Straubing, 16 December 2005

TEST-REPORT

No. 55426-050610-4 (Edition 2)

for

AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2

Inductive Tag Reader for Turnstile

Applicant: SKIDATA AG

Test Specifications: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,

CFR 47, Part 15,

Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.209,

15.215 and 15.225

Industry Canada Radio Standards

Specifications

RSS-Gen Issue 1, Section 7.2.2 and RSS-210 Issue 6, Sections 2.2, 2.6, A2.6

(Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.



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1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Type designation¹:

Parts²:

Serial number(s):

Manufacturer:

SKIDATA AG

Type of equipment:

Version:

FCC ID:

Additional parts/accessories:

Note:

AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2

AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2

Test Sample

SKIDATA AG

Inductive Tag Reader for Turnstile

EUT was fitted with turn stile DKZ x70i

Technical data of EUT			
Application frequency range:	119 - 127 kHz and 13.55	53 - 13.567 MHz	
Frequency range:	119 - 127 kHz and 13.55	119 - 127 kHz and 13.553 - 13.567 MHz	
Operating frequency:	122 kHz and 13.56 MHz		
Type of modulation:	ASK		
Pulse train:			
Pulse width:			
Number of RF-channels:	2 (122 kHz and 13.56 MHz)		
Channel spacing:	Not Applicable		
Designation of emissions ³ :	10K0A1D		
Type of antenna:	Integrated		
Size/length of antenna:	Ø 10 cm		
Connection of antenna:	detachable	⊠ not detachable	
Type of power supply:	DC supply		
Specifications for power supply:	minimum voltage:	24.0 V 20.4 V 27.6 V	

¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

² Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.

³ Also known as "Class of Emission".



2 Administrative Data

Application details

Applicant (full address): SKIDATA AG

Untersbergstraße 40

5083 Grödig AUSTRIA

Contact person: Herr Peter Beran

Contract identification: --

Receipt of EUT: 10 October 2005

Date(s) of test: October – November 2005

Note(s):

Report details

Report number: 55426-050610-4

Edition: 2

Issue date: 16 December 2005



3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name: Senton GmbH EMI/EMC Test Center

Address: Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45

D-94315 Straubing

Germany

Laboratory accreditation: DAR-Registration No. DAT-P-171/94-02

FCC test site registration number 90926 Industry Canada test site registration: IC 3050

Contact person: Mr. Johann Roidt

Phone: (+49) (0)9421 5522-0 Fax: (+49) (0)9421 5522-99



4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.209, 15.215 and 15.225 of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications RSS-Gen Issue 1, Section 7.2.2 and RSS-210 Issue 6, Sections 2.2, 2.6, A2.6 (Category I Equipment)

of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report		
Laboratory Manager:		
	He Col	
	Mr. Johann Roidt	
Responsible for testing:		
	Skinell Martin	
	Mr. Martin Steindl	
Responsible for test report:	Mr. Martin Steindl	



5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Modes

- Continuous transmission, alternating frequency, waiting for Tag
- Reading 122 kHz Tag continuously
- Reading 13.56 MHz Tag continuously

Configuration of EUT

The EUT was tested in a typical configuration as stand alone device, mounted on a turnstile with the maximum of possible transmitter modules.

List of ports and cables				
Port	Description	Classification ⁴	Cable type	Cable length
1	DC supply	dc power	Shielded	> 3 m
2	Ethernet	signal/control port	Shielded	> 3 m

Not Applicable

List of support devices

Not Applicable

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⁴ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port



6 Measurement Procedures

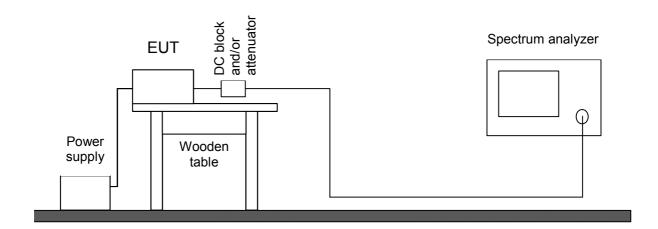
6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, sections 4.4.1 and 4.4.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 6, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, sections 4.4.1 and 4.4.2		
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below ☐ Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.4)		

If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.

If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range.

The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).



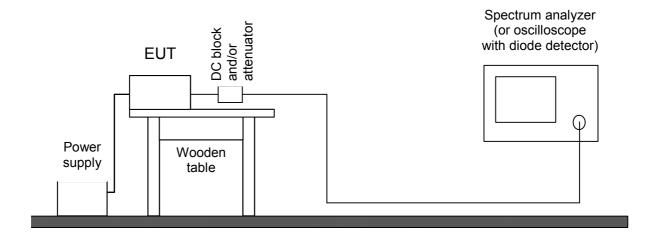


6.2 Pulse Train Measurement

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.35(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 4.3	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below (direct connection or via test fixture) ☐ Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.4)	

If antenna is detachable pulse train measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement). The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer or to a diode detector in combination with an oscilloscope. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.

If antenna is not detachable a test fixture may be used instead of direct connection to RF output terminals. If radiated measurements are performed similar test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range. However, the spectrum analyzer may be replaced by a diode detector connected to an oscilloscope.





6.3 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

Measurement Procedure:	Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 7.2.2	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22	

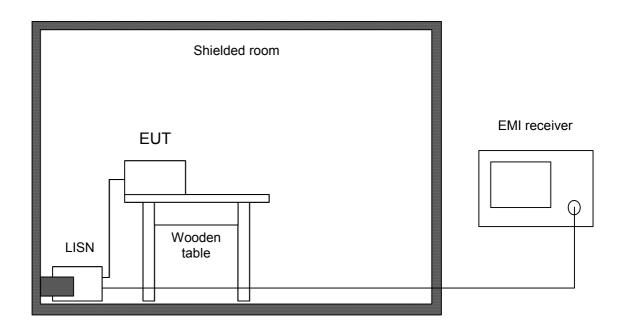
Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.

If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.

Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN. Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.





Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	EMI receiver	ESHS 10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	LISN	ESH3-Z5	862770/021	Rohde & Schwarz
	LISN	ESH3-Z5	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
	Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
	Shielded room	No. 1	1451	Albatross Projects
\boxtimes	Shielded room	No. 4	3FD-100 544	Euroshield



6.4 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.209, 15.215(b) and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, sections 2.2, 2.6 and A2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

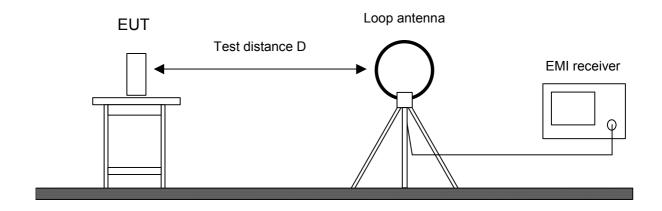
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.





Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Test receiver	ESHS 10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
	Preamplifier	CPA9231A	3393	Schaffner
\boxtimes	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	Albatross Projects
\boxtimes	Semi-anechoic room	No. 3	1453	Siemens
\boxtimes	Open field test site	EG 1	1450	Senton



6.5 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b), 15.209, and 15.225(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, sections 2.2(b)(c), 2.6 and A2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.

Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz).

Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.

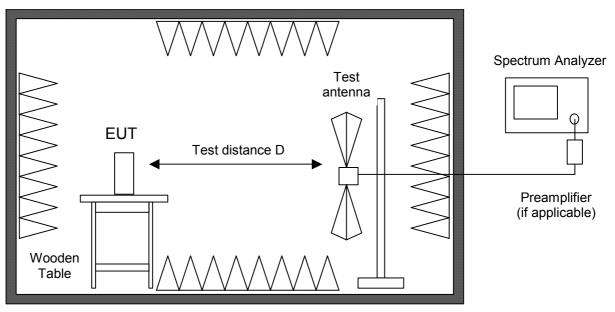
All tests below 18 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance is reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For final testing below 1 GHz an open field test-site is used and the plots recorded in the fully or semi anechoic room are indicated as prescans.



Fully or semi anechoic room



Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Spectrum analyzer	R 3271	05050023	Advantest
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
	Preamplifier	CPA9231A	3393	Schaffner
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	R14601		Advantest
	Preamplifier 1-8 GHz	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	847743	Miteq
	Preamplifier 0.5-8 GHz	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	860149	Miteq
	Preamplifier 8-18 GHz	ACO/180-3530	32641	CTT
	External Mixer	WM782A	845881/005	Tektronix
	Harmonic Mixer	FS-Z30	843389/007	Rohde & Schwarz
	Accessories			
	Trilog broadband antenna	VULB 9163	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
	Horn antenna	3115	9508-4553	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-03	9112-1003	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-04	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-05	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-06	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-07	9112-1008	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-08	9112-1002	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-09	9403-1025	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-10	399185	EMCO
	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	Albatross Projects
	Semi-anechoic room	No. 3	1453	Siemens



6.6 Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site

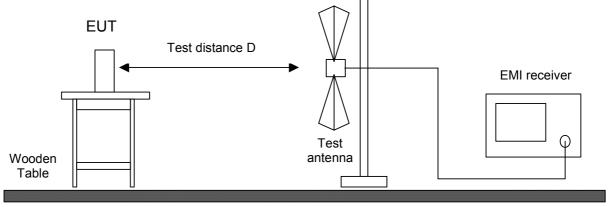
Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b), 15.209 and 15.225(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, sections 2.2(b)(c), 2.6 and A2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

Radiated emission at open field test site is measured in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz using a biconical antenna up to 300 MHz and a logarithmic periodic antenna above. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in the fully anechoic room. EUT is rotated all around and receiving antenna is raised and lowered within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



Ground plane

Test instruments used:

Used	Туре		Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	EMI receiver		ESVP	881414/009	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Biconical antenna	EG 1	HK 116	842204/001	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Log. per. antenna	EG 1	HL 223	841516/023	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Open field test site		EG 1	1450	Senton



6.7 Carrier Frequency Stability

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 4.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 6, section A2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal is measured over a temperature variation of -20 °C to +50 °C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 °C.

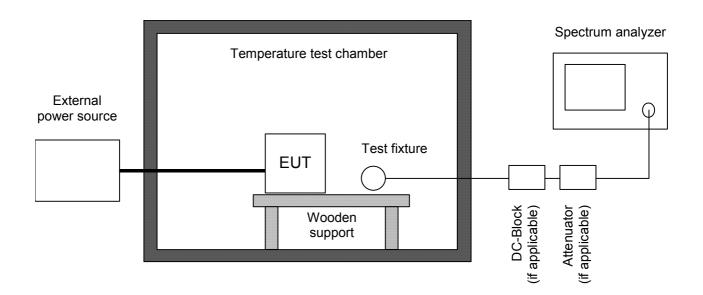
If the EUT provides an antenna connector the spectrum analyzer is connected to this port. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). In cases where the EUT does not provide an antenna connector a test fixture is used.

For battery operated equipment, the test is performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and is at least set to:

- the maximum battery voltage as delivered by a new battery or 115% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery nominal voltage
- 85% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer

The EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to the shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point on the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1% of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance allowed is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.





Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	EMI test receiver	ESPI7	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
	DC-block	7006	A2798	Weinschel
	Attenuator	4776-10	9412	Narda
	Attenuator	4776-20	9503	Narda
\boxtimes	Test probe	TP01	001	Senton
	DC power supply	NGSM 32/10	203	Rohde & Schwarz
	Isolating transformer	RT 5A	10387	Grundig
	Isolating transformer	RT 5A	10416	Grundig
	Temperature test chamber	HT4010	07065550	Heraeus



7 Photographs Taken During Testing



Test setup for conducted DC powerline emission measurement





Test setup for conducted DC powerline emission measurement - continued -



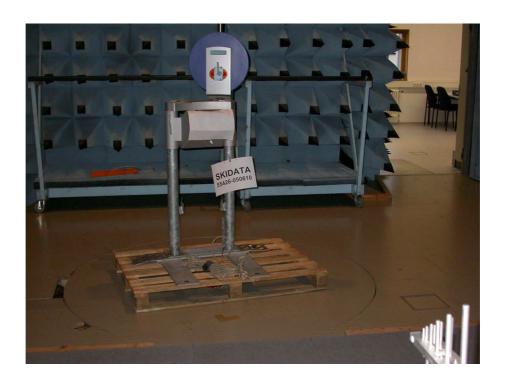


Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz - 30 MHz





Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room)





Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room) - continued -





Test setup for radiated emission measurement (open field test site)





Test setup for radiated emission measurement (open field test site) - continued -





Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power		Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	29	Recorded
15.215(c)	Bandwidth of the emission	37	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	40	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation	41	Recorded
15.205(a) 15.205(d)(7)	Restricted bands of operation	46 ⁵	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz ⁶	47	Test passed
15.225(a)-(d)	Spectrum Mask	52	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.209 15.215(b) 15.225(a)(d)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	54	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.209 15.225(d)	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz	58	Test passed
15.225(e)	Carrier frequency stability	61	Test passed

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ See "Spectrum Mask" for the 13.36 to 13.41 MHz band. $^{\rm 6}$ Test was performed on DC port of EUT.



IC RSS-Gen Issue 1			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
4.6	Transmitter output power (conducted)		Not applicable
4.4.1	Occupied Bandwidth	29	Recorded
3.2(h), 8	Designation of emissions	40	Calculated
4.3	Pulsed operation	41	Recorded
7.2.2	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz ⁷	47	Test passed
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	64	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

IC RSS-210 Issue 6			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.2(a)	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	46 ⁸	Test passed
A2.6	Spectrum Mask	52	Test passed
2.2(b)(c), 2.6 A2.6	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	54	Test passed
2.2(b)(c), 2.6 A2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	58	Test passed
A2.6	Carrier frequency stability	61	Test passed

 $^{^{7}}$ Test was performed on DC port of EUT. 8 See "Spectrum Mask".



8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4		
Description: The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2 measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each 6 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.		width, i.e. below its lower and above owers radiated are each equal to	
	The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down the maximum level of the modulated carrier.		
	The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:		
	Fundamental frequency Minimum resolution bandwidth		
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz	
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz 10 kHz		
1000 MHz to 40 GHz 100 kHz		100 kHz	
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.		
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)		

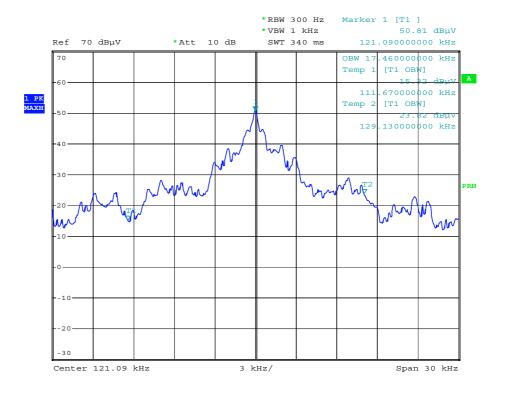


Comment: For carrier frequency 122 kHz

Date of test: 17 November 2005

Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



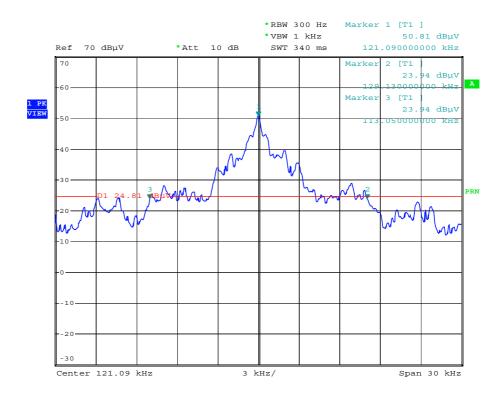
Comment: Skidata 050610: Occupied Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:23:29

17.46 kHz

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Occupied Bandwidth (-26 dB):



Comment: Skidata 050610: Occupied Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:24:59

Occupied Bandwidth (-26 dB): 16.08 kHz

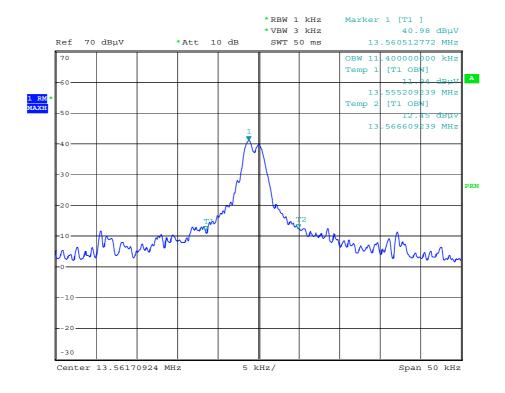


Comment: For carrier frequency 13.56 MHz.

Date of test: 17 November 2005

Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):

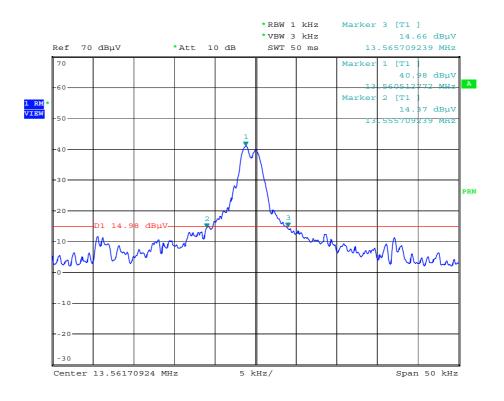


Comment: Skidata 050610: Occupied Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:38:48

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): 11.4 kHz



Occupied Bandwidth (-26 dB):



Comment: Skidata 050610: Occupied Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:48:26

Occupied Bandwidth (-26 dB): 10.0 kHz



Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 4.4.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 4.4.1
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measuredas the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

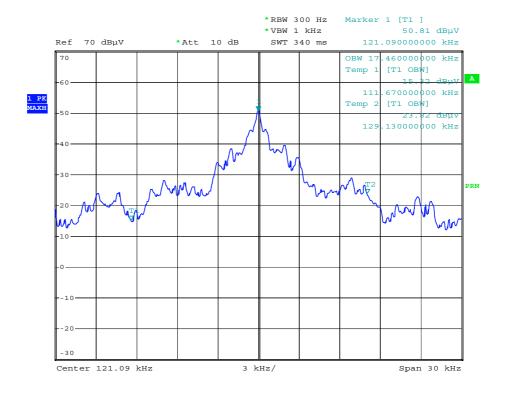


Comment: For carrier frequency 122 kHz

Date of test: 17 November 2005

Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Comment: Skidata 050610: Occupied Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:23:29

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): 17.46 kHz

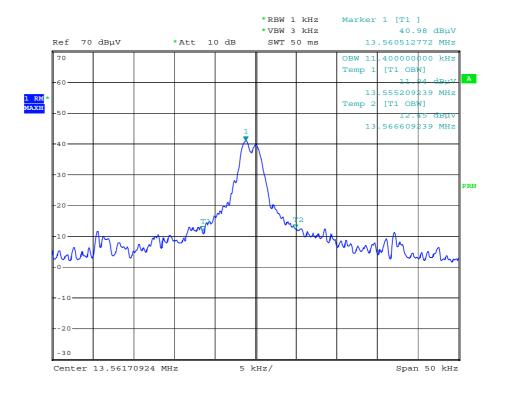


Comment: For carrier frequency 13.56 MHz

Date of test: 17 November 2005

Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Comment: Skidata 050610: Occupied Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:38:48

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): 11.4 kHz



8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c)				
Guide:	ANSI C63.4				
Description:	The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.				
	The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:				
	Fundamental frequency 9 kHz to 30 MHz 1000 MHz 1000 MHz to 40 GHz Minimum resolution bandwidth 1 kHz 10 kHz 1000 kHz				
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.				
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)				

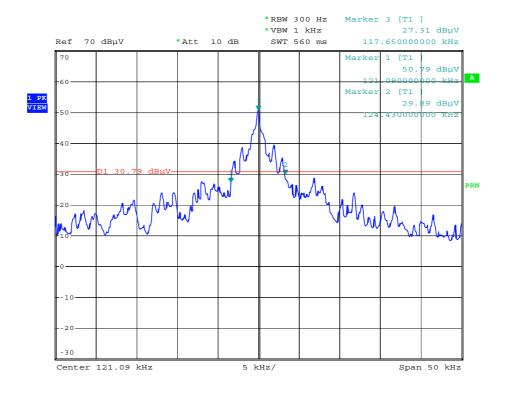
Test Result:	Test passed



Comment: For carrier frequency 122 kHz

Date of test: 17 November 2005

Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 3

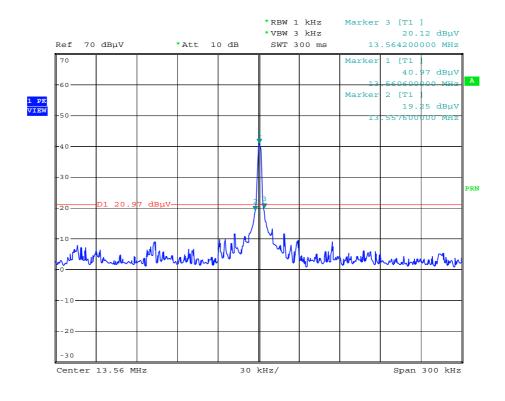


Comment: Skidata 050610: Emission Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:27:53

Bandwidth of the emission: 6.78 kHz



Comment: For carrier frequency 13.56 MHz
Date of test: 17 November 2005
Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 3



Comment: Skidata 050610: Emission Bandwidth Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:34:50

Permitted frequency band:	13.553 – 13.567 MHz	
20 dB bandwidth:	6.6 kHz	
Carrier frequency stability: Maximum frequency tolerances:	⊠ specified +0.089 kHz - 0.118 kHz	not specified
Bandwidth of the emission:	6.8 kHz	within permitted frequency band ⁹ : ☐ yes ☐ no
Test Result:	Test passed	

Test Report No. 55426-050610-4 (Edition 2)

⁹ If a frequency stability is not specified, it is recommended that the fundamental emission is kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.



8.3 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, sections 3.2(h) and 8			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43			

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
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B _n = Necessary Bandwidth	$B_n = 2BK$			
B = Modulation rate	B = 5 kHz			
K = Overall numerical factor	K = 1			
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (5 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 5 \text{ kHz}$			

Designation of Emissions:	10K0A1D
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8.4 Pulse Train Measurement

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.35(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 4.3			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Measurement procedure:	Pulse Train Measurement (6.2)			

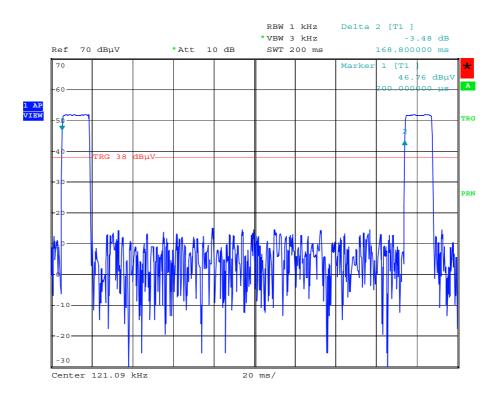
Comment:	
Date of test:	17 November 2005
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Calculation of pulse train correction:

TX-On-Time (worst case):	T _{on}	=	13.621 ms
Pulse Train Time:	T_{pt}	=	168.8 ms
Period Time:	T _{period}	=	100 ms
Pulse Train Correction:	C _{pt}	=	20 · Log(T _{on} / T _{period}) dB
		=	-17.3 dB



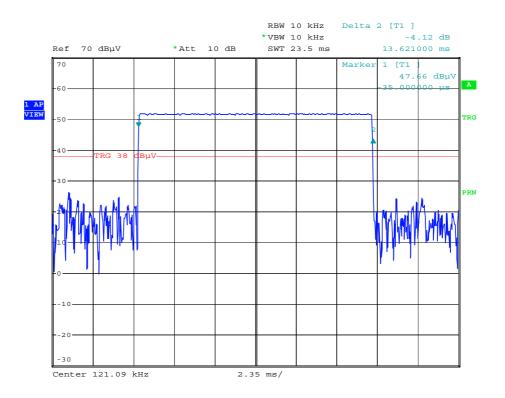
Total Pulse Train:



Comment: Skidata 050610: Duty Cycle without TAG Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:13:43



Worst case 0.1 second interval:



Comment: Skidata 050610: Duty Cycle without TAG Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:14:44



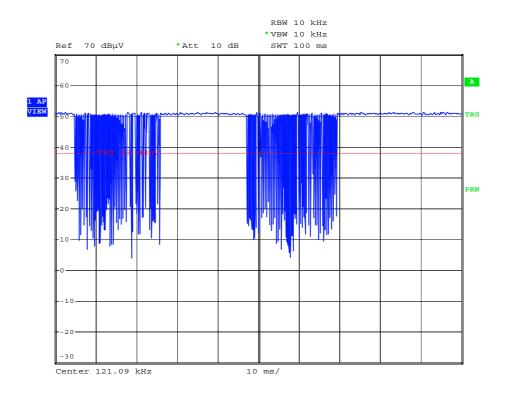
Comment:	
Date of test:	17 November 2005
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Calculation of pulse train correction:

TX-On-Time (worst case):	T _{on}	=	100 ms
Pulse Train Time:	T_{pt}	=	
Period Time:	T _{period}	=	100 ms
Pulse Train Correction:	C _{pt}	=	20 · Log(T _{on} / T _{period}) dB
_		=	0 dB



Total Pulse Train:



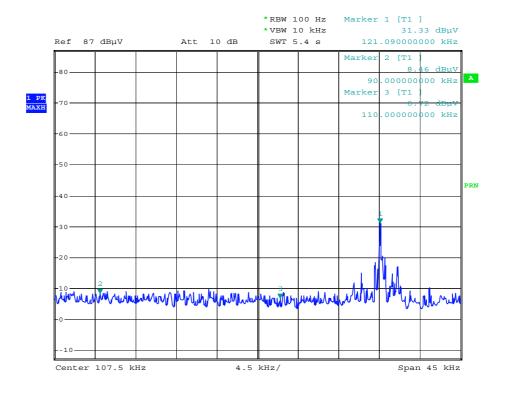
Comment: Skidata 050610: Duty Cycle with TAG Date: 17.NOV.2005 16:16:22



8.5 Restricted Bands of Operation

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, section 2.2(a)
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed in CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) or IC RSS-210 Issue 6, section 2.2(a).
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.4)

Comment:	
Date of test:	17 November 2005
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	6 meters



Comment: Skidata 050610: Restricted Band Requirement Date: 17.NOV.2005 17:42:47

Test Result:	Test passed	
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8.6 Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 7.2.2			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
	(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	
	0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46	
	0.5 - 5	56	46	
	5 - 30	60	50	
Measurement procedure:	Conducted AC Powerline Emission (6.3)			

Sample calculation of final values:

Final Value (dB μ V) = Reading Value (dB μ V) + Correction Factor (dB)

Test Result:	Test passed	
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Comment: Performed on DC supply of EUT

Mode: Transmitting continuously without TAG

Date of test: 11 October 2005

Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4

Test Result: Test passed

Tested on: plus

Frequency	Detector	Reading	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
		Value	Factor	Value		
(MHz)		(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)
0.150	Quasi-Peak	47.7	0.0	47.7	66.0	18.3
13.560	Quasi-Peak	32.5	0.0	32.5	60.0	27.5

Tested on: minus

Frequency	Detector	Reading	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
		Value	Factor	Value		
(MHz)		(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)
0.150	Quasi-Peak	48.1	0.0	48.1	66.0	17.9
13.560	Quasi-Peak	34.5	0.0	34.5	60.0	25.5



Comment: Performed on DC supply of EUT

Mode: Reading Tag continuously (122 kHz)

Date of test: 11 October 2005

Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4

Test Result: Test passed

Tested on: plus

Frequency	Detector	Reading	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
		Value	Factor	Value		
(MHz)		(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)
0.150	Quasi-Peak	56.2	0.0	56.2	66.0	9.8
0.150	Average	47.8	0.0	47.8	56.0	8.2
0.175	Quasi-Peak	52.2	0.0	52.2	64.7	12.5
0.195	Average	41.2	0.0	41.2	53.8	12.6
0.205	Quasi-Peak	48.2	0.0	48.2	63.4	15.2
0.230	Quasi-Peak	47.1	0.0	47.1	62.4	15.3
0.245	Average	36.2	0.0	36.2	51.9	15.7
0.325	Quasi-Peak	39.6	0.0	39.6	59.6	20.0
0.340	Average	33.8	0.0	33.8	49.2	15.4
0.400	Quasi-Peak	42.8	0.0	42.8	57.9	15.1
0.400	Average	27.0	0.0	27.0	47.9	20.9
0.435	Quasi-Peak	41.3	0.0	41.3	57.2	15.9
0.515	Average	17.7	0.0	17.7	46.0	28.3

Tested on: minus

Frequency	Detector	Reading	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
		Value	Factor	Value		
(MHz)		(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)
0.150	Quasi-Peak	56.6	0.0	56.6	66.0	9.4
0.150	Average	48.4	0.0	48.4	56.0	7.6
0.200	Quasi-Peak	51.2	0.0	51.2	63.6	12.4
0.205	Average	33.5	0.0	33.5	53.4	19.9
0.230	Quasi-Peak	48.1	0.0	48.1	62.4	14.3
0.245	Average	36.7	0.0	36.7	51.9	15.2
0.345	Average	33.0	0.0	33.0	49.1	16.1
0.350	Quasi-Peak	41.9	0.0	41.9	59.0	17.1
0.390	Average	33.4	0.0	33.4	48.1	14.7
0.430	Quasi-Peak	42.6	0.0	42.6	57.3	14.7
0.435	Quasi-Peak	41.5	0.0	41.5	57.2	15.7
0.460	Average	23.8	0.0	23.8	46.7	22.9



Comment: Performed on DC supply of EUT

Mode: Reading Tag continuously (13.56 MHz).

Date of test: 11 October 2005

Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4

Test Result: Test passed

Tested on: plus

Frequency	Detector	Reading	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
		Value	Factor	Value		
(MHz)		(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)
0.150	Quasi-Peak	56.6	0.0	56.6	66.0	9.4
0.150	Average	48.4	0.0	48.4	56.0	7.6
0.195	Quasi-Peak	49.2	0.0	49.2	63.8	14.6
0.200	Average	38.7	0.0	38.7	53.6	14.9
0.245	Average	36.2	0.0	36.2	51.9	15.7
0.250	Quasi-Peak	43.1	0.0	43.1	61.8	18.7
0.315	Average	26.9	0.0	26.9	49.8	22.9
0.345	Quasi-Peak	42.9	0.0	42.9	59.1	16.2
0.370	Quasi-Peak	41.5	0.0	41.5	58.5	17.0
0.405	Average	28.1	0.0	28.1	47.8	19.7
0.520	Average	20.1	0.0	20.1	46.0	25.9
0.535	Average	20.8	0.0	20.8	46.0	25.2
0.575	Quasi-Peak	30.0	0.0	30.0	56.0	26.0
13.560	Quasi-Peak	28.8	0.0	28.8	60.0	31.2
13.560	Average	22.3	0.0	22.3	50.0	27.7



Tested on: minus

Frequency	Detector	Reading	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
		Value	Factor	Value		
(MHz)		(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)
0.150	Quasi-Peak	57.5	0.0	57.5	66.0	8.5
0.150	Average	48.8	0.0	48.8	56.0	7.2
0.170	Quasi-Peak	53.9	0.0	53.9	65.0	11.1
0.195	Average	42.3	0.0	42.3	53.8	11.5
0.200	Quasi-Peak	50.7	0.0	50.7	63.6	12.9
0.230	Quasi-Peak	48.5	0.0	48.5	62.4	13.9
0.235	Average	32.2	0.0	32.2	52.3	20.1
0.340	Average	35.2	0.0	35.2	49.2	14.0
0.370	Average	27.2	0.0	27.2	48.5	21.3
0.430	Quasi-Peak	43.5	0.0	43.5	57.3	13.8
0.435	Quasi-Peak	42.3	0.0	42.3	57.2	14.9
0.490	Average	26.4	0.0	26.4	46.2	19.8
13.560	Quasi-Peak	31.0	0.0	31.0	60.0	29.0
13.560	Average	23.7	0.0	23.7	50.0	26.3



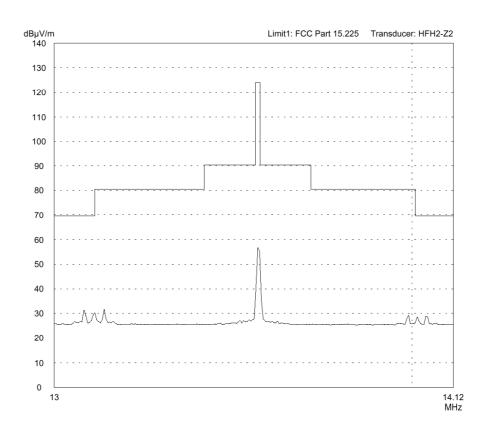
8.7 Spectrum Mask

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, section A2.6						
Guide:	ANSI C63.4						
Description:	Compliance with the spectrum mask is tested using a spectrum analyzer with resolution bandwidth set to a 1 kHz for the band 13.553 to 13.567 MHz and to 10 kHz outside this band. The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.						
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)			
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30			
	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30			
_	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30			
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30			
	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30			
	13.710 - 14.010 106 40.5 30						
	14.010 - 30.000 30 29.5 30						
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission	Measurement 9	kHz to 30 MHz (6.4)				

Comment:	
Date of test:	17 November 2005
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters
Extrapolation Factor:	40 dB/decade

Test Result:	Test passed	
restriction.	1 CSt passed	







8.8 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.209 and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, sections 2.2(b)(c), 2.6 and A2.6								
Guide:	ANSI C63.4								
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)					
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300					
-			87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30					
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30					
_	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30					
	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30					
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30					
_	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30					
	13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30					
	14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30					
		Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.							
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission	Measurement 9	kHz to 30 MHz (6.4)						

Sample calculation of final values:

Test Result:



Mode: Transmitting continuously without Tag

Date of test: 18 November 2005
Test site: Open field test site

Test Result: Test passed

Frequency	Detector	Dista	ance	Reading Value		Correction	Extrapolation		Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
		d ₁	d_2	d_1	d_2	Factor	Facto	or	Correction	Value		
(MHz)		(m)	(m)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB/dec)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
0.121	PK		10		16.5	20.0	-40.0	-59.1	-17.3	-39.9	25.9	65.8
13.560	QP	3	10	39.2	25.1	20.0	-27.0	-12.9		32.2	84.0	51.8



Mode: Reading Tag continuously (122 kHz)

Date of test: 18 November 2005
Test site: Open field test site

Test Result: Test passed	
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Frequency	Detector	Dista	ance	Reading Value		Correction	Extrapol	Extrapolation Pu		Final	Limit	Margin
		d ₁	d_2	d_1	d_2	Factor	Facto	or	Correction	Value		
(MHz)		(m)	(m)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB/dec)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
0.121	PK		10		21.7	20.0	-40.0	-59.1		-17.4	25.9	43.3



Mode: Reading Tag continuously (13.56 MHz)

Date of test: 18 November 2005
Test site: Open field test site

Test Result: Test passed

Frequency	Detector	Dista	ance	Reading Value		Correction	Extrapolation		Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
		d ₁	d_2	d ₁	d_2	Factor	Facto	or	Correction	Value		
(MHz)		(m)	(m)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB/dec)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
0.121	PK		10		13.5	20.0	-40.0	-59.1		-25.6	25.9	51.5
13.560	QP	3	10	32.5	22.1	20.0	-19.9	-9.5		32.6	84.0	51.4



8.9 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b), 15.209 and 15.225(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 6, sections 2.2(b)(c), 2.6 and A2.6						
Guide:	ANSI C63.4						
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)				
	30 - 88	100	40.0				
	88 - 216	150	43.5				
	216 - 960	200	46.0				
	Above 960	500	54.0				
	Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the of the fundamental emission.						
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.5) Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site (6.6)						

Sample calculation of final values:

Final Value ($dB\mu V/m$) = Reading Value ($dB\mu V$) + Correction Factor (dB/m) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

Test Result:	Test passed
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Date of test: 18 November 2005

Mode:Transmitting continuously without TagTest site:Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Open field test site

Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Test distance: 3 meters

Test Result: Test passed

Frequency	Antenna	Detector	Receiver	Correction	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
	Polarization		Reading	Factor	Correction	Value		
(MHz)			(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
73.730	vertical	Quasi-Peak	30.4	9.5		39.9	40.0	0.1
88.470	vertical	Quasi-Peak	25.8	10.0		35.8	43.5	7.7
151.330	vertical	Quasi-Peak	6.6	13.6		20.2	43.5	23.3
162.200	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	23.8	14.0		37.8	43.5	5.7
250.670	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	15.7	17.9		33.6	46.0	12.4
280.170	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	20.5	20.9		41.4	46.0	4.6
360.870	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	13.7	17.4		31.1	46.0	14.9
363.500	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	11.7	17.4		29.1	46.0	16.9
389.600	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	5.6	18.2		23.8	46.0	22.2
601.450	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	3.7	22.3		26.0	46.0	20.0
631.260	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	8.7	23.2		31.9	46.0	14.1
647.250	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	12.0	23.4		35.4	46.0	10.6



Date of test: 18 November 2005

Mode: Reading Tag continuously (13.56 MHz)

Test site: Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Open field test site

Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Test distance: 3 meters

Test Result: Test passed

Frequency	Antenna	Detector	Receiver	Correction	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
	Polarization		Reading	Factor	Correction	Value		
(MHz)			(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
32.650	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	11.3	13.5		24.8	40.0	15.2
32.800	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	13.5	13.4		26.9	40.0	13.1
73.700	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	30.4	9.5		39.9	40.0	0.1
73.720	vertical	Quasi-Peak	17.9	9.5		27.4	40.0	12.6
88.470	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	26.1	10.0		36.1	43.5	7.4
157.550	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	11.7	13.8		25.5	43.5	18.0
162.200	vertical	Quasi-Peak	23.5	14.0		37.5	43.5	6.0
250.700	vertical	Quasi-Peak	16.1	17.9		34.0	46.0	12.0
280.150	vertical	Quasi-Peak	20.7	20.9		41.6	46.0	4.4
306.550	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	3.0	15.9		18.9	46.0	27.1
362.600	vertical	Quasi-Peak	7.0	17.4		24.4	46.0	21.6
363.900	vertical	Quasi-Peak	12.1	17.4		29.5	46.0	16.5
379.730	vertical	Quasi-Peak	9.8	17.8		27.6	46.0	18.4
389.600	vertical	Quasi-Peak	6.5	18.2		24.7	46.0	21.3
601.400	vertical	Quasi-Peak	2.9	22.3		25.2	46.0	20.8
632.230	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	4.9	23.2		28.1	46.0	17.9
646.470	vertical	Quasi-Peak	2.8	23.4		26.2	46.0	19.8
884.700	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	4.9	26.8		31.7	46.0	14.3



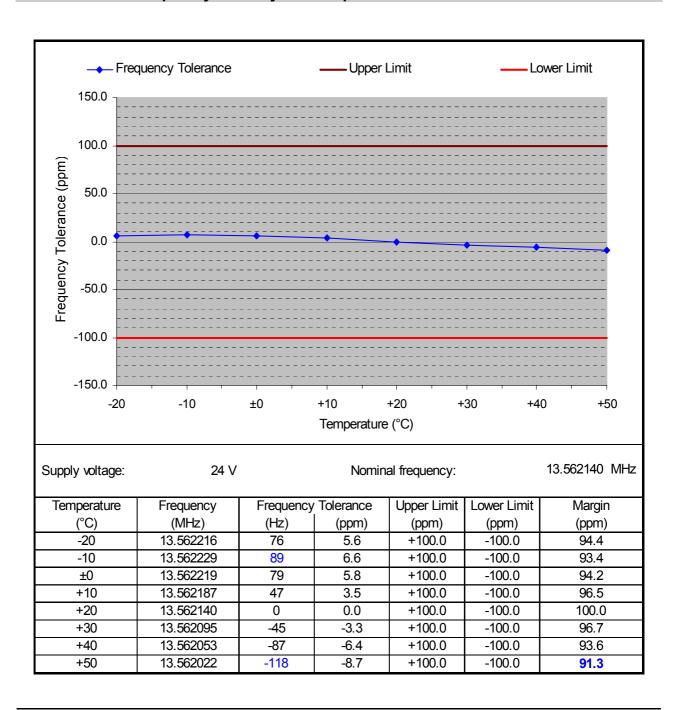
8.10 Carrier Frequency Stability

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 4.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 6, section A2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Limit:	The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within ±0.01 % (±100 ppm) of the carrier frequency under nominal conditions.	
Temperature range: Voltage range:	-20°C to +50°C (at normal supply voltage) 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage (at a temperature of +20°C)	
Measurement procedure:	Carrier Frequency Stability (6.7)	

Comment:	
Date of test:	21 November 2005



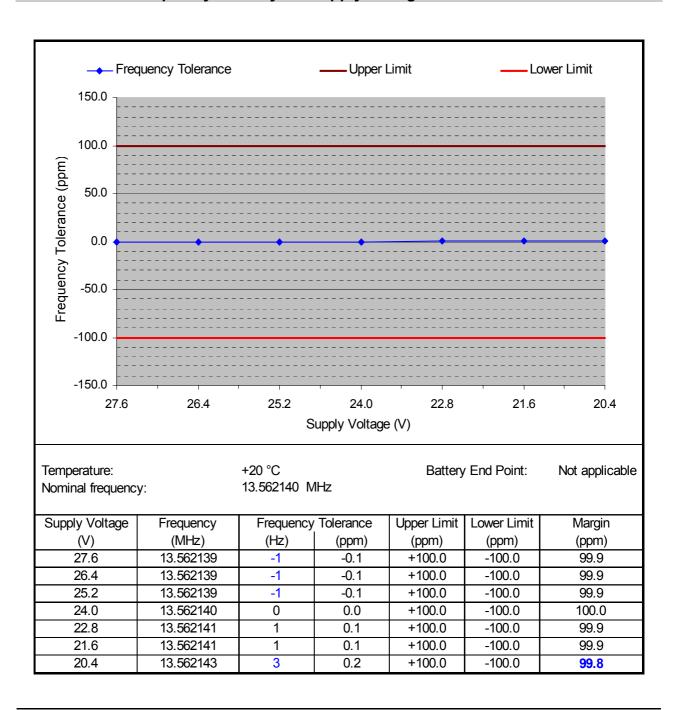
8.10.1 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Temperature



Test Result: Test passed	
--------------------------	--



8.10.2 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Supply Voltage



|--|



8.11 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 5.5	
Guide:	IC RSS-102 Issue 1, section 4.1	
Frequency:	122 kHz	

Exposure of Humans to RF Fields				Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption
The transmitter is for				•		
☐ fixed use	☐ mobile use	☐ portable use		\boxtimes		\boxtimes
The antenna is						
detachable						
The output	power (TP in watts) is measure	ed at the antenna connector:				
	$TP = \dots$	W				
Numerical g	ain of the antenna:	$G = \dots$				
⊠ not detachable						
A field strength measurement is used to determine the output power (TP in watts) given by ¹⁰ :						
	$TP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30 \cdot G} \Rightarrow$	• TP = 108 n W				
with:						
Field streng	th ¹¹ in V/m:	$FS = 180 \mu\text{V/m}$			\boxtimes	
Distance be	tween the two antennas in m:	D = 10 m			\boxtimes	
Numerical gain of the antenna: $G = 1$				\boxtimes		
SAR and RF evaluation						
	$EIRP = G \cdot TP \Rightarrow E$	<i>IRP</i> = 180 nW				
	operating at frequencies below less than 200 milliwatts (mW).	1.0 GHz with an output power				
	operating at frequencies betwe					
		requency is below 1.5 GHz with r less (i.e. EIRP of 2.5 watts or				
Transmitter is for mobile use and operating frequency is above 1.5 GHz with ERP of 3 watts or less (i.e. EIRP of 5 watts or less).						
☐ SAR and/or RF evaluation is documented in test report no						

¹⁰ The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses.

¹¹ If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.



Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 1, section 5.5
Guide:	IC RSS-102 Issue 1, section 4.1
Frequency	13.56 MHz

Exposure of Humans to RF Fields				Exemption
The transmitter is for				
⊠ fixed use ☐ mobile use ☐ portable use		\boxtimes		\boxtimes
The antenna is				
☐ detachable				
The output power (TP in watts) is measured at the antenna connector:				
$TP = \dots$ W				
Numerical gain of the antenna: $G = \dots$				
⊠ not detachable				
A field strength measurement is used to determine the output power (TP in watts) given by 12:				
$TP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30 \cdot G} \Rightarrow TP = $ 15 nW				
with:				
Field strength ¹³ in V/m: $FS = 67 \mu V/m$				
Distance between the two antennas in m: $D = 10 \text{ m}$		_	\boxtimes	
Numerical gain of the antenna: $G = 1$				
SAR and RF evaluation				
$EIRP = G \cdot TP \Rightarrow EIRP = 15 \text{ nW}$				
Transmitter is operating at frequencies below 1.0 GHz with an output power TP equal to or less than 200 milliwatts (mW).				
Transmitter is operating at frequencies between 1.0 and 2.2 GHz with an output power TP equal to or less than 100 milliwatts (mW).				
□ Transmitter is for mobile use and operating frequency is below 1.5 GHz with effective radiated power (ERP) of 1.5 watts or less (i.e. EIRP of 2.5 watts or less).				
Transmitter is for mobile use and operating frequency is above 1.5 GHz with ERP of 3 watts or less (i.e. EIRP of 5 watts or less).				
☐ SAR and/or RF evaluation is documented in test report no				

reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.

¹² The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses. ¹³ If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground



9 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency October 10, 2004 allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	
CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio September 19, Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication 2005 Commission (FCC)	
ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low- Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 1 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equimpment, published by Industry Canada	September 2005
RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 6 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	September 2005
RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 1 for Low Power Licence-Ecempt Radiocommunicaton Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	September 2005
RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 1: Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields, published by Industry Canada	September 25, 1999
ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997
CAN/CSA- CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment	2002
TRC-43	Notes Regarding Designation of Emission (Including Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	October 9, 1982



10 Charts taken during testing

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply plus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

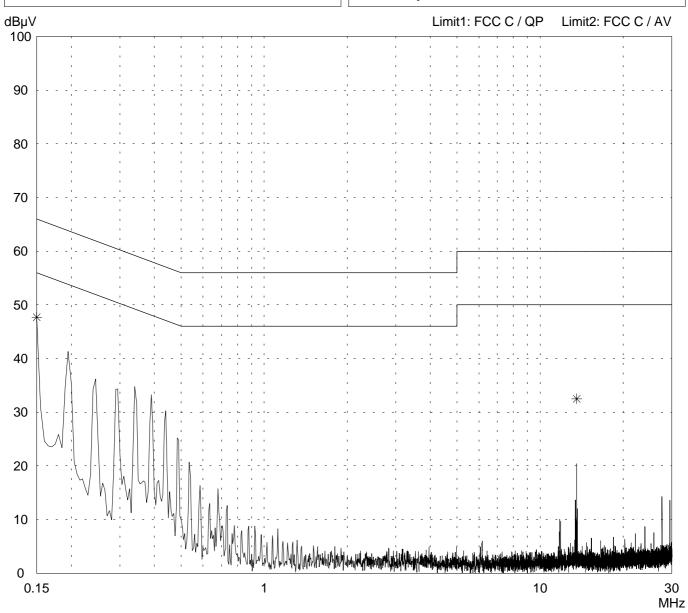
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Limit kept

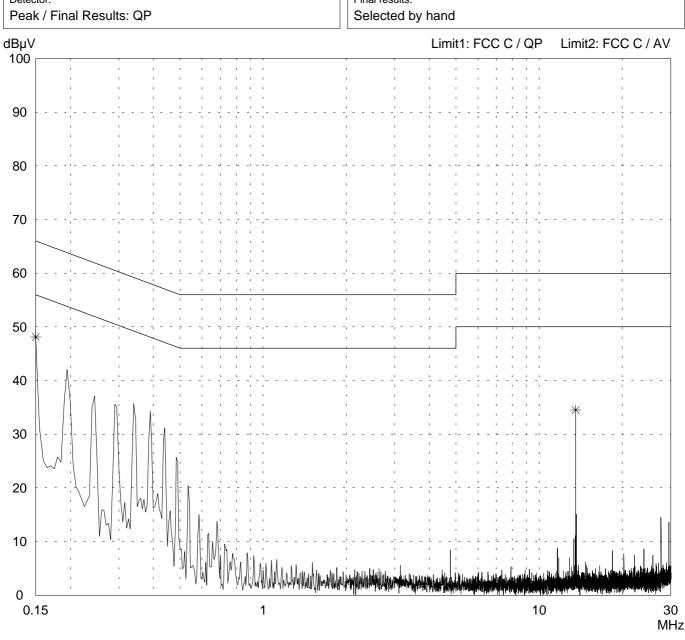
Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply minus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector:

Final results:



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply plus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

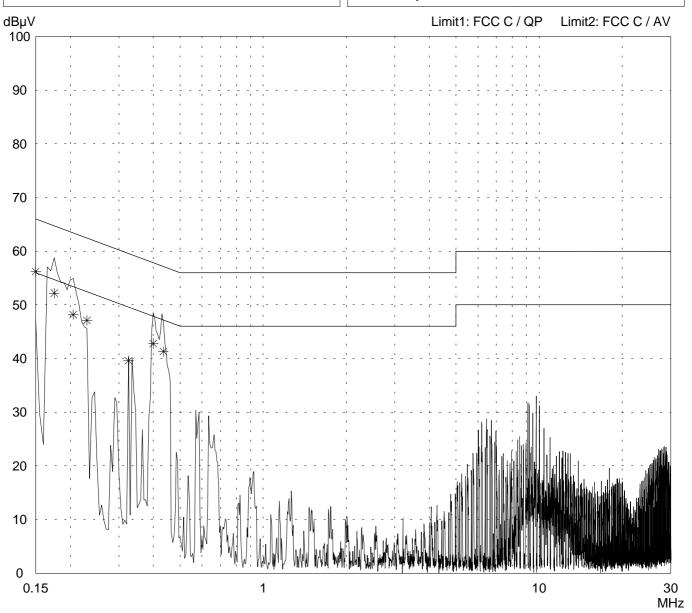
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2		
Serial no.:		
Applicant: SKIDATA AG		
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1		
Tested on: Linecord DC supply plus		
Date of test: 10/11/2005	Operator: M. Steindl	
Test performed: automatically	File name:	

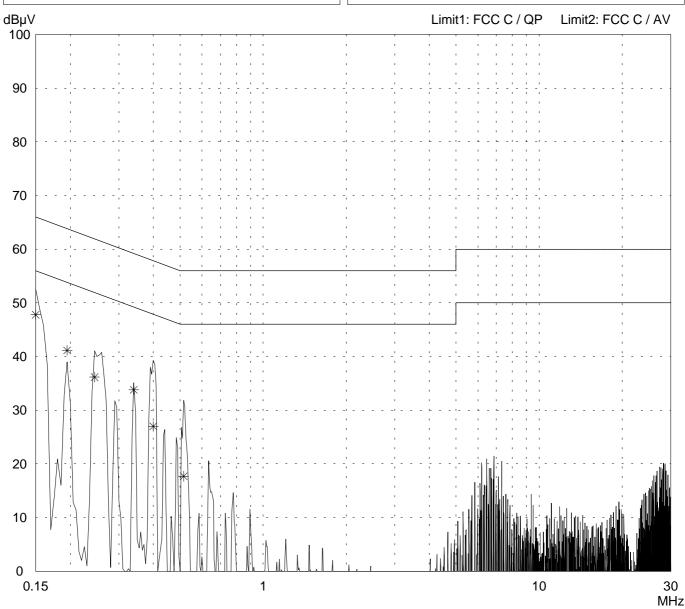
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:
Average / Final Results: AV

Final results: 20 dB Margin

25 Subranges



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply minus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

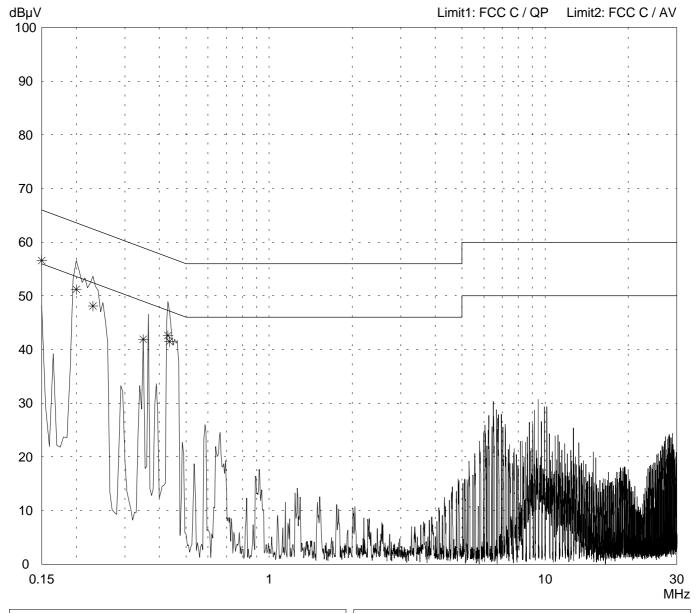
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
20 dB Margin
25 Subranges



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1	
Tested on: Linecord DC supply minus	
Date of test: 10/11/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

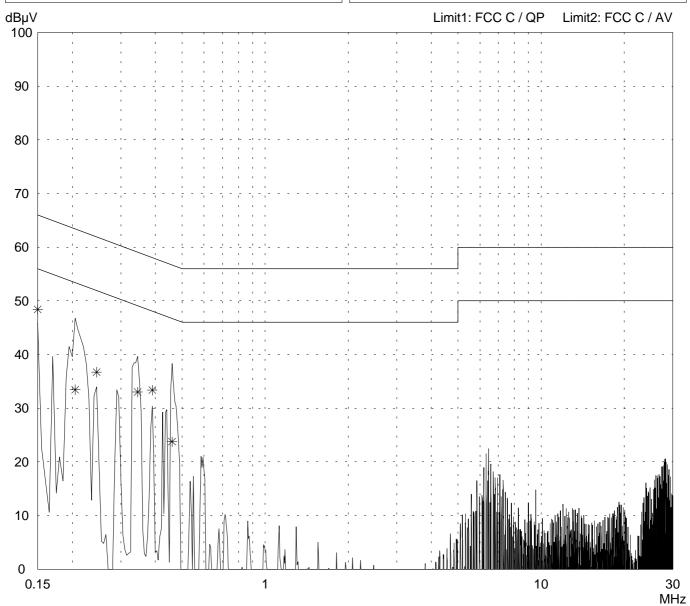
- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:

Average / Final Results: AV

Final results: 20 dB Margin

25 Subranges



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply plus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

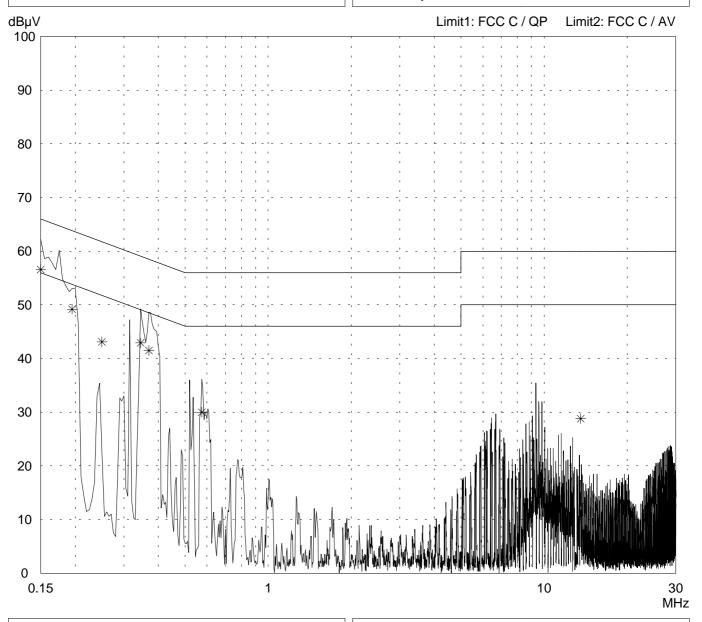
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz ISO)

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply plus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: automatically

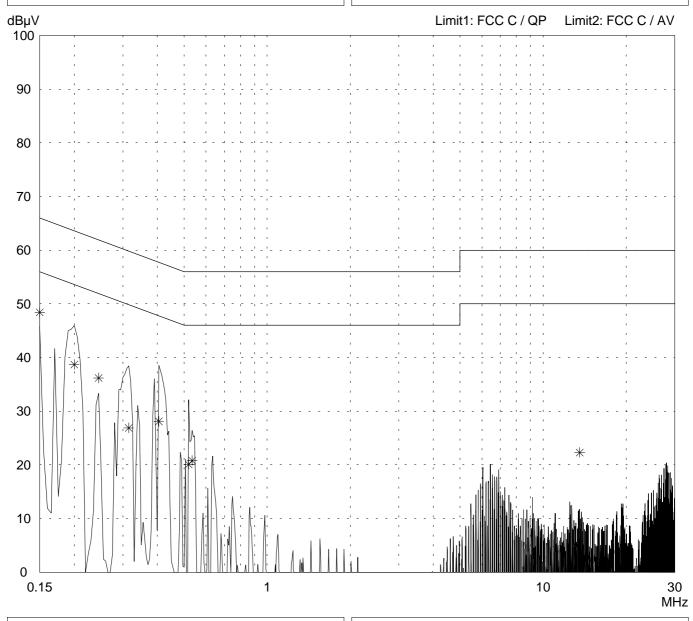
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz ISO)

Detector:

Average / Final Results: AV

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1 Tested on: Linecord DC supply minus Date of test: Operator: 10/11/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

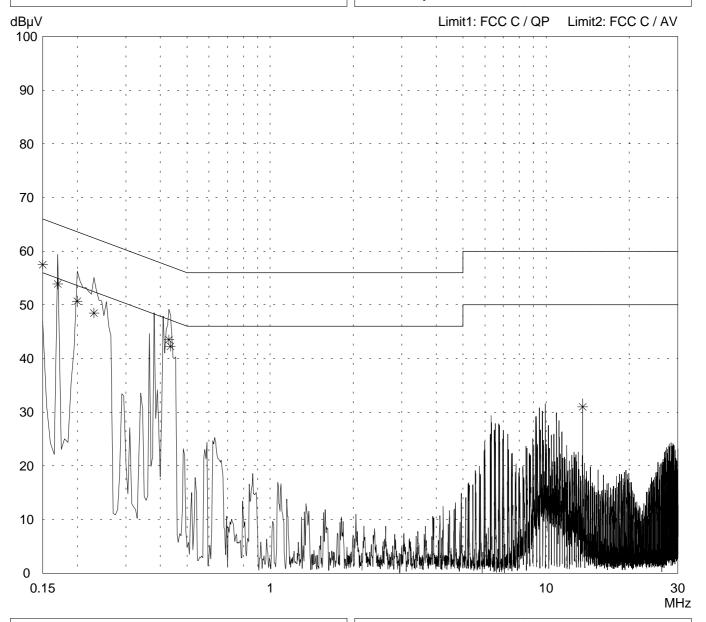
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz ISO)

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Limit kept

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 1	
Tested on: Linecord DC supply minus	
Date of test: 10/11/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Result:

Limit kept

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz ISO)

Detector: Final results: Average / Final Results: AV 20 dB Margin 25 Subranges Limit2: FCC C / AV dBµV Limit1: FCC C / QP 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 0.15 30 MHz

Project file:

55426-50610

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 3 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Date of test: Operator: 11/17/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

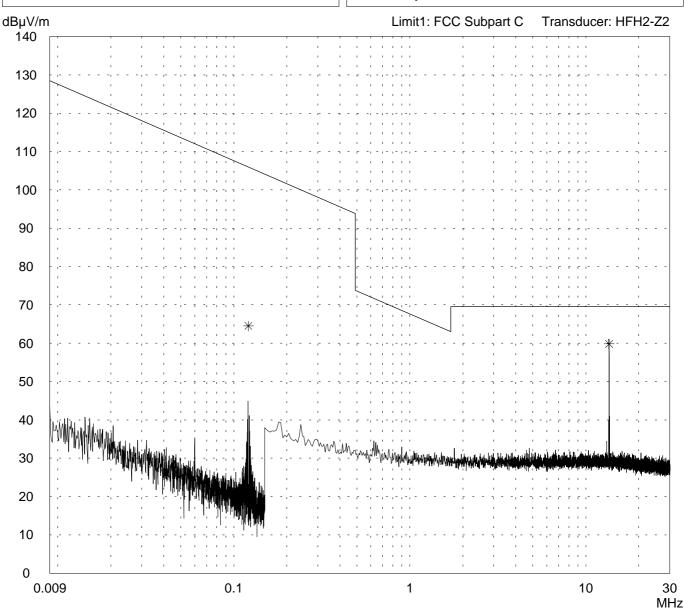
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 3 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Date of test: Operator: 11/17/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

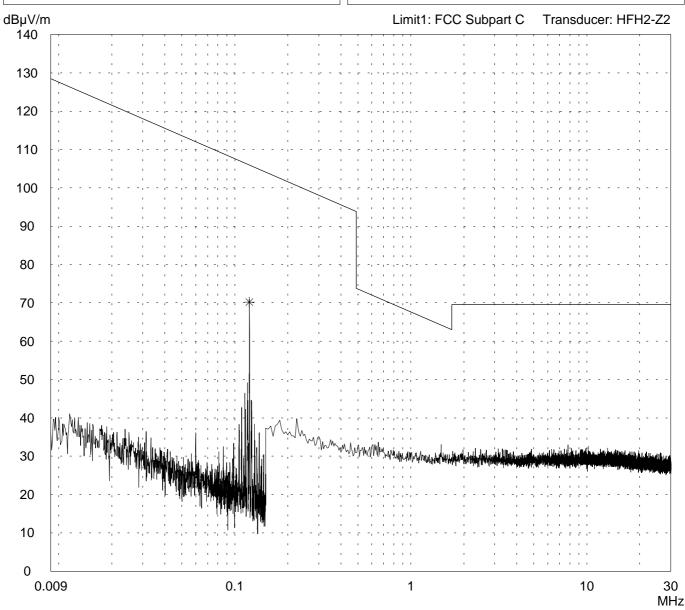
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results: Selected by hand



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 3 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Date of test: Operator: 11/17/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: semi automatically

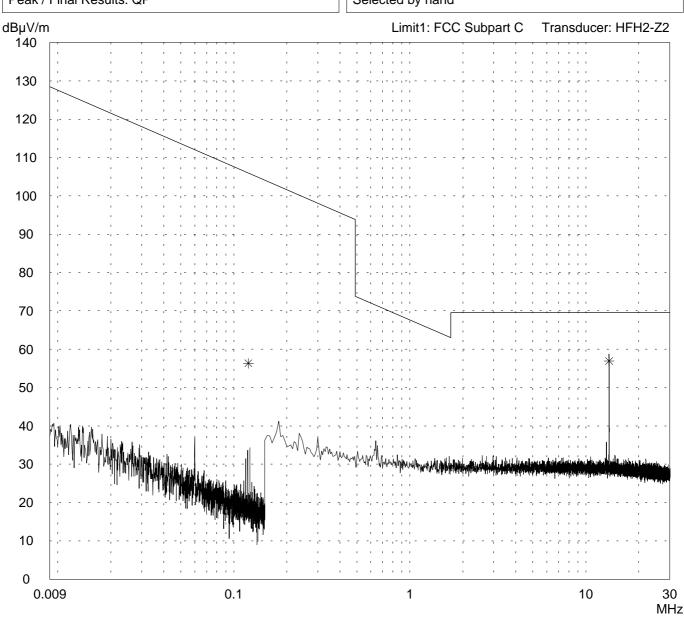
Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz)

Detector:

Peak / Final Results: QP

Final results:
Selected by hand



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin n	o. 3
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Horizontal Polarization	
Date of test: 11/17/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector: List of values: Peak 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges $dB\mu V/m$ Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m) 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 30 100 300 MHz

Senton GmbH / EMI/EMC Laboratories / Aeussere Fruehlingsstrasse 45 / D-94315 Straubing / Tel. +49 9421 55220

Project file: 55426-50610

Result:

Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin r	no. 3
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Vertical Polarization	
Date of test: 11/17/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Result:

Prescan

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector: List of values: Peak 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges $dB\mu V/m$ Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m) 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 30 100 300 MHz

Senton GmbH / EMI/EMC Laboratories / Aeussere Fruehlingsstrasse 45 / D-94315 Straubing / Tel. +49 9421 55220

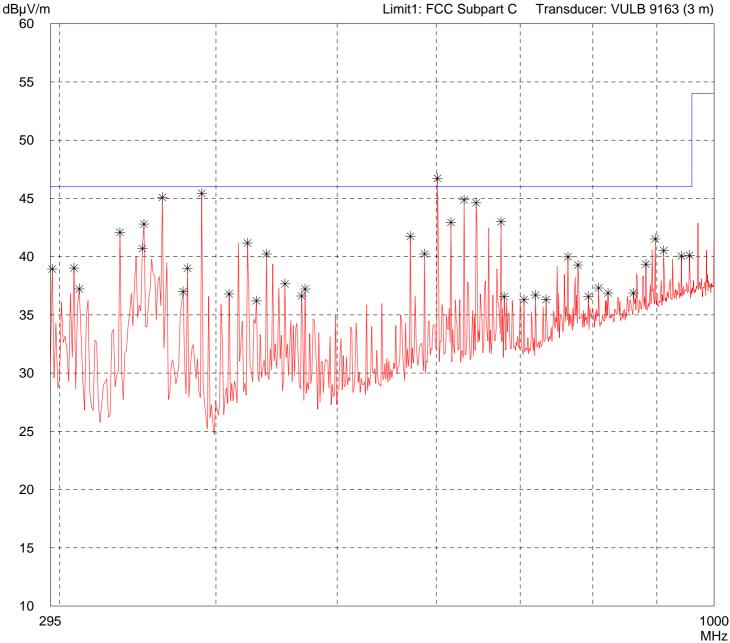
Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin n	o. 3
Tested on:	
Test distance 3 meters Horizontal Polarization	
Date of test:	Operator:
11/17/2005	M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector:
Peak

List of values:
10 dB Margin
50 Subranges



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin n	o. 3
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Vertical Polarization	
Date of test:	Operator:
11/17/2005	M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- transmitting continuously without TAG

Detector: List of values: Peak 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges $dB\mu V/m$ Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m) 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15

Result: Prescan

10

295

Project file: 55426-50610

1000 MHz

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin	no. 3
Tested on:	
Test distance 3 meters Horizontal Polarization	
Date of test:	Operator:
11/17/2005	M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:
.	

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

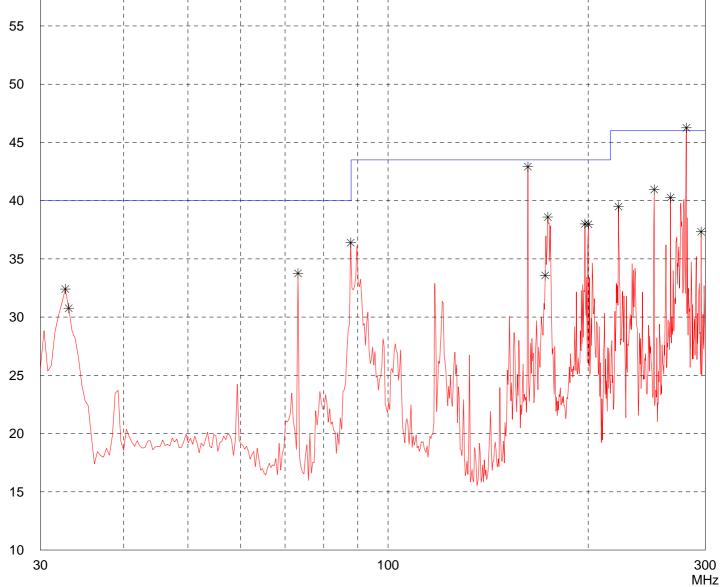
Detector:
Peak

List of values:
10 dB Margin

50 Subranges

dBµV/m
60

Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m)



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabir	n no. 3
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Vertical Polarization	
Date of test: 11/17/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:
Detector:	

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:
Peak

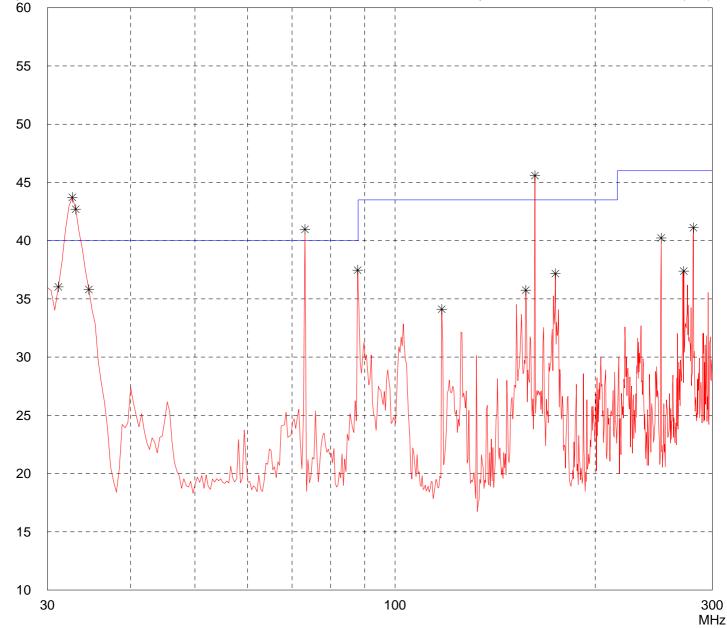
List of values:
10 dB Margin

50 Subranges

dBµV/m

Limit1: FCC Subpart C

Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m)



Result: Prescan

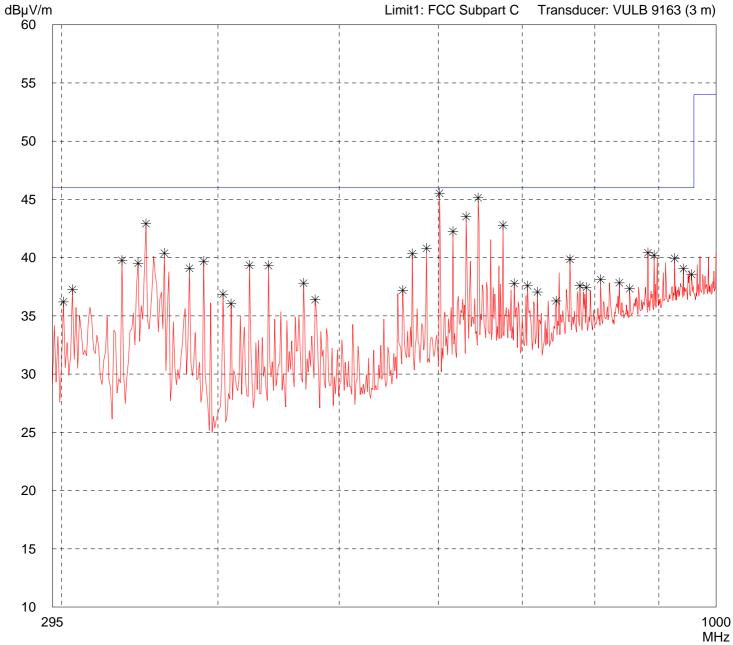
Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin no. 3 Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Horizontal Polarization Date of test: Operator: 11/17/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: automatically

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:
Peak

List of values:
10 dB Margin
50 Subranges



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin no. 3	
Tested on:	
Test distance 3 meters Vertical Polarization	
Date of test:	Operator:
11/17/2005	M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (122 kHz)

Detector:
Peak

List of values:
10 dB Margin

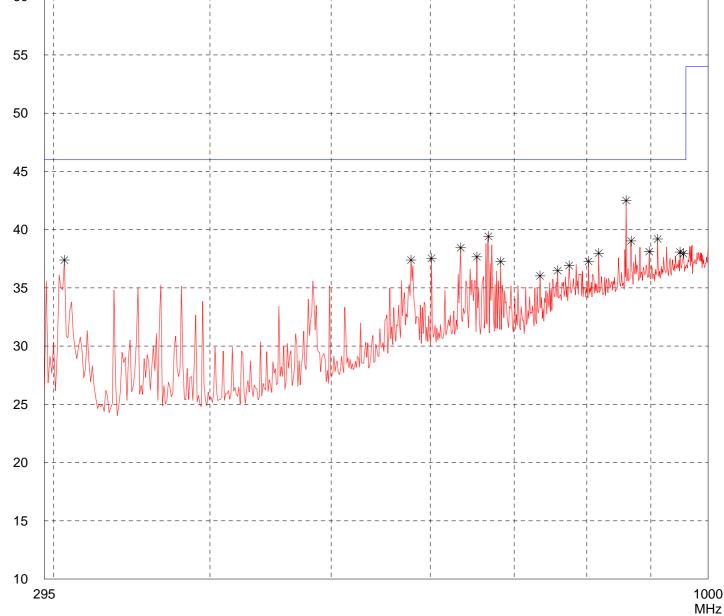
50 Subranges

dBμV/m

60

Limit1: FCC Subpart C

Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m)



Result:
Prescan

Project file:
55426-50610

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin no. 3	
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Horizontal Polarization	
Date of test:	Operator:
11/17/2005	M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

20

15

10 50

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz)

Detector: List of values: Peak 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges $dB\mu V/m$ Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m) 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25

Result:
Prescan

Project file:
55426-50610

100

300 MHz

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin r	no. 3
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Vertical Polarization	
Date of test: 11/17/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz)

Detector: List of values: Peak 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges $dB\mu V/m$ Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m) 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 30 100 300

Result: Prescan Project file: 55426-50610

MHz

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2 Serial no.: Applicant: SKIDATA AG Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin no. 3 Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Horizontal Polarization Date of test: Operator: 11/17/2005 M. Steindl Test performed: File name: automatically

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz)

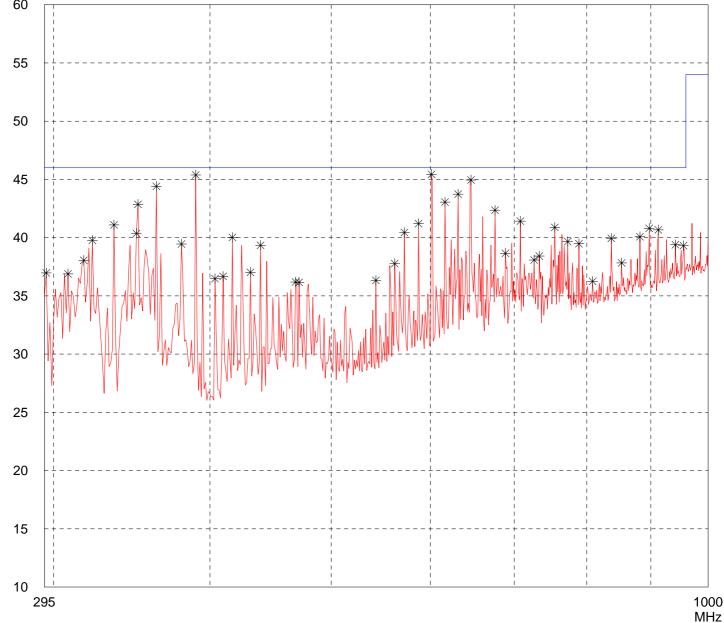
Detector:
Peak

List of values:
10 dB Margin

50 Subranges

dBµV/m
60

Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m)



Result: Prescan

Model: AS x70i CF/ISO14+15/V2	
Serial no.:	
Applicant: SKIDATA AG	
Test site: Semi anechoic room, cabin no. 3	
Tested on: Test distance 3 meters Vertical Polarization	
Date of test: 11/17/2005	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Mode:

- DC 24 V power supply
- with grounding
- reading TAG continuously (13.56 MHz)

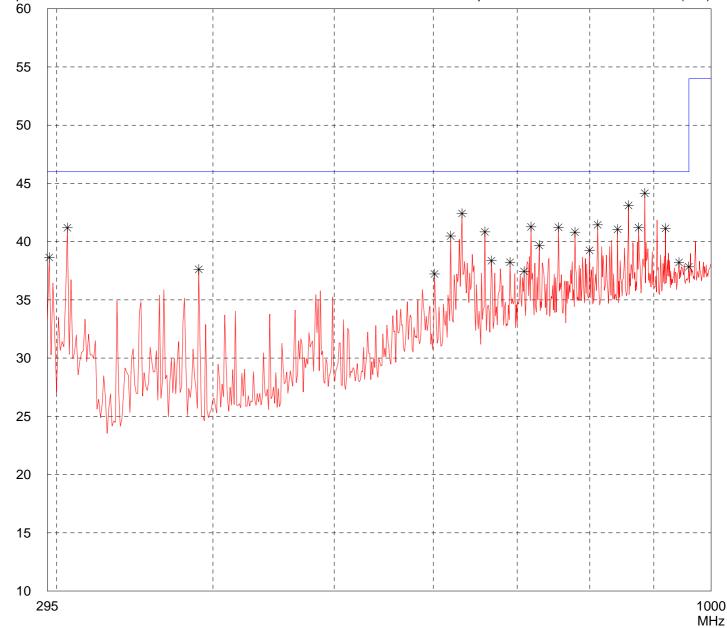
Detector:
Peak

List of values:
10 dB Margin

50 Subranges

dBμV/m

Limit1: FCC Subpart C Transducer: VULB 9163 (3 m)



Result: Prescan