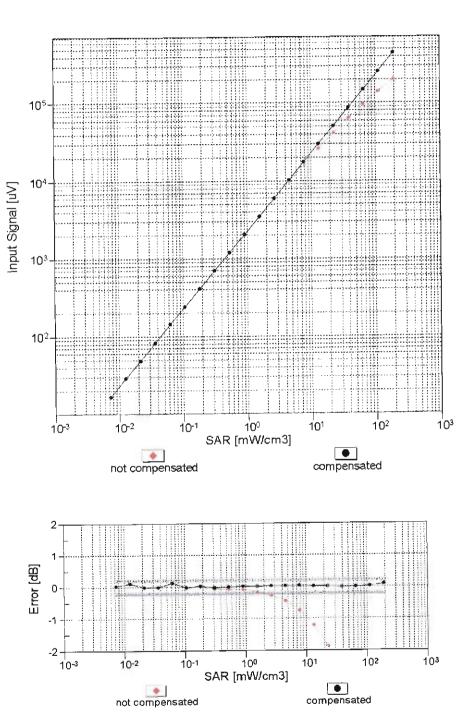
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



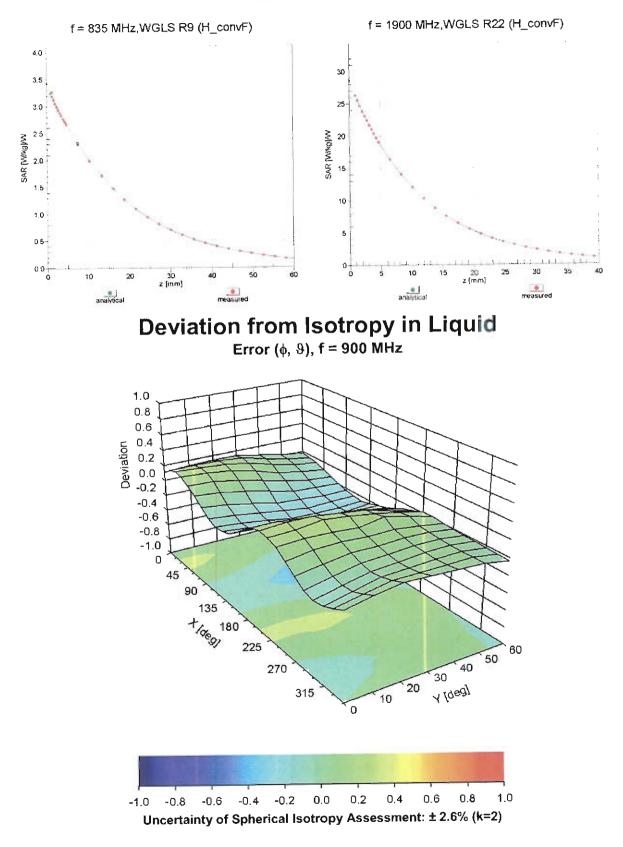
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

Other Probe Parameters

128.5 enabled
enabled
disabled
337 mm
10 mm
9 mm
2.5 mm
1 mm
1 mm
1 mm
1.4 mm