









FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone

Model: HUAWEI CUN-L03, CUN-L03

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)024032016-2

FCC ID: QISCUN-L03

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DATE	2016-04-15	2016-04-15

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Modified History × × *** ***

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	2016-04-15	Li Wei

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1 General Information

1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HUAWEI CUN-L03, CUN-L03 is as below Table 1.

D I	Max Reported SAR(W/kg)			
Band	1-g Head	1-g Body-worn (15mm) *	1-g Hotspot (10mm)	
GSM850	0.63	0.78	1.34	
GSM1900	0.31	0.28	1.02	
UMTS Band II	0.62	0.46	1.13	
UMTS Band IV	0.44	0.36	0.76	
UMTS Band V	0.50	0.68	0.77	
LTE Band II	0.63	0.38	1.03	
LTE Band IV	0.55	0.52	0.94	
LTE Band V	0.47	0.90	0.97	
LTE Band VII	0.35	0.33	1.44	
WiFi 2.4G	1.21	0.10	0.24	
The high	est simultaneous SA	AR value is 1.58 W/kg per	KDB690783 D01	

The highest simultaneous SAR value is 1.58 W/kg per KDB690783 I Table 1:Summary of test result

Note:

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:1992/IEEE C95.1:1991, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

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^{1)*} For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.



1.2 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 W/kg	8.00 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg	0.40 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

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1.3 EUT Description

Device Information:					
Product Name:	Smart Phone				
Model:	HUAWEI CUN-L03,CUN-L03				
FCC ID :					
FCC ID :	QISCUN-L03 U7VBBBB5B1300070(ol	4/			
SN.:	U7VBBBB621601591(ne				
Device Type :	Portable device				
Device Phase:	Identical Prototype				
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled environmer	nt / general population			
Hardware Version :	Ver.A				
Software Version :	CUN-L03C464B009				
Antenna Type :	Internal antenna				
Others Accessories	Headset				
Device Operating Configuratio	ns:				
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM850/1900, UMTS Balling Band II/IV/V/VII, Wil				
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK),UM7 WiFi(DSSS/OFDM),BT(0	GSM(GMSK/8PSK),UMTS(QPSK/16QAM),LTE(QPSK/16QAM),			
Device Class	В				
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)		
	GSM850	824-849	869-894		
	GSM1900	1850-1910	1930-1990		
	UMTS Band II	1850-1910	1930-1990		
	UMTS Band IV	1710-1755	2110-2155		
Operating Frequency	UMTS Band V	824-849	869-894		
Range(s)	LTE Band II	1850 -1910	1930 -1990		
	LTE Band IV	1710 -1755	2110 -2155		
	LTE Band V	824-849	869-894		
	LTE Band VII	2500-2570	2620-2690		
	BT	2400	-2483.5		
	WiFi 2.4G	2412	2~2462		
	Max Number of Timeslot	s in Uplink:	4		
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslot	s in Downlink:	4		
` ,	Max Total Timeslot:		5		
	Max Number of Timeslot	s in Uplink:	4		
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink:		4		
, ,	Max Total Timeslot:		5		
HSDPA UE Category	14				
HSUPA UE Category	7				
DC-HSDPA UE Category	24				

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Ŋ	4
HUA	WE

	4,tested with power level 5(GSM850)
	1,tested with power level 0(GSM1900)
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band II)
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band IV)
Power Class:	3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band V)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band II)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band IV)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band V)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band VII)
	128-190-251(GSM850)
	512-661-810(GSM1900)
	9262-9400-9538(UMTS Band II)
	1312-1413-1513(UMTS Band IV)
	4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V)
	18625-18900-19175(LTE Band II BW=5MHz)
	18650-18900-19150(LTE Band II BW=10MHz)
	18675-18900-19125(LTE Band II BW=15MHz)
	18700-18900-19100(LTE Band II BW=20MHz)
	19957-20175-20393(LTE Band IV BW=1.4MHz)
	19965-20175-20385(LTE Band IV BW=3MHz)
	19975-20175-20375(LTE Band IV BW=5MHz)
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	20000-20175-20350(LTE Band IV BW=10MHz)
	20025-20175-20325(LTE Band IV BW=15MHz)
	20050-20175-20300(LTE Band IV BW=20MHz)
	20407-20525-20643(LTE Band V BW=1.4MHz)
	20415-20525-20635(LTE Band V BW=3MHz)
	20425-20525-20625(LTE Band V BW=5MHz)
	20450-20525-20600(LTE Band V BW=10MHz)
	20775-21100-21425(LTE Band VII BW=5MHz)
	20800-21100-21400(LTE Band VII BW=10MHz)
	20825-21100-21375(LTE Band VII BW=15MHz)
	20850-21100-21350(LTE Band VII BW=20MHz)
	802.11b/g/n 20M:1-6-11(WiFi 2.4G)
	802.11n 40M:3-6-9(WiFi 2.4G)
Table 3:Device information and	

Table 3:Device information and operating configuration

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1.3.1 General Description

HUAWEI CUN-L03, CUN-L03 is subscriber equipment in the GSM/UMTS/LTE system.

The GSM frequency band includes GSM850 and GSM900 and DCS1800 and PCS1900. but only GSM850/1900 test data included in this report.

The UMTS frequency band is band I and band II and band IV and band V, but only band II and Band IV and Band V test data included in this report.

The LTE frequency band is Band II band IV and band V and band VII and Band XXVIII, But only Band II band IV and band V and band VII test data included in this report.

The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, LTE/UMTS and GSM/GPRS/EDGE protocol processing, voice, video MMS service, GPS and Wi-Fi etc. Externally it provides micro SD card interface, earphone port (to provide voice service) and USIM card interface. It also provides Bluetooth module to synchronize data between a PC and the phone, or to use the built-in modem of the phone to access the Internet with a PC, or to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices.

The differences between CUN-L03 (new) and CUN-L03 (old) as beow:

Model	HUAWEI CUN-L03 (old)	HUAWEI CUN-L03 (new)
Frequency	4G:B2/B4/B5/B7 3G:B2/B4/B5 2G:850/1900	4G:B2/B4/B5/B7 3G:B2/B4/B5 2G:850/1900
SIM Card	Single SIM	Single SIM
Hardware Version	The same	The same
Software Version	The same	The same
Dimensions	The same	The same
Appearance	The same	The same
main antenna	The Same	Different: to improve the main antenna performance, changes antenna radiation direction
BT/Wi-Fi antenna	The same	The same
div antenna	The Same	The Same
Others		No Conducted Power Level and RF Parameters changes No other hardware, PCB or components changes CSM1000 LIMTS Band WWW and WiFi 0.4C. C

According to the difference description above, for GSM1900, UMTS Band II/IV/V and WiFi 2.4G, CUN-L03(new) SAR is tested at the worst case of CUN-L03(old) (report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)001122015-2). For GSM850 and LTE Band II/IV/V/VII, new full SAR test is performed on CUN-L03(new) as there are noticeable changes in SAR values for these frequency bands compared to CUN-L03(old).

Battery information:

Name	Manufacture	Serials number	Description	
Li-Polymer Battery	SCUD(FUJIAN) Electronics Co.,Ltd	1834ACFA24(G153BC)	Battery Model: HB4342A1RBC Rated capacity: 2200mAh	
	Sunwoda Electronics Co.,Ltd	1834UIFA08(X96096)	Nominal Voltage: === +3.8V	

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1.4 Test specification(s)

-	
ANSI C95.1:1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
IEEE Std 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 5 of March 2015)
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03r01
KDB941225 D05	SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
KDB941225 D06	Hotspot SAR v02r01
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB648474 D04	Handsets SAR v01r03
KDB248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB865664 D02	SAR Reporting v01r02
KDB690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

1.5 Testing laboratory

Test Site	The Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Test Location Section G1, Huawei Base Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen 51 China			
Telephone	+86 755 28780808		
Fax	+86 755 89652518		
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number: L0310 A2LA TESTING CERT #2174.01		

1.6 Applicant and Manufacturer

Company Name	HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD			
Address Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Constitution Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Building,				

1.7 Application details

Start Date of test	2015-12-08	2016-04-02
End Date of test	2015-12-19	2016-04-08

1.8 Ambient Condition

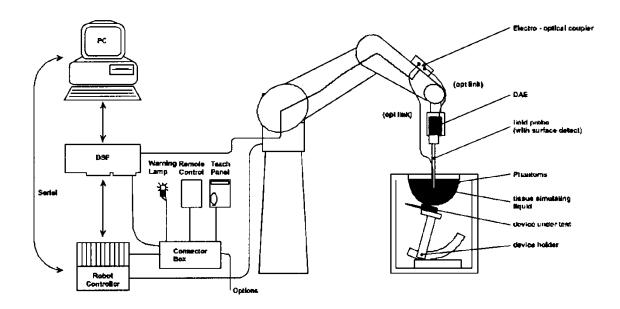
Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

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2 SAR Measurement System

2.1 SAR Measurement Set-up



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is
 battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the
 EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>E</u>lectro-<u>O</u>ptical <u>C</u>oupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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2.2 Test environment

The DASY5 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions:

 $5 \times 2.5 \times 3$ m³, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

DAE4

DAE4		
Input Impedance	200MOhm	School & Purbus Engineering AD
The Inputs	symmetrical and floating	TYPE: DAE 4 PART Nr.: SD 000 DO BJ SERIAL Nr.: 851
Common mode rejection	above 80 dB	DATE: 03/08

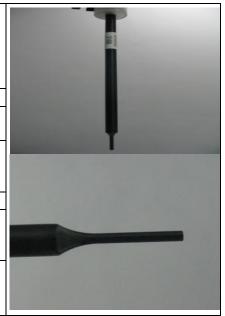
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2.4 Probe description

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (±2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

Isotropic E-Field Probe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements

Isotropic E-Field Frobe ESSDV3 for Dosimetric Measurements			
	Symmetrical design with triangular core		
	Interleaved sensors		
Construction	Built-in shielding against static charges		
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic		
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.		
Fraguanay	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4		
Frequency	GHz)		
	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to		
	probe axis)		
Dynamic range	$5 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB		
	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)		
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)		
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm		
	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz		
Application	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields		
	Compliance tests of mobile phones		



Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.		
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB(noise:typically<1μW/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip:20 mm) Tip diameter:2.5 mm (Body:12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm		
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario(e.g.,very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%		



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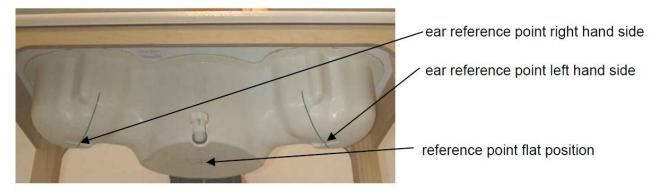
2.5 Phantom description

SAM Twin Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm;The ear region:6.0±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left hand Right hand Flat phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

The following figure shows the definition of reference point:



ELI4 Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major axis:600mm; Minor axis:400mm;	
Measurement Areas	Flat phantom	\$ 9 9 9

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

The phantom shell material is resistant to all ingredients used in the tissue-equivalent liquid recipes. The shell of the phantom including ear spacers is constructed from low permittivity and low loss material, with a relative permittivity $2 \le \varepsilon \le 5$ at ≤ 3 GHz, $3 \le \varepsilon \le 4$ at > 3 GHz and and a loss tangent ≤ 0.05 .

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2.6 Device holder description

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent σ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

The device holder permits the device to be positioned with a tolerance of $\pm 1^{\circ}$ in the tilt angle.

Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

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2.7 **Test Equipment List**

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment. Devices used during the test described are marked \boxtimes

	Manufacturer	Ing the test described are mark Device	Type	Serial number	Date of last calibration *	Valid period
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3736	2015-04-30	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3168	2015-09-28	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3744	2015-07-24	One year
	SPEAG	750MHz Dipole	D750V3	1044	2015-09-14	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	835MHz Dipole	D835V2	4d059	2013-05-02	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1750MHz Dipole	D1750V2	1123	2014-07-08	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1900MHz Dipole	D1900V2	5d091	2015-09-21	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1900MHz Dipole	D1900V2	5d143	2014-09-23	Three years
	SPEAG	2300MHz Dipole	D2300V2	1016	2014-11-19	Three years
	SPEAG	2450MHz Dipole	D2450V2	860	2015-11-25	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2450MHz Dipole	D2450V2	869	2015-06-19	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2600MHz Dipole	D2600V2	1021	2015-07-24	Three years
	SPEAG	5GHz Dipole	D5GHzV2	1155	2015-04-27	Three years
	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	852	2015-04-27	One year
	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	851	2015-07-20	One year
	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	1236	2015-11-23	One year
	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	914	2014-12-15	One year
	SPEAG	Software	DASY 5	N/A	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM1	TP-1475	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM2	TP-1474	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM3	TP-1597	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM4	TP-1620	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Flat Phantom	ELI 5.0	TP-1038	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Flat Phantom	ELI 5.0	TP-1111	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	113989	2015-05-18	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	126855	2015-07-02	One year
	Agilent	Network Analyser	E5071C	MY46213349	2015-02-13 2016-01-08	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	2484	NCR	NCR
	Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY47420989	2015-01-07 2015-10-30	One year
\boxtimes	MINI-CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1402001	NCR	NCR
	MINI-CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	N523101139	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	AR	Directional Coupler	DC7144M1	31190	2015-05-04	One year
\boxtimes	AR	Directional Coupler	DC7144M1	0423264	2015-03-31	One year
	Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	772D	MY52180173	2016-01-06	One year
	R&S	Power Meter	NRP	100740	2015-07-02	One year
	R&S	Power Meter Sensor	NRP-Z11	106288	2015-07-02	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	MY45101339	2015-01-07 2016-01-06	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E9321A	MY44420359	2015-01-07 2016-01-06	One year

Note:

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¹⁾ Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.
- 3) * These equipments are within the calibration period when test is perfromed.

3 SAR Measurement Procedure

3.1 Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y- dimension(2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in Appendix B.
- A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: Δ x_{zoom}, Δ y_{zoom} \leq 2GHz \leq 8mm, 2-4GHz \leq 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 4mm; Δ z_{zoom} \leq 3GHz \leq 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- \leq 4mm and 4-6GHz- \leq 2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form form in chapter 7.2.

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 A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in Appendix B.

The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB 865664D01:

Maximun		Maximun Zoom	Maximun Zoom Scan spatial resolution		Minimum	
Froguency	Area Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid	Graded Gra	ad	zoom scan
Frequency	resolution	resolution	$\Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(n)$	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)^*$	volume
	$(\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area})$	$(\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom})$	ΔZ _{Zoom} (II)	Δ ∠ Z _{00m} (I)	ΔΖ _{Zoom} (11>1)	(x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5*∆z _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥22mm

3.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points(with 8mm horizontal resolution) or $7 \times 7 \times 7$ points(with 5mm horizontal resolution) or $8 \times 8 \times 7$ points(with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum
 the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline
 interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the
 boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane
 of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.

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3.3 Data Storage and Evaluation

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)024032016-2

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}
·	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	 Diode compression point 	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

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 $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$ E-field probes: H-field probes:

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)(i = x, y, z)

Norm: = sensor sensitivity of channel i

[mV/(V/m)²] for É-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

= electric field strength of channel i in V/m E_{i} = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m H_{i}

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \circ \sigma) / (\rho \circ 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

> E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³ ρ

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

 $P_{\text{nwe}} = E_{tot}^{2} / 3770$ $P_{\text{nwe}} = H_{tot}^{2} \cdot 37.7$ or

= equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm² with

= total electric field strength in V/m = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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4 System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within \pm 5% of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue								
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	1750	1900	2300	2450	2600		
Water	39.2	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.82	62.7	55.242		
Salt (NaCl)	2.7	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.51	0.5	0.306		
Sugar	57.0	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	36.67	36.8	44.452		
	Body Tissue								
Ingredients (% of weight)				Body Tis	sue				
Ingredients (% of weight) Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	1750	Body Tis	2300	2450	2600		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	750 50.3	835 52.4	1750 69.91			2450 73.2	2600 64.493		
Frequency Band (MHz)				1900	2300				
Frequency Band (MHz) Water	50.3	52.4	69.91	1900 69.91	2300 73.32	73.2	64.493		
Frequency Band (MHz) Water Salt (NaCl)	50.3 1.60	52.4 1.40	69.91 0.13	1900 69.91 0.13	2300 73.32 0.06	73.2 0.04	64.493 0.024		
Frequency Band (MHz) Water Salt (NaCl) Sugar	50.3 1.60 47.0	52.4 1.40 45.0	69.91 0.13 0.0	1900 69.91 0.13 0.0	2300 73.32 0.06 0.0	73.2 0.04 0.0	64.493 0.024 0.0		
Frequency Band (MHz) Water Salt (NaCl) Sugar HEC	50.3 1.60 47.0 0.0	52.4 1.40 45.0 1.0	69.91 0.13 0.0 0.0	1900 69.91 0.13 0.0 0.0	2300 73.32 0.06 0.0 0.0	73.2 0.04 0.0 0.0	64.493 0.024 0.0 0.0		

Table 4: Tissue Dielectric Properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Head Liquid for 5G(HBBL3500-5800MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

	i=/,a.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia.ia
Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	50-65%
Mineral oil	10-30%
Emulsifiers	8-25%
Sodium salt	0-1.5%

☐ Simulating Body Liquid for 5G(MBBL3500-5800MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	60-80%
Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors	20-40%
Sodium salt	0-1.5%

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Tissue	Measured Frequency	Targe	t Tissue	Measure	ed Tissue	Devia (Within		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
Type	(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{r}$	Δσ		
						SYBH(Z-S	1 '	2015-2	
	825	41.60	0.90	40.81	0.895	-1.90%	-0.52%		
835H	835	41.50	0.90	40.67	0.905	-2.00%	0.51%	21.6°C	2015-12-13
	850	41.50	0.92	40.47	0.919	-2.48%	-0.13%		
	825	55.20	0.97	55.20	0.991	0.00%	2.20%		
835B	835	55.20	0.97	55.09	1.001	-0.20%	3.20%	21.5°C	2015-12-16
	850	55.20	0.99	54.92	1.017	-0.51%	2.73%		
	1710	40.1	1.35	39.28	1.316	-2.04%	-2.52%		
1750H	1730	40.1	1.36	39.26	1.334	-2.09%	-1.91%	21.3°C	2015-12-17
173011	1750	40.1	1.37	39.11	1.357	-2.47%	-0.95%	21.5 0	2013-12-17
	1800	40.0	1.40	38.91	1.408	-2.73%	0.57%		
	1710	53.5	1.46	52.12	1.446	-2.58%	-0.96%		
1750D	1730	53.5	1.48	52.13	1.465	-2.56%	-1.01%	04 400	0015 10 17
1750B	1750	53.4	1.49	52.06	1.483	-2.51%	-0.47%	21.4°C	2015-12-17
	1800	53.3	1.52	51.99	1.516	-2.46%	-0.26%		
	1850	40.00	1.40	40.76	1.368	1.90%	-2.29%		
	1880	40.00	1.40	40.62	1.397	1.55%	-0.21%	01 400	2015-12-08
1900H	1900	40.00	1.40	40.52	1.417	1.30%	1.21%	21.4°C	
	1910	40.00	1.40	40.55	1.427	1.37%	1.93%		
	1850	53.30	1.52	51.59	1.458	-3.21%	-4.08%		
	1880	53.30	1.52	51.50	1.487	-3.38%	-2.17%	_	2015-12-09
1900B	1900	53.30	1.52	51.45	1.506	-3.47%	-0.92%	21.3°C	
	1910	53.30	1.52	51.42	1.516	-3.53%	-0.26%		
	1850	53.30	1.52	52.00	1.461	-2.44%	-3.88%		
	1880	53.30	1.52	51.89	1.493	-2.65%	-1.78%		
1900B	1900	53.30	1.52	51.86	1.512	-2.70%	-0.53%	21.4°C	2015-12-14
	1910	53.30	1.52	51.85	1.522	-2.72%	0.13%		
	2410	39.30	1.76	39.07	1.818	-0.59%	3.30%		
	2435	39.20	1.79	38.97	1.845	-0.59%	3.07%		
2450H	2450	39.20	1.80	38.90	1.859	-0.77%	3.28%	21.4°C	2015-12-17
	2460	39.20	1.81	38.86	1.871	-0.87%	3.37%		
	2410	52.80	1.91	51.56	1.915	-2.35%	0.26%		
	2435	52.70	1.94	51.55	1.941	-2.18%	0.05%		
2450B	2450	52.70	1.95	51.44	1.948	-2.39%	-0.10%	21.3°C	2015-12-16
	2460	52.70	1.96	51.47	1.965	-2.33%	0.26%		
	2510	39.12	1.86	39.46	1.888	0.87%	1.51%		
	2535	39.12	1.89	39.30	1.908	0.51%	0.95%		
2600H	2560	39.0	1.92	39.23	1.950	0.51%	1.72%	21.4°C	2015-12-17
	2600	39.0	1.96	39.10	1.981	0.26%	1.07%		
	2510	52.62	2.03	51.17	1.999	-2.76%	-1.53%		
	2535	52.52	2.03	51.17	2.030	-2.76%	-1.93%		
2600B						t		21.4°C	2015-12-15
	2560	52.57	2.09	51.02	2.058	-2.95%	-1.53%		
	2600	52.50	2.16	50.87	2.100	-3.10%	-2.78%		

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			Tł	ne data of	CUN-L03(new)			
	825	41.60	0.90	41.03	0.907	-1.37%	0.80%		
835H	835	41.50	0.90	40.99	0.916	-1.23%	1.79%	21.4°C	2016/04/02
	850	41.50	0.92	40.71	0.930	-1.90%	1.11%		
	825	55.20	0.97	53.92	0.994	-2.32%	2.46%		
835B	835	55.20	0.97	53.86	1.003	-2.43%	3.40%	21.3°C	2016/04/02
	850	55.20	0.99	53.67	1.020	-2.77%	3.03%		
	1710	40.1	1.35	41.64	1.293	3.84%	-4.22%		
1750H	1730	40.1	1.36	41.56	1.315	3.64%	-3.31%	21.5°C	2016/04/03
., .	1750	40.1	1.37	41.48	1.336	3.44%	-2.48%	2110 0	20.070.700
	1800	40.0	1.40	41.21	1.389	3.03%	-0.79%		
	1710	53.5	1.46	52.31	1.478	-2.22%	1.23%		
1750B	1730	53.5	1.48	52.32	1.494	-2.21%	0.95%	21.6°C	2016/04/03
	1750	53.4	1.49	52.27	1.511	-2.12%	1.41%		
	1800	53.3	1.52	52.16	1.566	-2.14%	3.03%		
	1850 1880	40.00 40.00	1.40	39.29 39.17	1.362 1.393	-1.78% -2.08%	-2.71% -0.50%		2016/04/02
1900H	1900	40.00	1.40	39.09	1.411	-2.27%	0.79%	21.5°C	
	1910	40.00	1.40	39.05	1.420	-2.38%	1.43%		
	1850	53.30	1.52	51.49	1.451	-3.40%	-4.54%		
	1880	53.30	1.52	51.30	1.483	-3.75%	-2.43%		2016/04/04
1900B	1900	53.30	1.52	51.25	1.510	-3.85%	-0.66%	21.3°C	
	1910	53.30	1.52	51.25	1.521	-3.85%	0.07%		
	2410	39.30	1.76	38.89	1.794	-1.04%	1.93%		
0.4501.1	2435	39.20	1.79	38.78	1.819	-1.07%	1.62%	0.4.000	0010/01/00
2450H	2450	39.20	1.80	38.76	1.841	-1.12%	2.28%	21.3°C	2016/04/02
	2460	39.20	1.81	38.70	1.847	-1.28%	2.04%		
	2410	52.80	1.91	55.00	1.918	4.17%	0.42%		
2450B	2435	52.70	1.94	54.91	1.951	4.19%	0.57%	21.4°C	2016/04/04
24300	2450	52.70	1.95	54.85	1.971	4.08%	1.08%	21.4 U	2010/04/04
	2460	52.70	1.96	54.81	1.984	4.00%	1.22%		
	2510	39.12	1.86	38.89	1.883	-0.59%	1.24%		
2600H	2535	39.1	1.89	38.80	1.912	-0.77%	1.16%	21.7°C	2016/04/07
200011	2560	39.0	1.92	38.71	1.941	-0.74%	1.25%	21.7 0	2010/04/07
	2600	39.0	1.96	38.57	1.986	-1.10%	1.33%		
	2510	52.62	2.03	54.32	2.073	3.23%	2.12%		
2600R	2535	52.59	2.07	54.22	2.105	3.10%	1.69%	21.6°C	2016/04/07
2600B —	2560	52.57	2.09	54.13	2.141	2.97%	2.44%	21.00	
			2.16	53.99	2.194	2.84%	1.57%	1	i i

Table 5:Measured Tissue Parameter

Note: 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within $2^{\circ}C$ of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

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- 2) KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3) The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.

System Check 4.2

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands

and tissue liquids used during the tests(Graphic Plot(s) see Appendix A).								
	Target 9	SAR (1W)		red SAR ized to 1W)	Devia (Within	ation +/-10%)	Liquid	
System Check	1-g (W/kg)	10-g (W/kg)	1-g (W/kg)	10-g (W/kg)	Δε _r	Δσ	Temp.	Test Date
	The data of	f CUN-L03(ol	d) from the	e report No.: S	SYBH(Z-S	AR)00112	2015-2	
835MHz Head	9.49	6.18	9.52	6.20	0.32%	0.32%	21.6°C	2015-12-13
1750MHz Head	35.10	18.60	36.04	19.04	2.68%	2.37%	21.3°C	2015-12-17
1900MHz Head	40.80	21.40	41.60	21.76	1.96%	1.68%	21.4°C	2015-12-08
2450MHz Head	53.8	25.70	52.80	24.40	-1.86%	-5.06%	21.4°C	2015-12-17
2600MHz Head	57.80	26.30	59.20	26.64	2.42%	1.29%	21.4°C	2015-12-17
835MHz Body	9.42	6.19	9.88	6.44	4.88%	4.04%	21.5°C	2015-12-16
1750MHz Body	36.30	19.50	36.36	19.12	0.17%	-1.95%	21.4°C	2015-12-17
1900MHz Body	40.20	21.30	42.00	21.92	4.48%	2.91%	21.3°C	2015-12-09
1900MHz Body	40.20	21.30	40.80	21.36	1.49%	0.28%	21.4°C	2015-12-14
2450MHz Body	52.40	24.70	54.00	24.92	3.05%	0.89%	21.3°C	2015-12-16
2600MHz Body	57.5	25.9	57.60	25.68	0.17%	-0.85%	21.4°C	2015-12-15
			The data o	f CUN-L03(n	ew)			
835MHz Head	9.49	6.18	9.72	6.32	2.42%	2.27%	21.6°C	2016/04/02
1750MHz Head	35.10	18.60	34.56	18.32	-1.54%	-1.51%	21.3°C	2016/04/03
1900MHz Head	40.20	21.10	40.80	21.24	1.49%	0.66%	21.4°C	2016/04/02
2450MHz Head	50.80	23.70	55.20	25.56	8.66%	7.85%	21.4°C	2016/04/02
2600MHz Head	57.80	26.30	60.80	27.20	5.19%	3.42%	21.7°C	2016/04/07
835MHz Body	9.42	6.19	10.08	6.60	7.01%	6.62%	21.5°C	2016/04/02
1750MHz Body	36.30	19.50	37.40	19.72	3.03%	1.13%	21.4°C	2016/04/03
1900MHz Body	39.90	21.00	43.20	22.52	8.27%	7.24%	21.4°C	2016/04/04
2450MHz Body	51.90	24.30	53.20	24.68	2.50%	1.56%	21.3°C	2016/04/04
2600MHz Body	57.50	25.90	59.60	26.60	3.65%	2.70%	21.6°C	2016/04/07

Table 6:System Check Results

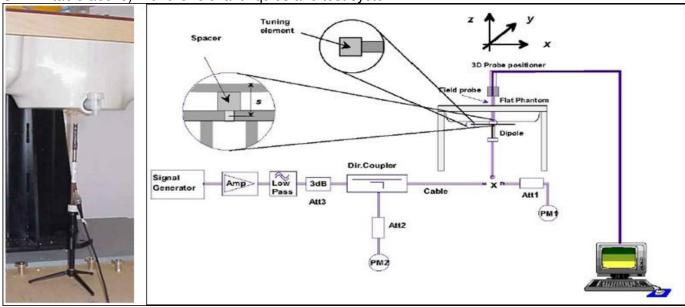
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4.3 System check Procedure

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW(below 5GHz) or 100mW(above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



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5 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 7.2.

5.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04,when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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6 SAR Test Configuration

6.1 Test Positions Configuration

6.1.1 General considerations

Per IEEE 1528-2013, two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line (See Figure 1).

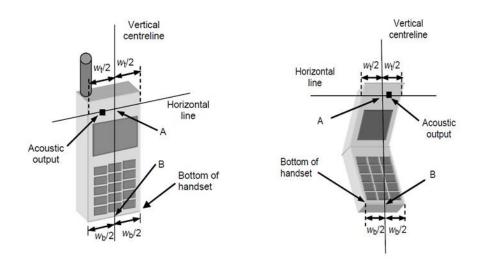


Figure 1 Hand Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6.1.2 Head Exposure Condition

Per IEEE 1528-2013, Head SAR measurements were made in the "cheek" position (See Figure 2) and the "tilt" position (See Figure 3). The device should be tested in both positions on left and right sides of the SAM phantom.



Figure 2 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

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Figure 3 Front, Side and Top View of Tilt 15° Position

Note:

M Mouth reference point

LE Left ear reference point (ERP)

RE Right ear reference point(ERP)

6.1.3 Body-worn Exposure Condition

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the holder attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom with test separation distance of 15mm in a normal use configuration (See Figure 4). Per FCC KDB648474 D04v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

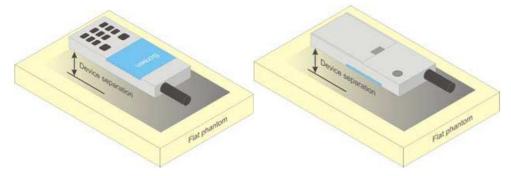


Figure 4 Test position for Body-Worn device

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6.1.4 Hotspot Exposure Condition

Per FCC KDB 941225D06, The SAR test separation distance for hotspot mode is determined according to device form factor. When the overall length and width of a device is > 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 10 mm is required for hotspot mode SAR measurements. A test separation distance of 5 mm or less is required for smaller devices. Hotspot mode SAR is measured for all edges and surfaces of the device with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge; for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode. The SAR results are used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for hotspot mode; otherwise, simultaneous transmission SAR measurement is required.

6.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

Per KDB941225 D01, in the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

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6.3 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM850 and GSM1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

6.4 UMTS Test Configuration

1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) WCDMA

a. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

b. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode

3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

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Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported SAR body exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β_c and β_d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, β_{hs} for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI = 8. The variation of the β_c / β_d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

Sub-test₽	βe₽	β _d ₽	β _d (SF)₽	β _c /β _d ↔	β _{hs} (1) ₄ 3	CM(dB)(2)₽	MPR (dB)
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽
2₽	12/15(3)₽	15/15(3)₽	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c \neq 0$

Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}$ 12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Viole 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$ violet and $\beta_d=15/$

Table 7: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 8:settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

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HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 9:HSDPA UE category

4) HSUPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported body exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSDPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSDPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Device' sections of 3G device.

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Sub -test₽	βc₄³	βd€	β _d (SF) _e	β₀∕β⋴ℴ	β _{hs} (1	β _{ec}	β _{ed} ₊³	βe c↔ (SF)↔	βed↔ (code)↔	CM(2)+1 (dB)+2	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG(4)+/ Inde X+/	E- TFC I _e
1₽	11/15(3)+3	15/15(3)+3	64₽	11/15(3)63	22/15₽	209/22 5₽	1039/225₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0	20₽	75₽
2₽	6/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15₽	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	12₽	67₽
3₽	15/15₽	9/15₽	64₽	15/94	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/1 5 _e β _{ed2} :47/1 5 _e	4₽	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	15₽	92.
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	2/15	56/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15(4)+2	15/15(4)+2	64₽	15/15(4)+2	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0	214	81₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{cd}$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 10:Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)	
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296	
0	2	8	2	4	2798	1 4500	
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185	
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00	
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?	

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.(TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 11:HSUPA UE category

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5) DC-HSDPA

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a Second serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 12:settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

Note:

- 1. The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2.Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

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Segmentation

Inf. Bit Payload 120 CRC Addition 120 24 CRC Code Block 144 Segmentation Turbo-Encoding 432 12 Tail Bits (R=1/3)1st Rate Matching 432 **RV** Selection Physical Channel

Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-test₽	βe₽	$\beta_{d^{\omega}}$	β _d ·(SF)₽	$\beta_c \cdot / \beta_{d^{e^2}}$	β _{hs} (1)	CM(dB)(2)₽	MPR (dB)₽
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽
2₽	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI=8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$

960

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Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=1}2/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Note

- 1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
- 2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.

Note 4: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. ₽

- 3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band .
- 5. The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
- 6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.

6) HSPA+

Per KDB941225D01, SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.

. Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM-

Sub-	β₀₊□	βd∜	β _{HS} ₊	βec⊷	β _{ed} ₊	β _{ed} ₊	CM⊬	MPR√	AG√	E-TFCI	E-TFCI
test₽	(Note3)₽		(Note1)₽	42	(2xSF2) ₽	(2xSF4).	(dB)₊	(dB)√	Index⊍	(Note 5)	(boost)₽
	,		, ,		(Note 4)₽	(Note 4)₽	(Note 2)∉	(Note 2)∉	(Note 4)₽		
• 1⊬	1₽	0₽	30/15₽	30/15	βed1: 30/15↔	βed3: 24/15↔	3.5₽	2.5₽	14₽	105₽	105₽
					βed2: 30/15₽	βed4: 24/15₽					
Note 1	Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c .4$										
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).											
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β _o is set to 1 and β _d = 0 by default.											

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

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FCC ID: QISCUN-L03

LTE Test Configuration

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04. The CMW500 WideBand Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR test were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(Maximum TTI)

1) Spectrum Plots for RB configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

2) MPR

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed by 3GPP for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR active. Configurations with RB allocations less than the RB thresholds required by 3GPP must be tested without MPR.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)									
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz					
QPSK	>5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

3) A-MPR

A-MPR(Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by using Network Signalling Value of "NS 01" on the base station simulator.

4) LTE procedures for SAR testing

A) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

i) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

ii) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in i) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

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iii) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in i) and ii) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

iv) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

B) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

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6.6 WiFi Test Configuration

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227D01v02r02 are applied.

6.6.1 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet , procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.6.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01v02). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the <u>initial test configuration</u> until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.6.3 Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units.

When the highest reported SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u>, according to the <u>initial test position</u> or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

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6.6.4 WiFi 2.4G SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

A) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the *reported* SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KDB 248227D01v02) for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any *reported* SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

B) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KDB 248227D01v02r02). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

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SAR Measurement Results

Conducted power measurements 7.1

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200&CMW500 was used. SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below 7.2 chapter. Note: CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the timebased average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal:

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.1	1:2.77	1:2.08
timebased avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.19dB	-6.13dB	-4.42dB	-3.18dB

The signalling modes differ as follows:

mode	coding scheme	modulation
GPRS	CS1 to CS4	GMSK
EDGE	MCS1 to MCS4	GMSK
EDGE	MCS5 to MCS9	8PSK

Apart from modulation change (GMSK/8PSK) coding schemes differ in code rate without influence on the RF signal. Therefore one coding scheme per mode was selected for conducted power measurements.

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7.1.1 Conducted power measurements of GSM850

CS	GSM850		veraged o	utput Pow	er (dBm)	Division	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
GS	IVIOSU	Tune- up	128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	Tune- up	128CH	190CH	251CH
GSM (CS)		33.5	32.83	32.84	32.79	-9.19	24.31	23.64	23.65	23.60
	1 Tx Slot	33.5	32.81	32.82	32.77	-9.19	24.31	23.62	23.63	23.58
GPRS/	2 Tx Slots	32.5	32.11	32.08	32.05	-6.13	26.37	25.98	25.95	25.92
EDGE (GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.5	30.55	30.52	30.48	-4.42	26.08	26.13	26.10	26.06
	4 Tx Slots	29.5	29.49	29.46	29.34	-3.18	26.32	26.31	26.28	26.16
	1 Tx Slot	27.1	26.94	26.98	26.87	-9.19	17.91	17.75	17.79	17.68
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	26.1	25.77	25.78	25.64	-6.13	19.97	19.64	19.65	19.51
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.1	23.85	23.84	23.67	-4.42	19.68	19.43	19.42	19.25
	4 Tx Slots	23.1	22.89	22.83	22.7	-3.18	19.92	19.71	19.65	19.52

Table 13:Conducted power measurement results of GSM850

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

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7.1.2 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900

		Burst-Av	eraged ou	tput Powe	er (dBm)	Division	Frame-A	veraged o	utput Pow	er (dBm)
GSI	M1900	Tune- up	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	Tune- up	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSM (CS)		30.5	29.99	29.74	29.86	-9.19	21.31	20.80	20.55	20.67
	1 Tx Slot	30.5	29.98	29.74	29.84	-9.19	21.31	20.79	20.55	20.65
GPRS/ EDGE	2 Tx Slots	29.5	29.27	29.07	29.26	-6.13	23.37	23.14	22.94	23.13
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.5	27.48	27.26	27.49	-4.42	23.08	23.06	22.84	23.07
	4 Tx Slots	26.5	26.39	26.21	26.47	-3.18	23.32	23.21	23.03	23.29
	1 Tx Slot	26.1	26.02	25.97	25.99	-9.19	16.91	16.83	16.78	16.80
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	25.1	25.06	25.07	25.00	-6.13	18.97	18.93	18.94	18.87
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	23.1	22.98	22.89	22.95	-4.42	18.68	18.56	18.47	18.53
	4 Tx Slots	22.1	21.94	21.88	21.91	-3.18	18.92	18.76	18.70	18.73

Table 14: Conducted power measurement results of GSM1900 Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

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7.1.3 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band II

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)024032016-2

1.10	ATO David II	T	Con	ducted Power (dE	Bm)
UN	MTS Band II	Tune-up	9262CH	9400CH	9538CH
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	24.0	23.09	22.61	22.88
VVCDIVIA	12.2kbps AMR	24.0	23.01	22.55	22.81
	Subtest 1	23.0	21.98	21.48	21.82
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.5	21.76	21.29	21.50
ПЭПРА	Subtest 3	22.0	21.24	20.72	21.00
	Subtest 4	22.0	21.17	20.65	20.95
	Subtest 1	21.0	19.82	19.27	19.59
	Subtest 2	21.0	19.77	19.28	19.67
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.0	20.72	20.22	20.59
	Subtest 4	20.5	19.26	18.77	19.05
	Subtest 5	22.5	21.61	21.08	21.56
	Subtest 1	23.0	21.91	21.41	21.72
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.5	21.75	21.20	21.44
DO-HODPA	Subtest 3	22.0	21.13	20.74	20.88
	Subtest 4	22.0	21.02	20.60	20.86
HSPA+	Subtest 1(UL 16QAM)	21.0	19.46	19.55	19.50

Table 15: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band II Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band II is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a Second mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of Second to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the Second mode.

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7.1.4 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band IV

1.18	ATC David IV	T	Con	ducted Power (d	dBm)
UN	ITS Band IV	Tune-up	1312CH	1413CH	1513CH
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	24.0	22.61	22.75	22.24
VVCDIVIA	12.2kbps AMR	24.0	22.55	22.76	22.22
	Subtest 1	23.0	21.65	21.77	21.22
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.5	21.38	21.55	20.93
	Subtest 3	22.0	20.82	20.98	20.38
	Subtest 4	22.0	20.77	20.93	20.36
	Subtest 1	21.0	19.48	19.59	19.02
	Subtest 2	21.0	19.42	19.58	19.03
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.0	20.47	20.61	20.05
	Subtest 4	20.5	18.86	19.00	18.54
	Subtest 5	22.5	21.46	21.59	21.17
	Subtest 1	23.0	21.61	21.75	21.24
DC HCDDA	Subtest 2	22.5	21.30	21.50	20.82
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	22.0	20.77	20.91	20.24
	Subtest 4	22.0	20.71	20.95	20.30
HSPA+	Subtest 1(UL 16QAM)	21.0	19.53	19.65	19.58

Table 16: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band IV Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band IV is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a Second mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of Second to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the Second mode.

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7.1.5 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)024032016-2

1.10	ATC Dand V	Tuna un	Con	ducted Power (dE	Bm)
UN	MTS Band V	Tune-up	4132CH	4182CH	4233CH
MCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	24.0	22.96	22.80	23.05
WCDMA	12.2kbps AMR	24.0	22.91	22.79	23.01
	Subtest 1	23.0	21.89	21.83	22.03
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.5	21.68	21.60	21.81
ПЭПРА	Subtest 3	22.0	21.13	21.00	21.20
	Subtest 4	22.0	21.08	20.95	21.15
	Subtest 1	21.0	19.72	19.63	19.84
	Subtest 2	21.0	19.71	19.64	19.82
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.0	20.70	20.60	20.82
	Subtest 4	20.5	19.14	19.10	19.27
	Subtest 5	22.5	21.30	21.22	21.36
	Subtest 1	23.0	21.80	21.81	21.89
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.5	21.64	21.55	21.77
DC-HODPA	Subtest 3	22.0	21.11	20.89	21.10
	Subtest 4	22.0	21.00	20.81	21.07
HSPA+	Subtest 1(UL 16QAM)	21.0	19.62	19.50	19.59

Table 17: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band V

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band V is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a Second mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of Second to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the Second mode.

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7.1.6 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band II

Dan dayi dab	Madulatian	DD size	DD effect	T	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	18625CH	18900CH	19175CH
		1	0	23.0	22.98	22.88	22.90
		1	13	23.0	22.96	22.87	22.95
		1	24	23.0	22.99	22.88	22.99
	QPSK	12	0	22.0	21.84	21.80	21.80
		12	6	22.0	21.84	21.78	21.80
		12	13	22.0	21.86	21.81	21.83
5MHz		25	0	22.0	21.79	21.75	21.76
SIVII IZ		1	0	22.0	21.92	21.91	21.86
		1	13	22.0	21.92	21.91	21.88
		1	24	22.0	21.95	21.95	21.93
	16QAM	12	0	21.0	20.91	20.93	20.84
		12	6	21.0	20.89	20.92	20.86
		12	13	21.0	20.90	20.96	20.89
		25	0	21.0	20.80	20.83	20.78
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Banawiani	Wodalation	TID SIZE	TID OHSEL	Turic up	18650CH	18900CH	19150CH
		1	0	23.0	22.86	22.76	22.70
		1	25	23.0	22.93	22.75	22.85
		1	49	23.0	22.94	22.77	22.91
	QPSK	25	0	22.0	21.80	21.73	21.69
		25	13	22.0	21.81	21.72	21.73
		25	25	22.0	21.83	21.78	21.74
108844-		50	0	22.0	21.79	21.79	21.74
10MHz		1	0	22.0	21.67	21.63	21.53
		1	25	22.0	21.70	21.67	21.57
		1	49	22.0	21.71	21.67	21.61
	16QAM	25	0	21.0	20.84	20.82	20.73
		25	13	21.0	20.82	20.84	20.76
		25	25	21.0	20.84	20.88	20.77
		50	0	21.0	20.80	20.85	20.76

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Dan desidab	M. L.L.C	DD :	DD (()	-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	18675CH	18900CH	19125CH
		1	0	23.0	22.91	22.87	22.72
		1	38	23.0	22.93	22.79	22.79
		1	74	23.0	22.95	22.76	22.94
	QPSK	36	0	22.0	21.99	21.89	21.80
		36	18	22.0	21.98	21.84	21.84
		36	39	22.0	21.99	21.87	21.96
15MHz		75	0	22.0	21.99	21.88	21.90
ISIVITZ	16QAM	1	0	22.0	21.67	21.67	21.64
		1	38	22.0	21.67	21.66	21.58
		1	74	22.0	21.70	21.69	21.67
		36	0	21.0	20.90	20.84	20.79
		36	18	21.0	20.89	20.84	20.82
		36	39	21.0	20.90	20.87	20.88
		75	0	21.0	20.92	20.87	20.87
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii	Wodalation	TID SIZE	TID OHSEL	Tune up	18700CH	18900CH	19100CH
		1	0	23.0	22.95	22.86	22.71
		1	50	23.0	22.94	22.80	22.73
		1	50 99	23.0 23.0	22.94 22.89	22.80 22.80	22.73 22.72
	QPSK						
	QPSK	1	99	23.0	22.89	22.80	22.72
	QPSK	1 50	99	23.0 22.0	22.89 21.87	22.80 21.82	22.72 21.77
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50	99 0 25	23.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87	22.80 21.82 21.88	22.72 21.77 21.74
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50 50	99 0 25 50	23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87 21.87	22.80 21.82 21.88 21.85	22.72 21.77 21.74 21.77
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50 50 50	99 0 25 50 0	23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87 21.87 21.81	22.80 21.82 21.88 21.85 21.84	22.72 21.77 21.74 21.77 21.72
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50 50 100	99 0 25 50 0	23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87 21.87 21.81 21.13	22.80 21.82 21.88 21.85 21.84 21.05	22.72 21.77 21.74 21.77 21.72 21.09
20 M Hz	QPSK 16QAM	1 50 50 50 100 1	99 0 25 50 0 0 50	23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87 21.87 21.81 21.13 21.08	22.80 21.82 21.88 21.85 21.84 21.05 21.08	22.72 21.77 21.74 21.77 21.72 21.09 21.01
20MHz		1 50 50 50 100 1 1 1	99 0 25 50 0 0 50 99	23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87 21.87 21.81 21.13 21.08 21.10	22.80 21.82 21.88 21.85 21.84 21.05 21.08 21.11	22.72 21.77 21.74 21.77 21.72 21.09 21.01 21.17
20MHz		1 50 50 50 100 1 1 1 1 50	99 0 25 50 0 0 50 99	23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.89 21.87 21.87 21.87 21.81 21.13 21.08 21.10 19.64	22.80 21.82 21.88 21.85 21.84 21.05 21.08 21.11 19.62	22.72 21.77 21.74 21.77 21.72 21.09 21.01 21.17 19.65

Table 18: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band II

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7.1.7 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band IV

Domahusi dalah	Madulation	RB size	DD offeet	Tuna un	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB SIZE	RB offset	Tune-up	19957CH	20175CH	20393CH
		1	0	23.0	22.43	22.26	21.92
		1	3	23.0	22.41	22.20	21.86
		1	5	23.0	22.39	22.23	21.87
	QPSK	3	0	23.0	22.30	22.21	21.88
		3	2	23.0	22.30	22.18	21.85
		3	3	23.0	22.31	22.22	21.85
1.4MHz		6	0	22.0	21.41	21.20	20.86
1.41/11/12		1	0	22.0	21.33	21.25	20.88
		1	3	22.0	21.34	21.25	20.86
		1	5	22.0	21.33	21.25	20.84
	16QAM	3	0	22.0	21.28	21.23	20.85
		3	2	22.0	21.27	21.20	20.82
		3	3	22.0	21.27	21.23	20.82
		6	0	21.0	20.41	20.29	19.92
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii	Modulation	TID SIZE	TID Ollset	Tune-up	19965CH	20175CH	20385CH
		1	0	23.0	22.33	22.15	21.89
		1	7	23.0	22.31	22.13	21.85
		4					
		1	14	23.0	22.30	22.16	21.79
	QPSK	8	14 0	23.0 22.0	22.30 21.42	22.16 21.24	21.79 20.95
	QPSK						
	QPSK	8	0	22.0	21.42	21.24	20.95
3MHz	QPSK	8	0 4	22.0 22.0	21.42 21.42	21.24 21.26	20.95 20.95
ЗМНz	QPSK	8 8 8	0 4 7	22.0 22.0 22.0	21.42 21.42 21.39	21.24 21.26 21.24	20.95 20.95 20.90
ЗМНz	QPSK	8 8 8	0 4 7 0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.42 21.42 21.39 21.32	21.24 21.26 21.24 21.20	20.95 20.95 20.90 20.87
ЗМНz	QPSK	8 8 8 15	0 4 7 0 0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.42 21.42 21.39 21.32 21.46	21.24 21.26 21.24 21.20 21.39	20.95 20.95 20.90 20.87 21.07
ЗМНz	QPSK 16QAM	8 8 8 15 1	0 4 7 0 0 7	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.42 21.42 21.39 21.32 21.46 21.40	21.24 21.26 21.24 21.20 21.39 21.32	20.95 20.95 20.90 20.87 21.07 20.98
ЗМНz		8 8 8 15 1 1	0 4 7 0 0 7 14	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.42 21.42 21.39 21.32 21.46 21.40 21.41	21.24 21.26 21.24 21.20 21.39 21.32 21.37	20.95 20.95 20.90 20.87 21.07 20.98 20.93
3MHz		8 8 8 15 1 1 1 1 8	0 4 7 0 0 7 14	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 21.0	21.42 21.42 21.39 21.32 21.46 21.40 21.41 20.38	21.24 21.26 21.24 21.20 21.39 21.32 21.37 20.28	20.95 20.95 20.90 20.87 21.07 20.98 20.93 19.96

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Decel 188			DD "	_	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	19975CH	20175CH	20375CH
		1	0	23.0	22.51	22.32	22.20
		1	13	23.0	22.47	22.32	22.07
		1	24	23.0	22.39	22.25	21.93
	QPSK	12	0	22.0	21.37	21.26	21.02
		12	6	22.0	21.35	21.24	20.98
		12	13	22.0	21.35	21.21	20.90
5MHz		25	0	22.0	21.32	21.20	20.92
SIVILIZ		1	0	22.0	21.50	21.38	21.18
		1	13	22.0	21.47	21.39	21.08
		1	24	22.0	21.40	21.31	20.94
	16QAM	12	0	21.0	20.37	20.31	20.08
		12	6	21.0	20.36	20.29	20.00
		12	13	21.0	20.36	20.27	19.96
		25	0	21.0	20.28	20.19	19.91
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Banawiatii	Modulation	110 3120	TID OHSEL	Turic up	20000CH	20175CH	20350CH
		1	0	23.0	22.45	22.24	22.24
		1	25	23.0	22.30	22.18	22.03
		1	49	23.0	22.27	22.23	21.89
	QPSK	25	0	22.0	21.35	21.20	21.10
		25	13	22.0	21.30	21.19	20.99
		25	25	22.0	21.27	21.20	20.91
10MHz		50	0	22.0	21.30	21.22	21.00
IUIVINZ		1	0	22.0	21.25	21.16	21.06
		1	25	22.0	21.13	21.07	20.87
		1	49	22.0	21.13	21.08	20.69
	16QAM	25	0	21.0	20.29	20.20	20.08
		25	13	21.0	20.26	20.18	19.99
		25	25	21.0	20.24	20.18	19.91

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Donadoui dalo	M. L.L.C	DD :	DD (()	-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20025CH	20175CH	20325CH
		1	0	23.0	22.51	22.31	22.35
		1	38	23.0	22.35	22.25	22.23
		1	74	23.0	22.31	22.34	21.97
	QPSK	36	0	22.0	21.48	21.33	21.33
		36	18	22.0	21.43	21.34	21.27
		36	39	22.0	21.41	21.33	21.14
15MHz		75	0	22.0	21.46	21.33	21.26
TOWITIZ		1	0	22.0	21.27	21.16	21.17
		1	38	22.0	21.17	21.13	21.05
		1	74	22.0	21.19	21.15	20.77
	16QAM	36	0	21.0	20.37	20.26	20.25
		36	18	21.0	20.34	20.25	20.17
		36	39	21.0	20.32	20.23	20.07
		75	0	21.0	20.37	20.26	20.17
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii	Modulation	TID SIZE	TID OHSEL	rune up	20050CH	20175CH	20300CH
		1	0	23.0	22.52	22.35	22.32
						22.00	LL.UL
		1	50	23.0	22.32	22.27	22.26
		1 1	50 99				
	QPSK			23.0	22.32	22.27	22.26
	QPSK	1	99	23.0 23.0	22.32 22.38	22.27 22.38	22.26 22.04
	QPSK	1 50	99	23.0 23.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36	22.27 22.38 21.27	22.26 22.04 21.30
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50	99 0 25	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50 50	99 0 25 50	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29 21.31	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25 21.27	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20 21.06
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50 50 100	99 0 25 50 0	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29 21.31 21.33	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25 21.27 21.27	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20 21.06 21.17
20MHz	QPSK	1 50 50 50 100	99 0 25 50 0	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29 21.31 21.33 21.88	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25 21.27 21.27 21.77	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20 21.06 21.17 21.76
20MHz	QPSK 16QAM	1 50 50 50 100 1	99 0 25 50 0 0 50	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29 21.31 21.33 21.88 21.70	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25 21.27 21.27 21.77 21.68	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20 21.06 21.17 21.76 21.61
20MHz		1 50 50 50 100 1 1	99 0 25 50 0 0 50 99	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29 21.31 21.33 21.88 21.70 21.84	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25 21.27 21.27 21.77 21.68 21.80	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20 21.06 21.17 21.76 21.61 21.40
20MHz		1 50 50 50 100 1 1 1 1 50	99 0 25 50 0 0 50 99	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.32 22.38 21.36 21.29 21.31 21.33 21.88 21.70 21.84 20.32	22.27 22.38 21.27 21.25 21.27 21.27 21.77 21.68 21.80 20.24	22.26 22.04 21.30 21.20 21.06 21.17 21.76 21.61 21.40 20.26

Table 19: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band IV

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7.1.8 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V

Donalisi dili	Madulatian	DD eine	DD offeet	T	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20407CH	20525CH	20643CH
		1	0	23.0	22.00	21.83	21.57
		1	3	23.0	22.05	21.82	21.63
		1	5	23.0	21.99	21.75	21.57
	QPSK	3	0	23.0	22.07	21.83	21.60
		3	2	23.0	22.08	21.83	21.64
1.4MHz		3	3	23.0	22.07	21.81	21.65
		6	0	22.0	21.00	20.75	20.59
1.4WITZ		1	0	22.0	21.19	20.97	20.71
		1	3	22.0	21.26	21.01	20.77
		1	5	22.0	21.18	20.92	20.72
	16QAM	3	0	22.0	21.16	20.87	20.63
		3	2	22.0	21.15	20.87	20.66
		3	3	22.0	21.15	20.88	20.66
		6	0	21.0	20.20	19.93	19.72
Bandwidth	Modulation	RR size					
	Modulation	DR cizo	DR offcot	Tuno-un	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel 20415CH	Channel 20525CH	Channel 20635CH
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up 23.0			
Bandwidth	Modulation			·	20415CH	20525CH	20635CH
Bandwidth	Modulation	1	0	23.0	20415CH 21.95	20525CH 21.79	20635CH 21.77
Bandwidth	Modulation QPSK	1 1	0 7	23.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98	20525CH 21.79 21.78	20635CH 21.77 21.54
Bandwidth		1 1 1	0 7 14	23.0 23.0 23.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51
Bandwidth		1 1 1 8	0 7 14 0	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68
		1 1 1 8 8	0 7 14 0 4	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65
Bandwidth 3MHz		1 1 1 8 8 8	0 7 14 0 4 7	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01 20.98	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88 20.81	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65 20.62
		1 1 1 8 8 8 8	0 7 14 0 4 7	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01 20.98 21.01	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88 20.81 20.82	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65 20.62 20.66
		1 1 1 8 8 8 8 15	0 7 14 0 4 7 0	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01 20.98 21.01 21.34	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88 20.81 20.82 21.15	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65 20.62 20.66 21.13
		1 1 1 8 8 8 8 15 1	0 7 14 0 4 7 0 0 0	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01 20.98 21.01 21.34 21.35	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88 20.81 20.82 21.15 21.13	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65 20.62 20.66 21.13 20.91
	QPSK	1 1 1 8 8 8 8 15 1 1	0 7 14 0 4 7 0 0 7	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01 20.98 21.01 21.34 21.35 21.23	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88 20.81 20.82 21.15 21.13 21.06	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65 20.62 20.66 21.13 20.91 20.83
	QPSK	1 1 1 8 8 8 15 1 1 1 1	0 7 14 0 4 7 0 0 0 7 14	23.0 23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	20415CH 21.95 21.98 21.90 21.06 21.01 20.98 21.01 21.34 21.35 21.23 20.17	20525CH 21.79 21.78 21.69 20.88 20.88 20.81 20.82 21.15 21.13 21.06 19.96	20635CH 21.77 21.54 21.51 20.68 20.65 20.62 20.66 21.13 20.91 20.83 19.78

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Dan duvi dila	Madulatian	DD -:	DD -#	т	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20425CH	20525CH	20625CH
		1	0	23.0	22.11	22.07	22.38
		1	13	23.0	22.02	21.89	21.90
		1	24	23.0	22.06	21.88	21.76
	QPSK	12	0	22.0	21.03	20.94	21.22
		12	6	22.0	21.00	20.87	20.94
		12	13	22.0	20.97	20.81	20.74
5MHz		25	0	22.0	20.98	20.83	20.94
SIVILIZ		1	0	22.0	21.25	21.18	21.54
		1	13	22.0	21.19	21.04	21.03
		1	24	22.0	21.22	21.02	20.87
	16QAM	12	0	21.0	20.14	20.02	20.33
		12	6	21.0	20.11	19.95	20.03
		12	13	21.0	20.08	19.91	19.83
		25	0	21.0	20.03	19.85	19.96
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii	iviodulation	ND SIZE	no onset	Turie-up	20450CH	20525CH	20600CH
		1	0	23.0	22.05	22.03	21.62
		1	0 25	23.0 23.0	22.05 22.01	22.03 21.80	
							21.62
	QPSK	1	25	23.0	22.01	21.80	21.62 21.60
	QPSK	1	25 49	23.0 23.0	22.01 22.04	21.80 21.93	21.62 21.60 21.63
	QPSK	1 1 25	25 49 0	23.0 23.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02	21.80 21.93 20.96	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99
101411	QPSK	1 1 25 25	25 49 0 13	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00
10MHz	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25	25 49 0 13 25	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00 21.01	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81 20.79	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00 20.92
10MHz	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 25 50	25 49 0 13 25 0	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00 21.01 21.07	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81 20.79 20.87	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00 20.92 21.00
10MHz	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1	25 49 0 13 25 0	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00 21.01 21.07 21.06	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81 20.79 20.87 21.03	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00 20.92 21.00 20.76
10MHz	QPSK 16QAM	1 1 25 25 25 50 1	25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00 21.01 21.07 21.06 21.02	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81 20.79 20.87 21.03 20.80	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00 20.92 21.00 20.76 21.27
10MHz		1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1	25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00 21.01 21.07 21.06 21.02 21.05	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81 20.79 20.87 21.03 20.80 20.94	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00 20.92 21.00 20.76 21.27 20.62
10MHz		1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	22.01 22.04 21.02 21.00 21.01 21.07 21.06 21.02 21.05 20.04	21.80 21.93 20.96 20.81 20.79 20.87 21.03 20.80 20.94 19.98	21.62 21.60 21.63 20.99 21.00 20.92 21.00 20.76 21.27 20.62 20.08

Table 20: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band V

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7.1.9 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII

Dan abadab	Markalatian	DD -:	DD -#	т	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20775CH	21100CH	21425CH
		1	0	23.0	21.97	21.83	22.19
		1	13	23.0	21.97	21.83	22.18
		1	24	23.0	21.92	21.80	22.12
	QPSK	12	0	22.0	20.88	20.75	21.09
		12	6	22.0	20.85	20.74	21.09
		12	13	22.0	20.85	20.73	21.07
5MHz		25	0	22.0	20.84	20.71	21.03
SIVII IZ		1	0	22.0	20.99	20.91	21.22
		1	13	22.0	21.00	20.90	21.22
		1	24	22.0	20.95	20.86	21.18
	16QAM	12	0	21.0	19.91	19.81	20.10
		12	6	21.0	19.88	19.73	20.13
		12	13	21.0	19.90	19.80	20.12
		25	0	21.0	19.81	19.71	20.02
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Banawiatii		110 0120	TID OHOOL	Tano ap	20800CH	21100CH	21400CH
		1	0	23.0	21.93	21.78	22.05
		1	25	23.0	21.93	21.74	22.09
		1	49	23.0	21.85	21.84	22.11
	QPSK	25	0	22.0	20.88	20.75	21.00
		25	13	22.0	20.84	20.74	21.03
		25	25	22.0	20.86	20.75	21.06
10MU-		50	0	22.0	20.86	20.74	21.02
10MHz		1	0	22.0	20.75	20.66	20.88
		1	25	22.0	20.77	20.63	20.96
		1	49	22.0	20.68	20.67	20.95
	16QAM	25	0	21.0	19.85	19.74	19.97
		25	13	21.0	19.81	19.71	20.00
		25	25	21.0	19.85	19.75	20.04
		50	0	21.0	19.81	19.69	19.99

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Donahadah	NA LLC	DD :	DD (()	-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20825CH	21100CH	21375CH
		1	0	23.0	21.96	21.82	21.96
		1	38	23.0	21.90	21.75	22.06
		1	74	23.0	21.86	21.86	22.09
	QPSK	36	0	22.0	21.00	20.82	21.06
		36	18	22.0	20.96	20.82	21.12
		36	39	22.0	20.94	20.86	21.15
15MHz		75	0	22.0	20.96	20.85	21.12
ISIVITZ		1	0	22.0	20.79	20.70	20.80
		1	38	22.0	20.73	20.63	20.90
		1	74	22.0	20.70	20.71	20.96
	16QAM	36	0	21.0	19.89	19.75	19.98
		36	18	21.0	19.89	19.75	20.03
		36	39	21.0	19.84	19.79	20.05
		75	0	21.0	19.87	19.78	20.04
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii		TID SIZE	TID OHSEL	rune up	20850CH	21100CH	21350CH
		1	0	23.0	22.01	24.02	
			U	23.0	22.01	21.93	22.04
		1	50	23.0	21.92	21.79	22.04
	QPSK	1	50	23.0	21.92	21.79	22.06
	QPSK	1	50 99	23.0 23.0	21.92 21.93	21.79 21.90	22.06 22.19
	QPSK	1 1 50	50 99 0	23.0 23.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87	21.79 21.90 20.81	22.06 22.19 20.93
20MH-2	QPSK	1 1 50 50	50 99 0 25	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96
20MHz	QPSK	1 1 50 50 50	50 99 0 25 50	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87 20.85	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76 20.81	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96 21.20
20MHz	QPSK	1 1 50 50 50 50	50 99 0 25 50	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87 20.85 20.85	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76 20.81 20.82	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96 21.20 20.99
20MHz	QPSK	1 1 50 50 50 100	50 99 0 25 50 0	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87 20.85 20.85 21.37	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76 20.81 20.82 21.36	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96 21.20 20.99 21.40
20MHz	QPSK 16QAM	1 1 50 50 50 100 1	50 99 0 25 50 0 0	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87 20.85 20.85 21.37 21.35	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76 20.81 20.82 21.36 21.24	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96 21.20 20.99 21.40 21.46
20MHz		1 1 50 50 50 100 1 1	50 99 0 25 50 0 0 50 99	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87 20.85 20.85 21.37 21.35 21.32	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76 20.81 20.82 21.36 21.24 21.40	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96 21.20 20.99 21.40 21.46 21.61
20MHz		1 1 50 50 50 100 1 1 1 1 50	50 99 0 25 50 0 0 50 99	23.0 23.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	21.92 21.93 20.87 20.87 20.85 20.85 21.37 21.35 21.32 19.85	21.79 21.90 20.81 20.76 20.81 20.82 21.36 21.24 21.40 19.80	22.06 22.19 20.93 20.96 21.20 20.99 21.40 21.46 21.61 19.90

Table 21: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band VII

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7.1.10 Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)
	1	2412		17.5	16.32	Yes
802.11b	6	2437	1	17.5	16.69	Yes
	11	2462		17.5	16.55	Yes
	1	2412		17.0	Not Required	No
802.11g	6	2437	6	17.0	Not Required	No
	11	2462		17.0	Not Required	No
000 11 =	1	2412		15.0	Not Required	No
802.11n- 20M	6	2437	6.5	15.0	Not Required	No
20101	11	2462		15.0	Not Required	No
000 44.5	3	2422		15.0	Not Required	No
802.11n- 40M	6	2437	13.5	15.0	Not Required	No
+UIVI	9	2452		15.0	Not Required	No

Table 22: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G.

Note: 1) The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.

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7.1.11 Conducted power measurements of BT

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

BT 2450	Tung up	Av	verage Conducted Power	r (dBm)				
D1 2430	Tune-up	0CH	39CH	78CH				
DH5	9.0	7.22	7.85	7.61				
2DH5	9.0	5.87	6.77	6.67				
3DH5	9.0	5.37	6.66	6.62				

BT 2450	Tune-up	Average Conducted Power (dBm)						
D1 2430	rune-up	0CH	19CH	39CH				
BT 4.0	3.0	-0.25	0.22	0.41				

Table 23: Conducted power measurement results of BT.

Note: The conducted power of BT is measured with RMS detector.

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7.2 SAR measurement Results

General Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01, all SAR measurement results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate SAR compliance.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
- \leq 0.8W/kg for 1-g or 2.0W/kg for 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100MHz.
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
- \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB865664 D01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Per KDB941225 D06, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 5) Per KDB648474 D04, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported body-worn SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for detailed SAR plots).

GSM Notes:

- 1) Per KDB941225 D01, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 2) Per KDB648474 D04, the device does not support DTM function. Body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.

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UMTS Notes:

1) Per KDB941225 D01, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a Second mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of Second to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the Second mode.

LTE Notes:

- 1) The LTE test configurations are determined according to KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03. The general test procedures used for SAR testing can be found in Section 6.5.
- 2) A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test by setting NS_01 on the base station simulator.SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(maximum TTI)

WiFi Notes:

Per KDB248227D01:

- 1) When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 2) When the DSSS *reported* SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 3) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations
- 4) The highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.

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7.2.1 SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
		Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test	data with	battery 1	#			
Left touch	190/836.6	GSM	0.496	0.374	0.050	32.84	33.50	0.577	21.6°C
Left tilt	190/836.6	GSM	0.310	0.239	0.030	32.84	33.50	0.361	21.6°C
Right touch	190/836.6	GSM	0.451	0.341	0.000	32.84	33.50	0.525	21.6°C
Right tilt	190/836.6	GSM	0.302	0.210	0.080	32.84	33.50	0.352	21.6°C
Left touch	128/824.2	GSM	0.417	0.315	0.070	32.83	33.50	0.487	21.6°C
Left touch	251/848.8	GSM	0.531	0.399	0.040	32.79	33.50	0.625	21.6°C
		Teste	ed at the	worst pos	sition with	battery 2#			
Left touch	251/848.8	GSM	0.536	0.402	0.070	32.79	33.50	0.631	21.6°C

Table 24: Head SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Body-Worn	Test channel	Test	SAR \		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
with 15mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test c	lata with	battery 1#	#			
Front Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.557	0.426	0.020	32.84	33.50	0.648	21.5°C
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.671	0.512	0.030	32.84	33.50	0.781	21.5°C
	Tested at the worst position with battery 2#								
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.635	0.484	0.010	32.84	33.50	0.739	21.5°C

Table 25: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test	data with	battery 1#	‡			
Front Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.921	0.721	-0.040	32.08	32.50	1.015	21.5°C
Front Side	128/824.2	GPRS 2TS	0.852	0.661	-0.010	32.11	32.50	0.932	21.5°C
Front Side	251/848.8	GPRS 2TS	0.921	0.711	0.000	32.05	32.50	1.022	21.5°C
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	1.220	0.942	-0.020	32.08	32.50	1.344	21.5°C
Back Side- Repeated	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	1.190	0.919	-0.050	32.08	32.50	1.311	21.5°C
Back Side	128/824.2	GPRS 2TS	1.160	0.892	-0.010	32.11	32.50	1.269	21.5°C
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS 2TS	1.210	0.925	-0.040	32.05	32.50	1.342	21.5°C
Left Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	1.090	0.754	0.000	32.08	32.50	1.201	21.5°C
Left Side	128/824.2	GPRS 2TS	1.040	0.705	-0.020	32.11	32.50	1.138	21.5°C
Left Side	251/848.8	GPRS 2TS	1.070	0.722	0.010	32.05	32.50	1.187	21.5°C
Right Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.933	0.646	0.040	32.08	32.50	1.028	21.5°C
Right Side	128/824.2	GPRS 2TS	0.918	0.623	0.080	32.11	32.50	1.004	21.5°C
Right Side	251/848.8	GPRS 2TS	0.877	0.595	0.020	32.05	32.50	0.973	21.5°C
Bottom Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.120	0.067	0.010	32.08	32.50	0.132	21.5°C
			d at the v	vorst pos	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	1.220	0.937	-0.070	32.08	32.50	1.344	21.5°C

Table 26: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850

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7.2.2 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position	Test	Test	SAR (W/		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune- up	Scaled	Liquid		
of Head	channel /Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR1-g (W/kg)	Temp.		
The data of CUN-L03 from the report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)001122015-2											
			Test	data with	battery 1#	#					
Left touch	661/1880	GSM	0.136	0.089	0.020	29.74	30.50	0.162	21.4°C		
Left tilt	661/1880	GSM	0.124	0.073	0.070	29.74	30.50	0.148	21.4°C		
Right touch	661/1880	GSM	0.248	0.157	0.160	29.74	30.50	0.295	21.4°C		
Right tilt	661/1880	GSM	0.124	0.077	0.180	29.74	30.50	0.148	21.4°C		
Right touch	512/1850.2	GSM	0.277	0.176	0.110	29.99	30.50	0.312	21.4°C		
Right touch	810/1909.8	GSM	0.231	0.144	0.110	29.86	30.50	0.268	21.4°C		
		Teste	d at the v	worst pos	sition with I	battery 2#					
Right touch	512/1850.2	GSM	0.266	0.170	0.140	29.99	30.50	0.299	21.4°C		
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the	worst posi	tion of Cl	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 1#		
Right touch	512/1850.2	GSM	0.271	0.172	0.090	29.99	30.50	0.305	21.4°C		
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the	worst posi	tion of Cl	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 2#		
Right touch	512/1850.2	GSM	0.264	0.168	0.180	29.99	30.50	0.297	21.4°C		

Table 27: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

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Test Position of Body-Worn	Test channel	Test	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 15mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data of	of CUN-LO	3 from th	ne repor	t No.: SYB	H(Z-SAR)0011	122015-2		
			Test c	lata with	battery 1#	‡			
Front Side	661/1880	GSM	0.119	0.068	0.110	29.74	30.50	0.142	21.4°C
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.221	0.119	0.140	29.74	30.50	0.263	21.4°C
		Tested	at the w	orst pos	sition with I	oattery 2#			
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.237	0.127	0.190	29.74	30.50	0.282	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	on of CL	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 1#
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.153	0.104	0.140	29.74	30.50	0.182	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	on of CL	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.166	0.116	-0.140	29.74	30.50	0.198	21.4°C

Table 28: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR (W/		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data of	of CUN-LO	3 from t	he repoi	t No.: SYE	H(Z-SAR)001	22015-2		
			Test	data with	n battery 1#	#			
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.396	0.213	-0.120	29.07	29.50	0.437	21.4°C
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.845	0.411	0.090	29.07	29.50	0.933	21.4°C
Back Side	512/1850.2	GPRS 2TS	0.775	0.379	0.140	29.27	29.50	0.817	21.4°C
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS 2TS	0.935	0.451	0.070	29.26	29.50	0.988	21.4°C
Left Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.064	0.037	0.070	29.07	29.50	0.070	21.4°C
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.277	0.157	0.090	29.07	29.50	0.306	21.4°C
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.596	0.327	0.090	29.07	29.50	0.658	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the v	vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS 2TS	0.969	0.474	-0.050	29.26	29.50	1.024	21.4°C
Back Side- Repeated	810/1909.8	GPRS 2TS	0.874	0.430	0.130	29.26	29.50	0.924	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of Cl	JN-L03(report No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 1#
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS 2TS	0.845	0.406	0.080	29.26	29.50	0.893	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of Cl	JN-L03(report No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS 2TS	0.775	0.373	0.010	29.26	29.50	0.819	21.4°C

Table 29: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

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7.2.3 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band II

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)024032016-2

Test Position	Test channel	Test	_	Value ′kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
of Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data of	of CUN-L	03 from t	the repor	t No.: SYE	3H(Z-SAR)001	122015-2		
	Test data with battery 1#								
Left touch	9400/1880	RMC	0.206	0.137	0.110	22.61	24.00	0.284	21.4°C
Left tilt	9400/1880	RMC	0.178	0.105	0.040	22.61	24.00	0.245	21.4°C
Right touch	9400/1880	RMC	0.366	0.232	0.140	22.61	24.00	0.504	21.4°C
Right tilt	9400/1880	RMC	0.173	0.108	0.030	22.61	24.00	0.238	21.4°C
Right touch	9262/1852.4	RMC	0.463	0.296	0.150	23.09	24.00	0.571	21.4°C
Right touch	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.346	0.218	0.150	22.88	24.00	0.448	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the	worst pos	ition with	battery 2#			
Right touch	9262/1852.4	RMC	0.473	0.303	-0.030	23.09	24.00	0.583	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posi	tion of Cl	UN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 1#
Right touch	9262/1852.4	RMC	0.506	0.323	0.190	23.09	24.00	0.624	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posi	tion of Cl	UN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 2#
Right touch	9262/1852.4	RMC	0.504	0.321	-0.080	23.09	24.00	0.621	21.4°C

Table 30: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band II

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The data	of CUN-LO	3 from th	ne repor	t No.: SYB	I H(Z-SAR)0011			
			Test o	lata with	battery 1#	<i>‡</i>			
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.164	0.094	0.130	22.61	24.00	0.226	21.4°C
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.336	0.180	0.130	22.61	24.00	0.463	21.4°C
		Tested	at the w	orst pos	sition with I	oattery 2#			
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.324	0.173	0.190	22.61	24.00	0.446	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	on of CL	IN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 1#
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.263	0.138	0.110	22.61	24.00	0.362	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	on of CL	IN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.300	0.220	0.030	22.61	24.00	0.413	21.4°C

Table 31: Body-Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band II

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 10mm	Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data o	f CUN-LO	3 from th	ne report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)0011	22015-2		
Test data with battery 1#									
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.363	0.195	-0.170	22.61	24.00	0.500	21.4°C
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.730	0.361	0.070	22.61	24.00	1.005	21.4°C
Back Side	9262/1852.4	RMC	0.796	0.396	0.040	23.09	24.00	0.982	21.4°C
Back Side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.819	0.403	0.140	22.88	24.00	1.060	21.4°C
Left Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.053	0.030	0.060	22.61	24.00	0.073	21.4°C
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.213	0.131	0.190	22.61	24.00	0.293	21.4°C
Bottom Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.543	0.296	0.050	22.61	24.00	0.748	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the w	orst pos	ition with b	attery 2#			
Back Side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.841	0.410	0.190	22.88	24.00	1.088	21.4°C
Back Side- Repeated	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.871	0.425	0.050	22.88	24.00	1.127	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the wo	rst posit	ion of CL	JN-L03(re	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 1#
Back Side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.863	0.414	0.070	22.88	24.00	1.117	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the wo	rst posit	ion of CL	JN-L03(re	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.827	0.398	0.040	22.88	24.00	1.070	21.4°C

Table 32: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band II

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7.2.4 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band IV

Test Position	Test channel /	Test	SAR (W/		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
of Head	Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data of	of CUN-L	03 from t	he repor	t No.: SYE	3H(Z-SAR)0011	22015-2		
			Test	data with	battery 1#	#			
Left touch	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.188	0.126	0.110	22.75	24.00	0.251	21.3°C
Left tilt	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.174	0.111	0.080	22.75	24.00	0.232	21.3°C
Right touch	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.317	0.204	0.030	22.75	24.00	0.423	21.3°C
Right tilt	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.169	0.111	0.080	22.75	24.00	0.225	21.3°C
Right touch	1312/1712.4	RMC	0.320	0.209	0.080	22.61	24.00	0.441	21.3°C
Right touch	1513/1752.6	RMC	0.267	0.171	0.170	22.24	24.00	0.400	21.3°C
		Teste	d at the v	worst pos	ition with	battery 2#			
Right touch	1312/1712.4	RMC	0.310	0.202	0.040	22.61	24.00	0.427	21.3°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posi	tion of Cl	UN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 1#
Right touch	1312/1712.4	RMC	0.236	0.165	0.190	22.61	24.00	0.325	21.3°C
CUN-L03(new)	CUN-L03(new) Tested at the worst position of CUN-L03(report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)001122015-2) with battery 2#								
Right touch	1312/1712.4	RMC	0.239	0.167	0.180	22.61	24.00	0.329	21.3°C

Table 33: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band IV

	11044 07 11 1 1001						1		
Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The data of	of CUN-LO	3 from th	ne repor	t No.: SYB	H(Z-SAR)001	122015-2		
			Test c	lata with	battery 1#	#			
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.245	0.159	-0.010	22.75	24.00	0.327	21.4°C
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.209	0.119	0.120	22.75	24.00	0.279	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the w	orst pos	sition with I	battery 2#			
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.240	0.157	-0.030	22.75	24.00	0.320	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	ion of CL	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 1#
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.273	0.184	-0.010	22.75	24.00	0.364	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of CL	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.267	0.179	0.040	22.75	24.00	0.356	21.4°C

Table 34: Body-Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band IV

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel /	Test	SAR \((W/		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 10mm	Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data o	f CUN-L	3 from t	he repo	rt No.: SYE	H(Z-SAR)0011	22015-2		
			Test of	data with	n battery 1#	#			
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.366	0.235	0.000	22.75	24.00	0.488	21.4°C
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.471	0.243	0.060	22.75	24.00	0.628	21.4°C
Left Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.055	0.032	0.090	22.75	24.00	0.073	21.4°C
Right Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.249	0.146	0.110	22.75	24.00	0.332	21.4°C
Bottom Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.385	0.213	0.100	22.75	24.00	0.513	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the v	vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.501	0.256	0.070	22.75	24.00	0.668	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of Cl	JN-L03(report No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 1#
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.569	0.304	0.030	22.75	24.00	0.759	21.4°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of Cl	JN-L03(report No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.530	0.286	-0.050	22.75	24.00	0.707	21.4°C

Table 35: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band IV

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7.2.5 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V

Test Position	Test channel /	Test	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
of Head	Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data o	of CUN-L	03 from t	he repor	t No.: SYE	3H(Z-SAR)001	122015-2		
			Test	data with	battery 1	#			
Left touch	4182/836.4	RMC	0.282	0.213	0.140	22.80	24.00	0.372	21.6°C
Left tilt	4182/836.4	RMC	0.161	0.112	0.020	22.80	24.00	0.212	21.6°C
Right touch	4182/836.4	RMC	0.259	0.199	-0.020	22.80	24.00	0.341	21.6°C
Right tilt	4182/836.4	RMC	0.190	0.147	0.050	22.80	24.00	0.250	21.6°C
Left Hand Touched	4132/826.4	RMC	0.284	0.218	0.190	22.96	24.00	0.361	21.6°C
Left touch	4233/846.6	RMC	0.308	0.234	0.150	23.05	24.00	0.383	21.6°C
		Teste	d at the	worst pos	sition with	battery 2#			
Left touch	4233/846.6	RMC	0.304	0.231	0.120	23.05	24.00	0.378	21.6°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posi	tion of Cl	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR	00112201	5-2) with ba	attery 1#
Left touch	4233/846.6	RMC	0.400	0.300	0.030	23.05	24.00	0.498	21.6°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posi	tion of Cl	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	attery 2#
Left touch	4233/846.6	RMC	0.398	0.300	0.110	23.05	24.00	0.495	21.6°C

Table 36: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/\		Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The data of	of CUN-LO	3 from th	ne repor	t No.: SYB	H(Z-SAR)0011			
			Test o	lata with	battery 1#	<i>‡</i>			
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.292	0.223	-0.010	22.80	24.00	0.385	21.5°C
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.360	0.274	-0.020	22.80	24.00	0.475	21.5°C
		Tested	at the w	orst pos	sition with I	oattery 2#			
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.345	0.262	0.000	22.80	24.00	0.455	21.5°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	on of CL	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 1#
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.516	0.393	-0.030	22.80	24.00	0.680	21.5°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst positi	on of CL	JN-L03(r	eport No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ittery 2#
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.517	0.395	-0.030	22.80	24.00	0.682	21.5°C

Table 37: Body-Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band V

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel /	Test	SAR \((W/		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 10mm	Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data o	f CUN-L	03 from t	he repoi	t No.: SYE	BH(Z-SAR)0011	22015-2		
			Test	data with	n battery 1#	#			
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.292	0.225	-0.010	22.80	24.00	0.385	21.5°C
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.399	0.306	-0.010	22.80	24.00	0.526	21.5°C
Left Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.336	0.231	-0.020	22.80	24.00	0.443	21.5°C
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.332	0.224	0.000	22.80	24.00	0.438	21.5°C
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.028	0.016	0.030	22.80	24.00	0.037	21.5°C
		Teste	d at the v	vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.389	0.299	0.000	22.80	24.00	0.513	21.5°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of Cl	JN-L03(report No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 1#
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.584	0.449	-0.020	22.80	24.00	0.770	21.5°C
CUN-L03(new)	Tested at the w	orst posit	ion of Cl	JN-L03(report No.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	00112201	5-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.582	0.448	-0.020	22.80	24.00	0.767	21.5°C

Table 38: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band V

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7.2.6 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band II

Test Position of	Test channel /	Test Mode		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	Freq.(MHz)		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test o	data with	battery 1#				
				1RB					
Left touch	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.387	0.235	-0.040	22.95	23.00	0.391	21.4°C
Left tilt	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.341	0.193	0.020	22.95	23.00	0.345	21.4°C
Right touch	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.592	0.381	0.110	22.95	23.00	0.599	21.4°C
Right touch	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.556	0.326	0.090	22.86	23.00	0.574	21.4°C
Right touch	19100/1900	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.578	0.366	-0.090	22.73	23.00	0.615	21.4°C
Right tilt	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.379	0.221	0.010	22.95	23.00	0.383	21.4°C
				50%F	В				
Left touch	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.279	0.172	0.160	21.88	22.00	0.287	21.4°C
Left tilt	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.270	0.15	0.040	21.88	22.00	0.278	21.4°C
Right touch	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.441	0.258	0.110	21.88	22.00	0.453	21.4°C
Right tilt	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.278	0.162	0.020	21.88	22.00	0.286	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the v	vorst pos	ition with b	attery 2#			
Right touch	19100/1900	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.589	0.371	0.050	22.73	23.00	0.627	21.4°C

Table 39: Head SAR test results of LTE Band II

Table 39: Head SAR test results of LTE Band II										
Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm Test channel / Freq.(MHz)		Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.	
	1000 111000	1-g	10-g							
Test data with battery 1#										
	1RB									
Front Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.380	0.249	0.010	22.95	23.00	0.384	21.4°C	
Back Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.299	0.182	0.160	22.95	23.00	0.302	21.4°C	
	50%RB									
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.266	0.161	-0.180	21.88	22.00	0.273	21.4°C	
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.225	0.134	0.110	21.88	22.00	0.231	21.4°C	
Tested at the worst position with battery 2#										
Front Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.350	0.215	0.070	22.95	23.00	0.354	21.4°C	

Table 40: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band II

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Test Position of	Position of Channel / Test Mod		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Liquid		
Hotspot with 10mm	Freq.(MHz)	rest wode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.		
	Test data with battery 1#										
1RB											
Front Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.562	0.337	0.100	22.95	23.00	0.569	21.4°C		
Back Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.823	0.427	0.180	22.95	23.00	0.833	21.4°C		
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.871	0.436	-0.070	22.86	23.00	0.900	21.4°C		
Back Side	19100/1900	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.969	0.471	-0.020	22.73	23.00	1.031	21.4°C		
Back Side- Repeated	19100/1900	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.909	0.444	0.140	22.73	23.00	0.967	21.4°C		
Left Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.172	0.099	0.060	22.95	23.00	0.174	21.4°C		
Right Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.384	0.220	0.090	22.95	23.00	0.388			
Bottom Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.431	0.248	0.040	22.95	23.00	0.436	21.4°C		
				50%RB	}						
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.434	0.259	0.120	21.88	22.00	0.446	21.4°C		
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.583	0.319	0.180	21.88	22.00	0.599	21.4°C		
Left Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.132	0.076	0.190	21.88	22.00	0.136	21.4°C		
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.293	0.167	0.090	21.88	22.00	0.301	21.4°C		
Bottom Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.346	0.188	-0.050	21.88	22.00	0.356	21.4°C		
100%RB											
Back Side	18700/1860	20M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.633	0.323	0.110	21.84	22.00	0.657	21.4°C		
Tested at the worst position with battery 2#											
Back Side	19100/1900	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.798	0.393	0.130	22.73	23.00	0.849	21.4°C		

Table 41: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band II

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7.2.7 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band IV

Test	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducte	Tune-up	Scaled	Liannia		
Position of	channel /	Test Mode	(W/kg)		Drift	d Power	Power	SAR _{1-g}	Liquid Temp.		
Head	Freq.(MHz)		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	remp.		
	Test data with battery 1#										
1RB											
Left touch	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.441	0.284	0.150	22.52	23.00	0.493	21.3°C		
Left tilt	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.234	0.142	0.040	22.52	23.00	0.261	21.3°C		
Right touch	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.320	0.221	-0.030	22.52	23.00	0.357	21.3°C		
Right tilt	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.271	0.164	0.050	22.52	23.00	0.303	21.3°C		
Left touch	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.458	0.295	0.120	22.38	23.00	0.528	21.3°C		
Left touch	20300/1745	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.467	0.300	0.110	22.32	23.00	0.546	21.3°C		
				50%RB							
Left touch	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.332	0.197	0.030	21.36	22.00	0.385	21.3°C		
Left tilt	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.190	0.115	0.080	21.36	22.00	0.220	21.3°C		
Right touch	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.242	0.154	0.120	21.36	22.00	0.280	21.3°C		
Right tilt	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.213	0.129	0.030	21.36	22.00	0.247	21.3°C		
Tested at the worst position with battery 2#											
Left touch	20300/1745	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.467	0.299	0.160	22.32	23.00	0.546	21.3°C		

Table 42: Head SAR test results of LTE Band IV

Test Position of	Test channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid	
Body-Worn with 15mm			1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
	Test data with battery 1#									
1RB										
Front Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.329	0.212	0.070	22.52	23.00	0.367	21.4°C	
Back Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.462	0.266	-0.030	22.52	23.00	0.516	21.4°C	
	50%RB									
Front Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.253	0.163	0.040	21.36	22.00	0.293	21.4°C	
Back Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.319	0.183	0.020	21.36	22.00	0.370	21.4°C	
Tested at the worst position with battery 2#										
Front Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.460	0.265	0.040	22.52	23.00	0.514	21.4°C	

Table 43: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band IV

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Test Position of	Test channel /		_	Value (kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune- up	Scaled	Liquid
Hotspot with 10mm	Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
			Test dat	ta with ba	ttery 1#				
				1RB					
Front Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.531	0.345	0.000	22.52	23.00	0.593	21.4°C
Back Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.843	0.447	-0.040	22.52	23.00	0.942	21.4°C
Back Side Repeated	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.800	0.429	-0.010	22.52	23.00	0.893	21.4°C
Back Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.758	0.404	0.000	22.38	23.00	0.874	21.4°C
Back Side	20300/1745	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.686	0.369	0.040	22.32	23.00	0.802	21.4°C
Left Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.236	0.136	-0.110	22.52	23.00	0.264	21.4°C
Right Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.226	0.134	-0.010	22.52	23.00	0.252	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.834	0.451	0.050	22.52	23.00	0.931	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.672	0.357	0.020	22.38	23.00	0.775	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20300/1745	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.718	0.389	0.020	22.32	23.00	0.840	21.4°C
				50%RB					
Front Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.406	0.257	0.040	21.36	22.00	0.470	21.4°C
Back Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.518	0.290	0.020	21.36	22.00	0.600	21.4°C
Left Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.184	0.107	-0.070	21.36	22.00	0.213	21.4°C
Right Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.184	0.109	0.000	21.36	22.00	0.213	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.600	0.316	0.040	21.36	22.00	0.695	21.4°C
				100%RB				1	
Back Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.500	0.281	-0.030	21.33	22.00	0.583	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.580	0.306	0.040	21.33	22.00	0.677	21.4°C
			t the wo	rst position	n with bat	tery 2#	ı	1	
Back Side	20050/1720	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.802	0.428	-0.030	22.52	23.00	0.896	21.4°C

Table 44: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band IV

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Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)024032016-2 FCC ID: QISCUN-L03

7.2.8 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band V

Test	Test SAR Value Power Conducted Tune-up Scaled								
Position of	channel /	Test Mode	_	kg)	Drift	Power	Power	SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	Freq.(MHz)	1001 111000	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test c	lata with	battery 1#				
				1RB					
Left touch	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.355	0.270	-0.080	22.05	23.00	0.442	21.6°C
Left tilt	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.236	0.165	-0.190	22.05	23.00	0.294	21.6°C
Right touch	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.331	0.251	-0.110	22.05	23.00	0.412	21.6°C
Right tilt	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.257	0.198	-0.080	22.05	23.00	0.320	21.6°C
Left touch	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.301	0.209	0.160	22.03	23.00	0.376	21.6°C
Left touch	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.305	0.211	0.080	21.63	23.00	0.418	21.6°C
				50%R	В				
Left touch	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.298	0.207	0.160	21.02	22.00	0.373	21.6°C
Left tilt	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.198	0.138	0.060	21.02	22.00	0.248	21.6°C
Right touch	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.280	0.193	0.160	21.02	22.00	0.351	21.6°C
Right tilt	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.213	0.148	0.060	21.02	22.00	0.267	21.6°C
		Tested	at the w	orst posi	tion with b	attery 2#			
Left touch	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.374	0.284	-0.160	22.05	23.00	0.465	21.6°C

Table 45: Head SAR test results of LTE Band V

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Test Position of	Test	To at Manda		Value 'kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	Liquid
Body-Worn with 15mm	channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
			Test c	lata with	battery 1#				
				1RB					
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.565	0.400	0.000	22.05	23.00	0.703	21.5°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.712	0.546	-0.030	22.05	23.00	0.886	21.5°C
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.629	0.445	-0.010	22.03	23.00	0.786	21.5°C
Back Side	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.530	0.375	-0.020	21.63	23.00	0.727	21.5°C
				50%R	В				
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.443	0.314	-0.010	21.02	22.00	0.555	21.5°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.541	0.383	-0.000	21.02	22.00	0.678	21.5°C
				100%F	RB				
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.526	0.373	0.000	21.07	23.00	0.820	21.5°C
		Tested	d at the w	orst pos	tion with b	attery 2#			
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.720	0.551	-0.040	22.05	23.00	0.896	21.5°C

Table 46: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band V

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Test Position of	Test	Took Made		Value 'kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune- up	Scaled	Liquid
Hotspot with 10mm	channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
			Test da	ita with b	attery 1#		-		
			T	1RB	T		ı	1	
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.554	0.393	-0.090	22.05	23.00	0.689	21.5°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.780	0.604	-0.010	22.05	23.00	0.971	21.5°C
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.717	0.554	0.010	22.03	23.00	0.896	21.5°C
Back Side	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.604	0.428	-0.010	21.63	23.00	0.828	21.5°C
Left Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.744	0.516	-0.190	22.05	23.00	0.926	21.5°C
Left Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.666	0.450	-0.050	22.03	23.00	0.833	21.5°C
Left Side	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.558	0.377	-0.030	21.63	23.00	0.765	21.5°C
Right Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.655	0.453	-0.010	22.05	23.00	0.815	21.5°C
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.572	0.386	-0.040	22.03	23.00	0.715	21.5°C
Right Side	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.464	0.312	-0.020	21.63	23.00	0.636	21.5°C
Bottom Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.058	0.032	0.170	22.05	23.00	0.072	21.4°C
				50%RB	3				
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.444	0.314	0.010	21.02	22.00	0.556	21.5°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.586	0.416	-0.020	21.02	22.00	0.734	21.5°C
Left Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.576	0.390	-0.040	21.02	22.00	0.722	21.5°C
Right Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.505	0.341	-0.040	21.02	22.00	0.633	21.5°C
Bottom Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.048	0.027	0.070	21.02	22.00	0.060	21.5°C
				100%R	3				
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.572	0.407	-0.02	21.07	22.00	0.709	21.5°C
Left Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.556	0.376	-0.04	21.07	22.00	0.689	21.5°C
Right Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.487	0.329	0.000	21.07	22.00	0.603	21.5°C
		Tested	at the wo	rst positi	on with ba	ttery 2#			
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#0	0.768	0.595	-0.010	22.05	23.00	0.956	21.5°C

Table 47: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band V

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7.2.9 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII

Test	Toot	Test SAR Value Power Conducted Tune-up Scaled Limit							
Position of		Test Mode		kg)	Drift		Tune-up		Liquid
Head	channel / Freq.(MHz)	rest wode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
			Test	data with	battery 1#				
				1RB					
Left touch	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.225	0.120	-0.160	22.19	23.00	0.271	21.7°C
Left tilt	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.090	0.047	-0.170	22.19	23.00	0.109	21.7°C
Right touch	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.231	0.123	0.120	22.19	23.00	0.278	21.7°C
Right tilt	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.145	0.072	-0.010	22.19	23.00	0.175	21.7°C
Right touch	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.275	0.151	0.000	21.93	23.00	0.352	21.7°C
Right touch	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.271	0.141	0.150	22.01	23.00	0.340	21.7°C
				50%R	В				
Left touch	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.179	0.091	0.130	21.20	22.00	0.215	21.7°C
Left tilt	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.072	0.037	0.170	21.20	22.00	0.087	21.7°C
Right touch	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.185	0.094	0.100	21.20	22.00	0.222	21.7°C
Right tilt	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.130	0.061	0.120	21.20	22.00	0.156	21.7°C
		Tested	d at the v	vorst pos	ition with b	attery 2#			
Right touch	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.251	0.130	0.120	21.93	23.00	0.321	21.7°C

Table 48: Head SAR test results of LTE Band VII

Test Position of	Test channel /	Test Mode	_	Value (kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-a}	Liquid
Body-Worn with 15mm	Freq.(MHz)	Tool mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test o	data with	battery 1#				
				1RB					
Front Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.253	0.131	-0.190	22.19	23.00	0.305	21.6°C
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.276	0.140	0.170	22.19	23.00	0.333	21.6°C
				50%R	В				
Front Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.137	0.197	0.190	21.20	22.00	0.165	21.6°C
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.211	0.107	0.150	21.20	22.00	0.254	21.6°C
	Tested at the worst position with battery 2#								
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.220	0.112	0.020	22.19	23.00	0.265	21.6°C

Table 49: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band VII

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Test Position of	Test channel /	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid	
Hotspot with 10mm	Freq.(MHz)	rest wode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
			Test da	ata with b	attery 1#					
				1RB						
Front Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.457	0.229	0.130	22.19	23.00	0.551	21.6°C	
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.515	0.240	0.160	22.19	23.00	0.621	21.6°C	
Left Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.206	0.108	0.040	22.19	23.00	0.248	21.6°C	
Right Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.129	0.070	-0.030	22.19	23.00	0.155	21.6°C	
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.885	0.406	0.120	22.19	23.00	1.066	21.6°C	
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	1.060	0.497	0.190	21.93	23.00	1.356	21.6°C	
Bottom Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	1.100	0.527	0.140	22.01	23.00	1.382	21.6°C	
				50%RE	}					
Front Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.383	0.191	0.170	21.20	22.00	0.460	21.6°C	
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.430	0.200	0.010	21.20	22.00	0.517	21.6°C	
Left Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.185	0.097	0.190	21.20	22.00	0.222	21.6°C	
Right Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.101	0.054	0.030	21.20	22.00	0.121	21.6°C	
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.664	0.305	0.150	21.20	22.00	0.798	21.6°C	
	100%RB									
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.686	0.311	0.170	20.99	22.00	0.866	21.6°C	
		Tested	at the wo	rst positi	on with ba	ttery 2#				
Bottom Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	1.110	0.530	0.170	22.01	23.00	1.394	21.6°C	
Bottom Side- Repeated	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	1.150	0.549	-0.110	22.01	23.00	1.444	21.6°C	

Table 50: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band VII

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7.2.10 SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G

Test	Test		_	Value kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled			
Position of Head	channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g Area Scan	1-g Zoom Scan	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.		
	The	data of CUN	-L03 fror	n the rep	ort No.: SYI	3H(Z-SAR)001	122015-2				
			Tes	st data w	ith battery 1	#					
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.309	0.320	0.020	16.69	17.50	0.386	21.4°C		
Left Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11 b	0.309	0.322	-0.050	16.69	17.50	0.388	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.829	0.874	0.180	16.69	17.50	1.053	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11 b	0.916	0.968	0.070	16.55	17.50	1.205	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched- Repeated	11/2462	802.11 b	0.828	0.885	0.060	16.55	17.50	1.101	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	1/2412	802.11 b	0.812	0.850	0.040	16.32	17.50	1.115	21.4°C		
Right Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11 b	0.502	0.507	0.050	16.69	17.50	0.611	21.4°C		
		Tes	sted at th	e worst p	osition with	battery 2#					
Right Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11 b	0.873	0.922	0.140	16.55	17.50	1.147	21.4°C		
CUN-L03(n	CUN-L03(new) Tested at the worst position of CUN-L03(report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)001122015-2) with battery 1#										
Right touch	11/2462	802.11 b	0.778	0.862	0.030	16.55	17.50	1.073	21.4°C		
CUN-L03(n	ew) Tested at	the worst po	sition of	CUN-L0	3(report No.	: SYBH(Z-SAF	1)001122015-	2) with bat	ttery 2#		
Right touch	11/2462	802.11 b	0.839	0.916	0.060	16.55	17.50	1.140	21.4°C		

Table 51: Head SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

Note:

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²⁾ Per KDB248227D01, for Head SAR test of WiFi 2.4G, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure. As the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, so SAR for 802.11g/n is not required.



Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel / Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	_	Value kg) 1-g Zoom Scan	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The o	data of CUN	-L03 fror	n the rep	ort No.: SYI	BH(Z-SAR)001	122015-2		
			Te	st data w	ith battery 1	#			
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.082	/	0.100	16.69	17.50	/	21.3°C
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.084	0.086	-0.150	16.69	17.50	0.104	21.3°C
		Tes	sted at th	e worst p	osition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.059	0.062	0.100	16.69	17.50	0.074	21.3°C
CUN-L03(n	ew) Tested at	the worst po	sition of	CUN-L0	3(report No.	: SYBH(Z-SAR	3)001122015-	2) with bat	tery 1#
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.076	0.067	0.100	16.69	17.50	0.081	21.3°C
CUN-L03(n	ew) Tested at	the worst po	sition of	CUN-L0	3(report No.	: SYBH(Z-SAR	3)001122015-	2) with bat	tery 2#
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.080	0.067	0.030	16.69	17.50	0.081	21.3°C

Table 52: Body-Worn SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

Note: Per KDB248227D01, for Body-Worn SAR test of WiFi 2.4G, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure. As the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, so SAR for 802.11g/n is not required.

Test Position of	Test	Test	SAR V (W/I		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	Liquid
Hotspot with 10mm	channel / Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g Area Scan	1-g Zoom Scan	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The	data of CUN	-L03 from	the repo	rt No.: SY	BH(Z-SAR)001	122015-2		
			Test	data wit	h battery	1#			
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.163	/	-0.050	16.69	17.50	/	21.3°C
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.192	0.199	0.000	16.69	17.50	0.240	21.3°C
Left Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.078	/	-0.130	16.69	17.50	/	21.3°C
Right Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.013	/	0.020	16.69	17.50	/	21.3°C
Top Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.099	/	0.150	16.69	17.50	/	21.3°C
		Tes	sted at the	worst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.145	0.152	0.100	16.69	17.50	0.183	21.3°C
CUN-L03(n	ew) Tested at	the worst po	sition of C	CUN-L03	report No	.: SYBH(Z-SAF	R)001122015-	-2) with ba	ttery 1#
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.148	0.141	0.120	16.69	17.50	0.170	21.3°C
CUN-L03(n	ew) Tested at	the worst po	sition of C	UN-L03	report No	.: SYBH(Z-SAF	R)001122015	-2) with ba	ttery 2#
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.140	0.131	0.010	16.69	17.50	0.158	21.3°C

Table 53: Hotspot SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

Note:

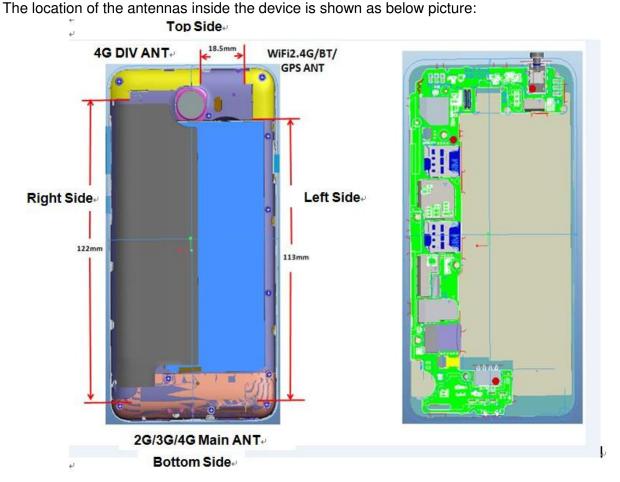
1) Per KDB248227D01, for Hotspot SAR test of WiFi 2.4G, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure. As the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, so SAR for 802.11g/n is not required.

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7.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.



Mode	Exposure Condition	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
Main antenna	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WiFi 2.4G antenna	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Table 54: Sides for Hotspot SAR testing

Note:

- 1)The Diversity antenna does not support Tx function.
- 2) Per KDB 941225 D06 and KDB 648474 D04, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.

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7.3.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Per FCC KDB 447498D01v06

1) the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ВТ	Body- Worn	9.00	7.94	15	2.450	0.83	3.00	Yes

Table 55: Standalone SAR test exclusion for BT

Note:

- 1)* maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth for this device.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] •

[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm,where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)*
ВТ	Body- worn	9.00	7.94	15	2.450	7.50	0.111

Table 56: Estimated SAR calculation for BT

Note:

- 1) * maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission.

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7.3.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1	GSM(Voice) + BT	No	Yes	No
2	GSM(Data) + BT	No	No	No
3	GSM(Voice)+ WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	No
4	GSM(Data) + WiFi 2.4G	No	No	Yes
5	UMTS(Voice) + BT	No	Yes	No
6	UMTS(Data) + BT	No	Yes	No
7	UMTS(voice) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	No
8	UMTS(Data) + WiFi 2.4G	No	Yes	Yes
9	LTE(Data)* + BT	No	Yes	No
10	LTE(Data)* + WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 57: Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Note:

- 1) WiFi 2.4G and BT can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2) The device does not support VoLTE or WiFi VOIP function.
- 3) The device does not support DTM function. Body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 4) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth for this device.
- 5) * VOIP 3rd party applications may possibly be installed and used by the end user.

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7.3.3 SAR Summation Scenario

Toet	Position		Main antenna SAR _{Max}									antenna R _{Max}	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR
1631	Fosition	GSM850	GSM1900	UMTS Band II	UMTS Band IV	UMTS Band V	LTE Band II	LTE Band IV	LTE Band V	LTE Band VII	WiFi 2.4G	ВТ	(1.6W/kg Limit)	SPESIX
	Left touch	0.631	0.162	0.284	0.251	0.498	0.391	0.546	0.465	0.271	0.386	1	1.017	N/A
Head	Left tilt	0.361	0.148	0.245	0.232	0.208	0.345	0.261	0.294	0.109	0.388	/	0.749	N/A
Пеац	Right touch	0.525	0.312	0.624	0.441	0.335	0.627	0.357	0.412	0.352	1.205	/	1.832	See 7.3.4
	Right tilt	0.352	0.148	0.238	0.225	0.246	0.383	0.303	0.320	0.175	0.611	/	0.994	N/A
Body-worn	Front side	0.648	0.142	0.226	0.364	0.385	0.384	0.367	0.703	0.305	0.104	0.111	0.814	N/A
15mm	Back side	0.781	0.282	0.463	0.279	0.682	0.302	0.516	0.896	0.333	0.104	0.111	1.007	N/A
	Front side	1.022	0.437	0.500	0.488	0.385	0.569	0.593	0.689	0.551	0.240	/	1.262	N/A
	Back side	1.344	1.024	1.127	0.759	0.770	1.031	0.942	0.971	0.621	0.240	/	1.584	N/A
Hotspot	Left side	1.201	0.070	0.073	0.073	0.443	0.174	0.264	0.926	0.248	0.240	/	1.441	N/A
10mm	Right side	1.028	0.306	0.293	0.332	0.438	0.388	0.252	0.815	0.155	/	1	1.028	N/A
	Top side	/	/	/	1	1	/	/	/	/	0.240	/	0.240	N/A
	Bottom side	0.132	0.658	0.748	0.513	0.037	0.436	0.931	0.072	1.444	1	/	1.444	N/A

Table 58: SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of Main antenna and WiFi/BT.

Test Position		Main antenna SAR _{Max}										SPLSR
rest Fosition	GSM850	GSM1900	UMTS Band II	UMTS Band IV	UMTS Band V	LTE Band II	LTE Band IV	LTE Band V	LTE Band VII	WiFi 2.4G	(1.6W/kg Limit)	OI LOIK
Right touch	0.525	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	/	1.205	1.730	0.034
Right touch	1	0.312	1	1	1	1	1	1	/	1.205	1.517	N/A
Right touch	1	1	0.624	1	1	1	1	1	/	1.205	1.829	0.030
Right touch	1	1	1	0.441	1	1	1	1	1	1.205	1.646	0.024
Right touch	1	1	1	1	0.335	1	1	1	1	1.205	1.540	N/A
Right touch	1	1	1	1	1	0.627	1	1	/	1.205	1.832	0.030
Right touch	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.357	1	1	1.205	1.562	N/A
Right touch	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.412	1	1.205	1.617	0.031
Right touch	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.349	1.205	1.554	N/A

Table 59: SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of Main Antenna and WiFi 2.4G

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7.3.4 SPLSR Evaluation Analysis

According to KDB447498 D01v06, When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio(SPLSR). When the SAR to peak location ratio for each pair of antennas is ≤1-g 0.04 and 10-g 0.10, simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required. When SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the following fomula:

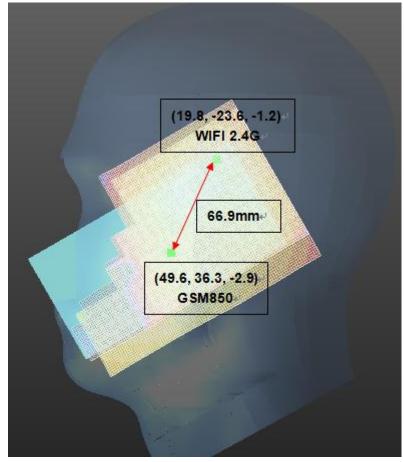
Distance_{Tx1-Tx2} = R_i =
$$\sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

SPLS Ratio = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i$

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna.

1) The sum of aggregate 1-g SAR was above 1.6W/kg for Right touch configuration with GSM850 and WiFi 2.4G.

The Peak SAR location plot is as below:



The SAR to peak location ratio calculation is as below:

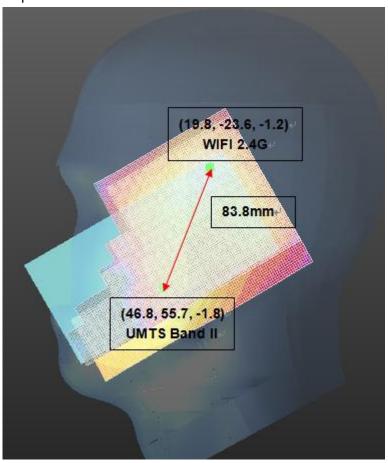
Test Position	GSM850 (W/kg)	WIFI 2.4G (W/kg)	Ri(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
Right touch	0.525	1.205	66.9	0.034	0.04	Not required

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2) The sum of aggregate 1-g SAR was above 1.6W/kg for Right touch configuration with UMTS Band II and WiFi 2.4G.

The Peak SAR location plot is as below:



The SAR to peak location ratio calculation is as below:

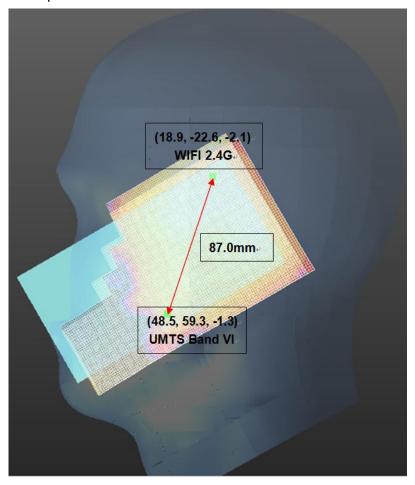
Test Position	UMTS Band II (W/kg)	WIFI 2.4G (W/kg)	Ri(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
Right touch	0.624	1.205	83.8	0.030	0.04	Not required

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3) The sum of aggregate 1-g SAR was above 1.6W/kg for Right touch configuration with UMTS Band IV and WiFi 2.4G.

The Peak SAR location plot is as below:



The SAR to peak location ratio calculation is as below:

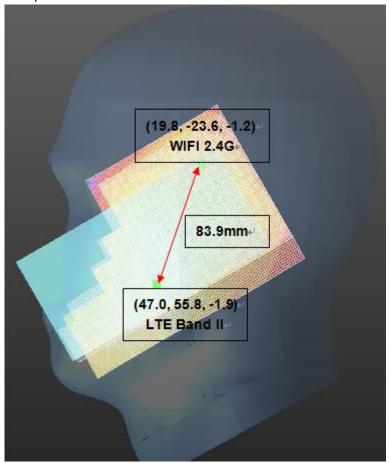
Test Position	UMTS Band IV (W/kg)	WIFI 2.4G (W/kg)	Ri(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
Right touch	0.441	1.205	87.0	0.024	0.04	Not required

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4) The sum of aggregate 1-g SAR was above 1.6W/kg for Right touch configuration with LTE Band II and WiFi 2.4G.

The Peak SAR location plot is as below:



The SAR to peak location ratio calculation is as below:

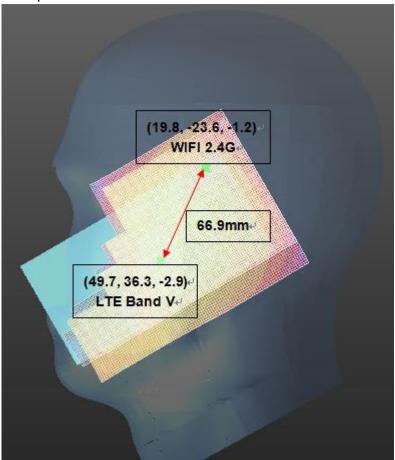
Test Position	LTE Band II (W/kg)	WIFI 2.4G (W/kg)	Ri(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
Right touch	0.627	1.205	83.9	0.030	0.04	Not required

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5) The sum of aggregate 1-g SAR was above 1.6W/kg for Right touch configuration with LTE Band V and WiFi 2.4G.

The Peak SAR location plot is as below:



The SAR to peak location ratio calculation is as below:

Test Position	LTE Band V (W/kg)	WIFI 2.4G (W/kg)	Ri(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
Right touch	0.412	1.205	66.9	0.031	0.04	Not required

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7.3.5 Simultaneous Transmission Conlcusion

The above numeral summed SAR results and/or SPLSR analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required per KDB 447498 D01v06.

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Appendix A. System Check Plots (Pls See Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots (Pls See Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate (Pls See Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photo documentation (Pls See Appendix D.)

End

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