

110 Nortech Parkway San Jose, California, 95134

FCC Part 15.247 Certification Application

Industrie Canada RSS210 Certification

EMI Test Report and Technical Documentation on Airespace Virtual Access Point. Model: 1200

FCC ID: QTZWNAP1200AB

Prepared by:

David Waitt 202 Calvert Drive #217 Cupertino, Ca. 95014 <u>david@waitt.us</u> (408) 832 7053

Table of Contents

General Information

Unit(s) Under Test: Model: Product Description:	Airespace Access Point (AP) 1200 IEEE 802.11 B Access point
FCC ID:	QTZWNAP1200AB
Tested For:	Airespace 110 Nortech Parkway San Jose, Ca. 95134
Tested At:	Elliott Laboratories 684 West Maude Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94086
Tested By:	Juan Martinez, Sr. Test Engineer, Elliott Laboratories David Waitt, (Independent Consultant)
Test Specifications:	FCC CFR 47, Part 15.247, 2.4 GHz DSSS
Test Date:	March 2003
Requested Certification	on: Part 15.247 Certification

Detailed Product Information

The Airespace radio is an IEEE 802.11 B Access point (AP) intended to be professionally installed and configured in corporate and industrial environments.

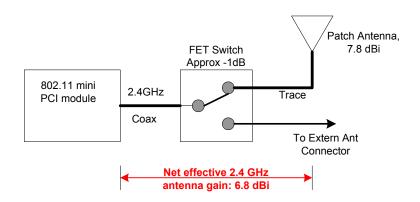
The device utilizes a mini PCI module manufactured by an outside vendor. At the time of this certification the module had not received FCC approval as a module. For this reason, Airespace is pursuing its own certification.

This product is similar in may respect to the previous Airespace product (FCC ID:QTZVAP1200) the only significant is that this unit incorporates mini PCI 802.11 modules from a different supplier than the previous product(s)

The AP utilizes integral antennas on the 802.11 B band. The AP essentially includes only a single 2.4GHz patch antenna. There are actually two 2.4 GHz antennas. The AP switches rapidly between them and when a signal is detected, the AP uses the antenna offering the best connection. At any one time, there is only one antenna connected to the internal PCI module.

Certification of external antennas is also being requested as part of this certification application. See the separate report that summarizes the test results with external antennas.

The effective gain of the 2.4 GHz internal antenna path (the antenna switch and the antenna itself) is 6.8dBi. The diagrams below outline the RF path from the output of the mini PCI module within the AP to the integral antennas within the AP .See the antenna patterns included with this application (Note that only the Part 15.247 2.4 GHz portion is covered by this particular report)



Test Results Summary

This report presents the results of the tests that verify compliance with FCC Part 15.247...

A brief results summary of all the in this report is below.

Part 15 Paragraph	RSS-210 Paragraph	Test	Results
15.247(b)	6.2.2(o)(a) 3	Maximum Power Output at Antenna Terminal	15.5 dBm Max
15.247(a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	6dB Bandwidth	12.00 MHz Min
15.247(d)	6.2.2(o)(d1)	Power Spectral Density	12.96dBm/3kHz Max
15.247(c)	6.2.2(o)(a) 4	Out of Band Spurious Emissions	-44 dBc Max
15.205	6.3(c)	Radiated Emissions in Restricted bands	1.9 dB in spec min @2483.5MHz

Test Facilities

Many of the certification tests were performed at:

Elliott Labs 684 West Maude Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94086

The tests performed at Elliott include:

- All radiated emissions tests required in FCC Part 15.205 for 2.4 and 5GHz.
- Out of band emissions (Conducted) (for 2.4 GHz)

General:

Final radiated test measurements were taken in March 2003 at the Elliott Laboratories Open Area Test Site #4.

The test site contains separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the Rules, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission.

The FCC recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement with the exception of predictable local TV, radio, and mobile communications traffic. The test site contains separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent FCC requirements.

OATS:

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated emissions are performed in an open field environment. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 Guidelines.

Antenna, Antenna Mast and Turntable

The Horn antennas that are use to measure radiated emissions above 1000MHz are amounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor drive to vary the antenna height.

ANSI C63.4 specifies that the test height above the ground plane shall be 80cm unless the equipment is intended to be floor mounted. During the radiated emissions tests the equipment is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with the ANSI requirement.

Equipment Lists

Instrument Calibration

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

All remaining "Conducted RF" tests were performed at by David Waitt in an Engineering lab utilizing calibrated Agilent test equipment. – See Additional test equipment list

The following test equipment was used to perform the testing

Elliott Test Equipment

Item Desc.		Manufacturer	Model S/N (Elliott #)		Cal due date
1.	Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8595EM		2 Feb 2004
2.	3.5 GHz HPF	HP	NA	84300-80038	1 Mar 04
3.	Pre Amp	Miteq	ASF 44	805817	7 Jan 04
4.	Antenna	EMCO	3115	9711-5359	20 April 04
5.	Peak Power Meter	Rhode & Schwartz	NRYS	835360/070	6 Sept 03
6.	Power Head	Rhode & Swartz		836019/016	6 Sep 03
7.	Microwave test syste	m Hewlett Packard	84125		2 April 2003

Additional Test Equipment

Item Desc.	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal due date
 Peak Power meter Power Head Spectrum Analyzer 	Agilent	4416A	GB40320299	7 July 03
	Agilent	E9327A	US40440899	16 Oct 03
	Agilent	E4404B	US40521093	3 Sep 03

Test Methods

The tests are performed at a low, middle and high channel of the applicable band. The typical frequencies used for the Part15.247 2.4 GHz tests are listed below. Unless otherwise noted, all testing was performed on these channels / frequencies

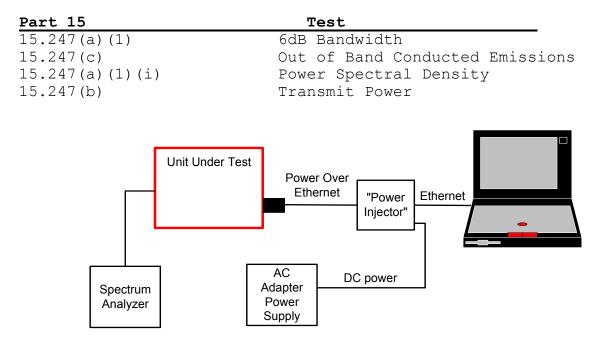
ISM 802.11 B 2400 – 2483.5 MHz				
Channel	Freq(MHz)			
Low	2412			
Mid	2437			
High	2462			
_				

In order to comply with the "radiated emissions in restricted bands" requirements the transmit power had to be lowered on some of the channels at the edges of the operating band. The maximum power setting that allowed compliance with the radiated emissions requirements will be programmed into the configuration firmware of the access point ensuring that maximum possible power setting will be correct for each channel. Given that the access point will normally be operated at these power settings, these same settings were also used during the "bench top" conducted RF tests (Spectral density, bandwidth etc).

The transmit power setting for the 2.4 GHZ ISM band 802.11 B channels used in the testing is shown in the table below. The power setting was +14 dBm on channels 1 and 11 to improve restricted band emissions at the band edges. All channels (in the 2.4 GHz band) other than 1 and 11 will be configured for +17 dBm power out.

Pout settings Vs. Channel	802.11a/b Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tx Pout Set Point (dBm)
	1	2412.00	+14.00
2.4 GHz ISM	6	2437.00	+17.00
	11	2462.00	+14.00

The tests listed below are performed using the basic "conducted" test setup shown below unless otherwise noted. In most cases, the EUT was running special diagnostic software to allow it to transmit random data on a particular channel indefinitely.



Basic Conducted RF Bench Test Setup

Unless otherwise noted, the support equipment for the bench tests is listed below.

Support Equipment						
Description Model number FCC ID or SN Manufacturer Power Ca						
Laptop	Armada E 500	P31000T4X20DC12N2	Compaq	Laptop PS		
Test Software	Atheros Radio Test		Atheros			
48VDC AC adapter	Generic		Generic	Standard Twin lead DC wire		

NOTE: The "Power Injector" is simply a connector attached to wires "broken out" of the Ethernet cable. It is not really a piece of equipment.

Test Results

Detailed test procedures and test results are contained in the following sections. In cases where the test setup differs from the Conducted RF test setup shown earlier, the test setup is also presented.

Test Conditions						
Temperature	18C	Humidity:	52%			
ATM pressure	1002 mBar	Grounding:	None			
Tested By	David Waitt Date of Test: March 200					
Test Reference	Test Reference Refer to individual test results					
Tested Range	Tested Range Test Dependent					
Test Voltage 48 VDC to the AP						
Modifications	No modifications were made to the	e unit during the	tests			

802.11 B Maximum RF Power Output at Antenna Terminals

Specifications:

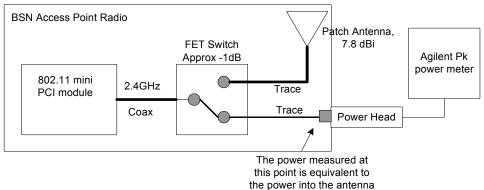
FCC Specification:

Paragraph: 15.247(b)

Procedure:

The test was configured as shown in the conducted RF test setup. The unit was tuned to the test channels and configured to transmit random data packets.

Because the unit will be operated at different power levels depending on the channel being used, the RF power out was measured at the appropriate power setting for the given test channel (see table above). The setting used for each channel is indicated in the results table below.



RF Transmit Power Result:

The following power levels were measured on low, mid and high channels of the ISM bands.

Pout settings Vs. Channel	802.11a/b Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Specification (dBm)	Measured Pout (Pk, dBm)	Measured Pout (Pk , Watts)
	1	2412.00	30	13	.01995
2.4 GHz ISM	6	2437.00	30	15.5	.03548
	11	2462.00	30	11.5	.01412

Given the power measured above, the EIRP of the AP, for each channel tested, is listed below.

Pout settings Vs. Channel	802.11a/b Channel	Specification (dBm EIRP)	Measured Pout (Pk, dBm)	Antenna Gain MAX dBi	Max Measured EIRP (dBm)
	1	36	13.00	7.8	20.8
2.4 GHz ISM	6	36	15.50	7.8	23.3
	11	36	11.50	7.8	19.3

The power measurements listed in the tables above are also applicable for the power into the external antennas if used with the product

ISM 6 dB bandwidth

Specifications

FCC Specification:

Paragraph 15.247(a)(2)

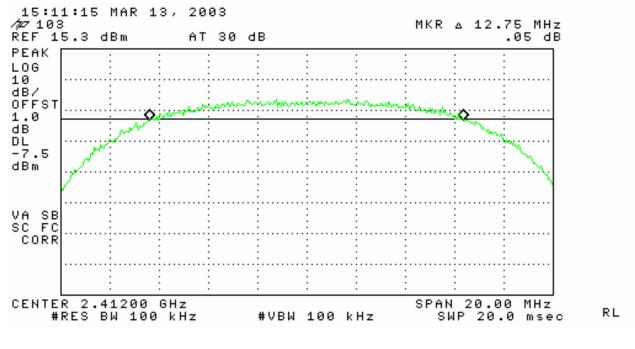
Procedure:

Results:

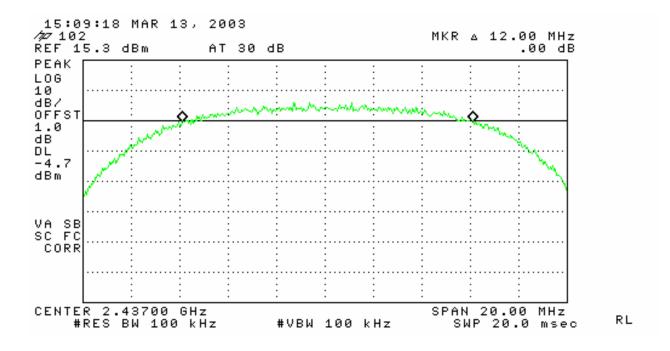
The Airespace AP access point operates on the standard IEEE 802.11 A / B channels. The 6dB bandwidth was measured on the low middle and high channel of the 2.4 GHz ISM band using the conducted RF test setup. The spectrum analyzer was configured for MAX HOLD and the trace allowed to stabilize. A peak search was performed and the then Delta-Marker used to locate the point –6dB below the peak.

Once this was complete, the point was used as a reference and another delta measurement was performed and an attempt made to make the two markers "level". The delta frequency between the two markers was measured as the 6 dB BW of the signal. The bandwidth test was performed at the power settings that will be used in the final system.

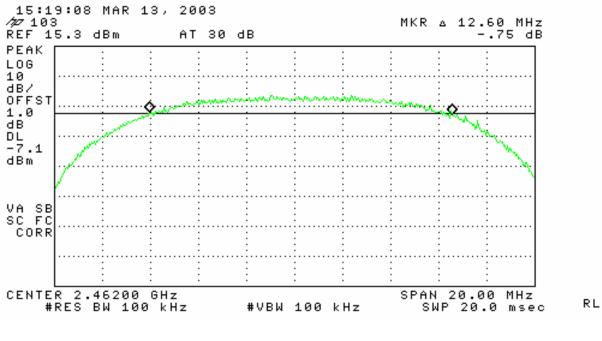
Band	802.11a/b Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured BW (MHz)
	1	2412.00	12.75
2.4 GHz ISM	6	2437.00	12.0
6 dB BW	11	2462.00	12.6



6 dB BW, 2412 MHz



6 dB BW, 2437 MHz



6 dB BW, 2462 MHz

ISM Power Spectral Density

FCC Specification:

Paragraph: 15.247(4)(d)

Procedure

The test setup was configured as shown in the conducted test setup. The UUT was configured to continuously transmit random data packets.

Procedure(2.4 GHz):

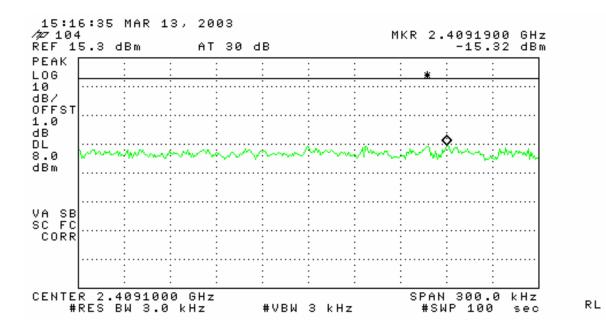
Initially the bandwidth of the entire channel was examined. Using MAX HOLD, the trace was allowed to stabilize. Once the trace was stable, a peak search was performed and the frequency with the maximum power was determined.

The measurement span was then narrowed to 300kHz and centered on the "MAX power" frequency, the RBW set to 3 kHz with a 100 second sweep. The analyzer was then set to MAX HOLD and a display line placed at +8dBm.

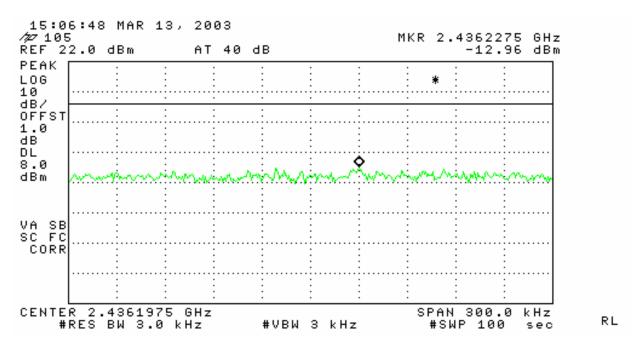
The power spectral density was measured at the low, middle and high-test channels with the appropriate power setting for the given test channel.

Results:

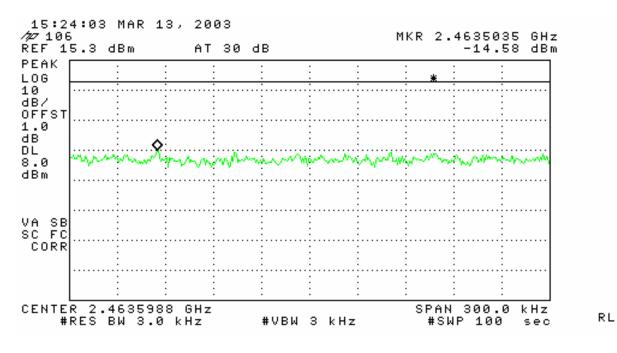
Band	802.11a/b Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Specification dBm /	Measured PSD (dBm)
	1	2412.00	8dBm/3kHz	-15.32
2.4 GHz ISM	6	2437.00	8dBm/3kHz	-12.96
PSD	11	2462.00	8dBm/3kHz	-14.58



Power Spectral Density, LOW Channel, 2412MHz



Power Spectral Density, MID Channel, 2437MHz



Power Spectral Density, HIGH Channel, 2462MHz

ISM Out of Band Emissions

Specifications:

FCC Part 15 Paragraph 15.247(c)

Procedure:

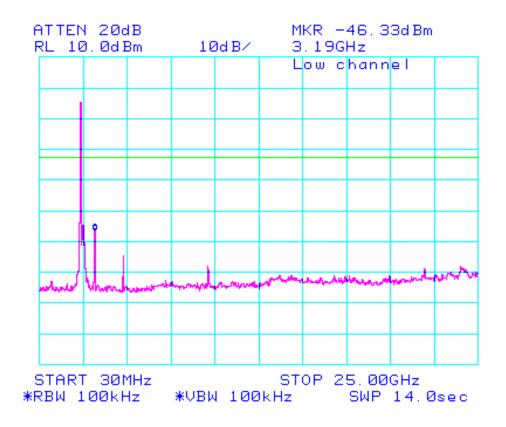
The test was configured as shown in the bench conducted RF test setup. The UUT was configured to transmit random data packets. The band from 1 GHz to 25GHz was examined for spurious emissions. This test was conducted the low middle and high channels. The UUT was configured to transmit +14 dBm for channels 1 and 11 and + 17 dBm for channel 6.

Results:

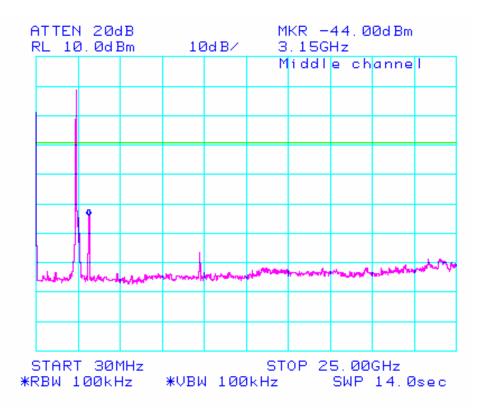
The entire band of interest was examined at one time to clearly demonstrate compliance. There were no spurious emissions above the limit (-20dBc)

Out of Band Emissions Plots

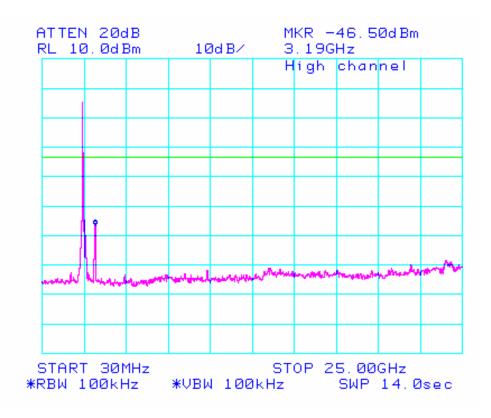
OOB Emissions, Transmit on Channel 1 (2412MHz)



OOB Emissions, Transmit on Channel 6 (2437MHz)



Emissions, Transmit on Channel 11 (2462MHz)



ISM Radiated Emissions in Restricted bands

Specifications:

FCC Part 15 F

Paragraph 15.247(c)

Procedure:

This test was conducted on a 3-meter open-air test site at Elliott Laboratories The unit was placed on a rotating wooden table 80cm above the ground plane. A Horn antenna was secured to a mast 3 meters away. The unit was tested at each of the Low, Mid and High channels. The UUT was running in the diagnostic mode and set to transmit CW at maximum power on each of the channels. The test equipment was configured as shown below.

The harmonics of the fundamental that fell within restricted bands (up to the tenth) were measured (See table 1 below). A high pass filter prior to the pre-amplifier was required to prevent the large signal level of the fundamental frequency from overloading the front end of the spectrum analyzer and creating harmonics within the analyzer.

The EUT was rotated 360 degrees and the height of the antenna adjusted from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to determine the maximum level of the emission. The level of the harmonic emission was measured in two modes, "Peak" and "Average".

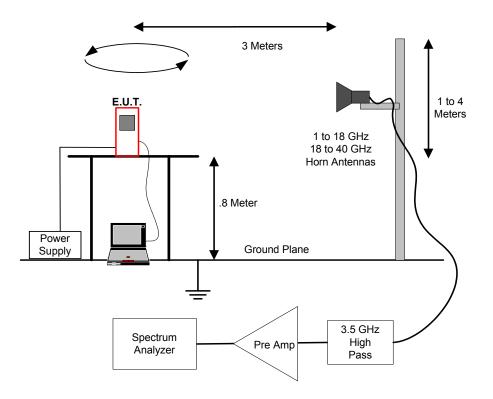
The spectrum analyzer reading was entered into a spreadsheet where correction factors (antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amplifier gain, HPF loss...) were then applied by Elliott Lab's Software to obtain a final corrected measurement.

This procedure was repeated for the low, mid and high channels within the 2400-2485.5MHz band. The table below indicates the harmonics that fall within restricted bands.

FUND		Harmonic (MHz)									
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
2412	4824	7236	9648	12060	14472	16884	19296	21708	24120		
2437	4874	7311	9748	12185	14622	17059	19496	21933	24370		
2462	4924	7386	9848	12310	14772	17234	19696	22158	24620		

15.205 Harmonic test tables

<u>NOTE</u>: **RED** indicates a harmonic that falls within a restricted band and is subject to 15.205. The harmonics in **black** are NOT in restricted bands and are subject to 15.209



Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands Test Setup

	Support Equipment										
Description	Model number	FCC ID or SN	Manufacturer	Power Cable							
Laptop	Armada E 500	P31000T4X20DC12N2	Compaq	Laptop PS							
Test Software	Atheros Radio Test		Atheros								
48VDC AC adapter	Generic		Generic	Standard Twin lead DC wire							

	Test Conditions									
Temperature	19 C	Humidity:	39%							
ATM pressure	1020 mBar	Grounding:	None							
Tested By	J Martinez / C Byleckie Elliott Labs	Date of Test:	March 2003							
Test Reference	FCC Part 15.205 IC Paragraph RSS210, 6.2.3 (c)									
Setup Method	ANSI C63.4									
Tested Range	1 GHz to 24 GHz									
Test Voltage	120 VAC / 60 Hz									
Modifications	No modifications were made to the	e unit								

NOTES: For emissions in restricted bands, the limit of 15.209 was used. For all other emissions, the limit was set 20dB below the level of the fundamental. No emission detected above 15GHz.

Restricted Band Peak Measurements: Resolution and Video BW: 1 MHz Restricted Band Average Measurements: Resolution Bw: 1MHz and Video Bw: 10 Hz. All other measurements, RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz, video averaging on (100 samples).

Airespace.

Results: UUT Xmitting on low Channel: 2412 MHz

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209	/ 15.247	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBmV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
4824.000	58.6	h	74.0	-15.4	Pk	290	1.0	
4824.000	44.5	h	54.0	-9.5	Avg	290	1.0	
12060.00	56.2	h	74.0	-17.8	Pk	55	1.0	Noise Floor
12060.00	43.5	h	54.0	-10.5	Avg	55	1.0	Noise Floor
14472.00	55.7	h	74.0	-18.3	Pk	198	1.0	Noise Floor
14472.00	45.2	h	54.0	-8.8	Avg	198	1.0	Noise Floor
4824.000	55.1	v	74.0	-18.9	Pk	134	1.0	
4824.000	41.9	v	54.0	-12.1	Avg	134	1.0	
12060.00	56.2	v	74.0	-17.8	Pk	361	1.0	Noise Floor
12060.00	43.2	v	54.0	-10.8	Avg	361	1.0	Noise Floor
14472.00	58.6	v	74.0	-15.4	Pk	78	1.0	Noise Floor
14472.00	44.5	v	54.0	-9.5	Avg	78	1.0	Noise Floor

UUT Xmitting on mid Channel: 2437 MHz

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209	/ 15.247	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBmV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
4874.000	62.5	h	74.0	-11.5	Pk	59	1.0	
4874.000	48.8	h	54.0	-5.2	Avg	59	1.0	
7311.000	56.2	h	74.0	-17.8	Pk	137	1.0	
7311.000	46.0	h	54.0	-8.0	Avg	137	1.0	
12185.00	57.8	h	74.0	-16.2	Pk	182	1.0	Noise Floor
12185.00	43.7	h	54.0	-10.3	Avg	182	1.0	Noise Floor
4874.000	61.8	v	74.0	-12.2	Pk	282	1.0	
4874.000	48.0	v	54.0	-6.0	Avg	282	1.0	
7311.000	55.2	v	74.0	-18.8	Pk	144	1.7	
7311.000	44.1	v	54.0	-9.9	Avg	144	1.7	
12185.00	57.5	v	74.0	-16.5	Pk	156	1.5	Noise Floor
12185.00	43.3	v	54.0	-10.7	Avg	156	1.5	Noise Floor

UT Xmitting on high Channel: 2462 MHz

	Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209	/ 15.247	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
ĺ	MHz	dBmV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
ľ	4924.000	56.9	h	74.0	-17.2	Pk	90	1.0	
ĺ	4924.000	42.9	h	54.0	-11.1	Avg	90	1.0	
ĺ	7386.00	51.3	h	74.0	-22.7	Pk	249	1.0	
ĺ	7386.00	38.6	h	54.0	-15.4	Avg	249	1.0	
	12310.00	56.8	h	74.0	-17.2	Pk	48	1.0	Noise Floor
	12310.00	42.3	h	54.0	-11.7	Avg	48	1.0	Noise Floor
ĺ	4924.000	55.2	v	74.0	-18.8	Pk	239	1.3	
ĺ	4924.000	41.1	v	54.0	-12.9	Avg	239	1.3	
ĺ	7386.00	53.4	v	74.0	-20.7	Pk	87	1.5	
ĺ	7386.00	41.3	v	54.0	-12.7	Avg	87	1.5	
ĺ	12310.00	56.2	v	74.0	-17.8	Pk	325	1.0	Noise Floor
	12310.00	42.2	v	54.0	-11.8	Avg	325	1.0	Noise Floor

Radiated Emissions in the Restricted bands near the operating band

Since this is an 802.11 B product, there is one instance where there is an adjacent restricted band next to the operating band.

• The restricted band that begins at 2.4835 GHz where the ISM band ends

Procedure

There are three steps to performing this test. The first involves making a radiated measurement of the fundamental signal with the UUT on the operating channel closest to the edge of the band. This measurement is made using the peak and average RBW and VBW of 1MHz/1MHz and 1MHz/10Hz. This measured radiated level is then used as a "fundamental reference" level

Then, a second measurement (conducted) is made using narrower bandwidths (100 kHz) to determine a –dBc (delta dB) level between the fundamental level (measured in a 100 kHz BW) and the highest level within the restricted band near the operating band.

A third and final measurement (conducted) is made to determine the apparent drop in fundamental carrier power when the RBW is narrowed from 1MHz (in the reference measurement) to 100kHz (for the delta dB measurement). This is referred to below as the "BW Delta". This correction factor is only allowed in the highest emission in the restricted band is less than 2 "standard bandwidths" from the edge of the restricted band.

This measurement is made because it is the intent of the restricted band emission test to reference the measurement made in the restricted band to a radiated measurement made in a 1 MHz BW

The level of the emission in the restricted band is then calculated using the formulas below

Restricted band level (AVG) = AVG reference level - delta dB - BW Delta dB Restricted band level (Peak) = Peak reference level - delta dB - BW Delta dB

Vert

Horz

112.2

104.1

105.9

97.1

Pol		mental ⁄Ismt	dBc Msmt	RBW Delta		Radiated Level at Band Edge		Specification		lta
									(dB belo	w Limit)
	Peak	Avg		msmt	Peak	Avg	Peak	Avg	Peak	Avg
	dbuv/m	dbuv/m	dBc	dB	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m
Vert	115.4	108.4	51.8	8.8	54.8	47.8	74	54	19.2	6.2
Horz	104.3	98.5	51.8	8.8	43.7	37.9	74	54	30.3	16.1
2.483	5 ISM B	and Ec	lge (R	estric	ted bar	nd @ 2.4	4835 GI	Hz)		
Chan	Funde	mental	dBc	RBW	Radiated	Level at	Specif	ication	De	lta
	Ref M	/Ismt	Msmt	Delta	Band	Edge	-			
									(dB belo	w Limit)
	Peak	Avg		msmt	Peak	Avg	Peak	Avg	Peak	Avg
	dbuv/m	dbuv/m	dBc	dB	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m	dBuv/m

Radiated emissions at band edge sample calculation:

46.57

46.57

10

10

Emission Level = Fund Ref Msmt – Delta msmt – RBW Delta Msmt

49.33

40.53

74

74

54

54

18.37

26.47

4.67

13.47

55.63

47.53

Example: 105.9dBuV/m - 46.57dBc - 10dB = 49.33dBuv/m 54 dBuv/m - 49.33dBuv/m = 4.67dB margin

Plots showing the delta measurement and the BW delta measurement for both, the 2.39 and the 2.4836 GHz Restricted are contained in the appendix of this report

Radiated Emissions Sample Calculations

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit. The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamp gain and antenna factor. The calculations are in reverse from the signal flow, meaning that cable loss is actually added to the reading and amplification is subtracted. Antenna factor is a measure of the conversion of the voltage at the coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements. A distance factor, for the electric field is calculated using the following formula

 $F_{d} = 20 \text{ Log}_{10} (D_{m}/D_{s})$

Where:

 F_d = Distance Factor D_m = Measurement distance in meters D_s = specification distance in meters

Measurement distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and the specification distance is the distance at which the specification limit is based.

The margin of a given emissions peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows: $R_c = R_r + F_d$

 $R_c = R_r +$

and

$$M = R_c - L_s$$

Where :

 R_r = Relative reading in dBuV/m

F_d = Distance Factor

R_c = Corrected reading in dBuV/m

L_s = specification Limit in dBuV/m

M = Margin in dB relative to the spec.

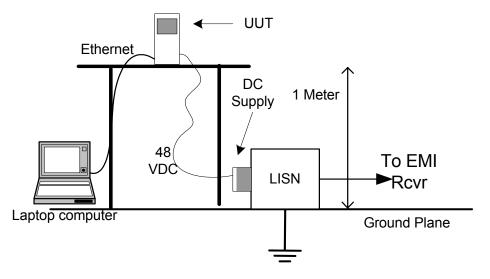
AC Line Conducted Emissions

Specification: FCC Specification: CISPR 22

Procedure:

The test was set up according to the guidelines set forth in EN55022:1998 and FCC Part 2 for AC Line Conducted Emissions. The measurement used a LISN line on each AC line and an EMI receiver. A peak scan was made over the measurement frequency range (150 kHz to 30 MHz). The highest peaks were then marked and re-measured and quasi-peaked and averaged. The unit was configured to transmit packets at the max data rate.

The test was configured as shown below. The product was tested while running on 120 VAC @ 60 Hz .



Results:

The AC Line conducted Emissions test results, relative to the Class B limits, are shown below.

Quasi Peak Test Results,	CISPR 22	Class B
limits		

Freq (MHz)	Line	QP Level	Class B QP Limit	Delta	Freq (MHz)	Line	Class B QP Limit	Spec	Delta
	Neutral	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)		Neutral	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)
25.83	Line	40.97	60	19.03	25.65.	Neutral	40.05	60	19.95
26.35	Line	47.89	60	12.11	26.35	Neutral	43.48	60	16.52
26.62	Line	41.25	60	18.75	26.62	Neutral	42.53	60	17.47
26.85	Line	46.92	60	13.08	26.84	Neutral	46.86	60	13.14
27.1	Line	46.91	60	13.09	27.1	Neutral	43.35	60	16.65
27.29	Line	58.75	60	1.25	27.59	Neutral	48.14	60	11.86
27.6	Line	46.98	60	13.02	27.86	Neutral	41.28	60	18.72
27.83	Line	48.61	60	11.39	28/09	Neutral	46.23	60	13.77
28.12	Line	41.46	60	18.54	28.32	Neutral	48.92	60	11.08
29.58	Line	45.29	60	14.71	28.57	Neutral	45.2	60	14.8

AVG Test Results, CISPR 22, Class B limits

Freq (MHz)	Line	AVG Level	Class B AVG limit	Delta	Freq (MHz)	Line	AVG Level	Class B AVG limit	Delta
	Neutral	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)		Neutral	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)
25.83	Line	25.475	50	24.53	25.65.	Neutral	30.7	50	19.3
26.35	Line	30.23	50	19.77	26.35	Neutral	30.35	50	19.65
26.62	Line	31.44	50	18.56	26.62	Neutral	33.05	50	16.95
26.85	Line	34.257	50	15.74	26.84	Neutral	32.17	50	17.83
27.1	Line	29.59	50	20.41	27.1	Neutral	30.37	50	19.63
27.29	Line	36.118	50	13.9	27.59	Neutral	27.96	50	22.04
27.6	Line	28.64	50	21.36	27.86	Neutral	31.04	50	18.96
27.83	Line	29.9	50	20.1	28/09	Neutral	31.55	50	18.45
28.12	Line	34.03	50	15.97	28.32	Neutral	35.91	50	14.09
29.58	Line	32.43	50	17.57	28.57	Neutral	28.19	50	21.81

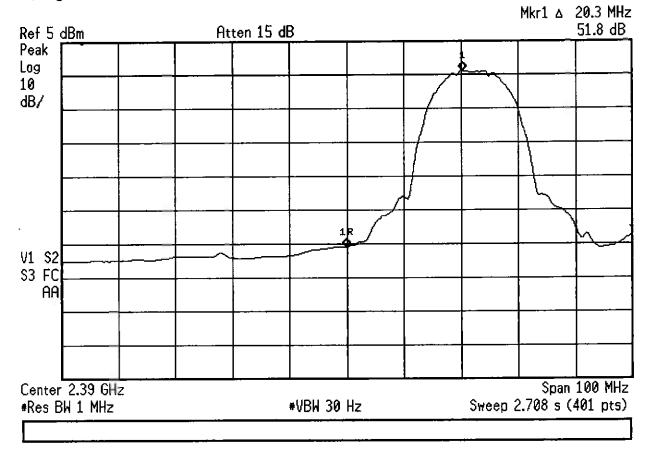


San Jose, California, 95134

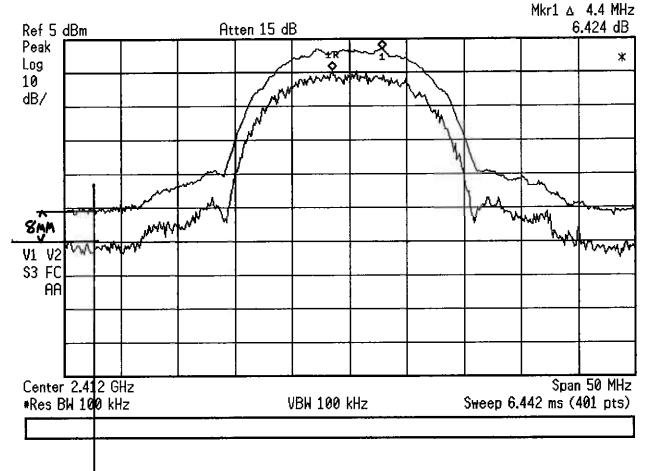
Airespace Certification Application

Appendix

🔆 Agilent 19:39:22 Mar 15, 2003

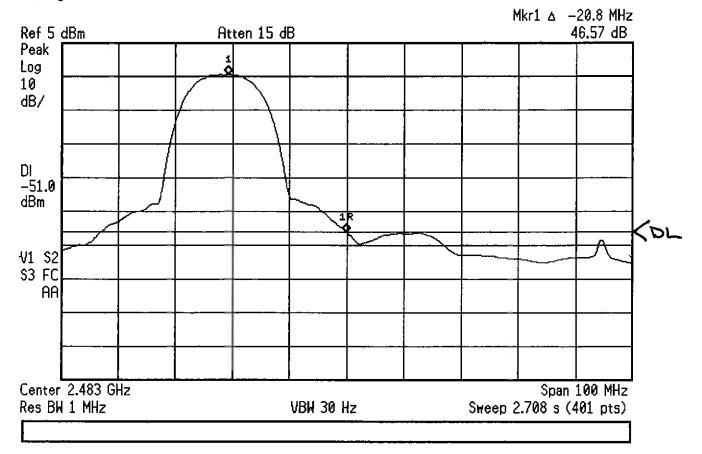


RADIATED EMISSIONS (PBANDEDGE - JBC MSMT (ANG) (WAI MOD) ★ Agilent 19:48:02 Mar 15, 2003

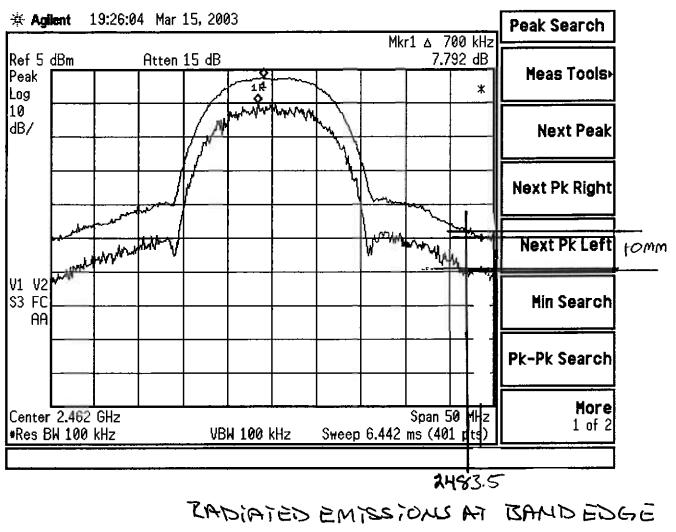


2390 MHZ

1 DIV=9MM 1 DIV= 100B Δ= 8MM ... Δ= (100B 9MM)(8)= 8.80B ... BW Δ= 8.80B RADIATED EMTESTONS AT BANDEDGE BW DELTA, IMHZ/100 KHZ (WM MOD, W/EXT ANIT) (USED FOR INT ANIT DATA ALSO) ★ Agilent 19:21:37 Mar 15, 2003



RADIATED EMISSIONS AT BANDEDGE ANG MSMT, - BC, (WN MOD,)



BW DELTA, IMHZ/100KHZ (WMMOD EXTANT)

I Div=100B=10MM BWA=100B

(USED FOR INIT ANT ALSO)