

FCC Part 15

EMI TEST REPORT

of

E.U.T. : Epox Bluetooth Printer Adapter

MODEL : BT-PA01

FCC ID. : QLHCAC0103

for

APPLICANT : EPoX COMPUTER CO., LTD.

ADDRESS : 346, Chung San Rd., Sec 2, 10 F1., Chung Ho City, Taipei Hsien, 235 Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN
NO. 8 LANE 29, WENMIMG ROAD,
LOSHAN TSUN, KWEISHAN HSIANG,
TAOYUAN, TAIWAN, R.O.C.

Tel:(03)3280026#570~576
Fax:(03)3276188

Report Number : ET92S-03-093-02

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : EPoX COMPUTER CO., LTD.
346, Chung San Rd., Sec 2, 10 F1., Chung Ho City, Taipei Hsien,
235 Taiwan, R.O.C.

Manufacturer : EPoX COMPUTER CO., LTD.
346, Chung San Rd., Sec 2, 10 F1., Chung Ho City, Taipei Hsien,
235 Taiwan, R.O.C.

Description of EUT :
a) Type of EUT : Epox Bluetooth Printer Adapter
b) Trade Name : Printer Adapter
c) Model No. : BT-PA01
d) Power Supply : Adaptor (Model: SA0106-A; Input 100-240VAC, 0.3A, 50-60Hz;
Output: +6VDC, 1.2A; S/N: R00031100009)

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart B & C (2002)

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Issued Date : Apr. 07, 2003

Test Engineer : Andy Kuo

Approve & Authorized Signer : Win-Po Tsai

Signature
Win-Po Tsai
Manager of EMC Testing Department
Electronics Testing Center, Taiwan

| Table of Contents | Page |
|--|-----------|
| 1 GENERAL INFORMATION | 1 |
| 1.1 Product Description..... | 1 |
| 1.2 Characteristics of Device | 1 |
| 1.3 Test Methodology | 1 |
| 1.4 Modifiction List of EUT | 1 |
| 1.5 Test Facility..... | 1 |
| 2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE..... | 2 |
| 2.1 Definition..... | 2 |
| 2.2 Requirement for Compliance..... | 3 |
| 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation..... | 5 |
| 2.4 Labeling Requirement | 5 |
| 2.5 User Information | 6 |
| 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION | 7 |
| 3.1 Justification..... | 7 |
| 3.2 Devices for Tested System | 7 |
| 4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT | 8 |
| 4.1 Applicable Standard..... | 8 |
| 4.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 8 |
| 4.3 Measuring Instrument | 10 |
| 4.4 Radiated Emission Data..... | 11 |
| 4.4.1 RF Portion..... | 11 |
| 4.4.2 Other Emission | 14 |
| 4.5 Field Strength Calculation..... | 16 |
| 4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup..... | 17 |
| 5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT..... | 18 |
| 5.1 Applicable Standard..... | 18 |
| 5.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 18 |
| 5.3 Conducted Emission Data..... | 19 |
| 5.4 Result Data Calculation..... | 22 |
| 5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment..... | 22 |
| 5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup | 23 |
| 6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT..... | 24 |
| 6.1 Standard Applicable | 24 |
| 6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain | 24 |
| 7 20DB EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT..... | 25 |
| 7.1 Standard Applicable | 25 |
| 7.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 25 |
| 7.3 Measurement Equipment | 25 |
| 7.4 Measurement Data | 26 |
| 8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT..... | 30 |
| 8.1 Standard Applicable | 30 |
| 8.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 30 |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 8.3 Measurement Equipment | 30 |
| 8.4 Measurement Data | 31 |
| 9 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT..... | 35 |
| 9.1 Standard Applicable | 35 |
| 9.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 35 |
| 9.3 Measurement Equipment | 35 |
| 9.4 Measurement Data | 36 |
| 10 RADIATED MEASUREMENT AT BANDEDGE WITH FUNDAMENTAL FREQUENCIES.. | 39 |
| 10.1 Standard Applicable | 39 |
| 10.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 39 |
| 10.3 Measuring Instrument | 40 |
| 10.4 Radiated Emission Data..... | 41 |
| 11 NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS..... | 42 |
| 11.1 Standard Applicable | 42 |
| 11.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 42 |
| 11.3 Measurement Equipment | 42 |
| 11.4 Measurement Data | 42 |
| 12 CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCIES SEPERATION..... | 44 |
| 12.1 Standard Applicable | 44 |
| 12.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 44 |
| 12.3 Measurement Equipment | 44 |
| 12.4 Measurement Data | 44 |
| 13 DWELL TIME..... | 48 |
| 13.1 Standard Applicable | 48 |
| 13.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 48 |
| 13.3 Measurement Equipment | 48 |
| 13.4 Measurement Data | 48 |
| 14 RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION..... | 55 |
| 14.1 Friis Formula | 55 |
| 14.2 EUT Operation condition..... | 55 |
| 14.3 Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation..... | 56 |

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : Epox Bluetooth Printer Adapter
- b) Trade Name : Printer Adapter
- c) Model No. : BT-PA01
- d) Power Supply : Adaptor (Model: SA0106-A; Input 100-240VAC, 0.3A, 50-60Hz;
Output: +6VDC, 1.2A; S/N: R00031100009)

1.2 Characteristics of Device

The EUT is a Bluetooth device, plug into the parallel printer port of printer, then it will be printed from laptop or other device.

1.3 Test Methodology

The Epox Bluetooth Printer Adapter designed with a transmitting method of Frequency Hopping spread spectrum is for local area network operation, which operates at 2.4 GHz ISM band and data rate up to 11 Mbps. The rated output power is -1.0 dBm (1.25 mW).

1.4 Modification List of EUT

No modifications were required. (That is the EUT complied with the requirements as tested.)

1.5 Test Facility

The semi-anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data are located inside the Building at No.8, Lane 29, Wen-ming Road, Lo-shan Tsun, Kweishan Hsiang, Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C.

This site has been accreditation as a FCC filing site.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device :

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business or industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §5.107(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB μ V | Average dB μ V |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

For intentional device, according to §5.207(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is same as above table.

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §5.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

| Frequency MHz | Distance Meters | Radiated dB μ V/m | Radiated μ V/m |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30 - 88 | 3 | 40.0 | 100 |
| 88 - 216 | 3 | 43.5 | 150 |
| 216 - 960 | 3 | 46.0 | 200 |
| above 960 | 3 | 54.0 | 500 |

For intentional device, according to §5.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §5.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

(4) 20dB Bandwidth Requirement

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(a)(1), hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(1), operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels. The maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Number of Hopping Channels

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems, operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels.

(8) Channel Carrier Frequencies Separation

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), the frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

(9) Dwell Time

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

(10) RF Exposure Evaluation

According to 15.247(b)(5), system operating under the provisions of this section(15.247) shall operate in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency levels in excess of the commission guidelines, 1.1307(b)(1)

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.25 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 ** | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2655-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3600-4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

** : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For the purposes of this test report ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But never the less Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results..

3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device | Manufacture | Model | Cable Description |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| *Epox Bluetooth Printer Adapter | EPoX COMPUTER CO., LTD. | BT-PA01 | ---- |
| Notebook PC | ASUS | LS7100 | 3.2m, Unshielded Power Line (Adaptor) 3.6m, Unshielded RS-232 Cable |
| Printer | HP | DeskJet 850C | 2.2m, Unshielded Power Line (Adaptor) |
| Bluetooth Device | Widcomm | EPOX BT-PA01 80B983 | ---- |

Remark “*” means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §5.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §5.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and frequency hopping spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with §5.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, it is performed in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions. For emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Note : A band pass filter was used to avoid pre-amplifier saturated when measure TX operation mode in frequency band above 1 GHz.

5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the datarate, placement of ANT. cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

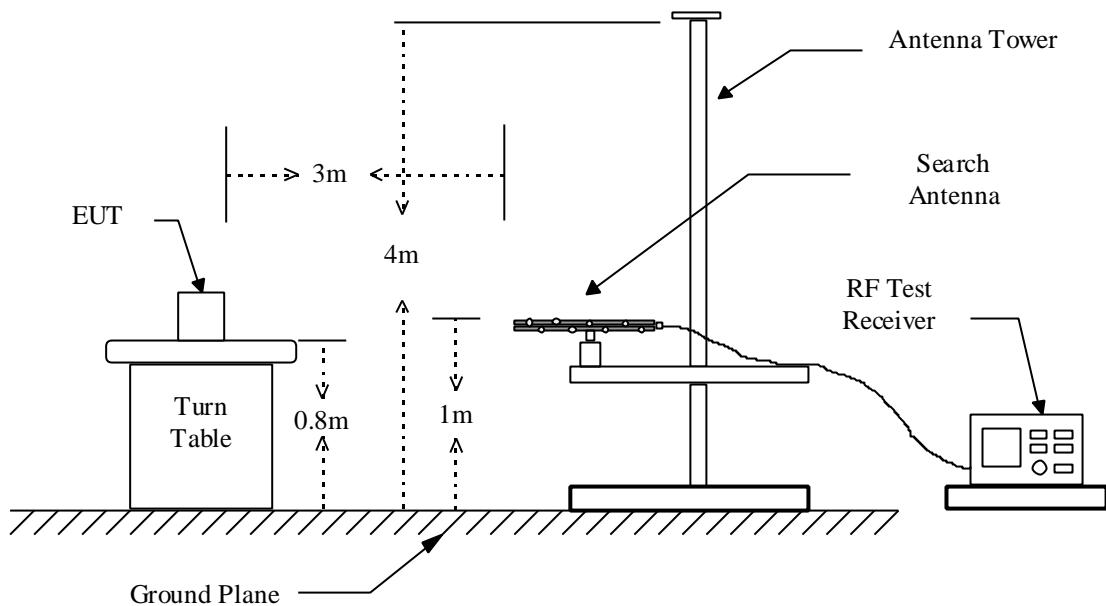
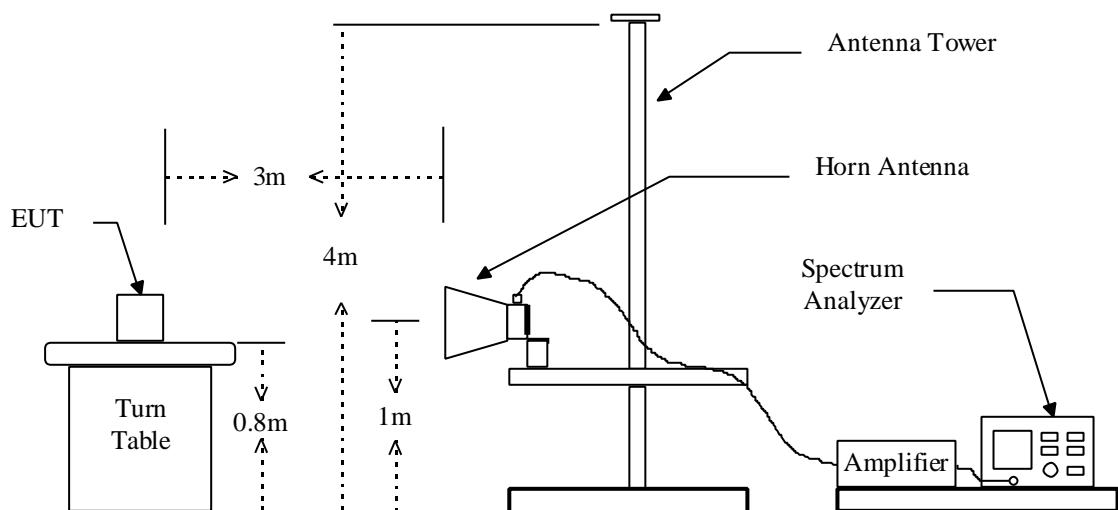


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement :

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | Hewlett-Packard | 8546A | 08/27/2003 |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 06/05/2003 |
| LogBicone Antenna | Schwarzbeck | 9160 | 10/28/2003 |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3116 | 06/28/2003 |
| Preamplifier | Hewlett-Packard | 8449B | 09/04/2003 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564EC | 09/10/2003 |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz | N/A |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |
| Above 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Average | 1 MHz | 10 Hz |

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion

a) Channel 1

Operation Mode : Receiving /Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003 Temperature : 17 Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 1201.670 | 55.7 | 47.3 | 55.7 | 50.0 | -11.6 | 44.1 | 38.4 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -15.6 | 260 | 1.0 |
| 3603.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 4804.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 7206.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 9608.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 12010.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 14412.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 16814.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 19216.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 21618.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 24020.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
4. In order to get the worse data, X, Y, Z direction were adjusted during the data.
5. The radiation emissions have been measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency and show the significant frequencies, other means the value is too low to be detected.

b) Channel 40

Operation Mode : Receiving / Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2441 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003 Temperature : 17 Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak Ave (H/V Max.) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak Ave. | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|---|------|---|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave. | |
| 1220.105 | 54.8 | 50.0 | 54.7 | 49.9 | -11.6 | 43.4 | 38.4 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -15.6 | 315 | 1.0 |
| 3660.315 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 4881.870 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 7323.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 9764.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 12205.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 14646.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 17087.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 19528.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 21969.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 24410.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
4. In order to get the worse data, X, Y, Z direction were adjusted during the data.
5. The radiation emissions have been measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency and show the significant frequencies, other means the value is too low to be detected.

c) Channel 79

Operation Mode : Receiving / Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003 Temperature : 17 Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 1240.380 | 54.3 | 49.7 | 54.5 | 48.2 | -11.4 | 43.1 | 38.3 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -15.7 | 340 | 1.0 |
| 3720.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 4960.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 7440.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 9920.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 12400.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 14880.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 17360.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 19840.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 22320.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 24800.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
4. In order to get the worse data, X, Y, Z direction were adjusted during the data.
5. The radiation emissions have been measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency and show the significant frequencies, other means the value is too low to be detected.

4.4.2 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

Operation Mode : Printer Mode

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003 Temperature : 18 Humidity : 79 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Ant-Pol H/V | Meter Reading (dBuV) | Corrected Factor (dB) | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Table Degree (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 46.176 | H | 24.1 | 9.5 | 33.6 | 40.0 | -6.4 | 130 | 1.0 |
| 287.610 | V | 12.4 | 16.5 | 28.9 | 46.0 | -17.1 | 170 | 1.0 |
| 432.038 | H | 13.6 | 21.3 | 34.9 | 46.0 | -11.1 | 190 | 1.1 |
| 452.038 | V | 10.4 | 21.3 | 31.7 | 46.0 | -14.3 | 290 | 1.0 |
| 568.603 | V | 9.0 | 23.7 | 32.7 | 46.0 | -13.3 | 170 | 1.3 |
| 586.603 | H | 6.9 | 24.9 | 31.8 | 46.0 | -14.2 | 150 | 1.0 |
| 685.635 | V | 8.2 | 26.6 | 34.8 | 46.0 | -11.2 | 238 | 1.2 |
| 685.653 | H | 8.4 | 26.6 | 35.0 | 46.0 | -11.0 | 200 | 1.4 |
| 699.981 | H | 10.6 | 26.6 | 37.2 | 46.0 | -8.8 | 223 | 1.2 |
| 699.981 | V | 10.6 | 26.6 | 37.2 | 46.0 | -8.8 | 207 | 1.2 |
| 762.225 | H | 13.2 | 27.9 | 41.1 | 46.0 | -4.9 | 180 | 1.1 |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

b-1) Channel 1

Operation Mode : Receiving /Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

Temperature : 17

Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 1238.780 | 50.1 | 38.9 | 48.9 | 37.3 | -11.4 | 38.7 | 27.5 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -26.5 | 300 | 1.0 |
| 2369.950 | 51.3 | 38.0 | 51.1 | 37.6 | -4.0 | 47.3 | 34.0 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -20.0 | 180 | 1.0 |
| 2386.170 | 49.2 | 35.9 | 48.5 | 35.4 | -4.0 | 45.2 | 31.9 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -22.1 | 208 | 1.0 |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.

b-2) Channel 40

Operation Mode : Receiving /Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2441 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

Temperature : 17

Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 1260.830 | 49.3 | 40.0 | 48.4 | 37.1 | -11.4 | 37.9 | 28.6 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -25.4 | 31 | 1.0 |
| 2409.075 | 50.3 | 37.9 | 50.4 | 36.6 | -3.5 | 46.9 | 34.4 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -19.6 | 280 | 1.0 |
| 2425.130 | 49.5 | 37.1 | 48.2 | 36.8 | -3.5 | 46.0 | 33.6 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -20.4 | 220 | 1.0 |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.

b-3) Channel 79

Operation Mode : Receiving /Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

Temperature : 17

Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 1282.970 | 50.0 | 40.0 | 48.6 | 37.3 | -11.4 | 38.6 | 28.6 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -25.4 | 180 | 1.0 |
| 2448.220 | 50.4 | 37.3 | 51.0 | 37.9 | -3.5 | 47.6 | 34.4 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -19.6 | 320 | 1.0 |
| 2463.880 | 49.6 | 37.2 | 50.0 | 37.3 | -3.5 | 46.5 | 33.8 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -20.2 | 153 | 1.0 |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

where

$$\text{Corrected Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{High Pass Filter Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup



5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

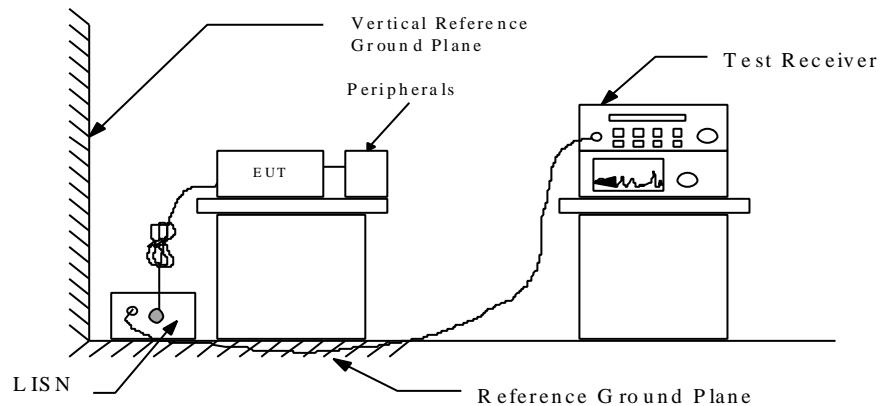
5.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional digital devices, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to §5.107(a) . And according to §5.107(e), an alternative to the conducted limits is CISPR 22.

5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
3. Record the 4 to 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
5. Confirm the highest emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 3 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration



5.3 Conducted Emission Data

Temperature : 17
 Humidity : 75%
 Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003
 Operation Mode : Printer Mode

| Freq. (MHz) | Meter Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV) | | | | Limit (dBuV) | | Margins (dB) Q.P. or AVG. | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|------|------------|------|----------------|------------------|------|------------|------|-----------------|------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | | | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | | | | | | | | |
| | L1 | L2 | L1 | L2 | | L1 | L2 | L1 | L2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.197 | 45.8 | *** | 36.3 | ---- | 0.1 | 45.9 | *** | 36.4 | ---- | 63.7 | 53.7 | -17.3 | | | | |
| 0.486 | 39.4 | 42.2 | 37.3 | 41.8 | 0.1 | 39.5 | 42.3 | 37.4 | 41.9 | 56.2 | 46.2 | -4.3 | | | | |
| 0.584 | 35.7 | *** | 34.2 | ---- | 0.1 | 35.8 | *** | 34.3 | ---- | 56.0 | 46.0 | -11.7 | | | | |
| 0.681 | 29.1 | *** | 26.5 | ---- | 0.1 | 29.2 | *** | 26.6 | ---- | 56.0 | 46.0 | -19.4 | | | | |
| 0.779 | *** | 40.2 | ---- | 39.7 | 0.1 | *** | 40.3 | ---- | 39.8 | 56.0 | 46.0 | -6.2 | | | | |
| 0.877 | *** | 41.2 | ---- | 40.5 | 0.1 | *** | 41.3 | ---- | 40.6 | 56.0 | 46.0 | -5.4 | | | | |
| 1.074 | 33.0 | *** | 31.5 | ---- | 0.2 | 33.2 | *** | 31.7 | ---- | 56.0 | 46.0 | -14.3 | | | | |
| 1.949 | *** | 41.7 | ---- | 40.5 | 0.2 | *** | 41.9 | ---- | 40.7 | 56.0 | 46.0 | -5.3 | | | | |
| 2.047 | *** | 42.2 | ---- | 41.6 | 0.2 | *** | 42.4 | ---- | 41.8 | 56.0 | 46.0 | -4.2 | | | | |
| 2.145 | 32.8 | *** | 29.6 | ---- | 0.2 | 33.0 | *** | 29.8 | ---- | 56.0 | 46.0 | -16.2 | | | | |
| 2.535 | *** | 42.5 | ---- | 41.2 | 0.2 | *** | 42.7 | ---- | 41.4 | 56.0 | 46.0 | -4.6 | | | | |
| 2.828 | 33.5 | *** | 31.9 | ---- | 0.2 | 33.7 | *** | 32.1 | ---- | 56.0 | 46.0 | -13.9 | | | | |
| 3.121 | *** | 41.5 | ---- | 38.4 | 0.2 | *** | 41.7 | ---- | 38.6 | 56.0 | 46.0 | -7.4 | | | | |

Note:

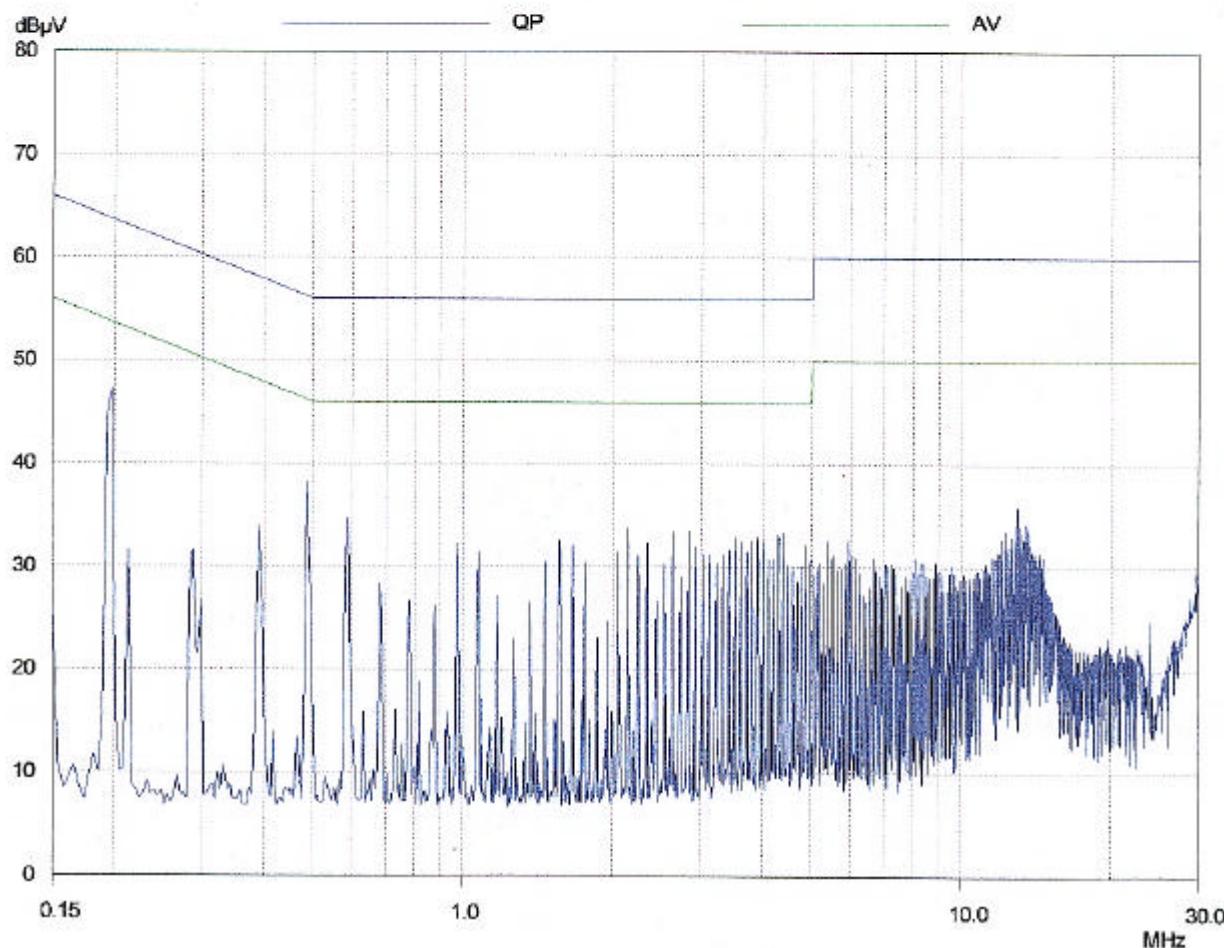
1. The full frequency range scanning test data is shown in next two pages.
2. “***” means the value was too low to be measured.
3. If the data table appeared symbol of “----” means the Q.P. value is under the limit for AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
4. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is ± 3 dB.

Conduction Emission Test

Peak Value

EUT: BLUETOOTH PRINTER ADAPTOR
Manuf:
Op Cond: RF MODE, 2402MHz
Operator: An.
Test Spec: FCC PART 15
Comment: AC110V/60Hz, SA0106-A, (s/n:R00031100009)
L1

Final Measurement: Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 30 dB

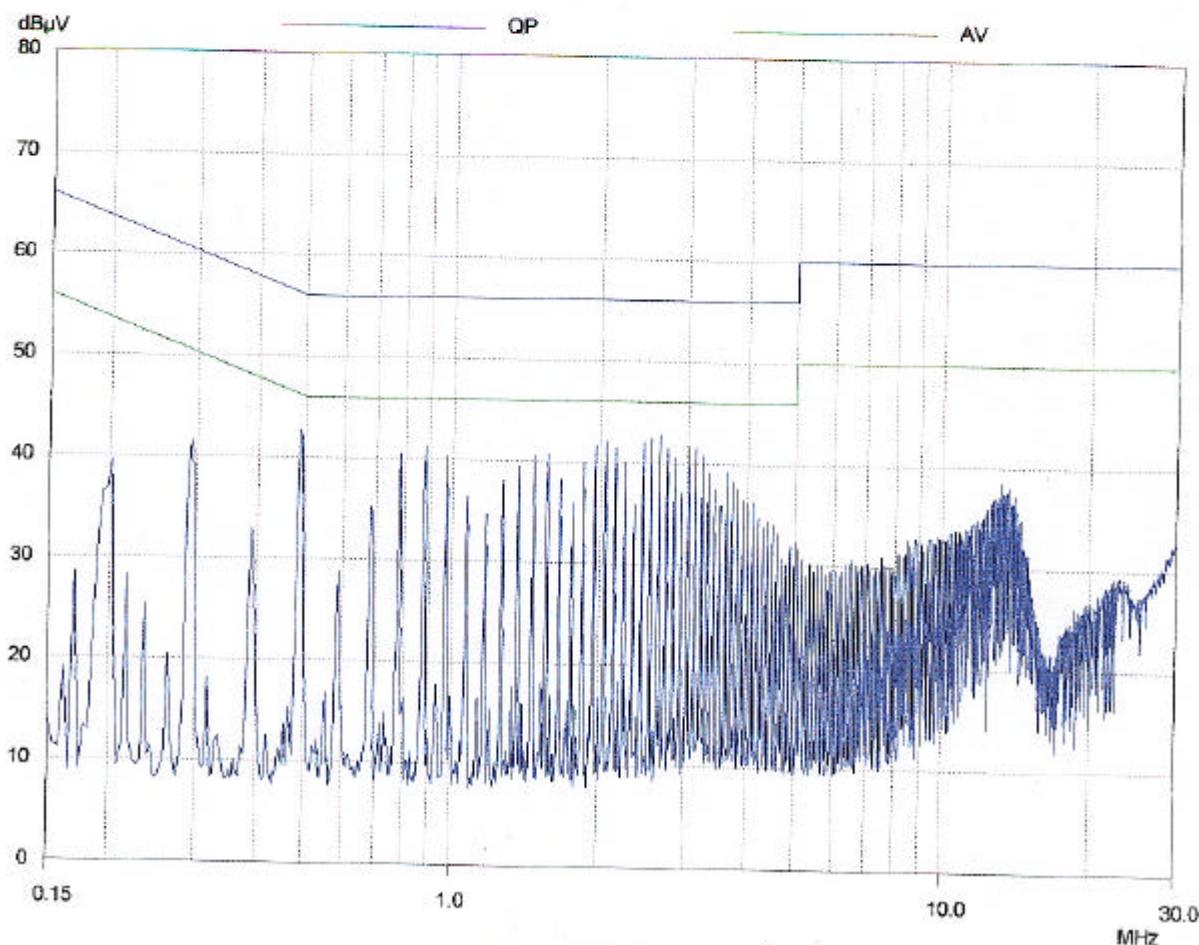


Conduction Emission Test

Peak Value

EUT: BLUETOOTH PRINTER ADAPTOR
Manuf:
Op Cond: RF MODE, 2402MHz
Operator: An.
Test Spec: FCC PART 15
Comment: AC110V/60Hz, SA0106-A, (s/n:R0003110009)
L2

Final Measurement: Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 30 dB



5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{RESULT} = \text{READING} + \text{LISN FACTOR}$$

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB μ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of field strength is 22.6 dB μ V.

$$\text{RESULT} = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Level in } \mu \text{ V} &= \text{Common Antilogarithm}[(22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V})/20] \\ &= 13.48 \text{ } \mu \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test .

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibrated until |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | R&S | ESCS30 | 13054409-001 | Sep. 23, 2003 |
| LISN | EMCO | 3825 | 13057704-001 | Nov. 02, 2003 |
| LISN | Telemeter | NNB-2/16Z | 13057708-001 | Apr. 04, 2003 |

Note: The standards used to perform this calibration are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup



6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §5.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §5.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

Highly efficient dipole antennas fix on the PCB. The directional gain of antenna used for transmitting is typical 1.5dBi and the details antenna construction.

7 20dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

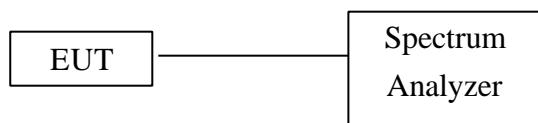
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), for frequency hopping systems, hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

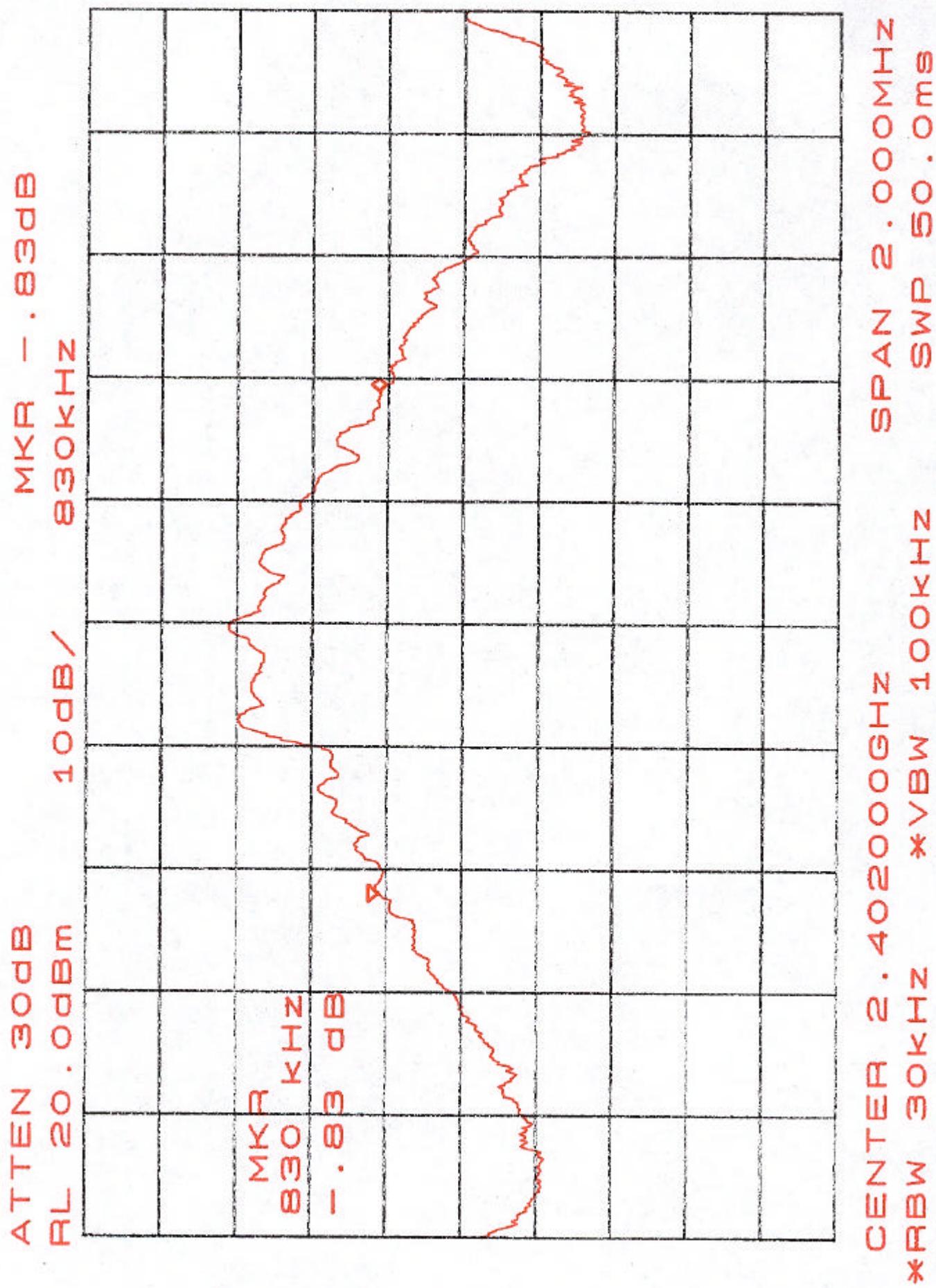
| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Plotter | Hewlett-Packard | 7550A | N/A |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564EC | 09/10/2003 |

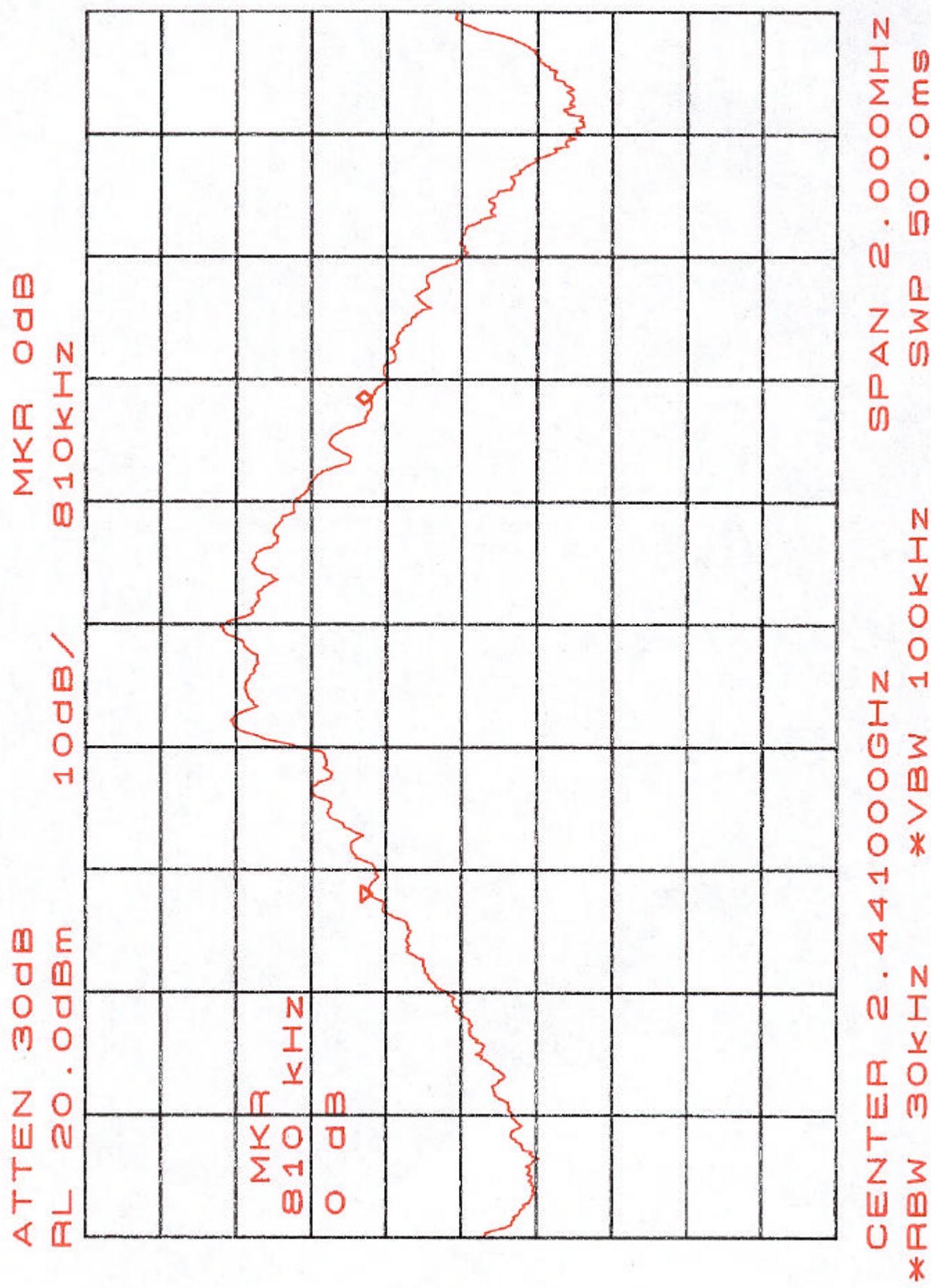
7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Mar. 26, 2003 Temperature : 18 Humidity: 65%

- a) Channel 01 : 20 dB Emission Bandwidth is 830 KHz
- b) Channel 40 : 20 dB Emission Bandwidth is 810 KHz
- c) Channel 79 : 20 dB Emission Bandwidth is 820 KHz

Note: Please see Appendix 1 for plotted data







SPAN 2.000MHz
SWP 50.0ms
CENTER 2.480000GHz
RBW 30KHz *VBW 100KHz *

8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

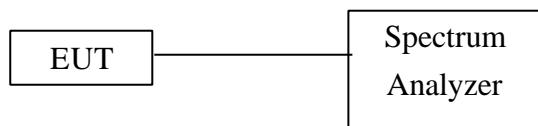
8.1 Standard Applicable

For frequency hopping system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz and VBW to 3 MHz.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and record the level to calculate result data.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 5: Output power and measurement configuration.



8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Plotter | Hewlett-Packard | 7550A | N/A |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564EC | 09/10/2003 |

8.4 Measurement Data

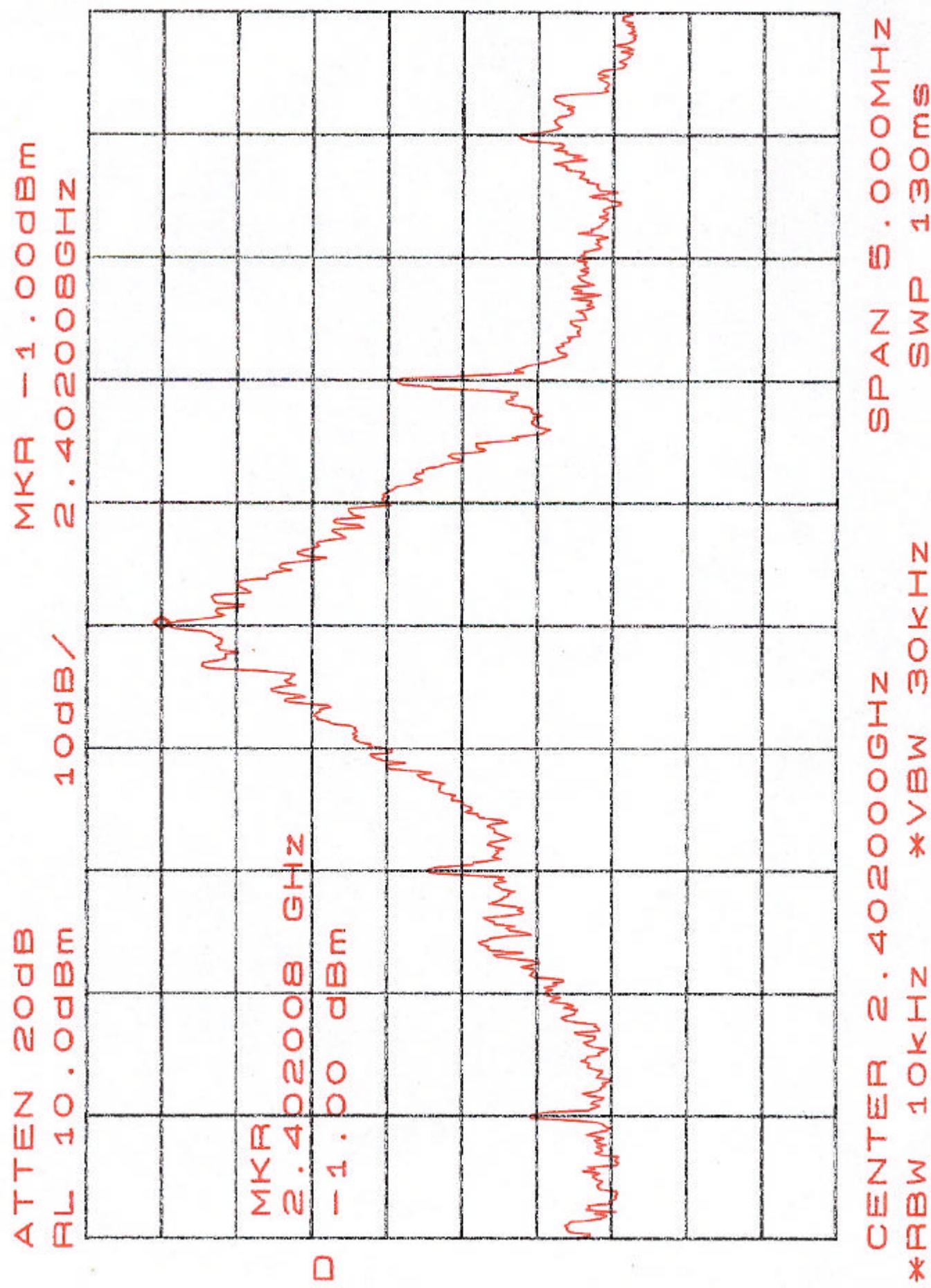
Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

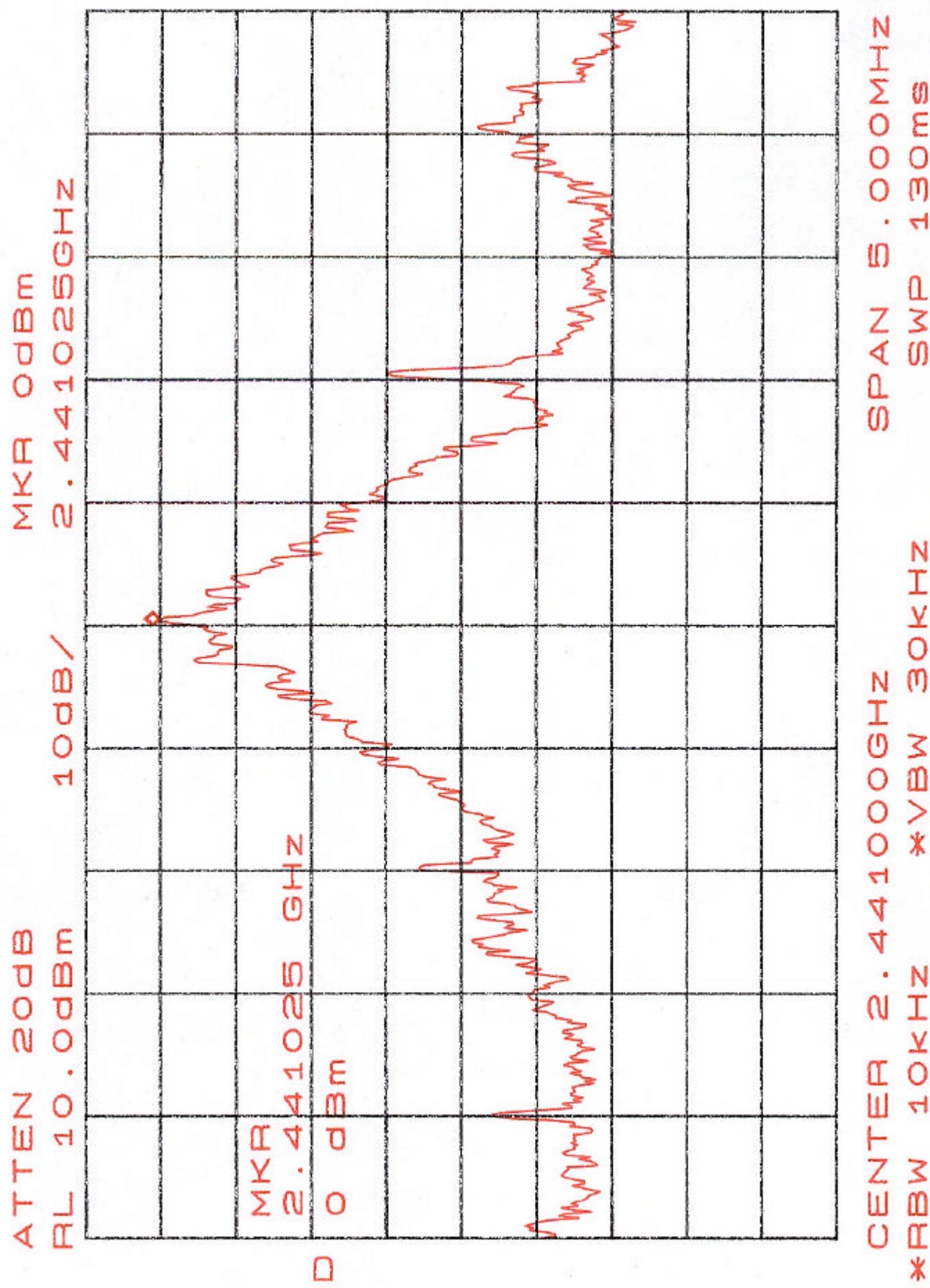
Temperature : 17

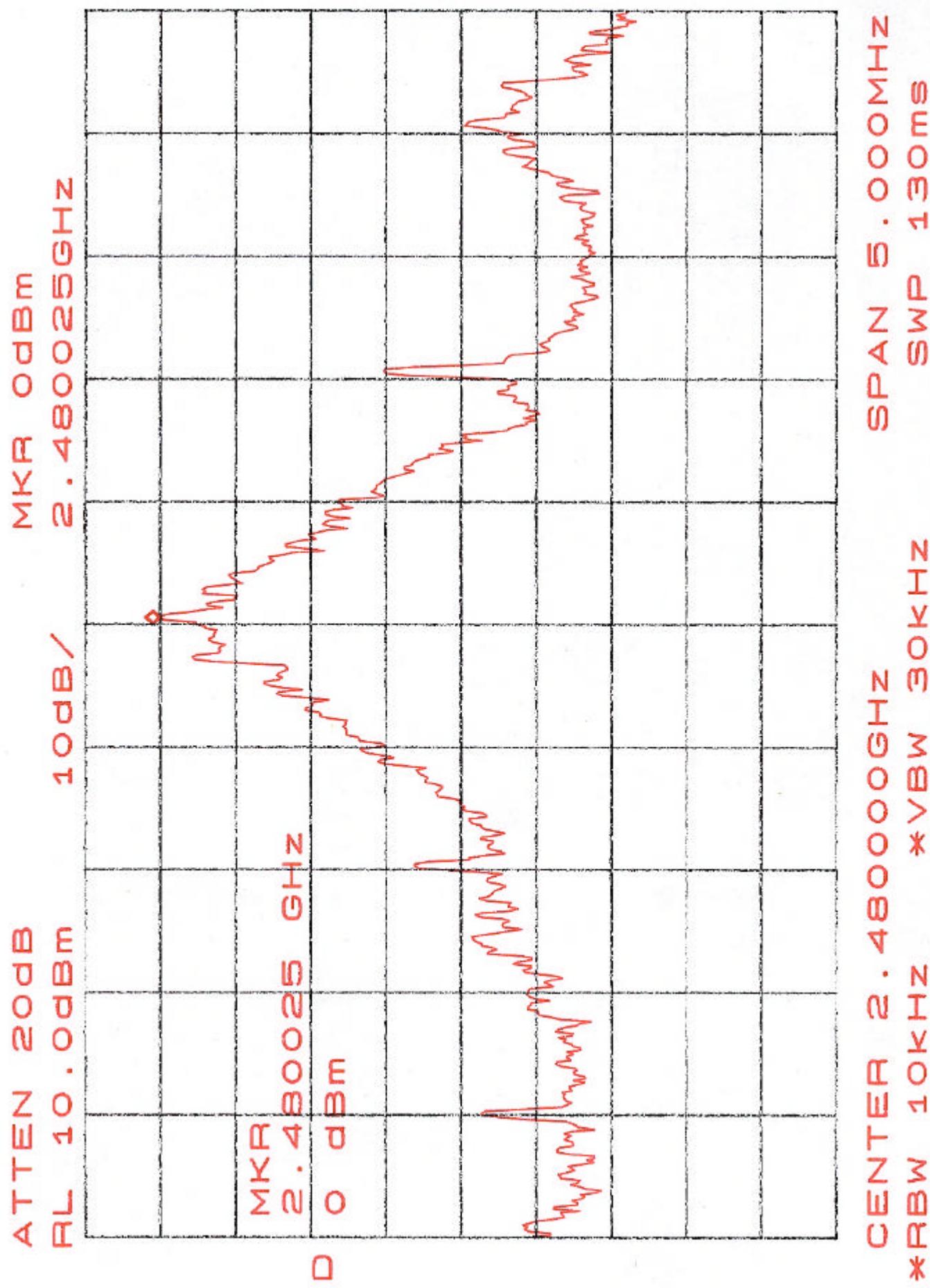
Humidity: 75 %

- a) Channel 01 : Output Peak Power is +1.0 dBm or **1.25** mW
- b) Channel 40 : Output Peak Power is +0.0 dBm or **1.00** mW
- c) Channel 79 : Output Peak Power is +0.0 dBm or **1.00** mW

Note: Please see Appendix 2 for plotted datas







9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Plotter | Hewlett-Packard | 7550A | N/A |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564EC | 09/10/2003 |

9.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Mar. 26, 2003

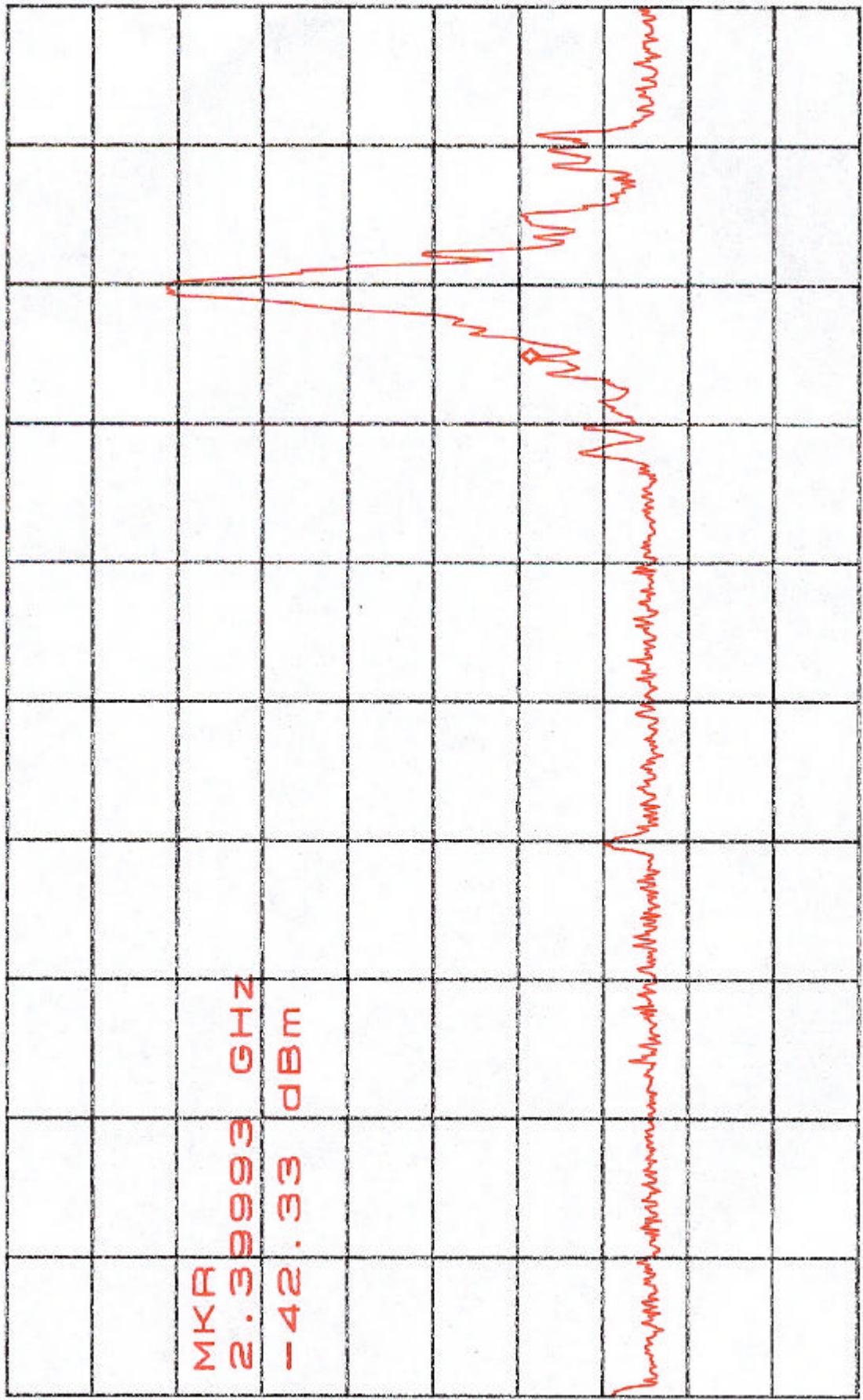
Temperature : 22

Humidity: 60%

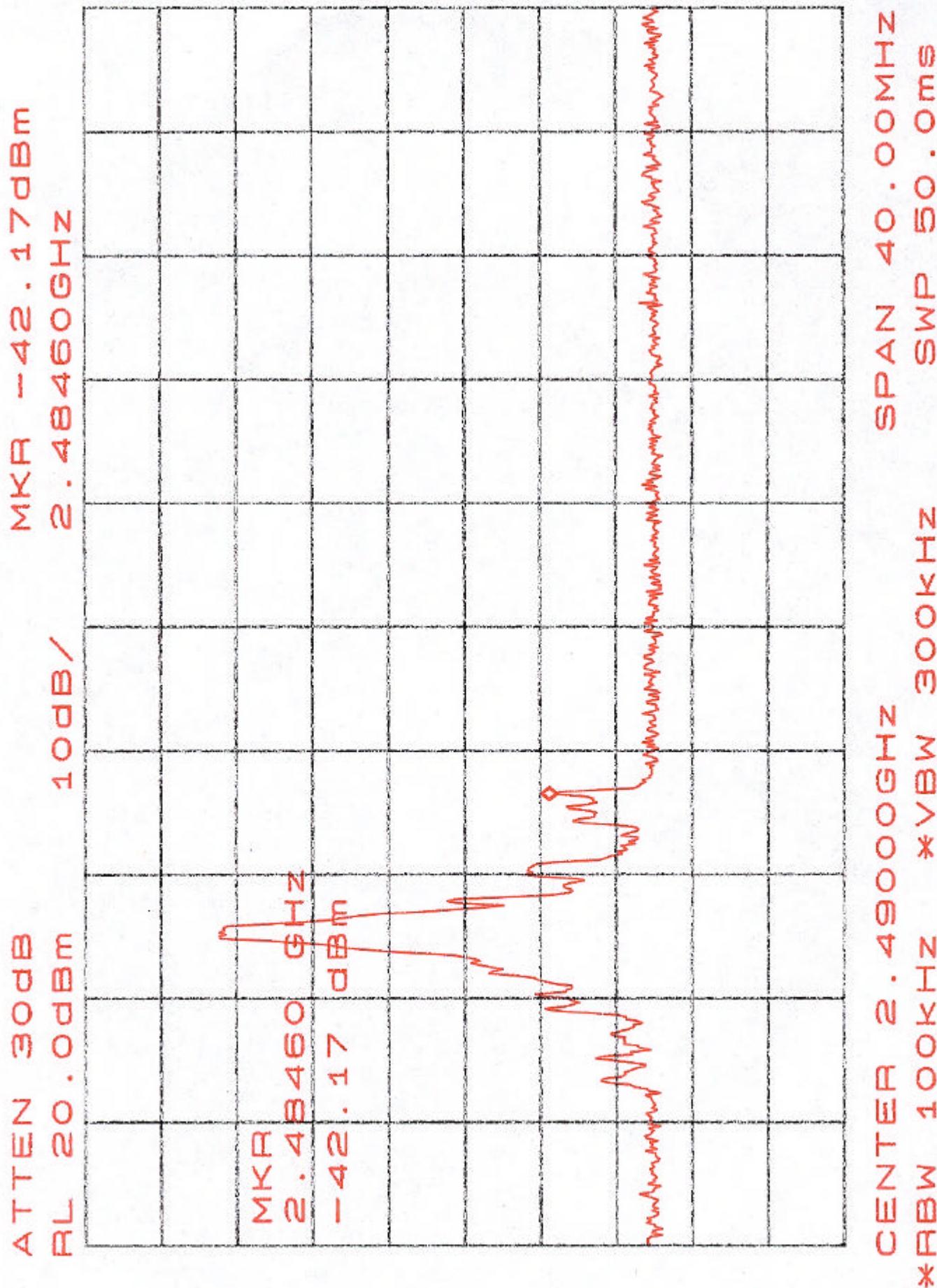
- a) Lower Band Edge : maximum value is -42.33 dBm that is attenuated more than 20dB
- b) Upper Band Edge : maximum value is -42.17 dBm that is attenuated more than 20dB

Note: Please see Appendix 3 for plotted datas

ATTEN 30dB
RL 20.0dBm
MKR -42.33dBm
2.39993 GHz



SPAN 40.000MHz
SWP 50.0ms
CENTER 2.39993GHz
*RBW 100kHz



10 RADIATED MEASUREMENT AT BANDEdge WITH FUNDAMENTAL FREQUENCIES

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §5.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §5.209(a).

10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 2 for 2.39GHz and 2.4835GHz measured.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer on 1MHz resolution bandwidth for each frequency measured.
3. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
4. Repeat step 3 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
5. Repeat step 4 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
6. Measurement applied to channel 1, 40, 79, recorded the result.

10.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement :

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | Hewlett-Packard | 8546A | 08/27/2003 |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 06/05/2003 |
| LogBicone Antenna | Schwarzbeck | 9160 | 10/28/2003 |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3116 | 06/28/2003 |
| Preamplifier | Hewlett-Packard | 8449B | 09/04/2003 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564EC | 09/10/2003 |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 2390 & 2483.5 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Average | 1 MHz | 10 Hz |

10.4 Radiated Emission Data

a) Channel 1

Operation Mode : Receiving /Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

Temperature : 17

Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|-----|------|-----|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 2390.000 | 48.7 | --- | 51.8 | --- | -4.0 | 47.8 | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | -6.2 | 140 | 1.0 |
| 2483.500 | 48.0 | --- | 48.3 | --- | -3.3 | 45.0 | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | -9.0 | 260 | 1.5 |

b) Channel 40

Operation Mode : Receiving / Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2441MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

Temperature : 17

Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|-----|------|-----|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 2390.000 | 48.7 | --- | 48.5 | --- | -4.0 | 44.7 | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | -9.3 | 110 | 1.0 |
| 2483.500 | 48.5 | --- | 48.2 | --- | -3.3 | 45.2 | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | -8.8 | 230 | 1.2 |

c) Channel 79

Operation Mode : Receiving / Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2462 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 24, 2003

Temperature : 17

Humidity : 75 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | (H/V Max.) | | |
| 2390.000 | 48.0 | --- | 48.8 | --- | -4.0 | 44.8 | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | -9.2 | 130 | 1.0 |
| 2483.500 | 56.5 | 41.6 | 55.7 | 40.8 | -3.3 | 53.2 | 38.3 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -15.7 | 270 | 1.5 |