Date of Issue: July 1, 2014

According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] *-[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0

The tune-up power is 6 dBm +/- 2dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is 6.00 dBm (3.98 mW) @ 2480 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So.

 $(4mW / 5mm) * (2.480GHz ^0.5) = 1.3$

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] = 1.3 < 3.0

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.