

# Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

С Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

**B.V. ADT (Auden)** Client

# Certificate No: D2450V2-737\_Aug19

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

	D2450V2 - SN:73	57	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	between 0.7-3 GHz
alibration date:	August 26, 2019		
he measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical uni robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C	d are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
rimary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
ower meter NRP	311. 104//0	00 / Apr 10 (1101 = 11 0 = 000 = 0 = 000)	7 ipi <u>Lo</u>
	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91			
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 103244 SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20 Apr-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 oference 20 dB Attenuator rpe-N mismatch combination	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination eference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination eference Probe EX3DV4 AE4	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20
wer sensor NRP-Z91 wer sensor NRP-Z91 oference 20 dB Attenuator pe-N mismatch combination oference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 condary Standards	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20
wer sensor NRP-Z91 wer sensor NRP-Z91 iference 20 dB Attenuator pe-N mismatch combination iference Probe EX3DV4 NE4 condary Standards wer meter E4419B	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20 Scheduled Check
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator pe-N mismatch combination eference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 econdary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator ope-N mismatch combination eference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 econdary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor HP 8481A ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination eference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 econdary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor HP 8481A ower sensor HP 8481A F generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 eference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination eference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 econdary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor HP 8481A ower sensor HP 8481A F generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19 Signature
ower meter NRP ower sensor NRP-Z91 ower sensor NRP-Z91 efference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination leference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 <u>econdary Standards</u> ower meter E4419B ower sensor HP 8481A ower sensor HP 8481A F generator R&S SMT-06 letwork Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) 0-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 May-20 Apr-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:TSLtissue simulating liquidConvFsensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,zN/Anot applicable or not measured

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

	1	
SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
	7	
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω + 4.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.162 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

# **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 26.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:737

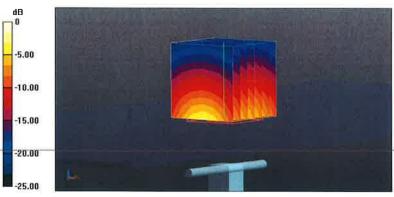
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.83 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.8;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

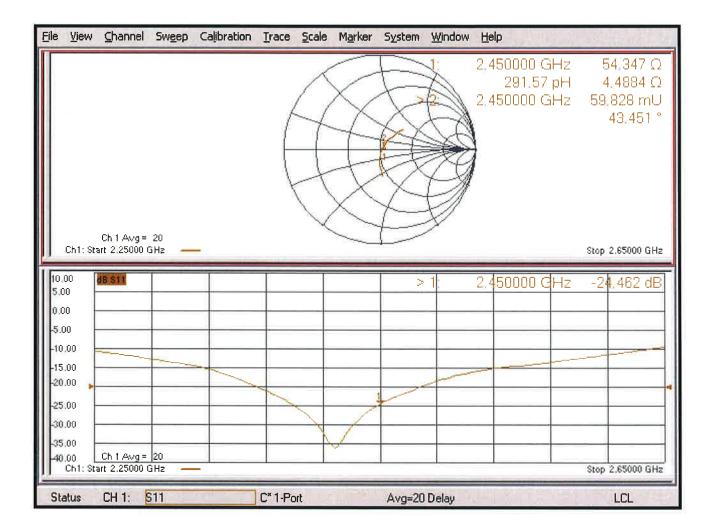
### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 117.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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Certificate No: Z19-60452

**CNAS L0570** 

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1203

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 20, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	「見え」
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林老
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	200
This calibration certificate sh	all not be reproc	Issued: Dece duced except in full without written approval o	ember 24, 2019 of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z19-60452



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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.69 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.5 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.0 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.5 ± 6 %	5.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.8 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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#### Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.1 ± 6 %	5.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.9 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.5 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

#### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.4 ± 6 %	5.70 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.75 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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# Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.0 ± 6 %	5.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.3 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.5 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.1Ω - 2.47jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.5dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.7Ω + 2.04jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.7dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5Ω + 5.75jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.3dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6Ω - 1.32jΩ		
Return Loss	- 34.2dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6Ω + 3.49jΩ		
Return Loss	- 25.1dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5Ω + 8.23jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.3dB



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#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.056 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 12.20.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

# DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1203

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.688 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.066 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.69;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.23 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.47;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3,

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Macaurament arid: due torus due torus

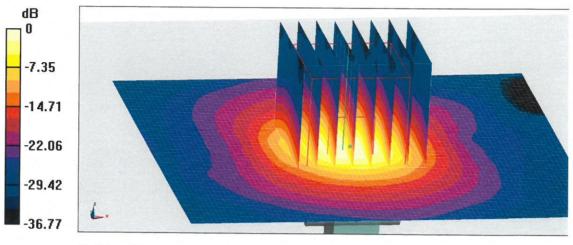
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 62.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.1% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



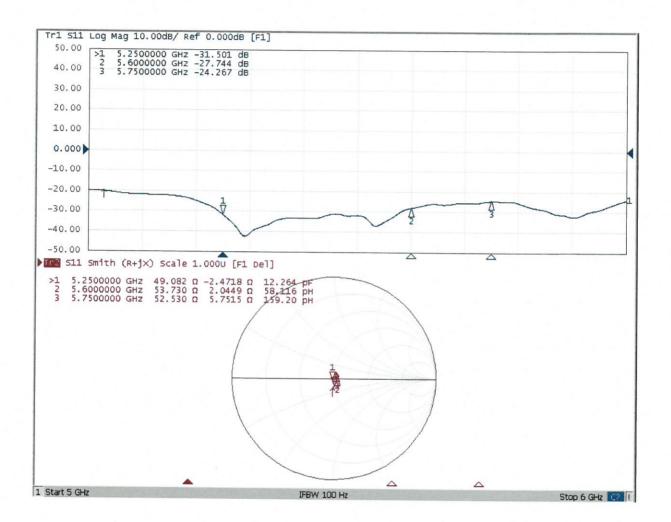
0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg



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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 12.19.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

# DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1203

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.232 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 49.05;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.697 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 48.37;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.923 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 48.04;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3,

Phantom section: Right Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

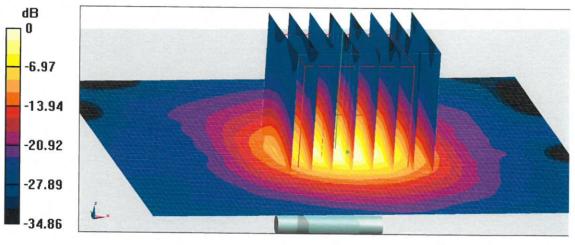
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.7% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 62.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



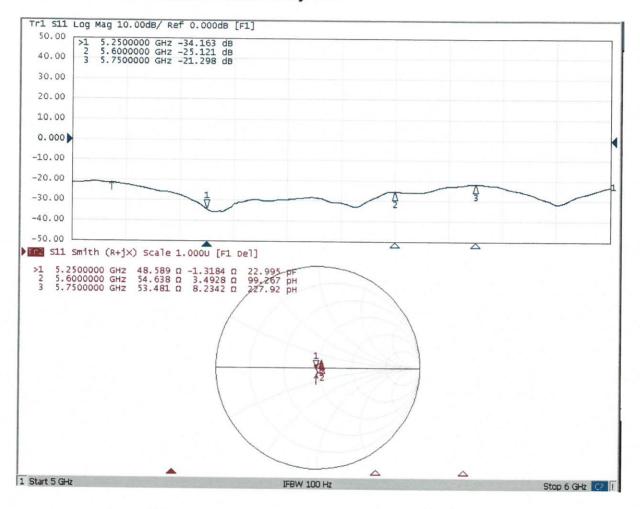
0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg



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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Auden

Certificate No: EX3-3820\_Jun19

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3820
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	June 25, 2019
This calibration certificate document The measurements and the uncert	nts the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conduct	ed in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20	
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19	
Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013		31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19	

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	Miller
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	*Technical Manager	Ally
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in ful	without written approval of the laborato	Issued: June 25, 2019

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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- Swiss Calibration Service

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#### **Glossary**: TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A. B. C. D modulation dependent linearization parameters Polarization o φ rotation around probe axis Polarization & 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center). i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis **Connector Angle** information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices
- used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010 d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 
   9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.47	0.48	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.6	104.6	98.6		

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	164.1	± 3.0 %	±4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		175.5		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		177.1	1	
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	15.00	87.34	20.22	10.00	60.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	15.00	88.90	20.97		60.0	-	
		Z	15.00	88.22	21.16		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	15.00	88.11	19.15	6.99	80.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	15.00	90.87	20.80		80.0		
		Z	15.00	89.24	20.19		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	15.00	88.05	17.35	3.98	95.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	15.00	95.67	21.73	1	95.0		
		Z	15.00	92.49	20.04		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	11.90	83.37	13.92	2.22	120.0	± 2.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	15.00	103.65	24.13		120.0		
		Z	15.00	96.73	20.32		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.59	60.00	7.58	0.00	150.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.21	68.00	13.51		150.0		
		Z	2.44	77.64	16.71		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.04	66.65	14.61	0.00	150.0	± 2.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.78	71.95	17.69		150.0	1	
		Z	3.45	76.72	20.35	i	150.0	·	
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.21	71.12	19.24	3.01	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.68	74.26	20.60		150.0	ľ	
		Z	4.06	78.43	24.52		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.55	67.33	15.67	0.00	150.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.80	68.85	16.71		150.0		
		Z	3.93	69.69	17.65		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.01	66.16	15.75	0.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.94	66.00	15.75		150.0		
		Z	5.20	67.00	16.79		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

#### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	Т6
	fF	fF	V <sup>-1</sup>	ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	ms	V-2	V-1	
Х	49.0	375.26	36.81	12.98	0.78	5.10	0.00	0.59	1.02
Y	53.8	388.57	33.69	14.88	0.47	5.10	0.70	0.42	1.01
Z	51.8	407.48	39.48	15.18	1.18	5.10	0.00	0.53	1.03

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	31.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.62	9.62	9.62	0.55	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.27	9.27	9.27	0.38	1.04	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.14	9.14	9.14	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.07	8.07	8.07	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.31	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.47	7.47	7.47	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.31	0.97	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.77	6.77	6.77	0.44	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.63	6.63	6.63	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

#### **Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>6</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

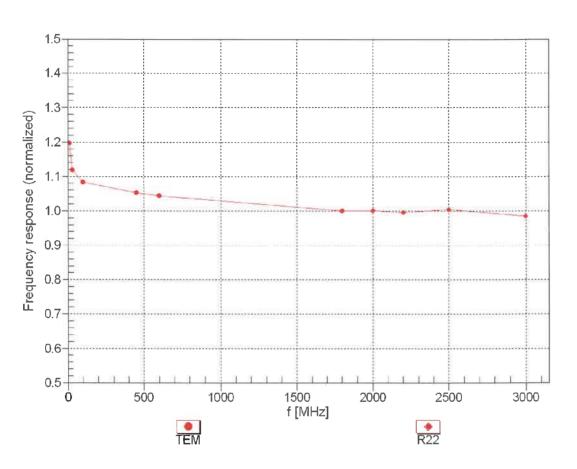
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.42	0.90	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.62	9.62	9.62	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	53.7	1.42	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.29	1.02	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.35	0.93	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.48	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.74	6.74	6.74	0.42	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.72	3.72	3.72	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.84	3.84	3.84	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

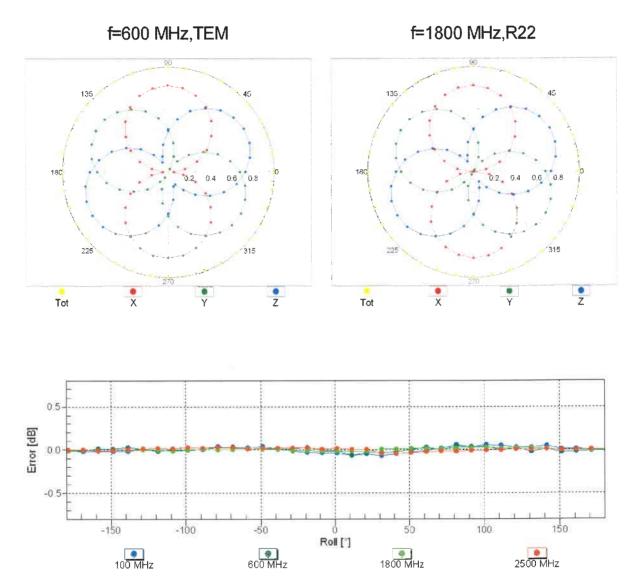
<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>6</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



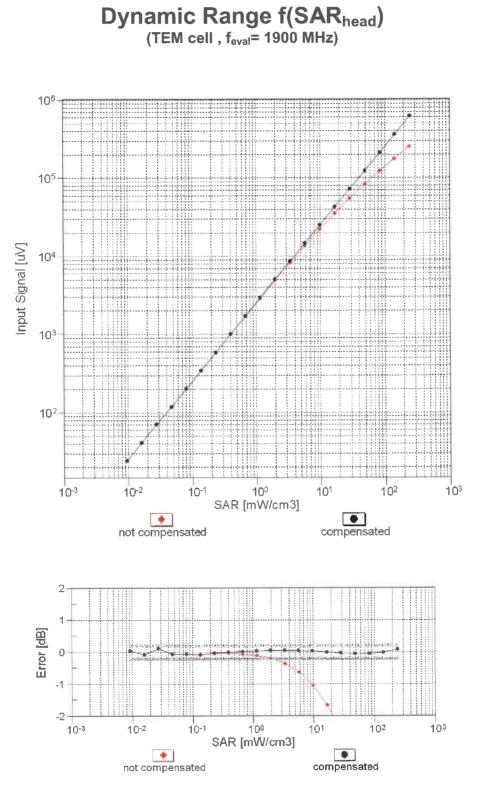
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)