Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report No .:

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 In accordance with the requirements of FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62 ; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093)

## FCC SAR TEST REPORT

For

Product Name: Ethernet-2-WiFi Universal Wireless Adapter Brand Name: IOGEAR Model No.: GWU637 Series Model: N/A

Test Report Number: C150424R03-SF

**Issued for** 

ATEN Technology, Inc., dba IOGEAR

19641 Da Vinci Foothill Ranch California United States 92610

Issued by

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.** 

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# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## **Revision History**

Revision	REPORT NO.	Date	Page Revised	Contents
Original	C150424R03-SF	June 23, 2015	N/A	N/A

 Compliance Certification Services Inc.

 Date of Issue: June 23, 2015
 Report N

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)	4					
2.	EUT DESCRIPTION	5					
3.	REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC	6					
4.	TEST METHODOLOGY	6					
5.	TEST CONFIGURATION	6					
6.	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP	7					
	6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM	8					
	6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS	9					
7.	EVALUATION PROCEDURES						
	7.1 DATA EVALUATION	12					
	7.2 SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES	14					
	7.3 SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION	15					
8.	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	16					
9.	EXPOSURE LIMIT						
10.	EUT ARRANGEMENT	19					
	10.1 BODY-SUPPORTED DEVICE	19					
	10.2 USB DONGLE PROCEDURES	19					
11.	MEASUREMENT RESULTS	20					
	11.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION	20					
	11.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS	20					
	11.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK	21					
	11.4 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS	21					
	11.5 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE	22					
	11.6 ANTENNA POSITION	24					
	11.7 EUT SETUP PHOTO	25					
	11.8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	26					
	11.9 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT	26					
12.	EUT PHOTO	27					
13.	EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS						
14.	FACILITIES	31					
15.	REFERENCES	31					
Арр	pendix A: Plots of Performance Check	32					
Арр	Appendix B: DASY Calibration Certificate						
Арр	Appendix C: Plots of SAR Test Result63						

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report N

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

# **1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)**

Product Name:	Ethernet-2-WiFi Universal \	Ethernet-2-WiFi Universal Wireless Adapter				
Brand Name:	IOGEAR					
Model Name .:	GWU637					
Series Model:	N/A					
Devices supporting GPRS/EDGE:	No support					
Description Test Modes(worst case ):	No SIM Card					
Device Category:	MOBILE DEVICES					
Exposure Category:	GENERAL POPULATION/	JNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE				
Date of Test:	May 14, 2015					
Applicant:	ATEN Technology, Inc., dba IOGEAR 19641 Da Vinci Foothill Ranch California United States 92610					
Manufacturer:	Kunshan CC&C Technologies,Co.,Ltd. No.9 Building,3rd Main Street,Kunshan Free Trade Zone,Jiangsu Province,P.R.China					
Application Type:	Certification					
AP	APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES					
STANDARDS AND	STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES TEST RESULT					
ANSI/IEEE	E C95.1-1992	No non-compliance noted				
	Deviation from Appli	cable Standard				
None						

methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:	Tested by:			
Jeff fang	Kevin. Hua			
Jeff.fang RF Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc.	Kevin.hua Test Engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc.			

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product Name:	Ethernet-2-WiFi Universal Wireless Adapter
Brand Name:	IOGEAR
Model Name.:	GWU637
Series Model:	N/A
Model Discrepancy:	N/A
FCC ID:	QLEGWU637
Power reduction:	NO
DTM Description:	Not support
Device Category:	Production unit
Frequency Range:	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	Body: Antenna A WiFi 802.11b: 0.537 W/kg Antenna B WiFi 802.11b: 0.302 W/kg
Modulation Technique:	802.11b mode: DSSS (1,2,5.5 and 11 Mbps) 802.11g mode: DSSS /OFDM (6,9,12,18,24,36,48 and 54 Mbps) 802.11n HT20 mode: OFDM (6.5,13,19.5,26,39,52,58.5 and 65 Mbps) 802.11n HT40 mode: OFDM (13.5,27,40.5,54,81,108,121.5 and 135 Mbps)
Accessories: Power adapter rating: DC 5V 1A	
Antenna Specification:	Antenna A: panel antenna Antenna B: panel antenna
Operating Mode:	Maximum continuous output

# 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992.

# 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this <u>device</u> is in accordance with the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

KDB 248227 D01v2

KDB 447498 D01v05r02

KDB 447498 D02v02

KDB 865664 D01v01r03

KDB 865664 D02v01r01

# **5. TEST CONFIGURATION**

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering test software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

## 6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from ATTENNESSA. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm$  0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than  $\pm$ 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than  $\pm$ 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528

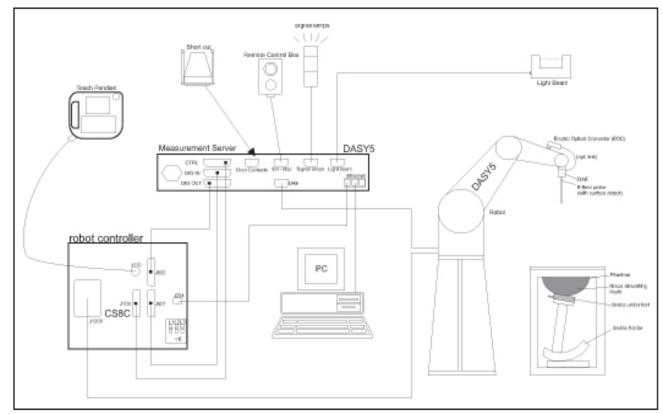
Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	4	450 835		35	915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

#### The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Compliance Certification Services Inc.
Date of Issue: June 23, 2015
Report N

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

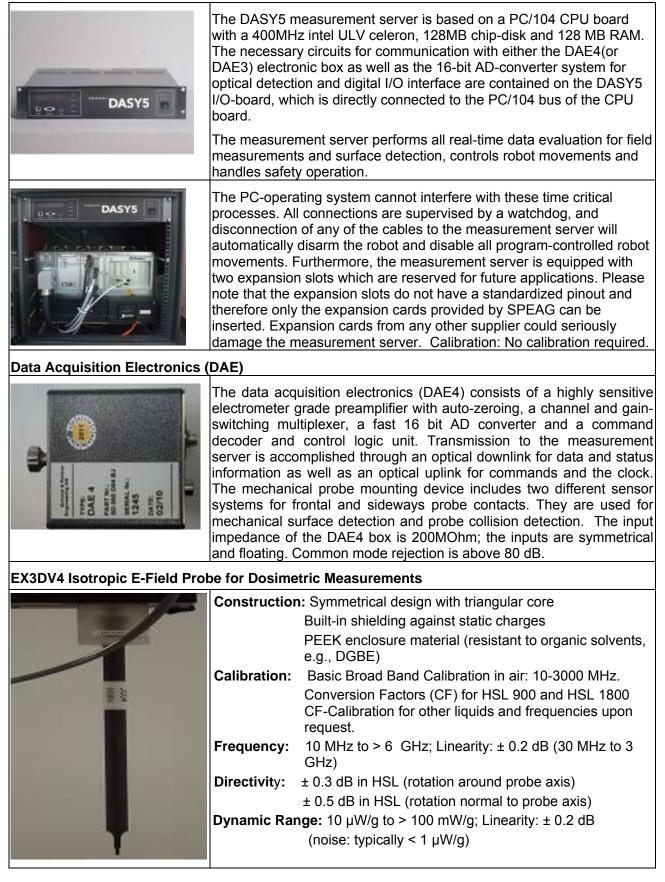


#### The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St"aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## 6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS



# **ERE** Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

Dimensions:	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application:	High precision dosimetric measurements

in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



Interior of probe

#### SAM Twin Phantom

#### **Construction:**

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50360 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: 2 ±0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 750mm

## SAM Phantom (ELI4 v4.0)

#### Description Construction:

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles

Shell Thickness:2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)</th>

Filling Volume: Dimensions: Minor axis: Approx. 25 liters Major ellipse axis: 600 mm 400 mm 500mm



#### Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Page 10 of 63

Lar	Date of Issue: June 23, 2015	VICES INC. Report No .: C150424R03-SF			
Construction:	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).				
System Validat	ion Kits for SAM Twin Phantom				
Construction:	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.				
Frequency:	900,1800,2450,5800 MHz				
ReTune loss:	> 20 dB at specified validation position				
D1800 D1900 D2450	2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm V2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm				
System Validat	ion Kits for ELI4 phantom				
Construction:	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.				
Frequency:	900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz				
ReTune loss:	> 20 dB at specified validation position				
Power capabili	<b>ty:</b> > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)				
<b>Dimensions:</b> D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm         D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm         D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm         D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm         D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm					

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

# 7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES 7.1 DATA EVALUATION

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with Vi

= Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)(i = x, y, z)

= Input signal of channel i = Crest factor of exciting field

(DASY 5 parameter)  $dcp_i$  = Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

Ui

cf

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \bullet ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with Vi = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)

*Norm*<sub>i</sub> = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E0field Probes

ConvF

= Sensitivity enhancement in solution

- = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij
- f = Carrier frequency (GHz)
- Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

Page 12 of 63

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with  $P_{pwe}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m

 $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

7.2 SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

#### • Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### • Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

#### • Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures  $5 \times 5 \times 7$  points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

#### • Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

#### • Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## 7.3 SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

#### Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

#### **Boundary effect**

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a<< $\lambda$ ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors *Sb* (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and *a* (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30\_ to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

Page 15 of 63

# Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report N

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## 8. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram								
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	C <sub>i (1g)</sub>	Std. Unc.(1-g)	Vi or Veff		
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration ( <i>k</i> =1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00	8		
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.90	8		
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1.39	∞		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.88	∞		
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	∞		
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.71	∞		
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞		
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞		
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	∞		
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1.50	∞		
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	∞		
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	∞		
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.23	∞		
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.67	∞		
Max. SAR Evaluation	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	∞		
	Test	sample Relate	d		I			
Test sample Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	2.9	145		
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	3.6	5		
Power drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	2.89	∞		
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞		
	Phantom ar	nd Tissue Para	ameters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1	3.52	∞		
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1.10	∞		
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5	Rectangular	√3	0.64	1.85	∞		
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	-0.26	Rectangular	√3	0.78	-0.12	∞		
Liquid Permittivity (target )	5	Rectangular	√3	0.6	1.73	∞		
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-1.93	Rectangular	√3	0.26	-0.29	∞		
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.78	1.53	∞		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.05	∞		
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			11.42	361		
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			22.85	5%		
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			1.790	B		

 Compliance Certification Services Inc.

 Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram						
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	<b>c</b> <sub>i (1g)</sub>	Std. Unc.(1-g)	Vi or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration ( <i>k</i> =1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7	∞
<b>RF</b> Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6	∞
	System vali	dation source	(dipole)			
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	5	Normal	1	1	5.0	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	2	Rectangular	√3	1	1.2	∞
Input power and SAR drift	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7	∞
	Phantom ar	nd Tissue Para	ameters			
Phantom Uncertainty	4	Rectangular	√3	1	2.3	∞
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	1	0.84	1.6	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	-0.26	Rectangular	1	0.78	(0.20)	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-1.93	Rectangular	1	0.23	-0.44	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.77	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.04	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			10.7	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			21.39%	
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			1.680	IB

Table: Worst-case uncertainty for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE1528-2003. The budge is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz to 6G Hz and represents a worst-case analysis. Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

## 9. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

**Note: Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

**Population/Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

<u>Occupational/Controlled Environments</u> are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE
GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
PARTIAL BODY LIMIT
1.6 W/kg

## **10.** EUT ARRANGEMENT

## **10.1 BODY-SUPPORTED DEVICE**

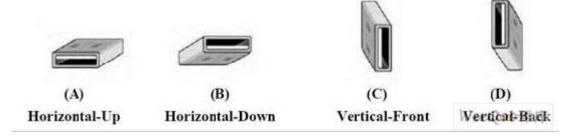
A typical example of a body supported device is a wireless enabled laptop device that among other orientations may be supported on the thighs of a sitting user. To represent this orientation, the device shall be positioned with its base against the flat phantom. Other orientations may be specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom in all usable orientations.

A typical example of a body supported device is a wireless enabled laptop device that among other orientations may be supported on the thighs of a sitting user. To represent this orientation, the device shall be positioned with its base against the flat phantom. Other orientations may be specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom in all usable orientations.

The screen portion of the device shall be in an open position at a  $90^{\circ}$  angle as seen in Figure 7a (left side), or at an operating angle specified for intended use by the manufacturer in the operating instructions. Where a body supported device has an integral screen required for normal operation, then the screen-side will not need to be tested if it ordinarily remains 200 mm from the body. Where a screen mounted antenna is present, this position shall be repeated with the screen against the flat phantom as shown in Figure 7a) (right side), if this is consistent with the intended use.

Other devices that fall into this category include tablet type portable computers and credit card transaction authorisation terminals, point-of-sale and/or inventory terminals. Where these devices may be torso or limb-supported, the same principles for body-supported devices are applied.

## **10.2 USB DONGLE PROCEDURES**



Test all USB orientations [see figure up: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Verticaland (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less. These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. typical Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations.

# 11. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## **11.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION**

#### SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

#### IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency	He	ad	Body		
(MHz)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	45.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

### **11.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

#### The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

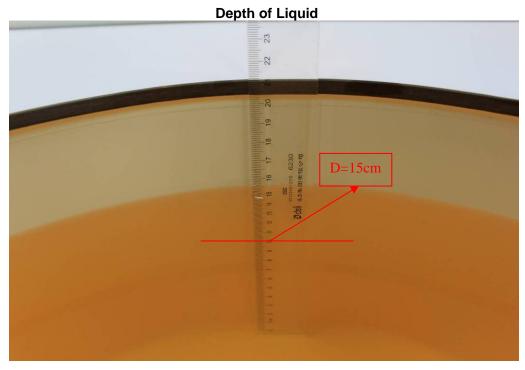
Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Measured Date	
Body2450	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	52.70	51.682	-1.93	± 5	2015 5 14	
B00y2430	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	1.95	1.945	-0.26	± 5	2015-5-14	

### **11.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK**

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

#### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system withan E-fileld probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 5 mm, dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole input power was 250mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



• Note: For SAR testing, the depth is 15cm shown above

### **11.4 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS**

Liquid Type	C)	emp. (° Liquid P C) Temp. (°C) P		Measured SAR1g (W/Kg)	Target	1W Normalized SAR1g(W/Kg)	Deviatio n (%)	Limited (%)	Date
2450 MSL	22	21.5	0.25	12.70	49.20	50.80	3.25	± 10	2015-5-14

### 11.5 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

#### Conducted output power(dBm):

#### **General Note:**

- 1 Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 2 Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
  - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
  - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- 3 For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHz)	Antenna A target power(dBm)	Tune up tolerance(dBm)	Max tune up power(dBm)	Average power(dBm)
	1	2412	11	±1	12	11.26
802.11 b	6	2437	11	±1	12	11.03
	11	2462	11	±1	12	10.89
	1	2412	10	±1	11	10.91
802.11 g	6	2437	10	±1	11	10.72
	11	2462	10	±1	11	10.65
000.44	1	2412	8	±1	9	8.03
802.11 n 20M	6	2437	8	±1	9	7.82
20101	11	2462	8	±1	9	7.50
000 44	3	2422	7	±1	8	7.13
802.11 n 40M	6	2437	7	±1	8	6.73
-0101	9	2452	7	±1	8	6.45

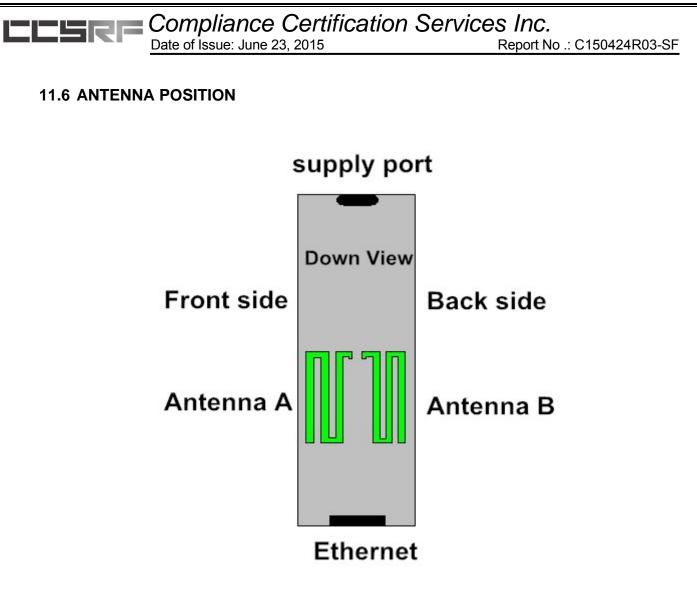
#### WLAN Conducted output power(dBm):

 Compliance Certification Services Inc.

 Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHz)	Antenna B target power(dBm)	Tune up tolerance(dBm)	Max tune up power(dBm)	Average power(dBm)
	1	2412	11	±1	12	11.12
802.11 b	6	2437	11	±1	12	10.93
	11	2462	11	±1	12	10.58
	1	2412	10	±1	11	10.56
802.11 g	6	2437	10	±1	11	10.27
	11	2462	10	±1	11	10.05
000.44	1	2412	7	±1	8	7.83
802.11 n 20M	6	2437	7	±1	8	7.62
20101	11	2462	7	±1	8	7.21
000 44	3	2422	6	±1	7	9.91
802.11 n 40M	6	2437	6	±1	7	6.57
	9	2452	6	±1	7	6.24

Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHz)	Antenna A +B target power(dBm)	Tune up tolerance(dBm)	Max tune up power(dBm)	Average power(dBm)
	1	2412	11.5	±1	12.5	12.01
802.11 b	6	2437	11.5	±1	12.5	12.57
	11	2462	11.5	±1	12.5	11.01
	1	2412	10	±1	11	10.28
802.11 g	6	2437	10	±1	11	9.96
	11	2462	10	±1	11	9.61
000.44	1	2412	7	±1	8	7.76
802.11 n 20M	6	2437	7	±1	8	7.44
20101	11	2462	7	±1	8	6.97
000.44	3	2422	6	±1	7	6.65
802.11 n 40M	6	2437	6	±1	7	6.28
	9	2452	6	±1	7	5.97



Device dimensions (H x W): 65 x 24 x18 mm

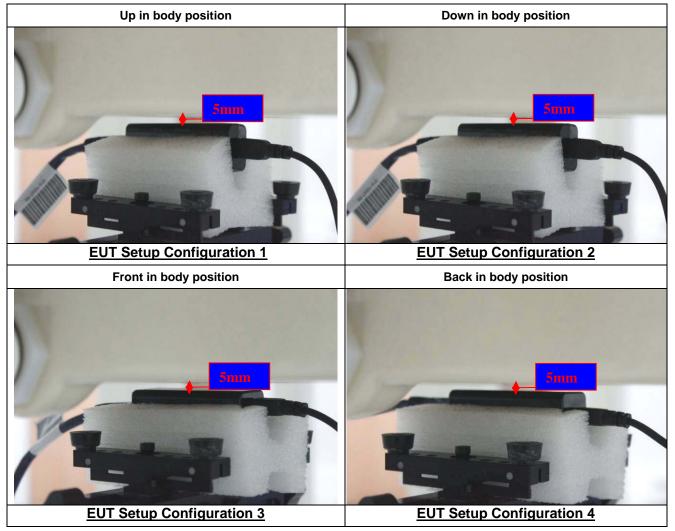
Antennas	Wireless Interface
Antenna A	WLAN 2.4GHz
Antenna B	WLAN 2.4GHz

#### Test Mode

WLAN 2.4GHz Data transmission mode	802.11b)
------------------------------------	----------

# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## **11.7 EUT SETUP PHOTO**



# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report N

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

### **11.8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Antenna	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Up	А	5	1	2412	11.26	12	1.186	-0.17	0.189	0.224
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Down	А	5	1	2412	11.26	12	1.186	-0.04	0.453	0.537
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Front	А	5	1	2412	11.26	12	1.186	0.10	0.082	0.097
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Back	А	5	1	2412	11.26	12	1.186	0.06	0.340	0.403
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Up	В	5	1	2412	11.12	12	1.225	0.06	0.119	0.146
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Down	В	5	1	2412	11.12	12	1.225	-0.12	0.247	0.302
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Front	В	5	1	2412	11.12	12	1.225	0.02	0.174	0.213
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Back	В	5	1	2412	11.12	12	1.225	0.03	0.044	0.054
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Down	A+B	5	1	2412	12.01	12.5	1.119	-0.06	0.149	0.167

### **11.9 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	1st Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio
						-	-			

#### Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, for each frequence band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.8W/Kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

# Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## 12. EUT PHOTO







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 Compliance Certification Services Inc.

 Date of Issue: June 23, 2015
 Report No .: C150424R03-SF





# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

#### **EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS** 13.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
PC	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	83732B	US37101915	05/30/2014	05/29/2015
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292714	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Peak & Average sensor	Agilent	E9327A	us40441788	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	07/28/2014	07/27/2015
DAE	SPEAG	DEA4	1245	07/22/2014	07/23/2015
DIPOLE 2450MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D2450V2	817	07/31/2013	07/29/2015
DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0)	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1102	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

## 14. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

## 15. REFERENCES

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Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## **APPENDIX A: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK**

The plots are showing as followings.

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

Date: 5/14/2015

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. SystemPerformanceCheck-Body D2450 DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 817

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.945 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.682;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

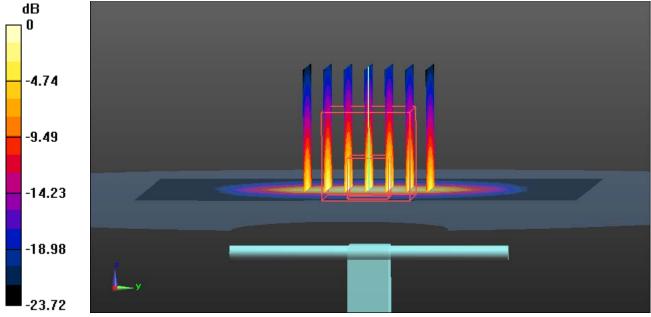
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.65 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



0 dB = 20.0 W/kg = 13.01 dBW/kg

## APPENDIX B: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing as followings .

Calibration Laborate			
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zu		HAC MEA RUSS RUSRATO	S Schweizerischer Kalibrien C Service suisse d'étalonna Servizio svizzero di taratu S Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accred The Swiss Accreditation Serv Multilateral Agreement for the	ice is one of the signatorie	s to the EA	tion No.: SCS 108
client CCS-CN (Aut	den)	Certificate	No: D2450V2-817_Jul1
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 8	17	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date:	July 31, 2013		
All calibrations have been con Galibration Equipment used (N		ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$	3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Oct-13 Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	10.1023/2020/2020/2020/2020/2020	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-1:
RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	100005 US37390585 S4206	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-1: In house check: Oct-1:
2010/07/07	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Mran CI-Di
		7.1.1.11	2000
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	del day

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

#### Report No .: C150424R03-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerlacher Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnece

C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-817\_Jul13

Page 2 of 8

Page 36 of 63

#### Measurement Conditions

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DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DAGWS	1100.0.0
DAST VEISION	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.18 W/kg

#### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 "C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.5 ± 6 %	2.01 mha/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.87 W/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-817\_Jul13

Page 3 of 8

Page 37 of 63

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 Ω + 2.9 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 $\Omega$ + 4.5 $]\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns
mooning fore another?	1.100 113

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the 'Measurement Conditions' paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	October 23, 2007	

Certificate No: D2450V2-817\_Jul13

Page 4 of 8

Page 38 of 63

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

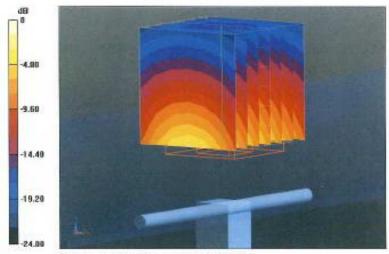
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

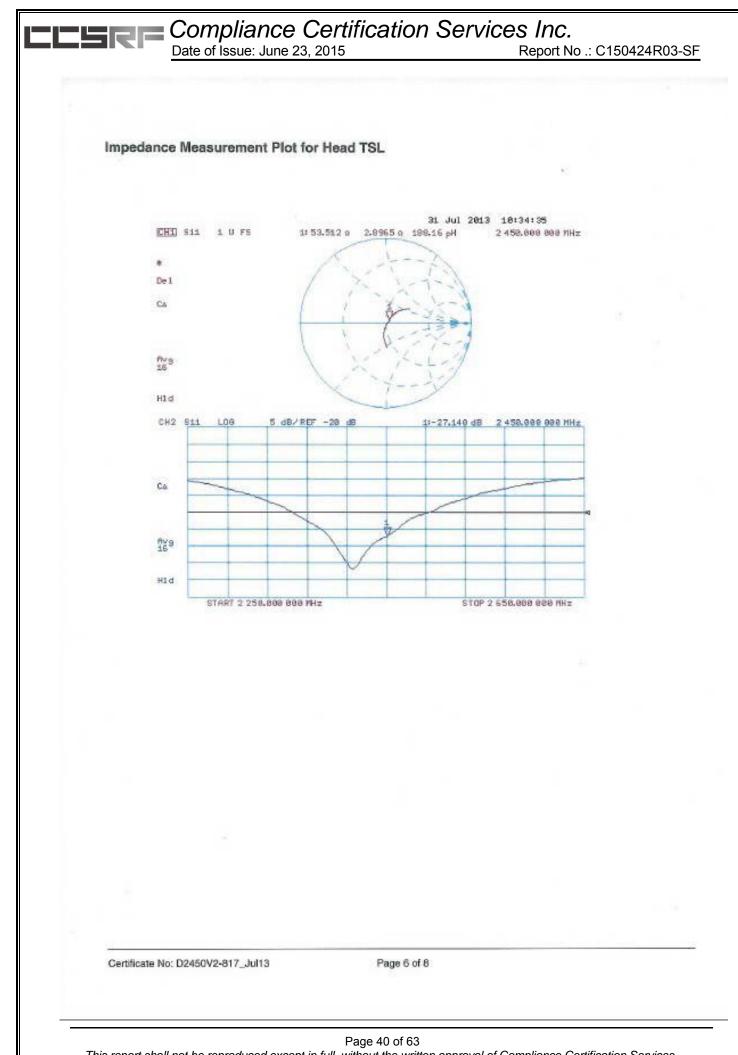
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.781 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-817\_Jul13

Page 5 of 8



Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

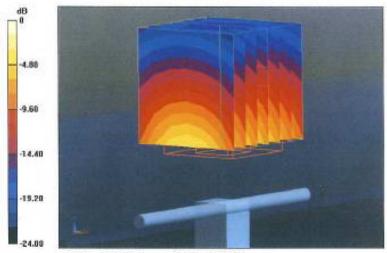
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_c = 50.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

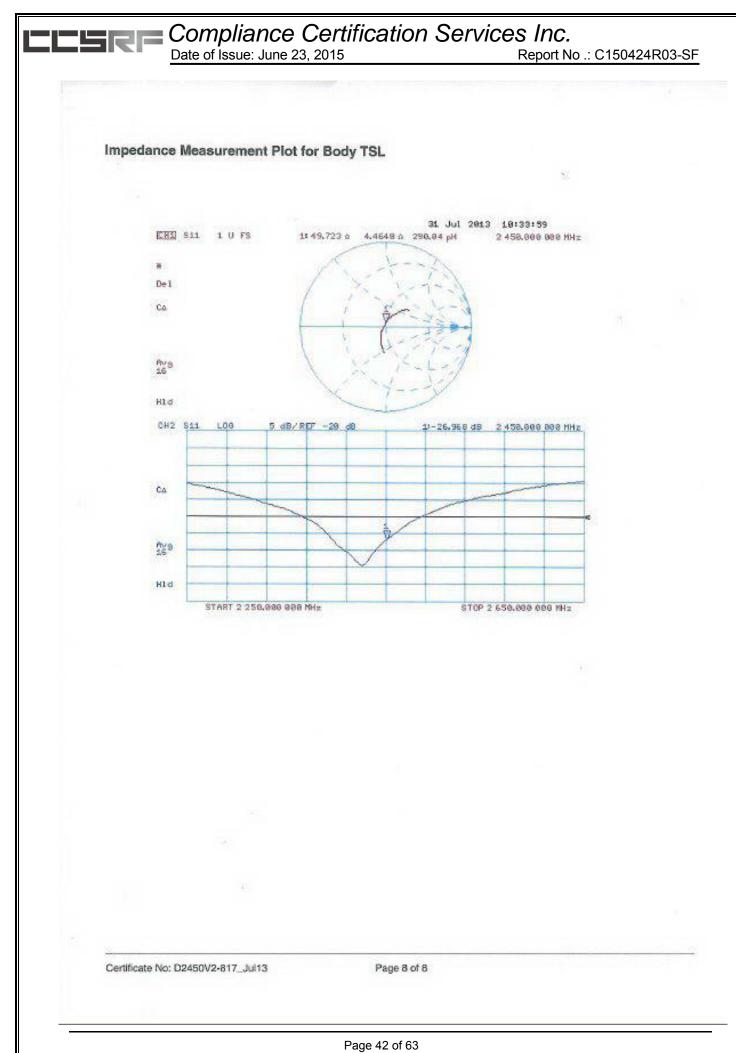


0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-817\_Jul13

Page 7 of 8

Page 41 of 63



# Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report N

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

## D2450V2, Serial No.817 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

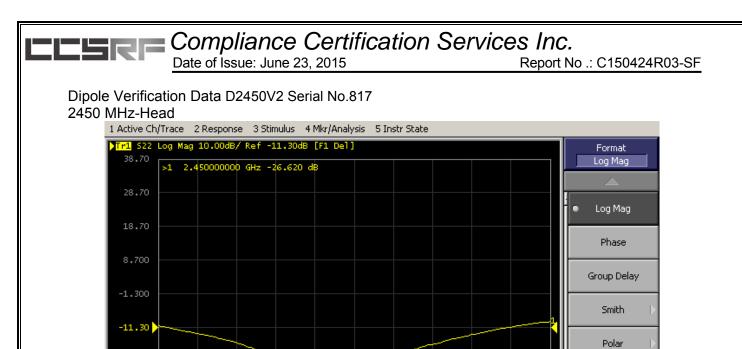
Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

#### Justification of the extended calibration

		D245	50V2 Serial No	.817		
			2450 Head			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-27.140		53.512		2.897	
7.30.2014	-26.620	1.92	52.828	0.684	3.898	0.911

		D245	50V2 Serial No	.817		
			2450 Body			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-26.968		49.723		4.465	
7.30.2014	-25.469	5.56	49.237	0.486	5.234	0.769

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



-21.30

-31.30

-41.30

-61.30

1 Start 2.25 GHz

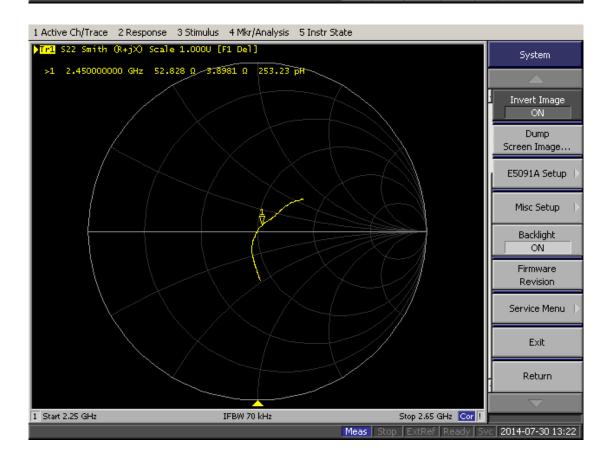


Lin Mag

SWR

Real

Imaginary

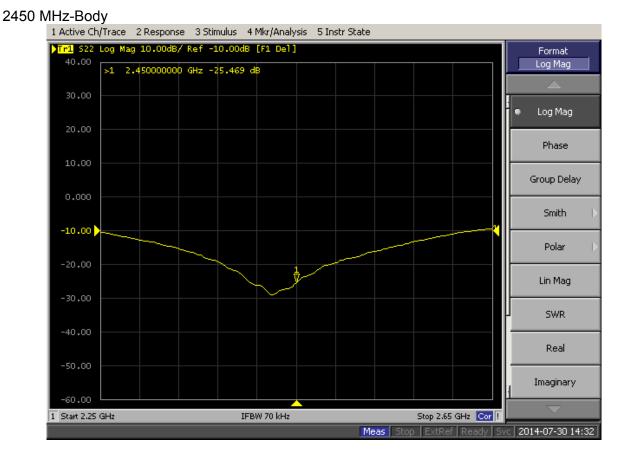


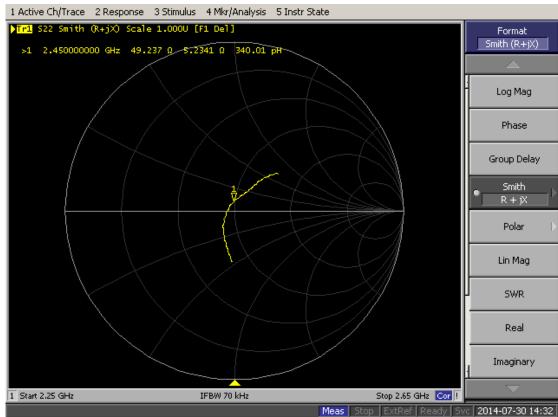
IFBW 70 kHz

Page 44 of 63

# Date of Issue: June 23, 2015 Report N

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

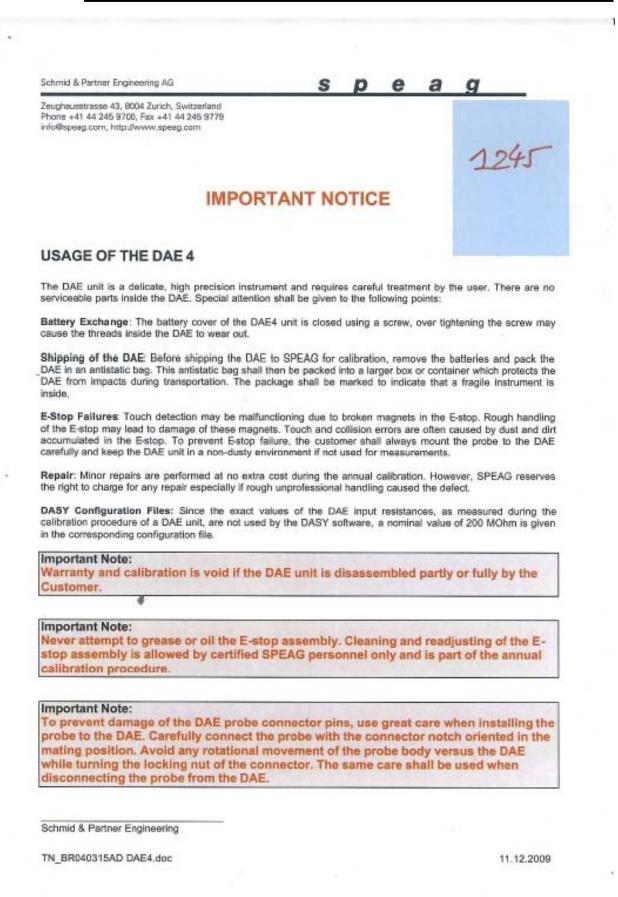




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Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF



Page 46 of 63

Calibration Laborato Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurk		BC MRA (SHISS) S C C C C C C C C S	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdie Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swise Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredit The Swiss Accreditation Servic Multilateral Agreement for the	e is one of the signatories	to the EA	No.: SCS 108
Client CCS-CN (Aud	en)	Certificate No:	DAE4-1245_Jul14
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BM - SN: 1245	NOTION TIME
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Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

#### Report No .: C150424R03-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnege Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
  result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1245\_Jul14

Page 2 of 5

Page 48 of 63

#### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = Low Range: 1LSB = full range = -100...+300 mV 6.1µV, full range = -1.....+3mV 61nV, DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

<b>Calibration Factors</b>	x	Y	z
High Range	405.988 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.710 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.849 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4.00335 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98492 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.02547 ± 1.50% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	30.5 ° ± 1 °
seminerer single to be bees in brid i dyetem	00.0 1 1

Certificate No: DAE4-1245\_Jul14

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Page 3 of 5

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199996.75	-0.27	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.39	1.15	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20000.78	0.74	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	199998.13	1.27	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.37	0.12	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.24	-0.66	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199998.24	1.21	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000.36	0.20	0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.75	-0.03	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.33	-0.09	-0.00
Channel X + Input	200.90	0.40	0.20
Channel X - Input	-198.83	0.46	-0.23
Channel Y + Input	2000.00	-0.26	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199.61	-0.91	-0.45
Channel Y - Input	-200.08	-0.81	0.41
Channel Z + Input	2001.30	1.40	0.07
Channel Z + Input	200.05	-0.31	-0.15
Channel Z - Input	-200.89	-1.31	0.66

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-7.83	-9.32
	- 200	10.88	9.44
Channel Y	200	-7.71	-8.33
	- 200	5.77	5.63
Channel Z	200	-5.90	-5.96
	- 200	4.79	4.74

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		2.85	-2.60
Channel Y	200	9.53		4.34
Channel Z	200	9.98	6.64	-

Certificate No: DAE4-1245\_Jul14

Page 4 of 5

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15875	16740
Channel Y	16455	16504
Channel Z	15939	16860

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.16	-0.50	2.34	0.49
Channel Y	-0.81	-2.25	0.40	0.49
Channel Z	-0.59	-1.82	0.83	0.56

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1245\_Jul14

Page 5 of 5

Calibration Laborator Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurici		itaning ( P -) C	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredital The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the ro	is one of the signatories	to the EA	o.: SCS 108
Client CCS-CN (Aude	n)	Certificate No:	EX3-3798_Jul14
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:379	98	Contraction of the
Calibration procedure(s)	to a state of the second se	A CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA dure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-25.v6
Calibration date:	July 28, 2014		
	ents the traceability to natio	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and	
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The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct . Calibration Equipment used (M&	ents the traceability to natio rtainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%.
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Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

#### Report No .: C150424R03-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service sulsse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization o	o rotation around probe axis
Polarization 3	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
   b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 8 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f < 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 600 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 2 of 11

Page 53 of 63

EX3DV4 - SN:3798

July 28, 2014

# Probe EX3DV4

# SN:3798

Manufactured: April 5, 2011 Calibrated:

July 28, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 3 of 11

EX3DV4- SN:3798

July 28, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.54	0.51	0.59	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>#</sup>	97.6	99.3	96.2	

#### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>L</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.7	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0	100000	142.0	-
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>6</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
<sup>6</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
<sup>6</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the section. field value.

Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 4 of 11

Date of Issue: June 23, 2015

Report No .: C150424R03-SF

EX3DV4-SN:3798

July 28, 2014

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>C</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.28	1.12	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.13	9.13	9.13	0.58	0.68	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.82	7.82	7.82	0.41	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.40	0.83	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.33	0.92	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>6</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Com/F uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>6</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and d) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid companiation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ComF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>6</sup> Appa/Depth are determined during cellbasition. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is <sup>6</sup> Appa/Depth are determined during cellbasition. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always loss than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-8 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 5 of 11

EX3DV4-- SN:3798

July 28, 2014

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>8</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	9.22	9.22	9.22	0.32	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.96	8.96	8.96	0.55	0.76	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.38	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.77	0.58	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.45	1.90	± 13,1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.75	3.75	3.75	0.50	1.90	±13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

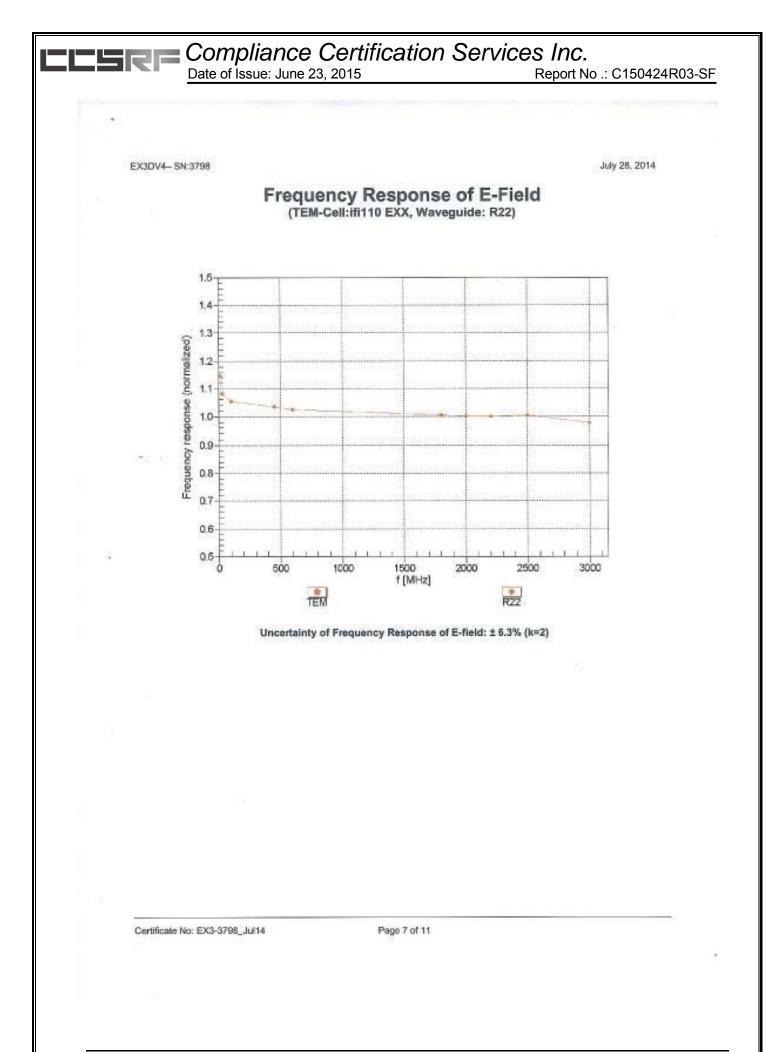
<sup>6</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At traquancies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and r) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and r) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

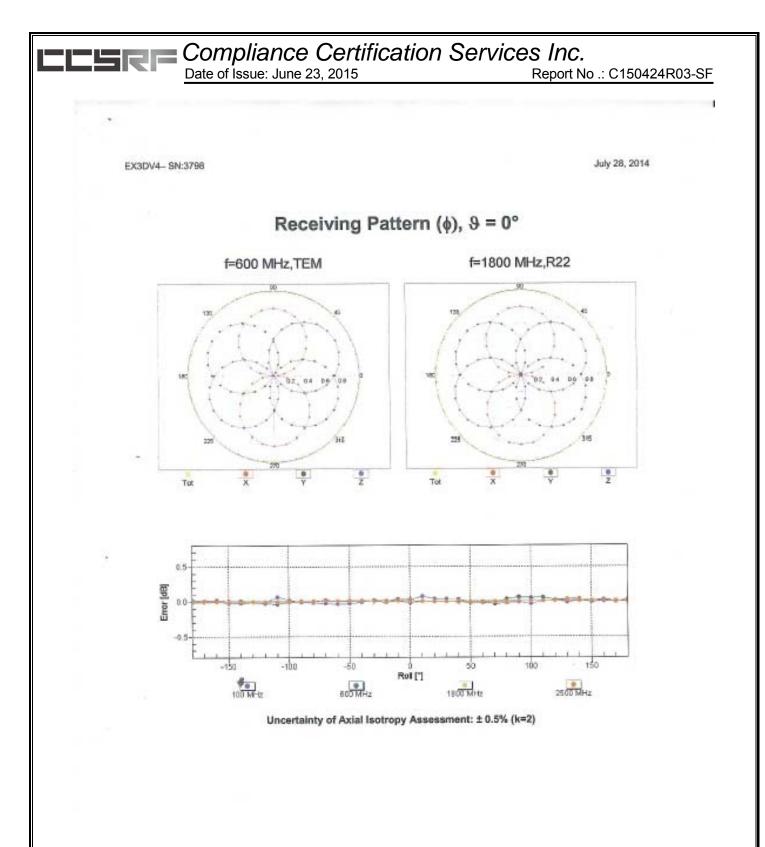
<sup>6</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 6 of 11

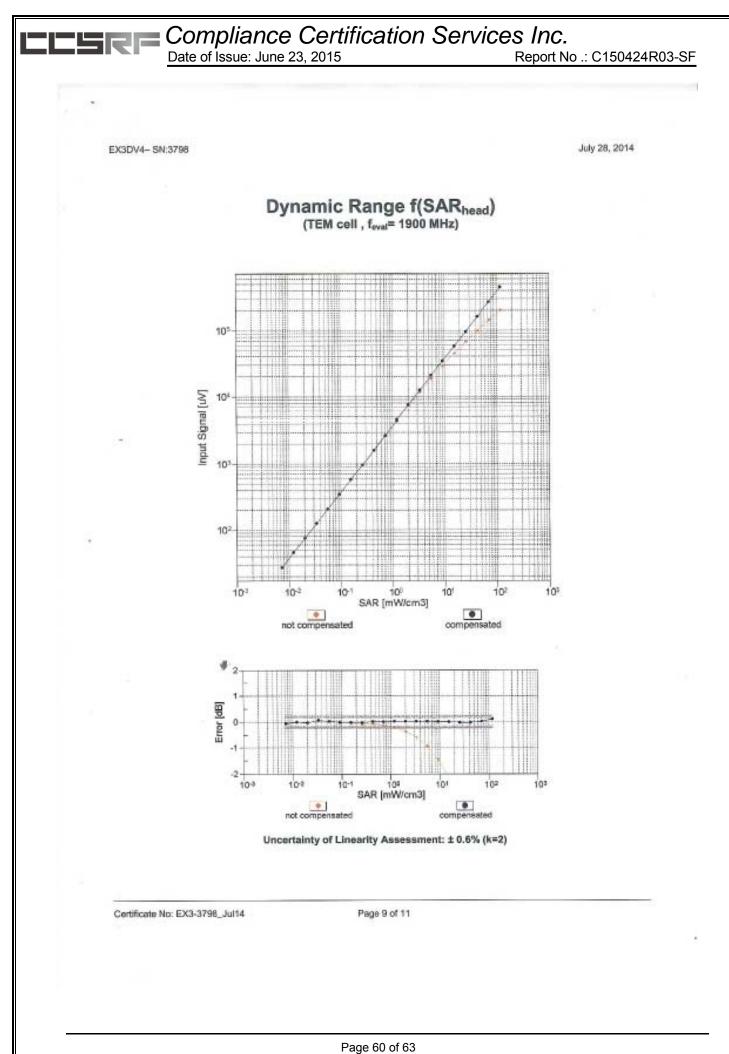


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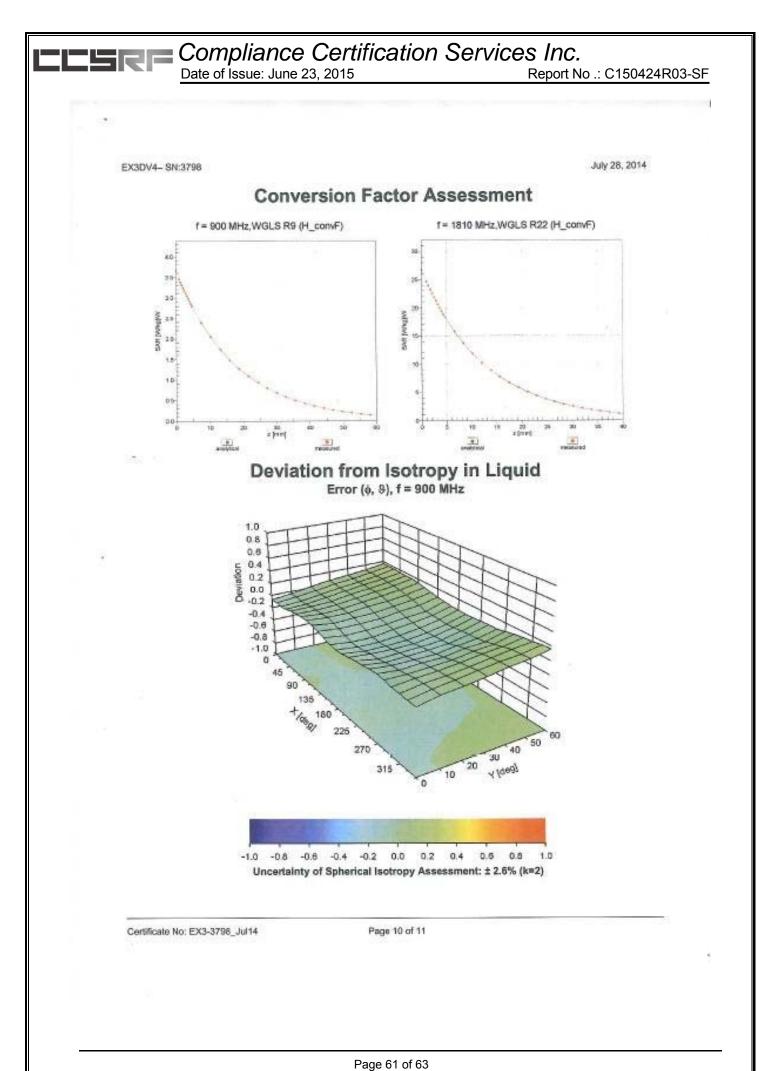


Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 8 of 11



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EX3DV4- SN:3798

July 28, 2014

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	-39.7		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337 mr		
Probe Body Diameter	10 mn		
Tip Length	9 mm		
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm		

Certificate No: EX3-3798\_Jul14

Page 11 of 11



# APPENDIX C: PLOTS OF SAR TEST RESULT

The plots are showing in the file named Appendix C Plots of SAR Test Result

#### **END REPORT**