



# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant**      MobiWire SAS  
**FCC ID**          QPN-NEKA  
**Product**        3G Smart Phone  
**Model**            Mobewire Neka, Altice S13  
**Report No.**      R2007A0455-R2  
**Issue Date**      September 16, 2020

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2019)/ FCC CFR 47 Part 24E (2019)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

*Prepared by: Peng Tao*

*Approved by: Kai Xu*

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## Summary of measurement results

No.	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	RF Power Output and Effective Isotropic Radiated Power	2.1046 24.232(c)	PASS
2	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049	PASS
3	Band Edge Compliance	2.1051 /24.238(a)	PASS
4	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	24.232/KDB 971168 D01(5.7)	PASS
5	Frequency Stability	2.1055 / 24.235	PASS
6	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	2.1051 / 24.238(a)	PASS
7	Radiates Spurious Emission	2.1053 / 24.238(a)	PASS
Date of Testing: July 10, 2020 ~ August 27, 2020			
Date of Sample Receiving: July 9, 2020			
Note: PASS: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard. FAIL: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.			



## 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

### 1.2. Test facility

#### **FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### **A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

### 1.3. Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong  
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## 2. General Description of Equipment under Test

### 2.3. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant	MobiWire SAS
Applicant address	79 avenue Francois Arago, 92000 NANTERRE France.
Manufacturer	MobiWire SAS
Manufacturer address	79 avenue Francois Arago, 92000 NANTERRE France.

### 2.4. General information

EUT Description			
Model	Mobiwire Neka, Altice S13		
IMEI	IMEI 1:353443110003147 IMEI 2:353443110003154		
Hardware Version	V00		
Software Version	Mobiwire_Neka_V01_200701		
Power Supply	Battery/AC adapter		
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna		
Antenna Gain	GSM1900: -1dBi WCDMA Band II:-1dBi		
Test Mode(s)	GSM1900; WCDMA Band II;		
Test Modulation	(GSM/GPRS)GMSK, (WCDMA) BPSK, QPSK		
GPRS Multislot Class	12		
EGPRS Multislot Class	12		
HSDPA UE Category	14		
HSUPA UE Category	6		
HSPA+ UE Category	6		
Maximum E.I.R.P	GSM 1900:	28.43dBm	
	WCDMA Band II:	20.68dBm	
Rated Power Supply Voltage	3.8V		
Extreme Voltage	Minimum: 3.6V Maximum: 4.35V		
Extreme Temperature	Lowest: -10°C Highest: +55°C		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM1900	1850 ~ 1910	1930 ~ 1990
	WCDMA Band II	1850 ~ 1910	1930 ~ 1990
EUT Accessory			
Adapter	Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Technology Co., Ltd Model: A31A-050100U-US1		
Battery	Manufacturer: ZHONGSHAN TIANMAO BATTERY CO.,LTD Model: 178183116		



Battery	Manufacturer: ZHONGSHAN TIANMAO BATTERY CO.,LTD Model: 178183116
Earphone	Manufacturer: HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD Model: JWEP0957-M01R
USB Cable	Manufacturer: SHENZHEN FKY-QY HARDWARE ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD Model: AM MICRO5P
Note: 1. The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant.	

Item	Mobiwire Neka	Altice S13
Protocol Stack	The same	The same
MMS/STK	The same	The same
JAVA	The same	The same
Web User Interface page	The same	The same
HARDWARE	The same	The same
MECHANICAL	The same	The same
ACCESSORY	The same	The same
Note: Customer declaration, two models are the same, except for the model. There are more than one model, only Mobiwire Neka will be recorded in this report.		

### 3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**Test standards:**

**FCC CFR 47 Part 24E (2019)**

**ANSI C63.26 (2015)**

**Reference standard:**

**FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2019)**

**KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01**

## 4. Test Configuration

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes. EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). Receiver antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical), the worst emission was found in position (Z axis, horizontal polarization) and the worst case was recorded.

All mode and data rates and positions and RB size and modulations were investigated.

Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported.

The following testing in GSM/WCDMA is set based on the maximum RF Output Power.

Test modes are chosen to be reported as the worst case configuration below:

Test items	Modes/Modulation	
	GSM 1900	WCDMA Band II
RF Power Output and Effective Isotropic Radiated Power	GSM GPRS	RMC HSDPA/HSUPA
Occupied Bandwidth	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)	RMC
Band Edge Compliance	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)	RMC
Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)	RMC
Frequency Stability	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)	RMC
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	GSM	RMC
Radiates Spurious Emission	GSM	RMC



## 5. Test Case Results

### 5.1.RF Power Output and Effective Isotropic Radiated Power

#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Methods of Measurement

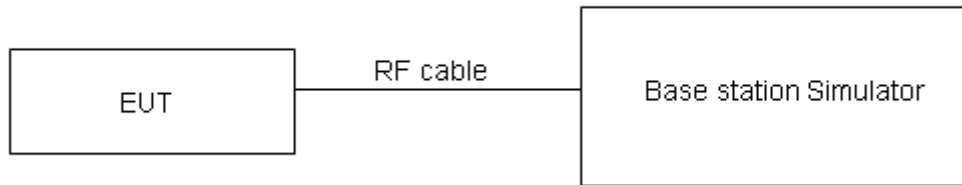
During the process of the testing, The EUT is controlled by the Base Station Simulator to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26 (2015).

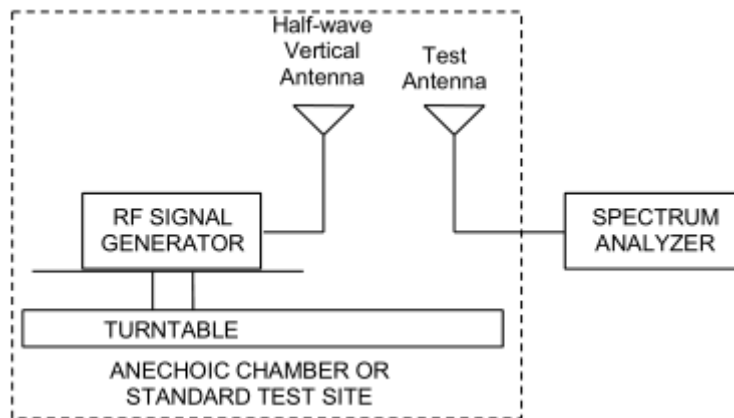
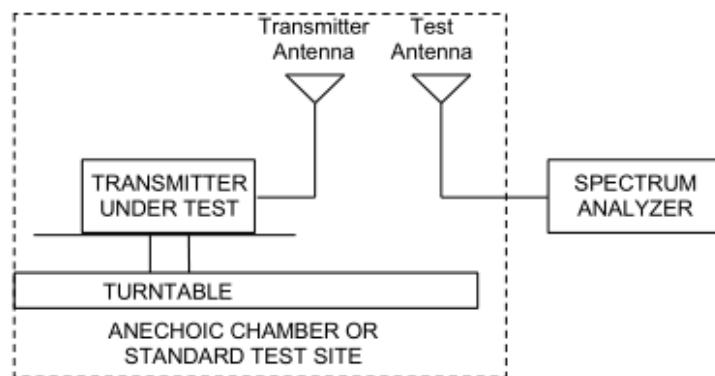
- a) Connect the equipment as illustrated. Mount the equipment with the manufacturer specified antenna in a vertical orientation on a manufacturer specified mounting surface located on a non-conducting rotating platform of a RF anechoic chamber (preferred) or a standard radiation site.
- b) Key the transmitter, then rotate the EUT 360° azimuthally and record spectrum analyzer power level (LVL) measurements at angular increments that are sufficiently small to permit resolution of all peaks. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at each angular increment. (Note: several batteries may be needed to offset the effect of battery voltage droop, which should not exceed 5% of the manufactured specified battery voltage during transmission).
- c) Replace the transmitter under test with a vertically polarized half-wave dipole (or an antenna whose gain is known relative to an ideal half-wave dipole). The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the antenna under test.
- d) Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss (in dB) as LOSS. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading.  $LOSS = \text{Generator Output Power (dBm)} - \text{Analyzer reading (dBm)}$
- e) Determine the effective radiated output power at each angular position from the readings in steps b) and d) using the following equation:  $ERP \text{ (dBm)} = \text{LVL (dBm)} + \text{LOSS (dB)}$
- f) The maximum ERP is the maximum value determined in the preceding step.
- g) When calculating ERP, in addition to knowing the antenna radiation and matching characteristics, it is necessary to know the loss values of all elements (e.g.transmission line attenuation, mismatches, filters, combiners) interposed between the point where transmitter output power is measured, and the point where power is applied to the antenna. ERP can then be calculated as follows:  
 $EIRP \text{ (dBm)} = \text{Output Power (dBm)} - \text{Losses (dB)} + \text{Antenna Gain (dBi)}$   
where:dBd refers to gain relative to an ideal dipole.  
 $EIRP \text{ (dBm)} = ERP \text{ (dBm)} + 2.15 \text{ (dB.)}$

The RB allocation refers to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.

**Test Setup**



The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the tester has been taken into consideration.



**Limits**

No specific RF power output requirements in part 2.1046.

Rule Part 24.232(c) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP.

Rule Part 24.232(e) Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.

Limit	≤ 2 W (33 dBm)
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**Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 0.4$  dB for RF power output,  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 1.19$  dB for EIRP.

**Test Results**

<b>GSM 1900</b>		<b>Output Power (dBm)</b>			<b>EIRP (dBm)</b>		
		Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
		1850.2 (MHz)	1880 (MHz)	1909.8 (MHz)	1850.2 (MHz)	1880 (MHz)	1909.8 (MHz)
GSM(GMSK)	Results	29.37	29.43	29.38	28.37	28.43	28.38
GPRS (GMSK)	1TXslot	29.42	29.35	29.32	28.42	28.35	28.32
	2TXslots	27.73	27.69	27.61	26.73	26.69	26.61
	3TXslots	25.91	25.85	25.71	24.91	24.85	24.71
	4TXslots	25.03	24.93	24.81	24.03	23.93	23.81

<b>WCDMA Band II</b>		<b>Output Power (dBm)</b>			<b>EIRP (dBm)</b>		
		Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
		1852.4 (MHz)	1880 (MHz)	1907.6 (MHz)	1852.4 (MHz)	1880 (MHz)	1907.6 (MHz)
<b>RMC</b>		21.62	21.68	21.36	20.62	20.68	20.36
<b>HSDPA</b>	Sub - Test 1	21.08	21.10	20.80	20.08	20.10	19.80
	Sub - Test 2	21.07	21.12	20.77	20.07	20.12	19.77
	Sub - Test 3	20.54	20.62	20.29	19.54	19.62	19.29
	Sub - Test 4	20.55	20.63	20.27	19.55	19.63	19.27
<b>HSUPA</b>	Sub - Test 1	21.04	21.09	20.75	20.04	20.09	19.75
	Sub - Test 2	20.03	20.07	19.74	19.03	19.07	18.74
	Sub - Test 3	20.50	20.55	20.23	19.50	19.55	19.23
	Sub - Test 4	19.96	20.04	19.71	18.96	19.04	18.71
	Sub - Test 5	20.97	21.02	20.69	19.97	20.02	19.69

## 5.2.Occupied Bandwidth

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

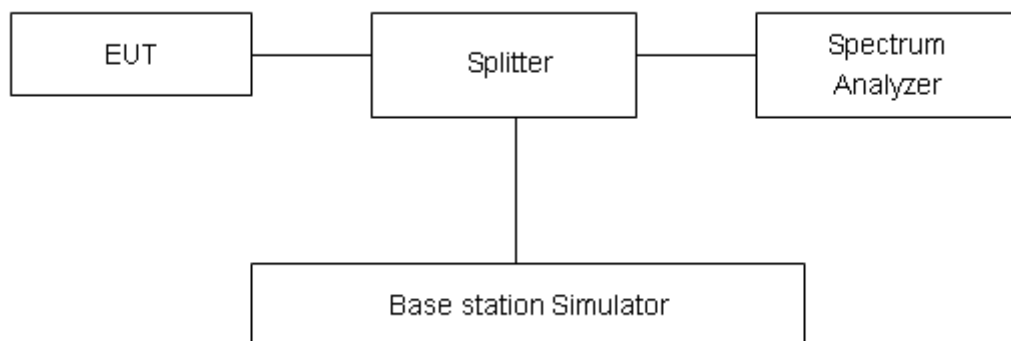
The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer.

RBW is set to 3kHz, VBW is set to 10kHz for GSM 1900,

RBW is set to 51 kHz, VBW is set to 160kHz for WCDMA Band II.

99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths are recorded. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

### Test Setup



### Limits

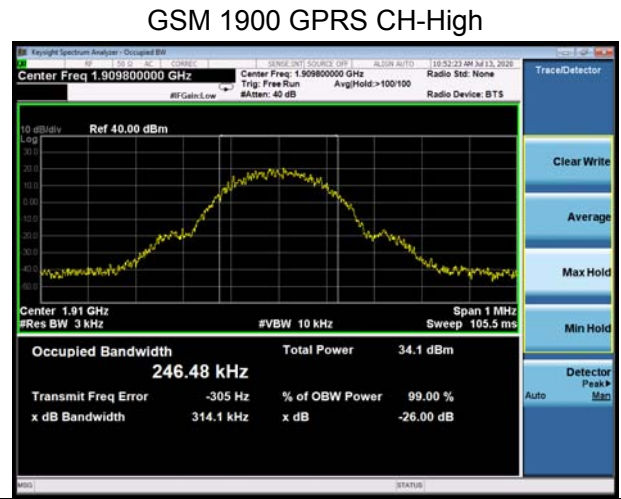
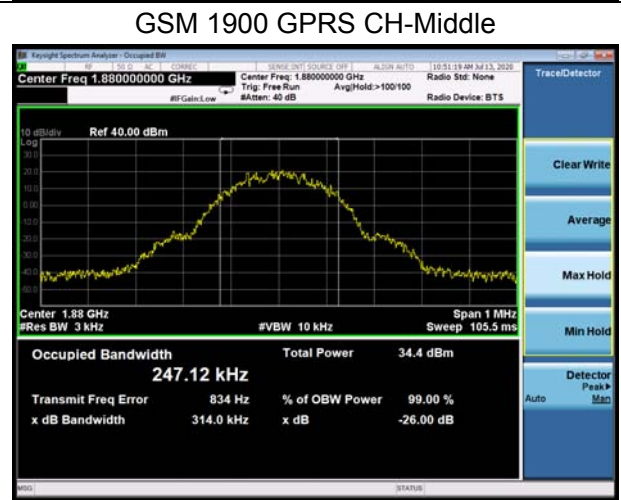
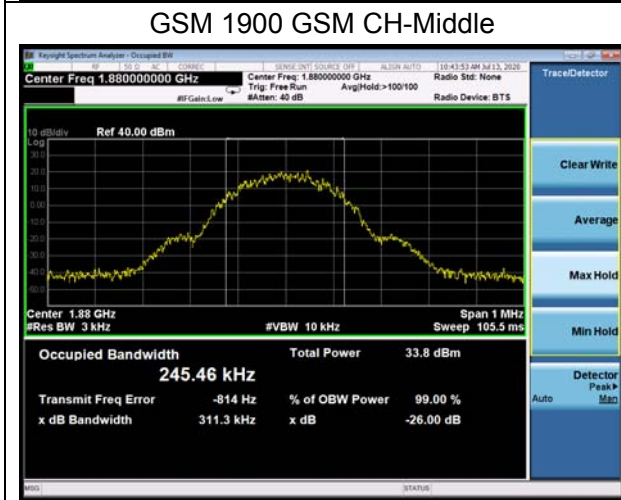
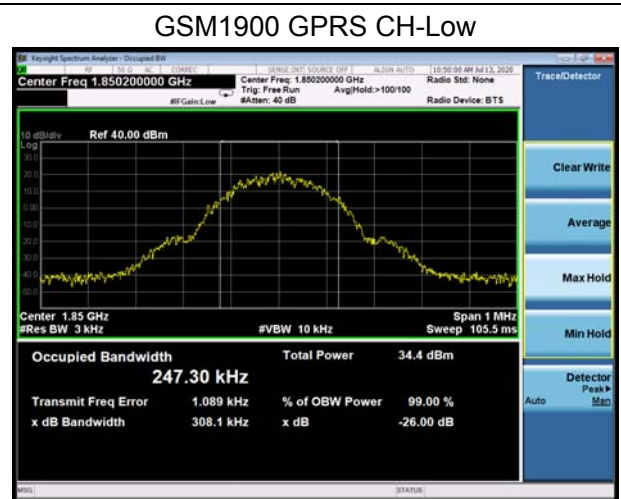
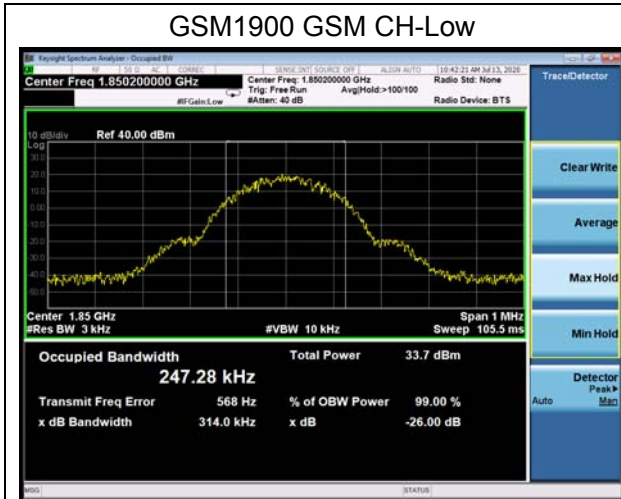
No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 2.1049.

### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 624\text{Hz}$ .

**Test Result**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Power Bandwidth (MHz)	-26dBc Bandwidth(MHz)
<b>GSM 1900 (GMSK)</b>	512	1850.2	0.2473	0.314
	661	1880.0	0.2455	0.311
	810	1909.8	0.2493	0.313
<b>GPRS 1900 (GMSK)</b>	512	1850.2	0.2473	0.308
	661	1880.0	0.2471	0.314
	810	1909.8	0.2465	0.314
<b>WCDMA Band II (RMC)</b>	9262	1852.4	4.1566	4.643
	9400	1880	4.1547	4.665
	9538	1907.6	4.1544	4.678



### WCDMA Band II RMC CH-LOW



### WCDMA Band II RMC CH-Middle



### WCDMA Band II RMC CH-High



### 5.3. Band Edge Compliance

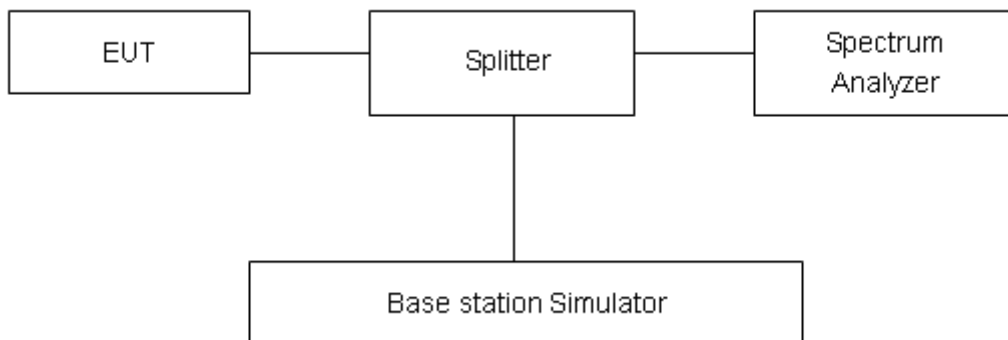
#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The Average detector is used and RBW is set to 3kHz, VBW is set to 10kHz for GSM 1900, RBW is set to 51kHz, VBW is set to 160kHz for WCDMA Band II. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 24.238(a) specifies that “on any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> (P) dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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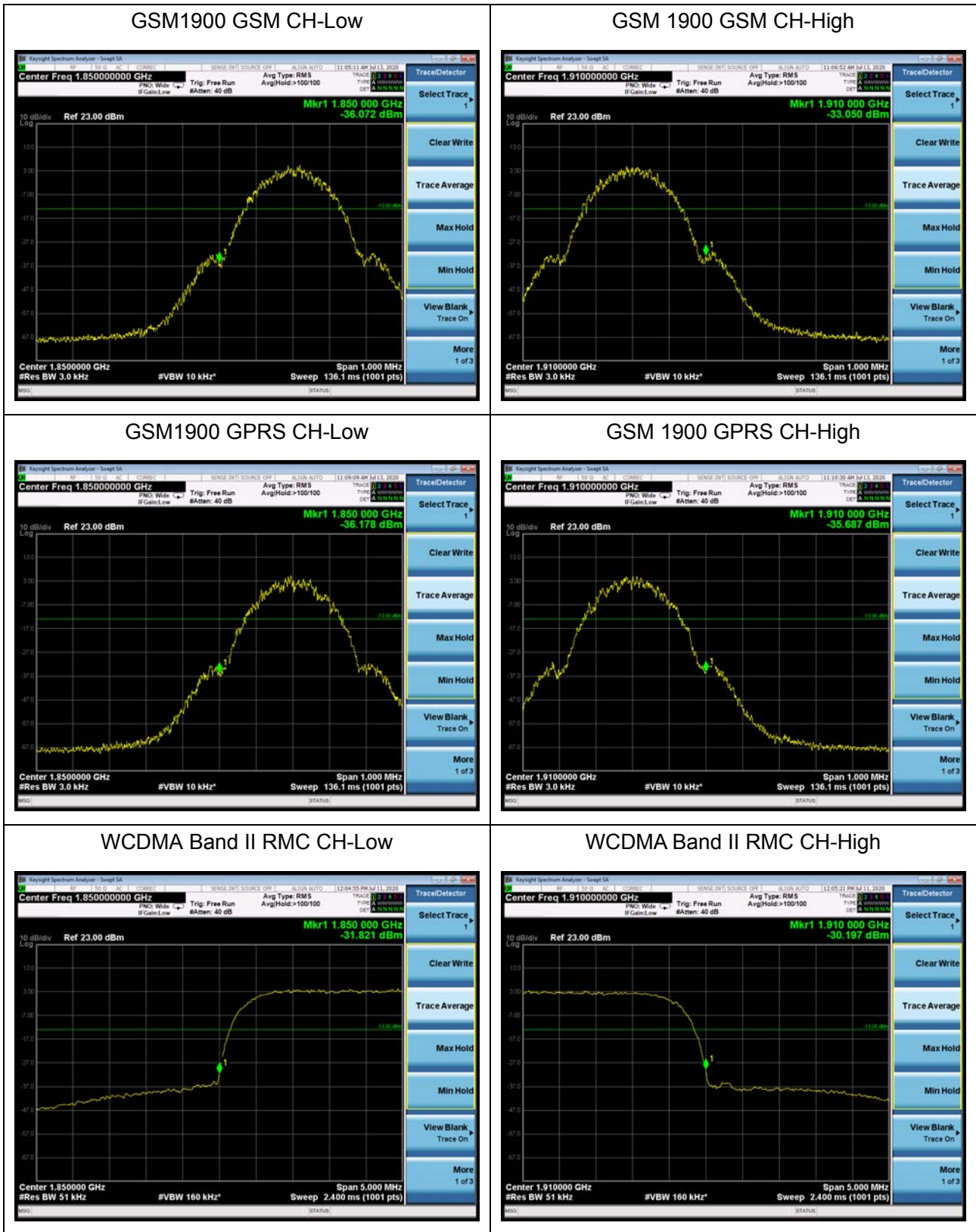
#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ ,  $U=0.684$ dB.





Test Result:



### 5.4. Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)

#### Ambient condition

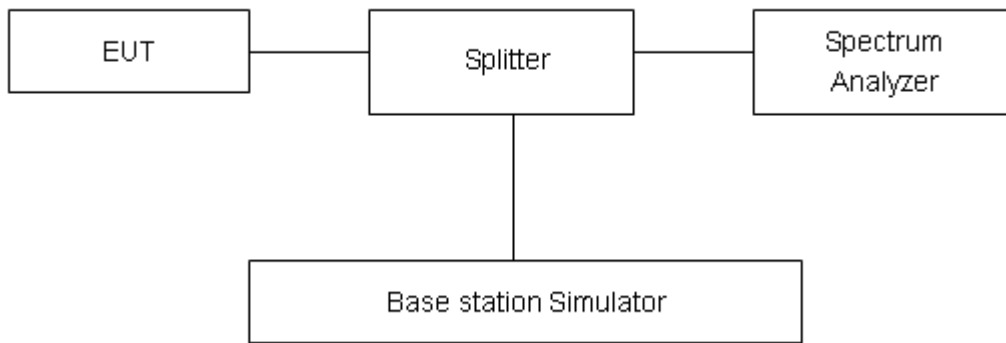
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Methods of Measurement

Measure the total peak power and record as PPk. And measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

$$PAPR (dB) = PPk (dBm) - PAvg (dBm).$$

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB in 24.232(d).

#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 0.4$  dB.

**Test Results**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak(dBm)	Avg(dBm)	PAPR(dB)	Limit(dB)	Conclusion
GSM 1900 (GMSK)	512	1850.2	31.38	29.37	2.01	≤13	PASS
	661	1880	31.52	29.43	2.09	≤13	PASS
	810	1909.8	31.49	29.38	2.11	≤13	PASS
GPRS 1900 (GMSK)	512	1850.2	31.43	29.42	2.01	≤13	PASS
	661	1880	31.38	29.35	2.03	≤13	PASS
	810	1909.8	31.38	29.32	2.06	≤13	PASS
WCDMA Band II (RMC)	9262	1852.4	24.74	21.75	2.99	≤13	PASS
	9400	1880	24.63	21.61	3.02	≤13	PASS
	9538	1907.6	24.12	21.15	2.97	≤13	PASS

### 5.5.Frequency Stability

**Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

**Method of Measurement**

Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

The temperature inside the climate chamber is varied from -30°C to +55°C in 10°C step size,

(1) With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to 0°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours.

(2) Measure the carrier frequency with the test equipment in a “call mode”. These measurements should be made within 1 minute of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.

(3) Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +55°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.

Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

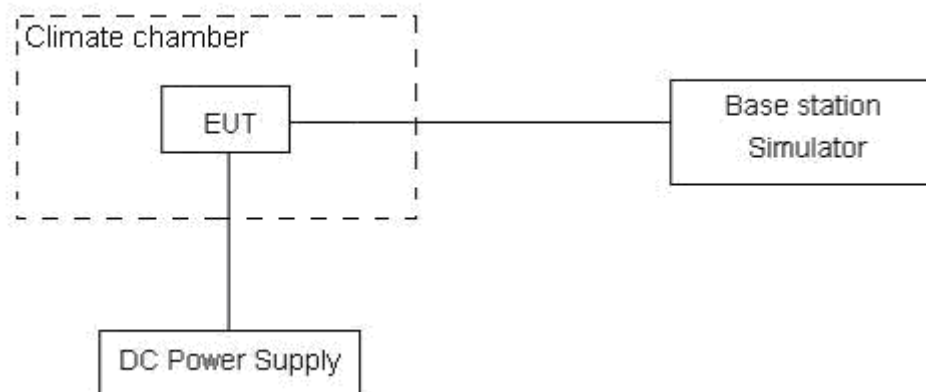
The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

(1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

(2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery-operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.6 V and 4.35 V, with a nominal voltage of 3.8V.

**Test setup**



**Limits**

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block

**Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 3$ ,  $U = 0.01\text{ppm}$ .

**Test Result**

GSM1900						
Condition		Freq.Error (Hz)	Freq.Error (Hz)	Frequency Stability (ppm)	Frequency Stability (ppm)	Verdict
Temperature	Voltage	GMSK	8PSK	GMSK	8PSK	
Normal (25°C)	Normal	14.73	2.50	0.00784	0.00133	PASS
Extreme (55°C)		2.10	13.20	0.00112	0.00702	PASS
Extreme (50°C)		7.71	4.21	0.00410	0.00224	PASS
Extreme (40°C)		9.40	14.62	0.00500	0.00777	PASS
Extreme (30°C)		7.59	10.58	0.00404	0.00563	PASS
Extreme (20°C)		16.17	8.77	0.00860	0.00466	PASS
Extreme (10°C)		8.11	6.72	0.00431	0.00358	PASS
Extreme (0°C)		2.96	2.98	0.00157	0.00158	PASS
Extreme (-10°C)		14.39	18.00	0.00765	0.00957	PASS
Extreme (-20°C)		15.44	17.37	0.00821	0.00924	PASS
Extreme (-30°C)		8.40	10.78	0.00447	0.00573	PASS
25°C		LV	5.00	4.09	0.00266	0.00218
	HV	3.58	17.31	0.00190	0.00921	PASS

WCDMA Band II						
Condition		Freq.Error (Hz)	Freq.Error (Hz)	Frequency Stability (ppm)	Frequency Stability (ppm)	Verdict
Temperature	Voltage	BPSK	QPSK	BPSK	QPSK	
Normal (25°C)	Normal	17.07	16.99	0.00908	0.00904	PASS
Extreme (55°C)		4.27	2.76	0.00227	0.00147	PASS
Extreme (50°C)		17.59	13.70	0.00935	0.00729	PASS
Extreme (40°C)		8.23	3.76	0.00438	0.00200	PASS
Extreme (30°C)		17.37	9.56	0.00924	0.00508	PASS
Extreme (20°C)		8.75	9.21	0.00465	0.00490	PASS
Extreme (10°C)		4.87	2.01	0.00259	0.00107	PASS
Extreme (0°C)		3.24	13.24	0.00172	0.00704	PASS
Extreme (-10°C)		15.01	17.63	0.00798	0.00938	PASS
Extreme (-20°C)		1.23	14.25	0.00066	0.00758	PASS
Extreme (-30°C)		5.48	1.28	0.00292	0.00068	PASS
25°C		LV	16.32	16.79	0.00868	0.00893
	HV	4.16	3.64	0.00221	0.00193	PASS

### 5.6. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

**Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

**Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The measurement is carried out using a spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer scans from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used.

RBW is set to 100kHz, VBW is set to 300kHz for 30MHz~1GHz

RBW is set to 1MHz, VBW is set to 3MHz for above 1GHz, Sweep is set to ATUO.

RBW is set to 1 kHz (0.009MHz~ 0.15 MHz),

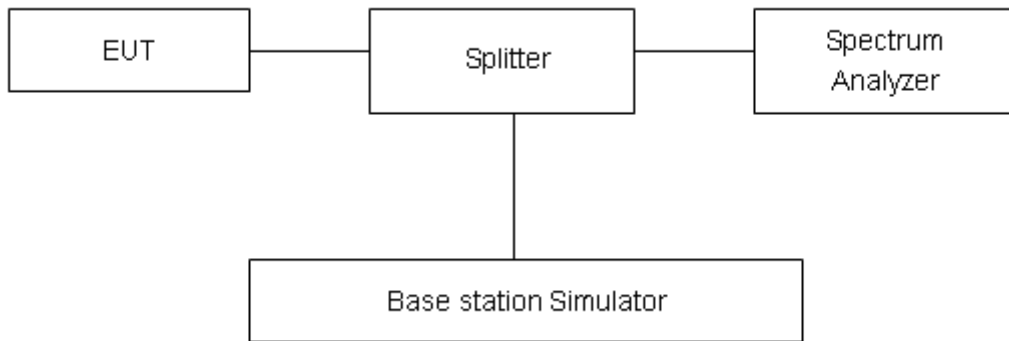
RBW is set to 10 kHz (0.15 MHz~ 30 MHz)

RBW is set to 100 kHz (30MHz~1000 MHz)

RBW is set to 1000 kHz (above 1000MHz)

The modulation mode and RB allocation refer to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.

**Test setup**



**Limits**

Rule Part 24.238(a) specifies that “on any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> (P) dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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**Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .



Frequency	Uncertainty
9kHz-1GHz	0.684 dB
1GHz-20GHz	1.407 dB

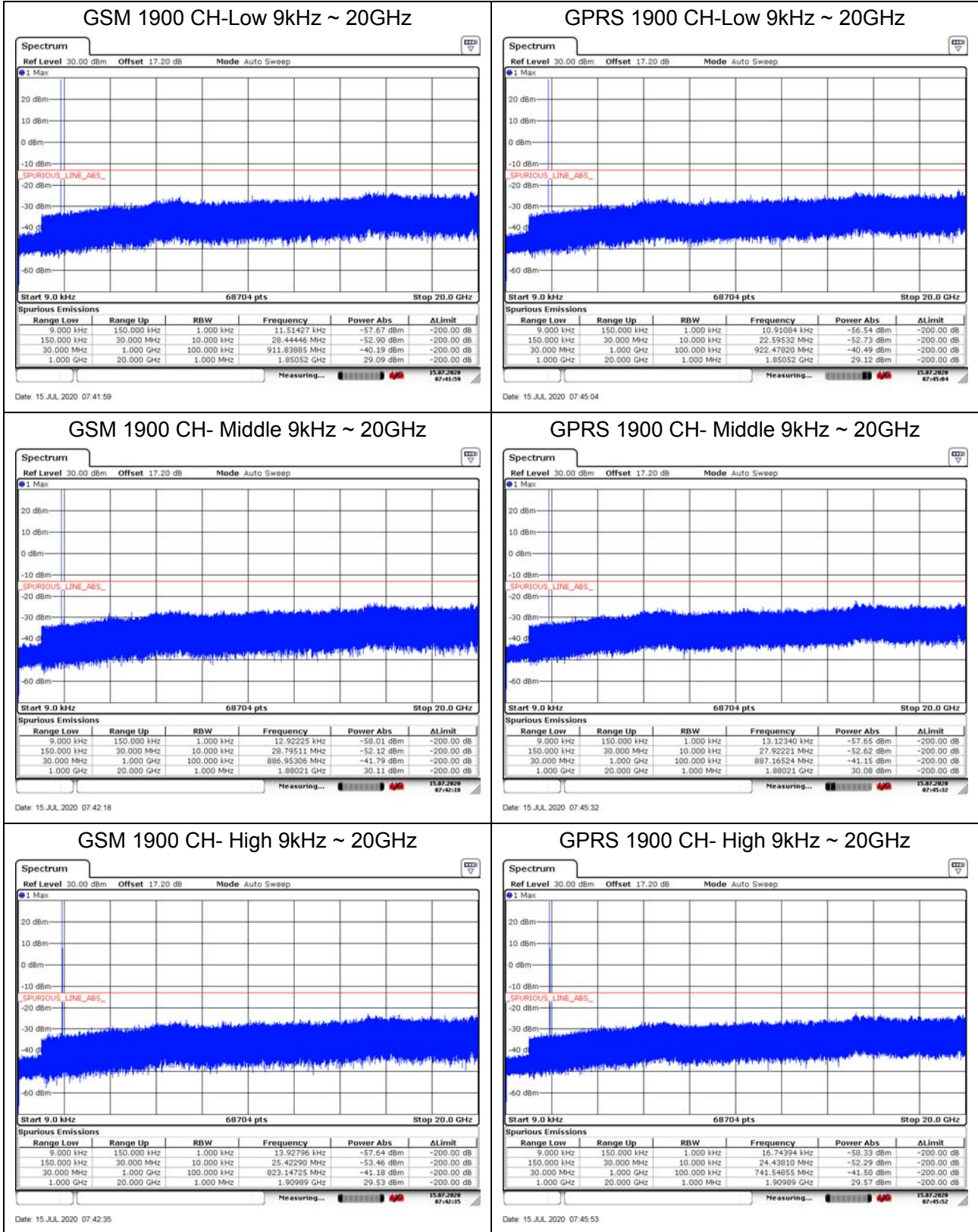




### Test Result

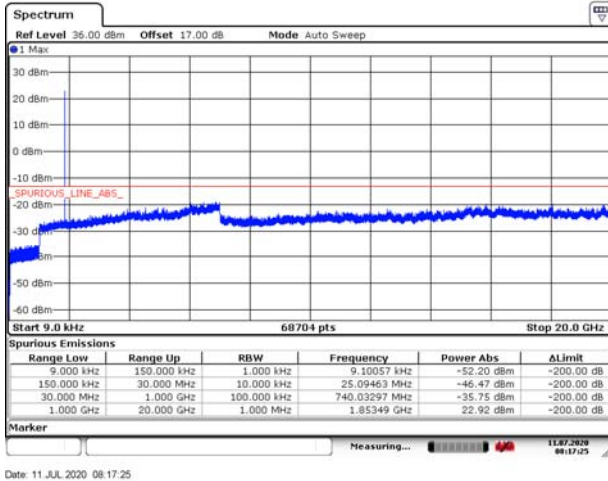
Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the emissions more than 20 dB below the limit are not reported.

The signal beyond the limit is carrier.

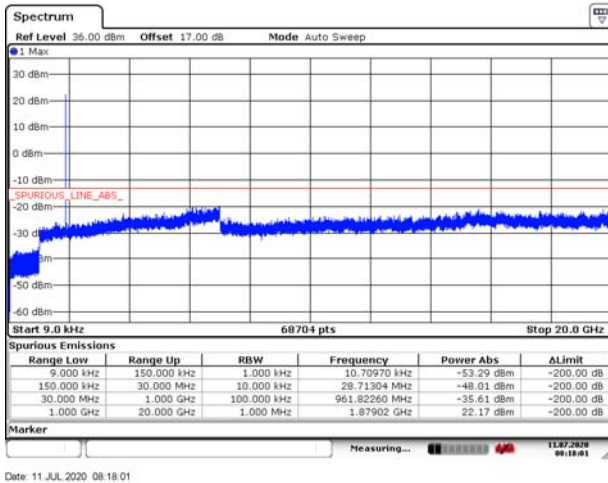




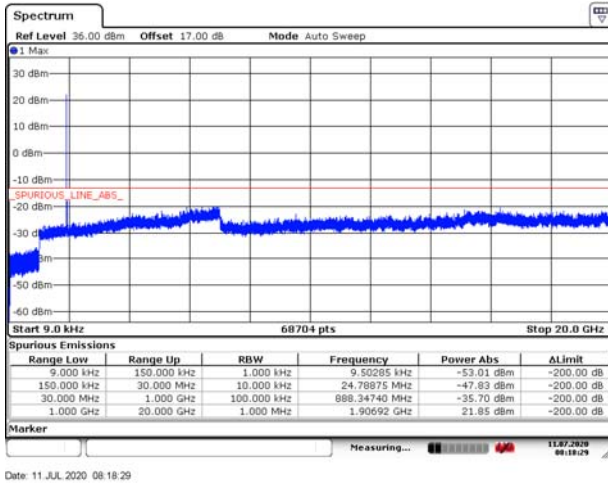
### WCDMA BAND II CH- Low 9kHz ~ 20GHz



### WCDMA BAND II CH-Middle 9kHz ~ 20GHz



### WCDMA BAND II CH- High 9kHz ~ 20GHz



## 5.7. Radiates Spurious Emission

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

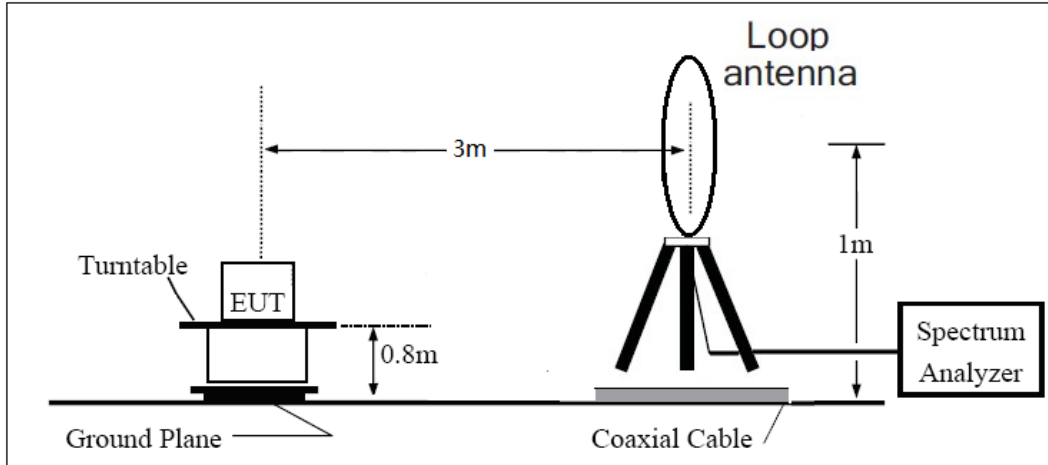
1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26 (2015).
2. Below 1GHz: The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H). Above 1GHz: (Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.) The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).
3. A loop antenna, A log-periodic antenna or horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
4. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=200Hz,VBW=600Hz for 9kHz150kHz , RBW=10kHz, VBW=30kHz 150kHz-30MHz , RBW=100kHz,VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz and RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
5. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
6. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (Pcl) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.
7. The measurement results are obtained as described below:  
Power(EIRP)=PMea- PAg - Pcl + Ga  
The measurement results are amend as described below:  
Power(EIRP)=PMea- Pcl + Ga
8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi)

and known input power. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole,  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15\text{dBi}$ .

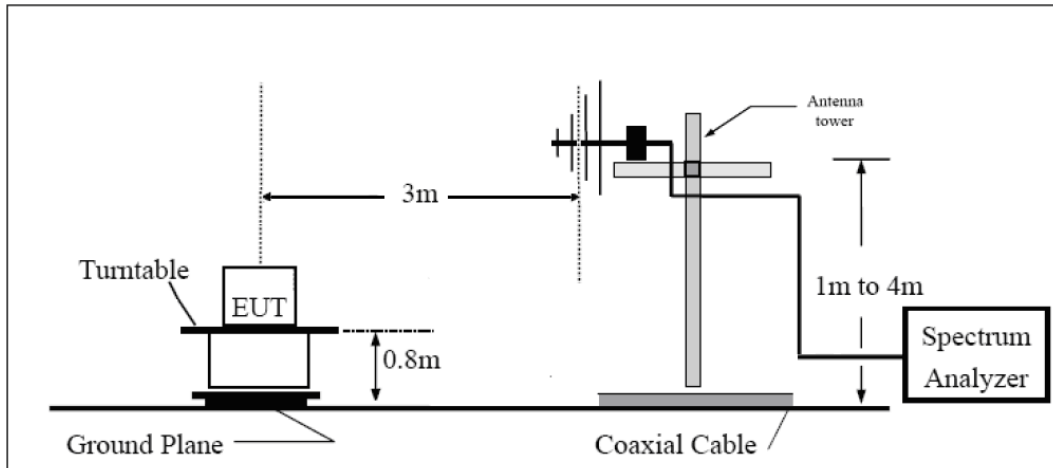
The modulation mode and RB allocation refer to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.

**Test setup**

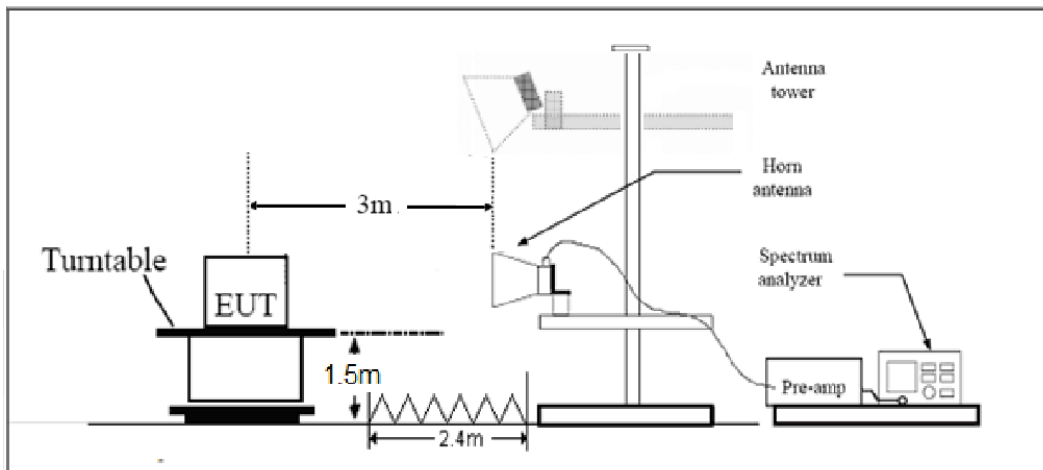
**9KHz ~ 30MHz**



**30MHz ~ 1GHz**



**Above 1GHz**





Note: Area side: 2.4mX3.6m

### Limits

Rule Part 24.238(a) specifies that “on any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$  dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ ,  $U = 3.55$  dB.

**Test Result**

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the emissions below the noise floor will not be recorded in the report.

GSM 1900 CH-Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3760.0	-52.77	5.10	11.05	Horizontal	-46.82	-13.0	33.82	0
3	5640.0	-52.42	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-45.19	-13.0	32.19	0
4	7520.0	-55.09	6.70	13.85	Horizontal	-47.94	-13.0	34.94	45
5	9400.0	-51.00	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-43.26	-13.0	30.26	180
6	11280.0	-50.77	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-42.30	-13.0	29.30	270
7	13160.0	-42.54	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-33.50	-13.0	20.50	315
8	15040.0	-47.56	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-40.45	-13.0	27.45	45
9	16920.0	-41.90	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-35.36	-13.0	22.36	90
10	18800.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.  
 2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

WCDMA Band II CH-Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3760.0	-43.10	5.10	11.05	Horizontal	-37.15	-13.00	24.15	45
3	5640.0	-42.00	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-34.77	-13.00	21.77	180
4	7520.0	-43.78	6.70	13.85	Horizontal	-36.63	-13.00	23.63	225
5	9400.0	-37.47	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-29.73	-13.00	16.73	90
6	11280.0	-52.54	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-44.07	-13.00	31.07	0
7	13160.0	-48.70	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-39.66	-13.00	26.66	0
8	15040.0	-48.96	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-41.85	-13.00	28.85	45
9	16920.0	-45.87	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-39.33	-13.00	26.33	315
10	18800.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.  
 2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

## 6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMU200	118133	2020-05-17	2021-05-16
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2-13	10120101	/	/
Spectrum Analyzer	Key sight	N9010A	MY50210259	2020-05-18	2021-05-17
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Key sight	E5515C	MY48367192	2020-05-27	2021-05-26
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2019-12-15	2020-12-14
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB1519	1519-047	2020-04-02	2023-04-01
Trilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBL 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2020-11-17
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	102723	2018-08-11	2021-08-10
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	00102643	2018-06-20	2021-06-19
Signal generator	R&S	SMB 100A	102594	2020-05-18	2021-05-17
Climatic Chamber	ESPEC	SU-242	93000506	2017-12-17	2020-12-16
Preampfler	R&S	SCU18	102327	2020-05-18	2021-05-17
MOB COMMS DC SUPPLY	Keysight	66319D	MY43004105	2020-05-18	2021-05-17
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	2020-06-12	2020-12-11
Software	R&S	EMC32	9.26.0	/	/

\*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*