



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-736_Jul09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 736
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date: July 20, 2009
Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Table with 4 columns: Equipment Name, ID #, Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Includes Primary Standards (Power meter, Power sensor, Reference 20 dB Attenuator, etc.) and Secondary Standards (Power sensor, RF generator, Network Analyzer).

Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler, Laboratory Technician
Approved by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager

Issued: July 22, 2009

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DAS Y4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V5.0 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.2 ± 6 % | 1.78 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.4 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 53.6 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 54.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.33 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 25.3 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 25.5 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.8 ± 6 % | 1.99 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.0 ± 0.2) °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.4 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 53.6 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ² | normalized to 1W | 53.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.26 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 25.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ² | normalized to 1W | 24.9 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d], chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.9 Ω + 2.2 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 27.2 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.7 Ω + 4.2 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 27.4 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.158 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | August 26, 2003 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.07.2009 17:44:29

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

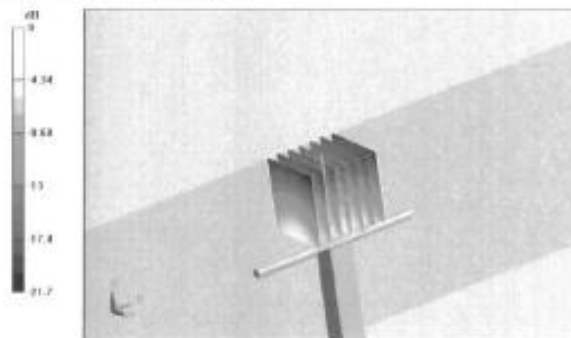
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 mW/g

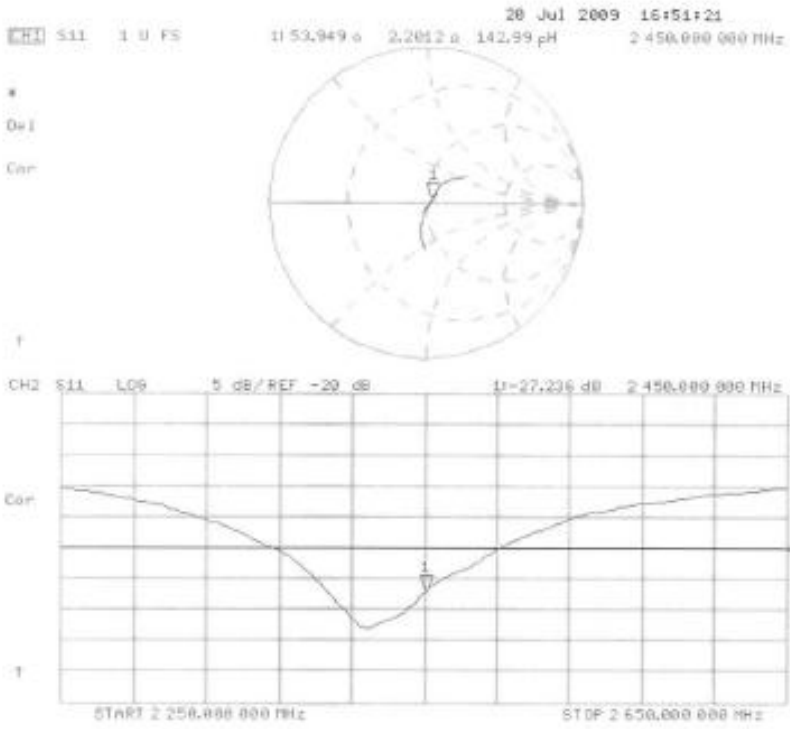
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g



0 dB = 16.9mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 14.07.2009 17:46:41

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.06, 4.06, 4.06); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 S0601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

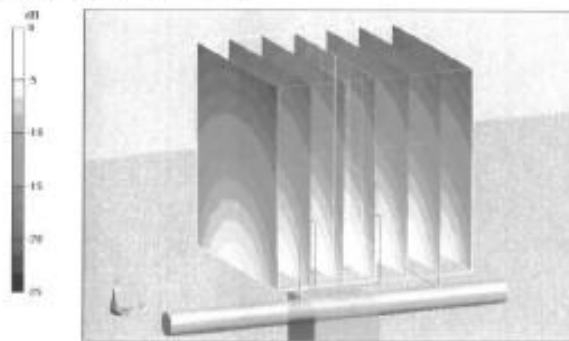
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/g

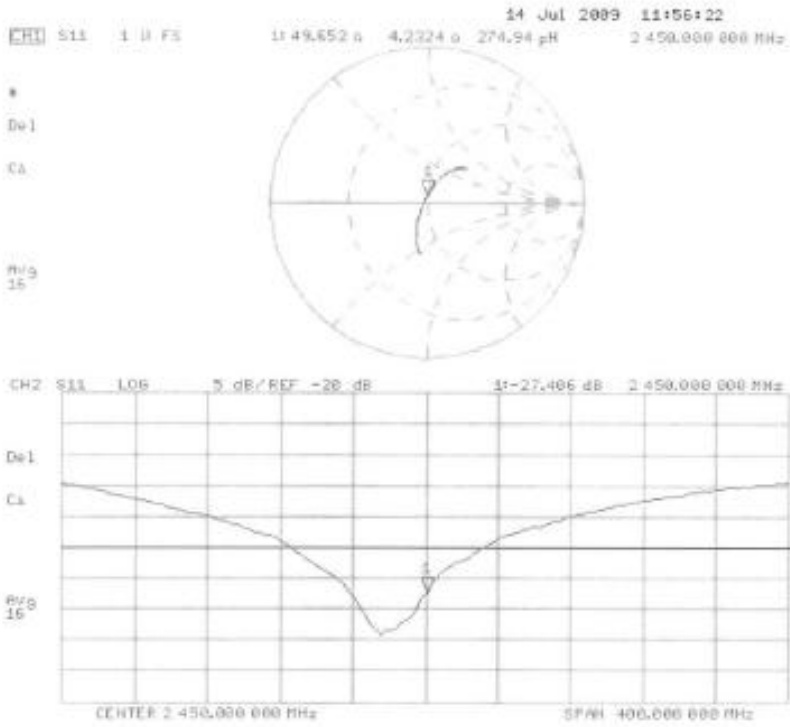
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 mW/g



0 dB = 17.8mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





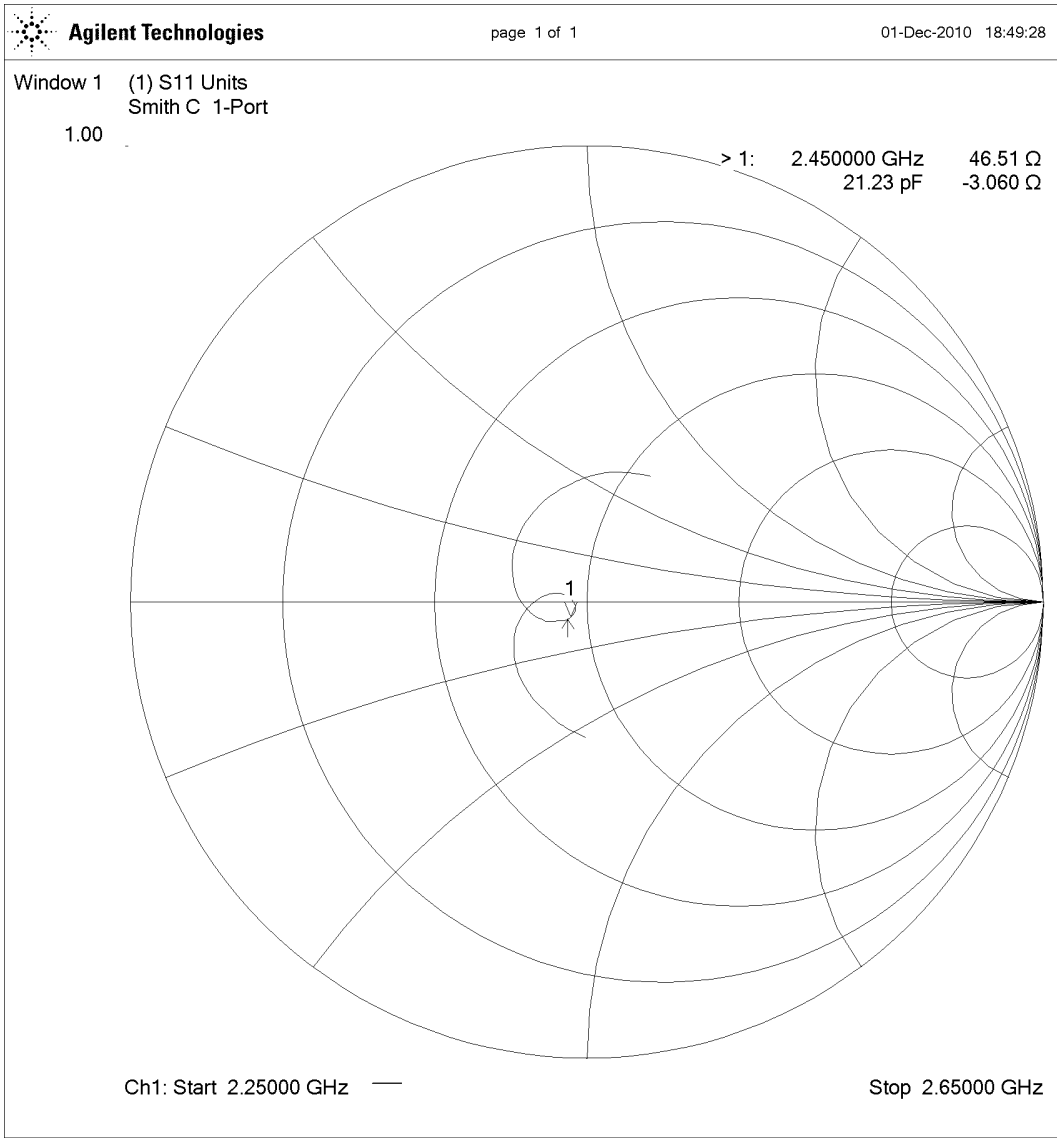
Dipole Verification

Model / SN : D2450V2 / 736

Verification Date : Dec. 01, 2010

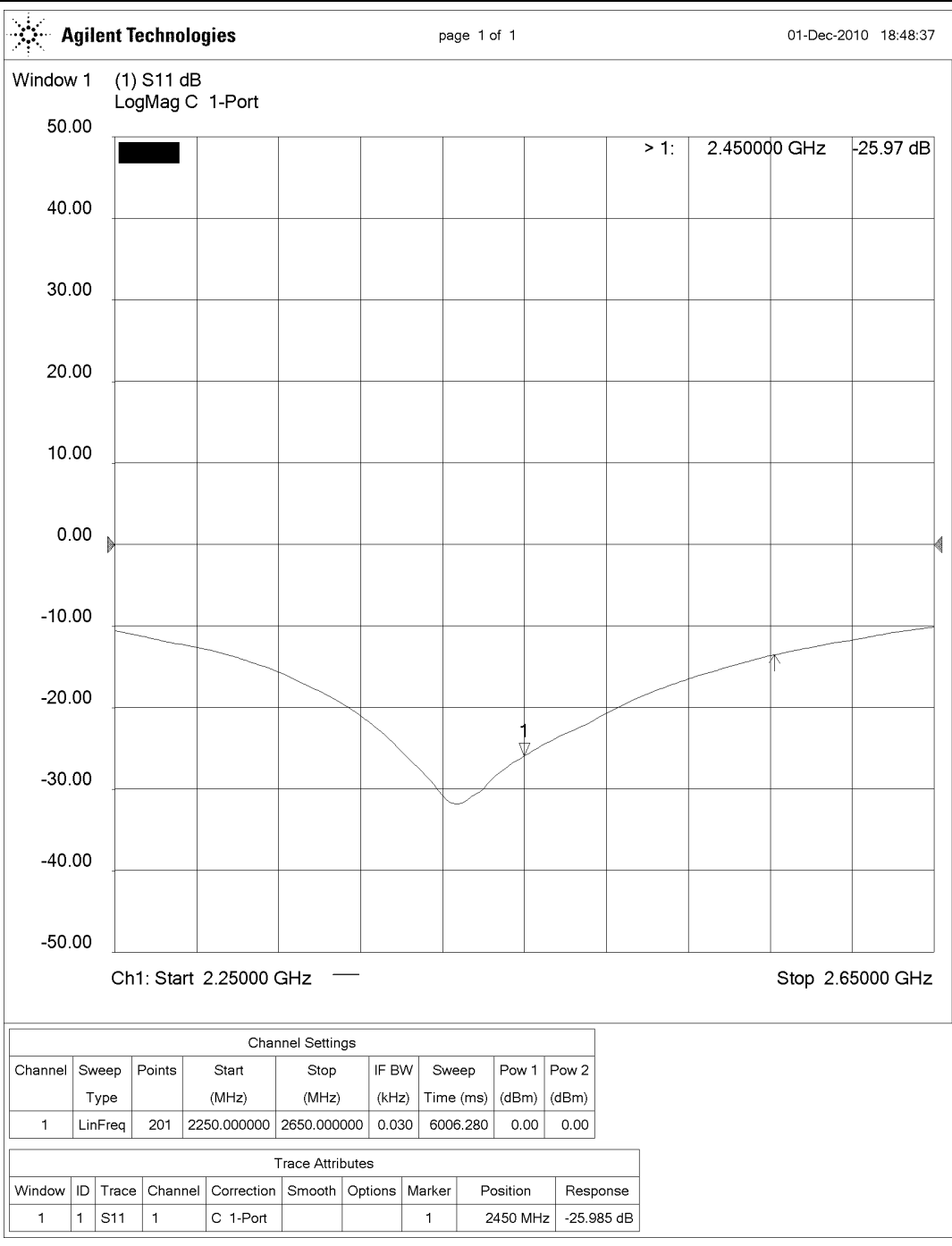
Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Impedance, Transformed to Feed Point | 46.51Ω - 3.06jΩ (50±5Ω) |
| Return Loss | -25.97 dB (<= -20 dB) |



| Channel Settings | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Channel | Sweep Type | Points | Start (MHz) | Stop (MHz) | IF BW (kHz) | Sweep Time (ms) | Pow 1 (dBm) | Pow 2 (dBm) |
| 1 | LinFreq | 201 | 2250.000000 | 2650.000000 | 0.030 | 6006.280 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

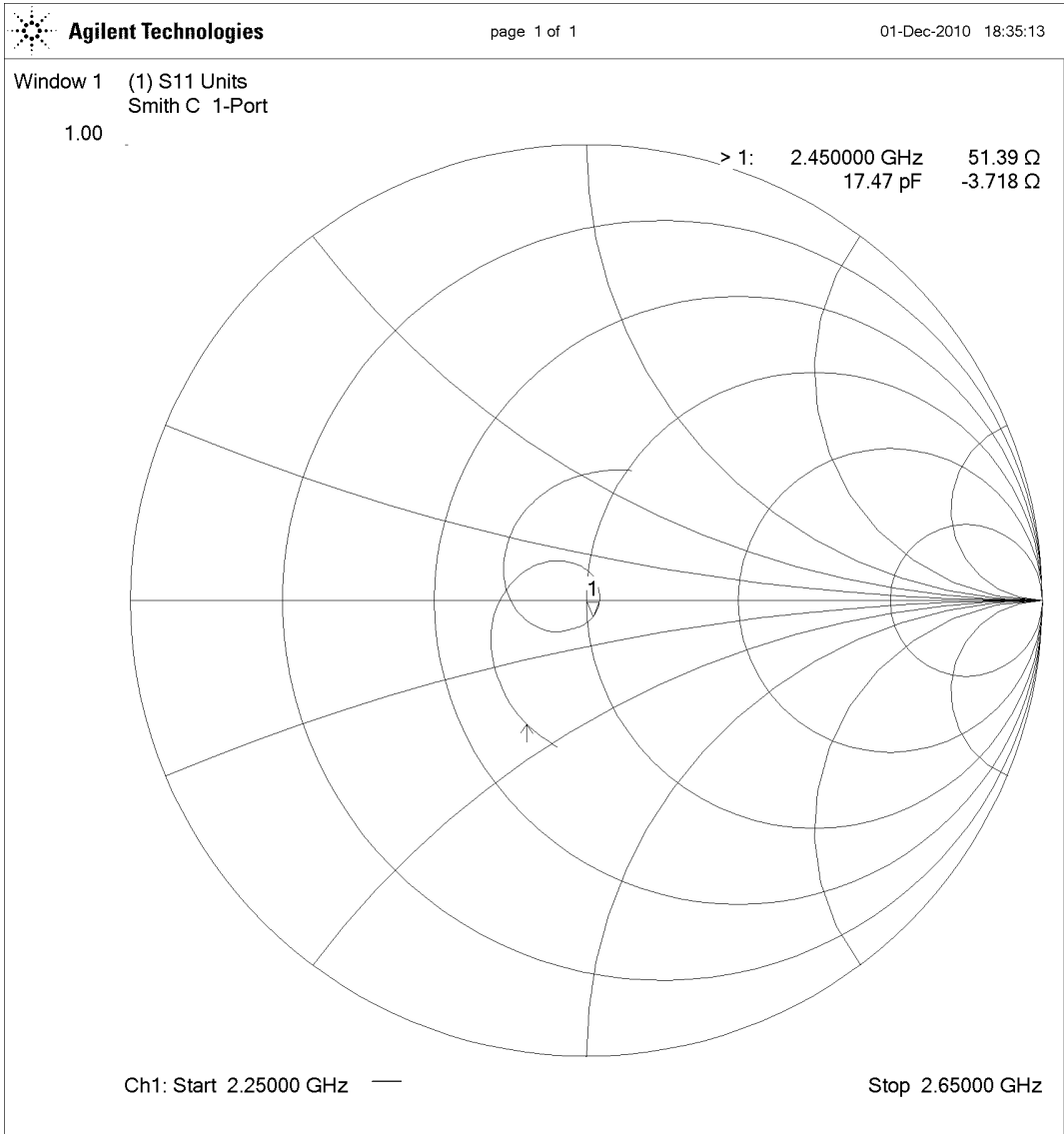
| Trace Attributes | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----|-------|---------|------------|--------|---------|--------|----------|----------------------------------|
| Window | ID | Trace | Channel | Correction | Smooth | Options | Marker | Position | Response |
| 1 | 1 | S11 | 1 | C 1-Port | | | 1 | 2450 MHz | (46.583 Ω, -3.1446 Ω) 20.658 pF |





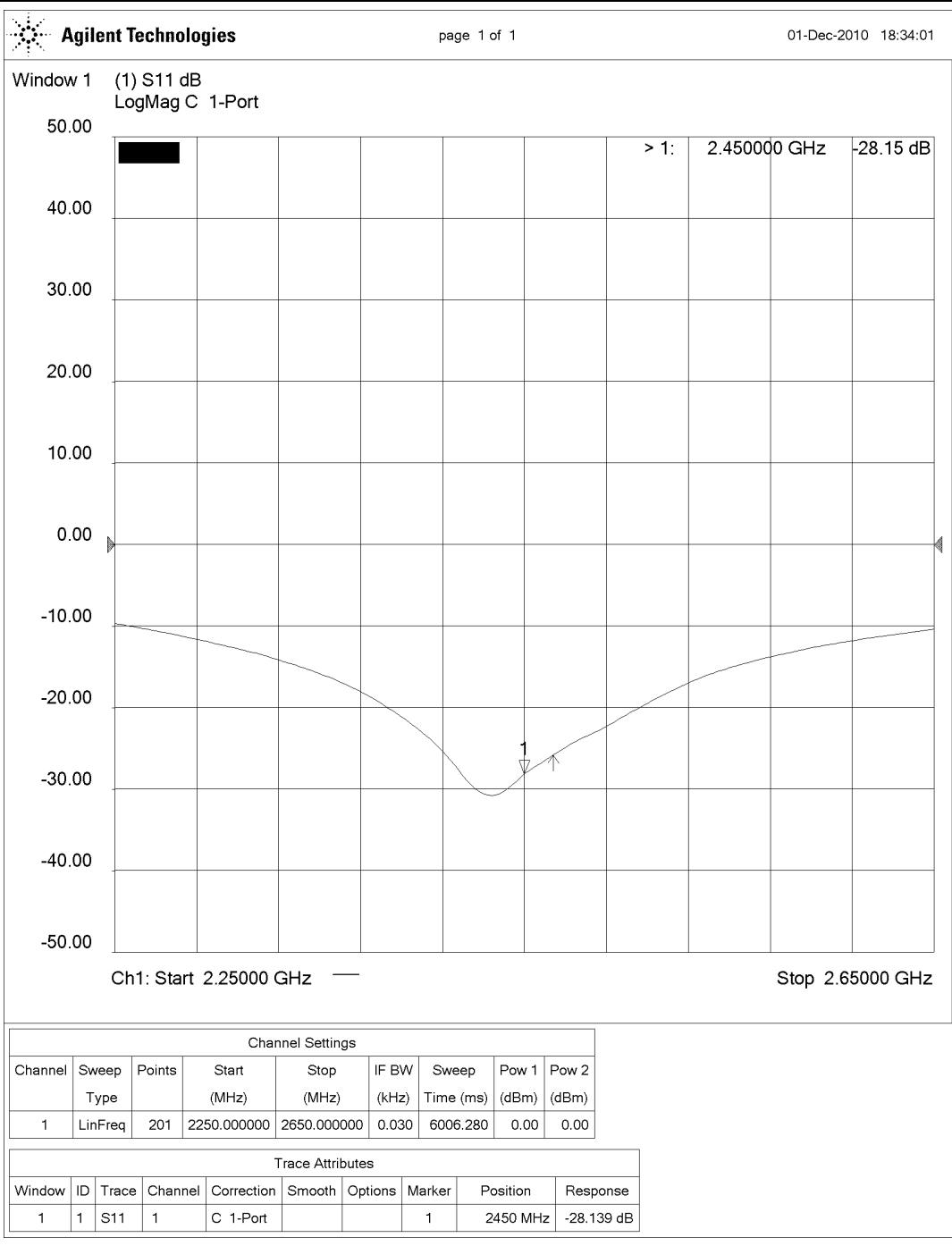
Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Impedance, Transformed to Feed Point | 51.39Ω - 3.72jΩ (50±5Ω) |
| Return Loss | -28.15 dB (<= -20 dB) |



| Channel Settings | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Channel | Sweep Type | Points | Start (MHz) | Stop (MHz) | IF BW (kHz) | Sweep Time (ms) | Pow 1 (dBm) | Pow 2 (dBm) | |
| 1 | LinFreq | 201 | 2250.000000 | 2650.000000 | 0.030 | 6006.280 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |

| Trace Attributes | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----|-------|---------|------------|--------|---------|--------|----------|----------------------------------|
| Window | ID | Trace | Channel | Correction | Smooth | Options | Marker | Position | Response |
| 1 | 1 | S11 | 1 | C 1-Port | | | 1 | 2450 MHz | (51.398 Ω, -3.7150 Ω) 17.486 pF |





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Auden

Certificate No: DAE4-913_Nov10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BK - SN: 913
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date: November 18, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Includes entries for Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 and Calibrator Box V1.1.

Calibrated by: Name Andrea Guntli, Function Technician, Signature [Handwritten]

Approved by: Name Fin Bornholt, R&D Director, Signature [Handwritten]

Issued: November 18, 2010

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DAS Y system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DAS Y system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range | 404.184 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.584 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 405.128 \pm 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.97436 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 4.02029 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 4.02107 \pm 0.7% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 169.5 \pm 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|--------------------------|

Appendix
1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000.1 | -3.16 | -0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20002.82 | 2.62 | 0.01 |
| Channel X - Input | -19998.55 | 0.95 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000.3 | -1.86 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 20001.18 | 0.98 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y - Input | -20000.28 | -0.88 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000.3 | -1.18 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000.48 | 0.48 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z - Input | -20002.84 | -2.54 | 0.01 |

| Low Range | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2001.3 | 1.27 | 0.06 |
| Channel X + Input | 199.36 | -0.74 | -0.37 |
| Channel X - Input | -199.73 | 0.37 | -0.19 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000.0 | -0.00 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 199.49 | -0.41 | -0.20 |
| Channel Y - Input | -201.67 | -1.87 | 0.94 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000.4 | 0.36 | 0.02 |
| Channel Z + Input | 199.35 | -0.65 | -0.32 |
| Channel Z - Input | -202.38 | -2.48 | 1.24 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DAS Y measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200 | -13.95 | -16.22 |
| | -200 | 17.51 | 15.74 |
| Channel Y | 200 | -7.99 | -7.96 |
| | -200 | 6.46 | 6.09 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 7.83 | 7.59 |
| | -200 | -10.45 | -10.43 |

3. Channel separation

DAS Y measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 4.34 | 0.24 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 1.83 | - | 4.52 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 2.62 | -0.19 | - |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15736 | 15737 |
| Channel Y | 15978 | 14708 |
| Channel Z | 16017 | 14960 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

| | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (μV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Channel X | 0.11 | -1.34 | 2.10 | 0.67 |
| Channel Y | -0.60 | -2.27 | 0.97 | 0.74 |
| Channel Z | -0.85 | -2.98 | 0.71 | 0.64 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

| | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: ET3DV6 - SN:1788
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date: September 21, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Lists equipment like Power meter E4419B, Reference 3 dB Attenuator, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Lists RF generator HP 8648C, Network Analyzer HP 8753E.

Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati, Laboratory Technician
Approved by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager

Issued: September 22, 2010

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

Table with 2 columns: Term and Definition. Terms include TSL, NORMx,y,z, ConvF, DCP, CF, A, B, C, Polarization phi, Polarization theta.

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization theta = 0 (f <= 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DAS Y4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f <= 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DAS Y4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DAS Y version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from +/- 50 MHz to +/- 100 MHz.
Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.



ET3DV6 SN:1788

September 21, 2010

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1788

| | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured: | May 28, 2003 |
| Last calibrated: | September 23, 2009 |
| Recalibrated: | September 21, 2010 |

Calibrated for DASYS/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A | 1.76 | 1.69 | 1.76 | $\pm 10.1\%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 91.6 | 91.0 | 95.1 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR | | A dB | B dBuV | C | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|---|---------|-----------|------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10000 | CW | 0.00 | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 300.0 | $\pm 1.5\%$ |
| | | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 300.0 | |
| | | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 300.0 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL, (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.90 ± 5% | 6.23 | 6.23 | 6.23 | 0.41 | 2.32 ± 11.0% |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 6.11 | 6.11 | 6.11 | 0.29 | 2.85 ± 11.0% |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 5.29 | 5.29 | 5.29 | 0.51 | 2.51 ± 11.0% |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 5.03 | 5.03 | 5.03 | 0.66 | 2.25 ± 11.0% |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 4.35 | 4.35 | 4.35 | 0.99 | 1.69 ± 11.0% |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 55.2 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 5.99 | 5.99 | 5.99 | 0.35 | 2.62 ± 11.0% |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 6.07 | 6.07 | 6.07 | 0.32 | 2.87 ± 11.0% |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 0.61 | 3.09 ± 11.0% |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 4.39 | 4.39 | 4.39 | 0.83 | 2.56 ± 11.0% |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 0.99 | 1.40 ± 11.0% |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

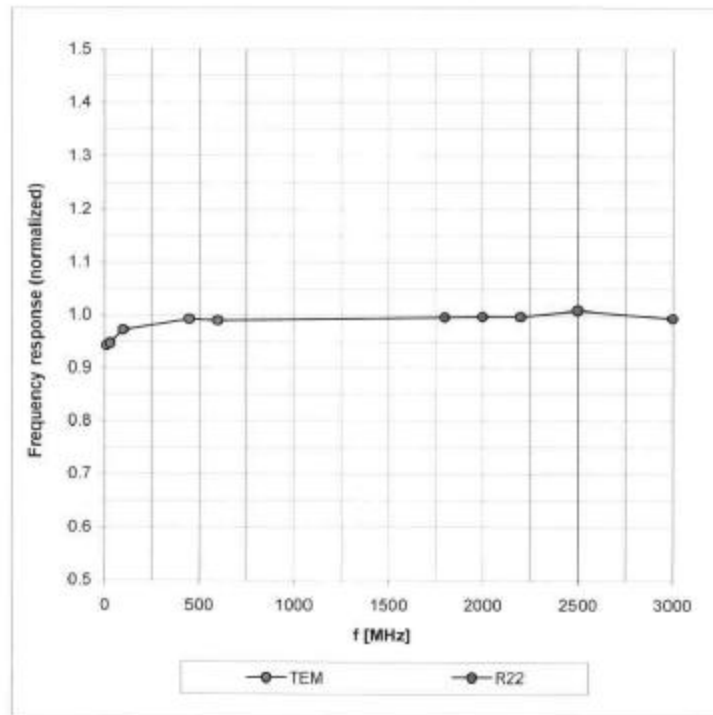


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Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



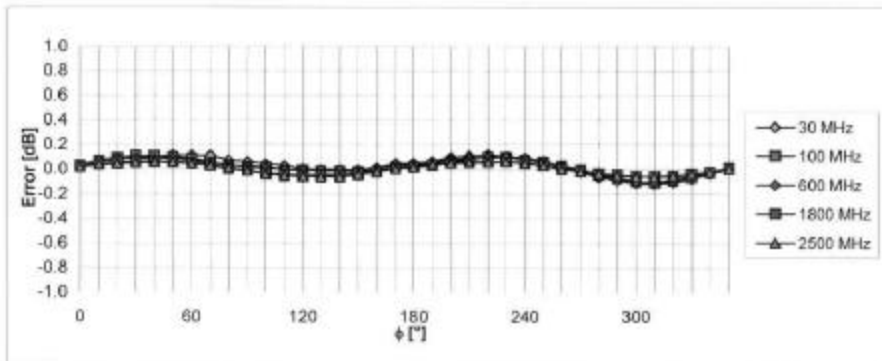
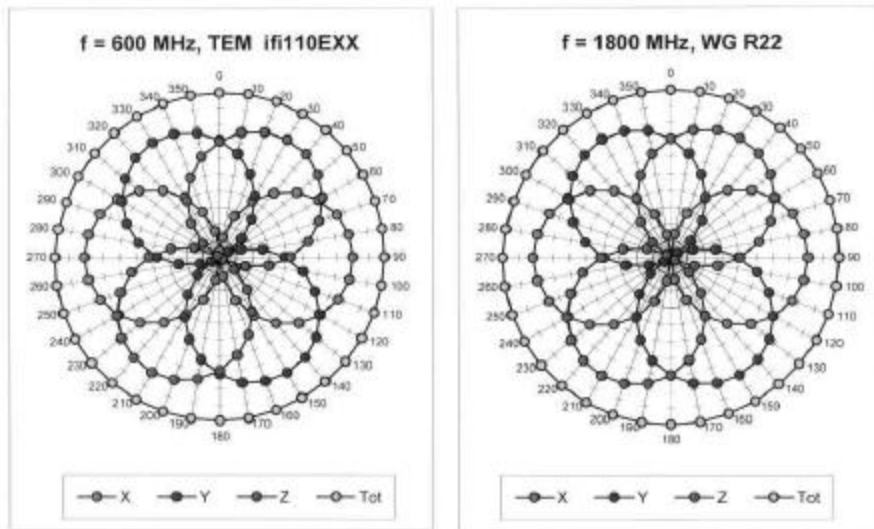
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)



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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



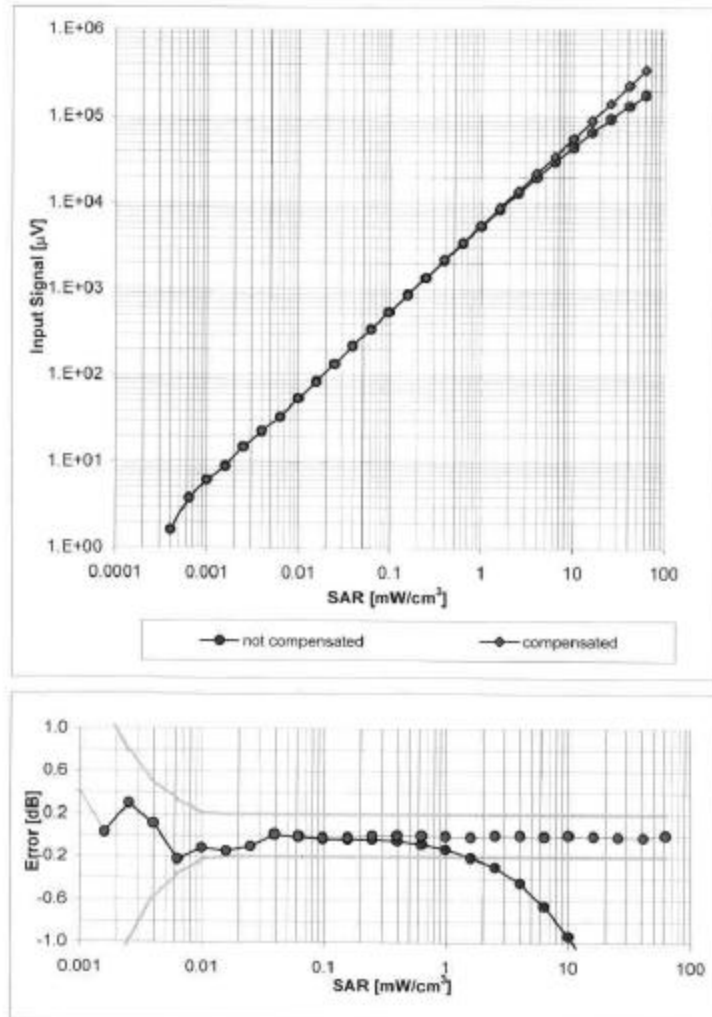
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)



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Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)

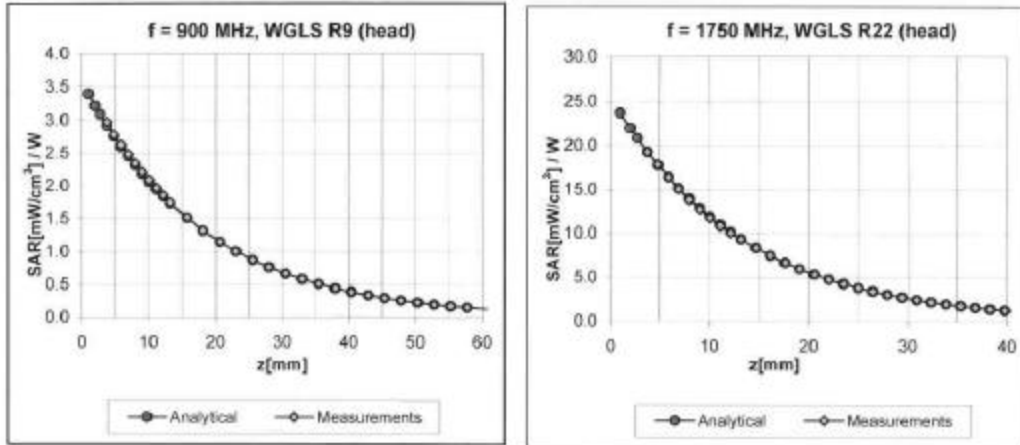


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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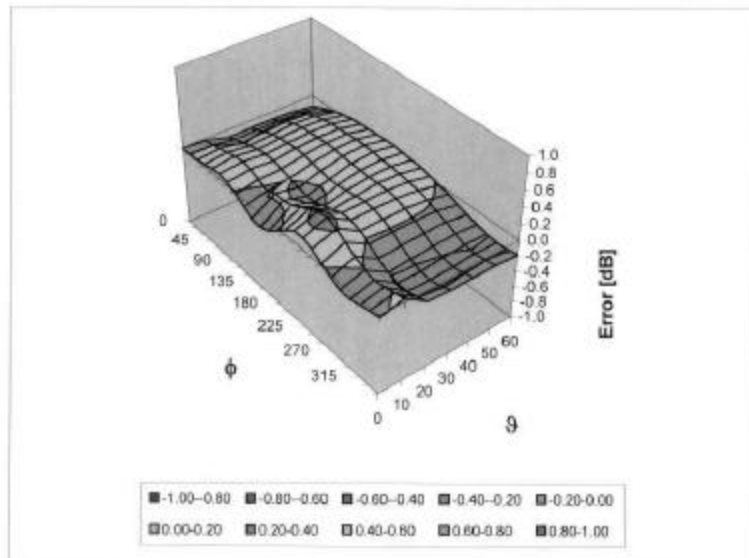
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)



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Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | Not applicable |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 6.8 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2.7 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2.7 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2.7 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 4 mm |