

SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	Bej_SAR_0836_03	Date of report:	2008-09-05
Template version:	10	Number of pages:	60
Testing laboratory:	TCC Nokia Beijing Laboratory Beijing Economic and Technological Development Area No.5 Donghuan Zhonglu Beijing PRC China 100176 Tel. +86 10 8711 8888 Fax. +86 10 8711 4550	Client:	Nokia Corporation Beijing Economic and Technological Development Area No.5 Donghuan Zhonglu Beijing PRC China 100176 Tel. +86 10 8711 8888 Fax. +86 10 8711 4550
Responsible test engineer:	Liang Dong	Product contact person:	Xu Shanshan
Measurements made by:	Liang Dong, Yin Hongpeng		
Tested device:	RM-439		
FCC ID:	QTLRM-439	IC:	661AB-RM439
Supplement reports:	Bej_SAR_0836_04		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
Date and signatures:			
For the contents:			

CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT.....	3
1.1 TEST DETAILS.....	3
1.2 MAXIMUM RESULTS.....	3
1.2.1 Head Configuration.....	3
1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	3
1.2.3 Maximum Drift	4
1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty	4
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST	5
2.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE ANTENNA	5
3. TEST CONDITIONS	6
3.1 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY	6
3.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES AND OUTPUT POWER	6
4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT	7
4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS	7
4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6	8
4.2 PHANTOMS	8
4.3 TISSUE SIMULANTS	8
4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes	9
4.3.2 System Checking	9
4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements.....	10
5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE	12
5.1 DEVICE HOLDER.....	12
5.2 TEST POSITIONS.....	12
5.2.1 Against Phantom Head.....	12
5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	13
5.3 SCAN PROCEDURES.....	13
5.4 SAR AVERAGING METHODS.....	13
6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	14
7. RESULTS	15
APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS.....	19
APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS.....	24
APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)	59
APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)	60

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2008-08-29 to 2008-09-04
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 001004/00332605/6, HW: 0212, SW: Vp fl07w41_08w31, DUT: 51007
Batteries used in testing	BL-4S Sanyo, DUT: 50908 BL-4S Sony, DUT: 50904
Headsets used in testing	HS-105, DUT: 50902
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	128 / 824.2	32.0 dBm ERP	Right, Cheek	0.645 W/kg	0.72 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM1900	512 / 1850.2	28.6 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.723 W/kg	0.81 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	128 / 824.2	29.3 dBm ERP	2.2 cm	0.379 W/kg	0.42 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	512 / 1850.2	28.6 dBm EIRP	2.2 cm	0.208 W/kg	0.23 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.29dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	$\pm 25.8\%$
--------------------------------	--------------

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 2/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.6 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	60 to 78

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	481	12 months	2009-03
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1650	12 months	2009-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	4d005	24 months	2010-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	547	24 months	2009-09
DASY4 software	Version 4.6	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	8648C	3847M00258	12 months	2009-05
Call Tester	CMU200	835352/008	-	-
BT Tester	CBT	100469	-	-
Amplifier	AR 5SIG4M3	302339	12 months	2009-05
RF Network Analyzer	8753ES	My40002096	12 months	2009-05
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	01033717	-	-
Power Meter	Aligent E4419B	My41291520	12 months	2009-05
Power Sensor	Agilent 8482A	US37295411	12 months	2009-05

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants

whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.26	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.03 – 2.49			
	2008-08-29	2.47	41.8	0.89	22.5
1900	Reference result	9.47	39.3	1.46	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.52 – 10.42			
	2008-09-03	9.69	38.3	1.41	20.8

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.47	54.0	1.00	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.22 – 2.72			
	2008-09-02	2.57	53.1	0.97	22.2
1900	Reference result	9.50	54.2	1.52	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.55 – 10.45			
	2008-09-04	10.4	51.8	1.52	22.5

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2008-08-29	41.8	0.89	22.5
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2008-09-03	38.3	1.39	20.8

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2008-09-02	53.0	0.97	22.2
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2008-09-04	51.9	1.50	22.5

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with both sides facing the phantom to find the highest results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Power		29.6 dBm	28.2 dBm	26.5 dBm
Slide closed Sony battery	Left	Cheek	-	0.316	-
		Tilt	-	0.184	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.309	-
		Tilt	-	0.165	-
GSM	Power		32.0 dBm	31.3 dBm	30.9 dBm
Slide open Sony battery	Left	Cheek	-	0.504	-
		Tilt	-	0.360	-
	Right	Cheek	0.571	0.530	0.446
		Tilt	-	0.302	-
GSM, Slide open, Sanyo battery	Right Cheek		0.645	0.579	0.526
GSM, Slide open, Sanyo battery	Right Cheek, BT active		0.624	-	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Power		28.6 dBm	28.3 dBm	28.1 dBm
Slide closed Sony battery	Left	Cheek	-	0.614	-
		Tilt	-	0.284	-
	Right	Cheek	0.723	0.617	0.638
		Tilt	-	0.268	-
GSM	Power		30.9 dBm	28.8 dBm	30.3 dBm
Slide open Sony battery	Left	Cheek	-	0.297	-
		Tilt	-	0.245	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.540	-
		Tilt	-	0.142	-
GSM, Slide closed, Sanyo battery	Right Cheek		0.717	0.685	0.658
GSM, Slide closed, Sony battery	Right Cheek, BT active		0.663	-	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Power	29.6 dBm	28.2 dBm	26.5 dBm
Slide closed Sony battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-105	-	-	-
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.115	-
		Headset HS-105	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Power	29.3 dBm	28.3 dBm	26.9 dBm
Slide closed Sony battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.353	0.319	0.286
		Headset HS-105	-	0.273	-
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.216	-
		Headset HS-105	-	0.223	-
2-slot GPRS, Slide closed, Sanyo battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.379	0.324	0.304
2-slot GPRS, Slide closed, Sanyo battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset, BT active	0.359	-	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM		Power	28.6 dBm	28.3 dBm	28.1 dBm
Slide closed Sony battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-105	-	-	-
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.078	-
		Headset HS-105	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Power	28.6 dBm	28.1 dBm	28.0 dBm
Slide closed Sony battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.193	0.188	0.164
		Headset HS-105	-	0.173	-
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.149	-
		Headset HS-105	-	0.140	-
2-slot GPRS, Slide closed, Sanyo battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.186	0.193	0.163
2-slot GPRS, Slide closed, Sony battery	Back facing phantom	Without headset, BT active	0.208	-	-

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2008-08-29 9:37:23 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d005

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 835\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.889\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.67 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.0 V/m

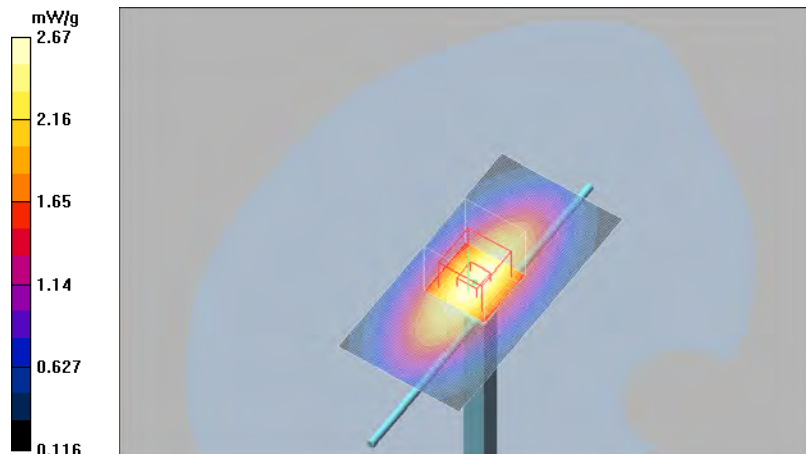
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 1:29:50 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:547

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 92.8 V/m

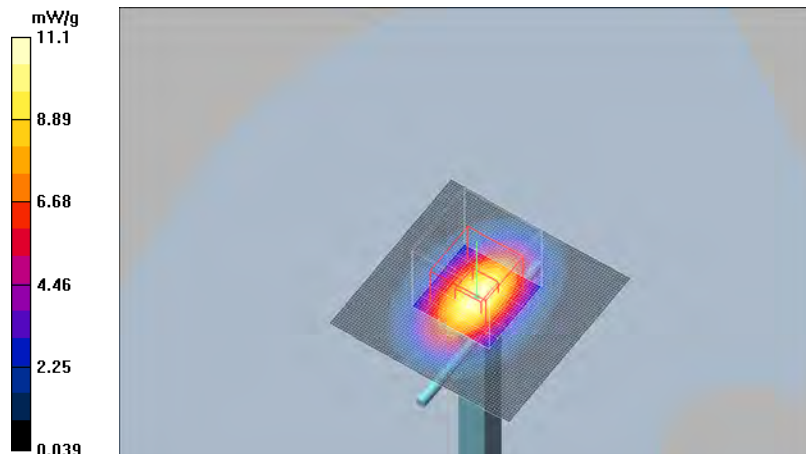
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.69 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.09 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 11:32:20 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d005

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 22.2\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 835\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.969\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.76 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.7 V/m

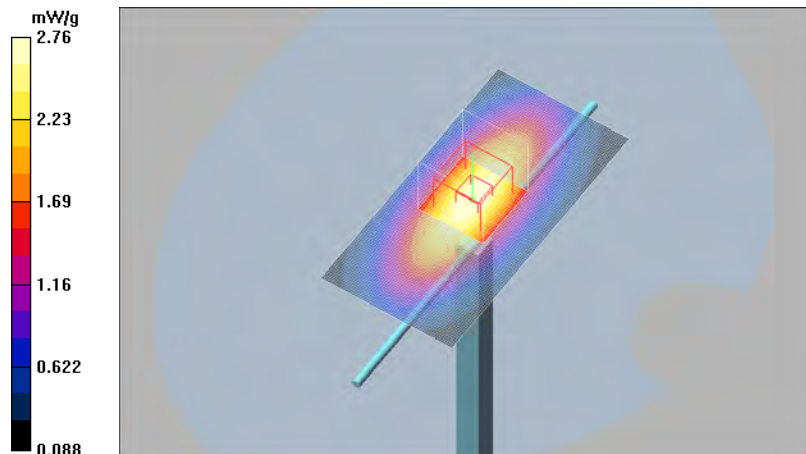
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.57 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.7 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.78 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 9:31:16 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:547

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m

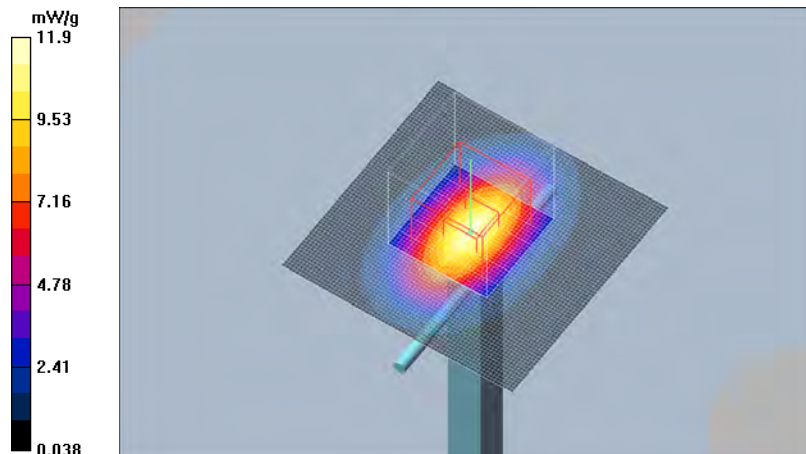
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.41 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2008-08-29 10:21:08 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.340 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.94 V/m

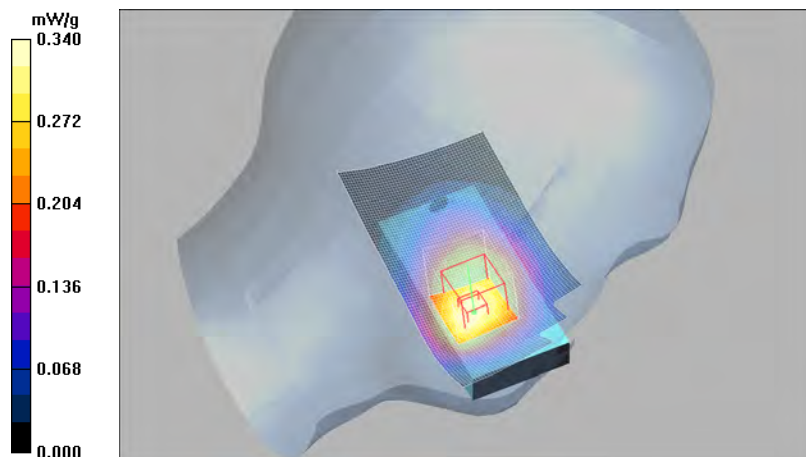
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.460 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.316 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.138 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 10:35:00 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m

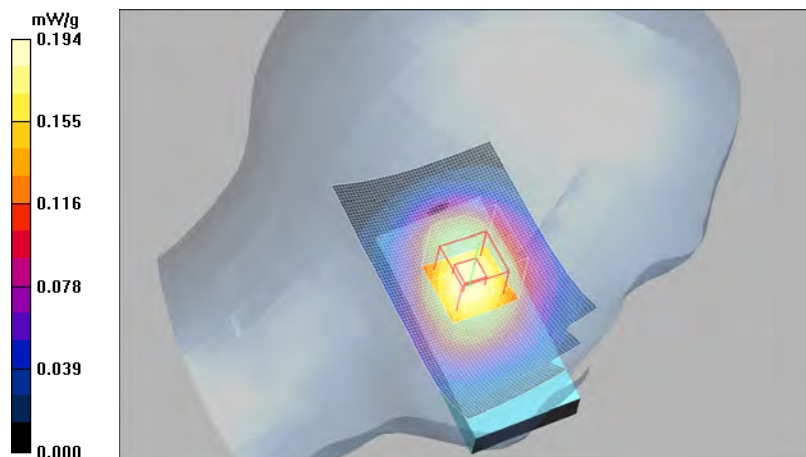
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.232 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.184 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.134 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.196 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 11:35:24 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.315 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.01 V/m

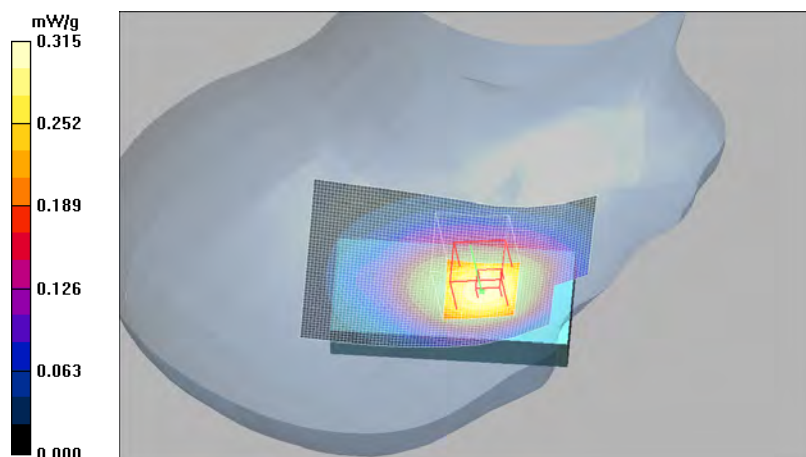
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.376 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.309 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.229 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.064 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 11:48:00 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.176 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m

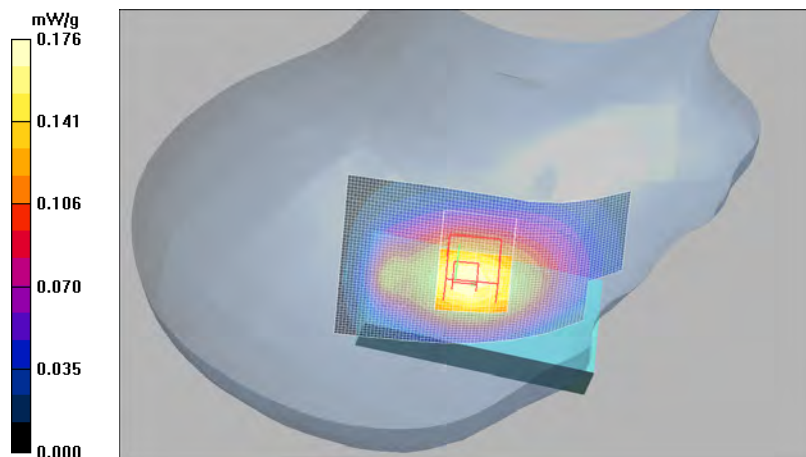
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.204 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.165 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.123 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 10:52:50 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.529 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 W/kg

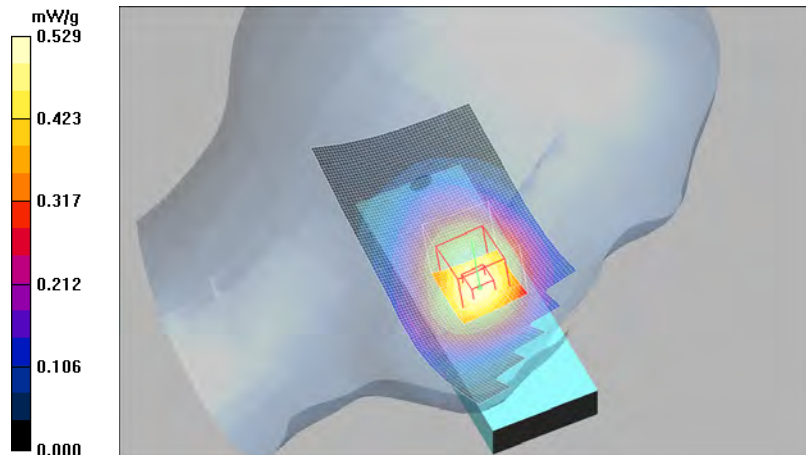
SAR(1 g) = 0.504 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.372 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.171 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.545 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 11:16:53 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.9 V/m

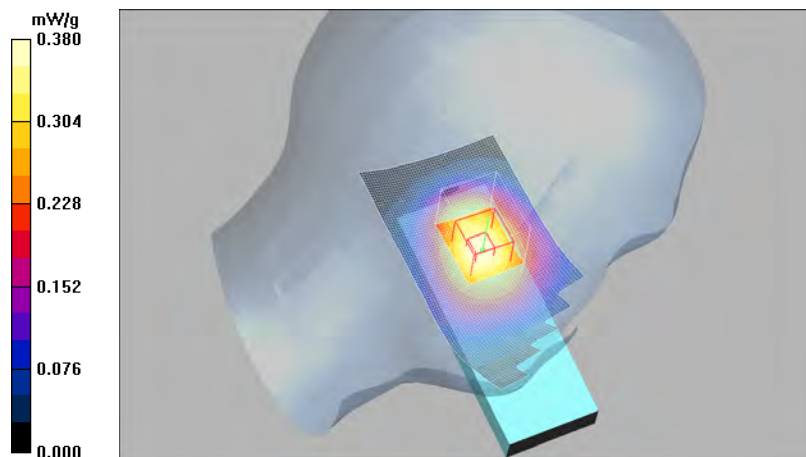
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.460 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.360 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.202 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 1:17:13 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.879\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.627 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m

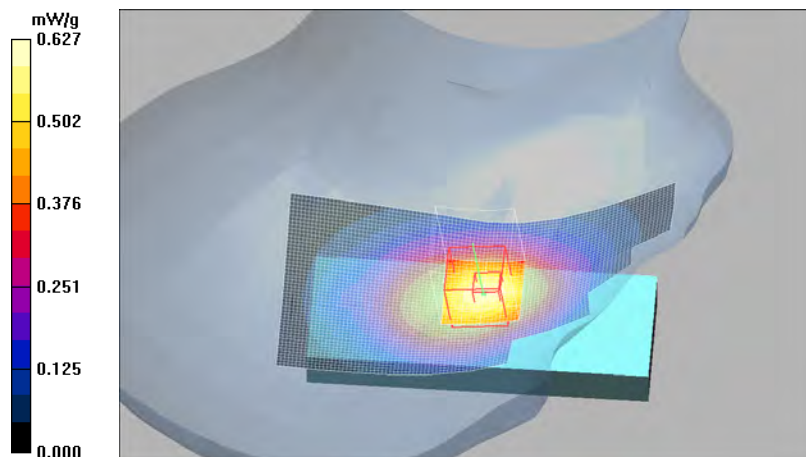
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.763 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.571 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 12:59:43 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.315 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m

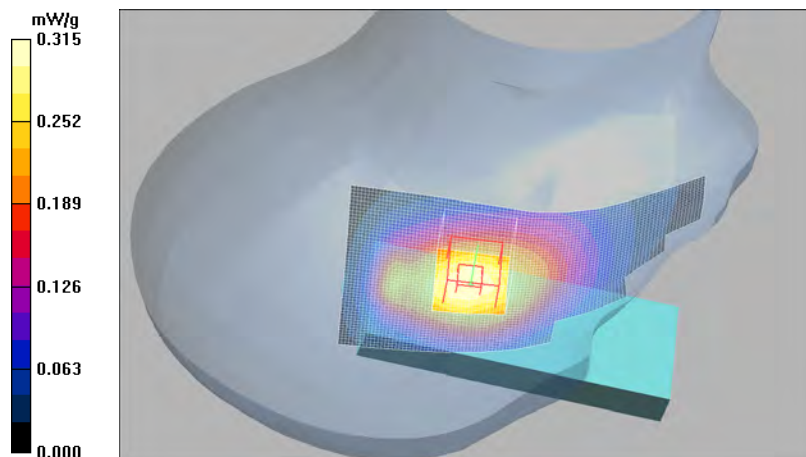
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.223 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.093 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-08-29 1:56:20 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - BL-4S Sanyo /Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.713 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - BL-4S Sanyo /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m

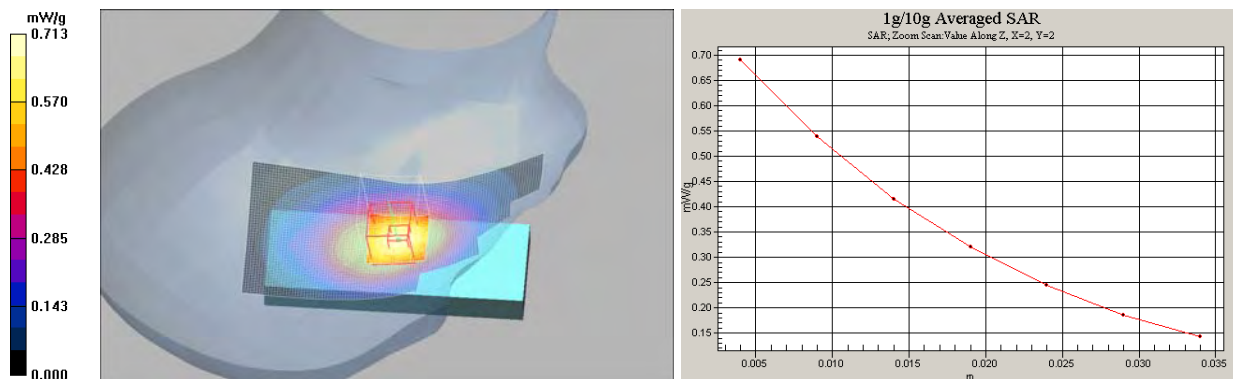
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.840 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.645 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.469 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0836_03

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-439

Copyright © 2008 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2008-08-29 2:36:22 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=22.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.879\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - BL-4S Sanyo - BT active/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.692 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide open - BL-4S Sanyo - BT active/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m

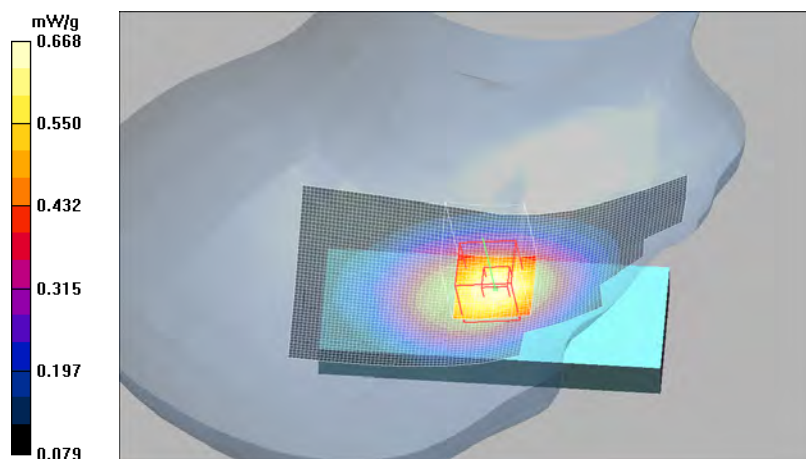
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.817 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.624 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.456 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 1:55:52 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.635 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.12 V/m

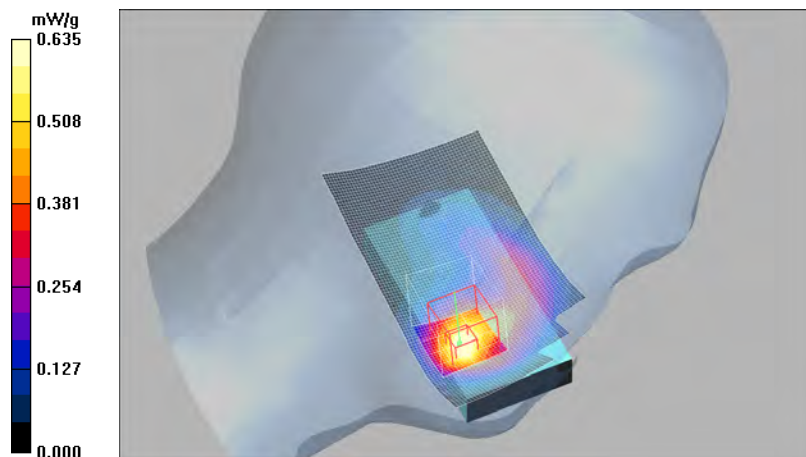
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.614 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.323 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.286 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.709 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 2:09:14 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.343 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.412 W/kg

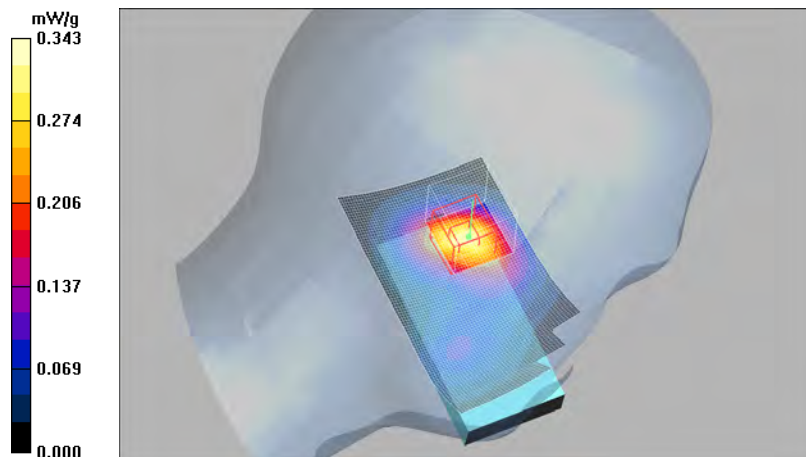
SAR(1 g) = 0.284 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.175 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.221 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 4:38:05 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=20.8 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Low - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.798 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m

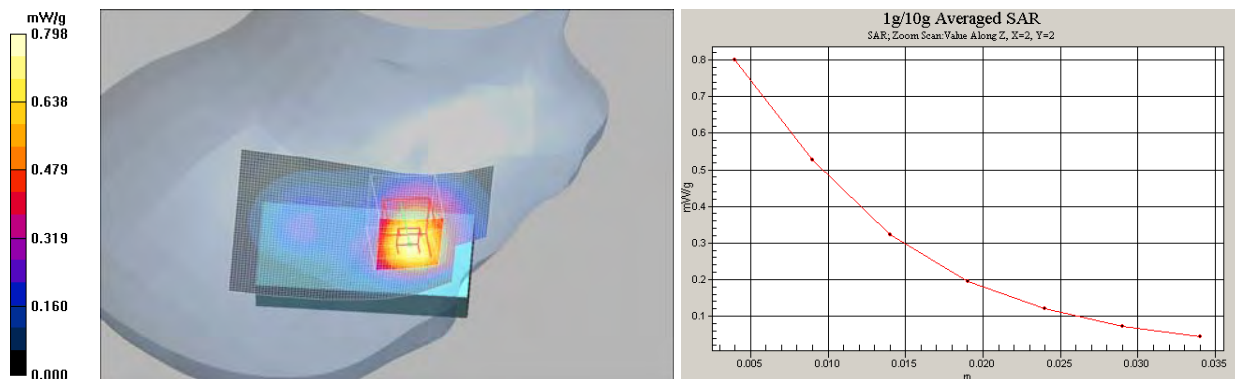
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.723 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.438 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.117 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.800 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 3:08:06 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m

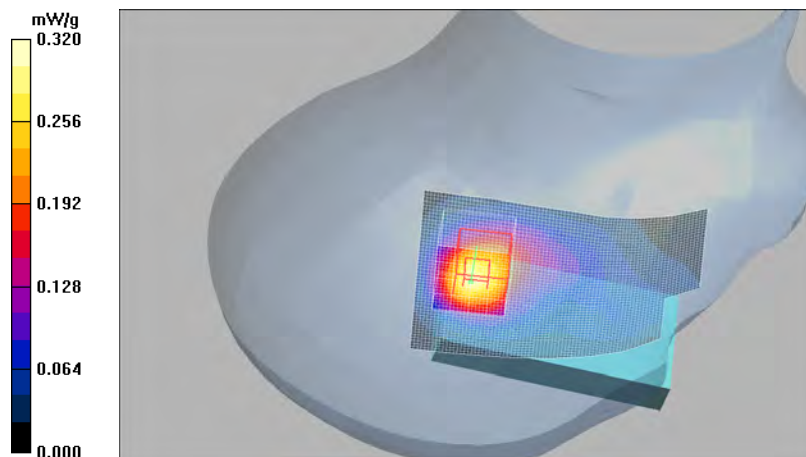
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.268 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.164 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 3:59:02 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.299 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.05 V/m

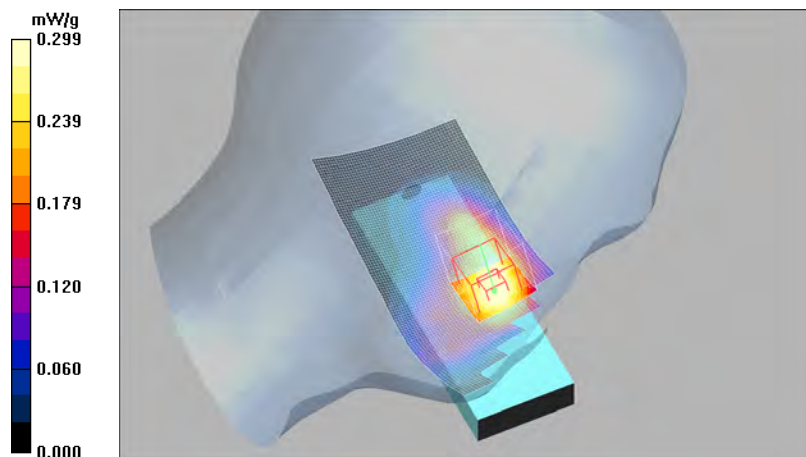
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.189 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.065 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 4:18:27 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.294 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.0 V/m

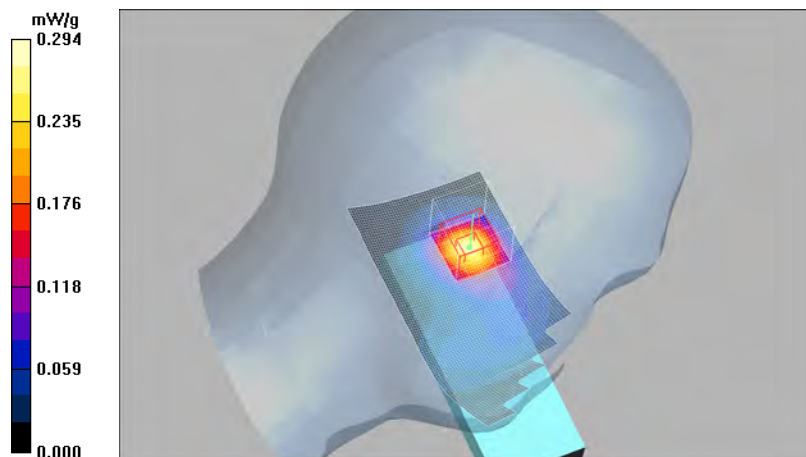
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.369 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 3:24:59 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.605 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.36 V/m

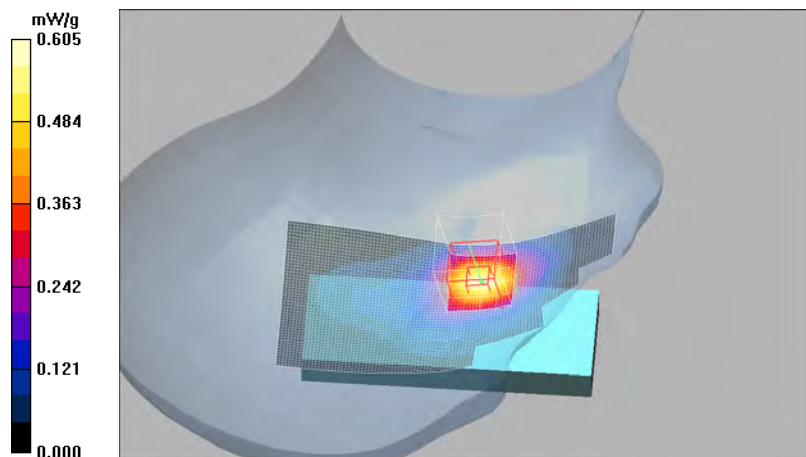
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.814 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.315 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.109 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 3:38:44 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.163 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Slide open - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.50 V/m

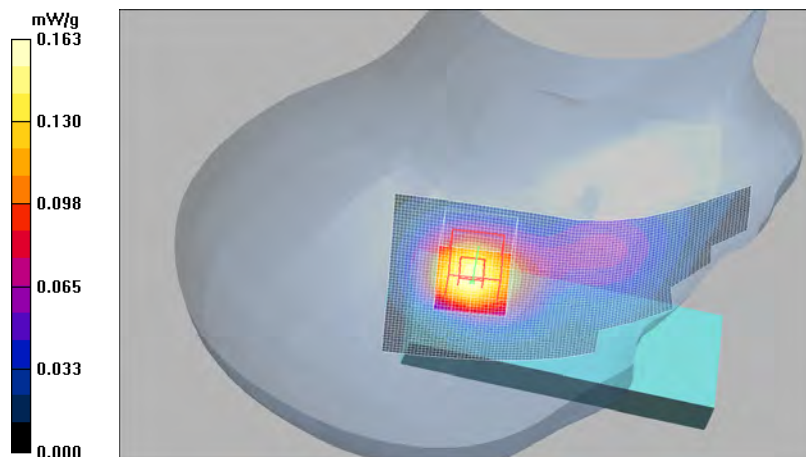
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.142 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.076 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 5:16:12 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.36\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Low - Slide closed - BL-4S Sanyo /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.795 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide closed - BL-4S Sanyo /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m

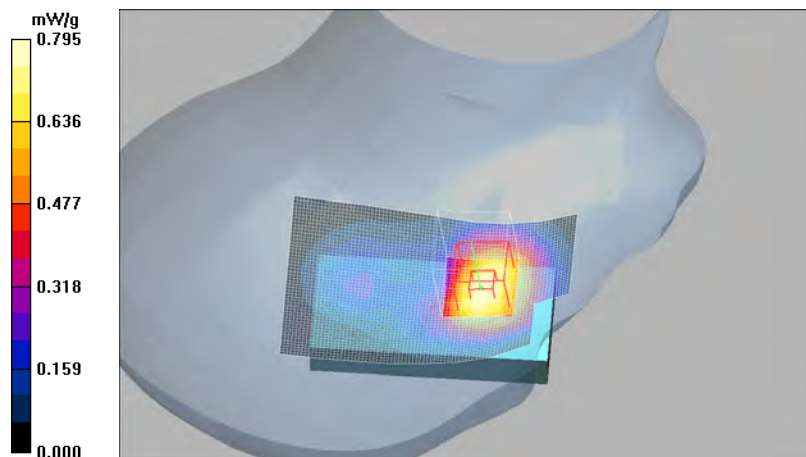
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.717 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.237 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.778 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-03 5:01:43 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.8\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.36\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.46, 5.46, 5.46); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Low - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony - BT active /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.770 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - Slide closed - BL-4S Sony - BT active /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m

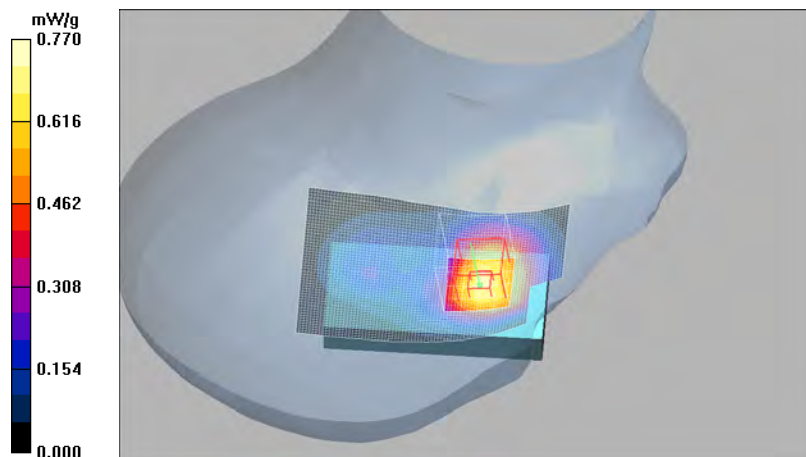
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.663 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.227 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 12:52:00 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 22.2$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.122 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.59 V/m

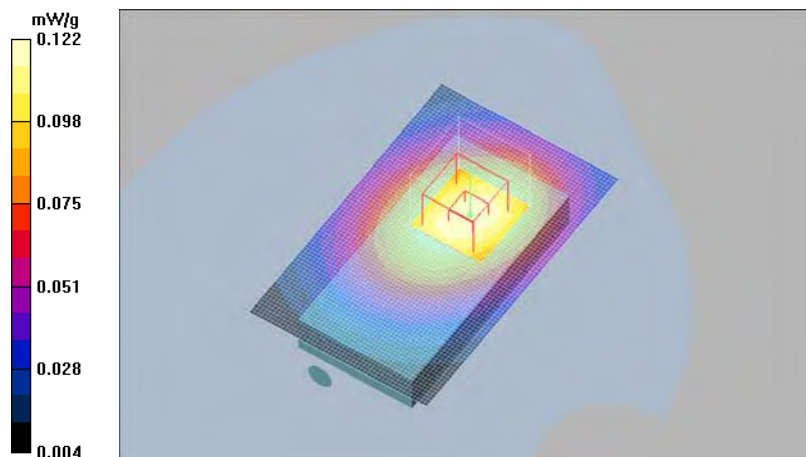
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.084 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.202 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 1:53:37 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 22.2$ C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.962$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.373 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.71 V/m

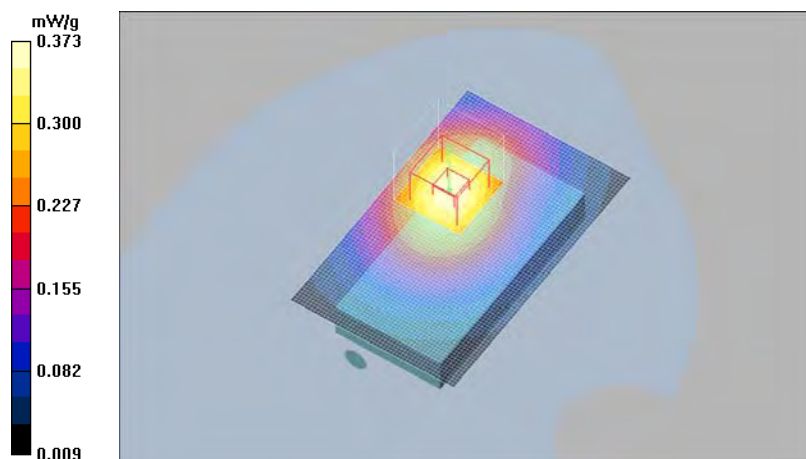
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.456 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.353 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.163 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.380 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 1:41:40 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 22.2$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 mW/g

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.24 V/m

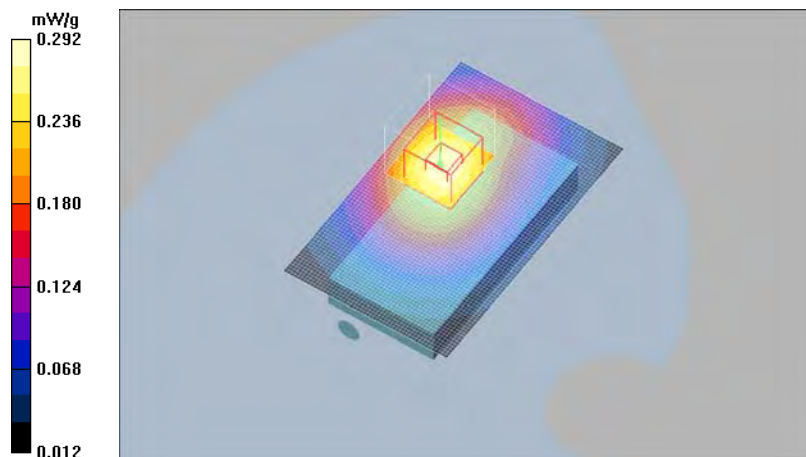
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.343 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 1:07:20 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 22.2$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.232 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.56 V/m

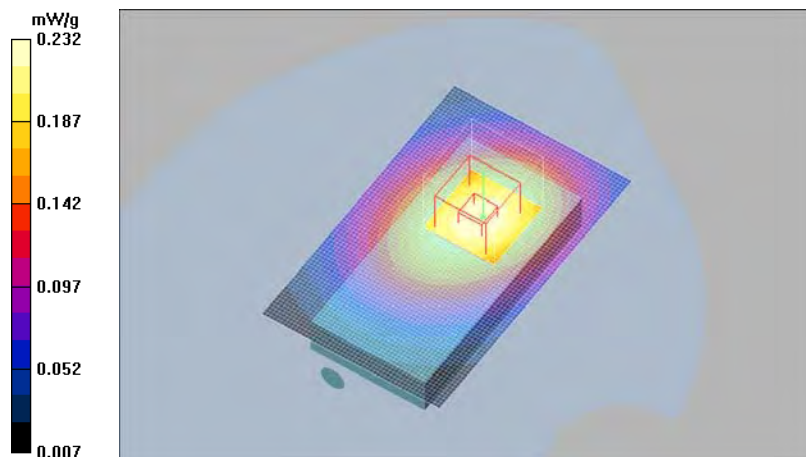
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.264 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.216 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.166 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 1:20:29 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t= 22.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 mW/g

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.88 V/m

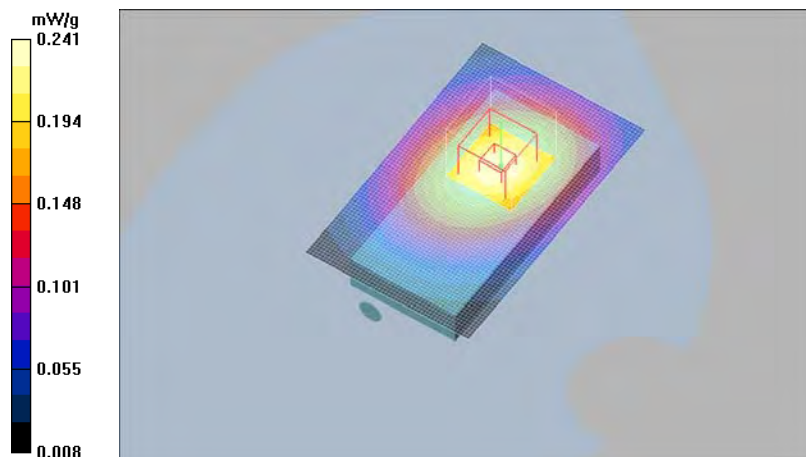
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.223 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 2:29:55 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t= 22.2 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.962$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom- BL-4S Sanyo/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom- BL-4S Sanyo/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.92 V/m

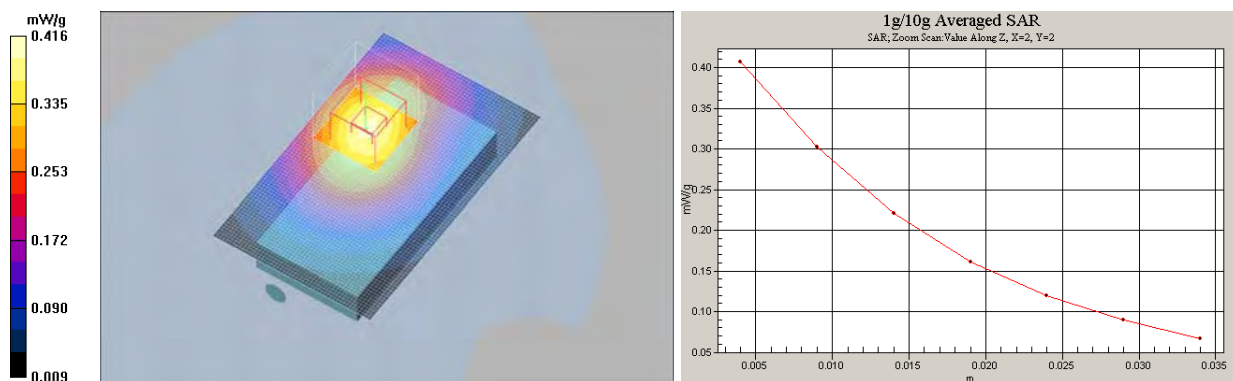
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.269 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.137 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.406 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-02 3:06:31 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 22.2$ C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.962$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom- BL-4S Sanyo - BT active/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.383 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom- BL-4S Sanyo - BT active/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.61 V/m

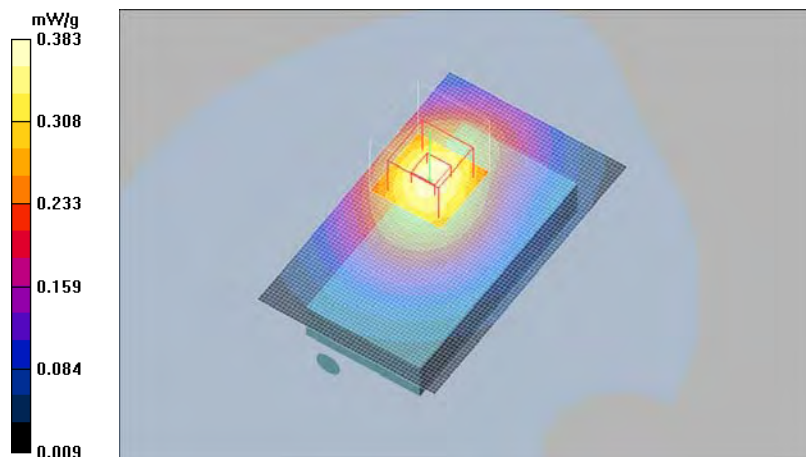
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.359 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.254 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.386 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 9:56:27 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.5 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.085 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.14 V/m

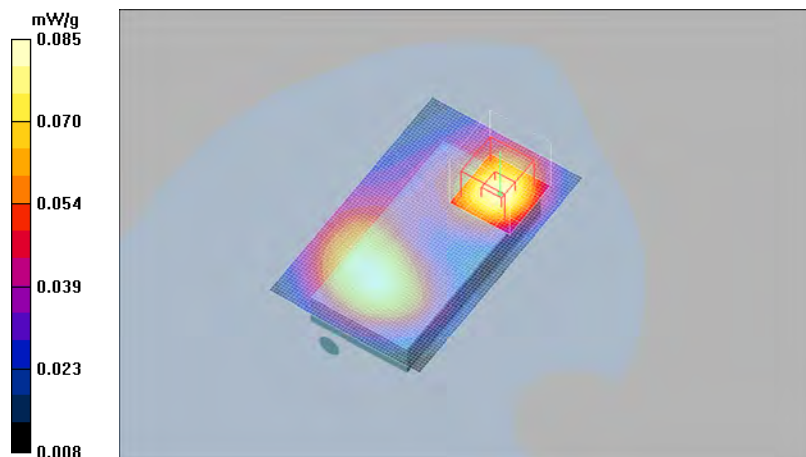
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.190 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 12:07:12 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.47 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.206 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m

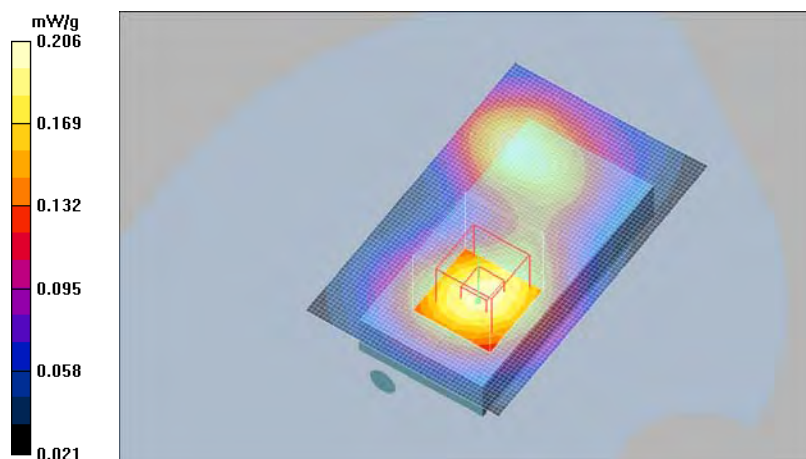
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 11:57:03 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.5 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.186 mW/g

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.33 V/m

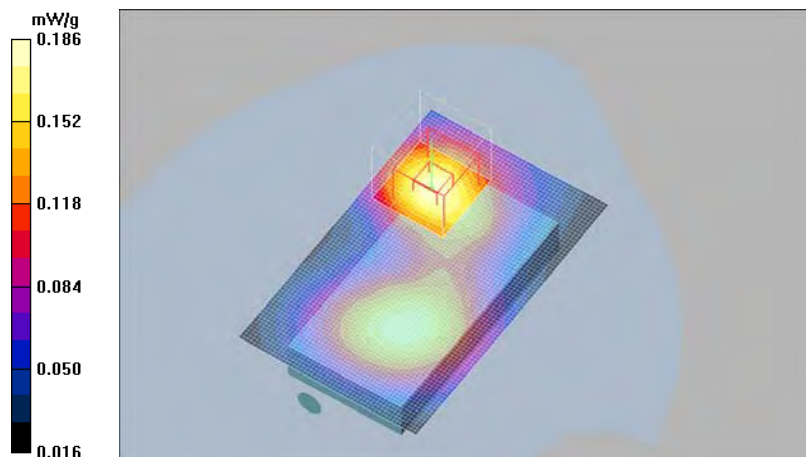
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.292 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.106 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.236 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 2:00:44 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.5 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.161 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.17 V/m

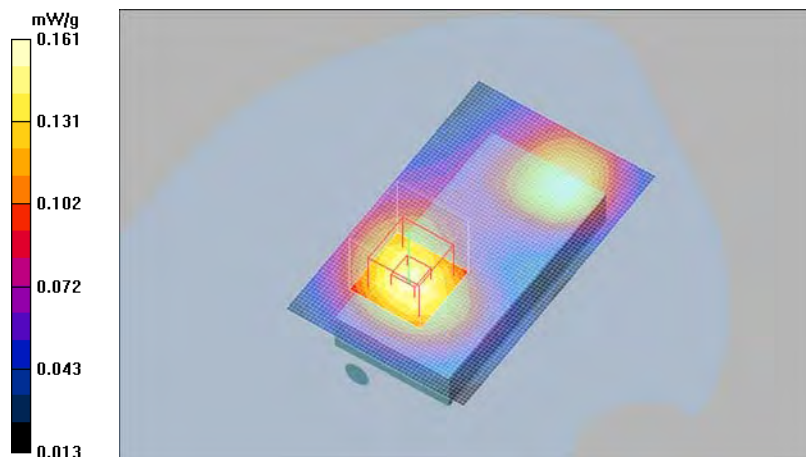
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.237 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.097 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.139 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.159 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 2:13:42 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.147 mW/g

Body - Middle - HS-105 - Slide closed - Display facing phantom - BL-4S Sony /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.07 V/m

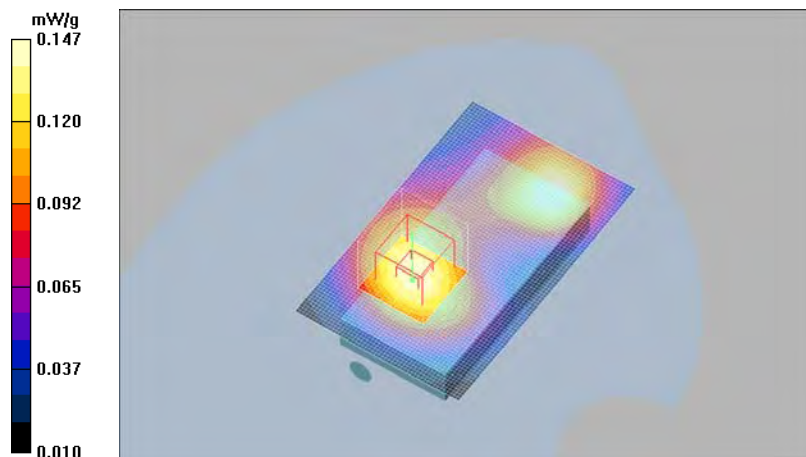
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.091 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.203 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 2:29:41 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.5 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sanyo /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.218 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sanyo /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m

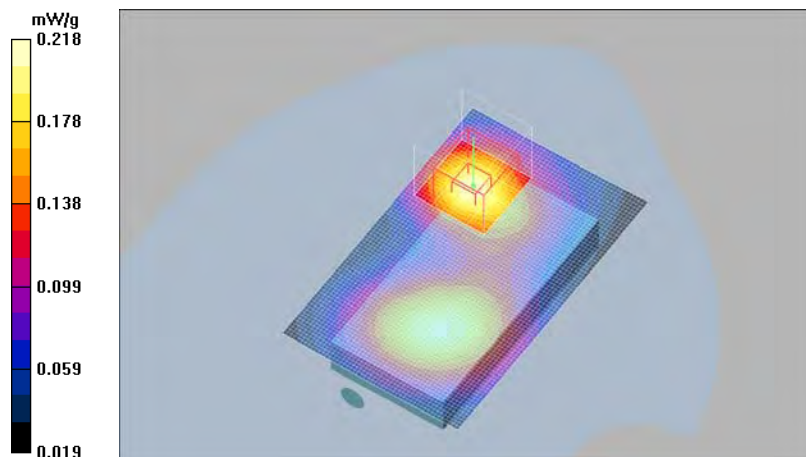
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.286 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-09-04 12:51:28 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-439; Serial: 001004/00/332605/6

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=22.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1650; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2008-03-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 2008-03-07
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony - BT active /Area Scan (51x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.231 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Slide closed - Back facing phantom - BL-4S Sony - BT active /Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m

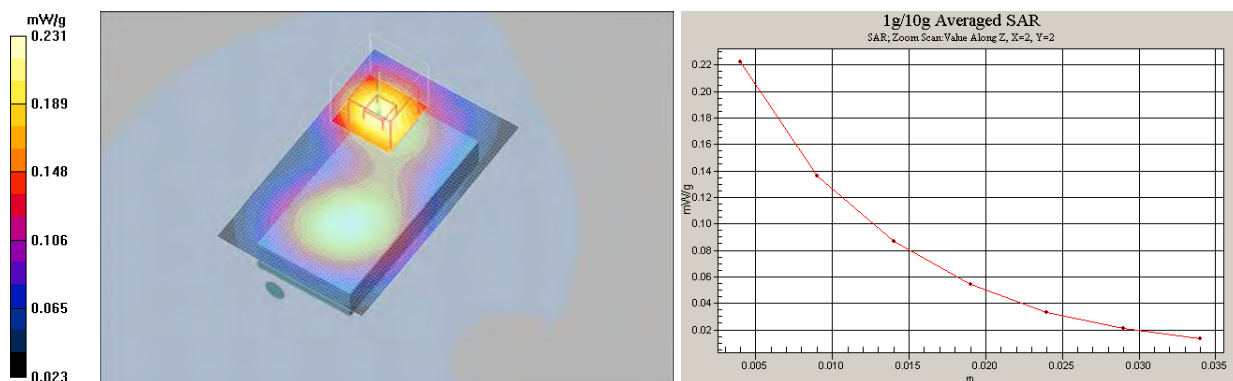
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.351 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.129 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.222 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

See the following pages.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Beijing TCC**

Certificate No: **ET3-1650_Mar08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1650**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **March 17, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by: **Name** **Function**
Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager**

Approved by: **Niels Kuster** **Quality Manager**

Signature



Issued: March 17, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1650

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	1.85 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	91 mV
NormY	1.87 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	94 mV
NormZ	1.81 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	95 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.2	7.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	2.8	0.8

TSL **1750 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	13.8	9.0
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.7

Sensor Offset

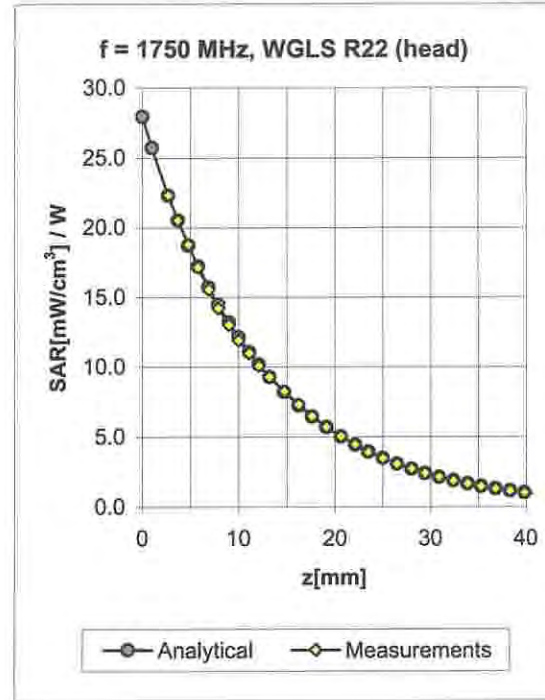
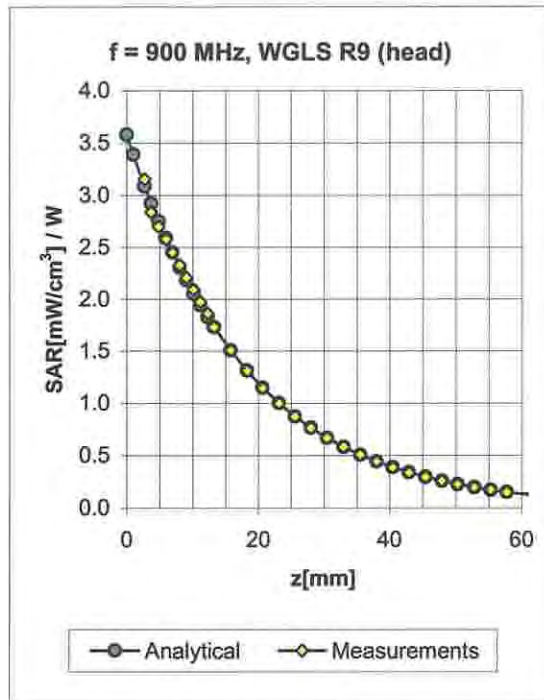
Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.86	1.64	6.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.87	1.65	6.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.53	2.52	5.67 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.55	2.38	5.46 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.62	2.00	5.20 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.98	1.40	4.80 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.92	1.75	6.09 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.78	1.98	6.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.66	2.11	5.12 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.78	1.76	4.85 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.90	1.66	5.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.98	1.50	4.23 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Beijing TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d005_Mar08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d005**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 10, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08)	Mar-09
DAE4	SN 601	03-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN 909	03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07)	Sep-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	

	Name	Function
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager

Issued: March 11, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 07.03.2008 12:45:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d005

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

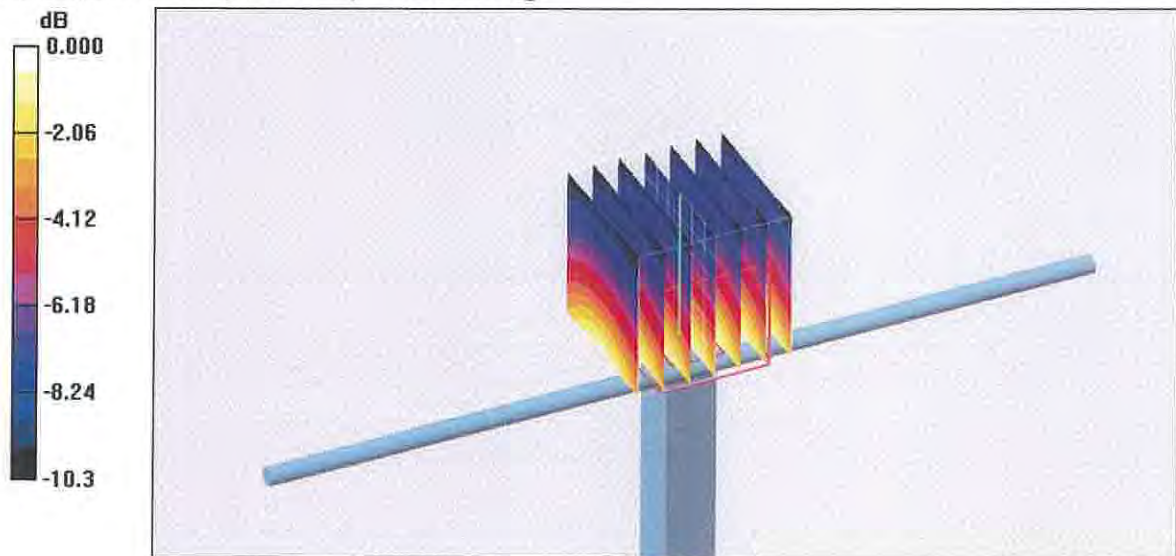
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 mW/g



0 dB = 2.56mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 13:03:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d005

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

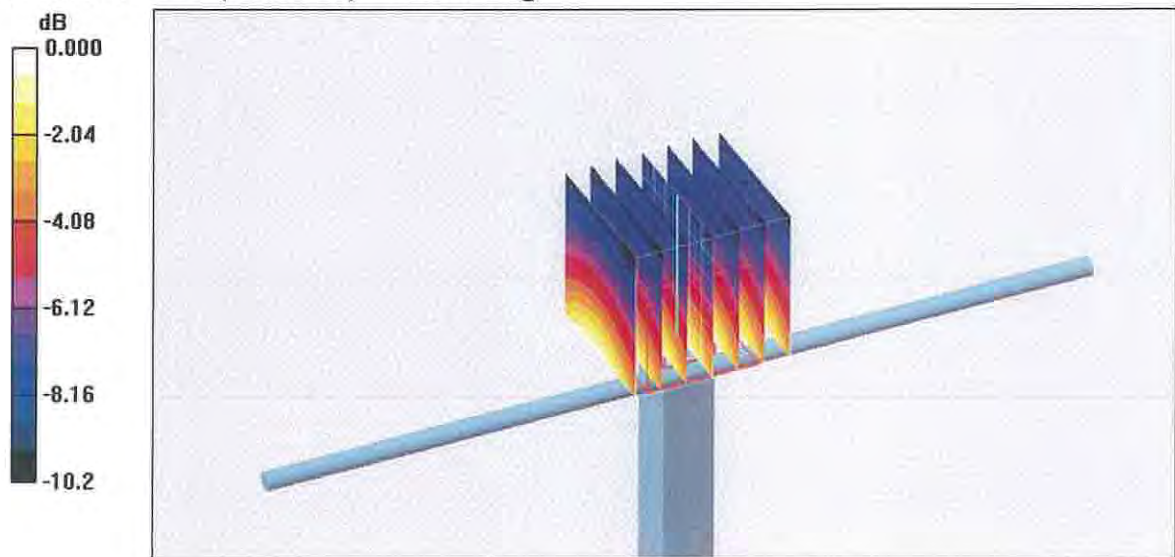
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g





Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Beijing TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-547_Sep07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 547**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **September 18, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3025	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

Calibrated by:	Name Mike Meili	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
----------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------------	---------------

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
--------------	----------------------	-------------------	--

Issued: September 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:547

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

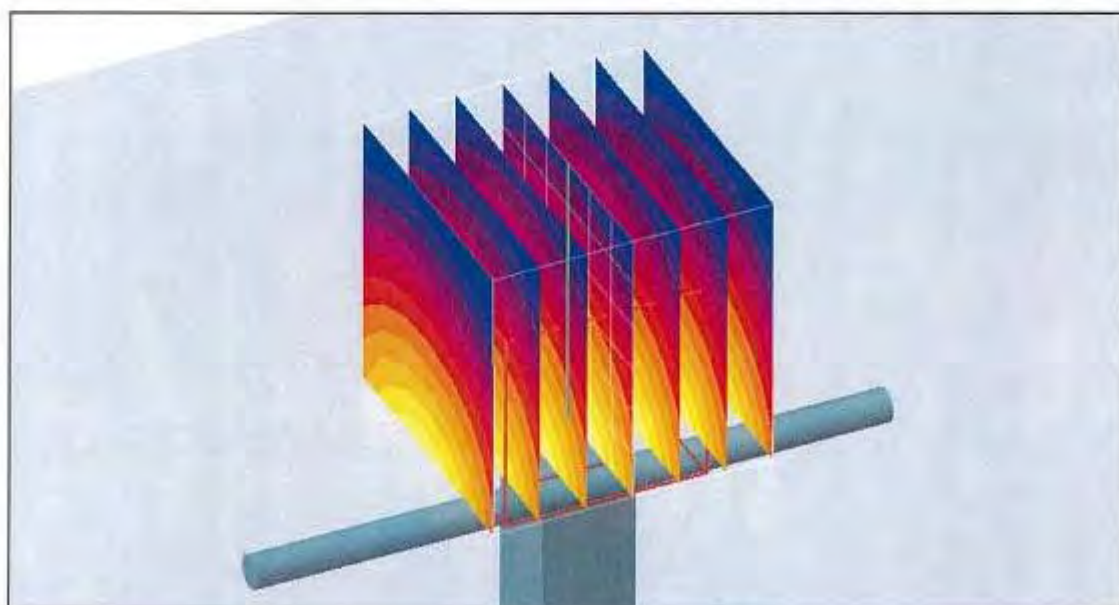
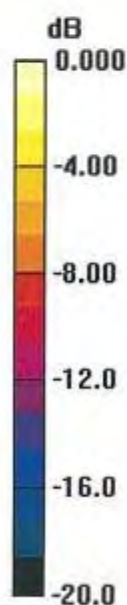
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 mW/g



0 dB = 10.6mW/g

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:547

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

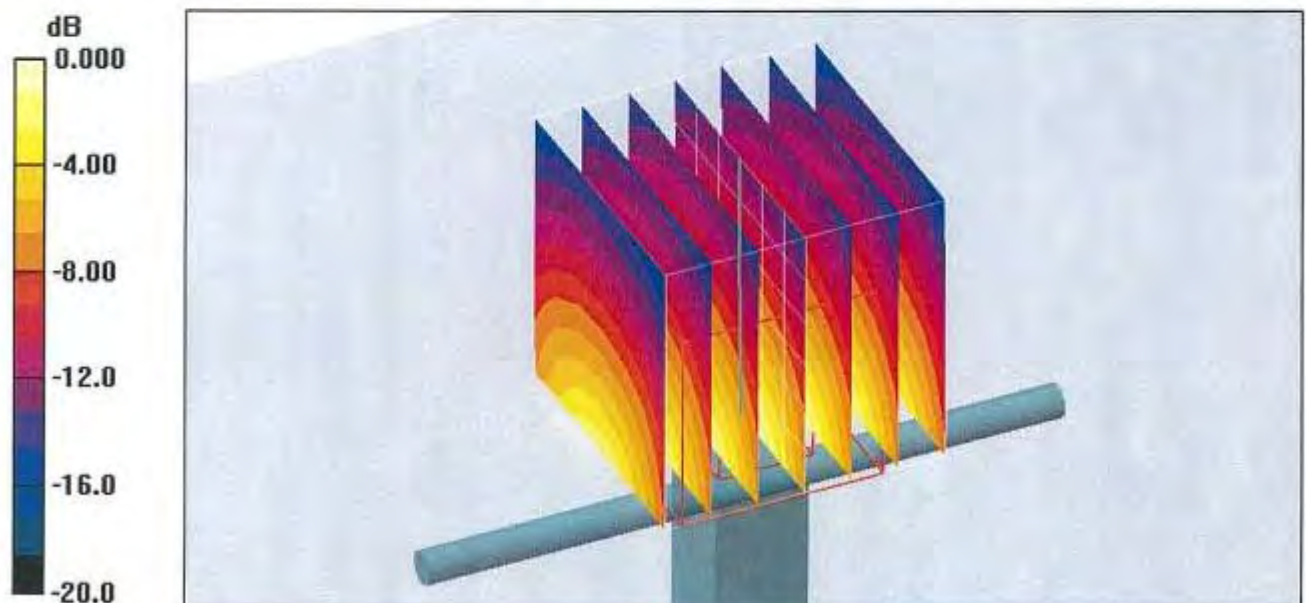
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



0 dB = 10.8mW/g