

RRU3269

Installation Guide

Issue Draft B Date 2018-05-15



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About This Document

Purpose

This document describes the process of installing DC blade RRU3269 (referred to as RRU in this document). RRU is short for remote radio unit.

Product Versions

The following table lists the product version related to this document for RRU3269.

Product Name	Solution Version	Product Version
RRU3269	 SRAN13.1 and later versions eRAN13.1 and later versions 	V100R013C10 and later versions

Intended Audience

This document is intended for:

Base station installation engineers

Organization

1 Changes in RRU3269 Installation Guide

This section describes the changes in the RRU3269 Installation Guide.

2 Installation Preparations

This chapter describes the reference documents, tools, and instruments that must be ready before the installation. In addition, it specifies the skills and prerequisites that installation engineers must have.

3 Information About the Installation

Before installing an RRU, you must be familiar with its exterior, ports, indicators, installation scenarios, and installation clearance requirements.

4 Unpacking the Equipment

This chapter describes how to unpack and check the delivered equipment to ensure that all the materials are included and intact.

5 Installation Process

The installation process involves installing an RRU and RRU cables, checking the RRU hardware installation, and powering on an RRU.

6 (Optional) Installing the Plastic Shells of the RRU

This section describes the procedure for installing the plastic shells of the RRU.

7 Hoisting an RRU and Related Cables onto a Tower

This section describes the procedure for hoisting an RRU and related cables onto a tower and the precautions that must be taken.

8 Installing the RRU

This chapter describes the procedure for installing the RRU. The procedure for installing the RRU varies depending on installation options.

9 Installing RRU Cables

This chapter describes the procedure for installing RRU cables.

10 Checking the RRU Hardware Installation

After an RRU is installed, check the hardware installation.

11 Powering On an RRU

After all the devices are installed, check the power-on status of an RRU.

12 Appendix

Conventions

Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

Symbol	Description
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance deterioration, or unanticipated results. NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.
	Calls attention to important information, best practices and tips. NOTE is used to address information not related to personal injury, equipment damage, and environment deterioration.

General Conventions

Convention	Description	
Times New Roman	Normal paragraphs are in Times New Roman.	
Boldface	Names of files, directories, folders, and users are in boldface . For example, log in as user root .	
Italic	Book titles are in <i>italics</i> .	
Courier New	Terminal display is in Courier New.	

Command Conventions

Convention	Description	
Boldface	The keywords of a command line are in boldface .	
Italic	Command arguments are in <i>italics</i> .	
[]	Items (keywords or arguments) in brackets [] are optional.	
{ x y }	Optional items are grouped in braces and separated by vertical bars. One item is selected.	
[x y]	Optional items are grouped in brackets and separated by vertical bars. One item is selected or no item is selected.	
{ x y } *	Optional items are grouped in braces and separated by vertical bars. A minimum of one item or a maximum of all items can be selected.	
[x y] *	Optional items are grouped in brackets and separated by vertical bars. Several items or no item can be selected.	

GUI Conventions

Convention	Description
Boldface	Buttons, menus, parameters, tabs, windows, and dialog titles are in boldface . For example, click OK .
>	Multi-level menus are in boldface and separated by the ">" signs. For example, choose File > Create > Folder .

Keyboard Operation

Format	Description
Key	Press the key. For example, press Enter and press Tab .
Key 1+Key 2	Press the keys concurrently. For example, pressing Ctrl+Alt+A means the three keys should be pressed concurrently.
Key 1, Key 2	Press the keys in turn. For example, pressing Alt , A means the two keys should be pressed in turn.

Mouse Operation

Action	Description
Click	Select and release the primary mouse button without moving the pointer.
Double-click	Press the primary mouse button twice continuously and quickly without moving the pointer.
Drag	Press and hold the primary mouse button and move the pointer to a certain position.

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1 Changes in RRU3269 Installation Guide

This section describes the changes in the RRU3269 Installation Guide.

Draft B (2018-05-15)

This is a draft.

Compared with Draft A (2018-04-14), this issue does not include any new information.

Compared with Draft A (2018-04-14), this issue includes the following change:

Торіс	Change Description
12.1 Adding a Female Connector to the RRU Power Cable on the RRU Side	Optimized the descriptions in this section.

Compared with Draft A (2018-04-14), no information is deleted from this issue.

Draft A (2018-04-14)

This is a draft.

2 Installation Preparations

About This Chapter

This chapter describes the reference documents, tools, and instruments that must be ready before the installation. In addition, it specifies the skills and prerequisites that installation engineers must have.

2.1 Reference Documents

Before the installation, you must be familiar with reference documents.

2.2 Tools and Instruments

This section describes the tools and instruments that must be prepared before the remote radio unit (RRU) installation.

2.3 Skills and Requirements for Onsite Personnel

Onsite personnel must be qualified and trained. Before performing any operation, onsite personnel must be familiar with correct operation methods and safety precautions.

2.1 Reference Documents

Before the installation, you must be familiar with reference documents.

The following reference documents are required during RRU installation:

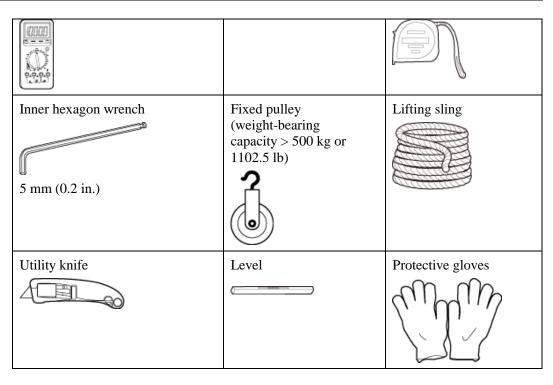
- Safety Information
- RRU3269 Hardware Description
- DBS3900 Installation Guide or DBS5900 Installation Guide

For details about RRU auxiliary devices, see "RRU Auxiliary Devices" in the corresponding RRU hardware description.

2.2 Tools and Instruments

This section describes the tools and instruments that must be prepared before the remote radio unit (RRU) installation.

[l]
Hammer drill (φ 12 bit, a φ 14 bit)	ESD gloves	Vacuum cleaner
Rubber mallet	Phillips screwdriver	Flat-head screwdriver
	(M3 to M6)	(M3 to M6)
Wire stripper	Power cable cutter	Diagonal pliers
E.		2
Torque screwdriver	Power cable crimping	Hydraulic pliers
	tool	
0		
5 mm (0.2 in.)		
(M3 to M6)		
(M3 to M6)		
Adjustable wrench (open mouth ≥ 32 mm [1.26 in.]) Torque wrench	(M8, M10)	Heat gun
Open mouth: 16 mm (0.63 in.), 17 mm (0.67 in.), 19 mm (0.75 in.), 21 mm (0.83 in.), 22 mm (0.87 in.), and 32 mm (1.26 in.)		
Combination wrench		
Open mouth: 16 mm (0.63 in.), 17 mm (0.67 in.), 19 mm (0.75 in.), 21 mm (0.83 in.), 22 mm (0.87 in.), and 32 mm (1.26 in.)		
Multimeter	Marker (diameter ≤ 10 mm [0.39 in.])	Measuring tape



2.3 Skills and Requirements for Onsite Personnel

Onsite personnel must be qualified and trained. Before performing any operation, onsite personnel must be familiar with correct operation methods and safety precautions.

Before the installation, pay attention to the following items:

- The customer's technical engineers must be trained by Huawei and be familiar with the proper installation and operation methods.
- The number of onsite personnel depends on the engineering schedule and installation environment. Generally, only three to five onsite personnel are necessary.

3 Information About the Installation

About This Chapter

Before installing an RRU, you must be familiar with its exterior, ports, indicators, installation scenarios, and installation clearance requirements.

3.1 RRU Exterior

This section describes the exterior and dimensions of an RRU.

3.2 RRU Ports

This section describes ports on the RRU panels. An RRU has a bottom panel, cabling cavity panel, and indicator panel.

3.3 RRU Indicators

This section describes six indicators on an RRU. They indicate the running status of the RRU.

3.4 Installation Scenarios

An RRU can be installed on a pole, U-steel, angle steel, wall, or IFS06. Installation scenarios must meet heat-dissipation and waterproofing requirements of the RRU.

3.5 Installation Clearance Requirements of an RRU

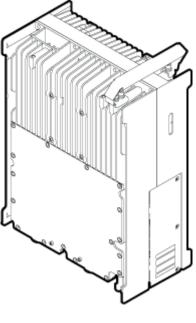
This section describes the requirements for the installation clearance of a single RRU and multiple RRUs and the requirements for the installation spacing between RRUs.

3.1 RRU Exterior

This section describes the exterior and dimensions of an RRU.

Figure 3-1 shows the exterior of an RRU.

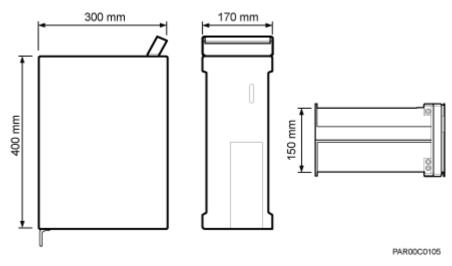
Figure 3-1 RRU exterior



PAR79C0001

Figure 3-2 shows RRU dimensions.

Figure 3-2 RRU dimensions

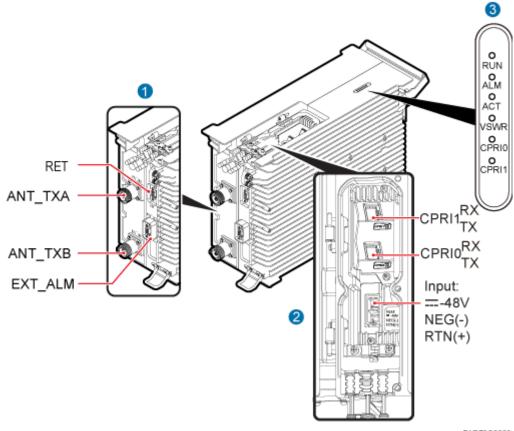


3.2 RRU Ports

This section describes ports on the RRU panels. An RRU has a bottom panel, cabling cavity panel, and indicator panel.

Figure 3-3 shows the ports on the RRU panels.

Figure 3-3 Ports on the RRU panels



PAR79C0003

Table 3-1 describes ports and indicators on the RRU panels.

Item	Silkscreen	Remarks
(1) Bottom ports	ANT_TXA	TX port A (4.3-10 straight connector), supporting RET signal transmission
	ANT_TXB	TX port B (4.3-10 straight connector)
	EXT_ALM	Alarm monitoring port used for monitoring one RS485 signal and two dry contact signals
	RET	Communication port for the RET antenna, supporting RET signal transmission
(2) Ports in the cabling cavity	RTN(+)	Power supply socket, For details about RRU power cable appearance and specifications, see RRU Power Cable.
	NEG(-)	
	CPRI0	Optical/electrical port 0, connected to the BBU or an upper-level RRU

Item	Silkscreen	Remarks
	CPRI1	Optical/electrical port 1, connected to a lower-level RRU or the BBU
(3) Indicator	RUN	For details, see 3.3 RRU Indicators.
	ALM	
	ACT	
	VSWR	
	CPRI0	
	CPRI1	

- The port for transmitting RET signals is determined by the software.
- Connect the **CPRI0** port to the BBU by default in the single-mode scenario.

3.3 RRU Indicators

This section describes six indicators on an RRU. They indicate the running status of the RRU.

For detailed positions of RRU indicators, see 3.2 RRU Ports.

Table 3-2 describes RRU indicators.

Indicator	Color	Status	Meaning
RUN	Green	Steady on	The power input is available, but the board is faulty.
		Steady off	No power input is available , or the board is faulty.
		Blinking (on for 1s and off for 1s)	The board is running properly.
		Blinking (on for 0.125s and off for 0.125s)	The board software is being loaded, or the board is not working.
ALM	Red	Steady on	Alarms are generated, and the module must be replaced.
		Blinking (on for 1s and off for 1s)	Alarms are generated. The alarms may be caused by faults on the related board or ports. Therefore, you need to locate the fault before deciding whether to replace the module.

Indicator	Color	Status	Meaning
		Steady off	No alarms are generated.
ACT	Green	Steady on	The board is working properly when TX channels are enabled or software is being loaded to a board that is not started.
		Blinking (on for 1s and off for 1s)	The board is running with TX channels disabled.
VSWR	Red	Steady off	No voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) alarm is generated.
		Blinking (on for 1s and off for 1s)	VSWR alarms are generated on the ANT_TXB port.
		Steady on	VSWR alarms are generated on the ANT_TXA port.
		Blinking (on for 0.125s and off for 0.125s)	VSWR alarms are generated on the ANT_TXA and ANT_TXB ports.
CPRI0	Red and green	Steady green	The CPRI link is running properly.
		Steady red	An optical module fails to receive or transmit signals possibly because the optical module is faulty or the optical fiber is broken.
		Blinking red (on for 1s and off for 1s)	The CPRI link is out of lock because of faults on the mutual lock of dual-mode clock sources or mismatched data rates on CPRI ports.
		Steady off	The optical module cannot be detected or is powered off.
CPRI1	Red and green	Steady green	The CPRI link is running properly.
		Steady red	An optical module fails to receive or transmit signals possibly because the optical module is faulty or the optical fiber is broken.
		Blinking red (on for 1s and off for 1s)	The CPRI link is out of lock because of faults on the mutual lock of dual-mode clock sources or mismatched data rates on CPRI ports.
		Steady off	The optical module cannot be detected or is powered off.

VSWR indicators on RRUs providing one or more than two TX channels have two types of status:

• Steady off: No VSWR alarm is generated.

• Steady on: VSWR alarms are generated on one or more ports.

3.4 Installation Scenarios

An RRU can be installed on a pole, U-steel, angle steel, wall, or IFS06. Installation scenarios must meet heat-dissipation and waterproofing requirements of the RRU.

Requirements for the Installation Scenarios

RRU is a professional communications equipment and cannot be installed in areas which are accessible to people. The installation scenarios involve the related security features. For details about specific requirements and precautions, see *Safety Information*.

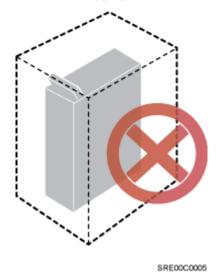
Application scenarios:

To ensure proper heat dissipation of the RRU, the following requirements must be met:

- The RRU cannot be installed in an enclosed cabinet without a cooling system.
- The RRU cannot be installed in an enclosed camouflage box.
- The RRU cannot be installed in an enclosed equipment room without a cooling system.
- When multiple RRUs are installed in centralized mode, the minimum clearance requirements must be met. For details about the minimum clearance requirements, see 3.5.2 Clearance for Three or More RRUs and 3.5.3 Installation Spacing Between RRUs.

If the RRU is inappropriately installed, heat dissipation of the RRU deteriorates and the RRU may not work properly, as shown in Figure 3-4.

Figure 3-4 Inappropriately installed RRU



Installation restrictions:

- The specifications of installation supports described in this document are only based on the exterior and dimensions of the mounting kits. Before installing equipment, assess the strength and reliability of the installation support to determine whether it can bear the weight of the equipment.
- If an AC RRU consists of a 18 L blade RRU and an OPM15M/OPM15M(Ver.B), this AC RRU cannot be installed in side-mounted mode.
- To ensure the heat dissipation of the RRU and waterproofing of the ports at the bottom of the RRU, the vertical deviation angle of an RRU must be less than or equal to 10 degrees, as shown Figure 3-5.
- On a tower, an RRU can be installed on a pole, angle steel, or U-steel. The side-mounted installation mode (one side instead of the rear of an RRU is mounted on the support) is recommended for RRUs on the main pole secured on a tower. This installation mode allows the RRU stacked installation. When the horizontal distance between the main and auxiliary poles on a tower is greater than or equal to 810 mm (23.62 in.), the side-mounted mode is recommended for installing RRUs on the auxiliary pole to meet the minimum clearance requirements. Otherwise, the standard mode is recommended for installing RRUs on the auxiliary pole.
- RRU stacked installation is not allowed in indoor scenarios.
- RRU stacked installation is allowed only when installed on one or more poles in outdoor scenarios, and a maximum of three RRUs can be stacked installation.

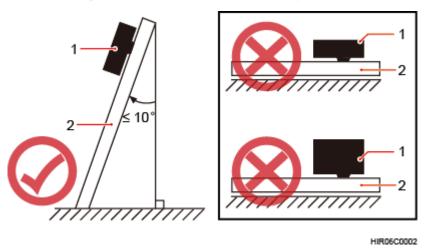
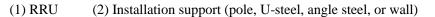


Figure 3-5 Requirements for the vertical deviation angle of an RRU

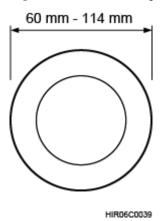


- When the operator faces the RRU whose handle and cabling cavity are on the right-hand side, the side facing the operator is the front of the RRU, and the other side is the back of the RRU.
- Standard installation: RRU mounting kits are installed on the back of an RRU.
- Reverse installation: RRU mounting kits are installed on the front of an RRU.
- Side-mounted installation: RRU mounting kits are installed on the side face (not the side face of the maintenance cavity) of an RRU.
- Stacked installation: Two or more RRUs are installed next to each other at the same level by stacking multiple RRU mounting kits.

Installing an RRU on a Pole

Figure 3-6 shows the diameter of a pole for installing an RRU.

Figure 3-6 Diameter of a pole



- The diameter of a pole for installing an RRU ranges from 60 mm (2.36 in.) to 114 mm (4.49 in.). The recommended diameter is 80 mm (3.15 in.).
- The recommended thickness of the pole wall is 3.5 mm (0.14 in.) or above.
- When RRUs are installed on a pole, the side-mounted installation is recommended. A maximum of three RRUs can be installed on a pole with the diameter ranging from 60 mm (2.36 in.) to 76 mm (2.99 in.).
- Only a pole whose diameter ranges from 76 mm (2.99 in.) to 114 mm (4.49 in.) supports more than three RRUs.

Figure 3-7 shows a single RRU installed on a pole.

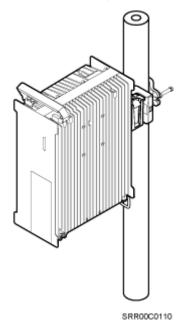


Figure 3-7 A single RRU installed on a pole

Figure 3-8 shows two RRUs installed on a pole.

Figure 3-8 Two RRUs installed on a pole

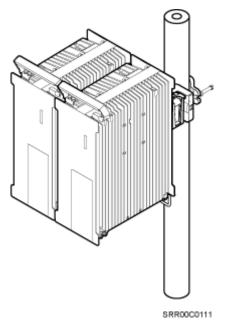


Figure 3-9, Figure 3-10, and Figure 3-11 show multiple RRUs installed on a pole.

Figure 3-9 Three RRUs installed on a pole

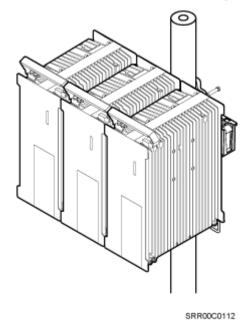


Figure 3-10 Four RRUs installed on a pole

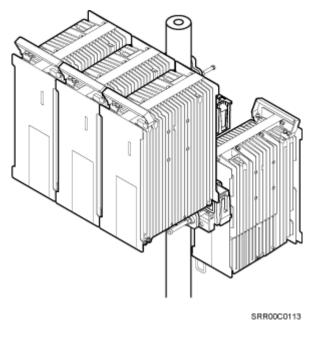
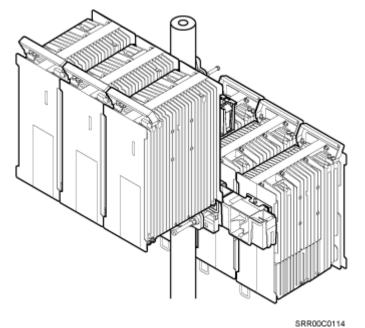


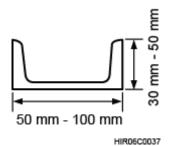
Figure 3-11 Six RRUs installed on a pole



Installing an RRU on U-Steel

Figure 3-12 shows U-steel specifications.

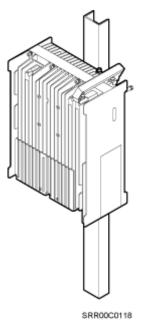
Figure 3-12 U-steel specifications



NOTICE U-steel supports only the standard or reverse installation of a single RRU.

Figure 3-13 shows an RRU installed on U-steel.

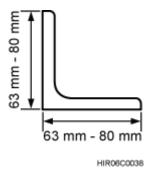
Figure 3-13 RRU installed on U-steel



Installing an RRU on Angle Steel

Figure 3-14 shows angle steel specifications.

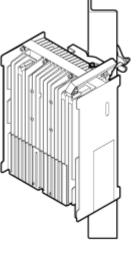
Figure 3-14 Angle steel specifications



Angle steel supports only the standard or reverse installation of a single RRU.

Figure 3-15 shows an RRU installed on angle steel.

Figure 3-15 RRU installed on angle steel



SRR00C0124

Installing an RRU on a Wall

The wall for installing RRUs must meet the following requirements:

- For each RRU, the wall must be able to bear a weight four times heavier than the RRU's weight and the bolts' pulling force of 1.25 kN (281.25 lbf) vertical to the wall.
- Expansion bolts must be tightened to 30 N·m (265.52 lbf·in.) to ensure that the bolts work properly and the wall remains intact.

NOTICE
The standard installation is recommended for RRUs installed on a wall.

Figure 3-16 Correct installation of RRUs installed on a wall in side-mounted mode

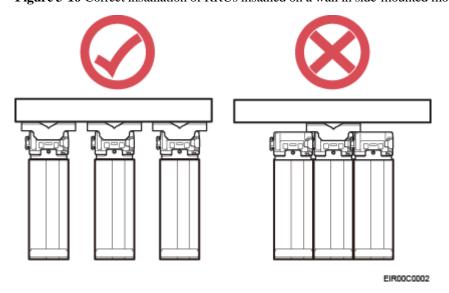


Figure 3-17 shows an RRU installed on a wall.

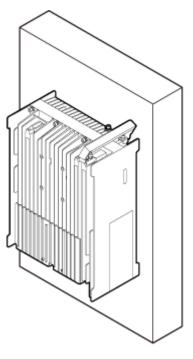


Figure 3-17 RRU installed on a wall

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Installing an RRU on an IFS06

- The upper and lower adjustable beams on an IFS06 can be moved up and down to fit for heights of RRUs.
- The IFS06 supports at least three RRUs when the ambient temperature is higher than or equal to the lowest operating temperature of the RRUs and at least 5°C (41°F) lower than the highest operating temperature of the RRUs. The IFS06 supports a maximum of six RRUs when the ambient temperature is higher than or equal to the lowest operating temperature of the RRUs and at least 10°C (50°F) lower than the highest operating temperature of the RRUs.

For details about the operating temperature of the RRUs, see section "Technical Specifications of RRUs" in *Base Station Technical Description*.

NOTICE RRUs cannot be stacked when the RRUs are installed on an IFS06, as shown in Figure 3-18.

Figure 3-18 Correct installation of RRUs installed on an IFS06

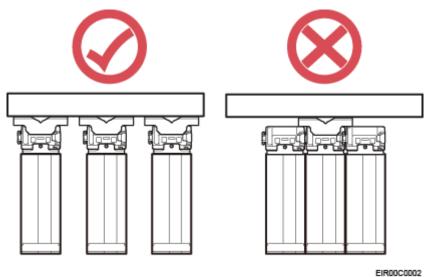


Figure 3-19 and Figure 3-20 show RRUs installed on an IFS06.

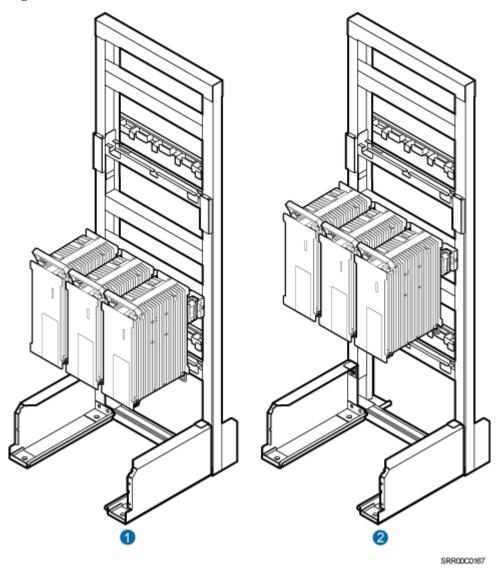


Figure 3-19 Three RRUs installed on an IFS06

(1) Height-restricted scenario

(2) Height-unrestricted scenario

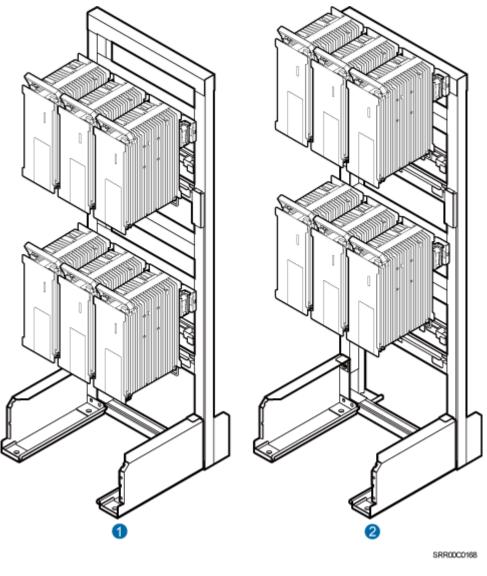


Figure 3-20 Six RRUs installed on an IFS06

(1) Height-restricted scenario

(2) Height-unrestricted scenario

3.5 Installation Clearance Requirements of an RRU

This section describes the requirements for the installation clearance of a single RRU and multiple RRUs and the requirements for the installation spacing between RRUs.

3.5.1 Clearance for a Single RRU

This section describes the recommended and minimum clearances for a single RRU.

If an RRU is installed on the bitumen ground, the RRU must be at least 500 mm (700 mm or more is recommended) away from the bitumen ground. The following describes the space requirements for installing a single RRU on the non-bitumen ground.

- The recommended clearances ensure normal running and provide appropriate space for operation and maintenance (O&M). If the installation space is sufficient, leave the recommended clearances after installing the equipment.
- The minimum clearance ensures normal running and heat dissipation, but O&M activities such as checking indicator status and opening the cabling cavity cannot be properly conducted. If the installation space is restricted, leave the minimum clearance after installing the equipment.

Clearance for a Single RRU in Side-Mounted Mode

Figure 3-21 shows the clearance for a single RRU in side-mounted mode.

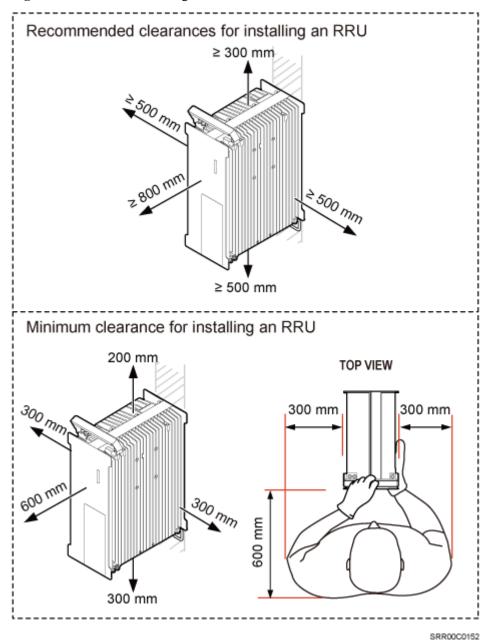


Figure 3-21 Clearance for a single RRU in side-mounted mode

Clearance for a Single RRU in Standard or Reverse Mode

Figure 3-22 shows the clearance for a single RRU in standard or reverse mode.

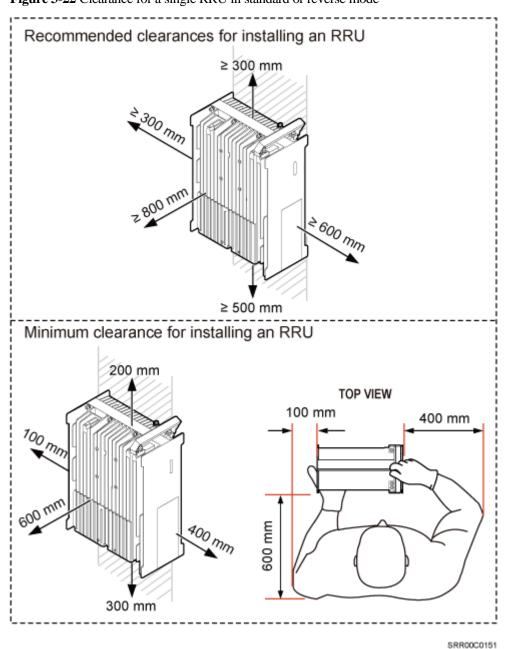


Figure 3-22 Clearance for a single RRU in standard or reverse mode

Clearance for a Single Tower-Mounted RRU

Figure 3-23 and Figure 3-24 show the minimum clearances for a single RRU in side-mounted mode and standard or reverse mode on a tower.

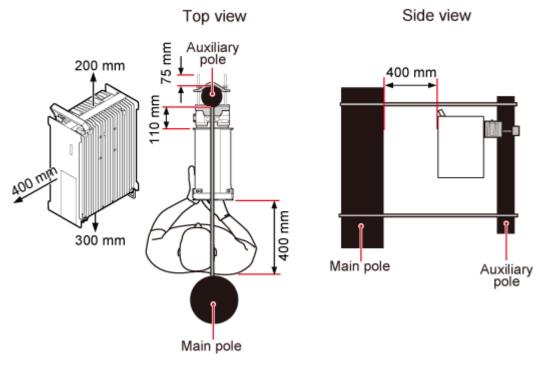


Figure 3-23 Minimum clearance for a single RRU in side-mounted mode on a tower

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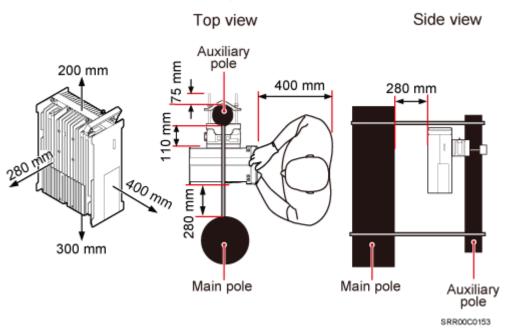


Figure 3-24 Minimum clearance for a single RRU in standard or reverse mode on a tower

3.5.2 Clearance for Three or More RRUs

This section describes the recommended and minimum clearances for three or more RRUs.

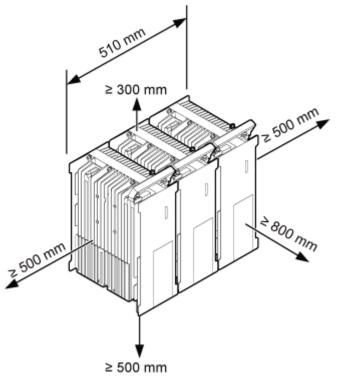
If an RRU is installed on the bitumen ground, the RRU must be at least 500 mm (700 mm or more is recommended) away from the bitumen ground. The following describes the space requirements for installing multiple RRUs on the non-bitumen ground.

- The recommended clearances ensure normal running and provide appropriate space for operation and maintenance (O&M). If the installation space is sufficient, leave the recommended clearances after installing the equipment.
- The minimum clearance ensures normal running and heat dissipation, but O&M activities such as checking indicator status and opening the cabling cavity cannot be properly conducted. If the installation space is restricted, leave the minimum clearance after installing the equipment.

Recommended Clearances for Multiple RRUs Installed in Stacked Mode

Figure 3-25 shows the recommended clearances for multiple RRUs installed in stacked mode.

Figure 3-25 Recommended clearances for multiple RRUs installed in stacked mode



SRR00C0154

Minimum Clearances for Multiple RRUs Installed in Stacked Mode

Figure 3-26 shows the minimum clearances for multiple RRUs installed in stacked mode.

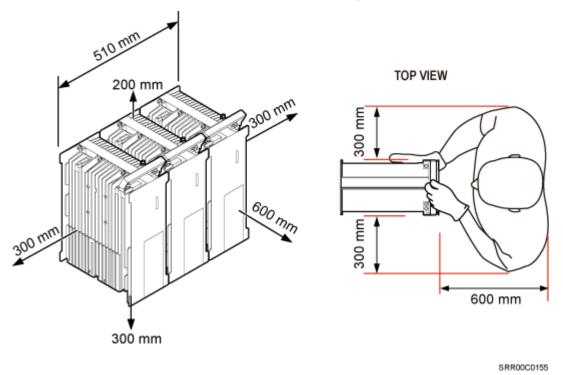
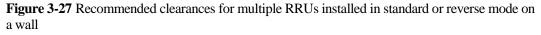
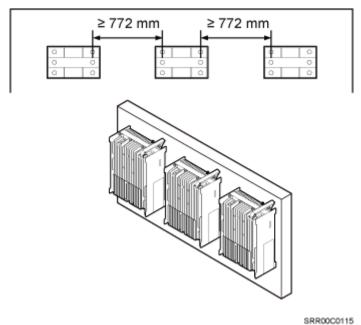


Figure 3-26 Minimum clearances for multiple RRUs installed in stacked mode

Recommended Clearances for Multiple RRUs Installed in Standard or Reverse Mode on a Wall

Figure 3-27 shows the recommended clearances for multiple RRUs installed in standard or reverse mode on a wall.





Minimum Clearances for Multiple RRUs Installed in Standard or Reverse Mode on a Wall

Figure 3-28 shows the minimum clearances for multiple RRUs installed in standard mode on a wall.

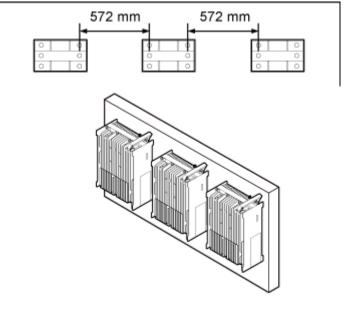


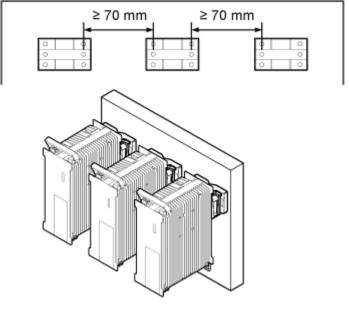
Figure 3-28 Minimum clearances for multiple RRUs installed in standard mode on a wall

SRR00C0116

Recommended Clearances for Multiple RRUs Installed in Side-Mounted Mode on a Wall

Figure 3-29 shows the recommended clearances for multiple RRUs installed in side-mounted mode on a wall.

Figure 3-29 Recommended clearances for multiple RRUs installed in side-mounted mode on a wall



SRR00C0117

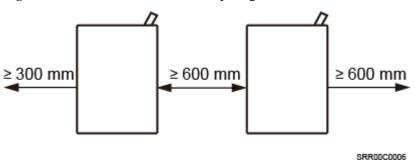
3.5.3 Installation Spacing Between RRUs

This section describes the horizontal and vertical spacing between RRUs.

Recommended Horizontal Spacing Between RRUs

Figure 3-30 shows the recommended horizontal spacing between RRUs.

Figure 3-30 Recommended horizontal spacing between RRUs



Minimum Horizontal Spacing Between RRUs

Figure 3-31 shows the minimum horizontal spacing between RRUs.

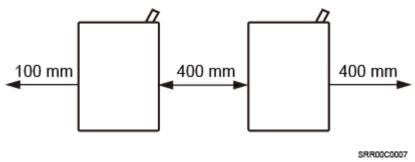
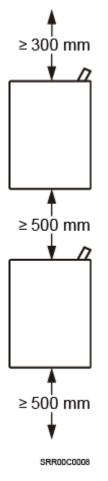


Figure 3-31 Minimum horizontal spacing between RRUs

Recommended Vertical Spacing Between RRUs

Figure 3-32 shows the recommended vertical spacing between RRUs.

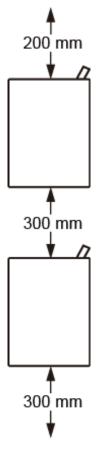
Figure 3-32 Recommended vertical spacing between RRUs



Minimum Vertical Spacing Between RRUs

Figure 3-33 shows the minimum vertical spacing between RRUs.

Figure 3-33 Minimum vertical spacing between RRUs



SRR00C0009

4 Unpacking the Equipment

This chapter describes how to unpack and check the delivered equipment to ensure that all the materials are included and intact.

Context

When transporting, moving, or installing the equipment, components, or parts, you must:

- The base stations need to be transported to the site before they are installed. Do not unpack them or change the packages of them before transportation.
- Prevent them from colliding with doors, walls, shelves, or other objects.
- Wear clean gloves, and avoid touching the equipment, components, or parts with bare hands, sweat-soaked gloves, or dirty gloves.
- Transportation of the base stations must comply with requirements of ETSI 300 019-1-2 class 2.3. For the goods damage caused by non-standard and violent transportation or non-human factors (such as natural disasters), the transportation entity should take the responsibility.



- After a cabinet or a BBU is unpacked, it must be powered on within 7 days.
- After an RRU is unpacked, it must be powered on within 24 hours.

Procedure

Step 1 Check the total number of articles in each case according to the packing list.

If	Then
The total number tallies with the packing list	Go to Step 2.
The total number does not tally with the packing list	Find out the cause and report any missing articles to the local Huawei office.

Step 2 Check the exterior of the packing case.

If	Then
The outer packing is intact	Go to Step 3.
The outer packing is severely damaged or soaked	Find out the cause and report it to the local Huawei office.

Step 3 Check the type and quantity of the equipment in the cases according to the packing list.

If	Then
Types and quantity of the article tally with those on the packing list	Sign the <i>Packing List</i> with the customer.
Either shipment shortage, wrong shipment or damaged articles.	Report to the local Huawei office.



- To protect the equipment and prevent damage to the equipment, you are advised to keep the unpacked equipment and packing materials indoors, take photos of the stocking environment, packing case or carton, packing materials, and any rusted or eroded equipment, and then file the photos.
- Verify that the insulation layers of all RRU cables are intact. If the insulation layers are damaged or broken, water will penetrate into the cables, which may cause damages to RRUs or human injury.

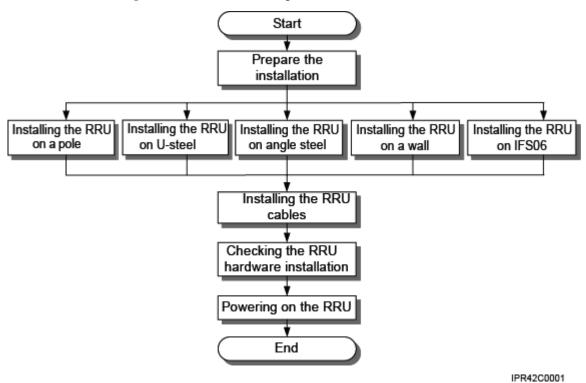
----End

5 Installation Process

The installation process involves installing an RRU and RRU cables, checking the RRU hardware installation, and powering on an RRU.

Figure 5-1 shows the installation process.

Figure 5-1 Process of installing an RRU



6 (Optional) Installing the Plastic Shells of the RRU

This section describes the procedure for installing the plastic shells of the RRU.

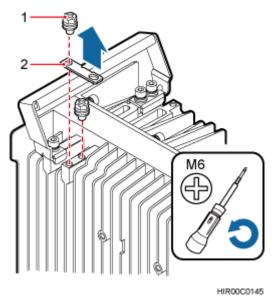
Context

An RRU is equipped with a plastic shell only when necessary.

Procedure

Step 1 Use an M6 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the two screws on the metal sheet of the RRU and remove the metal sheet, as shown in Figure 6-1.

Figure 6-1 Removing the metal sheet



(1) Screw	(2) Metal sheet
-----------	-----------------

Step 2 Install a buckle on each side at the bottom of the RRU, and use an M4 torque wrench to tighten the screws on the buckles to 1.4 N·m (12.39 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 6-2.

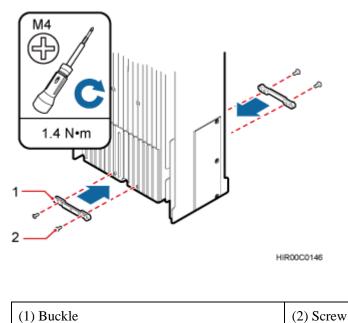


Figure 6-2 Installing buckles at the bottom

Step 3	Use four hex screws to secure the plastic shells onto the RRU and use an M6 hex key wrench
-	to tighten the screws to 2.8 N·m (24.78 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 6-3.

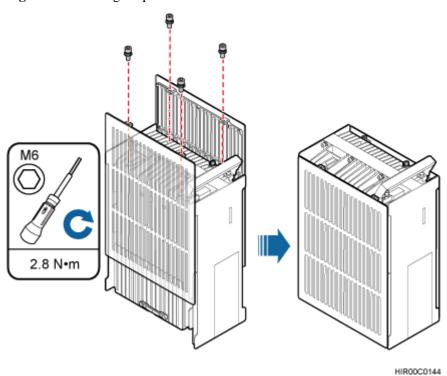


Figure 6-3 Installing the plastic shells of the RRU

----End

7 Hoisting an RRU and Related Cables onto a Tower

About This Chapter

This section describes the procedure for hoisting an RRU and related cables onto a tower and the precautions that must be taken.

7.1 Hoisting an RRU onto a Tower

This section describes the procedures and precautions for hoisting an RRU and its mounting kits onto a tower. In tower-mounted scenarios, the RRU can be installed on a pole, U-steel, or angle steel.

7.2 Hoisting Optical Fibers onto a Tower

This section describes the procedure for hoisting optical fibers onto a tower and the precautions that must be taken.

7.3 Hoisting Power Cables onto a Tower

This section describes the procedure for hoisting power cables onto a tower and the precautions that must be taken.

7.1 Hoisting an RRU onto a Tower

This section describes the procedures and precautions for hoisting an RRU and its mounting kits onto a tower. In tower-mounted scenarios, the RRU can be installed on a pole, U-steel, or angle steel.

Prerequisites

When the RRU is powered by an AC/DC power module, you need to install the AC/DC power module onto the RRU before hoisting them onto a tower. For detailed operations, see AC/DC Power Module User Guide or OPM15M User Guide, OPM15M(Ver.B) User Guide, OPM30M User Guide, OPM50M User Guide, or OPM50M(Ver.B) User Guide.

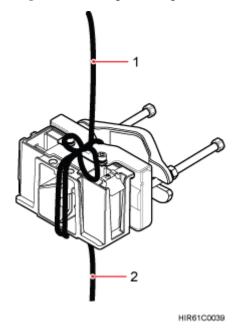


- Do not stand the RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under the RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Procedure

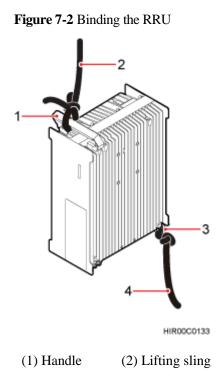
- **Step 1** After climbing up to the tower, installation engineer A secures the fixed pulley to the tower platform support and leads the lifting sling through the fixed pulley.
- **Step 2** Installation engineer C binds the mounting kits using the lifting sling and traction sling on the ground, as shown in Figure 7-1. Then installation engineer B pulls the lifting sling downwards, and installation engineer C pulls the traction sling outwards to protect the mounting kits from colliding with the tower.

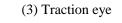
Figure 7-1 Binding mounting kits for the RRU



(1) Lifting sling	(2) Traction sling
-------------------	--------------------

- Step 3 Installation engineer A catches the mounting kits and then unties the slings.
- Step 4 Install the mounting kits. For detailed operations, see steps 1 to 3 in 8.2.1 Installing a Single RRU.
- **Step 5** Installation engineer C binds the RRU using the lifting sling and traction sling, as shown in Figure 7-2. The binding methods in Figure 7-3 and Figure 7-4 are incorrect.





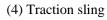


Figure 7-3 Incorrect binding method (1)

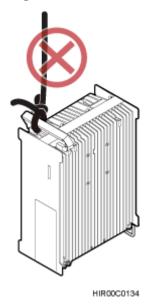




Figure 7-4 Incorrect binding method (2)

Step 6 Hoist the RRU onto the tower, as shown in Figure 7-5. Installation engineer B pulls the lifting sling downwards, and installation engineer C pulls the traction sling outwards to protect the RRU from colliding with the tower.

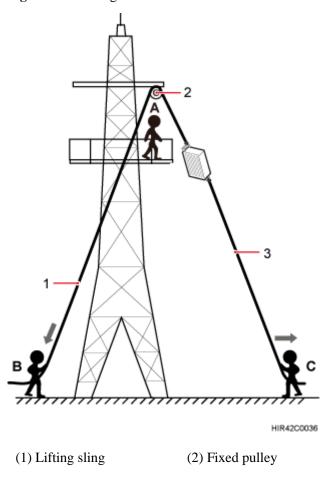


Figure 7-5 Hoisting the RRU onto the tower

(3) Traction sling

- The load-bearing capacity of each sling must be greater than 200 kg (441 lb) and the diameter of each sling must be less than 25 mm (0.98 in.).
- When hoisting each device onto a tower, protect them from colliding with the tower.
- Hoist the RRU onto the tower before it is installed on a pole, angle steel, or U-steel.
- Do not hoist anything using the traction eye.
- Step 7 Installation engineer A catches the RRU hoisted onto the tower.
- **Step 8** Installation engineer A installs the RRU onto the main bracket and uses an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the hole of the attachment plate and main bracket to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.). For detailed operations, see steps 4 and 5 in 8.2.1 Installing a Single RRU.
- Step 9 Untie the lifting sling and traction sling.

The procedure for hoisting the RRU and its mounting kits onto the tower is for your reference only.

----End

7.2 Hoisting Optical Fibers onto a Tower

This section describes the procedure for hoisting optical fibers onto a tower and the precautions that must be taken.

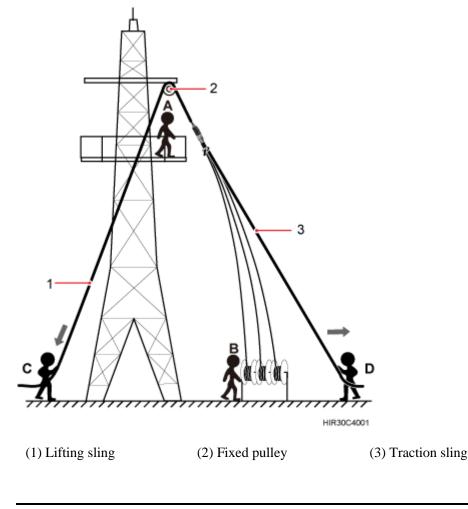
Context

Cabling requirements for power cables are met. For details, see 9.1 Cabling Requirements.

Procedure

Step 1 Hoist the optical fibers onto the tower, as shown in Figure 7-6.

Figure 7-6 Hoisting optical fibers onto the tower

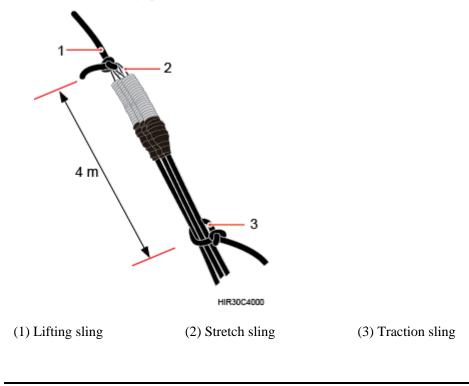


Before hoisting optical fibers onto the tower, connect the optical fibers to the RRU or BBU based on the labels on both ends of the cables and determine the hoisting direction.

1. After climbing up to the tower, installation engineer A secures the fixed pulley to the tower platform support and leads the lifting sling through the fixed pulley.

2. Installation engineer B places the fiber coiler for coiling optical fibers on the fiber spools, and installation engineer D lead the lifting sling through the stretch sling of the optical fibers and use the other sling as a traction sling to secure the cables 4 m (13.12 ft) away from the lifting sling, as shown in Figure 7-7.

Figure 7-7 Binding optical fibers



Do not remove the stretch sling and protection pipe or bind optical fibers using one sling, as shown in Figure 7-8.



Figure 7-8 Incorrect binding method

- 3. Installation engineer B rotates the fiber spools at the speed of 5 m (16.4 ft) to 15 m (49.21 ft) per minute to coil the optical fibers.
- 4. Installation engineer C pulls the lifting sling downwards, and installation engineer D pulls the traction sling outwards to protect the optical fibers from colliding with the tower.
- Step 2 Secure the optical fibers to the tower vertically using cable clips.
- Step 3 Remove the lifting sling, traction sling, and protection pipe.

The procedure for hoisting the optical fibers onto the tower is for your reference only.

----End

7.3 Hoisting Power Cables onto a Tower

This section describes the procedure for hoisting power cables onto a tower and the precautions that must be taken.

Context

Cabling requirements for power cables are met. For details, see 9.1 Cabling Requirements.

The procedure for adding a connector to the RRU power cable on the RRU side is done under the tower.

Procedure

Step 1 Hoist the power cables onto the tower, as shown in Figure 7-9.

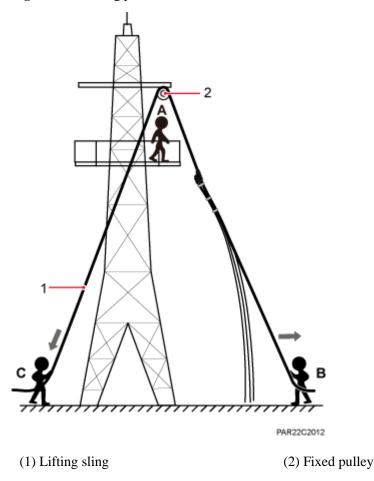


Figure 7-9 Hoisting power cables onto the tower

- 1. After climbing up to the tower, installation engineer A secures the fixed pulley to the tower platform support and leads the lifting sling through the fixed pulley.
- 2. Installation engineer B secures three cable ties to the power cable connector, and then secures the power cable to the lifting sling, as shown in Figure 7-10.

The connector on the power cable in the figure is only an example. The actual connector may vary according to the situation.

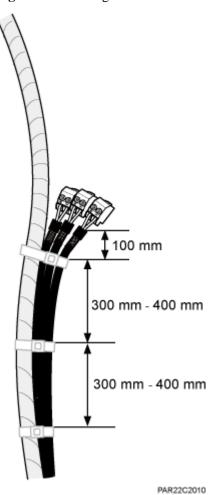
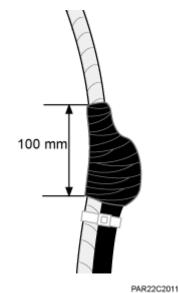


Figure 7-10 Binding cable ties

3. Installation engineer B wraps the power cable connector with a layer of PVC insulation tape, as shown in Figure 7-11.

Wrap the PVC insulation tape from 30 mm (1.18 in.) away from one end of the connector until it reaches the other end of the connector. The total length of the wrapped connector is 100 mm (3.94 in.).



colliding with the tower.

Figure 7-11 Wrapping the PVC insulation tape

- 4. Installation engineer C pulls the lifting sling downwards, and installation engineer B pulls the other end of the lifting sling outwards to protect the power cables from
- Step 2 Secure the power cables to the tower vertically using cable clips.
- Step 3 Remove the cable ties, PVC insulation tape, and lifting sling.

The procedure for hoisting the power cables onto the tower is for your reference only.

----End

8 Installing the RRU

About This Chapter

This chapter describes the procedure for installing the RRU. The procedure for installing the RRU varies depending on installation options.

8.1 Mounting Kits for an RRU

This section describes the bracket assembly and the attachment plate for an RRU.

8.2 Installing the RRU on a Pole

One or more RRUs can be installed on a pole.

8.3 Installing an RRU on U-steel

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing an RRU on U-steel. An RRU can be installed on U-steel secured on the ground or a tower. Each piece of U-steel allows only one RRU to be installed in standard or reverse mode.

8.4 Installing an RRU on Angle Steel

This section describes the process and precautions for installing an RRU on angle steel. An RRU can be installed on angle steel secured on the ground or a tower. Each piece of angle steel allows only one RRU to be installed in standard or reverse mode.

8.5 Installing an RRU on a Wall

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing an RRU on a wall.

8.6 Installing an RRU on an IFS06

This section describes the process and precautions for installing an RRU on an IFS06.

8.1 Mounting Kits for an RRU

This section describes the bracket assembly and the attachment plate for an RRU.

Figure 8-1 shows the front and side of an RRU.

Figure 8-1 Front and side view of an RRU

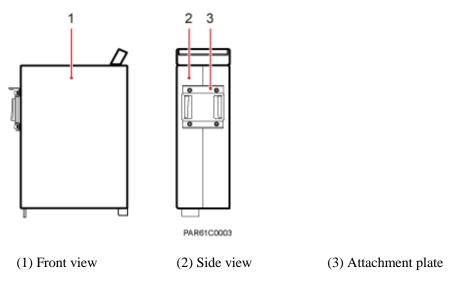
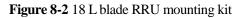
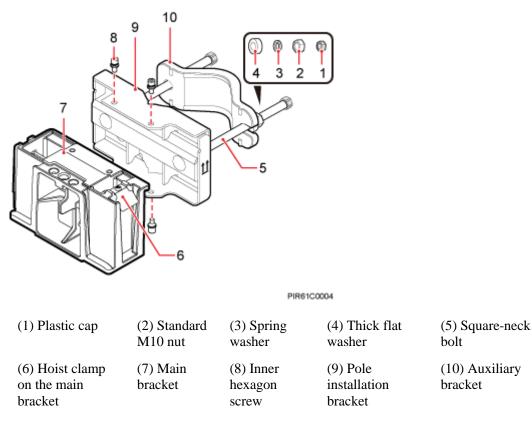


Figure 8-2 shows the bracket assembly for an RRU.

The RRU described in this document must use the required RRU mounting kits in new deployment scenarios.





8.2 Installing the RRU on a Pole

One or more RRUs can be installed on a pole.

8.2.1 Installing a Single RRU

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing a single RRU on a pole.

Prerequisites

Before you install an RRU on a pole secured on a tower, the RRU and its mounting kits are hoisted onto the tower. For details, see 7.1 Hoisting an RRU onto a Tower.

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.

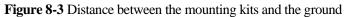


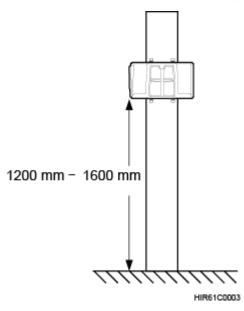
- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Procedure

Step 1 Determine a position for installing the mounting kits.

- If the RRU is installed on a tower, determine a position for installing the mounting kits according to the instructions in 3.5.1 Clearance for a Single RRU.
- If the RRU is installed on the ground, determine a position for installing the mounting kits according to Figure 8-3.

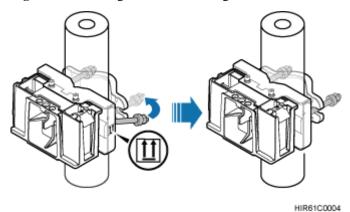




As shown in the figure above, it is recommended that the mounting kits be installed at a position 1200 mm (47.24 in.) to 1600 mm (59.06 in.) high above the ground. If the space is insufficient, only the 3.5 Installation Clearance Requirements of an RRU needs to be provided.

Step 2 Install the RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-4.

Figure 8-4 Installing the RRU mounting kits



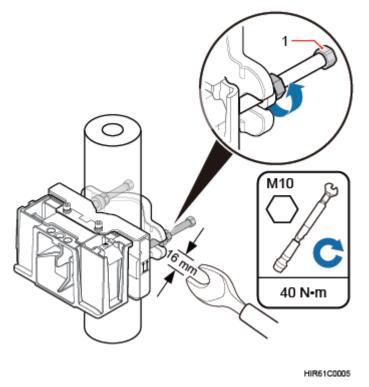
Ensure that the arrows on the mounting kits are pointing up.

- 1. Adjust the position of the nut and remove the square-neck bolt at the open end from the slot on the auxiliary bracket.
- 2. Slide the mounting kits onto the pole horizontally and insert the square-neck bolt into the slot.
- **Step 3** Use a 16 mm (0.63 in.) M10 torque wrench to tighten the nuts to 40 N·m (354.03 lbf·in.) so that the mounting kits are secured onto the pole, as shown in Figure 8-5.

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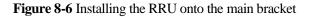
Tighten the nuts on the two square-neck bolts simultaneously. After the main and auxiliary brackets are secured properly, measure the spacing between the brackets on both sides and ensure that the spacing is the same on the two sides.

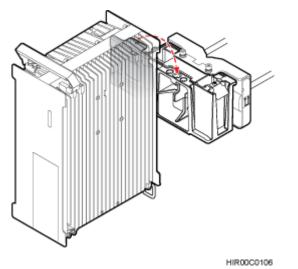
Figure 8-5 Securing the RRU mounting kits



(1) Plastic cap

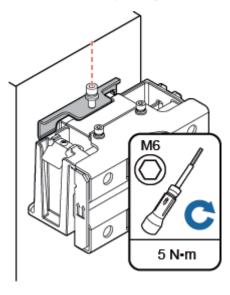
Step 4 Install the RRU onto the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-6.





Step 5 Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket to 5 N⋅m (44.25 lbf⋅in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-7.

Figure 8-7 Securing the captive screw into the connection hole



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----End

8.2.2 Installing Two RRUs

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing two RRUs on a pole.

Prerequisites

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.

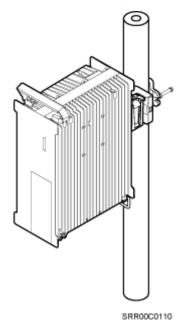


- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Procedure

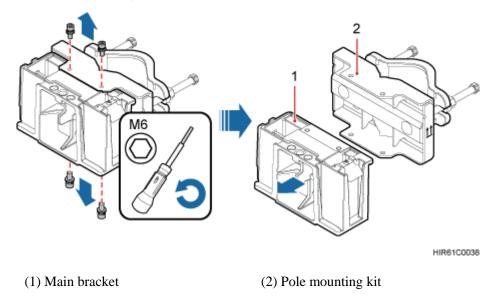
Step 1 Install the first RRU onto the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-8. For details, see 8.2.1 Installing a Single RRU.

Figure 8-8 Installing the first RRU onto the main bracket



Step 2 Use an M6 inner hexagon screwdriver to loosen the four hex socket screws from the main bracket and pole mounting kit on the second set of mounting kits, and remove the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-9.

Figure 8-9 Removing the RRU main bracket

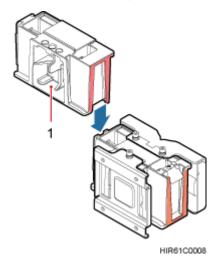


Step 3 Install the removed main bracket on one side of the first main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-10.



The second main bracket must be installed, with the open ends of U-shaped slots on both sides facing downwards.

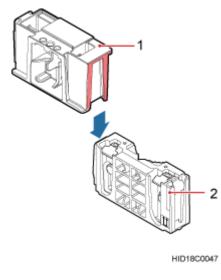
Figure 8-10 Installing the second main bracket



(1) Removed main bracket

The main mounting bracket for installing a blade RRU can connect to the main mounting bracket for installing a common RRU in the scenarios of adding RRUs, as shown in Figure 8-11.

Figure 8-11 Connecting to the main mounting bracket for installing a common RRU

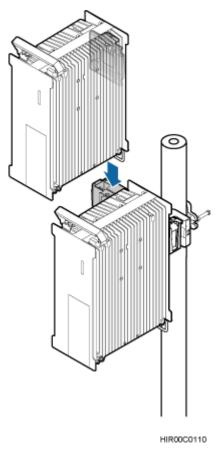


(1) Main mounting bracket for a blade RRU

(2) Main mounting bracket for a common RRU

Step 4 Install the second RRU onto the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-12.

Figure 8-12 Installing the second RRU onto the main bracket



After installing each RRU on its main bracket, use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket to $5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-13.

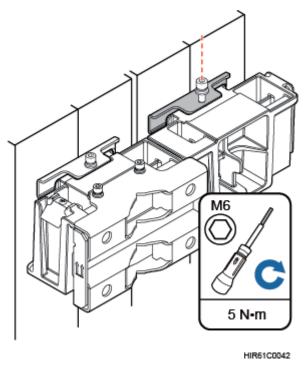
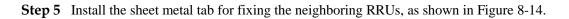


Figure 8-13 Securing the captive screw into the connection hole



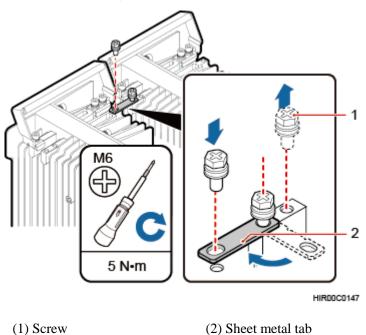


Figure 8-14 Installing the sheet metal tab

1. Use an M6 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the screw on the sheet metal tab farther from the handle of the second RRU and remove the screw.

- 2. Use an M6 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the screw on the sheet metal tab closer to the handle of the second RRU. Then, rotate the sheet metal tab to align the vacant hole in the sheet metal tab with a hole on the top of the first RRU.
- 3. Insert the removed screw into the hole on the top of the first RRU and use an M6 torque screwdriver to tighten the screw to $5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ (44.25 lbf·in.).

----End

8.2.3 Installing Three or More RRUs

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing three or more RRUs on a pole.

Prerequisites

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.



- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Context

A pole supports three, four, or six RRUs. The procedures for installing them are the same. The following provides an example for the procedure of installing four RRUs on a pole.

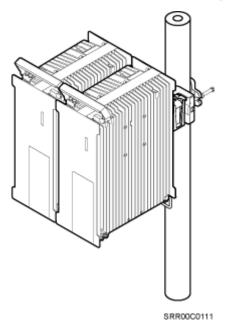


RRUs can be stacked only when installed on one or more poles, and a maximum of three RRUs can be stacked.

Procedure

Step 1 Install two RRUs, as shown in Figure 8-15. For details, see 8.2.2 Installing Two RRUs.

Figure 8-15 Two RRUs installed on a pole



Step 2 Use an M6 inner hexagon screwdriver to loosen the four hex socket screws from the main bracket and pole mounting kit on the second set of mounting kits, and remove the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-16.

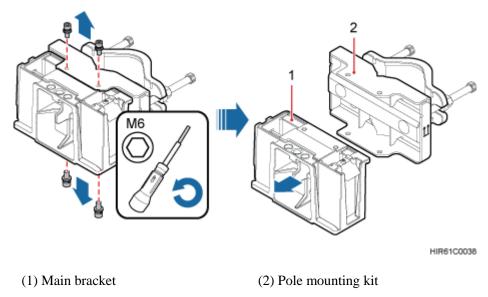
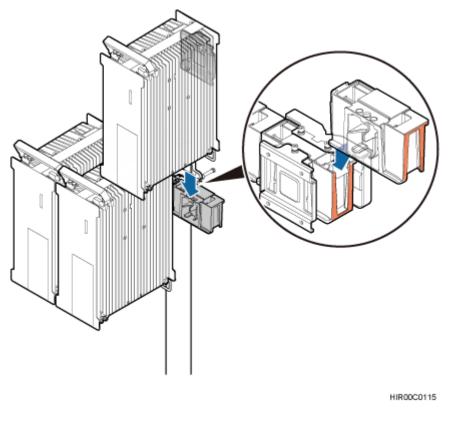


Figure 8-16 Removing the RRU main bracket

Step 3 Install the third main bracket and install the third RRU onto the third main bracket. Then, use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket for the RRU to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 8-17.

The third main bracket must be installed, with the open ends of U-shaped slots on both sides facing downwards.





The main mounting bracket for installing a blade RRU can connect to the main mounting bracket for installing a common RRU in the scenarios of adding RRUs, as shown in Figure 8-11.

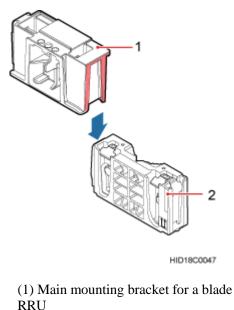
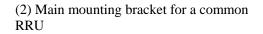


Figure 8-18 Connecting to the main mounting bracket for installing a common RRU



Step 4 Install the sheet metal tab for fixing the neighboring RRUs, as shown in Figure 8-19.

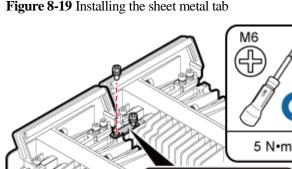
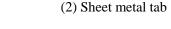


Figure 8-19 Installing the sheet metal tab



1. Use an M6 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the screw on the sheet metal tab farther from the handle of the first RRU and remove the screw.

2

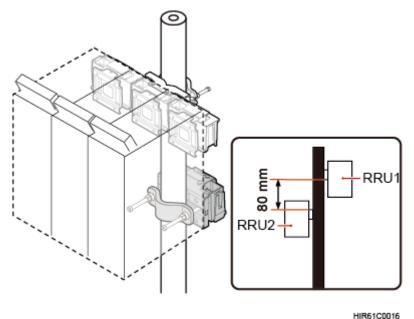
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Use an M6 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the screw on the sheet metal tab closer to the 2. handle of the first RRU. Then, rotate the sheet metal tab to align the vacant hole in the sheet metal tab with a hole on the top of the third RRU.

(1) Screw

- 3. Insert the removed screw into the hole on the top of the third RRU and use an M6 torque screwdriver to tighten the screw to $5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ (44.25 lbf·in.).
- **Step 5** Install the second set of RRU mounting kits at least 80 mm (3.15 in.) above or below the first set of RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-20.

Figure 8-20 Installing the second set of RRU mounting kits



Step 6 Install the fourth RRU onto the fourth main bracket, use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-21.

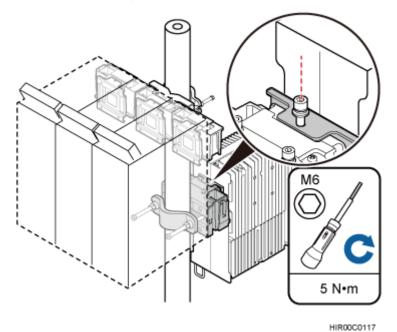


Figure 8-21 Installing the fourth RRU onto the fourth main bracket

----End

8.3 Installing an RRU on U-steel

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing an RRU on U-steel. An RRU can be installed on U-steel secured on the ground or a tower. Each piece of U-steel allows only one RRU to be installed in standard or reverse mode.

Prerequisites

Before you install an RRU on U-steel secured on a tower, the RRU and its mounting brackets are hoisted onto the tower. For details, see 7.1 Hoisting an RRU onto a Tower.

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.



- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

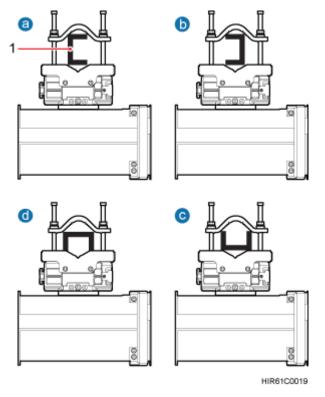
Context

Figure 8-22 shows the top view of an RRU installed on U-steel.

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When the width of the narrower edges of the U-steel is less than 40 mm (1.57 in.), only the a and b modes are supported.

Figure 8-22 Top view of an RRU

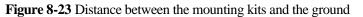


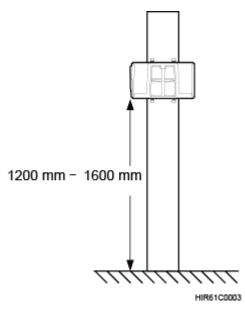
(1) U-steel

Procedure

Step 1 Determine a position for installing the mounting kits.

- If the RRU is installed on a tower, determine a position for installing the mounting kits according to the instructions in 3.5.1 Clearance for a Single RRU.
- If the RRU is installed on the ground, determine a position for installing the mounting kits according to the instructions in Figure 8-23.

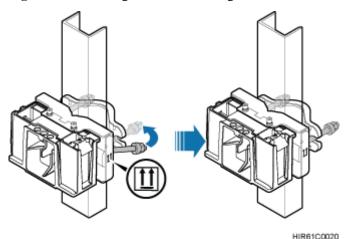




As shown in the figure above, it is recommended that the mounting kits be installed at a position 1200 mm (47.24 in.) to 1600 mm (59.06 in.) high above the ground. If the space is insufficient, only the 3.5 Installation Clearance Requirements of an RRU needs to be provided.

Step 2 Install the RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-24.

Figure 8-24 Installing the RRU mounting kits



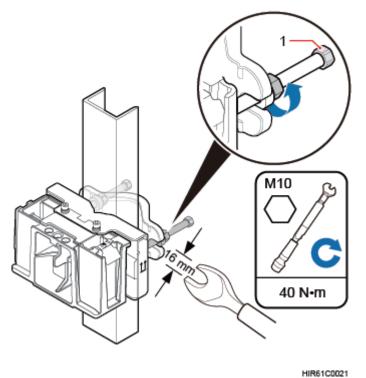
Ensure that the arrows on the pole mounting kits are pointing up.

- 1. Adjust the position of the nut and remove the square-neck bolt at the open end from the slot on the auxiliary bracket.
- 2. Slide the mounting kits onto the U-steel horizontally and insert the square-neck bolt into the slot.

Step 3 Use a 16 mm (0.63 in.) M10 torque wrench to tighten the nuts to 40 N·m (354.03 lbf·in.) so that the mounting kits are secured onto the U-steel, as shown in Figure 8-25.

Tighten the nuts on the two square-neck bolts simultaneously. After the main and auxiliary brackets are secured properly, measure the spacing between the mounting kits on both sides and ensure that the spacing is the same on the two sides.

Figure 8-25 Securing the RRU mounting kits



(1) Plastic cap

Step 4 Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to remove the attachment plate from one side of the RRU, reinstall the attachment plate onto the rear of the RRU, and tighten the four stainless screws to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 8-26.

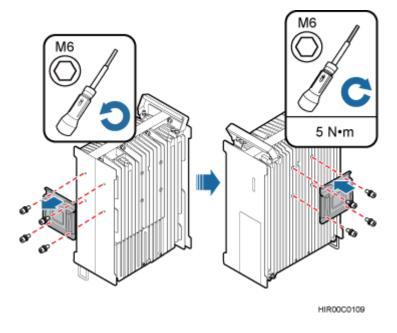


Figure 8-26 Installing the attachment plate onto the rear of the RRU

Step 5 Install the RRU onto the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-27.

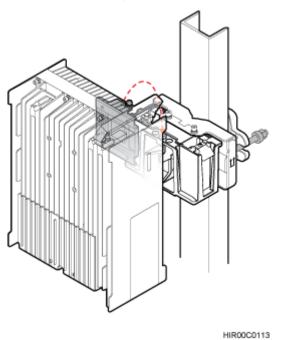


Figure 8-27 Installing the RRU onto the main brackets

Step 6 Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-28.

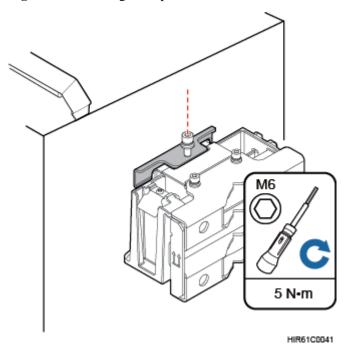


Figure 8-28 Securing the captive screw into the connection hole

----End

8.4 Installing an RRU on Angle Steel

This section describes the process and precautions for installing an RRU on angle steel. An RRU can be installed on angle steel secured on the ground or a tower. Each piece of angle steel allows only one RRU to be installed in standard or reverse mode.

Prerequisites

Before you install an RRU on U-steel secured on a tower, the RRU and its mounting brackets are hoisted onto the tower. For details, see 7.1 Hoisting an RRU onto a Tower.

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.



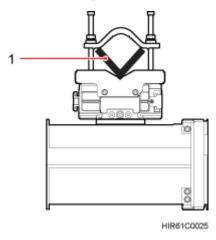
- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Context

Figure 8-29 shows the top view of an RRU installed on angle steel.

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Figure 8-29 Top view of an RRU



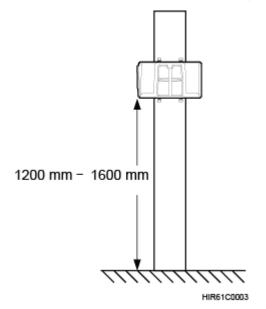
(1) Angle steel

Procedure

Step 1 Determine a position for installing the mounting kits.

- If the RRU is installed on angle steel secured on a tower, determine a position for installing the mounting brackets according to the instructions in 3.5.1 Clearance for a Single RRU.
- If the RRU is installed on angle steel secured on the ground, determine a position for installing the mounting brackets according to Figure 8-30.

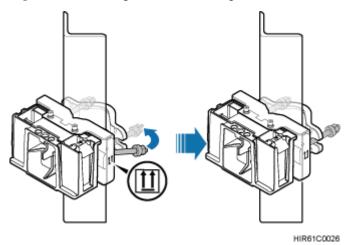
Figure 8-30 Distance between the mounting kits and the ground



As shown in the figure above, it is recommended that the mounting kits be installed at a position 1200 mm (47.24 in.) to 1600 mm (59.06 in.) high above the ground. If the space is insufficient, only the 3.5 Installation Clearance Requirements of an RRU needs to be provided.

Step 2 Install the RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-31.

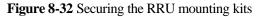
Figure 8-31 Installing the RRU mounting kits

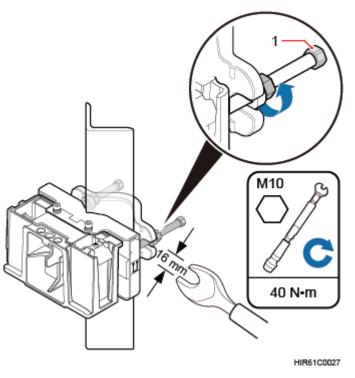


Ensure that the arrows on the pole mounting kits are pointing up.

- 1. Adjust the position of the nut and remove the square-neck bolt at the open end from the slot on the auxiliary bracket.
- 2. Slide the mounting brackets onto the angle steel horizontally and insert the square-neck bolt into the slot.
- **Step 3** Use a 16 mm (0.63 in.) M10 torque wrench to tighten the nuts to 40 N·m so that the mounting kits are secured onto the angle steel, as shown in Figure 8-32.

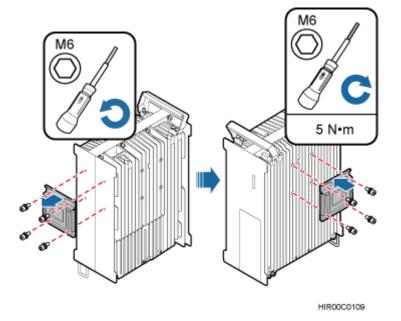
Tighten the nuts on the two square-neck bolts simultaneously. After the main and auxiliary brackets are secured properly, measure the spacing between the mounting kits on both sides and ensure that the spacing is the same on the two sides.

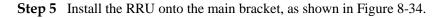




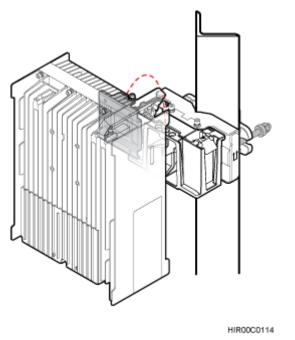
- (1) Plastic cap
- **Step 4** Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to remove the attachment plate from one side of the RRU, reinstall the attachment plate onto the rear of the RRU, and tighten the four stainless screws to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 8-33.

Figure 8-33 Installing the attachment plate onto the rear of the RRU



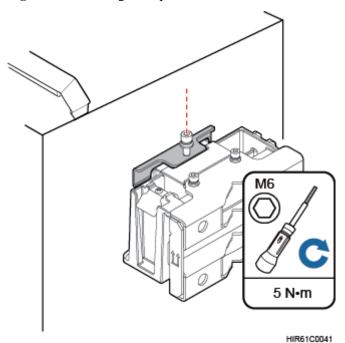






Step 6 Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket to $5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-35.

Figure 8-35 Securing the captive screw into the connection hole



8 Installing the RRU

----End

8.5 Installing an RRU on a Wall

This section describes the procedure and precautions for installing an RRU on a wall.

Prerequisites

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.



- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Context

The wall on which RRUs are installed must meet the following requirements:

- For each RRU, the wall must be able to bear a weight four times heavier than the RRU's weight and the bolts' pulling force of 1.25 kN (281.25 lbf) vertical to the wall.
- Expansion bolts must be tightened to 30 N·m (265.52 lbf·in.) to ensure that the bolts work properly and the wall remains intact.

Procedure

Step 1 Disassemble the RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-36.

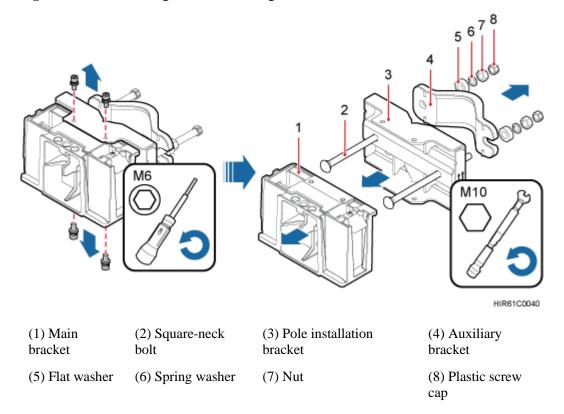
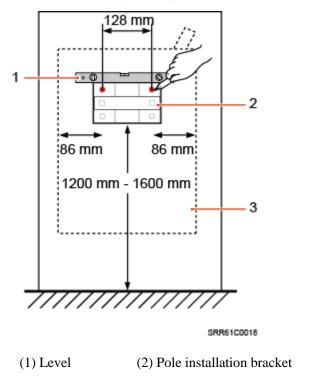


Figure 8-36 Disassembling the RRU mounting kits

- 1. Use an M6 inner hexagon torque screwdriver to remove the four inner hexagon screws on the pole installation bracket, and remove the main bracket from the pole installation bracket.
- 2. Use an M10 torque wrench to loosen the nuts on the two square-neck bolts, and remove the plastic screw cap, nuts, spring washers, flat washers, square-neck bolts, and pole installation bracket from the auxiliary bracket.
- **Step 2** Place the pole installation bracket against the wall, use a level to verify that the pole installation bracket is placed horizontally, and then mark anchor points with a marker, as shown in Figure 8-37.

Figure 8-37 Marking anchor points

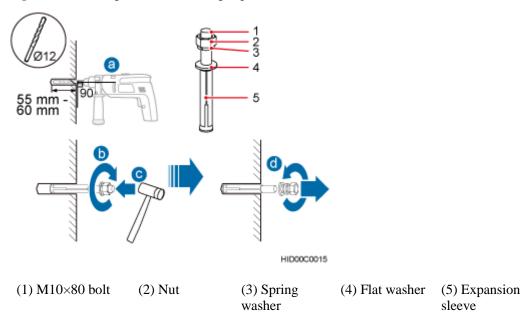


(3) RRU

As shown in the figure above, it is recommended that the pole installation bracket be installed at a position 1200 mm (47.24 in.) to 1600 mm (59.06 in.) high above the ground. If the space is insufficient, only the 3.5 Installation Clearance Requirements of an RRU needs to be provided.

Step 3 Drill holes at the anchor points, and then insert expansion anchor bolts, as shown in Figure 8-38.

Figure 8-38 Drilling holes and inserting expansion anchor bolts



1. Use a hammer drill with a Φ 12 bit to drill holes vertically at the marked anchor points with the depth ranging from 55 mm (2.17 in.) to 60 mm (2.36 in.), use a vacuum cleaner to clear the dust out from inside and around the holes, and measure the distances between holes. If any of the holes is beyond the acceptable range, mark a new anchor point and drill a new hole.

Take proper safety measures to protect your eyes and respiratory tract against the dust before drilling holes.

- 2. Tighten the expansion anchor bolts slightly and place one vertically into each hole.
- 3. Use a rubber mallet to pound the expansion anchor bolt until it goes into the hole completely.
- 4. Tighten and then loosen the expansion bolt, and remove the M10 bolt, spring washer, and flat washer in sequence.

After dismantling an expansion anchor bolt, ensure that the top of the expansion sleeve is on the same level as the wall. Otherwise, the device cannot be installed on the wall evenly and securely.

Step 4 Install the pole installation bracket on the expansion anchor bolts, place the flat washers, spring washers, and nuts through the expansion anchor bolts in sequence, and then use an M10 torque socket to tighten the nuts to 30 N⋅m (265.52 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 8-39.

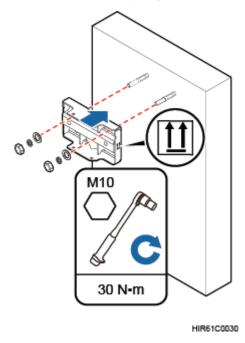
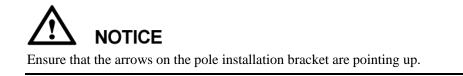
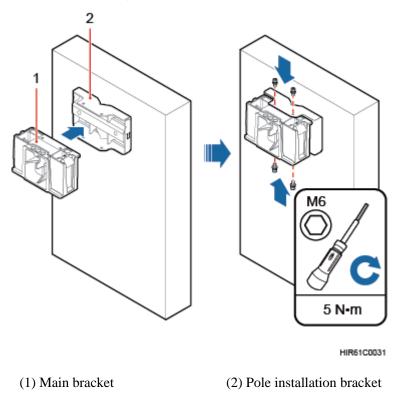


Figure 8-39 Installing the pole installation bracket on the expansion anchor bolts



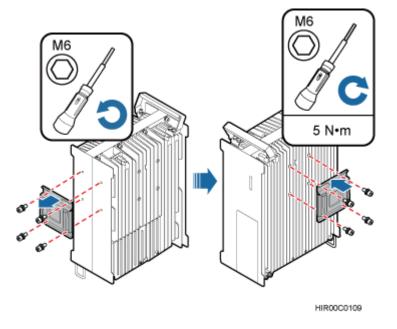
Step 5 Install the main bracket onto the pole installation bracket using four M6x16 inner hexagon screws, and use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the inner hexagon screws to 5 N⋅m (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the main bracket and pole installation bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-40.

Figure 8-40 Installing the main bracket



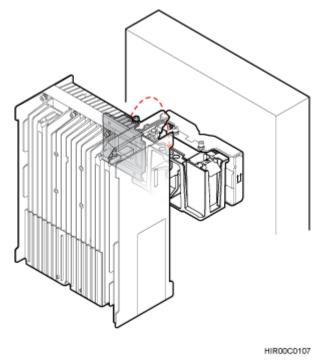
Step 6 Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to remove the attachment plate from one side of the RRU, reinstall the attachment plate onto the rear of the RRU, and tighten the four stainless screws to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 8-41.

Figure 8-41 Installing the attachment plate onto the rear of the RRU



Step 7 Install the RRU onto the main bracket, as shown in Figure 8-42.





Step 8 Use an inner hexagon torque screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes on the top of the attachment plate and main bracket to 5 N⋅m (44.25 lbf⋅in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-43.

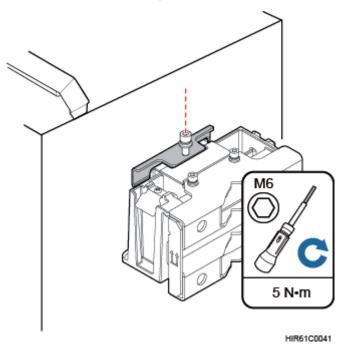


Figure 8-43 Securing the captive screw into the connection hole

----End

8.6 Installing an RRU on an IFS06

This section describes the process and precautions for installing an RRU on an IFS06.

Prerequisites

The hoist clamp on the main bracket is secured properly.



- Do not stand an RRU upright because the RF ports cannot support the weight of the RRU.
- Place a foam pad or cardboard under an RRU to protect the RRU housing from damage during the installation.

Context

- The upper and lower adjustable beams on an IFS06 can be moved up and down to fit for heights of RRUs.
- RRUs can be installed on an IFS06 when the ambient temperature is higher than or equal to the lowest operating temperature of the RRUs and at least 5°C (41°F) lower than the highest working temperature of the RRU. In this scenario, the IFS06 supports at least three RRUs. The IFS06 supports a maximum of six RRUs when the ambient temperature

is higher than or equal to the lowest operating temperature of the RRUs and at least 10°C (50°F) lower than the highest operating temperature of the RRUs.

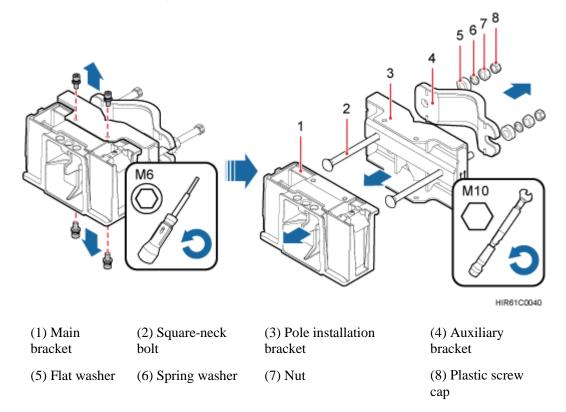
For details about the operating temperature of the RRUs, see section "Technical Specifications of RRUs" in *Base Station Technical Description*.

- Install RRUs from bottom to top and from left to right.
- This section describes how to install an RRU in height-unrestricted scenarios. The procedure for installing an RRU in height-restricted scenarios is the same as that in height-unrestricted scenarios.
- When installing the pole mounting kit, use the M10x50 bolts delivered with the IFS06.
- Rubber washers are easily compressed or broken, whereas do not need to be replaced.

Procedure

Step 1 Disassemble the RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-44.

Figure 8-44 Disassembling the RRU mounting kits

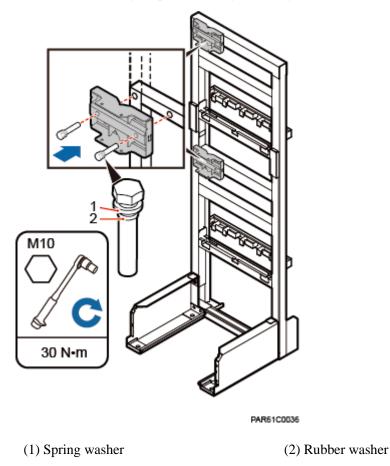


- 1. Use an M6 inner hexagon torque screwdriver to remove the four inner hexagon screws on the pole installation bracket, and remove the main bracket from the pole installation bracket.
- 2. Use an M10 torque wrench to loosen the nuts on the two square-neck bolts, and remove the plastic screw cap, nuts, spring washers, flat washers, square-neck bolts, and pole installation bracket from the auxiliary bracket.
- **Step 2** Install the RRU main bracket using the M10x50 bolts delivered with the IFS06. Then tighten the bolts using an M10 torque socket to 30 N·m (265.52 lbf·in.).

Ensure that the arrows on the pole mounting kits are pointing up.

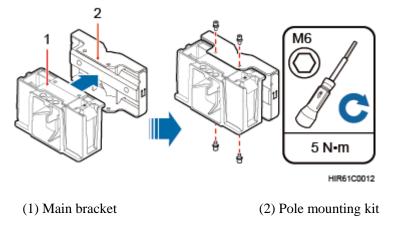
Install the RRU mounting kits, as shown in Figure 8-45.

Figure 8-45 Installing the pole mounting kit in height-unrestricted scenario



Step 3 Attach the main bracket to the pole mounting kit, and use an inner hexagon screwdriver to tighten four M6x16 screws to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the main bracket and pole mounting kit are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-46.

Figure 8-46 Installing the RRU main brackets



Step 4 Attach the RRU to the main bracket, and then use an inner hexagon screwdriver to tighten the captive screw into the holes of the attachment plate and main bracket to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.) so that the attachment plate and main bracket are firmly secured, as shown in Figure 8-47.

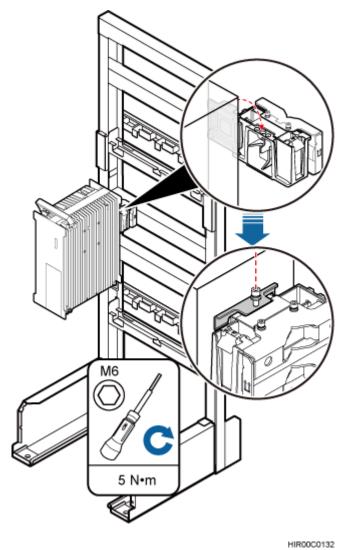
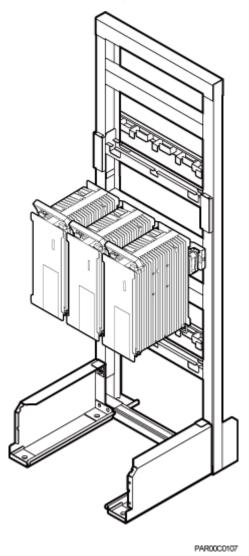


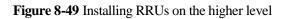
Figure 8-47 Installing and securing the RRU on the main bracket

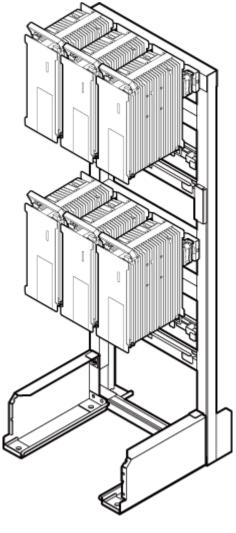
Step 5 Install the RRUs on the lower level from left to right, as shown in Figure 8-48.

Figure 8-48 Installing RRUs on the lower level



Step 6 Optional: When the ambient temperature is greater than or equal to the lowest operating temperature of the RRU and at least 10°C (50°F) lower than the highest operating temperature of the RRU, repeat the preceding steps to install the RRUs on the higher level, as shown in Figure 8-49.





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----End

9 Installing RRU Cables

About This Chapter

This chapter describes the procedure for installing RRU cables.

9.1 Cabling Requirements

Cables must be laid out according to the specified cabling requirements to prevent signal interference.

9.2 RRU Cable Connections

This section describes RRU cable connections.

9.3 Installing RRU Cables

This chapter describes the procedure for installing RRU cables.

9.4 RRU Cable List

This section describes RRU cable connections.

9.5 Installing an RRU PGND Cable

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU PGND cable.

9.6 Installing an RRU RF Jumper

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU RF jumper.

9.7 Installing an RRU AISG Multi-Wire Cable and AISG Extension Cable

This section describes the procedures for installing an RRU AISG multi-wire cable and AISG extension cable.

9.8 Installing an RRU Alarm Cable

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU alarm cable.

9.9 Opening the Cover Plate of an RRU Cabling Cavity

This section describes the procedure for opening the cover plate of an RRU cabling cavity.

9.10 Installing a CPRI Optical Fiber

This section describes the procedure for installing a CPRI optical fiber.

9.11 Installing an RRU power cable

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU power cable.

9.12 Closing the Cover Plate of an RRU Cabling Cavity

This section describes the procedure for closing the cover plate of an RRU cabling cavity.

9.1 Cabling Requirements

Cables must be laid out according to the specified cabling requirements to prevent signal interference.

If a cable listed below is not required, skip the cabling requirements of the cable.

General Cabling Requirements

Bending radius requirements

- The bending radius of a 7/8" feeder must be greater than 250 mm (9.84 in.), and the bending radius of a 5/4" feeder must be greater than 380 mm (14.96 in.).
- The bending radius of a 1/4" jumper must be greater than 35 mm (1.38 in.). The bending radius of a super-flexible 1/2" jumper must be greater than 50 mm (1.97 in.), and the bending radius of an ordinary 1/2" jumper must be greater than 127 mm (5 in.).
- The bending radius of a power cable or PGND cable must be at least three times its diameter.
- The bending radius of a fiber optic cable is at least 20 times of its diameter, and the bending radius of a breakout cable is at least 30 mm (1.18 in.).
- The bending radius of an E1/T1 cable must be at least three times its diameter.
- The bending radius of a signal cable must be at least five times its diameter.

Cable binding requirements

- Cables of the same type must be bound together.
- Different types of cables must be separately laid out and bound, with a minimum distance of 30 mm (1.18 in.) from each other.
- The cables must be bound tightly and neatly. The sheaths of the cables must not be damaged.
- The cable ties must face the same direction, and those at the same horizontal line must be in a straight line.
- The excess of the indoor cable ties is cut off. The excess of 5 mm (0.197 in.) of the outdoor cable ties is reserved, and the cut surfaces are smooth without sharp edges.
- After cables are installed, labels or nameplates must be attached to the cables at their ends, curves, and interconnection positions.

Security requirements

- When routing cables, avoid sharp objects, for example sharp edges on the wall. If necessary, use tubes to protect the cables.
- When routing cables, keep the cables away from heat sources and use heat insulation materials to insulate the cables from the heat sources.

• Reserve a proper distance (0.1 m or 3.937 in. is recommended) between equipment and cables especially at the cable curves to protect the cables and equipment.

Indoor cabling requirements

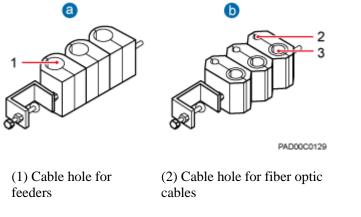
- Route each cable into the room through the feeder window.
- Reserve drip loops for all cables outside the feeder window before routing them into the room. Ensure that the radiuses of the drip loops are greater than or equal to the minimum bending radiuses of the cables.
- When routing a cable into the room, ensure that a person is assisting you in the room.
- Apply waterproof treatment to the feeder window.

Outdoor Cabling Requirements

- After being connected to a ground clip on power cables, a ground cable must be routed downwards to prevent water from entering the equipment to which the power cables connect.
- Protect outdoor cables against potential damage. For example, put the cables through tubes.
- The cables to be protected include AC power cables, transmission cables, and cables laid out underground.
- When routing cables through tubes on the ground below the cabinet, put a 30 mm to 50 mm (1.18 in. to 1.97 in.) length of the tubes into the base of the cabinet but do not put the tubes into the cabinet. Use waterproof tape or waterproof silicon gel to block both ends of the tubes and use sheet metal tabs to secure the tubes to the cable holes in the base.
- When routing cables through tubes along a metal cable trough below the cabinet, do not put the tubes into the base of the cabinet but cover the cable trough and connect the tubes to the cable holes in the base.
- When routing RRU cables, ensure that the highest positions of the routes of all RRU cables (except RF cables and AISG cables) are lower than the bottom of the RRU to prevent water from entering the maintenance cavity of the RRU.
- Use clips to secure cables outdoors. For the method of installing a clip, see the installation guide delivered with the clip.
- Arrange cables neatly along the routing direction and use clips to secure the cables.
- Determine the positions where the clips are installed according to the actual situation. For example, 7/8" feeders are secured with clips at an interval of 1.5 m to 2 m (4.92 ft to 6.56 ft), CPRIIr fiber optic cables and power cables are secured with clips at an interval of 1 m to 1.5 m (3.28 ft to 4.92 ft). Ensure that the clips are evenly spaced and in the same direction.
- When fastening cables with a clip, ensure that the cables are aligned neatly and are routed through the holes in the clip. Do not stretch the cables too tightly.

- There are two types of clips: 3-hole clip and 6-hole clip, which are described as follows:
- A 3-hole clip is shown by illustration a in the following figure. It is often used to fasten feeders.
- A 6-hole clip is shown by illustration b in the following figure. It is often used to fasten power cables and CPRIIr fiber optic cables.

Figure 9-1 Exterior of the clips



(3) Cable hole for power cables

The following figure shows the cables secured on a cable tray.

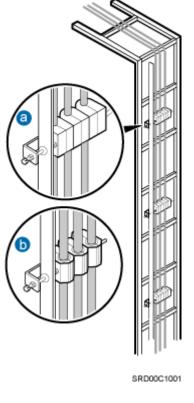
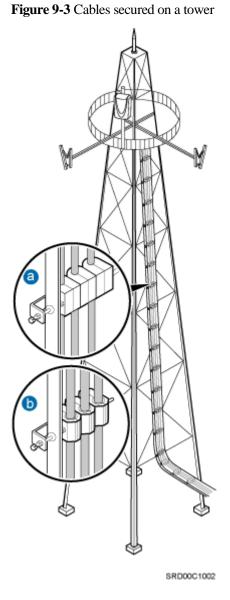


Figure 9-2 Cables secured on a cable tray

(1) 3-hole clip

(2) 6-hole clip

The following figure shows the cables secured on a tower.



(1) 3-hole clip

(2) 6-hole clip

Special Cabling Requirements

Cabling of power cables

- Power cables must be installed in the position specified in engineering design documents.
- If the length of power cables is insufficient, replace the cables rather than adding connectors or soldering joints to lengthen the cables.
- Cables can only be laid out under well-planned instructions. The cabling activities of fiber optic cables are allowed only when qualified personnel and communication facilities are available.
- Do not circle and twist cables.

- After routing a DC power cable onto the platform on a tower, route it along the shortest path to the rails surrounding the platform, and route it along the inside of the rails.
- After routing a DC power cable close to the equipment on a tower, use clips to secure the power cable onto a pole or the rails surrounding the platform. Ensure that there is no excessively long distance between the equipment and the position where the power cable is secured.

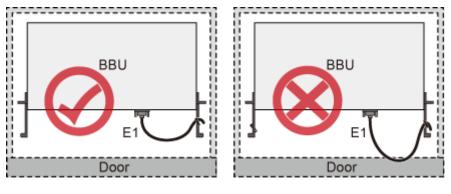
Cabling of PGND cables

- PGND cables for a base station must be connected to the same group of ground bars.
- PGND cables must be buried in the ground or routed indoors.
- The external conductor of the coaxial wire and the shield layer of the shielded cable must have proper electrical contact with the metal surface of the equipment to which they are connected.
- PGND cables and signal cables must be installed separately. A certain distance must be reserved between them to prevent interference from each other.
- Switches or fuses must not be installed on the PGND cables.
- Other devices must not be used for electrical connections of the PGND cables.
- All the metal parts in the housing of the equipment must be reliably connected to the ground terminal.

Cabling of E1 cables

- E1 cables must not cross power cables, PGND cables, or RF cables when laid out. If transmission cables are laid out with power cables, PGND cables, or RF cables in parallel, the spacing between them must be greater than 30 mm (1.18 in.).
- E1 cables are lined up straight and bound neatly with cable ties.
- Sufficient slack is provided for E1 cables at turns.
- E1 cables must not be pressed by the door of the cabinet when routed, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 9-4 E1 cables routed in the cabinet



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Cabling of fiber optic cables

• At least three people are required for laying out fiber optic cables. The cabling activities of fiber optic cables are allowed only when qualified personnel and communication facilities are available.

- The operating temperature of fiber optic cables ranges from -40°C to +60°C (-40°F to +140°F). If the actual temperature is beyond this range, take protective measures or select another route.
- Do not circle and twist cables.
- Do not bind a fiber optic cable at the position where it bends.
- Do not stretch, step on, or place heavy objects on fiber optic cables. Keep the fiber optic cables away from sharp objects.
- When fiber optic cables are routed, the excess of the fiber optic cables must be coiled around special devices, such as a fiber coiler.
- An unarmored fiber optic cable must be bound using binding straps. If a fiber optic patch cord needs to be secured in a cabinet or a piece of equipment, use binding straps to bind it and then use cable ties to secure the binding straps to the cabinet or equipment. Ensure that the fiber optic cables can flexibly move in the cable ties. Do not bend the fiber optic cables sharply. The following figure shows how to bind the fiber optic cables correctly.

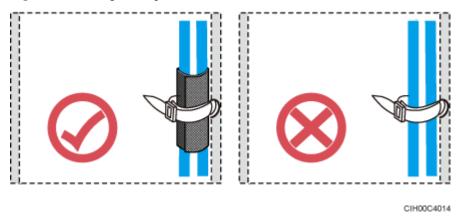
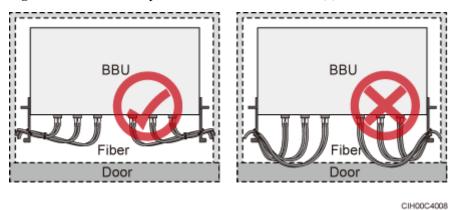
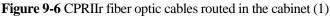
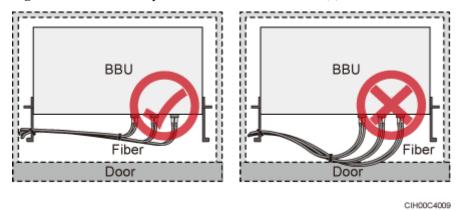


Figure 9-5 Binding fiber optic cables

- When coiling fiber optic cables, apply even strength. Do not bend the fiber optic cables with force.
- Unused optical connectors must be covered with dustproof caps.
- The fiber optic cables must not be pressed by the door of the cabinet when routed, as shown in the following figures.







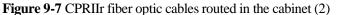
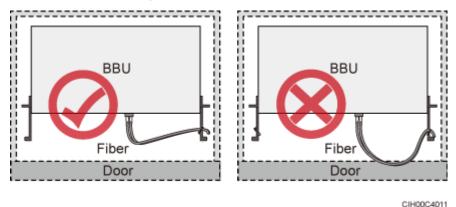


Figure 9-8 FE/GE fiber optic cables routed in the cabinet



- After routing a fiber optic cable onto the platform on a tower, route it along the shortest path to the rails surrounding the platform, and route it along the inside of the rails.
- After routing a fiber optic cable close to the equipment on a tower, use clips to secure the fiber optic cable onto a pole or the rails surrounding the platform. Ensure that there is no

excessively long distance between the equipment and the position where the cable is secured.

• Coil the excess of the fiber optic cables near the equipment on the tower before securing the cables on the tower.

9.2 RRU Cable Connections

This section describes RRU cable connections.

The RRU does not support power cable cascading.

Figure 9-9 shows the cable connections for a single RRU.

Figure 9-9 Cable connections for a single RRU

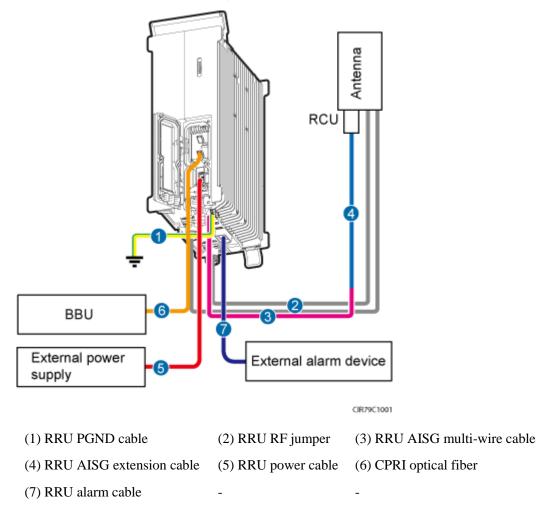


Figure 9-10 shows the cable connections for multiple RRUs.

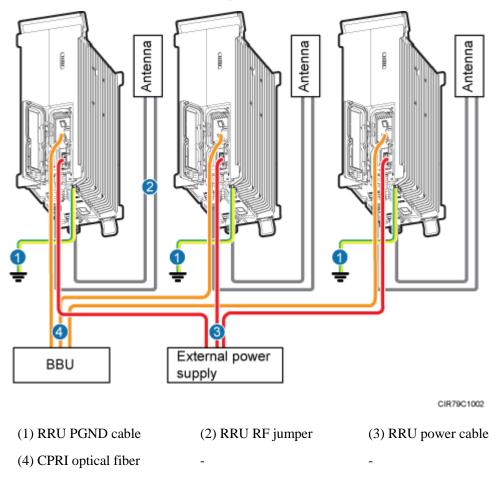


Figure 9-10 Cable connections for multiple RRUs

9.3 Installing RRU Cables

This chapter describes the procedure for installing RRU cables. Figure 9-11 shows the procedure for installing RRU cables.

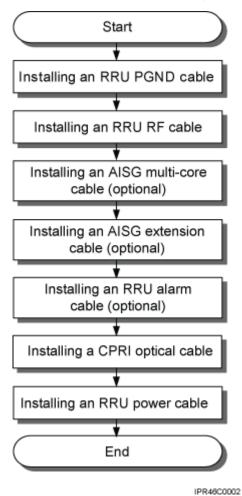


Figure 9-11 Procedure for installing RRU cables

9.4 RRU Cable List

This section describes RRU cable connections.

Table 9-1 lists RRU cables.

Table 9-1 RRU cables	Table	9-1	RRU	cables
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Cable	One End		The Other End	
	Connector	Installation Position	Connector	Installation Position
RRU PGND Cable	OT terminal $(M6, 16 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ or } 0.025 \text{ in.}^2)$	Ground terminal on the RRU	OT terminal $(M8, 16 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ or } 0.025 \text{ in.}^2)$	Ground terminal on the ground bar
RRU Power Cable	Female connector	NEG(-) and RTN(+) ports	Depending on the power supply	External power equipment

Cable	One End		The Other End	
	Connector	Installation Position	Connector	Installation Position
	(pressfit type)	on the RRU	equipment	
RRU Alarm Cable	DB15 male connector	EXT_ALM port on the RRU	Cord end terminal	External alarm device
CPRI Fiber Optic Cable	DLC connector	CPRI0 port on the RRU	DLC connector	CPRI port on a board in the BBU or CPRI1 port on the upper-level RRU
		CPRI1 port on the RRU		CPRI0 port on the lower-level RRU or CPRI port on a board in the BBU
RRU RF Jumper	4.3-10 straight male connector	RF ports on the RRU	4.3-10 straight male connector or DIN male connector	Antenna system
			NOTICE Select cables based on the type of the connector at the other end of the cable on live networks.	
RRU AISG Multi-Wire Cable	DB9 waterproof male connector	RET port on the RRU	Standard AISG female connector	Standard AISG male connector on the RCU or on the AISG extension cable
RRU AISG Extension Cable	Standard AISG male connector	Standard AISG female connector on the AISG multi-wire cable	Standard AISG female connector	Standard AISG male connector on the RCU

9.5 Installing an RRU PGND Cable

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU PGND cable.

Context

The cross-sectional area of an RRU PGND cable is $16 \text{ mm}^2 (0.025 \text{ in.}^2)$. The cable has an M6 OT terminal at one end and an M8 terminal at the other end.



Install RRU PGND cables by strictly following the following operations. Otherwise, damage to the RRU or personal injury may occur.

Procedure

- **Step 1** According to the actual cable route, cut the PGND cable into a proper length to prepare an RRU PGND cable. Then, add an OT terminal at each end of the cable according to the instructions in Assembling the OT Terminal and the Power Cable.
- Step 2 Install the RRU PGND cable.

Connect the M6 OT terminal at one end of the PGND cable to the ground terminal at the RRU bottom and the M8 OT terminal at the other end to the external ground bar, as shown in Figure 9-12.

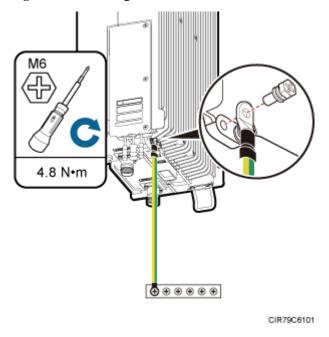
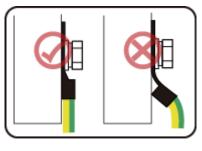


Figure 9-12 Installing an RRU PGND cable

Crimp OT terminals in correct positions, as shown in Figure 9-13.

Figure 9-13 Correct position of an OT terminal



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Step 3 Label the installed cables according to the instructions in Attaching a Cable-Tying Label.

----End

9.6 Installing an RRU RF Jumper

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU RF jumper.

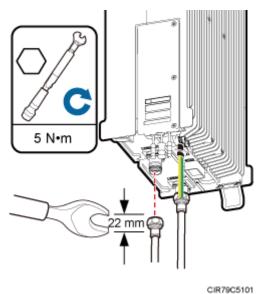
Context

For details about connections between RRU ports and antenna ports, see the RF cable connection section for the corresponding RRU in *RRU Hardware Description*.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect the 4.3-10 straight male connector on the RRU RF jumper to the antenna port, and use a torque wrench to tighten the connector to 5 N·m (44.25 lbf·in.) to 15 N·m (132.74 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 9-14.

Figure 9-14 Installing an RRU RF jumper



On AC-powered electric railways, such as high-speed railways, when leaky cables are connected to RRUs installed in tunnels, high-voltage-resistance DC blocks must be installed between RRU RF jumpers and the leaky cables to protect the RRUs against damage.

Step 2 Connect the other end of the RRU RF jumper to the external antenna system.



Before installation, check whether the connector at the other end is a 4.3-10 straight male connector or DIN male connector.

Step 3 Waterproof the connectors of the RF jumper by referring to Figure 9-15.

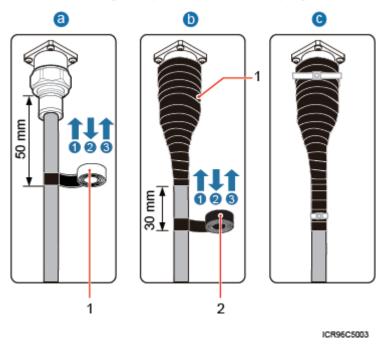


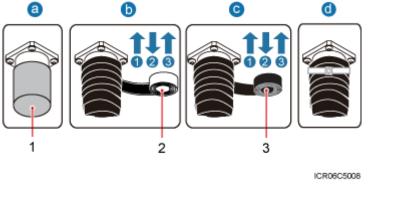
Figure 9-15 Waterproofing a connector of the RF jumper

(1) Waterproof tape	(2) PVC insulation tape
---------------------	-------------------------

- Before wrapping waterproof tape, stretch the tape evenly until the length of the tape becomes twice its original length.
- Do not stretch the PVC insulation tape when wrapping the PVC insulation tape.
- Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly and neatly, and ensure that each layer of tape overlaps more than 50% of the preceding layer. Ensure that neighboring layers are stuck to each other.
- Ensure that the adhesive surface of the tape overlaps the lower layer.
- When cutting off the cable ties, reserve a redundant length of 3 mm (0.12 in.) to 5 mm (0.2 in.).
- 1. Wrap three layers of waterproof tape on the connector, first from bottom up, then from top down, and finally from bottom up. Start wrapping the connector at a position 50 mm (1.97 in.) away below the bottom of the connector to the top of the connector, first from bottom up, then from top down, and finally from bottom up. Cut off the redundant tape after three layers are wrapped. Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly.
- 2. Wrap three layers of PVC insulation tape. Start the wrapping at a position 30 mm (1.18 in.) away below the bottom of the waterproof tape to the top of the connector, first from bottom up, then from top down, and finally from bottom up. Cut off the redundant tape after three layers are wrapped. Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly.
- 3. Start binding cable ties to the cable at a position 3 mm (0.12 in.) to 5 mm (0.2 in.) away from one end of the PVC insulation tape.
- **Step 4** Check the dustproof caps on antenna connectors. In outdoor scenarios, dustproof caps must be waterproofed, as shown in Figure 9-16.

NOTICE Do not remove dustproof caps from vacant antenna connectors.

Figure 9-16 Waterproofing a dustproof cap



(1) Dustproof cap

(2) Waterproof tape

(3) PVC insulation tape

- Before wrapping waterproof tape, stretch the tape evenly until the length of the tape becomes twice its original length.
- Do not stretch the PVC insulation tape when wrapping the PVC insulation tape.
- Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly and neatly, and ensure that each layer of tape overlaps more than 50% of the preceding layer. Ensure that neighboring layers are stuck to each other.
- Ensure that the adhesive surface of the tape overlaps the lower layer.
- When cutting off the cable ties, reserve a redundant length of 3 mm (0.12 in.) to 5 mm (0.2 in.).
- 1. Verify that dustproof caps are not removed.
- 2. Wrap three layers of waterproof tape on the connector, first from bottom up, then from top down, and finally from bottom up. Wrap each connector with three layers of waterproof tape, from bottom up, then from top down, and finally from bottom up. Do not cut the tape until all the three layers of the tape are already wrapped. Cut off the redundant tape after three layers are wrapped. Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly.
- 3. Wrap three layers of PVC insulation tape. Wrap each connector with three layers of waterproof tape, from bottom up, then from top down, and finally from bottom up. Do not cut the tape until all the three layers of the tape are already wrapped. Cut off the redundant tape after three layers are wrapped. Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly.
- 4. Start binding cable ties to the cable at a position 3 mm (0.12 in.) to 5 mm (0.2 in.) away from one end of the PVC insulation tape.
- Step 5 Route the cables according to the instructions in 9.1 Cabling Requirements.
- Step 6 Label the installed cables according to the instructions in Attaching a Sign Plate Label.
- Step 7 Attach color-coding to the installed RF jumper according to the instructions in Attaching the Color Ring.

----End

9.7 Installing an RRU AISG Multi-Wire Cable and AISG Extension Cable

This section describes the procedures for installing an RRU AISG multi-wire cable and AISG extension cable.

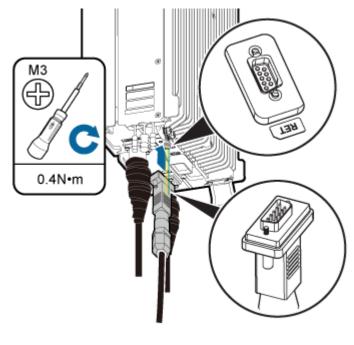
Context

When the distance between an RRU and a Remote Control Unit (RCU) is longer than 5 m (16.4 ft.), an AISG multi-wire cable is not long enough to connect the RRU and the RCU. In this case, an AISG extension cable is used to extend the AISG multi-wire cable.

Procedure

- Install an AISG multi-wire cable that is not configured with an AISG extension cable.
 - a. Use an M3 flat-head screwdriver to loosen the screws on the dustproof cap on the RET port and remove the dustproof cap.
 - b. Link the waterproofed DB9 connector at one end of the AISG multi-wire cable to the RET port on the RRU bottom, as shown in Figure 9-17.

Figure 9-17 Installing an RRU AISG multi-wire cable

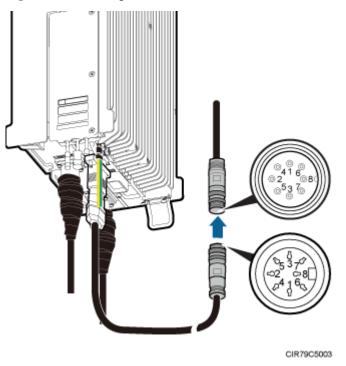


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c. Use an M3 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the posts on both sides of the waterproof DB9 connector to 0.4 N·m (3.54 lbf·in.).

- d. Connect the other end of the cable to the standard AISG male connector on the RCU.
- e. Route the cables according to the instructions in 9.1 Cabling Requirements.
- f. Label the installed cables according to the instructions in Attaching an L-Shaped Label.
- Install an AISG multi-wire cable that is configured with an AISG extension cable.
 - a. Use an M3 flat-head screwdriver to loosen the screws on the dustproof cap on the RET port and remove the dustproof cap.
 - b. Link the waterproofed DB9 connector at one end of the AISG multi-wire cable to the RET port on the RRU bottom, and link the other end to the standard AISG male connector of the AISG extension cable, as shown in Figure 9-18.

Figure 9-18 Installing an RRU AISG multi-wire cable



- c. Use an M3 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the posts on both sides of the waterproof DB9 connector to 0.4 N·m (3.54 lbf·in.).
- d. Connect the other end of the AISG extension cable to the standard AISG male connector on the RCU, as shown in Figure 9-19.

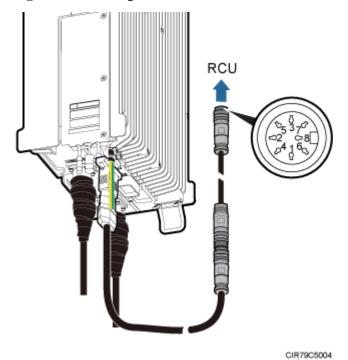


Figure 9-19 Installing an RRU AISG extension cable

e. Waterproof the joint of the AISG multi-wire cable and AISG extension cable.

- Before wrapping waterproof tape, stretch the tape evenly until the length of the tape becomes twice its original length.
- Do not stretch the PVC insulation tape when wrapping the PVC insulation tape.
- Wrap each layer of tape around the connector tightly and neatly, and ensure that each layer of tape overlaps more than 50% of the preceding layer. Ensure that neighboring layers are stuck to each other.
- Ensure that the adhesive surface of the tape overlaps the lower layer.
- When cutting off the cable ties, reserve a redundant length of 3 mm (0.12 in.) to 5 mm (0.2 in.).

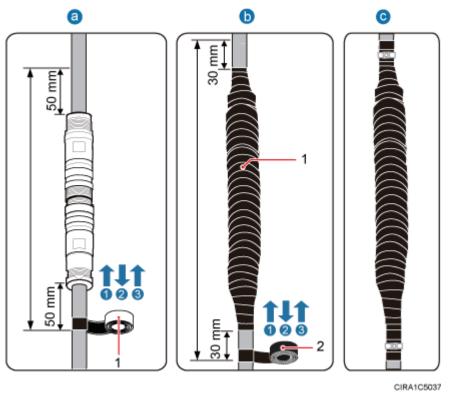


Figure 9-20 Waterproofing the connector on the AISG multi-wire cable

(1) Waterproof tape

(2) PVC insulation tape

- f. Route the cables according to the instructions in 9.1 Cabling Requirements.
- g. Label the installed cables according to the instructions in Attaching an L-Shaped Label.

----End

9.8 Installing an RRU Alarm Cable

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU alarm cable.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Use an M3 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the screws on the dustproof cap on the EXT_ALM port and remove the dustproof cap.
- Step 2 Connect the waterproof DB15 connector at one end of the RRU alarm cable to the EXT_ALM port on the RRU, as shown in Figure 9-21.

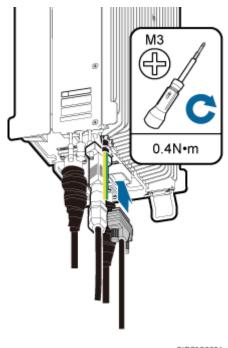


Figure 9-21 Installing an RRU alarm cable

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Install the waterproof DB15 male connector on the RRU alarm cable with caution, preventing the pin assignment from being damaged.

- **Step 3** Use an M3 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the posts on both sides of the waterproof DB15 male connector to 0.4 N·m (3.54 lbf·in.).
- Step 4 Connect the eight cord end terminals at the other end to external alarm devices.

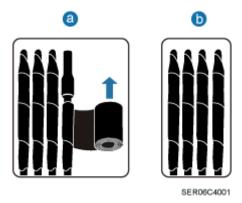
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- Remove insulated protective tubes from the cord end terminals before connecting the cord end terminals to devices, as shown in Figure 9-22.
- Use insulating adhesive tapes to wrap cord end terminals that are not in use and fix them at a proper position based on the onsite situations. This prevents false alarm reporting and equipment damage due to contact of exposed cables. Figure 9-23 shows the method for handling cord end terminals not in use.



Figure 9-22 Removing insulated protective tubes from the cord end terminals

Figure 9-23 Method for handling cord end terminals that are not in use



Step 5 Route the cables according to the instructions in 9.1 Cabling Requirements.

Step 6 Label the installed cables according to the instructions in Attaching an L-Shaped Label. ----End

9.9 Opening the Cover Plate of an RRU Cabling Cavity

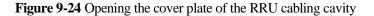
This section describes the procedure for opening the cover plate of an RRU cabling cavity.

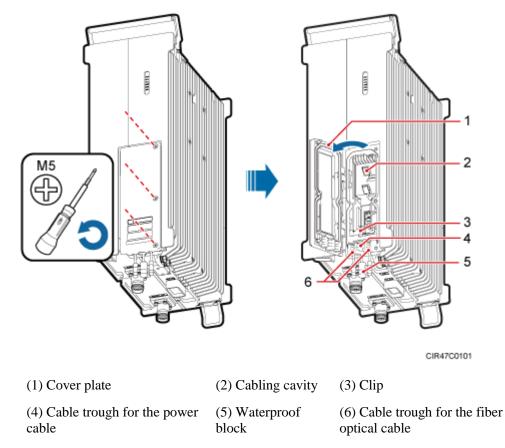
Procedure

Step 1 Wear ESD gloves.

Take proper ESD protection measures, for example, wear ESD gloves, to prevent electrostatic damage to the boards, modules, or electronic components.

Step 2 Use an M5 Phillips screwdriver to loosen the three screws on the cover plate of the RRU cabling cavity, and open the cover plate, as shown in Figure 9-24.

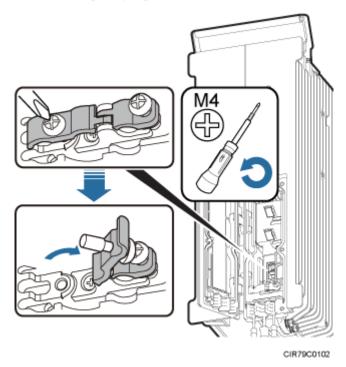




- Step 3 Loosen the screws on the clip using an M4 Phillips screwdriver, and open the clip, as shown in Figure 9-25.
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Open the clip only for the associated cable.

Figure 9-25 Opening clips



Step 4 Remove the waterproof block.

NOTE Remove only the waterproof blocks for the cables to be installed.

9.10 Installing a CPRI Optical Fiber

This section describes the procedure for installing a CPRI optical fiber.

Prerequisites

Before the installation, single-mode optical modules can be distinguished from multimode optical modules in either of the following ways:

- SM and MM labels on an optical module: SM indicates a single-mode optical module, and MM indicates a multimode optical module.
- Color of the puller on an optical module: Blue indicates a single-mode optical module, and black or gray indicates a multimode optical module.



Context

A CPRI optical fiber transmits CPRI signals between a BBU and an RRU.

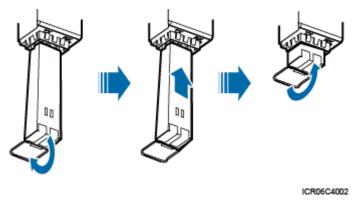


- The performance of an optical module may deteriorate if it is exposed to the air for a long time. Therefore, after installing the optical module and before connecting the optical fiber, keep the dustproof cap in the port of the optical module.
- The CPRI optical cables must be correctly connected in one time during the installation. Otherwise, the RRU may become faulty, causing cells to fail to provide services.

Procedure

Step 1 Lower the pullers of two optical modules, insert one optical module into the CPRI0 port on the RRU and the other optical module into the CPRI port on the BBU, and raise the pullers, as shown in Figure 9-26.

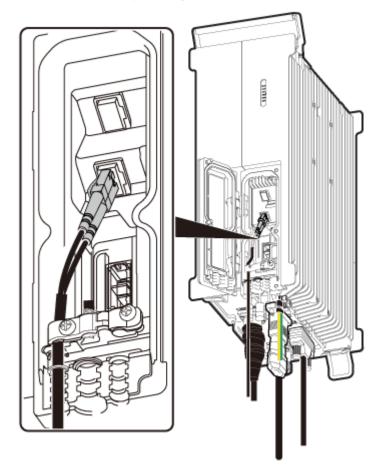
Figure 9-26 Installing an optical module



Step 2 Install CPRI optical fibers.

- After removing dustproof caps from the optical module and optical fiber connector, insert the optical fiber into the optical module immediately (within one minute) to avoid pollution of the optical module or optical fiber connector, which may cause an optical module alarm.
- Ensure that CPRI optical fibers are correctly connected before the RRU is powered on. Otherwise, the RRU may become faulty, causing cells to fail to provide services.
- To avoid any damage to optical fibers, the fibers connected to the RRU must be installed according to the installation process. For details about the installation process, see 9.3 Installing RRU Cables.
- When installing CPRI optical fibers for dual-fiber bidirectional optical modules, remove the dustproof caps from the ports on the optical module and those from the optical fiber connector, and connect the end labeled 1A and 1B on the optical fiber to the optical modules on the RRU side, as shown in Figure 9-27. Connect the DLC ends labeled 2A and 2B to the CPRI port on the main control board (such as the GTMU) or baseband processing board (such as the WBBP) in the BBU.

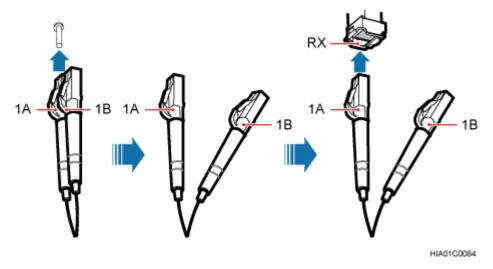
Figure 9-27 Installing CPRI optical fibers for dual-fiber bidirectional optical modules



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• When installing CPRI optical fibers for single-fiber bidirectional optical modules, remove the dustproof caps from the ports on the optical module and from the LC end labeled 1A on the optical cable, divide the DLC end into two LC ends, and connect the end labeled 1A to the optical module on the RRU side, as shown in Figure 9-28. Connect the other LC end labeled 2A to the CPRI port on the main control board (such as the GTMU) or baseband processing board (such as the WBBP) in the BBU.

Figure 9-28 Installing CPRI optical fibers for single-fiber bidirectional optical modules



- Step 3 Route the cables according to the instructions in 9.1 Cabling Requirements.
- Step 4 Label the installed fibers according to the instructions in Attaching an L-Shaped Label. ----End

9.11 Installing an RRU power cable

This section describes the procedure for installing an RRU power cable.

Prerequisites

- A female connector (pressfit type) is added to the RRU power cable on the RRU side. For details, see 12.1 Adding a Female Connector to the RRU Power Cable on the RRU Side.
- A connector is added to the RRU power cable on the power device side. For details, see *DBS3900 Installation Guide* or *DBS5900 Installation Guide*.

Context

If a power device provided by the customer is used, the recommended specification of the circuit breaker on this power device is 15 A to 30 A.

Table 9-2 describes RRU power cables.

Cable	On the RRU Side	On the Power Device Side	Pow er Devi ce	Color
RRU power cable	Female connector (pressfit type)	Female connector (pressfit type)	EPU DCD U-11 B	 A cable with a black jacket and two wires inside North American standards: The RTN(+) wire is black and the NEG(-) wire is blue.
		EPC5 connector	DCD U-12 B	 European standards: The RTN(+) wire is brown and the NEG(-) wire is blue. China: The RTN(+) wire is red and the NEG(-) wire is blue.

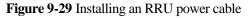
 Table 9-2 RRU power cables

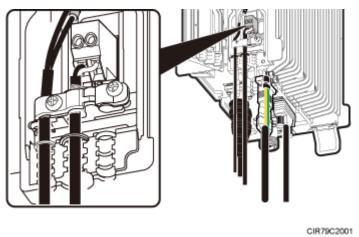


- Before installing RRU power cables, ensure that the upper-level circuit breaker is disconnected, and the power cable has no voltage.
- A drip loop is required for the position between the RRU port and the cable, preventing rain from damaging the RRU.
- When installing the RRU power cable, connect the power cable to the RRU connector first and then to the power equipment connector. Incorrect connection sequence or reverse connection of position and negative poles may damage the RRU or cause personal injury.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect the female connector (pressfit type) at one end of the RRU power cable to the power supply socket on the RRU, as shown in Figure 9-29.







Ensure that the exposed shield layer of the power cable is properly tightened using the clip.

Step 2 Connect the connector at the other end of the RRU power cable to the corresponding position on the power device.

- A DCDU-11B/DCDU-12B can supply power to a maximum of six RRUs. Ensure that the RRU power cable is connected to one of **LOAD0** to **LOAD5** ports on the DCDU-11B/DCDU-12B.
- When the EPU supplies power, the maximum number of RRUs that can be connected to the EPU depends on the cabinet type. For details about RRU power cable connections, see *DBS3900 Installation Guide* or *DBS5900 Installation Guide*.
- Step 3 Route the cables according to the instructions in 9.1 Cabling Requirements.
- Step 4 Label the installed fibers according to the instructions in Attaching a Cable-Tying Label.

----End

9.12 Closing the Cover Plate of an RRU Cabling Cavity

This section describes the procedure for closing the cover plate of an RRU cabling cavity.

Procedure

Step 1 Close the clips for the installed cables. Use an M4 torque screwdriver to tighten the screws on each clip to 1.4 N·m (12.39 lbf·in.), as shown in Figure 9-30.

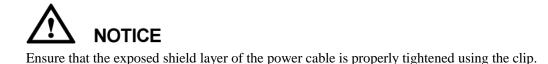
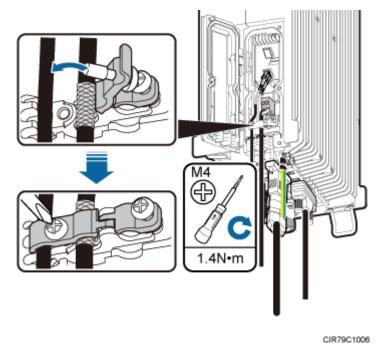


Figure 9-30 Closing clips



Step 2 Insert waterproof blocks into vacant cable troughs in the cabling cavity, as shown in Figure 9-31.

NOTICE Ensure that cables and waterproof blocks are properly inserted into troughs.

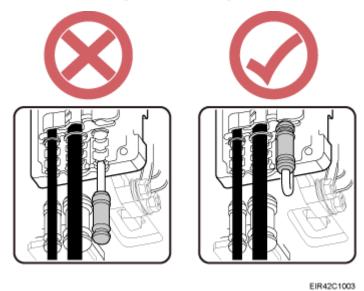


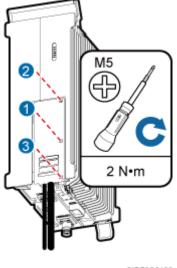
Figure 9-31 Correct placement of waterproof blocks

Step 3 Close the cover plate of the RRU cabling cavity. Use an M5 torque screwdriver to partially tighten the screws on the cover plate in the sequence shown in Figure 9-32. Then tighten the screws to $2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (17.7 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{in.})$ in the same sequence.



The RRU cabling cavity must be securely tightened to prevent water.

Figure 9-32 Closing the cover plate of an RRU cabling cavity



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Step 4 Take off the ESD gloves, and pack up all the tools.

9 Installing RRU Cables

----End

10 Checking the RRU Hardware Installation

After an RRU is installed, check the hardware installation.

Table 10-1 provides the checklist for the RRU hardware installation.

SN	Item
1	The position for each device conforms to the engineering drawing and meets the space requirement. Sufficient space is reserved for equipment maintenance.
2	The RRU is securely installed.
3	The cover plate is securely installed on the RRU cabling cavity.
4	Waterproof blocks are securely installed in vacant cable troughs of the RRU cabling cavity, and the cover plate for the cabling cavity is securely installed. In addition, vacant RF ports are covered with dustproof caps and the caps are tightened.
5	There are no connectors or joints on each power cable or PGND cable.
6	The terminals at two ends of each power cable or PGND cable are securely soldered or crimped.
7	None of power cables and PGND cables can be short-circuited or reversely connected. In addition, these cables are not damaged or broken.
8	Power cables and PGND cables are separately bound from other cables.
9	The protection grounding of the RRU and the surge protection grounding of the building share one group of ground conductors.
10	The connectors of each signal cable are intact and securely linked, and these cables are not damaged or broken.
11	Labels are correct, legible, and complete at both ends of each cable, feeder, and jumper.
12	All ground cables are properly grounded.

Table 10-1 Checklist for the RRU hardware installation

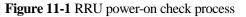
11 Powering On an RRU

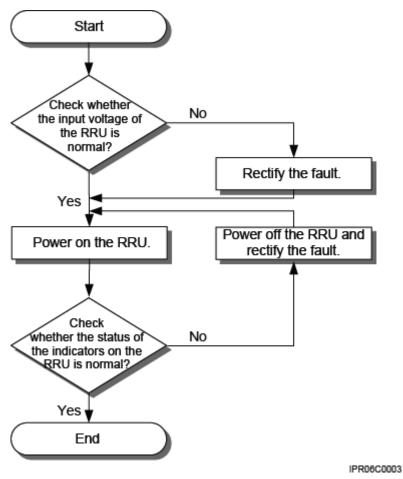
After all the devices are installed, check the power-on status of an RRU.

After you unpack an RRU, you must power on it within 24 hours. If you power off the RRU for maintenance, you must restore power to the RRU within 24 hours.

Figure 11-1 shows the RRU power-on check process.

For details about how to power on an RRU and how to power off an RRU, see section "Powering-On the RRU" and section "Powering-Off the RRU" in *RRU Maintenance Guide*.





(a) The normal input voltage of an RRU is -48 V DC. The voltage of the external power supply should range from -36 V DC to -57 V DC.

(b) The RUN indicator on the RRU is on for 1s and off for 1s. The ALM indicator is steady off.

12 Appendix

About This Chapter

12.1 Adding a Female Connector to the RRU Power Cable on the RRU Side

This section describes the procedure for adding a female connector to the RRU power cable on the RRU side.

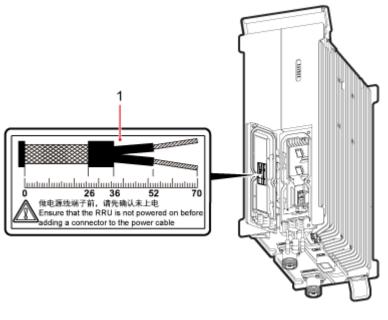
12.1 Adding a Female Connector to the RRU Power Cable on the RRU Side

This section describes the procedure for adding a female connector to the RRU power cable on the RRU side.

Context

Figure 12-1 shows the cable diagram on labels.

Figure 12-1 Cable diagram on labels



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(1) Cable diagram on labels

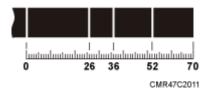


Prepare a female connector to the RRU power cable on the RRU side by strictly following the following operations. Otherwise, damage to the RRU or personal injury may occur.

Procedure

Step 1 Determine the length of the power cable for different operations based on the labels, as shown in Figure 12-2.

Figure 12-2 Determining the length of the power cable



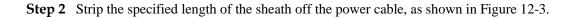
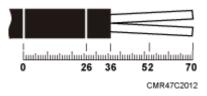
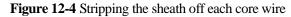
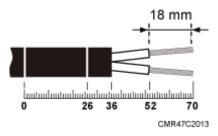


Figure 12-3 Stripping the specified length of sheath



Step 3 Strip a specified length of sheath off each core wire. The length must be consistent with the length of the notch in the female connector, as shown in Figure 12-4.





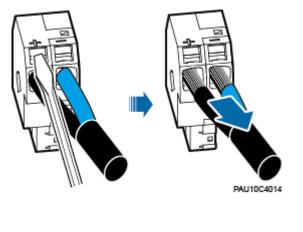
----End

Exception Handling

If the power terminal or cable is damaged or abnormal, remove the power cable.

Step 1 Press the spring clip of the power terminal using a screwdriver and remove the power cable.

Figure 12-5 Pressing the spring clip of the power terminal



----End