Report No.: RZA2010-0917

TESTING
No. L2264

OET 65

TEST REPORT

Product Name	cdma2000 Digital Mobile Phone
FCC ID	QISM860
Model	HUAWEI C8600/HUAWEI M860
Client	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	cdma2000 Digital Mobile Phone	**Model**	HUAWEI C8600/ HUAWEI M860
FCC ID	QISM860	**Report No.**	RZA2010 -0917
Client	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Manufacturer	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Standard(s)	**IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:** IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. **IEEE Std 1528™-2003:** IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. **SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438 June 19, 2002:** Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.		
Conclusion	This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards. General Judgment: **Pass** (Stamp) **Date of issue: June 23rd, 2010**		
Comment	The test result only responds to the measured sample.		

Approved by 杨伟中 Yang Weizhong

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1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

1.2. Testing Laboratory

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1.3. Applicant Information

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1.4. Manufacturer Information

Company:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
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Country:	P.R. China
Telephone:	0755-28780808
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1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

Device Type:	Portable Device		
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population		
Product Name:	cdma2000 Digital Mobile Phone		
SN:	2X2AA11051900026		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Supporting Mode(s):	CDMA Cellular (tested)		
	CDMA PCS (tested)		
	CDMA AWS (tested)		
Test Modulation:	QPSK		
Operating Frequency Range(s):	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	CDMA Cellular	824.7 ~ 848.31	869.7 ~ 893.31
	CDMA PCS	1851.25 ~ 1908.75	1931.25 ~ 1988.75
	CDMA AWS	1711.25 ~ 1752.5	2111.25 ~ 2152.5
Test Channel: (Low - Middle - High)	1013 - 384 - 777 (CDMA Cellular) (tested) 25 - 600 - 1175 (CDMA PCS) (tested) 25 - 450 - 850 (CDMA AWS) (tested)		
Power Class:	CDMA Cellular: Tested with Power Control All up bits		
	CDMA PCS: Tested with Power Control All up bits		
	CDMA AWS: Tested with Power Control All up bits		
Hardware Version:	HC1M860M		
Software Version:	M860V100R001C153B225		
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna		

Auxiliary Equipment Details

AE1:Battery

Model:	HB4F1
Manufacturer:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
SN:	SCC9A07HI4124145

AE2:Travel Adapter

Model:	HW-050100U1W
Manufacturer:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
SN:	HKAA50924234

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of cdma2000 Digital Mobile Phone with internal antenna. The detail about Mobile phone, Lithium Battery and AC/DC Adapter is in chapter 1.5 in this report. SAR is tested for CDMA Cellular, CDMA PCS and CDMA AWS.

The sample under test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1g} Vaules and Conducted Power of each tested band

Band	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)		Maximum Conducted Power(dBm)
	Head	Body	
CDMA Cellular	**1.190**	**1.220**	**23.93**
CDMA PCS	**0.733**	**0.460**	**25.13**
CDMA AWS	**0.678**	**0.575**	**24.86**

1.7. Test Date

The test is performed from June 18, 2010 to June 20, 2010.

2. Operational Conditions during Test

2.1. General Description of Test Procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1013, 384 and 777 respectively in the case of CDMA Cellular, to 25, 600 and 1175 respectively in the case of CDMA PCS, to 25, 450 and 850 respectively in the case of CDMA AWS. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. Using the E5515C Power control is set “All Up Bits” in SAR of CDMA. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

2.2. Information for the Measurement of CDMA 1x Devices

2.2.1. Output Power Verification

Test Parameter setup for maximum RF output power according to section 4.4.5 of 3GPP2

Parameter	Units	Value
I or	dBm/1.23MHz	-104
PilotE c /I or	dB	-7
TrafficE c /I or	dB	-7.4

For SAR test, the maximum power output is very important and essential; it is identical under the measurement uncertainty. It is proper to use typical Test Mode 3 (FW RC3, RVS RC3, SO55) as the worst case for SAR test.

2.2.2. Head SAR Measurement

SAR is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55.SAR for RC1 is not required because the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in RC3.Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

2.2.3. Body SAR Measurement

SAR is measured in RC3 with the EUT configured to transmit at full rate using TDSO/SO32, transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled. SAR for multiple code channels

(FCH+SCHn) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 0.25dB higher than measured with FCH only.

Body SAR in RC1 is not required because the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

Test communication setup meet as followings:

Communication standard between mobile station and base station simulator	3GPP2 C.S0011-B
Radio configuration	RC3（Supporting CDMA 1X）
Spreading Rate	SR1
Data Rate	9600bps
Service Options	SO55 （loop back mode）
Service Options	SO32 （test data service mode）
Multiplex Options	The mobile station does not support this service.

2.3. Information for the Measurement of CDMA 1x EV-DO Devices

2.3.1. Output Power Verification for EV-DO

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle, Low channel according to procedures in section 3.1.1.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-0/TIA-866 for Rev.0 and section 4.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-A for Rev. A. For Rev. A, maximum output power for both Subtype 0/1 and Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations should be measured.

2.3.2. SAR Measurement

SAR is measured using FTAP/RTAP and FETAP/RETAP respectively for Rev.0 and Rev. A devices. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6kbps IN Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. Both FTAP and FETAP are configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control should be in “All Bits Up” conditions for TAP/ETAP.

Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev.0. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channels in Rev.0[14].

For Ev-Do devices that also support 1x RTT voice and/or data operations, SAR is not required for 1x RTT when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. Otherwise, the ‘Body SAR Measurements’ procedures in the ‘CDMA-2000 1x Handsets’ section should be applied.

3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

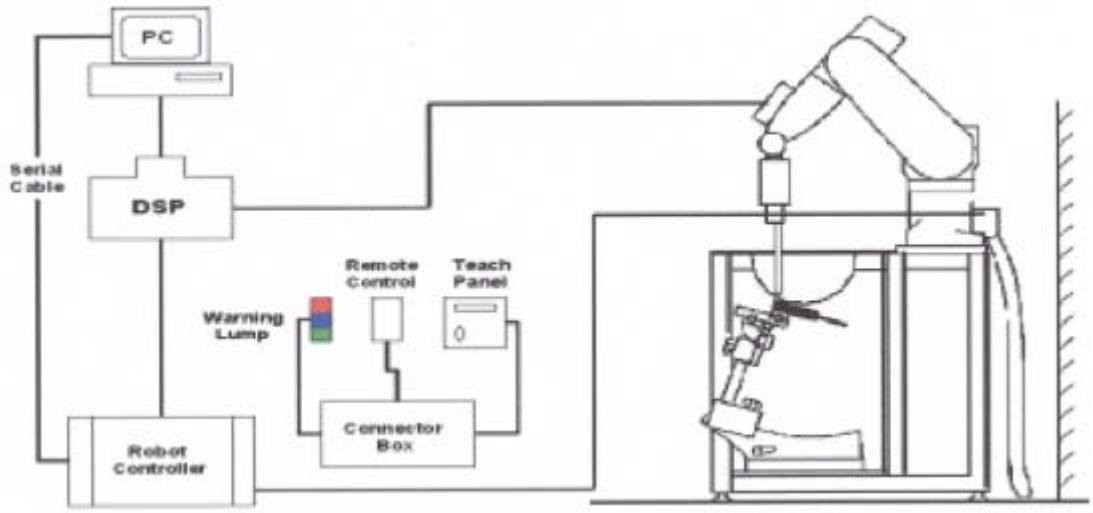

Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

3.2. DASY4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

Figure 2.EX3DV4 E-field Probe

Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.
E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.
Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

3.3. Other Test Equipment

3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard.
It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Figure 4.Device Holder

3.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x l000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Aailable	Special

Figure 5.Generic Twin Phantom

3.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)

- Area Scan

  The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid

spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.
After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- Zoom Scan
  Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- Spatial Peak Detection
  The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses.The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:
  • maximum search
  • extrapolation
  • boundary correction
  • peak search for averaged SAR
  During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.
  Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	Dcp_i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c\,f / d\,c\,p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)^2] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_Y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \ .) / (\quad \cdot 1000)$$

with $\boldsymbol{SAR}$ = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$\boldsymbol{E_{tot}}$ = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad \boldsymbol{P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7}$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm^2

$\boldsymbol{E_{tot}}$ = total electric field strength in V/m

$\boldsymbol{H_{tot}}$ = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3.6. System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 7 and table 8.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY4 system.

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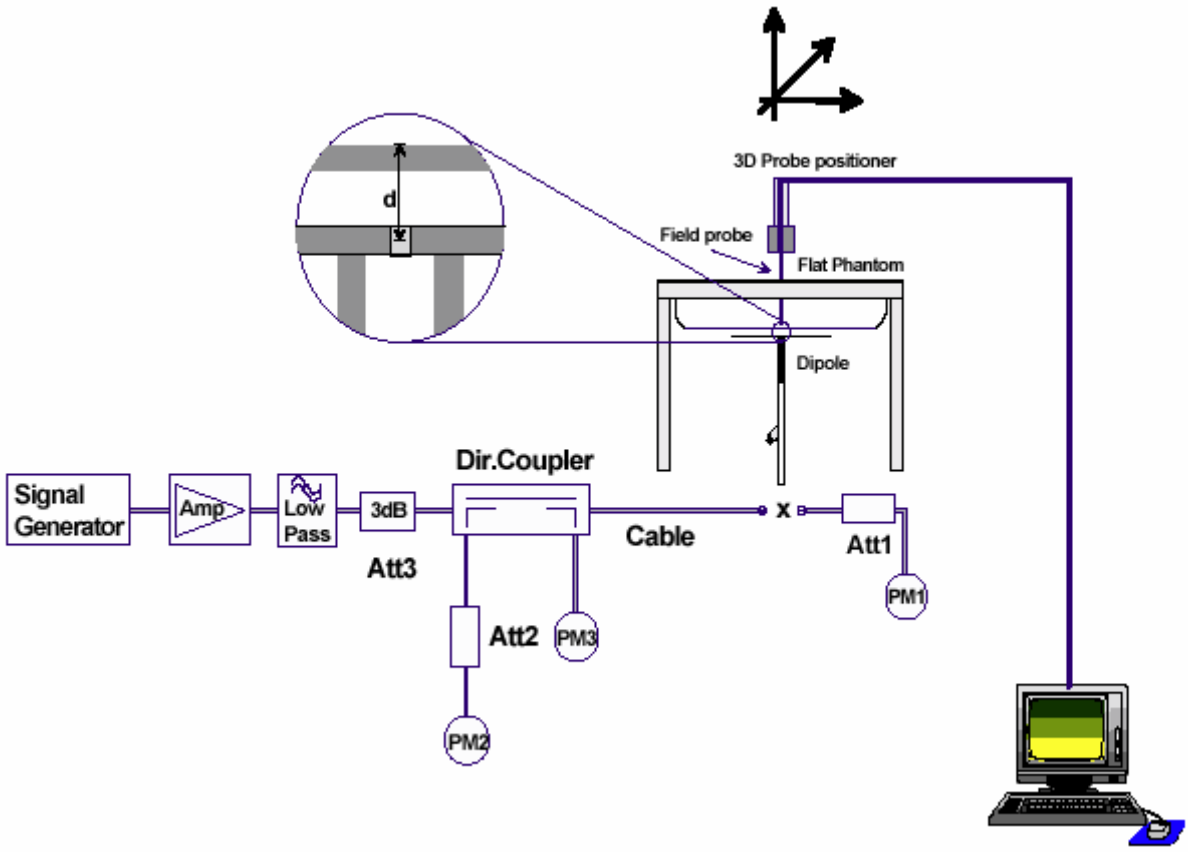


Figure 6. System Check Set-up

3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, sugar, salt, Preventol,Glycol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 1 and Table 2 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

Table 1: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.5 σ=0.9

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz
Water	55.24
Glycol	44.45
Salt	0.31
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1750MHz ε=40.1 σ=1.37

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.0 σ=1.40

Table 2: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 835MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=55.2 σ=0.97

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 1750MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol	29.97
Salt	0.12
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1750MHz ε=53.4 σ=1.49

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.3 σ=1.52

4. Laboratory Environment

Table 3: The Ambient Conditions during Test

Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

5. Characteristics of the Test

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438 June 19, 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.

6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

6.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an E5515C communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power. Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 4: Conducted Power Measurement Results

CDMA Cellular (RC3)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 1013	Channel 384	Channel 777
Before test	23.92	23.44	23.90
After test	23.91	23.46	23.93
CDMA Cellular (RC1)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 1013	Channel 384	Channel 777
Before test	23.93	23.38	23.88
After test	23.93	23.41	23.89
CDMA Cellular EVDO (Rev.0)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 1013	Channel 384	Channel 777
Before test	23.63	23.23	23.89
After test	23.61	23.20	23.87
CDMA Cellular EVDO (Rev.A)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 1013	Channel 384	Channel 777
Before test	23.58	23.23	23.86
After test	23.62	23.20	23.89
CDMA PCS (RC3)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 600	Channel 1175
Before test	25.12	23.86	24.20
After test	25.13	23.84	24.24
CDMA PCS (RC1)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 600	Channel 1175
Before test	25.10	23.80	24.21
After test	25.07	23.83	24.22

CDMA PCS EVDO (Rev.0)	Conducted Power(dBm)		
	Channel 25	Channel 600	Channel 1175
Before test	24.11	23.33	23.51
After test	24.13	23.30	23.54
CDMA PCS EVDO (Rev.A)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 600	Channel 1175
Before test	24.11	23.28	23.51
After test	24.11	23.24	23.48
CDMA AWS (RC3)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 450	Channel 850
Before test	24.61	24.85	24.42
After test	24.65	24.86	24.46
CDMA AWS (RC1)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 450	Channel 850
Before test	24.62	24.81	24.40
After test	24.65	24.85	24.37
CDMA AWS EVDO (Rev.0)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 450	Channel 850
Before test	24.03	24.11	23.56
After test	24.01	24.08	23.54
CDMA AWS EVDO (Rev.A)	**Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 25	Channel 450	Channel 850
Before test	24.03	24.11	23.50
After test	24.03	24.10	23.53

7. Test Results

7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp ℃
		ε_r	σ(s/m)	
835MHz (head)	Target value ±5% window	41.5 39.43 - 43.58	0.90 0.86 - 0.95	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	42.53	0.93	22.5
1750MHz (head)	Target value ±5% window	40.1 38.10 - 42.11	1.37 1.30 - 1.44	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	39.98	1.37	21.9
1900MHz (head)	Target value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 - 42.00	1.40 1.33 - 1.47	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	40.20	1.41	21.8

Table 6: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp ℃
		ε_r	σ(s/m)	
835MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	55.20 52.44 - 57.96	0.97 0.92 - 1.02	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-19	55.39	1.0	22.5
1750MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	53.4 50.73 - 56.07	1.49 1.42 - 1.56	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-19	52.22	1.48	21.9
1900MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	53.3 50.64 - 55.97	1.52 1.44 - 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	52.29	1.56	21.8

7.2. System Checking Results

Table 7: System Checking for Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters		Temp
		10g	1g	ε_r	σ(s/m)	℃
835MHz	Recommended value ±10% window	1.58 1.42 - 1.74	2.42 2.18 - 2.66	40.5	0.89	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	1.50	2.30	42.53	0.93	22.5
1800 MHz	Recommended value ±10% window	5.14 4.63 - 5.65	9.66 8.69 - 10.63	41.1	1.37	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	5.01	9.68	39.85	1.43	22.1
1900 MHz	Recommended value ±10% window	5.38 4.84 - 5.92	10.3 9.27 - 11.33	41	1.42	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	5.46	10.60	40.20	1.41	21.7

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

Table 8: System Check for body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters		Temp
		10g	1g	ε_r	σ(s/m)	℃
835MHz	Recommended value ±10% window	1.68 1.51 - 1.85	2.56 2.30 - 2.82	53	0.99	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-19	1.58	2.40	55.39	1.00	21.9
1800 MHz	Recommended value ±10% window	4.97 4.47 - 5.47	9.31 8.38 - 10.24	54.2	1.49	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-19	5.25	10.1	52.18	1.53	22.1
1900 MHz	Recommended value ±10% window	5.52 4.97 - 6.07	10.50 9.45 - 11.55	54.00	1.55	/
	Measurement value 2010-6-18	5.17	9.73	52.29	1.56	21.7

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

7.3.1. CDMA Cellular (CDMA/EVDO)

Table 9: SAR Values [CDMA Cellular (CDMA/EVDO)]

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test position of Head					
Left hand, Touch cheek	High	0.779	1.190	0.095	Figure 13
	Middle	0.578	0.879	0.160	Figure 14
	Low	0.391	0.589	0.006	Figure 15
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.291	0.377	-0.057	Figure 16
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.478	0.649	-0.059	Figure 17
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.268	0.343	-0.083	Figure 18
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.862	1.220	-0.019	Figure 19
	Middle	0.820	1.160	0.009	Figure 20
	Low	0.700	0.994	-0.019	Figure 21
Towards Phantom	High	0.666	0.949	0.052	Figure 22
	Middle	0.585	0.829	-0.191	Figure 23
	Low	0.434	0.616	0.030	Figure 24
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.498	0.680	-0.169	Figure 25
Worst case position of Body with EVDO Rev.0 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.816	1.160	-0.058	Figure 26
Worst case position of Body with EVDO Rev.A (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.811	1.150	0.133	Figure 27

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.

3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR_{1g} limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Table 10: Extrapolated SAR Values of highest measured SAR [CDMA Cellular (CDMA/EVDO)]

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		Conducted Power	1g Average	Tune-up procedures Maximum Power(dBm)	1g Average
			1.6		1.6
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result (dBm)	Measurement Result (W/kg)		Extrapolated Result (W/kg)
Test position of Body maximum SAR value extrapolated result					
Towards Ground	High	23.93	1.22	25	1.56

7.3.2. CDMA PCS (CDMA/EVDO)

Table 11: SAR Values [CDMA PCS (CDMA/EVDO)]

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test position of Head					
Left hand, Touch cheek	High	0.406	0.726	0.164	Figure 28
	Middle	0.412	0.733	-0.020	Figure 29
	Low	0.412	0.726	0.097	Figure 30
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.101	0.167	-0.021	Figure 31
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.245	0.398	-0.054	Figure 32
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.118	0.196	-0.068	Figure 33
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.278	0.455	0.042	Figure 34
	Middle	0.253	0.410	-0.083	Figure 35
	Low	0.245	0.402	0.133	Figure 36
Towards Phantom	Middle	0.141	0.230	-0.139	Figure 37
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.281	0.459	-0.117	Figure 38
Worst case position of Body with EVDO Rev.0 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.282	0.460	0.094	Figure 39
Worst case position of Body with EVDO Rev.A (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.281	0.456	-0.036	Figure 40

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.

3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR_{1g} limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Table 12: Extrapolated SAR Values of highest measured SAR [CDMA PCS (CDMA/EVDO)]

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		Conducted Power	1g Average	Tune-up procedures Maximum Power(dBm)	1g Average
			1.6		1.6
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result (dBm)	Measurement Result (W/kg)		Extrapolated Result (W/kg)
Test position of Head maximum SAR value extrapolated result					
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle	23.86	0.733	26	1.20

7.3.3. CDMA AWS (CDMA/EVDO)

Table 13: SAR Values [CDMA AWS (CDMA/EVDO)]

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test position of Head					
Left hand, Touch cheek	High	0.271	0.490	0.008	Figure 41
	Middle	0.324	0.580	0.004	Figure 42
	Low	0.382	0.678	0.161	Figure 43
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.079	0.123	-0.075	Figure 44
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.183	0.299	-0.018	Figure 45
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.078	0.127	0.073	Figure 46
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High	0.242	0.396	-0.032	Figure 47
	Middle	0.285	0.464	-0.058	Figure 48
	Low	0.330	0.546	0.088	Figure 49
Towards Phantom	Middle	0.172	0.279	-0.010	Figure 50
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Low	0.347	0.575	-0.018	Figure 51
Worst case position of Body with EVDO Rev.0 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Low	0.344	0.567	-0.153	Figure 52
Worst case position of Body with EVDO Rev.A (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Low	0.343	0.567	0.003	Figure 53

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.

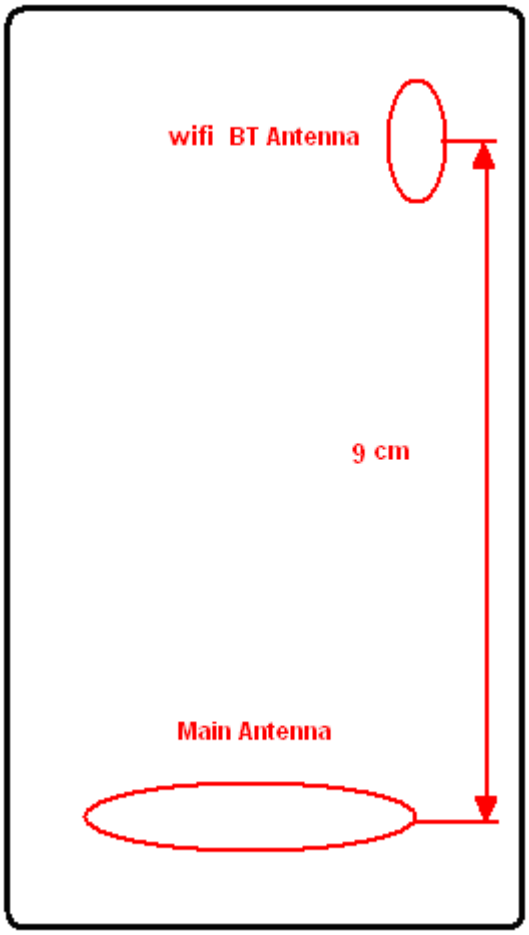
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR_{1g} limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Table 14: Extrapolated SAR Values of highest measured SAR [CDMA AWS (CDMA/EVDO)]

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		Conducted Power	1g Average	Tune-up procedures Maximum Power(dBm)	1g Average
			1.6		1.6
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result (dBm)	Measurement Result (W/kg)		Extrapolated Result (W/kg)
Test position of Head maximum SAR value extrapolated result					
Left hand, Touch cheek	Low	24.46	0.678	26	0.97

7.3.4. Summary of Measurement Results (Bluetooth/WIFI function)

The distance between BT/wifi antenna and main antenna is >5 cm. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown below:



The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 Mhz	Ch 78 2480 MHz
Peak Conducted Output Power(dBm)	6.87	7.82	7.44

The output power of WIFI antenna is as following:

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 Mhz	Ch 78 2480 MHz
802.11b Peak Conducted Output Power(dBm)	13.64	13.71	13.58
802.11g Peak Conducted Output Power(dBm)	8.81	8.75	8.68

According to the output power measurement result and the distance between the two antennas, we can draw the conclusion that: stand-alone SAR and simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for BT/WIFI transmitter, because the output power of BT transmitter is ≤2P_{Ref} and its antenna is ＞5 cm from other antenna.

8. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	c_i	Standard ncertainty $u_i^{'}$ (%)	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i
1	System repetivity	A	0.5	N	1	1	0.5	9
Measurement system								
2	probe calibration	B	5.9	N	1	1	5.9	∞
3	axial isotropy of the probe	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	1.9	∞
4	Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	B	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	3.9	∞
6	boundary effect	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.1	∞
7	probe linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
8	System detection limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
9	readout Electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1.0	∞
10	response time	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
11	integration time	B	4.32	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.5	∞
12	noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
13	RF Ambient Conditions	B	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
14	Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
15	Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
16	Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	B	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Test sample Related								
17	-Test Sample Positioning	A	2.9	N	1	1	2.9	5
18	-Device Holder Uncertainty	A	4.1	N	1	1	4.1	5
19	-Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
Physical parameter								

20	-phantom	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
21	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.8	∞
22	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	5.0	N	1	0.64	3.2	∞
23	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	∞
24	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	5.0	N	1	0.6	3.0	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					12.0	
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N		k=2	24.0	

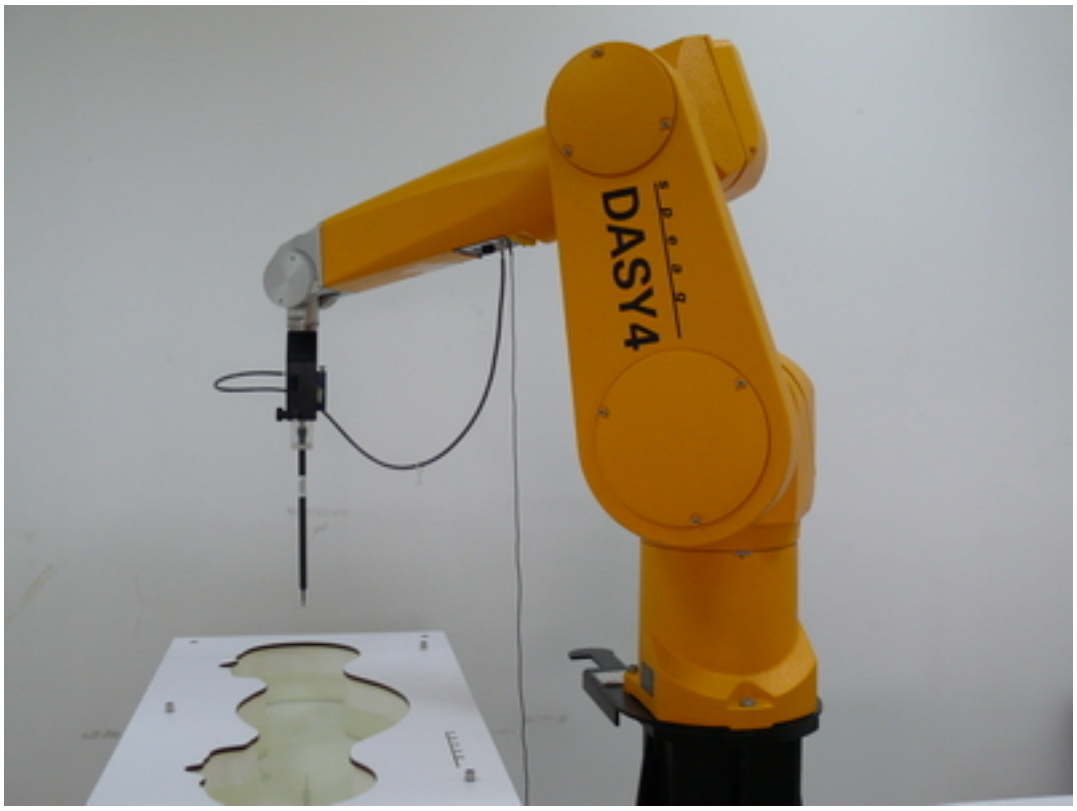
9. Main Test Instruments

Table 15: List of Main Instruments

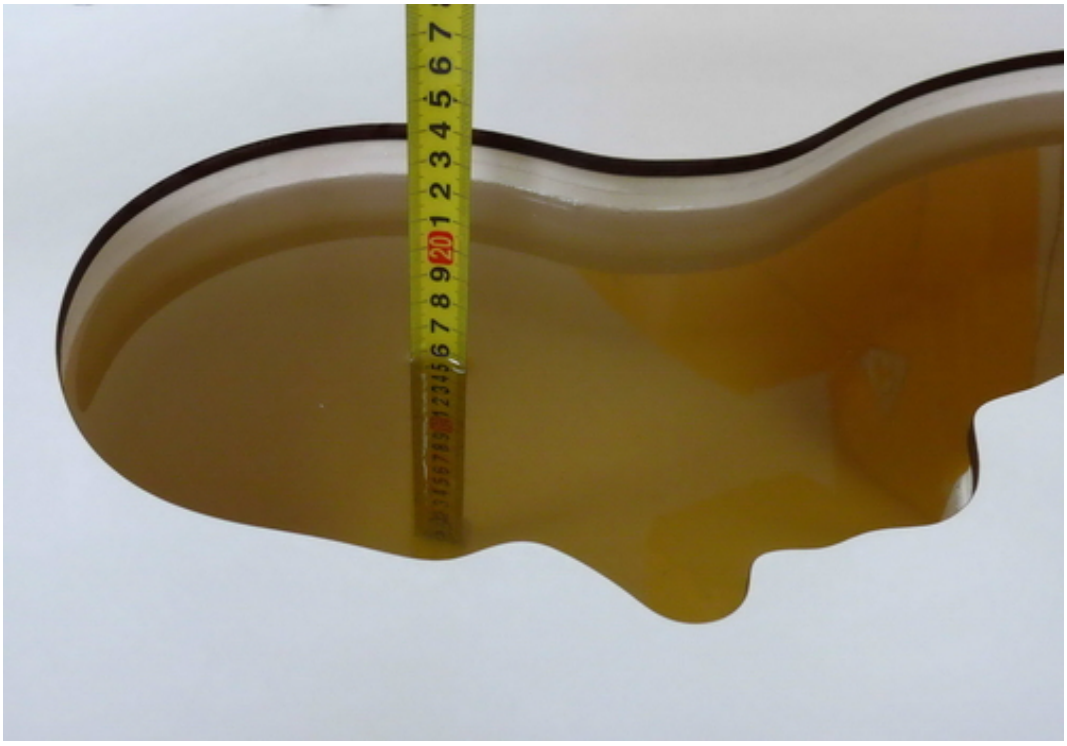
No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 13, 2009	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Requested	
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 13, 2010	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent 8481H	MY41091316	March 26, 2010	One year
05	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 13, 2009	One year
06	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Requested	
07	BTS	E5515C	MY48360988	December 4, 2009	One year
08	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3677	September 23, 2009	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	871	November 11, 2009	One year
10	Validation Kit 835MHz	D835V2	4d082	July 13, 2009	One year
11	Validation Kit 1800MHz	D1800V2	2d052	June 26, 2009	One year
12	Validation Kit 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d018	June 26, 2009	One year

*******END OF REPORT BODY*******

ANNEX A: Test Layout



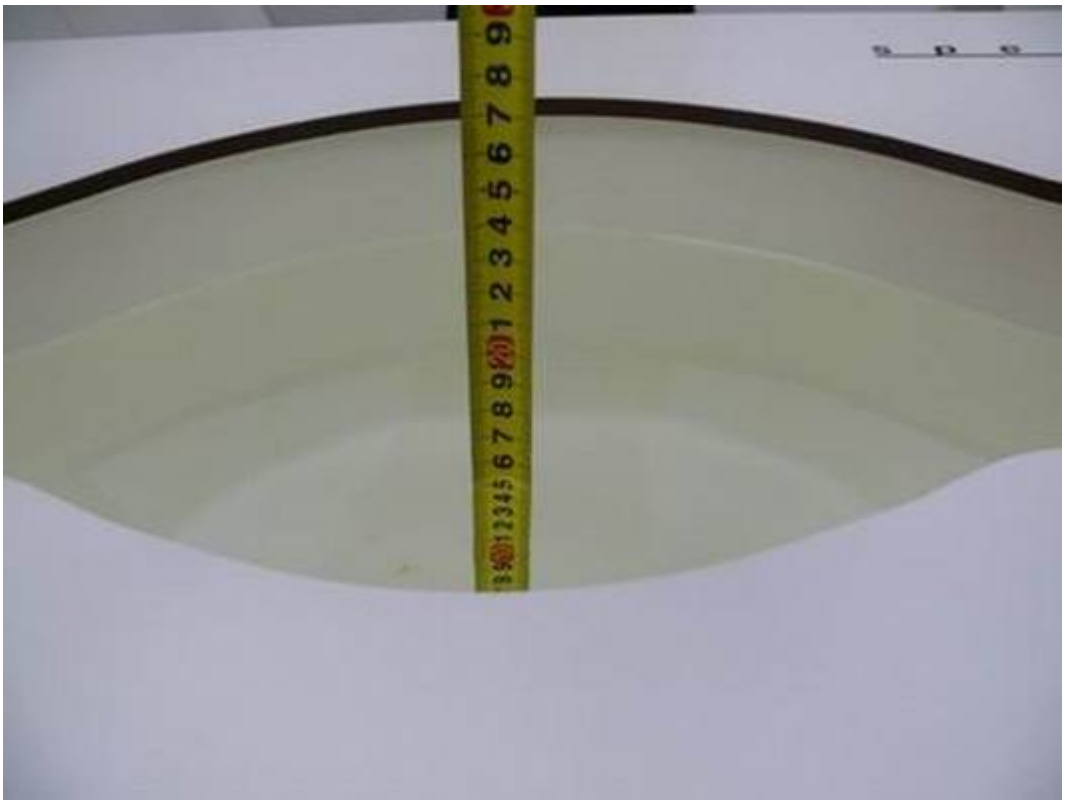
Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 2: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)

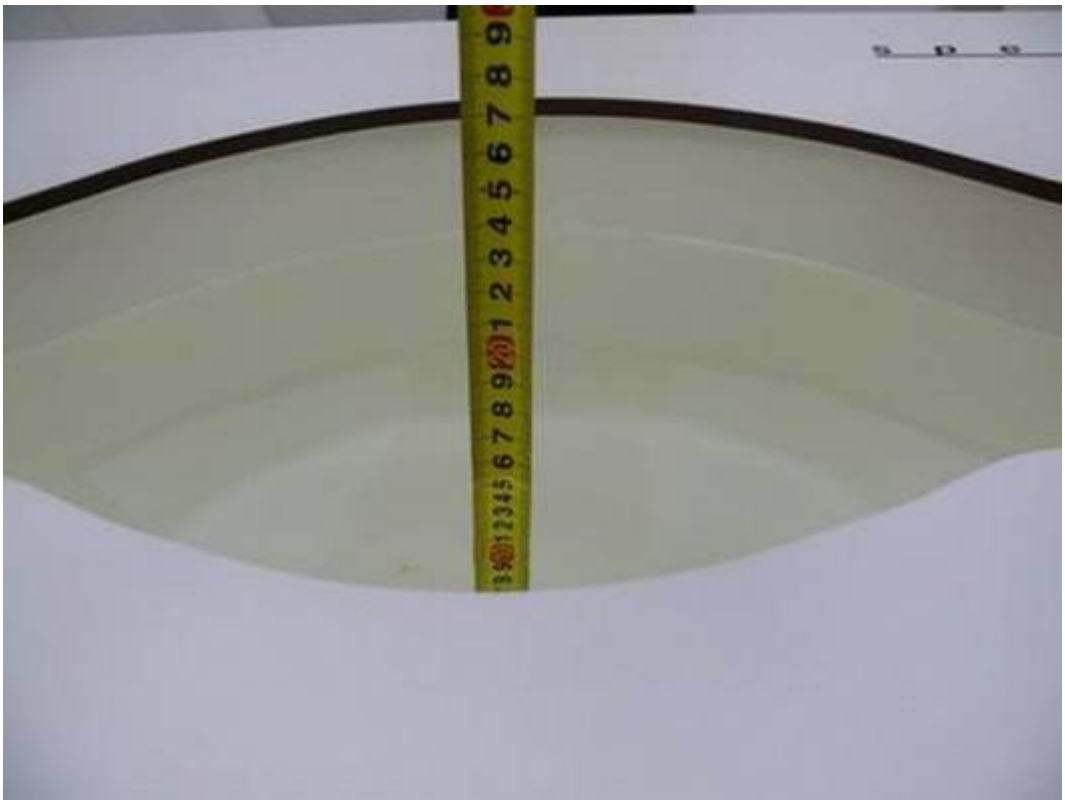
Picture 3: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz, 15.4cm depth)

Picture 4: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.1cm depth)



Picture 5: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)

Picture 6: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d082

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 7:01:58 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.93 mho/m; ε_r = 42.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.81 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 mW/g

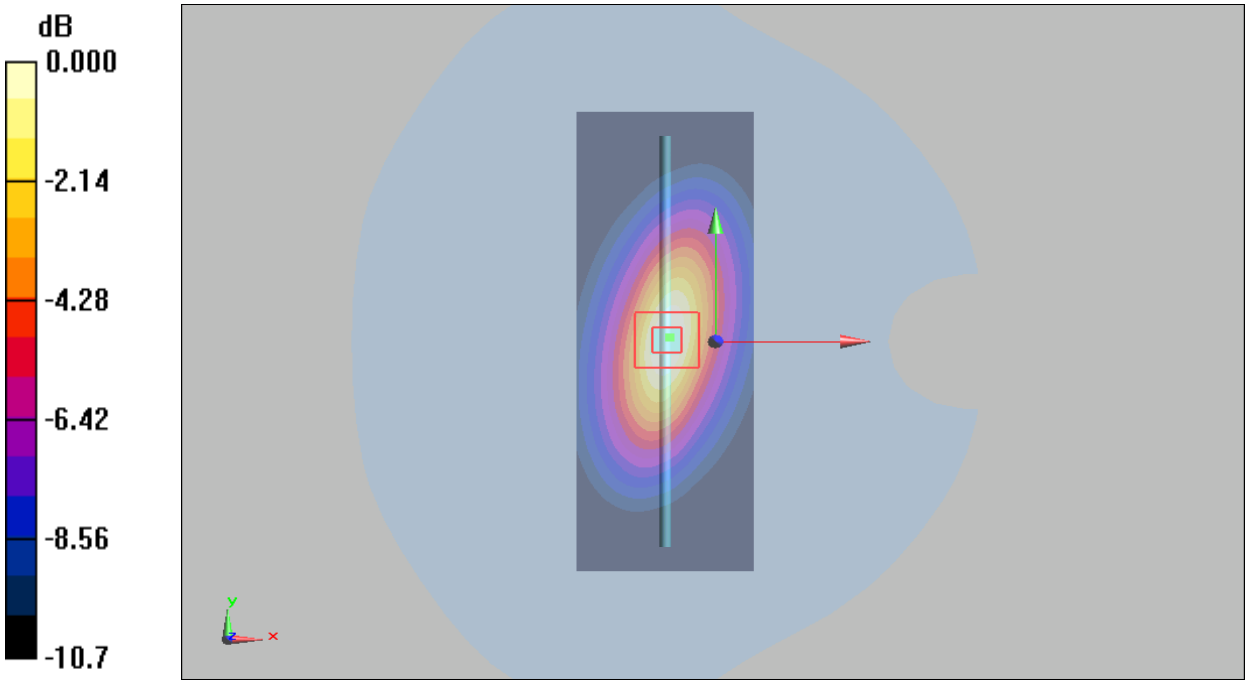


Figure 7 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d082

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 4:20:49 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1.00 mho/m; ε_r = 55.39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.93 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 mW/g

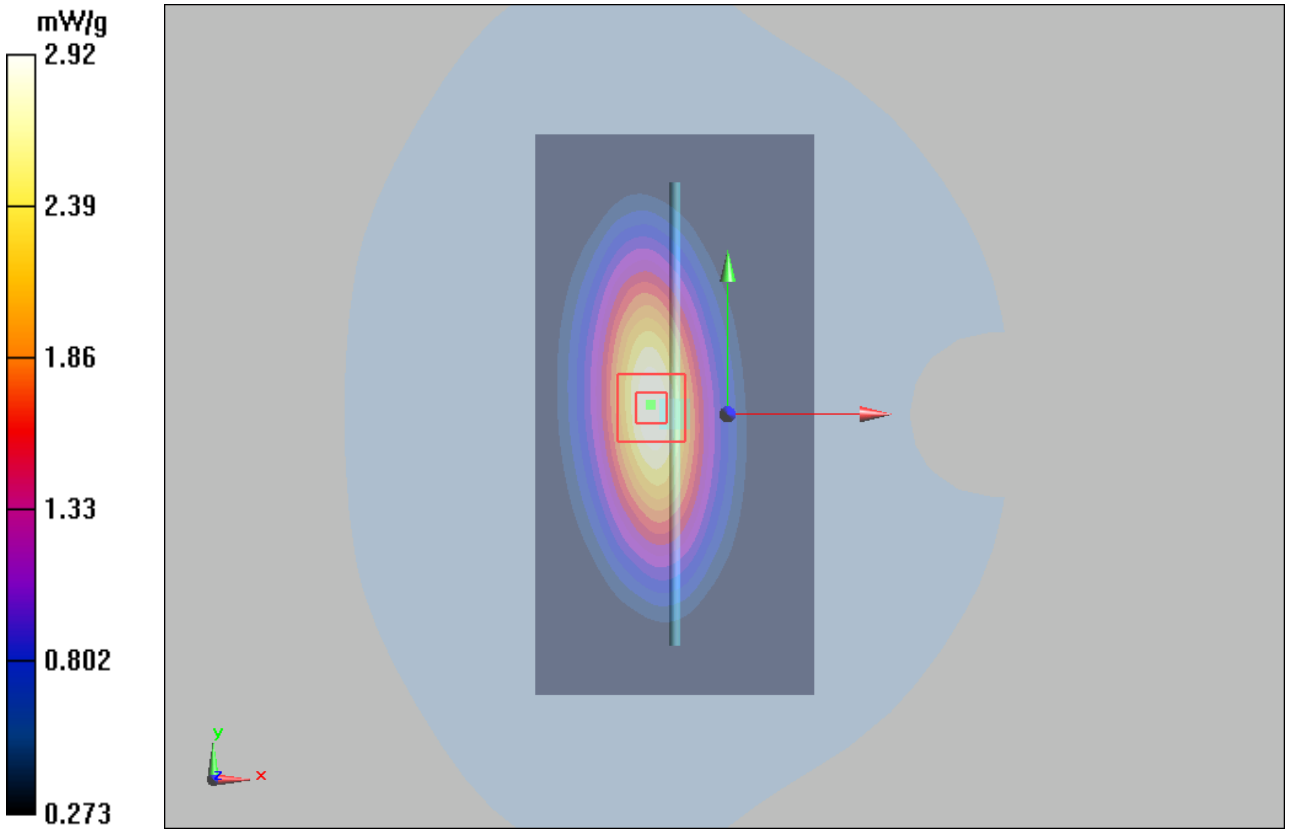


Figure 8 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1800 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d052

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 4:14:05 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 39.85; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.04, 8.04, 8.04); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.68 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g

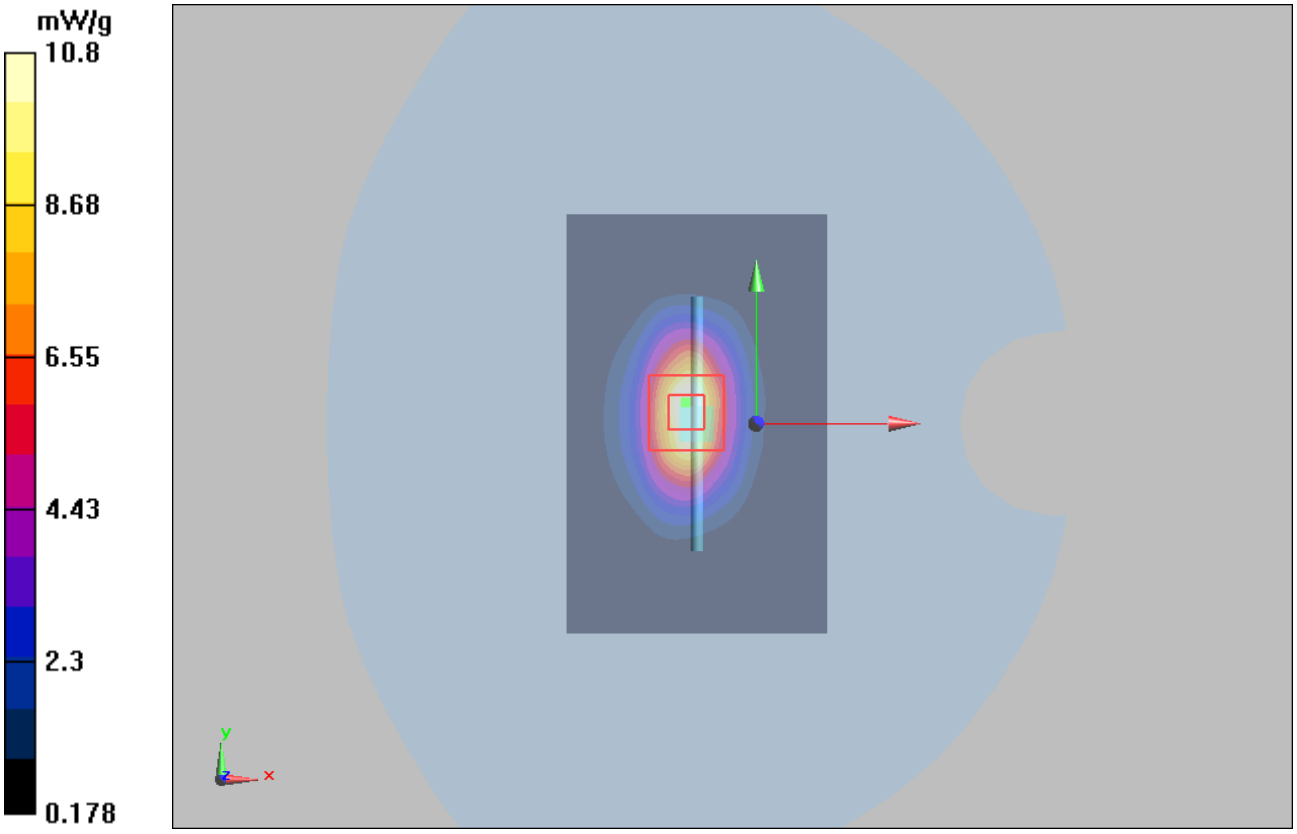


Figure 9 System Performance Check 1800MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1800 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d052

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 8:16:55 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.53 mho/m; ε_r = 52.18; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g

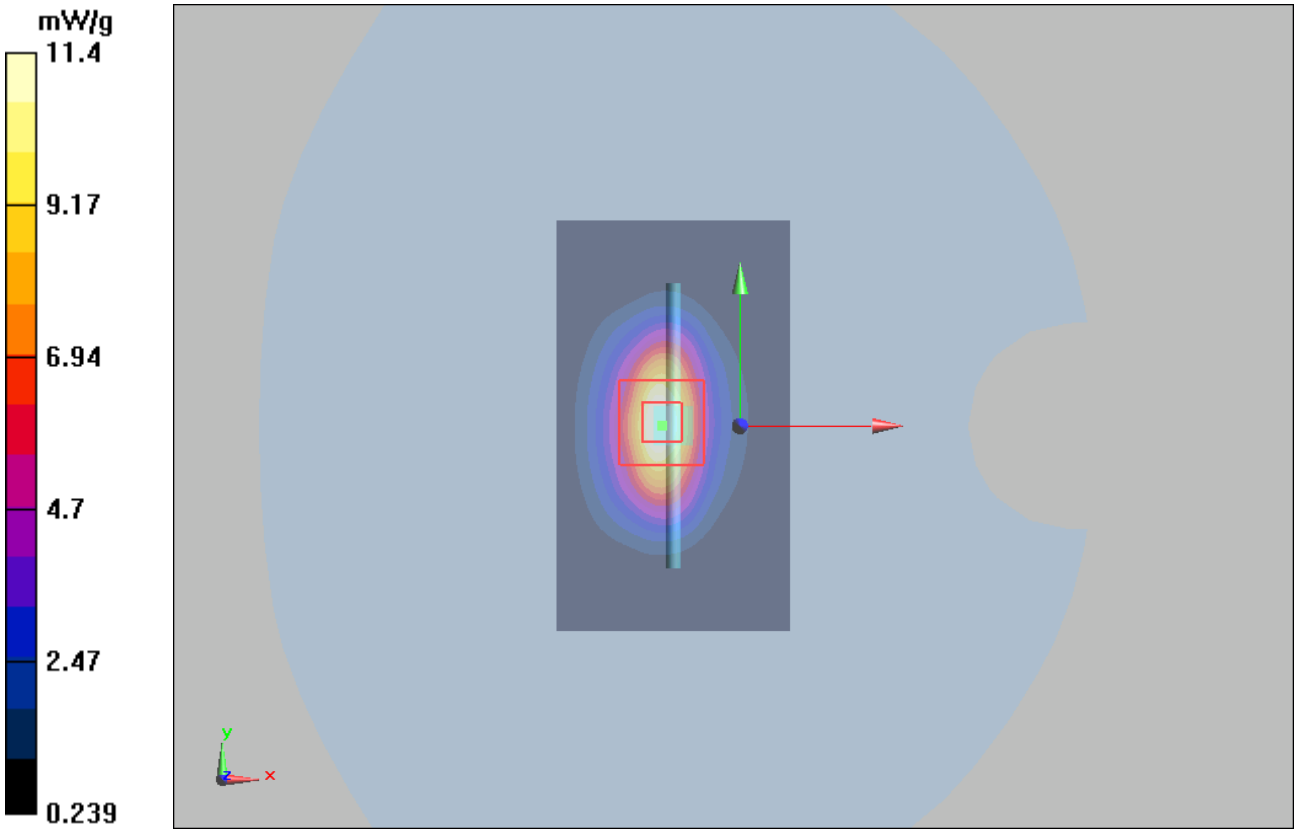


Figure 10 System Performance Check 1800MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d018

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 8:11:04 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; ε_r = 40.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g

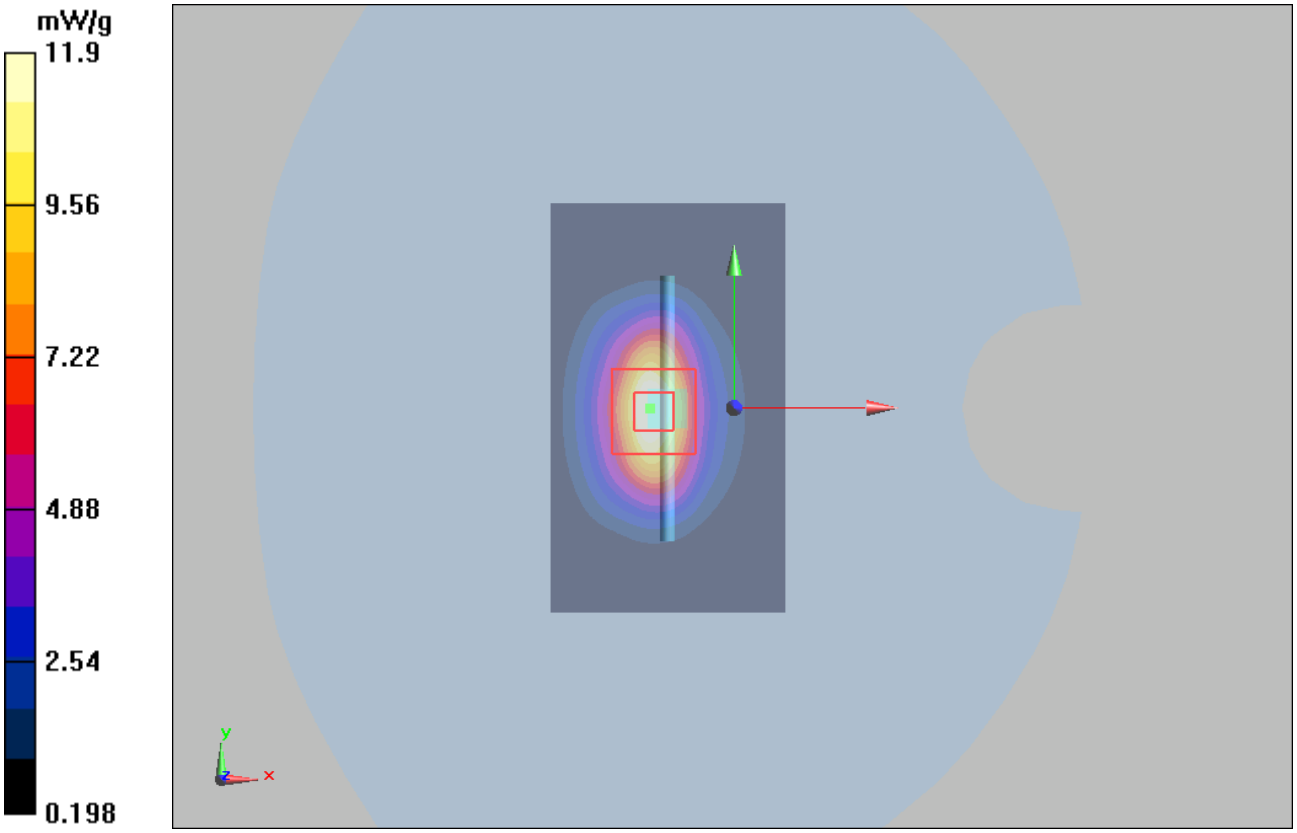


Figure 11 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d018

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 6:21:19 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 52.29; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11 mW/g

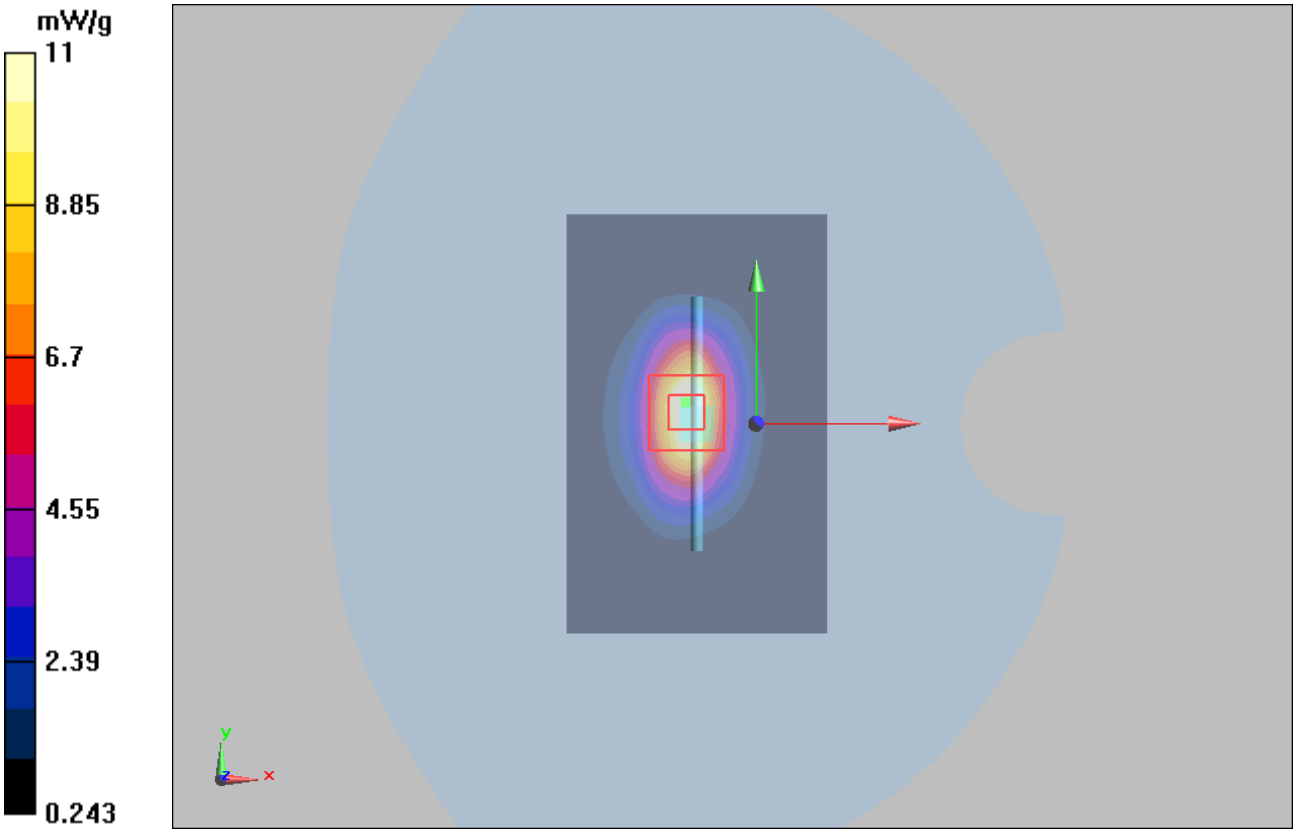


Figure 12 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

ANNEX C: Graph Results

CDMA Cellular Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 1:40:26 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 0.944 mho/m; ε_r = 42.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.095 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.779 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 mW/g

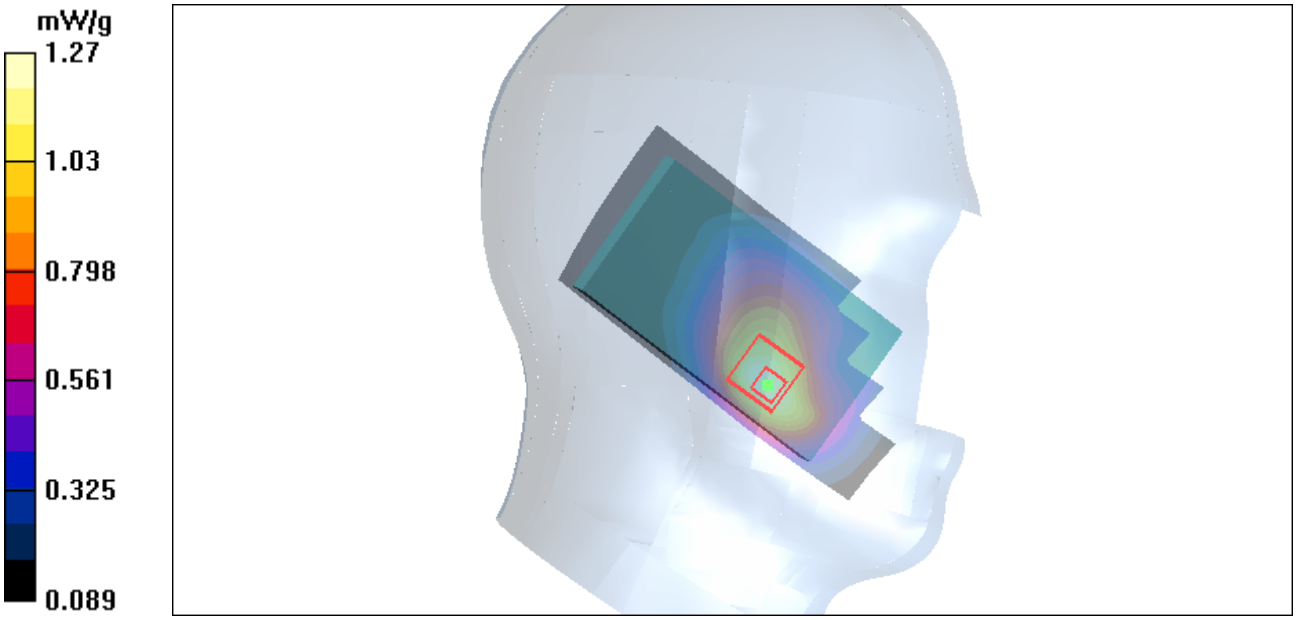


Figure 13 CDMA Cellular Left Hand Touch Cheek Channel 777

CDMA Cellular Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 1:08:22 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.934 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.958 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.160 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.879 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.578 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.953 mW/g

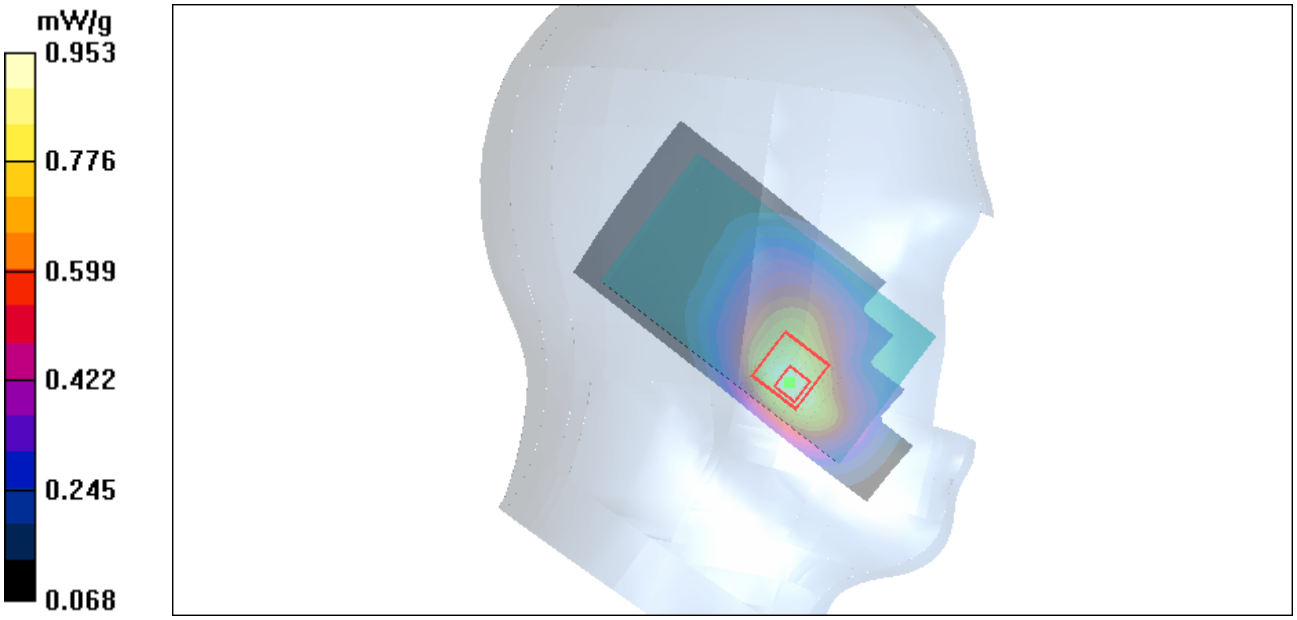


Figure 14 CDMA Cellular Left Hand Touch Cheek Channel 384

CDMA Cellular Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 2:00:39 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.925 mho/m; ε_r = 42.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.837 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.589 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.391 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g

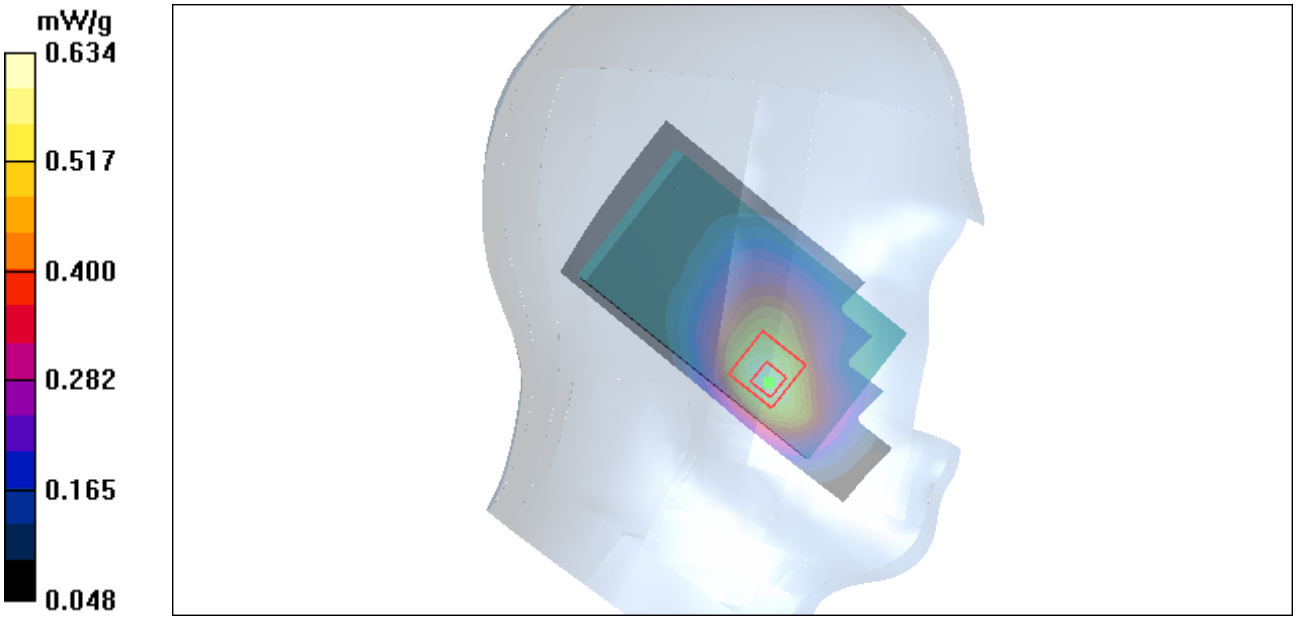


Figure 15 CDMA Cellular Left Hand Touch Cheek Channel 1013

CDMA Cellular Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 12:46:02 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.934 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.377 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g

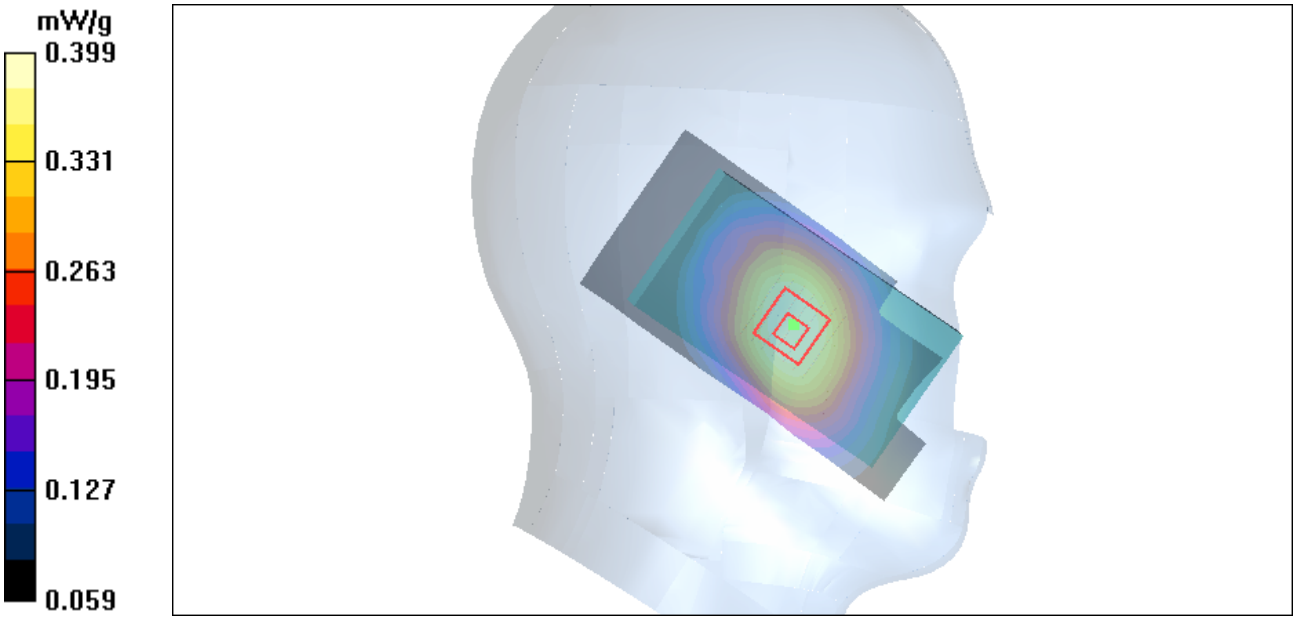


Figure 16 CDMA Cellular Left Hand Tilt 15° Channel 384

CDMA Cellular Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 5:10:08 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.934 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.691 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.059 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.863 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.649 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g

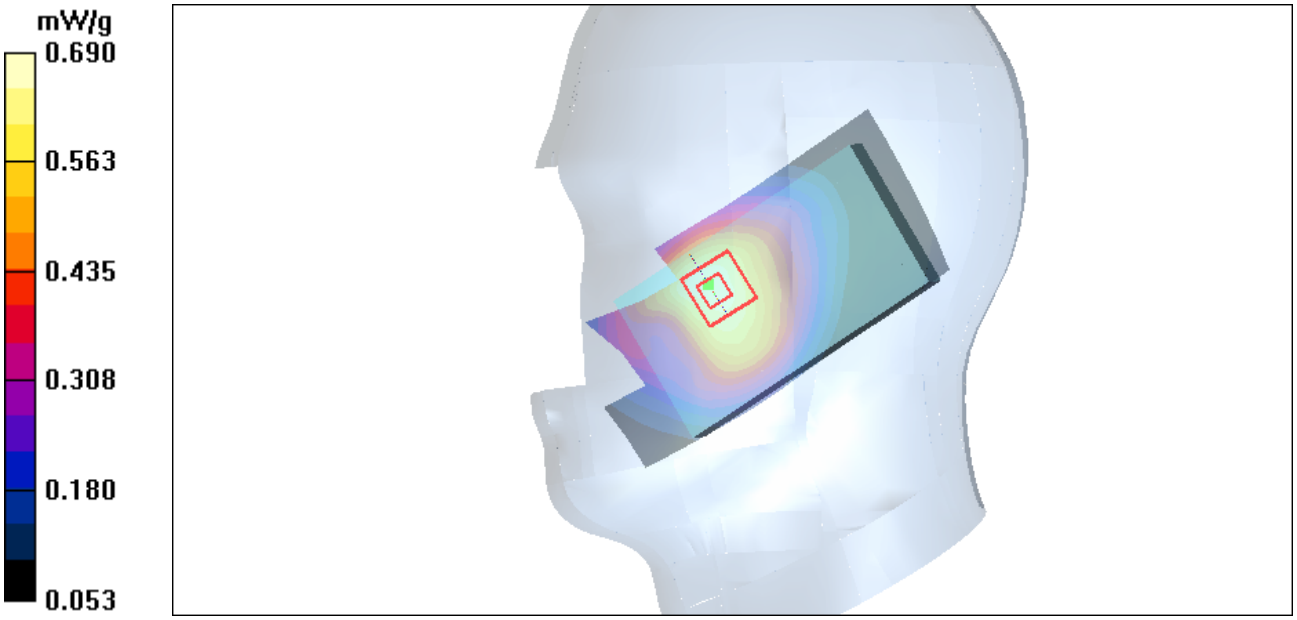


Figure 17 CDMA Cellular Right Hand Touch Cheek Channel 384

CDMA Cellular Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 12:23:07 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.934 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.2, 9.2, 9.2); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.357 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.411 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.343 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 mW/g

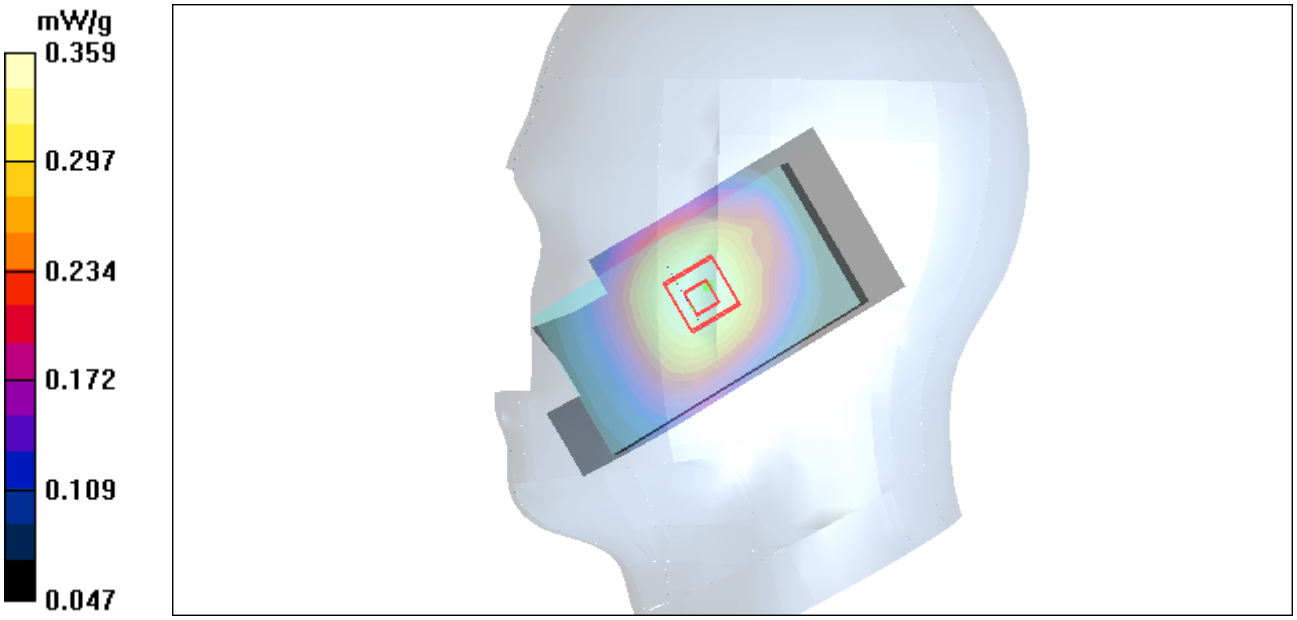


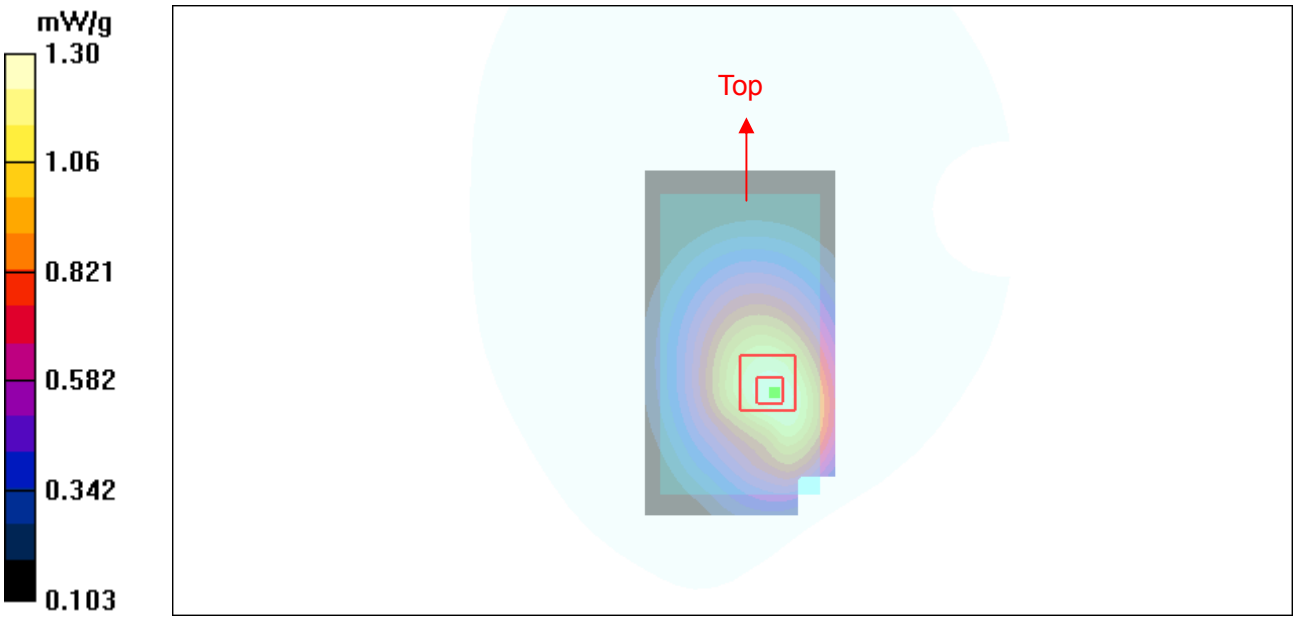
Figure 18 CDMA Cellular Right Hand Tilt 15° Channel 384

CDMA Cellular Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 6:17:58 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.862 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 mW/g



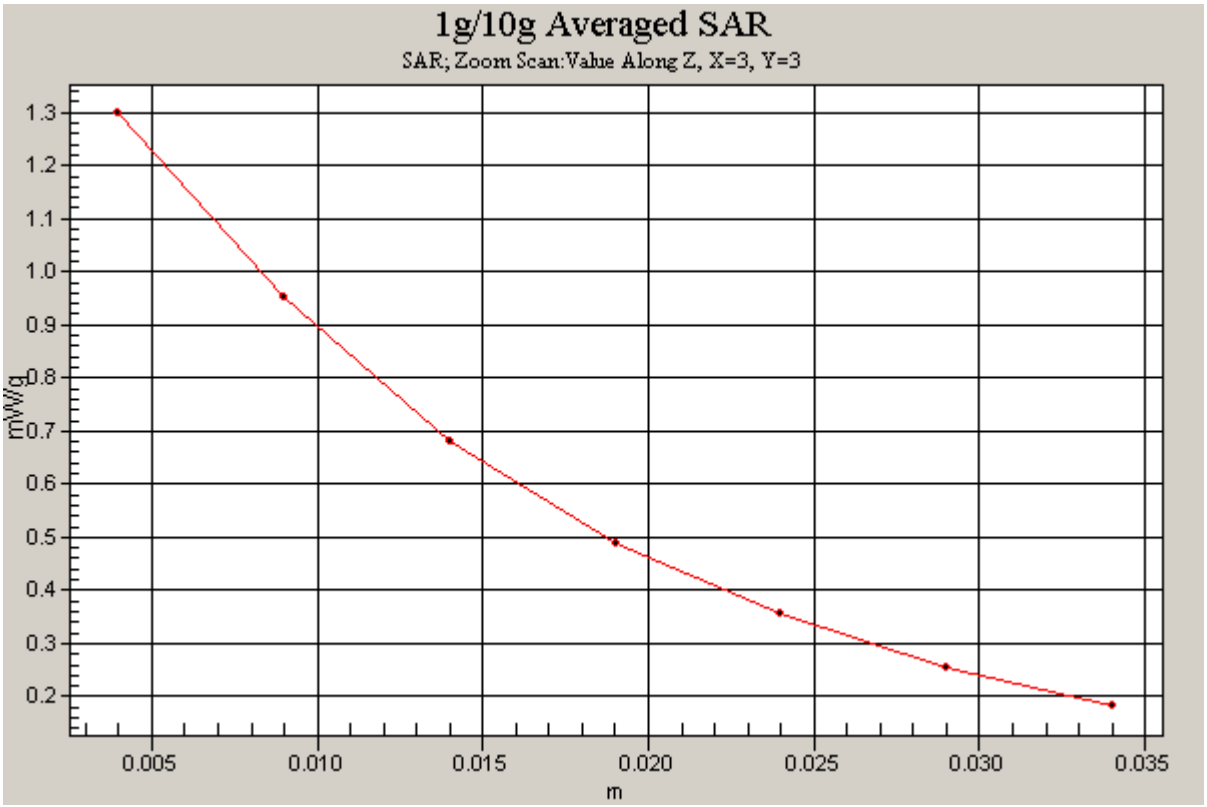


Figure 19 Body, CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Channel 777

CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 6:00:31 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 1 mho/m; ε_r = 55.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.820 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g

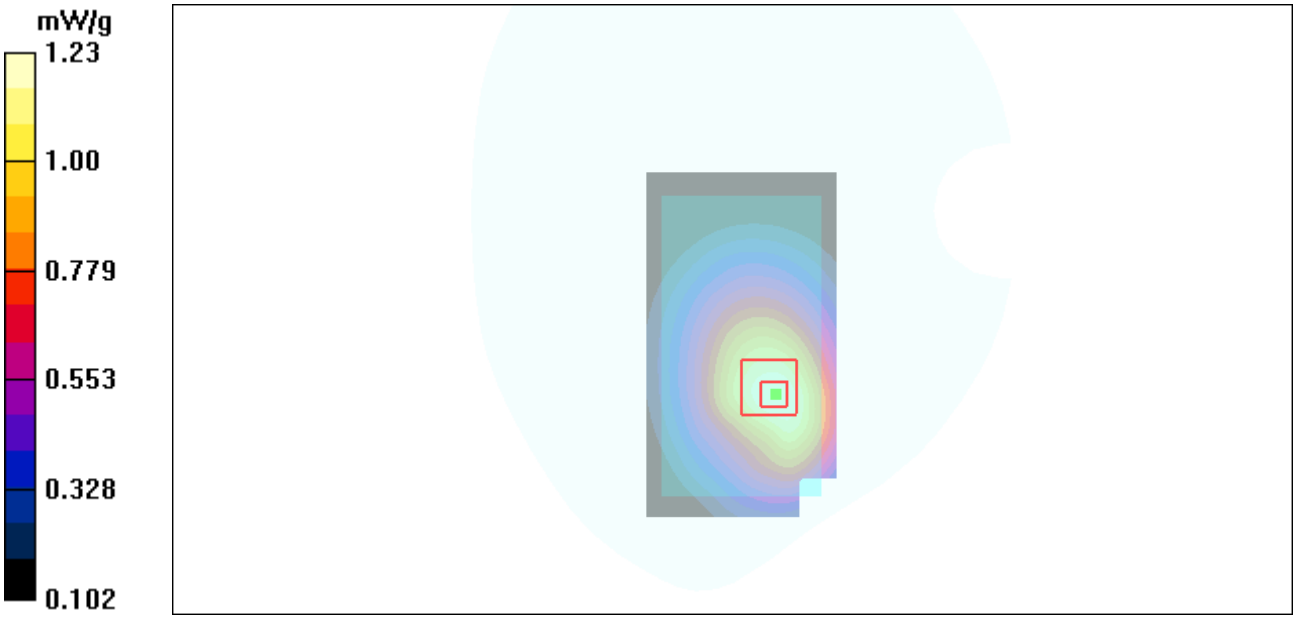


Figure 20 Body, CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Channel 384

CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 8:50:47 AM

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 55.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.994 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.700 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g

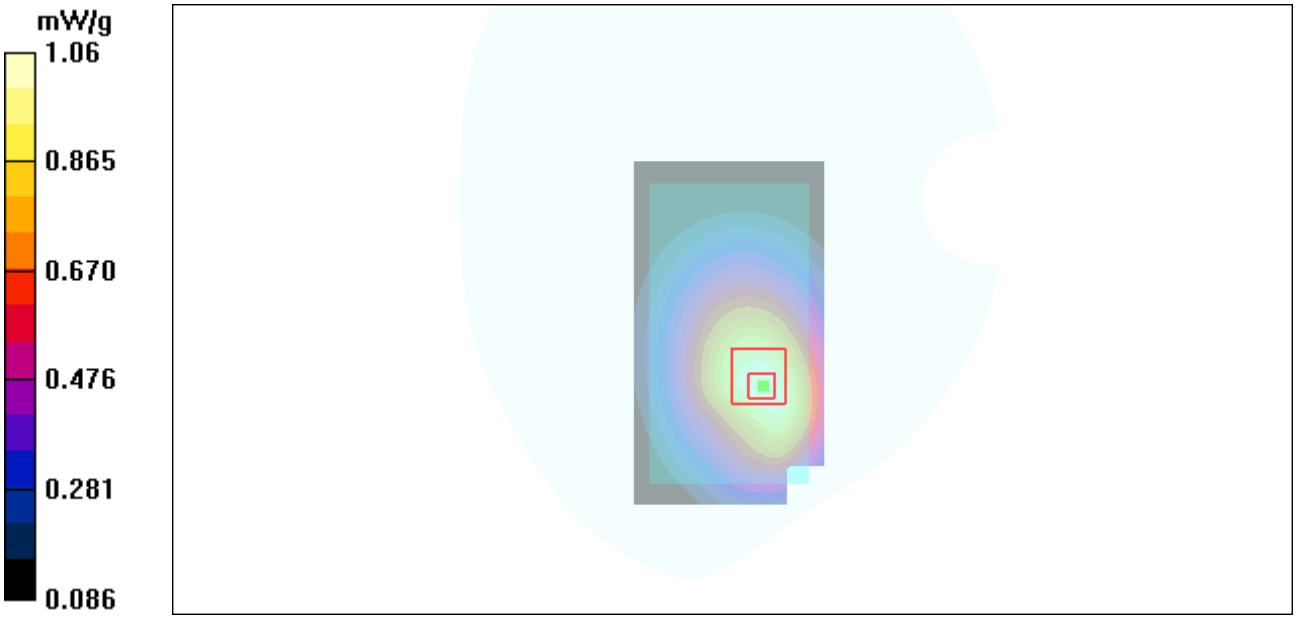


Figure 21 Body, CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Channel 1013

CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 5:24:03 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.949 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.666 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g

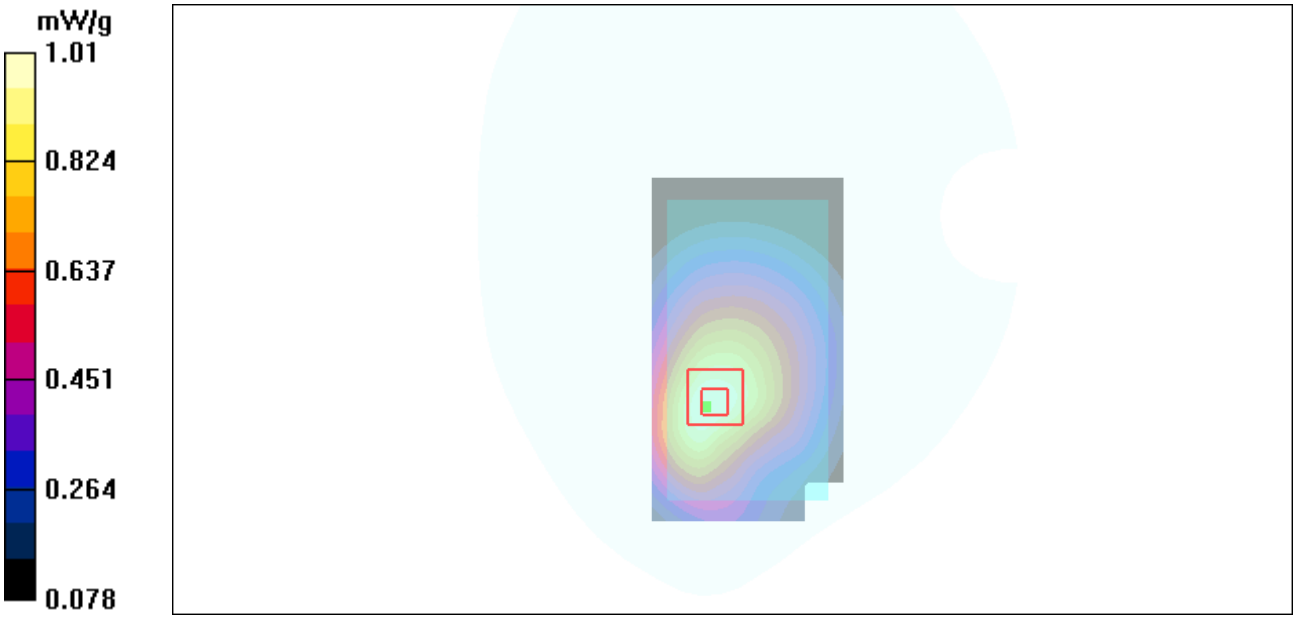


Figure 22 Body, CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Channel 777

CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 5:06:03 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 1 mho/m; ε_r = 55.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.888 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.191 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.829 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.585 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.876 mW/g

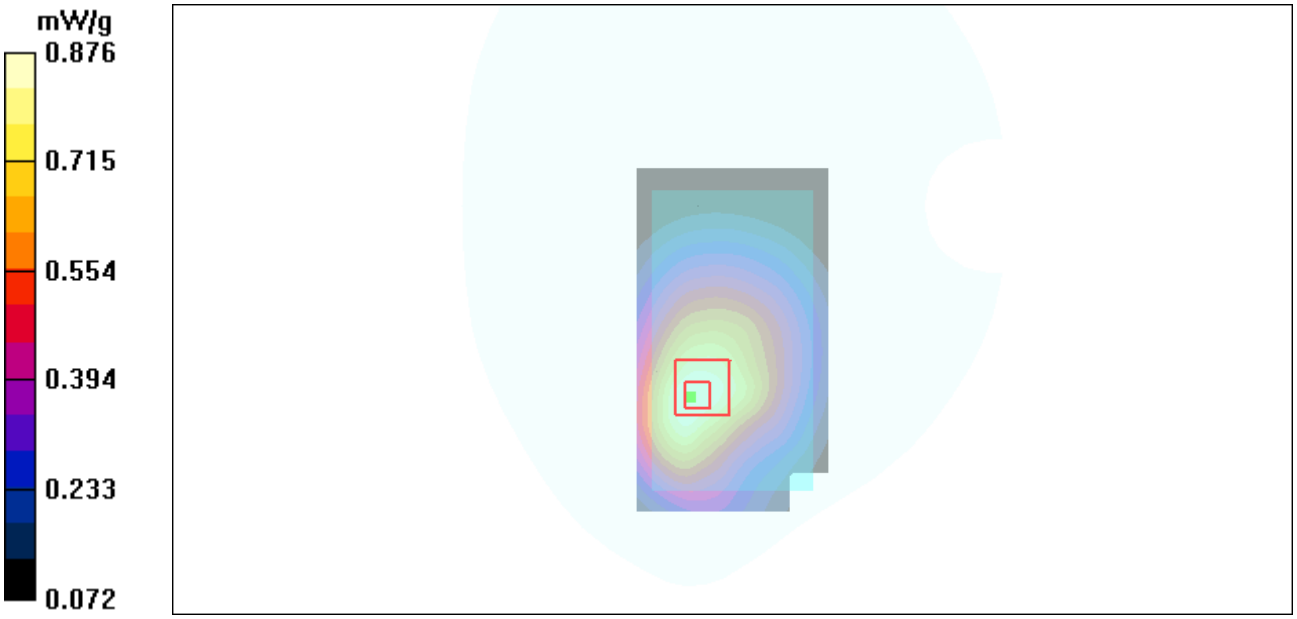


Figure 23 Body, CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Channel 384

CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Low

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 5:41:48 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 55.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.651 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.833 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.616 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.434 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.659 mW/g

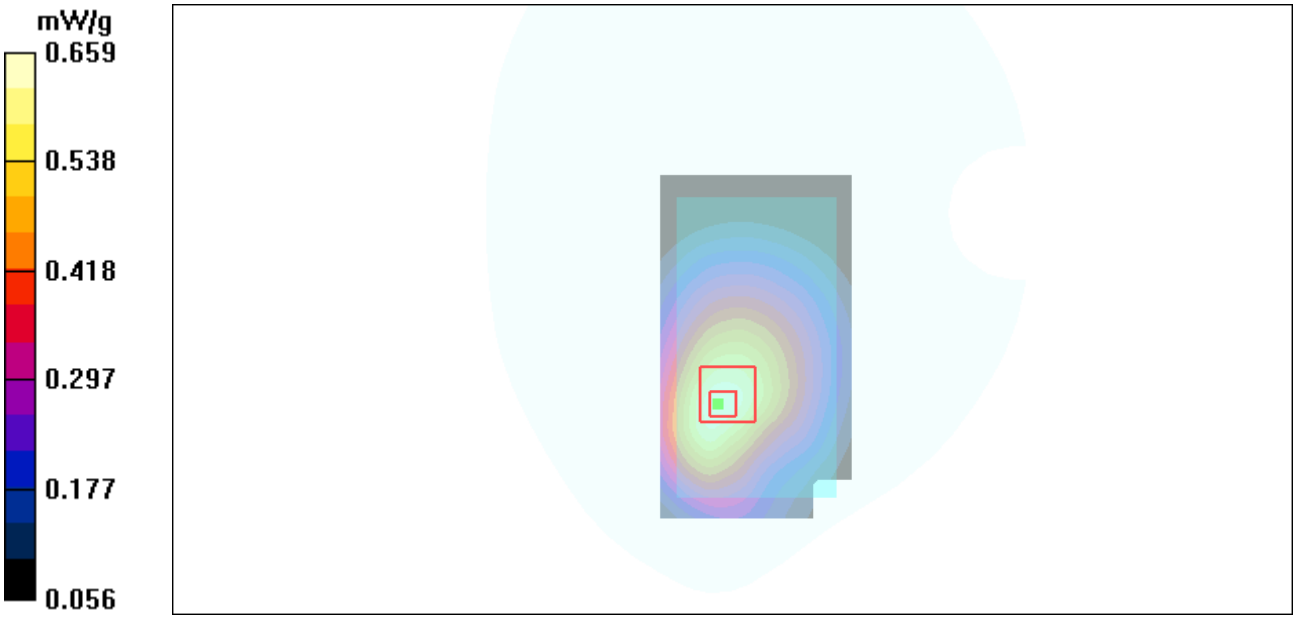


Figure 24 Body, CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Channel 1013

CDMA Cellular with Earphone Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 10:53:27 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.723 mW/g

Towards Ground High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.169 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.886 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.680 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.720 mW/g

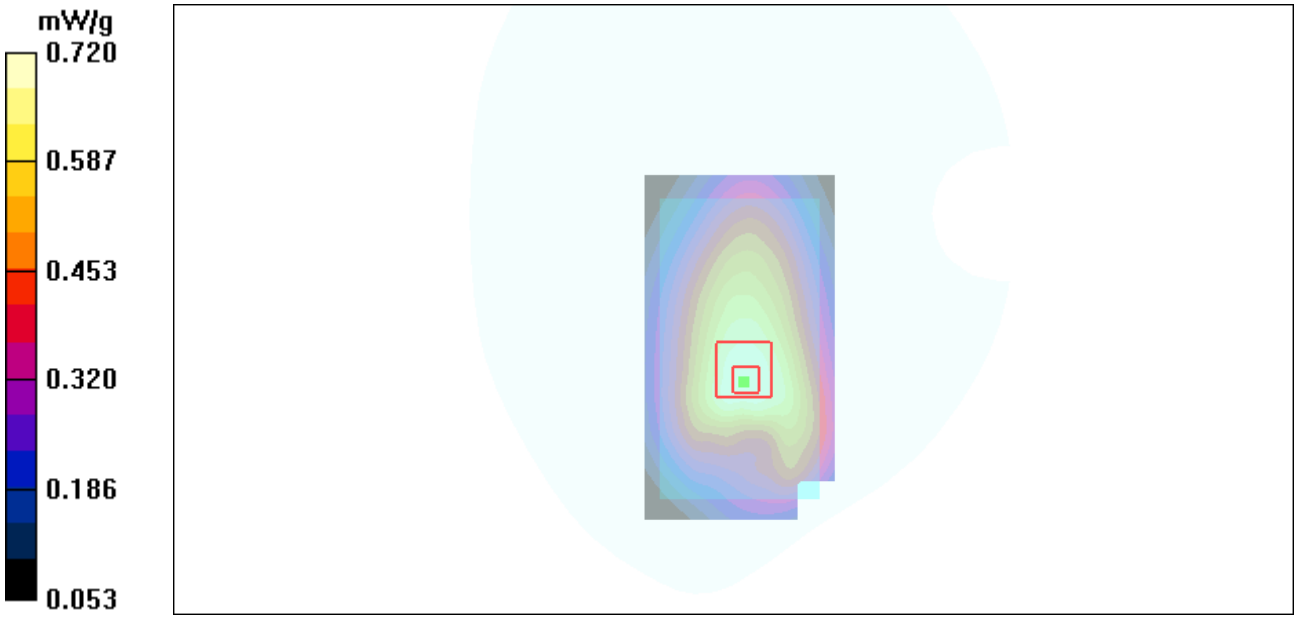


Figure 25 Body, CDMA Cellular with Earphone Towards Ground Channel 777

CDMA Cellular EVDO Rev.0 Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 9:44:59 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular EVDO Rev.0; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.816 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g

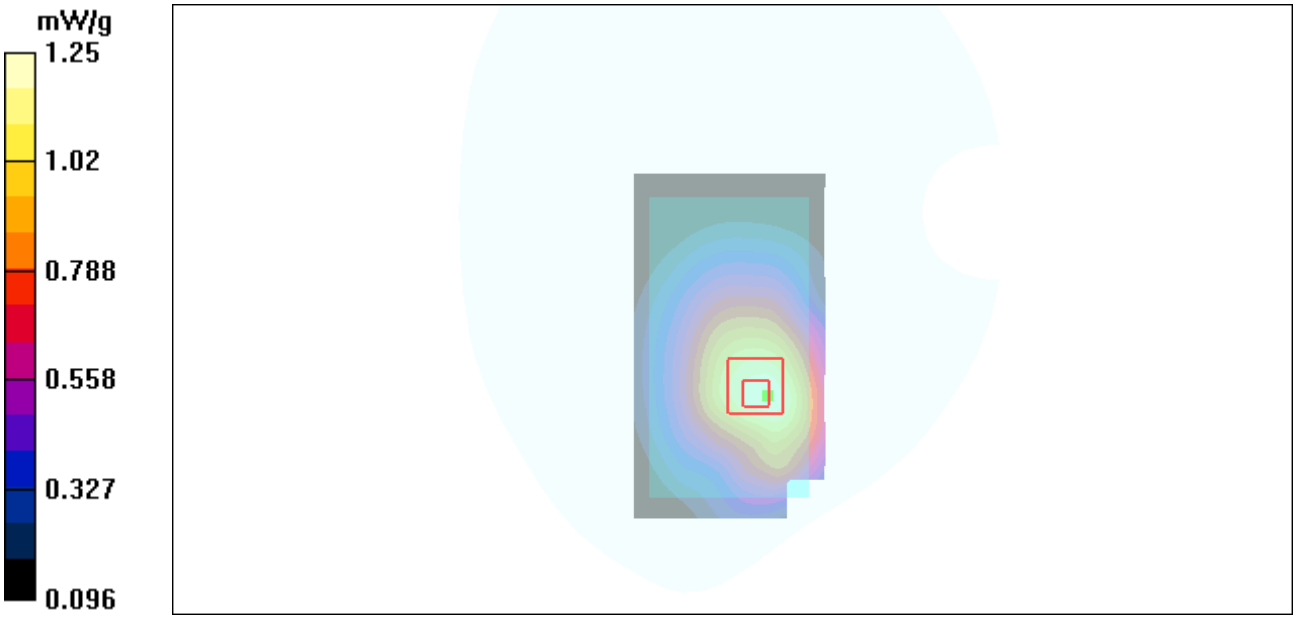


Figure 26 Body, CDMA Cellular EVDO Rev.0 Towards Ground Channel 777

CDMA Cellular EVDO Rev.A Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 10:03:42 AM
Communication System: CDMA Cellular EVDO Rev.A; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.133 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.811 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 mW/g

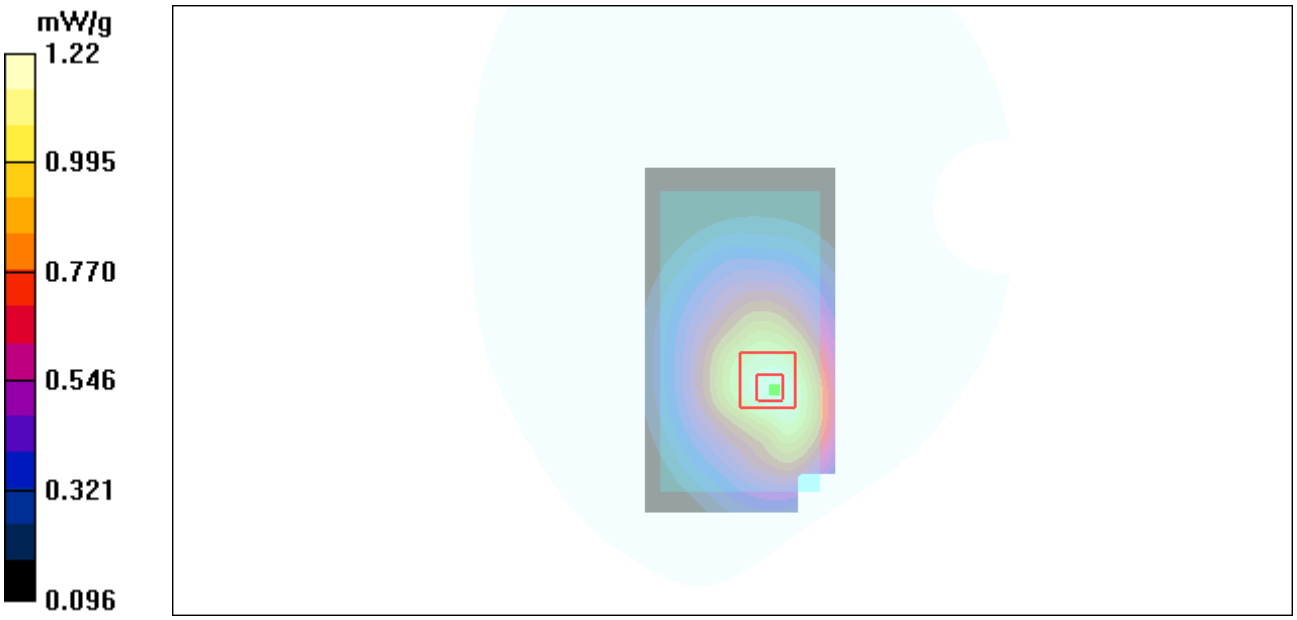


Figure 27 Body, CDMA Cellular EVDO Rev.A Towards Ground Channel 777

CDMA PCS Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 11:04:43 PM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 40.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.817 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.164 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.726 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.812 mW/g

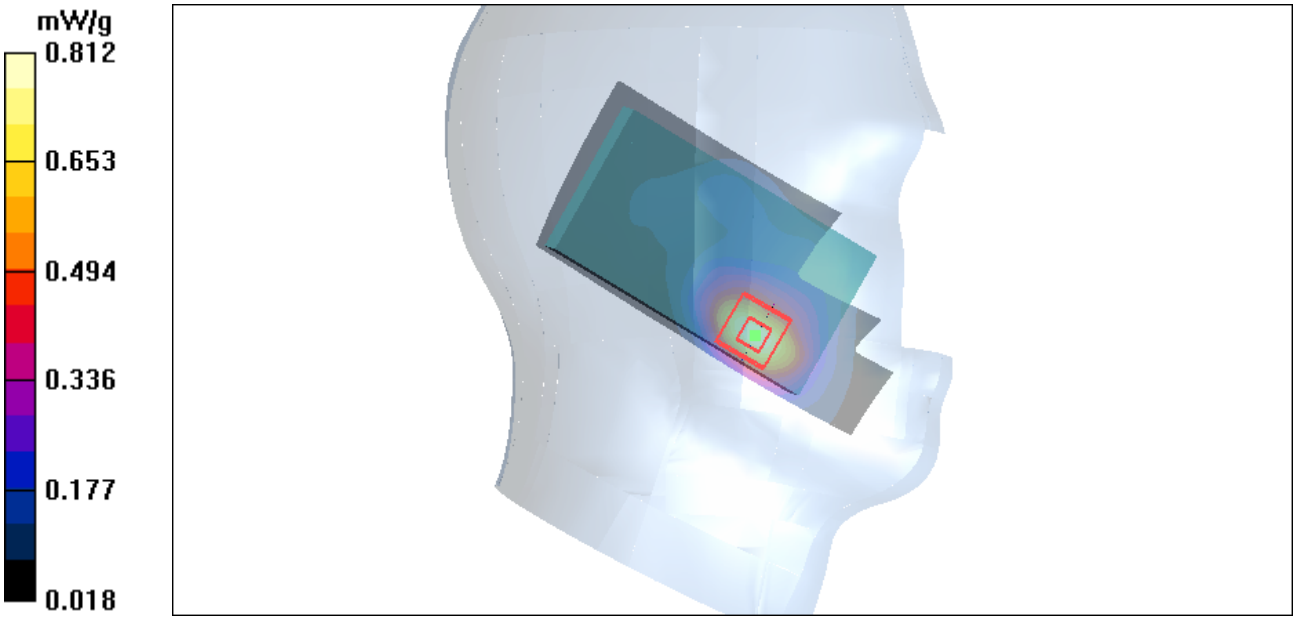


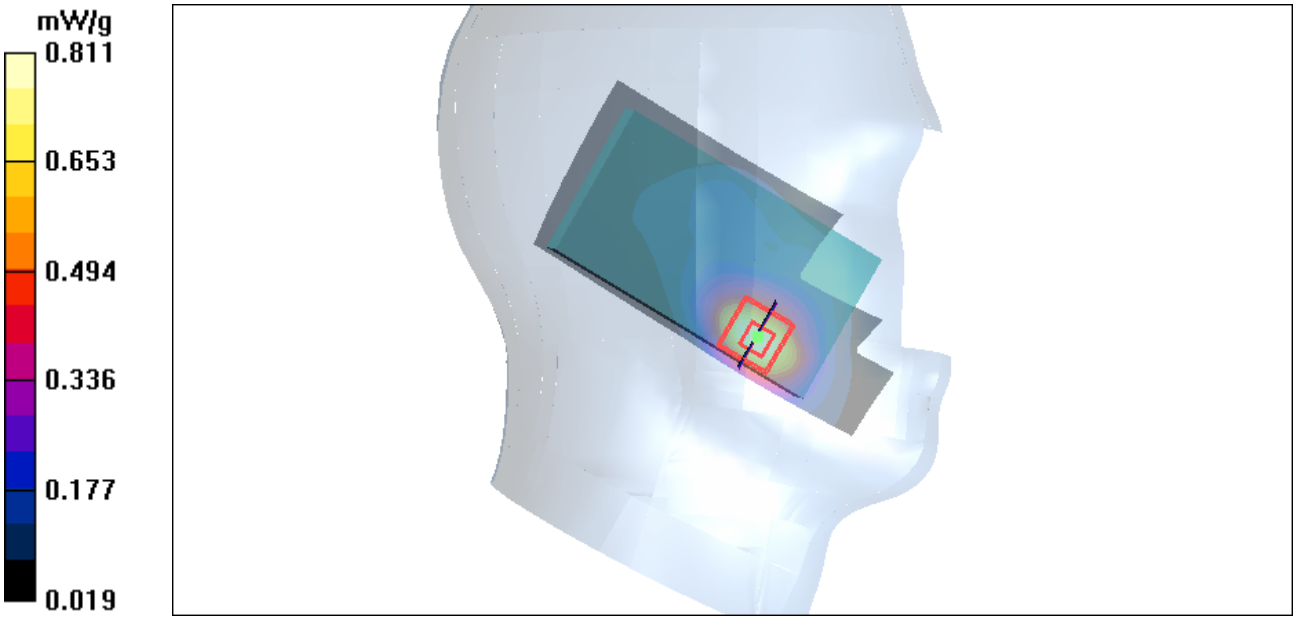
Figure 28 CDMA PCS Left Hand Touch Cheek Channel 1175

CDMA PCS Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 9:34:38 PM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.842 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.733 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.811 mW/g



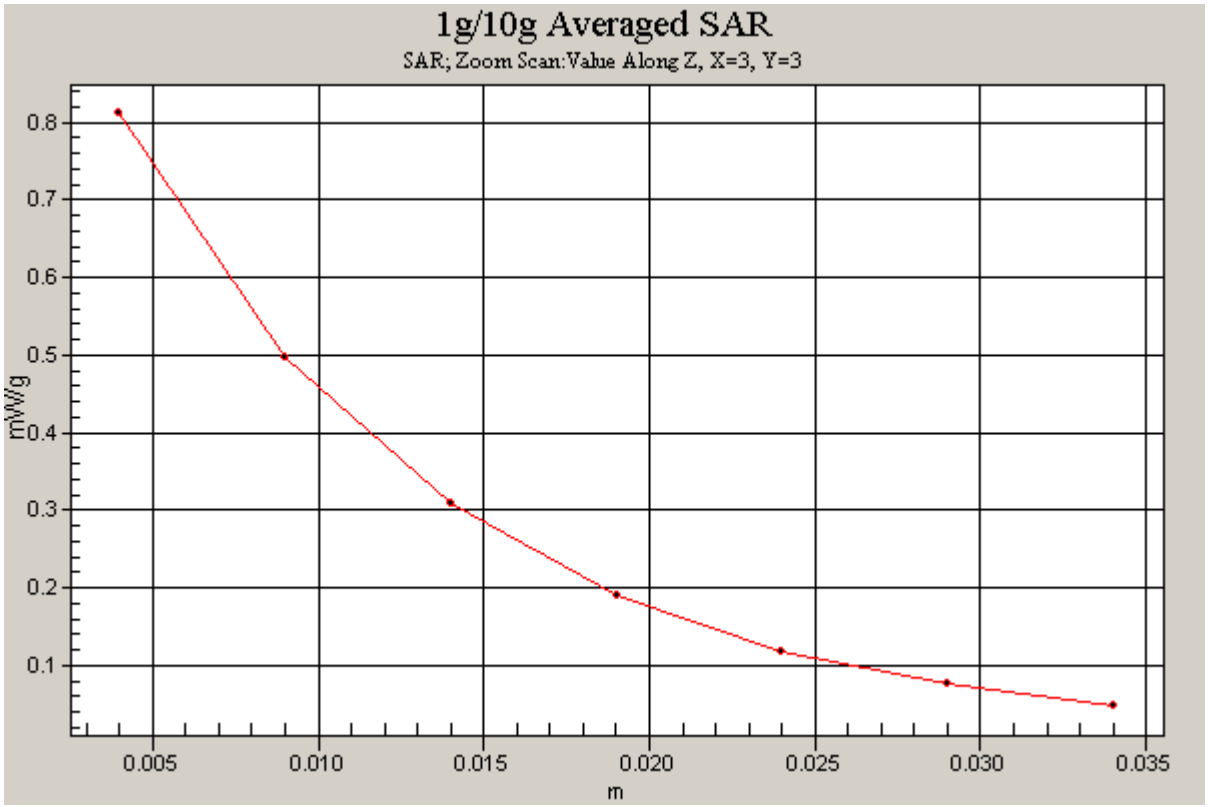


Figure 29 CDMA PCS Left Hand Touch Cheek Channel 600

CDMA PCS Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 11:24:08 PM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1852 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.823 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.726 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.803 mW/g

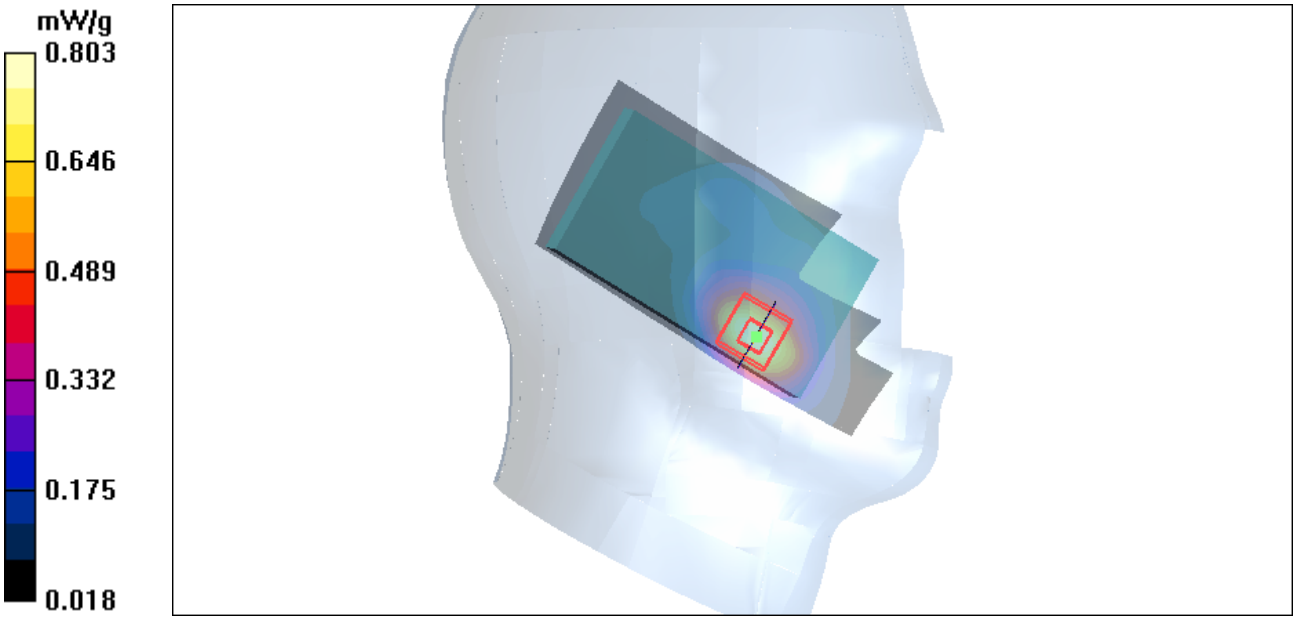


Figure 30 CDMA PCS Left Hand Touch Cheek Channel 25

CDMA PCS Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 9:54:02 PM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.197 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.265 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 mW/g

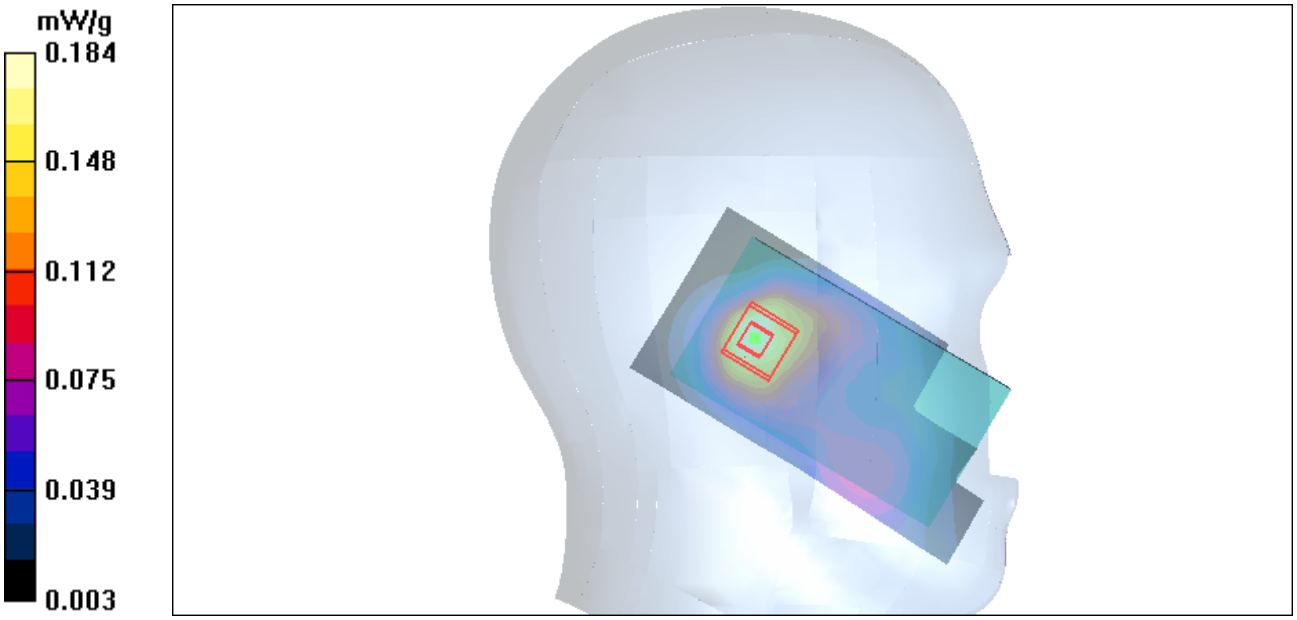


Figure 31 CDMA PCS Left Hand Tilt 15° Channel 600

CDMA PCS Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 10:14:46 PM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.431 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.615 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.398 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.429 mW/g

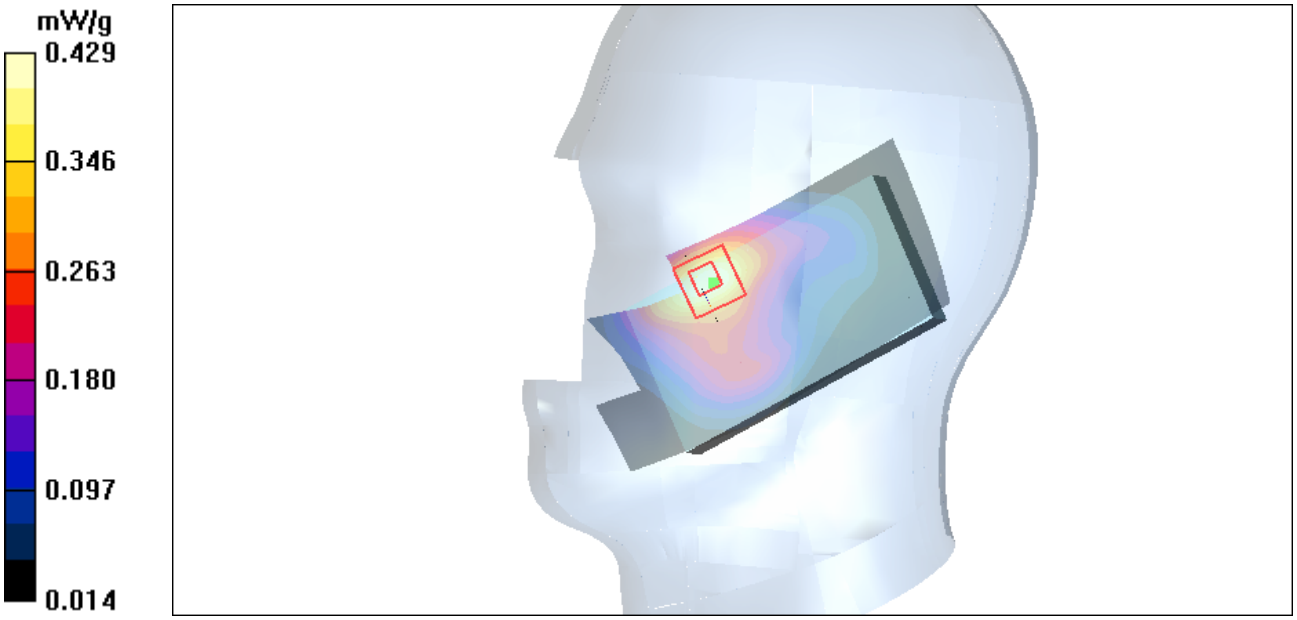


Figure 32 CDMA PCS Right Hand Touch Cheek Channel 600

CDMA PCS Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 6/18/2010 10:34:29 PM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.304 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.196 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 mW/g

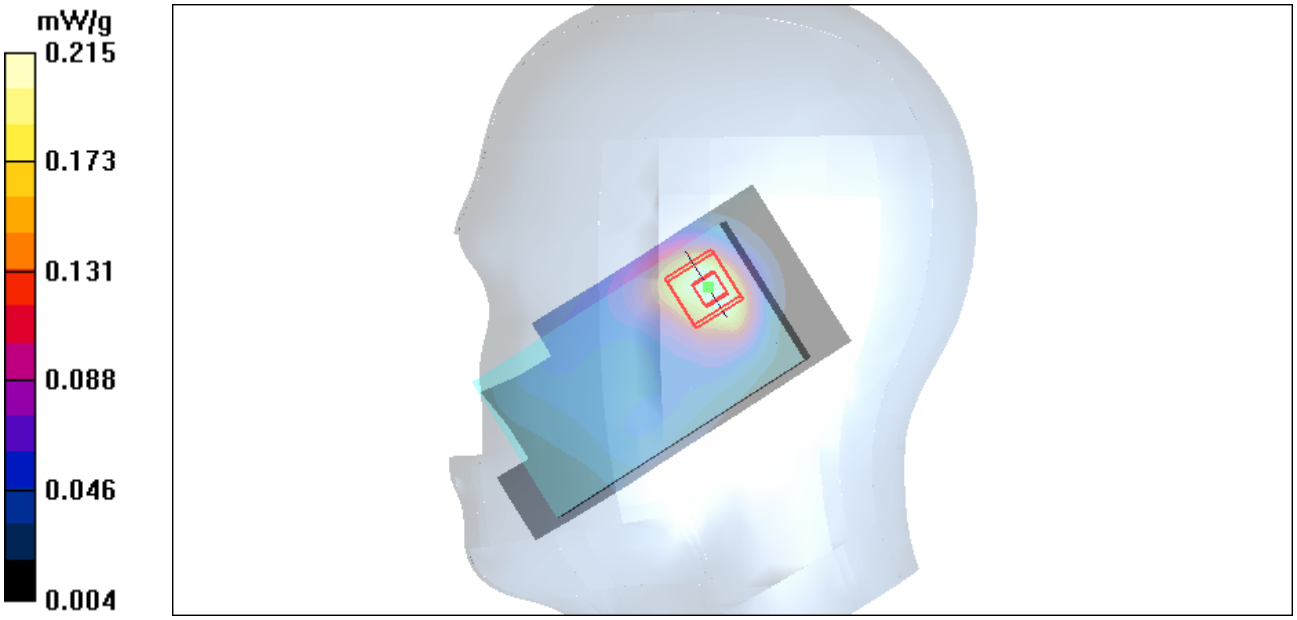


Figure 33 Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA PCS Channel 600

CDMA PCS Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 2:46:37 AM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.501 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.746 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.455 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.492 mW/g

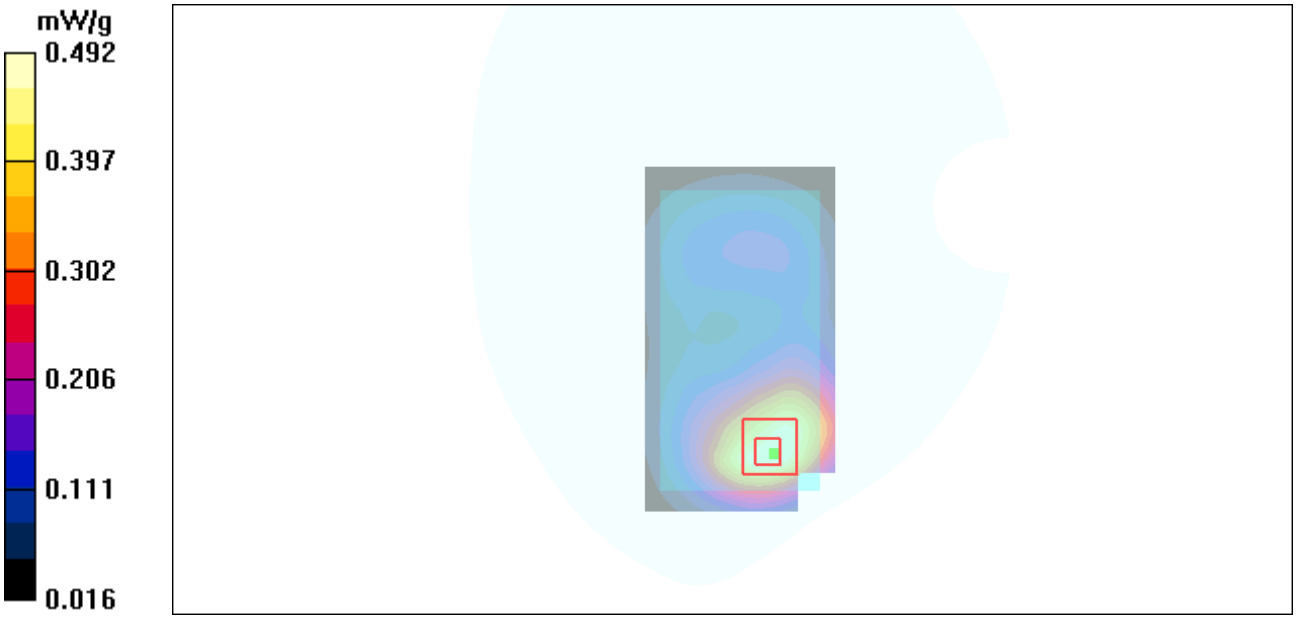


Figure 34 Body, CDMA PCS Towards Ground Channel 1175

CDMA PCS Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 6/19/2010 2:28:48 AM
Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY4 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.480 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.660 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.410 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.441 mW/g

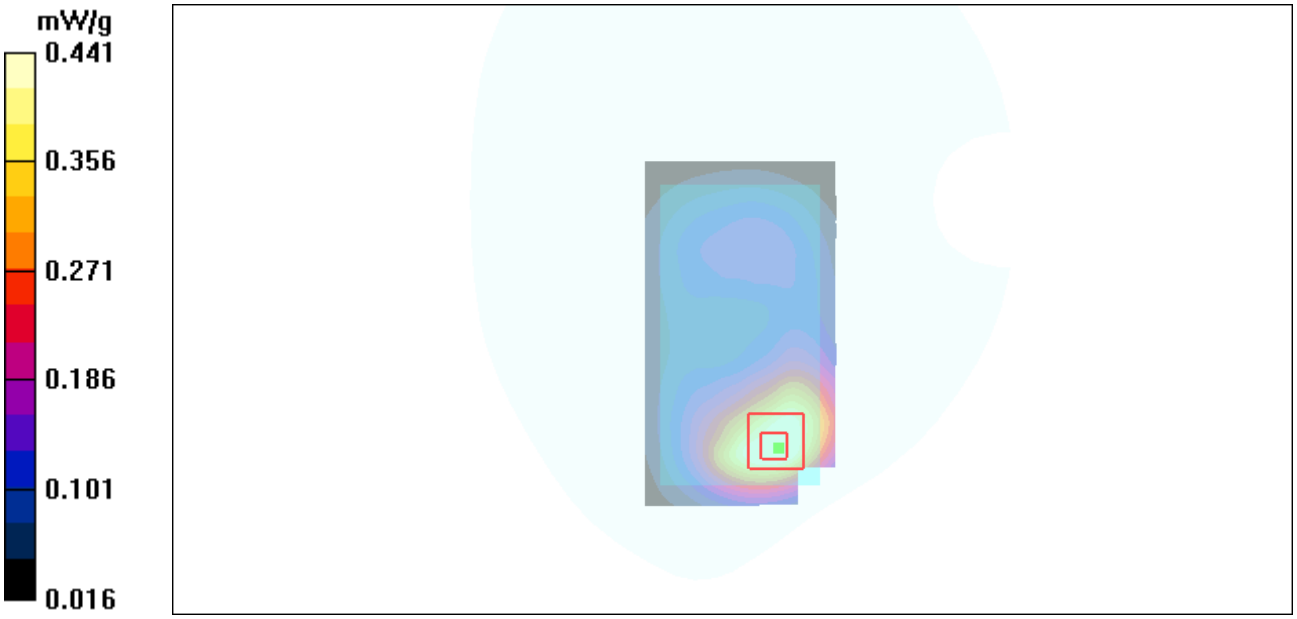


Figure 35 Body, CDMA PCS Towards Ground Channel 600