SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant	MobiWire SAS
FCC ID	QPN-NEKA
Product	3G Smart Phone
Model	MobiWire Neka, Altice S14
Report No.	R2103A0261-S1
Issue Date	April 22, 2021

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992,IEEE C95.1: 1991.** The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Yu Wang Guangchang Fan

Prepared by: Yu Wang *Approved by: Guangchang Fan*

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3 Testing Location

Company:	TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address:	No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China
City:	Shanghai
Post code:	201201
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Telephone:	+86-021-50791141/2/3
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Website:	http://www.ta-shanghai.com
E-mail:	fanguangchang@ta-shanghai.com

1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	**Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)**		
	1g SAR Head	**1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm)**	**1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)**
GSM 850	0.313	0.377	0.591
GSM 1900	0.112	0.242	0.576
WCDMA Band II	0.281	**0.502**	**0.764**
WCDMA Band V	**0.512**	0.470	0.569
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.412	0.182	0.518
BT	NA	NA	NA
Date of Testing:	August 20, 2020 ~ August 21, 2020 and March 19, 2021		
Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.			

Table 2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	**1g SAR Head**	**1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm)**	**1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)**
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	0.924	0.684	1.189
Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.4.			

MobiWire Neka, Altice S14 (Report No.: R2103A0261-S1) is a variant model of Mobiwire Neka,Altice S13 (Report No.: R2005A0455-S1). The detailed product change description please refers to the Difference Declaration Letter.

Test items tested see the table below.

Band	Original (R2005A0455-S1)	Variant (R2103A0261-S1)
GSM 900	Pass	Only tested the worst case of Original
GSM 1800	Pass	
WCDMA Band II	Pass	
WCDMA Band V	Pass	
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	Pass	
BT	NA	NA

3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	MobiWire SAS
Applicant address	79 avenue Francois Arago, 92000 NANTERRE France.
Manufacturer	MobiWire SAS
Manufacturer address	79 avenue Francois Arago, 92000 NANTERRE France.

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant	
EUT Stage:	Identical Prototype	
Model:	MobiWire Neka, Altice S14	
IMEI:	Original	IMEI 1:353443110003303(#1) IMEI 2:353443110003311(#1) IMEI 1:353443110003329(#2) IMEI 2:353443110003337(#2)
	Variant	IMEI 1:353443110753386(#3) IMEI 2:353443110753394(#3)
Hardware Version:	V00	
Software Version:	Mobiwire_Neka_V01_210303	
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna	
Device Class:	B	
Wi-Fi Hotspot:	Wi-Fi 2.4G	
Power Class:	GSM 850:4 GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/V:3	
Power Level:	GSM 850:level 5 GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/V:all up bits	
EUT Accessory		
Adapter	Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Technology Co., Ltd Model: A18A-050100U-US2	
Battery	Manufacturer: ZHONGSHAN TIANMAO BATTERY CO.,LTD Model: 178183116	
Earphone	Manufacturer: HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD Model: JWEP0957-M01R	
USB Cable	Manufacturer: SHENZHEN FKY-QY HARDWARE ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD Model: AM MICRO5P	
Note: The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant.		

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

<table>
<tr><th colspan="2">Wireless Technology</th><th>Modulation</th><th>Operating mode</th><th>Tx (MHz)</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">GSM</td><td>850</td><td rowspan="2">Voice(GMSK)
GPRS(GMSK)
EGPRS(Downlink only)</td><td rowspan="2">☐Multi-slot Class:8-1UP
☐Multi-slot Class:10-2UP
☒Multi-slot Class:12-4UP
☐Multi-slot Class:33-4UP</td><td>824 ~ 849</td></tr>
<tr><td>1900</td><td>1850 ~ 1910</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? ☐Yes ☒No</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">UMTS</td><td>Band II</td><td rowspan="2">QPSK</td><td rowspan="2">HSDPA UE Category:14
HSUPA UE Category:6
HSPA+ Category:6</td><td>1850 ~ 1910</td></tr>
<tr><td>Band V</td><td>824 ~ 849</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) ☐Yes ☒No</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? ☐Yes ☒No</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Wi-Fi</td><td>2.4G</td><td>DSSS,OFDM</td><td>802.11b/g/n HT20</td><td>2412 ~ 2462</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Does this device support MIMO ☐Yes ☒No</td></tr>
</table>

4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992,IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

IEC 62209-1

Reference Standards

KDB 248227 D01 802.11Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
KDB 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.3 Test Positions

5.3.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.3.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person’s face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

5.4 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:
1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

5.5 Test Configuration

5.5.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Output power of reductions:

Table 3: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

5.5.2 UMTS Test Configuration

5.5.2.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Maximum output power is verified by applying the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121.

5.5.2.2 Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

5.5.2.3 Body-worn accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the EUT with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the EUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC

5.5.2.4 Release 5 HSDPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. EUT with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(βc, βd), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (ΔACK, ΔNACK, ΔCQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 4: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI}= 8⇔A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c=30/15⇔β_{hs}=30/15*β_c

Note2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c=11/15 and β_d=15/15.

5.5.2.5 Release 6 HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the ‘WCDMA EUT and ‘Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices’ sections of this document

Table 5: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2)	MPR (dB)	AG(4) Index	E-TFCI

										(dB)			
1	11/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}:47/15 β_{ed2}:47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, ΔNACK and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c = 30/15 ⇔ β_{hs} = 30/15 *β_c.

Note 2: CM = 1 for βc/βd =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the βc/βd ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 14/15 and βd = 15/15.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 6: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76
	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.
UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

5.5.2.6 HSPA, HSPA+ Test Configuration

SAR test exclusion may apply to 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA. When SAR measurement is required for HSPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements. Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PAG is required for equipment approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ is determined according to the following:

1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.36 Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.

2) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.

i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.

b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.

c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.

3) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 7: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

<table>
<tr><th>HS-DSCH category</th><th>Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received</th><th>Minimum inter-TTI interval</th><th>Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1</th><th>Total number of soft channel bits</th><th>Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation</th><th>Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation</th><th>Supported modulations with dual cell operation</th></tr>
<tr><td>Category 1</td><td>5</td><td>3</td><td>7298</td><td>19200</td><td rowspan="10">QPSK, 16QAM</td><td rowspan="14">Not applicable (MIMO not supported)</td><td rowspan="20">Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 2</td><td>5</td><td>3</td><td>7298</td><td>28800</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 3</td><td>5</td><td>2</td><td>7298</td><td>28800</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 4</td><td>5</td><td>2</td><td>7298</td><td>38400</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 5</td><td>5</td><td>1</td><td>7298</td><td>57600</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 6</td><td>5</td><td>1</td><td>7298</td><td>67200</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 7</td><td>10</td><td>1</td><td>14411</td><td>115200</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 8</td><td>10</td><td>1</td><td>14411</td><td>134400</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 9</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>20251</td><td>172800</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 10</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>27952</td><td>172800</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 11</td><td>5</td><td>2</td><td>3630</td><td>14400</td><td rowspan="2">QPSK</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 12</td><td>5</td><td>1</td><td>3630</td><td>28800</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 13</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>35280</td><td>259200</td><td rowspan="2">QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 14</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>42192</td><td>259200</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 15</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>23370</td><td>345600</td><td rowspan="2" colspan="2">QPSK, 16QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 16</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>27952</td><td>345600</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category 17 NOTE 2</td><td rowspan="2">15</td><td rowspan="2">1</td><td>35280</td><td>259200</td><td>QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM</td><td>–</td></tr>
<tr><td>23370</td><td>345600</td><td>–</td><td>QPSK, 16QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category 18 NOTE 3</td><td rowspan="2">15</td><td rowspan="2">1</td><td>42192</td><td>259200</td><td>QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM</td><td>–</td></tr>
<tr><td>27952</td><td>345600</td><td>–</td><td>QPSK, 16QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 19</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>35280</td><td>518400</td><td rowspan="2" colspan="2">QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 20</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>42192</td><td>518400</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 21</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>23370</td><td>345600</td><td rowspan="4">-</td><td rowspan="4">-</td><td rowspan="2">QPSK, 16QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 22</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>27952</td><td>345600</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 23</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>35280</td><td>518400</td><td rowspan="2">QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category 24</td><td>15</td><td>1</td><td>42192</td><td>518400</td></tr>
</table>

5.5.3 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
    - ✧ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
    - ✧ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
    - ✧ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

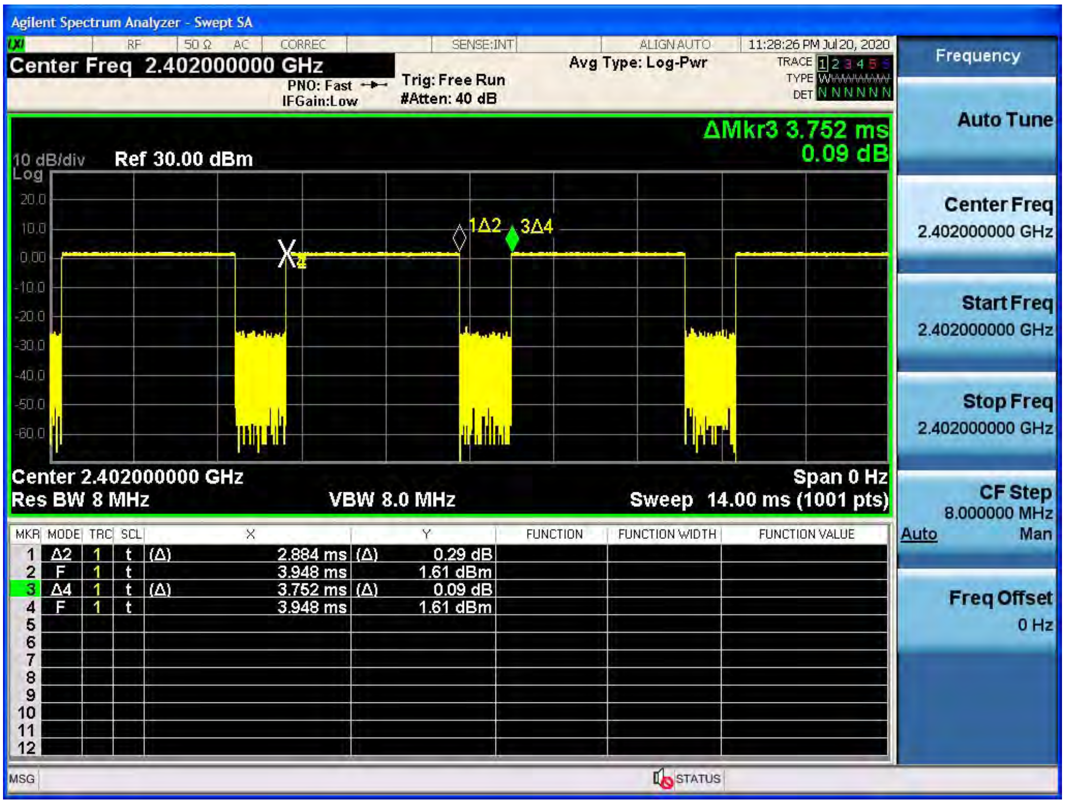
To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

5.5.4 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT control the EUT operating with hoping off and data rate set for DH5.

The SAR measurement takes full account of the BT duty cycle and is reflected in the report, and the duty factor of the device is as follow:

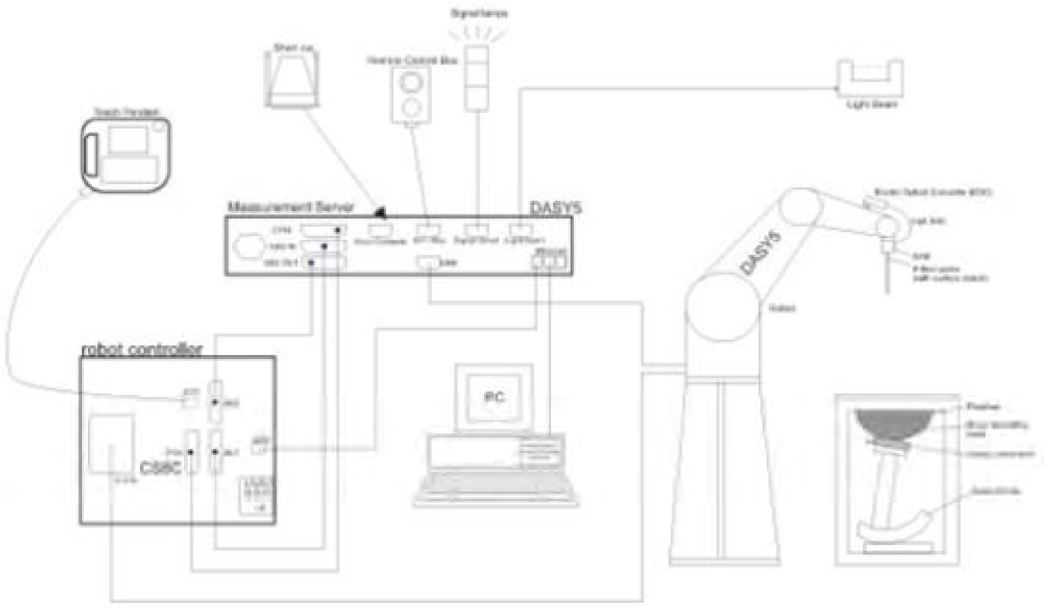


Note: Duty factor= Ton (ms)/ T(on+off) (ms)=2.884/3.752=76.9%

6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4(manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR=CΔT/Δt

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI^{2}σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m^3).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: ΔxArea, ΔyArea	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="3"></td><td>≤3GHz</td><td>> 3 GHz</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\triangle x_{zoom} \triangle y_{zoom}$</td><td>≤2GHz: ≤8mm
2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*</td><td>3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*
4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface</td><td colspan="2">Uniform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$</td><td>≤5mm</td><td>3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm
4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm
5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Graded grid</td><td>$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td>≤4mm</td><td>3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm
4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm
5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points</td><td colspan="2">$\leq 1.5 \bullet \triangle z_{zoom}(n-1)$</td></tr>
<tr><td>Minimum zoom scan volume</td><td colspan="2">X, y, z</td><td>≥30mm</td><td>3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm
4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm
5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.</td></tr>
</table>

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	/	/
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	/	/
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Wireless communication tester	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201342015	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Wireless communication tester	Key sight	E5515C	MY48360988	2019-12-15	2020-12-14
				2020-12-13	2021-12-12
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2020-07-06	2021-07-05
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1317	2019-10-23	2020-10-22
				2021-02-23	2022-02-22
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2017-08-28	2020-08-27
				2020-08-28	2023-08-27
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2017-08-26	2020-08-25
				2020-08-27	2023-08-26
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2017-08-29	2020-08-28
				2020-08-27	2023-08-26
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	381	2020-05-25	2021-05-24
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	NT-311	20150731	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Software for Test	Speag	DASY52	/	/	/
Softwarefor Tissue	Agilent	85070	/	/	/

8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within ± 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 24 hours of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ε_r	σ(s/m)
835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80

Measurements results

Original

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)	
			ε_r	σ(s/m)	ε_r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε_r(%)	Dev σ(%)
835	8/20/2020	21.5	41.4	0.89	41.5	0.90	-0.24	-1.11
1900	8/21/2020	21.5	40.1	1.41	40.0	1.40	0.25	0.71
2450	8/20/2020	21.5	38.6	1.81	39.2	1.80	-1.53	0.56
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.								

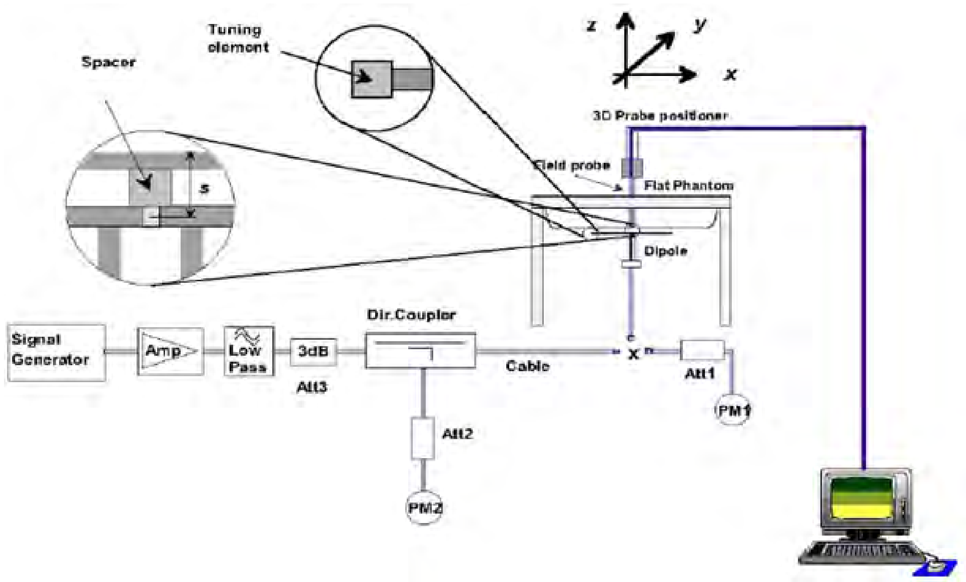
Variant

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)	
			ε_r	σ(s/m)	ε_r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε_r(%)	Dev σ(%)
835	3/19/2021	21.5	41.4	0.88	41.5	0.90	-0.24	-2.22
1900	3/19/2021	21.5	40.1	1.43	40.0	1.40	0.25	2.14
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.								

8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1System Performance Check setup

Picture 2 Setup Photo

System Check results

Original

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
835	8/20/2020	21.5	2.44	9.76	9.45	3.28	1
1900	8/21/2020	21.5	9.88	39.52	40.10	-1.45	2
2450	8/20/2020	21.5	13.70	54.80	52.60	4.18	3
Note：Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.							

Variant

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
835	3/19/2021	21.5	2.46	9.84	9.45	4.13	4
1900	3/19/2021	21.5	9.87	39.48	40.10	-1.55	5
Note：Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.							

8.3 SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point must be validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

a tabulated summary of the system validation status, measurement frequencies, SAR probes, calibrated signal type(s) and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Frequency [MHz]	Date	Probe SN	Probe Type	Probe Cal Point	PERM (Er)	COND (Σ)	CW Validation			Mod. Validation		
							Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
750	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	750	42.81	0.85	PASS	PASS	PASS	FDD	PASS	N/A
835	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	835	42.22	0.90	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1750	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	1750	39.91	1.32	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	N/A
1900	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	1900	39.43	1.42	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2450	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	2450	38.19	1.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2600	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	2600	37.60	1.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
5250	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	5250	35.36	4.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	5600	34.43	5.29	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5750	7/06/2020	3677	EX3DV4	5750	34.07	5.47	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.

9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

<table>
<tr><th colspan="2" rowspan="3">GSM 850</th><th colspan="4">Burst-Averaged output power(dBm)</th><th rowspan="3">Division Factors</th><th colspan="4">Frame-Averaged output power(dBm)</th></tr>
<tr><th>Tune-up</th><th colspan="3">Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)</th><th>Tune-up</th><th colspan="3">Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)</th></tr>
<tr><th>MAX</th><th>128 /824.2</th><th>190 /836.6</th><th>251 /848.8</th><th>MAX</th><th>128 /824.2</th><th>190 /836.6</th><th>251 /848.8</th></tr>
<tr><td>GSM</td><td>CS</td><td>33.00</td><td>32.60</td><td>32.59</td><td>32.60</td><td>9.03</td><td>23.97</td><td>23.57</td><td>23.56</td><td>23.57</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">GPRS (GMSK)</td><td>1 Tx Slot</td><td>33.00</td><td>32.59</td><td>32.61</td><td>32.62</td><td>9.03</td><td>23.97</td><td>23.56</td><td>23.58</td><td>23.59</td></tr>
<tr><td>2 Tx Slots</td><td>31.50</td><td>30.77</td><td>30.80</td><td>30.82</td><td>6.02</td><td>25.48</td><td>24.75</td><td>24.78</td><td>24.80</td></tr>
<tr><td>3 Tx Slots</td><td>30.00</td><td>28.80</td><td>28.90</td><td>29.02</td><td>4.26</td><td>25.74</td><td>24.54</td><td>24.64</td><td>24.76</td></tr>
<tr><td>4 Tx Slots</td><td>29.00</td><td>28.06</td><td>28.25</td><td>28.46</td><td>3.01</td><td>25.99</td><td>25.05</td><td>25.24</td><td>25.45</td></tr>
<tr><th colspan="2" rowspan="3">GSM 1900</th><th colspan="4">Burst-Averaged output power(dBm)</th><th rowspan="3">Division Factors</th><th colspan="4">Frame-Averaged output power(dBm)</th></tr>
<tr><th>Tune-up</th><th colspan="3">Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)</th><th>Tune-up</th><th colspan="3">Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)</th></tr>
<tr><th>MAX</th><th>512 /1850.2</th><th>661 /1880</th><th>810 /1909.8</th><th>MAX</th><th>512 /1850.2</th><th>661 /1880</th><th>810 /1909.8</th></tr>
<tr><td>GSM</td><td>CS</td><td>30.00</td><td>29.37</td><td>29.43</td><td>29.38</td><td>9.03</td><td>20.97</td><td>20.34</td><td>20.40</td><td>20.35</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">GPRS (GMSK)</td><td>1 Tx Slot</td><td>30.00</td><td>29.42</td><td>29.35</td><td>29.32</td><td>9.03</td><td>20.97</td><td>20.39</td><td>20.32</td><td>20.29</td></tr>
<tr><td>2 Tx Slots</td><td>28.00</td><td>27.73</td><td>27.69</td><td>27.61</td><td>6.02</td><td>21.98</td><td>21.71</td><td>21.67</td><td>21.59</td></tr>
<tr><td>3 Tx Slots</td><td>27.00</td><td>25.91</td><td>25.85</td><td>25.71</td><td>4.26</td><td>22.74</td><td>21.65</td><td>21.59</td><td>21.45</td></tr>
<tr><td>4 Tx Slots</td><td>26.00</td><td>25.03</td><td>24.93</td><td>24.81</td><td>3.01</td><td>22.99</td><td>22.02</td><td>21.92</td><td>21.80</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="11">Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:
1. Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above..</td></tr>
</table>

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA		Band II(dBm)				Band V(dBm)			
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up Limit
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.6	846.6	
RMC	12.2kbps	21.92	21.98	21.66	22.50	22.32	22.31	22.30	23.00
AMR	12.2kbps	21.92	22.13	21.58	22.50	22.26	22.38	22.34	23.00
HSDPA	Sub 1	20.97	21.06	20.70	21.50	21.34	21.41	21.47	22.00
	Sub 2	20.87	20.92	20.60	21.50	21.19	21.24	21.32	22.00
	Sub 3	20.34	20.51	20.07	21.00	20.67	20.78	20.80	21.50
	Sub 4	20.32	20.49	20.07	21.00	20.65	20.76	20.80	21.50
HSUPA	Sub 1	20.27	20.34	19.97	21.00	20.57	20.62	20.69	21.50
	Sub 2	20.86	21.00	20.60	21.50	21.20	21.34	21.39	22.00
	Sub 3	20.03	19.88	19.56	20.50	20.35	20.29	20.37	21.00
	Sub 4	21.02	20.89	20.59	21.50	21.33	21.33	21.43	22.00
	Sub 5	20.93	21.00	20.57	21.50	21.26	21.38	21.43	22.00
Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for each exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.									

9.3 WLAN Mode

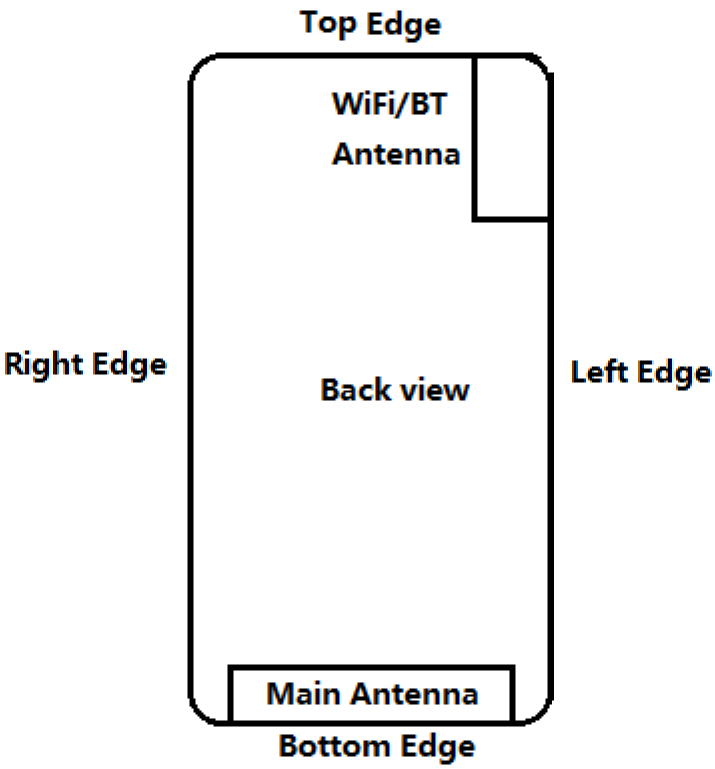
Wi-Fi 2.4G	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)		
Mode		Tune-up	Meas.	TP Set Level
802.11b (1M)	1/2412	18.00	17.62	19
	6/2437	18.00	**17.64**	19
	11/2462	18.00	17.60	19
802.11g (6M)	1/2412	16.00	14.65	17
	6/2437	16.00	15.57	17
	11/2462	16.00	14.63	17
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	1/2412	16.00	14.83	16.5
	6/2437	16.00	15.72	16.5
	11/2462	16.00	14.62	16.5
Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11b mode.				

9.4 Bluetooth Mode

BT	Maximum Output Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 39/2441 MHz	Ch 78/2480 MHz	
GFSK	1.97	2.91	2.88	5.00
π/4DQPSK	1.57	2.73	2.67	5.00
8DPSK	1.73	2.84	2.84	5.00
BLE	**Ch 0/2402 MHz**	**Ch 19/2440 MHz**	**Ch 39/2480 MHz**	**Tune-up Limit (dBm)**
GFSK	-0.91	0.48	0.47	2.00

10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 140 mm x 68mm Overall Diagonal: 146mm/Display Diagonal: 127mm						
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm
Hotspot mode, Positions for SAR tests						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
2.PerFCCKDB 447498 D01,for each exposure position, testing of other requised channels within the operating mod e of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
a) ≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100MHz
b) ≤0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100MHz and 200MHz.

c) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 Wkg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200MHz.

3.When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for product specific 10-g SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance (mm)	MAXPower (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	5	2480	1.00	No
Body-worn	15	5	2480	0.33	No
Hotspot	10	5	2480	0.50	No

10.3 Measured SAR Results

Table 8: GSM 850 (Main-antenna)

Original

Test Position	Cover Type	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g		
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	GSM	1:8.3	190/836.6	33.00	32.59	0.257	0.130	1.10	0.282	/	#1
Left Tilt	standard	GSM	1:8.3	190/836.6	33.00	32.59	0.166	0.020	1.10	0.182	/	#1
Right Cheek	standard	GSM	1:8.3	190/836.6	33.00	32.59	0.285	0.022	1.10	0.313	6	#1
Right Tilt	standard	GSM	1:8.3	190/836.6	33.00	32.59	0.167	0.120	1.10	0.184	/	#1
Body-worn SAR (Distance 15mm)												
Back Side	standard	GSM	1:8.3	190/836.6	33.00	32.59	0.343	0.090	1.10	0.377	7	#1
Front Side	standard	GSM	1:8.3	190/836.6	33.00	32.59	0.289	0.026	1.10	0.318	/	#1
Hotspot SAR(Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	190/836.6	29.00	28.25	0.497	-0.070	1.19	0.591	8	#1
Front Side	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	190/836.6	29.00	28.25	0.437	0.020	1.19	0.519	/	#1
Left Edge	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	190/836.6	29.00	28.25	0.260	0.028	1.19	0.309	/	#1
Right Edge	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	190/836.6	29.00	28.25	0.386	-0.030	1.19	0.459	/	#1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	190/836.6	29.00	28.25	0.096	0.025	1.19	0.114	/	#1
Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.												
2.When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.												

Table 9: GSM 1900(Main-antenna)

Original

Test Position	Cover Type	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g		
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.00	29.43	0.050	0.150	1.14	0.057	/	#1
Left Tilt	standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.00	29.43	0.033	0.024	1.14	0.038	/	#1
Right Cheek	standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.00	29.43	0.099	0.040	1.14	0.112	9	#1
Right Tilt	standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.00	29.43	0.029	0.028	1.14	0.033	/	#1
Body-worn SAR (Distance 15mm)												
Back Side	standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.00	29.43	0.212	0.030	1.14	0.242	10	#1
Front Side	standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.00	29.43	0.124	0.050	1.14	0.141	/	#1
Hotspot SAR(Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	661/1880	26.00	24.93	0.355	0.019	1.28	0.454	/	#1
Front Side	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	661/1880	26.00	24.93	0.263	0.033	1.28	0.336	/	#1
Left Edge	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	661/1880	26.00	24.93	0.028	0.030	1.28	0.036	/	#1
Right Edge	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	661/1880	26.00	24.93	0.051	-0.020	1.28	0.065	/	#1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4Txslots	1:2.07	661/1880	26.00	24.93	0.450	0.140	1.28	0.576	11	#1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2.When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

Table 10: UMTS Band II (Main-antenna)

Original

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g		
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.147	0.049	1.13	0.166	/	#1
Left Tilt	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.073	-0.046	1.13	0.082	/	#1
Right Cheek	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.249	0.026	1.13	0.281	12	#1
Right Tilt	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.074	0.100	1.13	0.083	/	#1
Body-worn SAR (Distance 15mm)												
Back Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.445	0.040	1.13	0.502	13	#1
Front Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.259	0.022	1.13	0.292	/	#1
Hotspot SAR(Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.595	0.015	1.13	0.671	/	#1
Front Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.431	0.060	1.13	0.486	/	#1
Left Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.097	-0.088	1.13	0.109	/	#1
Right Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.134	0.012	1.13	0.151	/	#1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.624	0.024	1.13	0.703	/	#1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Variant

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g		
Body-worn SAR (Distance 15mm)												
Back Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.440	-0.120	1.13	0.496	/	#3
Hotspot SAR(Distance 10mm)												
Bottom Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9400/1880	22.50	21.98	0.678	-0.040	1.13	0.764	14	#3

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

Table 11: UMTS Band V (Main-antenna)

Original

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g		
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.360	0.020	1.17	0.422	/	#1
Left Tilt	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.231	0.050	1.17	0.271	/	#1
Right Cheek	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.437	0.029	1.17	0.512	15	#1
Right Tilt	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.230	0.140	1.17	0.270	/	#1
Body-worn SAR (Distance 15mm)												
Back Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.401	0.000	1.17	0.470	16	#1
Front Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.311	0.022	1.17	0.365	/	#1
Hotspot SAR(Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.485	-0.030	1.17	0.569	17	#1
Front Side	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.424	0.035	1.17	0.497	/	#1
Left Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.297	0.102	1.17	0.348	/	#1
Right Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.341	0.024	1.17	0.400	/	#1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.105	0.090	1.17	0.123	/	#1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Variant

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g		
Head SAR												
Right Cheek	standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	4183/836.6	23.00	22.31	0.194	-0.023	1.17	0.227	/	#3

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

Table 12: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

Original

Test Position	Cover Type	Mode	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.	EUT No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR 1g		
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.259	-0.021	1.10	0.284	/	#2
Left Tilt	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.243	-0.120	1.10	0.267	/	#2
Right Cheek	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.375	-0.024	1.10	0.412	18	#2
Right Tilt	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.261	0.021	1.10	0.286	/	#2
Body-worn SAR (Distance 15mm)												
Back Side	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.166	0.020	1.10	0.182	19	#2
Front Side	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.063	-0.020	1.10	0.069	/	#2
Hotspot SAR(Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.472	0.130	1.10	0.518	20	#1
Front Side	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.104	-0.020	1.10	0.114	/	#2
Left Edge	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.186	0.025	1.10	0.204	/	#2
Right Edge	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.014	-0.095	1.10	0.015	/	#2
Top Edge	standard	802.11b	99%	6/2437	18.00	17.64	0.072	-0.043	1.10	0.079	/	#2
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.												

MAX Adjusted SAR							
Mode	Test Position	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	MAX Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
802.11g	Back Side	6/2437	0.513	18	16	0.63	0.324
802.11n HT20	Back Side	6/2437	0.513	18	16	0.63	0.324
Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.							

Table 13: BT

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head SAR	2480	5	5	0.133
	Body-worn	2480	5	15	0.044
	Hotspot SAR	2480	5	10	0.027

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.
(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
GSM + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz + Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A

General Note:

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

The maximum SAR_{1g} Value for Main-Antenna

Test Position \ SAR_{1g}(W/kg)		GSM 850	GSM 1900	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V	MAX. SAR_{1g}
Left Cheek		0.282	0.057	0.166	0.422	0.422
Left Tilt		0.182	0.038	0.082	0.271	0.271
Right Cheek		0.313	0.112	0.281	0.512	0.512
Right Tilt		0.184	0.033	0.083	0.270	0.270
Body worn	Back Side	0.377	0.242	0.502	0.470	0.502
	Front Side	0.318	0.141	0.292	0.365	0.365
Hotspot	Back Side	0.591	0.454	0.671	0.569	0.671
	Front Side	0.519	0.336	0.486	0.497	0.519
	Left Edge	0.309	0.036	0.109	0.348	0.348
	Right Edge	0.459	0.065	0.151	0.400	0.459
	Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	0.114	0.576	0.764	0.123	0.764

About BT and Main- Antenna

Test Position \ SAR_{1g}(W/kg)		Main-antenna	BT	MAX. ΣSAR_{1g}
Head	Left, Cheek	0.422	0.133	0.555
	Left, Tilt	0.271	0.133	0.404
	Right, Cheek	0.512	0.133	0.645
	Right, Tilt	0.270	0.133	0.403
Body worn	Back Side	0.502	0.044	0.546
	Front Side	0.365	0.044	0.409
Hotspot	Back Side	0.671	0.027	0.698
	Front Side	0.519	0.027	0.546
	Left Edge	0.348	0.027	0.375
	Right Edge	0.459	0.027	0.486
	Top Edge	N/A	0.027	0.027
	Bottom Edge	0.764	0.027	0.791

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.
2.MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =0.791W/kg<1.6W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Main-Antenna.

About Wi-Fi and Main-Antenna

Test Position \ SAR_{1g} (W/kg)		Main-antenna	Wi-Fi2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR_{1g}
Head	Left, Cheek	0.422	0.284	0.706
	Left, Tilt	0.271	0.267	0.538
	Right, Cheek	0.512	0.412	0.924
	Right, Tilt	0.270	0.286	0.556
Body worn	Back Side	0.502	0.182	0.684
	Front Side	0.365	0.069	0.434
Hotspot	Back Side	0.671	0.518	1.189
	Front Side	0.519	0.114	0.633
	Left Edge	0.348	0.204	0.552
	Right Edge	0.459	0.015	0.474
	Top Edge	N/A	0.079	0.079
	Bottom Edge	0.764	N/A	0.764

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.
2.MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = 1.189W/kg<1.6W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi and Main-Antenna.

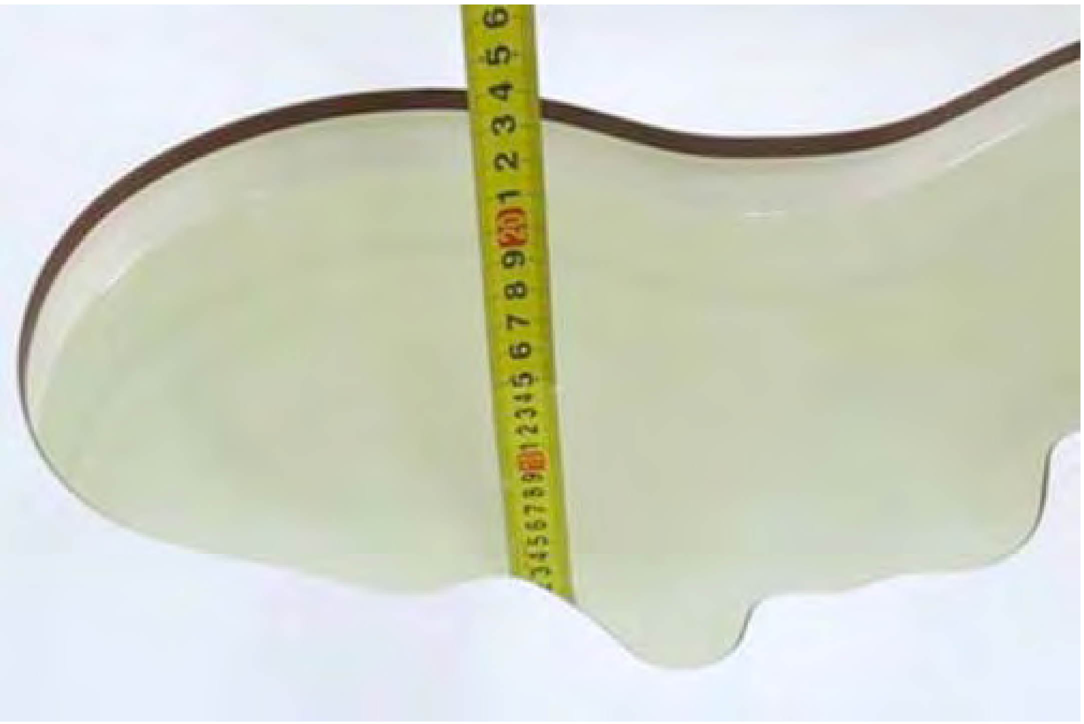
11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

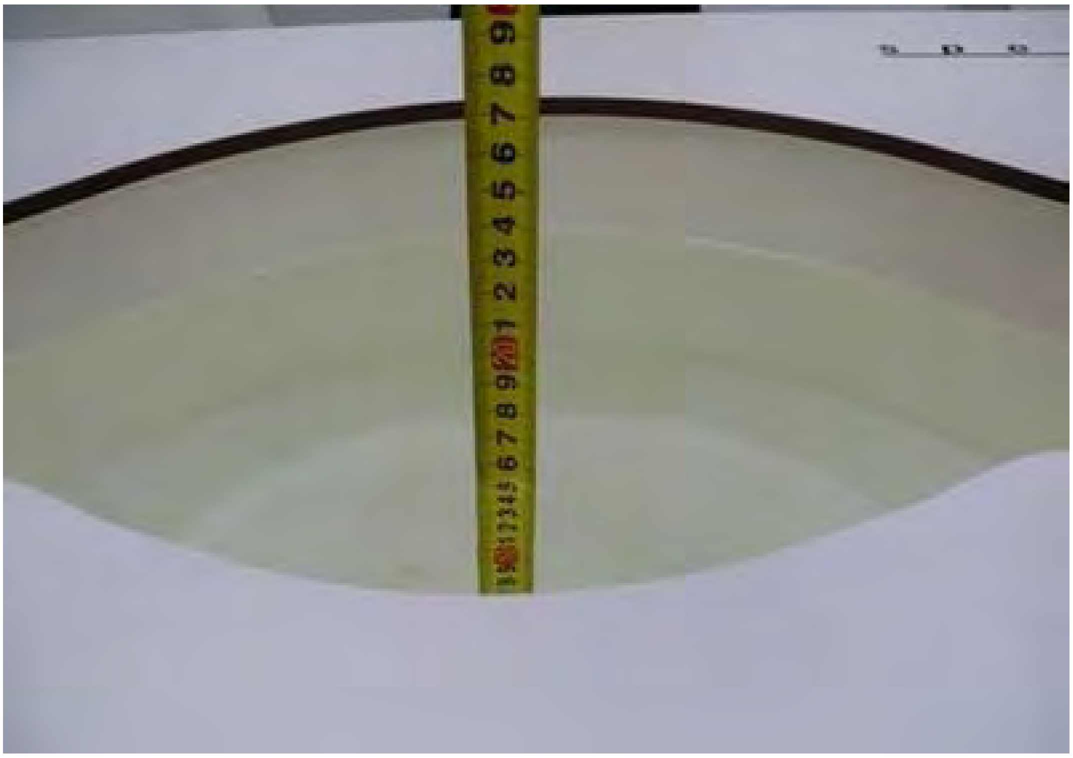
ANNEX A: Test Layout

Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the flat phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For Head and Body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Picture 3 and Picture 4.



Picture 3: liquid depth in the head Phantom



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom

ANNEX B: System Check Results

Original

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; ε_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g

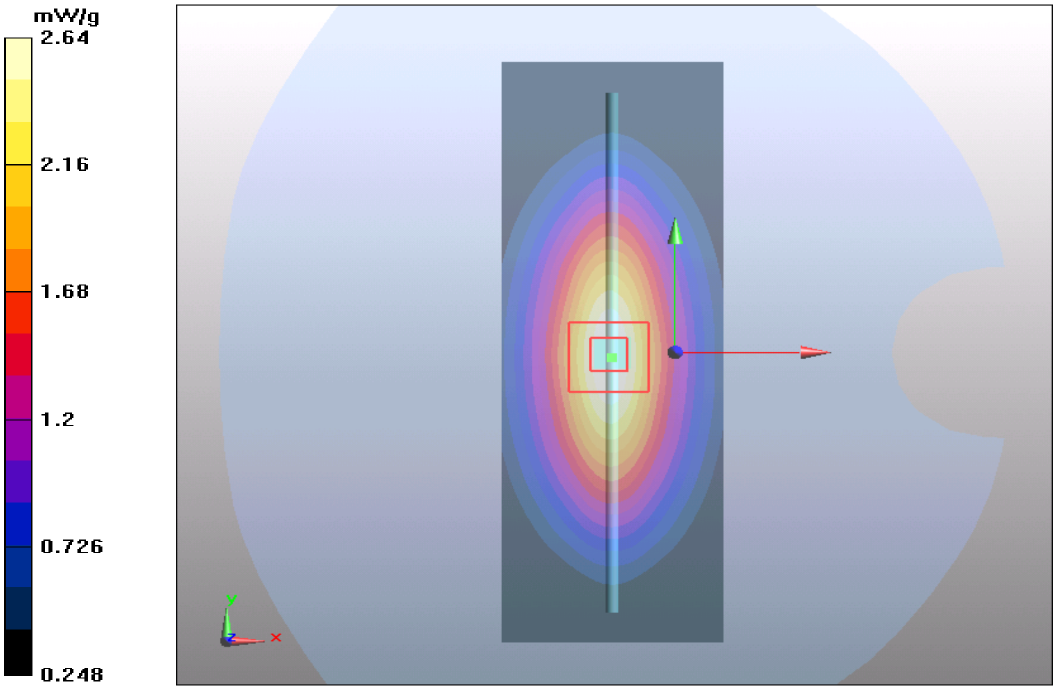
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



Plot 2 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2

Date: 8/21/2020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 S/m; ε_r = 40.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

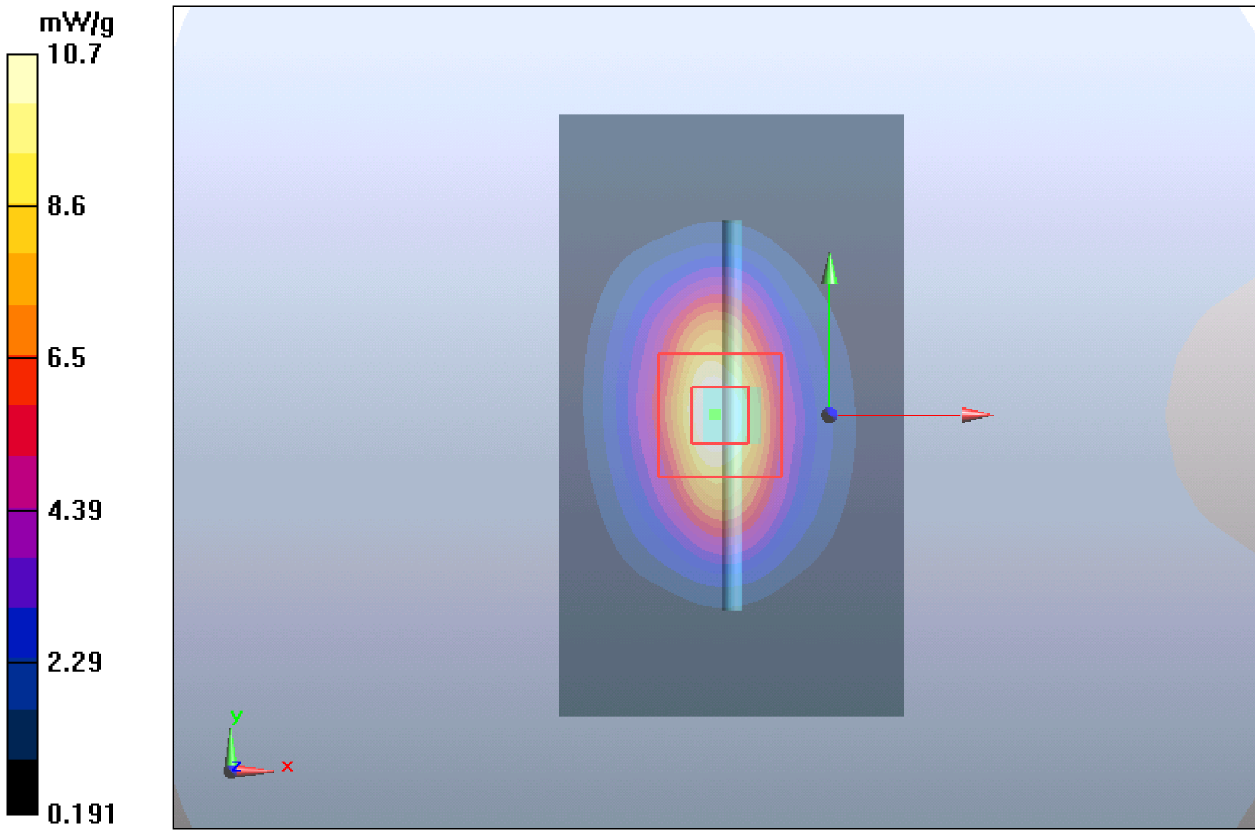
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



Plot 3 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; ε_r = 38.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 mW/g

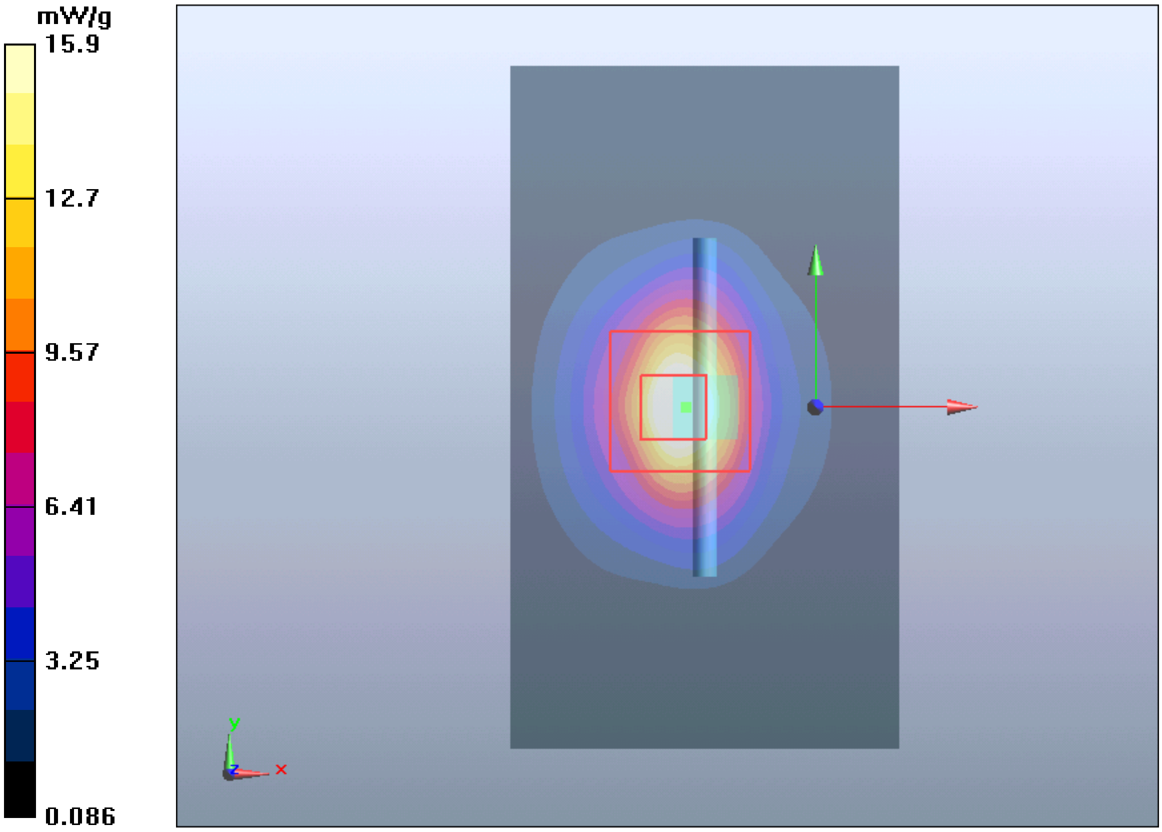
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g



Variant

Plot 4 System Performance Check at 835 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2

Date: 3/19/2021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.88 S/m; ε_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated: 7/6/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g

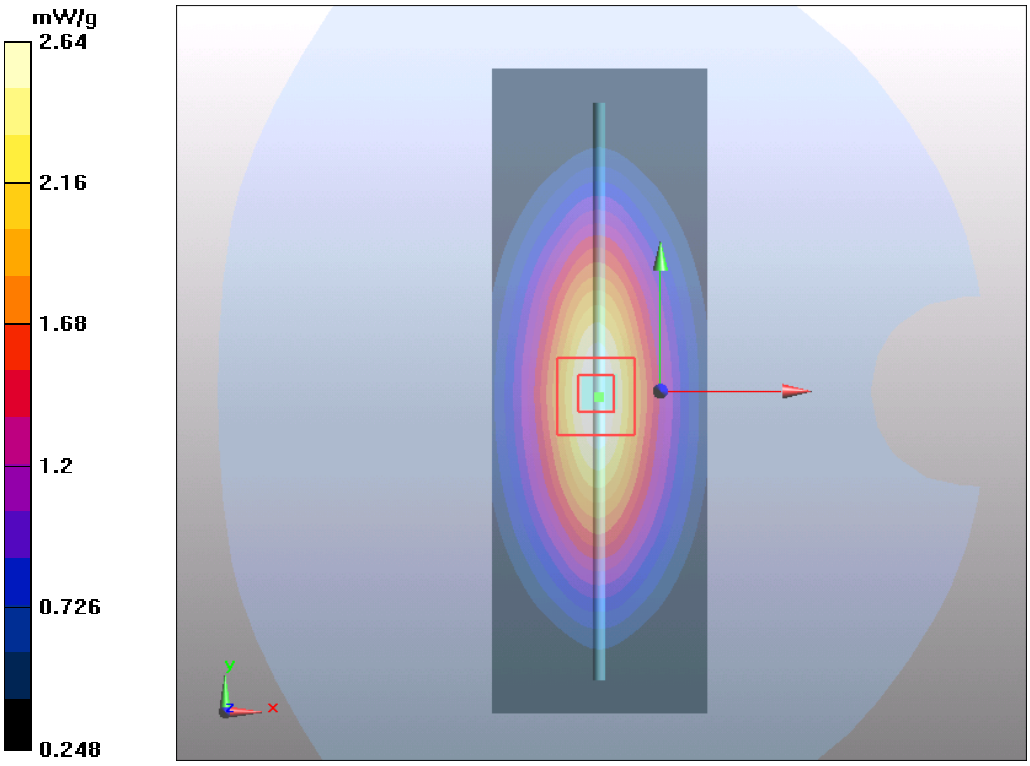
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



Plot 5 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2

Date: 3/19/2021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.43 S/m; ε_r = 40.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/6/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

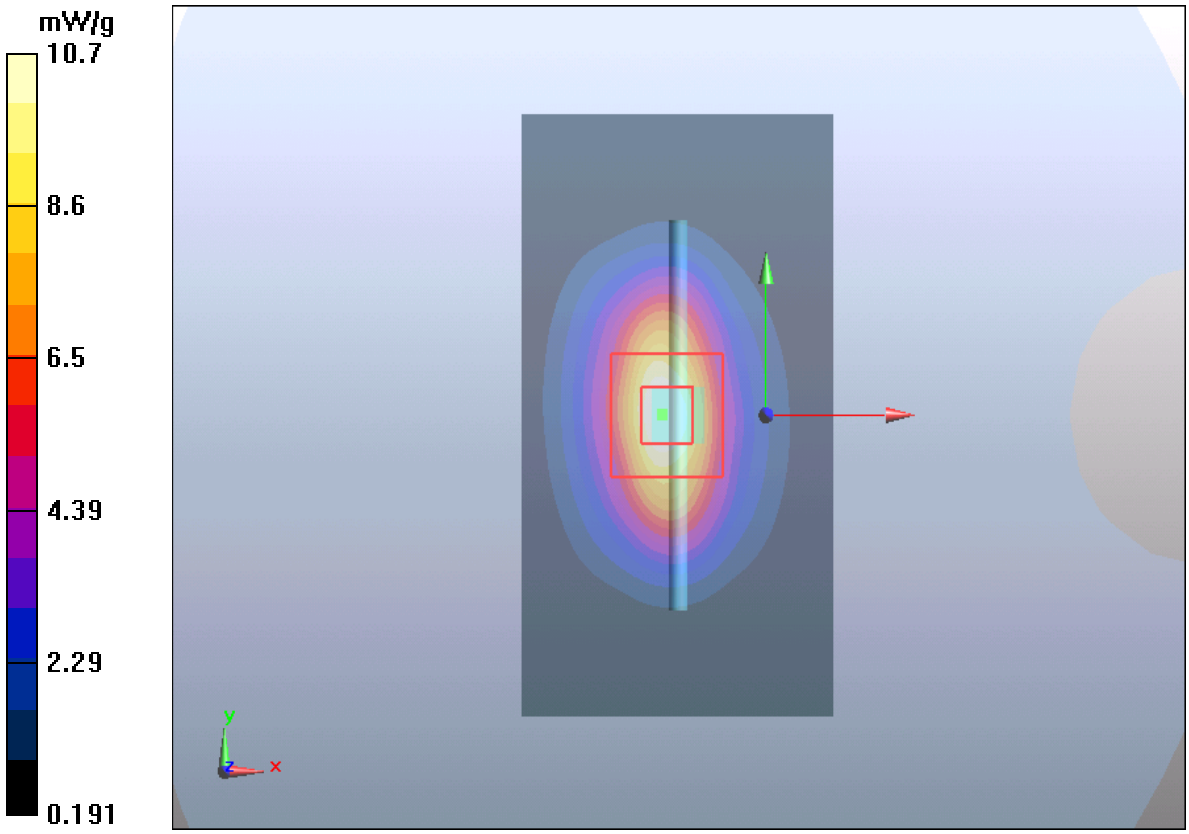
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 6 GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.923 S/m; ε_r = 42.201; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 W/kg

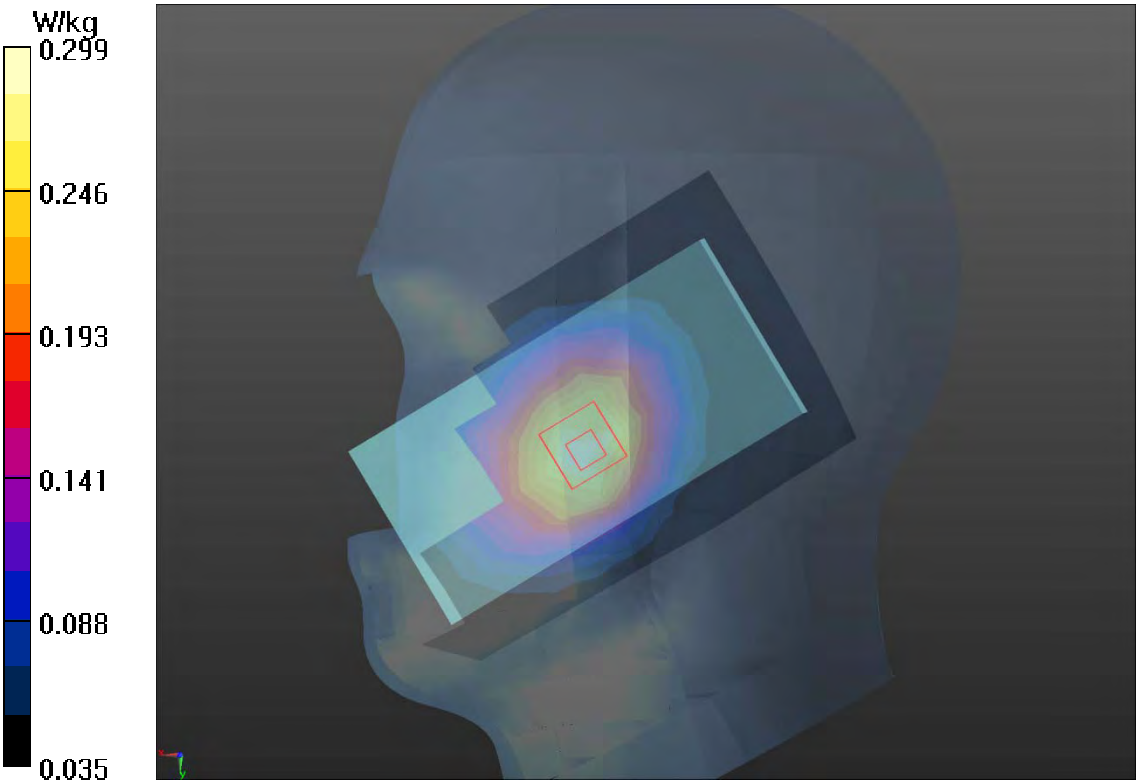
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.606 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.350 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.285 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 W/kg



Plot 7 GSM 850 Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.923 S/m; ε_r = 42.201; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle /Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg

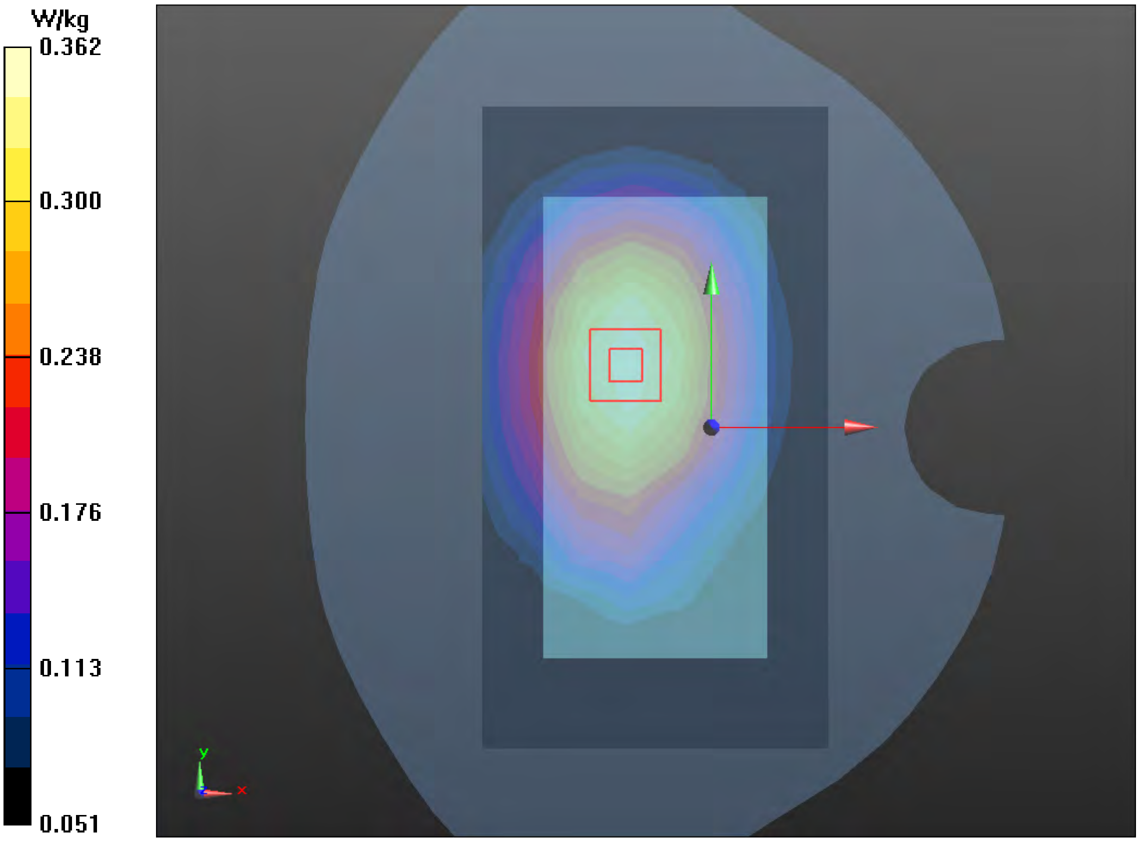
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.428 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.343 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 W/kg



Plot 8 GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.923 S/m; ε_r = 42.201; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle /Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 W/kg

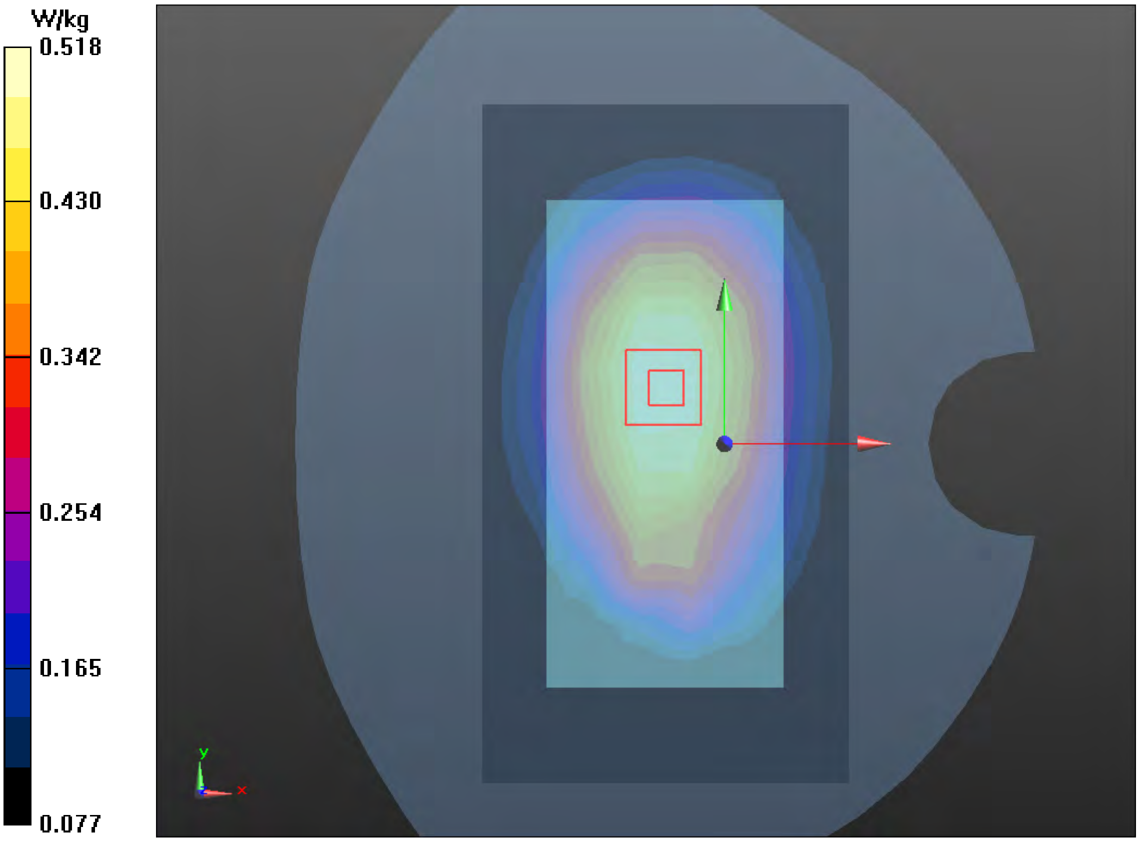
Back Side Middle /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.497 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 W/kg



Plot 9 GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 8/21/2020

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 38.948; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg

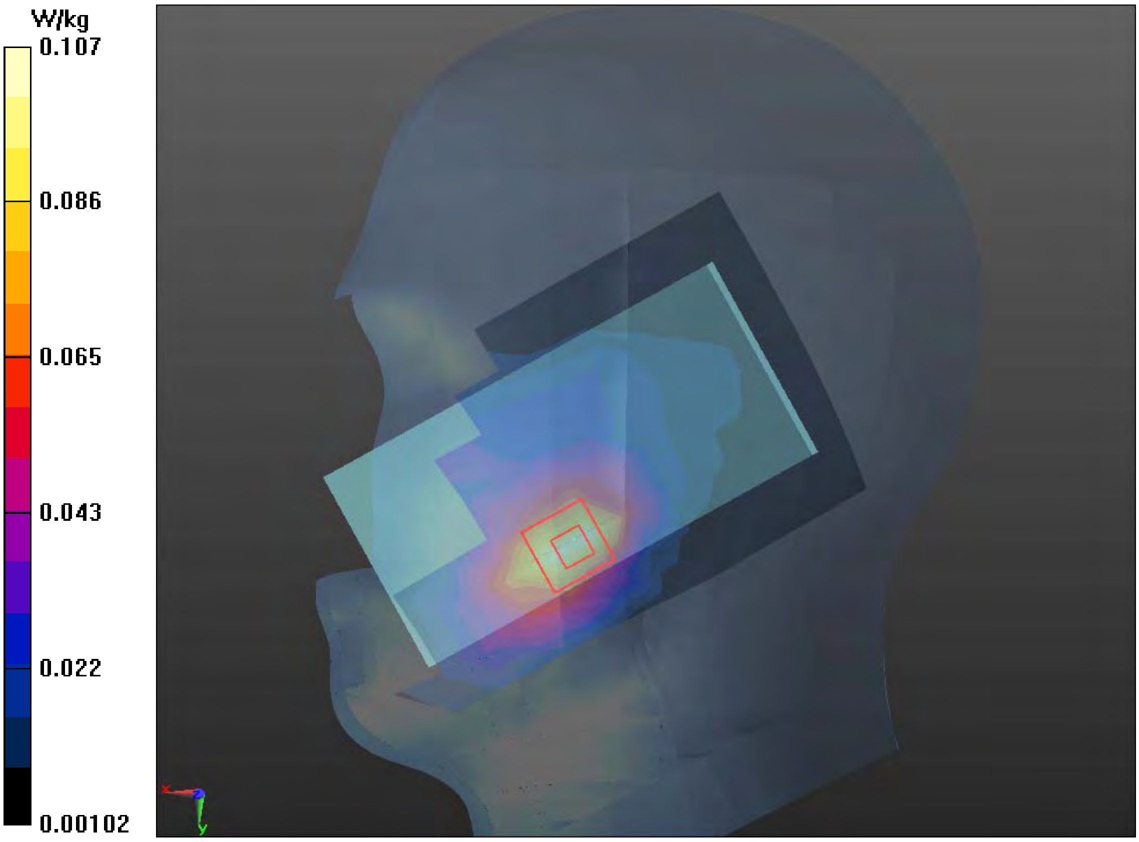
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.171 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 W/kg



Plot 10 GSM 1900 Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 8/21/2020

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 38.948; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg

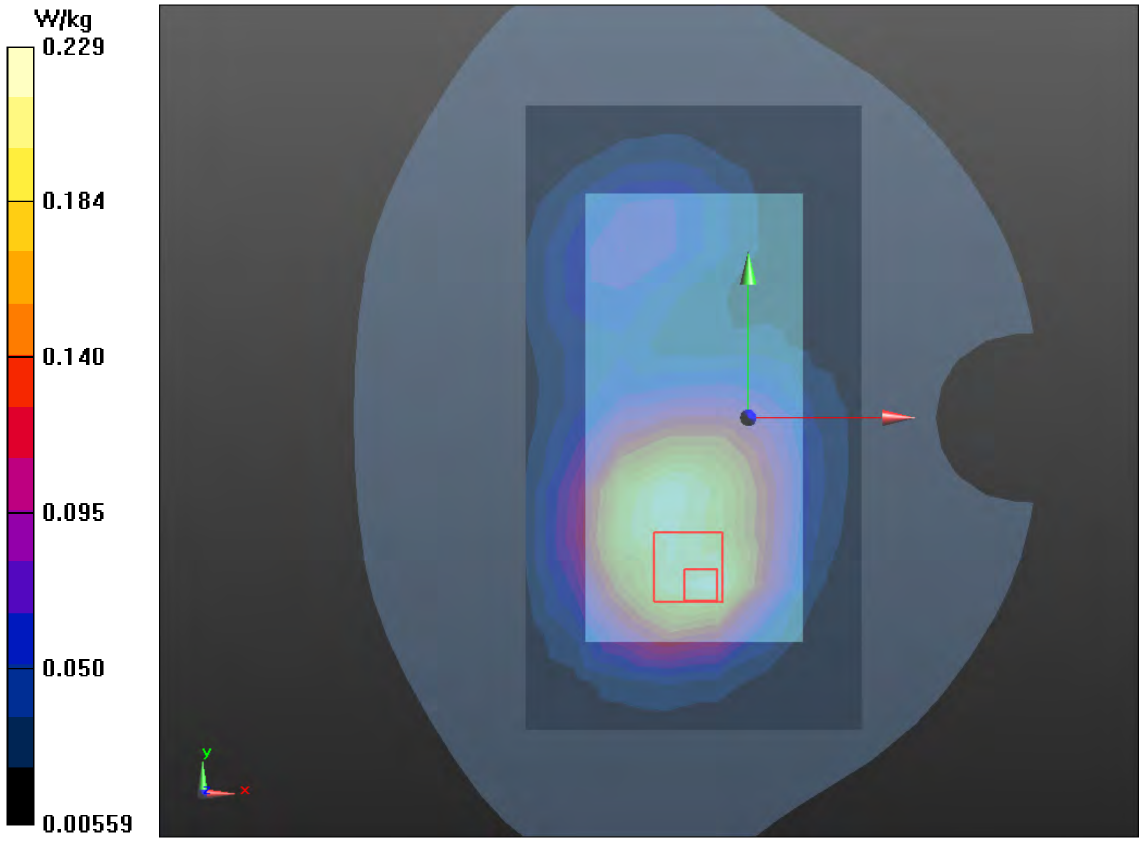
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.955 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.341 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.212 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 W/kg



Plot 11 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/21/2020

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 38.948; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.472 W/kg

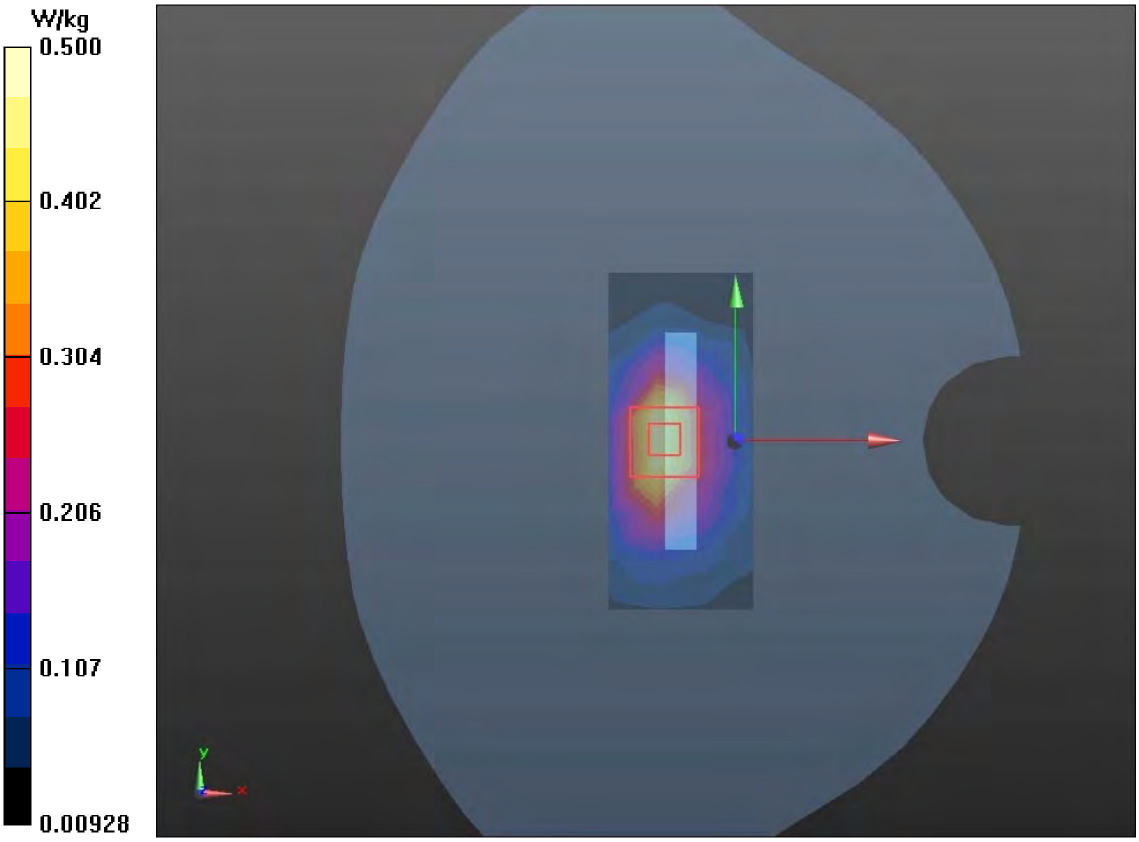
Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.450 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.500 W/kg



Plot 12 UMTS Band II Right Cheek Middle

Date: 8/21/2020

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 38.948; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.266 W/kg

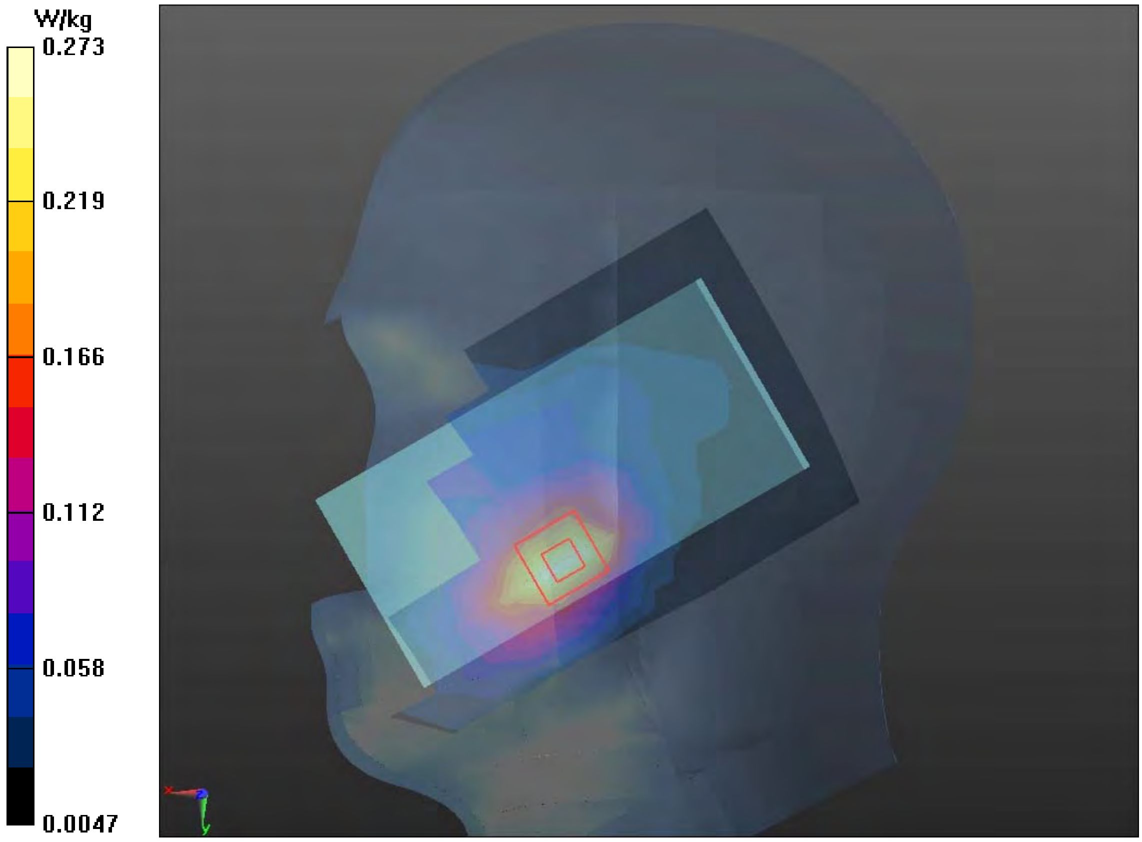
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.089 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 W/kg



Plot 13 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 8/21/2020

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 38.948; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 W/kg

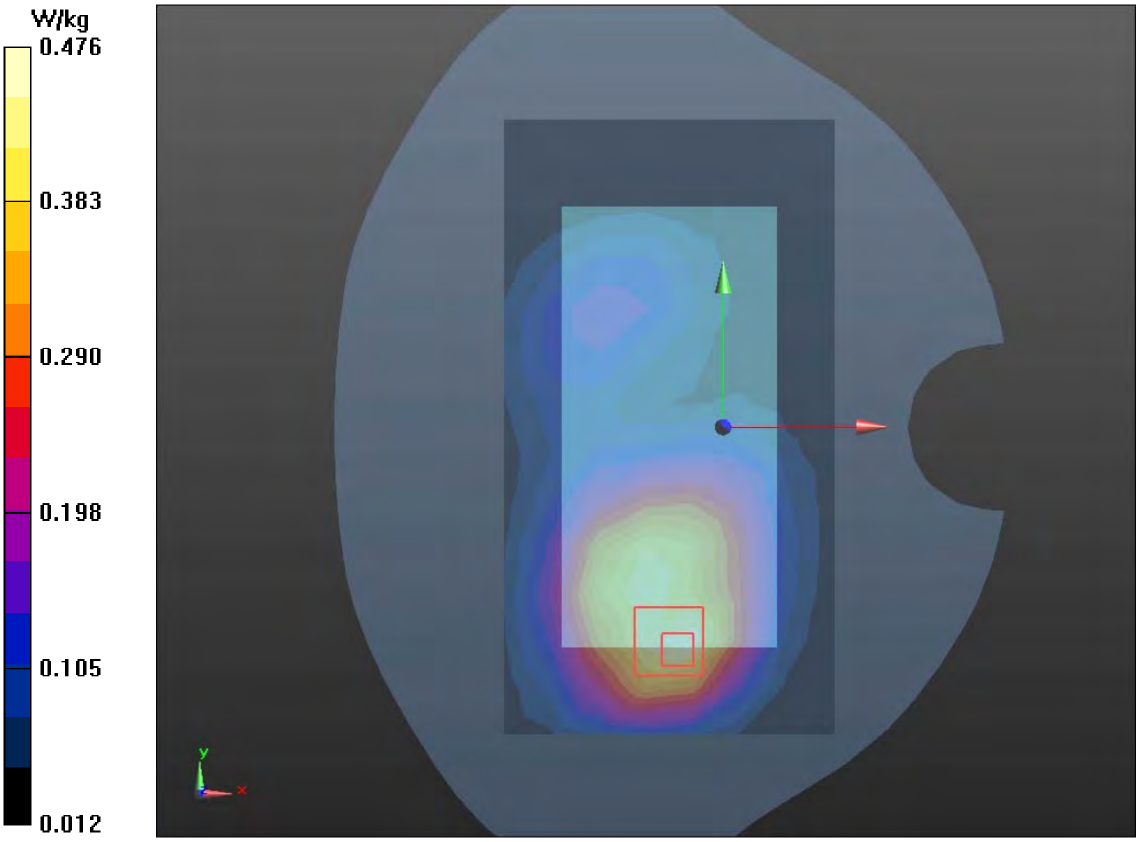
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.878 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.696 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.445 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 W/kg



Plot 14 UMTS Band II Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 3/19/2021

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.393 S/m; ε_r = 38.344; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.704 W/kg

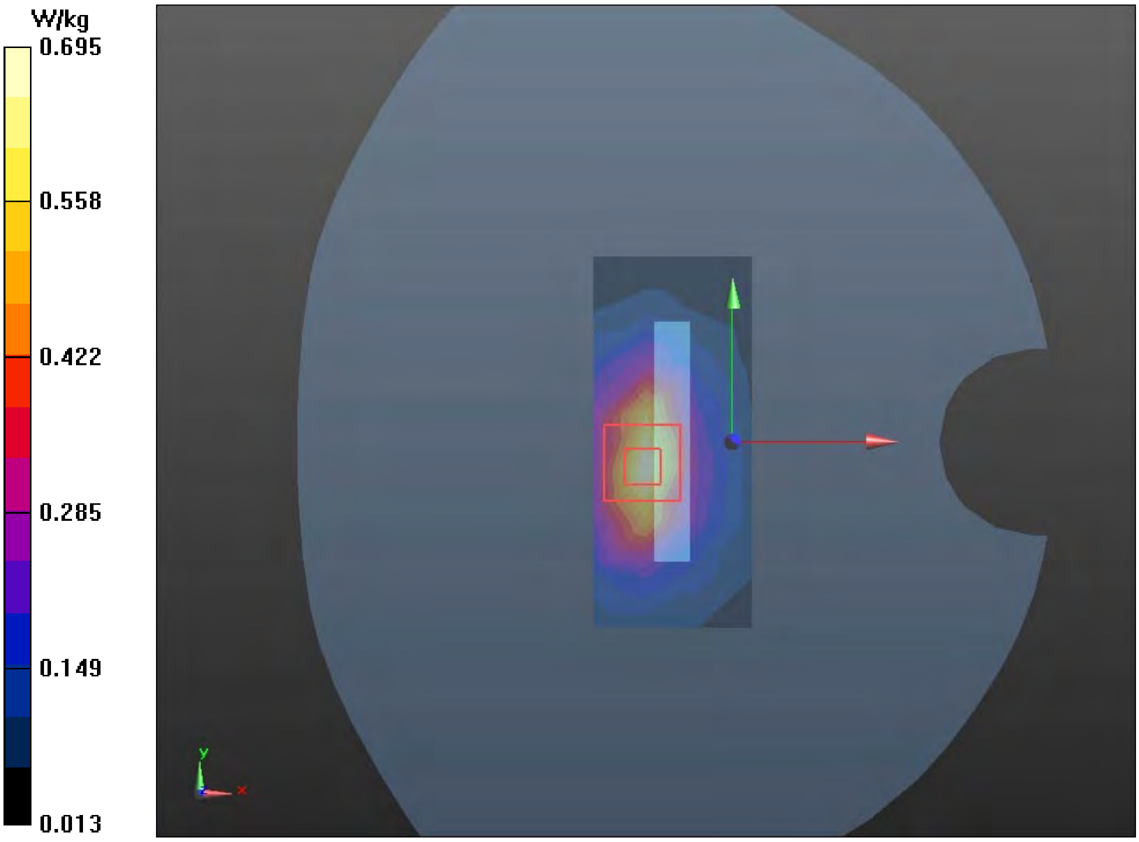
Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.678 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.752 W/kg



Plot 15 UMTS Band V Right Cheek Middle

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.923 S/m; ε_r = 42.201; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.450 W/kg

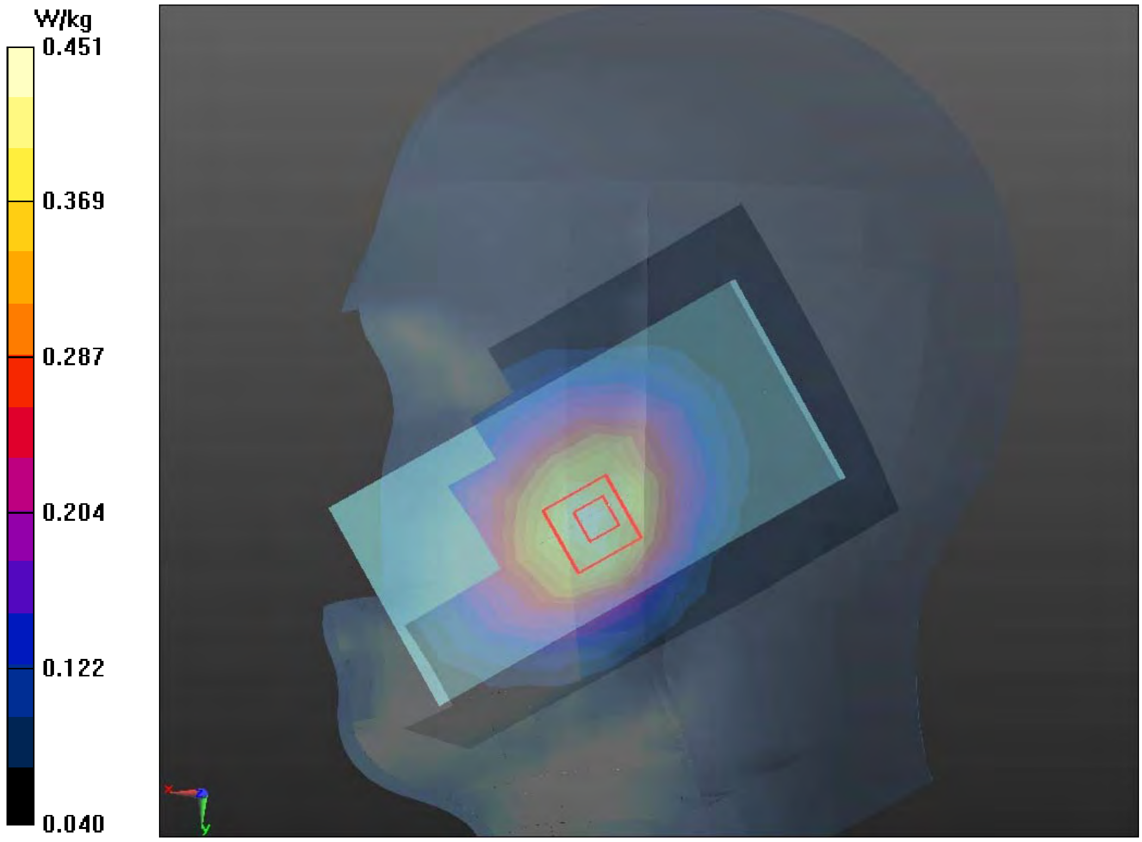
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.341 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.530 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.451 W/kg



Plot 16 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle(Distance 15mm)

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.923 S/m; ε_r = 42.201; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle /Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 W/kg

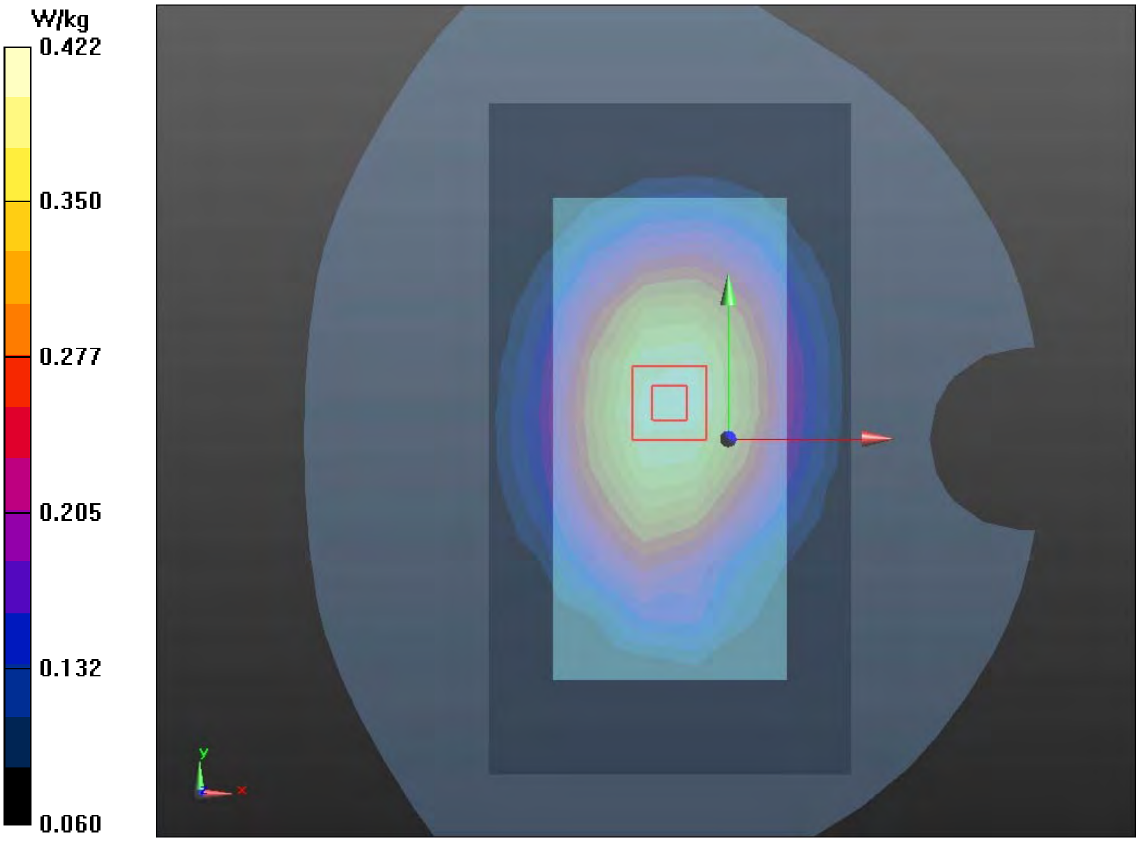
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.500 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.401 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg



Plot 17 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.923 S/m; ε_r = 42.201; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.38, 9.38, 9.38); Calibrated:7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle /Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 W/kg

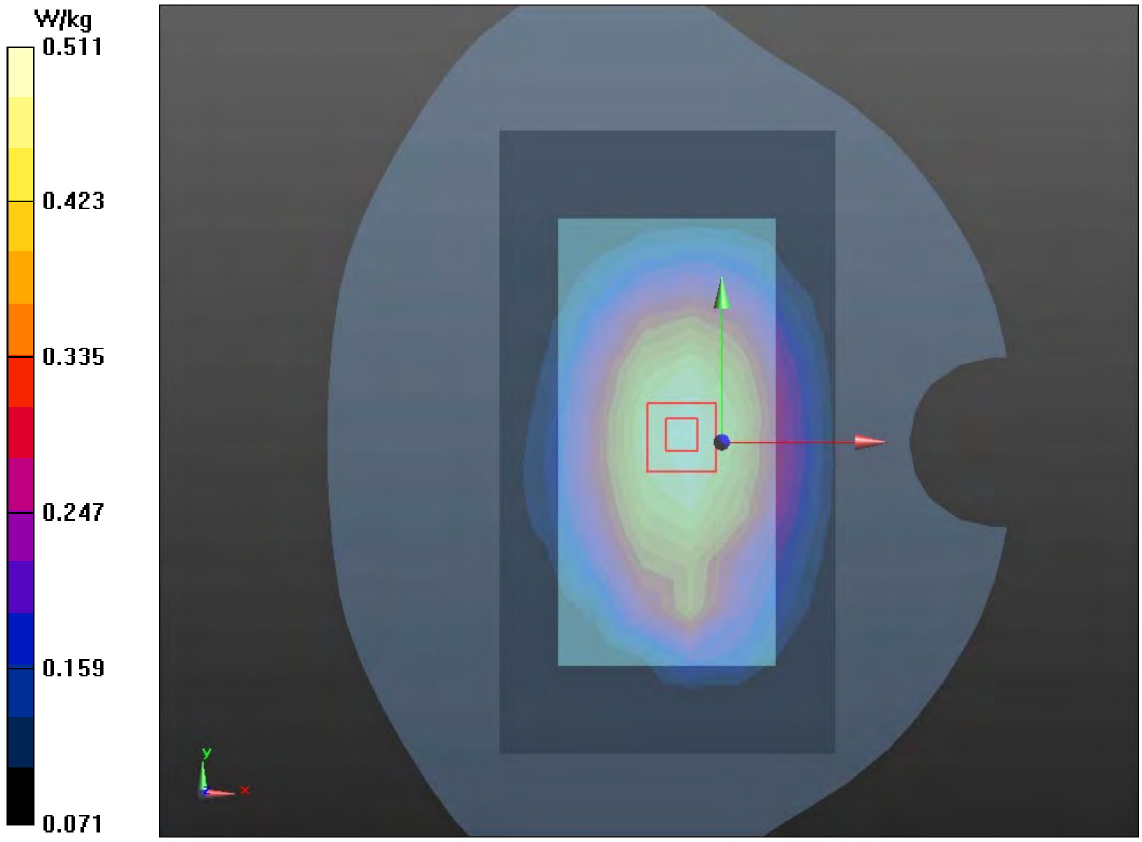
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.602 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 W/kg



Wi-Fi-Antenna

Plot 18 802.11b Right Cheek Middle

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.797 S/m; ε_r = 38.629; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg

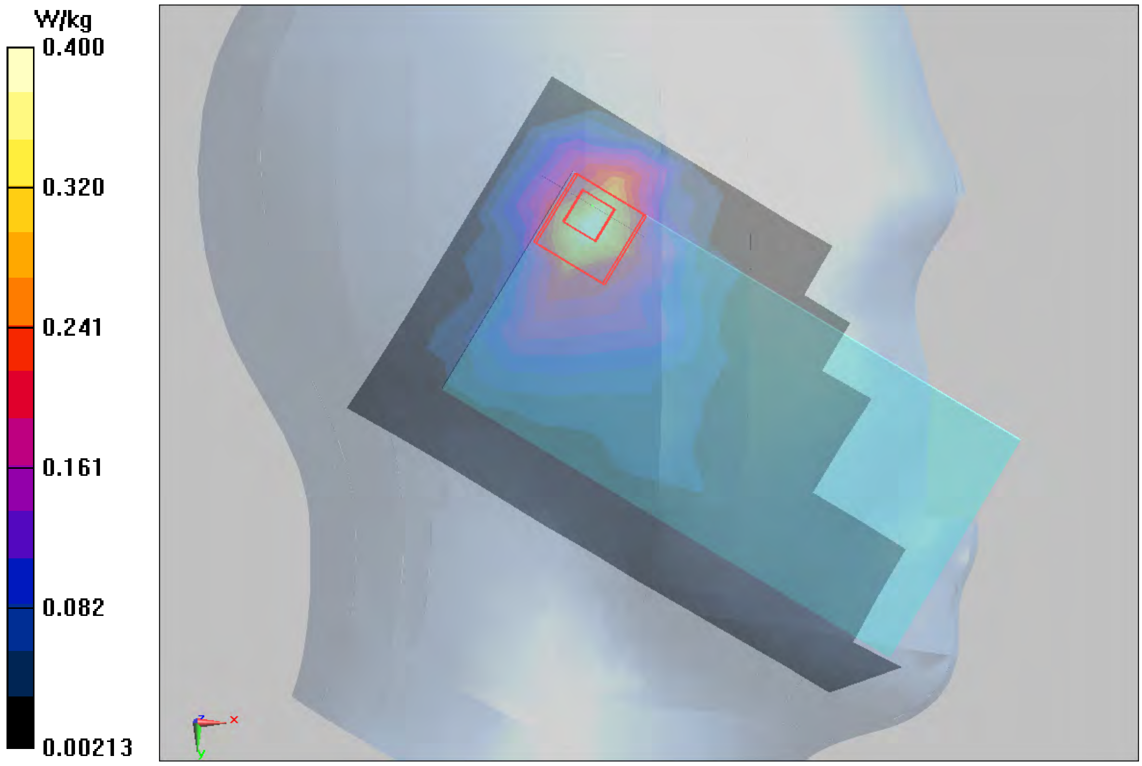
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.543 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.917 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 W/kg



Plot 19 802.11b Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.797 S/m; ε_r = 38.629; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 W/kg

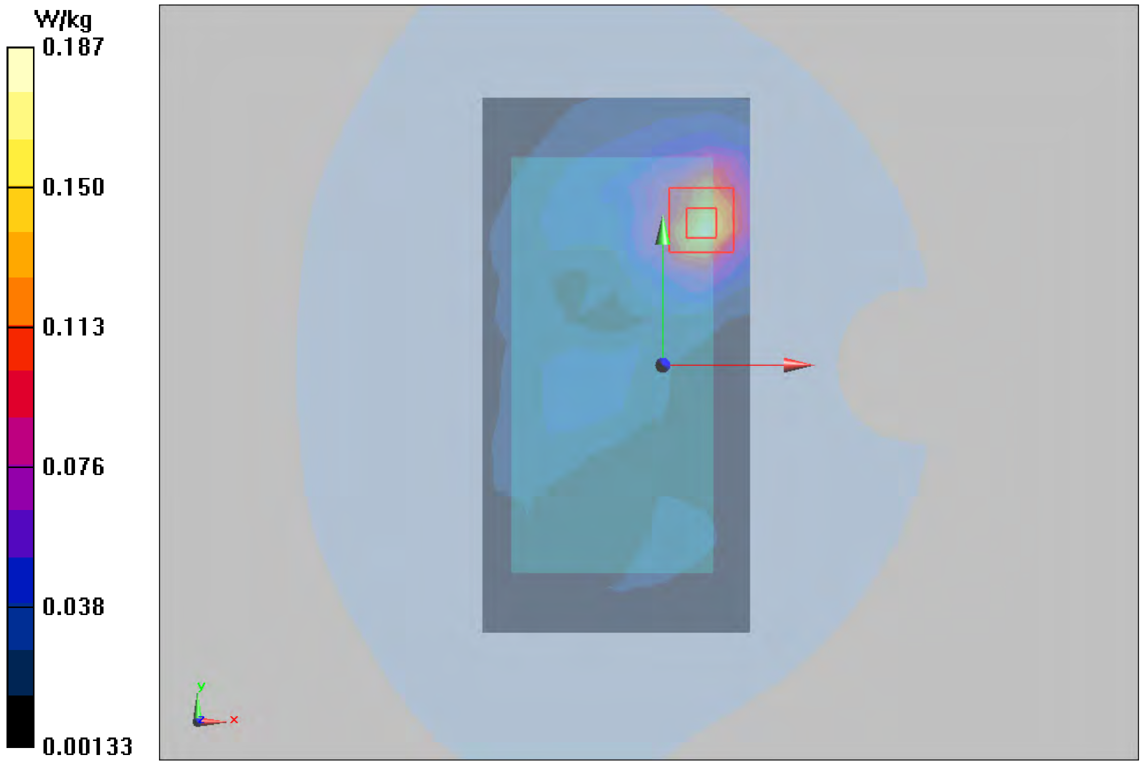
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.377 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.345 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.166 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187 W/kg



Plot 20 802.11b Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/20/2020

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.797 S/m; ε_r = 38.629; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 7/06/2020;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.508 W/kg

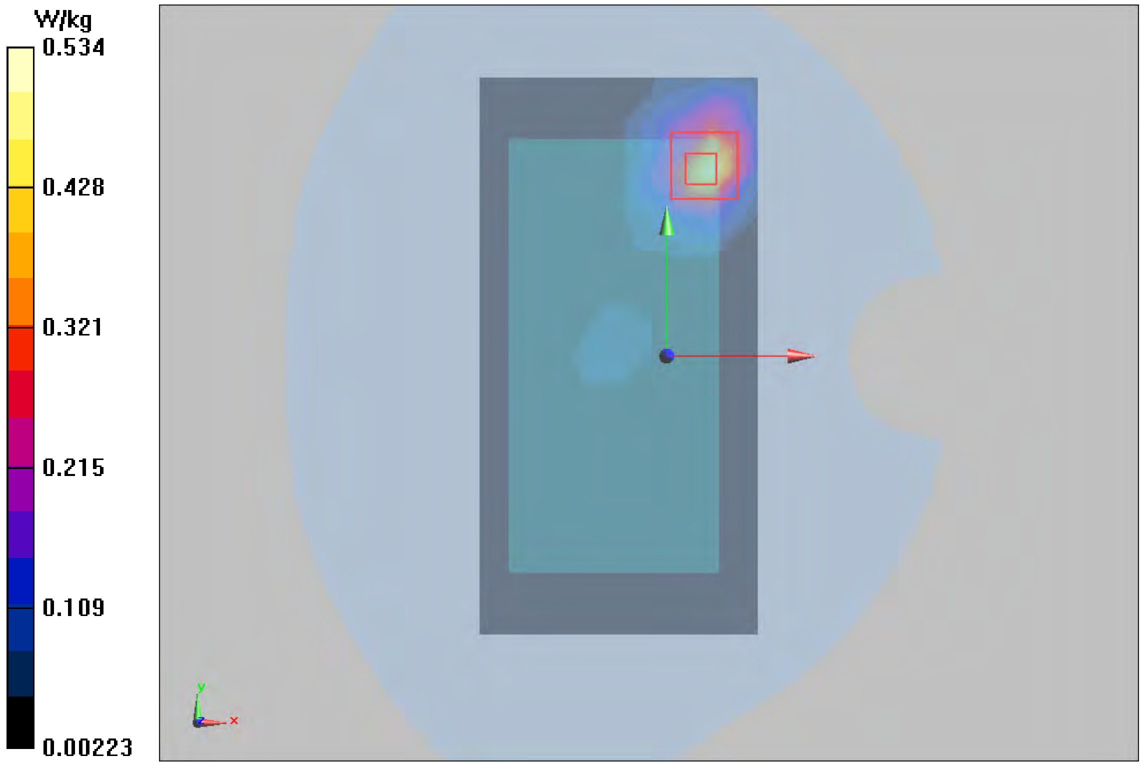
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.394 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.472 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.534 W/kg



ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

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CNAS L0570

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Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60218

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN : 3677
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-004-01 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes
Calibration date:	July 06, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)	Jun-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)	Jun-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)	Jun-21
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan20/2)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 1556	4-Feb-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Feb20)	Feb-21

Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04343)	Jun-21
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: July 08, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i θ=0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:*A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):* in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset:* The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle:* The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:Z20-60218 Page 2 of 9

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (*k*=2)
Norm(μV/(V/m)²)[A]	0.41	0.46	0.40	±10.0%
DCP(mV)[B]	100.7	102.6	102.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (*k*=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	174.8	±2.0%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		186.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		173.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor *k*=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz][C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha[G]	Depth[G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.78	9.78	9.78	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.21	1.11	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.26	1.05	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.28	1.06	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.23	1.17	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.66	0.68	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.54	7.54	7.54	0.66	0.70	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.74	0.67	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.48	0.97	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.03	7.03	7.03	0.49	0.93	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.83	6.83	6.83	0.49	0.97	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.76	6.76	6.76	0.40	1.20	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.47	6.47	6.47	0.40	1.20	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.50	1.13	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.55	5.55	5.55	0.50	1.15	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.55	1.22	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.55	1.27	±13.3%

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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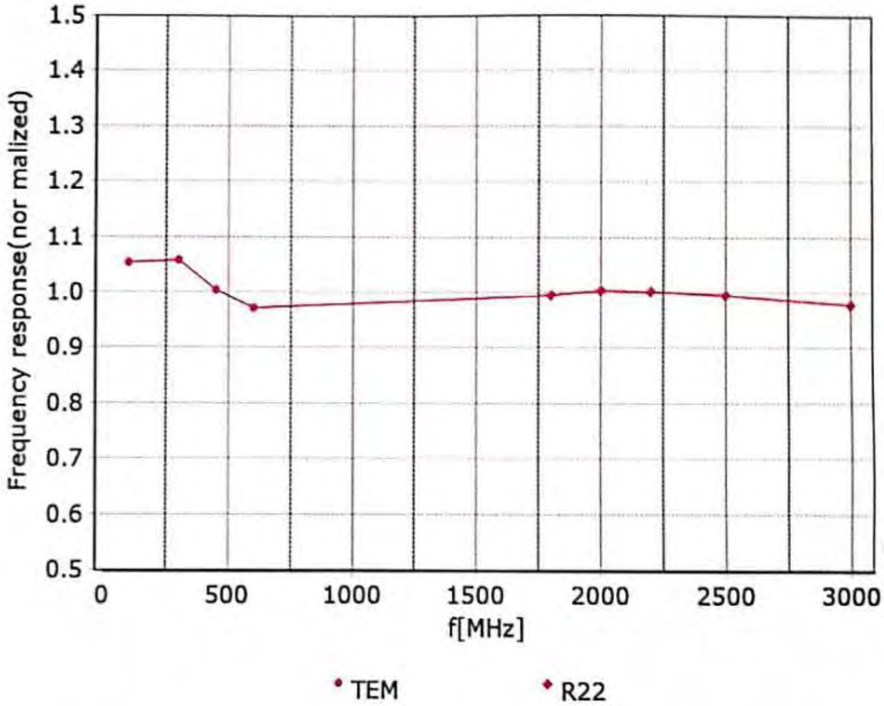
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (*k*=2)

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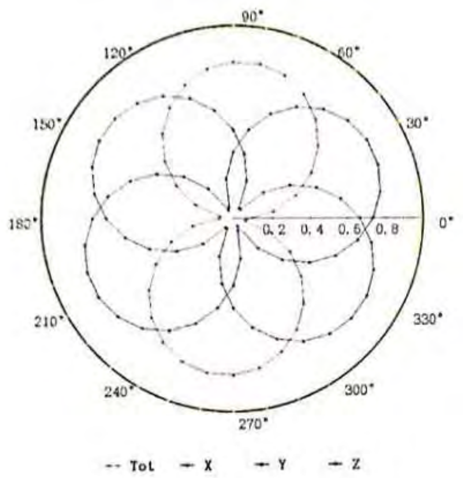
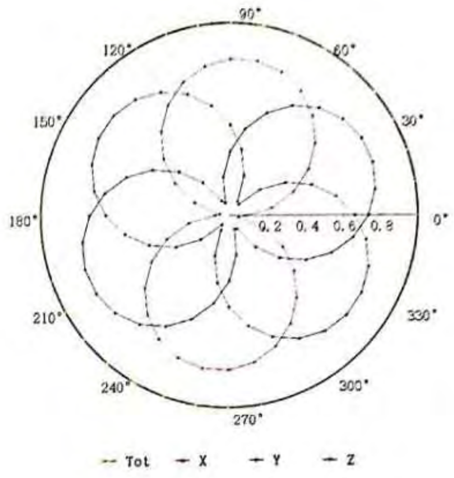
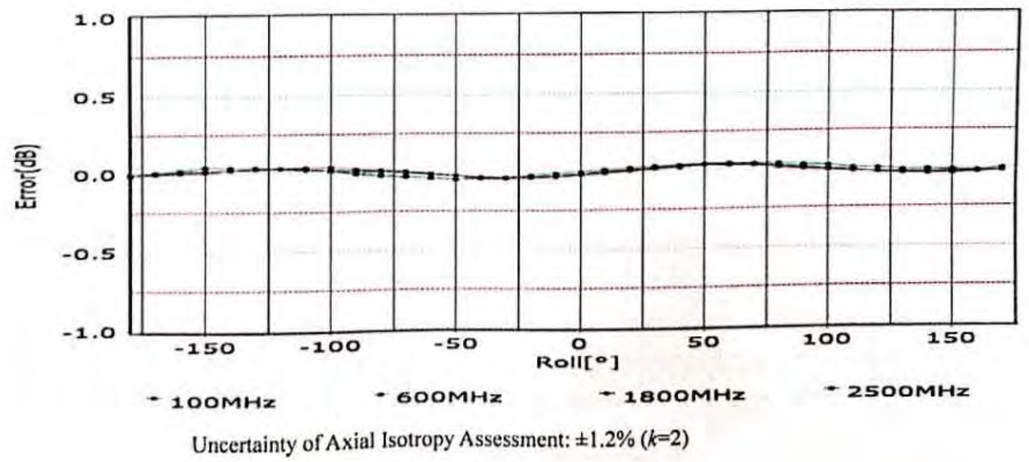
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

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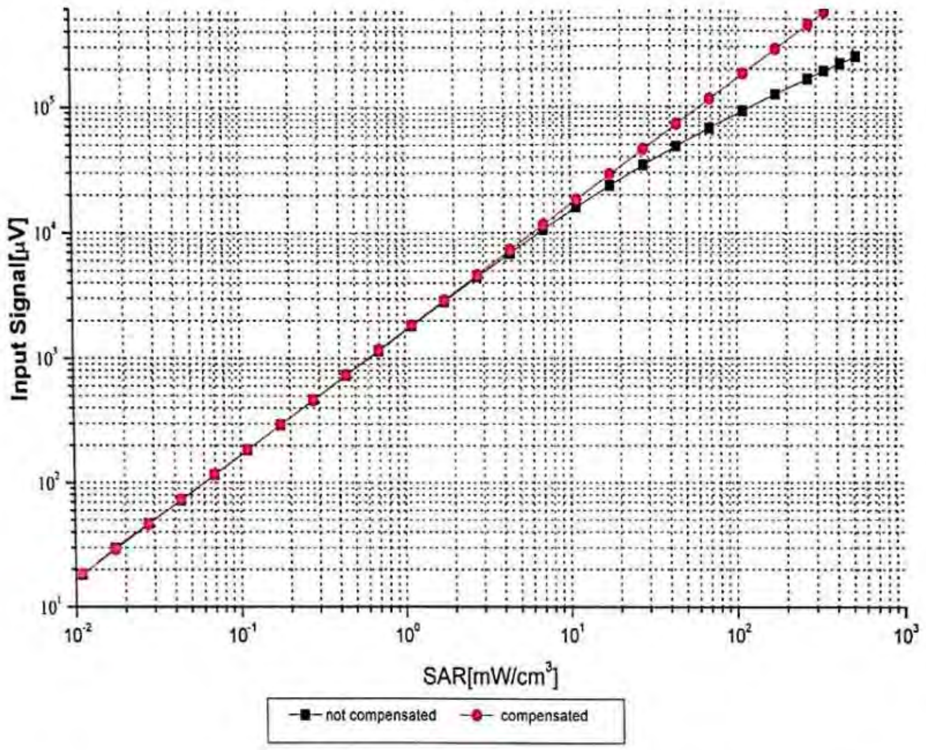
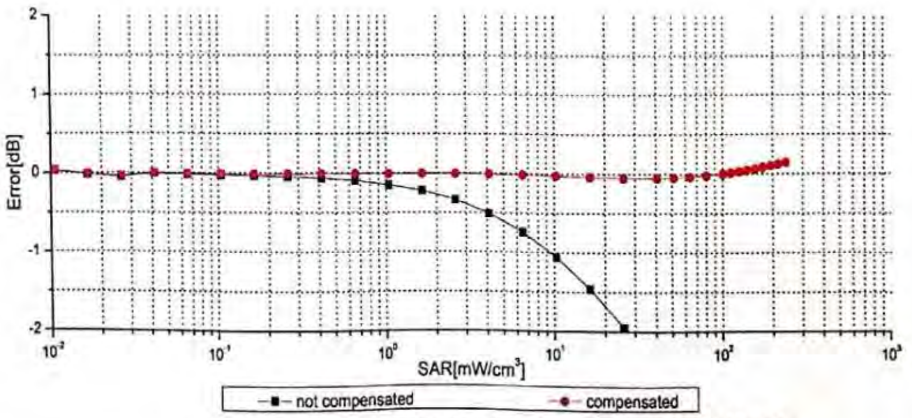
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (*k*=2)

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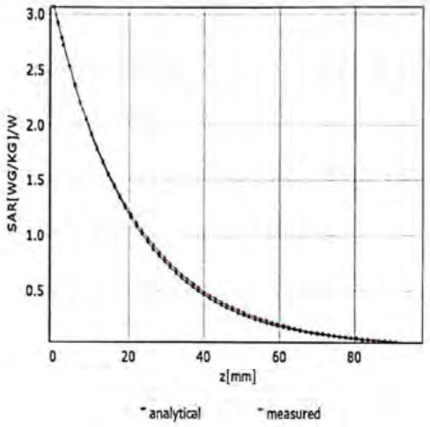
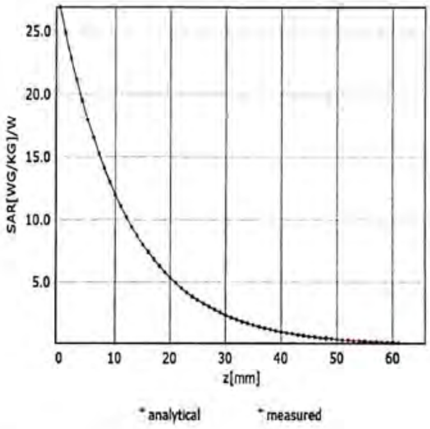
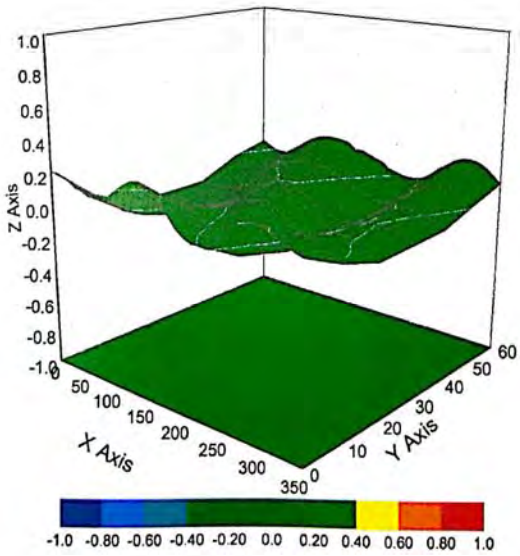
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF) **f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)**





Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (*k*=2)

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3677

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	115.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z20-60218 Page 9 of 9

ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate (August 28, 2017)

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Client: TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z17-97114

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 28, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: August 31, 2017

TTL In Collaboration with s p e a g CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97114 Page 2 of 8

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.45 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.51 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.09 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.6 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.75 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.47 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3Ω- 2.54jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω- 4.57jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.8dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.495 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.28.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.73, 9.73, 9.73); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

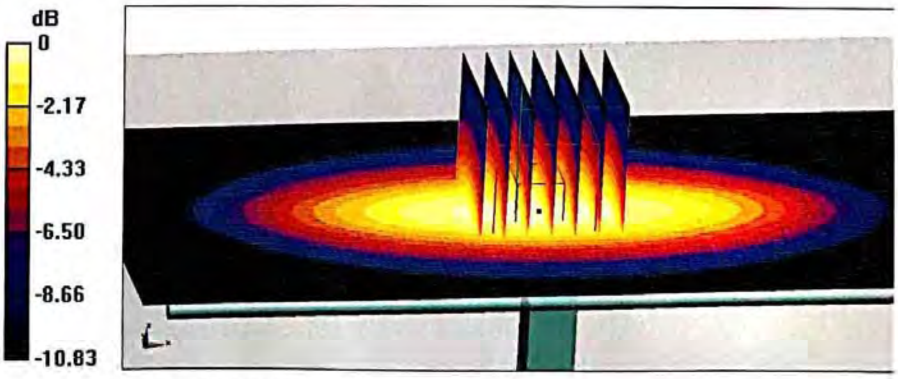
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.74V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg



0 dB = 3.16 W/kg = 5.00 dBW/kg

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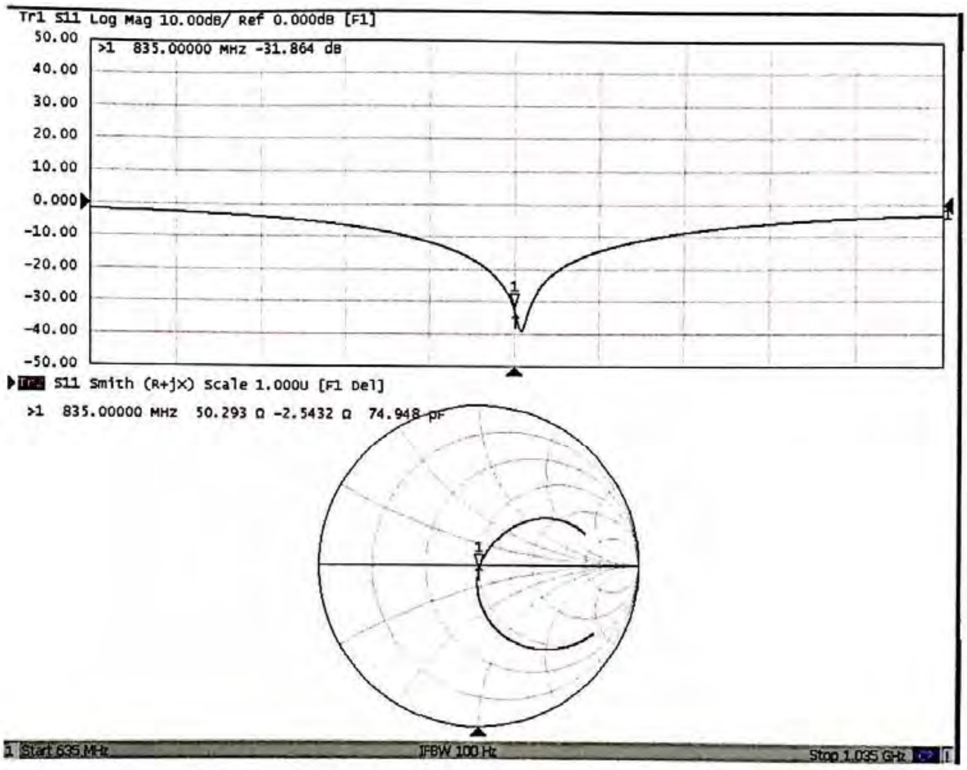
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 08.27.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.984 S/m; ε_r = 55.62; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.64,9.64, 9.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

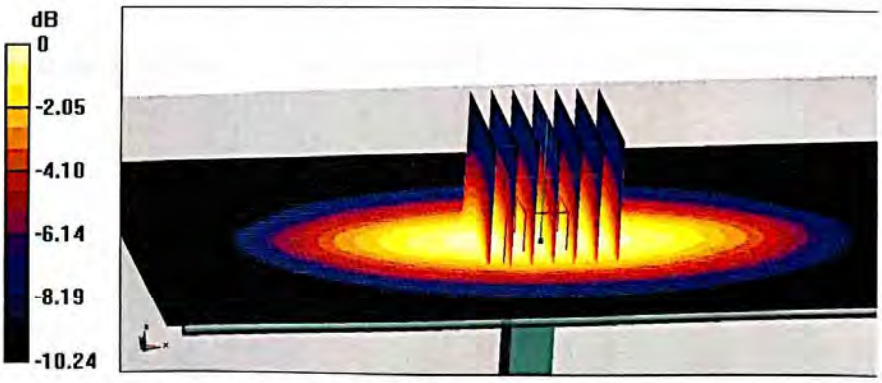
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97114 Page 7 of 8

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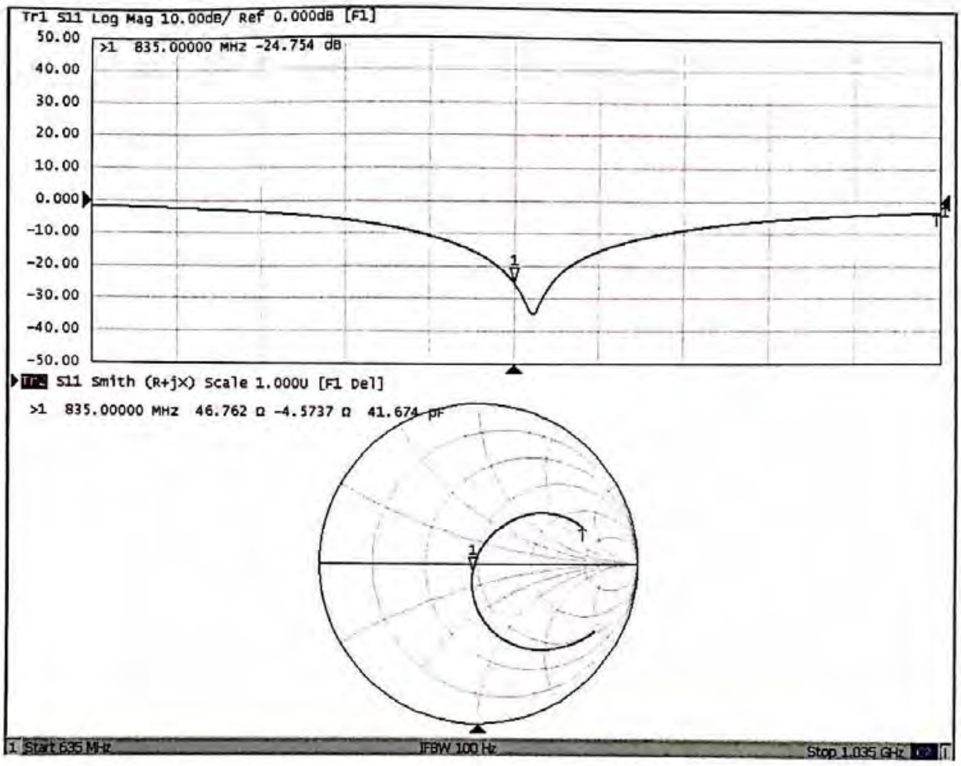
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX F: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate (August 28, 2020)

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中国认可 国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60296

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 28, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)**	**Scheduled Calibration**
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 3, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.65 W/kg ± 18.8 % (*k*=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.37 W/kg ± 18.7 % (*k*=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.76 W /kg ± 18.8 % (*k*=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.40 W/kg ± 18.7 % (*k*=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8Ω+ 1.73jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0Ω- 2.47jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.258 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.28.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.877 S/m; ε_r = 41.23; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

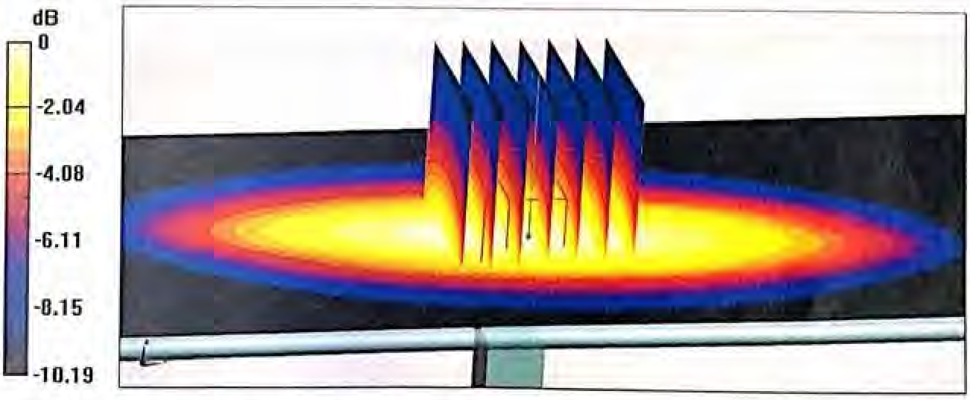
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



0 dB = 3.12 W/kg = 4.94 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60296 Page 5 of 8

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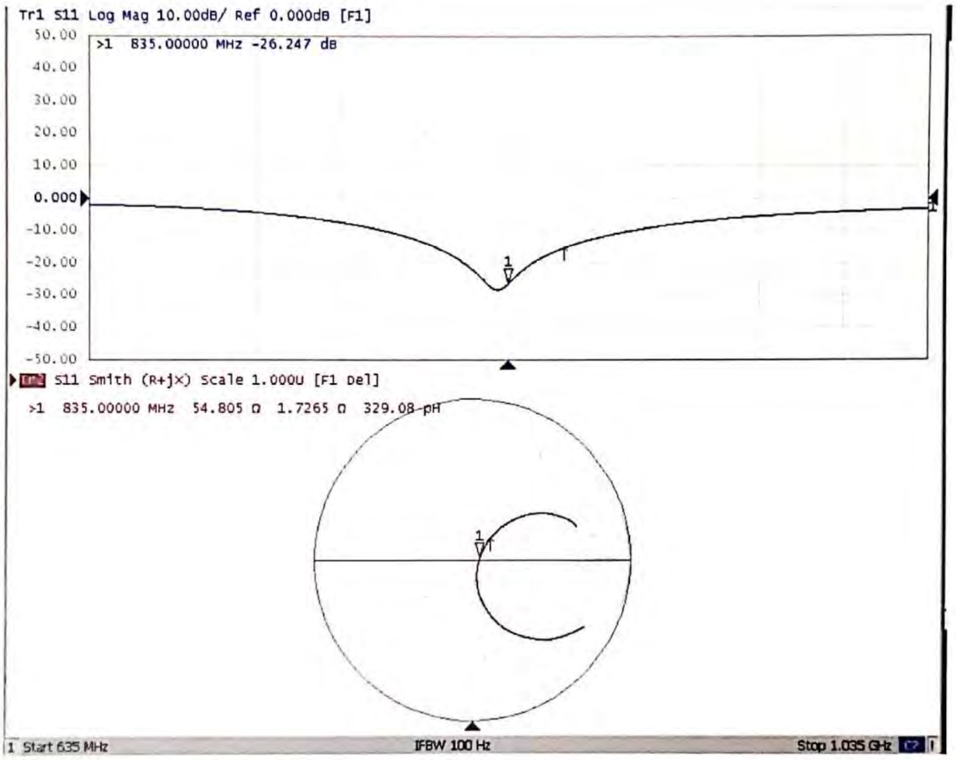
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 08.28.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.958 S/m; ε_r = 55.02; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.53, 9.53, 9.53) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

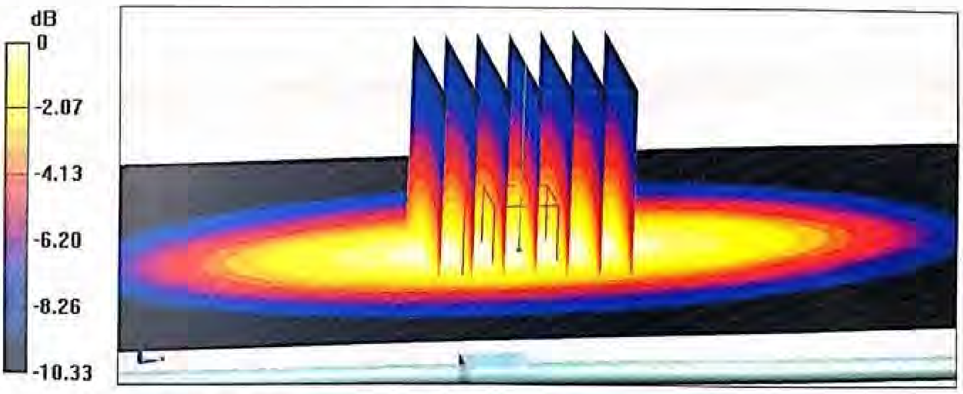
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 15.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 W/kg



0 dB = 3.24 W/kg = 5.11 dBW/kg

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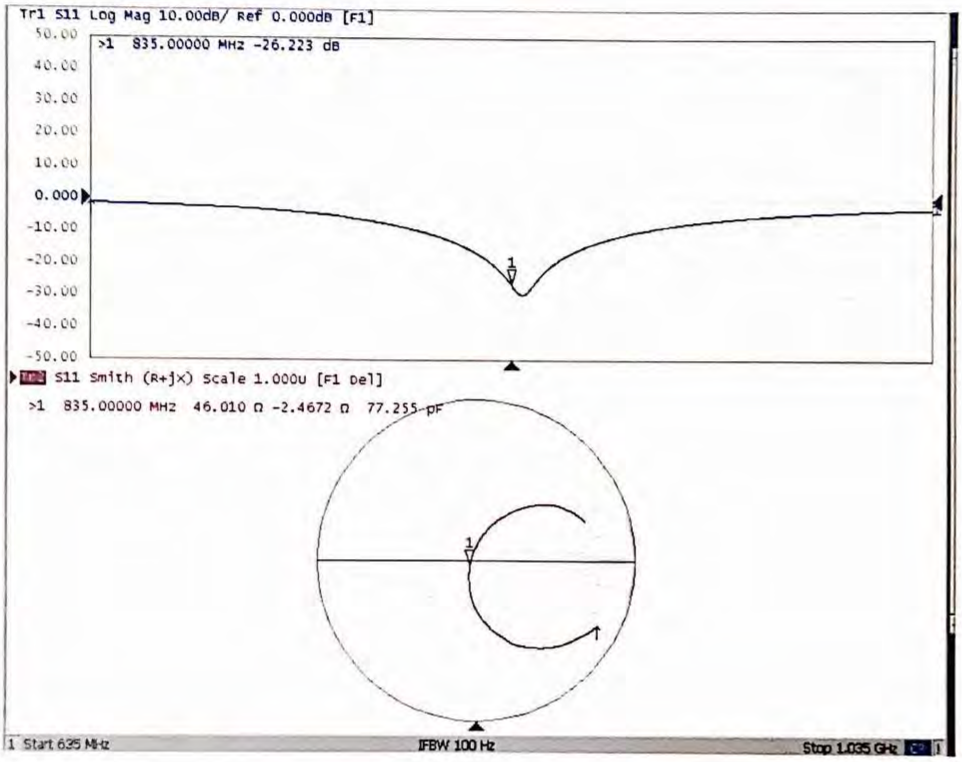
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60296 Page 8 of 8

ANNEX G: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate (August 26, 2017)

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国际互认
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CNAS L0570

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Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z17-97115

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 26, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)**	**Scheduled Calibration**
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: August 30, 2017

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97115 Page 2 of 8

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.9 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.1 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.19 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.7 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.6 ± 6 %	1.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.90 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.5 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.21 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.8 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.0Ω+ 6.59jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.4dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7Ω+ 8.35jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.4dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.302 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.26.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.413 S/m; εr = 39.85; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

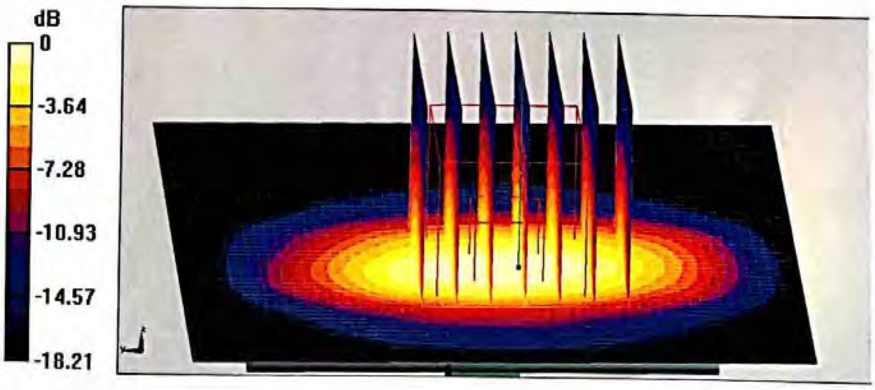
System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg = 12.01 dBW/kg

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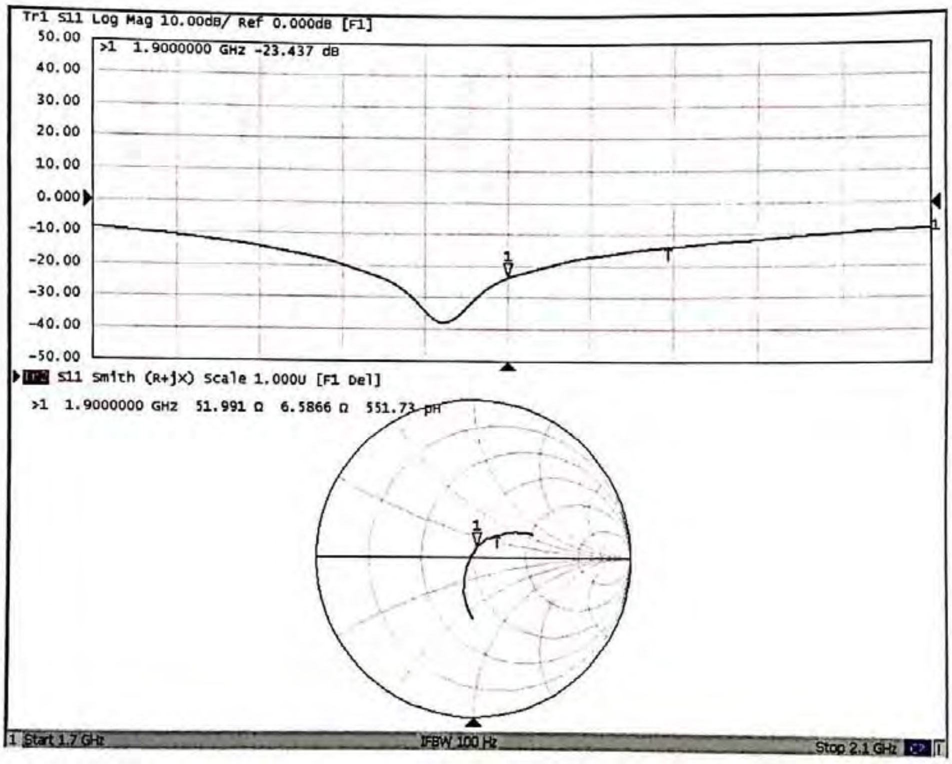
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97115 Page 6 of 8

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 08.26.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.528 S/m; ε_r = 53.55; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

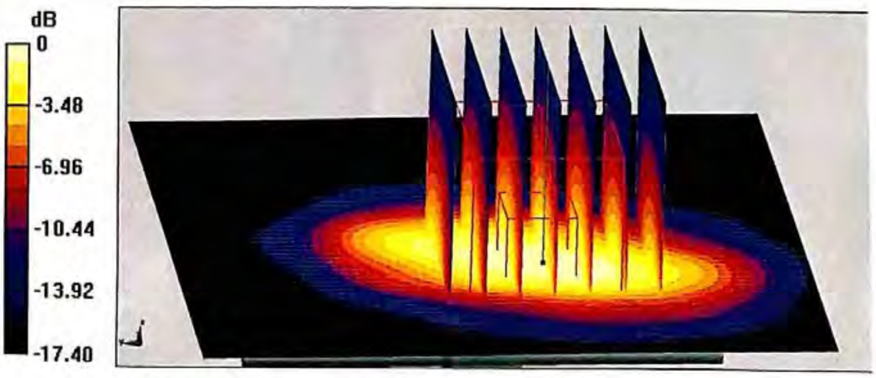
System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

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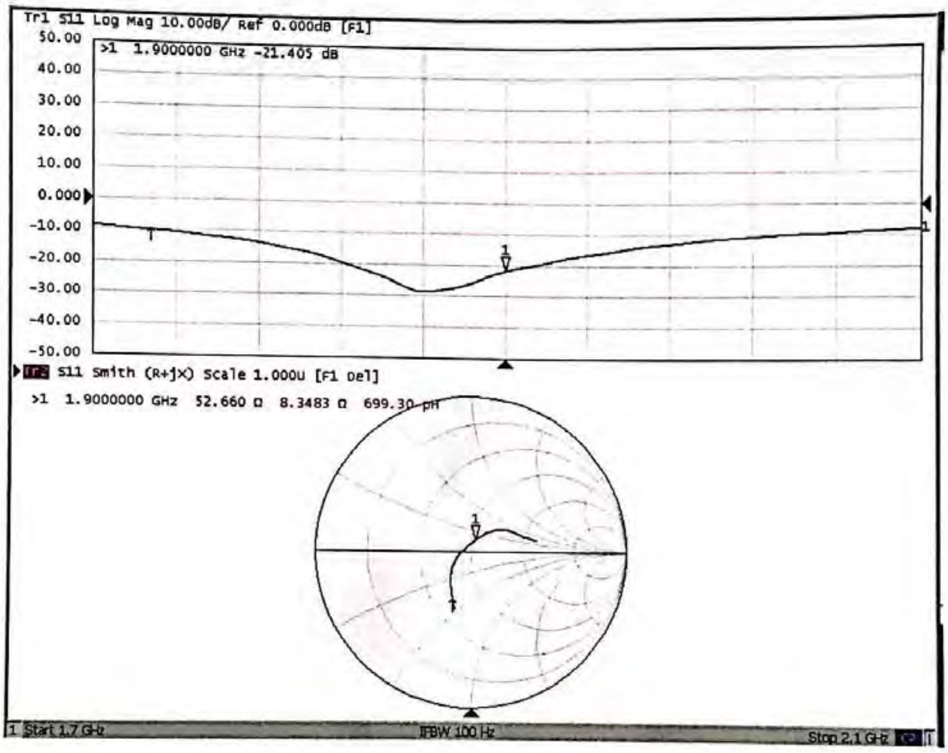
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97115 Page 8 of 8

ANNEX H: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate (August 26, 2020)

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Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60297

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)**	**Scheduled Calibration**
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 3, 2020

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lossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.5 W/kg ± 18.8 % (*k*=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (*k*=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (*k*=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (*k*=2)**

Certificate No: Z20-60297 Page 3 of 8

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5Ω+ 6.58jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0Ω+ 6.72jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.9dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.061 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.27.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.404 S/m; ε_r = 41.12; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

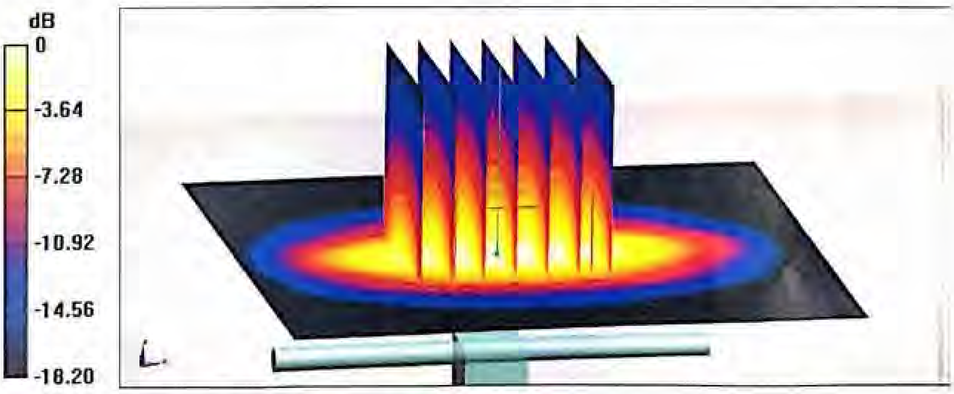
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



0 dB = 15.6 W/kg = 11.93 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60297 Page 5 of 8

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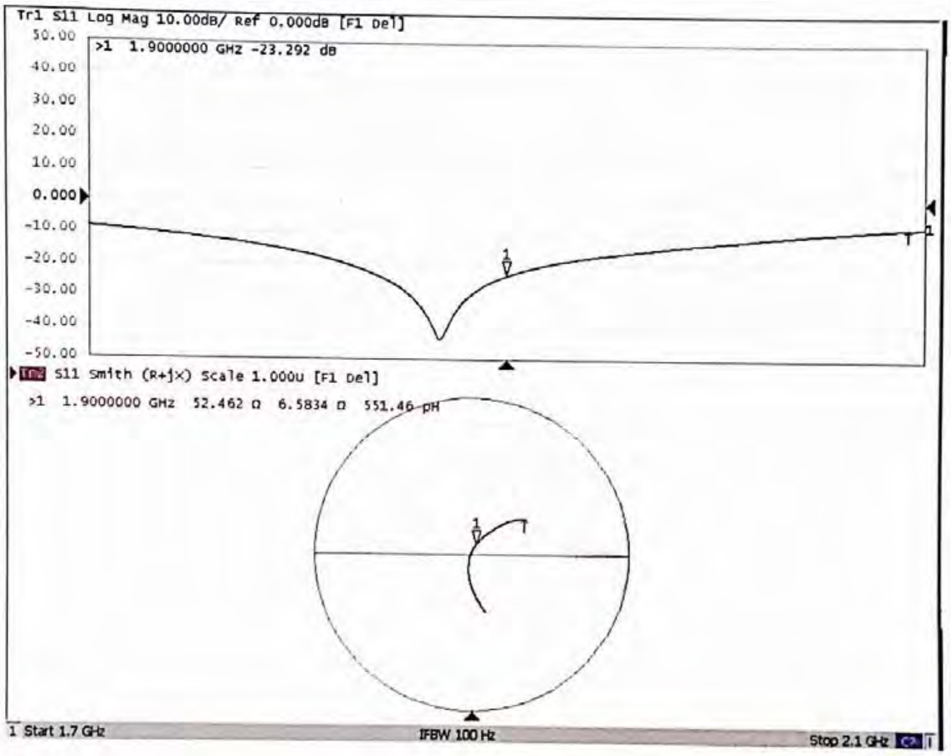
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 08.27.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.508 S/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

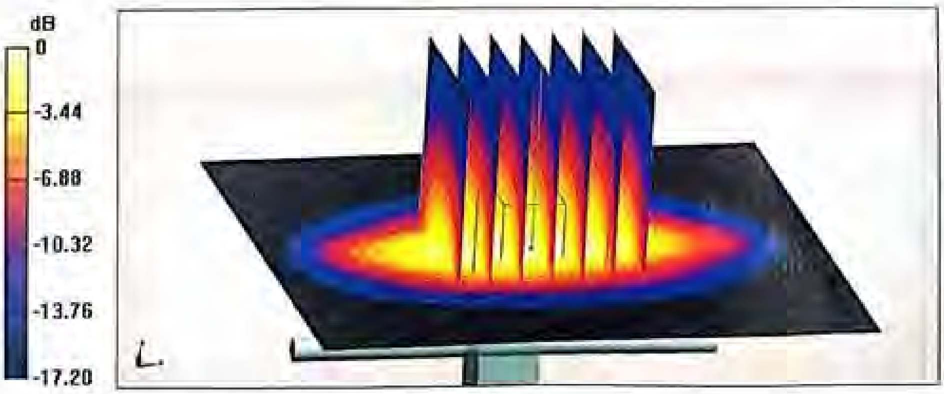
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 55.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

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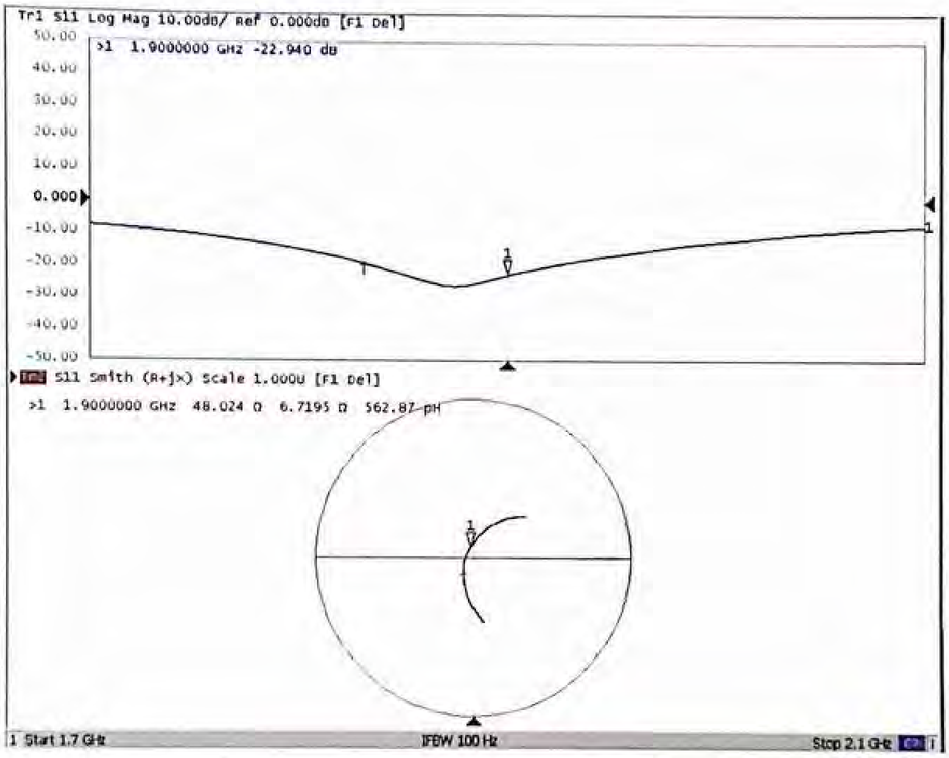
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX I: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate (August 29, 2017)

In Collaboration with s p e a g CALIBRATION LABORATORY

中国认可 国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z17-97116

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 786
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	August 29, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 1, 2017

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97116 Page 2 of 8

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**52.6 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.6 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**50.8 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.87 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.5 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

Certificate No: Z17-97116 Page 3 of 8

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4Ω+ 4.29jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0Ω+ 6.61jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.6dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.265 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.29.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.822 S/m; εr = 39.65; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

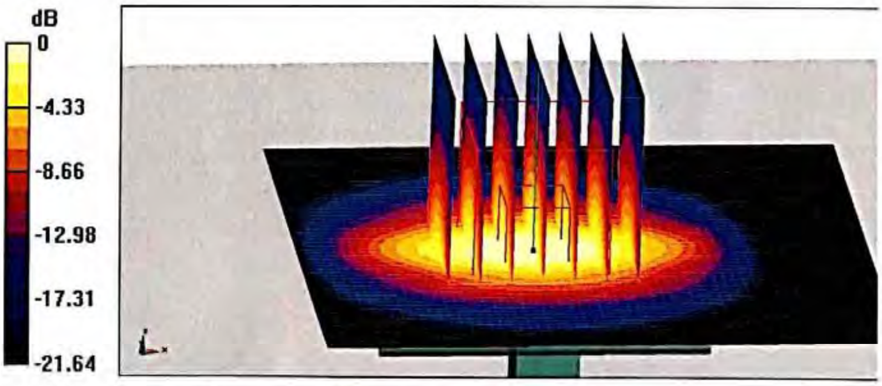
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97116 Page 5 of 8

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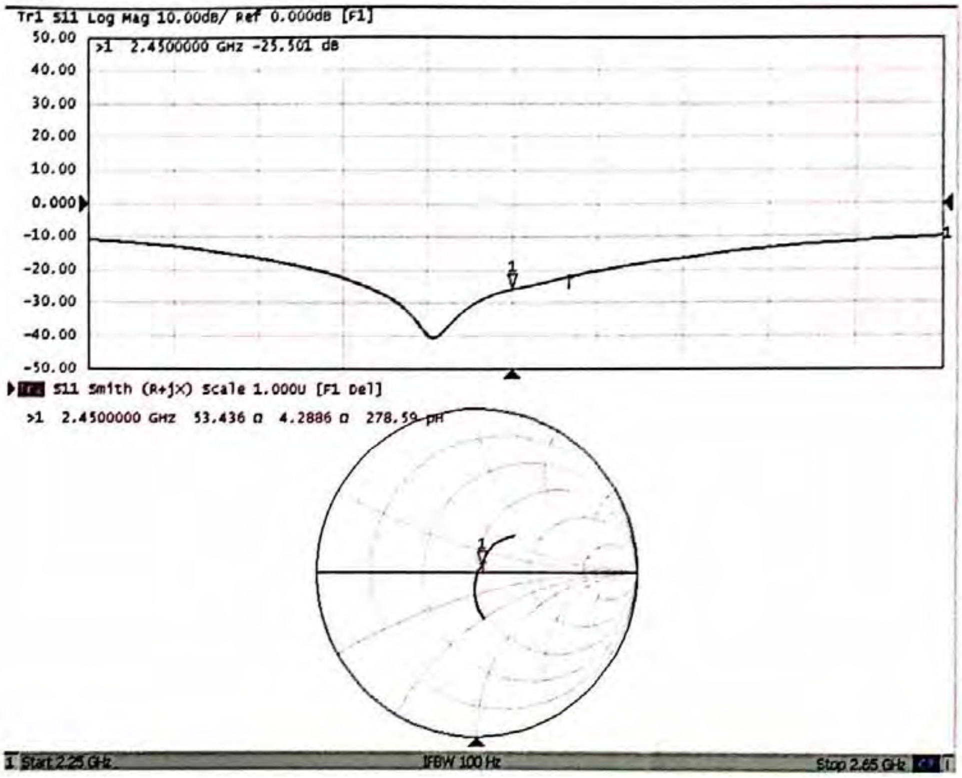
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97116 Page 6 of 8

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 08.29.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.943 S/m; ε_r = 52.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

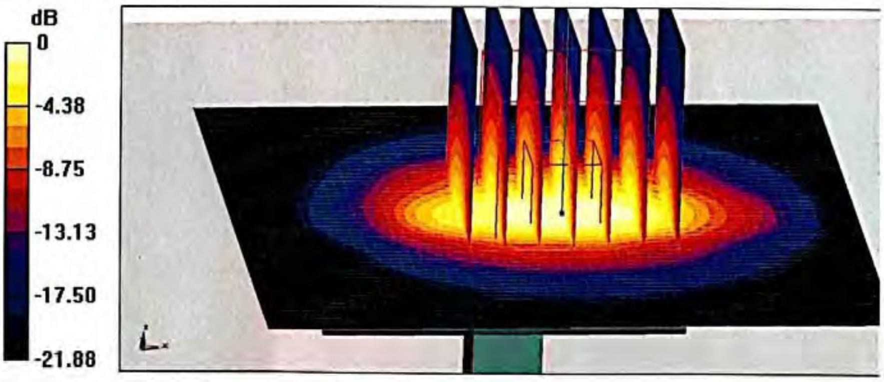
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97116 Page 7 of 8

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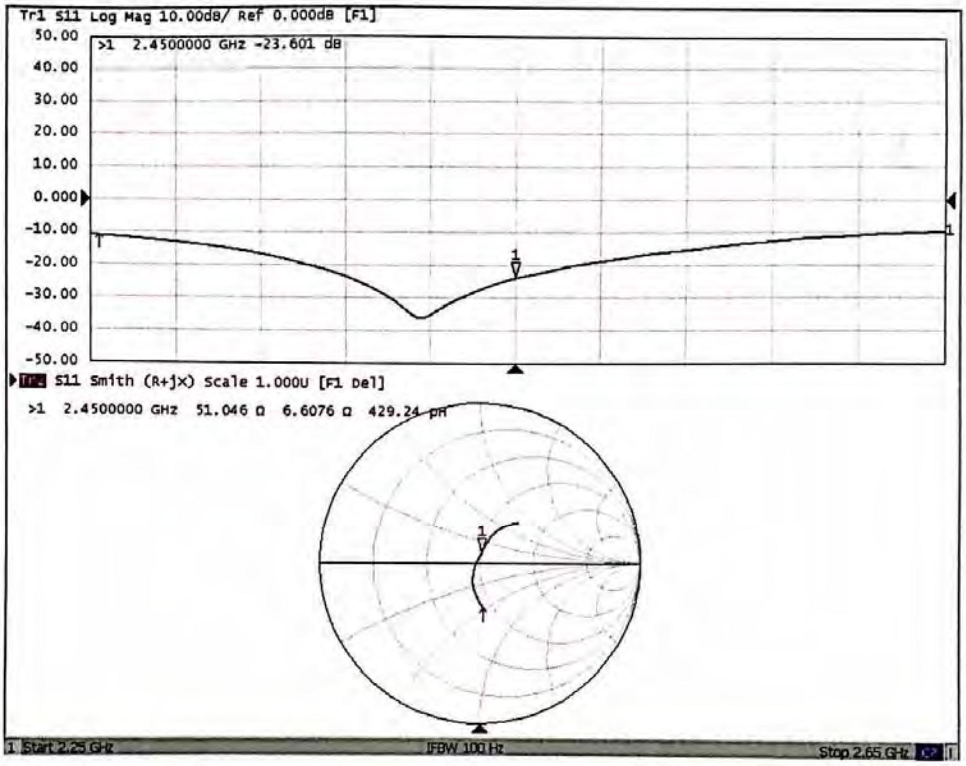
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97116 Page 8 of 8

ANNEX J: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate (August 27, 2020)

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中国认可
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CNAS L0570

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60298

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)**	**Scheduled Calibration**
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46107873	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 2, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", September 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**52.3 W/kg ± 18.8 % (*k*=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.0 W/kg ± 18.7 % (*k*=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**52.4 W/kg ± 18.8 % (*k*=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.3 W/kg ± 18.7 % (*k*=2)**

Certificate No: Z20-60298 Page 3 of 8

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω+ 1.44 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9Ω+ 5.09 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.018 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.27.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.787 S/m; ε_r = 39.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

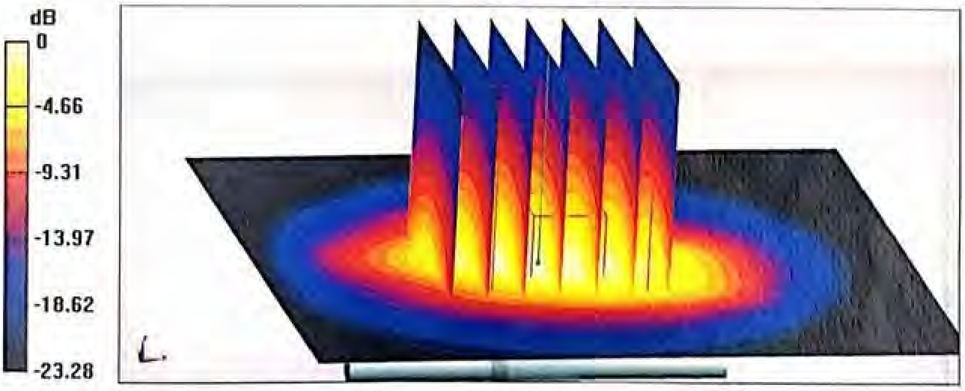
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60298 Page 5 of 8

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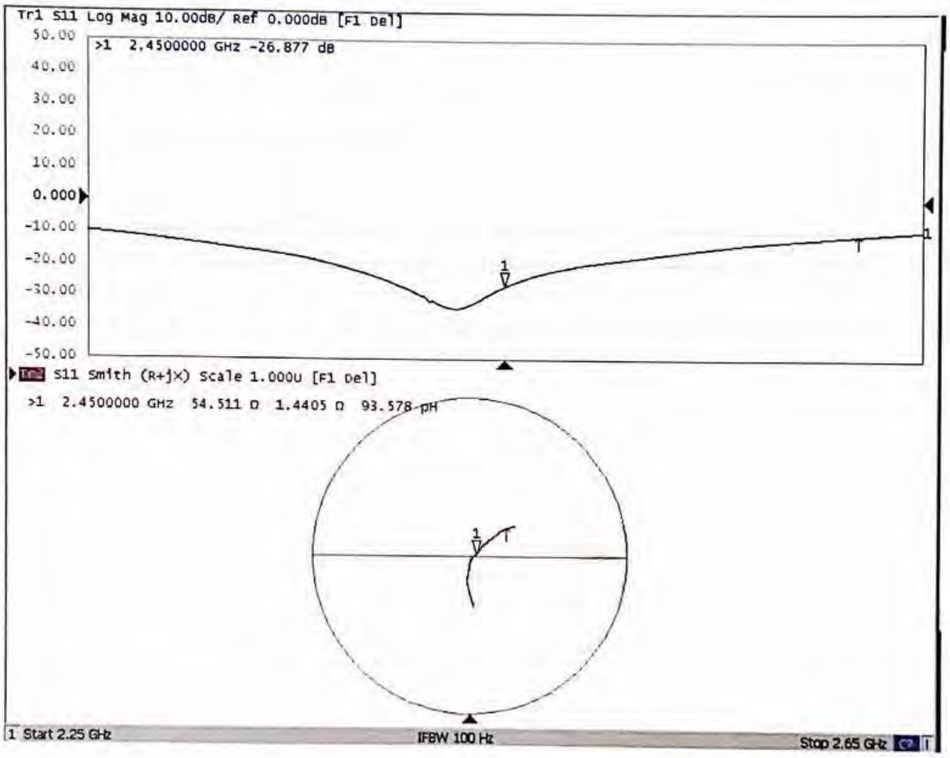
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 08.27.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.938 S/m; ε_r = 52.06; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

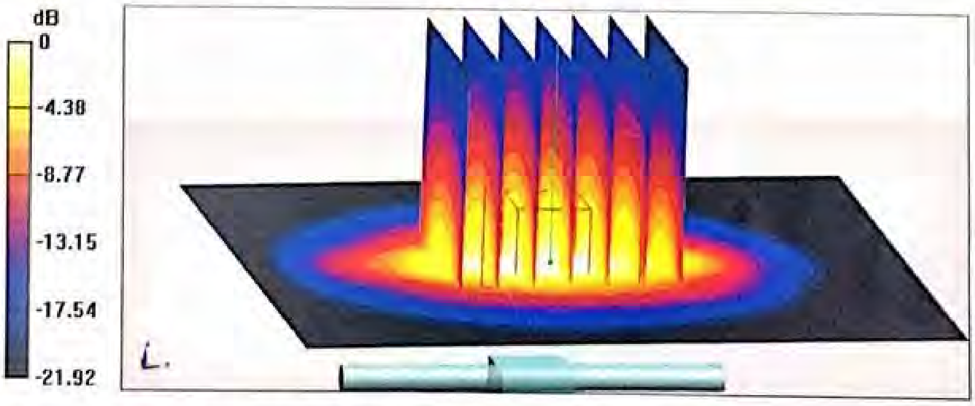
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

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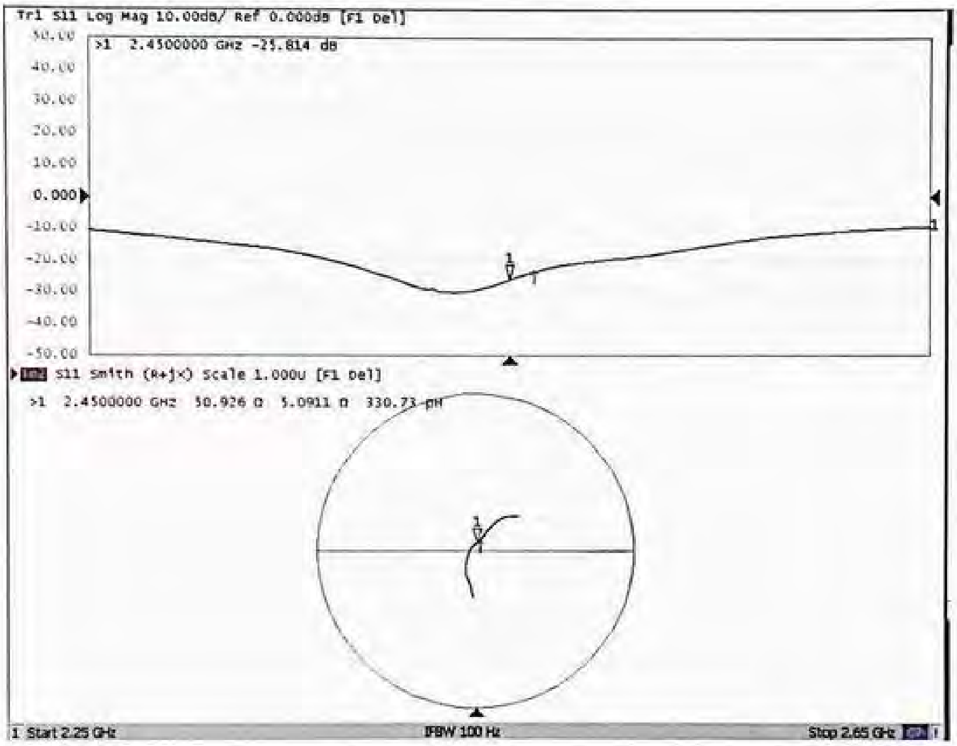
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60298 Page 8 of 8

ANNEX K: DAE4 Calibration Certificate (October 23, 2019)

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **TA-SH (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1317_Oct19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1317

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-06.v29
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: October 23, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dominique Steffen	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	i.V.

Issued: October 23, 2019

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100…+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1…….+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.804 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.568 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.927 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97954 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99058 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96919 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	332.5 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199993.97	-1.61	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.68	1.67	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19999.35	1.95	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199994.72	-0.94	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20001.93	-0.03	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-19999.69	1.70	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199995.14	-0.83	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.23	-0.62	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.59	-0.08	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.92	-0.47	-0.02
Channel X	+ Input	202.45	0.76	0.37
Channel X	- Input	-197.45	0.81	-0.41
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.30	-0.94	-0.05
Channel Y	+ Input	201.24	-0.37	-0.18
Channel Y	- Input	-198.12	0.14	-0.07
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.71	-0.42	-0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	200.46	-1.06	-0.53
Channel Z	- Input	-198.55	-0.18	0.09

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	12.11	9.92
	- 200	-9.05	-11.12
Channel Y	200	11.30	11.37
	- 200	-12.29	-12.77
Channel Z	200	1.70	1.84
	- 200	-3.81	-3.72

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.67	-4.44
Channel Y	200	8.45	-	3.12
Channel Z	200	10.32	5.39	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15754	15950
Channel Y	16502	16801
Channel Z	16087	13971

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.94	-0.24	2.94	0.49
Channel Y	0.26	-1.03	1.33	0.51
Channel Z	-1.40	-2.82	0.02	0.54

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

ANNEX L:DAE4 Calibration Certificate (February 23, 2021)

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中国认可 国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Client : TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z21-60041

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SN: 1317

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-002-01
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: February 23, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342)	Jun-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: February 25, 2021

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.746 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.512 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.872 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97990 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99299 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96969 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	333° ± 1 °

Certificate No: Z21-60041 Page 3 of 3

ANNEX M: The EUT Appearance

The EUT Appearance are submitted separately.

ANNEX N: Test Setup Photos

The Test Setup Photos are submitted separately.

********END OF REPORT ********