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Fujitsu Transaction Solutions  
Model: iPAD100-XX  
FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT  
FCC/IC: Part 15.247/RSS-210  
RTL WO#: 2002188

## APPENDIX A: SAR

Please refer to the SAR Report attached.

## DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

### Test Lab

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### Applicant Information

**FUJITSU TRANSACTION SOLUTIONS INC.**  
 11085 North Torrey Pines Road  
 La Jolla, CA 92037

<b>Rule Part(s):</b>	FCC 47 CFR §2.1093; IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)
<b>FCC Test Procedure(s):</b>	OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
<b>Device Classification:</b>	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)
<b>FCC ID:</b>	QL9-IPAD100INT
<b>Model(s):</b>	IPAD100-xx
<b>EUT Type:</b>	Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card
<b>Modulation:</b>	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS)
<b>Tx Frequency Range:</b>	2412 - 2462 MHz
<b>Conducted Power Tested:</b>	16.3 dBm (2437 MHz)
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	Internal
<b>Battery Type:</b>	3.7V Lithium-ion (1700 mAh)
<b>Max. SAR Measured:</b>	0.311 W/kg

Celltech Research Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this device was found to be in compliance with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC §2.1093 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6. The device was tested in accordance with the measurement standards and procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 and Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 1 (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure).

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

This test report shall not be reproduced partially, or in full, without the prior written approval of Celltech Research Inc. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

  
 Russell Pipe  
 Senior Compliance Technologist  
 Celltech Research Inc.



TABLE OF CONTENTS		
1.0	INTRODUCTION.....	3
2.0	DESCRIPTION OF EUT.....	3
3.0	SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM .....	4
4.0	MEASUREMENT SUMMARY.....	5
5.0	DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION.....	6
6.0	EVALUATION PROCEDURES.....	7
7.0	SYSTEM VALIDATION.....	8
8.0	EQUIVALENT TISSUES.....	9
9.0	SAR LIMITS.....	9
10.0	SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS.....	10
11.0	PROBE SPECIFICATION.....	11
12.0	SAM PHANTOM.....	11
13.0	DEVICE HOLDER.....	11
14.0	TEST EQUIPMENT LIST.....	12
15.0	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES.....	13
16.0	REFERENCES.....	14
APPENDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA.....		15
APPENDIX B - SYSTEM VALIDATION.....		16
APPENDIX C - DIPOLE CALIBRATION.....		17
APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION.....		18
APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS.....		19
APPENDIX F - SAM PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY.....		20
APPENDIX G - SAR TEST SETUP & EUT PHOTOGRAPHS.....		21

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This measurement report demonstrates that the Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. Model: IPAD100-xx Wireless Transaction Terminal FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT with DSSS WLAN Card complies with the RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]), and Health Canada Safety Code 6 (see reference [2]) for the General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure environment. The test procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3]) and IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) (see reference [4]), were employed. A description of the product, operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

## 2.0 DESCRIPTION of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

<b>FCC Rule Part(s)</b>	47 CFR §2.1093
<b>IC Rule Part(s)</b>	RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)
<b>Test Procedure(s)</b>	FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
<b>FCC Device Classification</b>	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)
<b>Device Type</b>	Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card
<b>FCC ID</b>	QL9-IPAD100INT
<b>Model(s)</b>	IPAD100-xx
<b>Serial No.</b>	Pre-production
<b>Modulation</b>	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
<b>Tx Frequency Range</b>	2412 - 2462 MHz
<b>RF Conducted Power Tested</b>	16.3 dBm (2437 MHz)
<b>Antenna Type(s)</b>	Internal
<b>Battery Type(s)</b>	3.7V Lithium-ion (1700 mAh)

### 3.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Research SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic mannequin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for face-held and/or body-worn SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



DASY3 SAR Measurement System with SAM phantom

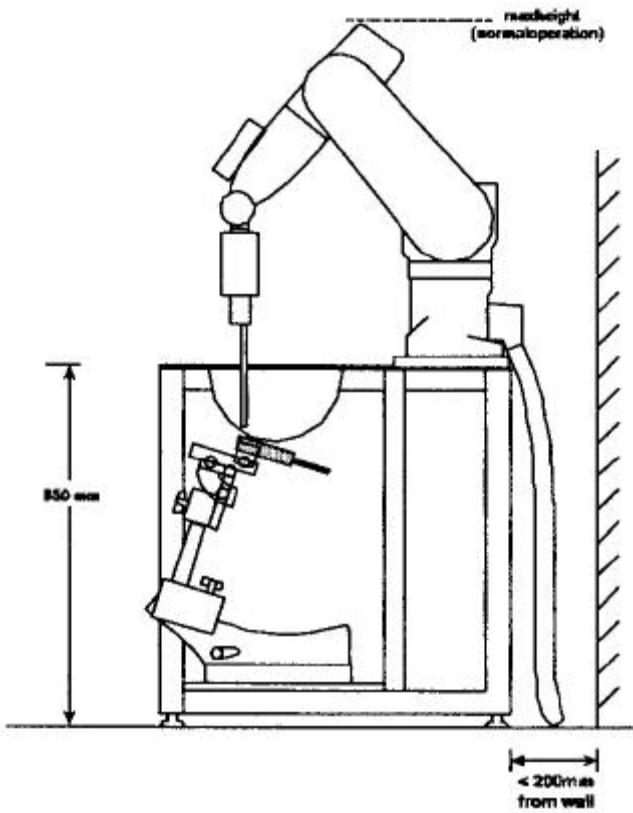


Figure 1. DASY3 Compact Version - Side View

## 4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the EUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT are reported in Appendix A.

BODY SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Mode	Conducted Power		Phantom Section	EUT Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)		
			dBm	dB						
			Before	Drift						
2437	Mid	CW	16.3	-0.17	Planar	Top End	0.0	0.311		
2437	Mid	CW	16.3	-0.15	Planar	Back Side	0.0	0.0274		
2437	Mid	CW	16.3	-0.12	Planar	Left Side	0.0	0.112		
2437	Mid	CW	16.3	-0.20	Planar	Right Side	0.0	0.0211		
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>BODY: 1.6 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram)</b> <b>Spatial Peak - Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population</b>										
Test Date(s)		10/17/02		Relative Humidity			55 %			
Measured Mixture Type			Atmospheric Pressure			101.3 kPa				
Dielectric Constant $\epsilon_r$	Target		Ambient Temperature			23.3 °C				
	52.7 ±10%		Fluid Temperature			23.1 °C				
Conductivity $\sigma$ (mho/m)	Target		Fluid Depth			≥ 15 cm				
	1.95 ±10%		$\rho$ (Kg/m <sup>3</sup> )			1000				

Note(s):

1. SAR measurements at mid channel were ≥ 3dB below the SAR limit, therefore measurements at the low and high channels were optional (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3])).

## 5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. Model: IPAD100-xx Wireless Transaction Terminal FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT with DSSS WLAN Card was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate based on the test provisions and conditions described below. Detailed photographs of the measurement setup are shown in Appendix G.

1. The EUT was tested for body SAR with the top end (antenna end) placed parallel to the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom. A 0.0 cm separation distance was maintained between the top end of the EUT (antenna end) and the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom for the duration of the test.
2. The EUT was tested for body SAR with the back side of the EUT (battery side) placed parallel to the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom. A 0.0 cm separation distance was maintained between the back side of the EUT and the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom for the duration of the test.
3. The EUT was tested for body SAR with the left side of the EUT placed parallel to the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom. A 0.0 cm separation distance was maintained between the left side of the EUT and the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom for the duration of the test.
4. The EUT was tested for body SAR with the right side of the EUT placed parallel to the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom. A 0.0 cm separation distance was maintained between the right side of the EUT and the outer surface of the SAM planar phantom for the duration of the test.
5. The EUT was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation to minimize power drift.
6. The conducted power level could not be measured for the SAR evaluation. The EUT was evaluated for SAR at the maximum conducted power level set by the manufacturer.
7. The EUT was placed in test mode via internal software and was tested in unmodulated continuous transmit operation (CW mode, 100% duty cycle).
8. The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (Hot Spot) was determined relative to the device and its antenna.
9. The EUT was tested with a fully-charged battery.



SAR Test Setup  
Top End of EUT



SAR Test Setup  
Back Side of EUT



SAR Test Setup  
Left Side of EUT



SAR Test Setup  
Right Side of EUT

## 6.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) using the SAM phantom.

(ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.

b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY3 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.

c. A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.

d. For this evaluation a stack of low-density, low-loss dielectric foamed polystyrene was used in place of the device holder.

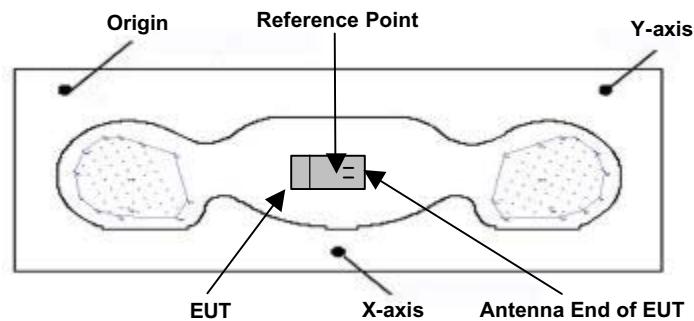


Figure 2. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning - Back Side of EUT

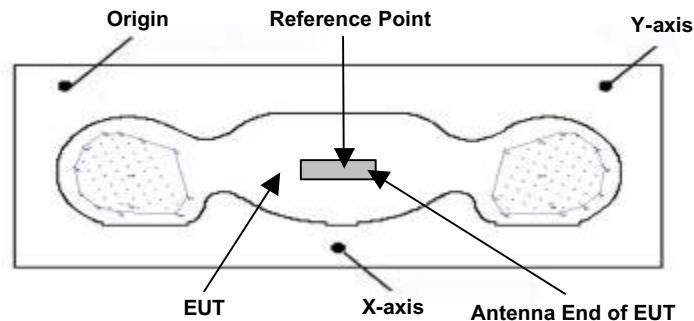


Figure 3. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning - Left & Right Sides of EUT

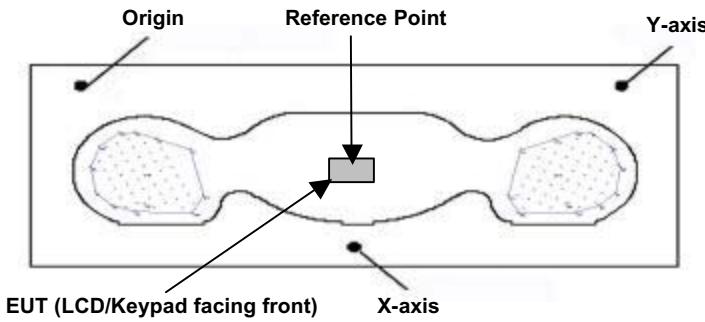


Figure 4. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning - Top End of EUT (Antenna End)

## 7.0 SYSTEM VALIDATION

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified in the planar section of the SAM phantom with a 2450MHz dipole (see Appendix C for detailed dipole calibration procedures). The fluids were verified using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters). A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipole and system was verified to a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$  (see Appendix B for system validation test plot).

SYSTEM VALIDATION											
Test Date	Equiv. Tissue	SAR 1g (W/kg)		Dielectric Constant $\epsilon_r$		Conductivity $\sigma$ (mho/m)		$\rho$ (Kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ambient Temp.	Fluid Temp.	Fluid Depth
10/17/02	2450MHz (Brain)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	1000	23.3 °C	23.1 °C	$\geq 15$ cm
		14.2 $\pm 10\%$	15.3	39.2 $\pm 10\%$	36.7	1.80 $\pm 10\%$	1.88				

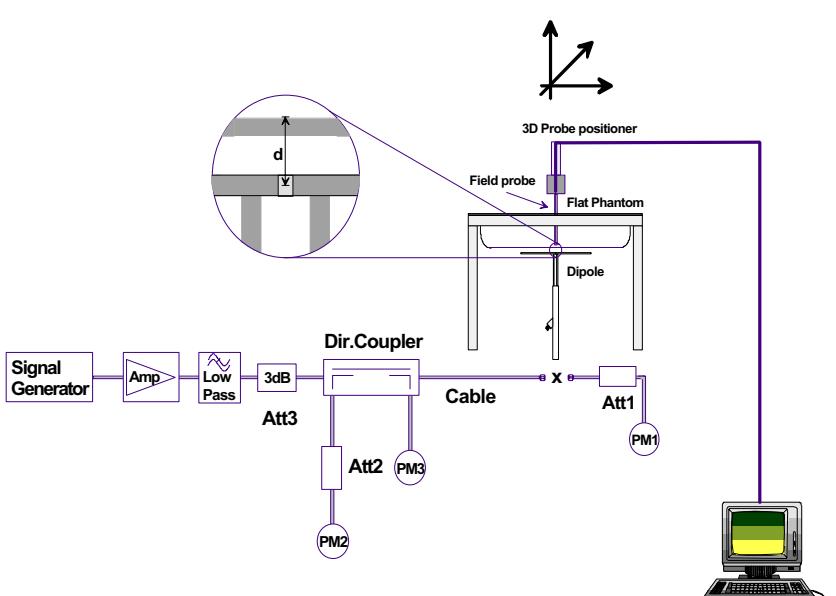


Figure 5. System Validation Setup Diagram



2450MHz Dipole Validation Setup

## 8.0 EQUIVALENT TISSUES

The 2450MHz brain and body mixtures consist of Glycol-monobutyl, water, and salt (body mixture only). The fluid was prepared according to standardized procedures and measured for dielectric parameters (permittivity and conductivity).

TISSUE MIXTURES		
INGREDIENT	2450MHz Brain Mixture (System Validation)	2450MHz Body Mixture (EUT Evaluation)
Water	55.20 %	69.95 %
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80 %	30.00 %
Salt	-	0.05 %

## 9.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/Kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Notes:

1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

## 10.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

### Specifications

**POSITIONER:** Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L  
**Repeatability:** 0.02 mm  
**No. of axis:** 6

### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

#### Cell Controller

**Processor:** Pentium III  
**Clock Speed:** 450 MHz  
**Operating System:** Windows NT  
**Data Card:** DASY3 PC-Board

#### Data Converter

**Features:** Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic  
**Software:** DASY3 software  
**Connecting Lines:** Optical downlink for data and status info.  
Optical uplink for commands and clock

#### PC Interface Card

**Function:** 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing  
Link to DAE3  
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system  
serial link to robot  
direct emergency stop output for robot

#### E-Field Probe

**Model:** ET3DV6  
**Serial No.:** 1387  
**Construction:** Triangular core fiber optic detection system  
**Frequency:** 10 MHz to 6 GHz  
**Linearity:**  $\pm 0.2$  dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

#### Phantom

**Type:** SAM V4.0C  
**Shell Material:** Fiberglass  
**Thickness:**  $2.0 \pm 0.1$  mm  
**Volume:** Approx. 20 liters

## 11.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core  
 Built-in shielding against static charges  
 PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol)

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz  
 In brain simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy  $\pm$  8%)

Frequency: 10 MHz to  $>6$  GHz; Linearity:  $\pm$ 0.2 dB  
 (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity:  $\pm$ 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)  
 $\pm$ 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynam. Rnge: 5  $\mu$ W/g to  $>100$  mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm$ 0.2 dB

Srfce. Detect.  $\pm$ 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm  
 Tip length: 16 mm  
 Body diameter: 12 mm  
 Tip diameter: 6.8 mm  
 Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 3 GHz  
 Compliance tests of mobile phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

## 12.0 SAM PHANTOM V4.0C

The SAM phantom V4.0C is a fiberglass shell phantom with a 2.0 mm shell thickness for left and right head and flat planar area integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the fiberglass shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



SAM Phantom

## 13.0 DEVICE HOLDER

The DASY3 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



Device Holder

## 14.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM		
EQUIPMENT	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION DATE
<b>DASY3 System</b> -Robot -ET3DV6 E-Field Probe -300MHz Validation Dipole -450MHz Validation Dipole -900MHz Validation Dipole -1800MHz Validation Dipole -2450MHz Validation Dipole -SAM Phantom V4.0C -Small Planar Phantom -Medium Planar Phantom -Large Planar Phantom	599396-01 1387 135 136 054 247 150 N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A Feb 2002 Oct 2001 Oct 2001 June 2001 June 2001 Oct 2001 N/A N/A N/A N/A
<b>85070C Dielectric Probe Kit</b>	N/A	N/A
<b>Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter</b> -Power Sensor 80701A -Power Sensor 80701A	1835272 1833535 1833542	Feb 2002 Feb 2002 Mar 2002
<b>E4408B Spectrum Analyzer</b>	US39240170	Nov 2001
<b>8594E Spectrum Analyzer</b>	3543A02721	Feb 2002
<b>8753E Network Analyzer</b>	US38433013	Feb 2002
<b>8648D Signal Generator</b>	3847A00611	Feb 2002
<b>5S1G4 Amplifier Research Power Amplifier</b>	26235	N/A

## 15.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	$c_i$ 1g	Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)	$v_i$ or $v_{eff}$
<b>Measurement System</b>						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-c_p)$	± 1.9	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(c_p)$	± 3.9	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 3.2	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7	∞
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.8	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>						
Device positioning	± 6.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 6.7	12
Device holder uncertainty	± 5.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.9	8
Power drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$		± 2.9	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 10.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 3.5	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b>± 13.7</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b>± 27.5</b>

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Std 1528 (Draft - see reference [5])

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## 16.0 REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, "Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices", Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093: 1999.
- [2] Health Canada, "Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz", Safety Code 6.
- [3] Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- [4] Industry Canada, "Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields", Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional): September 1999.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Std 1528-200X, "DRAFT Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

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## APPENDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

## Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,180°)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 48.5$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.17 dB

SAR (1g): 0.311 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.149 mW/g

Body SAR - Top End - 0.0cm Separation Distance

Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card

FUJITSU Model: iPAD100-xx

3.7V Lithium-ion Battery (1700mAh)

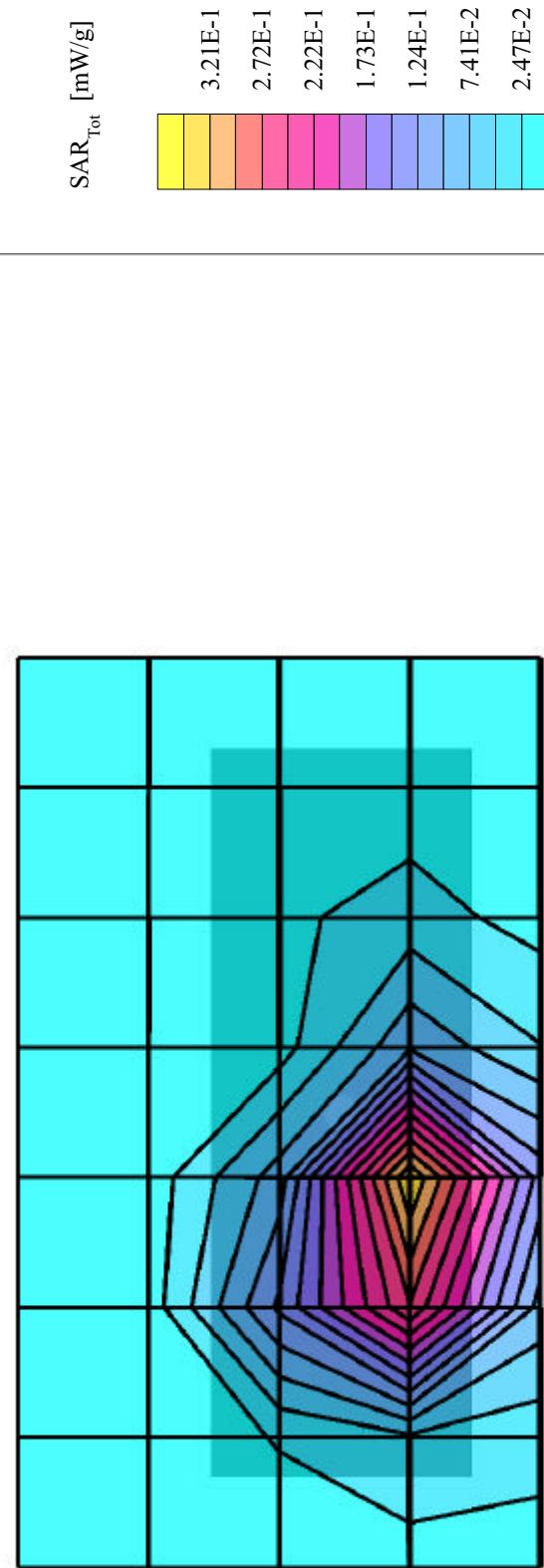
CW Mode

Mid Channel [2437 MHz]

Conducted Power: 16.3 dBm

Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 23.1°C

Date Tested: October 17, 2002



## Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
 2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 48.5$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

## Z-Axis Extrapolation at Peak SAR Location

Body SAR - Top End - 0.0cm Separation Distance

Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card

FUJITSU Model: iPAD100-xx

3.7V Lithium-ion Battery (1700mAh)

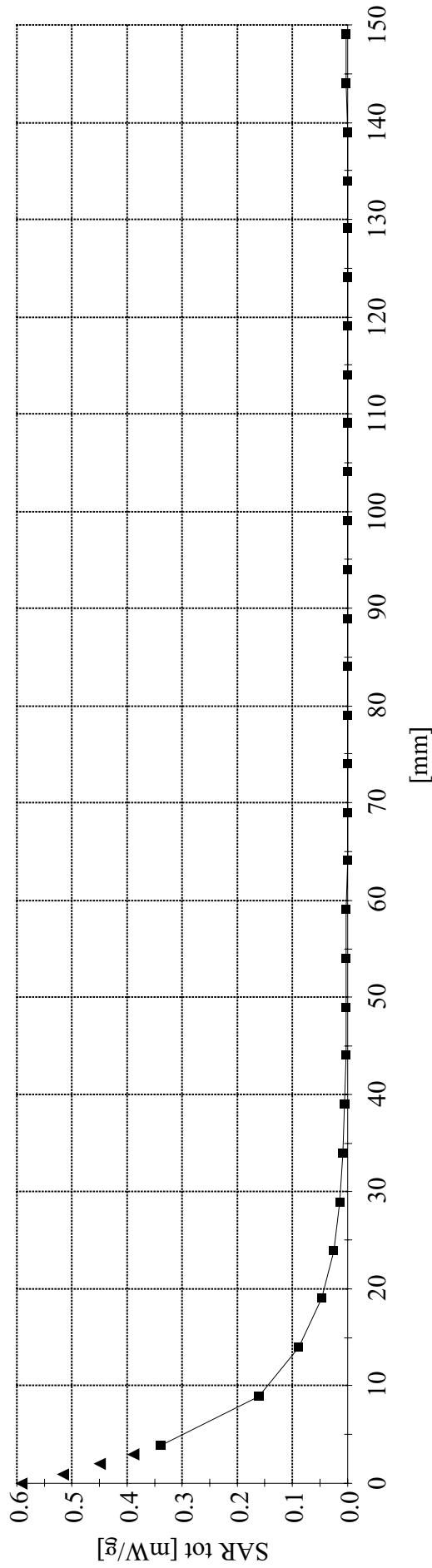
CW Mode

Mid Channel [2437 MHz]

Conducted Power: 16.3 dBm

Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 23.1°C

Date Tested: October 17, 2002



## Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 90°)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 48.5$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.15 dB

SAR (1g): 0.0274 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0146 mW/g

Body SAR - Back Side - 0.0cm Separation Distance  
Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card

FUJITSU Model: iPAD100-xx

3.7V Lithium-ion Battery (1700mAh)

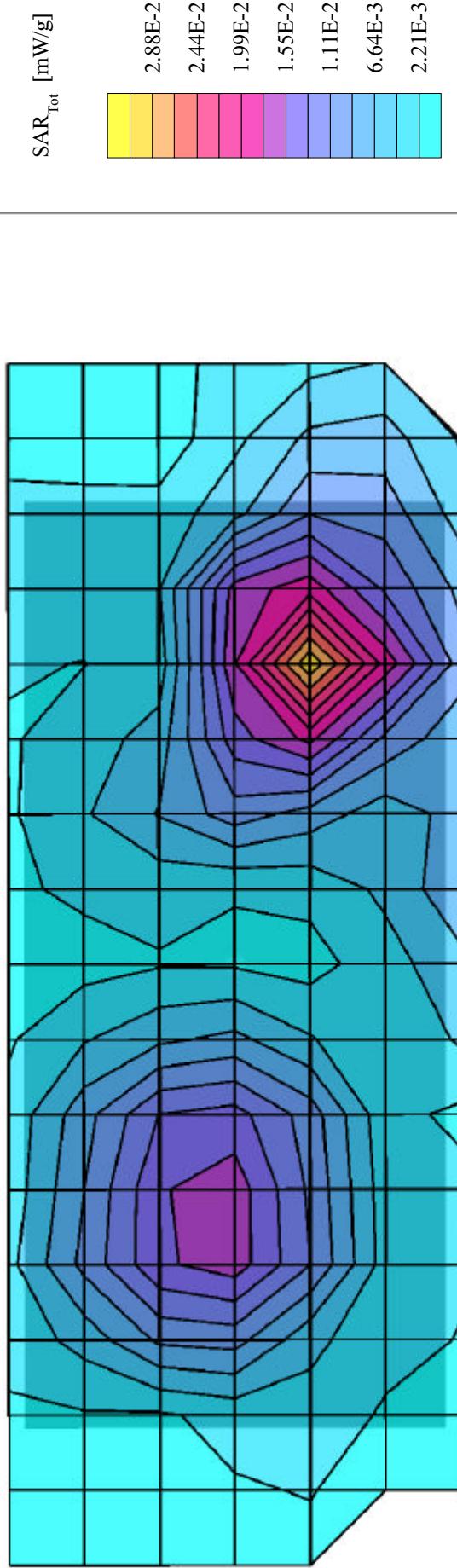
CW Mode

Mid Channel [2437 MHz]

Conducted Power: 16.3 dBm

Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 23.1°C

Date Tested: October 17, 2002



## Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 90°)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 48.5$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.12 dB

SAR (1g): 0.112 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0449 mW/g

Body SAR - Left Side - 0.0cm Separation Distance

Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card

FUJITSU Model: iPAD100-xx

3.7V Lithium-ion Battery (1700mAh)

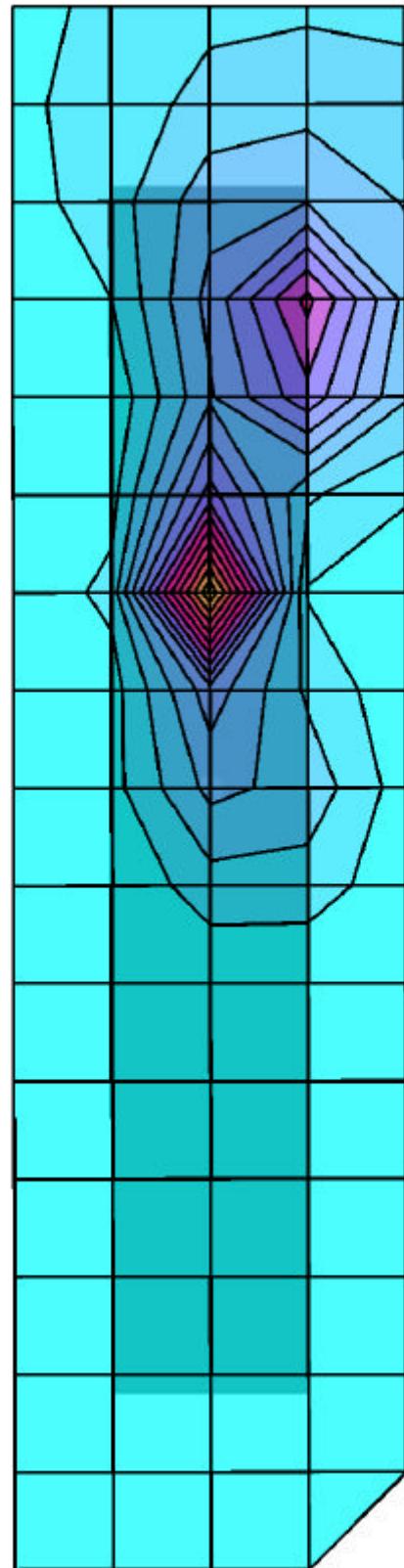
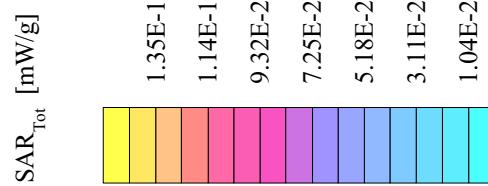
CW Mode

Mid Channel [2437 MHz]

Conducted Power: 16.3 dBm

Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 23.1°C

Date Tested: October 17, 2002



## Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Inc. FCC ID: QL9-IPAD100INT

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 90°)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0

2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 48.5$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.20 dB

SAR (1g): 0.0211 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0111 mW/g

Body SAR - Right Side - 0.0cm Separation Distance  
Wireless Transaction Terminal with DSSS WLAN Card

FUJITSU Model: iPAD100-xx

3.7V Lithium-ion Battery (1700mAh)

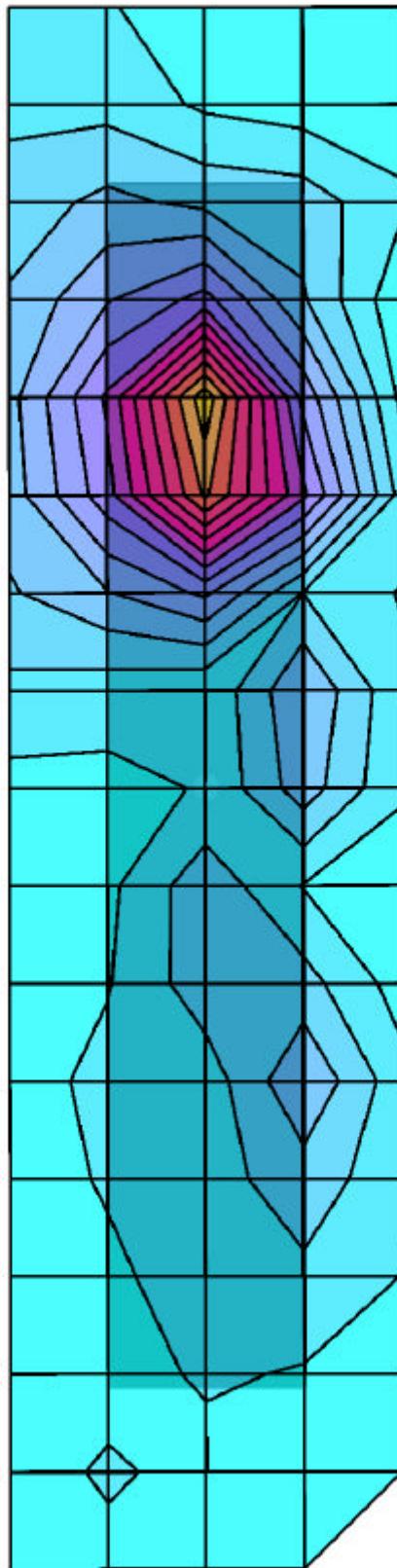
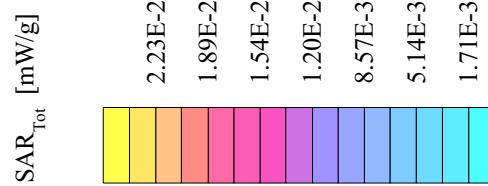
CW Mode

Mid Channel [2437 MHz]

Conducted Power: 16.3 dBm

Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 23.1°C

Date Tested: October 17, 2002



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## APPENDIX B - SYSTEM VALIDATION

**Dipole 2450 MHz**

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 36.7$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

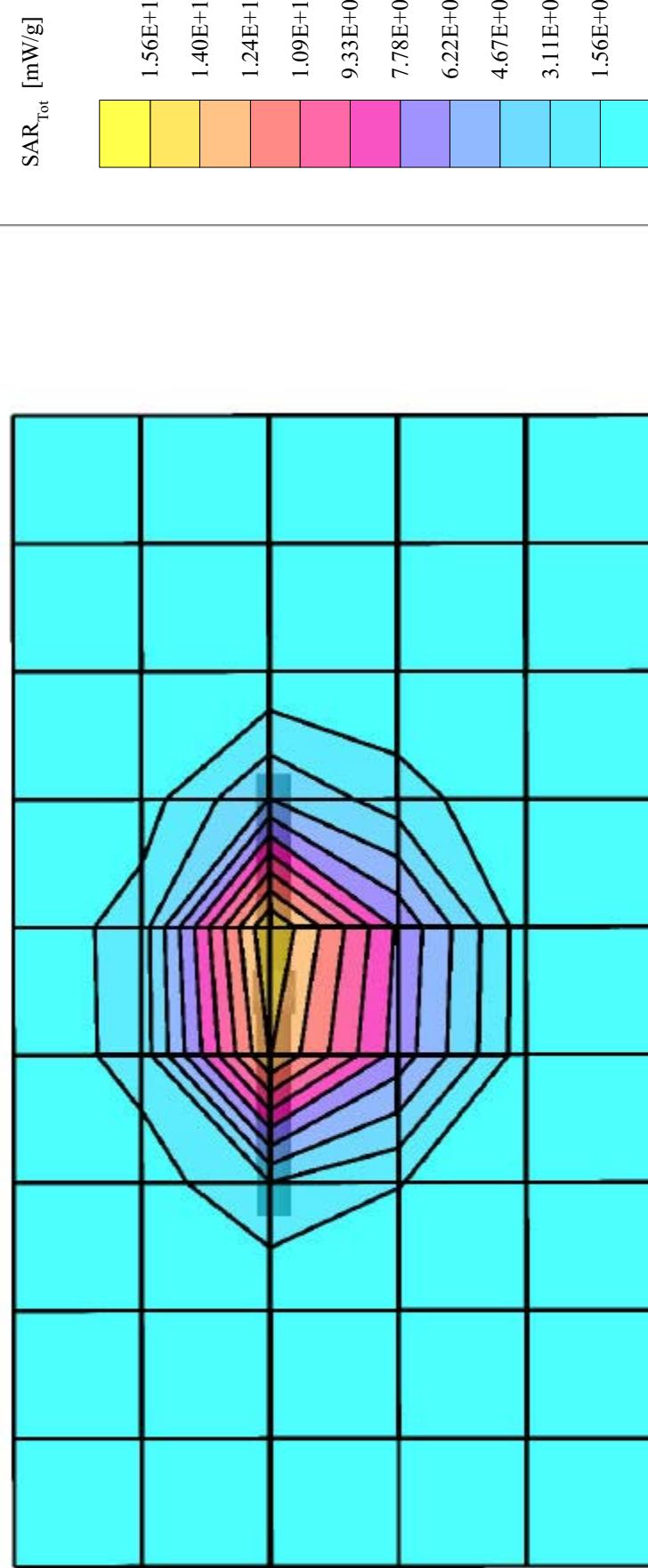
Cube 5x5x7; Peak: 32.8 mW/g, SAR (1g): 15.3 mW/g, SAR (10g): 6.87 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 6.0 (5.8, 6.7) [mm]; Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 23.1°C

Powerdrift: -0.03 dB

Conducted Power: 250mW

Validation Date: October 17, 2002



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## APPENDIX C - DIPOLE CALIBRATION

## 2450MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Type:

**2450MHz Validation Dipole**

Serial Number:

**150**

Place of Calibration:

**Celltech Research Inc.**

Date of Calibration:

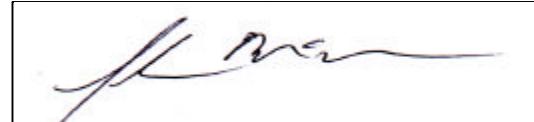
**October 24, 2001**

**Celltech Research Inc. hereby certifies that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above.**

Calibrated by:



Approved by:



## **1. Dipole Construction & Electrical Characteristics**

The validation dipole was constructed in accordance with the IEEE Std “Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques”. The electrical properties were measured using an HP 8753E Network Analyzer. The network analyzer was calibrated to the validation dipole N-type connector feed point using an HP85032E Type N calibration kit. The dipole was placed parallel to a planar phantom at a separation distance of 10.0mm from the simulating fluid using a loss-less dielectric spacer. The measured input impedance is:

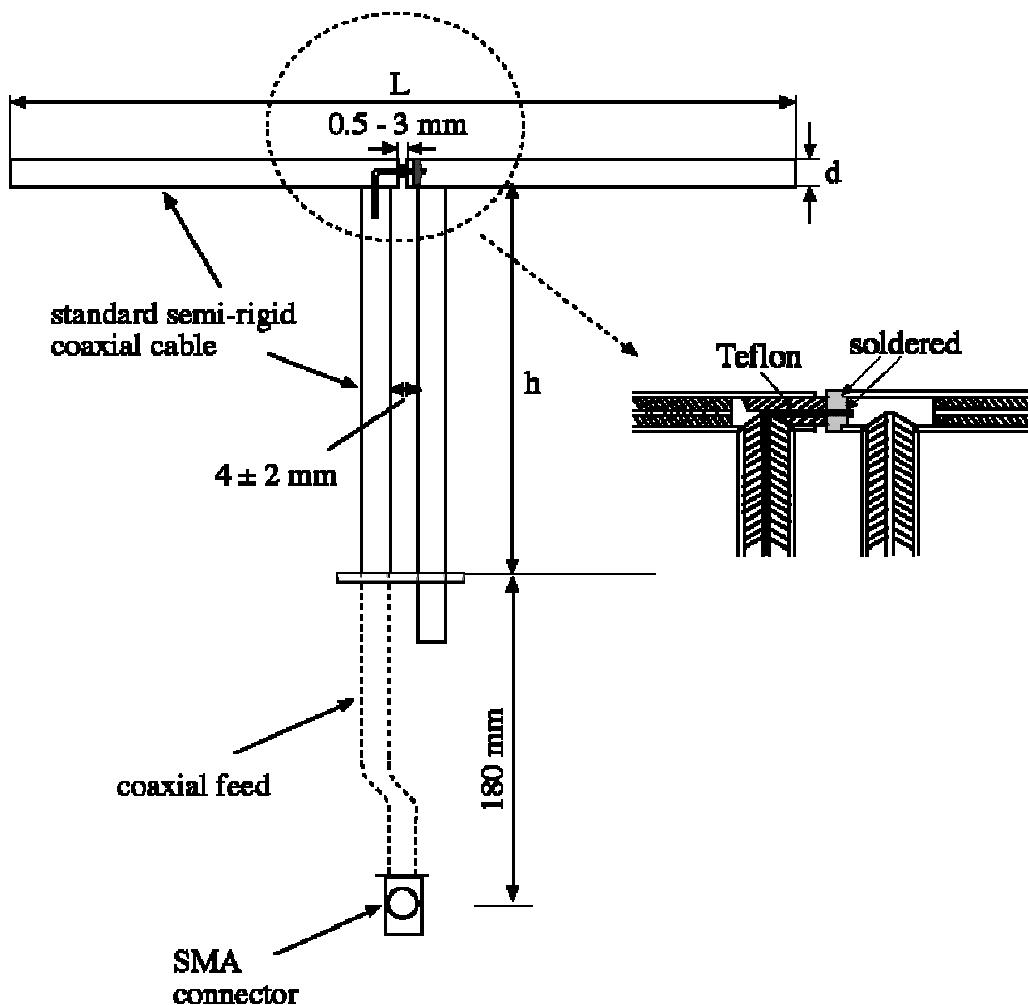
Feed point impedance at 2450MHz

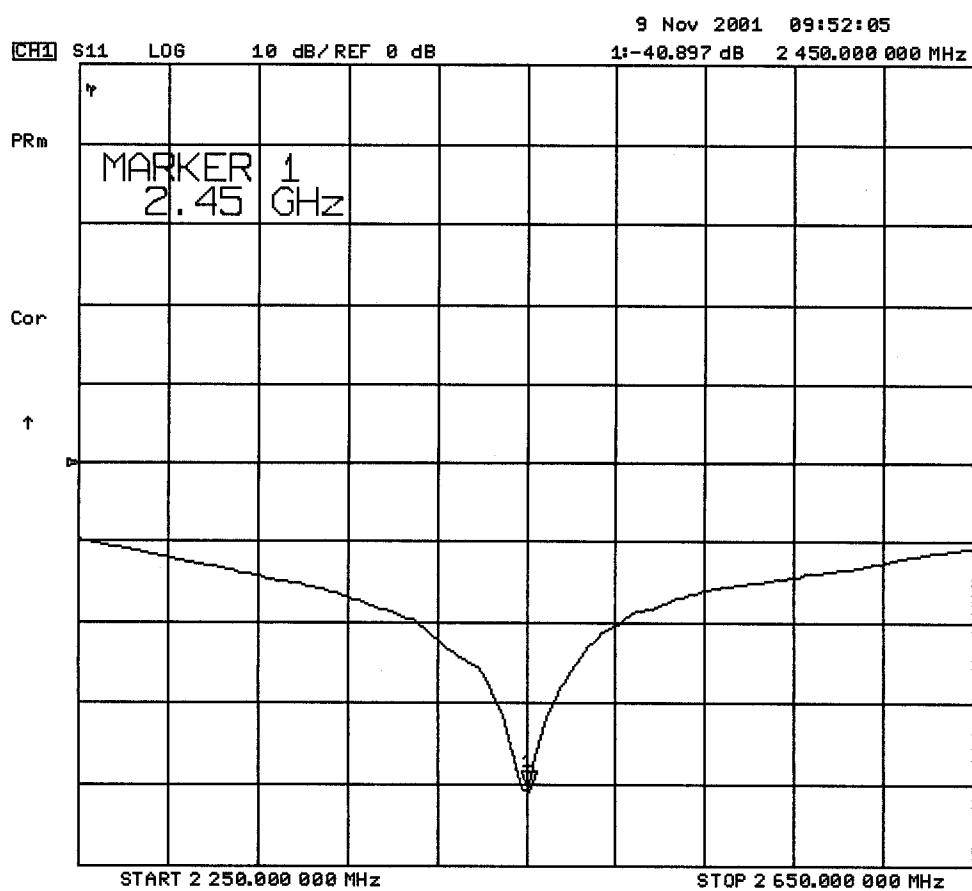
$$\text{Re}\{Z\} = 49.268\Omega$$

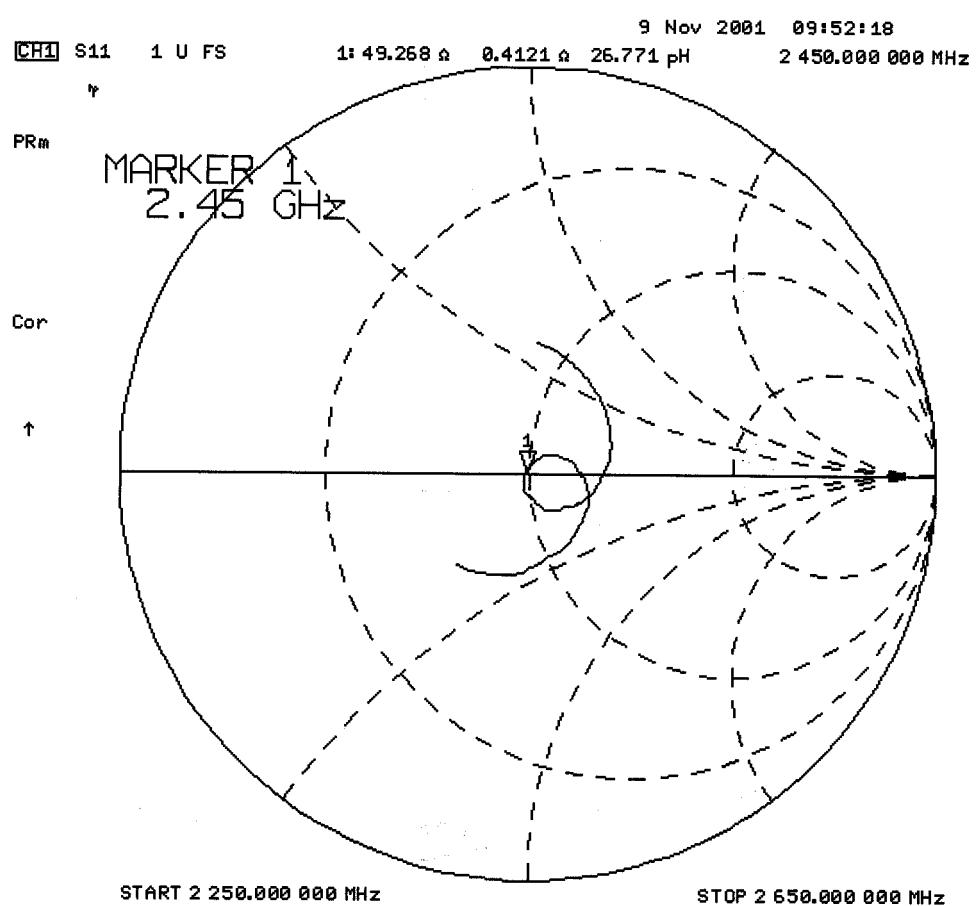
$$\text{Im}\{Z\} = 0.4121\Omega$$

Return Loss at 2450MHz

$$-40.897\text{dB}$$







## Validation Dipole Dimensions

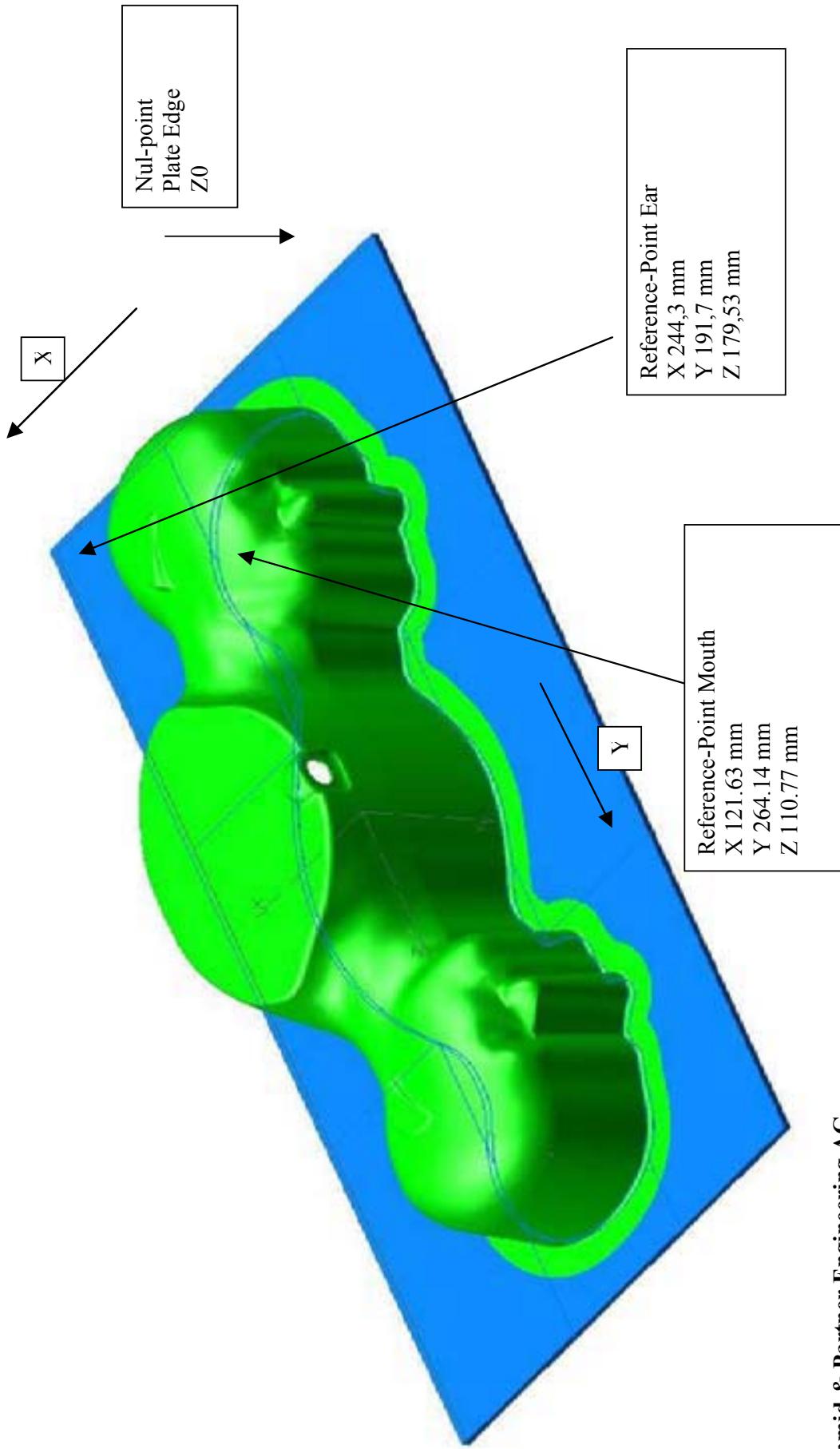
Frequency (MHz)	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
300	420.0	250.0	6.2
450	288.0	167.0	6.2
835	161.0	89.8	3.6
900	149.0	83.3	3.6
1450	89.1	51.7	3.6
1800	72.0	41.7	3.6
1900	68.0	39.5	3.6
2000	64.5	37.5	3.6
2450	51.8	30.6	3.6
3000	41.5	25.0	3.6

## 2. Validation Phantom

The validation phantom is the SAM (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin) phantom manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The SAM phantom is a Fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

**Shell Thickness:** 2 ± 0.1 mm  
**Filling Volume:** Approx. 20 liters  
**Dimensions:** 50 cm (W) x 100 cm (L)

# SAM Twin-Phantom



## 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



## 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



### **3. Measurement Conditions**

The planar phantom was filled with brain simulating tissue having the following electrical parameters at 2450MHz:

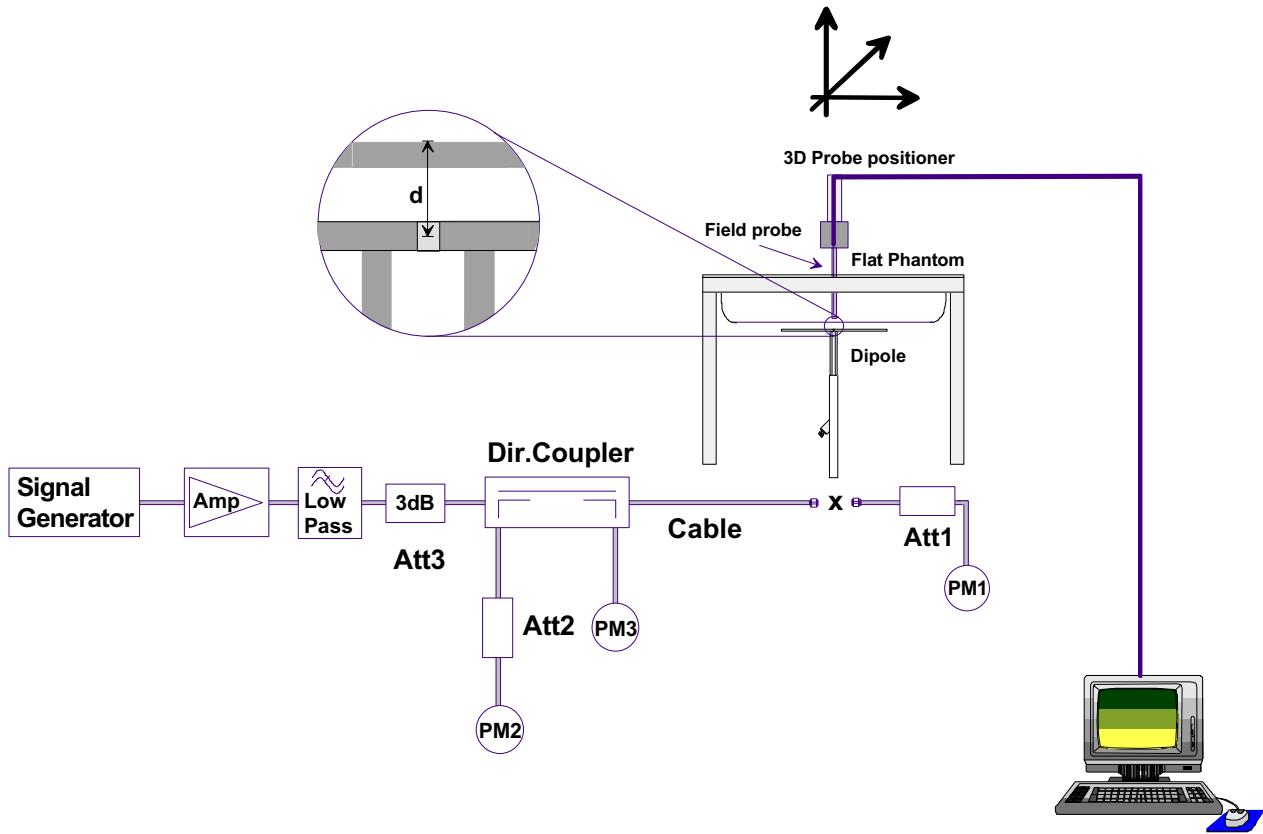
Relative Permitivity:	39.2	± 5%
Conductivity:	1.80 mho/m	± 5%
Temperature:	23.1°C	

The 2450MHz simulating tissue consists of the following ingredients:

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>Percentage by weight</b>
Water	55.20 %
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80 %
Target Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	$\epsilon_r = 39.2$ $\sigma = 1.80 \text{ S/m}$

#### 4. SAR Measurement

The SAR measurement was performed with the E-field probe in mechanical detection mode only. The setup and determination of the forward power into the dipole was performed using the following procedures.



First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of Att1) as read by power meter PM2. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20dB below the forward power.

Ten SAR measurements were performed in order to achieve repeatability and to establish an average target value.

### Validation Dipole SAR Test Results

Validation Measurement	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 10g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 10g	Peak SAR @ 0.25W Input
Test 1	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.5
Test 2	14.3	57.20	6.34	25.36	30.8
Test 3	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.4
Test 4	14.1	56.40	6.32	25.28	30.1
Test 5	14.3	57.20	6.33	25.32	30.7
Test 6	14.0	56.00	6.31	25.24	30.0
Test 7	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.4
Test 8	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.5
Test 9	14.4	57.60	6.34	25.36	30.8
Test10	14.2	56.80	6.32	25.28	30.4
Average Value	14.21	56.84	6.32	25.31	30.46

The results have been normalized to 1W (forward power) into the dipole.

Averaged over 1cm (1g) of tissue: 56.84 mW/g

Averaged over 10cm (10g) of tissue: 25.31 mW/g

**Dipole 2450MHz**

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

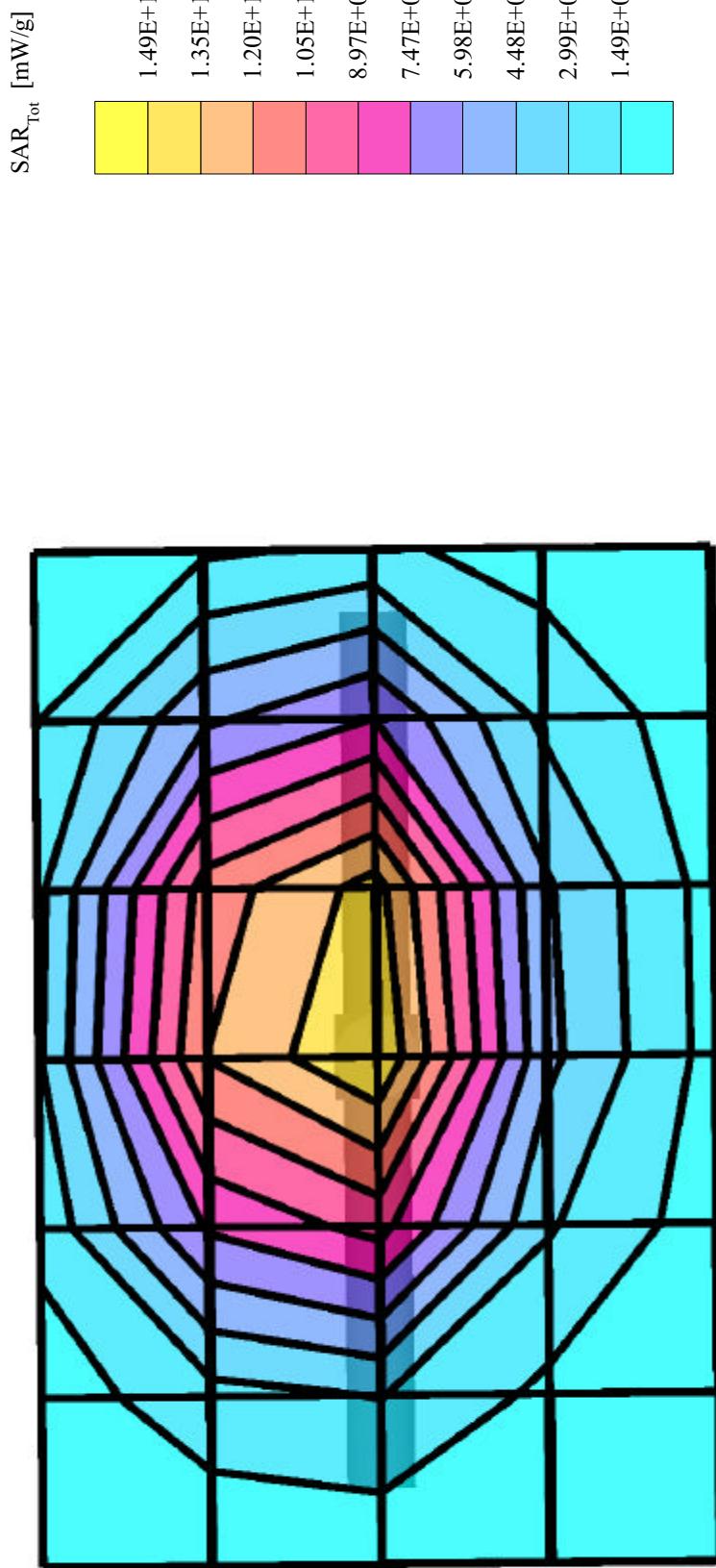
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1590; ConvF(4.93,4.93,4.93); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.80 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2 \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 30.5 mW/g, SAR (1g): 14.2 mW/g, SAR (10g): 6.33 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 6.2 (5.9, 7.0) [mm]; Ambient Temp: 21.5°C; Fluid Temp: 23.1°C

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB

Calibration Date: October 24, 2001



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## APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION

**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**

**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79**

**Calibration Certificate**

**Dosimetric E-Field Probe**

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1387**

Place of Calibration:

**Zurich**

Date of Calibration:

**February 22, 2002**

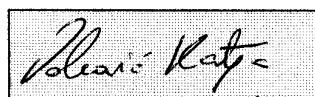
Calibration Interval:

**12 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:



Approved by:



# Probe ET3DV6

SN:1387

Manufactured:	September 21, 1999
Last calibration:	September 22, 1999
Recalibrated:	February 22, 2002

Calibrated for System DASY3

## DASY3 - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

### Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	<b>1.58</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	<b>1.67</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	<b>1.67</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

### Diode Compression

DCP X	<b>97</b>	mV
DCP Y	<b>97</b>	mV
DCP Z	<b>97</b>	mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head	<b>900</b> MHz	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>835</b> MHz	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	<b>0.40</b>
ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	<b>2.38</b>
Head	<b>1800</b> MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>1900</b> MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	<b>0.57</b>
ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	<b>2.18</b>

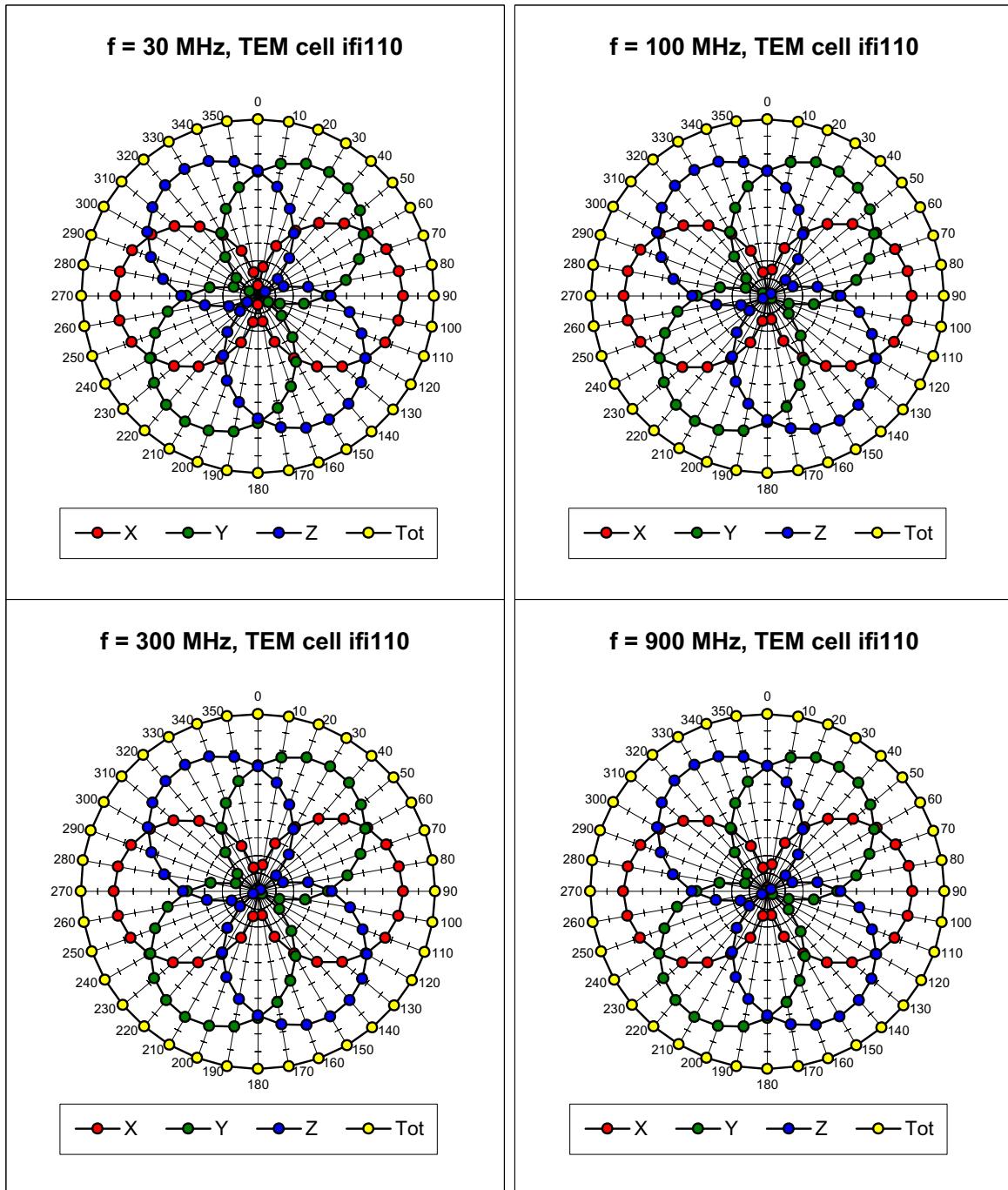
### Boundary Effect

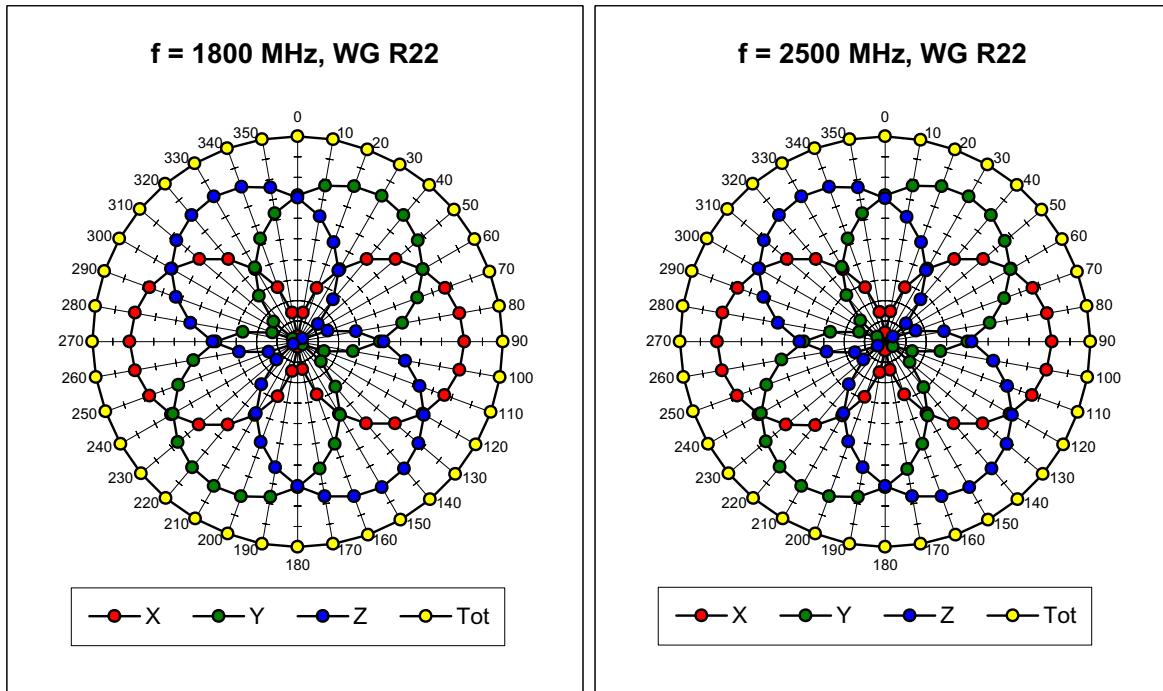
Head	<b>900</b> MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm		
	Probe Tip to Boundary		<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm		9.7	5.4
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm		0.3	0.6
Head	<b>1800</b> MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm		
	Probe Tip to Boundary		<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm		11.5	7.3
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm		0.1	0.3

### Sensor Offset

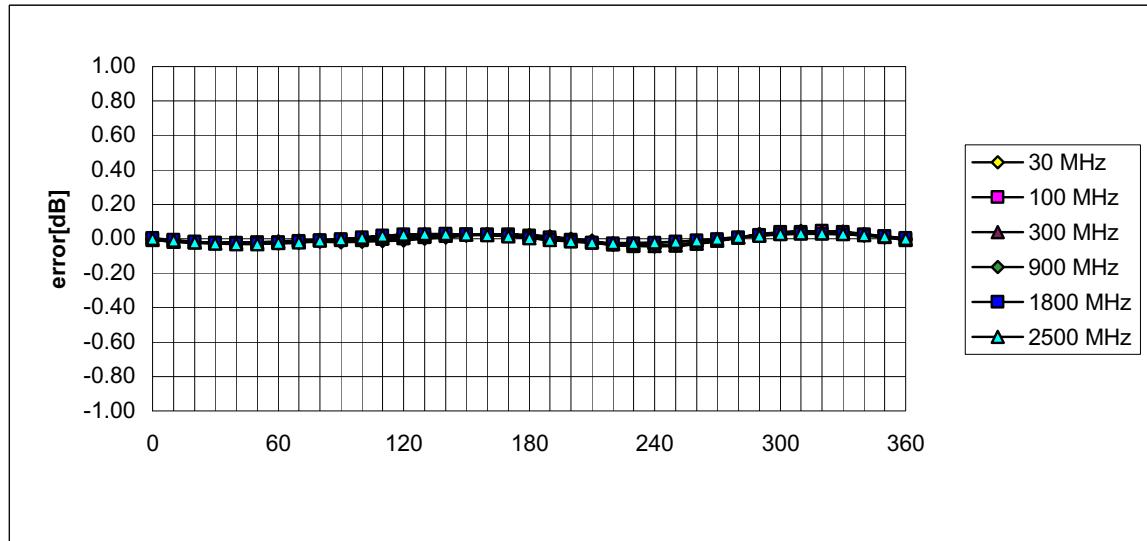
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	<b>2.7</b>	mm
Optical Surface Detection	<b>1.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>	mm

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ , $\theta = 0^\circ$ )



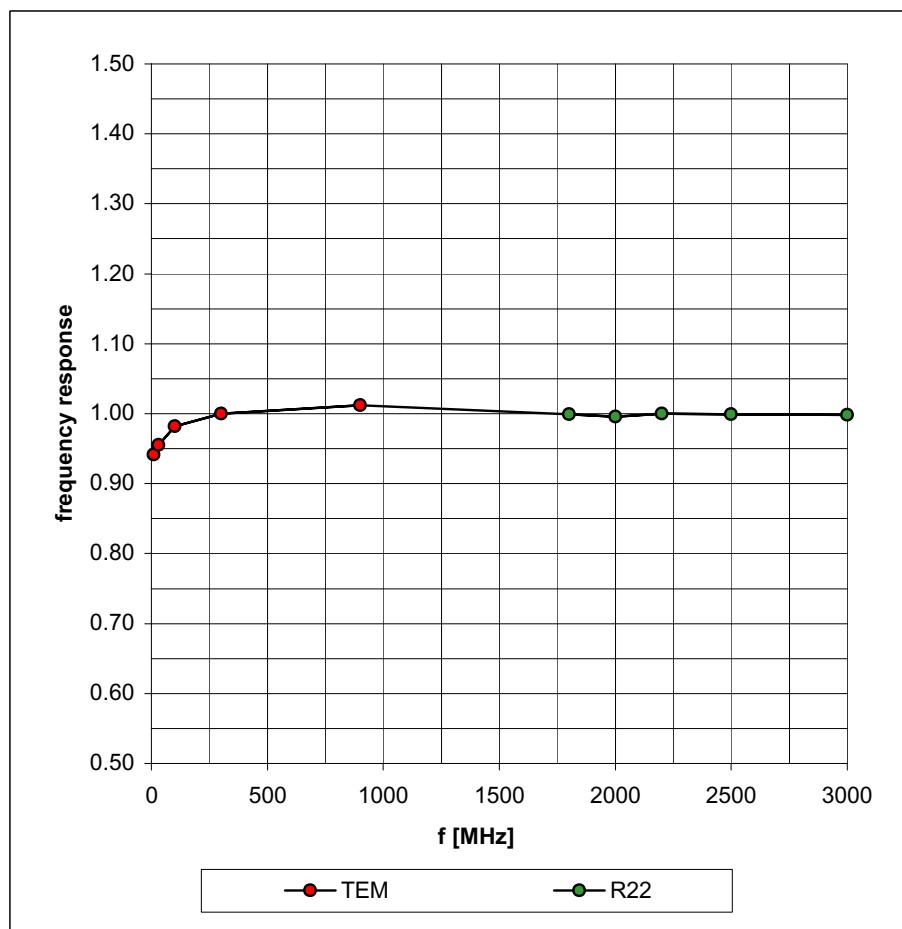


### Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

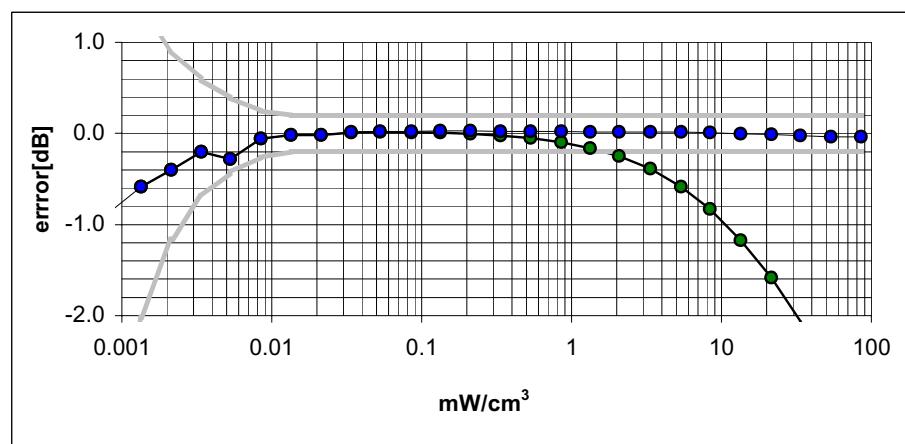
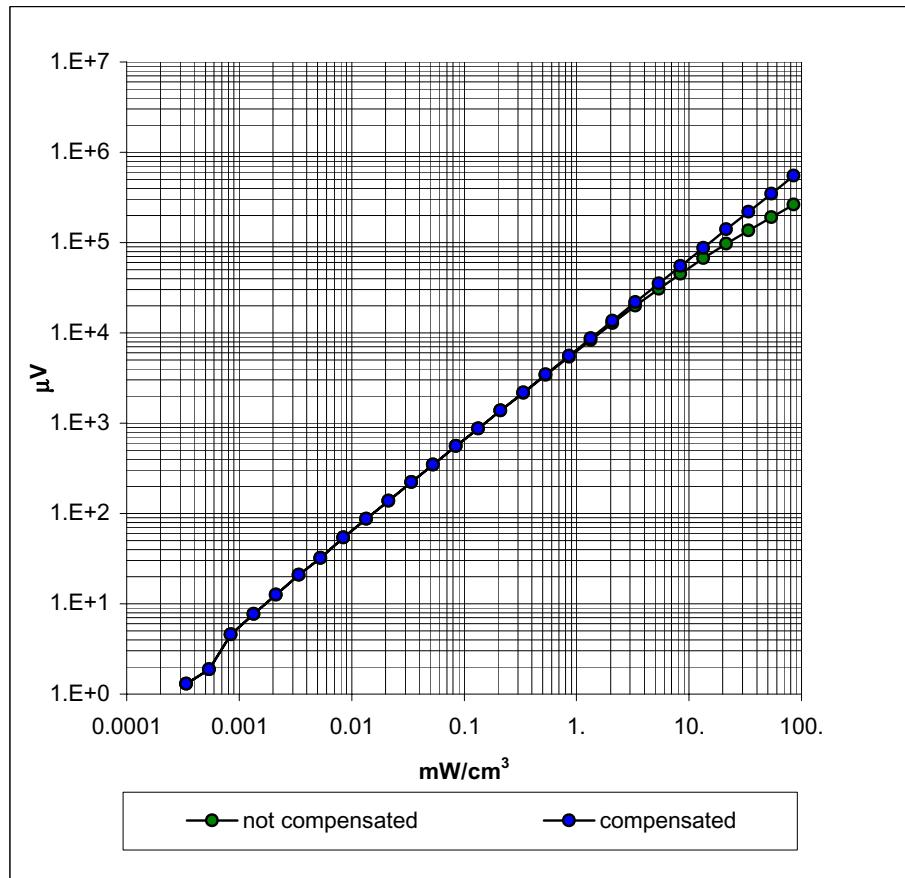


## Frequency Response of E-Field

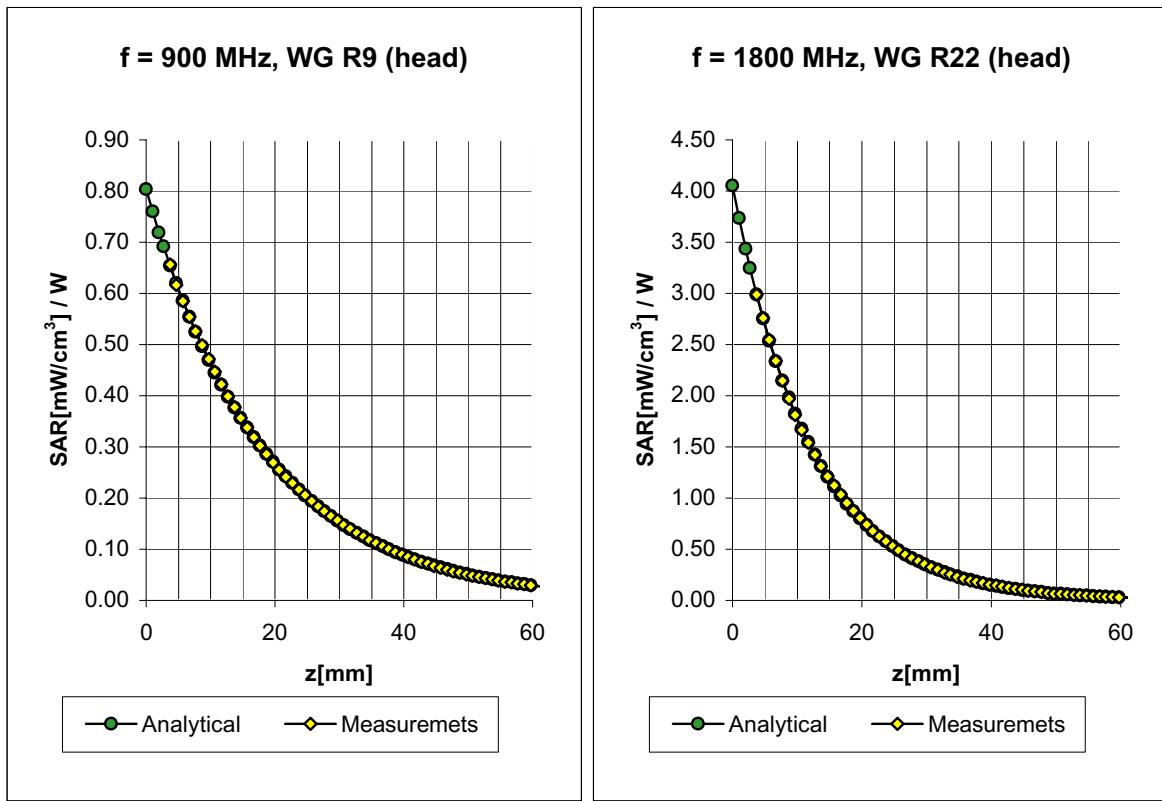
( TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>brain</sub>) ( Waveguide R22 )

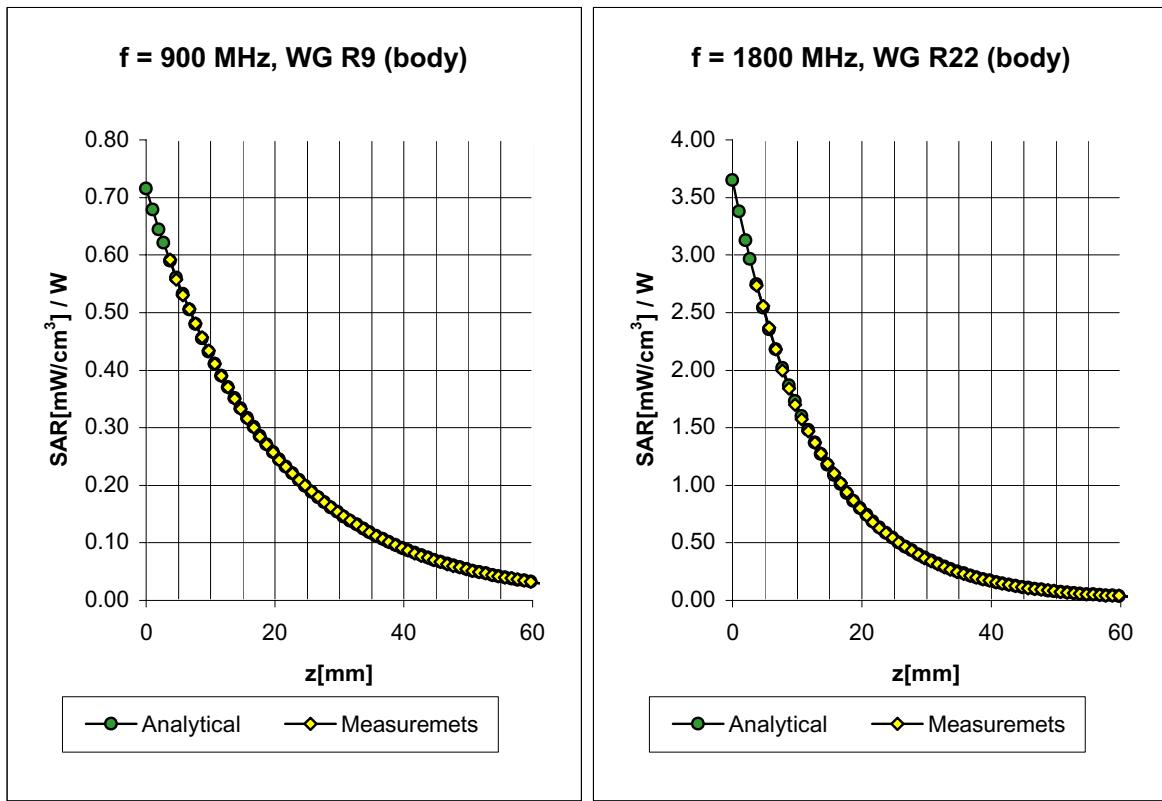


## Conversion Factor Assessment



Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
Head	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Alpha <b>0.40</b>
ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Depth <b>2.38</b>
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
Head	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Alpha <b>0.57</b>
ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Depth <b>2.18</b>

## Conversion Factor Assessment



Body                    900 MHz                     $\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$                      $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

Body                    835 MHz                     $\epsilon_r = 55.2 \pm 5\%$                      $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

ConvF X                **6.3**  $\pm 9.5\%$  (k=2)                    Boundary effect:

ConvF Y                **6.3**  $\pm 9.5\%$  (k=2)                    Alpha                    **0.42**

ConvF Z                **6.3**  $\pm 9.5\%$  (k=2)                    Depth                    **2.44**

Body                    1800 MHz                     $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$                      $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

Body                    1900 MHz                     $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$                      $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

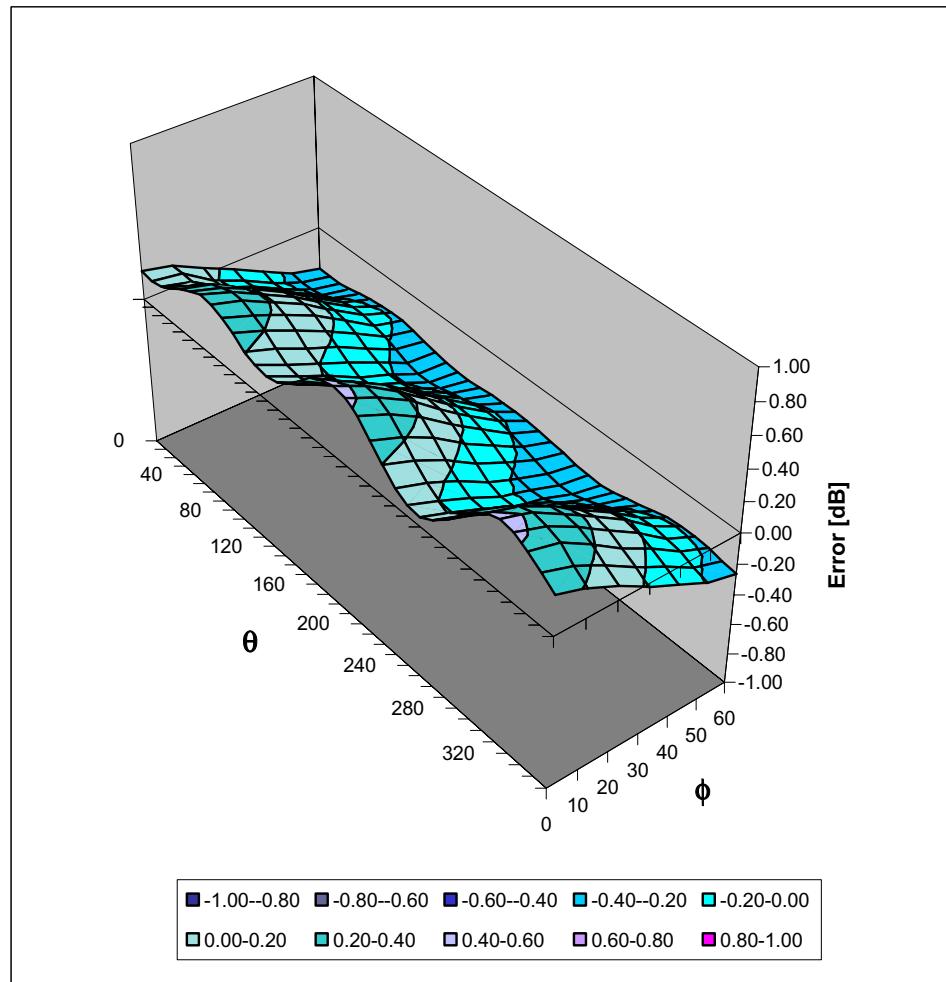
ConvF X                **5.0**  $\pm 9.5\%$  (k=2)                    Boundary effect:

ConvF Y                **5.0**  $\pm 9.5\%$  (k=2)                    Alpha                    **0.76**

ConvF Z                **5.0**  $\pm 9.5\%$  (k=2)                    Depth                    **2.01**

## Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\theta, \phi$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**

**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79**

**Additional Conversion Factors  
for Dosimetric E-Field Probe**

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1387**

Place of Assessment:

**Zurich**

Date of Assessment:

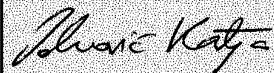
**February 25, 2002**

Probe Calibration Date:

**February 22, 2002**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



## Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1387

Conversion Factor ( $\pm$  standard deviation)

<b>150 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>9.2 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
<b>300 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>8.0 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
<b>450 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>7.3 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 43.5$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
<b>2450 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>4.7 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 39.2$ $\sigma = 1.80 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
<b>150 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>8.8 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
<b>450 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>7.7 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
<b>2450 MHz</b>	ConvF	<b><math>4.3 \pm 8\%</math></b>	$\epsilon_r = 52.7$ $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)

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## APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

# 2450MHz System Validation

## Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

October 17, 2002

Frequency	e'	e"
2.350000000 GHz	37.1388	13.4743
2.360000000 GHz	37.1055	13.5165
2.370000000 GHz	37.0555	13.5498
2.380000000 GHz	37.0264	13.5809
2.390000000 GHz	36.9872	13.6012
2.400000000 GHz	36.9402	13.6277
2.410000000 GHz	36.8792	13.6384
2.420000000 GHz	36.8197	13.6914
2.430000000 GHz	36.7782	13.7145
2.440000000 GHz	36.7281	13.7393
2.450000000 GHz	36.6921	13.7775
2.460000000 GHz	36.6473	13.8068
2.470000000 GHz	36.6011	13.8535
2.480000000 GHz	36.5780	13.8742
2.490000000 GHz	36.5347	13.8952
2.500000000 GHz	36.4816	13.9029
2.510000000 GHz	36.4389	13.9027
2.520000000 GHz	36.3819	13.9436
2.530000000 GHz	36.3184	13.9686
2.540000000 GHz	36.2583	13.9968
2.550000000 GHz	36.2240	14.0363

# 2450MHz EUT Evaluation (Body)

## Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Muscle)

October 17, 2002

Frequency	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$
2.350000000 GHz	48.9211	14.2591
2.360000000 GHz	48.8715	14.3012
2.370000000 GHz	48.8393	14.3488
2.380000000 GHz	48.8041	14.3798
2.390000000 GHz	48.7474	14.4144
2.400000000 GHz	48.7058	14.4399
2.410000000 GHz	48.6505	14.4641
2.420000000 GHz	48.5941	14.5171
2.430000000 GHz	48.5480	14.5596
2.440000000 GHz	48.5135	14.5899
2.450000000 GHz	48.4677	14.6333
2.460000000 GHz	48.4323	14.6725
2.470000000 GHz	48.3904	14.7230
2.480000000 GHz	48.3757	14.7571
2.490000000 GHz	48.3303	14.7719
2.500000000 GHz	48.2867	14.7750
2.510000000 GHz	48.2330	14.8073
2.520000000 GHz	48.1803	14.8424
2.530000000 GHz	48.1180	14.8858
2.540000000 GHz	48.0692	14.9280
2.550000000 GHz	48.0398	14.9624

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## APPENDIX F - SAM PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

## Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Type No	QD 000 P40 BA
Series No	TP-1002 and higher
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland

### Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

### Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9

(\*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

### Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date 18.11.2001

Signature / Stamp

  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**

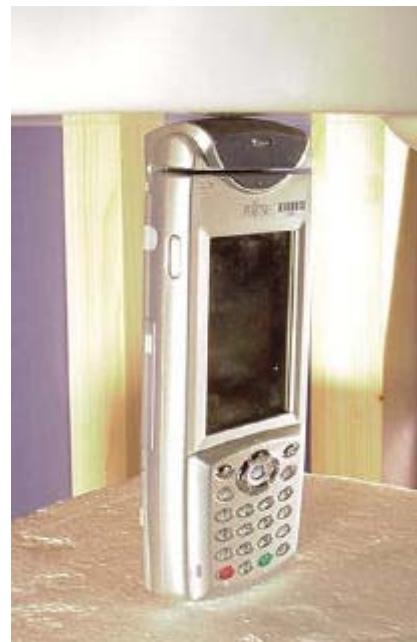
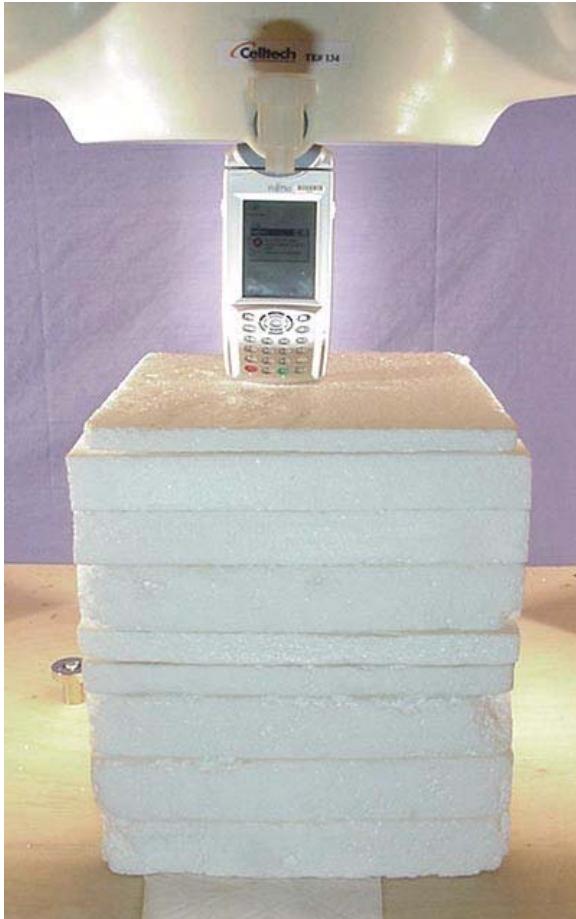
Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich  
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

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## APPENDIX G - SAR TEST SETUP & EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

## BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Top End of EUT (Antenna End)  
0.0cm Separation Distance



## BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Back Side of EUT (Battery Side)  
0.0cm Separation Distance



**BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**  
Left Side of EUT - 0.0cm Separation Distance



**BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**  
Right Side of EUT - 0.0cm Separation Distance



## EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Front Side of EUT



Back Side of EUT



Battery Enclosure



Left Side of EUT



3.7V Lithium-ion Battery



Right Side of EUT



Top End of EUT



Bottom End of EUT