TEST REPORT

DT&C Co., Ltd.
42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042
Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRTFCC2107-0067
2. Customer
   - Name : Escort Incorporated
   - Address : 5440 West Chester Road, West Chester, Ohio, United States, 45069
3. Use of Report : FCC Certification
4. Product Name / Model Name : Radar/Laser Detector with Dashcam / MAXcam 360c
   FCC ID : QKLMXCAM
5. FCC Regulation(s): Part 15.247
   Test Method Used : KDB558074 D01v05r02, ANSI C63.10-2013
6. Date of Test : 2021.02.01 ~ 2021.03.30
7. Location of Test : ☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing
8. Testing Environment : See appended test report.
9. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.
This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmation	Tested by Name : InHee Bae (Signature)	Reviewed by Name : JaeJin Lee (Signature)

2021 . 07 . 02 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Revised by	Reviewed by
DRTFCC2107-0067	Jul. 02, 2021	Initial issue	InHee Bae	JaeJin Lee

Table of Contents

1. EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Equipment Class	Digital Transmission System(DTS)
Product	Radar/Laser Detector with Dashcam
Model Name	MAXcam 360c
Add Model Name	NA
Power Supply	DC 12 V
EUT Serial Number	Undesignated
Frequency Range	▪ 802.11b/g/n(20 MHz) : 2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz ▪ 802.11n(40 MHz) : 2 422 MHz ~ 2 452 MHz
Max. RF Output Power	2.4 GHz Band ▪ 802.11b : 21.65 dBm ▪ 802.11g : 24.90 dBm ▪ 802.11n (HT20) : 24.54 dBm ▪ 802.11n (HT40) : 23.51 dBm
Modulation Type	▪ 802.11b: CCK, DSSS ▪ 802.11g/n: OFDM
Antenna Specification	**Antenna type**: Multilayer Antenna **Antenna gain:** Refer to the clause 7 in test report.

Transmitting configuration of EUT

Mode	**SISO**
	Data rate
802.11b	1 Mbps ~ 11 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps ~ 54 Mbps
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0 ~ MCS 7
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0 ~ MCS 7

2. INFORMATION ABOUT TESTING

2.1 Test mode

Test mode	Worst case data rate	Tested Frequency (MHz)		
TM 1	802.11b 1 Mbps	2 412	2 437	2 462
TM 2	802.11g 6 Mbps	2 412	2 437	2 462
TM 3	802.11n(HT20) MCS 0	2 412	2 437	2 462
TM 4	802.11n(HT40) MCS 0	2 422	2 437	2 452

Note1: The worst case data rate was determined according to the power measurements.
Note2: The power measurement results for all modes and data rate were reported.

2.2 Auxiliary equipment

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Note
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

2.3 Tested environment

Temperature	:	+21 °C ~ +24 °C
Relative humidity content	:	44 % ~ 46 %
Details of power supply	:	DC 12 V

2.4 EMI suppression Device(s) / Modifications

EMI suppression device(s) added and/or modifications made during testing
→ None

2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C 63.4-2014 and ANSI C 63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of *k* = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Test items	Measurement uncertainty
Transmitter Output Power	0.7 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Conducted spurious emission	0.9 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below)	4.9 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)

3. SUMMARY OF TESTS

FCC Part	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a)	6 dB Bandwidth	> 500 kHz	Conducted	C
15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	< 1 Watt		C
15.247(d)	Out of Band Emissions / Band Edge	20 dBc in any 100 kHz BW		C
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	< 8 dBm/3 kHz		C
15.247(d) 15.205 15.209	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	FCC Part 15.209 limits (Reference to section 3.5)	Radiated	C Note 3
15.207	AC Power-Line Conducted Emissions	FCC Part 15.207 limits (Reference to section 3.6)	AC Line Conducted	NA Note 4
15.203	Antenna Requirements	FCC Part 15.203 (Reference to section 4)	-	C

Note 1: **C**=Comply **NC**=Not Comply **NT**=Not Tested **NA**=Not Applicable

Note 2: For radiated emission tests below 30 MHz were performed on semi-anechoic chamber which is correlated with OATS.

Note 3: This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 4: This device is installed in a car. Therefore the power source is a battery of car.

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedures described in the ANSI C63.10-2013 and the guidance provided in KDB558074 D01v05r02 were used in measurement of the EUT.

The EUT was tested per the guidance of KDB558074 D01v05r02. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing.

4.1 EUT configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

4.2 EUT exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

4.3 General test procedures

Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB558074 D01v05r02.

So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector

Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB558074 D01v05r02. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10 as stated on section 12.1 of the KDB558074 D01V05R02.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axes.

4.4 Description of test modes

The EUT has been tested with all modes of operating conditions to determine the worst case emission characteristics.

A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode.

Operation test setup for EUT

- Test Software Version: Tera Term
- Power setting: 1 (Default)

5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

6.1 Facilities

DT&C Co., Ltd.		
The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The test site complies with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014. **- FCC & ISED MRA Designation No. : KR0034** **- ISED#: 5740A**		
www.dtnc.net		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

6.2 Equipment

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, loop, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.
Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.
All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, “Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods.”

7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

7.1 According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

The antenna is permanently attached on the device.
Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

7.2 Directional antenna gain:

Bands	**SISO**
	Antenna Gain [dBi]
2.4 GHz	2.13

8. TEST RESULT

8.1 6 dB bandwidth

▣ Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

▣ Test Configuration:

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

▣ Test Procedure

- **KDB558074 D01v05r02 - Section 8.2**
- **ANSI C63.10-2013 – Section 11.8.2**

Option 2

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
5. Sweep = **Auto couple**.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level in the fundamental emission.

▣ Test Results: Comply

Test Mode	Frequency	Test Results[MHz]
TM 1	2 412	9.04
	2 437	9.07
	2 462	9.10
TM 2	2 412	16.29
	2 437	16.31
	2 462	16.32
TM 3	2 412	17.17
	2 437	17.07
	2 462	17.31
TM 4	2 422	35.80
	2 437	35.49
	2 452	35.65

▣ RESULT PLOTS

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 & 2 412

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 & 2 437

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 & 2 462

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 & 2 412

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 & 2 437

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 & 2 462

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 3 & 2 412

6 dB Bandwidth

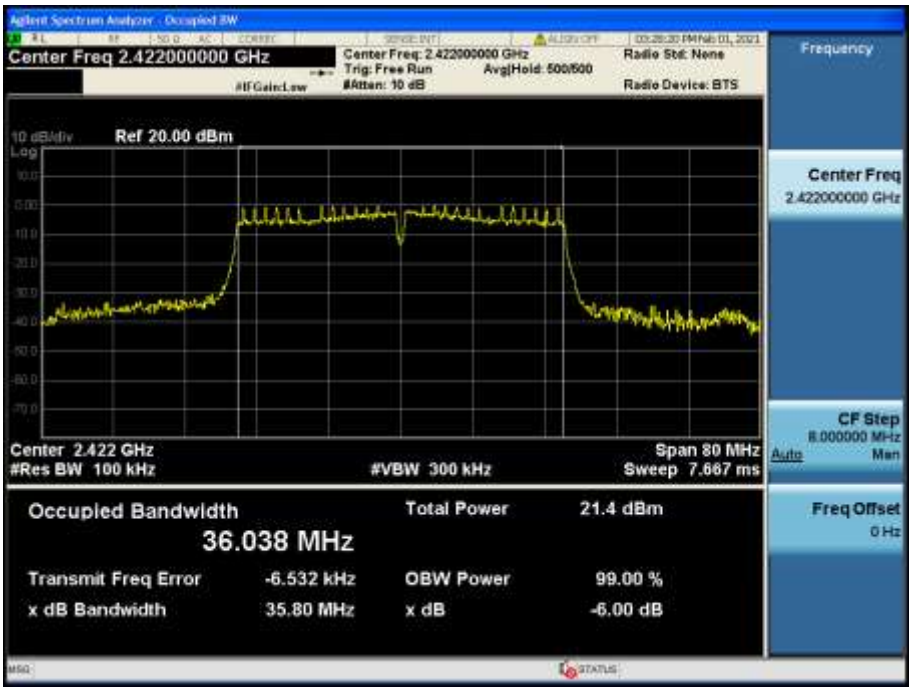
TM 3 & 2 437

6 dB Bandwidth

TM 3 & 2 462

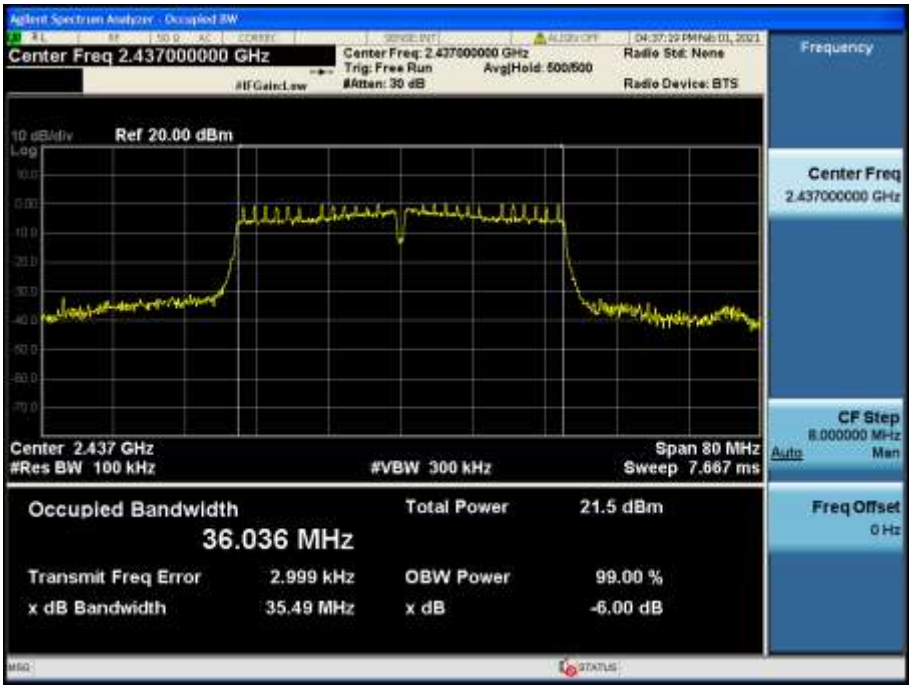
6 dB Bandwidth

TM 4 & 2 422



6 dB Bandwidth

TM 4 & 2 437



6 dB Bandwidth

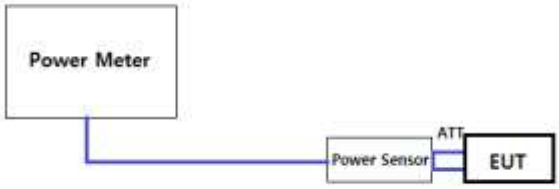
TM 4 & 2 452

8.2 Maximum peak conducted output power

▣ Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)

The maximum permissible conducted output power is **1 Watt**.

▣ Test Configuration



▣ Test Procedure

1. **PKPM1 Peak power meter method of KDB558074 D01V05R02**
   The maximum conducted output powers were measured using a broadband peak RF power meter which has greater video bandwidth than DUT's DTS bandwidth and utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

2. **Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter) of KDB558074 D01V05R02**
   The average conducted output powers were measured using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

▣ Test Results: Comply

▪ Single transmitting

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for 802.11b							
		Data Rate [Mbps]							
		1	2	5.5	11	-	-	-	-
2 412	PK	**21.65**	21.59	21.58	21.50	-	-	-	-
	AV	18.96	18.73	18.89	18.80	-	-	-	-
2 437	PK	21.63	21.56	21.49	21.60	-	-	-	-
	AV	18.93	18.88	18.77	18.80	-	-	-	-
2 462	PK	21.47	21.25	21.23	21.30	-	-	-	-
	AV	18.82	18.62	18.68	18.76	-	-	-	-

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for 802.11g							
		Data Rate [Mbps]							
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
2 412	PK	**24.90**	24.79	24.73	24.80	24.73	24.72	24.76	24.75
	AV	17.35	17.34	17.29	17.18	17.21	17.22	17.34	17.23
2 437	PK	24.22	24.15	24.08	24.17	24.00	24.14	24.11	24.19
	AV	16.51	16.49	16.38	16.47	16.37	16.31	16.46	16.31
2 462	PK	24.85	24.72	24.69	24.73	24.82	24.66	24.79	24.77
	AV	17.19	17.10	17.01	17.11	17.03	17.16	17.17	17.07

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for 802.11n(HT20)							
		Data Rate [MCS]							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2 412	PK	24.14	24.09	24.12	24.13	24.01	24.10	24.05	23.96
	AV	16.01	15.86	15.81	15.81	15.98	15.88	15.87	15.85
2 437	PK	24.23	24.07	24.07	24.00	24.07	23.99	24.10	24.13
	AV	16.17	16.08	16.14	16.09	15.97	16.12	15.96	16.05
2 462	PK	**24.54**	24.30	24.39	24.42	24.39	24.38	24.41	24.43
	AV	16.08	15.85	16.05	16.04	15.93	15.97	15.94	15.89

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for 802.11n(HT40)							
		Data Rate [MCS]							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	15
2 422	PK	23.28	23.26	23.07	23.20	23.12	23.11	23.17	23.22
	AV	14.75	14.57	14.57	14.72	14.61	14.69	14.56	14.73
2 437	PK	**23.51**	23.50	23.45	23.30	23.38	23.47	23.32	23.27
	AV	14.70	14.67	14.55	14.48	14.65	14.46	14.63	14.60
2 452	PK	23.32	23.31	23.21	23.23	23.18	23.29	23.24	23.12
	AV	14.72	14.49	14.57	14.57	14.51	14.68	14.54	14.70

8.3 Maximum power spectral density

▣ Test requirements and limit, §15.247(e)

The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

▣ Test Configuration:

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

▣ Test Procedure

- **KDB558074 D01v05r02 - Section 8.4**
- **ANSI C63.10-2013 – Section 11.10.2**

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to **1.5 times** the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to : **3 kHz** ≤ RBW ≤ **100 kHz**
4. Set the VBW ≥ **3 x RBW**
5. Detector = **Peak**
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**
7. Trace mode = **Max hold.**
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the **peak marker function** to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

▣ Test Results: Comply

Test Mode	Frequency	RBW	PK PSD [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
TM 1	2 412	3 kHz	-4.91	8.00
	2 437	3 kHz	-4.92	8.00
	2 462	3 kHz	-4.62	8.00
TM 2	2 412	3 kHz	-7.09	8.00
	2 437	3 kHz	-7.48	8.00
	2 462	3 kHz	-7.24	8.00
TM 3	2 412	3 kHz	-7.86	8.00
	2 437	3 kHz	-6.00	8.00
	2 462	3 kHz	-7.77	8.00
TM 3	2 422	3 kHz	-12.15	8.00
	2 437	3 kHz	-12.77	8.00
	2 452	3 kHz	-12.17	8.00

▣ RESULT PLOTS

Maximum PSD

TM 1 & 2 412

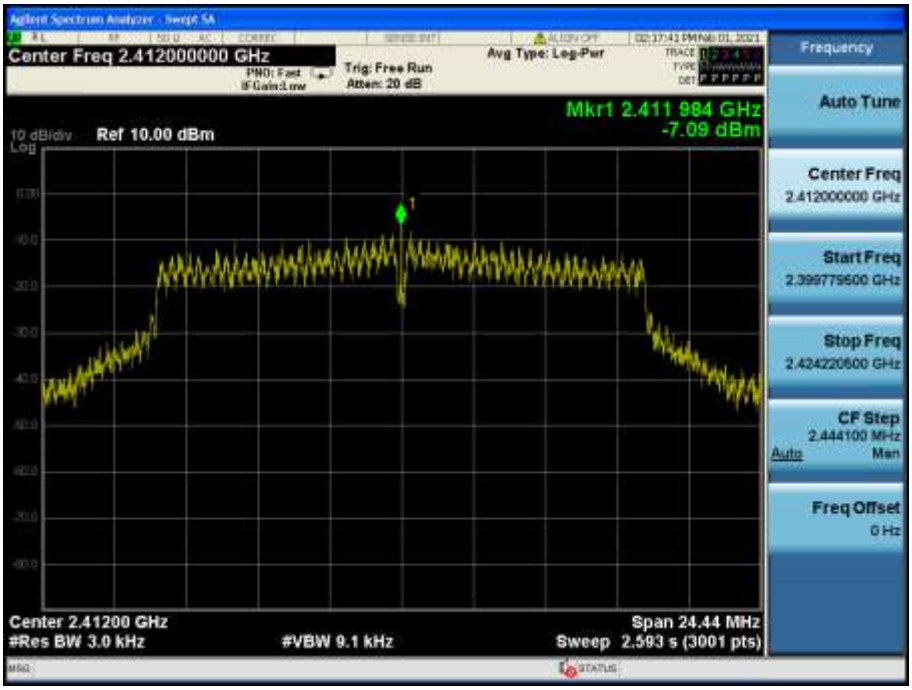
Maximum PSD

TM 1 & 2 437

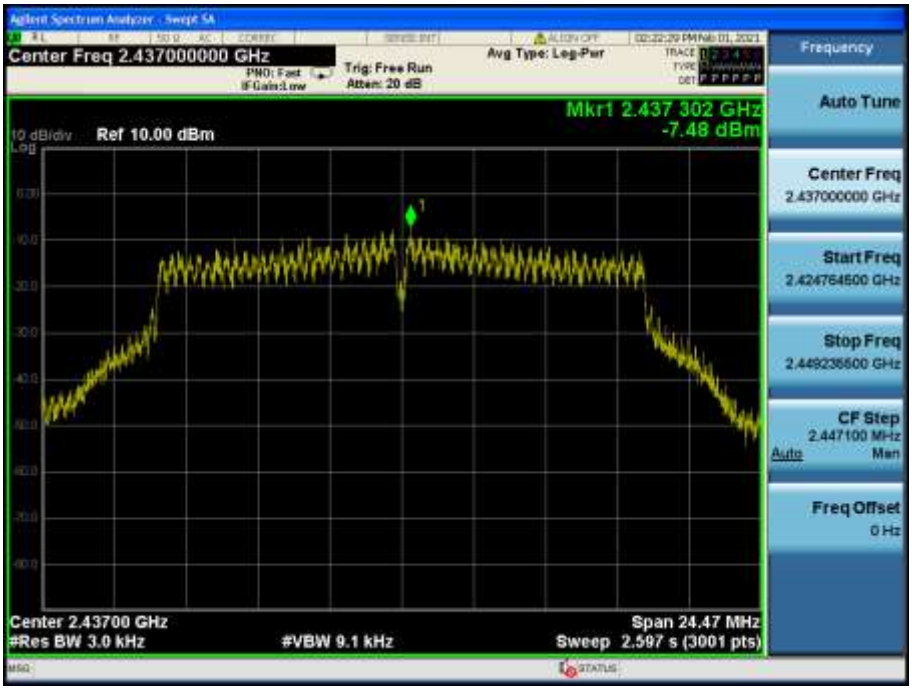
Maximum PSD

TM 1 & 2 462

Maximum PSD TM 2 & 2 412



Maximum PSD TM 2 & 2 437

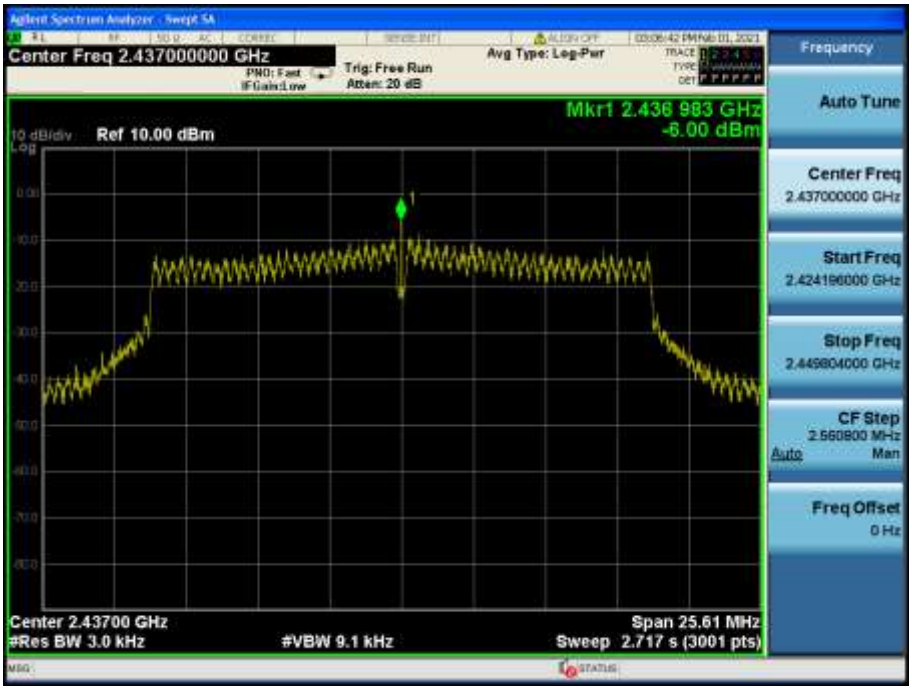


Maximum PSD

TM 2 & 2 462

Maximum PSD TM 3 & 2 412

Maximum PSD TM 3 & 2 437

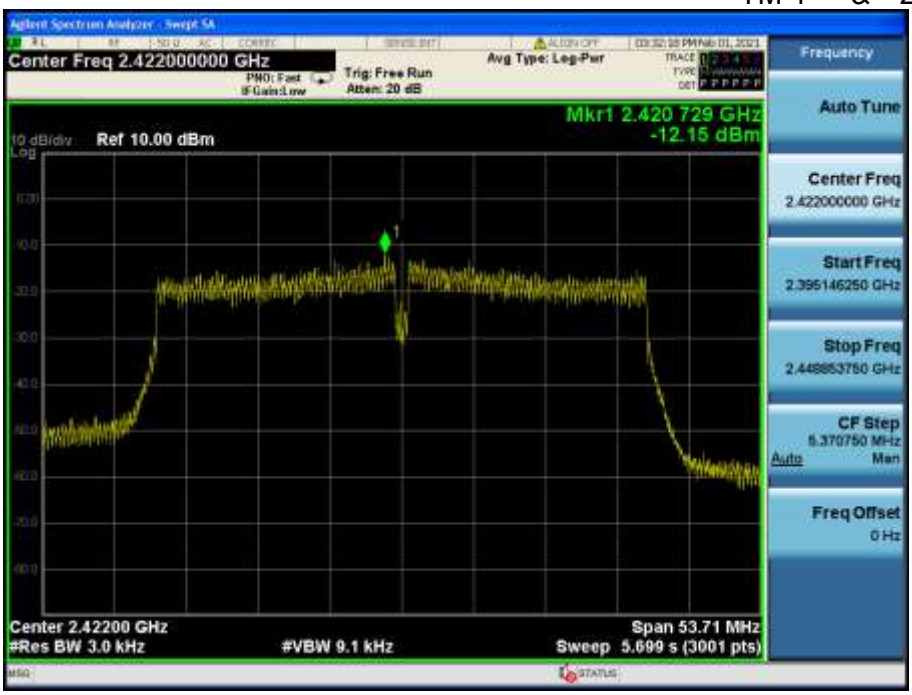


Maximum PSD

TM 3 & 2 462

Maximum PSD

TM 4 & 2 422



Maximum PSD

TM 4 & 2 437

Maximum PSD

TM 4 & 2 452

8.4 Out of band emissions at the band edge / conducted spurious emissions

▣ Test requirements and limit, §15.247(d)

§15.247(d) specifies that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:
If **the peak output power procedure** is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated **by at least 20 dB** relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.
If the average output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the power in any 100 kHz outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum measured in band average PSD level.
In either case, attenuation to levels below the general emission limits specified in **§15.209(a)** is not required.

▣ Test Configuration:

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

▣ Test Procedure

- **KDB558074 D01v05r02 - Section 8.5**
- **ANSI C63.10-2013 – Section 11.11**

Reference level measurement

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW = **100 kHz.**
4. Set the VBW ≥ **3 x RBW.**
5. Detector = **Peak.**
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple.**
7. Trace mode = **Max hold.**
8. **Allow trace to fully stabilize.**
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
2. Set the RBW = **100 kHz. (Actual 1 MHz, See below note)**
3. Set the VBW ≥ **3 x RBW. (Actual 3 MHz, See below note)**
4. Detector = **Peak**.
5. Ensure that the number of measurement points ≥ Span / RBW.
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple.**
7. Trace mode = **Max hold.**
8. **Allow the trace to stabilize.** (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span)
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Note: The conducted spurious emission was tested with below settings.
Frequency range: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, Sweep time = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace = Max hold, Sweep points: 40 001
Frequency range: 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz, 10 GHz ~ 25 GHz
RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, Sweep time = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace = Max hold, Sweep points: 40 001

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2 001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

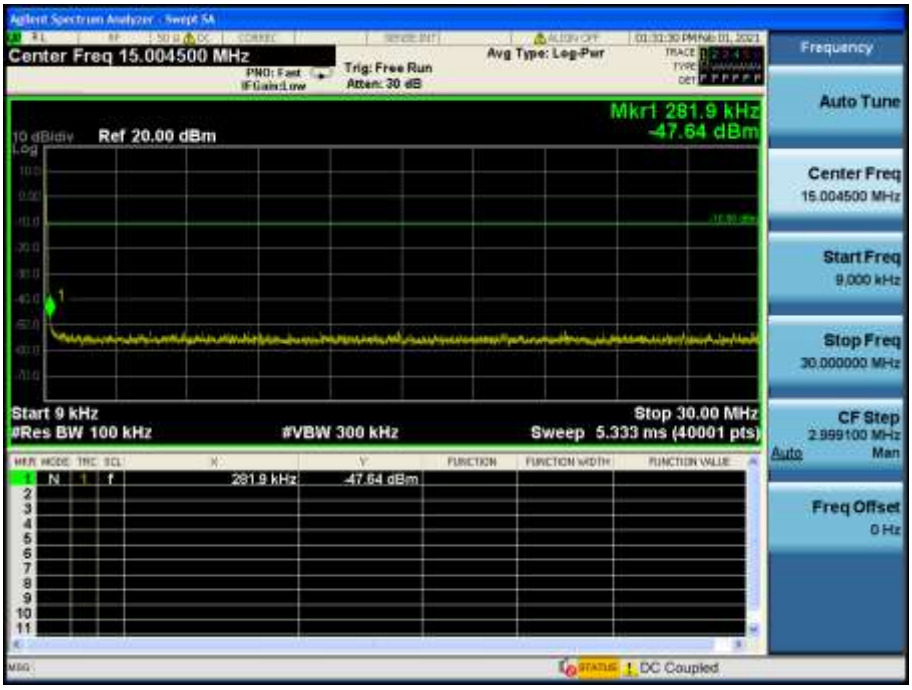
▣ RESULT PLOTS

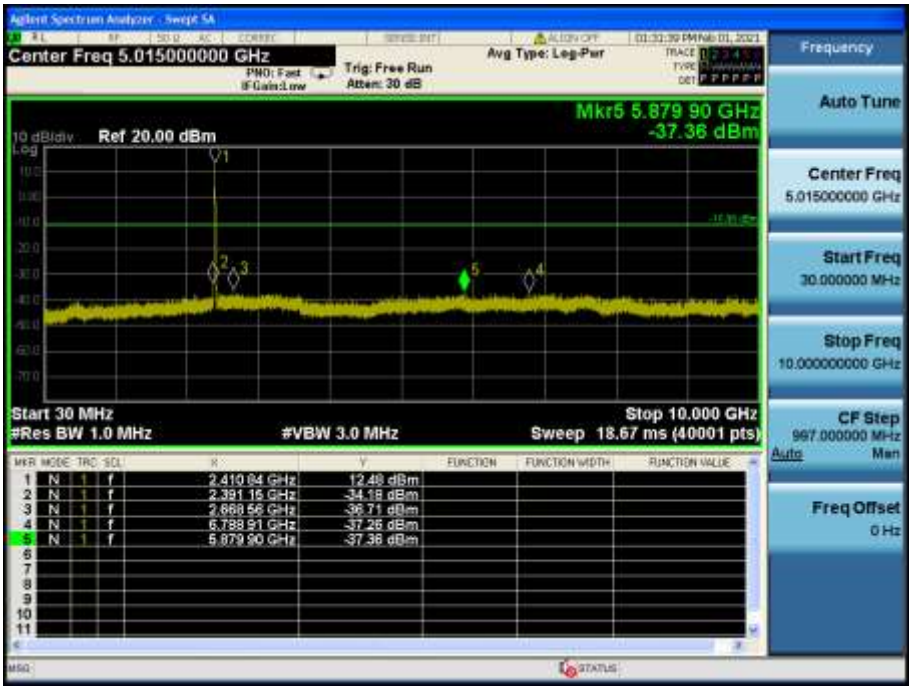
TM 1 & 2 412

Reference

Low Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions



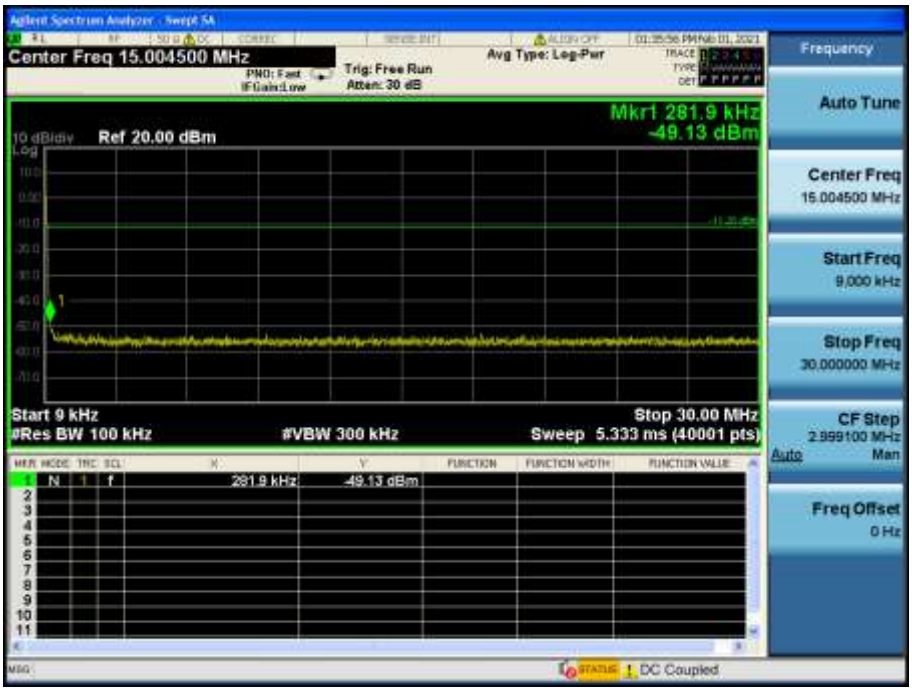


Conducted Spurious Emissions

TM 1 & 2 437

Reference

Conducted Spurious Emissions



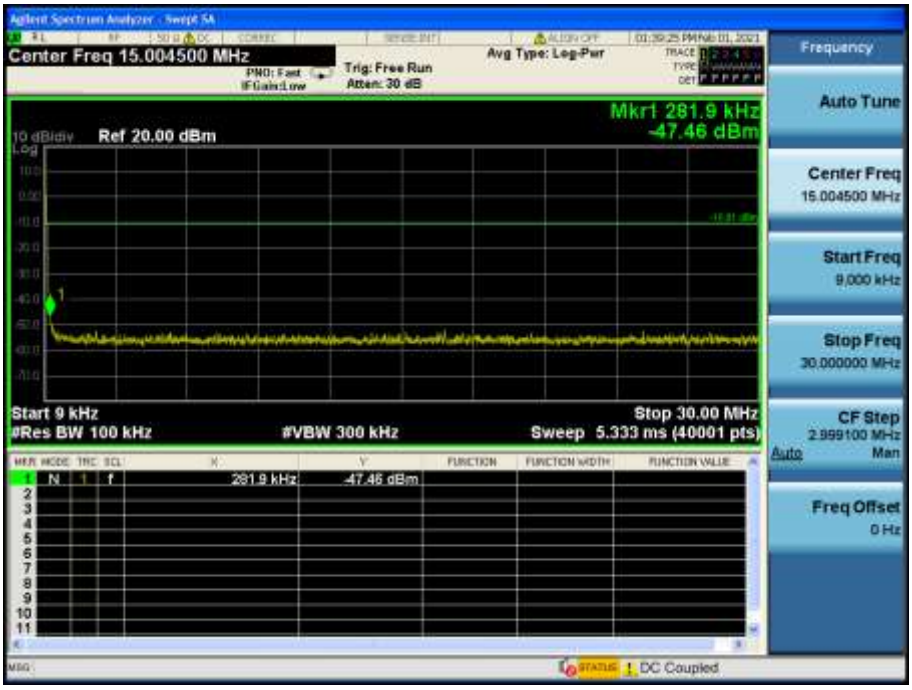
Conducted Spurious Emissions

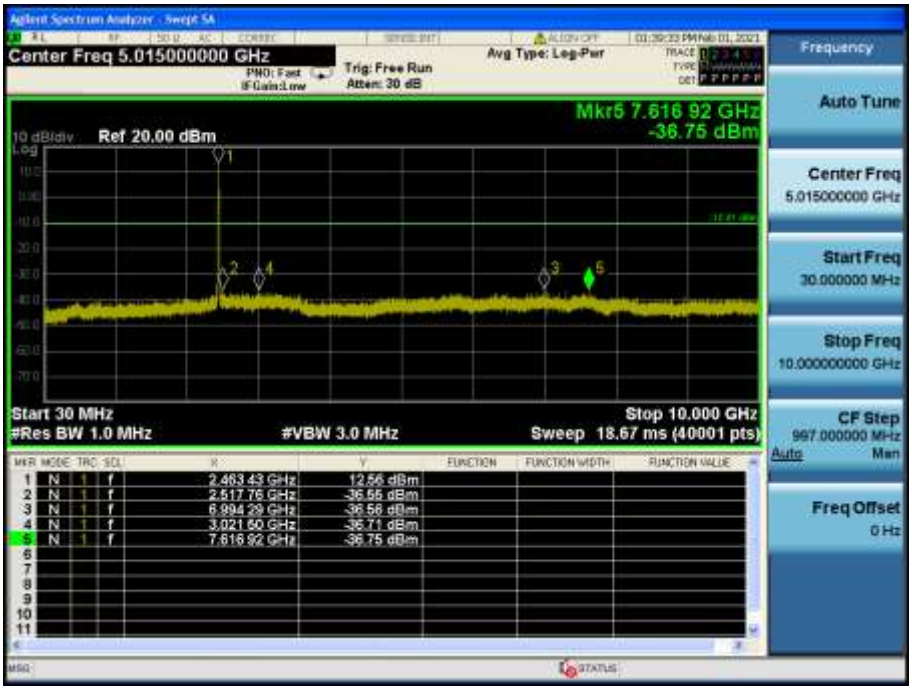
TM 1 & 2 462

Reference

High Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions





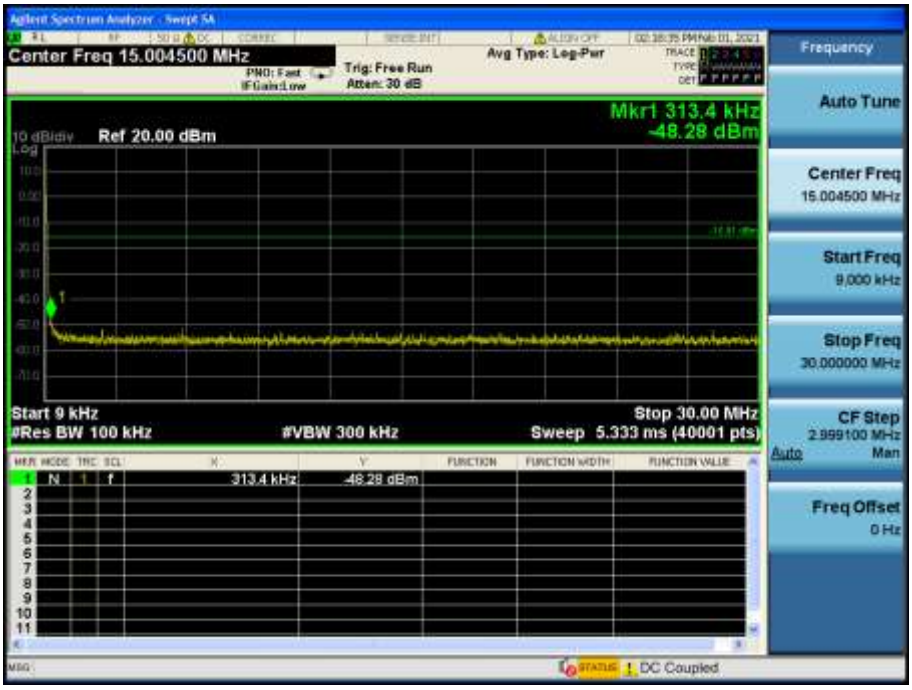
Conducted Spurious Emissions

TM 2 & 2 412

Reference

Low Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions

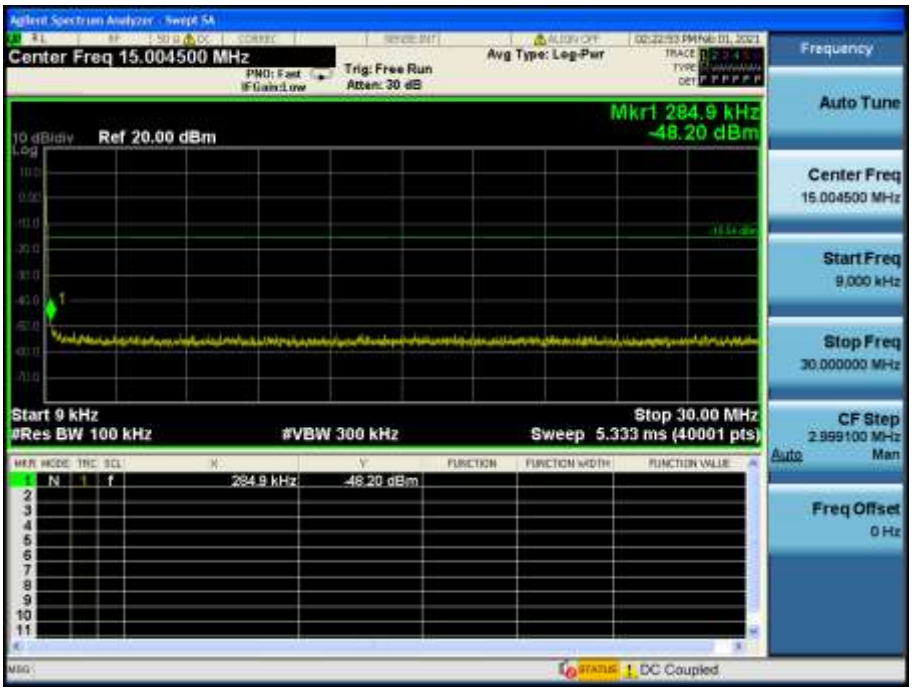


Conducted Spurious Emissions

TM 2 & 2 437

Reference

Conducted Spurious Emissions



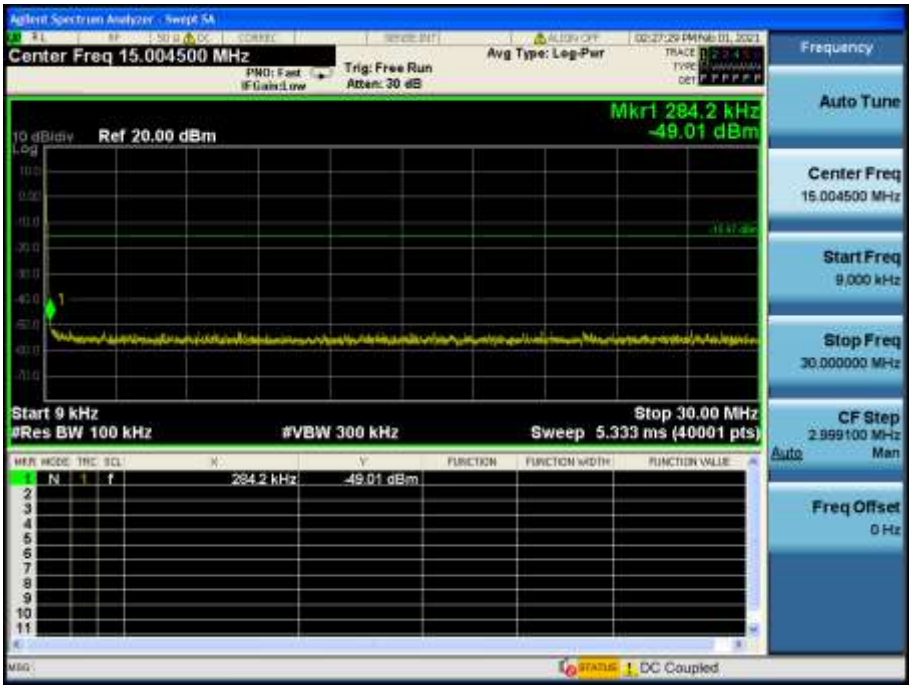
Conducted Spurious Emissions

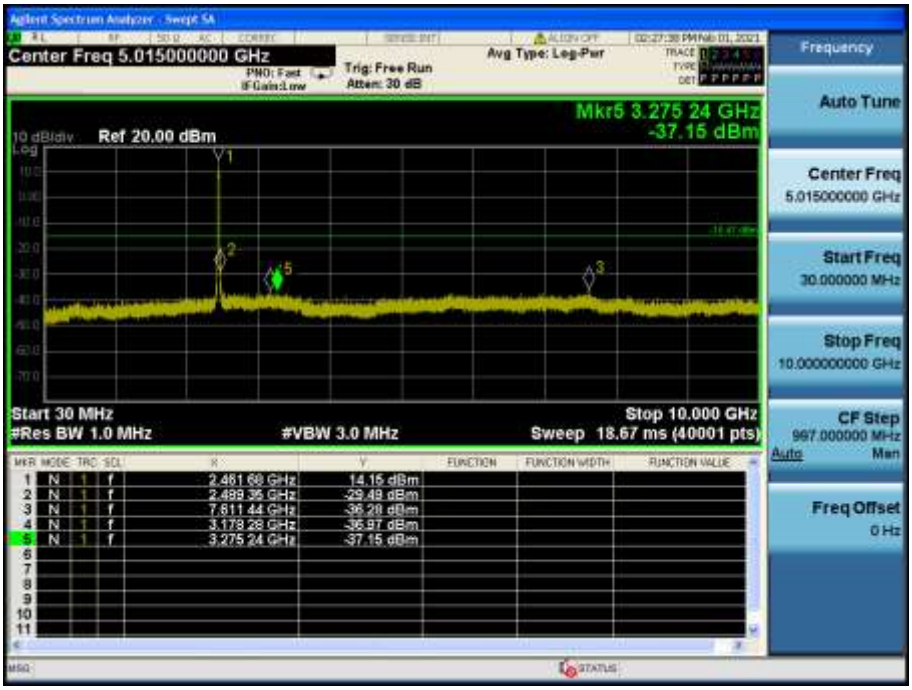
TM 2 & 2 462

Reference

High Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions





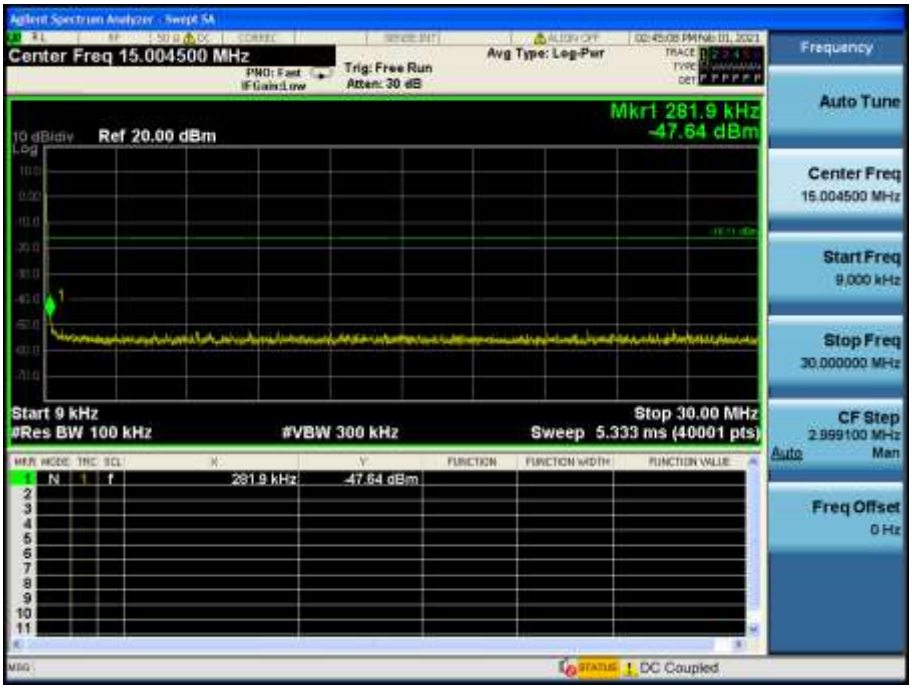
Conducted Spurious Emissions

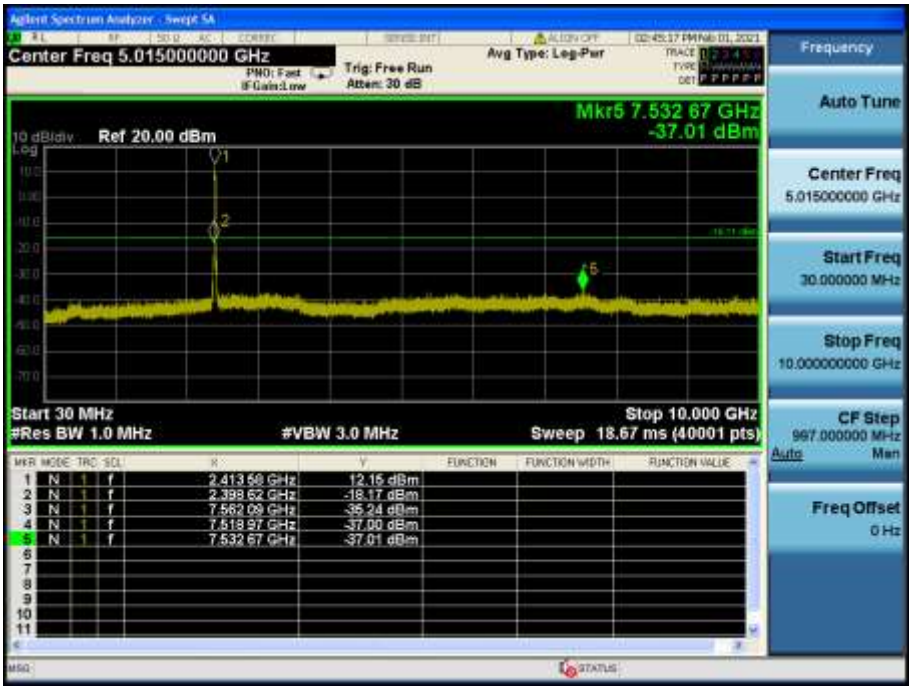
TM 3 & 2 412

Reference

Low Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions



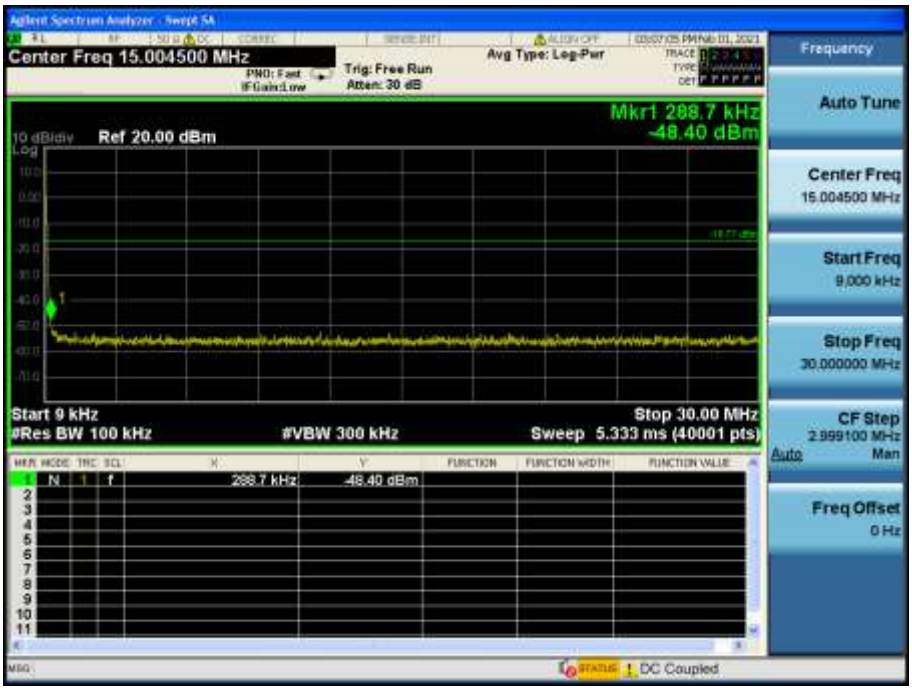


Conducted Spurious Emissions

TM 3 & 2 437

Reference

Conducted Spurious Emissions



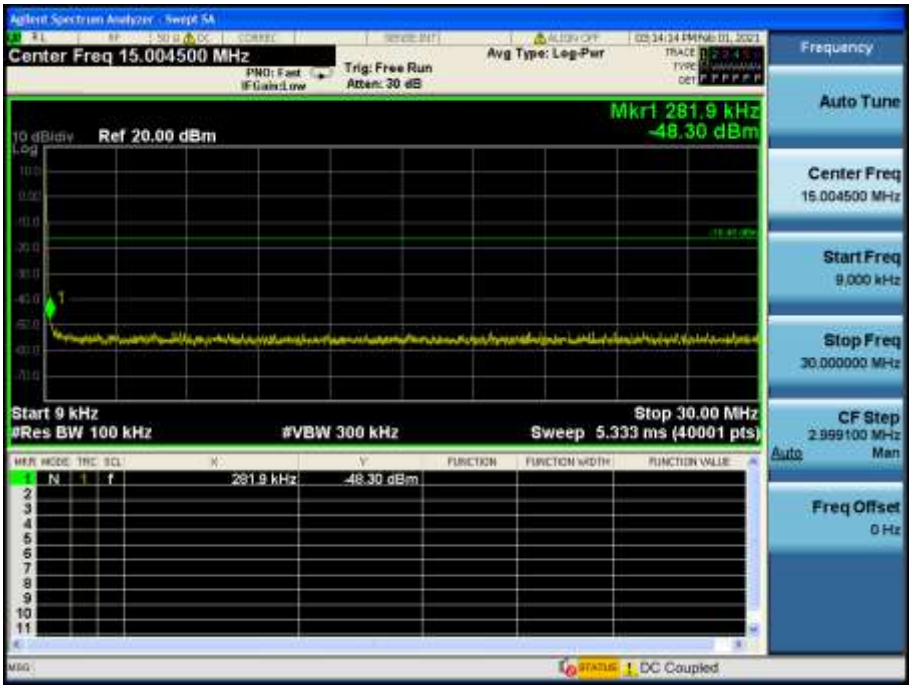
Conducted Spurious Emissions

TM 3 & 2 462

Reference

High Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions



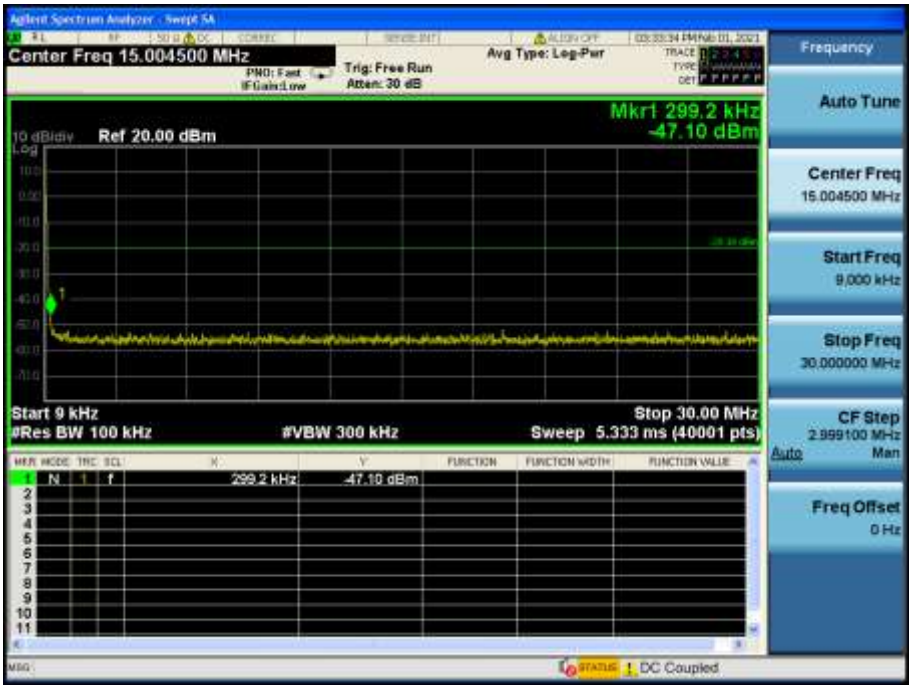
Conducted Spurious Emissions

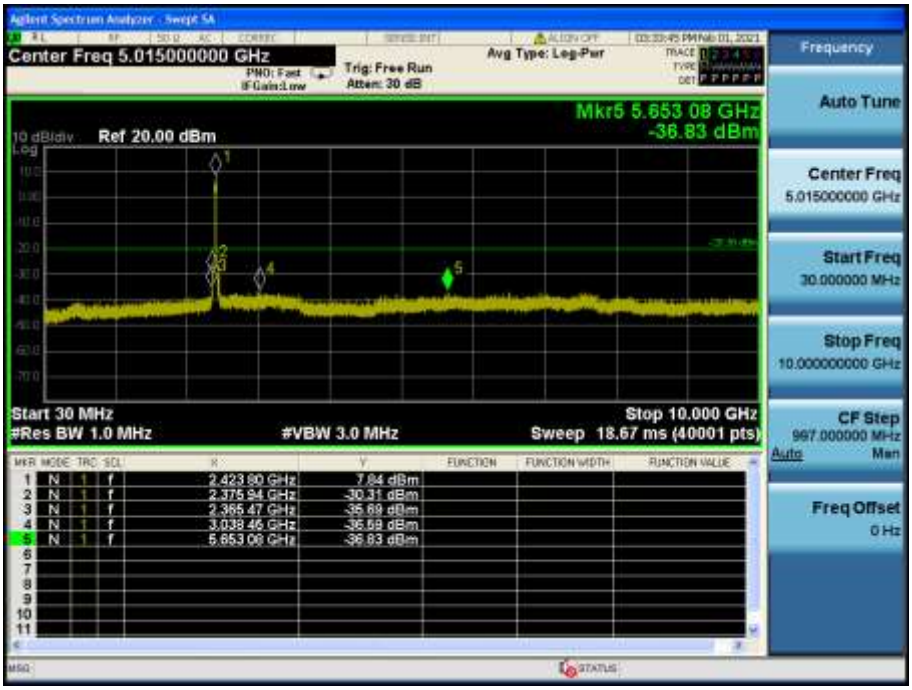
TM 4 & 2 422

Reference

Low Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions



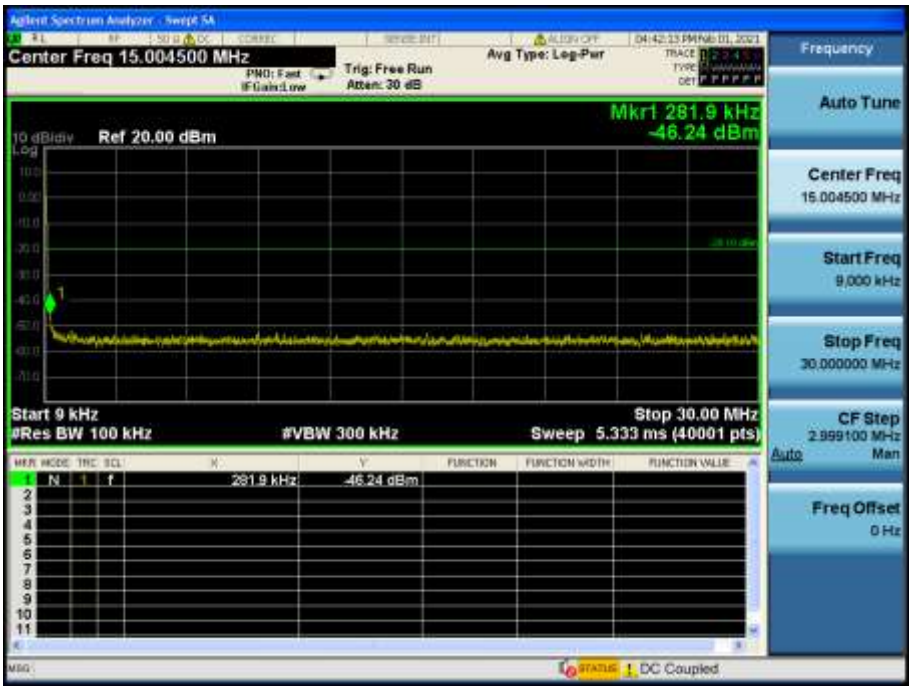


Conducted Spurious Emissions

TM 4 & 2 437

Reference

Conducted Spurious Emissions



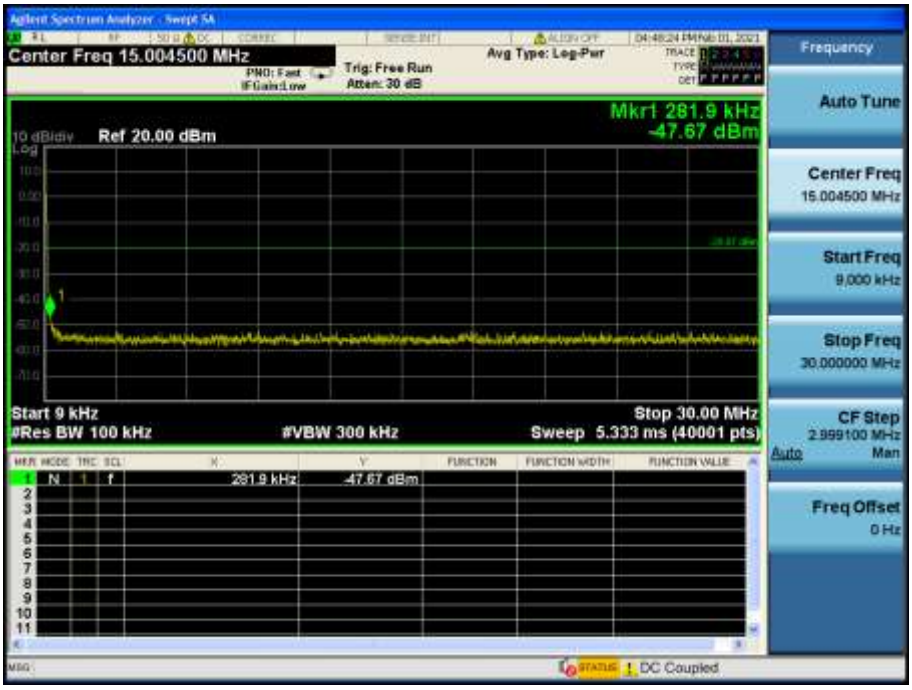
Conducted Spurious Emissions

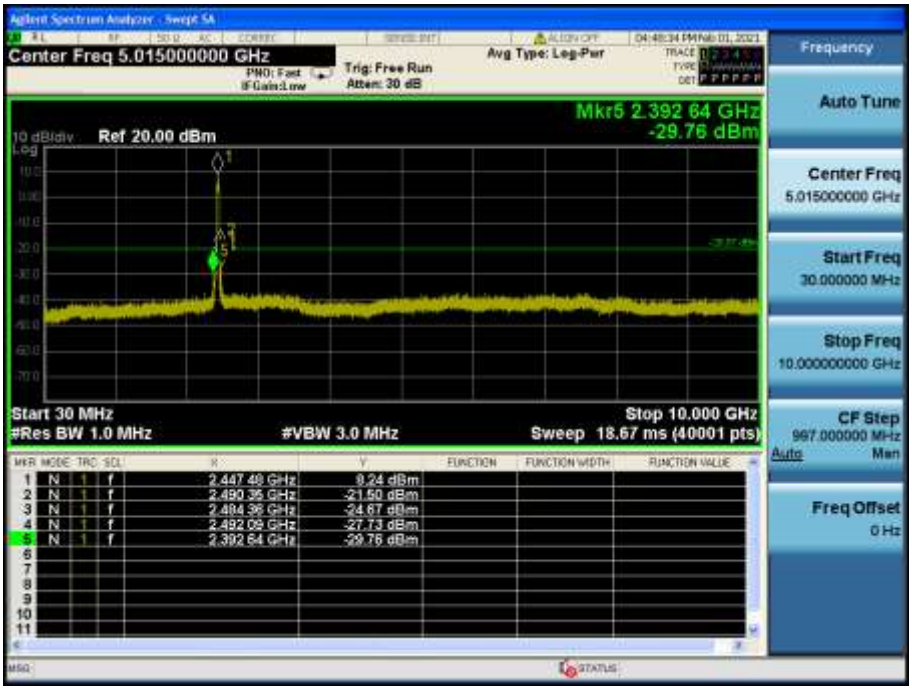
TM 4 & 2 452

Reference

High Band-edge

Conducted Spurious Emissions





Conducted Spurious Emissions

8.5 Radiated spurious emissions

▣ **Test Requirements and limit,**

Part 15.247(d), Part 15.205, Part 15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of Part 15.247 the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

- Part 15.209

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2 400 / F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	2 4000 / F (kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

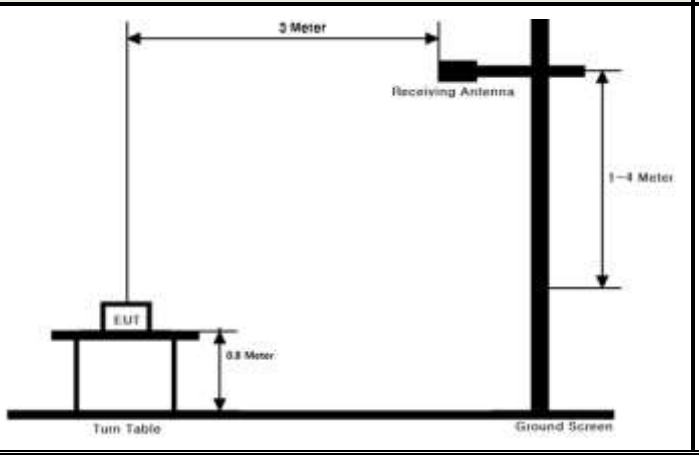
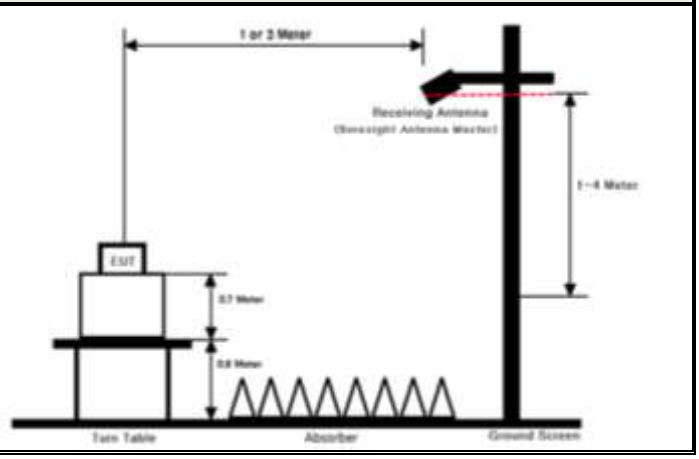
Frequency (MHz)	FCC Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

- Part 15.205(a): Restricted band of operation

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~ 12.52025	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.57675 ~ 12.57725	156.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	16.42 ~ 16.423	156.7 ~ 156.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	25.5 ~ 25.67	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	74.8 ~ 75.2	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
		960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4400		

▣ Test Configuration

Below 1 GHz	Above 1 GHz
	

▣ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, emission measurements at below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm and above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 1 m or 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

▣ Measurement Instrument Setting for Radiated Emission Measurements.

The radiated emission was tested according to the section 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 with following settings.

Peak Measurement

RBW = As specified in below table, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes.

Average Measurement:

1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
2. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
3. Detector = RMS (Number of points ≥ 2 x Span / RBW)
4. Averaging type = power. (i.e., RMS)
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
7. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is 10 log(1 / D), where D is the duty cycle.
2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is 20 log(1 / D), where D is the duty cycle.
3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Duty Cycle Correction factor

Test Mode	Date rate	T_{on}(ms)	T_{on+off} (ms)	D = T_{on} / (T_{on+off})	DCCF = 10 log(1/D) (dB)
TM 1	1 Mbps	8.610	8.705	0.9891	NA
TM 2	6 Mbps	1.428	1.530	0.9333	0.30
TM 3	MCS 0	1.336	1.359	0.9831	NA
TM 4	MCS 0	0.664	0.766	0.8668	0.62

Note1: Where, T= Transmission duration / D= Duty cycle
Note2: Please refer to the appendix I for duty cycle plots.

▣ Test Results: Comply

Please refer to next page for data table and the appendix I for worst data plots.

Test Notes.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9 kHz to 25 GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found below listed frequencies.
2. Information of Distance Correction Factor
   For finding emissions, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations.
   In this case, the distance factor is applied to the result.
   - Calculation of distance correction factor
   At frequencies below 30 MHz = 40 log(tested distance / specified distance)
   At frequencies at or above 30 MHz = 20 log(tested distance / specified distance)
   When distance factor is “N/A”, the measurements were performed at the specified distance and distance factor is not applied.
3. Sample Calculation.
   Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL + HL + AL – AG
   Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain, HL = High pass filter Loss, AL = Attenuator Loss,
   DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : TM 1

Tested Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 412	2 389.80	H	Z	PK	51.42	4.79	N/A	N/A	56.21	74.00	17.79
	2 389.99	H	Z	AV	43.11	4.79	N/A	N/A	47.90	54.00	6.10
	4 823.98	H	Z	PK	53.81	1.96	N/A	N/A	55.77	74.00	18.23
	4 823.98	H	Z	AV	45.93	1.96	N/A	N/A	47.89	54.00	6.11
2 437	4 873.78	H	Z	PK	53.97	2.06	N/A	N/A	56.03	74.00	17.97
	4 873.97	H	Z	AV	45.93	2.06	N/A	N/A	47.99	54.00	6.01
2 462	2 483.63	H	Z	PK	52.40	5.74	N/A	N/A	58.14	74.00	15.86
	2 483.71	H	Z	AV	44.95	5.74	N/A	N/A	50.69	54.00	3.31
	4 923.82	H	Z	PK	54.92	2.10	N/A	N/A	57.02	74.00	16.98
	4 923.98	H	Z	AV	48.01	2.10	N/A	N/A	50.11	54.00	3.89

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : TM 2

Tested Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 412	2 389.34	H	Z	PK	59.59	4.79	N/A	N/A	64.38	74.00	9.62
	2 389.33	H	Z	AV	45.53	4.79	0.30	N/A	50.62	54.00	3.38
	4 823.70	H	Z	PK	51.95	1.95	N/A	N/A	53.90	74.00	20.10
	4 823.93	H	Z	AV	41.15	1.96	0.30	N/A	43.41	54.00	10.59
2 437	4 874.26	H	Z	PK	51.30	2.06	N/A	N/A	53.36	74.00	20.64
	4 874.88	H	Z	AV	40.68	2.07	0.30	N/A	43.05	54.00	10.95
2 462	2 483.53	H	Z	PK	59.06	5.74	N/A	N/A	64.80	74.00	9.20
	2 483.57	H	Z	AV	44.77	5.74	0.30	N/A	50.81	54.00	3.19
	4 924.20	H	Z	PK	49.87	2.10	N/A	N/A	51.97	74.00	22.03
	4 924.72	H	Z	AV	39.69	2.10	0.30	N/A	42.09	54.00	11.91

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : TM 3

Tested Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 412	2 389.97	H	Z	PK	53.81	4.79	N/A	N/A	58.60	74.00	15.40
	2 389.79	H	Z	AV	43.16	4.79	N/A	N/A	47.95	54.00	6.05
	4 823.31	H	Z	PK	50.67	1.95	N/A	N/A	52.62	74.00	21.38
	4 824.67	H	Z	AV	40.10	1.96	N/A	N/A	42.06	54.00	11.94
2 437	4 874.19	H	Z	PK	50.56	2.06	N/A	N/A	52.62	74.00	21.38
	4 873.24	H	Z	AV	40.03	2.06	N/A	N/A	42.09	54.00	11.91
2 462	2 484.41	H	Z	PK	55.81	5.74	N/A	N/A	61.55	74.00	12.45
	2 483.54	H	Z	AV	44.42	5.74	N/A	N/A	50.16	54.00	3.84
	4 922.99	H	Z	PK	49.31	2.09	N/A	N/A	51.40	74.00	22.60
	4 923.42	H	Z	AV	39.37	2.10	N/A	N/A	41.47	54.00	12.53

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : TM 4

Tested Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 422	2 388.45	H	Z	PK	61.01	4.78	N/A	N/A	65.79	74.00	8.21
	2 389.55	H	Z	AV	46.12	4.79	0.62	N/A	51.53	54.00	2.47
	4 843.74	H	Z	PK	49.43	2.05	N/A	N/A	51.48	74.00	22.52
	4 843.98	H	Z	AV	39.68	2.05	0.62	N/A	42.35	54.00	11.65
2 437	4 873.70	H	Z	PK	50.21	2.06	N/A	N/A	52.27	74.00	21.73
	4 874.64	H	Z	AV	39.74	2.07	0.62	N/A	42.43	54.00	11.57
2 452	2 487.99	H	Z	PK	64.96	5.75	N/A	N/A	70.71	74.00	3.29
	2 483.61	H	Z	AV	46.59	5.74	0.62	N/A	52.95	54.00	1.05
	4 904.53	H	Z	PK	50.21	2.08	N/A	N/A	52.29	74.00	21.71
	4 903.63	H	Z	AV	39.69	2.08	0.62	N/A	42.39	54.00	11.61

8.6 Power-line conducted emissions

▣ Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

▣ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to the test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

▣ Test Results

N/A

▣ Result plots

N/A

9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	20/10/22	21/10/22	MY50200867
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	20/12/16	21/12/16	MY48011700
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	20/06/24	21/06/24	US47360812
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	20/06/24	21/06/24	US37473627
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B+	20/12/16	21/12/16	3630701WS
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	20/12/16	21/12/16	255571
Signal Generator	ANRITSU	MG3695C	20/12/16	21/12/16	173501
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	20/12/16	21/12/16	120612-1
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	20/12/16	21/12/16	120612-2
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	20/07/01	21/07/01	N/A
Loop Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	6502	21/01/28	23/01/28	00226186
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	20/12/16	21/12/16	3362
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	20/10/23	21/10/23	00143278
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-0118-B01-40	20/12/16	21/12/16	1852267
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-1840-J02-45	20/06/24	21/06/24	16966-10728
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	20/12/16	21/12/16	2944A07774
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-935-1000-15000-40SS	20/06/24	21/06/24	8
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2838-3300-18000-60SS	20/06/24	21/06/24	1
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX8.0/26.5-6SS	20/06/24	21/06/24	3
Attenuator	Hefei Shunze	SS5T2.92-10-40	20/06/24	21/06/24	16012202
Attenuator	SRTechnology	F01-B0606-01	20/06/24	21/06/24	13092403
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	56-3	20/06/24	21/06/24	Y2370
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	20/06/24	21/06/24	2
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	86-20-11	20/06/24	21/06/24	432
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2495A MA2490A	20/06/24	21/06/24	1306007 1249001
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Agilent Technologies	N1911A N1921A	20/06/24	21/06/24	MY53360016 MY53360018
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	21/01/08	22/01/08	G-04
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	20/12/29	21/12/29	G-07
Cable	DT&C	Cable	20/12/29	21/12/29	G-13
Cable	DT&C	Cable	20/12/29	21/12/29	G-14
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	20/12/29	21/12/29	G-15
Cable	DT&C	Cable	21/01/08	22/01/08	M-01
Cable	DT&C	Cable	21/01/08	22/01/08	M-02
Cable	DT&C	Cable	21/01/08	22/01/08	M-03
Cable	DT&C	Cable	21/01/08	22/01/08	M-07
Cable	DT&C	Cable	21/01/08	22/01/08	M-09
Cable	Radiall	TESTPRO3	21/01/05	22/01/05	RF-56
Test Software	tsj	Raidated Emission Measurement	NA	NA	Version 2.00.0177

Note 1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017
Note 2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.

APPENDIX I

Duty cycle plots

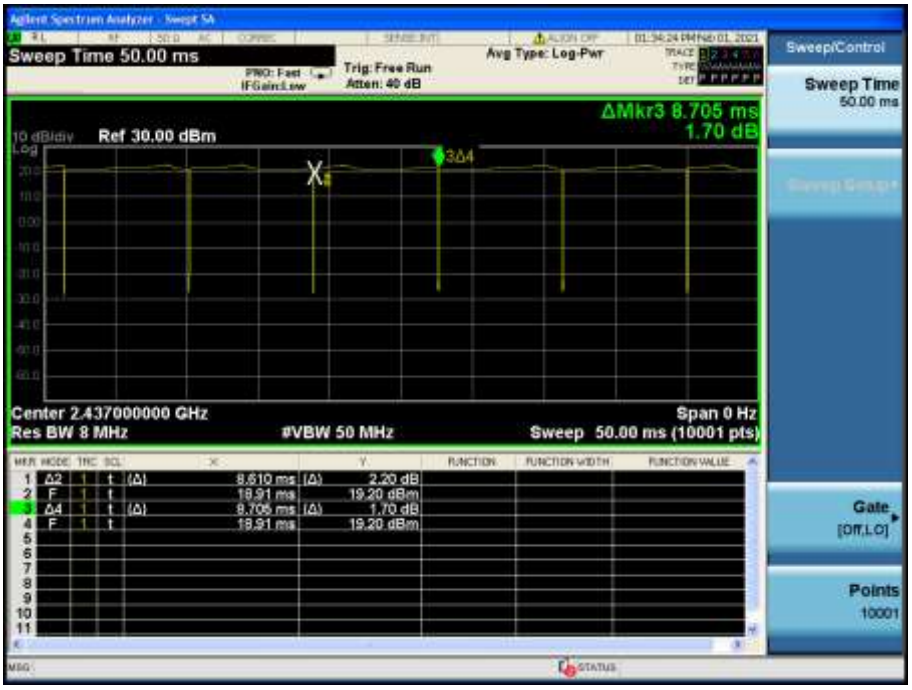
▪ Test Procedure

Duty Cycle was measured using **section 6.0 b) of KDB558074 D01v05r02 :**

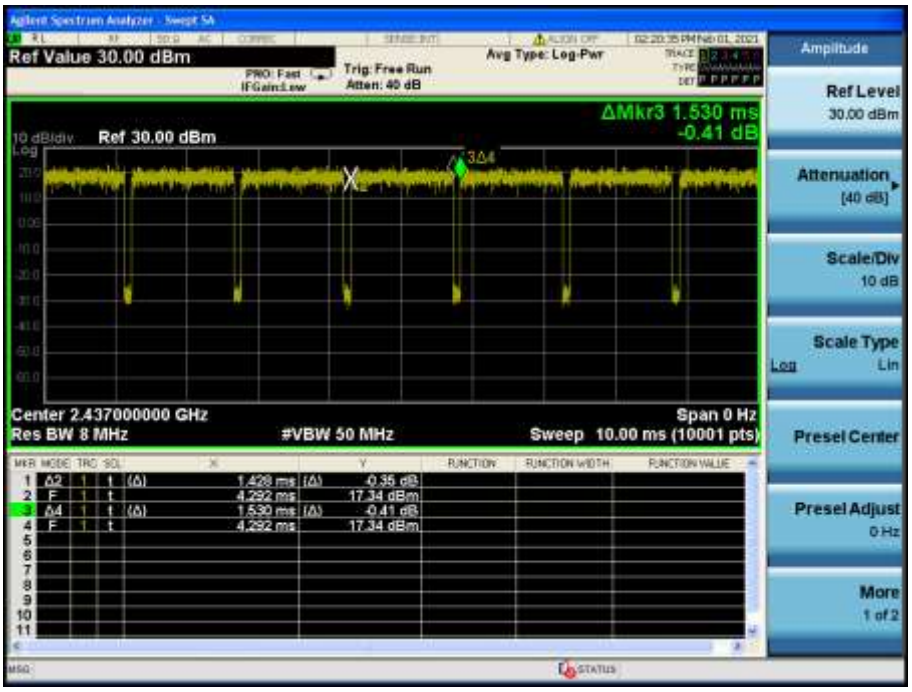
The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50 / T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

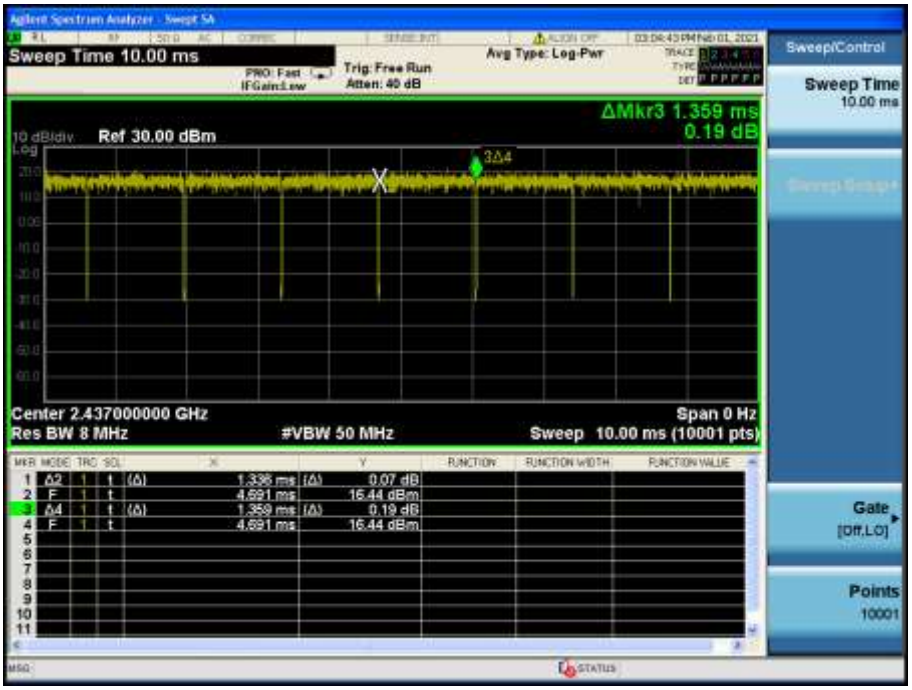
Duty Cycle TM 1 & 2 437 MHz & 1 Mbps



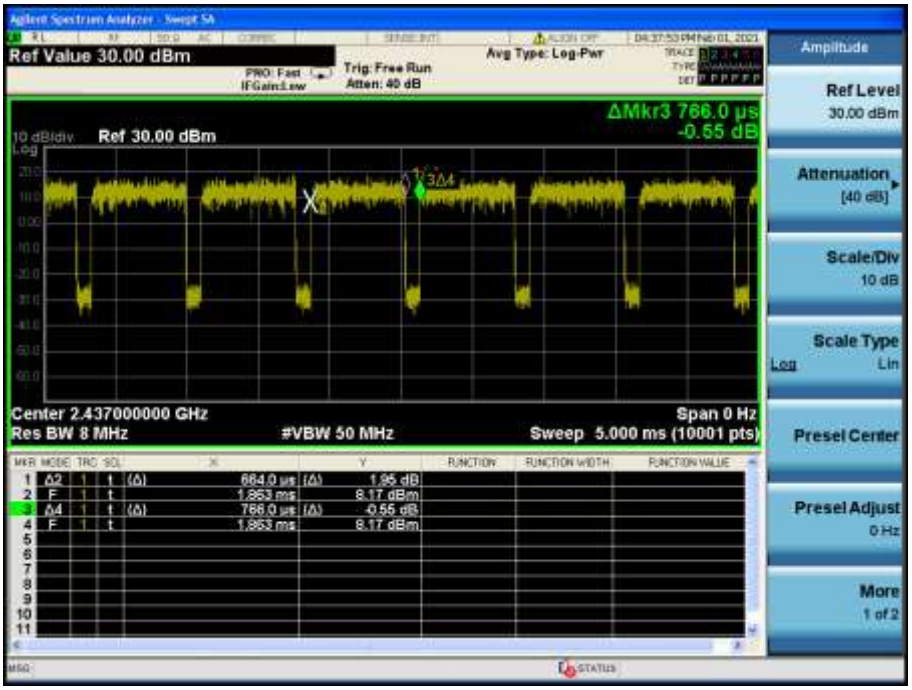
Duty Cycle TM 2 & 2 437 MHz & 54 Mbps



Duty Cycle TM 3 & 2 437 MHz & MCS 7



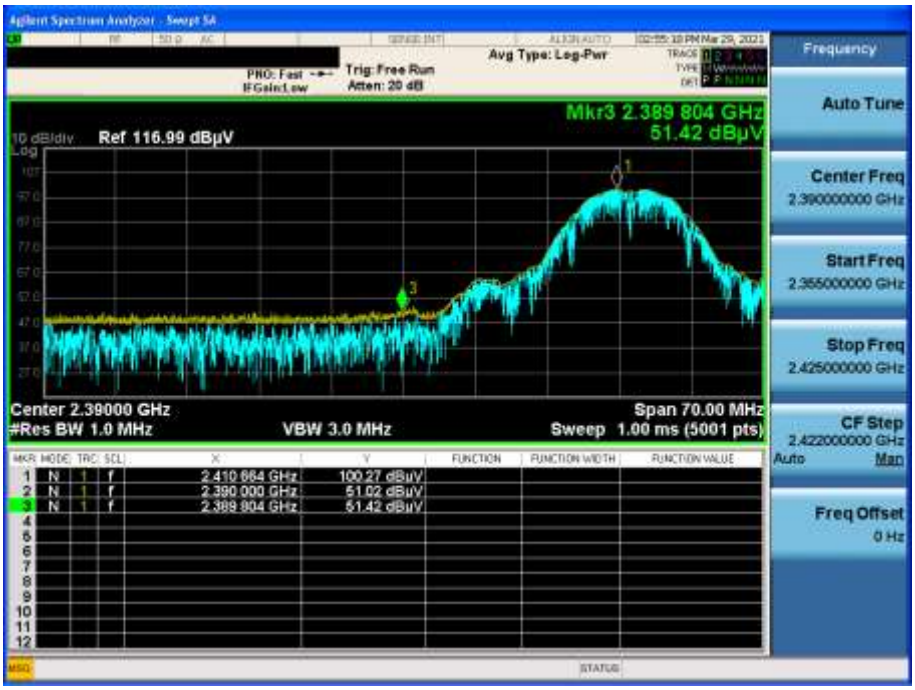
Duty Cycle TM 4 & 2 437 MHz & 5 Mbps



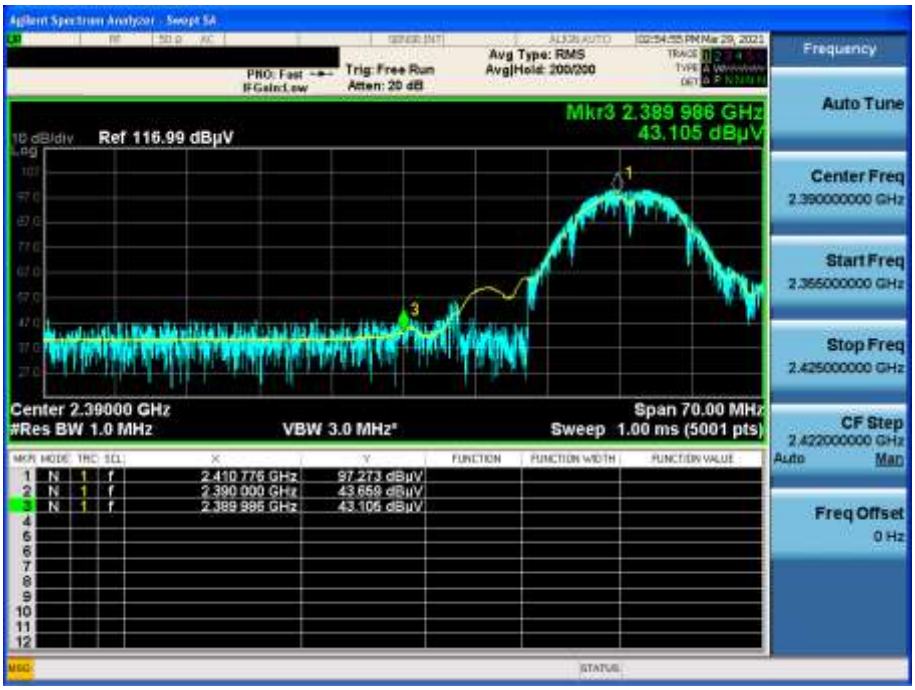
APPENDIX II

Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

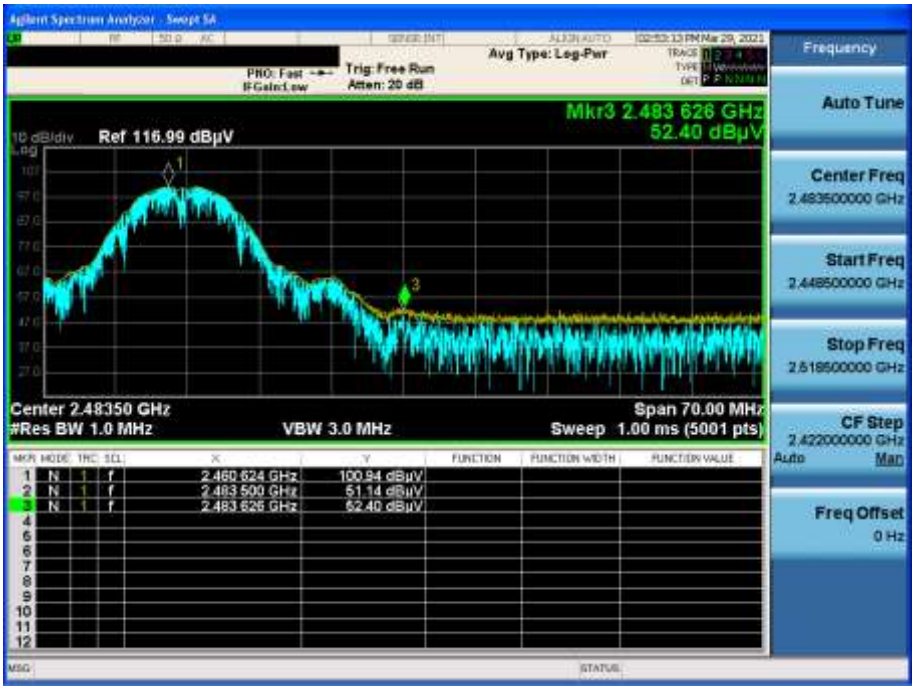
TM 1 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



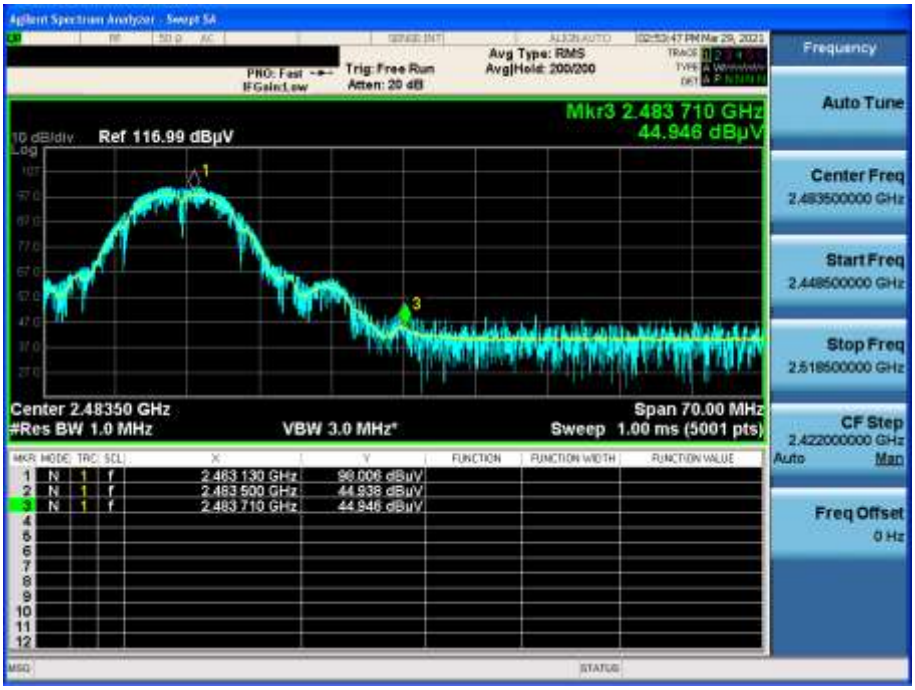
TM 1 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



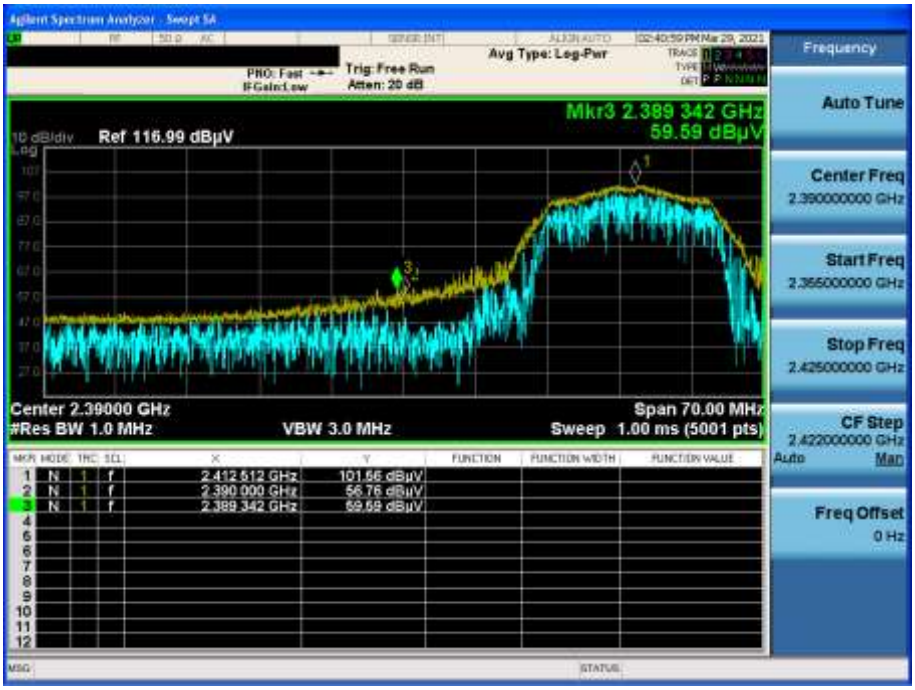
TM 1 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



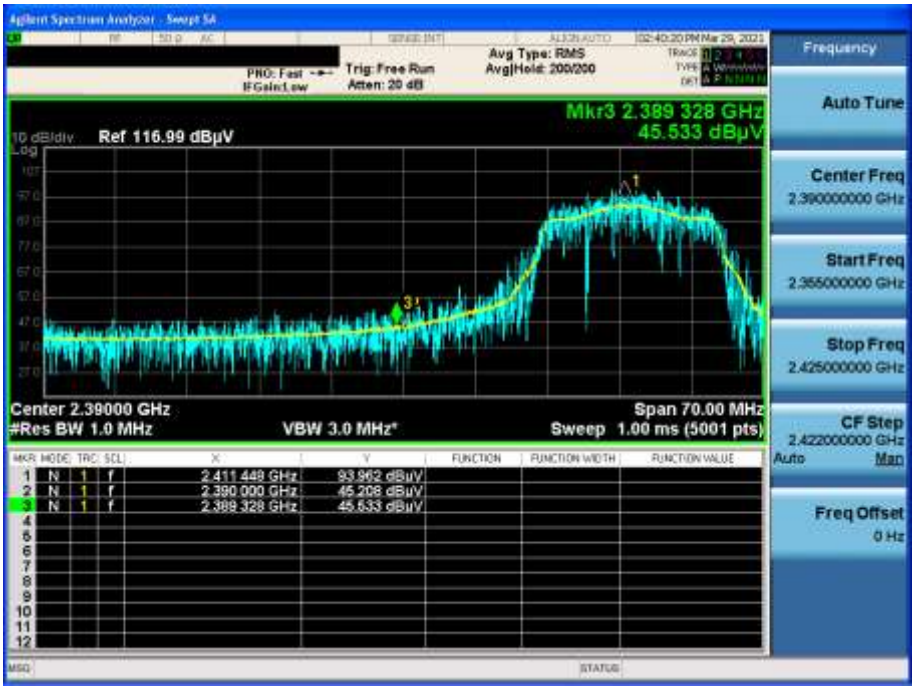
TM 1 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



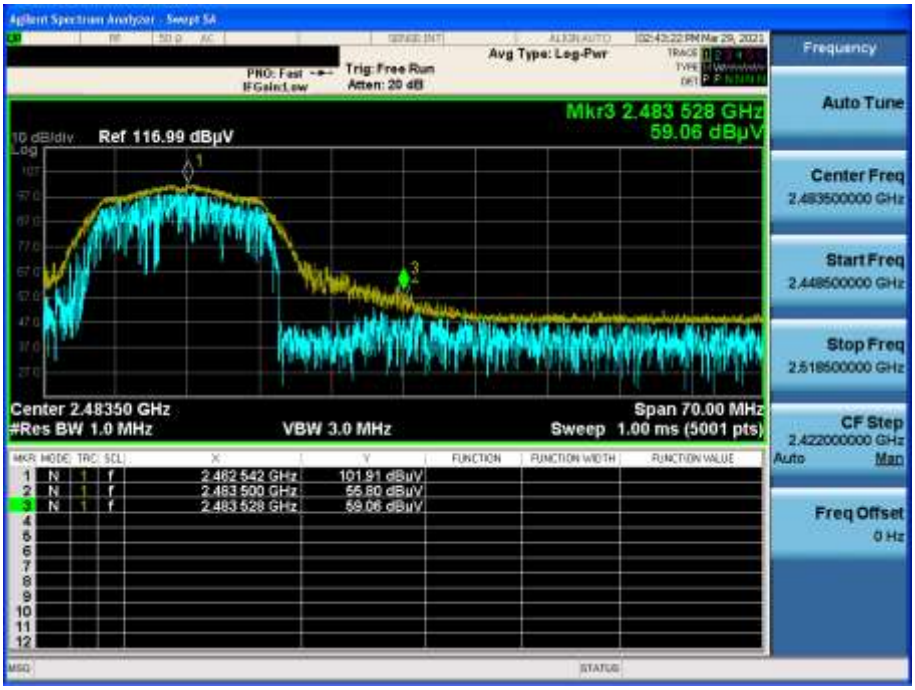
TM 2 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



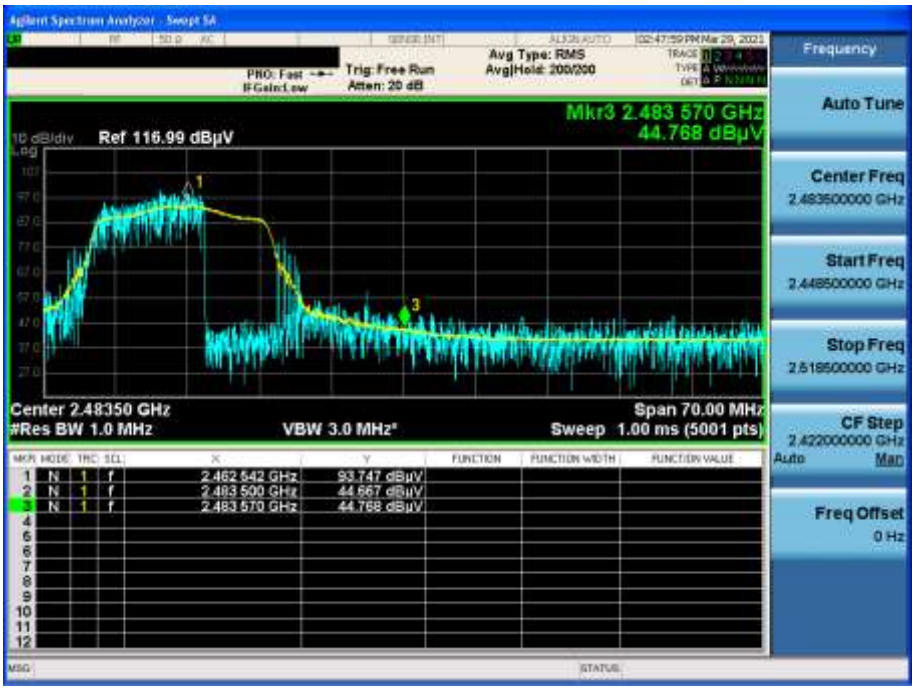
TM 2 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



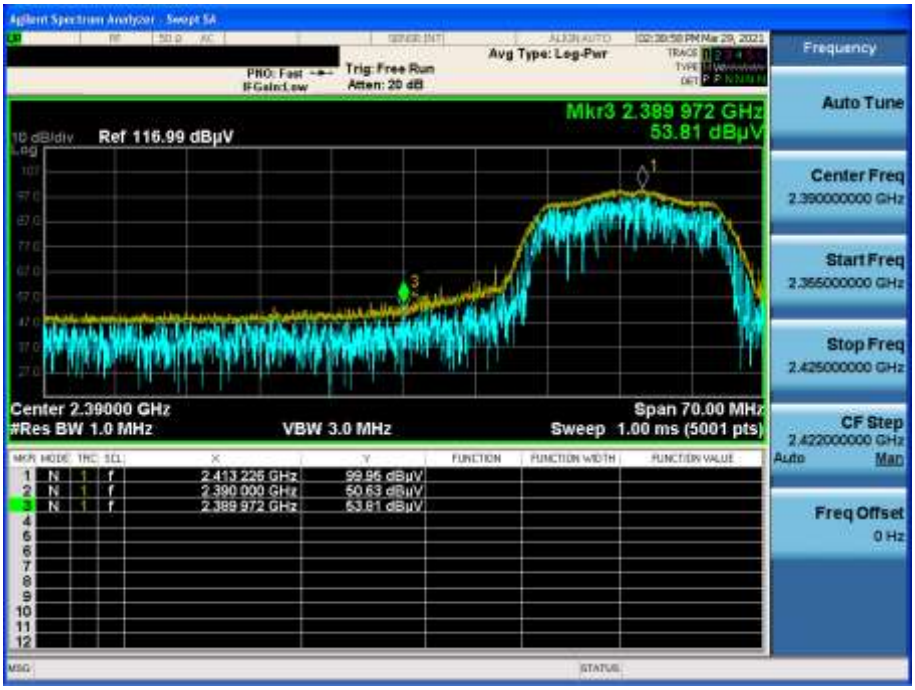
TM 2 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



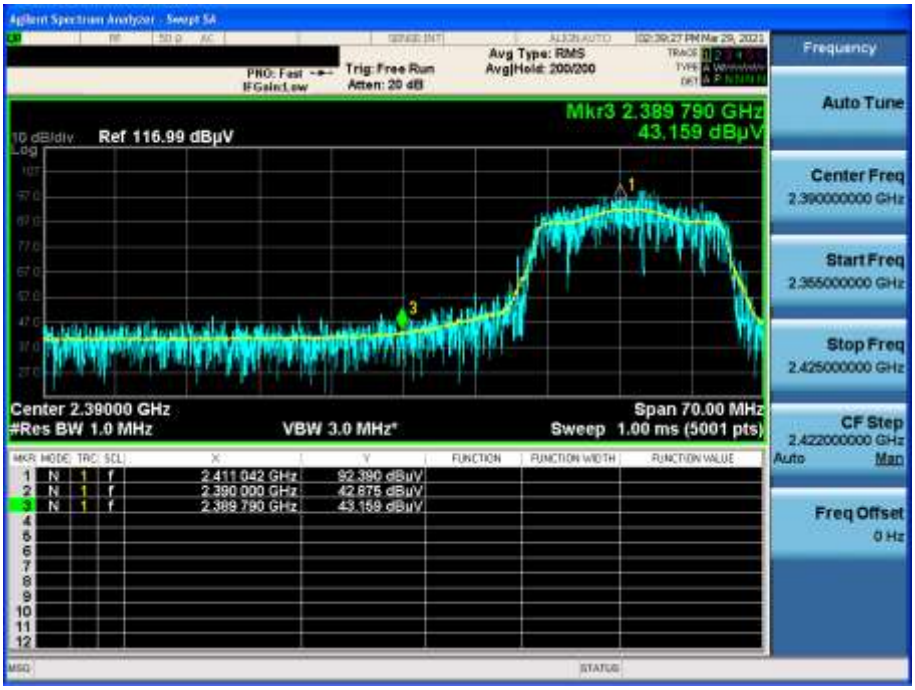
TM 2 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



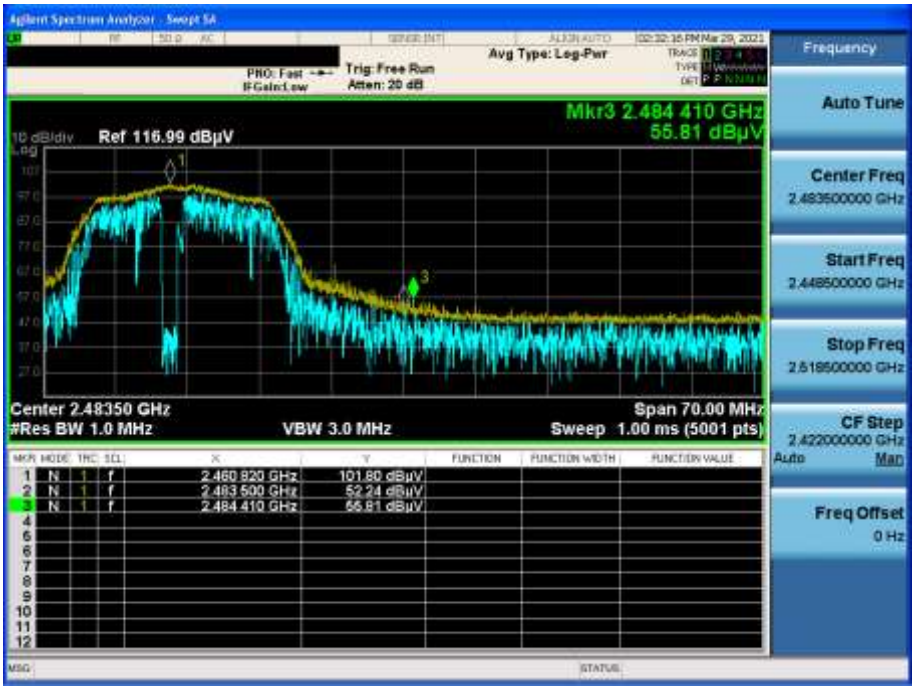
TM 3 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



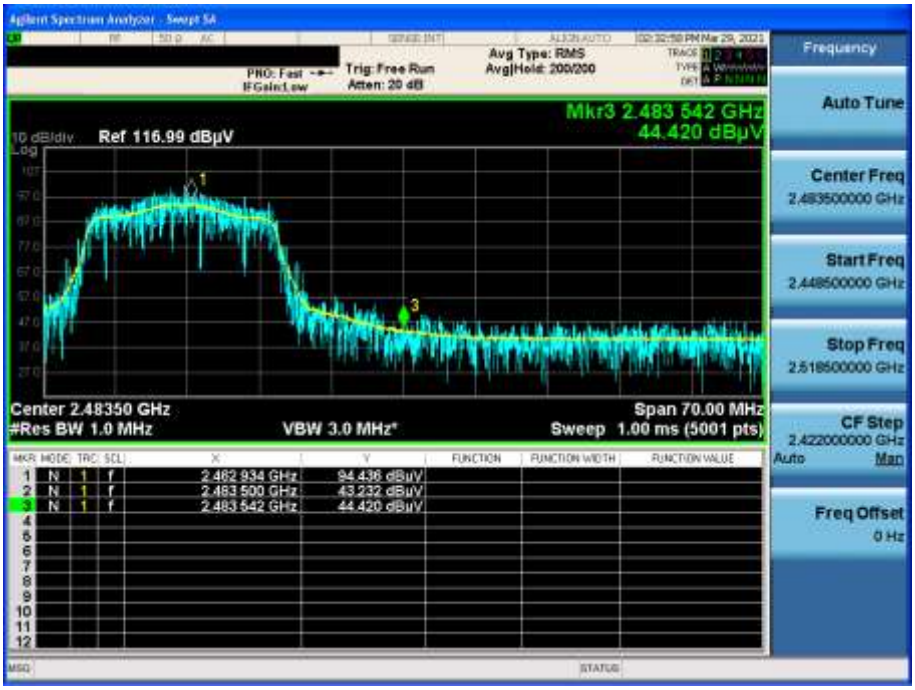
TM 3 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



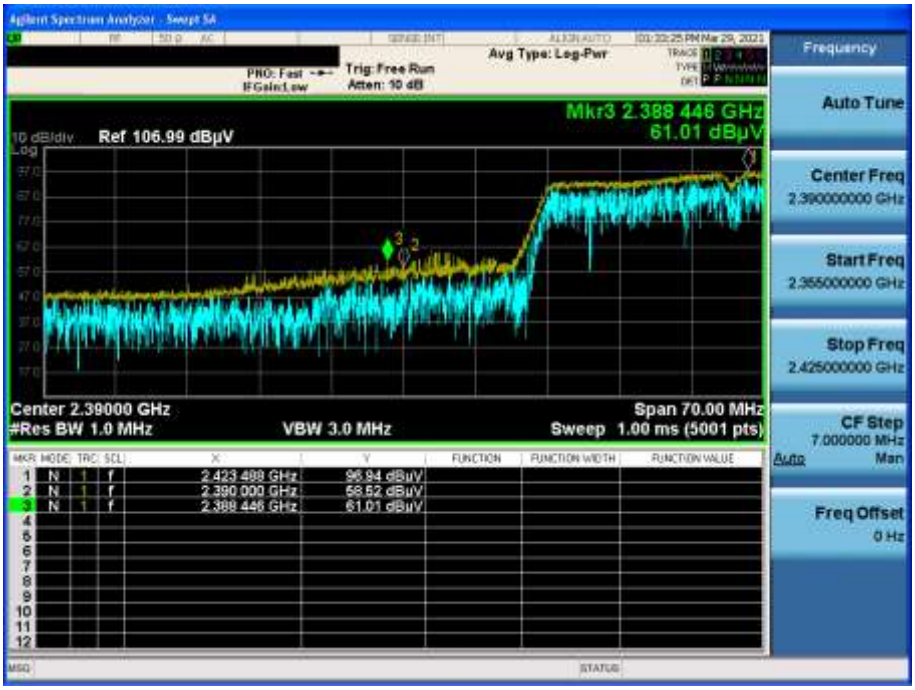
TM 3 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



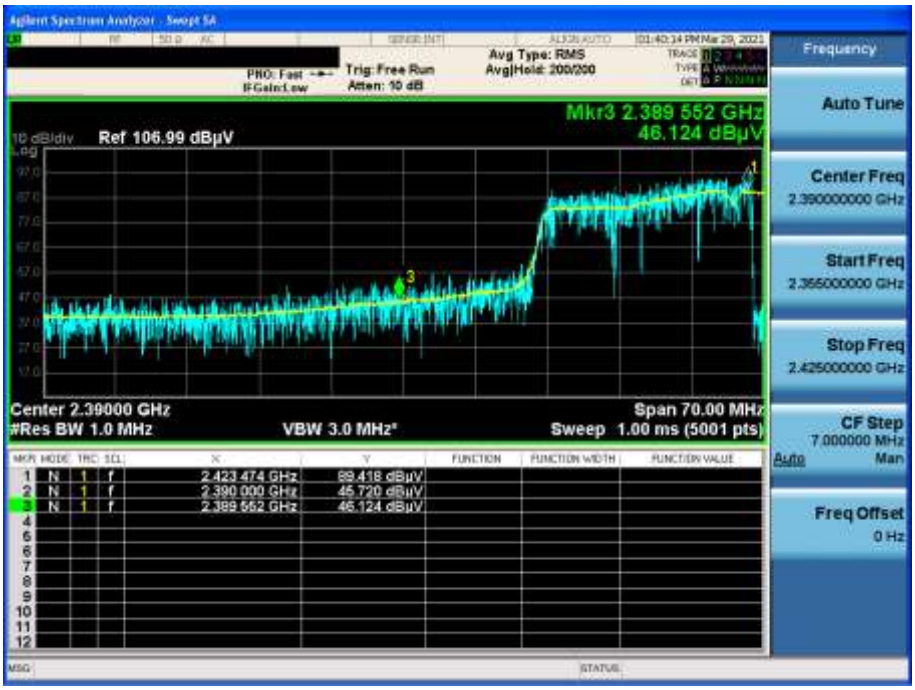
TM 3 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



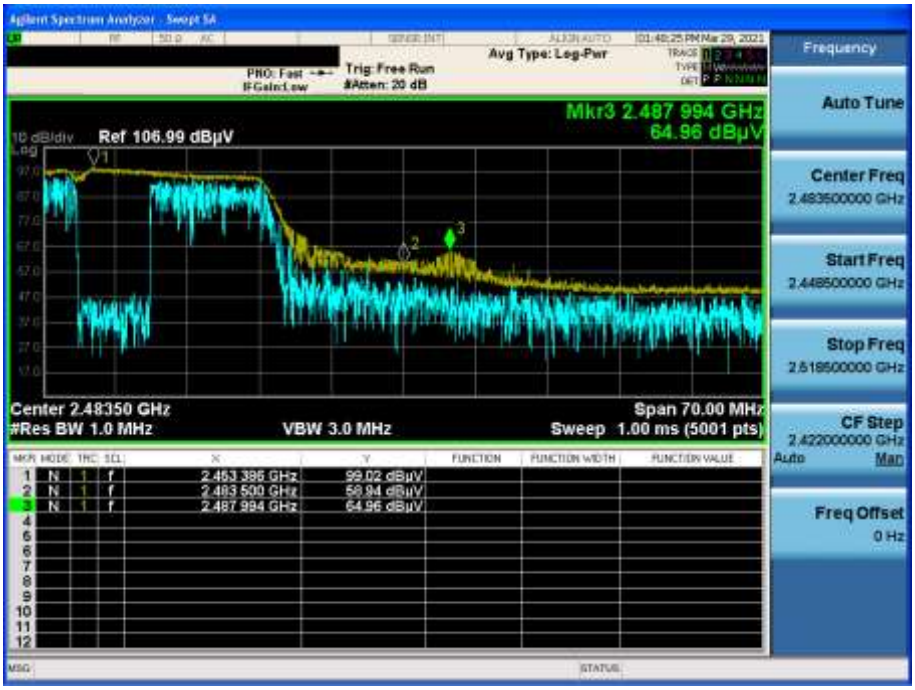
TM 4 & 2 422 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



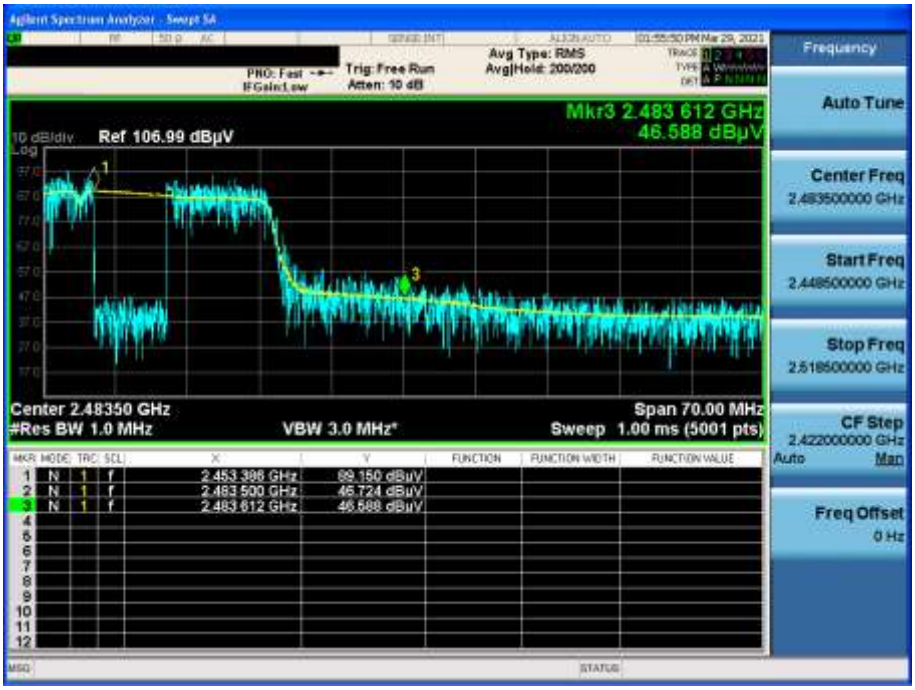
TM 4 & 2 422 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



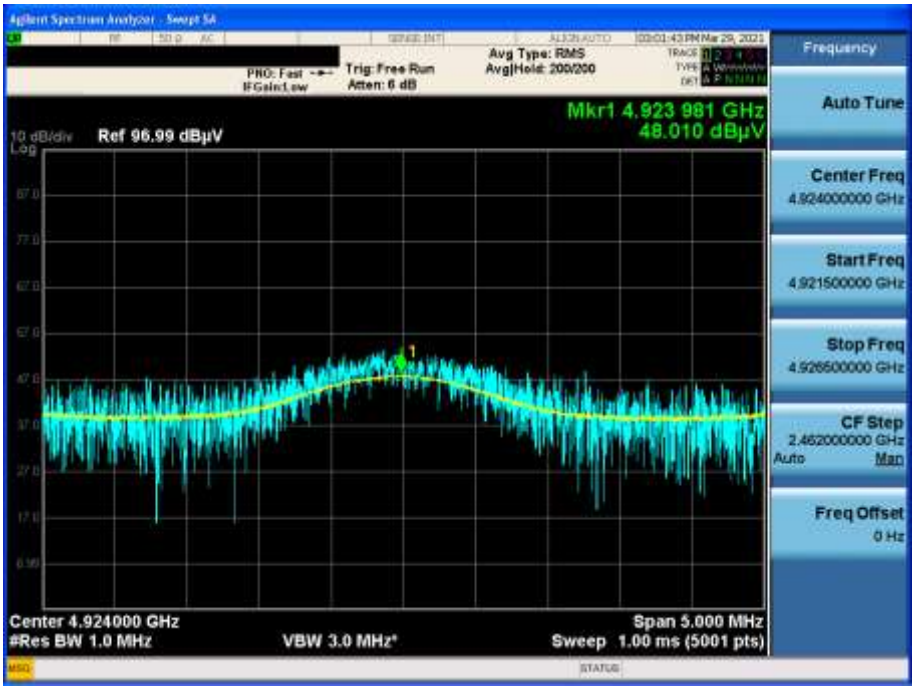
TM 4 & 2 452 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



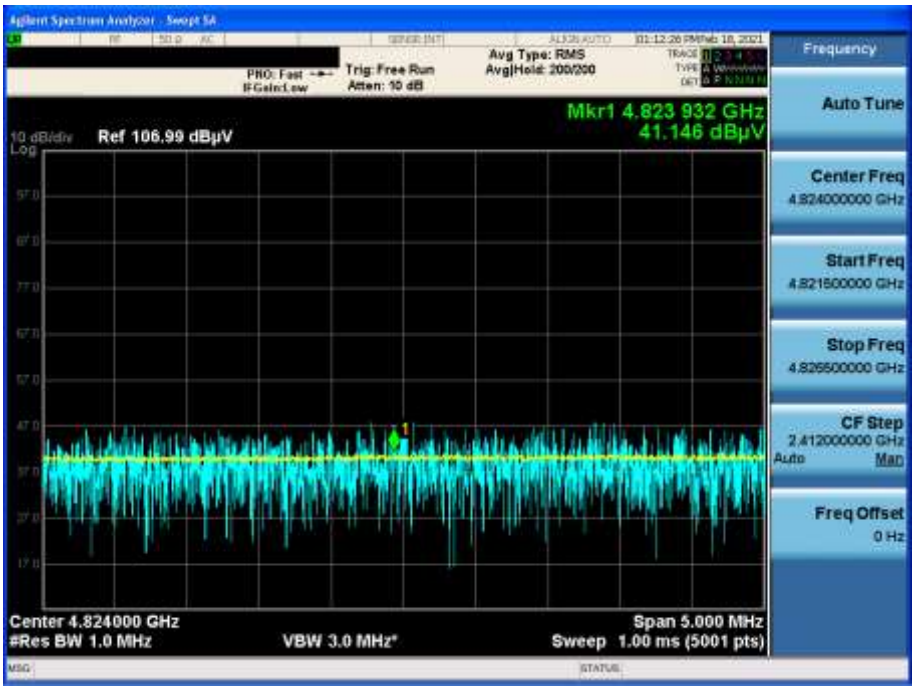
TM 4 & 2 452 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



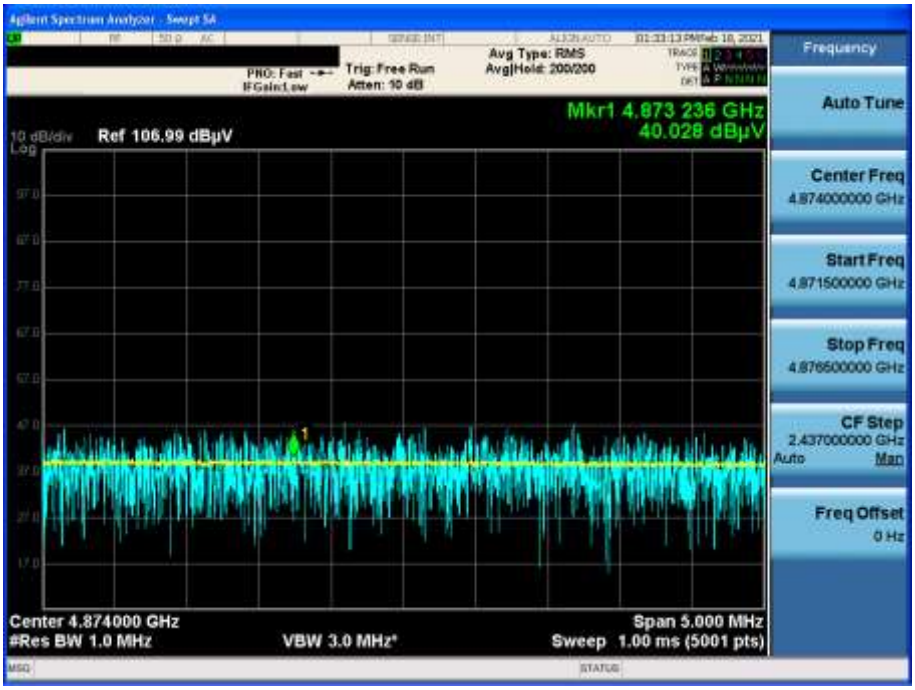
TM 1 & 2 462 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



TM 2 & 2 412 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



TM 3 & 2 437 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



TM 4 & 2 437 & Z axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**