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CNAS L0310



FCC RF Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone

Model Number: PRA-LX1

Report No: SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001

FCC ID: QISPRA-LX1

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Date of Receipt Sample: 2016-10-12
Start Date of Test: 2016-10-15
End Date of Test: 2016-10-22

Test Result: Pass

Approved by Senior Engineer: 2016-11-06 Roger zhang

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2 Test Summary

2.1 Cellular Band (824-849 MHz paired with 869-894 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §22.913	FCC: ERP ≤ 7 W.	Appendix A	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Peak-Average Ratio	--	--	Appendix B	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §22.917	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §22.917	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz, from 9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix F	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §22.917	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz.	Appendix G	SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-A SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-B
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §22.355	≤ ±2.5ppm.	Appendix H	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3

NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".

**2.2 PCS Band (1850-1910 MHz paired with 1930-1990 MHz)**

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §24.232	$EIRP \leq 2\text{ W}$	Appendix A	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Peak-Average Ratio	§2.1046, §24.232	Limits $\leq 13\text{ dB}$	Appendix B	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §24.238	$\leq -13\text{ dBm}/1\%*EBW$, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §24.238	$\leq -13\text{ dBm}/1\text{ MHz}$, from 9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix F	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §24.238	$\leq -13\text{ dBm}/1\text{ MHz}$.	Appendix G	SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-A SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-B
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §24.235	$\leq \pm 2.5\text{ ppm}$.	Appendix H	SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-A/ SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001-B of QISPRALX3
NOTE 1:For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".				

2.3 BRS&EBS Band (2500-2570 MHz paired with 2620-2690 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §27.50(h)	EIRP ≤ 2W	Appendix A	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3
Peak-Average Ratio	§27.50(a)	Limit ≤ 13 dB	Appendix B	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §27.53(m4)	<p style="text-align: center;">FCC</p>	Appendix E	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53(m)		Appendix F	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §27.53(m)		Appendix G	SYBH(Z-RF)02710 2016-2001-C
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §27.54	Within authorized bands of operation/frequency block.	Appendix H	SYBH(Z-RF)02010 2016-2001-F of QISPRALX3

NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".



Description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

2.4 General Description

PRA-LX1 is subscriber equipment in the GSM/UMTS/LTE system.

The GSM frequency band includes GSM850 and GSM900 and DCS1800 and PCS1900. but only GSM850/1900 test data included in this report. The UMTS frequency band is band I and band II and band V and Band VIII ,but only band II and Band V test data included in this report. The LTE frequency band is Band I and band III and band VII and band VIII and band XX, but only VII test data included in this report. The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, LTE/UMTS and GSM/GPRS/EDGE protocol processing, voice, video MMS service, GPS and Wi-Fi etc. Externally it provides micro SD card interface, earphone port (to provide voice service) and USIM card interface. It also provides Bluetooth module to synchronize data between a PC and the phone, or to use the built-in modem of the phone to access the Internet with a PC, or to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices.

the difference between PRA-LX1 and PRA-LX3 as the following table.

Model	PRA-LX3	PRA-LX1
Trade mark	HUAWEI	HUAWEI
FCC ID	FCC ID:QISPR-LX3	FCC ID:QISPR-LX1
Frequency	GSM: B2/3/5/8 WCDMA: B1/2/4/5/8 LTE: B2/4/5/7/12/17/28 802.11 b/g/n 2.4G	GSM B2/3/5/8 WCDMA B1/2/5/8 LTE B1/3/7/8/20(B3/7/20 CA) 802.11 b/g/n 2.4G Frequency disabled by hardware, Changes are followed: 1. change B4 duplexer to B3 duplexer. 2. change B12/B17 duplexer to B20 duplexer. 3. add B8 div SAW. 4. delete B28 div SAW. 5. delete B28L/B28H duplexer. 6. delete B12/17 div saw. 7. change B5 div saw to B20 div saw. 8. add B3 div LNA and SAW 9. delete B2 div SAW 10. add B3/7/20 CA diplexer 11. add B3 SP2T.
SIM Card	double	double
NFC	NA	support
RAM	3G	the same
Hardware Version	the same	the same
Software Version	different	different
Dimensions	the same	the same
Appearance	the same	the same
main antenna	antenna shape are same, antenna matching are different	antenna shape are same, antenna matching are different



BT/Wi-Fi antenna	The same	The same
NFC antenna	No NFC antenna	Add NFC antenna
Others	the same	the same

Note2: We only test the RSE of PRA-LX1, other test data refer to SYBH(Z-RF)020102016-2001 of (FCC ID) QISPRA-LX3.

2.5 EUT Identity

NOTE: Unless otherwise noted in the report, the functional boards installed in the units shall be selected from the below list, but not means all the functional boards listed below shall be installed in one unit.

2.5.1 Board

Board		
Description	Hardware Version	Software Version
Main Board	HL2PRAM	PRA-LX1C900B017

2.5.2 Sub-Assembly

Sub-Assembly			
Sub-Assembly Name	Model	Manufacturer	Description
Adapter	HW-050100U01	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	Input Voltage: 100V-240V 50/60Hz Output Voltage: 5V  1.0A
Adapter	HW-050200U01	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	Input Voltage: 100V-240V 50/60Hz Output Voltage: 5V  2.0A
Battery	HB366481ECW-	SCUD(FUJIAN) Electronics Co.,Ltd Sunwoda Electronics Co.,Ltd Desay	Rated capacity: 2900mAh Nominal Voltage:  +3.82V

2.6 Technical Specification

Characteristics	Description	
Radio System Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UMTS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LTE	
Supported Frequency Range	GSM850/ WCDMA850	Transmission (TX): 824 to 849 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 869 to 894 MHz
	GSM1900/ WCDMA1900	Transmission (TX): 1850 to 1910 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 1930 to 1990 MHz
	LTE BAND7	Transmission (TX): 2500 to 2570 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 2620 to 2690 MHz
TX and RX Antenna Ports	TX & RX port:	1
	TX-only port:	0
	RX-only port:	1
Target TX Output Power	GSM850: 32.5dBm GSM1900 29.5dBm UMTS850 23.5dBm UMTS1900: 23dBm LTE BAND7: 21.4dBm	
Supported Channel Bandwidth	GSM system:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 200 kHz
	UMTS system:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 MHz
	LTE band 7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5MHz, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10MHz , <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 15MHz , <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20MHz
Designation of Emissions (Note: the necessary bandwidth of which is the worst value from the measured occupied bandwidths for each type of channel bandwidth configuration.)	GSM850:	245KGXW, 252KG7W
	GSM1900:	250KGXW, 249KG7W
	UMTS850:	4M21F9W
	UMTS1900:	4M17F9W
	LTE BAND7:	4M51G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation), 4M51W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation) 8M98G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation), 9M01W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation) 13M5G7D (15 MHz QPSK modulation), 13M5W7D (15 MHz 16QAM modulation) 18M0G7D (20 MHz QPSK modulation), 18M0W7D (20 MHz 16QAM modulation)

3 General Test Conditions / Configurations

3.1 Test Modes

NOTE: The test mode(s) are selected according to relevant radio technology specifications.

Test Mode	Test Modes Description
GSM/TM1	GSM system, GSM/GPRS, GMSK modulation
GSM/TM2	GSM system, EDGE, 8PSK modulation
UMTS/TM1	WCDMA system, QPSK modulation
UMTS/TM2	HSDPA system, QPSK modulation
UMTS/TM3	HSUPA system, QPSK modulation
LTE/TM1	LTE system, QPSK modulation
LTE/TM2	LTE system, 16QAM modulation

3.2 Test Environment

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests	
Relative Humidity	Ambient	
Temperature	TN	Ambient
Voltage	VL	3.6V
	VN	3.8V
	VH	4.35V

NOTE: VL= lower extreme test voltage
VN= nominal voltage
VH= upper extreme test voltage
TN= normal temperature

3.3 Test Frequency

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)
GSM850	TX	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
	RX	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
		869.2MHz	881.6MHz	893.8MHz
WCDMA850	TX	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
		826.4MHz	836.4MHz	846.6MHz
	RX	Channel 4357	Channel 4407	Channel 4458
		871.4MHz	881.4MHz	891.6MHz
Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)
GSM1900	TX	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
	RX	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
		1930.2 MHz	1960.0 MHz	1989.8 MHz
WCDMA1900	TX	Channel 9262	Channel9400	Channel9538
		1852.4MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.6MHz
	RX	Channel 9662	Channel 9800	Channel 9938
		1932.4 MHz	1960.0 MHz	1987.6 MHz
		Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
LTE Band 7	TX (5M)	Channel 20775	Channel 21100	Channel 21425
		2502.5 MHz	2535 MHz	2567.5 MHz
	TX (10M)	Channel 20800	Channel 21100	Channel 21400
		2505 MHz	2535 MHz	2565 MHz
	TX (15M)	Channel 20825	Channel 21100	Channel 21375
		2507.5 MHz	2535 MHz	2562.5 MHz
	TX (20M)	Channel 20850	Channel 21100	Channel 21350
		2510 MHz	2535 MHz	2560 MHz
	RX (5M)	Channel 2775	Channel 3100	Channel 3425
		2622.5 MHz	2655 MHz	2687.5 MHz
	RX (10M)	Channel 2800	Channel 3100	Channel 3400
		2625 MHz	2655 MHz	2685 MHz
RX (15M)	Channel 2825	Channel 3100	Channel 3375	



Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
		2627.5 MHz	2655 MHz	2682.5 MHz
	RX (20M)	Channel 2850	Channel 3100	Channel 3350
		2630 MHz	2655 MHz	2680 MHz

4 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

4.1.1 Radiated Power and Radiated Spurious Emissions

Radiated spurious emissions are investigated indoors in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the frequencies producing the worst case emissions. Final measurements for radiated power and radiated spurious emissions are performed on the 3 meter OATS per the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The equipment under test was transmitting while connected to its integral antenna and is placed on a wooden turntable 80cm above the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. The receive antenna height is adjusted between 1 and 4 meter height, the turntable is rotated through 360 degrees, and the EUT is manipulated through all orthogonal planes representative of its typical use to achieve the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. Emissions are also investigated with the receive antenna horizontally and vertically polarized.

A portable or small unlicensed wireless device shall be placed on a non-metallic test fixture or other non-metallic support during testing. The supporting fixture shall permit orientation of the EUT in each of three orthogonal (x, y, z) axis positions such that emissions from the EUT are maximized. Measure the EUT maximum RF power and record the result.

A half-wave dipole is then substituted in place of the EUT. For emissions above 3GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT. The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer level previously recorded from the spurious emission from the EUT.

The power of the emission is calculated using the following formula:

$$P_d [\text{dBm}] = P_g [\text{dBm}] - \text{cable loss} [\text{dB}] + \text{antenna gain} [\text{dBd/dBi}]$$

Where, P_d is the dipole equivalent power, P_g is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to $P_g [\text{dBm}] - \text{cable loss} [\text{dB}]$.

The calculated P_d levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of $43 + 10\log_{10}(\text{Power} [\text{Watts}])$.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 5.2.1 / KDB 971168 v02R02-Section 5.8

ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004-Section 2.2.17 / ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004-Section 2.2.12

Note: Reference test setup 3

4.1.2 Peak-Average Ratio

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For WCDMA signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level. For GSM signals, an average and a peak trace are used on a spectrum analyzer to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a bandwidth greater than the emission bandwidth. The traces are generated with the spectrum analyzer set to zero span mode.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 5.7.1

Test Settings

- 1、 The signal analyzer's CCDF measurement profile enabled
- 2、 Frequency= carrier center frequency
- 3、 Measurement BW > EBW of signal
- 4、 for continuous transmissions, set to 1ms
- 5、 Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

Note: Reference test setup 1



4.1.3 Occupied Bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 4.2

Test Settings

- 1、 SET RBW=1-5% of OBW
- 2、 SET VBW $\geq 3 \cdot$ RBW
- 3、 Detector: Peak
- 4、 Trace mode= max hold.
- 5、 Sweep= auto couple
- 6、 Steps 1-5 were repeated after it is stable

Note: Reference test setup 1.



4.1.4 Band Edge Compliance

the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission power must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43+10\log_{10}P$ dB.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 6.0

Test Settings

- 1、 SET RBW \geq 1% of Emission BW.
- 2、 SET VBW about three times of RBW
- 3、 Detector: RMS
- 4、 Trace mode= max hold.
- 5、 Span= 2MHz

Note: Reference test setup 1.

4.1.5 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 6.0

Test Settings

- 1、9kHz~150kHz, $RBW = 1\text{kHz}$, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$,
150kHz~30MHz, $RBW = 10\text{kHz}$, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$,
30MHz~1GHz, $RBW = 100\text{kHz}$, $VBW = 300\text{kHz}$.
Above 1GHz, $RBW = 1\text{MHz}$, $VBW = 3\text{MHz}$.

2、Detector: Peak

3、Trace mode= max hold.

Note: Reference test setup 1.

4.1.6 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference). 2. The equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -30°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

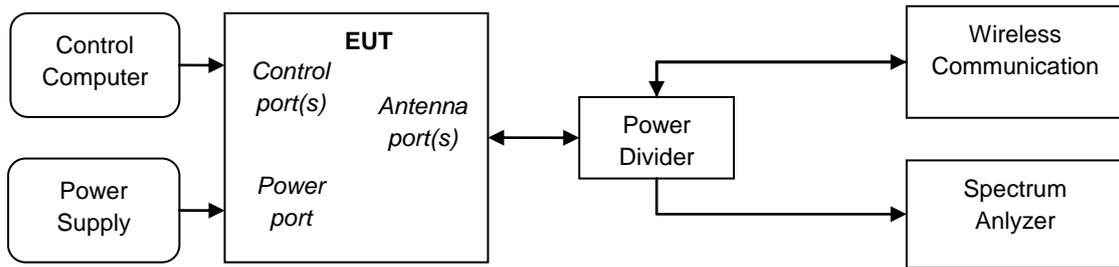
Test Procedures Used

ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004

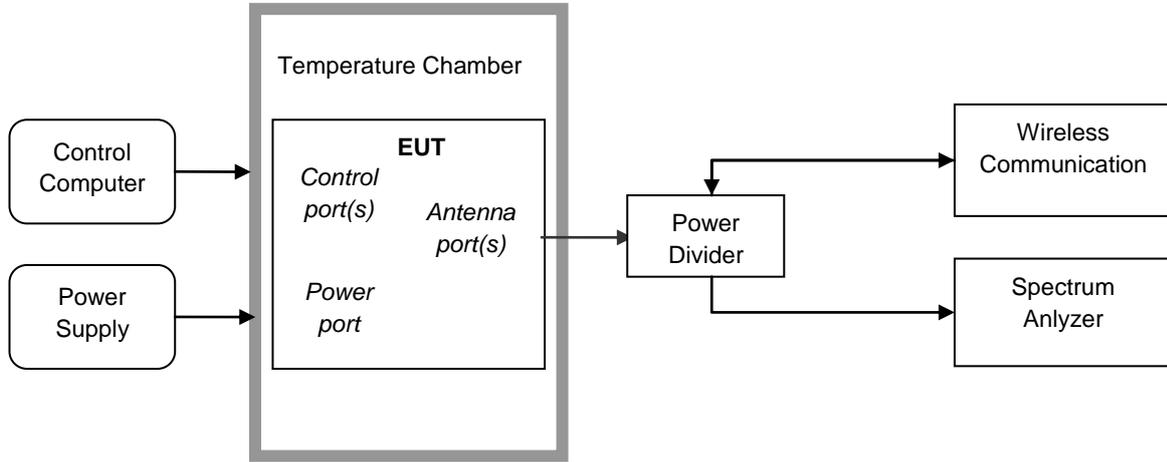
Note: Reference test setup 2.

4.2 Test Setups

4.2.1 Test Setup 1



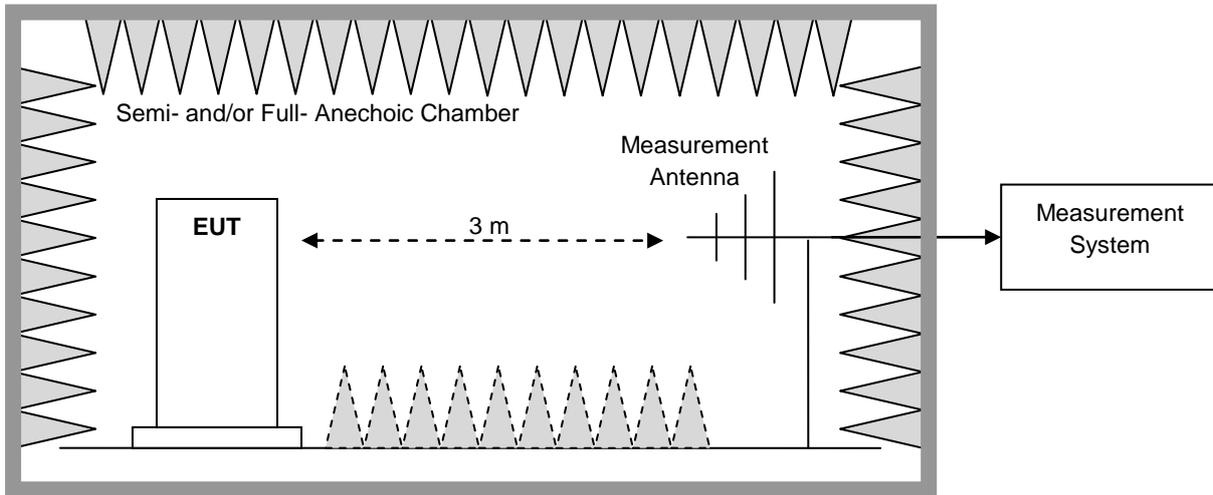
4.2.2 Test Setup 2



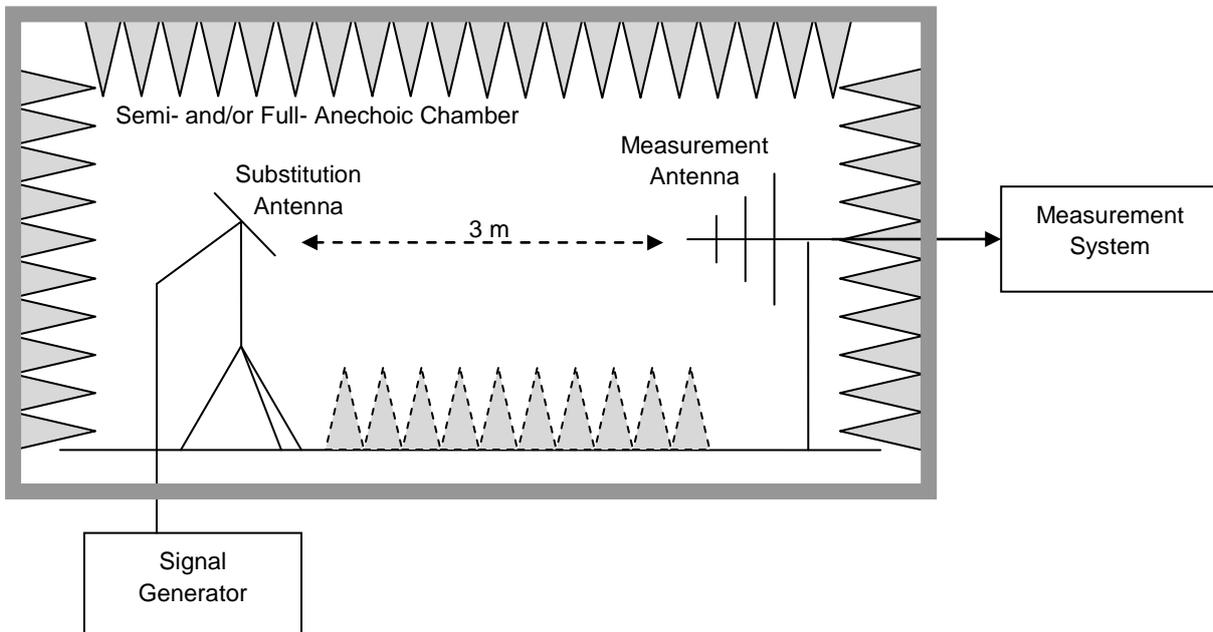
4.2.3 Test Setup 3

NOTE: Effective radiated power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power(EIRP) refers to the radiation power output of the EUT, assuming all emissions are radiated from half-wave dipole antennas.

4.2.3.1 Step 1: Pre-test



4.2.3.2 Step 2: Substitution method to verify the maximum ERP/EIRP



4.3 Test Conditions

Test Case		Test Conditions	
Transmit Output Power Data	Average Power, Total	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
	Average Power, Spectral Density (if required)	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Peak-to-Average Ratio (if required)		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Modulation Characteristics		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	M (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Bandwidth	Occupied Bandwidth	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
	Emission Bandwidth (if required)	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Band Edges Compliance		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)



Test Case	Test Conditions	
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
	Test Setup	Test Seup 3
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2 NOTE: If applicable, the EUT conf. that has maximum power density (based on the equivalent power level) is selected.
	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
Frequency Stability	Test Env.	(1) -30 °C to +50 °C with step 10 °C at Rated Voltage; (2) VL, VN and VH of Rated Voltage at Ambient Climate.
	Test Setup	Test Seup 2
	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2

**5 Main Test Instruments**

Main Test Equipments					
Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal- Due
Power supply	KEITHLEY	2303	1342889	2016/10/13	2017/10/12
Wireless Communication Test set	Agilent	N4010A	MY49081592	2016/8/5	2017/8/5
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	123299	2016/01/08	2017/01/07
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090652	2016/6/29	2017/6/29
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R & S	CMW500	126854	2016/1/8	2017/1/7
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSQ31	200021	2016/8/5	2017/8/5
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY49431698	2016/8/5	2017/8/5
Temperature Chamber	WEISS	WKL64	56246002940010	2016/1/21	2017/1/20
Signal generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY49281095	2016/8/5	2017/8/5
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	104162	2016/8/5	2017/8/5
Test receiver	R&S	ESU26	100387	2016/6/21	2017/6/21
Test receiver	R&S	ESCI	101163	2016/11/02	2017/11/01
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU3	200474	2016/5/24	2017/5/24
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU43	100144	2016/6/2	2017/6/2
LOOP Antennas(9kHz-30MHz)	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100262	2015/4/30	2017/4/29
LOOP Antennas(9kHz-30MHz)	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100263	2015/4/30	2017/4/29
Trilog Broadband Antenna (30M~3GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-490	2015/4/30	2017/4/29
Trilog Broadband Antenna (30M~3GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-520	2015/4/30	2017/4/29
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (1G~18GHz)	R&S	HF907	100304	2015/4/30	2017/4/29
double ridged horn antenna (0.8G-18GHz)	R&S	HF907	100305	2015/4/30	2017/4/29



Pyramidal Horn Antenna(18GHz-26.5GHz)	ETS-Lindgren	Sep-60	5140299	2015/7/15	2017/7/14
Artificial Main Network	R&S	ENV4200	100134	2016/6/2	2017/6/2
Line Impedance Stabilization Network	R&S	ENV216	100382	2016/6/2	2017/6/2
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49071538	2016/3/1	2017/3/1
Power Detecting & Sampling Unit	R&S	OSP-B157	100914	2016/8/5	2017/8/5
Software Information					
Test Item	Software Name		Manufacturer		Version
RSE	EMC32		R&S		V8.40.0

6 Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level ($k = 2$), the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 as following:

Test Item		Extended Uncertainty
Transmit Output Power Data	Power [dBm]	U = 0.42 dB
Bandwidth	Magnitude [%]	U = 0.2%
Band Edge Compliance	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 1.24 dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 1.62 dB
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	ERP [dBm]	For 3 m Chamber: U = 4.9 dB (30 MHz to 26.5GHz)
Frequency Stability	Frequency Accuracy [ppm]	U = 0.017 ppm

7 Appendixes

Appendix No.	Description
SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-A	Appendix for GSM
SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-B	Appendix for WCDMA
SYBH(Z-RF)027102016-2001-C	Appendix for LTE B7

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