

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
Date and signatures:			
For the contents:			

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-04-02 to 2009-05-29
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/10/354954/5, HW: 0831, SW: 10.007, DUT: 41864 SN: 004401/10/565930/0, HW: 0800, SW: 0.527, DUT: 13623
Batteries used in testing	BL-5K, DUT: 79984, 79985
Headsets used in testing	HS-44+AD-54 , DUT: 13670+13669, 13625+13621
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850**	128 / 824.2	30.0 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.737W/kg	0.83W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850***	4183 / 836.6	23.0 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.569W/kg	0.64W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900**	512 / 1850.2	29.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.594W/kg	0.67W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9262 / 1852.4	23.0 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.582W/kg	0.65W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850**	128 / 824.2	30.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.788W/kg	0.88W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850***	4132 / 826.4	23.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.657W/kg	0.74W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900**	512 / 1850.2	29.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.520W/kg	0.58W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9400 / 1880.0	23.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.581W/kg	0.65W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

* SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

** SAR values are duplicated from Salo_SAR_0914_13 for RM-484 / FCC ID: QURRM-484 / IC ID: 661AC-RM484.

***SAR values are duplicated from SD_SAR_0922_05 for RM-485 / FCC ID: QURRM-485 / IC ID: 661AC-RM485.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.47dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Push to Talk/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom. Dual Transfer Mode is a feature that utilises the multi-slot GPRS capability in this device; it allows simultaneous transmission of voice and data during the same call, using the same transmitter and antenna.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas for cellular use. The cellular antenna is located at the bottom in the back section of the keypad slide.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

Some of the SAR results, SAR plots and test details given in this report are duplicated from the earlier reports Salo_SAR_0914_13 for RM-484 / FCC ID: QURRM-484 / IC ID: 661AC-RM484 and SD_SAR_0922_05 for RM-485 / FCC ID: QURRM-485 / IC ID: 661AC-RM485. The difference between RM-484 and RM-486 is that RM-486 has had the WCDMA900 and WLAN2450 components removed and the WCDMA850 components added. The difference between RM-485 and RM-486 is that RM-486 has had WLAN components removed.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration - is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the

basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration..

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	555	12 months	2009-11
DAE 4	793	12 months	2009-04
DAE 4	858	12 months	2009-06
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2010-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3165	12 months	2009-04
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3194	12 months	2009-11
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	486	24 months	2010-10
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	480	24 months	2009-05
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d030	24 months	2010-01
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2009-08
Signal Generator	HP E4432B	US 40053677	24 months	2009-10
Signal Generator	HP E4432B	US 40052231	24 months	2010-06
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2009-08
Amplifier	Milmega AS0822-8L	1004832	-	-
Amplifier	Milmega AS0822-20L	1009777	-	-
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2009-08
Power Meter	Agilent E4417A	US11-40038623	12 months	2010-01
Power Meter	Agilent E4419B	GB39290624	12 months	2009-10
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2009-08
Power Sensor	Agilent E9301A	US39211902	12 months	2009-07
Power Sensor	Agilent E9300A	US39210503	12 months	2009-07
Call Tester	CMU200	101111	-	-
Call Tester	CMU200	103293	-	-
Call Tester	8960/E5515C	US4044173	24 months	
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2009-08
Vector Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	US39174327	12 months	2009-05
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070D	US01440165	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.29	41.6	0.90	
	± 10% window	2.06 – 2.52			
	2009-04-08	2.46	40.8	0.91	21.0
	2009-04-09	2.50	40.8	0.91	21.0
835	Reference result	2.39	40.5	0.90	
	± 10% window	2.15 - 2.63			
	2009-05-27	2.47	40.0	0.93	20.7
	2009-05-28	2.43	39.7	0.92	20.6
1900	Reference result	10.2	38.5	1.46	
	± 10% window	9.2 – 11.2			
	2009-04-02	10.4	38.0	1.44	21.0
	2009-04-03	10.5	38.2	1.48	21.0
	2009-04-06	10.7	38.1	1.48	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.42	53.4	1.00	
	± 10% window	2.18 - 2.66			
	2009-05-29	2.52	52.7	0.99	20.4

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2009-04-08	40.8	0.91	21.0
	2009-04-09	40.8	0.91	21.0
	2009-05-27	40.0	0.93	20.7
	2009-05-28	39.7	0.92	20.6
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2009-04-02	38.0	1.42	21.0
	2009-04-03	38.2	1.46	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2009-04-09	53.1	0.99	21.0
	2009-05-29	52.7	0.99	20.4
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2009-04-06	52.4	1.60	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed

before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with both sides facing the phantom to find the highest results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Conducted Power		-	32.5 dBm	-
	Slide closed Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.371	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm
	Slide closed Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.381	-
			Tilt	-	0.396	-
		Right	Cheek	-	0.348	-
			Tilt	-	0.326	-
	Slide open Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.705	-
			Tilt	-	0.526	-
		Right	Cheek	0.737	0.711	0.711
			Tilt	-	0.505	-
	Slide in MPS postion Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.285	-
			Tilt	-	0.202	-
		Right	Cheek	-	0.304	-
			Tilt	-	0.243	-
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		-	28.2 dBm	-
	Slide closed Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.375	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS		Conducted Power		26.5 dBm	-	-
	Slide open Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	0.192	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Slide open Camera slide open	Right Cheek		0.722	0.687	0.708

(850MHz table continues)

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4183 836.6 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power		23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
	Slide open Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	0.565	0.569	0.554
			Tilt	-	-	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1990.8 MHz
GSM		Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
	Slide closed Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.210	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm
	Slide closed Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.379	-
			Tilt	-	0.211	-
		Right	Cheek	-	0.335	-
			Tilt	-	0.200	-
	Slide open Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.494	-
			Tilt	-	0.388	-
		Right	Cheek	0.594	0.508	0.464
			Tilt	-	0.329	-
	Slide in MPS postion Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.179	-
			Tilt	-	0.205	-
		Right	Cheek	-	0.192	-
			Tilt	-	0.149	-
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		-	27.7 dBm	-
	Slide in MPS postion Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.362	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS		Conducted Power		25.5 dBm	-	-
	Slide in MPS postion Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	0.113	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-

(1900MHz table continues)

Mode	Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power		23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
	Slide closed Camera slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Right	Cheek	0.582	0.582	0.546
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Slide open Camera slide open	Right Cheek		0.587	0.506	0.449

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm
Slide closed Camera slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.289	-
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	0.176	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.788	0.782	0.762
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	0.574	-
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4183 836.6 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
Slide closed Camera slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.657	0.576	0.633
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	-	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm
Slide closed Camera slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.123	-
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	0.108	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.520	0.496	0.463
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	0.466	-
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
Slide closed Camera slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.575	0.581	0.515
		Headset HS-44+AD-54	-	-	-

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-04-08 10:48:00

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.63 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m

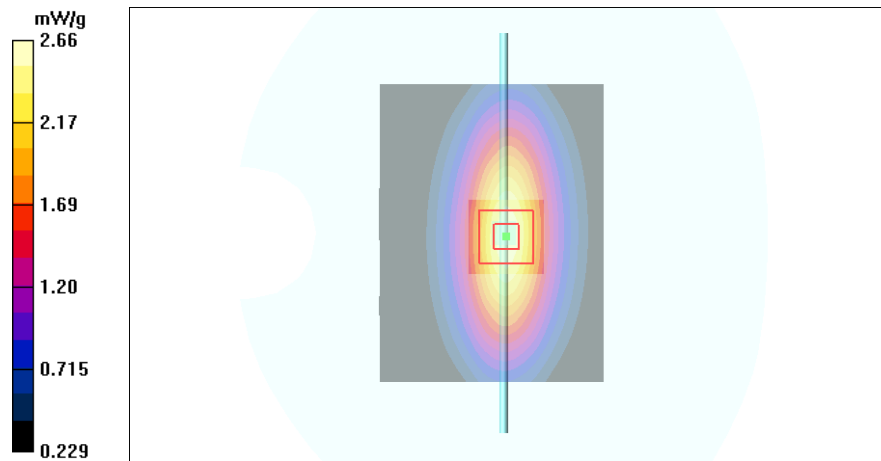
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 07:52:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.66 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.0 V/m

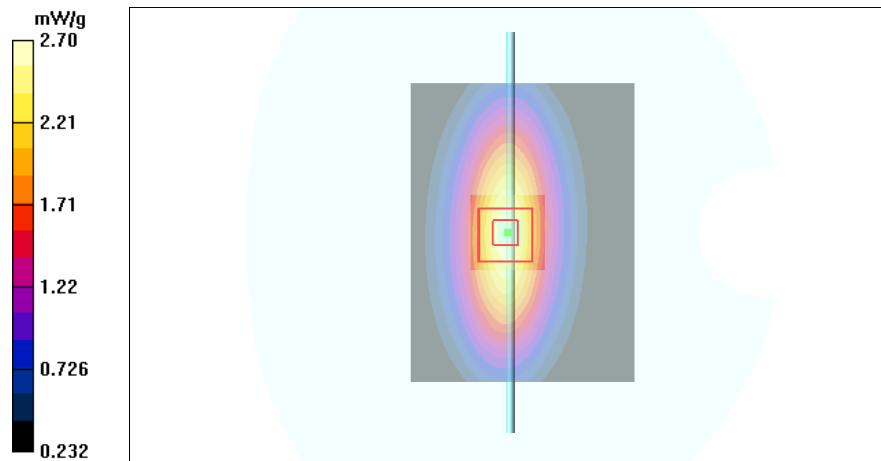
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-05-27 10:23:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:486

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: Temperature: 20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.934$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.95, 5.95, 5.95); Calibrated: 2008-11-18
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn858; Calibrated: 2008-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 2 ; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: NMP03309
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

System Check/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 mW/g

System Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.6 V/m

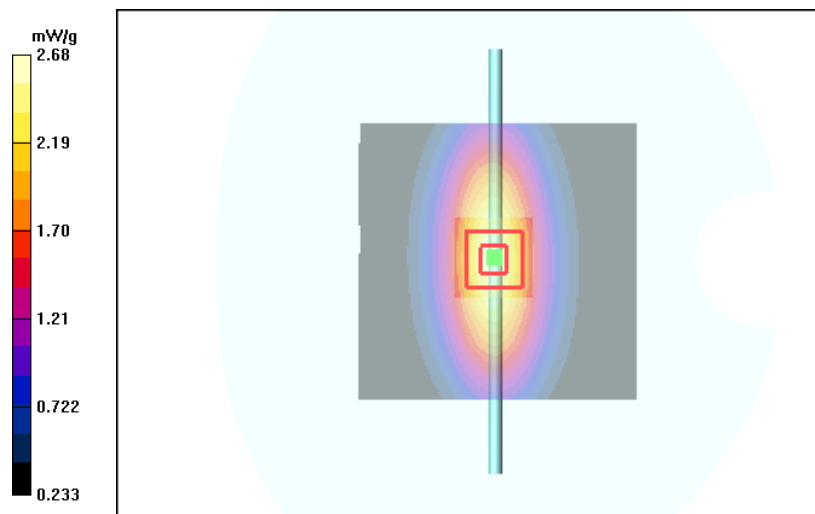
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-05-28 10:42:44

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:486

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: Temperature: 20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.95, 5.95, 5.95); Calibrated: 2008-11-18
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn858; Calibrated: 2008-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 2 ; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: NMP03309
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

System Check/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 mW/g

System Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.1 V/m

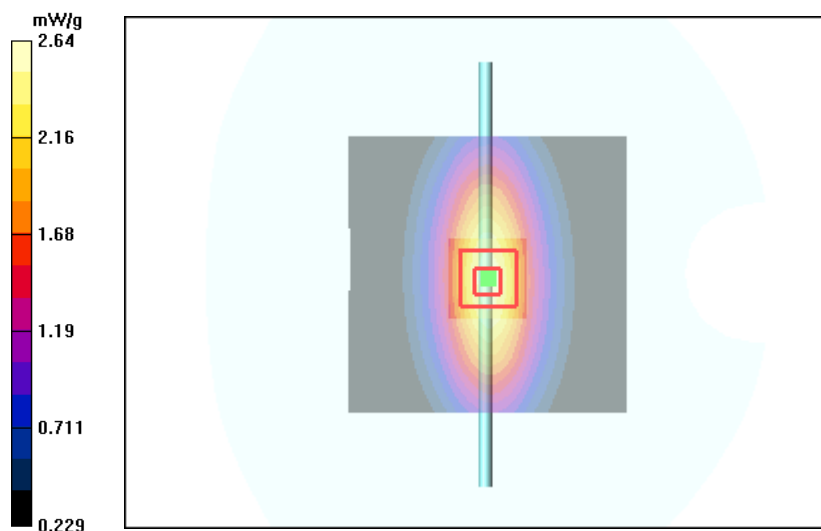
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 12:45:37

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.3 V/m

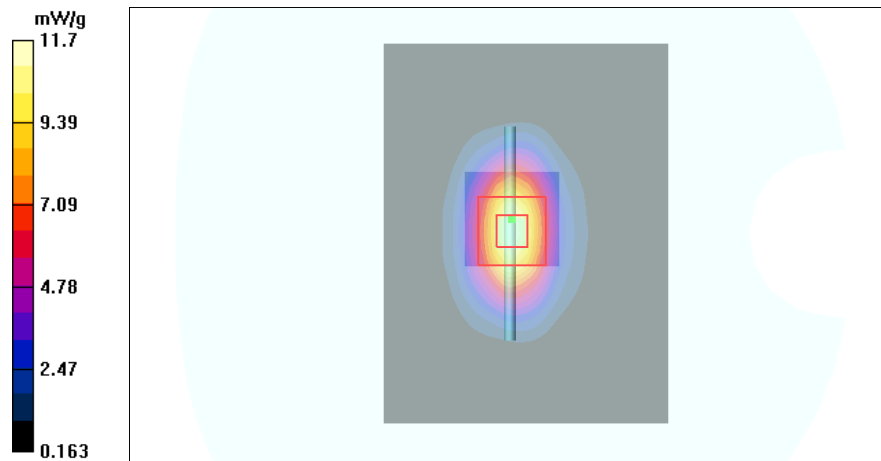
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 11:01:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.7C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.48 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m

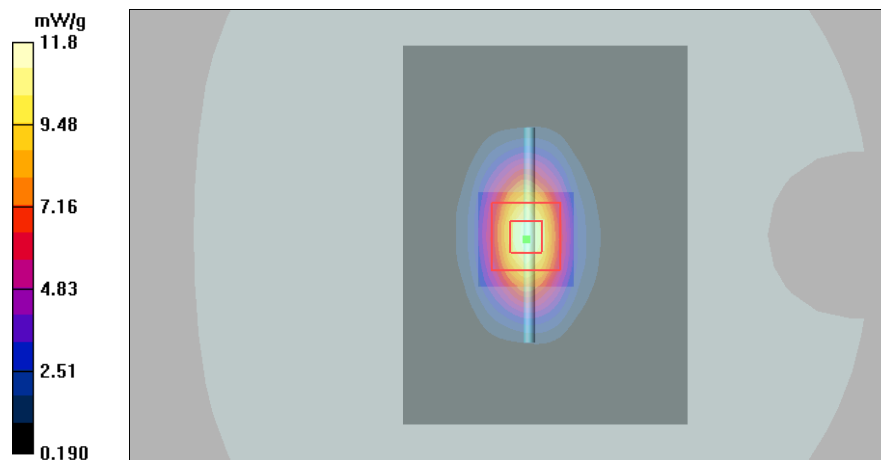
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.37 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-06 14:30:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1800; Medium Notes: t=20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.9 V/m

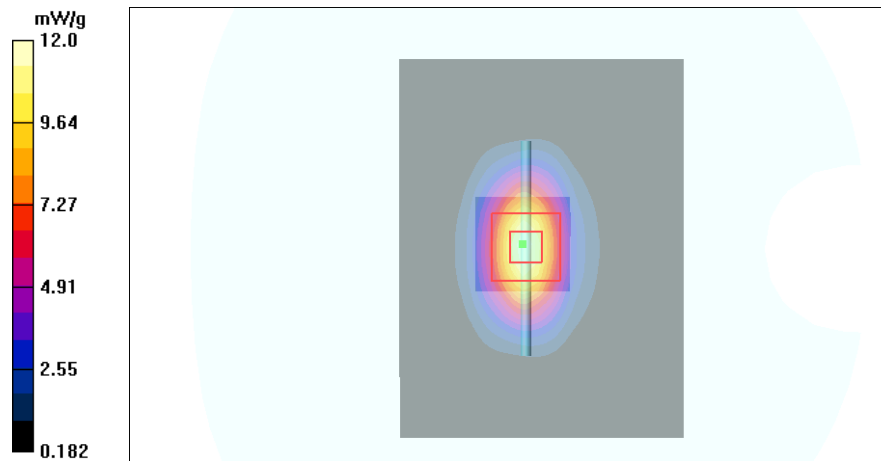
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-05-29 10:45:16

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:486

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL850; Medium Notes: Temperature: 20.4 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.993 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.87, 5.87, 5.87); Calibrated: 2008-11-18
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn858; Calibrated: 2008-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: NMP3310
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

System Check/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 mW/g

System Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.7 V/m

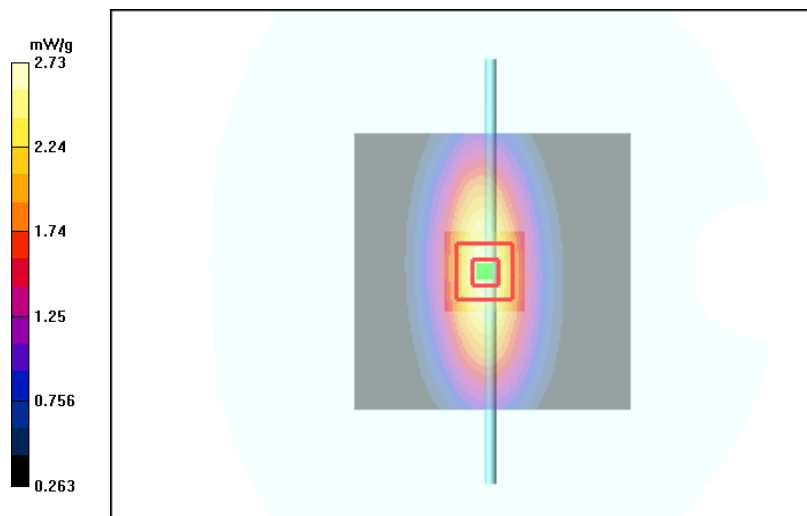
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.66 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-04-08 11:25:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.410 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m

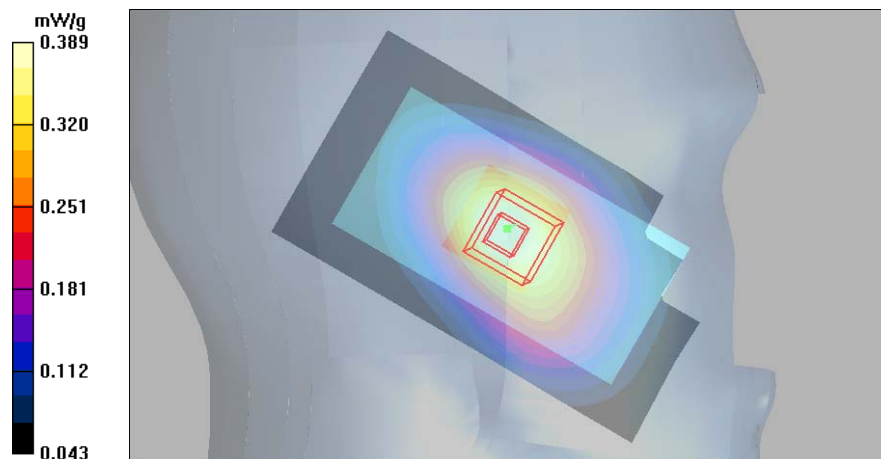
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.444 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.280 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.204 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 11:40:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.418 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m

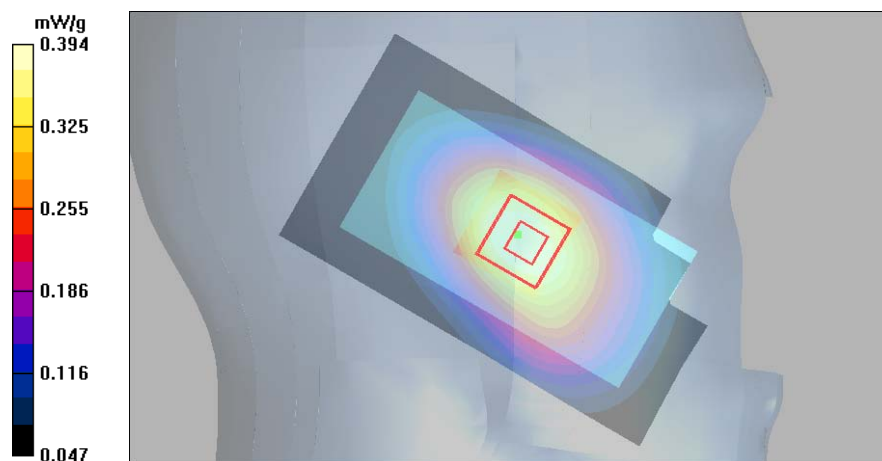
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.381 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.240 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 12:15:29

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.409 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.5 V/m

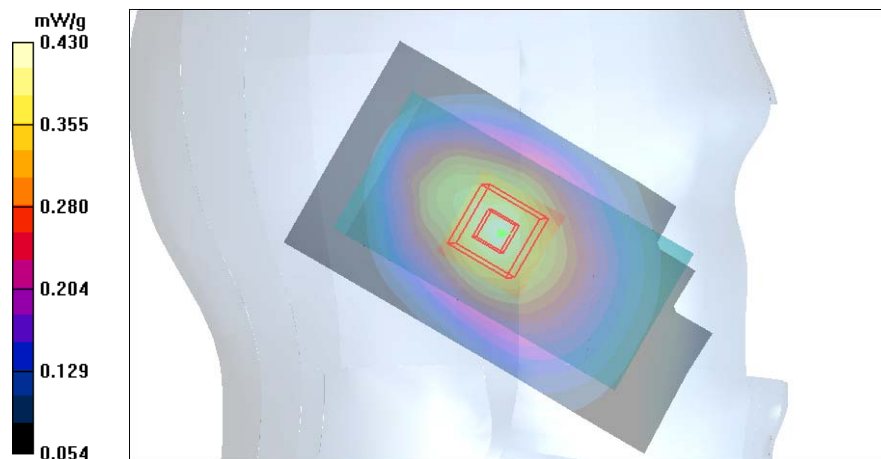
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.524 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.287 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.092 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.430 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 14:02:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.364 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.57 V/m

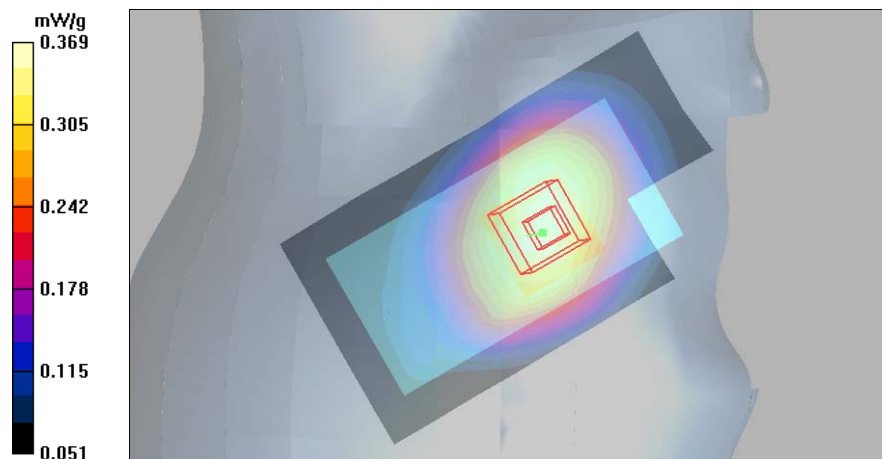
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.431 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.269 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 14:26:43

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.340 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.9 V/m

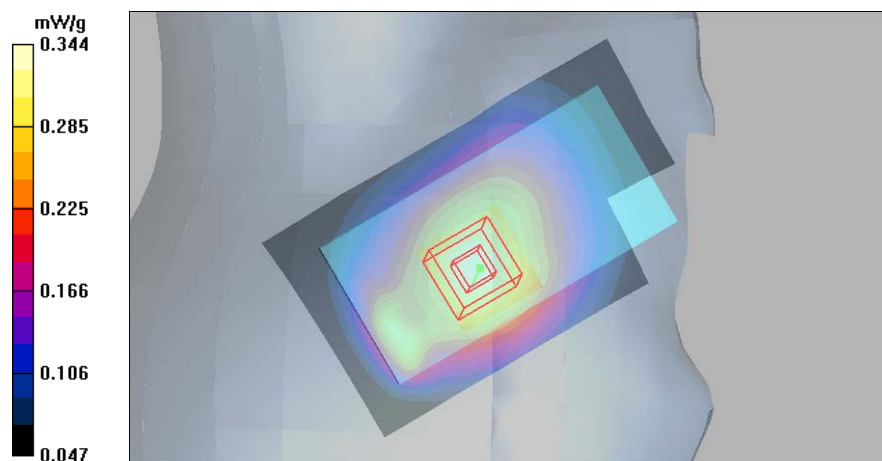
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.420 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.243 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 13:00:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.768 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m

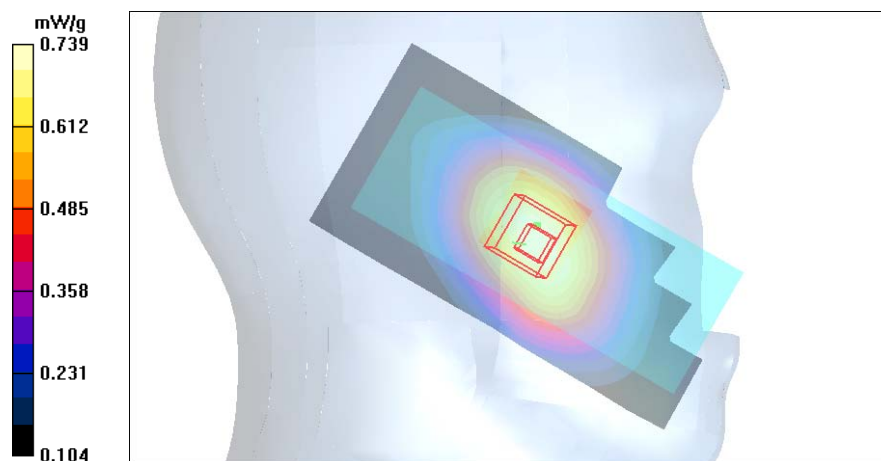
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.845 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.705 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.739 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 13:14:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.4 V/m

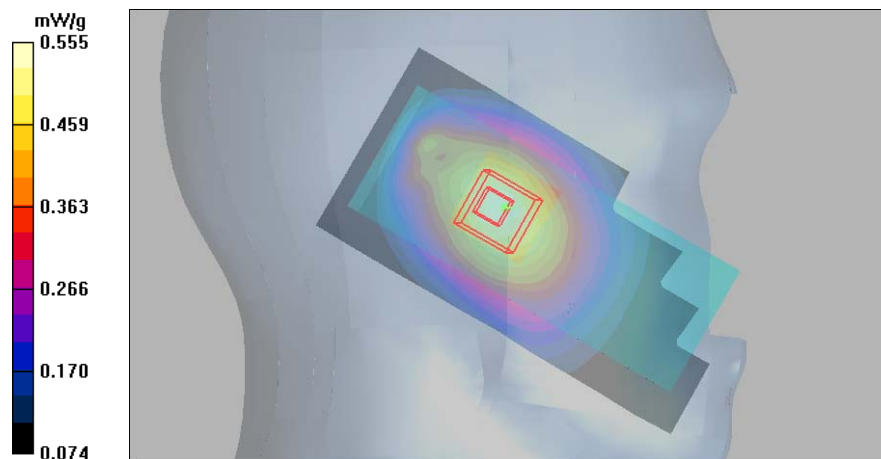
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.670 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.526 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.092 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 08:49:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.1 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.770 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m

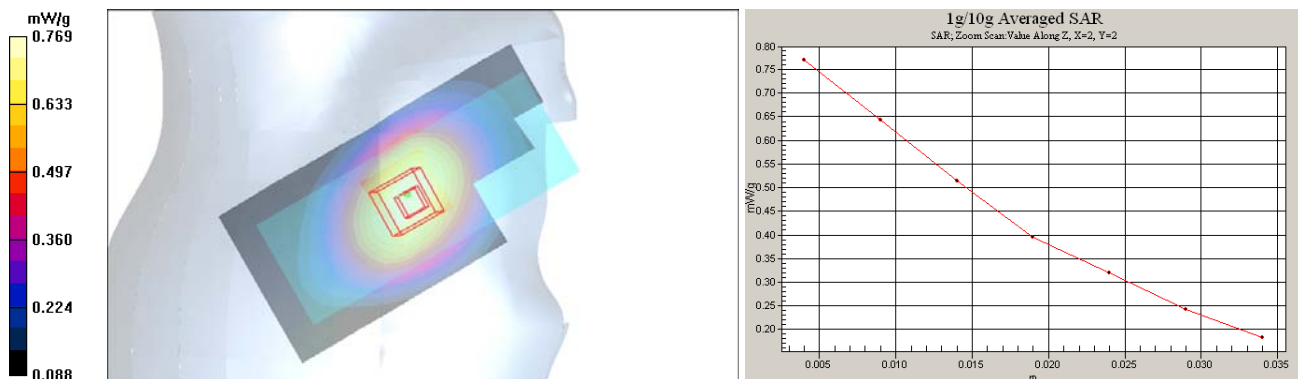
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.912 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.737 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.562 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.399 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.769 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-04-08 15:03:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.518 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.3 V/m

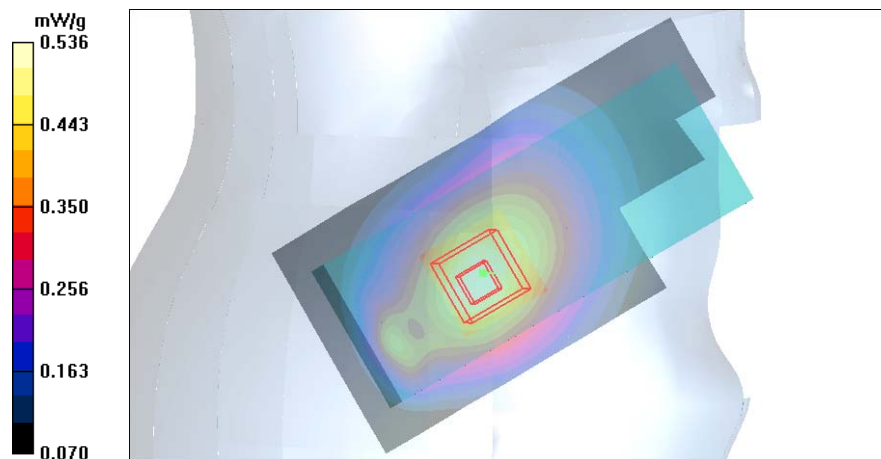
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.663 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.505 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.369 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.307 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 13:30:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m

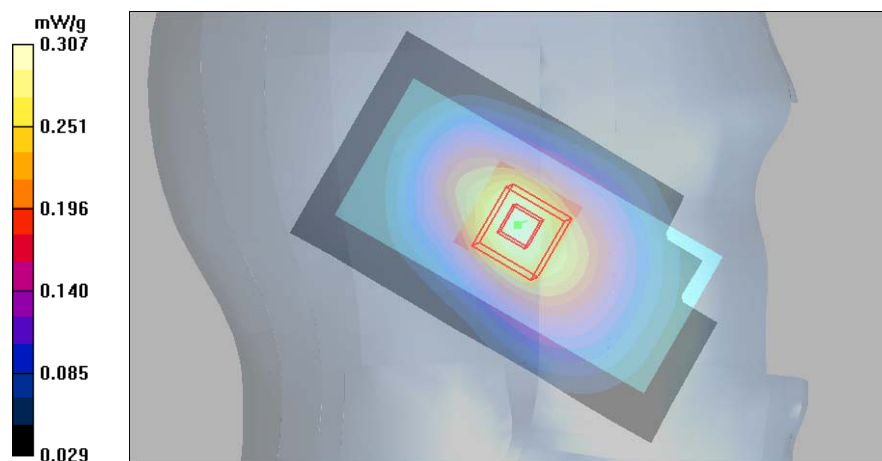
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.363 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.285 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 13:43:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.349 W/kg

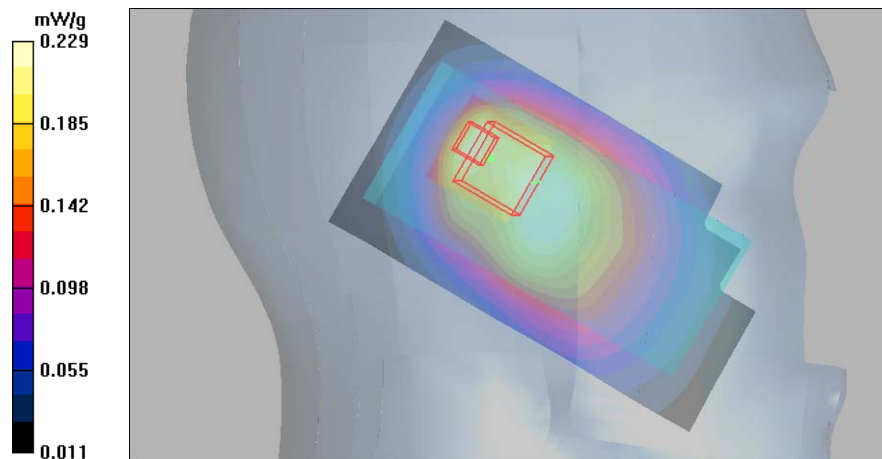
SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 15:24:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.314 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m

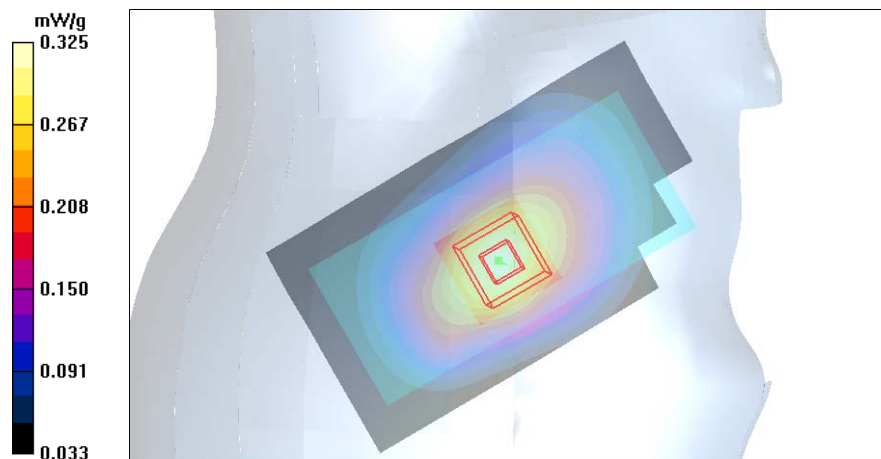
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.393 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.304 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.220 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.118 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 15:38:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.913 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.4 V/m

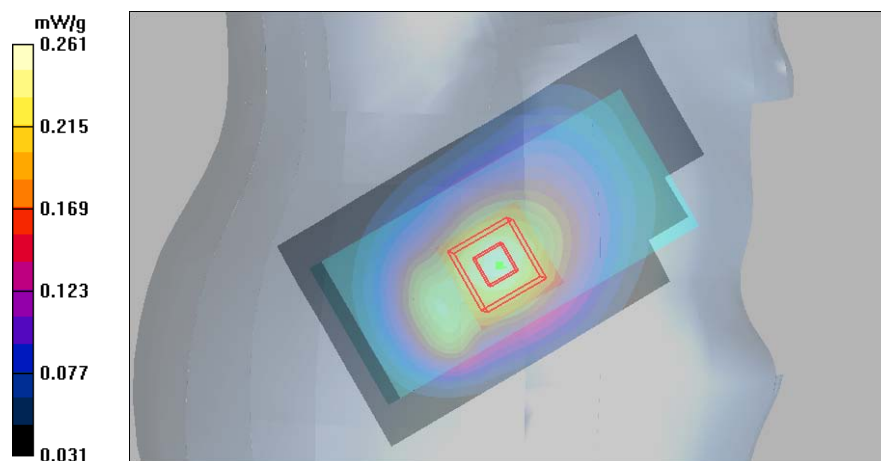
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.324 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.174 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.131 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-08 11:57:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.405 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m

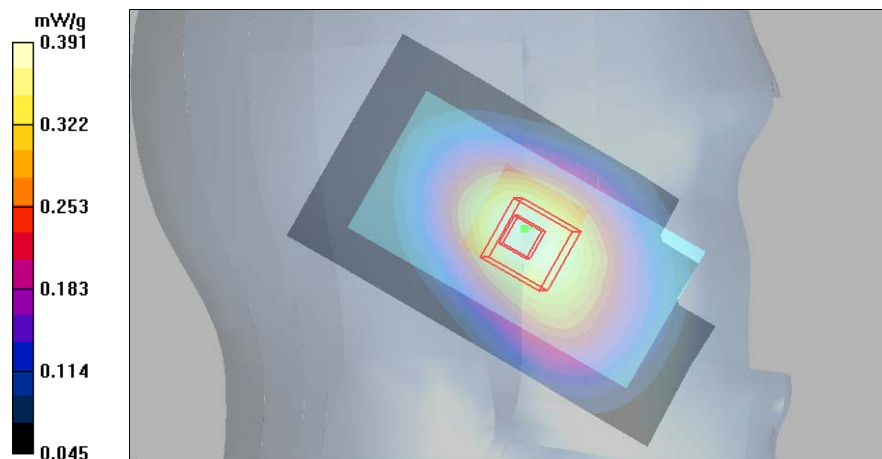
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.459 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 11:36:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 824 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 824 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.904 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.80 V/m

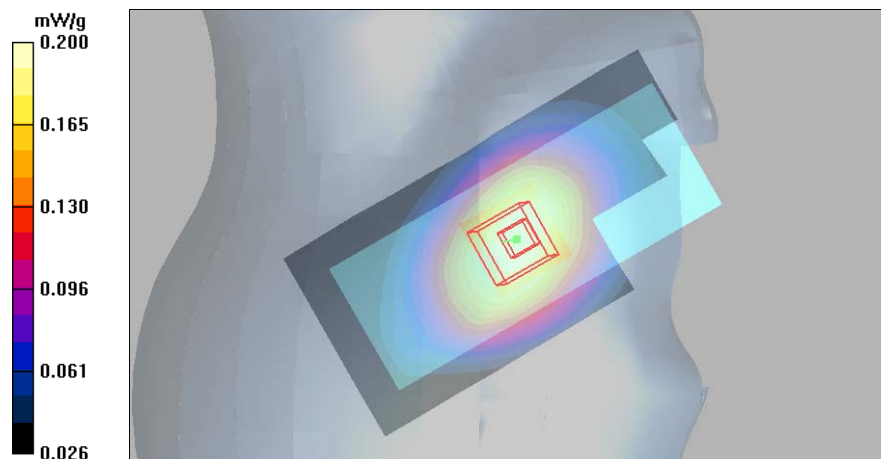
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.237 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.192 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.189 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 09:30:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.1 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide open/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.786 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m

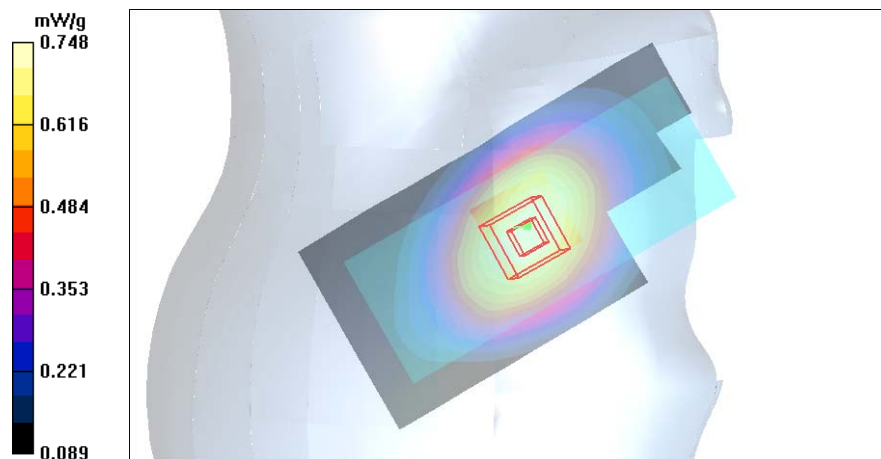
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.722 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.561 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-05-27 13:11:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-485; Serial: 004401/10/354954/5

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: Temperature: 20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.95, 5.95, 5.95); Calibrated: 2008-11-18
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn858; Calibrated: 2008-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 2 ; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: NMP03309
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek, Middle, Slide open, Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.627 mW/g

Cheek, Middle, Slide open, Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.741 W/kg

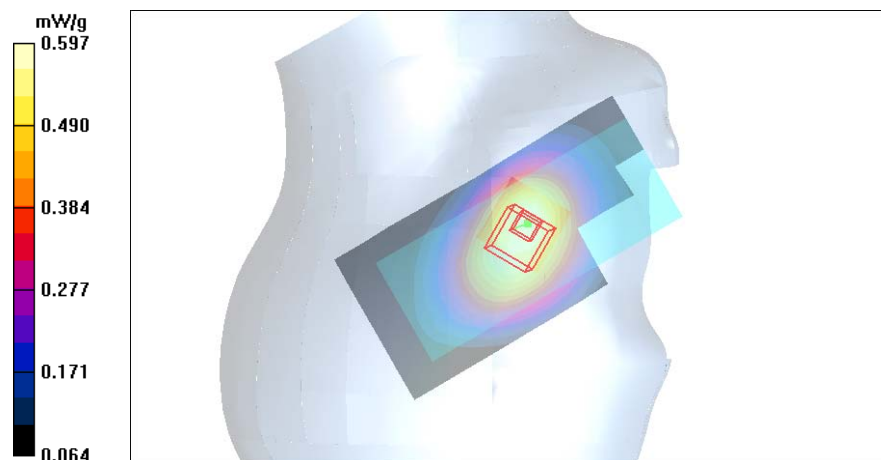
SAR(1 g) = 0.569 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.432 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.032 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.597 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 14:21:04

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.251 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.57 V/m

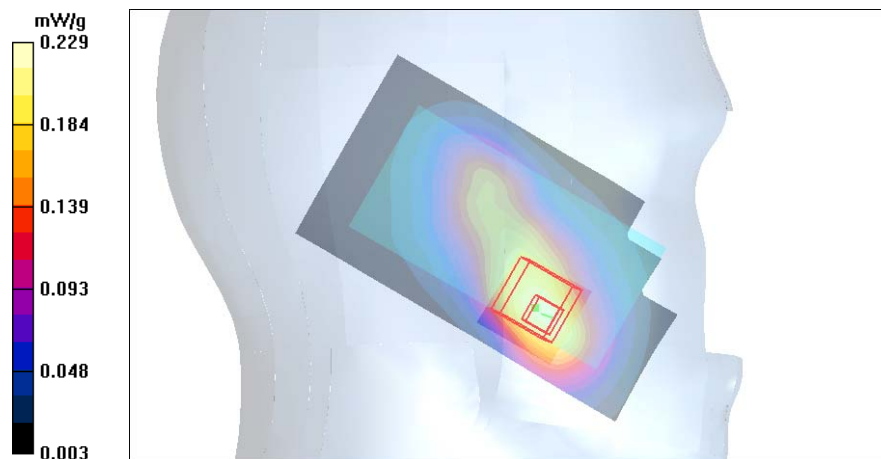
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.129 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.205 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 14:49:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.440 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.00 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.609 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.232 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.404 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 15:33:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.319 W/kg

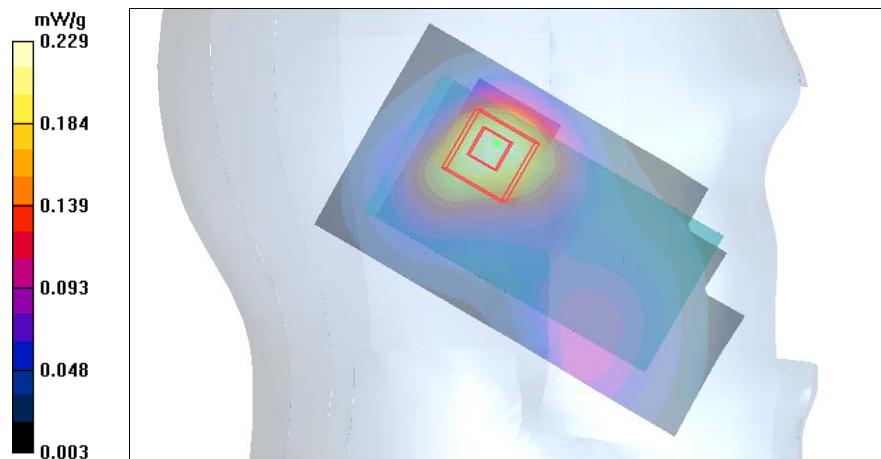
SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.129 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.073 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 15:51:53

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.50 V/m

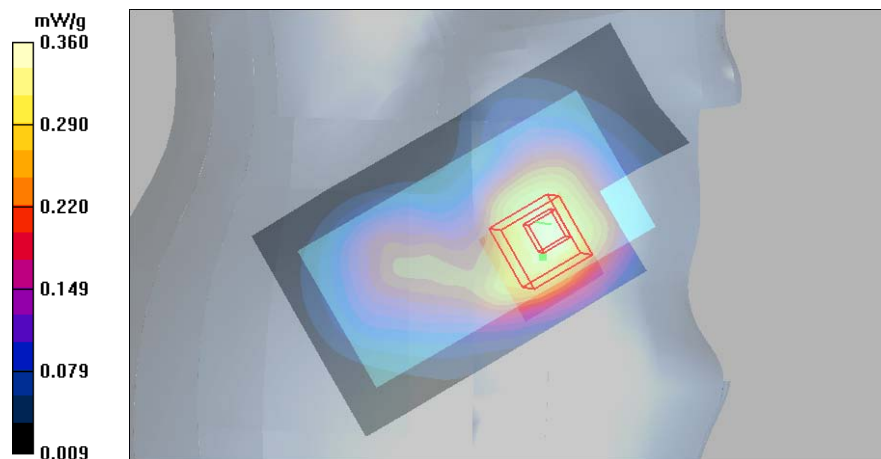
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.335 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.178 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 16:09:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.305 W/kg

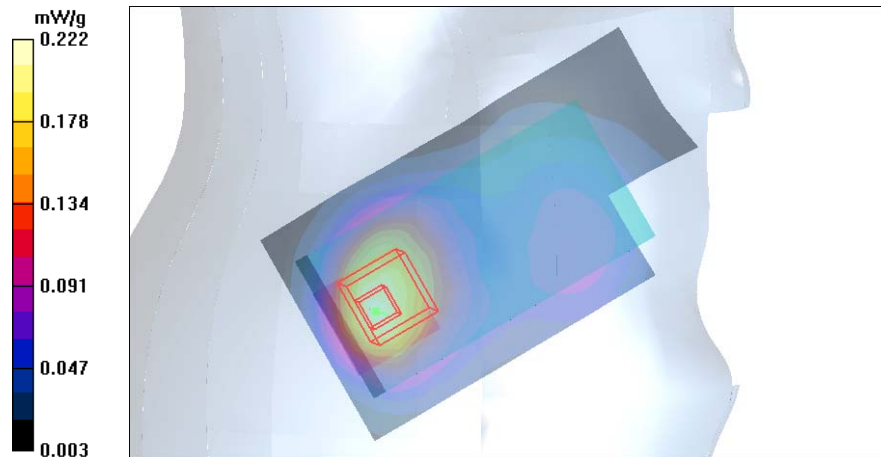
SAR(1 g) = 0.200 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.124 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.222 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 12:20:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.573 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.00 V/m

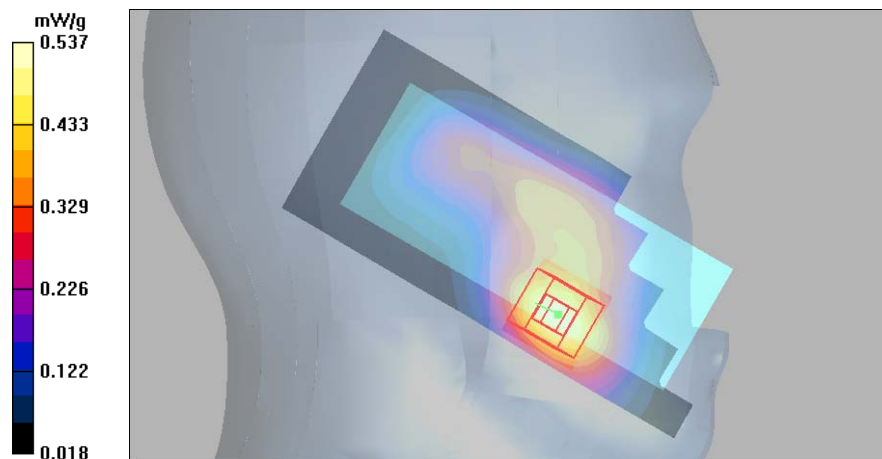
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.812 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.494 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.202 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 12:37:23

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.451 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m

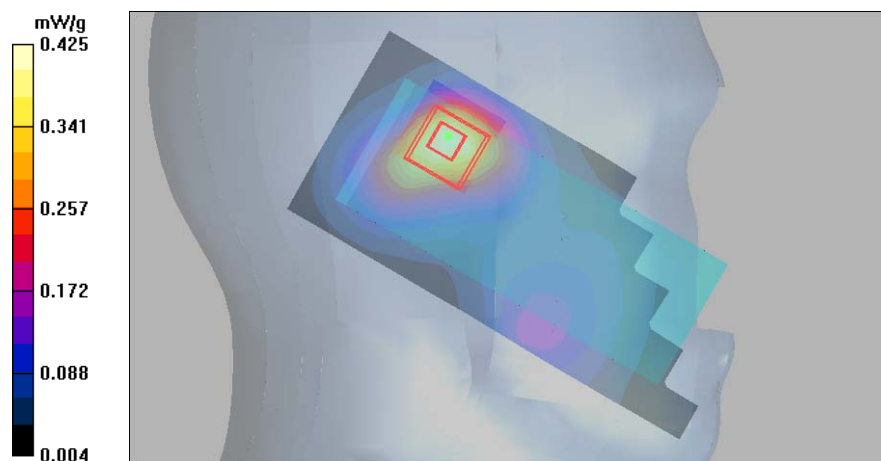
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.620 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.388 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 14:22:54

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.3C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.622 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.40 V/m

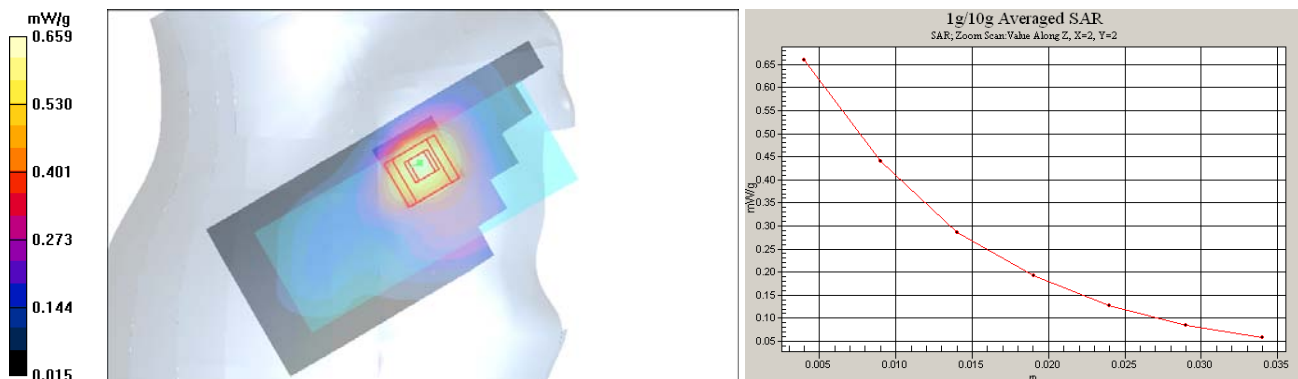
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.917 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.594 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.659 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-04-02 16:44:53

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.2 V/m

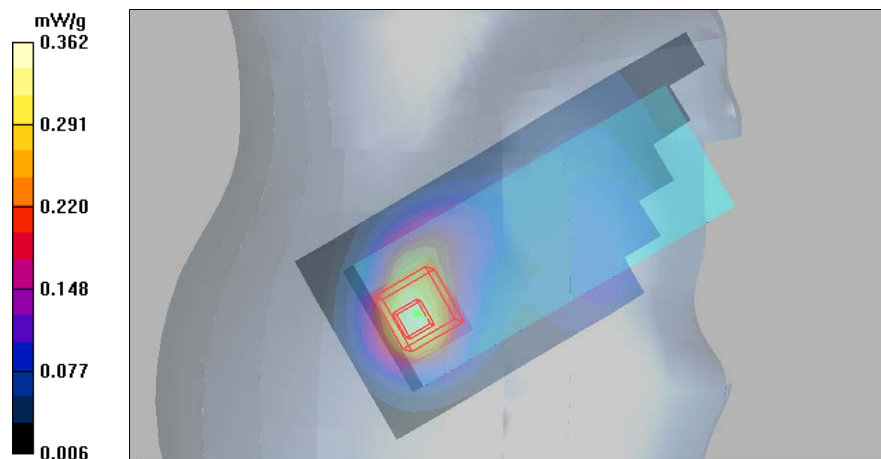
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.526 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.193 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 13:00:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.209 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.43 V/m

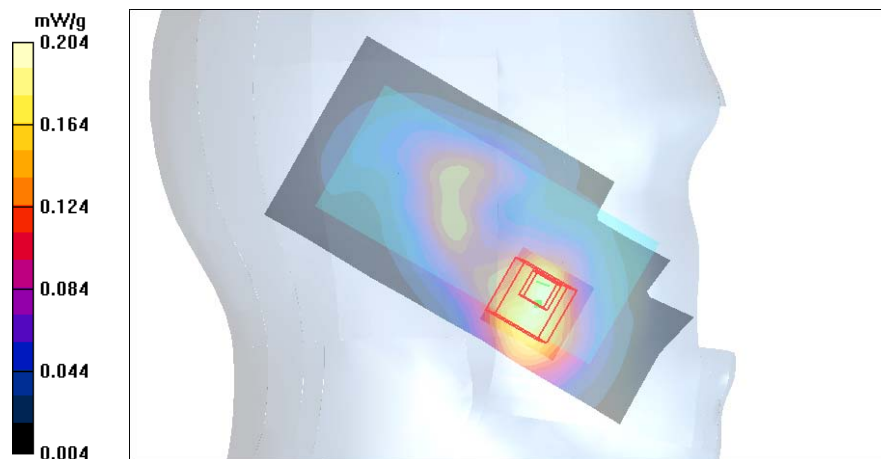
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.278 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.179 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.374 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 13:16:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

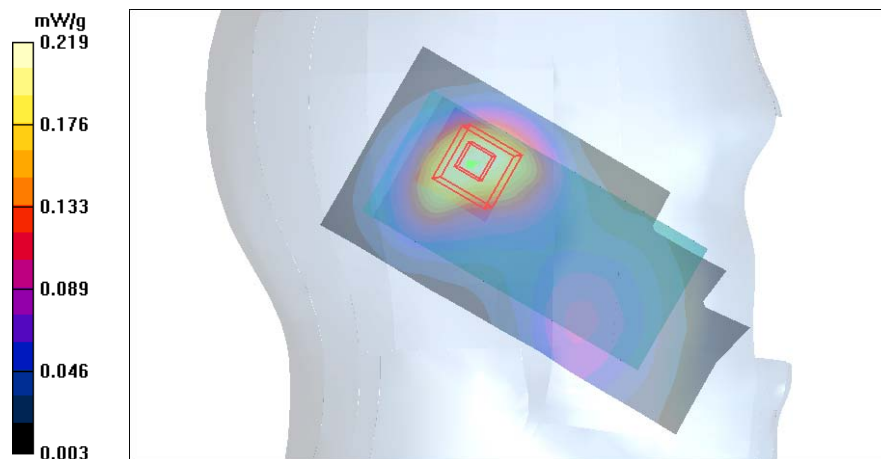
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.205 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.168 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 13:43:45

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.207 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.09 V/m

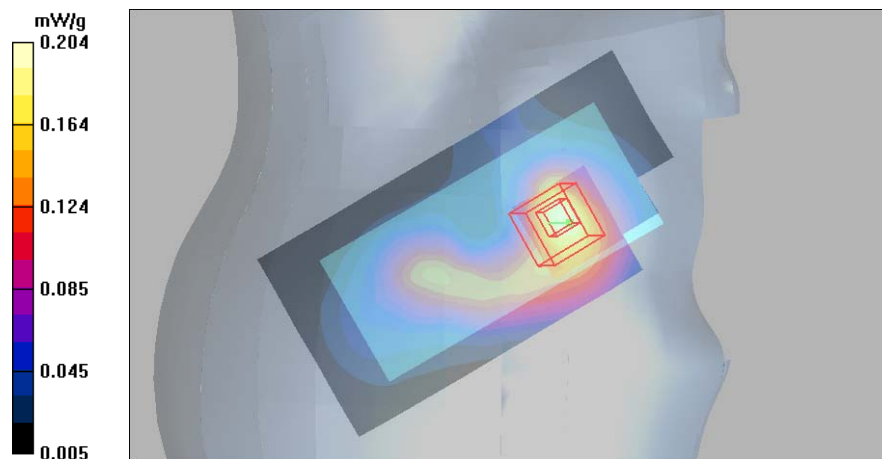
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.290 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.192 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.238 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 13:59:44

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide MPS - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m

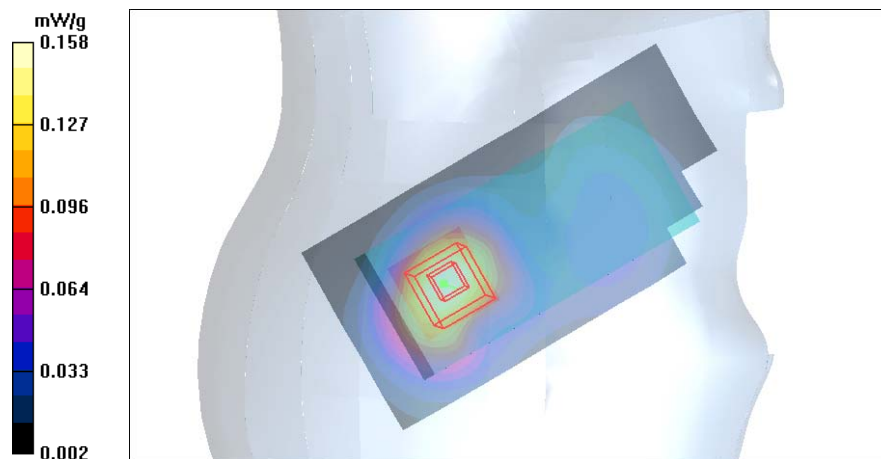
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.094 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.323 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-02 15:02:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.413 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.96 V/m

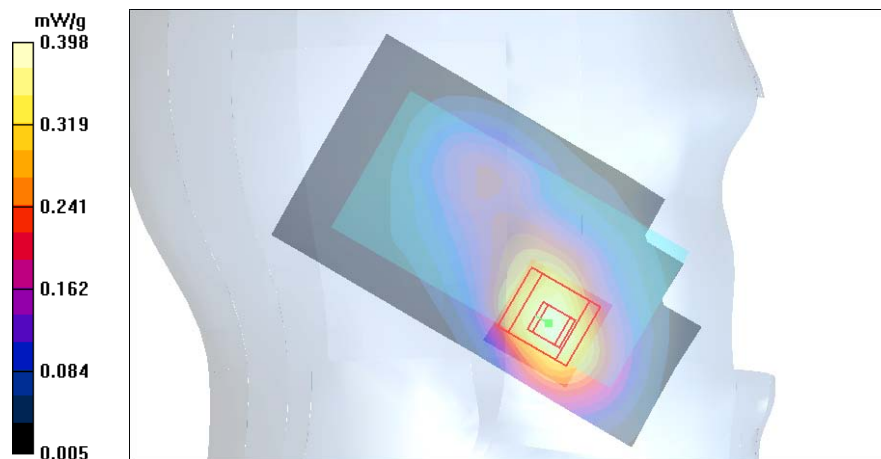
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.377 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 15:50:45

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.3C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.02 V/m

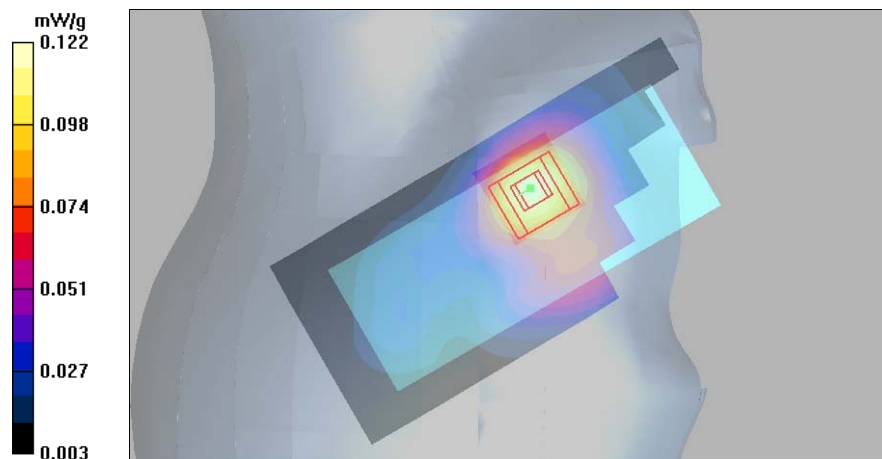
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.172 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.235 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 16:14:13

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.3C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.639 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.33 V/m

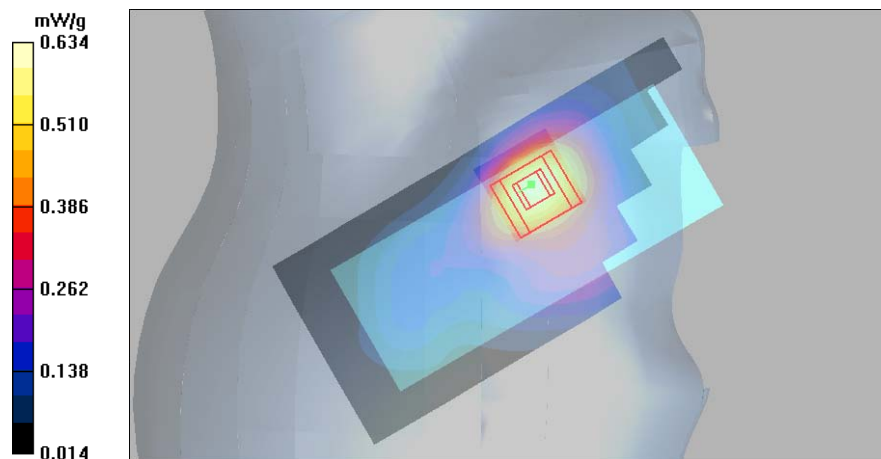
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.890 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.582 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.215 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-03 15:27:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.3C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide open/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.612 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - Camera slide open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.51 V/m

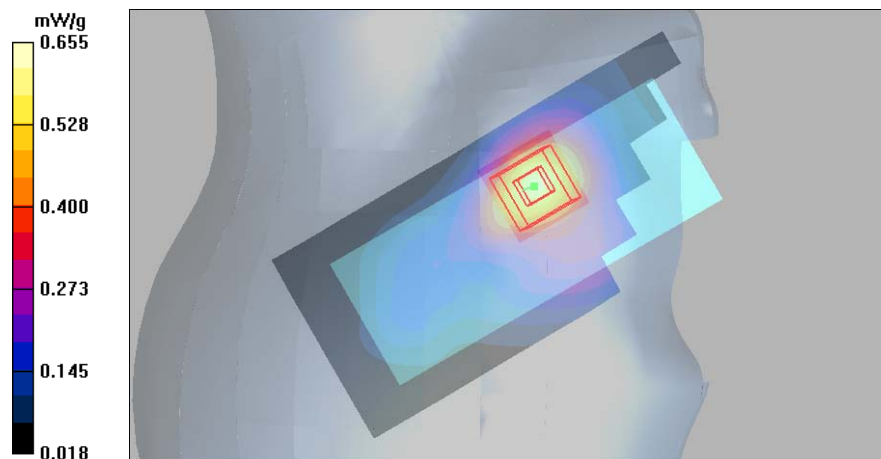
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.904 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.587 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.655 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 10:11:12

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.94 V/m

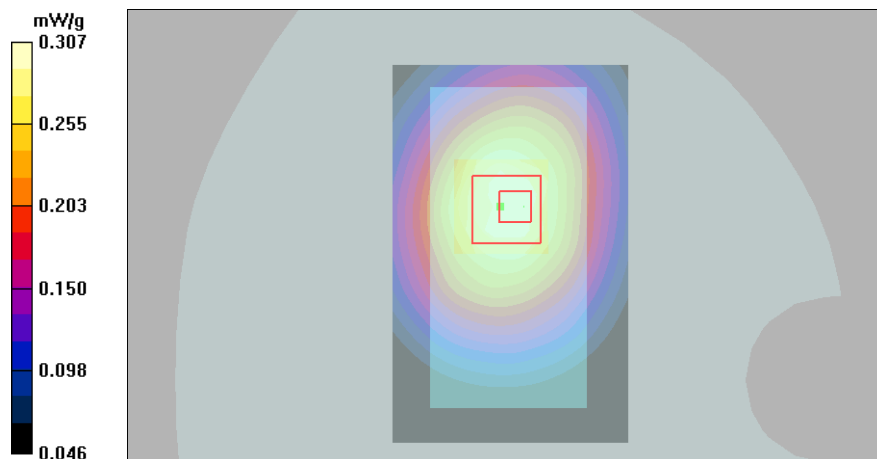
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.366 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.289 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 10:24:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44+AD-54 - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.188 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44+AD-54 - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.30 V/m

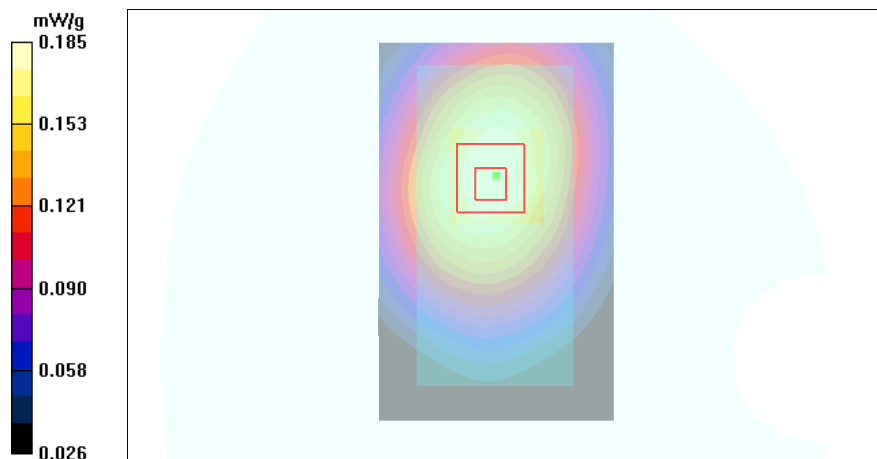
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.176 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-09 11:03:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.979$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accesory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.828 mW/g

Body - Low - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accesory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m

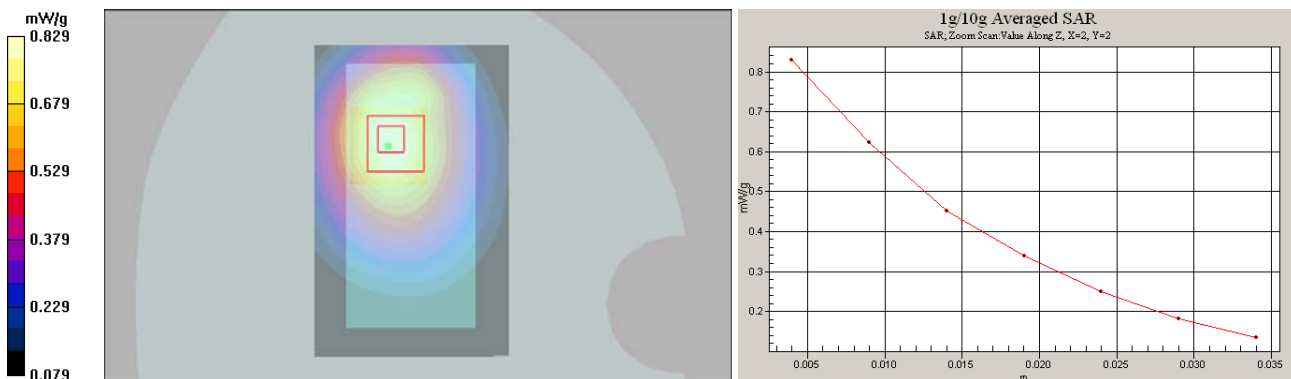
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.788 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.561 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.144 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.829 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-04-09 10:37:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44+AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44+AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.96 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.771 W/kg

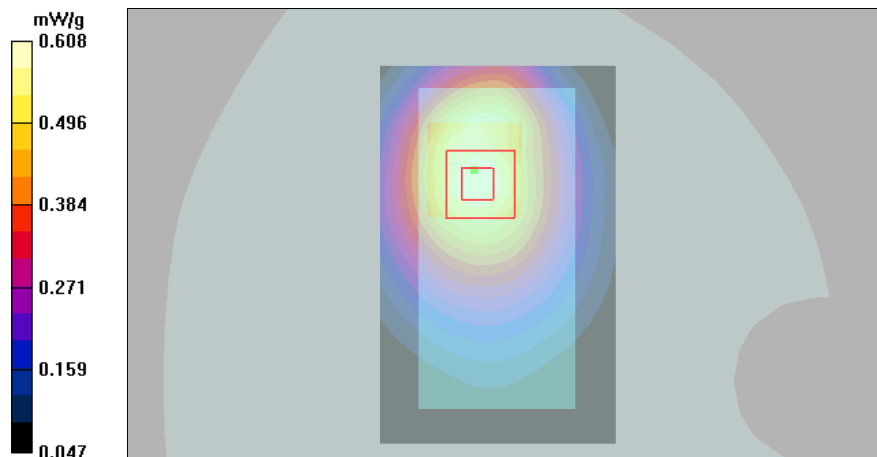
SAR(1 g) = 0.574 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.403 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-05-29 13:43:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-485; Serial: 004401/10/354954/5

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL850; Medium Notes: Temperature: 20.4 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.87, 5.87, 5.87); Calibrated: 2008-11-18
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn858; Calibrated: 2008-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: NMP03310
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body, Low, Slide closed, No accessory, Camera slide closed, Back facing phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.701 mW/g

Body, Low, Slide closed, No accessory, Camera slide closed, Back facing phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.892 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.467 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.082 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 mW/g

Body, Low, Slide closed, No accessory, Camera slide closed, Back facing phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

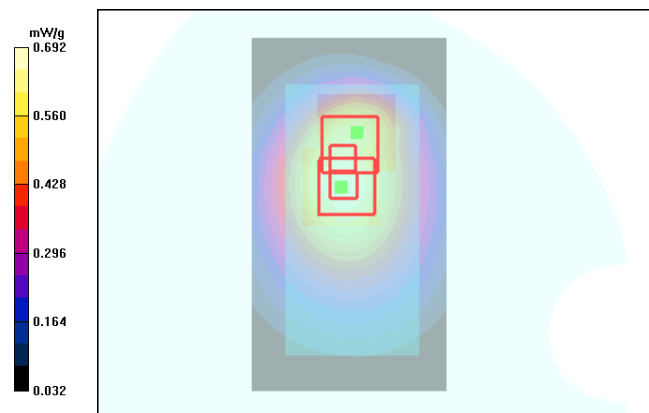
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.896 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.409 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.082 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.692 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-04-06 18:37:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1800; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.6$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.137 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.61 V/m

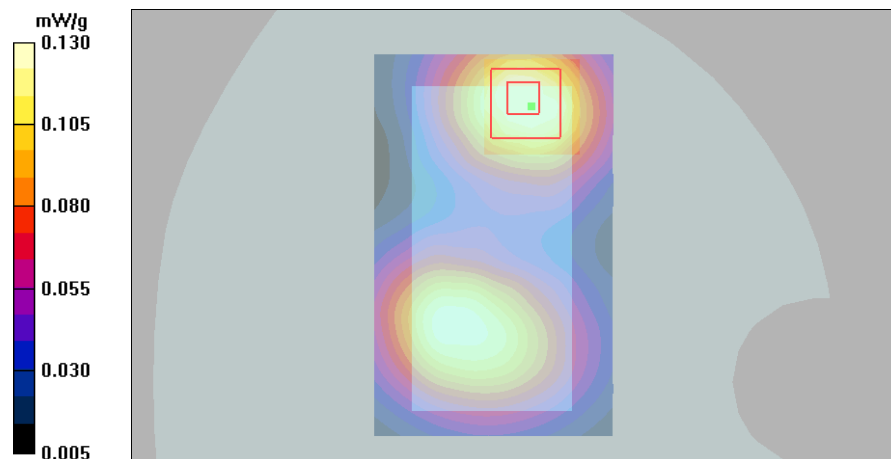
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.297 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-06 19:05:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1800; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.6$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44 + AD-54 - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan

(51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44 + AD-54 - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.58 V/m

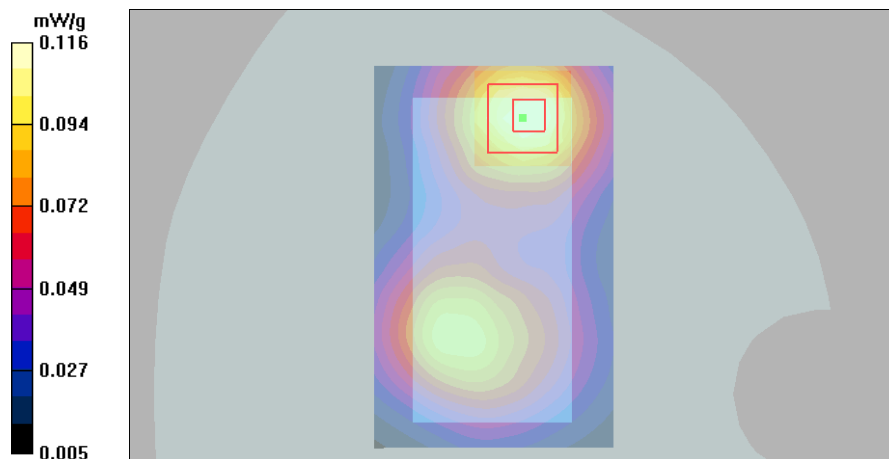
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.108 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.032 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.116 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-04-06 19:44:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1800; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.601 mW/g

Body - Low - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.10 V/m

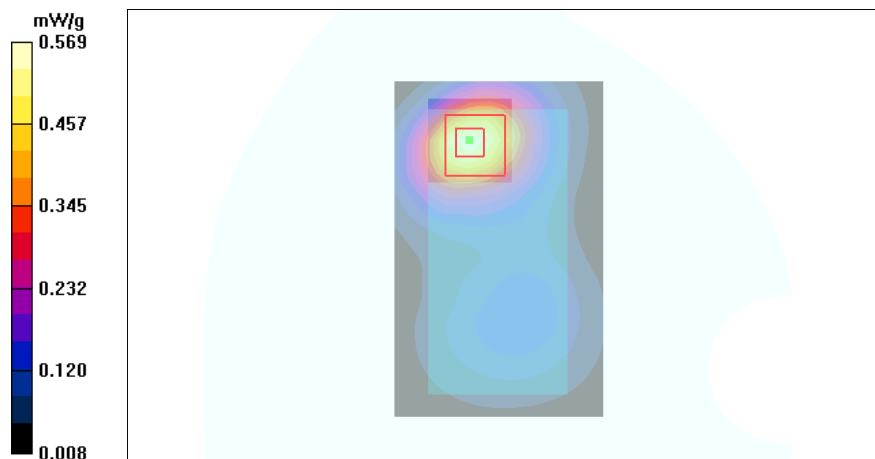
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.890 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.135 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.569 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-04-06 19:18:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1800; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.6$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44 + AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.549 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - HS-44 + AD-54 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.75 V/m

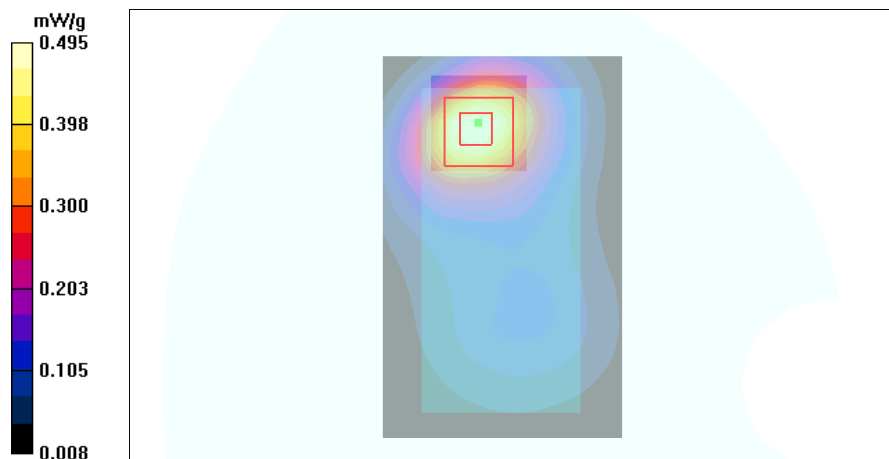
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.804 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.466 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.465 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-04-06 20:35:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-484; Serial: 004401/10/565930/0

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1800; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.6$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.700 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - Camera Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.62 V/m

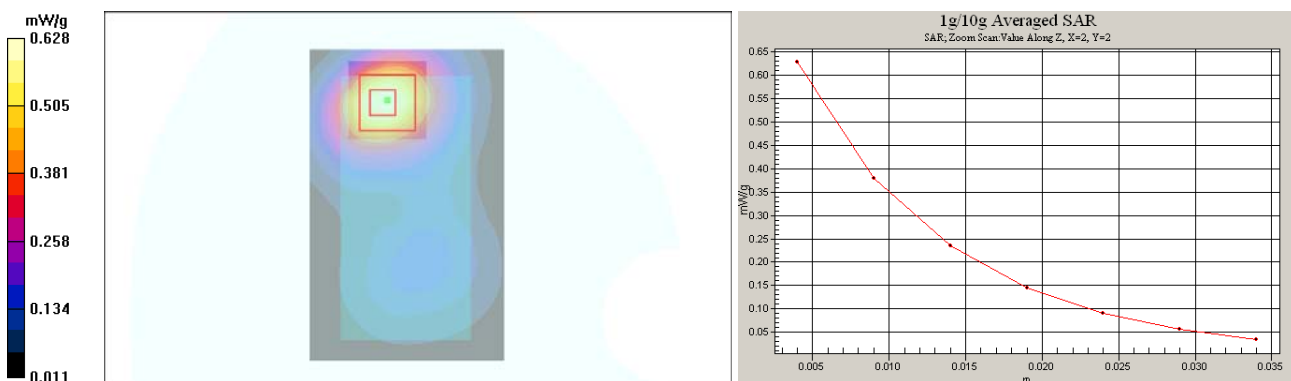
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.988 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.581 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.091 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-486

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APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Saio TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3131_Feb09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3131**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 12, 2009**

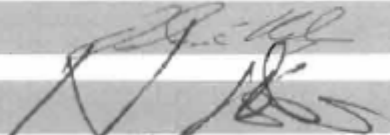
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

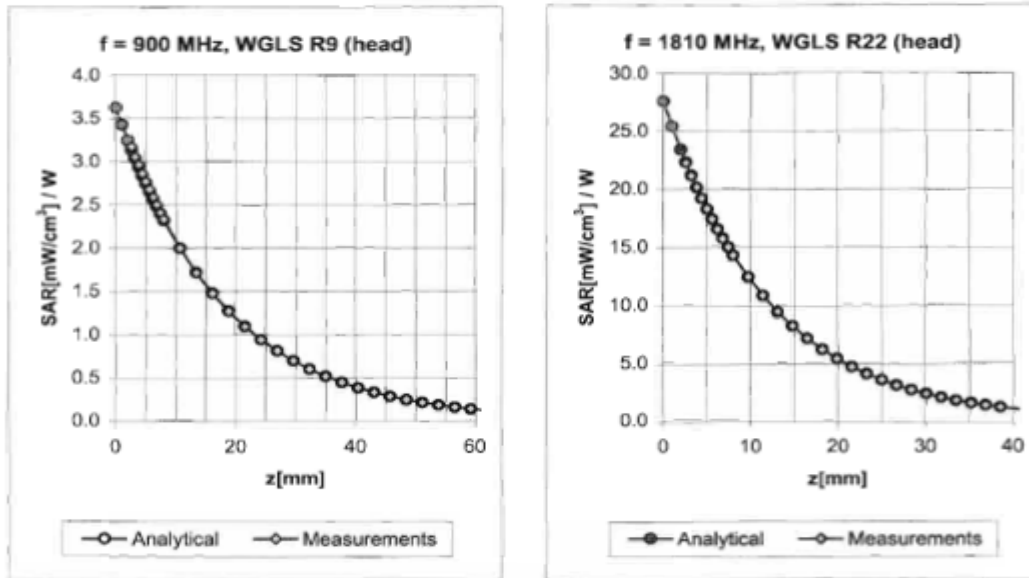
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Niels Kuster	Function Quality Manager	

Issued: February 12, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.69	1.17	5.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.39	1.63	4.86 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	1.46	4.66 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.42	1.74	4.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.69	1.26	5.64 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.49	1.37	4.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.45	1.46	4.61 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.08	3.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3165_Apr08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3165**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

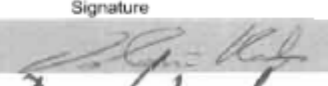
Calibration date: **April 23, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)	Sep-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Niels Kuster	Function Quality Manager	Signature 
Issued: April 23, 2008			

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Certificate No: ES3-3165_Apr08

Page 1 of 9

Type: RM-486

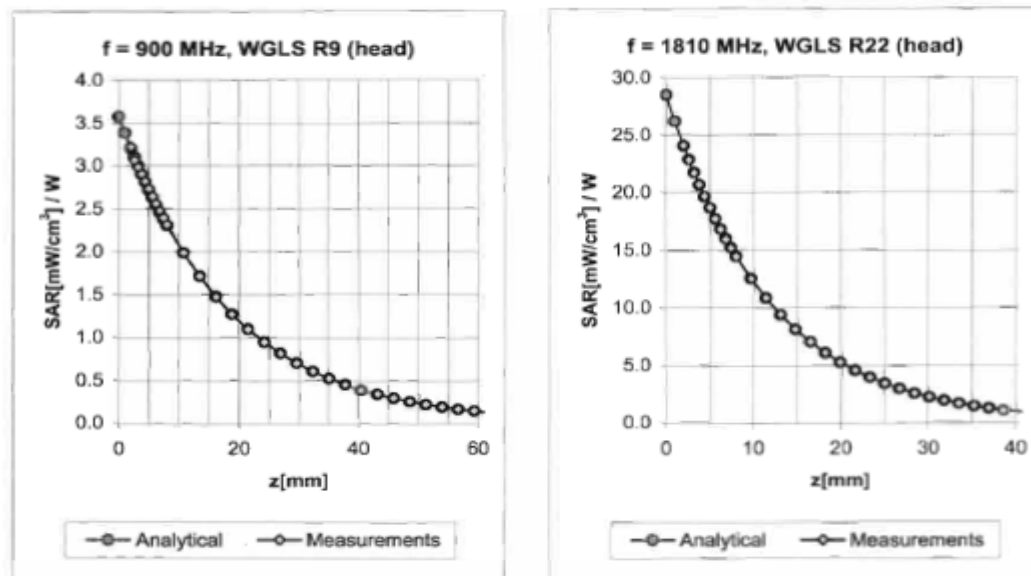
SAR Report

SD_SAR_0917_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

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Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.84	1.20	6.23	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.93	1.13	5.14	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.88	1.17	4.87	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.79	1.24	4.57	± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	0.73	1.30	4.49	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	1.00	1.14	5.75	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.97	1.12	5.23	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.79	1.29	4.96	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.63	1.50	4.24	± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.70	1.44	4.07	± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia SD TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3194_Nov08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3194**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 18, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

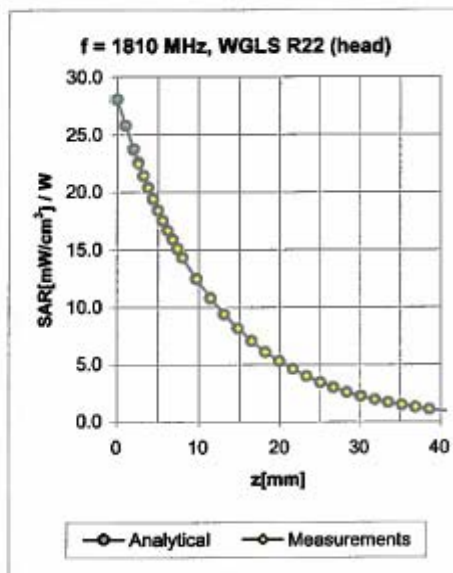
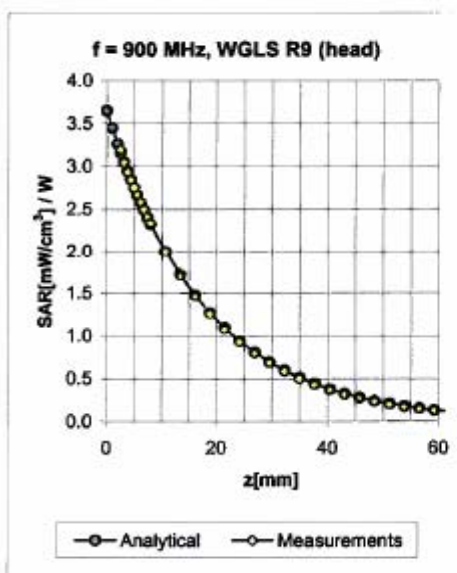
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41496087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	in house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	in house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Karja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 18, 2008

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Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.31	1.90	5.95 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.52	1.51	5.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.61	1.40	4.85 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.98	1.16	4.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	0.99	1.15	4.49 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.65	1.31	5.87 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.43	1.74	4.80 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.58	1.54	4.76 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.10	4.17 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.99	1.11	4.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-480_May07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 480**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **May 21, 2007**

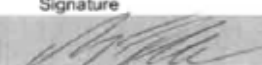
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	in house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	in house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	in house check: Oct-07

Calibrated by:	Name Marcel Fehr	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
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Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
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Issued: May 30, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 21.05.2007 15:29:18

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

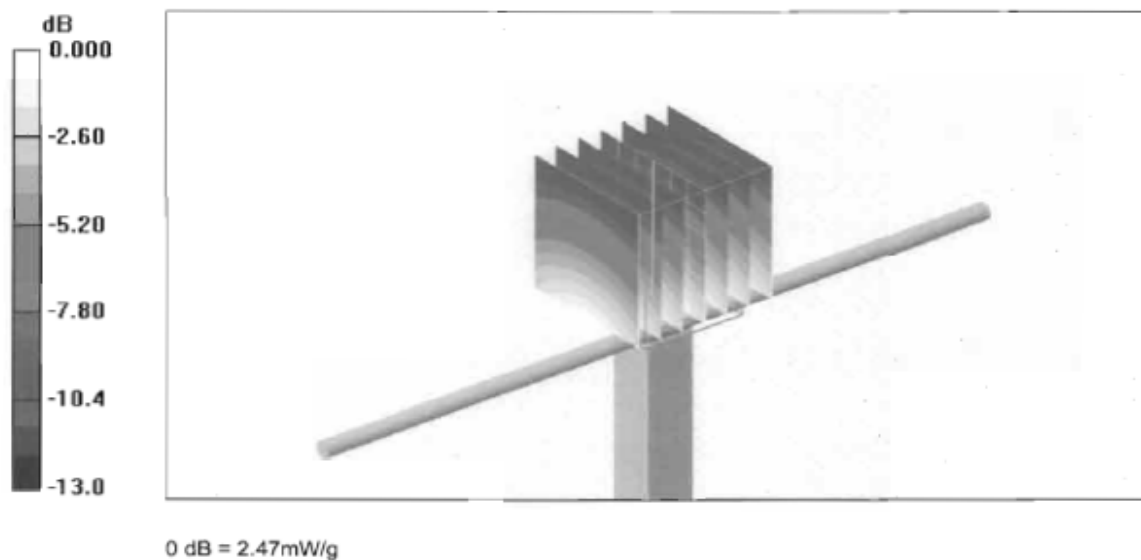
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 mW/g



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.05.2007 12:35:17

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.75, 5.75, 5.75); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

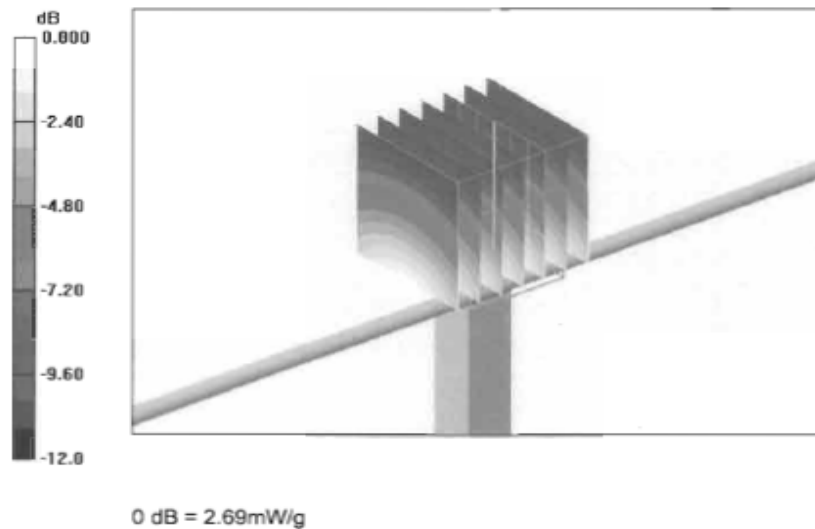
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia SD TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-486_Oct08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 486**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **October 22, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864)	Jul-09
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09
DAE4	SN: 601	14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Ketja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 22, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.10.2008 11:34:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:486

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 28.04.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

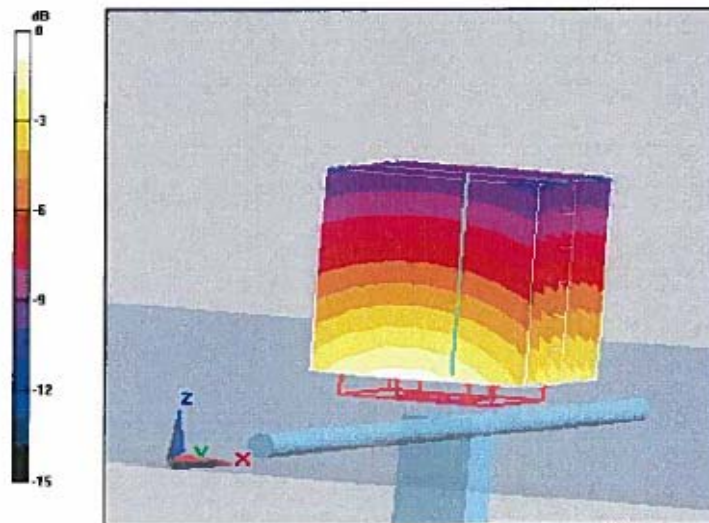
Pin=250mW; dip=15mm; dist=3.4mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.7 mW/g



0 dB = 2.7mW/g

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 20.10.2008 10:14:40

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:486

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.9, 5.9, 5.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

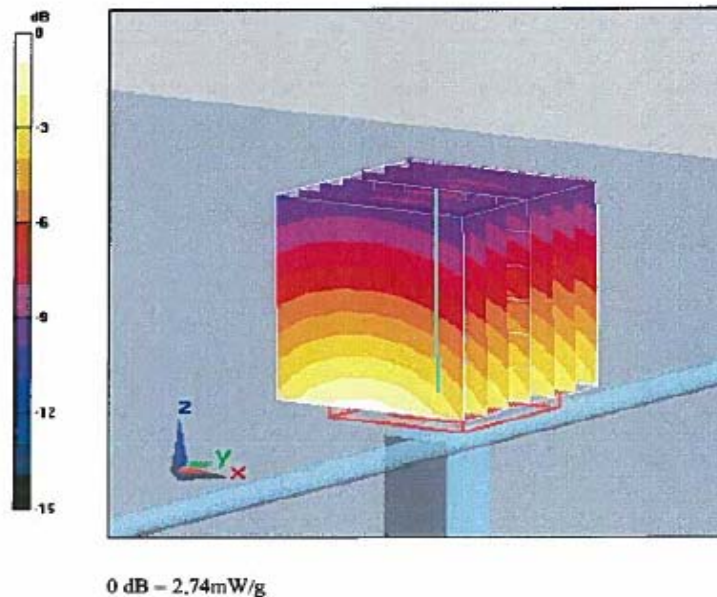
Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 mW/g



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d030_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d030**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **January 29, 2008**

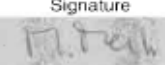
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN: 1507	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN 601	3-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by:	Name Mike Meili	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 30, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 29.01.2008 14:30:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

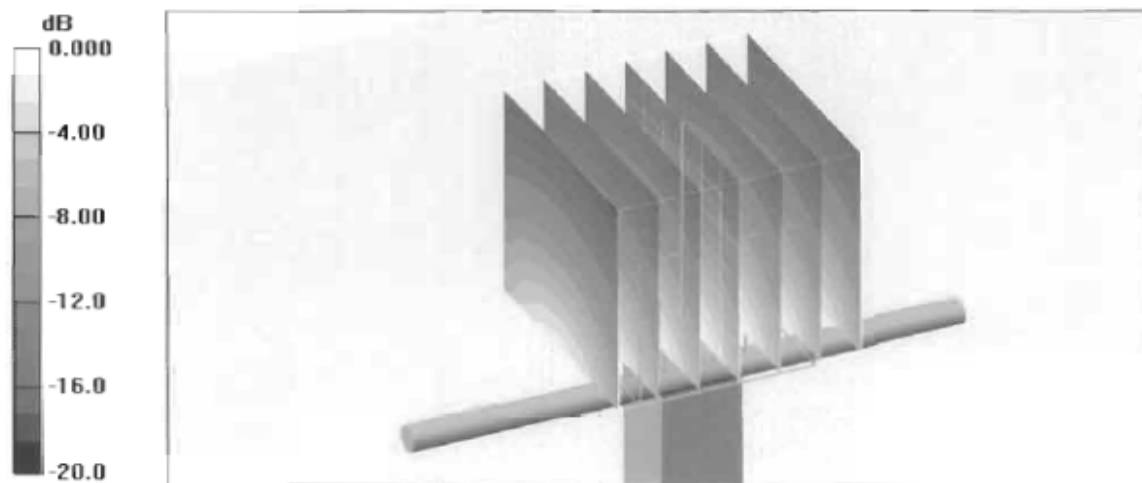
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 93.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



0 dB = 11.5mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 14:15:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

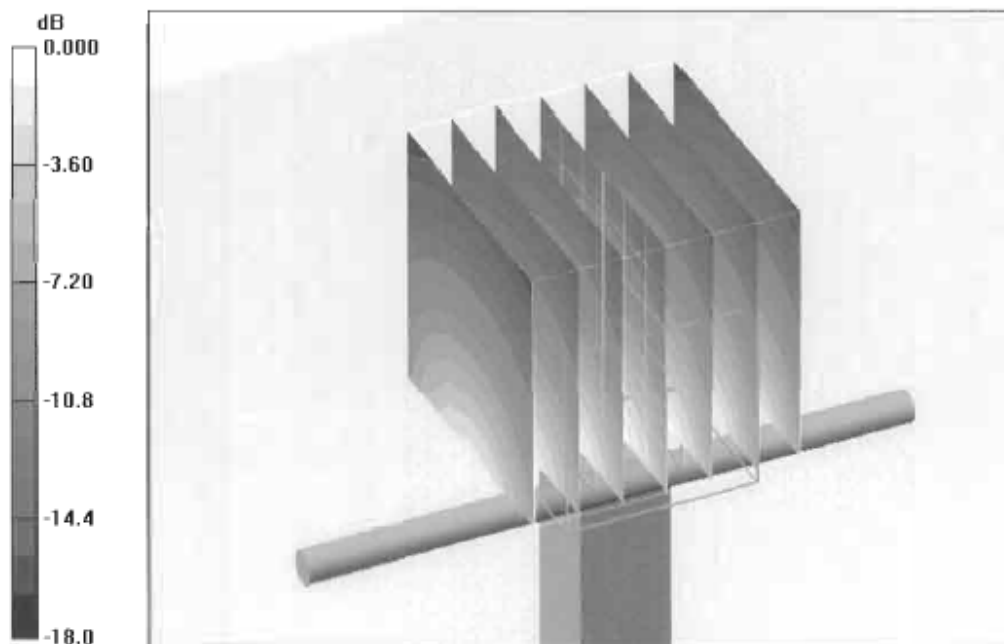
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB = 10.9mW/g