

### C.4.2. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX90L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



**Picture C.5 DASY 5**

### C.4.3. Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



**Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5**

#### **C.4.4. Device Holder for Phantom**

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$  would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

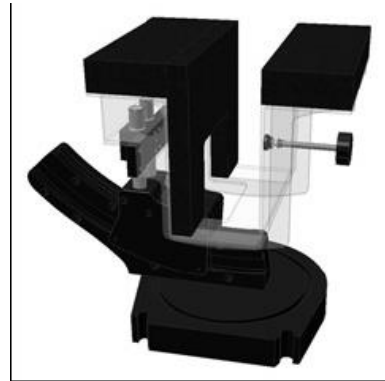
<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with

the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



**Picture C.7: Device Holder**



**Picture C.8: Laptop Extension Kit**

### C.4.5. Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to represent the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness:  $2 \pm 0.2$  mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special

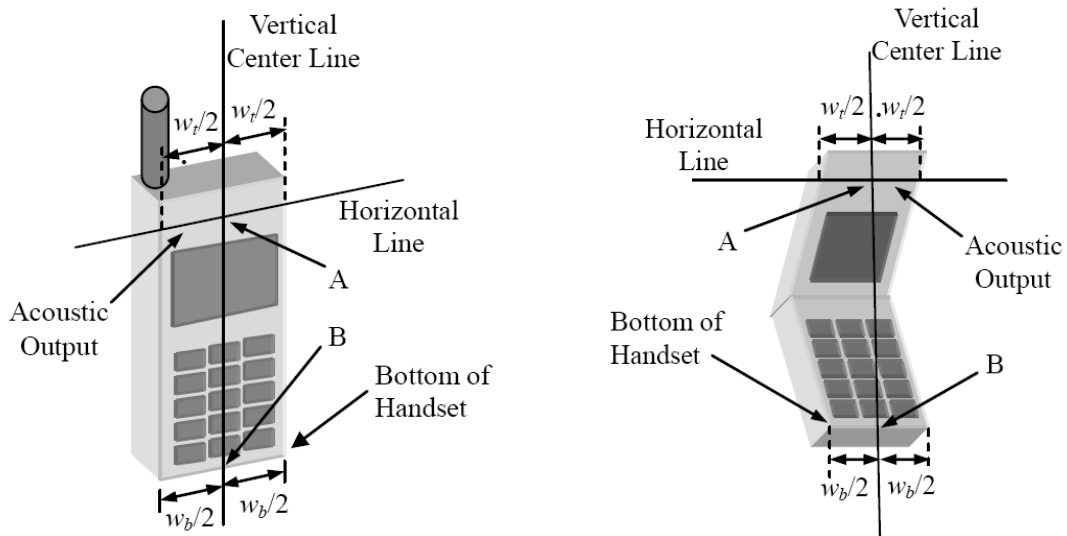


**Picture C.9: SAM Twin Phantom**

## ANNEX D. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

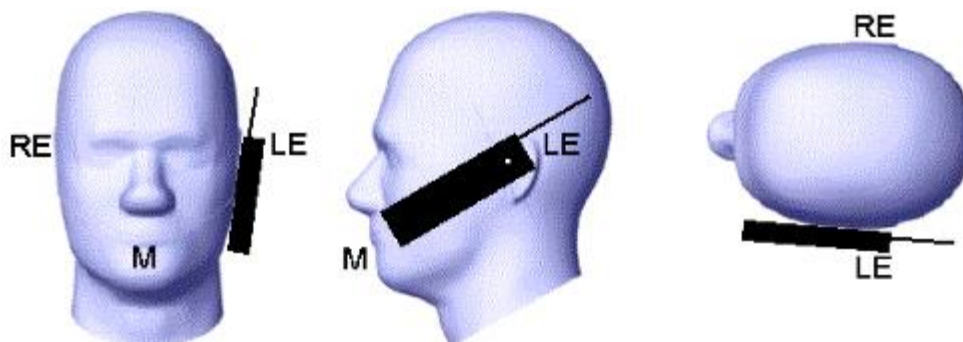
### D.1. General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.

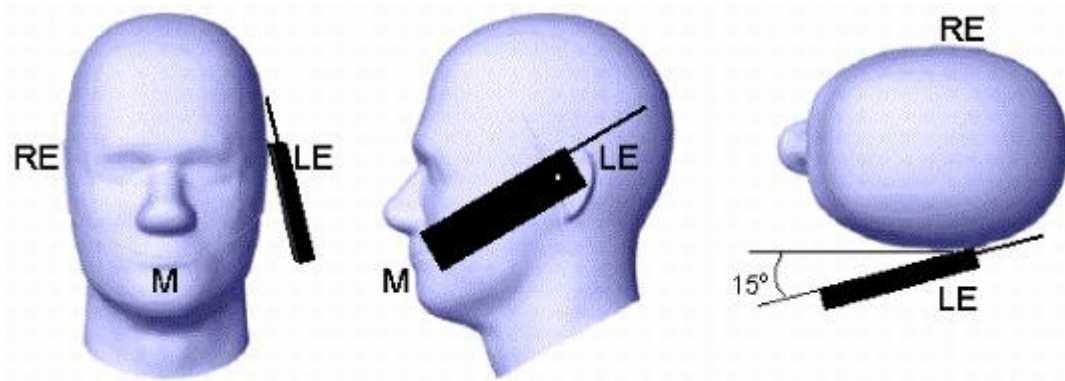


- $w_t$  Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- $w_b$  Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical “fixed” case handset      Picture D.1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



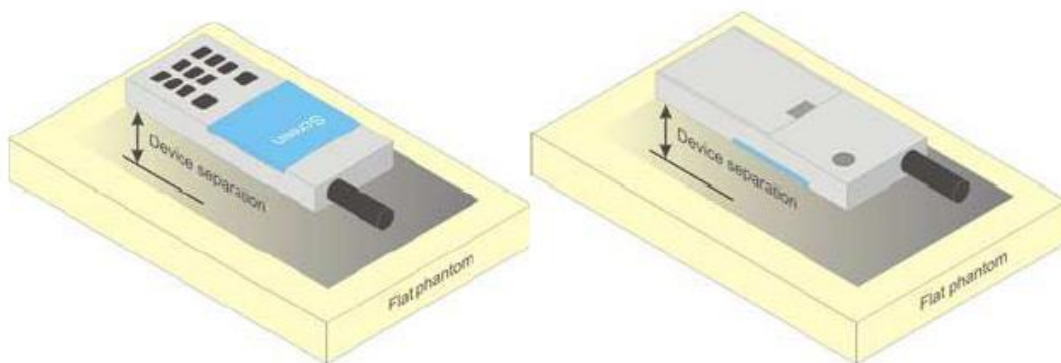
Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



**Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM**

### D.2. Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.

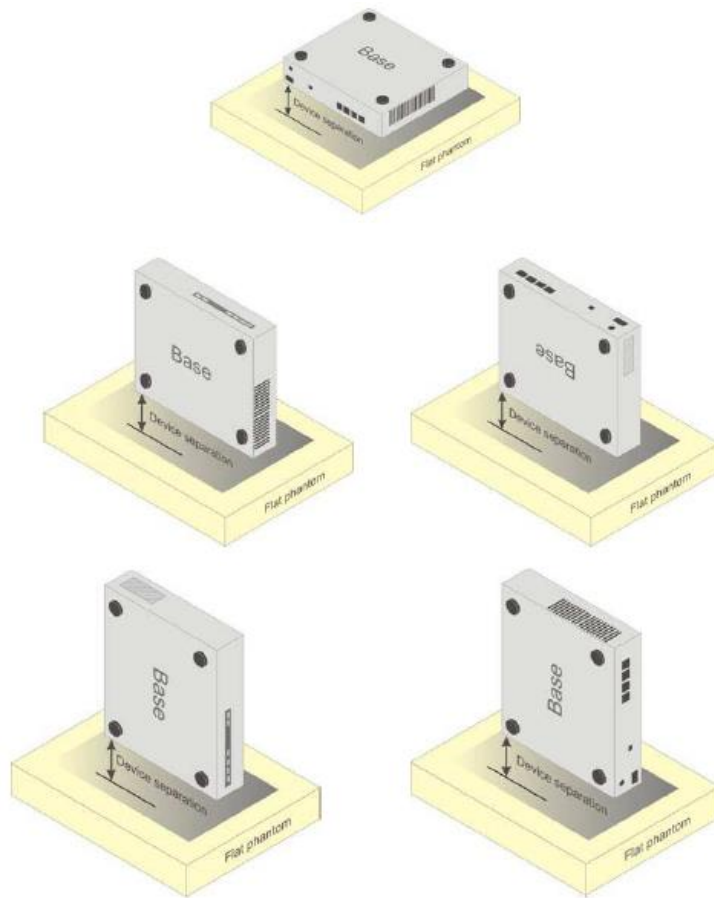


**Picture D.4 Test positions for body-worn devices**

### D.3. Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.



**Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices**

**D.4. DUT Setup Photos**



**Picture D.6 DSY5 system Set-up**

**Note:**

The photos of test sample and test positions show in additional document.



**ANNEX E. Equivalent Media Recipes**

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

**Table E.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter**

| Frequency (MHz)                          | 835<br>Head                      | 835<br>Body                      | 1900<br>Head                     | 1900<br>Body                     | 2450<br>Head                     | 2450<br>Body                     |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ingredients (% by weight)                |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |
| Water                                    | 41.45                            | 52.5                             | 55.242                           | 69.91                            | 58.79                            | 72.60                            |
| Sugar                                    | 56.0                             | 45.0                             | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                |
| Salt                                     | 1.45                             | 1.4                              | 0.306                            | 0.13                             | 0.06                             | 0.18                             |
| Preventol                                | 0.1                              | 0.1                              | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                |
| Cellulose                                | 1.0                              | 1.0                              | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                |
| Glycol Monobutyl                         | \                                | \                                | 44.452                           | 29.96                            | 41.15                            | 27.22                            |
| Dielectric<br>Parameters<br>Target Value | $\epsilon=41.5$<br>$\sigma=0.90$ | $\epsilon=55.2$<br>$\sigma=0.97$ | $\epsilon=40.0$<br>$\sigma=1.40$ | $\epsilon=53.3$<br>$\sigma=1.52$ | $\epsilon=39.2$<br>$\sigma=1.80$ | $\epsilon=52.7$<br>$\sigma=1.95$ |

**ANNEX F. System Validation**

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

**Table F.1: System Validation Part 1**

| System No. | Probe SN. | Liquid name  | Validation date | Frequency point | Permittivity $\epsilon$ | Conductivity $\sigma$ (S/m) |
|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1          | 3754      | Head 835MHz  | Aug7,2017       | 835MHz          | 41.040                  | 0.917                       |
| 2          | 3754      | Head 1900MHz | Aug22,2017      | 1900MHz         | 39.641                  | 1.385                       |
| 3          | 3754      | Head 2450MHz | Aug8,2017       | 2450MHz         | 40.874                  | 1.821                       |
| 4          | 3754      | Head 2600MHz | Aug23,2017      | 2600MHz         | 38.943                  | 1.951                       |
| 5          | 3754      | Body 835MHz  | Aug7,2017       | 835MHz          | 57.108                  | 1.001                       |
| 6          | 3754      | Body 1900MHz | Aug22,2017      | 1900MHz         | 53.237                  | 1.524                       |
| 7          | 3754      | Body 2450MHz | Aug8,2017       | 2450MHz         | 53.946                  | 1.918                       |
| 8          | 3754      | Body 2600MHz | Aug23,2017      | 2600MHz         | 52.686                  | 2.136                       |

**Table F.2: System Validation Part 2**

|                |                 |      |      |
|----------------|-----------------|------|------|
| CW Validation  | Sensitivity     | PASS | PASS |
|                | Probe linearity | PASS | PASS |
|                | Probe Isotropy  | PASS | PASS |
| Mod Validation | MOD.type        | GMSK | GMSK |
|                | MOD.type        | OFDM | OFDM |
|                | Duty factor     | PASS | PASS |
|                | PAR             | PASS | PASS |

## ANNEX G. Probe and DAE Calibration Certificate

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**s p e a g**

1244

### IMPORTANT NOTICE

#### USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

#### Important Note:

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**

#### Important Note:

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN\_BR040315AD DAE4.doc

11.12.2009

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **TMC - SH (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1244\_Dec16**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1244**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v29  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**



Calibration date: **December 12, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards             | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278        | 09-Sep-16 (No:19065)       | Sep-17                 |
| Secondary Standards           | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
| Auto DAE Calibration Unit     | SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | 05-Jan-16 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-17 |
| Calibrator Box V2.1           | SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | 05-Jan-16 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-17 |

|                | Name              | Function                 | Signature   |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Calibrated by: | Dominique Steffen | Technician               |   |
| Approved by:   | Fin Bomholt       | Deputy Technical Manager |  |

Issued: December 13, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

## Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASYS system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASYS system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - **Input resistance:** Typical value for information; DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                         | Y                         | Z                         |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| High Range          | 403.872 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) | 403.613 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) | 404.527 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.95409 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) | 3.97148 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) | 3.98215 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) |

### Connector Angle

|   |                         |
|---|-------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 22.0 $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|-------------------------|

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range        | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 199995.09                 | -0.83                        | -0.00     |
| Channel X + Input | 20004.47                  | 2.58                         | 0.01      |
| Channel X - Input | -19997.82                 | 2.60                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Y + Input | 199993.65                 | -2.29                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Y + Input | 20001.27                  | -0.51                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Y - Input | -19997.58                 | 2.97                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Z + Input | 199992.15                 | -3.40                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Z + Input | 19999.95                  | -1.78                        | -0.01     |
| Channel Z - Input | -20002.51                 | -1.92                        | 0.01      |

| Low Range         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2002.00                   | 0.39                         | 0.02      |
| Channel X + Input | 202.04                    | 0.13                         | 0.07      |
| Channel X - Input | -197.82                   | 0.13                         | -0.06     |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000.90                   | -0.59                        | -0.03     |
| Channel Y + Input | 202.65                    | 0.73                         | 0.36      |
| Channel Y - Input | -197.74                   | 0.13                         | -0.06     |
| Channel Z + Input | 2001.79                   | 0.42                         | 0.02      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200.75                    | -1.05                        | -0.52     |
| Channel Z - Input | -199.15                   | -1.06                        | 0.53      |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | -3.59  | -5.16                                       |
|           | -200                           | 6.94   | 5.14  |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -3.41  | -3.57                                       |
|           | -200                           | 2.60   | 2.96  |
| Channel Z | 200                            | -8.21  | -8.18                                       |
|           | -200                           | 5.71   | 5.56  |

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 1.06                        | -4.10                       |
| Channel Y | 200                | 7.19                        | -                           | 1.88                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | 9.77                        | 4.29                        | -                           |

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 16885            | 16322           |
| Channel Y | 16457            | 16417           |
| Channel Z | 15874            | 17196           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

|           | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (μV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Channel X | -0.50        | -1.93            | 1.16             | 0.62                |
| Channel Y | 0.32         | -1.78            | 2.06             | 0.72                |
| Channel Z | -2.19        | -4.30            | -0.47            | 0.66                |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

|           | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Y | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Z | 200            | 200              |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01             | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |





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Client **ECIT**

Certificate No: Z17-97010

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3754

Calibration Procedure(s): FD-Z11-004-01  
 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

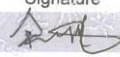
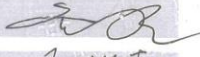

Calibration date: January 13, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919      | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547      | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101548      | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Reference10dBAttenuator | 18N50W-10dB | 13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)             | Mar-18                |
| Reference20dBAttenuator | 18N50W-20dB | 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)            | Mar-18                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7433     | 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16)       | Sep-17                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1331     | 21-Jan-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Jan16)     | Jan -17               |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGeneratorMG3700A  | 6201052605  | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)           | Jun-17                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673  | 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)           | Jan -17               |

|                | Name        | Function                          | Signature  |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Calibrated by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer                 |  |
| Reviewed by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader                |  |
| Approved by:   | Lu Bingsong | Deputy Director of the laboratory |  |

Issued: January 14, 2017

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## Glossary:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| TSL                   | tissue simulating liquid  |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> | sensitivity in free space   |
| ConvF                 | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>  |
| DCP                   | diode compression point   |
| CF                    | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal  |
| A,B,C,D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters   |
| Polarization $\Phi$   | $\Phi$ rotation around probe axis   |
| Polarization $\theta$ | $\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i<br>$\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis |

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).



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# Probe EX3DV4

## SN: 3754

Calibrated: January 13, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3754

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|  | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)    |
|--|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.48     | 0.41     | 0.59     | $\pm 10.8\%$ |
| DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 102.4    | 100.9    | 102.7    |              |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D dB | VR mV | Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|------|---------------------------|-----|------|-------|------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 1.0 | 0.00 | 198.9 | $\pm 2.0\%$            |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 1.0 |      | 175.6 |                        |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 1.0 |      | 221.1 |                        |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3754

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 9.41    | 9.41    | 9.41    | 0.30               | 0.70                    | ±12%        |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 9.10    | 9.10    | 9.10    | 0.13               | 1.52                    | ±12%        |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 8.08    | 8.08    | 8.08    | 0.17               | 1.23                    | ±12%        |
| 1900                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 7.85    | 7.85    | 7.85    | 0.24               | 1.05                    | ±12%        |
| 2100                 | 39.8                               | 1.49                            | 7.73    | 7.73    | 7.73    | 0.23               | 1.12                    | ±12%        |
| 2300                 | 39.5                               | 1.67                            | 7.58    | 7.58    | 7.58    | 0.56               | 0.72                    | ±12%        |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 7.26    | 7.26    | 7.26    | 0.55               | 0.73                    | ±12%        |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.05    | 7.05    | 7.05    | 0.60               | 0.70                    | ±12%        |
| 5250                 | 35.9                               | 4.71                            | 5.20    | 5.20    | 5.20    | 0.45               | 1.30                    | ±13%        |
| 5600                 | 35.5                               | 5.07                            | 4.62    | 4.62    | 4.62    | 0.45               | 1.35                    | ±13%        |
| 5750                 | 35.4                               | 5.22                            | 4.73    | 4.73    | 4.73    | 0.45               | 1.55                    | ±13%        |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3754

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 9.66    | 9.66    | 9.66    | 0.40               | 0.85                    | ±12%        |
| 900                  | 55.0                               | 1.05                            | 9.31    | 9.31    | 9.31    | 0.23               | 1.17                    | ±12%        |
| 1750                 | 53.4                               | 1.49                            | 7.80    | 7.80    | 7.80    | 0.22               | 1.14                    | ±12%        |
| 1900                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 7.60    | 7.60    | 7.60    | 0.20               | 1.22                    | ±12%        |
| 2100                 | 53.2                               | 1.62                            | 7.96    | 7.96    | 7.96    | 0.23               | 1.24                    | ±12%        |
| 2300                 | 52.9                               | 1.81                            | 7.43    | 7.43    | 7.43    | 0.41               | 1.01                    | ±12%        |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 7.22    | 7.22    | 7.22    | 0.40               | 1.04                    | ±12%        |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 7.15    | 7.15    | 7.15    | 0.45               | 0.92                    | ±12%        |
| 5250                 | 48.9                               | 5.36                            | 4.79    | 4.79    | 4.79    | 0.50               | 1.55                    | ±13%        |
| 5600                 | 48.5                               | 5.77                            | 4.09    | 4.09    | 4.09    | 0.55               | 1.50                    | ±13%        |
| 5750                 | 48.3                               | 5.94                            | 4.55    | 4.55    | 4.55    | 0.58               | 1.70                    | ±13%        |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

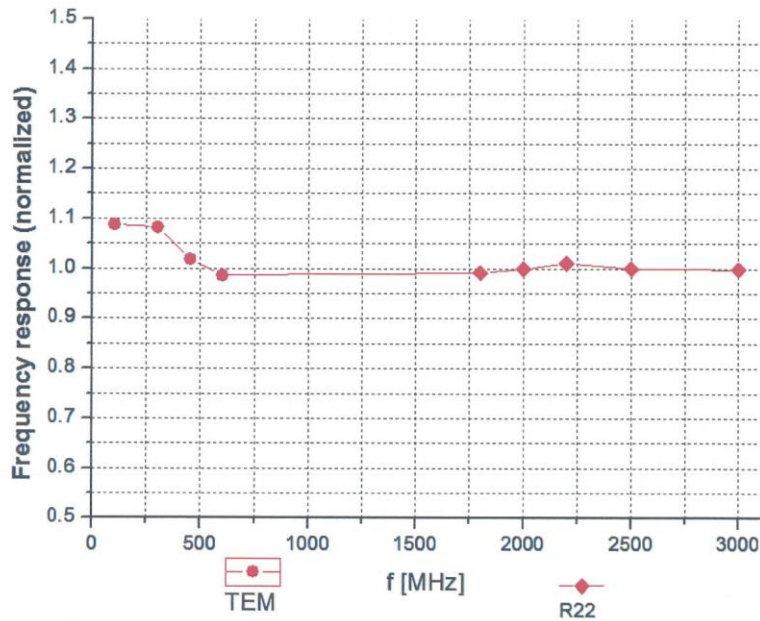
<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.5\%$  (k=2)

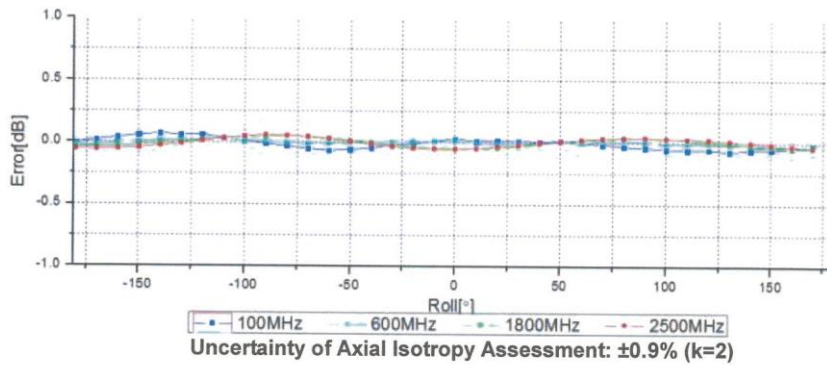
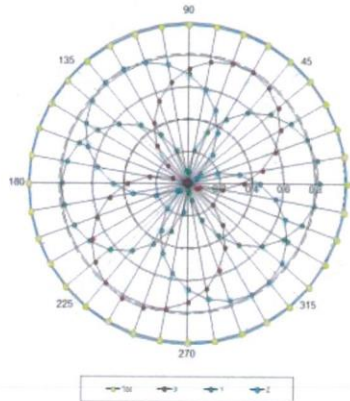
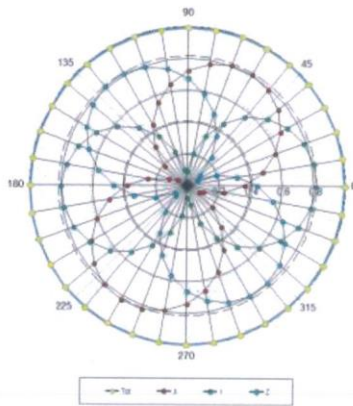


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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

**f=600 MHz, TEM**

**f=1800 MHz, R22**

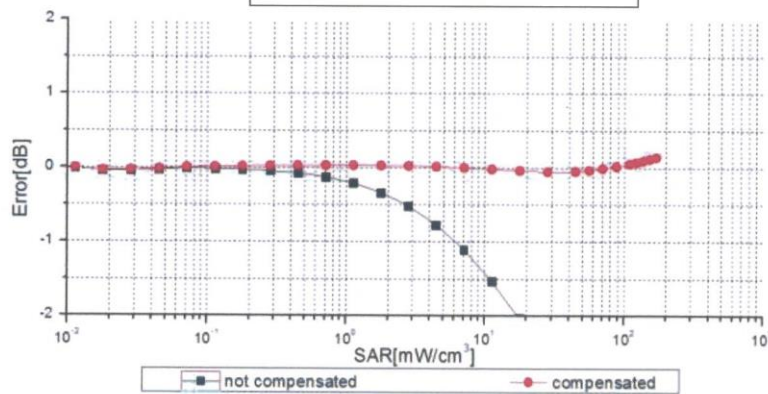
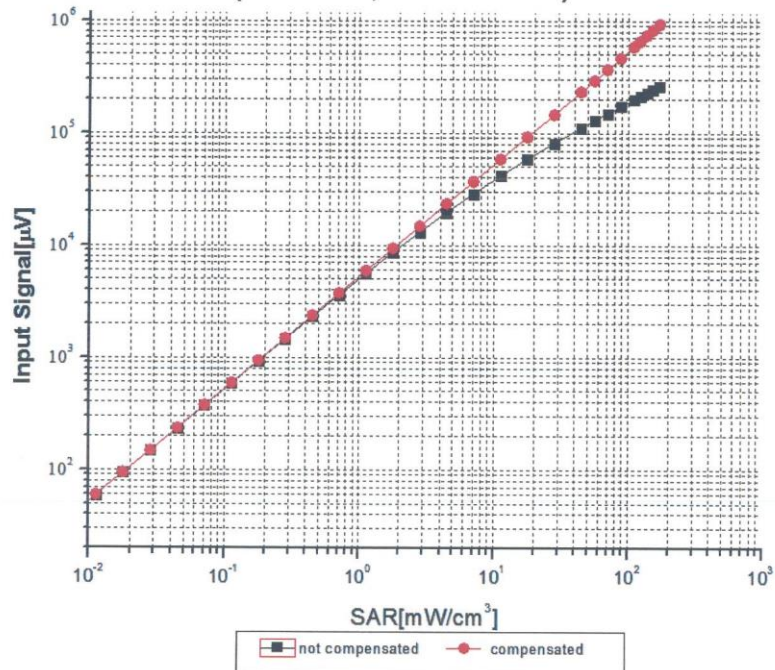






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## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

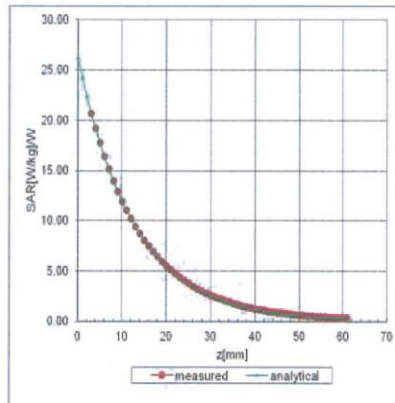
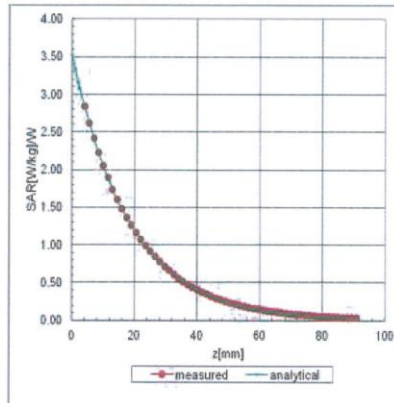


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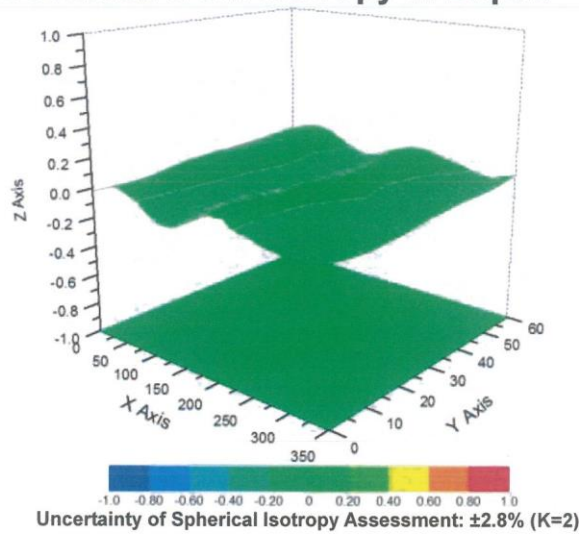
## Conversion Factor Assessment

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid





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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3754

### Other Probe Parameters

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | 47.9       |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disable    |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337mm      |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10mm       |
| Tip Length                                    | 9mm        |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5mm      |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4mm      |



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Client **ECIT** Certificate No: **Z15-97165**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D835V2 - SN: 4d112**

Calibration Procedure(s): **FD-Z11-2-003-01**  
 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits



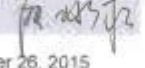
Calibration date: **October 22, 2015**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2            | 101919     | 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)           | Jun-16                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91        | 101547     | 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)           | Jun-16                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 | SN 3617    | 26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug15)       | Aug -16               |
|                             | SN 777     | 26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.DAE4-777_Aug15)       | Aug -16               |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C     | MY49071430 | 02-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00729)           | Feb-16                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C     | MY46110673 | 03-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00728)           | Feb-16                |

|                | Name        | Function                          | Signature   |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer                 |  |
| Reviewed by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader                |   |
| Approved by:   | Lu Bingsong | Deputy Director of the laboratory |  |

Issued: October 26, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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**Glossary:**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |             |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.8.8.1222 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                    | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz          |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 41.5         | 0.90 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 42.2 ± 6 %   | 0.91 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.31 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 9.22 mW / g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                            |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.51 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 6.03 mW / g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 55.1 ± 6 %   | 0.96 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.37 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 9.57 mW / g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                            |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.56 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 6.29 mW / g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |



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## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.1Ω- 4.20jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.3dB      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.2Ω- 4.79jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.9dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.502 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 10.22.2015

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d112**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.907 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/26/2015
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

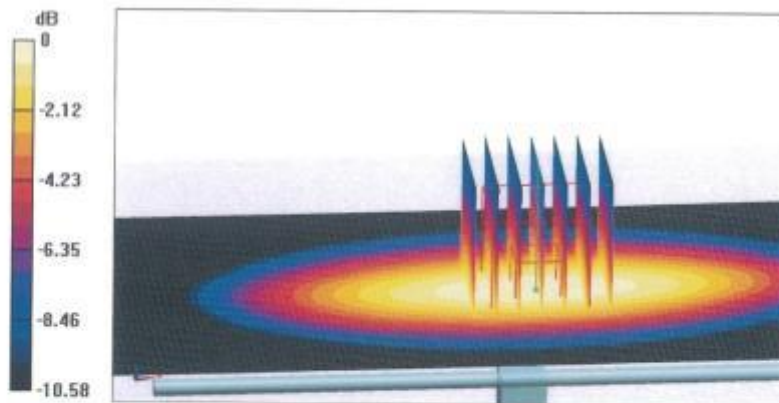
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 58.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 W/kg



0 dB = 2.93 W/kg = 4.67 dBW/kg

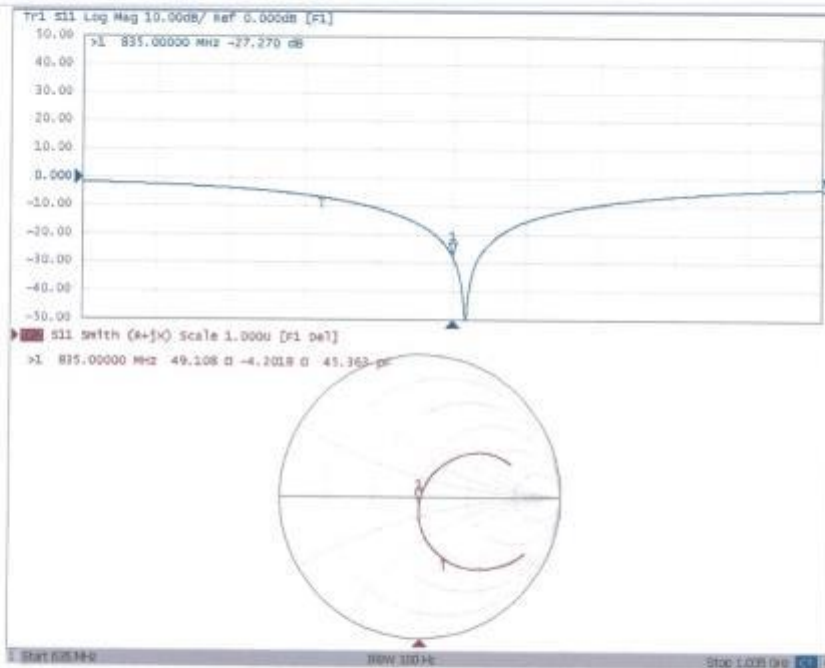




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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 10.22.2015

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d112**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.11$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.71,9.71, 9.71); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/26/2015
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

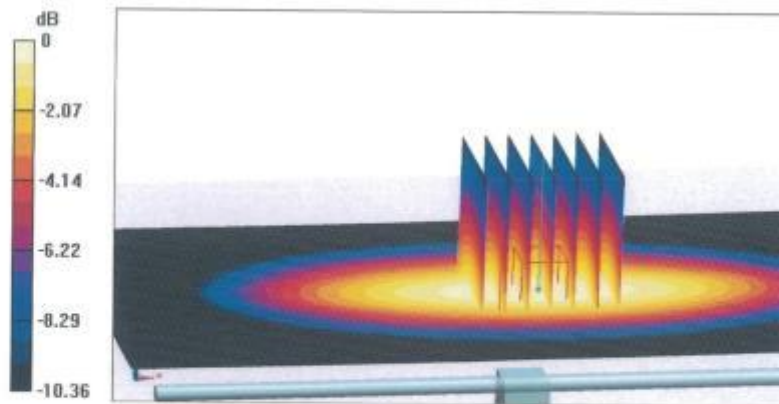
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.99 W/kg



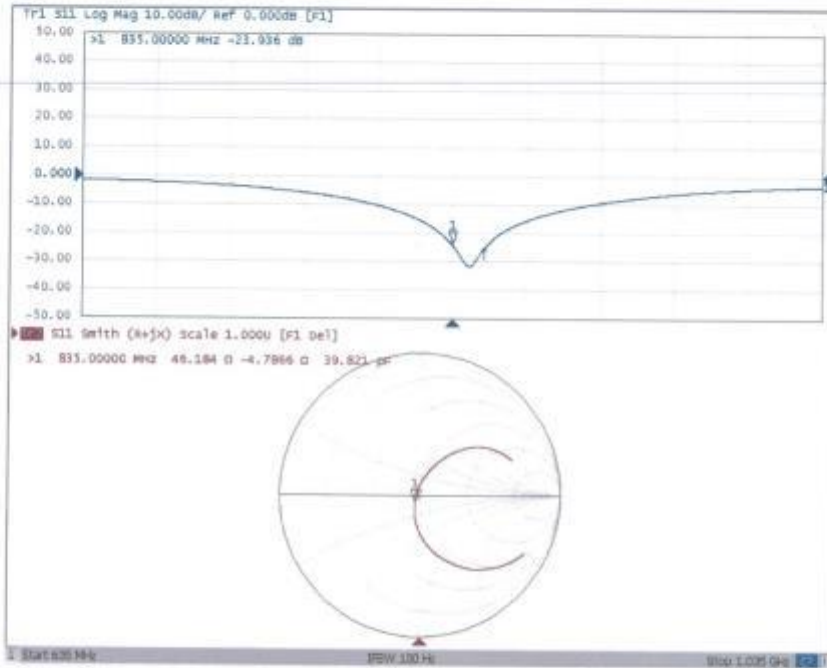
0 dB = 2.99 W/kg = 4.76 dBW/kg



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



**D835V2,Serial No.4d112 Extended Dipole Calibrations**

Per IEEE Std 1528-2013,the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

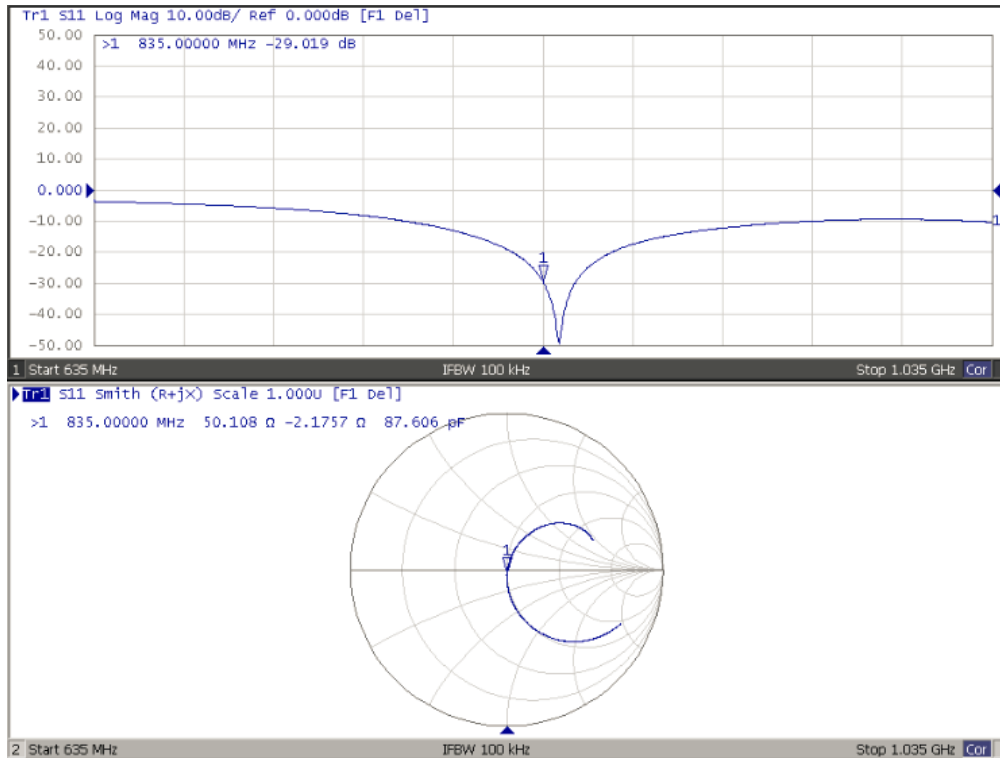
**Justification of the extended calibration**

| D835V2 Serial No.4d112 |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 835 Head               |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement    | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 10.22.2015             | -27.27           | --        | 49.108               | --          | -4.2018                   | --          |
| 10.21.2016             | -29.019          | 6.41      | 50.108               | 1           | -2.1757                   | 2.0261      |

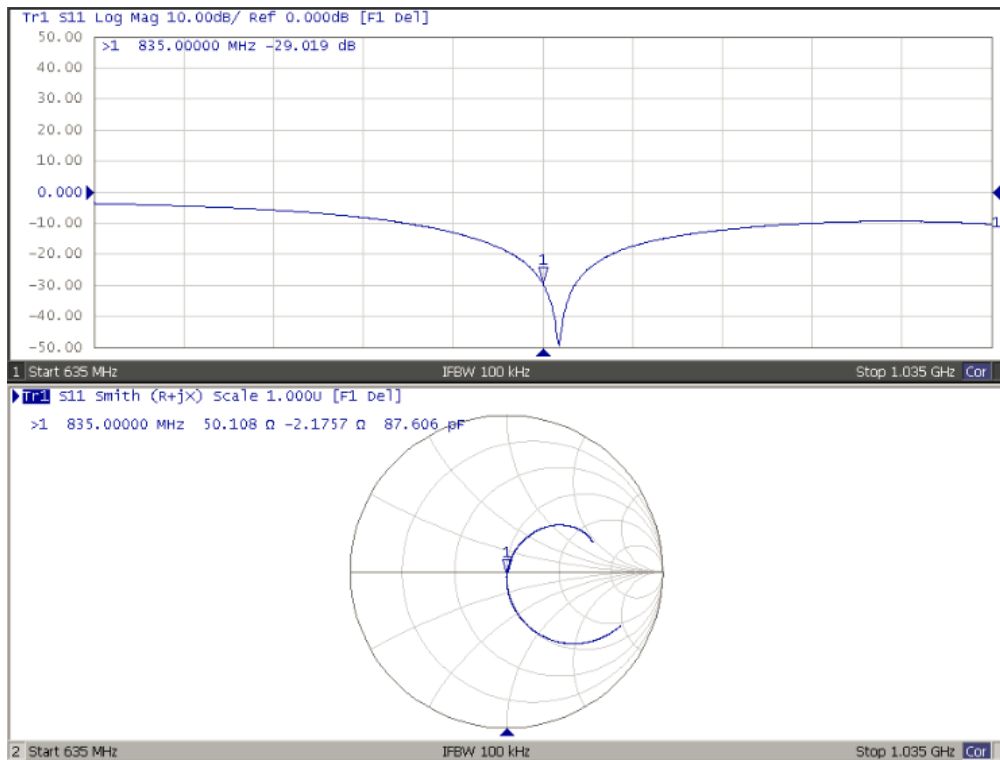
| D835V2 Serial No.4d112 |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 835 Body               |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement    | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 10.22.2015             | -23.036          | --        | 46.184               | --          | -4.7866                   | --          |
| 10.21.2016             | -23.131          | 0.56      | 47.003               | 0.819       | -2.9072                   | 1.8794      |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

## Dipole Verification Data D835V2 Serial No.4d112 835MHz-Head



## 835MHz - Body



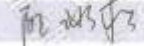




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Client **ECIT** Certificate No: **Z15-97168**

| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE  |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Object   | D1900V2 - SN: 5d134  |   |  |
| Calibration Procedure(s)   | FD-Z11-2-003-01<br>Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits |   |  |
| Calibration date:  | November 4, 2015   |   |  |
| <p>This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity&lt;70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p> |  |   |  |
| Primary Standards  | ID #   | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)      | Scheduled Calibration  |
| Power Meter NRP2   | 101919   | 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)                | Jun-16   |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91   | 101547   | 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)                | Jun-16   |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4   | SN 3617  | 26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug15)            | Aug -16  |
| DAE4   | SN 777   | 26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.DAE4-777_Aug15)            | Aug -16  |
| Secondary Standards  | ID #   | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)      | Scheduled Calibration  |
| Signal Generator E4438C  | MY49071430   | 02-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00729)                | Feb-16   |
| Network Analyzer E5071C  | MY46110673   | 03-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00728)                | Feb-16   |
| Calibrated by:   | Name<br>Zhao Jing  | Function<br>SAR Test Engineer                 | Signature<br> |
| Reviewed by:   | Name<br>Qi Dianyuan  | Function<br>SAR Project Leader                | Signature<br>  |
| Approved by:   | Name<br>Lu Bingsong  | Function<br>Deputy Director of the laboratory | Signature<br> |
| Issued: November 8, 2015   |  |   |  |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.  |  |   |  |



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**Glossary:**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |             |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.8.8.1222 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                    | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz         |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 40.0         | 1.40 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.6 ± 6 %   | 1.39 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         | ---          | ---              |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 10.1 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 40.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.22 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.1 ± 6 %   | 1.54 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         | ---          | ---              |

### SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 10.3 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 41.1 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.33 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.3 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |





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## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.8Ω+ 6.01jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.2dB      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.1Ω+ 5.41jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.0dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.305 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 11.04.2015

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d134**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.385$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.56$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.07, 8.07, 8.07); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/26/2015
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

#### System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

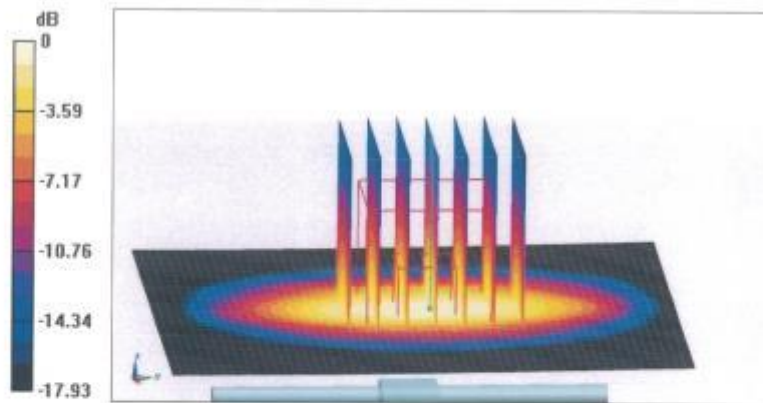
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg

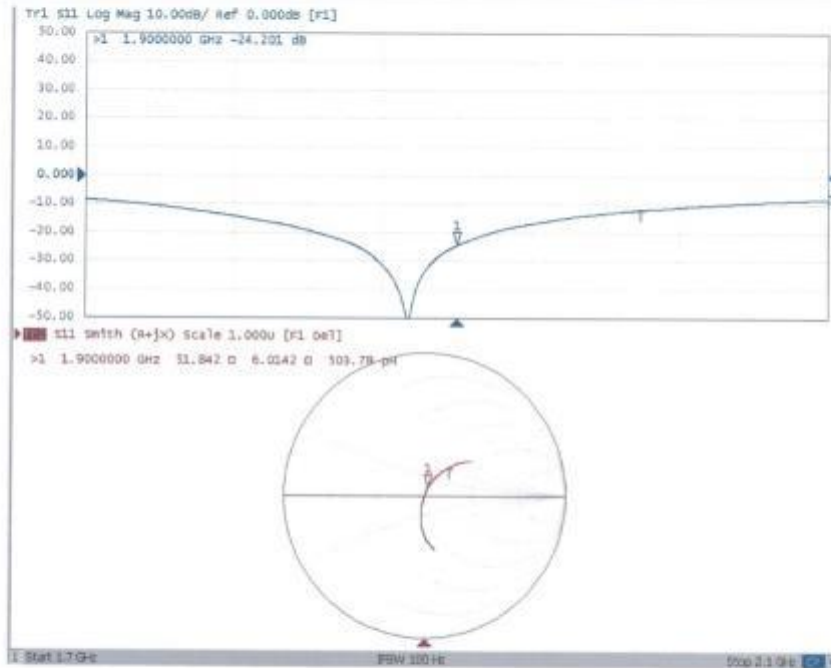


0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 11.04.2015

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d134**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.536$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/26/2015
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:**

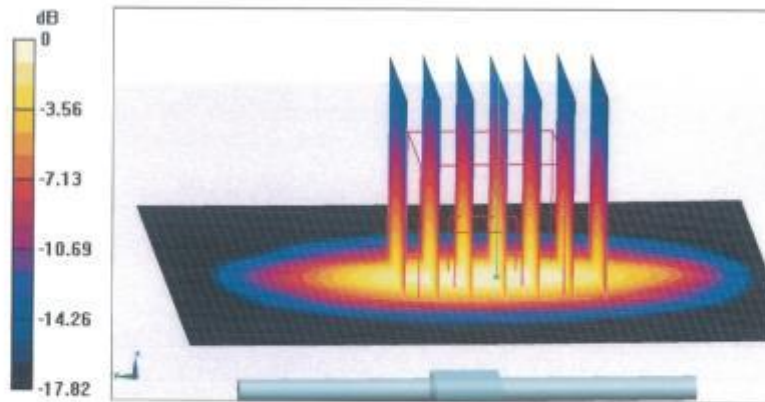
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg

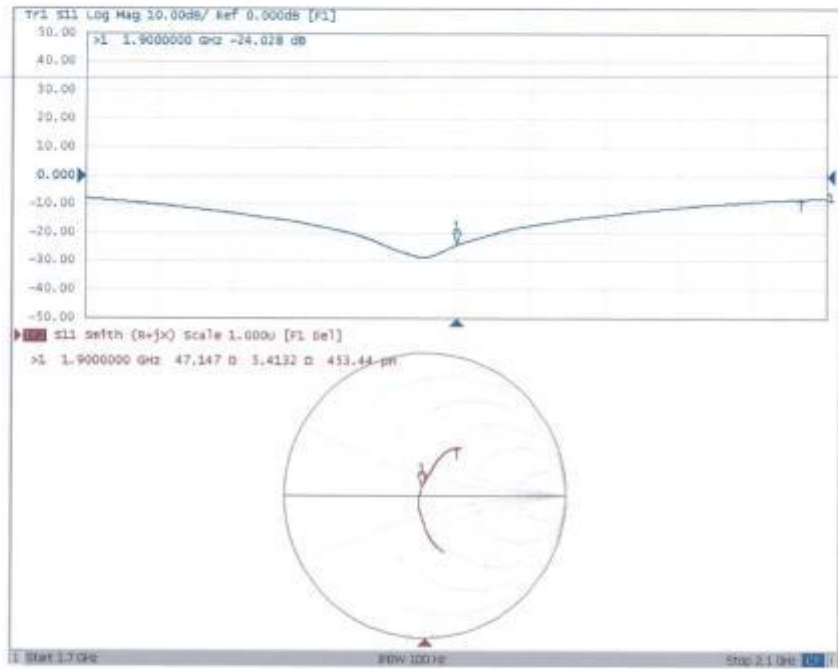


0 dB = 14.8 W/kg = 11.70 dBW/kg



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



**D1900V2,Serial No.5d134 Extended Dipole Calibrations**

Per IEEE Std 1528-2013,the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

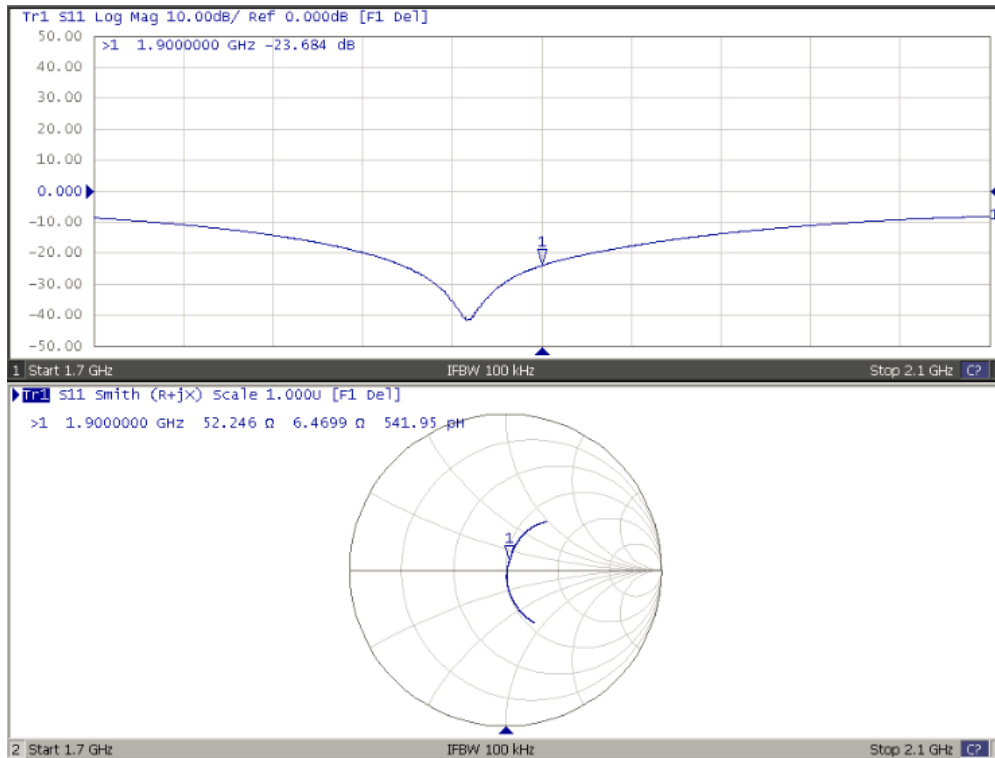
**Justification of the extended calibration**

| D1900V2 Serial No.5d134 |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 1900 Head               |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement     | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 11.04.2015              | -24.201          | --        | 51.842               | --          | 6.0142                    | --          |
| 11.03.2016              | -23.684          | 2.13      | 52.246               | 0.404       | 6.4699                    | 0.456       |

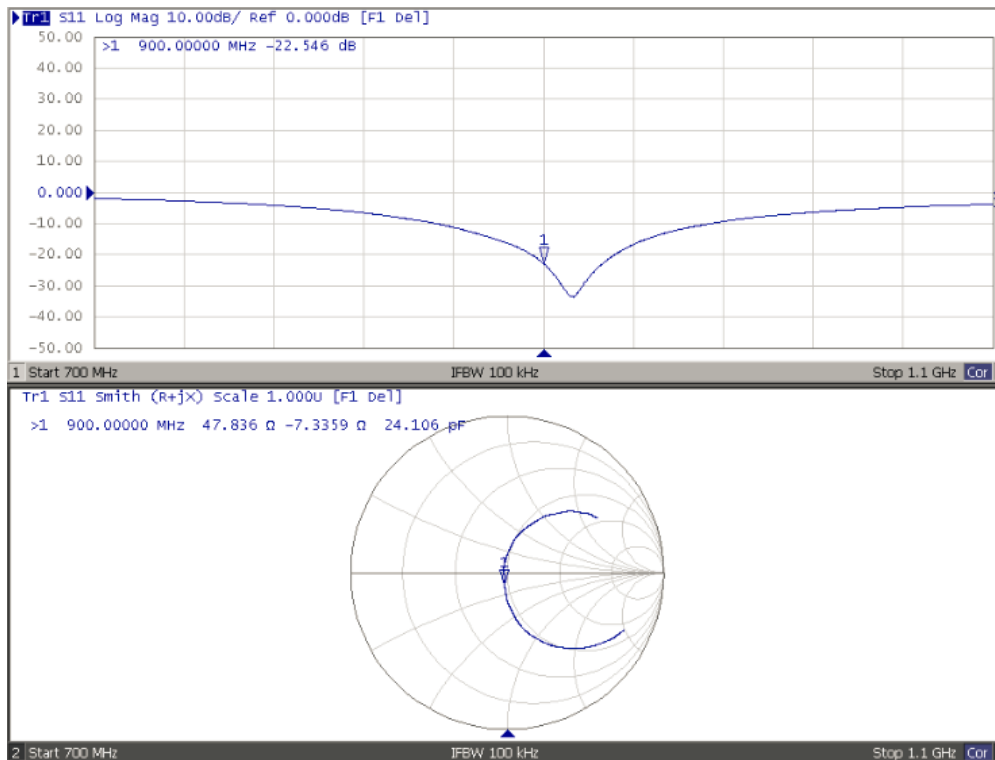
| D1900V2 Serial No.5d134 |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 1900 Body               |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement     | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 11.04.2015              | -24.028          | --        | 47.147               | --          | 5.4132                    | --          |
| 11.03.2016              | -23.250          | 3.24      | 48.572               | 1.425       | 6.1951                    | 0.782       |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

## Dipole Verification Data D1900V2 Serial No.5d134 1900MHz-Head



## 1900MHz - Body





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Client **ECIT** Certificate No: **Z15-97171**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 858**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FD-Z11-2-003-01  
 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**



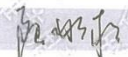
Calibration date: **October 30, 2015**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919     | 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)           | Jun-16                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547     | 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)           | Jun-16                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 3617    | 26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug15)       | Aug-16                |
| DAE4                    | SN 777     | 26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.DAE4-777_Aug15)       | Aug-16                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 02-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00729)           | Feb-16                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 03-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00728)           | Feb-16                |

|                | Name        | Function                          | Signature   |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer                 |  |
| Reviewed by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader                |  |
| Approved by:   | Lu Bingsong | Deputy Director of the laboratory |  |

Issued: November 6, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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**Glossary:**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |             |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.8.8.1222 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                    | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| Frequency                    | 2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz     |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 39.2           | 1.80 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.1 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.82 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 13.2 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>52.9 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 20.8 % (k=2)</b> |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.06 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.3 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 20.4 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 52.7           | 1.95 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 53.1 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.94 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 13.2 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>53.1 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 20.8 % (k=2)</b> |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |  |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.16 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.7 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 20.4 % (k=2)</b> |



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## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.2Ω+ 6.03jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.6dB      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.9Ω+ 7.39jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.6dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.261 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 10.30.2015

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 858**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.816$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.14$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/26/2015
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

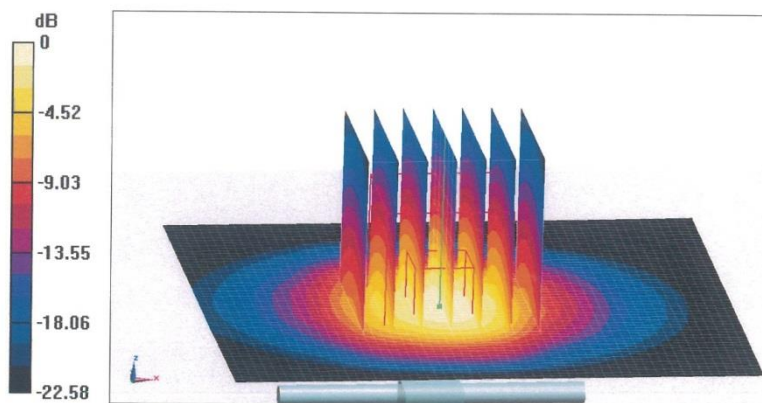
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



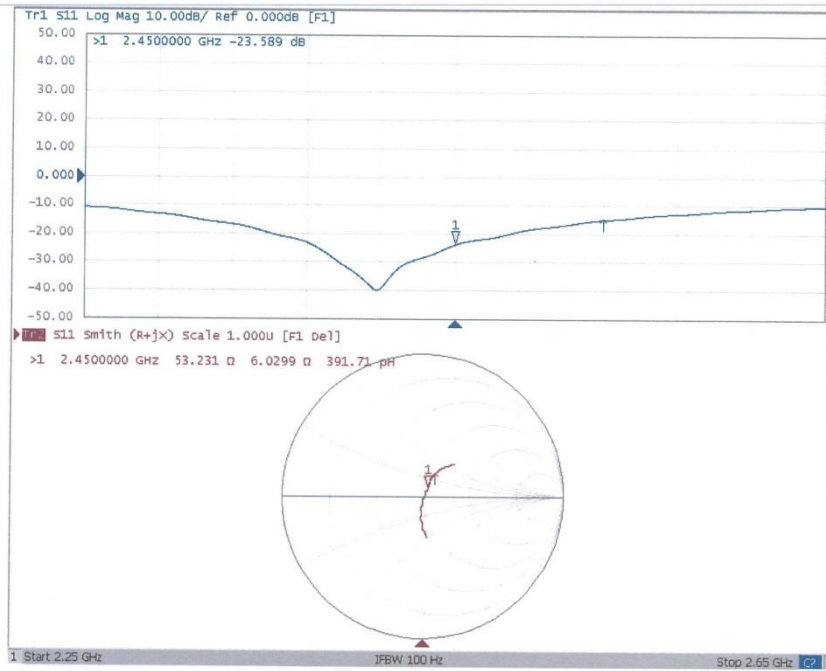
0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.30.2015

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 858**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.936$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.11$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/26/2015
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

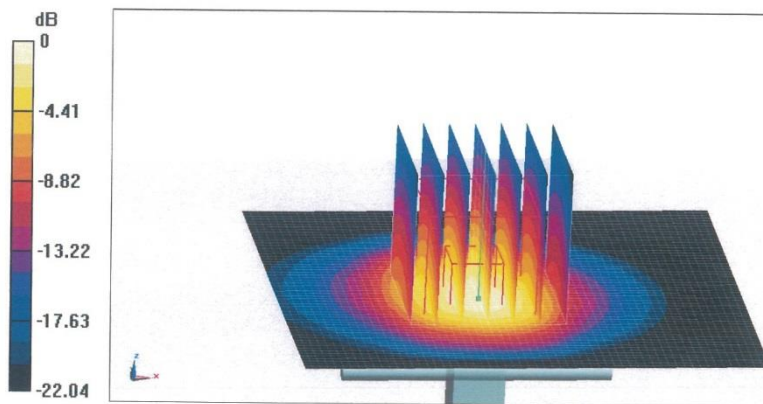
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg