5 December 2002

Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

TEST REPORT

Wireless Pacific WH09UCC9PW5R (QKGRDX-U3) UHF Mobile Transceiver

tested for compliance with the

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 47

Part 90 - Private Land Mobile Services

for

T L Parker Ltd

| This Test Report is issued with the authority of: | Indrew lutte | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Andrew Cutler - General Manager | | |
| Prepared By: | Kemille | | |
| | Karen Miller - Office Administrator | | |



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Report date: 5 December 2002

Table of Contents

| 1. | CLIENT INFORMATION | 3 |
|-----|----------------------------|----|
| 2. | DESCRIPTION OF TEST SAMPLE | 3 |
| 3. | SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS | 4 |
| 4. | TEST SAMPLE DESCRIPTION | 5 |
| 5. | TEST CONDITIONS | 6 |
| 6. | ATTESTATION | 7 |
| 7. | TEST RESULTS | 8 |
| 8. | TEST EQUIPMENT USED | 27 |
| 9. | ACCREDITATIONS | 27 |
| 10. | PHOTOGRAPH(S) | 28 |

Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

1. CLIENT INFORMATION

Company Name T L Parker Ltd

Address 36 Sheffield Crescent

City Christchurch 5

Country New Zealand

Contact Mr Gary Parker

2. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SAMPLE

Brand Name Wireless Pacific

Model Number WH09UCC9PW5R

Product UHF Mobile Transciever

Manufacturer T L Parker Ltd

Country of Origin New Zealand

Serial Number 326CCW3117

FCC ID QKGRDX-U3

This device consists of a Motorola mobile UHF transceiver module and an external interface unit which allows the device to operate as a control station or be configured for mobile relay or mobile repeater operation.

The client advises that the internal circuitry has not been modified with the only change being the removal of the transceiver module from the handheld case.

The transceiver module and interface board are now contained within a metal casing that is completely sealed except for an antenna port and port that allows the transceiver module to interface with external devices.

Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

As the applicant is different from the original grant applicant and as the product has been modified by being removed from the hand held case, full testing has been carried out.

Testing was carried out in accordance with the test methods defined in 47 CFR Part 2. Listed below are the relevant Part 2 test methods and the limits defined in Part 90.

An assessment was carried out of the product that determined that the following tests should be carried out.

| CLAUSE | TEST PERFORMED | <u>RESULT</u> |
|---|--|---|
| 2.1041 | Measurement procedures | Noted |
| 2.1046 90.205 | RF power output Power and antenna height limits | Noted Complies |
| 2.1047 2.1047(a) 2.1047(b) 90.211(a) | Modulation Characteristics Low pass filter response Modulation limiting characteristics Modulation characteristics | Noted Complies Complies Complies |
| 2.1049 2.202 90.207 90.209 90.210 | Occupied bandwidth Bandwidths Types of emissions Bandwidth limitations Emission masks | Noted Noted Complies Complies |
| 2.1051 | Spurious emissions at antenna terminals | Complies |
| 2.1053 | Field strength of spurious radiation | Complies |
| 2.1055 90.213 | Frequency stability Frequency stability | Noted Complies |
| 90.214 | Transient frequency behaviour | Not applicable |
| 2.1057 | Frequency spectrum to be investigated | Noted |
| 15.111 | Antenna conducted power measurement | Complies |
| 1.1310 | Radio frequency radiation exposure limits | Complies |

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Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

4. TEST SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

The sample tested is a mobile transceiver with the following specifications:

Rated Transmitter Output Power

3.0 Watts (34.8 dBm)

Transmit frequency

The transciever was fitted with the following frequencies and emission types:

| Chl | Frequency | Channel | Necessary | Emission |
|-----|--------------|----------|-----------|------------|
| | | Spacing | Bandwidth | Designator |
| 1 | 851.0125 MHz | 25.0 kHz | 16.0 kHz | F3E |
| 2 | 851.0125 MHz | 20.0 kHz | | F3E |
| 3 | 851.0125 MHz | 12.5 kHz | 11.0 kHz | F3E |
| 4 | 860.0000 MHz | 25.0 kHz | 16.0 kHz | F3E * |
| 5 | 860.0000 MHz | 20.0 kHz | | F3E + |
| 6 | 860.0000 MHz | 12.5 kHz | 11.0 kHz | F3E + |
| 7 | 868.9875 MHz | 25.0 kHz | 16.0 kHz | F3E \$ |
| 8 | 868.9875 MHz | 20.0 kHz | | F3E |
| 9 | 868.9875 MHz | 12.5 kHz | 11.0 kHz | F3E |
| 10 | 860.0000 MHz | 25.0 kHz | 20.0 kHz | F1E |
| 11 | 860.0000 MHz | 12.5 kHz | 8.0 kHz | F1E |

^{*} tested with Digital PL code 23 (low speed data)

Transmitter frequency range

806 - 870 MHz

FCC Bands

Part 90: 806 – 821 / 851 – 866 MHz

821 - 824 / 866 - 869 MHz

Power Supply

External 7.5 Vdc supply.

⁺ tested with PTT id in MDC1200 (data at 300 baud/s)

^{\$} tested with 123.0 Hz CTCSS tone

Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

5. TEST CONDITIONS

Standard Temperature and Humidity

Temperature: $+25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 4^{\circ}$ maintained. Relative Humidity: $60\% \pm 10\%$ observed.

Standard Test Power Source

Standard Test Voltage: 7.5 Vdc.

Extreme Temperature

High Temperature: + 50°C maintained. Low Temperature: - 30 °C maintained.

Extreme Test Voltages

High Voltage: 8.6 Vdc Low Voltage: 6.4 Vdc

Page 6 of 31

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Test Report No 21202 FCC Report date: 5 December 2002

6. **ATTESTATION**

The Wireless Pacific WH09UCC9PW5R (QKGRDX-U3) UHF Mobile Transceiver complies with the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 47 Part 90 – Private Land Mobile Services.

This report describes the tests and measurements performed for the purpose of determining compliance with the specification with the following conditions:

The client selected the test sample.

The report relates only to the sample tested.

This report does not contain corrections or erasures.

Measurement uncertainties with statistical confidence intervals of 95% are shown below test results. Both Class A and Class B uncertainties have been accounted for, as well as influence uncertainties where appropriate.

In addition this equipment has been tested in accordance with the requirements contained in the appropriate Commission regulations.

To the best of my knowledge, these tests were performed using measurement procedures that are consistent with industry or Commission standards and demonstrate that the equipment complies with the appropriate standards.

I further certify that the necessary measurements were made by EMC Technologies NZ Ltd, 47 MacKelvie Street, Grey Lynn, Auckland, New Zealand.

Andrew Cutler General Manager

EMC Technologies NZ Ltd

(hdrew Cutle)

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Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

7. TEST RESULTS

RF power output

Measurements were carried out at the RF output terminals of the transmitter using a 30 dB power attenuator and a 50 Ω dummy load.

Measurements were carried out when the transmitter was not being modulated.

Measurements were made with the input voltage set to 7.5 Vdc.

| RF power output (dBm) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|------|--|--|--|
| Frequency | Frequency Channel Spacing Rated Measured | | | | | |
| 851.0125 | 25 kHz | 34.8 | 34.7 | | | |
| 860.0000 | 25 kHz | 34.8 | 34.6 | | | |
| 868.9875 | 25 kHz | 34.8 | 34.6 | | | |

Testing was carried out at maximum power output.

The output power of the transmitter is continuously variable from the value listed above (3 watts) to 65% - 70% of the value listed.

Limits:

Clause 90.205(g) of Part 90 specifies that in the band 450 – 470 MHz the maximum allowable station effective radiated power (ERP) is dependent upon the station's antenna HAAT and the required service area.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: ±0.5 dB

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Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

Modulation Characteristics

This transmitter is capable of producing analogue speech and digital speech modulations.

The following graphs are attached:

Analogue Speech

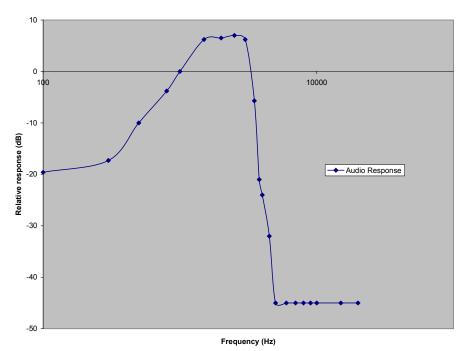
(a) Frequency response of the audio frequency low pass filter between 100 Hz and 5000 Hz.

This measurement was carried out using an audio signal generator and an audio modulation analyser.

At 1 kHz an audio signal was applied which was used as a 0 dB response reference.

The frequency of the input signal was then varied and the output response noted. This measurement was carried out from 100 Hz to 5000 Hz as required by Part 2

Low pass filter response



Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Digital Modulation

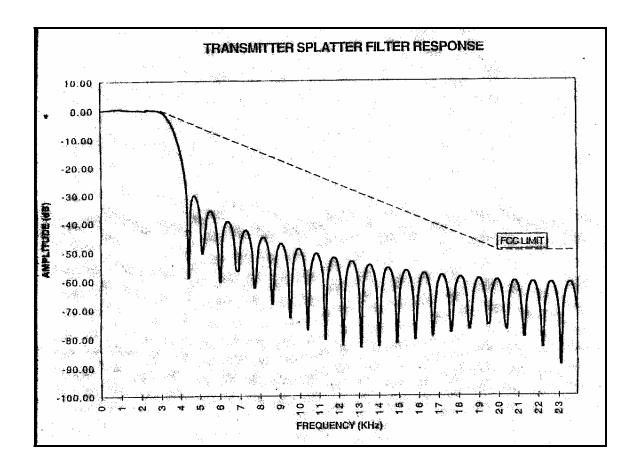
ASTRO modulation is a digital form of analogue frequency modulation.

All audio filtering is done by the digital signal processor.

Unlike analogue modulation, it is not possible at a radio level to measure the response of the post limiter low pass filter circuit as the filter output is a series of 1's and 0's.

The post limiter filter is actually a splatter filter the response of which is shown below.

This filter response has been supplied by the client.

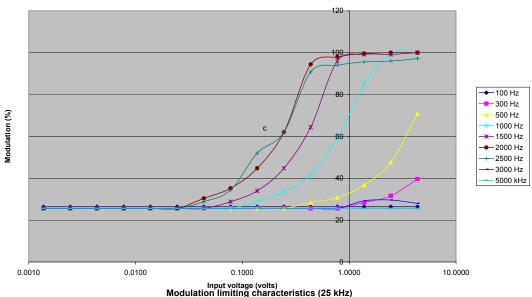


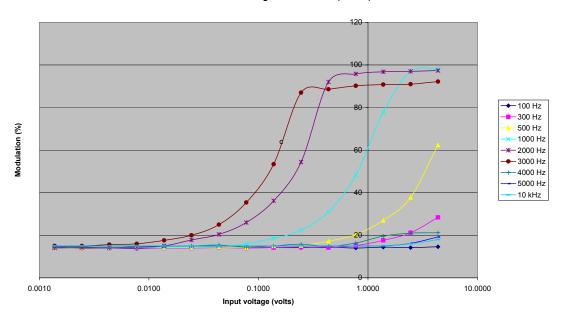
Report date: 5 December 2002

(b) A family of curves showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage.

Analogue Modulation

Modulation limiting characteristics (12.5 kHz)





Test Report No 21202 FCC Report date: 5 December 2002

Measurements were made between 100 Hz to 5 kHz and 10 kHz where channel spacings of 12.5 and 25 kHz are utilised.

At each frequency the input voltage was slowly increased with the resulting frequency deviation of the transmitter being recorded.

This deviation was then converted to a modulation percentage where 5 kHz deviation is 100% for 25 kHz channels and 2.5 kHz deviation is 100% for 12.5 kHz channels.

Digital Modulation

ASTRO systems use a digital form of analogue frequency modulation. Once the voice modulation has been processed to form a 9.6 Kbps binary data stream, the modulator uses the bites to shift the frequency of a RF carrier between discrete values. This process is called compatible 4-level FM (C4FM) that allows a large amount of information to be placed on a RF carrier without needing a wide bandwidth.

ASTRO systems use C4FM where the RF carrier is shifted between 4 frequencies.

This allows an ASTRO system to send 2 bits of information by doing only one thing, shifting the carrier frequency, and hence sending twice as much information in a given amount of time.

ASTRO systems use the following scheme:

| - Bits 01 | Shift to centre frequency + 1.8 kHz |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| - Bits 00 | Shift to centre frequency + 0.6 kHz |
| - Bits 10 | Shift to centre frequency – 0.6 kHz |
| - Bits 11 | Shift to centre frequency – 1.8 kHz |

Limit:

Part 90.211 – Modulation requirements states the transmitter must meet the emission requirements of 90.210. Refer to the Occupied Bandwidth measurements in this report.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: ±1%.

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Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Occupied Bandwidth

The spectrum masks are defined in:

Section 90.210(b) – Mask B has been applied as the transmitter can operate in the bands 806-821/851-866 MHz and 821-824/866-869 MHz.

This emission mask has been applied where authorised bandwidths of 11.25 kHz and 16 kHz are utilised as per Section 90.209(b)(5).

The reference level the following emission mask measurements has been determined using a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz with the transmitter not being modulated.

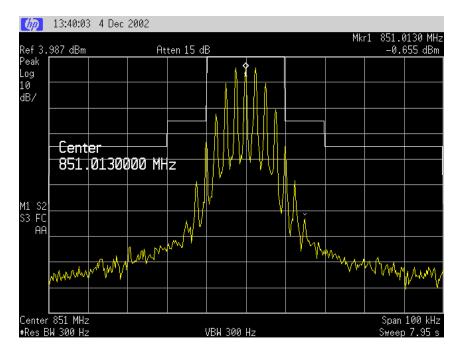
Frequency modulation measurements were carried out with a 2500 Hz modulating frequency applied at a level 16 dB higher than the level required to achieve 50% modulation (1.25 or 2.5 kHz deviation) at the frequency of maximum response.

Additional measurements have been made when the following signalling information has been sent when using standard frequency modulation was applied as described in the previous paragraph:

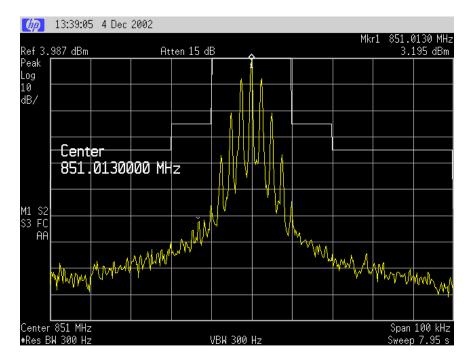
- low speed data with Digital PL (DPL) code 23. This is a Motorola expression for CTCSS and is a low speed FFSK data stream using the audio frequency band below 300 Hz
- data at 300 baud/s with PTT id in MDC1200. This is a Motorola proprietary protocol using a 1200 baud FFSK data stream for signally and selective calling purposes.
- CTCSS tone of 123.0 Hz.

Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

Frequency modulation with 25 kHz channel spacing

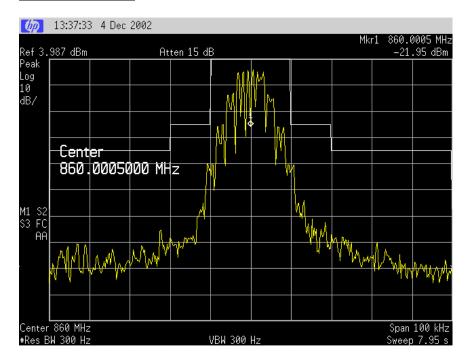


Frequency modulation with 12.5 kHz channel spacing

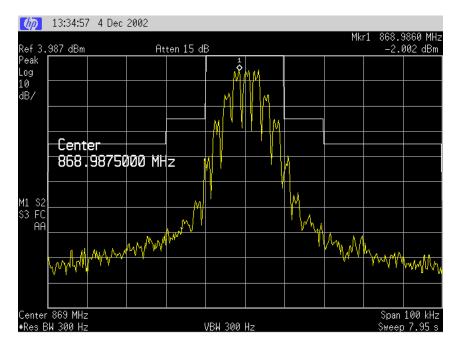


Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Frequency modulation with 25 kHz channel spacing-low speed data with digital PL code 23

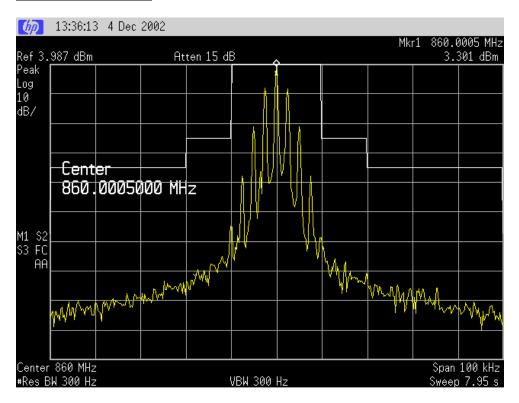


Frequency modulation with 25 kHz channel spacing with CTCSS of 123.0 Hz.



Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Frequency modulation with 12.5 kHz channel spacing-data at 300 baud/s with PTT id in MDC 1200



ASTRO / APCO25 digital modulation measurements were carried out with a 2500 Hz modulating frequency applied at a level 16 dB higher than the level required to achieve 50% modulation when making the previously mentioned frequency modulation measurements.

The reference level the following emission mask measurements has been determined using a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz with the transmitter not being modulated.

Measurements were made in peak hold mode.

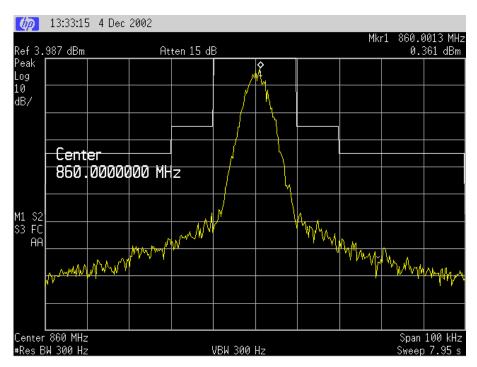
It was observed that a variation in modulation frequency and or level appeared to make no difference to the output emission spectra.

It can also be seen that there is no difference in the emission spectra of the 25 kHz and the 12.5 kHz channel step ASTRO / APCO25 Digital Signals.

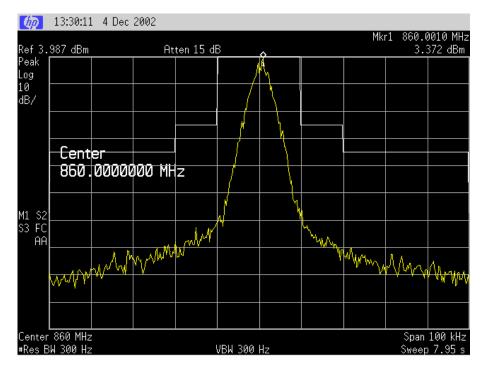
This is because ASTRO signals only require a channel spacing of 12.5 kHz to operate.

Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

ASTRO / APCO25 Digital Modulation with 12.5 kHz channel spacing



ASTRO / APCO25 Digital Modulation with 25 kHz channel spacing



Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Part 90.207 – Emission types:

The following emission types are used:

- F3E: Frequency modulation with analogue speech
- F1E: Frequency modulation with digital speech (ASTRO/APCO25)

Part 90.209 – Bandwidth limitations:

The necessary authorised bandwidth is taken to be the necessary bandwidth.

Using the formulas contained in Part 2.202 the necessary bandwidth calculation for the 25 kHz channel step emission is:

 $B_n = 2 \times D + 2 \times M$

Where D = maximum deviation: 5.0 kHz

Where M = maximum modulation frequency: 3 kHz

 $B_n = 16 \text{ kHz}$

This is confirmed in the emission designation, 16k0F3E, declared by the client.

Using the formulas contained in Part 2.202 the necessary bandwidth calculation for the 12.5 kHz channel step emission is:

 $B_n = 2 \times D + 2 \times M$

Where D = maximum deviation: 2.5 kHz

Where M = maximum modulation frequency: 3 kHz

 $B_n = 11 \text{ kHz}$

This is confirmed in the emission designation, 11k0F3E, declared by the client.

Using the tables in Part 2.202 – Bandwidth a bandwidth for the F1E emissions could not be determined easily.

Measurements of the authorised / occupied bandwidth at the 99% power level have been carried out.

This was carried out at the -23 dB points with the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

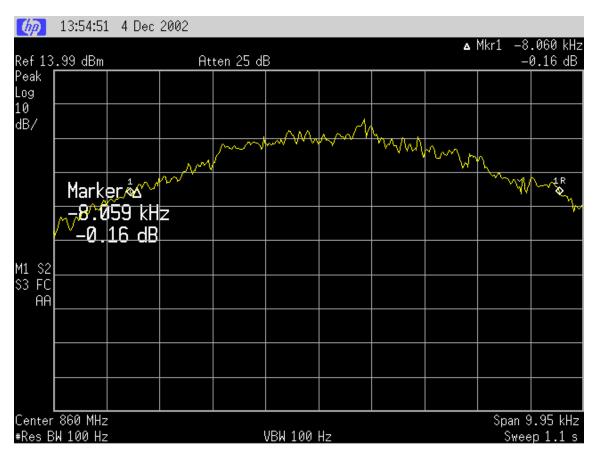
Plots of these measurements are attached.

A bandwidth of 8.1 kHz has been recorded.

This is confirmed in the emission designation, 8k10F1E, as declared by the client.

Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

<u>Authorised / Occupied bandwidth for ASTRO / APCO25 Digital Modulation</u>



Result: Complies

Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

Transmitter spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Frequency: 860.000 MHz

| Measured Spurious Emission | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Spurious emission (MHz) | Emission level (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | | | |
| 1720.000 | -19.2 | -13.0 | | | |
| 2580.000 | -24.3 | -13.0 | | | |
| 3440.000 | -30.1 | -13.0 | | | |
| 4300.000 | -44.5 | -13.0 | | | |
| 5160.000 | -41.9 | -13.0 | | | |
| 6020.000 | -43.8 | -13.0 | | | |
| 6880.000 | - | -13.0 | | | |
| 7740.000 | - | -13.0 | | | |
| 8600.000 | | -13.0 | | | |
| | | | | | |

Limit:

Part 90.210(b) Mask B, (3) on any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250% of the authorised bandwidth shall be attenuated by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$.

Part 2.1051 states that emissions greater than 20 dB below the limit need not be specified

Part 2.1057 states that the spectrum should be investigated up to the 10^{th} harmonic if the transmitter operates below 10 GHz.

A rated power of 3 watts gives a limit of –13 dBm.

Emissions less that –40 dBm have been reported for completeness.

No measurements were made above the 10th harmonic.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: $\pm 3.3 dB$

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Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

Receiver Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Receive frequency: 860.000 MHz

Intermediate frequency: 73.35 MHz

| Measured Spurious Emission | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Spurious emission (MHz) | Emission level (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | | | |
| 786.655 | -89.3 | -57.0 | | | |
| 1573.300 | -86.0 | -57.0 | | | |
| 2359.950 | -77.0 | -57.0 | | | |
| 3146.600 | -80.0 | -57.0 | | | |
| 3933.250 | -81.0 | -57.0 | | | |
| 4719.900 | -85.0 | -57.0 | | | |

All other emissions observed less than -90.0 dBm.

Limit:

In accordance with CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.111 the power of any emission at the antenna terminal should not exceed 2 nW.

This gives a limit of -57.0 dBm.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: ±3.3 dB

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Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Field strength of transmitter spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Frequency: 860.000 MHz

| Emission frequency (MHz) | Level (dBuV/m) | Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) | Polarity |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|------------|
| 1720.0 | 54.6 | -56.9 | -20.0 | 36.9 | Horizontal |
| 1720.0 | 60.2 | -35.0 | -20.0 | 15.0 | Vertical |
| 2580.0 | 50.2 | -45.0 | -20.0 | 25.0 | Horizontal |
| 2580.0 | 51.7 | -43.5 | -20.0 | 23.5 | Vertical |
| 3440.0 | 47.2 | -48.0 | -20.0 | 28.0 | Horizontal |
| 3440.0 | 49.9 | -45.3 | -20.0 | 25.3 | Vertical |
| 4300.0 | 36.3 | -58.9 | -20.0 | 38.9 | Horizontal |
| 4300.0 | 36.3 | -58.9 | -20.0 | 38.9 | Vertical |
| 5160.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Horizontal |
| 5160.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Vertical |
| 6020.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Horizontal |
| 6020.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Vertical |
| 6880.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Horizontal |
| 6880.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Vertical |
| 7740.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Horizontal |
| 7740.0 | - | - | -20.0 | | Vertical |
| 8600.0 | - | - | -20.0 | | Horizontal |
| 8600.0 | - | - | -20.0 | - | Vertical |

Device was tested on an open area test site at a distance of 3 metres.

Testing was carried out at EMC Technologies NZ Ltd Open Area Test Site, which is located at Driving Creek, Orere Point, Auckland. Details of this site have been filed with the Commission, Registration Number: 90838, which was last updated on March 20th, 2002.

The transmitter was tested while transmitting continuously while attached to a dummy load.

The power level of each emission was determined by replacing the transmitter with a dipole antenna that was connected to a signal generator. The signal generator output level was increased until the same field strength level was observed at each emission frequency.

The level recorded is the signal generator output level in dBm less any gains / losses due to the coax cable and the dipole antenna.

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Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Limit:

All spurious emissions are to be attenuated by at least $50 + 10 \log (P)$.

The rated power of 3 watts gives a limit of -20 dBm.

No measurements were made above the 10th harmonic.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: ±4.1 dB

Field strength of receiver spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Frequency: 860.000 MHz

Intermediate frequency: 73.35 MHz

| I | Emission | Level | | | Polarity |
|---|-----------------|----------|---------|------|------------|
| ı | frequency | (dBuV/m) | (dBuV/m | (dB) | |
| ı | (MHz) | |) | | |
| | 786.648 | 27.2 | 46.0 | 18.8 | Horizontal |
| | 786.648 | 30.5 | 46.0 | 15.5 | Vertical |

Device was tested on an open area test site at a distance of 3 metres.

Testing was carried out at EMC Technologies NZ Ltd Open Area Test Site which is located at Driving Creek, Orere Point, Auckland. Details of this site have been filed with the Commission, Registration Number: 90838, which was last updated on March 20th, 2002.

The transceiver was tested operating in stand by / receive mode with a 50 Ω dummy load attached to the output.

No measurements were made above the $10^{\rm th}$ harmonic of the receiver local oscillator frequency.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: ±4.1 dB

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Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

Frequency Stability

Frequency stability measurements were between - 30 °C and + 50°C in 10°C increments.

At each temperature the transmitter was given a period of 30 minutes to stabilise. The transmitter was then turned on and the frequency error measured after a period of 1 minute.

Measurements were made with the supply varied between 115% and 85% of the nominal supply voltage (7.5 Vdc).

Nominal Frequency: 860.0000 MHz

| Frequency Error (Hz) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Voltage Temp. 6.4 Vdc 7.5 Vdc 8.6 Vdc | | | | | | |
| +50°C | -190.0 | -150.0 | -145.0 | | | |
| +40°C | -130.0 | -110.0 | -125.0 | | | |
| +30°C | -150.0 | -250.0 | -200.0 | | | |
| +20°C | -20.0 | -60.0 | -30.0 | | | |
| +10°C | -31.0 | +17.0 | +0.0 | | | |
| 0°C | -35.0 | -70.0 | -102.0 | | | |
| -10°C | +210.0 | +110.0 | +75.0 | | | |
| -20°C | +200.0 | +180.0 | +190.0 | | | |
| -30°C | +240.0 | +225.0 | +210.0 | | | |

Limit:

Part 90.213 states that mobile station transmitters operating in the bands between 806 - 869 MHz are required to have frequency tolerances of either 1.5 or 2.5 ppm.

A limit of 1.5 ppm has been applied as a worst case scenario.

This transmitter operates on 860.0 MHz. 1.5 ppm = $1.5 \times 860 = 1290 \text{ Hz}$.

Result: Complies

Measurement Uncertainty: ±30 Hz

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Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

Transient frequency behaviour

Transient frequency behaviour measurements are not applicable to transmitters operating in the frequency bands above 512 MHz.

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Test Report No 21202 FCC Report date: 5 December 2002

Radio Frequency Hazard Information

As per Section 1.1310 mobile transmitters are required to be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to RF energy levels in accordance with OST/OET Bulletin Number 65.

In accordance with this section and also Section 2.1091, this device has been classified as a mobile device whereby a distance of 20 cm can normally be maintained between the user and the device.

In accordance with Section 1.1310 the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit for the Occupational / Controlled Exposure of 2.687 (f/300 = 806 MHz/300) has been applied.

This mobile transceiver will typically be used at emergency incidents requiring temporary extended range communications.

The maximum distance from the antenna at which the MPE is met or exceeded is calculated from the equation relating field strength in V/m, transmit power in watts, transmit antenna gain and separation distance in metres:

E,
$$V/m = (\sqrt{(30 * P * G)}) / d$$

Power density, $mW/m^2 = E^2/3770$

E for MPE: =
$$E^2/3770$$

E = $\sqrt{2.687*3770}$
E = 100.6 V/m

The maximum transmitter power = 3 watts.

Typically this mobile transceiver would be used with a whip type of antenna with a gain of 1.5 in conjunction with push to talk devices that would lead to a duty cycle of 50%.

$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / E}$$

= $\sqrt{(30 * 3 * 1.5) / 100.6}$
= 0.115 metres or 11.5 cm

The duty cycle has not been taken into consideration. A typical duty cycle of 50% would further reduce this distance to 5.8 cm.

The above calculations therefore show that this device meets the MPE requirement for mobile devices falling below the 20 cm clearance required.

Result: Complies

Test Report No **21202 FCC** Report date: 5 December 2002

8. TEST EQUIPMENT USED

| 1-1 | i a company | | | 1. |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| Instrument | Manufacturer | Model | Serial # | Asset |
| Aerial Controller | EMCO | 1090 | 9112-1062 | RFS 3710 |
| Aerial Mast | EMCO | 1070-1 | 9203-1661 | RFS 3708 |
| Attenuator 10 dB | Hewlett Packard | HP8491A | 24838 | E1329 |
| Attenuator 20 dB | Weinschel | 49-20-43 | GC-104 | E1308 |
| Audio Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | 8903A | 2216A01713 | E1146 |
| Biconical Antenna | Schwarzbeck | BBA 9106 | | RFS 3612 |
| Frequency Counter | Hewlett Packard | HP 5342A | 1916A01713 | E1224 |
| Level generator | Anritsu | MG443B | M61689 | E1143 |
| Log Periodic Antenna | Schwarzbeck | UHALP 9107 | | RFS 3702 |
| Measurement Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESCS 30 | 839873/1 | |
| Modulation Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FMA | 837807/020 | E1552 |
| Modulation Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | 8901B | 2608A00782 | E1090 |
| Oscilloscope | Tektronics | 745A | B010643 | 1569 |
| Power Attenuator | Weinschel | 49-20-43 | GC104 | E1308 |
| Power Supply | Hewlett Packard | 6032A | 2743A-02859 | E1069 |
| RF Power Meter | Hewlett Packard | HP 436A | 2512A22439 | E1198 |
| Rubidium Oscillator | Ball Efratom | FRS – C | 4287 | E1053 |
| Selective Level Meter | Anritsu | ML422C | M35386 | E1140 |
| Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz | SMHU.58 | 838923/028 | E1493 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | E7405A | US39150142 | 3776 |
| Thermal chamber | Contherm | M180F | 86025 | E1129 |
| Thermometer | DSIR | RT200 | 035 | E1049 |
| Turntable | EMCO | 1080-1-2.1 | 9109-1578 | RFS 3709 |
| Variac | General Radio | 1592 | - | 3690 |

9. ACCREDITATIONS

Testing was carried out in accordance with EMC Technologies NZ Ltd registration with the Federal Communications Commission as a listed facility, Registration Number: 90838, which was updated on March 20th, 2002.

All testing has been carried out in accordance with the terms of EMC Technologies (NZ) Ltd's International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025.

All measurement equipment has been calibrated in accordance with the terms of EMC Technologies (NZ) Ltd's International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025.

International Accreditation New Zealand has Mutual Recognition Arrangements for testing and calibration with 46 accreditation bodies in 34 economies. This includes NATA (Australia), UKAS (UK), SANAS (South Africa), NVLAP (USA), A2LA (USA), SWEDAC (Sweden). Further details can be supplied on request.

Test Report No **21202 FCC**Report date: 5 December 2002

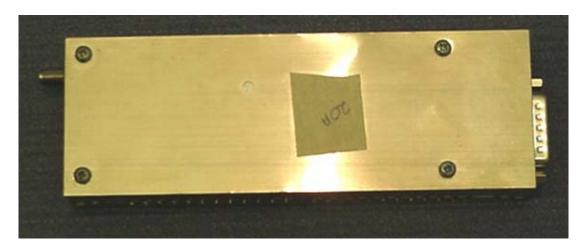
10. PHOTOGRAPH(S)

Label



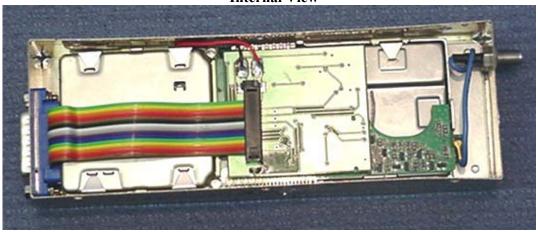
Device tested



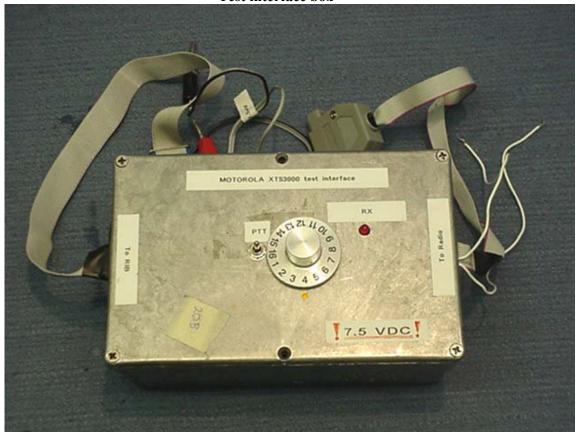


Report date: 5 December 2002

Internal View



Test interface box



Report date: 5 December 2002

Radiated emission test set up





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Page 30 of 31

Report date: 5 December 2002





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