

SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	Salo_SAR_0912_01	Date of report:	2009-04-09
Template version:	11.0	Number of pages:	62
Testing laboratory:	TCC Nokia Salo Laboratory P.O.Box 86 Joensuunkatu 7H / Kiila 1B FIN-24101 SALO, FINLAND Tel. +358 (0) 7180 08000 Fax. +358 (0) 7180 45220	Client:	Nokia Corporation Arco Tower Shimomeguro 1-8-1 Meguro-ku TOKYO 153-0064 JAPAN Tel. +81 3 5759 7001 Fax. +81 3 5740 6858
Responsible test engineer:	Janne Hirsimäki	Product contact person:	Futoshi Kimura
Measurements made by:	Janne Hirsimäki, Heikki Kuusela		
Tested device:	RM-507		
FCC ID:	QVVRM-507	IC:	661AE-RM507
Supplement reports:	Salo_SAR_0912_02, Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505, FCC ID: QVVRM-505, IC ID: 661AE-RM505		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-03-16 to 2009-03-26
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/10/405349/7, HW: 2304, SW: V52.50.2009.08, DUT: 13613
Batteries used in testing	BP-4L, DUT: 13509, 13510, 13511, 13512, 13513, 13514
Headsets used in testing	HS-45 + AD-54, DUT: 13517, 13518
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	128 / 824.2	30.0 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.701 W/kg	0.79 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4175 / 835.0	23.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.330 W/kg	0.37 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	27.7 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.557 W/kg	0.62 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9262 / 1852.4	23.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.716 W/kg	0.80 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450**	7 / 2442.0	18.0 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.139 W/kg	0.16 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.840 W/kg	0.94 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.469 W/kg	0.53 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.696 W/kg	0.78 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN 2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.855 W/kg	0.96 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	30.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.990 W/kg	1.11 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4175 / 835.0	23.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.527 W/kg	0.59 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	27.7 dBm	1.5 cm	0.498 W/kg	0.56 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9538 / 1907.6	23.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.564 W/kg	0.63 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450**	7 / 2442.0	18.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.094 W/kg	0.11 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	1.084 W/kg	1.21 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.621 W/kg	0.70 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.592 W/kg	0.66 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN 2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.658 W/kg	0.74 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this conservative scaling of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

**SAR data taken from Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505, FCC ID: QVVRM-505, IC ID: 661AE-RM505.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.31 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462 2412 – 2472

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Voice-over-IP/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom. Dual Transfer Mode is a feature that utilises the multi-slot GPRS capability in this device; it allows simultaneous transmission of voice and data during the same call, using the same transmitter and antenna.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas. The main cellular antenna is located at the bottom of the device underneath the back surface. The WLAN antenna is located at the top of the device underneath the back surface.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	18.9 to 21.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	39 to 49

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester except for testing WLAN2450 where control software was used. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

Some of the SAR results given in this report are duplicated from the earlier test report Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505, FCC ID: QVVRM-505, IC ID: 661AE-RM505.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), the multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of SAR tests made to evaluate this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values has also allowed some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made during the testing of this device. Examples of the typical use of this test logic are given below.

When SAR testing devices that include multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it would be inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the multi-slot modes as these modes will have a fixed power relationship - a power relationship that doesn't vary with test configuration. In these cases, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test configuration - is made in each of the multi-slot modes; the mode with the highest average power will produce the highest measured SAR value. It is only necessary to fully SAR test the identified mode as the others will have lower SAR values. Experience has shown these comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) to be extremely accurate, as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position from test to test.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also tested in EGPRS mode. EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation; of these two EGPRS modulation types, only 8PSK EGPRS appears explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical average power to GPRS.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

These checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	555	12 months	2009-11
DAE 4	793	12 months	2009-04
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2010-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3165	12 months	2009-04
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	480	24 months	2009-05
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d030	24 months	2010-01
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2009-07
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2009-07
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2009-07
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2009-07
Call Tester	CMU 200	101111	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	103293	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2009-07
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm
Application	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.29	41.6	0.90	
	± 10% window	2.06 – 2.52			
	2009-03-16	2.49	40.5	0.93	21.0
	2009-03-17	2.45	40.6	0.91	21.0
	2009-03-25	2.51	40.5	0.92	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.2	38.5	1.46	
	± 10% window	9.2 – 11.2			
	2009-03-18	10.6	38.2	1.46	21.0
	2009-03-19	10.6	38.0	1.48	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.48	53.0	0.98	
	± 10% window	2.23 – 2.73			
	2009-03-26	2.50	53.0	0.99	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2009-03-17	40.6	0.91	21.0
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2009-03-16	40.5	0.93	21.0
	2009-03-17	40.6	0.91	21.0
	2009-03-25	40.5	0.92	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2009-03-18	38.3	1.44	21.0
	2009-03-19	38.1	1.46	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2009-03-17	53.1	0.99	21.0
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2009-03-26	53.0	0.99	21.0
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2009-03-19	52.7	1.59	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its back facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		-	32.5 dBm	-
		Left	Cheek	-	0.270	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.522	-
			Tilt	-	0.460	-
		Right	Cheek	0.678	0.673	0.648
			Tilt	-	0.465	-
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		-	28.2 dBm	-
		Left	Cheek	-	0.515	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		26.5 dBm	-	-
		Left	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	0.070	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right, Cheek		0.701	0.674	0.661
Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.231	-
			Tilt	-	0.218	-
		Right	Cheek	0.318	0.330	0.313
			Tilt	-	0.221	-
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right, Cheek		0.315	0.324	0.311

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
		Left	Cheek	-	0.193	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
		Left	Cheek	-	0.347	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.362	-
			Tilt	-	0.283	-
		Right	Cheek	0.471	0.531	0.557
			Tilt	-	0.259	-
3-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		-	-	23.2 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	0.147
			Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right, Cheek		0.469	0.507	0.557
Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.383	-
			Tilt	-	0.301	-
		Right	Cheek	0.716	0.620	0.659
			Tilt	-	0.276	-
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right, Cheek		0.696	0.591	0.640

2450MHz Head SAR results**

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Conducted Power		18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.133	-
			Tilt	-	0.117	-
		Right	Cheek	0.084	0.139	0.101
			Tilt	-	0.096	-
WLAN	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right, Cheek		0.110	0.110	0.102

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Display facing phantom	Conducted Power	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm
			Without headset	-	-	-
		Back facing phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
			Without headset	0.941	0.980	0.990
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.616	-
	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed	Display facing phantom	Conducted Power	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
			Without headset	-	-	-
		Back facing phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
			Without headset	0.474	0.527	0.517
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.315	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed		Conducted Power	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
		Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
		Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.449	0.489	0.498
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.446	-
	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed		Conducted Power	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
		Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
		Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.559	0.563	0.564
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.467	-

2450MHz Body SAR results**

Mode	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Phone slide closed Camera slide closed		Conducted Power	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
		Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
		Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.069	0.094	0.090
			Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.090	-

Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results				
	WLAN**	2-slot GPRS850	WCDMA850	3-slot GPRS1900	WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.133	0.522	0.231	0.362	0.383
Head: Left, Tilt	0.117	0.460	0.218	0.283	0.301
Head: Right, Cheek	0.139	0.701	0.330	0.557	0.716
Head: Right, Tilt	0.096	0.465	0.221	0.259	0.276
Body: Without Headset	0.094	0.990	0.527	0.498	0.564
Body: Headset HS-45 + AD-54	0.090	0.616	0.315	0.446	0.467

Test configuration	Combined 1g SAR values			
	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS850	WLAN + WCDMA850	WLAN + 3-slot GPRS1900	WLAN + WCDMA1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.655	0.364	0.495	0.516
Head: Left, Tilt	0.577	0.335	0.400	0.418
Head: Right, Cheek	0.840	0.469	0.696	0.855
Head: Right, Tilt	0.561	0.317	0.355	0.372
Body: Without Headset	1.084	0.621	0.592	0.658
Body: Headset HS-45 + AD-54	0.706	0.405	0.536	0.557

Note: Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

**SAR data taken from Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505, FCC ID: QVVRM-505, IC ID: 661AE-RM505.

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-03-16 08:37:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.927 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.66 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m

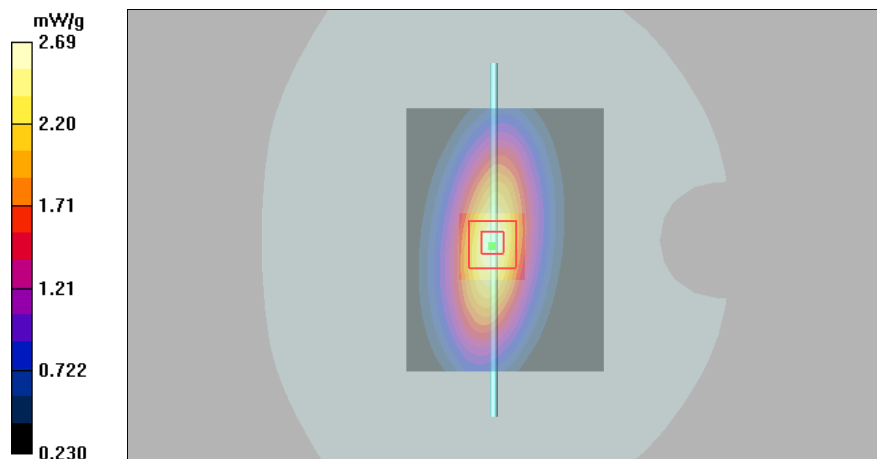
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 08:16:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.62 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.5 V/m

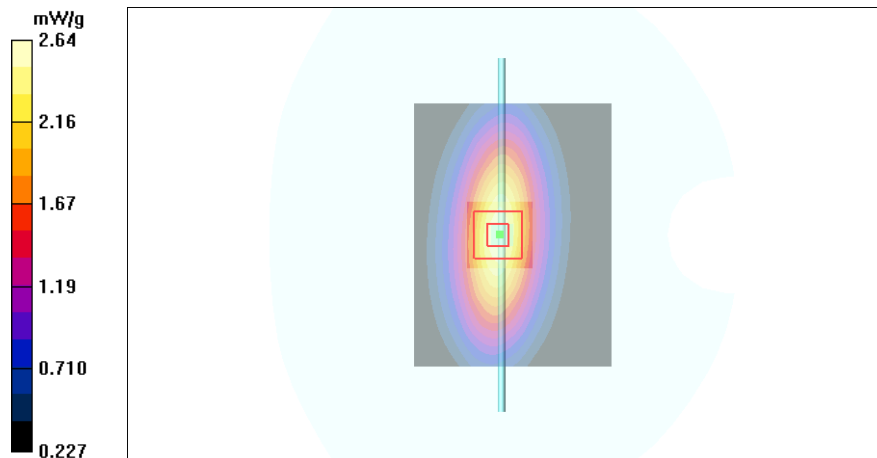
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-25 11:05:53

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.917 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.67 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.1 V/m

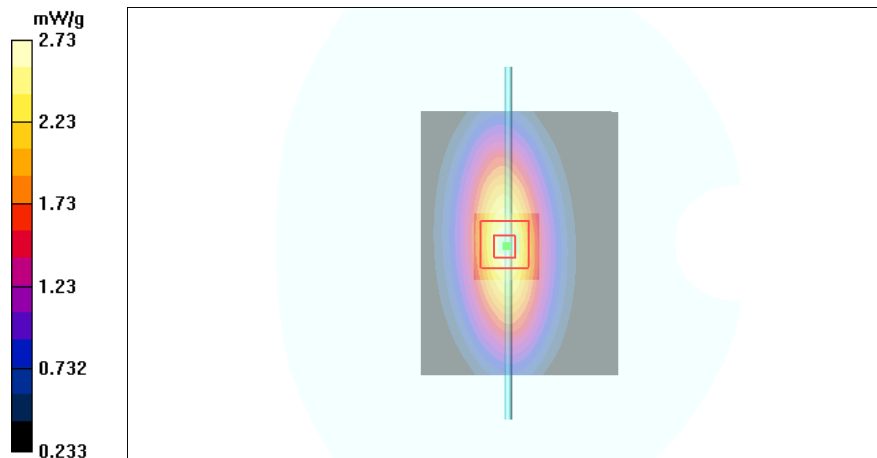
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 08:56:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.4 V/m

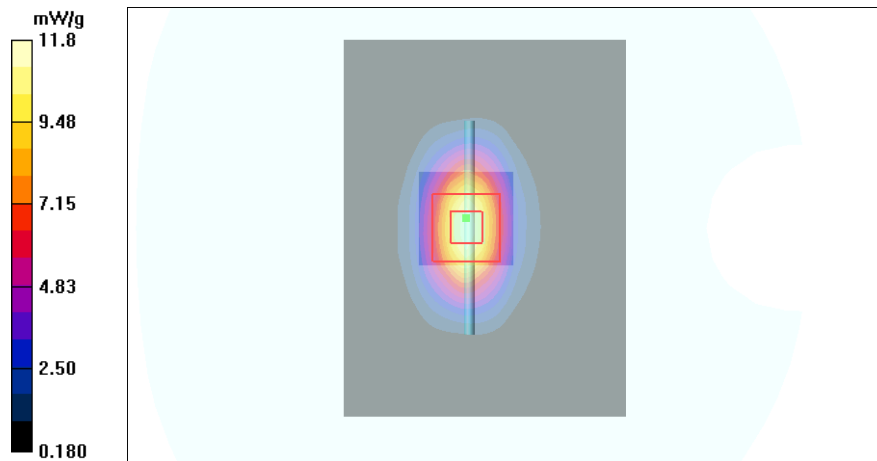
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.005 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 10:31:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.1 V/m

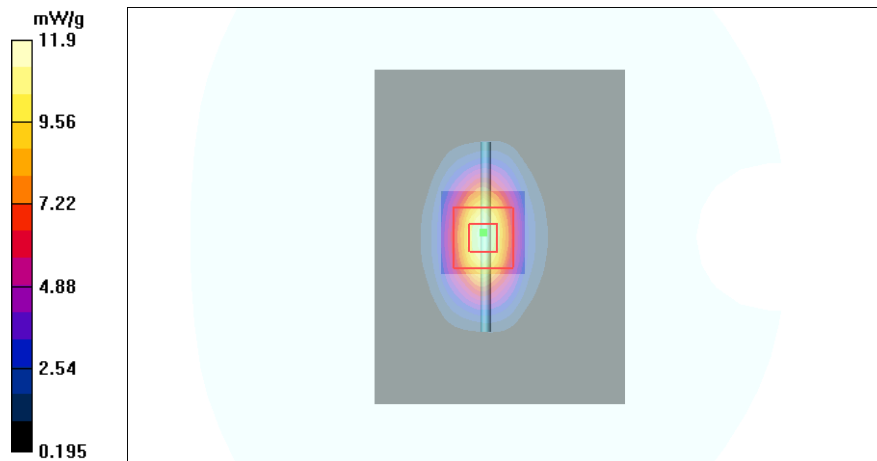
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.005 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-26 08:31:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL580; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.992 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.69 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.9 V/m

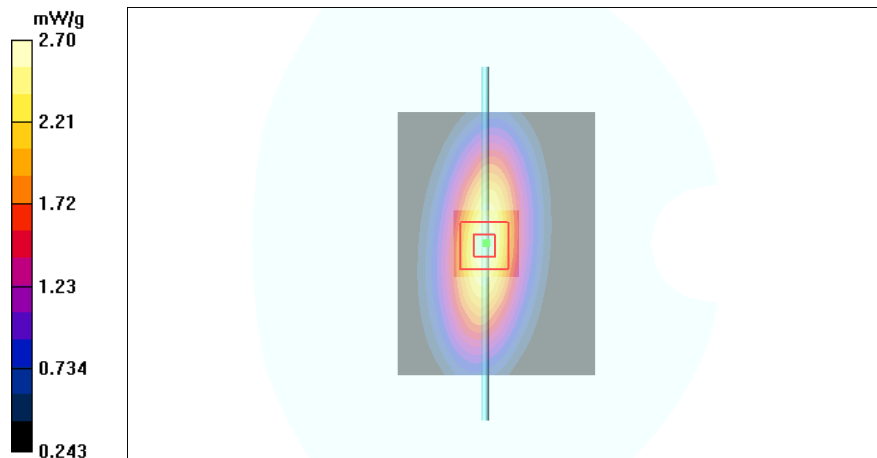
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-03-16 09:14:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.928 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.290 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.47 V/m

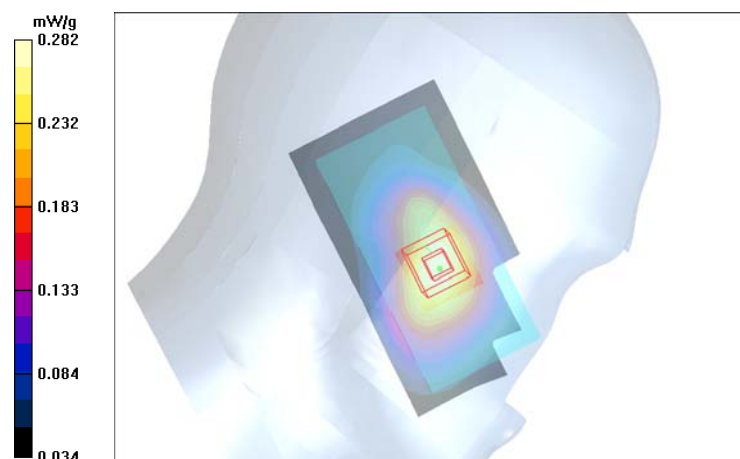
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.168 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-16 09:29:43

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.556 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m

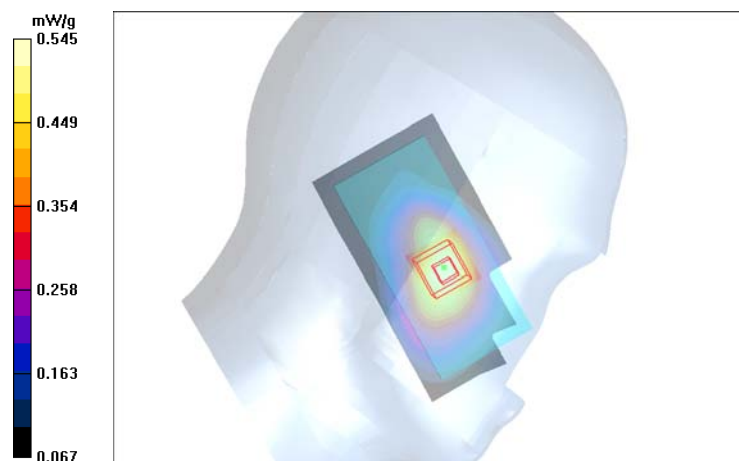
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.638 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.522 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.385 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.260 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.545 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-25 12:11:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.484 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.9 V/m

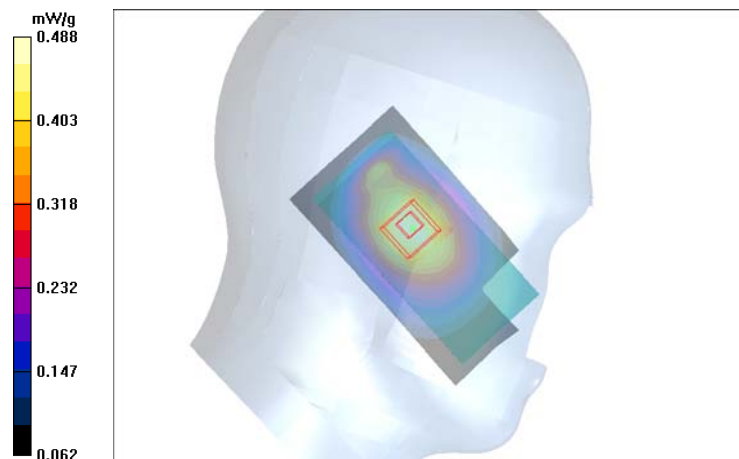
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.589 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.460 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.198 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.488 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-25 13:04:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position -Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.738 mW/g

Cheek position -Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m

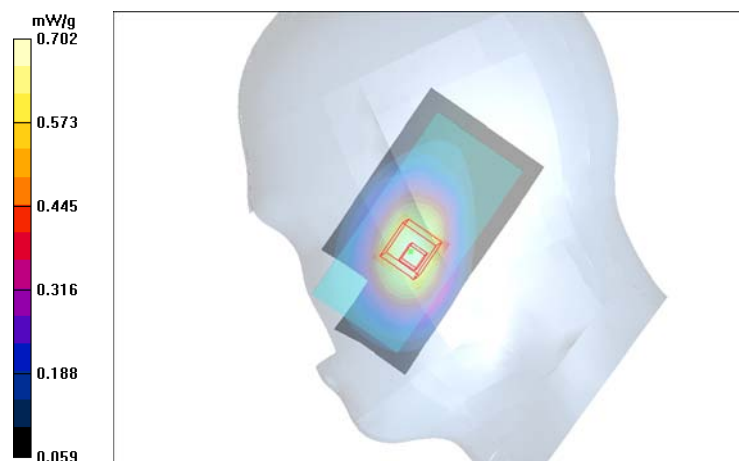
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.850 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.678 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.503 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.237 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.702 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-25 12:26:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.517 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.3 V/m

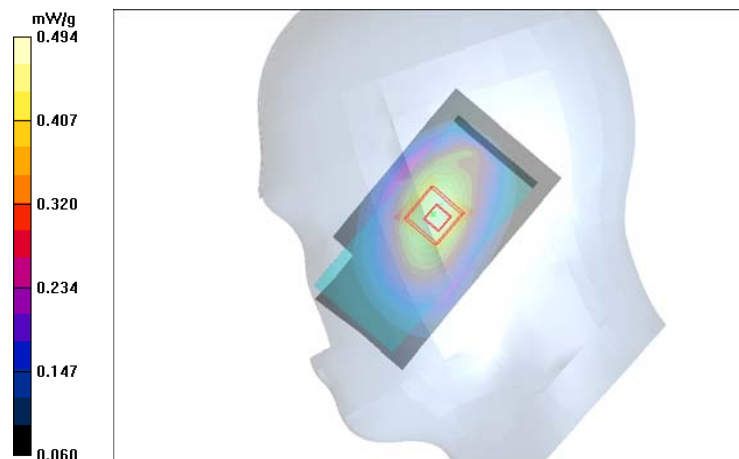
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.619 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.465 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.494 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-16 09:44:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.546 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.0 V/m

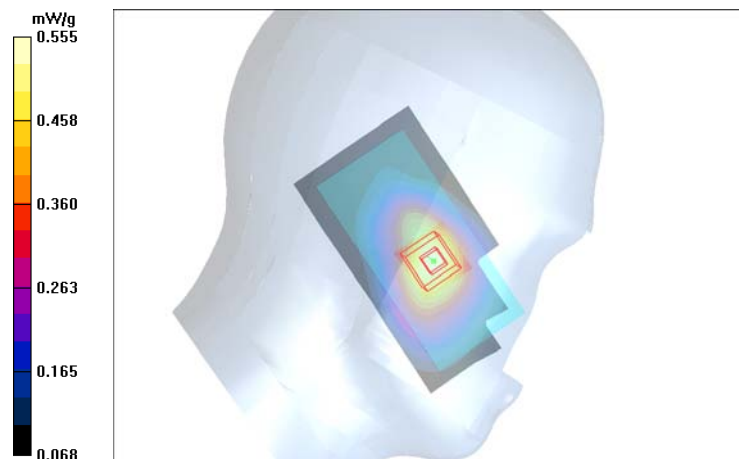
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.625 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.515 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.086 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-25 14:21:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 824 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 824 MHz; σ = 0.909 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.077 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.23 V/m

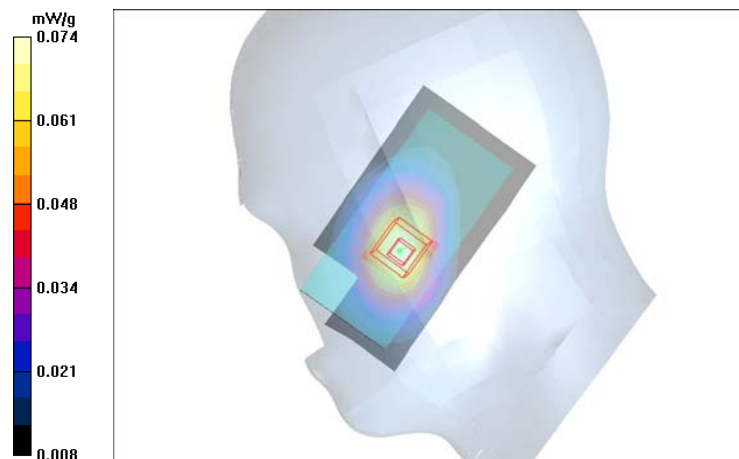
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.091 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.070 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.309 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.074 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-25 13:54:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.743 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m

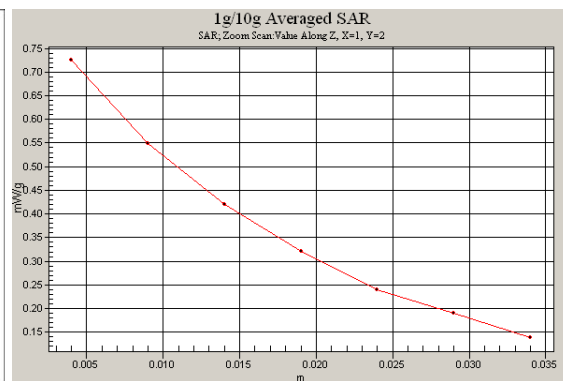
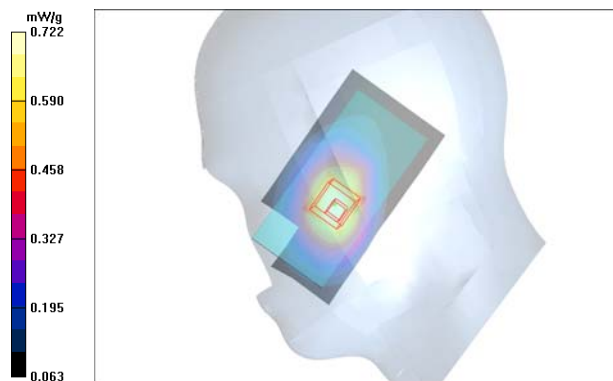
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.908 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.701 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.513 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.722 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 09:36:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.23 V/m

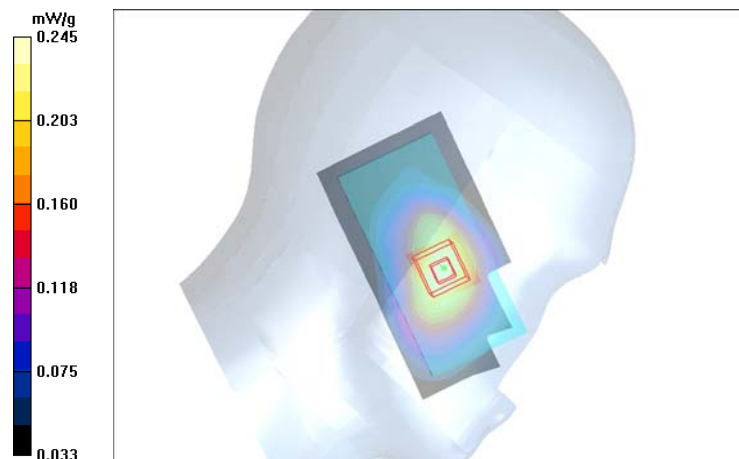
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.231 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.154 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 09:49:32

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.232 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m

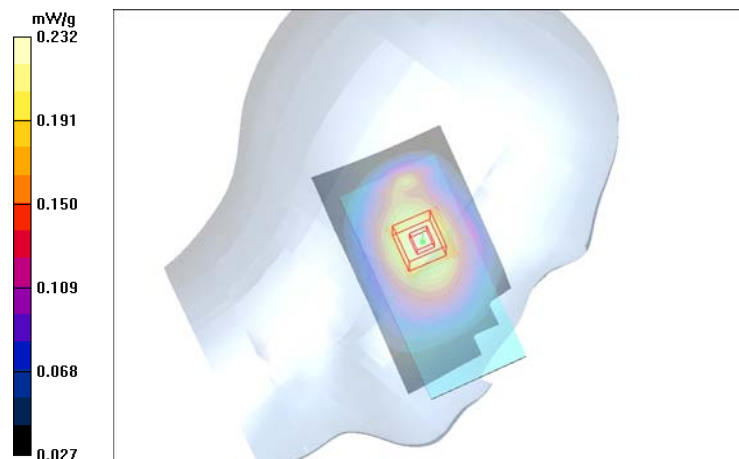
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.286 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 10:09:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.366 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.79 V/m

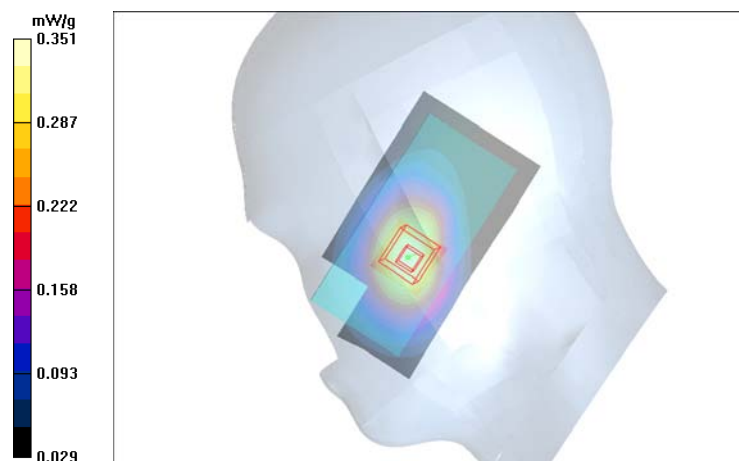
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.417 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.243 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.106 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.351 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 10:23:45

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

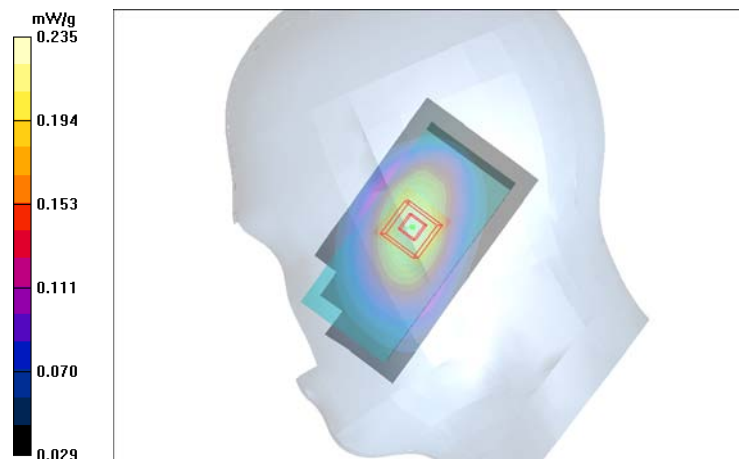
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.221 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 11:25:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.350 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.98 V/m

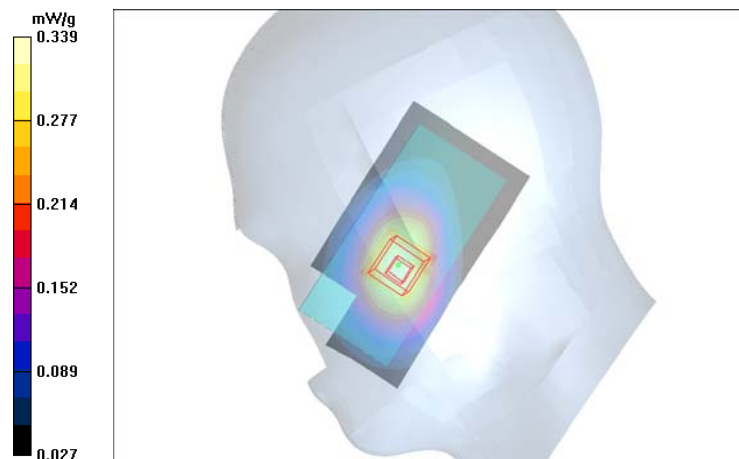
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.406 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.324 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.046 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 10:03:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.215 mW/g

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.37 V/m

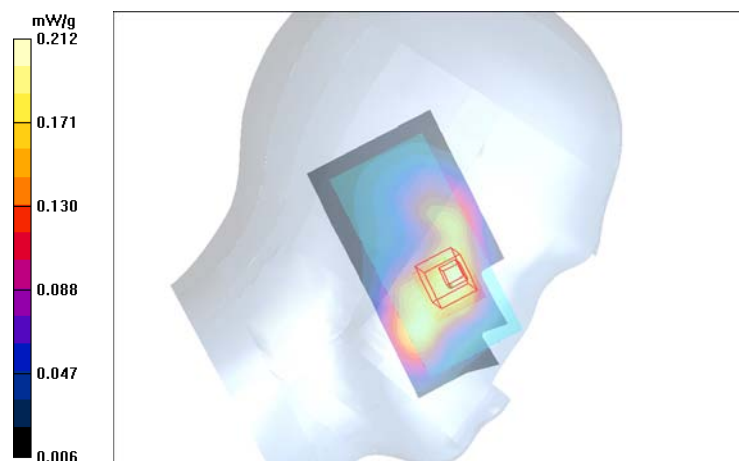
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.301 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.124 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.080 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 10:22:23

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.394 mW/g

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.17 V/m

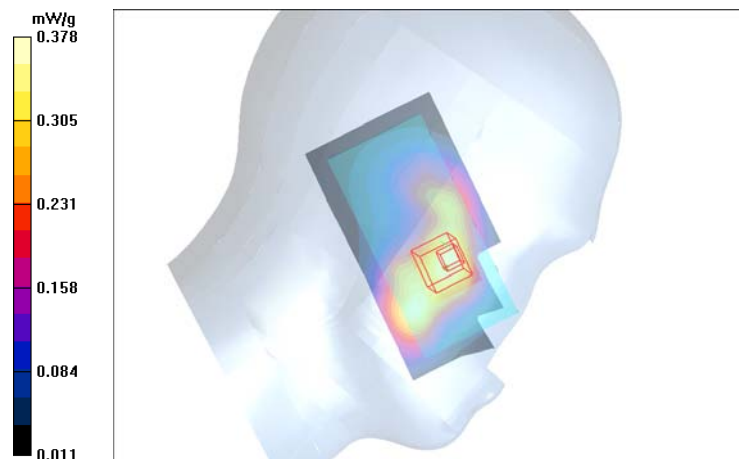
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.508 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.347 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.227 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.128 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 10:37:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.404 mW/g

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.17 V/m

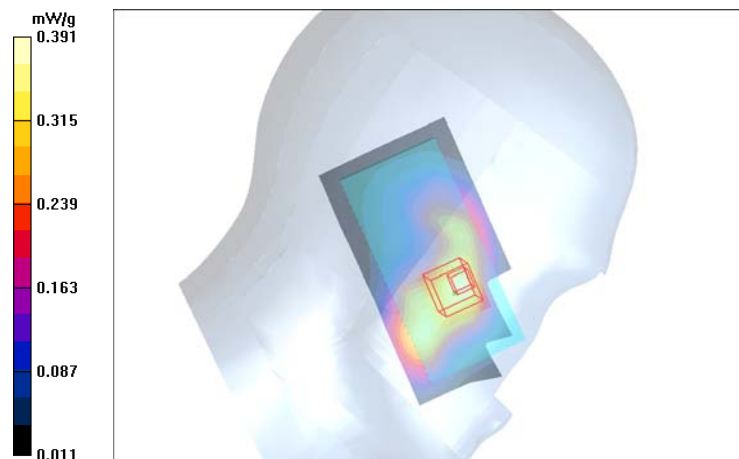
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.566 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 10:53:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 mW/g

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.429 W/kg

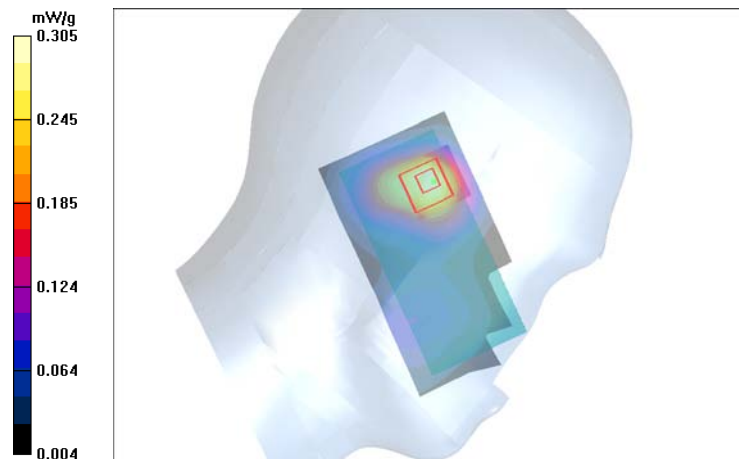
SAR(1 g) = 0.283 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.174 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.230 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 12:07:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.551 mW/g

Cheek position – High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.54 V/m

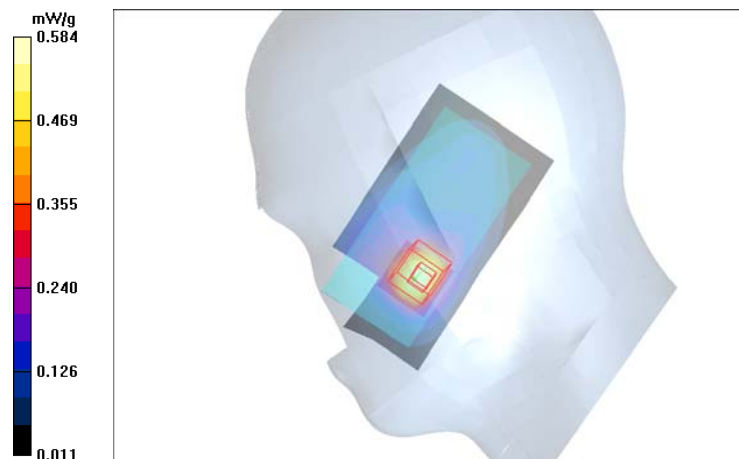
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.879 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.557 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.320 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.145 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 11:30:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.300 mW/g

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.438 W/kg

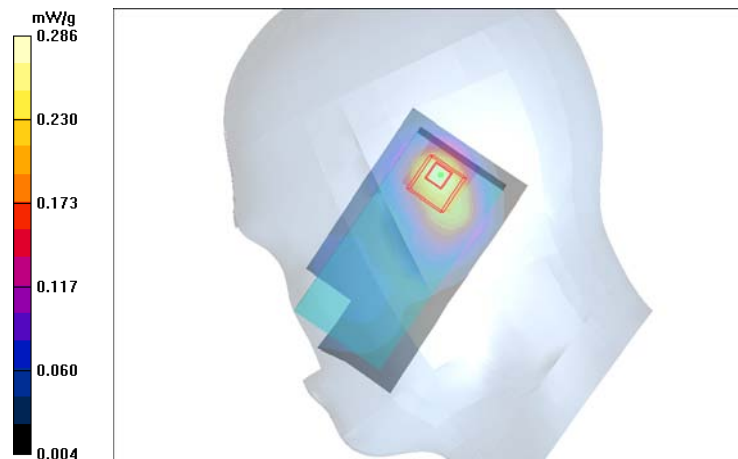
SAR(1 g) = 0.259 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 13:35:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 mW/g

Cheek position – High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.62 V/m

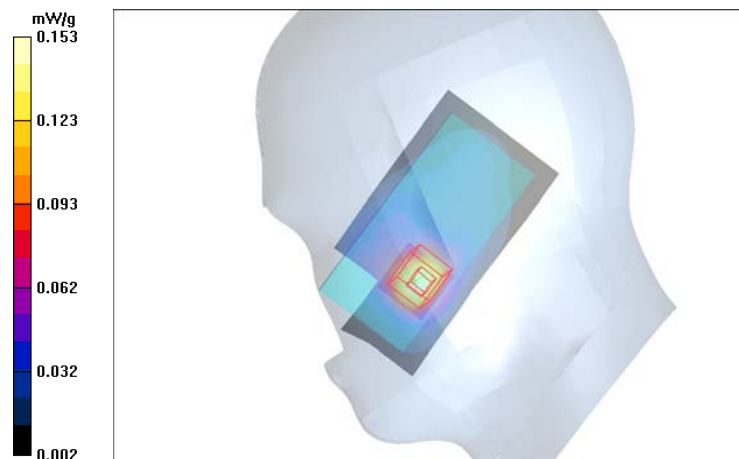
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.147 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.125 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 12:29:01

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.555 mW/g

Cheek position – High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.46 V/m

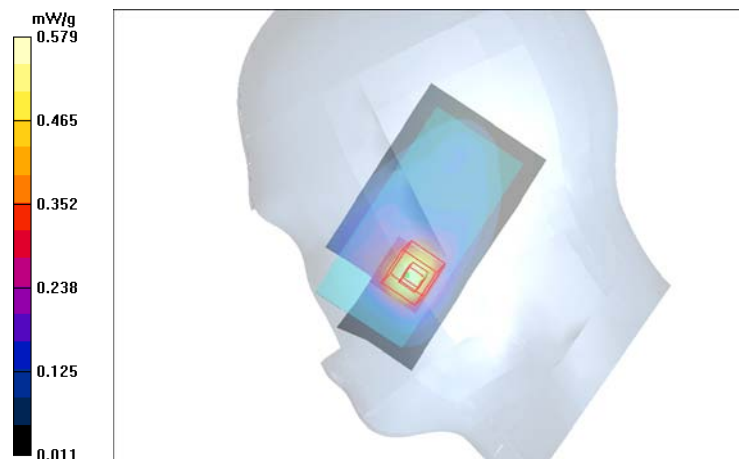
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.557 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 14:40:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – Middle -Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 mW/g

Cheek position – Middle - Phone Slide closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.66 V/m

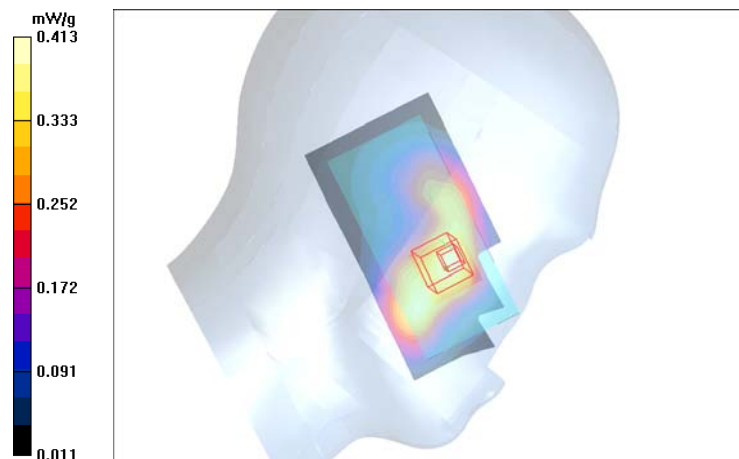
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.383 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.248 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.413 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 14:57:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 mW/g

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m

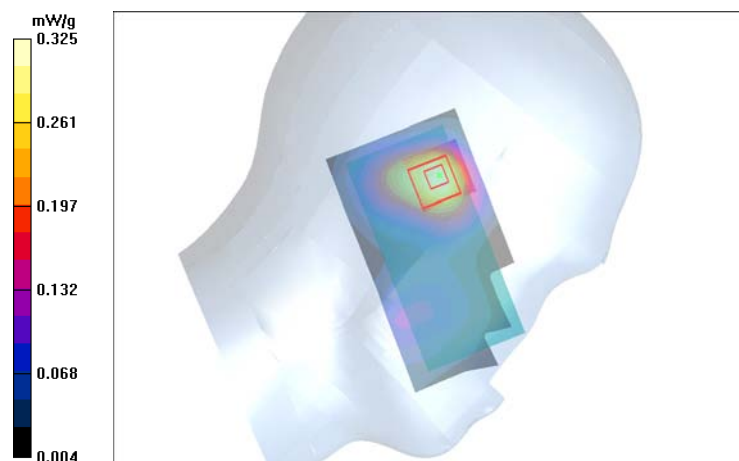
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.462 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.301 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.185 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.162 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 11:09:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.715 mW/g

Cheek position – Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.53 V/m

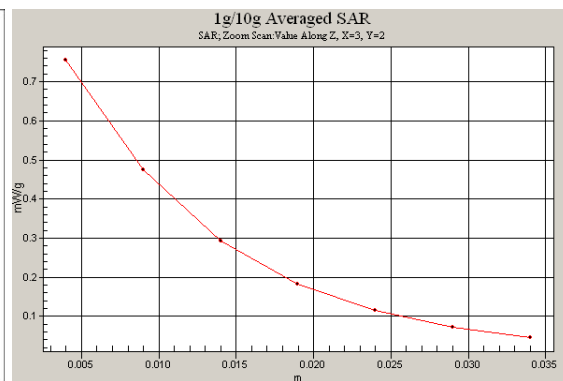
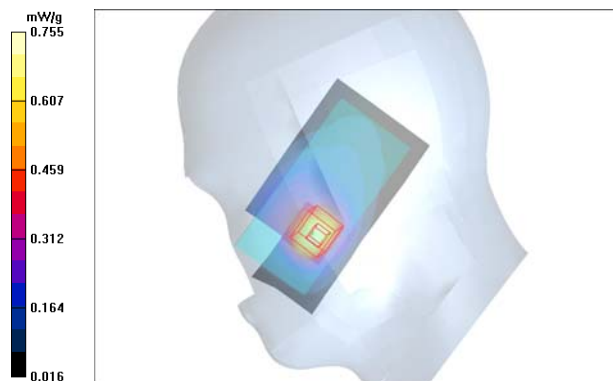
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.716 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.422 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.138 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.755 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-18 14:16:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 mW/g

Tilt position – Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg

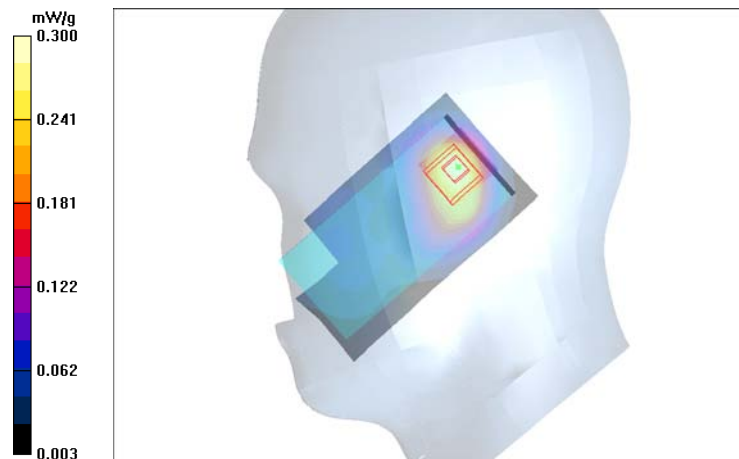
SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.168 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.100 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 12:18:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position – Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.711 mW/g

Cheek position – Low - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.35 V/m

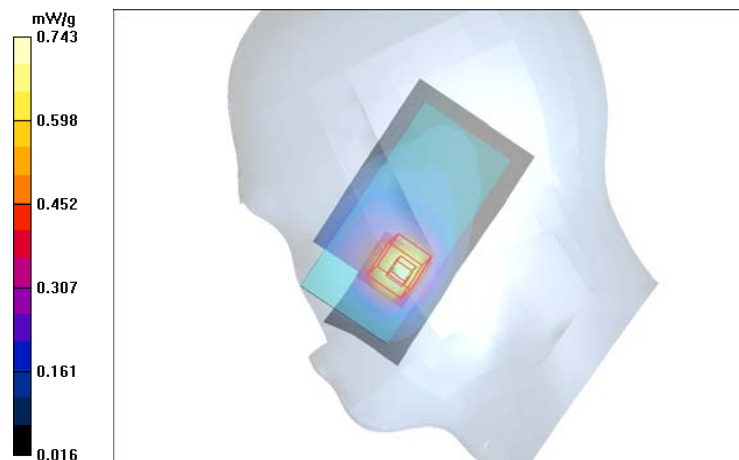
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.696 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.411 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.143 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.743 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-26 10:38:16

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL580; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

Body - High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m

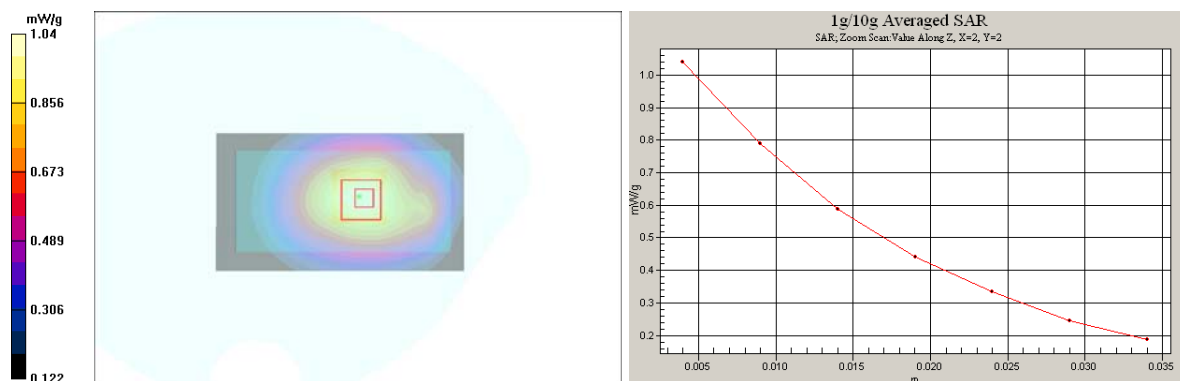
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.990 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.713 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-26 10:48:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL580; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.994$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45+AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.648 mW/g

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45+AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.827 W/kg

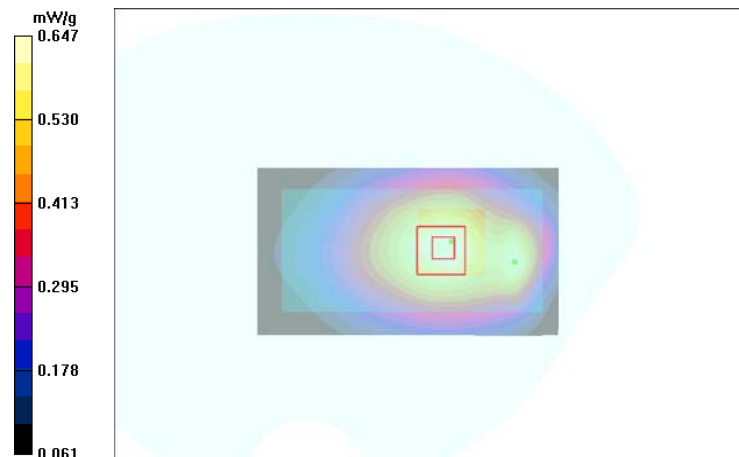
SAR(1 g) = 0.616 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 12:42:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.988 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m

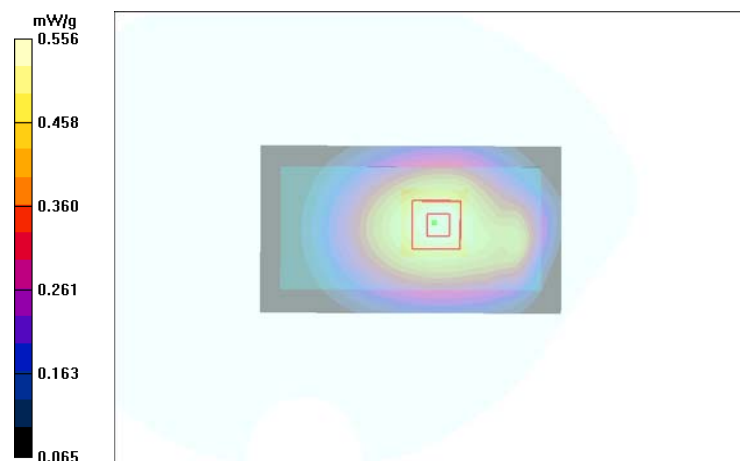
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.696 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.527 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.385 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.217 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.556 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-17 12:56:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.988 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45+AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.371 mW/g

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45+AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.61 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.485 W/kg

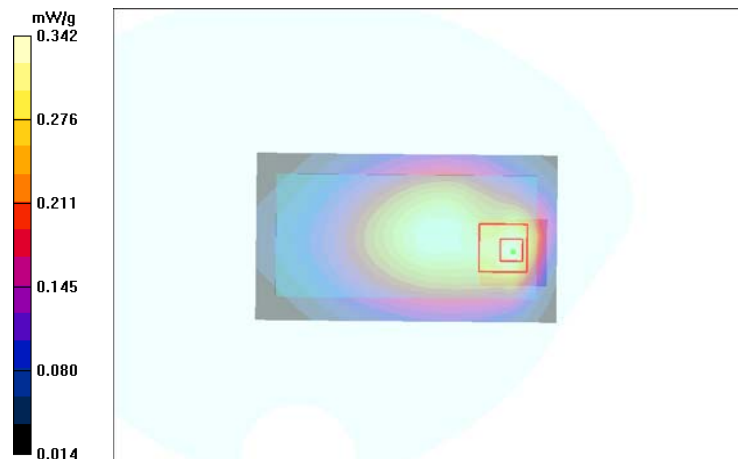
SAR(1 g) = 0.315 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 14:47:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.62$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.531 mW/g

Body - High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m

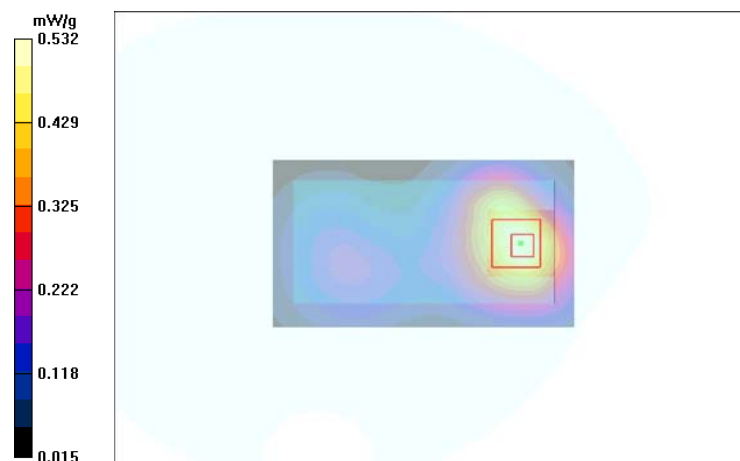
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.794 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.498 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.216 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 14:23:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45 + AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.450 mW/g

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45 + AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.27 V/m

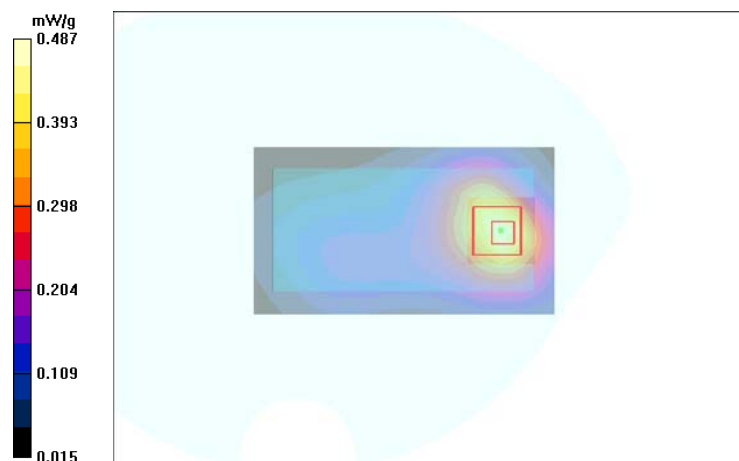
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.747 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.446 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.269 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 13:51:53

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.62$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.617 mW/g

Body - High - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m

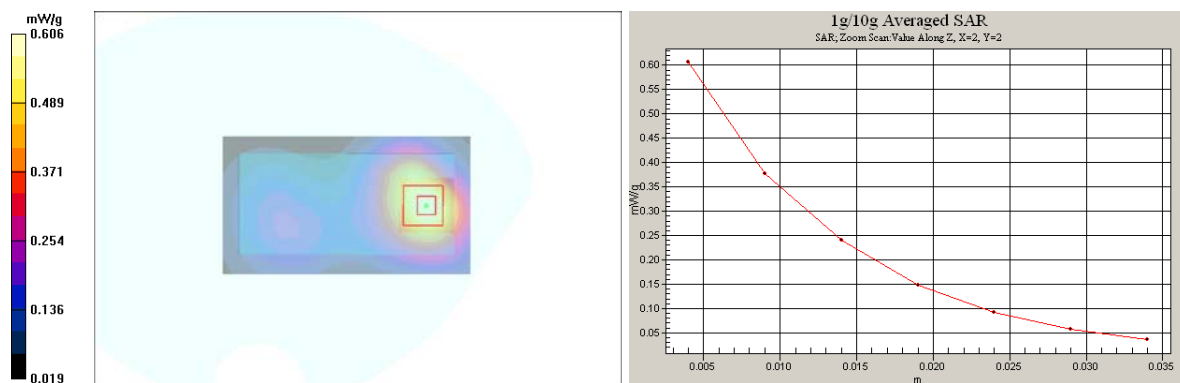
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.915 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.564 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.096 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-19 13:25:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-507; Serial: 004401/10/405349/7

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45 + AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.525 mW/g

Body - Middle - Phone Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-45 + AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.60 V/m

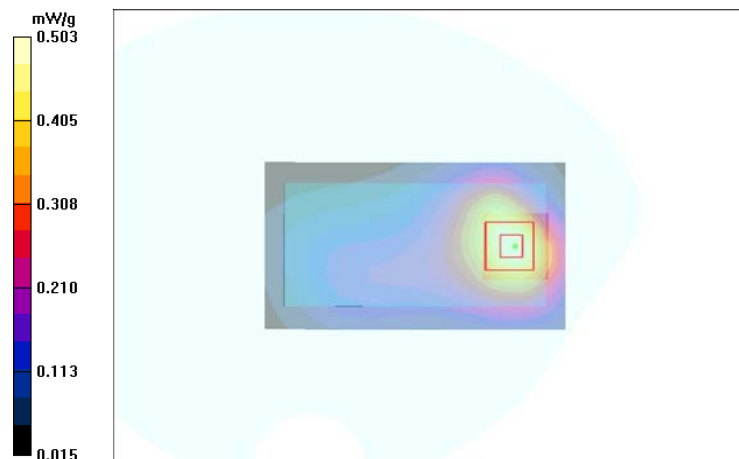
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.753 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.467 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.288 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.151 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3131_Feb09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3131**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 12, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: February 12, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	1.36 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	94 mV
NormY	1.30 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	95 mV
NormZ	1.29 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	93 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	5.4
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.5

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	5.6
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.4

Sensor Offset

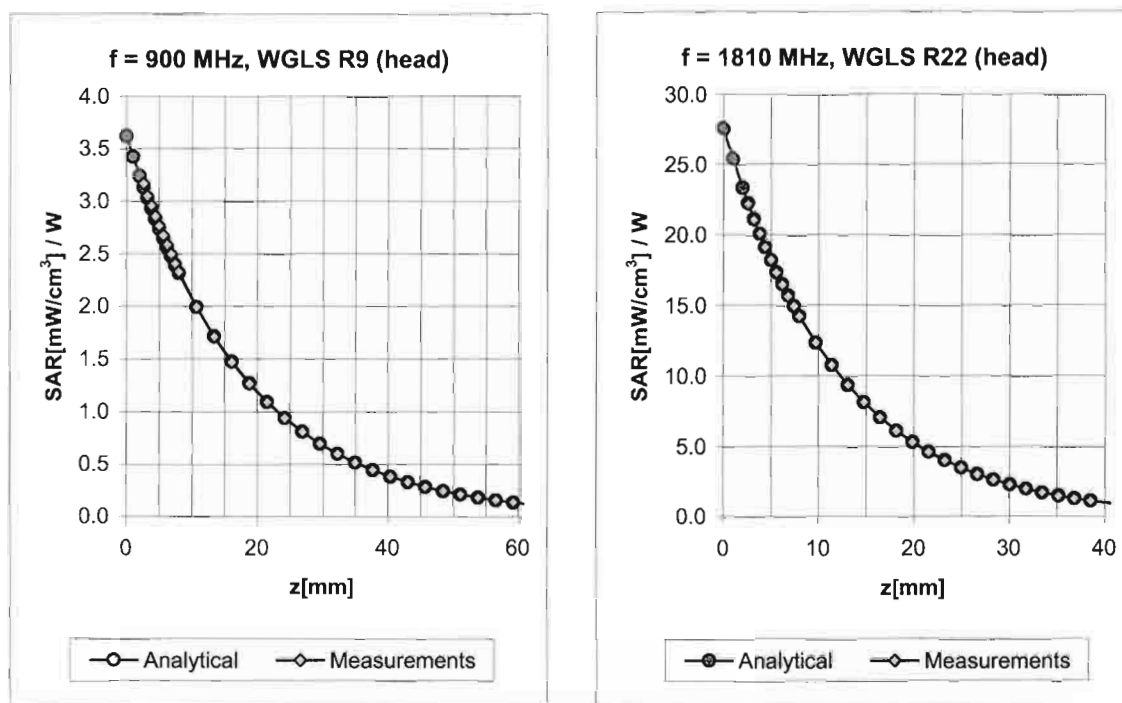
Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.69	1.17	5.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.39	1.63	4.86 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	1.46	4.66 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.42	1.74	4.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.69	1.26	5.64 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.49	1.37	4.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.45	1.46	4.61 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.08	3.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3165_Apr08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3165**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **April 23, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)	Sep-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

	Name	Function	Signature
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: April 23, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3165

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	1.21 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	96 mV
NormY	1.10 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	92 mV
NormZ	1.13 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	93 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.3	5.6
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.5

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.3	5.8
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.5

Sensor Offset

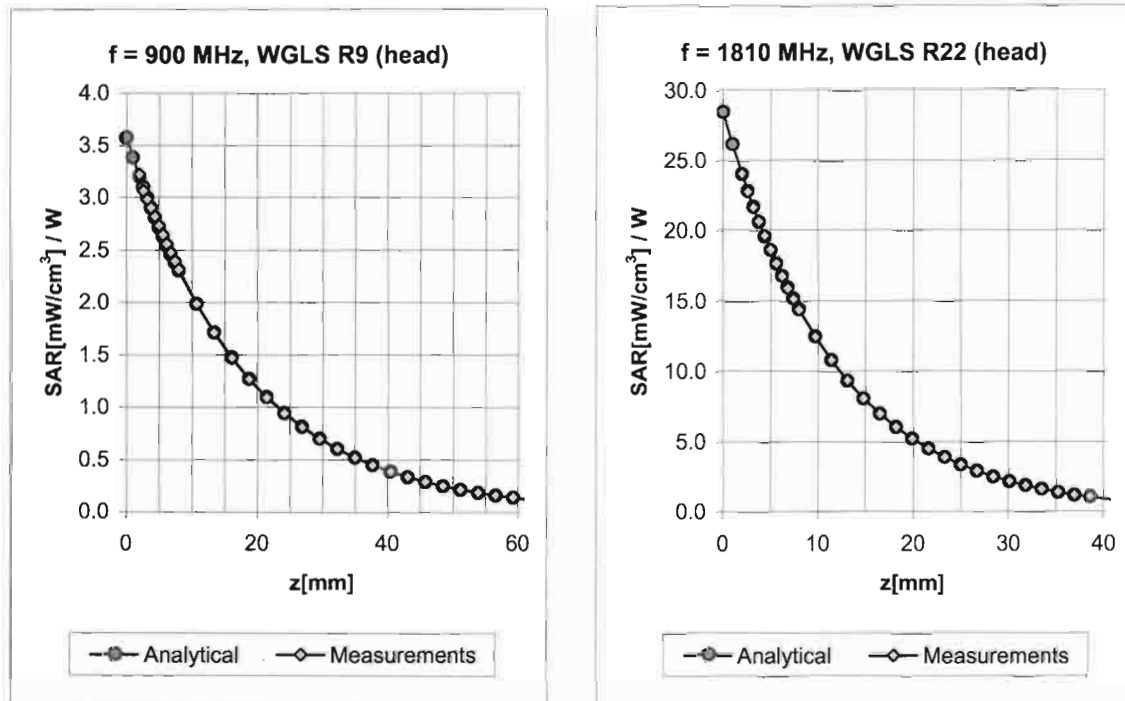
Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.84	1.20	6.23 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.93	1.13	5.14 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.88	1.17	4.87 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.79	1.24	4.57 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	0.73	1.30	4.49 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	1.00	1.14	5.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.97	1.12	5.23 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.79	1.29	4.96 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.63	1.50	4.24 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.70	1.44	4.07 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-480_May07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 480**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **May 21, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 30, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 21.05.2007 15:29:18

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

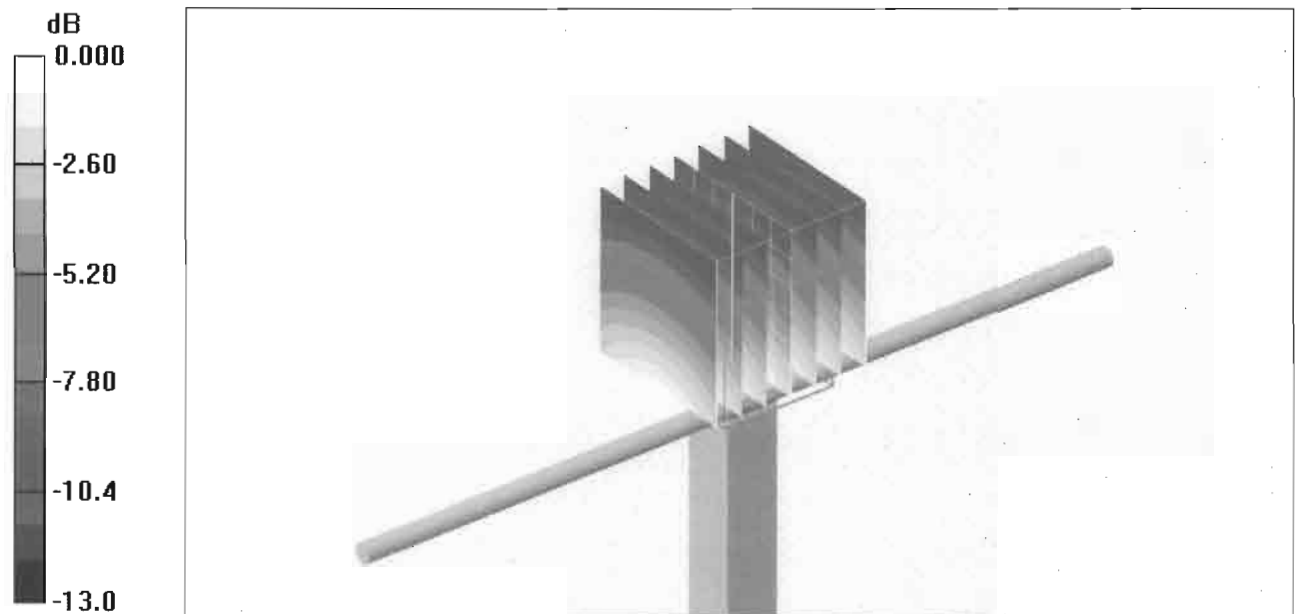
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 mW/g



0 dB = 2.47mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.05.2007 12:35:17

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.75, 5.75, 5.75); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

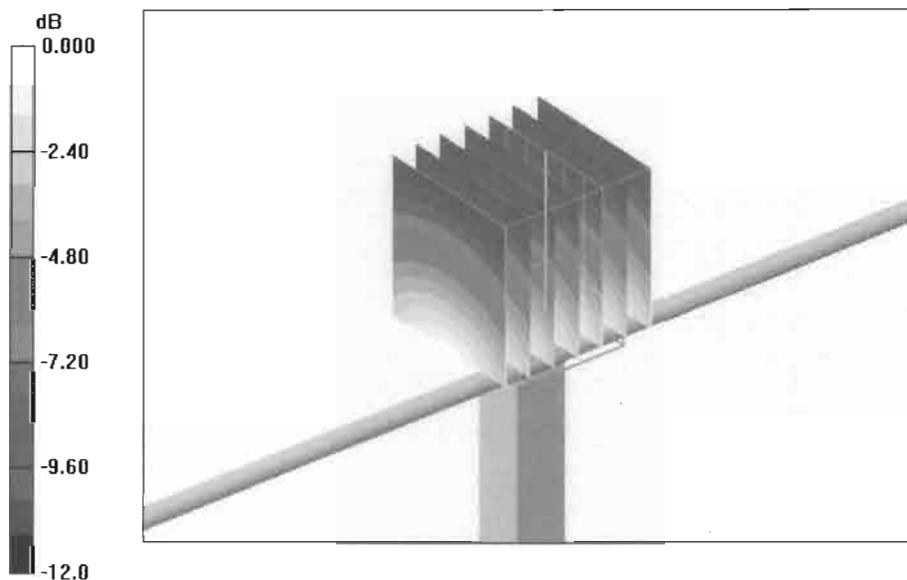
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



0 dB = 2.69mW/g



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d030_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d030**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **January 29, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN: 1507	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN 601	3-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by: **Mike Meili** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: January 30, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 29.01.2008 14:30:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

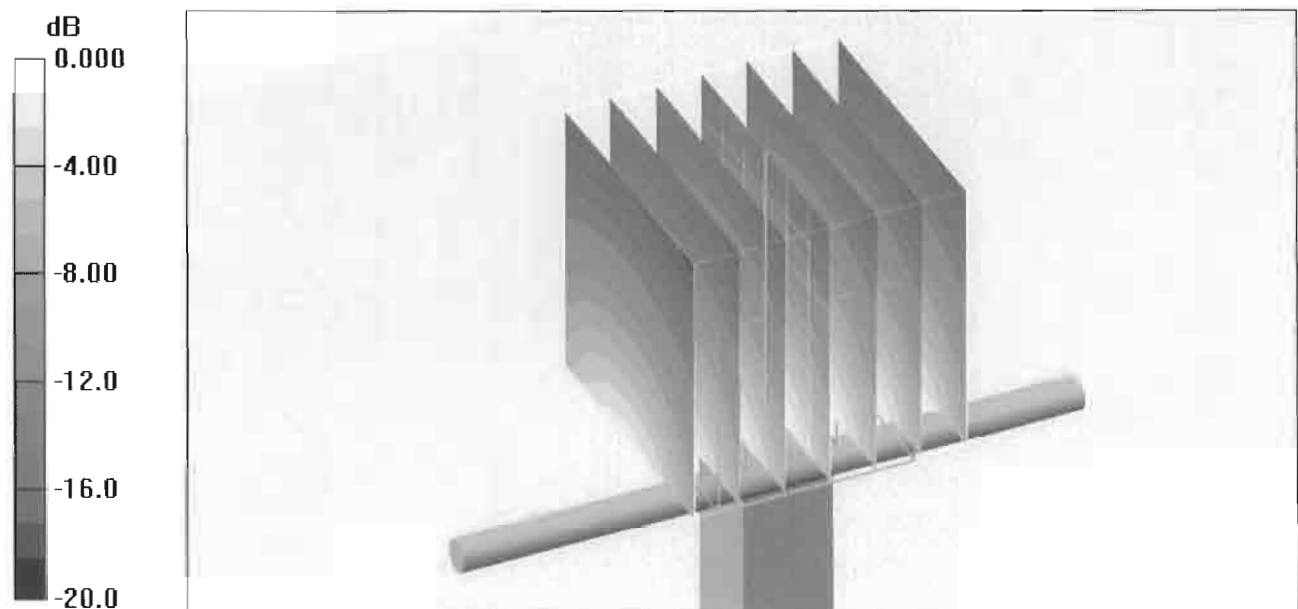
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



0 dB = 11.5mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 14:15:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

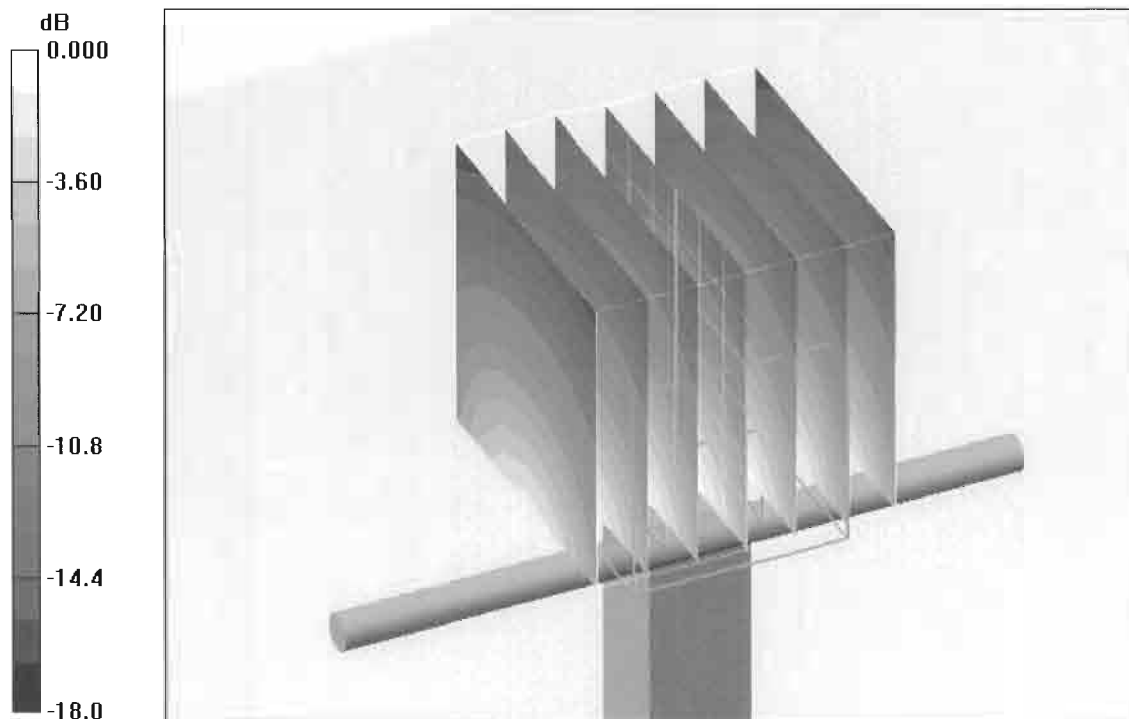
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB = 10.9mW/g