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### FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No: HR/2018/B0003

Applicant: Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd

Manufacturer: Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd

Product Name: Mobile WiFi
Model No.(EUT): HW-01L
Trade Mark: HUAWEI
FCC ID: QISHW-01L

Standards: FCC 47CFR §2.1093

**Date of Receipt:** 2018-11-06

**Date of Test:** 2018-11-18 to 2018-11-24

PASS \*

**Date of Issue:** 2018-11-29

\* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:

Derde yang

**Test Result:** 

Derek Yang

Wireless Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

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### **REVISION HISTORY**

	Revision Record				
Version	Chapter	Date	Modifier	Remark	
01		2018-11-29		Original	



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### **TEST SUMMARY**

Eraguanay Band	Maximum Reported SAR(W/kg)		
Frequency Band	Hotspot		
WCDMA Band V	0.88		
LTE Band 5	0.96		
LTE Band 12	0.69		
LTE Band 17	0.69		
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	0.48		
SAR Limited(W/kg)	1.6		
Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)			
Scenario	Hotspot		
Sum SAR	1.26		
SPLSR	N/A		
SPLSR Limited	0.04		
Note: The Simultaneous transmission SAR is the same test position of the main antenna + WiFi/BT antenna.			

Approved & Released by

Simon Ling

**SAR Manager** 

**Tested by** 

Jackson Li

SAR Engineer

alfson li



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### 1 General Information

### 1.1 Details of Client

Applicant:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address:	Administration Buliding Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd.Bantian,longgang District 518129 Shenzhen PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA
Manufacturer:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address:	Administration Buliding Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd.Bantian,longgang District 518129 Shenzhen PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

#### 1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab

Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Post code: 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594 E-mail: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com



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### 1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### • CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

#### • A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

#### VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

#### FCC –Designation Number: CN1178

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

#### Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



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### 1.4 General Description of EUT

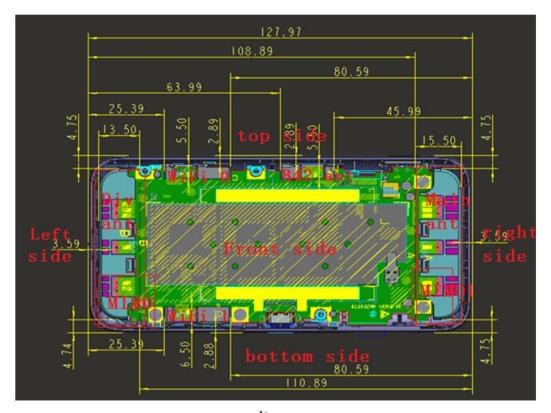
Product Name:	Mobile WiFi				
Model No.(EUT):	HW-01L				
Trade Mark:	HUAWEI	HUAWEI			
Product Phase:	production unit				
Device Type :	portable device				
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environ	ment / general population			
FCC ID:	QISHW-01L				
SN.:	866665040007000/8	66665040007042			
Hardware Version:	CL1SB08M01				
Software Version:	8.0.1.31 (H60SP110	C736)			
Antenna Type:	Inner Antenna				
Device Operating Configu	urations :				
Modulation Mode:	WCDMA: QPSK; LTE: QPSK,16QAM,64QAM WIFI: DSSS,0FDM; BT: GFSK, π/4DQPSK,8DPSK				
HSDPA UE Category:	14	HSUPA UE Category	6		
DC-HSDPA UE Category:	24				
Power Class	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band V)				
Power Class	3, tested with power control Max Power(LTE Band 5/12/17)				
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)		
	WCDMA Band V	824-849	869-894		
	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894		
Frequency Bands:	LTE Band 12	699-716	729-746		
	LTE Band 17	704-716	734-746		
	WIFI(2.4GHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462		
	BT	2402-2480	2402-2480		
	Model:	HB494590EBC-B			
Dattary Information	Normal Voltage:	ge: 3.8V			
Battery Information:	Rated Capacity:	3000mAh			
	Manufacturer:	SCUD(Fujian) Electronics CO.,Ltd.			



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#### 1.4.1 DUT Antenna Locations



unit: mm

Note: The Div Antenna does not support transmitter function.

According to the distance between LTE/WCDAM&WIFI antennas and the sides of the EUT we can draw the conclusion that:

EUT Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
WCDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi 1 (2.4GHz)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Wi-Fi 0 (2.4GHz)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Wi-Fi MIMO(2.4GHz)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Table 1: EUT Sides for SAR Testing Note:

1) When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.



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### 1.5 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
IEEE Std C95.1 – 1991	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 941225 D01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures v03r01
KDB 941225 D05	SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
KDB 248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB 941225 D06	Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB 865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03



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### 1.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

#### Notes:

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

<sup>\*</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



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### 2 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C	
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%	
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω	
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.		

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

Table 2: The Ambient Conditions



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### 3 SAR Measurements System Configuration

### 3.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR=  $\sigma$  (|Ei|2)/  $\rho$  where  $\sigma$  and  $\rho$  are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

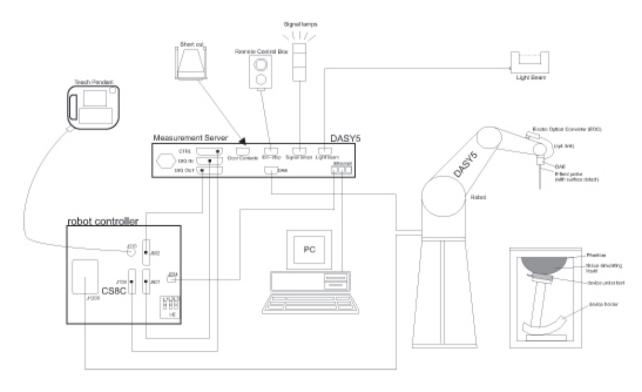
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



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- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

### 3.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

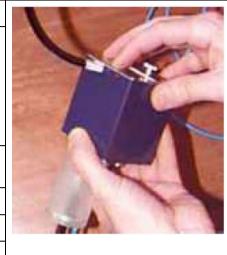


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### 3.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



#### 3.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

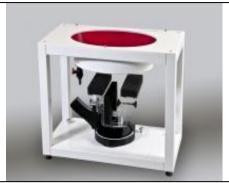


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#### 3.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue
Compatibility	simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm
	Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



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#### 3.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$ =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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### 3.7 Measurement procedure

#### 3.7.1 Scanning procedure

#### **Step 1: Power reference measurement**

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

#### Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm\*15mm or 12mm\*12mm or 10mm\*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

#### Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 32mm\*32mm\*30mm (f≤2GHz), 30mm\*30mm\*30mm (f for 2-3GHz) and 24mm\*24mm\*22mm (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (f≤2GHz), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



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			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding evice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 3 - 4 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm* 4 - 6 GHz: $\leq$ 4 mm*		
	uniform	grid: ∆z <sub>Z∞m</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

### Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary  $\max$ .  $\pm$  5 %



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#### 3.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 3.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$
 H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$  With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I (i = x, y, z)

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[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g Etot = total field strength in V/m  $\sigma$ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]  $\epsilon$ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770_{OI} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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### 4 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

### 4.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is remounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.



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### 4.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



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### 5 Description of Test Position

### **5.1 Body Exposure Condition**

#### 5.1.1 Wireless Router exposure conditions

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W  $\geq$  9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. For devices with form factors smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required.



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### 6 SAR System Verification Procedure

### 6.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

### 6.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)							
(% by weight)	750	800-900	1800-2000	2300-2500	2500-2700			
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body			
Water	50.3	50.75	70.17	68.53	72.26			
Salt (NaCl)	1.60	0.94	0.39	0.1	0.1			
Sucrose	47.0	48.21	0	0	0			
HEC	0.52	0	0	0	0			
Bactericide	0.05	0.10	0	0	0			
Tween	0	0	29.44	31.37	27.74			

Salt:  $99^{+}\%$  Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose:  $98^{+}\%$  Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized,  $16 \text{ M}\Omega^{+}$  resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

Table 3: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



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### 6.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) and Permittivity ( $\rho$ ) are listed in Table 4. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

Tissue	Measured Frequency	Target Tiss	ue (±5%)	Measure	d Tissue	Liquid Temp.	Measured Date	
Туре	(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)	(℃)	mousured Bate	
750 Body	750	55.5 (52.73~58.28)	0.96 (0.91~1.00)	54.100	0.950	22.1	2018/11/18	
835 Body	835	55.2 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	53.853	0.986	22.1	2018/11/19	
2450 Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	53.809	1.984	22.0	2018/11/24	

Table 4: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

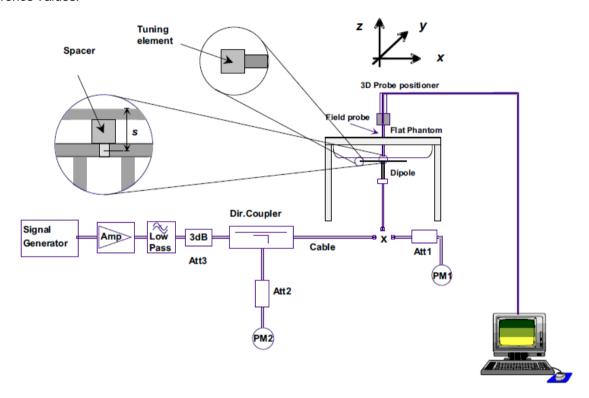


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### 6.2 SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-12. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15±0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-3. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check



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#### 6.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within  $5\Omega$  from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



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### 6.2.2 Summary System Check Result(s)

Validatio	n Kit	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	SAR SAR normalized (normalized		Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	, ,	
D750V3	Body	2.11	1.40	8.44	5.60	8.57 (7.71~9.43)	5.66 (5.09~6.23)	22.1	2018/11/18
D835V2	Body	2.44	1.64	9.76	6.56	9.65 (8.69~10.62)	6.46 (5.81~7.11)	22.1	2018/11/19
D2450V2	Body	12.80	5.89	51.20	23.56	51.0 (45.9~56.1)	23.5 (21.15~25.85)	22.0	2018/11/24

Table 5: SAR System Check Result

### 6.2.3 Detailed System Check Results

Please see the Appendix A



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### 7 Test Configuration

#### 7.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

According to KDB 941225D01, in the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

### 7.2 Operation Configurations

### 7.2.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

#### 1) . Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

#### 2) . Body SAR

SAR for body configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported bodyworn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

#### 3) . HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

According to KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

#### a) HSDPA

HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors( $\beta$ c,  $\beta$ d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters ( $\Delta$ ACK,  $\Delta$ NACK,  $\Delta$ CQI) are set according to values indicated in



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the following table The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-test	βc	Bd	βd(SF)	SF) βc/βd		CM(dB)	MPR (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0
2	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	12/15(3)	24/15	1.0	0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1:  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI= 8 Ahs =  $\beta$ hs/ $\beta$ c=30/15  $\beta$ hs=30/15\* $\beta$ c

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A,and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, ΔACK and ΔNACK= 8 ( Ahs=30/15) with βhs=30/15\*βc,and ΔCQI=

7 (Ahs=24/15) with  $\beta$ hs= $24/15*\beta$ c.

Note3:  $\overrightarrow{CM}=1$  for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$ ,  $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

The measurements were performed with a rixed reference offarmer (170) and 17 oct 1 oct.					
Parameter	Value				
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s				
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI"s				
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes				
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits				
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits				
Number Code Blocks	1 Block				
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits				
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs				
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs				
Coding Rate	0.67				
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5				

Table 6: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121



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HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter- TTI Interval	MaximumH S-DSCH Transport BlockBits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1		
14	15	1 42196		259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 7: HSDPA UE category

#### b) HSUPA

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSUPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSUPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the "WCDMA Handset" and "Release 5 HSUPA Data Device" sections of 3G device.



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Sub -test₽	βοσ	βd₽	βd (SF )θ	β₀∕β⋴ℴ	β <sub>hs</sub> (1 )+ <sup>3</sup>	β <sub>ec+</sub> 3	$eta_{ t ed} arphi$	β <sub>e</sub> <sub>o</sub> (SF  )+ <sup>3</sup>	βed↔ (code )↔	CM( 2)+1 (dB )+2	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG(4 )+ <sup>1</sup> Inde X+ <sup>1</sup>	E- TFC I
1₽	11/15(3)+3	15/15(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)(	64₽	11/15(3)43	22/15₽	209/22 5↔	1039/225₽	4€	1₽	1.04	0.0	20₽	75₽
2₽	6/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15₽	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	12₽	67₽
3₽	15/150	9/15₽	64₽	15/9₽	30/15₽	30/15₽	β <sub>ed1</sub> :47/1 5 <sub>4</sub> β <sub>ed2:</sub> 47/1 5 <sub>4</sub>	4₽	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	150	92₽
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	2/15₽	56/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15(4)43	15/15(4)(3	64₽	15/15(4)43	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4€	1₽	1.0₽	0.0₽	21	81₽

Note 1:  $\triangle$  ACK,  $\triangle$  NACK and  $\triangle$  CQI = 8  $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_e = 30/15$   $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{e}$ 

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  = 12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$  = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g<sub>4</sub>.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 8: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)	
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296	
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1 4500	
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185	
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00	
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?	

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.(TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 9: HSUPA UE category



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#### c) DC-HSDPA

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a Second serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13.

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 10: settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

#### Note:

- 1. The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2. Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.



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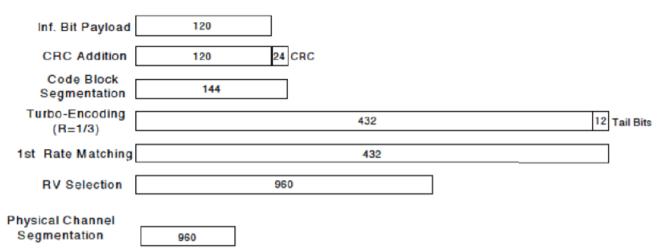


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-test₽	βe⊷	βd₽	β <sub>d</sub> ·(SF)₽	$\beta_c \cdot / \beta_{d^{e}}$	β <sub>hs</sub> .(1)	CM(dB)(2)	MPR ·(dB)₀
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0.
2₽	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64₽	12/15(3)	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note: 1:  $\triangle$  ACK,  $\triangle$  NACK and  $\triangle$  CQI=8  $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$   $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$ 

Note 2: CM=1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}$  12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=$  24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c=11/15$  and  $\beta_d=15/15$ .

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

- 1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
- 2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.
- 3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band.
- 5. The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
- 6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.



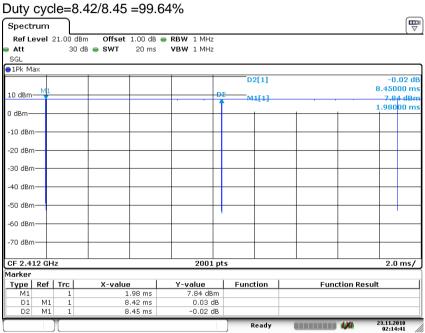
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#### 7.2.2 WiFi Test Configuration

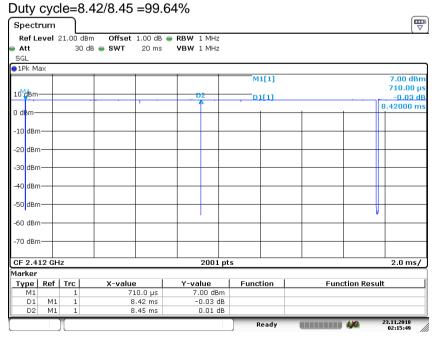
A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

### WIFI 2.4G 802.11b Ant1 Duty sucks 8 42/9 45 802.648



Date: 23 NOV 2018 02:14:42

#### WIFI 2.4G 802.11b Ant2



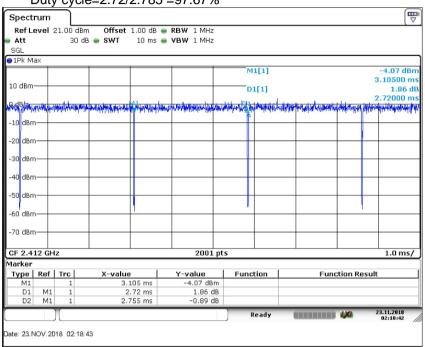
Date: 23 NOV 2018 02:15:50



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WIFI 802.11g CDD
 Duty cycle=2.72/2.785 =97.67%



#### 7.2.2.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) . For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.



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#### 7.2.2.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

#### 7.2.2.3 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- 1) . When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 3) . The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
  - a)SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
  - b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the *reported* SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.



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4) . SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:

a)replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)

b) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations"

#### 7.2.2.4 2.4 GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

#### 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) . When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



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#### 7.2.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The Anritsu MT8821C was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

#### A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

#### B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N <sub>RB</sub> )									
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20									
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz					
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				
64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2				
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3				

#### C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

#### D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

#### 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

### 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

#### 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### 4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.



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#### E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.



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#### 7.2.4 Power reduction specification

This device uses a single fixed level of power reduction through static table look-up for SAR compliance and it is triggered by a single event or operation:

1) The product supports four power mode. The current network status is determined during Wi-Fi startup. Wi-Fi will work in high-power mode if the network is in Japan When the CE country code is detected, the second power mode is called and the third power mode is called when the FCC country code is detected. When no network detected, Take the smallest power of the three mode above.

Domestic(in Japan) ,CE,FCC judgments:

Getting the current registration network country code (MCC), Judge the country according to veneer prefabricated country code.

The device uses mobile country code (MCC) to indicate users in and outside Japan. The choice of power levels between different countries is based on the national code detection mechanism. It can determine the country in which the user is located and set the corresponding power level of the 3G/4G main antenna accordingly.

MCC list: 440. 441. 001. 002

Summary of country code detection mechanism

			••			
Antenna	MCC OF Japan	MCC OF Outside Japan				
Antenna	(440,441, 001. 002) *	Sensor off	Sensor on			
Main ant	Power level A1	Power level A1	Power level A2			

Note: 001.002 is the test white card

Frequency bands	Country code A (Japan)	Country code B CE	Country code C FCC	Country code D no network or 001
WiFi 2.4G 802.11b	Power Level A1	Power Level B1	Power Level C1	Power Level D1
WiFi 2.4G 802.11g	Power Level A2	Power Level B2	Power Level C2	Power Level D2
WiFi 2.4G 802.11n 20M	Power Level A3	Power Level B3	Power Level C3	Power Level D3
WiFi 2.4G 802.11n 40M	Power Level A4	Power Level B4	Power Level C4	Power Level D4

The detailed full power and reduced conducted power measurement results are provided in section 8.1 of this report:

2) The proximity sensor is used to indicate when the device is held close to a user's body exposure condition. It utilizes the proximity sensor to reduce the output power in specific wireless and operating modes of main antenna to ensure SAR compliance (Refer to section 5.4 for detailed proximity Sensor information and validation data per KDB 616217).

The following tables summarize the key power reduction information. The detailed full power which is the Max. power the state can use and reduced tune-up specifications and conducted power measurement results are provided in this report.

Main antenna Power Reduction Level Amount (dBm)							
Band	Full Power	Sensor on					
WCDMA Band V	0.0	1.0					
LTE Band 5	0.0	1.5					

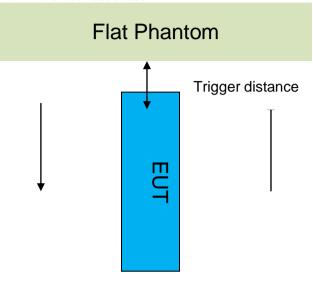


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#### Proximity sensor triggering distances:

The Proximity sensor triggering was applied to WCDMA Band V; LTE Band 5. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed which the EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed.



Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance(mm)							
Position	Back	Right					
Minimum	14	14	14				
Required SAR Test	13	13	13				

Main antenna							
Band	Sensor Trigger Distance	Power reduction (dB)					
	Front side: 14 mm						
WCDMA Band V	Back side: 14 mm	1.0					
	Right side: 14 mm						
	Front side: 14 mm						
LTE Band 5	Back side: 14 mm	1.5					
	Right side: 14 mm						

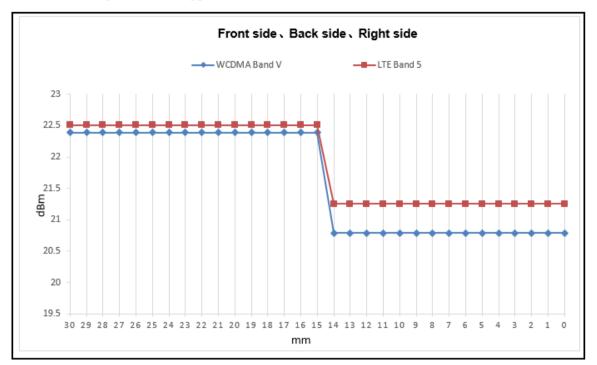
Note: SAR tests with proximity sensor power reduction are only required for the sides of frequency bands in the table above. For the other sides or other frequency bands of the device, SAR is still tested at the maximum power level with sensor off.



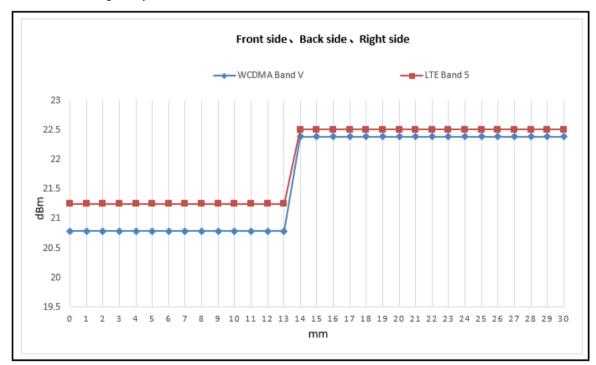
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#### DUT Moving Toward (Trigger) the Phantom



#### • DUT Moving Away (Release) from the Phantom





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#### Proximity sensor coverage

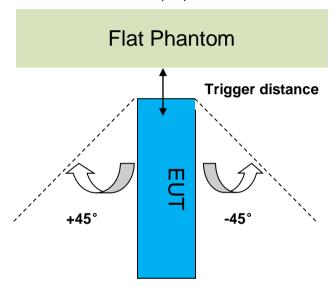
If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

The proximity sensor and main antenna use same metallic electrode, so there is no spatial offset.

#### Device tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering

The influence of device tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering was determined by positioning each tablet edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom.

Rotating the EUT around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^{\circ}$  increments until the EUT is  $\pm 45^{\circ}$  from the vertical position at  $0^{\circ}$ , and the maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.



	Minimum trigger	Power Reduction Status										
Band(MHz)	distance at which power reduction was maintained over ±45°	-45°	-35°	-25°	-15°	-5°	0°	5°	15°	25°	35°	45°
WCDMA Band V	14mm	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
LTE Band 5	14mm	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on



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### 8 Test Result

### 8.1 Measurement of RF conducted Power

### 8.1.1 Conducted Power of WCDMA

	WCDMA Ban	d V (Full Powe	r)		
	Average Condu	ucted Power(dE	Bm)		
(	Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.49	22.51	22.46	23.70
	Subtest 1	22.31	22.28	22.26	23.70
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.24	22.24	22.20	23.70
ПОДРА	Subtest 3	22.13	22.20	22.10	22.70
	Subtest 4	22.16	22.15	22.10	22.70
	Subtest 1	22.00	21.96	22.12	23.70
	Subtest 2	20.14	20.16	19.84	21.70
HSUPA	Subtest 3	20.82	21.08	21.02	22.70
	Subtest 4	19.94	20.14	20.12	21.70
	Subtest 5	22.30	2.30     22.14     22.15     23.70       2.25     22.22     22.23     23.70       2.13     22.20     22.17     23.70	23.70	
	Subtest 1	22.25	22.22	22.23	23.70
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.13	22.20	22.17	23.70
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.96	22.01	21.98	22.70
	Subtest 4	21.99	21.97	22.00	22.70
	WCDMA Ban	d V (Sensor O	n)		
	Average Condu	ucted Power(dE	Bm)		
	Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	21.41	21.25	21.28	22.70
	Subtest 1	21.48	21.29	21.29	22.70
HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.47	21.27	21.28	22.70
HODEA	Subtest 3	21.37	21.17	21.18	21.70
	Subtest 4	21.35	21.16	21.16	21.70
	Subtest 1	21.33	20.91	20.87	22.70
	Subtest 2	20.59	19.14	19.05	20.70
HSUPA	Subtest 3	20.08	19.88	20.44	21.70
	Subtest 4	19.19	19.82	19.01	20.70
	Subtest 5	21.20	21.10	21.10	22.70
	Subtest 1	21.44	21.27	21.28	22.70
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.40	21.24	21.20	22.70
DC-UODPA	Subtest 3	21.11	21.01	21.00	21.70
	Subtest 4	21.12	21.02	21.03	21.70

Table 11: Conducted Power of WCDMA

Note:

<sup>1)</sup> when the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.



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#### 8.1.2 Conducted Power of LTE

	TE David 5/Fell			Conducted Power(dBm)				
L	TE Band 5(Full	Power)		` '				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 20407	Channel 20525	Channel 20643	Tune up	
		1	0	22.47	22.46	22.44	23.70	
		1	2	22.48	22.47	22.42	23.70	
		1	5	22.46	22.48		23.70	
	QPSK	3	0	22.46	22.46		23.70	
		3	2	22.49	22.46		23.70	
		3	3	22.48	22.43		23.70	
		6	0	21.46	21.41		22.70	
		1	0	21.49	21.46	Channel 20643 22.44 22.42 22.38 22.42 22.44 22.42 21.43 21.47 21.48 21.47 21.36 21.46 21.40 20.40 21.17 21.51 21.51 21.64 21.61 20.42 Channel 20635 22.39 22.44 22.40 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.41 20.32 20.31 20.38 20.38 21.54 21.51 20.41	22.70	
		1	2	21.47	21.61		22.70	
1.4MHz	400 4 14	3	5	21.68 21.45	21.48		22.70	
1.4111172	16QAM	3	0 2	21.43	21.49 21.46		22.70 22.70	
		3	3	21.43	21.48		22.70	
		6	0	20.44	20.42		21.70	
		1	0	21.48	21.54		21.70	
		1	2	21.46	21.52		21.70	
		1	5	21.40	21.40		21.70	
	64QAM	3	0	21.30	21.29		21.70	
		3	2	21.51	21.32		21.70	
		3	3	21.33	21.35		21.70	
		6	0	20.34	20.39		20.70	
Bandwidth	Modulation	DD size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun	
bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RD Ollset	20415	20525	20635	Tune up	
		1	0	22.46	22.40		23.70	
		1	7	22.49	22.48		23.70	
		1	14	22.47	22.45		23.70	
	QPSK	8	0	21.42	21.46		22.70	
		8	4	21.51	21.45		22.70	
		8	7	21.51	21.41		22.70	
		15	0	21.43	21.46		22.70	
		1	0	21.61	21.47		22.70	
		1	7	21.64	21.50		22.70	
3MHz	16QAM	8	14	21.51	21.55		22.70 21.70	
	IOQAW	8	4	20.36 20.41	20.40 20.35		21.70	
		8	7	20.41	20.33		21.70	
		15	0	20.40	20.34		21.70	
		1	0	21.54	21.30		21.70	
		1	7	21.43	21.28		21.70	
		1	14	21.53	21.31		21.70	
	64QAM	8	0	20.14	20.24		20.70	
		8	4	20.34	20.42	20.31	20.70	
		8	7	20.33	20.33	20.18	20.70	



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		15	0	20.23	20.25	20.17	20.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danuwidin	Iviodulation	RD SIZE	KD Ollset	20425	20525	20625	Tune up
		1	0	22.43	22.40	22.34	23.70
		1	13	22.49	22.41	22.37	23.70
		1	24	22.36	22.39	22.27	23.70
	QPSK	12	0	21.43	21.38	21.34	22.70
		12	6	21.50	21.45	21.40	22.70
		12	13	21.44	21.46	21.36	22.70
		25	0	21.47	21.43	21.32	22.70
		1	0	21.46	21.61	21.41	22.70
		1	13	21.65	21.61	21.55	22.70
		1	24	21.58	21.53	21.39	22.70
5MHz	16QAM	12	0	20.39	20.37	20.28	21.70
		12	6	20.37	20.32	20.30	21.70
		12	13	20.32	20.36	20.26	21.70
		25	0	20.32	20.29	20.21	21.70
		1	0	21.49	21.32	21.01	21.70
		1	13	21.49	21.54	21.15	21.70
		1	24	21.40	21.28	21.40	21.70
	64QAM	12	0	20.19	20.35	20.34	20.70
		12	6	20.17	20.30	20.26	20.70
		12	13	20.29	20.31	20.38	20.70
		25	0	20.21	20.29	20.15	20.70
Dan duri dila	Madulatian	DD -:	DD -#+	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20450	20525	20600	Tune up
		1	0	22.33	22.38	22.33	23.70
		1	25	22.44	22.39	22.38	23.70
		1	49	22.30	22.31	22.23	23.70
	QPSK	25	0	21.45	21.38	21.37	22.70
		25	13	21.46	21.43	21.39	22.70
		25	25	21.39	21.40	21.36	22.70
		50	0	21.37	21.36	21.32	22.70
		1	0	21.59	21.52	21.40	22.70
		1	25	21.66	21.57	21.52	22.70
		1	49	21.50	21.36	21.35	22.70
10MHz	16QAM	25	0	20.39	20.38	20.33	21.70
		25	13	20.36	20.27	20.24	21.70
						t e	04.70
i		25	25	20.26	20.33	20.21	21.70
		25 50	25 0	20.26 20.28	20.33 20.29	20.21 20.25	21.70
		50	0	20.28	20.29	20.25	21.70
		50 1	0	20.28 21.28	20.29 21.02	20.25 21.44	21.70 21.70
	64QAM	50 1 1	0 0 25	20.28 21.28 21.45	20.29 21.02 21.53	20.25 21.44 21.44	21.70 21.70 21.70
	64QAM	50 1 1 1	0 0 25 49	20.28 21.28 21.45 21.44	20.29 21.02 21.53 21.34 20.26	20.25 21.44 21.44 21.32 20.26	21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70
	64QAM	50 1 1 1 1 25	0 0 25 49 0	20.28 21.28 21.45 21.44 20.31	20.29 21.02 21.53 21.34	20.25 21.44 21.44 21.32	21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 20.70



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	LTE Band 5(	(Sensor On)			Conducted Po	ower(dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 20407	Channel 20525	Channel 20643	Tune up
		1	0	20.75	20.81	20.77	22.20
	•	<u>·</u> 1	2	20.79	20.81	20.81	22.20
		1	5	20.76	20.82	20.73	22.20
	QPSK	3	0	20.77	20.83	20.81	22.20
		3	2	20.76	20.83	20.84	22.20
		3	3	20.75	20.82	20.77	22.20
		6	0	20.74	20.83	20.77	22.20
		1	0	21.04	21.07	21.05	22.20
		1	2	21.03	20.96	21.02	22.20
		1	5	20.86	21.04	21.04	22.20
1.4MHz	16QAM	3	0	20.73	20.84	20.79	22.20
		3	2	20.73	20.82	20.84	22.20
		3	3	20.73	20.78	20.87	22.20
		6	0	20.28	20.28	20.27	21.70
		1	0	20.94	21.08	20.92	21.70
		1	2	20.83	20.77	21.05	21.70
		1	5	21.03	20.91	20.76	21.70
	64QAM	3	0	20.62	20.92	20.78	21.70
		3	2	20.57	20.65	20.6	21.70
		3	3	20.88	20.62	20.67	21.70
		6	0	20.13	20.09	20.27	20.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danuwidin	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD 0115et	20415	20525	20635	Tune up
		1	0	20.75	20.75	20.76	22.20
		1	7	20.73	20.81	20.74	22.20
		1	14	20.74	20.76	20.77	22.20
	QPSK	8	0	20.77	20.84	20.74	22.20
		8	4	20.77	20.84	20.76	22.20
		8	7	20.83	20.81	20.78	22.20
		15	0	20.74	20.82	20.75	22.20
		1	0	20.96	20.96	20.90	22.20
		1	7	20.96	20.94	21.03	22.20
3MHz		1	14	20.97	21.06	21.00	22.20
	16QAM	8	0	20.22	20.26	20.25	21.70
	[	8	4	20.22	20.32	20.29	21.70
		8	7	20.26	20.26	20.30	21.70
		15	0	20.17	20.21	20.30	21.70
		1	0	20.73	20.85	20.73	21.70
		1	7	20.86	21.04	20.97	21.70
	64QAM	1	14	20.94	20.91	20.89	21.70
		8	0	20.14	20.19	20.03	20.70
		8	4	20.16	20.18	20.14	20.70



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		8	7	20.28	20.18	20.21	20.70
	-	15	0	20.16	20.20	20.22	20.70
5 1 1 1 1 1		55 .	55 " .	Channel	Channel	Channel	_
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20425	20525	20625	Tune up
		1	0	20.70	20.70	20.69	22.20
		1	13	20.77	20.80	20.75	22.20
		1	24	20.82	20.75	20.72	22.20
	QPSK	12	0	20.79	20.73	20.74	22.20
		12	6	20.78	20.82	20.76	22.20
		12	13	20.79	20.79	20.77	22.20
		25	0	20.80	20.81	20.75	22.20
		1	0	20.91	20.97	20.92	22.20
		1	13	21.05	21.06	20.94	22.20
		1	24	21.03	20.98	20.87	22.20
5MHz	16QAM	12	0	20.23	20.28	20.23	21.70
		12	6	20.26	20.26	20.32	21.70
		12	13	20.25	20.23	20.20	21.70
		25	0	20.22	20.26	20.28	21.70
		1	0	20.59	20.72	20.68	21.70
		1	13	20.82	20.99	20.88	21.70
		1	24	20.82	20.80	20.52	21.70
	64QAM	12	0	20.22	20.31	20.36	20.70
		12	6	20.12	20.08	20.19	20.70
	-	12	13	20.20	20.18	20.13	20.70
		25	0	20.20	20.17	20.21	20.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Banawiatii	Woodidion	110 0120		20450	20525	20600	•
	_	1	0	20.56	20.64	20.64	22.20
	-	1	25	20.84	20.79	20.89	22.20
	_	1	49	20.61	20.62	20.61	22.20
	QPSK	25	0	20.75	20.73	20.72	22.20
		25	13	20.78	20.81	20.82	22.20
		25	25	20.79	20.77	20.76	22.20
		50	0	20.71	20.76	20.71	22.20
		1	0	20.78	20.92	20.75	22.20
		1	25	20.95	21.03	20.93	22.20
		1	49	20.83	20.77	20.79	22.20
10MHz	16QAM	25	0	20.14	20.23	20.20	21.70
		25	13	20.24	20.18	20.17	21.70
		25	25	20.24	20.23	20.19	21.70
		50	0	20.15	20.17	20.16	21.70
		1	0	20.64	20.95	21.08	21.70
		1	25	21.06	20.95	20.55	21.70
		1	49	20.97	21.08	20.52	21.70
	64QAM	25	0	20.15	20.22	20.20	20.70
		25	13	20.37	20.19	20.22	20.70
		25	25	20.16	20.16	20.09	20.70
		50	0	20.16	20.17	20.10	20.70



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	LTE Band 1	12			Conducted	Power(dBm)	
D 1 144			DD (( )	Channel	Channel	Channel	_
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23017	23095	23173	Tune up
		1	0	22.56	22.59	22.60	23.70
		1	2	22.63	22.62	22.60	23.70
		1	5	22.56	22.58	22.61	23.70
	QPSK	3	0	22.62	22.57	22.59	23.70
		3	2	22.58	22.58	22.61	23.70
		3	3	22.61	22.60	22.62	23.70
		6	0	21.58	21.55	21.61	22.70
		1	0	21.57	21.67	21.72	22.70
		1	2	21.66	21.66	21.78	22.70
		1	5	21.70	21.65	21.72	22.70
1.4MHz	16QAM	3	0	21.53	21.58	21.61	22.70
		3	2	21.54	21.51	21.69	22.70
		3	3	21.55	21.59	21.62	22.70
		6	0	20.55	20.55	20.54	21.70
		1	0	21.56	21.52	21.54	21.70
	64QAM	1	2	21.38	21.54	21.52	21.70
		1	5	21.36	21.55	21.56	21.70
		3	0	21.36	21.46	21.49	21.70
		3	2	21.42	21.57	21.51	21.70
		3	3	21.20	21.51	21.51	21.70
		6	0	20.41	20.55	20.42	20.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danawiani	Woodidion	110 0.20	TE OHOOT	23025	23095	23165	
		1	0	22.55	22.56	22.60	23.70
		1	7	22.57	22.61	22.66	23.70
		1	14	22.54	22.54	22.58	23.70
	QPSK	8	0	21.54	21.57	21.55	22.70
		8	4	21.60	21.59	21.61	22.70
		8	7	21.58	21.58	21.56	22.70
		15	0	21.58	21.62	21.62	22.70
		1	0	21.66	21.59	21.76	22.70
		1	7	21.70	21.63	21.80	22.70
	_	1	14	21.59	21.70	21.79	22.70
3MHz	16QAM	8	0	20.58	20.55	20.58	21.70
		8	4	20.52	20.53	20.52	21.70
		8	7	20.48	20.57	20.47	21.70
		15	0	20.46	20.50	20.52	21.70
		1	0	21.60	21.55	21.58	21.70
		1	7	21.40	21.56	21.56	21.70
		1	14	21.42	21.38	21.59	21.70
	64QAM	8	0	20.36	20.52	20.68	20.70
		8	4	20.36	20.55	20.47	20.70
		8	7	20.33	20.63	20.62	20.70
		15	0	20.34	20.46	20.54	20.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up



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				23035	23095	23155	
		1	0	22.54	22.58	22.61	23.70
		1	13	22.58	22.68	22.64	23.70
		1	24	22.50	22.58	22.55	23.70
	QPSK	12	0	21.58	21.61	21.60	22.70
		12	6	21.58	21.58	21.65	22.70
		12	13	21.56	21.62	21.59	22.70
		25	0	21.55	21.61	21.61	22.70
		1	0	21.74	21.69	21.69	22.70
		1	13	21.74	21.75	21.83	22.70
		1	24	21.56	21.66	21.77	22.70
5MHz	16QAM	12	0	20.52	20.51	20.58	21.70
		12	6	20.48	20.54	20.53	21.70
		12	13	20.47	20.53	20.51	21.70
		25	0	20.51	20.48	20.50	21.70
		1	0	21.54	21.51	21.55	21.70
	64QAM	1	13	21.65	21.51	21.53	21.70
		1	24	21.59	21.43	21.54	21.70
		12	0	20.42	20.54	20.59	20.70
		12	6	20.43	20.38	20.44	20.70
		12	13	20.34	20.50	20.34	20.70
		25	0	20.35	20.47	20.44	20.70
				Channel	Channel	Channel	_
Randwidth	Modulation	I RR ciza	I RR offect	0.10.11.01	0110011101		Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23060	23095	23130	Tune up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset				23.70
Bandwidth	Modulation			23060	23095	23130	·
Bandwidth	Modulation	1	0	23060 22.50	23095 22.48	23130 22.47	23.70
Bandwidth	Modulation QPSK	1 1	0 25 49 0	23060 22.50 22.59	23095 22.48 22.57	23130 22.47 <b>22.61</b>	23.70 23.70
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48	23130 22.47 <b>22.61</b> 22.50	23.70 23.70 23.70
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55	23130 22.47 <b>22.61</b> 22.50 <b>21.64</b>	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55	23130 22.47 <b>22.61</b> 22.50 <b>21.64</b> 21.61	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25 0	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70
Bandwidth  10MHz		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62 21.70	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46 20.50	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.56	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70 21.70
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 0 25 49 0 13 25	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44 20.50	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46 20.50	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.46	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44 20.50 20.49	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46 20.50 20.51 20.42	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.56 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.56 20.46 20.50	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70 21.70
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44 20.50 20.49 21.59	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46 20.50 20.51 20.42 21.53	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.56 20.46 20.50 21.31	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44 20.50 20.49 21.59 21.57	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.66 21.65 21.65 20.46 20.50 20.51 20.42 21.53 21.56	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.51 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.56 20.46 20.50 21.31 21.44	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70
	QPSK 16QAM	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 0 25 49	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44 20.50 20.49 21.59 21.57 21.47	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46 20.50 20.51 20.42 21.53 21.56 21.50	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.56 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.56 20.46 20.50 21.31 21.44 21.50	23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70
	QPSK 16QAM	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23060 22.50 22.59 22.41 21.53 21.60 21.53 21.54 21.62 21.77 21.60 20.48 20.44 20.50 20.49 21.59 21.57 21.47 20.35	23095 22.48 22.57 22.48 21.55 21.55 21.57 21.54 21.66 21.65 21.54 20.46 20.50 20.51 20.42 21.53 21.56 21.50 20.36	23130 22.47 22.61 22.50 21.64 21.61 21.56 21.62 21.70 21.60 20.55 20.56 20.46 20.50 21.31 21.44 21.50 20.46	23.70 23.70 23.70 23.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 22.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70 21.70



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	LTE Band	17			Conducted	Power(dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23755	Channel 23790	Channel 23825	Tune up
		1	0	22.60	22.57	22.63	23.70
		1	13	22.66	22.64	22.66	23.70
		1	24	22.54	22.56	22.56	23.70
	QPSK	12	0	21.64	21.59	21.64	22.70
		12	6	21.62	21.66	21.68	22.70
		12	13	21.62	21.66	21.66	22.70
		25	0	21.61	21.63	21.64	22.70
		1	0	21.71	21.65	21.75	22.70
		1	13	21.84	21.77	21.85	22.70
		1	24	21.69	21.72	21.75	22.70
5MHz	16QAM	12	0	20.56	20.61	20.58	21.70
		12	6	20.58	20.64	20.61	21.70
		12	13	20.57	20.63	20.59	21.70
		25	0	20.50	20.58	20.55	21.70
		1	0	21.57	21.59	21.60	21.70
		1	13	21.59	21.47	21.24	21.70
		1	24	21.38	21.54	21.53	21.70
	64QAM	12	0	20.46	20.56	20.56	20.70
		12	6	20.35	20.53	20.50	20.70
		12	13	20.52	20.46	20.46	20.70
		25	0	20.51	20.38	20.55	20.70
Bandwidth	Madulation	DD size	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Danawiath	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23780	23790	23800	Tune up
		1	0	22.52	22.50	22.51	23.70
		1	25	22.57	22.62	22.60	23.70
		1	49	22.48	22.48	22.50	23.70
	QPSK	25	0	21.55	21.63	21.54	22.70
		25	13	21.62	21.59	21.61	22.70
		25	25	21.58	21.57	21.55	22.70
		50	0	21.55	21.59	21.57	22.70
		1	0	21.75	21.65	21.62	22.70
		1	25	21.70	21.73	21.68	22.70
		1	49	21.63	21.55	21.57	22.70
10MHz	16QAM	25	0	20.55	20.51	20.47	21.70
		25	13	20.58	20.52	20.58	21.70
		25	25	20.55	20.54	20.53	21.70
		50	0	20.55	20.51	20.54	21.70
		1	0	21.58	21.22	21.29	21.70
		1	25	21.40	21.61	21.53	21.70
		1	49	21.42	21.49	21.49	21.70
	64QAM	25	0	20.33	20.46	20.38	20.70
		25	13	20.44	20.41	20.35	20.70
		25	25	20.47	20.40	20.38	20.70
		50	0	20.42	20.38	20.44	20.70

Table 12: Conducted Power of LTE



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#### 8.1.3 Conducted Power of WIFI and BT

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		16.00	14.03	No
	2	2417		17.50	15.69	No
802.11b	6	2437	1	17.50	16.01	Yes
002.110	9	2452	'	17.50	15.63	No
	10	2457		17.00	15.02	No
	11	2462		15.00	13.43	No
	1	2412		9.00	7.28	No
	2	2417		13.00	11.07	No
	3	2422		14.50	13.02	No
802.11g	6	2437	6	14.50	12.52	No
	9	2452		14.50	12.68	No
	10	2457		12.50	10.69	No
	11	2462		6.00	4.08	No
	1	2412		8.00	6.33	No
	2	2417		12.50	11.25	No
000 44.5	3	2422		13.50	12.21	No
802.11n HT20 SISO	6	2437	6.5	13.50	11.59	No
11120 0100	9	2452		13.50	11.54	No
	10	2457		12.00	9.74	No
	11	2462		5.00	3.31	No
	3	2422		5.00	3.25	No
	4	2427		6.50	5.52	No
000 44.5	5	2432		8.00	6.79	No
802.11n HT40 SISO	6	2437	13.5	10.00	7.80	No
11170 0100	7	2442		6.00	3.73	No
	8	2447		5.50	3.79	No
	9	2452		4.50	3.58	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant1(MCC of FCC countries).



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Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		16.00	13.41	No
	2	2417		17.50	15.89	No
802.11b	6	2437	1	17.50	16.53	Yes
802.110	9	2452	' _	17.50	16.12	No
	10	2457		17.00	15.00	No
	11	2462		15.00	13.18	No
	1	2412		9.00	6.75	No
	2	2417		13.00	10.72	No
802.11g 3 6 9	3	2422		14.50	12.79	No
	6	2437	6	14.50	13.24	No
	9	2452		14.50	12.83	No
	10	2457		12.50	10.67	No
	11	2462		6.00	3.45	No
	1	2412		8.00	6.06	No
	2	2417		12.50	10.75	No
000.44	3	2422		13.50	11.73	No
802.11n HT20 SISO	6	2437	6.5	13.50	12.15	No
11120 3130	9	2452		13.50	11.92	No
	10	2457		12.00	9.40	No
	11	2462		5.00	2.65	No
	3	2422		5.00	3.97	No
	4	2427		6.50	4.29	No
	5	2432		8.00	5.22	No
802.11n HT40 SISO	6	2437	13.5	10.00	8.14	No
11140 0100	7	2442		6.00	4.99	No
	8	2447		5.50	5.04	No
	9	2452		4.50	4.06	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant0(MCC of FCC countries).



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Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		12.00	9.96	No
	2	2417		16.00	13.83	No
	3	2422		17.50	16.01	No
802.11g CDD	6	2437	6	17.50	16.05	Yes
	9	2452		17.50	15.77	No
	10	2457		15.50	13.74	No
	11	2462		9.00	6.81	No
	1	2412		11.00	9.24	No
	2	2417		15.50	14.15	No
902.115	3	2422		16.50	14.31	No
802.11n HT20 MIMO	6	2437	13	16.50	14.34	No
11120 11111110	9	2452		16.50	13.83	No
	10	2457		15.00	12.55	No
	11	2462		8.00	6.22	No
	3	2422		8.00	6.40	No
	4	2427		9.50	7.82	No
000 445	5	2432		11.00	9.03	No
802.11n HT40 MIMO	6	2437	27	13.00	11.69	No
TIT-O WIIWIO	7	2442		9.00	7.34	No
	8	2447		8.50	7.21	No
	9	2452		7.50	7.02	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G MIMO(MCC of FCC countries).

Wi-Fi		Average Po	ower (dBm) for Da	ata Rates (M	1bps)	
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		13.50	12.08	No
802.11b	7	2442	1	13.50	12.79	No
	13	2472		13.50	12.11	No
	1	2412		6.00	3.85	No
802.11g	7	2442	6	6.00	3.79	No
	13	2472		6.00	5.29	No
000 445	1	2412		5.00	3.10	No
802.11n HT20	7	2442	6.5	5.00	2.78	No
11120	13	2472		5.00	4.61	No
000 115	3	2422		4.50	3.46	No
802.11n HT40	7	2442	13.5	4.50	3.45	No
11140	11	2462		4.50	4.38	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant1(MCC of other condition or no network).



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Wi-Fi		Average	e Power (dBm) for D	Data Rates (I	Mbps)	
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		13.50	12.45	No
802.11b	7	2442	1	13.50	12.60	No
13	13	2472		13.50	11.91	No
	1	2412	6	6.00	3.98	No
802.11g	7	2442		6.00	5.52	No
	13	2472		6.00	4.85	No
000 115	1	2412		5.00	2.72	No
802.11n HT20	7	2442	6.5	5.00	4.37	No
11120	13	2472		5.00	4.39	No
000 44 =	3	2422		4.50	3.14	No
802.11n HT40	7	2442	13.5	4.50	4.34	No
11140	11	2462		4.50	4.20	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant0(MCC of other condition or no network).

Wi-Fi		Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps)							
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test			
	1	2412		9.00	6.58	No			
802.11g CDD	7	2442	6	9.00	7.57	No			
	13	2472		9.00	7.59	No			
000 445	1	2412		8.00	5.86	No			
802.11n HT20 MIMO	7	2442	13	8.00	7.08	No			
TTTZO IVIIIVIO	13	2472		8.00	6.97	No			
902.415	3	2422		7.50	7.33	No			
802.11n HT40 MIMO	7	2442	27	7.50	7.28	No			
111 40 IVIIIVIO	11	2462		7.50	7.30	No			

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G MIMO(MCC of other condition or no network).

Wi-Fi		Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps)							
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test			
	1	2412		13.50	12.08	No			
802.11b	7	2442	1	13.50	11.81	No			
	13	2472		13.50	12.63	No			
	1	2412		14.50	13.11	No			
802.11g	7	2442	6	14.50	12.55	No			
	13	2472		14.50	13.47	No			
802.11n	1	2412		13.50	12.12	No			
HT20	7	2442	6.5	13.50	11.80	No			
11120	13	2472		13.50	12.41	No			
000 44m	3	2422		13.50	12.10	No			
802.11n HT40	7	2442	13.5	13.50	11.60	No			
11140	11	2462		13.50	12.04	No			

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant1(MCC of CE countries).

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Wi-Fi		Average	e Power (dBm) for D	Data Rates (	Mbps)	
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		13.50	11.70	No
802.11b	7	2442	1	13.50	12.15	No
13	13	2472		13.50	12.45	No
	1	2412	6	14.50	12.73	No
802.11g	7	2442		14.50	12.82	No
	13	2472		14.50	13.29	No
902.115	1	2412		13.50	11.66	No
802.11n HT20	7	2442	6.5	13.50	11.97	No
11120	13	2472		13.50	12.31	No
000 44.5	3	2422		13.50	11.73	No
802.11n HT40	7	2442	13.5	13.50	12.00	No
11140	11	2462		13.50	11.97	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant0(MCC of CE countries).

Wi-Fi		Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps)							
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test			
	1	2412		17.50	15.58	No			
802.11g CDD	7	2442	6	17.50	15.91	No			
	13	2472		17.50	15.31	No			
000 445	1	2412		16.50	14.95	No			
802.11n HT20 MIMO	7	2442	13	16.50	14.91	No			
TTT 20 IVIIIVIO	13	2472		16.50	15.45	No			
000 445	3	2422		16.50	15.17	No			
802.11n HT40 MIMO	7	2442	27	16.50	15.02	No			
11140 10111010	11	2462		16.50	15.29	No			

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G MIMO(MCC of CE countries).



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Wi-Fi		Average Po	ower (dBm) for Da	ata Rates (M	1bps)	
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		17.50	15.70	No
802.11b	7	2442	1	17.50	15.46	No
	13	2472		17.50	15.80	No
	1	2412		14.50	13.23	No
802.11g	7	2442	6	14.50	12.27	No
	13	2472		14.50	13.25	No
902 11n	1	2412		13.50	12.21	No
802.11n HT20	7	2442	6.5	13.50	11.61	No
11120	13	2472		13.50	12.29	No
000.44*	3	2422		13.50	11.80	No
802.11n HT40	7	2442	13.5	13.50	11.47	No
	11	2462		13.50	11.89	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant1(MCC of Japan).

Wi-Fi		Average	Power (dBm) for [	Data Rates (I	Mbps)	
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		17.50	15.37	No
802.11b	7	2442	1	17.50	15.73	No
	13	2472		17.50	16.07	No
	1	2412		14.50	12.50	No
	7	2442	6	14.50	12.65	No
	13	2472		14.50	13.07	No
	1	2412		13.50	11.54	No
	7	2442	6.5	13.50	11.79	No
	13	2472		13.50	11.97	No
	3	2422		13.50	11.54	No
	7	2442	13.5	13.50	11.79	No
	11	2462		13.50	11.97	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G Ant0(MCC of Japan).

Wi-Fi		Average Po	ower (dBm) for Da	ata Rates (M	1bps)	
2450MHz	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		17.50	15.87	No
802.11g CDD	7	2442	6	17.50	15.61	No
	13	2472		17.50	16.21	No
000.44m	1	2412		16.50	14.97	No
802.11n HT20 MIMO	7	2442	13	16.50	14.74	No
11120 IVIIIVIO	13	2472		16.50	15.08	No
000.44=	3	2422		16.50	15.00	No
802.11n HT40 MIMO	7	2442	27	16.50	14.77	No
11140 IVIIIVIO	11	2462		16.50	15.14	No

Note: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G MIMO(MCC of Japan).

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	BLE		Tungun	Average Conducted
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Tune up (dBm)	Average Conducted Power(dBm)
	0	2402	4.00	-2.02
GFSK	19	2440	4.00	-0.61
	39	2480	4.00	-2.33

Table 13: Conducted Power of BT



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#### 8.2 Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

Freq.	Frequency		Tune Up		Test	Calculate	Exclusion	Exclusion	
Band	(GHz)	Position	dBm	mW Separati		Value	Threshold	(Y/N)	
Wi-Fi	2.48	Hotspot	17.50	56.23	10	8.856	3.0	Ν	
BT	2.48	Hotspot	4.00	2.51	10	0.396	3.0	Υ	

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



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#### 8.3 Measurement of SAR Data

#### 8.3.1 SAR Results of WCDMA Band V

<u> </u>	itoouito	<u> </u>	, 141, K								
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg)10-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR(W/kg)	Liquid Temp
	Hotspot Test data with sensor on (Separate 10mm)										
Front side RMC 4182/836.4 1:1 0.484 0.343 0.01 21.25 22.70 1.396 0.676 22.1											
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.538	0.380	0.03	21.25	22.70	1.396	0.751	22.1
Right side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.053	0.036	-0.04	21.25	22.70	1.396	0.073	22.1
				Hotsp	ot Test data w	ith sensor	off				
Front side 13mm	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.578	0.414	0.05	22.51	23.70	1.315	0.760	22.1
Back side 13mm	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.621	0.445	-0.01	22.51	23.70	1.315	0.817	22.1
Right side 13mm	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.049	0.030	-0.01	22.51	23.70	1.315	0.064	22.1
Top side 10mm	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.353	0.251	0.05	22.51	23.70	1.315	0.464	22.1
Bottom side 10mm	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.398	0.279	-0.01	22.51	23.70	1.315	0.523	22.1
Back side 13mm	RMC	4132/826.4	1:1	0.542	0.385	-0.01	22.49	23.70	1.321	0.716	22.1
Back side 13mm	RMC	4233/846.6	1:1	0.658	0.477	0.01	22.46	23.70	1.330	0.875	22.1

Table 14: SAR of WCDMA Band V for Body. Note:

- The maximum measured SAR value and Scaled SAR value are marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



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#### 8.3.2 SAR Result of LTE Band 5

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)			Liquid Temp.
			Hotspot T	est dat	a with se	nsor on(S	eparate 10	mm 1RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.466	0.337	-0.02	20.89	22.20	1.352	0.630	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.517	0.372	-0.11	20.89	22.20	1.352	0.699	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.043	0.026	-0.03	20.89	22.20	1.352	0.059	22.1
			Hotspot Te	st data	with sens	or on(Se	parate 10m	m 50%RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20600/844	1:1	0.468	0.338	0.00	20.82	22.20	1.374	0.643	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20600/844	1:1	0.515	0.367	-0.01	20.82	22.20	1.374	0.708	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20600/844	1:1	0.043	0.026	0.09	20.82	22.20	1.374	0.058	22.1
			H	lotspot	Test data	a with sen	sor off(1RB	3)				
Front side13mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.584	0.414	-0.01	22.44	23.70	1.337	0.781	22.1
Back side 13mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.620	0.435	0.01	22.44	23.70	1.337	0.829	22.1
Right side 13mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.053	0.033	-0.08	22.44	23.70	1.337	0.071	22.1
Top side 10mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.234	0.167	0.01	22.44	23.70	1.337	0.313	22.1
Bottom side 10mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.314	0.221	0.01	22.44	23.70	1.337	0.420	22.1
Back side 13mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20525/836.5	1:1	0.664	0.478	0.08	22.39	23.70	1.352	0.898	22.1
Back side 13mm	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.706	0.515	0.04	22.38	23.70	1.355	0.957	22.1
			Но	tspot T	est data v	with senso	or off(50%R	RB)				
Front side13mm	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20450/829	1:1	0.466	0.330	-0.01	21.46	22.70	1.330	0.620	22.1
Back side 13mm	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20450/829	1:1	0.500	0.351	-0.08	21.46	22.70	1.330	0.665	22.1
Right side 13mm	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20450/829	1:1	0.041	0.025	-0.05	21.46	22.70	1.330	0.055	22.1
Top side 10mm	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20450/829	1:1	0.184	0.131	-0.04	21.46	22.70	1.330	0.245	22.1
Bottom side 10mm	10	QPSK 25RB_13	20450/829	1:1	0.245	0.172	-0.09	21.46	22.70	1.330	0.326	22.1
		1	Hot	spot Te	est data w	ith senso	r off(100%F	RB)		1	T	1
Back side 13mm	10	QPSK 50RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.497	0.349	0.18	21.37	22.70	1.358	0.675	22.1

Table 15: SAR of LTE Band 5 for Body. Note:

- 1) The maximum measured SAR value and Scaled SAR value are marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



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#### 8.3.3 SAR Result of LTE Band 12

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted power(dBm)		Scaled factor		Liquid Temp.
	Hotspot Test data (Separate 10mm 1RB)											
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.530	0.392	-0.02	22.61	23.70	1.285	0.681	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.539	0.393	-0.02	22.61	23.70	1.285	0.693	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.047	0.030	-0.05	22.61	23.70	1.285	0.060	22.1
Top side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.163	0.117	0.03	22.61	23.70	1.285	0.210	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.236	0.167	0.03	22.61	23.70	1.285	0.303	22.1
			Н	lotspot <sup>-</sup>	Test data	(Separate	10mm 50%	6RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23130/711	1:1	0.407	0.300	-0.01	21.64	22.70	1.276	0.520	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23130/711	1:1	0.418	0.304	-0.04	21.64	22.70	1.276	0.534	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23130/711	1:1	0.036	0.023	0.01	21.64	22.70	1.276	0.046	22.1
Top side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23130/711	1:1	0.117	0.084	0.04	21.64	22.70	1.276	0.149	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23130/711	1:1	0.167	0.119	-0.05	21.64	22.70	1.276	0.213	22.1

Table 16: SAR of LTE Band 12 for Body. Note:

- 3) The maximum measured SAR value and Scaled SAR value are marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 4) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



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#### 8.3.4 SAR Result of LTE Band 17

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted power(dBm)		Scaled factor		Liquid Temp.
	Hotspot Test data (Separate 10mm 1RB)											
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23790/710	1:1	0.522	0.386	-0.04	22.62	23.70	1.282	0.669	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23790/710	1:1	0.535	0.389	0.04	22.62	23.70	1.282	0.686	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23790/710	1:1	0.046	0.029	-0.13	22.62	23.70	1.282	0.059	22.1
Top side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23790/710	1:1	0.156	0.112	-0.01	22.62	23.70	1.282	0.200	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23790/710	1:1	0.225	0.160	-0.02	22.62	23.70	1.282	0.289	22.1
			ŀ	Hotspot	Test data	(Separate	10mm 50%	SRB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23790/710	1:1	0.392	0.289	-0.02	21.63	22.70	1.279	0.502	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23790/710	1:1	0.408	0.296	-0.04	21.63	22.70	1.279	0.522	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23790/710	1:1	0.036	0.023	0.03	21.63	22.70	1.279	0.046	22.1
Top side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23790/710	1:1	0.113	0.081	0.01	21.63	22.70	1.279	0.145	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23790/710	1:1	0.164	0.117	0.04	21.63	22.70	1.279	0.210	22.1

Table 17: SAR of LTE Band 17 for Body.

#### Note:

- The maximum measured SAR value and Scaled SAR value are marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



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#### 8.3.5 SAR Result of WIFI 2.4G

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg)1-g	Power drift(dB)	Conducted power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR(W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	Hotspot Test data with Ant 1 (Separate 10mm)										
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.336	-0.12	16.01	17.50	1.409	0.475	22.0
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.201	0.01	16.01	17.50	1.409	0.284	22.0
Left side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.016	-0.04	16.01	17.50	1.409	0.023	22.0
Bottom side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.195	-0.03	16.01	17.50	1.409	0.276	22.0
			ŀ	Hotspot Test	data with Ant	0 (Separate	e 10mm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.140	0.11	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.176	22.0
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.130	-0.02	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.163	22.0
Left side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.021	0.14	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.026	22.0
Top side	802.11b	6/2437	99.64%	1.004	0.136	0.08	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.171	22.0
			F	lotspot Test	data with MIM	10 (Separate	e 10mm)				
Front side	802.11g CDD	6/2437	97.67%	1.024	0.149	0.02	16.05	17.50	1.396	0.213	22.0
Back side	802.11g CDD	6/2437	97.67%	1.024	0.094	-0.05	16.05	17.50	1.396	0.134	22.0
Left side	802.11g CDD	6/2437	97.67%	1.024	0.020	-0.15	16.05	17.50	1.396	0.029	22.0
Top side	802.11g CDD	6/2437	97.67%	1.024	0.073	0.04	16.05	17.50	1.396	0.105	22.0
Bottom side	802.11g CDD	6/2437	97.67%	1.024	0.115	-0.04	16.05	17.50	1.396	0.164	22.0

Table 18: SAR of WIFI for Body.

Note:

1) The maximum measured SAR value and Scaled SAR value are marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B



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Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mw)	Max Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR1-g(W/kg)	SAR test
			Ant1		
802.11b	17.50	56.23	0.475	/	Yes
802.11g	14.50	28.18	/	0.238	No
802.11n HT20	13.50	22.39	/	0.189	No
802.11n HT40	10.00	10.00	/	0.084	No
			Ant0		
802.11b	17.50	56.23	0.176	/	Yes
802.11g	14.50	28.18	/	0.088	No
802.11n HT20	13.50	22.39	/	0.070	No
802.11n HT40	10.00	10.00	/	0.031	No
			MIMO		
802.11g CDD	17.50	56.23	0.213	/	Yes
802.11n HT20 MIMO	16.50	44.67	/	0.169	No
802.11n HT40 MIMO	13.00	19.95	/	0.076	No

Note: Per KDB248227D01, for SAR test of WiFi 2.4G,

<sup>1)</sup> SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure.

<sup>2)</sup> As the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, so SAR for 802.11g/n is not required.



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### 8.4 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

#### 8.4.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

#### Simultaneous Transmission

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Hotspot							
1	WCDMA(Data) + WiFi	Yes							
2	WCDMA(Data) + BT	Yes							
3	LTE(Data) + WiFi	Yes							
4	LTE(Data) + BT	Yes							
5	BT+WIFI	No							

Note:

#### 8.4.2 Estimated SAR

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### **Estimated SAR Result**

	Frequency (GHz)	Test Position	may	Test	Estimated	
Freq. Band			max. power(dBm)	Separation (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	
Bluetooth	2.48	Hotspot	4.0	10	0.053	

<sup>1)</sup> Wi-Fi 2.4G and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can"t transmit simultaneously.



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1) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for hotspot

1) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for hotspot											
WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	②MAX.WLAN Ant1 SAR(W/kg)	③MAX.WLAN Ant0 SAR(W/kg)	⊕MAX.WLAN MIMO SAR(W/kg)	⑤MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)		Summed SAR①+ ③			Case NO.
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.760	0.475	0.176	0.213	0.053	1.235	0.936	0.973	0.813	No
	Back	0.875	0.284	0.163	0.134	0.053	1.159	1.038	1.009	0.928	No
	Left	0.000	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	No
	Right	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.126	No
	Тор	0.464	0.000	0.171	0.105	0.053	0.464	0.635	0.569	0.517	No
	Bottom	0.523	0.276	0.000	0.164	0.053	0.799	0.523	0.687	0.576	No
	Front	0.781	0.475	0.176	0.213	0.053	1.256	0.957	0.994	0.834	No
	Back	0.957	0.284	0.163	0.134	0.053	1.241	1.120	1.091	1.010	No
LTE	Left	0.000	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	No
Band 5	Right	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.124	No
	Тор	0.313	0.000	0.171	0.105	0.053	0.313	0.484	0.418	0.366	No
	Bottom	0.420	0.276	0.000	0.164	0.053	0.696	0.420	0.584	0.473	No
	Front	0.681	0.475	0.176	0.213	0.053	1.156	0.857	0.894	0.734	No
	Back	0.693	0.284	0.163	0.134	0.053	0.977	0.856	0.827	0.746	No
LTE	Left	0.000	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	No
Band 12	Right	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.113	No
	Тор	0.210	0.000	0.171	0.105	0.053	0.210	0.381	0.315	0.263	No
	Bottom	0.303	0.276	0.000	0.164	0.053	0.579	0.303	0.467	0.356	No
	Front	0.669	0.475	0.176	0.213	0.053	1.144	0.845	0.882	0.722	No
LTE Band 17	Back	0.686	0.284	0.163	0.134	0.053	0.970	0.849	0.820	0.739	No
	Left	0.000	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	0.023	0.026	0.029	0.053	No
	Right	0.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.112	No
	Тор	0.200	0.000	0.171	0.105	0.053	0.200	0.371	0.305	0.253	No
	Bottom	0.289	0.276	0.000	0.164	0.053	0.565	0.289	0.453	0.342	No



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### 9 Equipment list

Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 Professional
Location	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch
Description	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)
Software Reference	DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

#### **Hardware Reference**

	Hardware Reference									
	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration				
$\boxtimes$	Robot	Staubli	RX90L	F03/5V32A1/A01	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	ELI	1123	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1141	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1428	2018-01-17	2019-01-16				
$\boxtimes$	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3962	2018-01-11	2019-01-10				
$\boxtimes$	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3982	2018-04-10	2019-04-09				
$\boxtimes$	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D750V3	1160	2016-06-22	2019-06-21				
$\boxtimes$	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d105	2016-12-08	2019-12-07				
$\boxtimes$	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	733	2016-12-07	2019-12-06				
$\boxtimes$	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46523590	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
$\boxtimes$	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US01440210	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8821C	6201502984	2018-05-02	2019-05-01				
$\boxtimes$	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	Agilent	86205-60001	MY31400031	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050736	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
$\boxtimes$	Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	15542	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292095	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091234	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z92	100025	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
$\boxtimes$	Attenuator	SHX	TS2-3dB	30704	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Coaxial low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	VLF-2500(+)	NA	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Coaxial low pass filter	Microlab Fxr	LA-F13	NA	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	50 Ω coaxial load	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+	00850	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	DC POWER SUPPLY	SAKO	SK1730SL5A	NA	NCR	NCR				
$\boxtimes$	Speed reading thermometer	MingGao	T809	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18				
Mata	Humidity and Temperature Indicator	KIMTOKA	KIMTOKA	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18				

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



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### 10 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

11 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D

**Appendix A: Detailed System Check Results** 

**Appendix B: Detailed Test Results** 

**Appendix C: Calibration Certificate** 

**Appendix D: Photographs** 

---END---