



**SAR Compliance Test Report**

<b>Test report no.:</b>	WR836.001	<b>Date of report:</b>	2005-08-26
<b>Template version:</b>	4	<b>Number of pages:</b>	45
<b>Testing laboratory:</b>	TCC San Diego 12278 Scripps Summit Drive San Diego, CA 92131, USA Tel. +1 858 831 5000 Fax +1 858 831 6500	<b>Client:</b>	Nokia Mobile Phones, Inc. 12278 Scripps Summit Drive San Diego, CA 92131, USA Tel. +1 858 831 5000 Fax +1 858 831 6500
<b>Responsible test engineer:</b>	Julian Kim	<b>Product contact person:</b>	Morelos Alfredo
<b>Measurements made by:</b>	Julian Kim		

<b>Tested device:</b>	RM-96
<b>FCC ID:</b>	QMNRM-96 <b>IC:</b> 661X-RM96

**Supplement reports:** -

**Testing has been carried out in accordance with:**

**47CFR §2.1093**  
Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

**FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)**  
Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields

**RSS-102**  
Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

**IEEE 1528 - 2003**  
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

**Documentation:** The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC San Diego.

**Test results:** **The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test.** The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

**Date and signatures:** 2005-08-26

For the contents:

Nerina Walton  
Lab Manager

Julian Kim  
Senior Certification Engineer



**CONTENTS**

**1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT..... 3**

    1.1 TEST DETAILS..... 3

    1.2 MAXIMUM RESULTS..... 3

        1.2.1 *Head Configuration*..... 3

        1.2.2 *Body Worn Configuration* ..... 3

        1.2.3 *Maximum Drift* ..... 4

        1.2.4 *Measurement Uncertainty* ..... 4

**2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST..... 5**

    2.1 PICTURE OF THE DEVICE..... 6

    2.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE ANTENNA ..... 6

**3. TEST CONDITIONS ..... 7**

    3.1 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY ..... 7

    3.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES, AND OUTPUT POWER..... 7

**4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT ..... 8**

    4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS ..... 8

        4.1.1 *Isotropic E-field Probe SN1739*..... 9

    4.2 PHANTOMS ..... 9

    4.3 TISSUE SIMULANTS ..... 10

        4.3.1 *Tissue Simulant Recipes* ..... 10

        4.3.2 *System Checking* ..... 11

        4.3.3 *Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements*..... 12

**5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE ..... 13**

    5.1 DEVICE HOLDER..... 13

    5.2 TEST POSITIONS..... 13

        5.2.1 *Against Phantom Head*..... 13

        5.2.2 *Body Worn Configuration* ..... 14

    5.3 SCAN PROCEDURES..... 15

    5.4 SAR AVERAGING METHODS..... 15

**6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY ..... 16**

**7. RESULTS ..... 17**

**APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS..... 19**

**APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS..... 27**

**APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S) ..... 28**

**APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S) ..... 42**



## 1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

### 1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2005-08-11 to 2005-08-23
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 033/03785087 HW: 3104 SW: MJ100b03.nep
Batteries used in testing	BL-6C
Headsets used in testing	HS-9 and HS-1C
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype Unit
Notes	-

### 1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

#### 1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
AMPS 800	384 / 836.52	24.8 dBm	Left Cheek	1.6 W/kg	0.93 W/kg	<b>PASSED</b>
CDMA 800	384 / 836.52	25.0 dBm	Left Cheek	1.6 W/kg	0.95 W/kg	<b>PASSED</b>

#### 1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
AMPS 800	799 / 848.97	24.7 dBm	2.2 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.70 W/kg	<b>PASSED</b>
CDMA 800	777 / 848.31	25.0 dBm	2.2 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.70 W/kg	<b>PASSED</b>



---

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift during measurements	-0.17 dB
-----------------------------------	----------

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Extended Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 29.8 %
--------------------------------	----------



**2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST**

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / Uncontrolled

Modes and Bands of Operation	AMPS 800	CDMA 800
Modulation Mode	FM	QPSK
Duty Cycle	1	1
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	824 - 849	824 - 849

---

## 2.1 Picture of the Device



## 2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an external retractable + stubby antenna.



---

### 3. TEST CONDITIONS

#### 3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	21.3 to 21.6
Ambient humidity (RH %):	34 to 59

#### 3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies, and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.



#### 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

##### 4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY 4 software version 4.5, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the device was the ‘worst-case extrapolation’ algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE V1	604	12 months	2005-10
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1739	12 months	2005-08
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	478	24 months	2006-10

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	Agilent E4436B	US 39260114	24 months	2006-05
Amplifier	Milmega AS0822-8L	1004832	-	-
Power Meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41290918	12 months	2005-10
Power Sensor	Agilent E9327A	US 40440897	12 months	2006-03
Power Sensor	Agilent E9323A	US 40411295	12 months	2005-11
Call Tester	Agilent 8960/E5515C	US 40440119	12 months	2006-06
Vector Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40002861	12 months	2006-06
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070D	US 01440165	-	-



4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe SN1739

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
<b>Calibration</b>	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
<b>Optical Surface Detection</b>	$\pm 0.2$ mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.4$ dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
<b>Application</b>	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checking and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.



### 4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within  $\pm 5\%$  of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was  $15.0 \pm 0.5$  cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

#### 4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body tissue simulants:

#### 800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79



### 4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

**System checking, head tissue simulant**

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.34	41.8	0.89	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.11 – 2.57			
	2005-08-11	2.43	40.9	0.88	21.6
	2005-08-15	2.44	40.4	0.88	21.3
	2005-08-16	2.47	40.2	0.88	21.4
	2005-08-17	2.45	40.5	0.88	21.5
	2005-08-18	2.44	40.6	0.88	21.6

**System checking, body tissue simulant**

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.44	54.3	1.00	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.20 – 2.68			
	2005-08-22	2.50	54.1	0.97	21.5
	2005-08-23	2.53	54.0	0.97	21.4

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.



4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

**Head tissue simulant measurements**

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
836.5	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	± 5% window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2005-08-11	41.0	0.88	21.6
	2005-08-15	40.4	0.88	21.3
	2005-08-16	40.2	0.88	21.4
	2005-08-17	40.5	0.89	21.5
2005-08-18	40.5	0.88	21.6	

**Body tissue simulant measurements**

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
836.5	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	± 5% window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2005-08-22	54.1	0.97	21.5
	2005-08-23	54.0	0.97	21.4

---

## 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

### 5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

### 5.2 Test Positions

#### 5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".



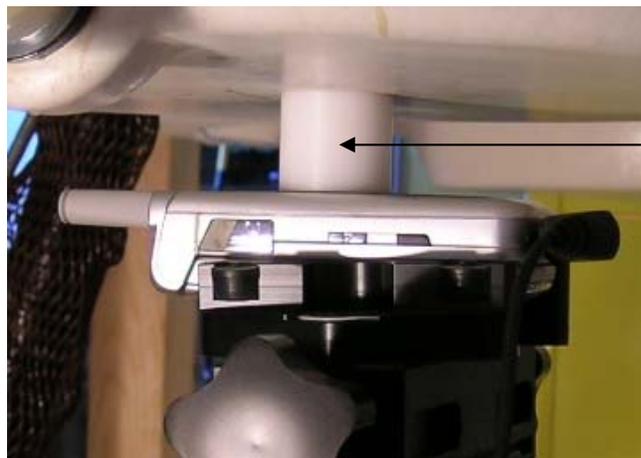
Photo of the device in "cheek" position



Photo of the device in "tilt" position

### 5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.



2.2cm Spacer

Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement. The spacer was removed for the tests.



---

### 5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

### 5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.



**6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	$G_i$	$G_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	$V_i$
<b>Measurement System</b>							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.8	N	1	1	±5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±8.3	R	√3	1	±4.8	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5.2	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2.1	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±10.0	R	√3	1	±5.8	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS			±14.9	206
<b>Coverage Factor for 95%</b>			k=2				
<b>Expanded Standard Uncertainty</b>						±29.8	



**7. RESULTS**

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

**AMPS800 Head SAR Results**

Antenna	Test Configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 991 824.04 MHz	Ch 384 836.52 MHz	Ch 799 848.97 MHz
Retracted	Power		24.7 dBm	24.8 dBm	24.7 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.83	0.93	0.84
		Tilt	-	0.30	-
	Right	Cheek	0.80	0.85	0.84
		Tilt	-	0.27	-
Extended	Left	Cheek	-	0.68	-
		Tilt	-	0.20	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.55	-
		Tilt	-	0.19	-

**CDMA800 Head SAR Results**

Antenna	Test Configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1013 824.70 MHz	Ch 384 836.52 MHz	Ch 777 848.31 MHz
Retracted	Power		25.0 dBm	25.0 dBm	25.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.95	-
		Tilt	-	0.36	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.89	-
		Tilt	-	0.29	-
Extended	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-



The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

**AMPS800 Body SAR Results**

Antenna	Test Configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 991 824.04 MHz	Ch 384 836.52 MHz	Ch 799 848.97 MHz
Retracted	<b>Power</b>	<b>24.7 dBm</b>	<b>24.8 dBm</b>	<b>24.7 dBm</b>
	Without headset	-	0.53	-
	Headset HS-9	-	0.51	-
	Headset HS-1C	-	0.36	-
Extended	Without headset	-	0.67	-
	Headset HS-9	0.69	0.69	<b>0.70</b>
	Headset HS-1C	-	0.49	-

**CDMA800 Body SAR Results**

Antenna	Test Configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 1013 824.70 MHz	Ch 384 836.52 MHz	Ch 777 848.31 MHz
Retracted	<b>Power</b>	<b>25.0 dBm</b>	<b>25.0 dBm</b>	<b>25.0 dBm</b>
	Without headset	-	0.56	-
	Headset HS-9	-	0.53	-
	Headset HS-1C	-	0.43	-
Extended	Without headset	-	0.68	-
	Headset HS-9	-	-	<b>0.70</b>
	Headset HS-1C	-	0.58	-

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.



---

**APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS**

Date: 2005-08-11; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.882 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Temperature (liq.) =  $21.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.63 \text{ mW/g}$

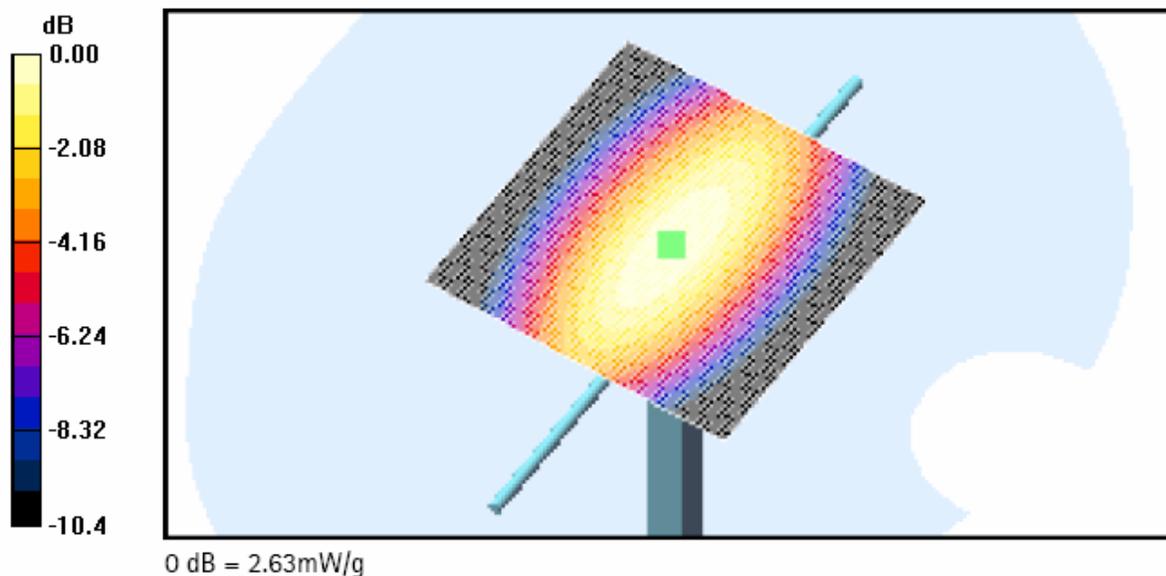
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $56.3 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.00 \text{ dB}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.63 \text{ mW/g}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.68 \text{ W/kg}$

SAR(1 g) =  $2.43 \text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.58 \text{ mW/g}$



Date: 2005-08-15; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Temperature (liq.) =  $21.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Advanced Extrapolation

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 mW/g

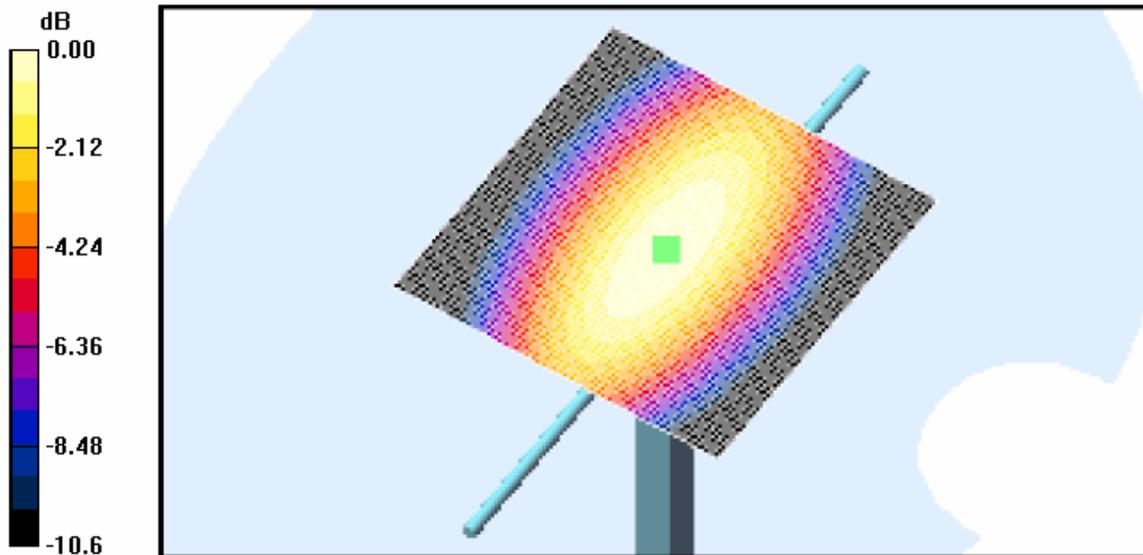
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g



0 dB = 2.64mW/g

Date: 2005-08-16; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Temperature (liq.) = 21.4 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

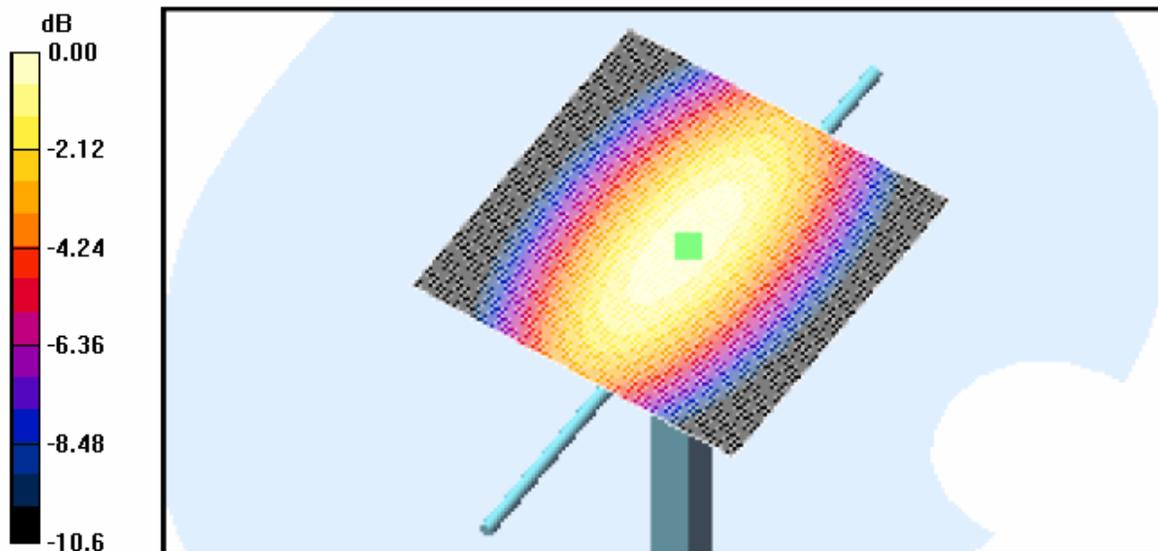
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g



0 dB = 2.67mW/g

Date: 2005-08-17; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.884 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Temperature (liq.) =  $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Advanced Extrapolation

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.66 \text{ mW/g}$

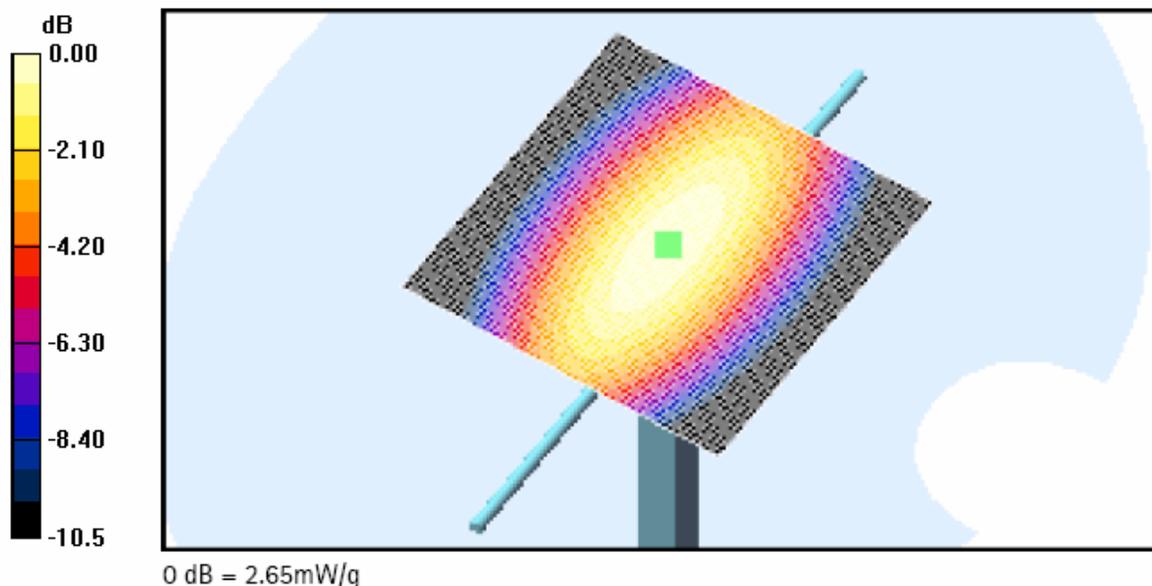
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $56.5 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.010 \text{ dB}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.65 \text{ mW/g}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.75 \text{ W/kg}$

SAR(1 g) =  $2.45 \text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.59 \text{ mW/g}$



Date: 2005-08-18; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.883 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Temperature (liq.) =  $21.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.64 \text{ mW/g}$

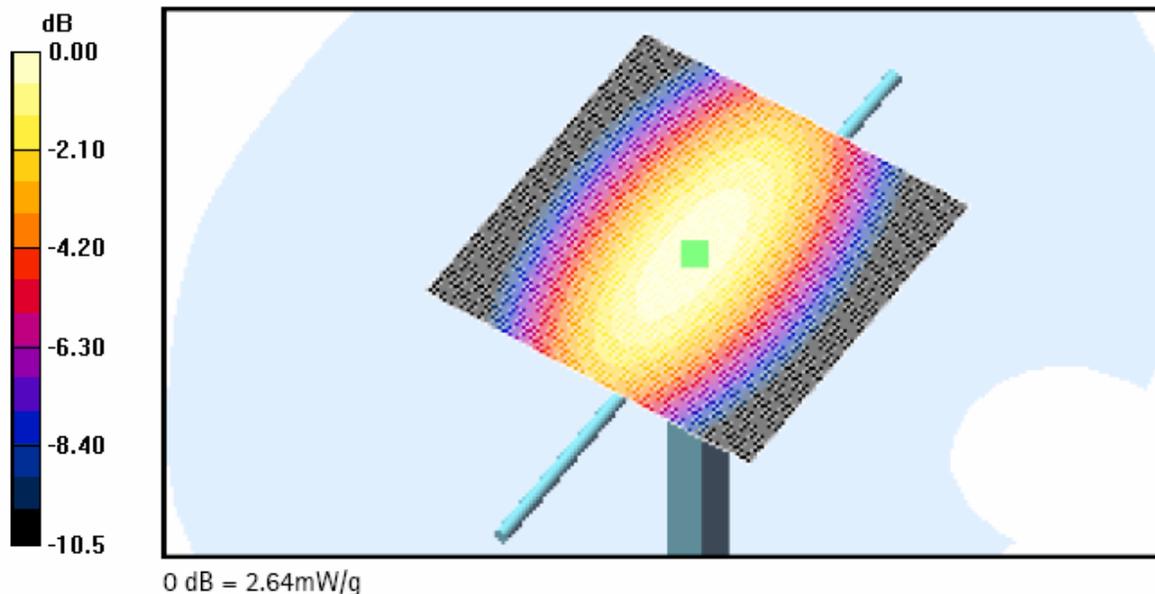
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $56.3 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.010 \text{ dB}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.64 \text{ mW/g}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.70 \text{ W/kg}$

SAR(1 g) =  $2.44 \text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.59 \text{ mW/g}$



Date: 2005-08-22; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Body System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Temperature (liq.) =  $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.71 \text{ mW/g}$

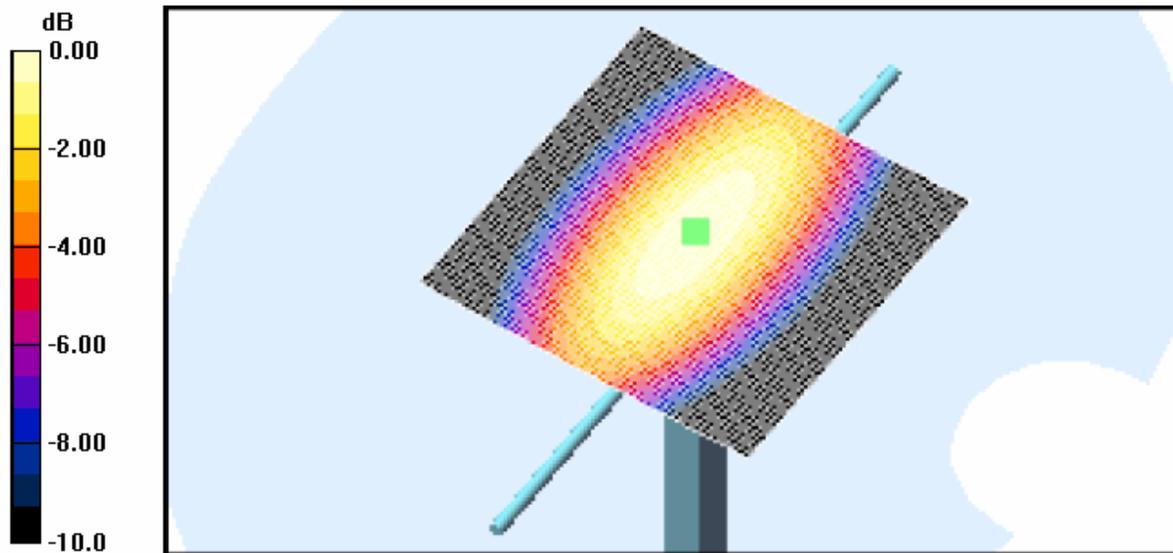
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $54.7 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.019 \text{ dB}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.69 \text{ mW/g}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.62 \text{ W/kg}$

SAR(1 g) =  $2.5 \text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.65 \text{ mW/g}$



0 dB = 2.69mW/g

Date: 2005-08-23; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 835 MHz; Serial No. 478; Body System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Temperature (liq.) = 21.4 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**835MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.75 mW/g

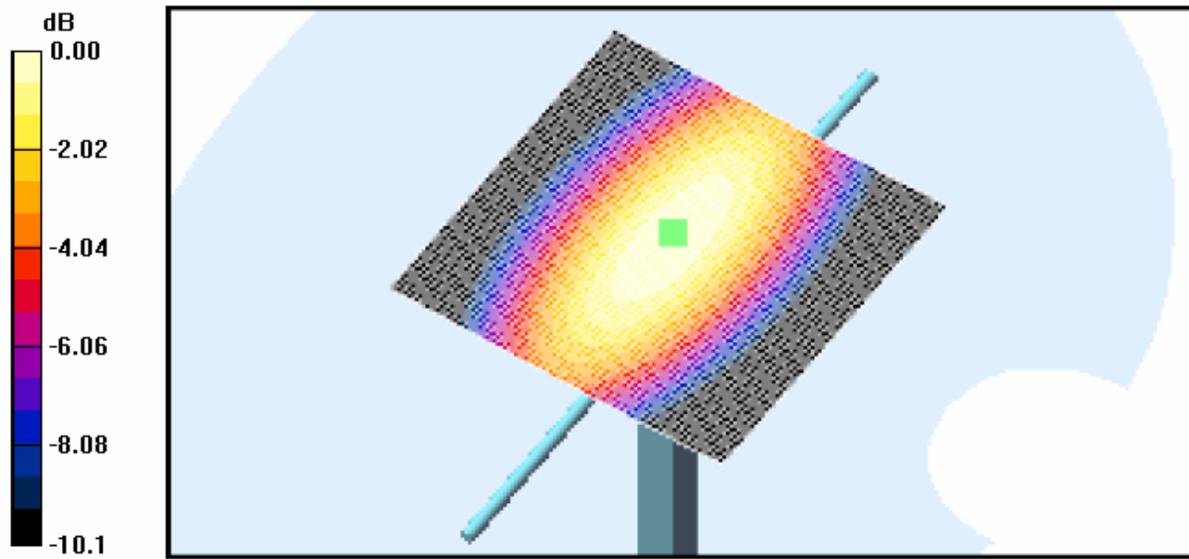
**835MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 mW/g





---

**APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS**

Date: 2005-08-16; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No. 033/03785087; Antenna retracted

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.884$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.4 °C

Phantom section: Left Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**left cheek/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.950 mW/g

**left cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

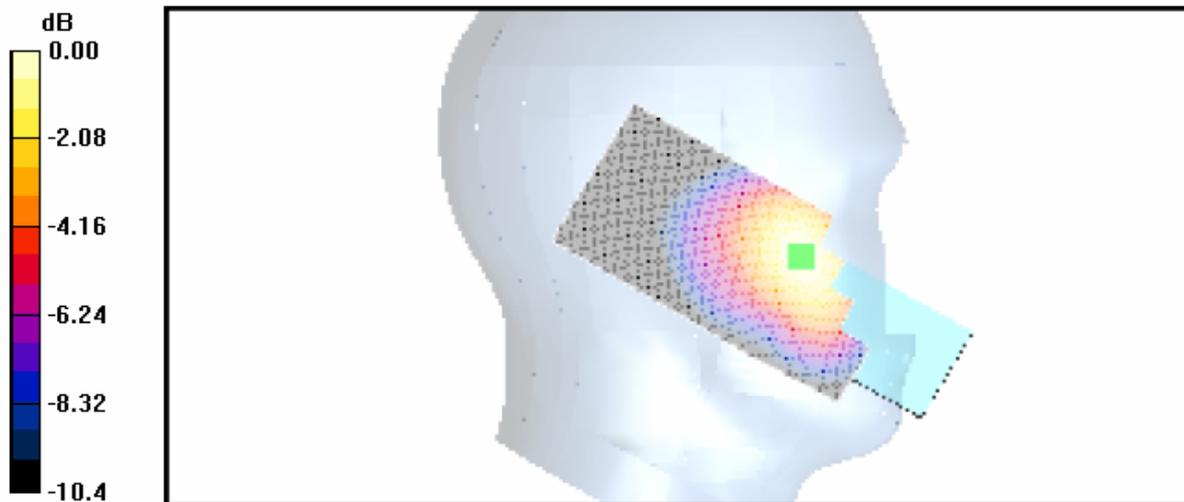
Reference Value = 7.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.950 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.927 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.629 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



0 dB = 0.950mW/g



Date: 2005-08-16; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No: 033/03785087; Antenna retracted

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.884$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.4 °C

Phantom section: Left Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**left cheek/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.950 mW/g

**left cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

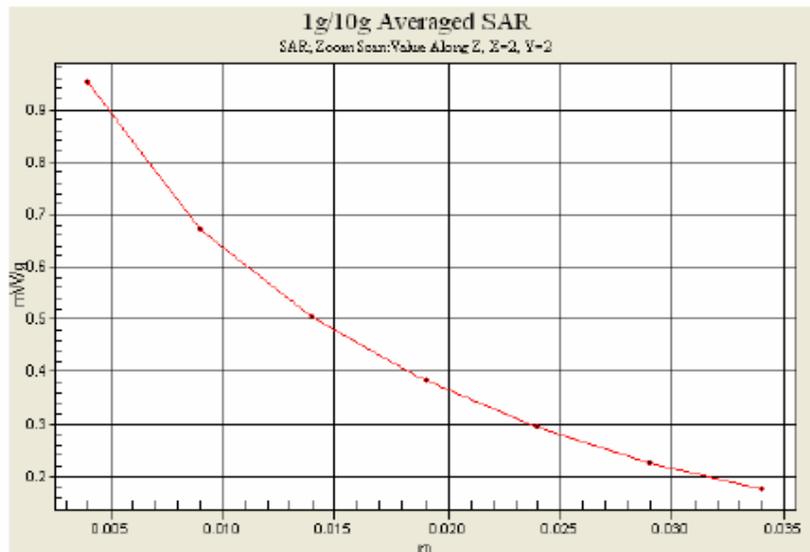
Reference Value = 7.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.950 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.927 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.629 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-08-16; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No. 033/03785087; Antenna retracted

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.884$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Temperature (liq.) = 21.4 °C  
Phantom section: Left Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

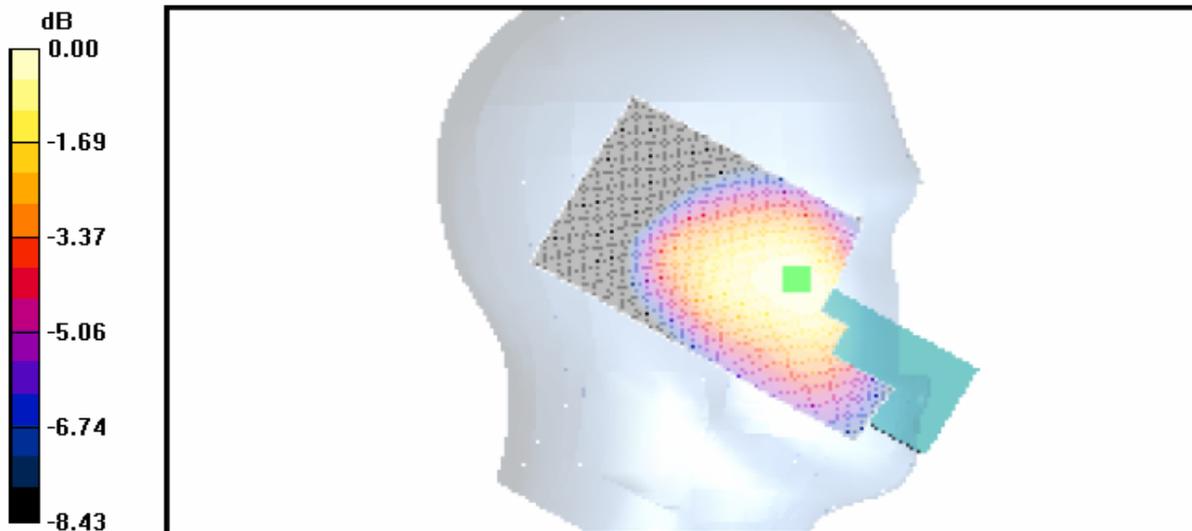
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**left tilt/Area Scan (61x111x1)**: Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.308 mW/g

**left tilt/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0**: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.308 mW/g  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.300 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 mW/g

Info: [Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



0 dB = 0.308mW/g

Date: 2005-08-15; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No. 033/03785087; Antenna retracted

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.881$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Temperature (liq.) = 21.3 °C  
Phantom section: Right Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

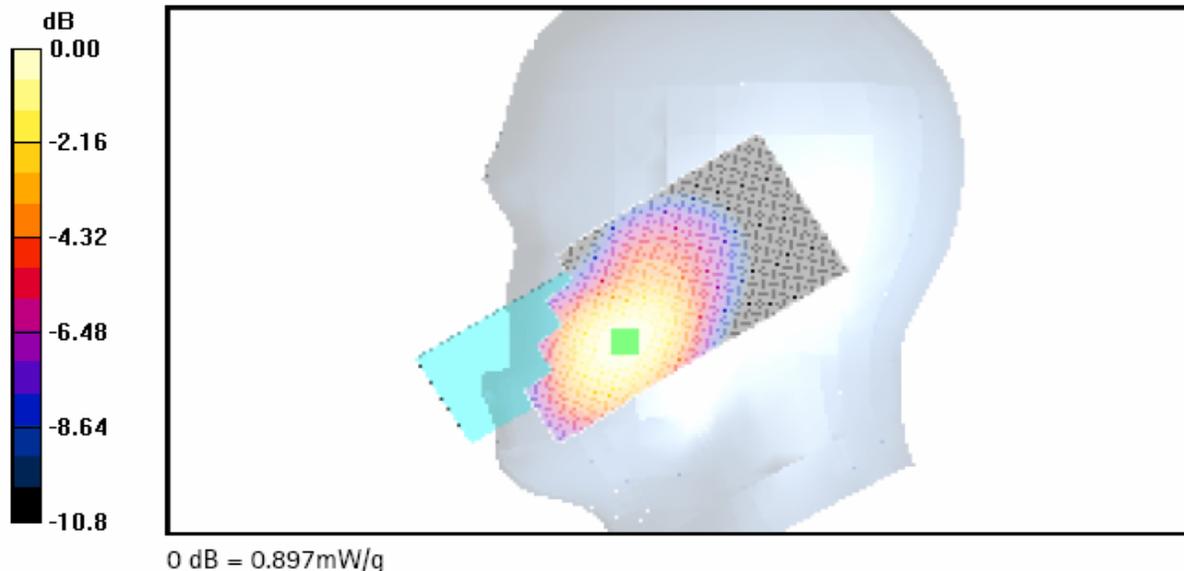
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Right cheek/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.901 mW/g

**Right cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 8.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.897 mW/g  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.848 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.584 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-08-15; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No. 033/03785087; Antenna retracted

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.881$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.3 °C

Phantom section: Right Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Right tilt/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.277 mW/g

**Right tilt/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

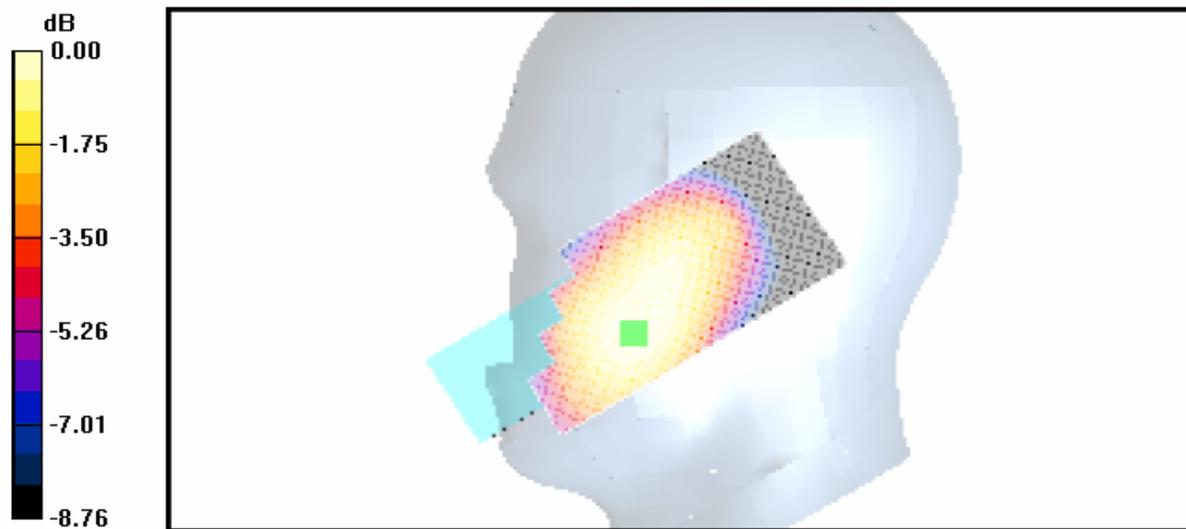
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.153 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 mW/g

Info: [Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



0 dB = 0.276mW/g

Date: 2005-08-17; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No. 033/03785087; Antenna retracted

Communication System: CDMA800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
 Temperature (liq.) = 21.5 °C  
 Phantom section: Left Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

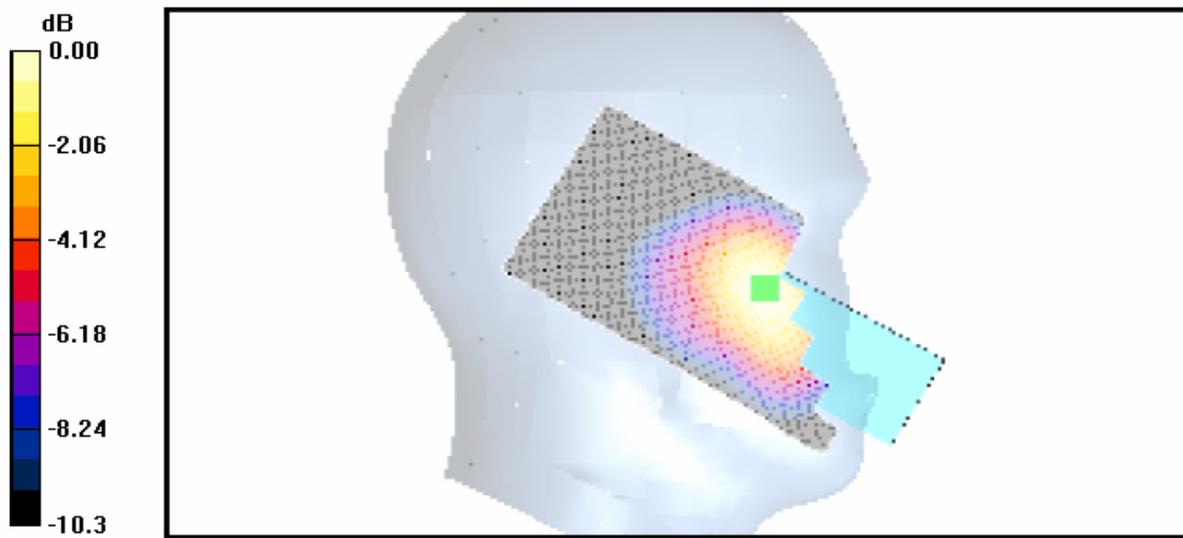
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**left cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.982 mW/g

**left cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 7.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.167 dB  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 mW/g  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.946 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.639 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-08-22; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No: 033/03785087; Antenna extended; no headset

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.967$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Body/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 mW/g

**Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

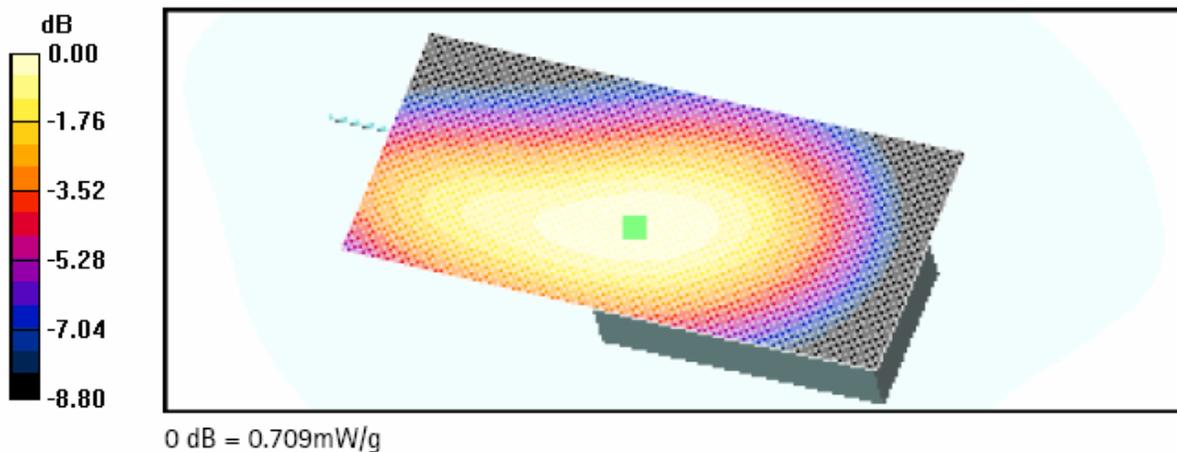
Reference Value = 26.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.709 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.674 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-08-22; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No: 033/03785087; Antenna extended; with headset HS-9

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 799; Frequency: 848.97 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 848.97$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.982$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Body/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.747 mW/g

**Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

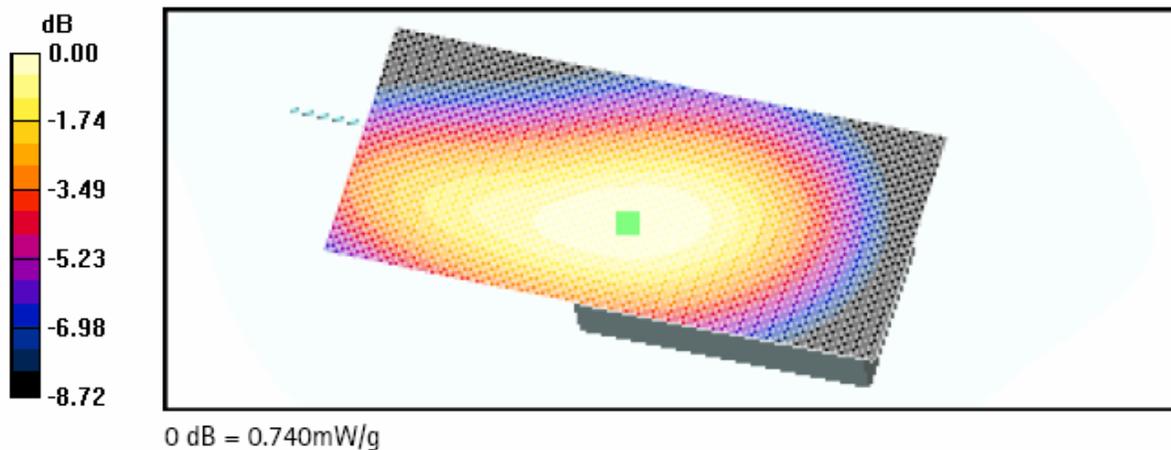
Reference Value = 26.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.740 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.702 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)





Date: 2005-08-22; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No: 033/03785087; Antenna extended; with headset HS-9

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 799; Frequency: 848.97 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 848.97$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.982$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Body/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.747 mW/g

**Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

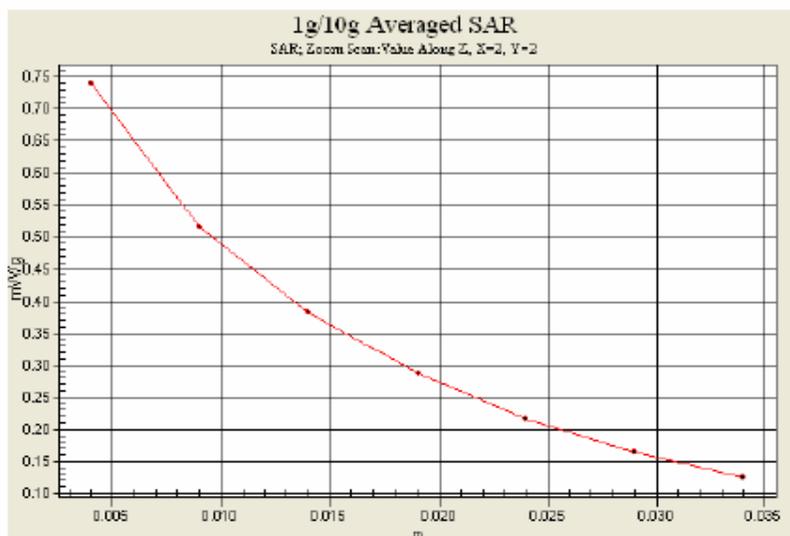
Reference Value = 26.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.740 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.702 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-08-22; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No: 033/03785087; Antenna extended; with headset HS-1C

Communication System: AMPS800; Channel: 384; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.967$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Body/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.518 mW/g

**Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

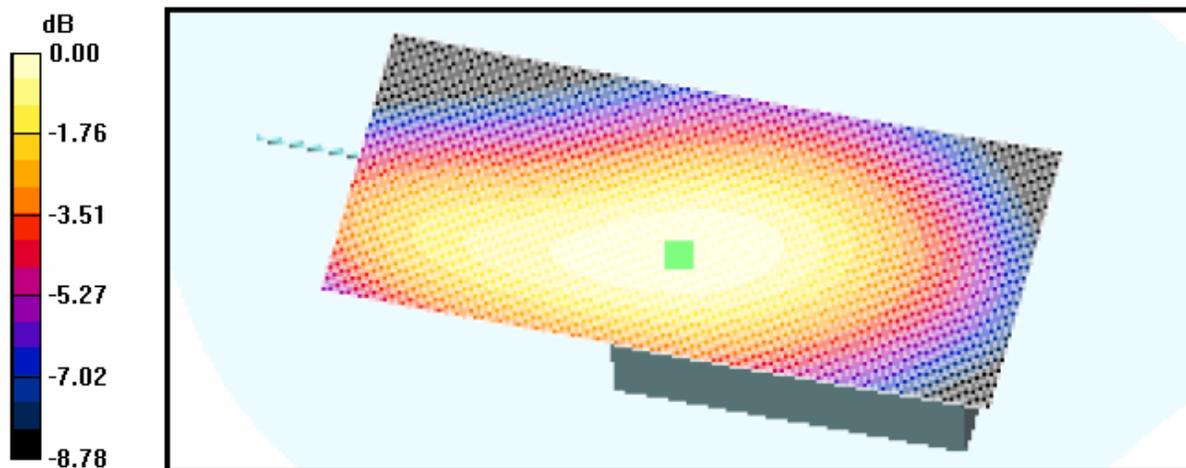
Reference Value = 22.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.732 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.487 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



0 dB = 0.514mW/g

Date: 2005-08-23; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RM-96; HWID: 3104; Serial No: 033/03785087; Antenna extended; with headset HS-9

Communication System: CDMA800; Channel: 777; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 848.31$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.984$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.4 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Worst Case Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1739; ConvF(6.47, 6.47, 6.47); Calibrated: 8/26/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn604; Calibrated: 10/28/2004
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1035
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

**Body/Area Scan (61x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.753 mW/g

**Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

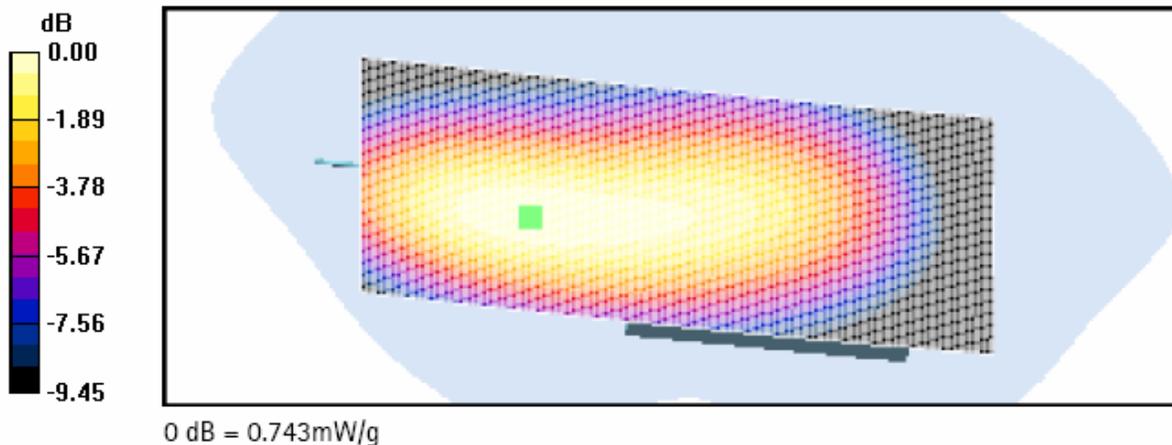
Reference Value = 24.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.743 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.704 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.487 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)





---

**APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)**



**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

**Client**      **Nokia SD**

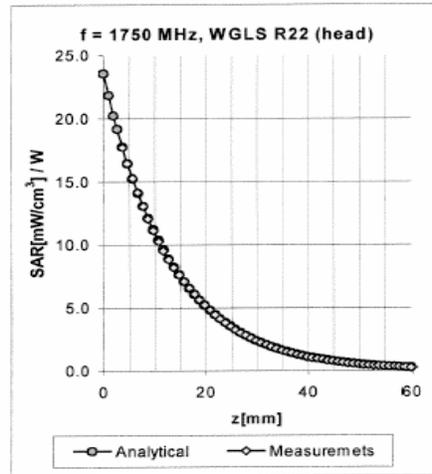
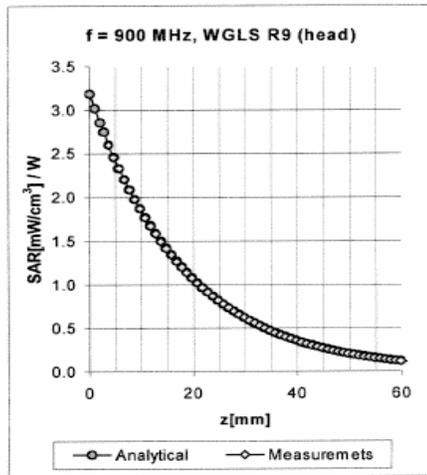
CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE																																			
Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1739																																		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes																																		
Calibration date:	August 26, 2004																																		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)																																		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity &lt; 75%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Model Type</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)</th> <th>Scheduled Calibration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power meter EPM E4419B</td> <td>GB41293874</td> <td>5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)</td> <td>May-05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41495277</td> <td>5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)</td> <td>May-05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: 5086 (20b)</td> <td>3-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)</td> <td>May-05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702</td> <td>SN: 6295803</td> <td>8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E030020)</td> <td>Sep-04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td> <td>MY41092180</td> <td>18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct03)</td> <td>In house check: Oct 05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RF generator HP 8684C</td> <td>US3642U01700</td> <td>4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug02)</td> <td>In house check: Aug 05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td> <td>US37390585</td> <td>18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct03)</td> <td>In house check: Oct 05</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05	Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05	Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E030020)	Sep-04	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct03)	In house check: Oct 05	RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug02)	In house check: Aug 05	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct03)	In house check: Oct 05
Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration																																
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05																																
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05																																
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05																																
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E030020)	Sep-04																																
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct03)	In house check: Oct 05																																
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug02)	In house check: Aug 05																																
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct03)	In house check: Oct 05																																
Calibrated by:	Name Nico Vetterli	Function Technician	Signature 																																
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Laboratory Director	Signature 																																
Date issued: August 26, 2004																																			
<p>This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid &amp; Partner Engineering AG is completed.</p>																																			



ET3DV6 SN:1739

August 26, 2004

### Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>B</sup>	Tissue	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
835	785-885	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.81	1.52	6.79 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
900	850-950	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.61	1.77	6.50 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
1750	1700-1800	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.44	2.65	5.26 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
1900	1850-1950	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	2.69	5.10 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
2450	2400-2500	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.93	1.84	4.53 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
835	785-885	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.58	1.84	6.47 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
900	850-950	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.44	2.23	6.12 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
1750	1700-1800	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.50	2.80	4.66 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
1900	1850-1950	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.57	2.70	4.57 ± 9.7%	(k=2)
2450	2400-2500	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	1.12	1.60	4.22 ± 9.7%	(k=2)

<sup>B</sup> The total standard uncertainty is calculated as root-sum-square of standard uncertainty of the Conversion Factor at calibration frequency and the standard uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



---

**APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)**



**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia SD**

Certificate No: **D835V2-478\_Oct04/2**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: D835V2-478\_Oct04)**

Object	D835V2 - SN: 478		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	October 22, 2004		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p>			
<b>Primary Standards</b>	<b>ID #</b>	<b>Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)</b>	<b>Scheduled Calibration</b>
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1680	23-Feb-04 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1680_Feb04)	Feb-05
DAE4	SN 601	22-Jul-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jul04)	Jul-05
<b>Secondary Standards</b>	<b>ID #</b>	<b>Check Date (In house)</b>	<b>Scheduled Check</b>
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Nov 04
Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Niels Kuster	Function Quality Manager	Signature 
			Issued: November 15, 2004
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



**DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 10/22/04 19:01:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN478**

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1680; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 23.02.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.49 mW/g

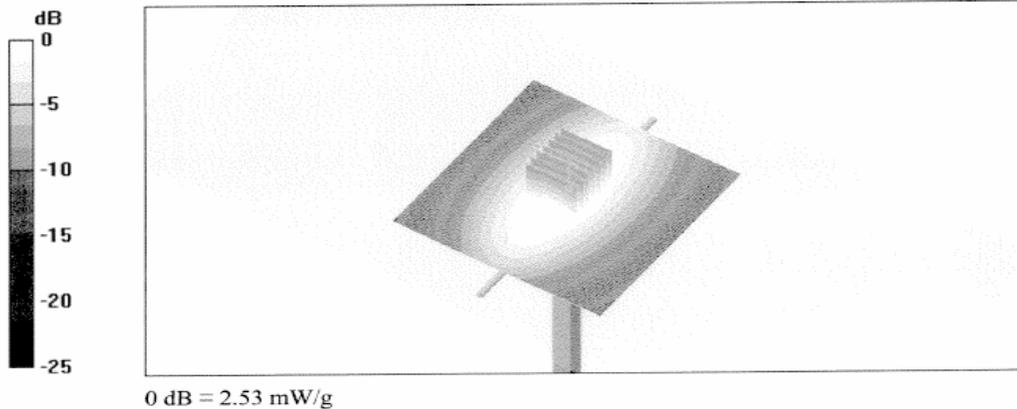
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.53 mW/g





**DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 10/22/04 18:58:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN478**

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1680; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 23.02.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 mW/g

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g

