





SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant MobiWire SAS

FCC ID QPN-HALONA

Product 3G SmartPhone

Model Mobiwire Halona

Report No. RXA1608-0171SAR

Issue Date September 6, 2016

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013**, **ANSI/ IEEE C95.1-1992**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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Jiang peng Lan

Approved by: Kai Xu

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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

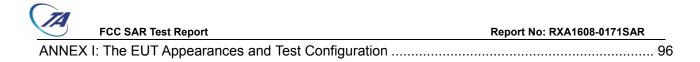
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Test Laboratory

1.1 **Notes of the Test Report**

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd). The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by CNAS or any government agencies.

1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (recognition number is 428261)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



1.3 Testing Location

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Company:

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1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows: Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

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	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)				
Mode	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm)	
GSM 850	0.237	0.198	0.678	NA	
GSM 1900	0.320	0.247	1.316	NA	
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	1.049	0.203	0.203	NA	
Bluetooth	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Date of Testing:	August 15, 2016~ August 21, 2016				

Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.369	0.430	1.499

Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.4.

Note: The highest SAR for head, body, Hotspot and simultaneous transmission exposure conditions are 1.369W/kg, 0.430 W/kg and 1.499W/kg.





3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	MobiWire SAS
Applicant address	79 AVENUE FRANCOIS ARAGO 92017 NANTERRE CEDEX
Applicant address	France
Manufacturer	MOBIWIRE MOBILES (NINGBO) CO.,LTD
Manufacturer address	No.999,Dacheng East Road,Fenghua City,Zhejiang , P.R.China

Accessory Equipment Details

Name	Model	Manufacturer	Note
Battery	H353F	Ningbo Veken battery Co.,LTD.	1
Earphone	3.5mm 4-pole plug stereo headset	Shenzhen Juwei Electronics Co.,Ltd	1
Charger	A31-500550	Shenzhen Aohai Technology Co.,Ltd	1



General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant
EUT Stage:	Production Unit
Model:	Mobiwire Halona
IMEI:	359805070934731
Hardware Version:	V01A
Software Version:	V01_20160513_Halona_MobiWire_MP
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Device Class:	В
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G
Power Class:	GSM 850:4
Fower Class.	GSM 1900:1
Power Level	GSM 850:level 5
rowel Level	GSM 1900:level 0





Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)	
	850 Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK)		☐Multi-slot Class:8-1UP ☐Multi-slot Class:10-2UP	824 ~ 849	
GSM	1900 EGPRS(Downlink)	⊠Multi-slot Class:12-4UP □Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	1850 ~ 1910		
	Does this dev	vice support DTM (Dual Ti	ransfer Mode)? □Yes ⊠No		
ВТ	2.4G	Vers	Version 4.0 LE		
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS, OFDM	802.11b/g/n (HT20/HT40)	2402 ~2472	
VVI-F1	Does this dev	vice support MIMO □Yes	⊠No		



4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

Report No: RXA1608-0171SAR

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01



5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0



5.3.2 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that
 exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or
 aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to
 the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - ♦ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ♦ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.



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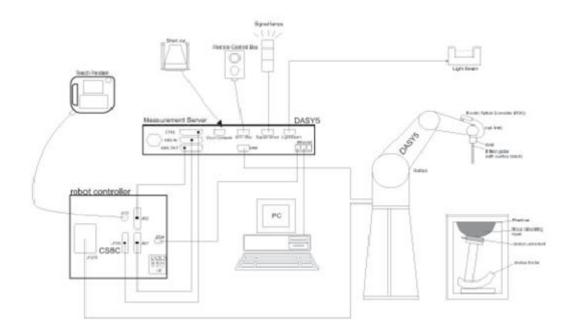
A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.



SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 **SAR Measurement Set-up**

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

> Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

10 MHz to > 6 GHz Frequency

> Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: Range \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

> diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High dosimetric precision

measurements in any exposure

Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.





E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based

temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR=C∆T/∆t

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI²σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).



SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest		
measurement point (geometric center of	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
probe sensors) to phantom surface		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to		
phantom surface normal at the	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
measurement location		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
	2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimens	sion of the test device, in
Maximum area scan spatial resolution:	the measurement plar	ne orientation, is smaller
ΔxArea, ΔyArea	than the above, the m	neasurement resolution
	must be ≤ the correspo	nding x or y dimension of
	the test device with at	least one measurement
point on the test device.		



Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

7	· Landa I for a EQQ KDD (00E004 D04 O4D	(400 MILL (- 0 OLL
Zoom scan parameters	extracted from ECC KDB 8	365664 DU1 SAR Me	asurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zo	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: △x _{zoom}			3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*
	\triangle	y _{zoom}	2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Massinassina				3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm
Maximum	Uı	niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$	≤5mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm
zoom scan				5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
spatial		$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two		3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm
resolution,	Graded grid	points closest to phantom	≤4mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm
normal to		surface		5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
phantom surface		$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between	24 F. A.	- (- 1)
Surface		subsequent points	≤1.5•△2	z _{zoom} (n-1)
Minimum				3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm
zoom scan		X, y, z	≥30mm	4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm
volume				5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm
4				

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR</u> estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.





7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	No Calibration	on Requested
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	No Calibration	on Requested
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	No Calibration	on Requested
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration	on Requested
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	СВТ	100271	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2015-12-10	2016-12-09
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	871	2015-11-17	2016-11-16
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2014-08-28	2017-08-27
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2016-05-21	2017-05-20
Hygrothermograph	Tianjin jinming	WS-1	64591	2016-07-16	2017-07-15



8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

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8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequ (MF	_	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	٤r	σ(s/m)
	835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
Head	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
Body	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95

Measurements results

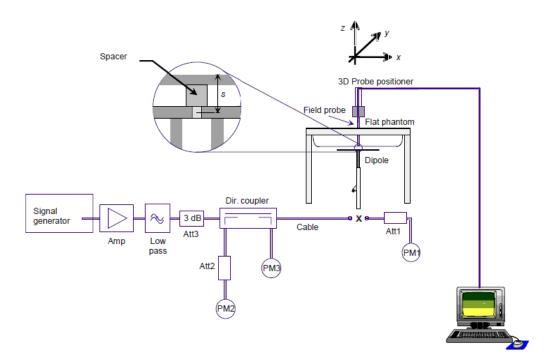
Freq	Frequency Test Date		Temp		Dielectric neters		Dielectric neters	Lir (Withir	nit n ±5%)
(M	Hz)	Test Date	℃	٤r	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε _r (%)	Dev σ(%)
835	Head	8/16/2016	21.5	41.4	0.88	41.5	0.90	-0.24	-2.22
033	Body	8/15/2016	21.5	54.2	0.96	55.2	0.97	-1.81	-1.03
1000	Head	8/15/2016	21.5	40.1	1.41	40.0	1.40	0.25	0.71
1900	Body	8/16/2016	21.5	52.6	1.51	53.3	1.52	-1.31	-0.66
2450	Head	8/21/2016	21.5	38.6	1.81	39.2	1.80	-1.53	0.56
2450	Body	8/20/2016	21.5	52.5	1.98	52.7	1.95	-0.38	1.54

Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo



Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole	е	Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ
	Head	8/28/2014	-30.1	/	48.6	1
Dipole D835V2	Liquid	8/27/2015	-31.1	3.3%	49.7	1.1Ω
SN: 4d020	Body	8/28/2014	-23.3	/	54.0	1
	Liquid	8/27/2015	-23.9	2.6%	53.5	0.5Ω
	Head	9/1/2014	-22.8	/	54.1	1
Dipole D1900V2	Liquid	8/31/2015	-23.7	3.9%	55.4	1.3Ω
SN: 5d060	Body	9/1/2014	-21.6	/	57.6	1
	Liquid	8/31/2015	-20.8	3.7%	57.3	0.3Ω
	Head	9/1/2014	-23.6	/	57.1	1
Dipole D2450V2	Liquid	8/31/2015	-23.9	1.3%	57.4	0.3Ω
SN: 786	Body	9/1/2014	-23.7	1	56.0	1
	Liquid	8/31/2015	-24	1.3%	55.8	0.2Ω



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System Check results

-	uency Hz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
835	Head	8/16/2016	21.5	2.44	9.76	9.54	2.31%	1
033	Body	8/15/2016	21.5	2.41	9.64	9.54	1.05%	2
1000	Head	8/15/2016	21.5	9.48	37.92	39.20	-3.27%	3
1900	Body	8/16/2016	21.5	9.93	39.72	40.00	-0.70%	4
2450	Head	8/21/2016	21.5	13.70	54.80	52.50	4.38%	5
2450	Body	8/20/2016	21.5	12.50	50.00	52.40	-4.58%	6

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.



9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

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9.1 GSM Mode

GSM	1 850		Burst Average Power(dBm)				ame-Avera		Burst
Tx Ch	nannel	128	190	251	Factors	128	ower(dBn 190	251	Tune-up Limit
	icy(MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	(dB)	824.2	836.6	848.8	(dBm)
GSM(GMSK)	32.35	32.46	32.54	9.03	23.32	23.43	23.43 23.51 3	
	1Txslot	32.28	32.44	32.50	9.03	23.25	23.41	23.47	33.00
GPRS	2Txslots	31.29	31.45	31.54	6.02	25.27	25.43	25.52	32.00
(GMSK)	3Txslots	29.49	29.61	29.72	4.26	25.23	25.35	25.46	30.00
	4Txslots	28.69	28.81	28.89	3.01	25.68	25.80	25.88	29.00
GSM	1900	P	ower(dBm	ו)	Division	Р	Power(dBm)		Burst
Tx Ch	nannel	512	661	810	Factors	512	661	810	Tune-up
Frequen	icy(MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dB)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	Limit (dBm)
GSM(GMSK)	30.33	29.96	29.54	9.03	21.30	20.93	20.51	30.50
	1Txslot	30.25	29.94	29.50	9.03	21.22	20.91	20.47	30.50
GPRS	2Txslots	29.31	28.98	28.58	6.02	23.29	22.96	22.56	30.00
(GMSK)	3Txslots	27.53	27.21	26.82	4.26	23.27	22.95	22.56	28.00
	4Txslots	26.73	26.40	26.02	3.01	23.72	23.39	23.01	27.00

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

- Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
- 2. SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode.



9.2 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G	Channel	Frequency	A	verage (Conducte	d Power	r (dBm) f	or Data	Rates (bp	s)	Tune-up Limit
Mode		(MHz)	1M	2M	5.5M	11M	1	1	/	1	(dBm)
	1	2412	17.94	17.73	17.88	17.70	1	1	/	1	18.50
802.11b	6	2437	17.91	17.86	17.99	17.83	1	1	/	1	18.50
	11	2462	17.98	18.05	18.11	18.01	1	1	/	1	18.50
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6M	9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M	Tune-up
	1	2412	13.88	13.73	13.68	13.62	13.50	13.32	13.18	13.11	16.50
802.11g	6	2437	15.95	15.93	15.87	15.77	15.70	15.56	15.20	15.17	16.50
	11	2462	14.43	13.88	13.83	14.26	13.67	14.01	13.65	13.34	16.50
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6.5M	13M	19.5M	26M	39M	52M	58.5M	65M	Tune-up
802.11n	1	2412	14.26	14.16	13.54	13.44	13.30	13.17	13.40	13.07	16.50
(HT20)	6	2437	16.02	15.93	15.85	15.78	15.65	14.35	14.29	14.21	16.50
(11120)	11	2462	13.95	13.85	14.28	14.19	13.55	13.42	13.50	13.29	16.50
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	13.5M	27M	40.5M	54M	81M	108M	121.5M	135M	Tune-up
000 44-	3	2422	13.93	13.55	13.34	13.87	13.28	13.12	13.01	12.97	16.50
802.11n (HT40)	6	2437	15.96	15.90	15.79	15.69	15.57	14.28	14.42	14.12	16.50
(11140)	9	2452	13.93	14.32	13.75	13.89	13.76	13.63	13.28	13.47	16.50

Note. 1. SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

^{2.} The Tx power is set to 19 for 802.11 b mode, set to 17 for 802.11g mode(6M-36MHz), set to 16.5 for 802.11g mode(48MHz-54MHz), is set to 17 for 802.11n HT20/HT40 mode (MCS0- MCS4), is set to 16 for 802.11n HT20/HT40 mode (MCS5- MCS7) by software.





9.3 Bluetooth Mode

	Avera	ge Conducted Powe	r (dBm)	Tune-up			
ВТ	BT Channel/Frequency(MHz)						
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 39/2441 MHz	Ch 78/2480 MHz	(dBm)			
GFSK	4.98	5.34	5.21	5.50			
π/4DQPSK	4.86	5.20	5.04	5.50			
8DPSK	4.88	5.25	5.11	5.50			
BT 4.0	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 19/2440 MHz	Ch 39/2480 MHz	1			
GFSK	-2.41	-1.96	-2.76	-1.50			



10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



	Overall (Length x Width): 109 mm x 60.0mm									
	Overall Diagonal: 120.0 mm/Display Diagonal: 89mm									
	Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antenna	Antenna Back Side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge									
GSM Antenna	0 0 9 0 93 0									
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	0	0	0	42	0	100.8				
	Hotspot m	node, Position	s for SAR tes	sts						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge				
GSM 850/1900	GSM 850/1900 Yes Yes Yes N/A Yes									
Wi-Fi Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A				

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

2.For smart phones with an overall diagonal dimension is 165.5mm. Per KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension> 16.0 cm, 10-g extremity SAR must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.



10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- > f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- > Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- > The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance (mm)	MAX Power (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	5.50	2441	1.108	No
Body-worn	10	5.50	2441	0.554	No



10.3 Measured SAR Results

TableTable 1: GSM 850

		00W 000									
Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
					Head S	AR					
Left Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.46	-0.039	0.209	1.13	0.237	7
Left Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.46	0.080	0.120	1.13	0.136	/
Right Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.46	0.026	0.196	1.13	0.222	/
Right Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.46	0.025	0.115	1.13	0.130	1
	Body-worn (Distance 10mm)										
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.46	0.040	0.175	1.13	0.198	8
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.46	-0.020	0.138	1.13	0.156	/
				Hots	pot (Dista	nce 10mm)					
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.81	-0.040	0.649	1.04	0.678	9
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.81	-0.050	0.501	1.04	0.523	1
Left Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.81	0.030	0.212	1.04	0.221	/
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.81	-0.070	0.211	1.04	0.220	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.81	0.170	0.097	1.04	0.101	1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- 5. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.

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Cover Type tandard tandard tandard	Channel/ Frequency (MHz) 661/1880 661/1880	Time slot GSM GSM	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm) Head SAF	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
tandard	661/1880			Head SAF	?					
tandard	661/1880		1:8.3		=					
		GSM		30.50	29.96	0.028	0.283	1.13	0.320	10
tandard		GSIVI	1:8.3	30.50	29.96	-0.067	0.090	1.13	0.102	1
	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.96	-0.081	0.269	1.13	0.305	1
tandard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.96	0.043	0.165	1.13	0.187	/
		Е	Body-wo	rn (Distan	ce 10mm)					
tandard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.96	-0.120	0.218	1.13	0.247	11
tandard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.96	0.029	0.192	1.13	0.217	1
			Hotspot	(Distance	e 10mm)					
tandard	810/1909.8	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.73	-0.070	1.020	1.06	1.085	1
tandard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.40	-0.090	1.020	1.15	1.171	1
tandard	512/1850.2	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.02	-0.140	1.050	1.25	1.316	12
tandard	810/1909.8	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.73	-0.170	0.826	1.06	0.879	1
tandard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.40	0.030	0.833	1.15	0.956	1
tandard	512/1850.2	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.02	-0.110	0.797	1.25	0.999	1
tandard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.40	0.050	0.121	1.15	0.139	/
tandard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.40	-0.080	0.178	1.15	0.204	1
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
tandard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.40	-0.031	0.038	1.15	0.043	1
arphone	512/1850.2	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	30.33	0.009	0.978	1.04	1.017	1
epeated	512/1850.2	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.02	-0.170	0.887	1.25	1.112	1
ta ta ta ta	andard	andard 661/1880 andard 661/1880 andard 661/1880 andard 661/1880 andard 661/1880 andard 512/1850.2 andard 661/1880 andard 661/1880	andard 661/1880 GSM andard 661/1880 4Txslots andard 512/1850.2 4Txslots andard 661/1880 4Txslots	andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 Body-work andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 Body-work andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 Hotspot andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07	andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 Body-worn (Distance andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 Body-worn (Distance andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 Hotspot (Distance andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00	andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 Body-worn (Distance 10mm) andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 Body-worn (Distance 10mm) andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 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Body-worn (Distance 10mm) Body-worn (Distance 10mm) andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 -0.120 0.218 andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 -0.120 0.218 Body-worn (Distance 10mm) Hotspot (Distance 10mm) andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.73 -0.070 1.020 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.090 1.020 andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.02 -0.140 1.050 andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.73 -0.170 0.826 andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 andard 512/1850.2 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.050 0.121 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 N/A	Andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 -0.081 0.269 1.13 Body-worn (Distance 10mm) Andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 0.043 0.165 1.13 Body-worn (Distance 10mm) Andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 -0.120 0.218 1.13 Andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 0.029 0.192 1.13 Hotspot (Distance 10mm) Andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.73 -0.070 1.020 1.06 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.090 1.020 1.15 Andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.02 -0.140 1.050 1.25 Andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.73 -0.170 0.826 1.06 Andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.050 0.121 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.031 0.038 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.031 0.038 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.031 0.038 1.15 Andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.031 0.038 1.15	andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 -0.081 0.269 1.13 0.305 andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 0.043 0.165 1.13 0.187 **Body-worn (Distance 10mm)** **Body-worn (Distance 10mm)** **andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 -0.120 0.218 1.13 0.247 andard 661/1880 GSM 1:8.3 30.50 29.96 0.029 0.192 1.13 0.217 **Hotspot (Distance 10mm)** **Body-worn (Distance 10mm)** **Hotspot (Distance 10mm)** **Andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.73 -0.070 1.020 1.06 1.085 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.090 1.020 1.15 1.171 andard 512/1850.2 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.02 -0.140 1.050 1.25 1.316 andard 810/1909.8 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.73 -0.170 0.826 1.06 0.879 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 1.15 0.956 andard 512/1850.2 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 1.15 0.956 andard 512/1850.2 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.030 0.833 1.15 0.956 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.050 0.121 1.15 0.139 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 0.050 0.121 1.15 0.139 andard 661/1880 4Txslots 1:2.07 27.00 26.40 -0.080 0.178 1.15 0.204 N/A

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- 5. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Measurement Variability								
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio				
Back Side	512/1850.2	1.050	0.887	1.18				

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Report No: RXA1608-0171SAR Table 3: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

(W/Kg) (UBIII) (UBIII) (VV/Kg) (VV/Kg)	Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR	limit	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	PI-
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Test Position	Cover Type	Frequency	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Scan Max.SAR	limit	Power	Drift (dB)	SAR _{1g}	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g}	Plot No.
	· ·	(MHz)			(W/Kg)	(dBm)	(dBm)	` ,	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
Head SAR (Full Power)												
		11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.842	18.50	18.11	-0.071	0.929	1.09	1.016	/
Left Cheek	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.782	18.50	17.99	0.050	0.849	1.12	0.955	/
		1/2412	DSSS	1:1	0.826	18.50	17.94	-0.039	0.820	1.14	0.933	/
Left Tilt	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.489	18.50	18.11	-0.070	0.489	1.09	0.535	/
Right Cheek	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.554	18.50	18.11	-0.110	0.543	1.09	0.594	1
Right Tilt	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.473	18.50	18.11	0.060	0.479	1.09	0.524	/
Left Cheek	Repeat	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.900	18.50	18.11	0.110	0.959	1.09	1.049	13
					Hotspot (D	istance 1	0mm)					
Back Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.188	18.50	18.11	0.190	0.167	1.09	0.183	/
Front Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.180	18.50	18.11	-0.030	0.186	1.09	0.203	14
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.086	18.50	18.11	0.180	0.087	1.09	0.095	1
Top Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.123	18.50	18.11	0.160	0.122	1.09	0.133	1
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.

	MAX Adjusted SAR									
Mode	Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)			
802.11g	Left Cheek	6/2437	0.959	18.50	16.50	0.89	0.854			
802.11n HT20	Left Cheek	6/2437	0.959	18.50	16.50	0.89	0.854			
802.11n HT40	Left Cheek	6/2437	0.959	18.50	16.50	0.89	0.854			

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Measurement Variability								
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio				
Left Cheek	11/2462	0.929	0.959	1.03				

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 4: BT

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head	2441	5.50	5	0.148
Bluetooth	Body-worn	2441	5.50	10	0.074

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ W/kg

for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.



10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	N/A
GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	N/A	N/A

General Note:

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
- i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



The maximum SAR_{1g} Value for GSM Antenna

Test Positio	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	GSM 850	GSM 1900	MAX. SAR _{1g}
Left Cheek		0.237	0.320	0.320
Left Tilt		0.136	0.102	0.136
Right Cheek		0.222	0.305	0.305
Right Tilt		0.130	0.187	0.187
Body worn	Back Side	0.198	0.247	0.247
	Front Side	0.156	0.217	0.217
Hotspot	Back Side	0.678	1.316	1.316
	Front Side	0.523	0.999	0.999
	Left Edge	0.221	0.139	0.221
	Right Edge	0.220	0.204	0.220
	Top Edge	0	0	0
	Bottom Edge	0.101	0.043	0.101

About BT and GSM Antenna

Test Positio	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	GSM antenna	ВТ	MAX. SAR _{1g}
Left Cheek		0.320	0.148	0.468
Left Tilt		0.136	0.148	0.284
Right Cheek		0.305	0.148	0.453
Right Tilt		0.187	0.148	0.335
Pody worn	Back Side	0.247	0.074	0.321
Body worn	Front Side	0.217	0.074	0.291
	Back Side	1.316	0.074	1.390
	Front Side	0.999	0.074	1.073
Hotopot	Left Edge	0.221	0.074	0.295
Hotspot	Right Edge	0.220	0.074	0.294
	Top Edge	0	0.074	0.074
	Bottom Edge	0.101	0.074	0.175

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.

2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} = 1.390 W/kg <1.6 W/kg and MAX, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and GSM Antenna.



About Wi-Fi and GSM Antenna

Test Position	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	GSM antenna	Wi-Fi 2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Left Cheek		0.320	1.049	1.369
Left Tilt		0.136	0.535	0.671
Right Cheek		0.305	0.594	0.899
Right Tilt		0.187	0.524	0.711
Body worn	Back Side	0.247	0.183	0.430
	Front Side	0.217	0.203	0.420
Hotspot	Back Side	1.316	0.183	1.499
	Front Side	0.999	0.203	1.202
	Left Edge	0.221	0	0.221
	Right Edge	0.220	0.095	0.315
	Top Edge	0	0.133	0.133
	Bottom Edge	0.101	0	0.101

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.

2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} = 1.499 W/kg <1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi and GSM Antenna.





5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. This also applies to the 10-g SAR required for phablets in KDB Publication 648474.

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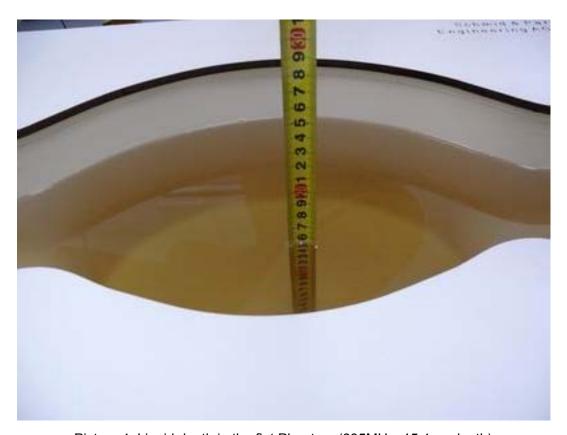
ANNEX A: Test Layout







Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)





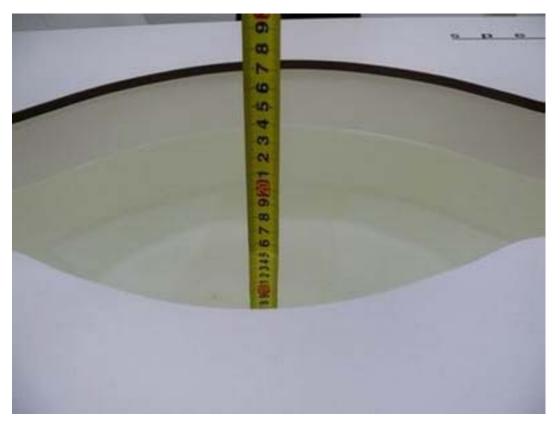
Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 8: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



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ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 8/16/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.88 mho/m; ε_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 12/8/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, **Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

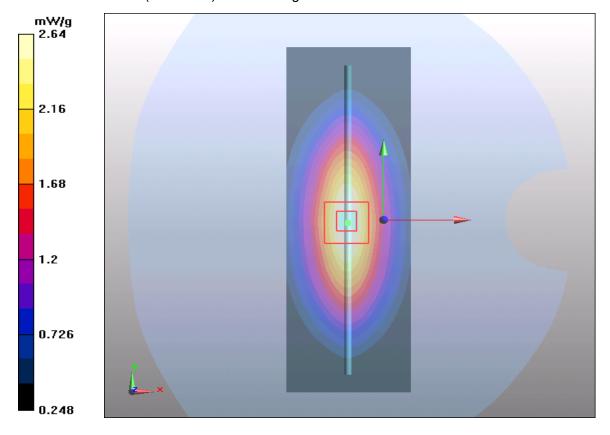
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



Plot 2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 8/15/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

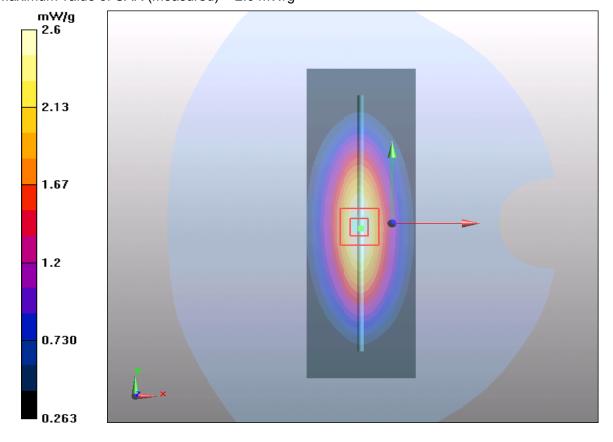
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.6 mW/g



Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 8/15/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

 $\textbf{d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:} \ Measurement \ grid: \ dx=8mm, \ dy=8mm,$

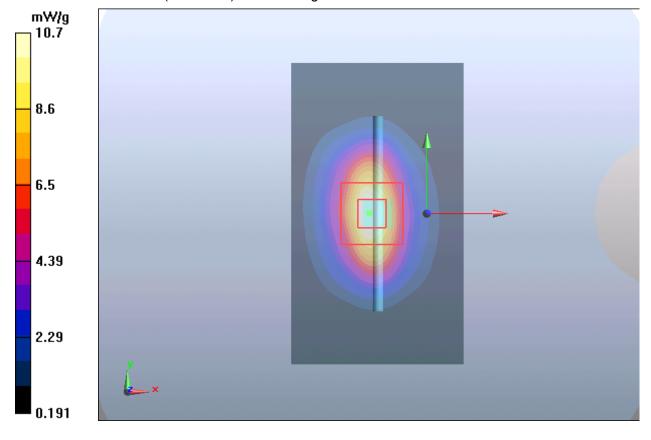
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



Plot 4 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 8/16/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

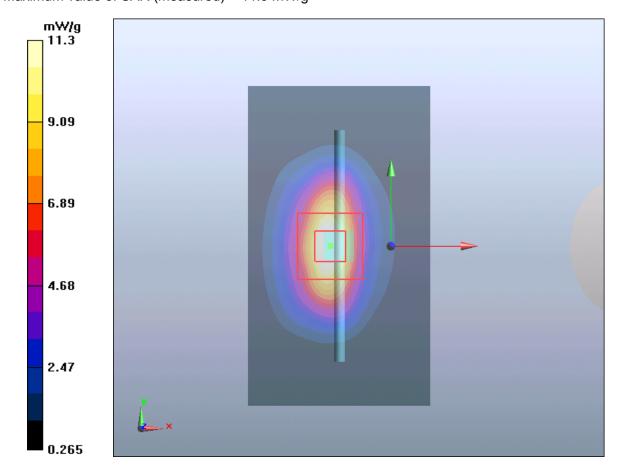
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Plot 5 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 8/21/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

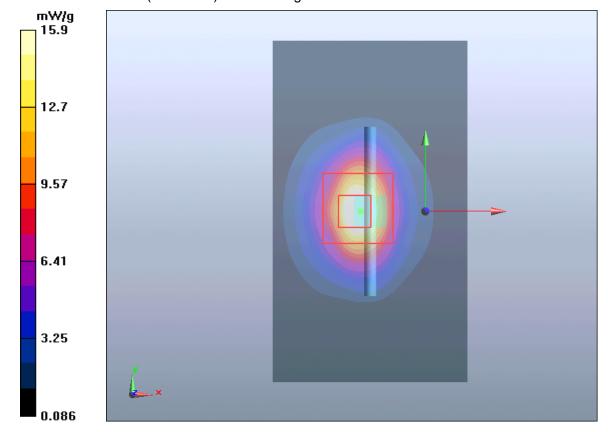
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g



Plot 6 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 8/20/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

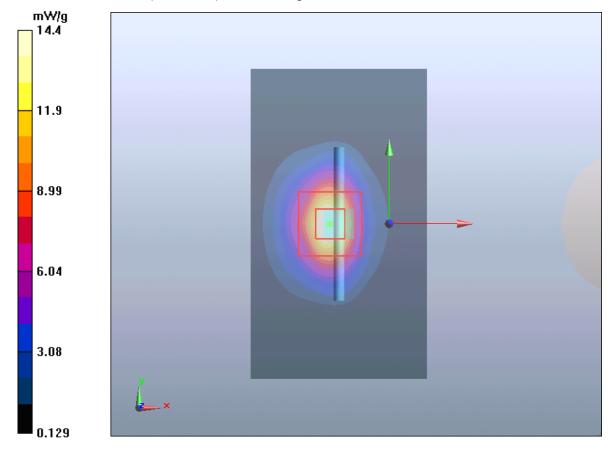
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 mW/g





ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 7 GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 8/16/2016

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.885 S/m; ε_r = 41.372; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.220 W/kg

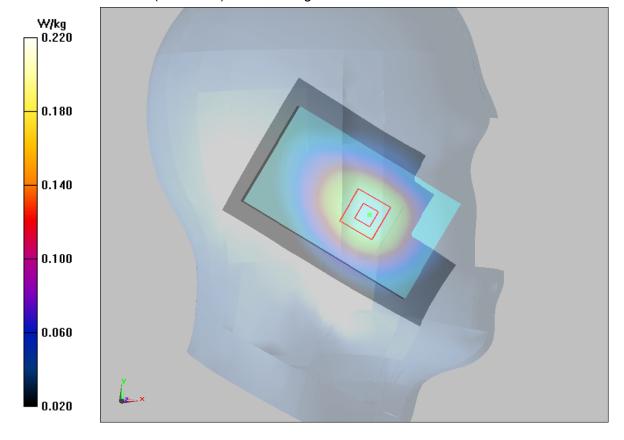
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.221 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.257 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg



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Plot 8 GSM 850 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/15/2016

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.967 S/m; ε_r = 54.144; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

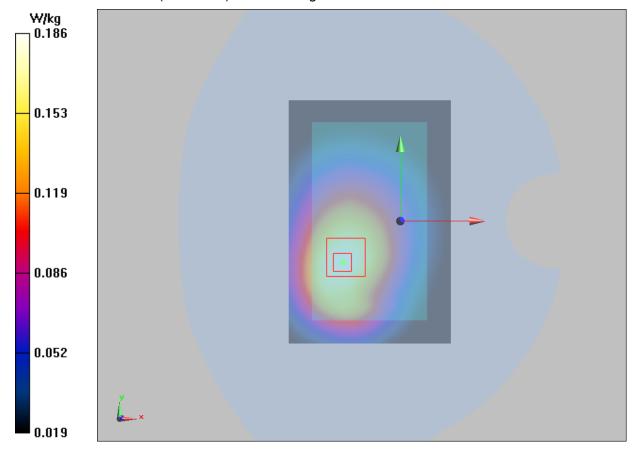
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.175 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg



Plot 9 GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/15/2016

Communication System: UID 0, 4 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.687 W/kg

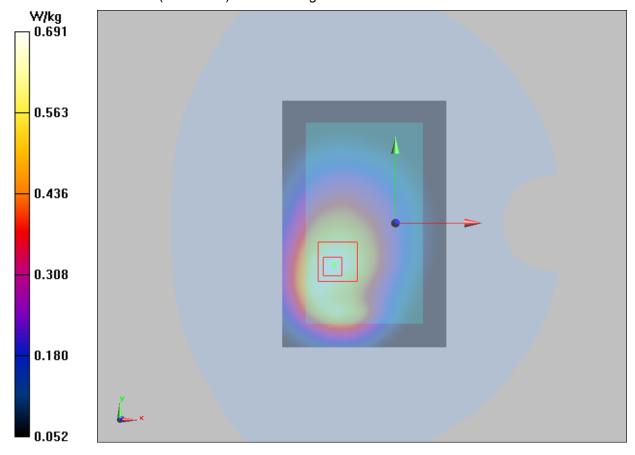
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.874 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.649 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.460 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 W/kg



Plot 10 GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 8/15/2016

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.413$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.917$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.304 W/kg

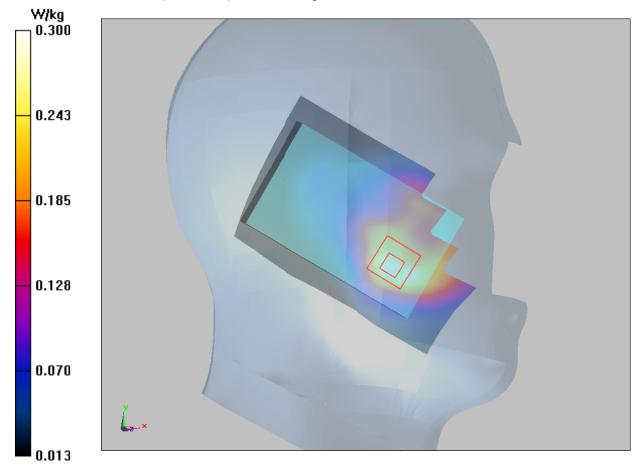
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.424 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.283 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 W/kg



Plot 11 GSM 1900 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/16/2016

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.494$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.613$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.243 W/kg

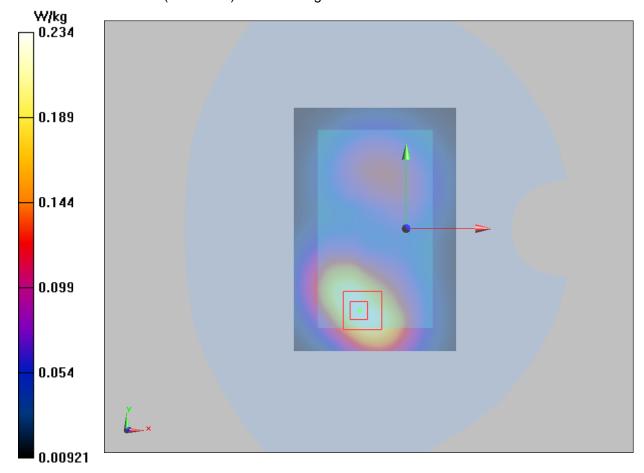
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.432 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.364 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 W/kg





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Plot 12 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/16/2016

Communication System: UID 0, 4 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.465$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.676$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

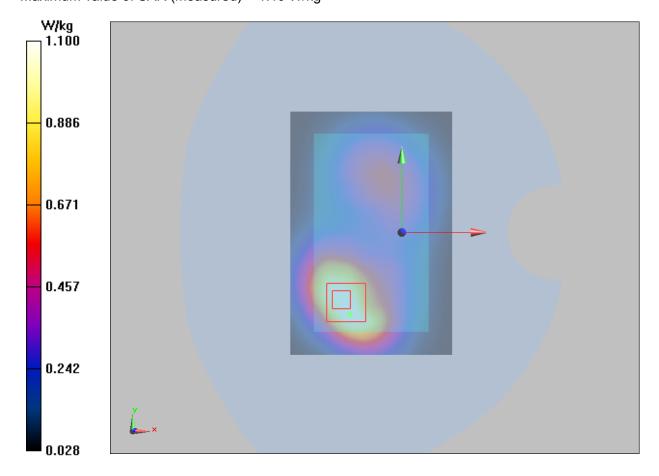
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.625 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg





Plot 13 802.11b Left Cheek High (1st Repeated SAR)

Date: 8/21/2016

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11 b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek High/Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

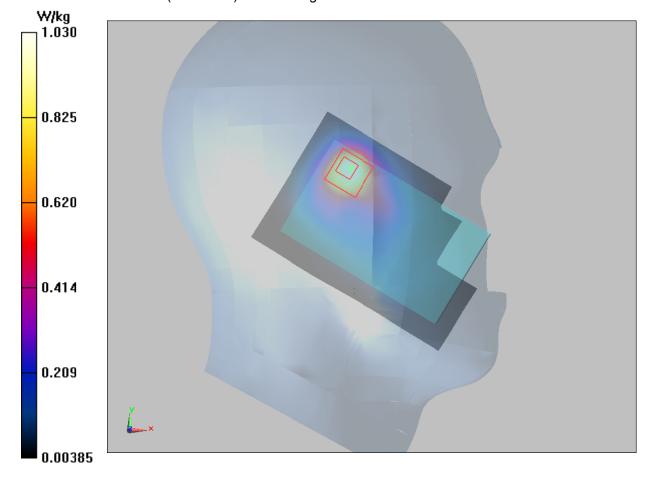
Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.959 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



Report No: RXA1608-0171SAR

Plot 14 802.11b Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/20/2016

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11 b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.463$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side High/Area Scan (91x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

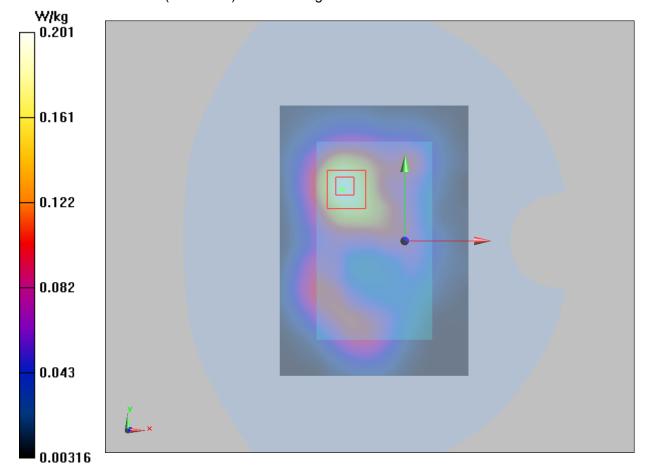
Front Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.586 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.186 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



Report No: RXA1608-0171SAR

Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z15-97193

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

December 10, 2015

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256) 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256) 01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256) 13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1103)	Jun-16 Jun-16 Jun-16 Mar-16
101548 18N50W-10dB	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256) 13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1103)	Jun-16
18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1103)	W. A. C.
		Mar-16
18N50W-20dB		IVIAI-10
	13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1104)	Mar-16
SN 7307	27-Feb-15(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb15)	Feb-16
SN 771	27-Jan-15(SPEAG, No.DAE4-771_Jan15)	Jan -16
ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
6201052605	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04255)	Jun-16
MY46110673	03-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00728)	Feb-16
Name	Function	Signature
Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Dest.
Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	2031
Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	In des for
all not be reprodu	Issued: Decen	nber 11, 2015
	SN 771 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying Qi Dianyuan Lu Bingsong	SN 771 27-Jan-15(SPEAG, No.DAE4-771_Jan15) ID #

Certificate No: Z15-97193

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Report No: RXA1608-0171SAR



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 θ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z15-97193

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Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

Calibrated: December 10, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z15-97193

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