



NO.: RZA2008-0429



OET 65

TEST REPORT

Test name Electromagnetic Field (Specific Absorption Rate)

Product CDMA 1X Digital Mobile Telephone

Model HUAWEI C2206

FCC ID QISC2206

Client HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.



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GENERAL SUMMARY

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Product | CDMA 1X Digital Mobile Telephone | Model | HUAWEI C2206 |
| Client | HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd. | Type of test | Entrusted |
| Manufacturer | HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd. | Arrival Date of sample | April.8 th , 2008 |
| Place of sampling | (Blank) | Carrier of the samples | Yaohui Gu |
| Quantity of the samples | One | Date of product | (Blank) |
| Base of the samples | (Blank) | Items of test | SAR |
| Series number | PJ2AA10830400032 | | |
| Standard(s) | <p>EN 50360-2001: Product standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.</p> <p>EN 50361-2001: Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.</p> <p>ANSI C95.1-1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.</p> <p>IEEE 1528-2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.</p> <p>OET Bulletin 65 supplement C, published June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits. Transition Period for the Phantom Requirements of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65.</p> <p>IEC 62209-1: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz).</p> | | |
| Conclusion | <p>Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 6.2 of this test report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 6.1 of this test report.</p> <p>General Judgment: Pass</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(Stamp)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Date of issue: April. 14th, 2008</p> | | |
| Comment | <p>TX Freq. Band: 824–849MHz (CDMA) Max. Power: 0.25W(CDMA)</p> <p>The test result only responds to the measured sample.</p> | | |

Approved by 郑成光 Revised by 杨伟中 Performed by 凌敏宝

(Chenguang Zheng)

(Weizhong Yang)

(Minbao Ling)

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1 COMPETENCE AND WARRANTIES

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is a test laboratory competent to carry out the tests described in this test report.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test.

2 GENERAL CONDITIONS

This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

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3 DESCRIPTION OF EUT

3.1 Addressing Information Related to EUT

Table 1: Applicant (The Client)

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Name or Company | HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd. |
| Address/Post | Bantian, Longgang District |
| City | Shenzhen |
| Postal Code | 518129 |
| Country | P.R. China |
| Telephone | 0755-28780808 |
| Fax | 0755-28780808 |

Table 2: Manufacturer

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Name or Company | HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd. |
| Address/Post | Bantian, Longgang District |
| City | Shenzhen |
| Postal Code | 518129 |
| Country | P.R. China |
| Telephone | 0755-28780808 |
| Fax | 0755-28780808 |

3.2 Constituents of EUT

Table 3: Constituents of Samples

| Description | Model | Serial Number | Manufacturer |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------|---|
| Handset | HUAWEI C2206 | PJ2AA10830400032 | HUAWEI Technologies Co.,Ltd |
| Lithium Battery | HBL6A | HGY791512000 | Shenzhen BYD Co.,Ltd |
| AC/DC Adapter | NTPCA-053065C | TPI780101668 | TECH-POWER Electronics (Shenzhen) Co.,Ltd |

Note:

The EUT appearances see ANNEX G.

3.3 General Description

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of CDMA 1X Digital Mobile Telephone with internal antenna. It consists of Handset, Lithium Battery and AC/DC Adapter. The detail about Mobile phone, Lithium Battery and AC/DC Adapter is in Table 3. SAR is tested for CDMA Cellular only.

The sample undergoing test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

4 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

4.1 Test to be performed

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1013, 384 and 777 respectively in the case of CDMA Cellular. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Under the loop back mode between mobile station and E5515C, the transmitter continuously emits with maximum power more strong than voice mode, so the SAR test was done with loop back mode. To make the mobile emits maximum power; the output power of E5515C would be adjusted to minimum power with the sensitivity of the mobile station to build steady connection with mobile station. The power level control parameter “all up” and it means that requires mobile station to emit with maximum power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50cm away from the handset. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 30 dB.

4.2 Information for the measurement of CDMA 1x devices

4.2.1 Output Power Verification

Test Parameter setup for maximum RF output power according to section 4.4.5 of 3GPP2

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------|-------------|-------|
| I or | dBm/1.23MHz | -104 |
| PilotE c /I or | dB | -7 |
| TrafficE c /I or | dB | -7.4 |

For SAR test, the maximum power output is very important and essential; it is identical under the measurement uncertainty. It is proper to use typical Test Mode 3 (FW RC3, RVS RC3, SO55) as the worst case for SAR test.

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4.2.2 Head SAR measurement

SAR is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required because the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

4.2.3 Body SAR measurement

SAR is measured in RC3 with the EUT configured to transmit at full rate using TDSO/SO32, transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH+SCHn) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 0.25dB higher than measured with FCH only.

Body SAR in RC1 is not required because the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

Test communication setup meet as followings:

| | |
|--|---|
| Communication standard between mobile station and base station simulator | 3GPP2 C.S0011-B |
| Radio configuration | RC3 (Supporting CDMA 1X) |
| Spreading Rate | SR1 |
| Data Rate | 9600bps |
| Service Options | SO55 (loop back mode) |
| Service Options | SO32 (test data service mode) |
| Multiplex Options | The mobile station does not support this service. |

5 SAR Measurements System Configuration

5.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines (length =300mm) to the data acquisition unit.

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teaches pendant (Joystick) and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Micron Pentium III 800 MHz computer with Windows 2000 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

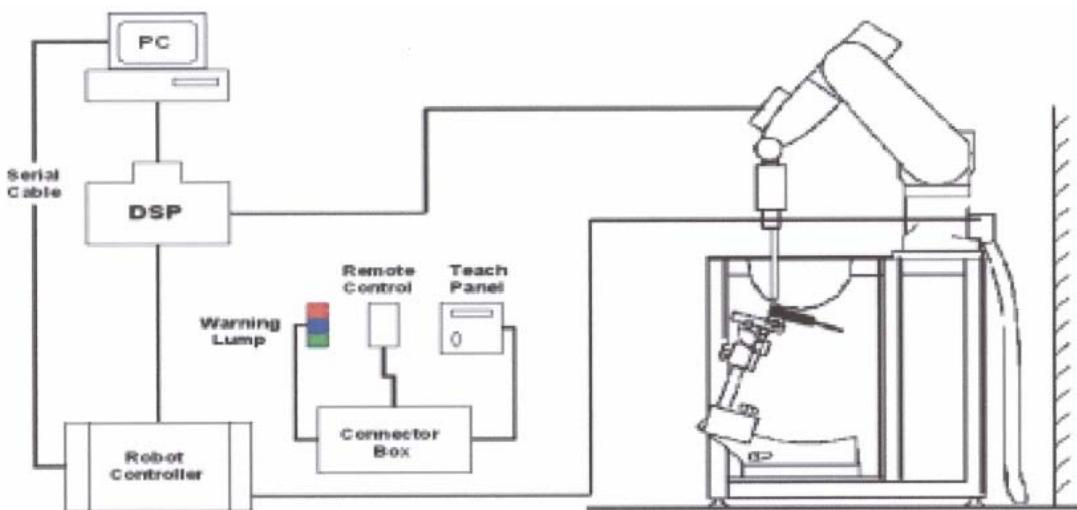


Figure1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE3 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

5.2 Dasy4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the standard procedure with an accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$.

ET3DV6 Probe Specification

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System(ET3DV6 only) Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material(resistant to organic solvents, e.q., glycol) |
| Calibration | In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 900MHz, 1750MHz ,1950MHz and 2450MHz (accuracy $\pm 8\%$) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 5u W/g to $> 100\text{mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$ |
| Surface Detection | ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surface(ET3DV6 only) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330mm Tip length: 16mm Body diameter: 12mm Tip diarneter: 6.8mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm |
| Application | General dosimetry up to 3GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms |

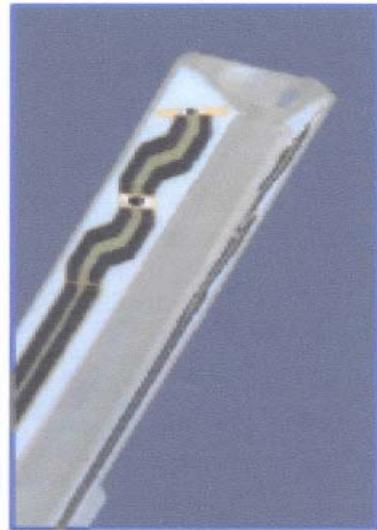


Figure2. ET3DV6 E-field Probe

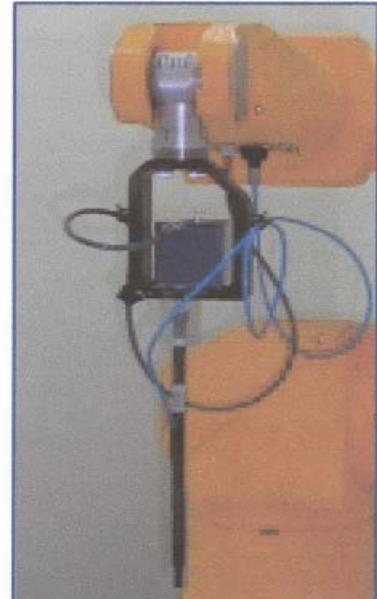


Figure3. ET3DV6 E-field probe

5.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m^3).

5.4 Other Test Equipment

5.4.1 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom V3.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure4. Device Holder

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5.4.2 Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| Shell Thickness | 2±0.1 mm |
| Filling Volume | Approx. 20 liters |
| Dimensions | 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W) |
| Available | Special |



Figure5. Generic Twin Phantom

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5.5 Equivalent Tissues

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-2000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 4 and Table 5 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528.

Table 4: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

| MIXTURE% | FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Water | 41.45 |
| Sugar | 56 |
| Salt | 1.45 |
| Preventol | 0.1 |
| Cellulose | 1.0 |
| Dielectric Parameters Target Value | f=835MHz $\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.9$ |

Table 5: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

| MIXTURE% | FREQUENCY(Body)835MHz |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Water | 52.5 |
| Sugar | 45 |
| Salt | 1.4 |
| Preventol | 0.1 |
| Cellulose | 1.0 |
| Dielectric Parameters Target Value | f=835MHz $\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$ |

5.6 System Specifications

5.6.1 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90L

Repeatability: ± 0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium III

Clock Speed: 800 MHz

Operating System: Windows 2000

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY4 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock.

6 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST

6.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

EN 50360–2001: Product standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **2.0 W/kg** as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

6.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

EN 50361–2001: Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.

It specifies the measurement method for demonstration of compliance with the SAR limits for such equipments.

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

OET Bulletin 65 supplement C, published June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits. Transition Period for the Phantom Requirements of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65.

IEC 62209-1: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)

7 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Table 6: The Ambient Conditions during Test

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Temperature | Min. = 20 °C, Max. = 25 °C |
| Relative humidity | Min. = 30%, Max. = 70% |
| Ground system resistance | < 0.5 Ω |
| Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. | |
| Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards. | |

8 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

8.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Digital Radio Communication tester to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power and ERP for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

8.2 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 11 to Table 13 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

8.3 Conducted Power

8.3.1 Measurement Methods

The EUT was set up for the maximum output power. The channel power was measured. These measurements were done at 3 channels 1013, 384 and 777 before SAR test and after SAR test.

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8.3.2 Measurement result

Table 7: Conducted Power Measurement Results

| CDMA2000 1X (RC3) | Conducted Power | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Channel 777 (848.31MHz) | Channel 384 (836.52MHz) | Channel 1013 (824.7MHz) |
| Before Test (dBm) | 24.2 | 24.1 | 24.3 |
| After Test (dBm) | 24.1 | 24.1 | 24.2 |
| CDMA2000 1X (RC1) | Conducted Power | | |
| | Channel 777 (848.31MHz) | Channel 384 (836.52MHz) | Channel 1013 (824.7MHz) |
| Before Test (dBm) | 24.2 | 24.1 | 24.3 |
| After Test (dBm) | 24.1 | 24.1 | 24.2 |

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9 TEST RESULTS

9.1 Dielectric Performance

Table 8: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Measurement is made at temperature 22.5 °C and relative humidity 51%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3°C | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Frequency (MHz) | | Target value | Measurement value | Difference percentage |
| 835 (Head) | Permittivity ϵ_r | 41.50 | 41.94 | 1.06 % |
| | Conductivity σ | 0.90 | 0.92 | 2.22 % |

Table 9: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Measurement is made at temperature 22.5 °C and relative humidity 51%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3°C | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Frequency (MHz) | | Target value | Measurement value | Difference percentage |
| 835 (Body) | Permittivity ϵ_r | 55.20 | 55.10 | -0.18 % |
| | Conductivity σ | 0.97 | 0.99 | 2.06 % |

9.2 System Validation

Table 10: System Validation

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Liquid parameters | | Frequency | Permittivity ϵ | | Conductivity σ (S/m) | |
| | | 835MHz | 41.94 | | 0.92 | |
| Verification results | Frequency | Target value (W/kg) | | Measurement value (W/kg) | | Difference percentage |
| | | 10g Average | 1g Average | 10g Average | 1g Average | 10g Average |
| | | 1.56 | 2.43 | 1.53 | 2.34 | -1.92% |

Note:

- Target Values used derive from the SPEAG calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the validation dipole (SPEAG using).
- The graph results see ANNEX D.

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9.3 Summary of Measurement Results

Table 11: SAR Values (CDMA Cellular, Head)

| Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Limit of SAR (W/kg) | | 10 g | 1 g | Power Drift (dB) | Graph Results | |
| | | Average | Average | ± 0.2 | | |
| Test Case Of Head | | Measurement Result (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | | |
| | | 10 g | 1 g | | | |
| Different Test Position | Channel | Average | Average | | | |
| Left hand, Touch cheek | High | 0.824 | 1.200 | -0.083 | Figure7 | |
| | Middle | 0.579 | 0.838 | 0.071 | Figure9 | |
| | Low | 0.744 | 1.070 | 0.065 | Figure11 | |
| Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree | High | 0.447 | 0.635 | 0.002 | Figure13 | |
| | Middle | 0.312 | 0.439 | 0.097 | Figure15 | |
| | Low | 0.409 | 0.582 | -0.187 | Figure17 | |
| Right hand, Touch cheek | High | 0.847 | 1.230 | 0.081 | Figure19 | |
| | Middle | 0.588 | 0.844 | -0.114 | Figure21 | |
| | Low | 0.785 | 1.140 | 0.071 | Figure23 | |
| Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree | High | 0.407 | 0.580 | -0.177 | Figure25 | |
| | Middle | 0.300 | 0.425 | 0.144 | Figure27 | |
| | Low | 0.391 | 0.549 | -0.150 | Figure29 | |

Table 12: SAR Values (CDMA Cellular, Body, Distance 15mm)

| Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Limit of SAR (W/kg) | | 10 g | 1 g | Power Drift (dB) | Graph Results | |
| | | Average | Average | ± 0.2 | | |
| Test Case Of Body | | Measurement Result (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | | |
| | | 10 g | 1 g | | | |
| Different Test Position | Channel | Average | Average | | | |
| Towards Ground | High | 0.960 | 1.350 | -0.061 | Figure31 | |
| | Middle | 0.688 | 0.968 | -0.064 | Figure33 | |
| | Low | 0.971 | 1.350 | 0.150 | Figure35 | |
| Towards Phantom | High | 0.455 | 0.654 | -0.021 | Figure37 | |
| | Middle | 0.299 | 0.425 | 0.032 | Figure39 | |
| | Low | 0.409 | 0.578 | 0.196 | Figure41 | |

Remark: The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

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Table 13: SAR Values (CDMA Cellular, Body with Earphone, Distance 15mm)

| Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C | | 10 g Average | | 1 g Average | | Power Drift (dB) Graph Results | |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------|-------|---|----------|
| Limit of SAR (W/kg) | | 2.0 | 1.6 | Measurement Result (W/kg) | | | |
| Test Case Of Body | | 10 g Average | 1 g Average | Power Drift (dB) | | | |
| Different Test Position | Channel | Towards Ground | Low | 0.951 | 1.320 | 0.172 | Figure43 |

9.4 Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 6.2 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 6.1 of this test report.

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10 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| No. | a | Type | c | d | e=f(d, k) | f | h=c×f / e | k |
|--|---|------|--------------|---------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| | Uncertainty Component | | Tol. (±%) | Prob. Dist | Div. | $c_1(1g)$ | $1g u (\pm \%)$ | v_1 |
| 1 | System repetivity | A | 0.5 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 9 |
| Measurement system | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Probe Calibration | B | 5 | N | 2 | 1 | 2.5 | ∞ |
| 3 | Axial isotropy | B | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | $(1-cp)^{1/2}$ | 4.3 | ∞ |
| 4 | Hemisphere Isotropy | B | 9.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{C_P}$ | | ∞ |
| 5 | Boundary Effect | B | 0.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.23 | ∞ |
| 6 | Linearity | B | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| 7 | System Detection Limits | B | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| 8 | Readout Electronics | B | 1.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| 9 | RF Ambient Conditions | B | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| 10 | Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance | B | 0.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| 11 | Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell | B | 2.9 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| 12 | Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | B | 3.9 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Test Sample Positioning | A | 4.9 | N | 1 | 1 | 4.9 | N-1 |
| 14 | Device Holder Uncertainty | A | 6.1 | N | 1 | 1 | 6.1 | N-1 |
| 15 | Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement | B | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances) | B | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| 17 | Liquid Conductivity-deviation from target values | B | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| 18 | Liquid Conductivity-measurement uncertainty | B | 5.0 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 1.7 | M |
| 19 | Liquid Permittivity-deviation from target values | B | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| 20 | Liquid Permittivity- measurement uncertainty | B | 5.0 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 1.7 | M |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | RSS | | | 11.25 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95 % CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) | | | | K=2 | | | 22.5 | |

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11 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 14: List of Main Instruments

| No. | Name | Type | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Valid Period |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| 01 | Network analyzer | Agilent 8753E | US37390326 | September 15, 2007 | One year |
| 02 | Dielectric Probe Kit | Agilent 85070E | US44020115 | No Calibration Requested | |
| 03 | Power meter | Agilent E4417A | GB41291714 | March 14, 2008 | One year |
| 04 | Power sensor | Agilent 8481H | MY41091316 | March 14, 2008 | |
| 05 | Signal Generator | HP 8341B | 2730A00804 | September 15 2007 | One year |
| 06 | Amplifier | IXA-020 | 0401 | No Calibration Requested | |
| 07 | Validation Kit 835MHz | SPEAG D835V2 | 443 | December 9, 2007 | One year |
| 08 | BTS | E5515C | GB46490218 | September 15, 2007 | One year |
| 09 | E-field Probe | ET3DV6 | 1531 | January 29, 2008 | One year |
| 10 | DAE | DAE3 | 452 | September 06, 2007 | One year |

12 TEST PERIOD

The test is performed from April 9th, 2008 to April 13th, 2008.

13 TEST LOCATION

The test is performed at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

*****END OF REPORT BODY*****

ANNEX A: MEASUREMENT PROCESS

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20 mm x 20 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 34 mm was assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

- a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x ~ y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.

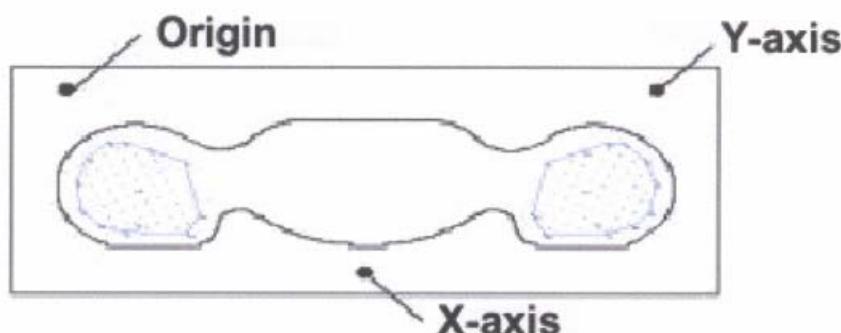


Figure 6 SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

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ANNEX B: TEST LAYOUT



Picture 1 Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

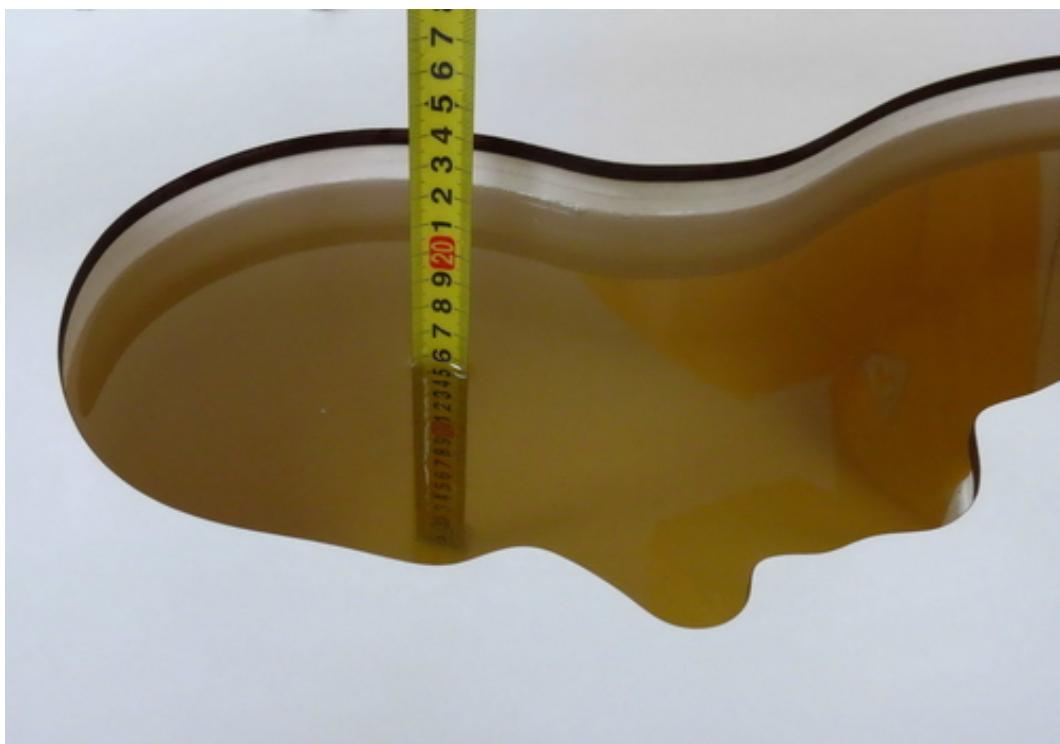


Picture 2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)

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Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835 MHz)

ANNEX C: GRAPH RESULTS

CDMA Cellular Left Cheek High

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.824 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 mW/g

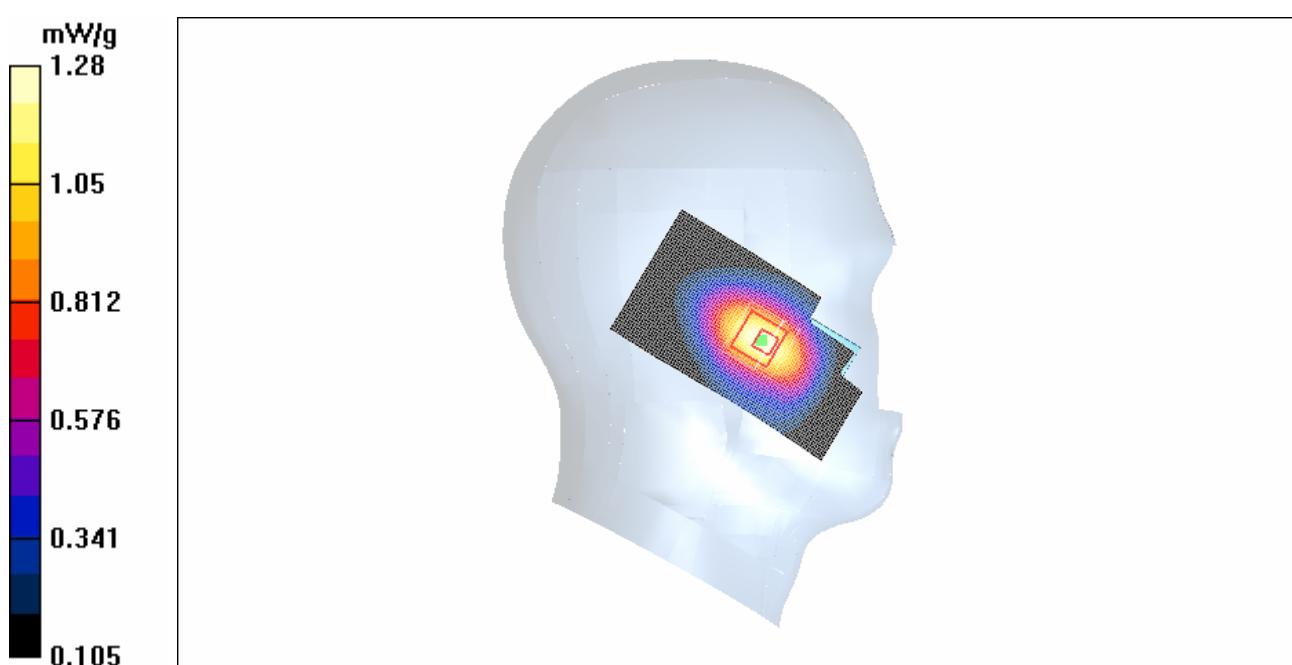


Figure 7 Left Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 777

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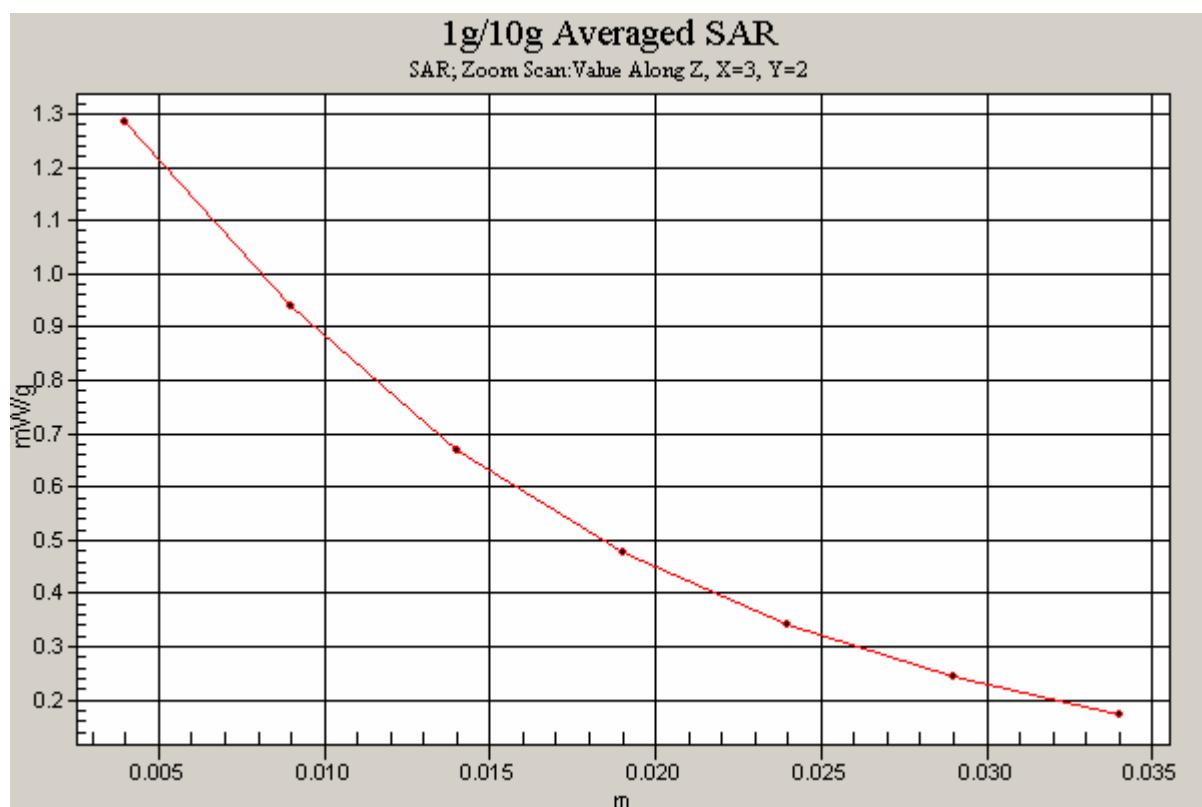


Figure 8 Z-Scan at power reference point (Left Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 777)

CDMA Cellular Left Cheek Middle

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.873 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.838 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.579 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 mW/g

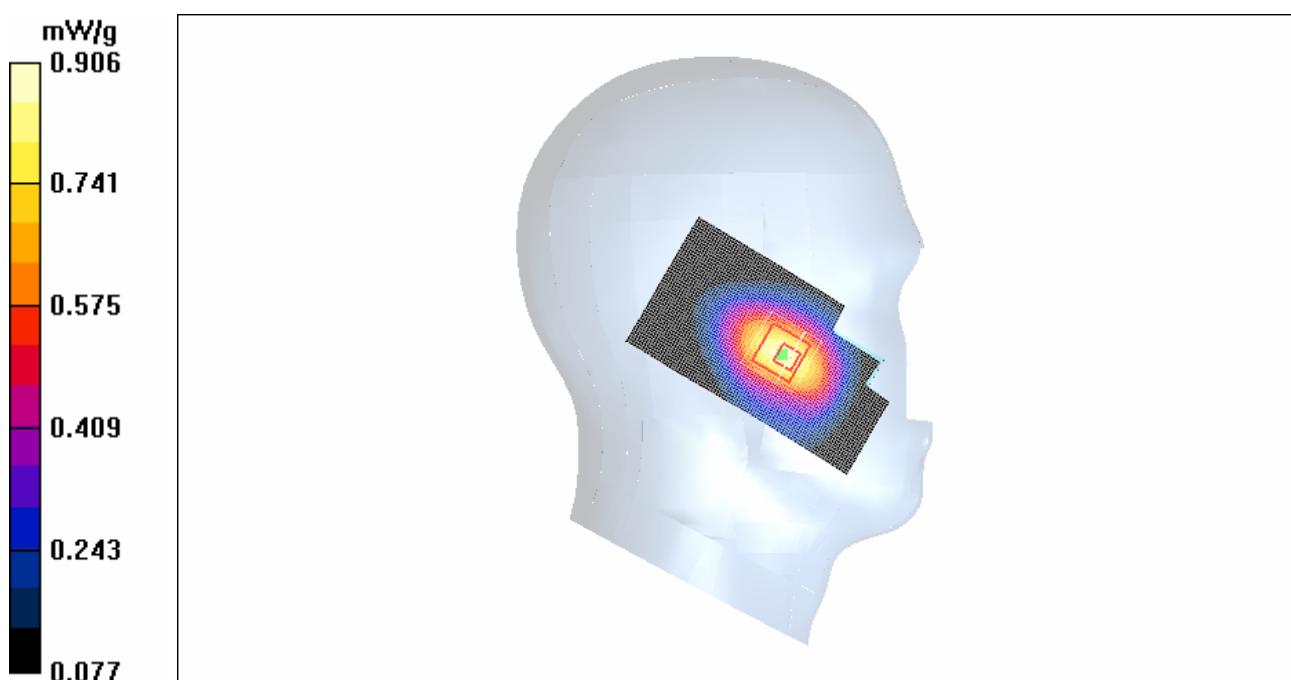


Figure 9 Left Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 384

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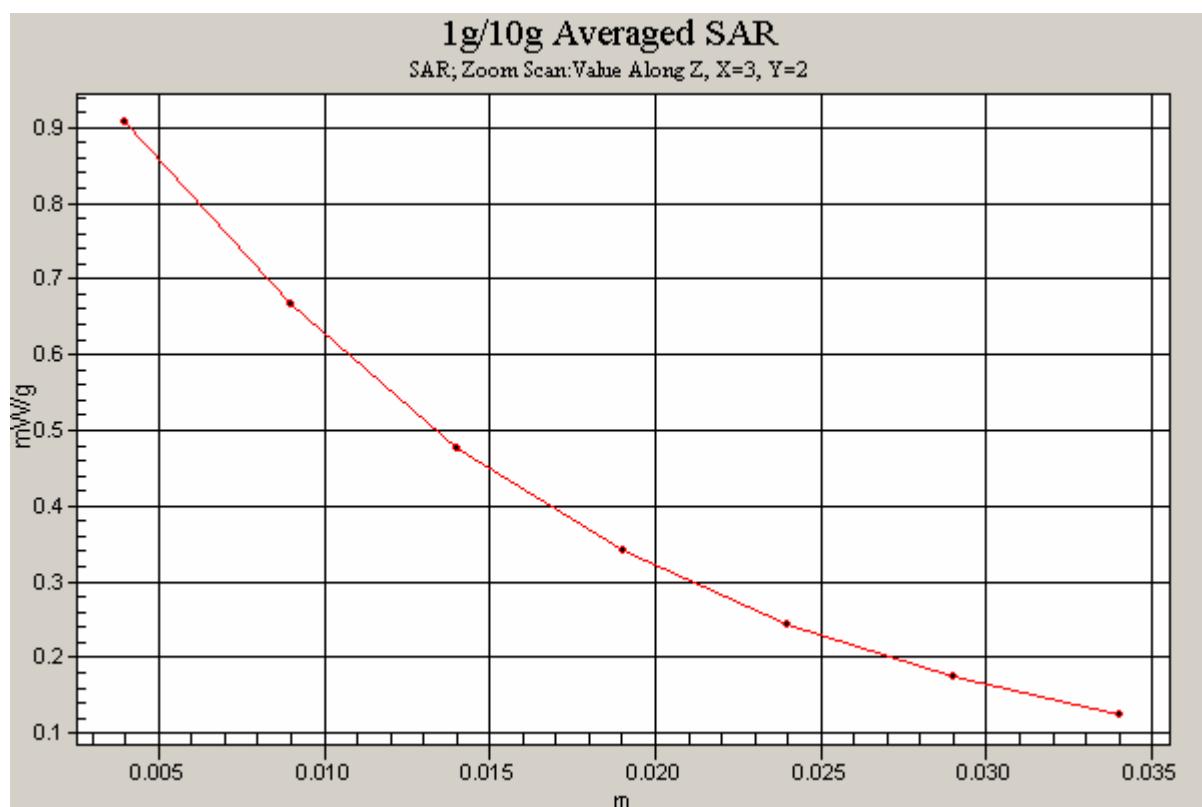


Figure 10 Z-Scan at power reference point (Left Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 384)

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CDMA Cellular Left Cheek Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.744 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g

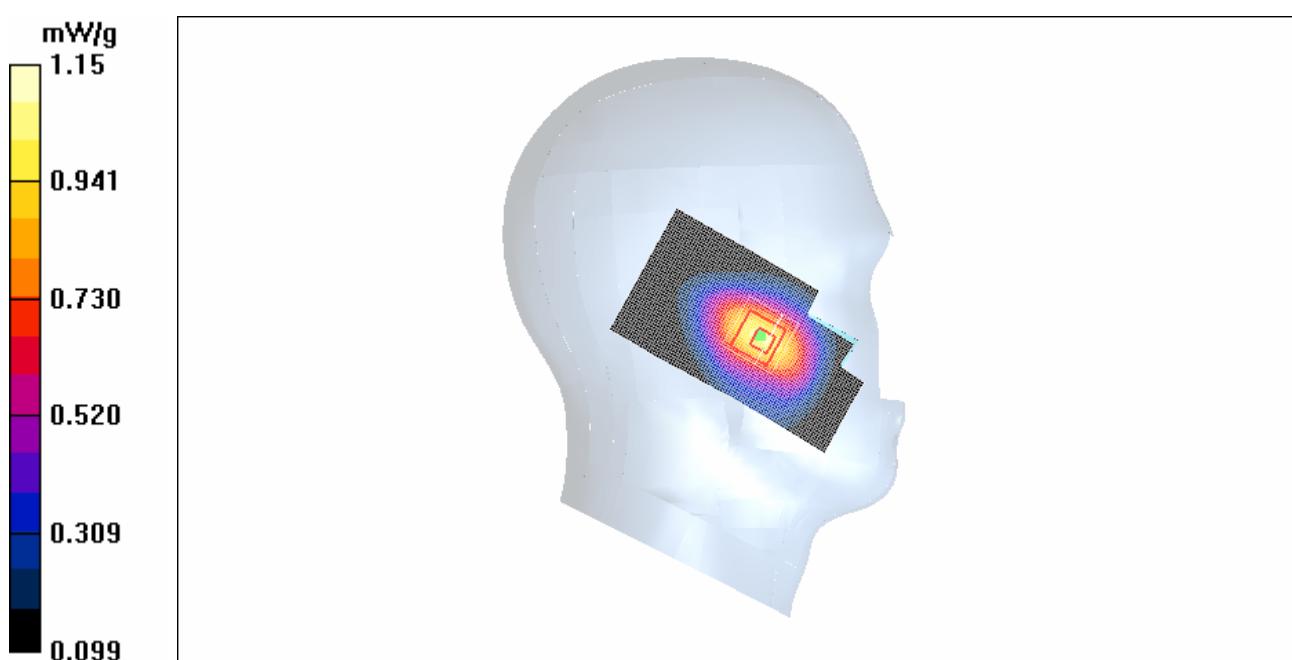


Figure 11 Left Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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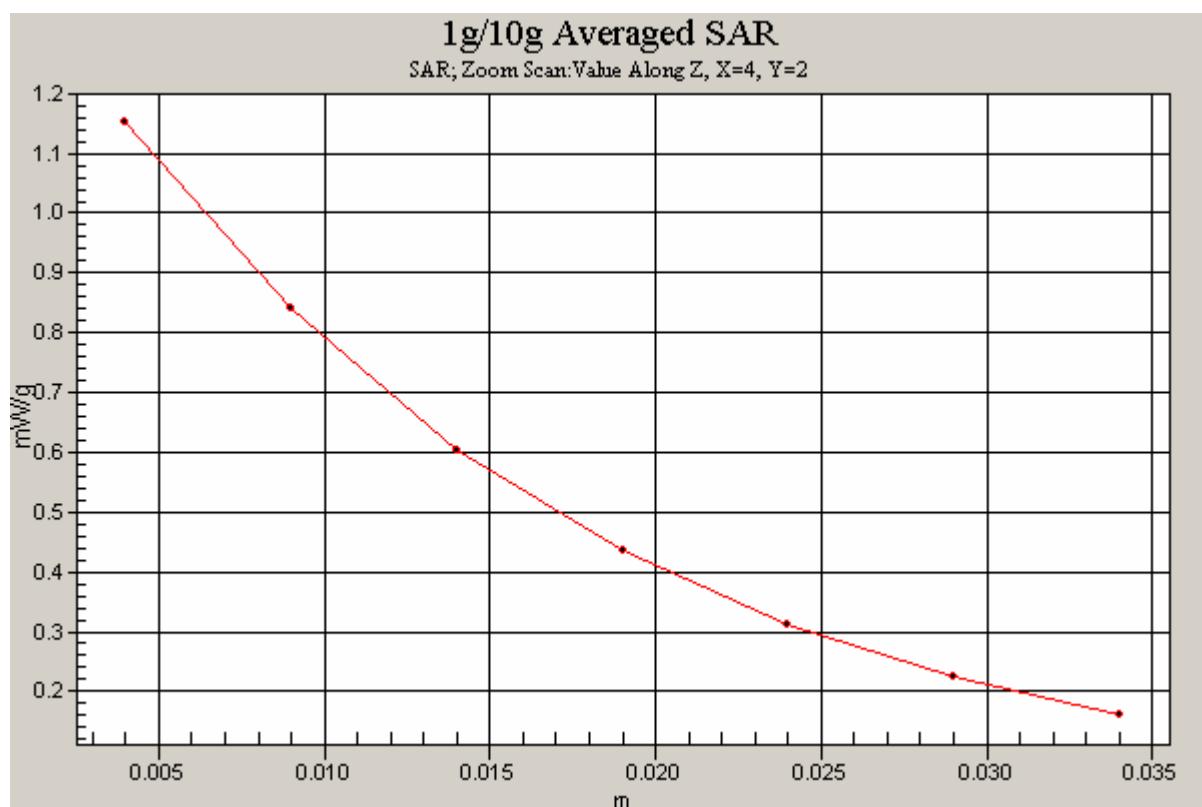


Figure 12 Z-Scan at power reference point (Left Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

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CDMA Cellular Left Tilt High

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.840 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.635 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 mW/g



Figure 13 Left Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 777

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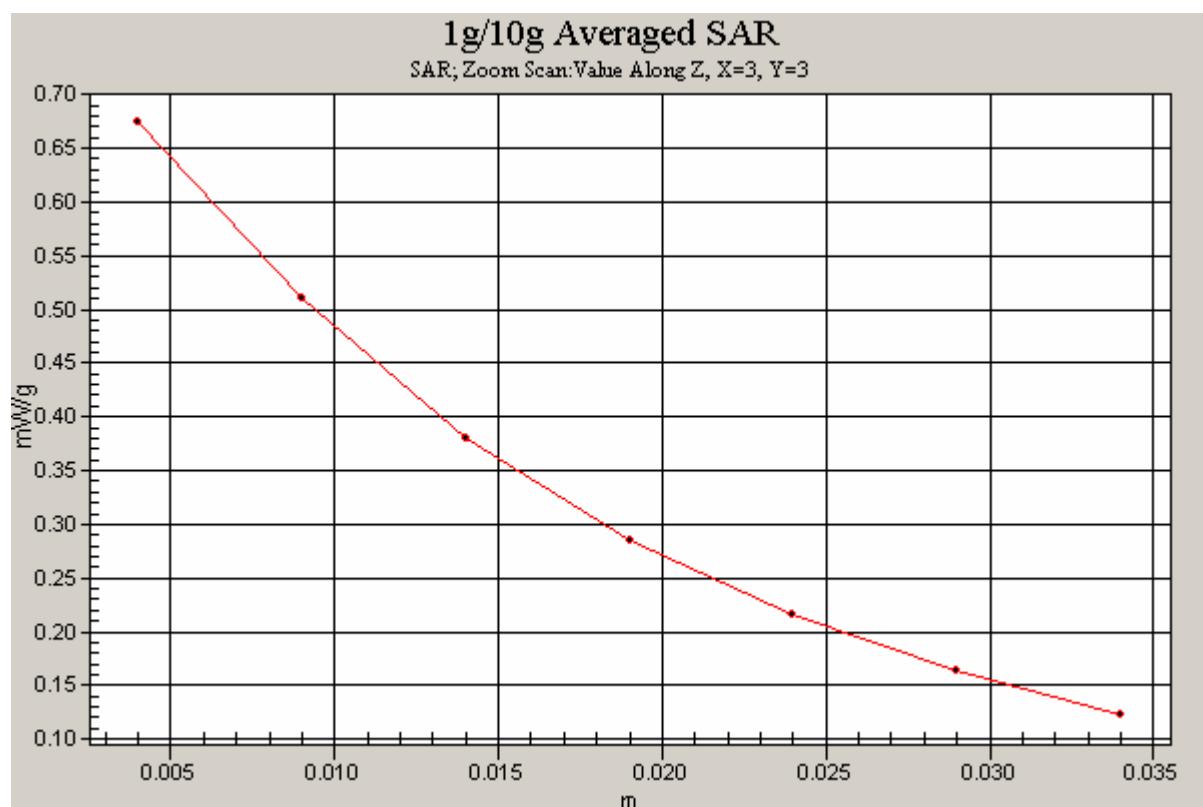


Figure 14 Z-Scan at power reference point (Left Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 777)

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CDMA Cellular Left Tilt Middle

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.581 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.439 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.466 mW/g



Figure 15 Left Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 384

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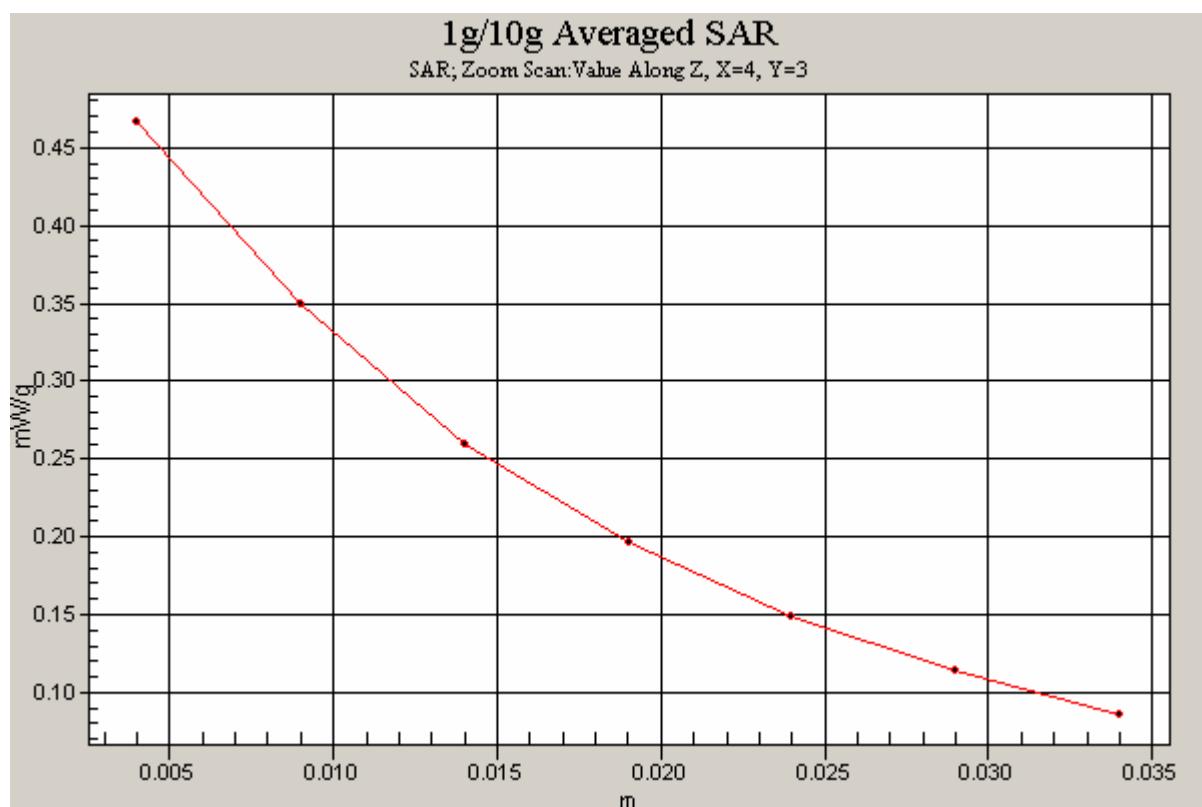


Figure 16 Z-Scan at power reference point (Left Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 384)

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CDMA Cellular Left Tilt Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.604 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.187 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.777 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.582 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.409 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.618 mW/g



Figure 17 Left Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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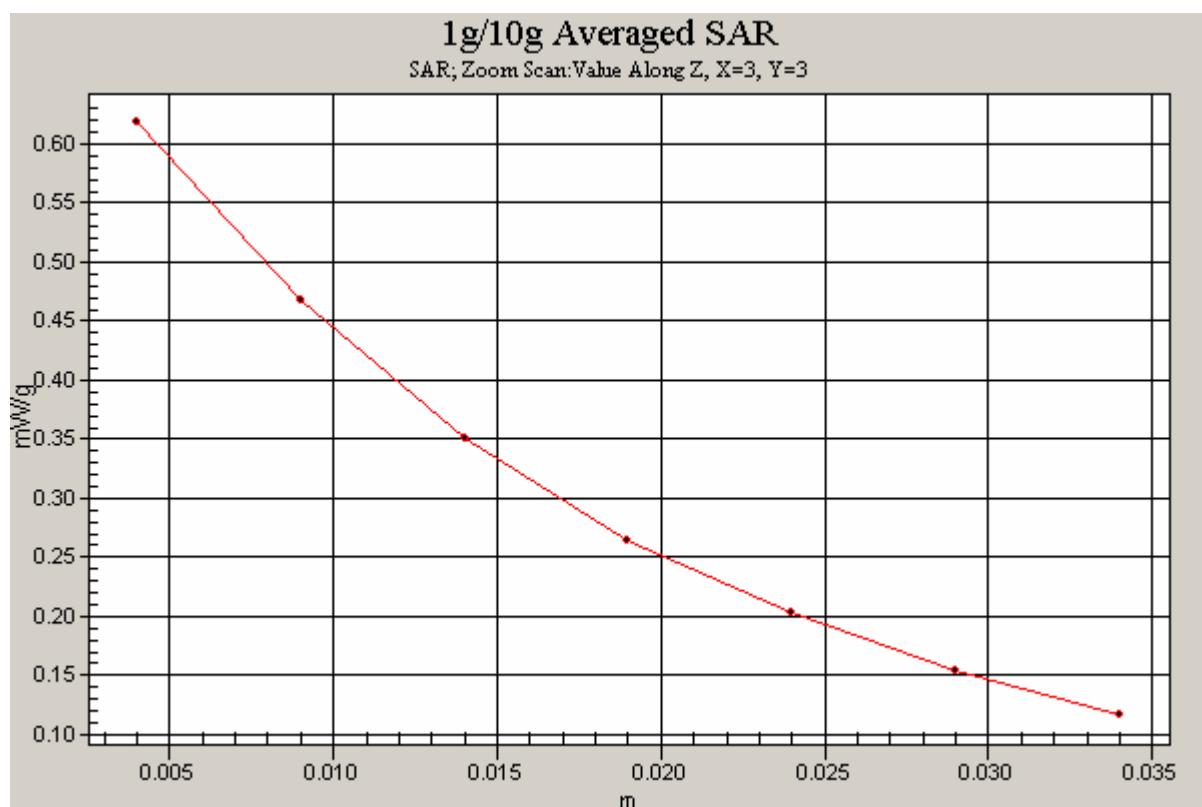


Figure18 Z-Scan at power reference point (Left Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

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CDMA Cellular Right Cheek High

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.847 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 mW/g

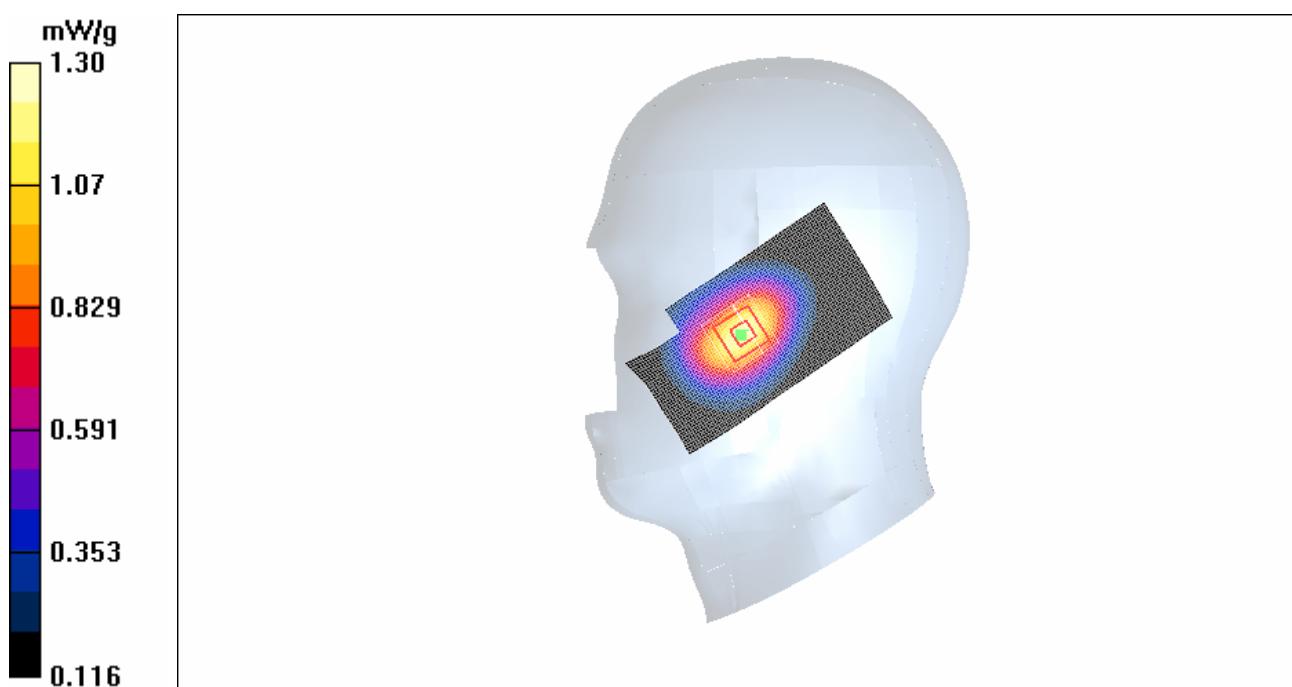


Figure 19 Right Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 777

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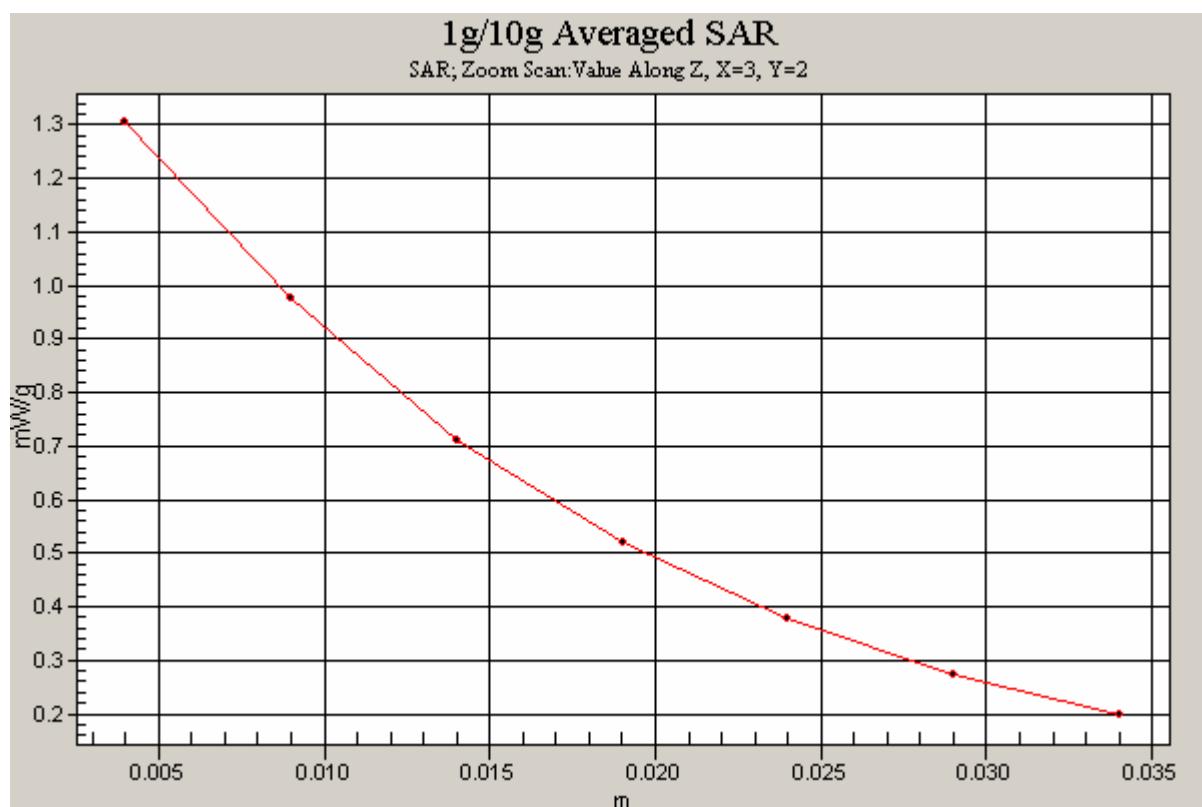


Figure 20 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 777)

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CDMA Cellular Right Cheek Middle

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.895 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.844 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.588 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.893 mW/g

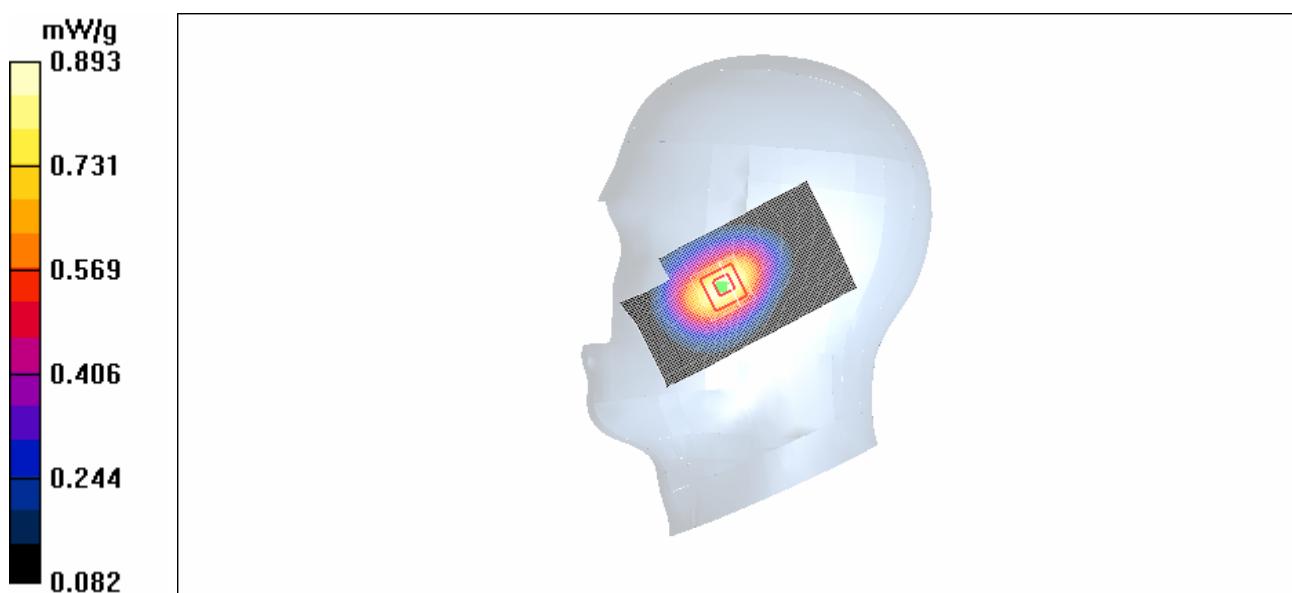


Figure 21 Right Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 384

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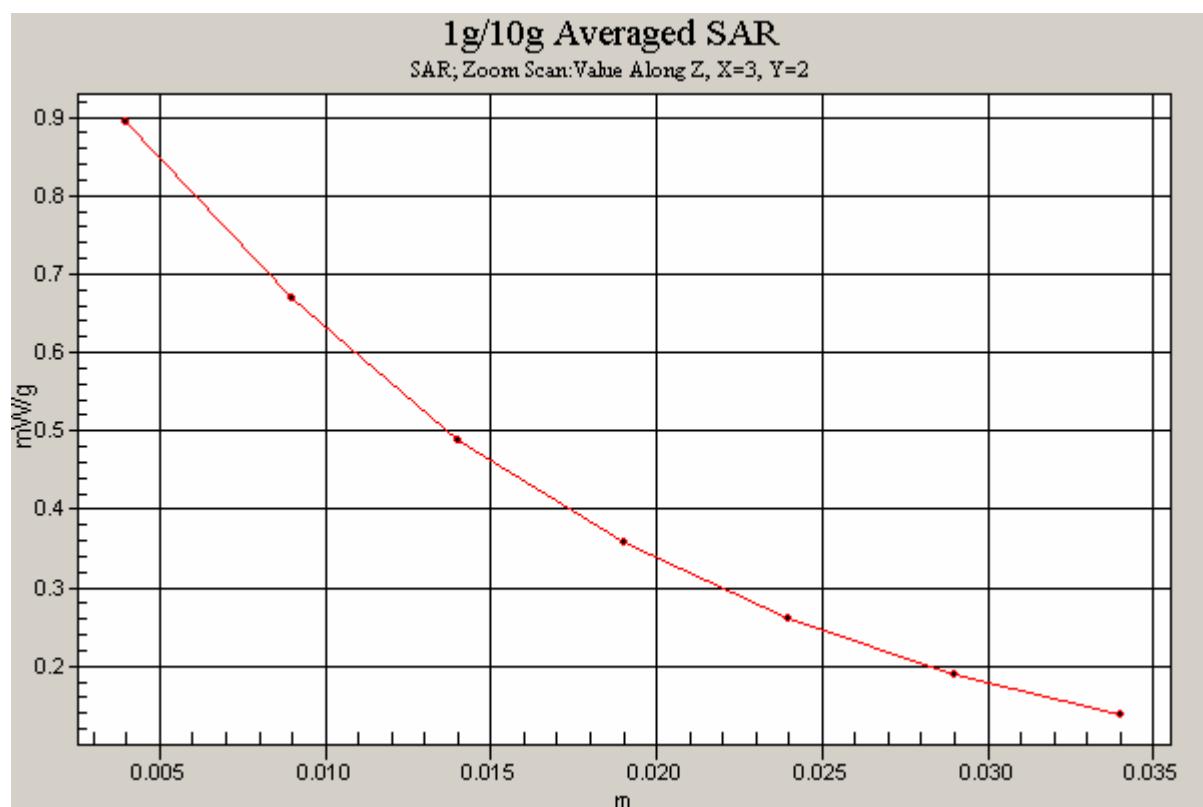


Figure 22 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 384)

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CDMA Cellular Right Cheek Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.785 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g

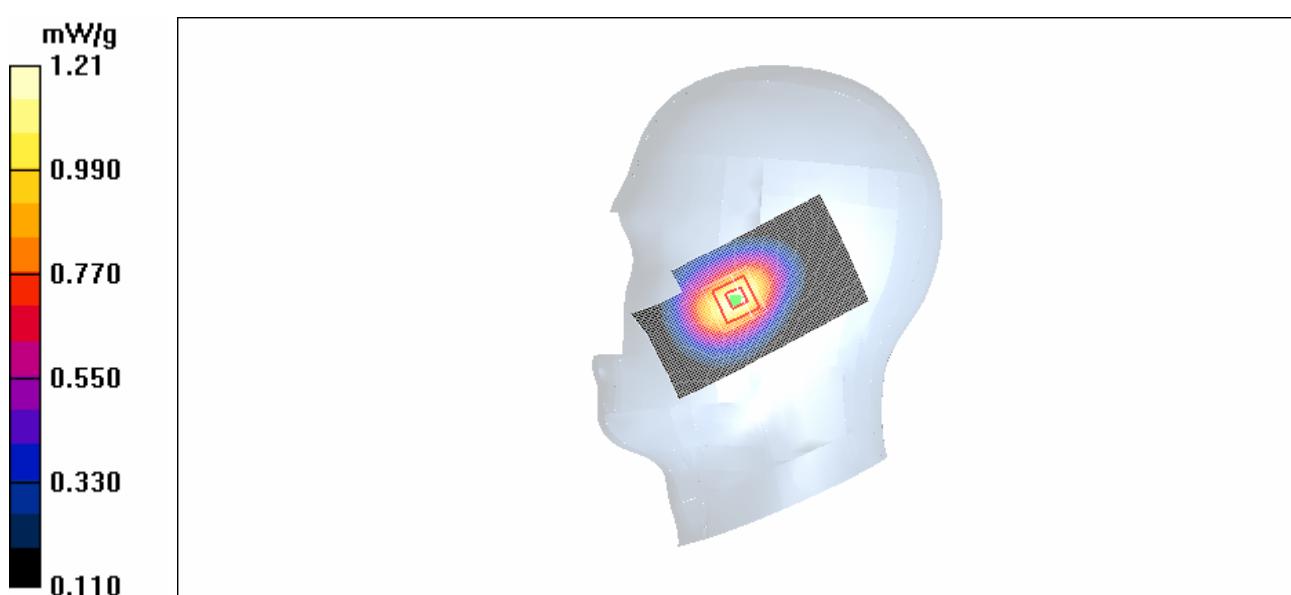


Figure 23 Right Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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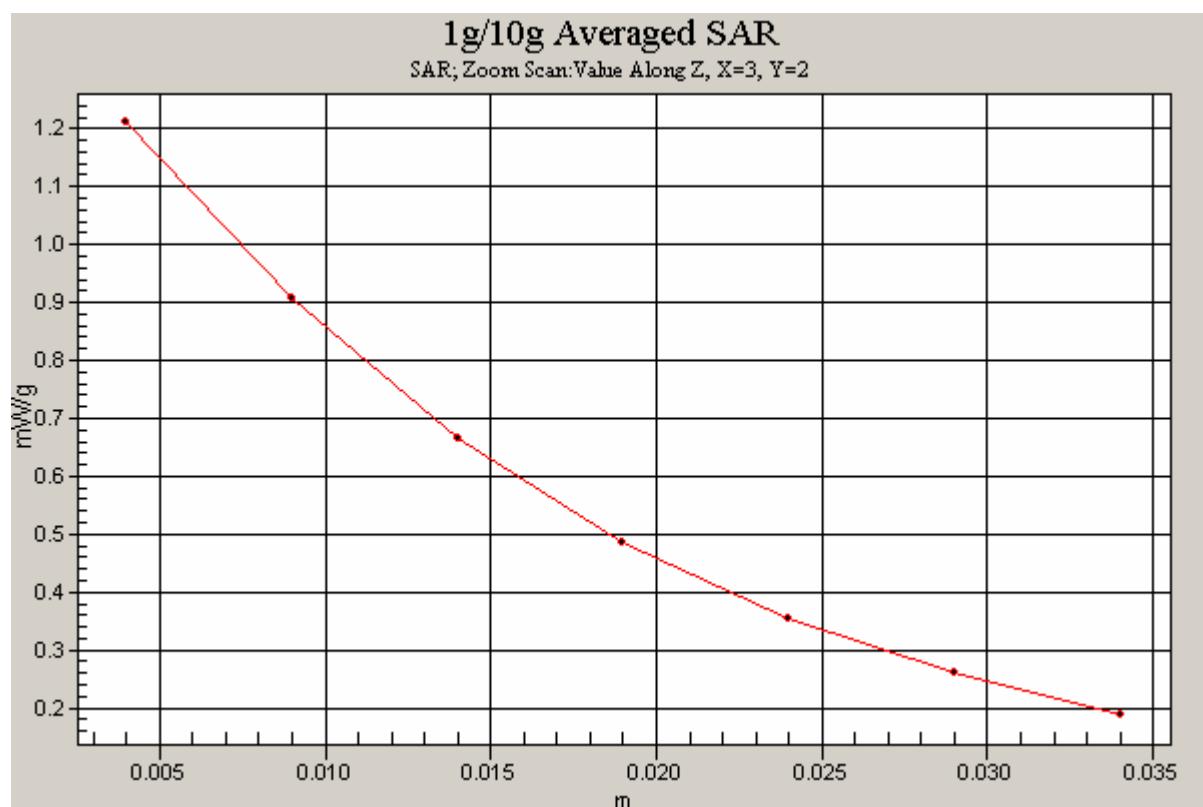


Figure 24 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Touch Cheek CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

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CDMA Cellular Right Tilt High

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.552 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.177 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.772 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.580 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 mW/g

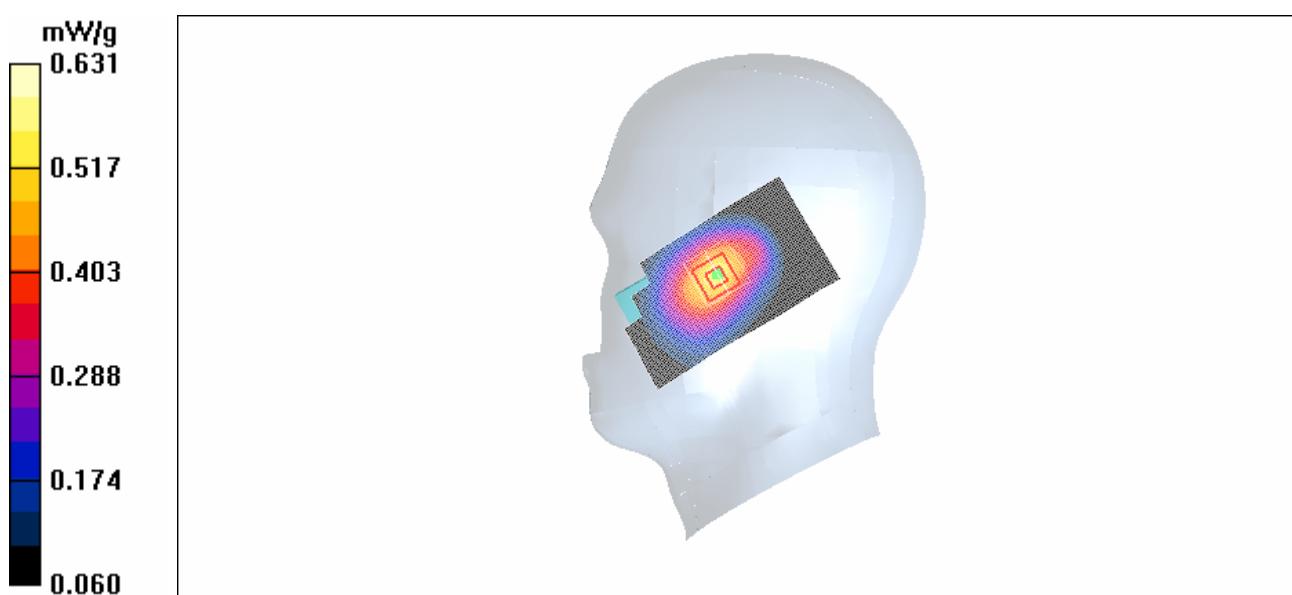


Figure 25 Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 777

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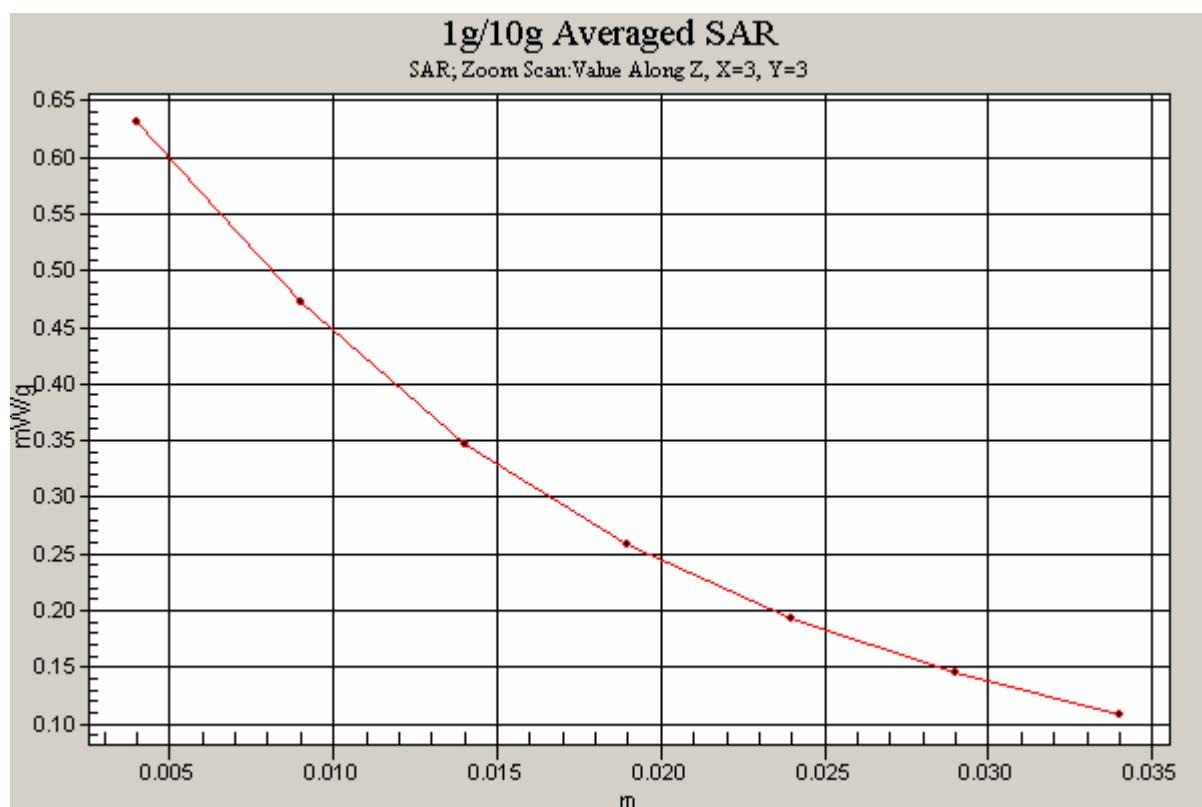


Figure 26 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 777)

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CDMA Cellular Right Tilt Middle

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.425 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.454 mW/g

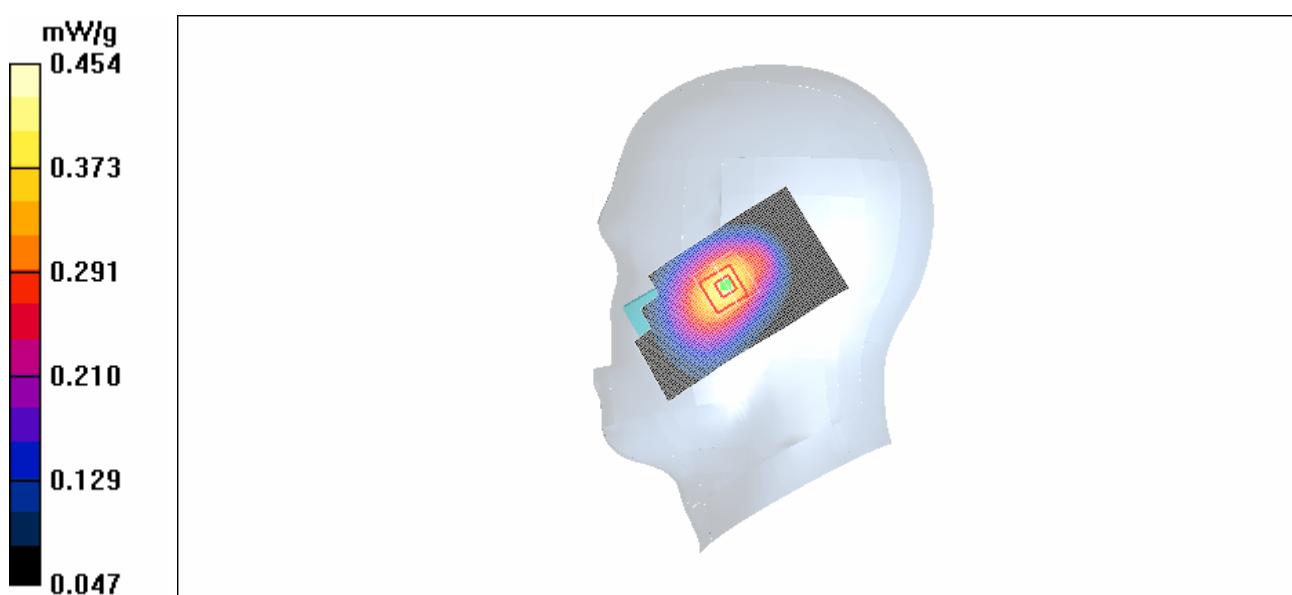


Figure 27 Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 384

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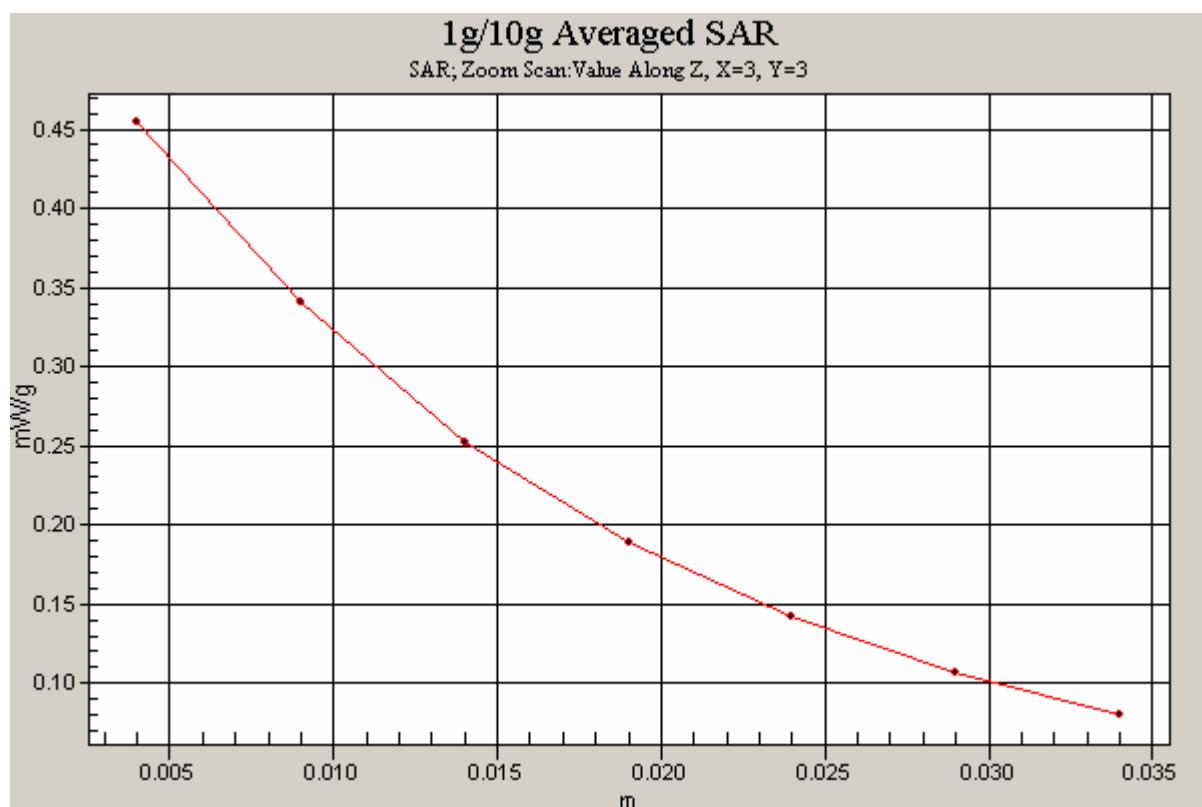


Figure 28 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 384)

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CDMA Cellular Right Tilt Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.537 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.719 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.549 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.391 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 mW/g

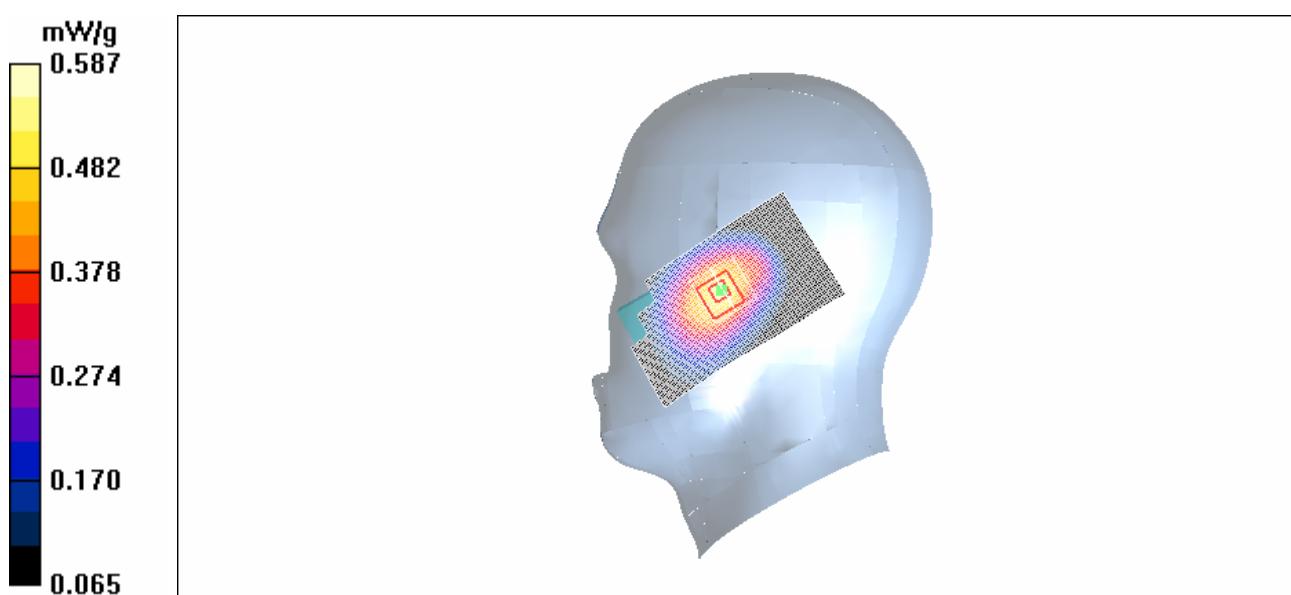


Figure 29 Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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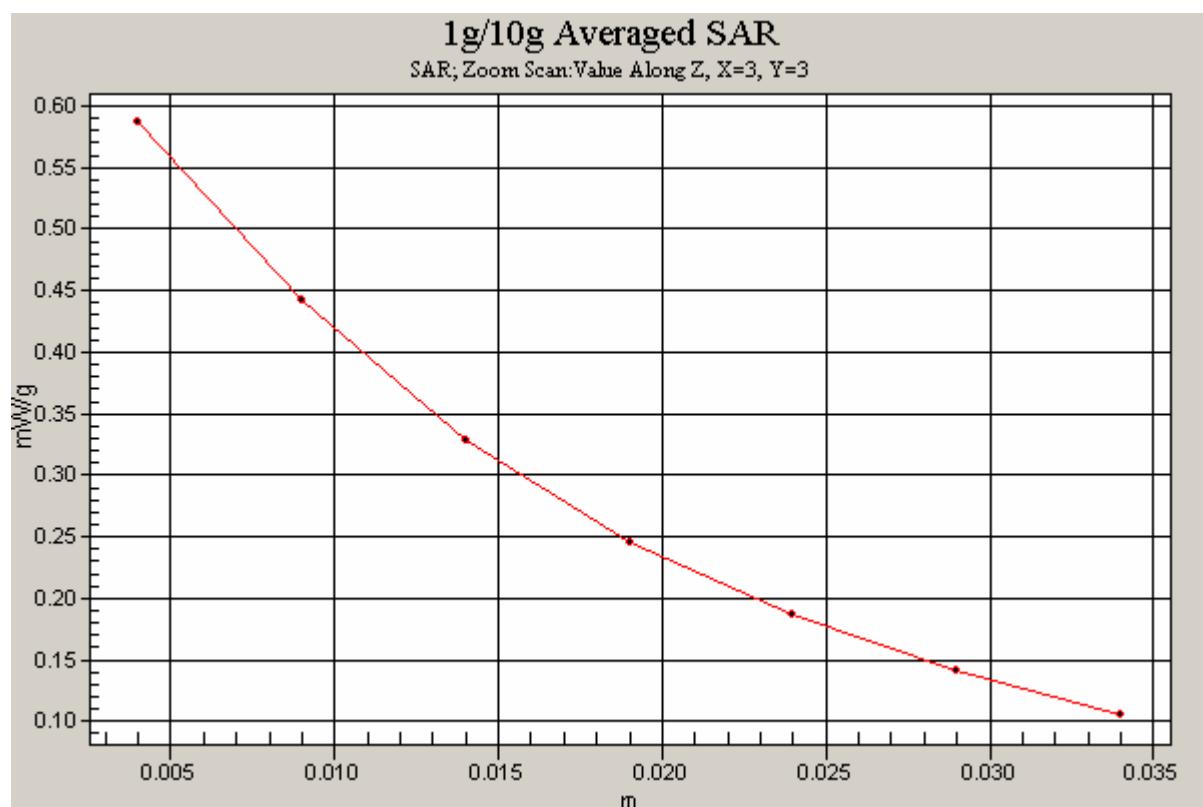


Figure 30 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Tilt 15° CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

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CDMA Cellular Towards Ground High

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.960 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 mW/g

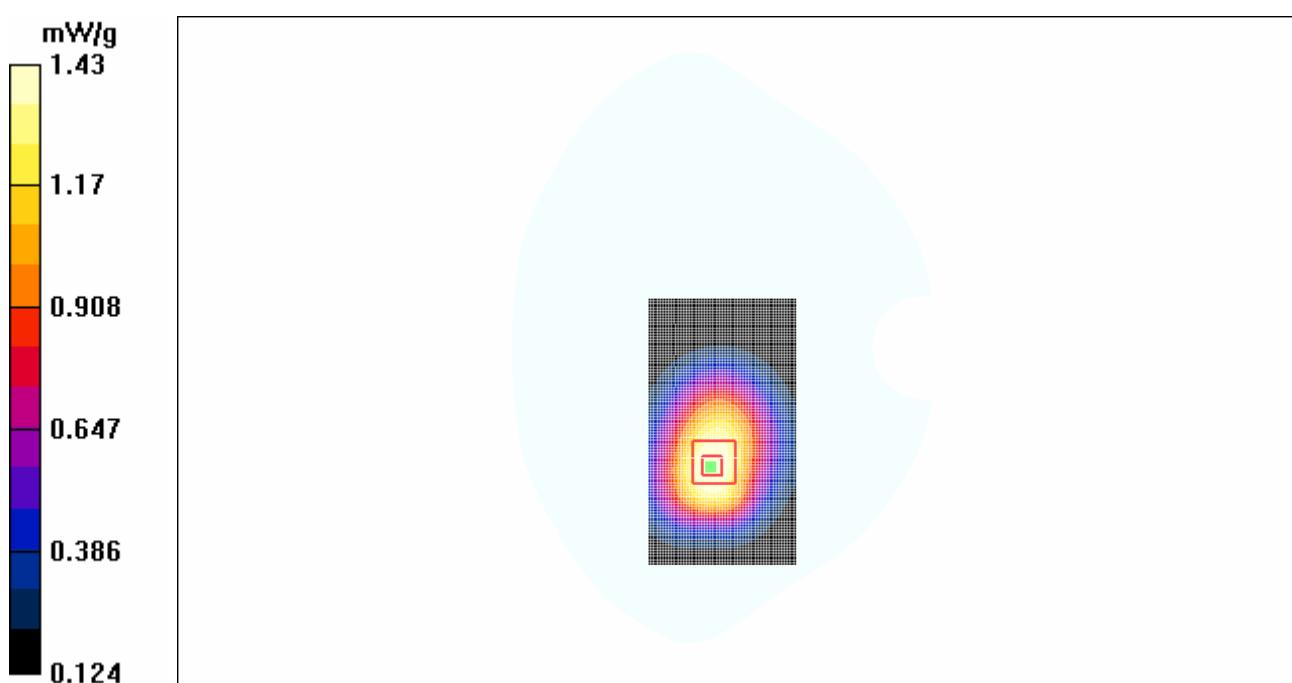


Figure 31 Body, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 777

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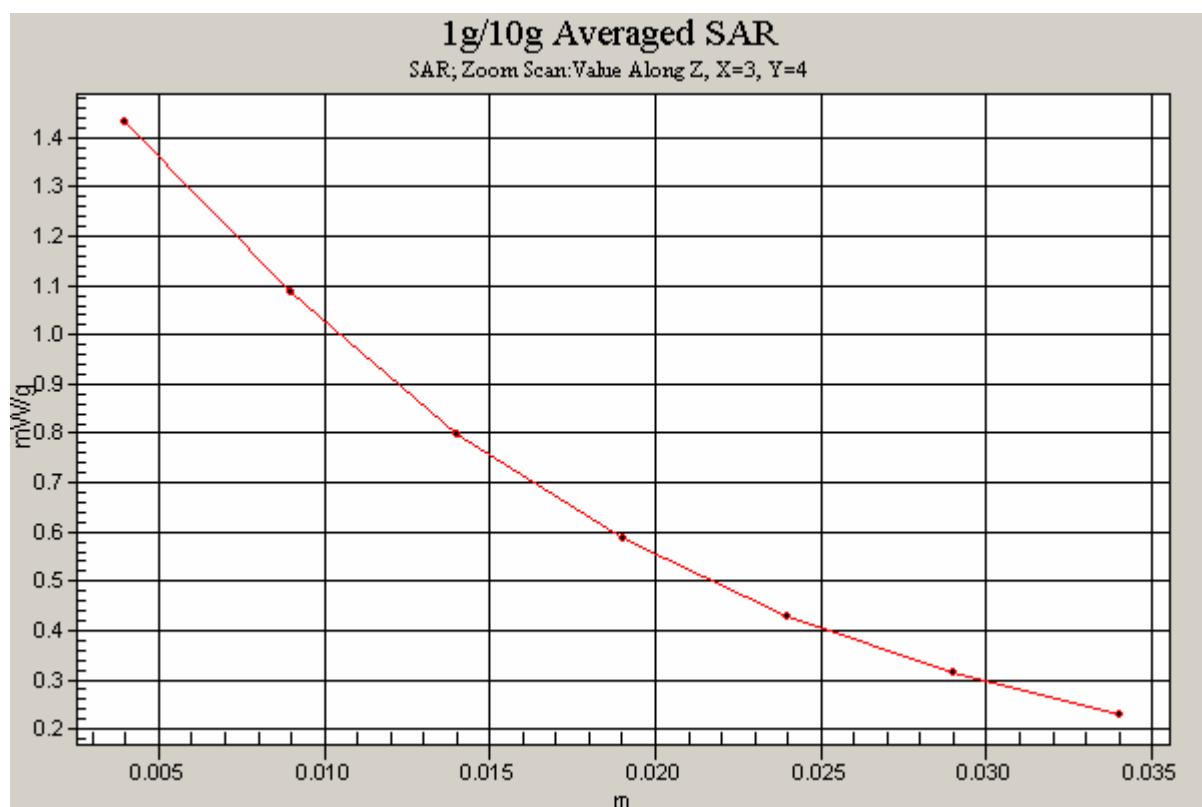


Figure 32 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 777)

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CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Middle

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.993 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.968 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.688 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g

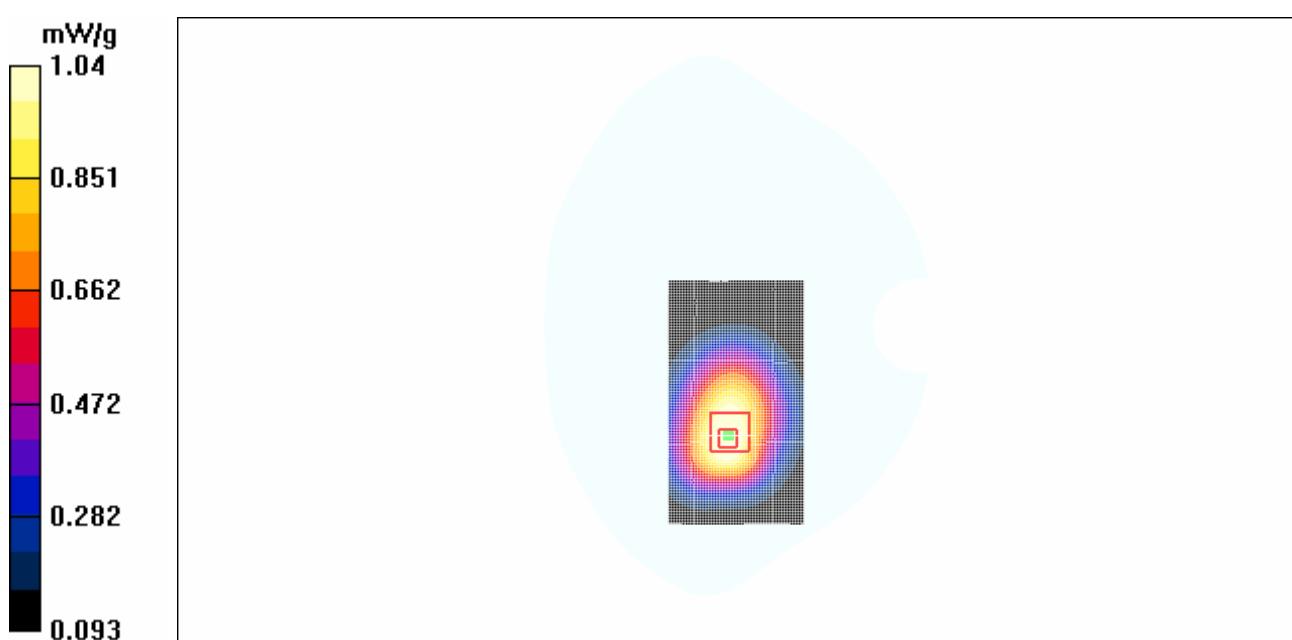


Figure 33 Body, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 384

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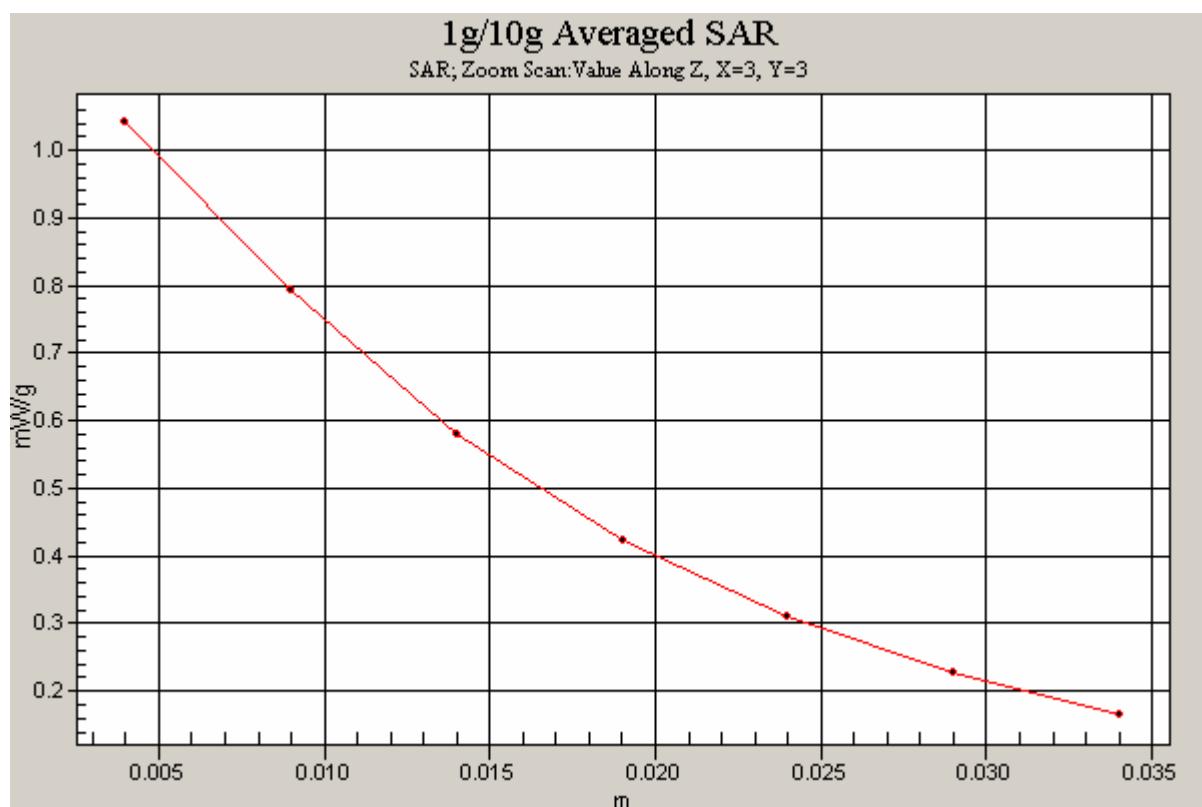


Figure 34 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 384)

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CDMA Cellular Towards Ground Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.971 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 mW/g

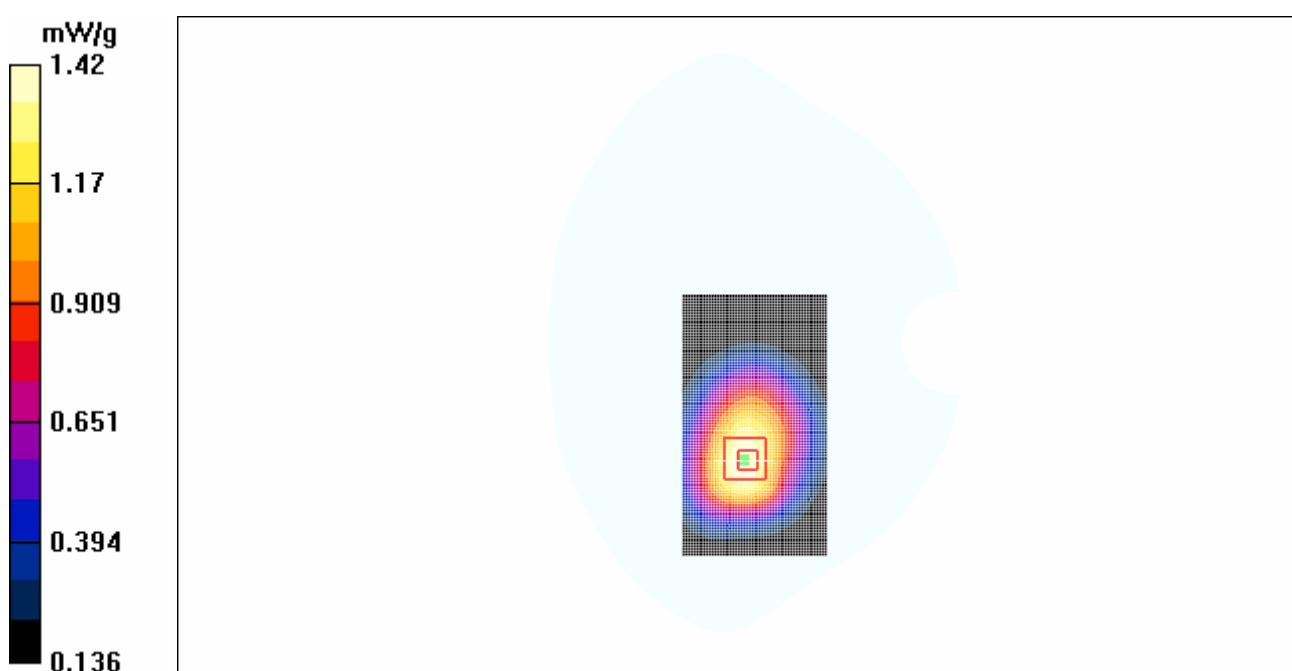


Figure 35 Body, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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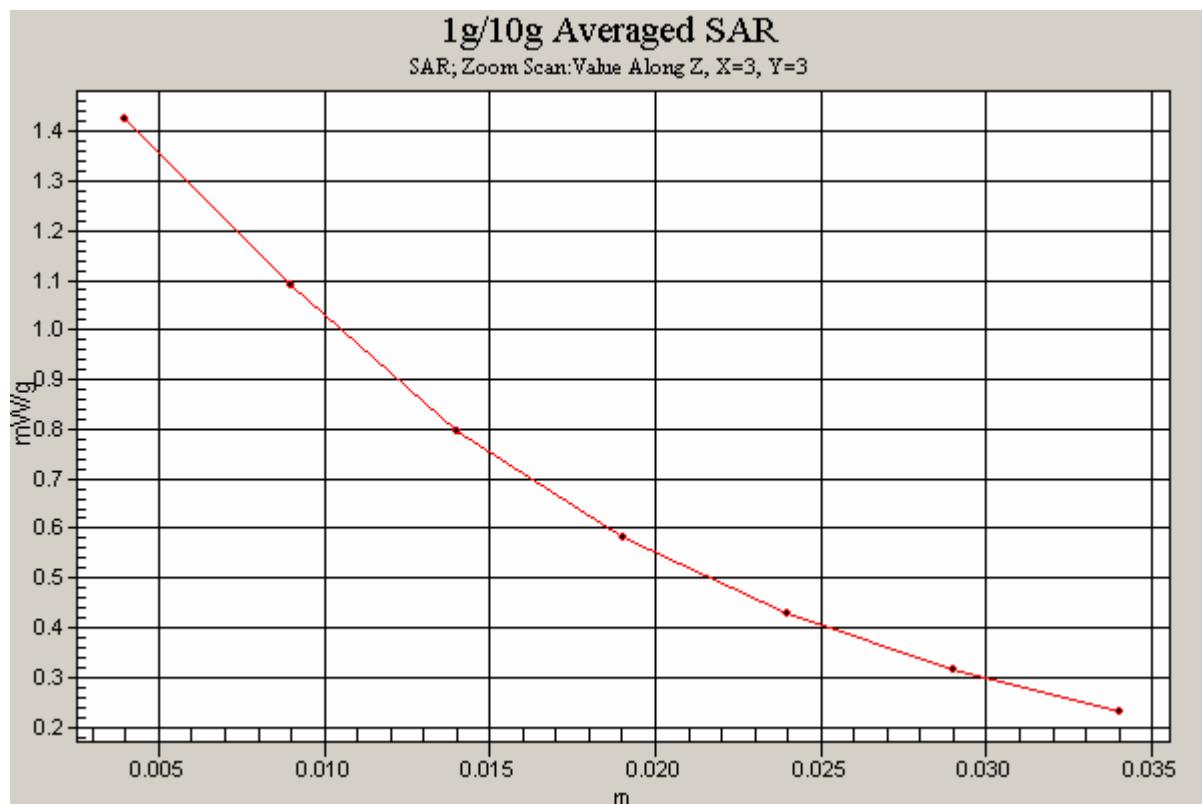


Figure 36 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

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CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom High

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.659 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.855 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.654 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 mW/g

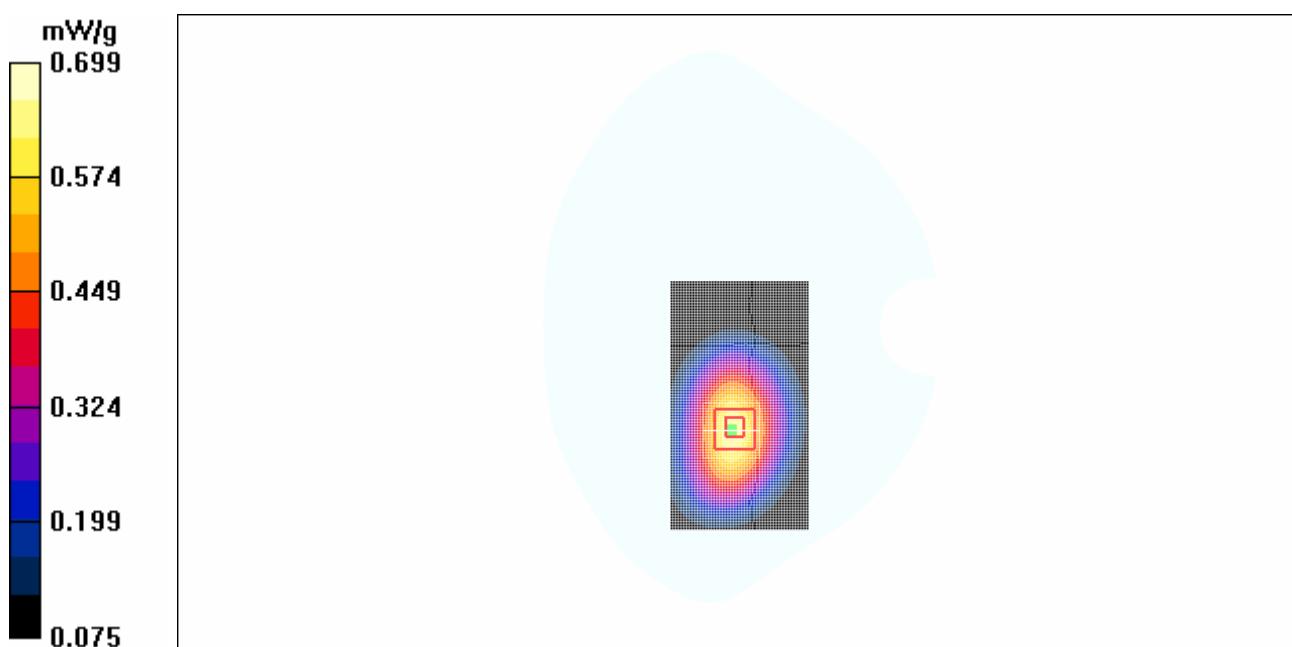


Figure 37 Body, Towards Phantom, CDMA Cellular Channel 777

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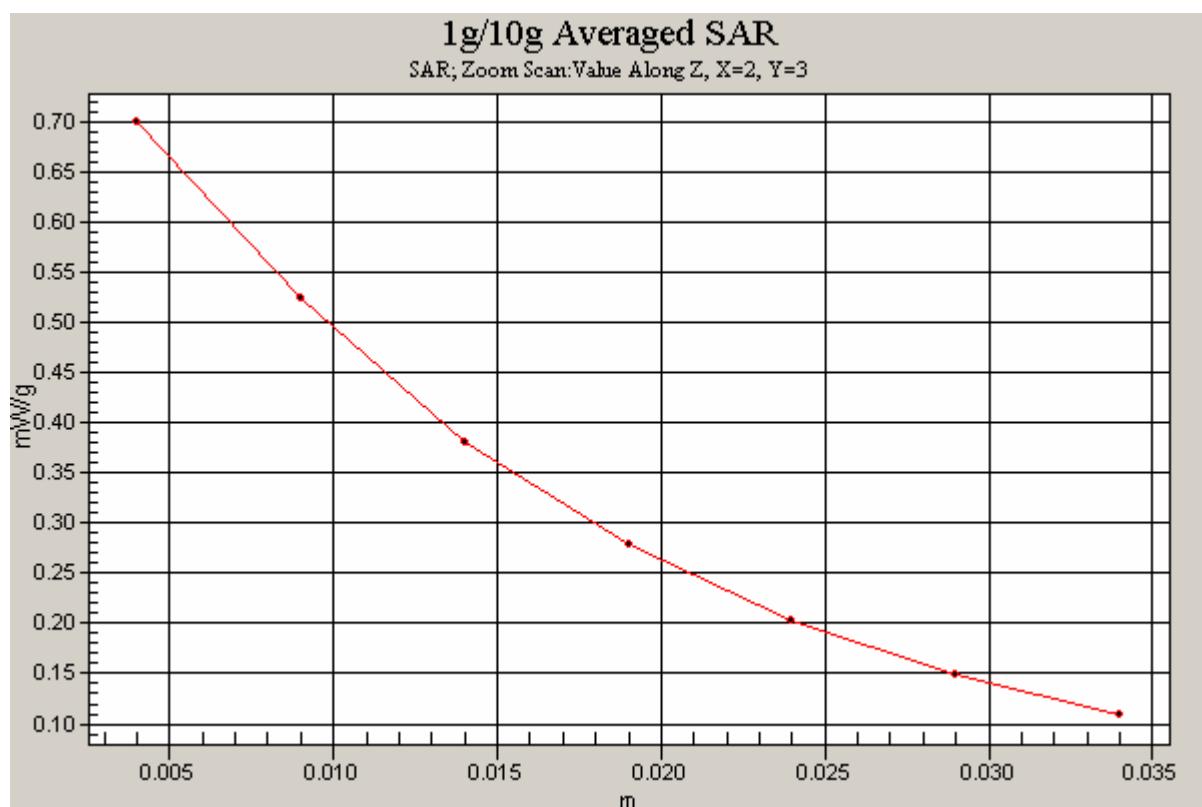


Figure 38 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, CDMA Cellular Channel 777)

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CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Middle

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.448 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.551 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.425 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.453 mW/g

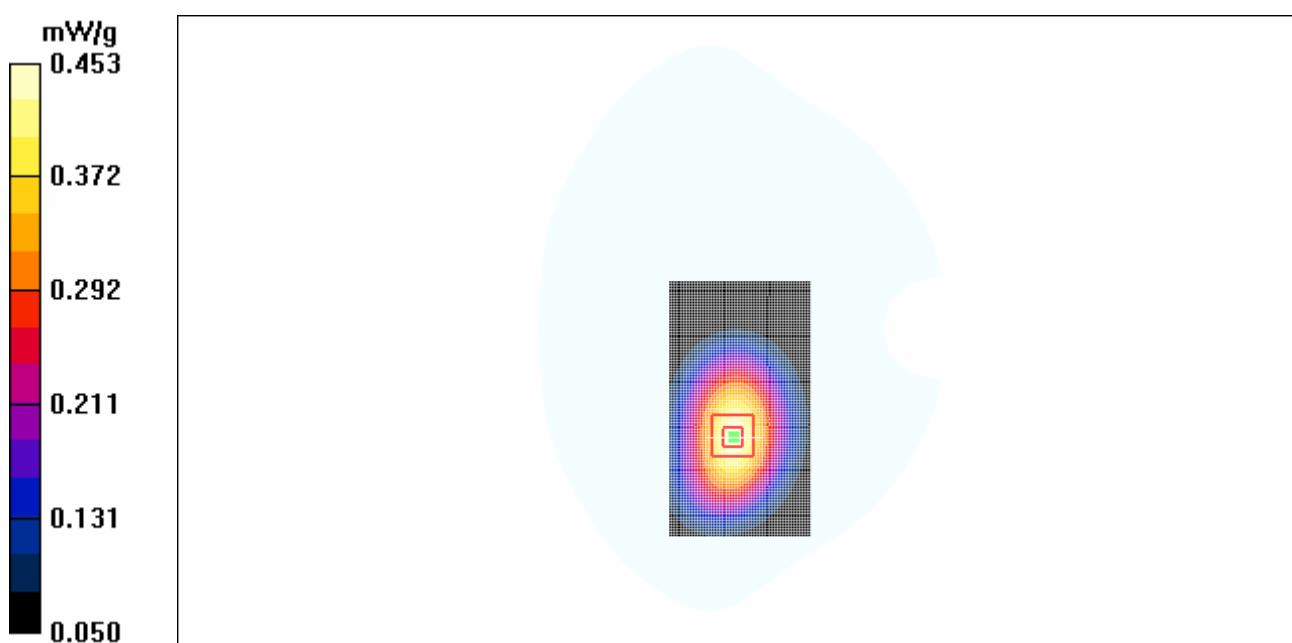


Figure 39 Body, Towards Phantom, CDMA Cellular Cannel 384

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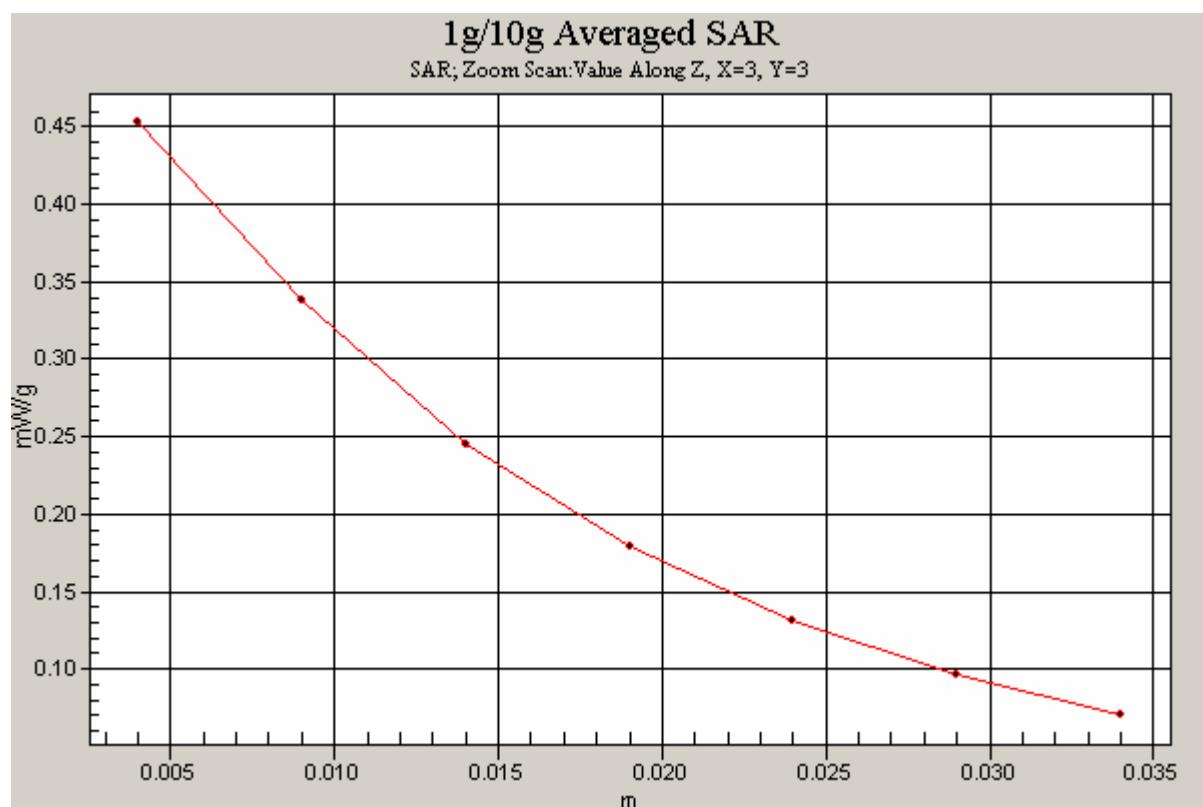


Figure 40 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, CDMA Cellular Cannel 384)

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CDMA Cellular Towards Phantom Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.605 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.196 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.743 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.578 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.409 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.620 mW/g

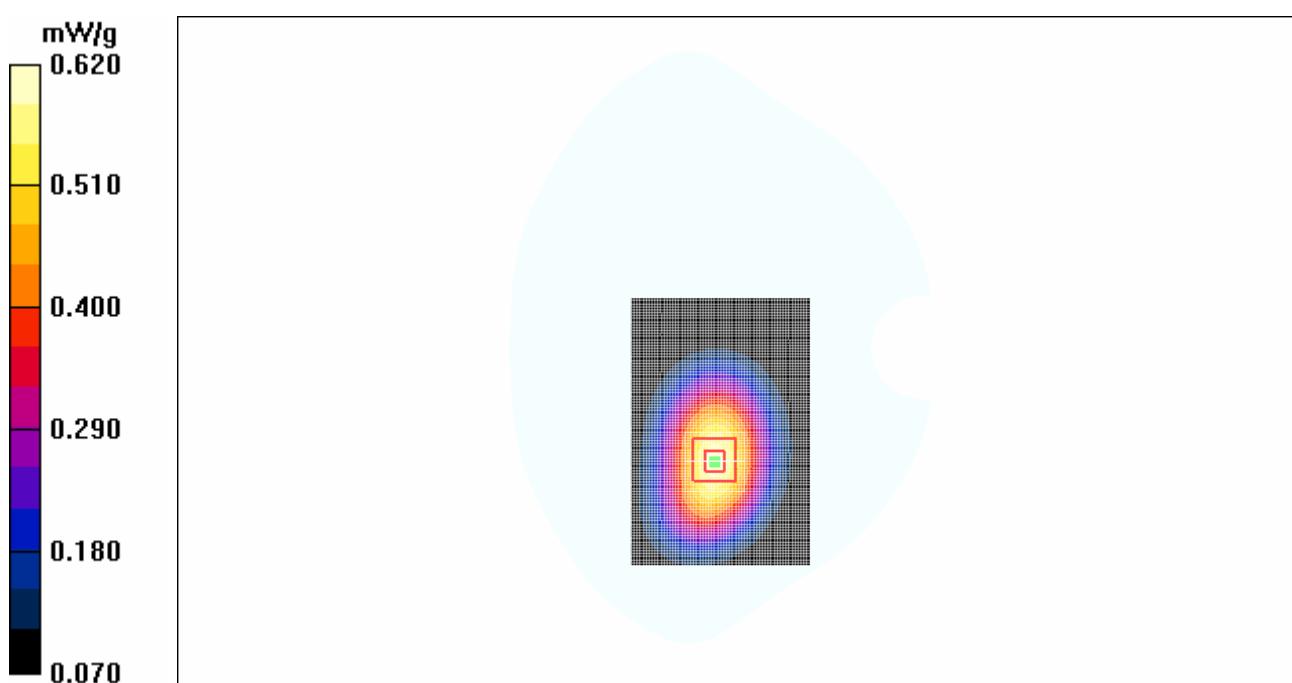


Figure 41 Body, Towards Phantom, CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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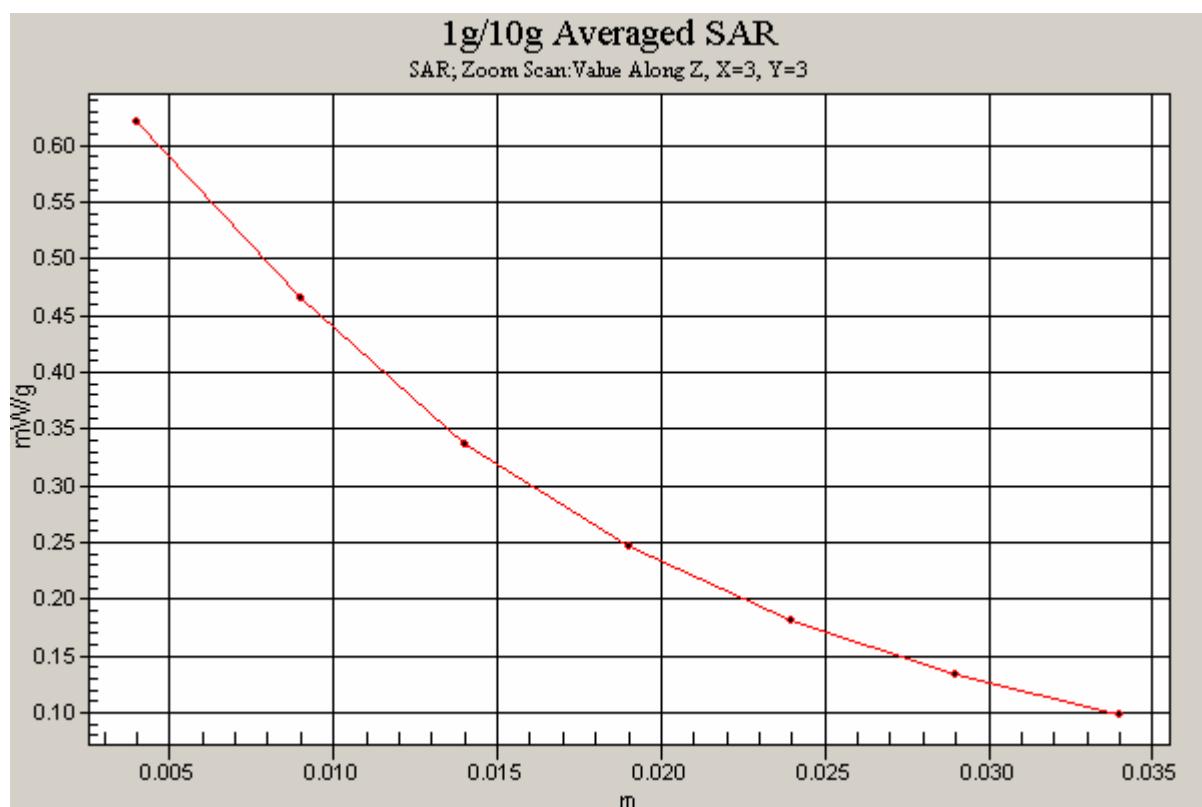


Figure 42 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

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CDMA Cellular body with Earphone Towards Ground Low

Communication System: CDMA Cellular; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.52, 6.52, 6.52);

Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.172 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.951 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 mW/g

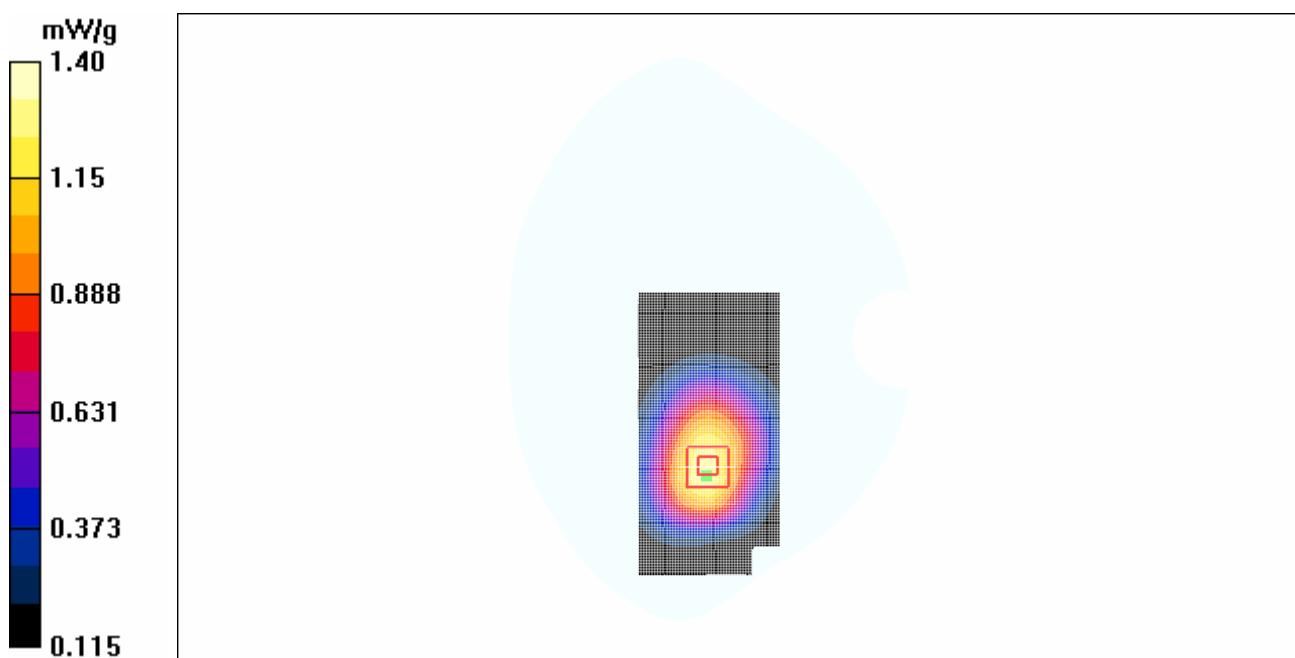


Figure 43 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 1013

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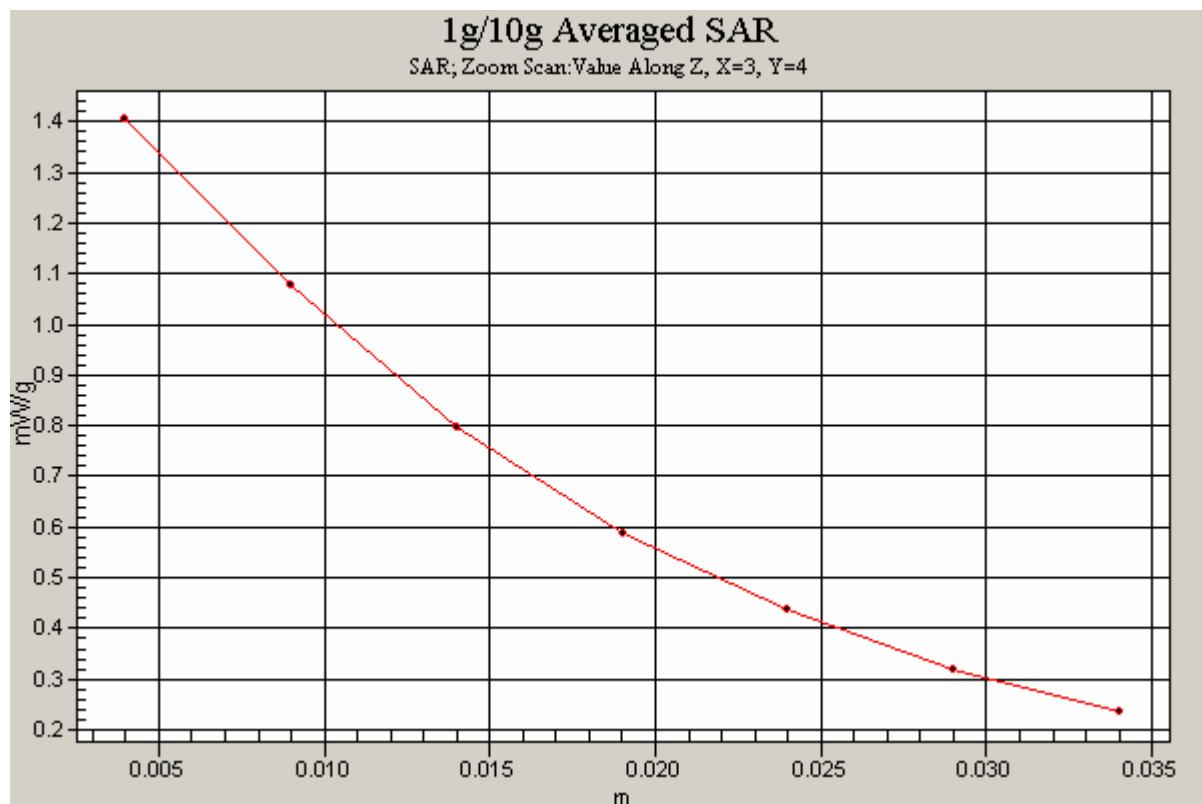


Figure 44 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, CDMA Cellular Channel 1013)

ANNEX D: SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

System Performance Check at 835 MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:443

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.94$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1531; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85);

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn452;

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.54 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 mW/g

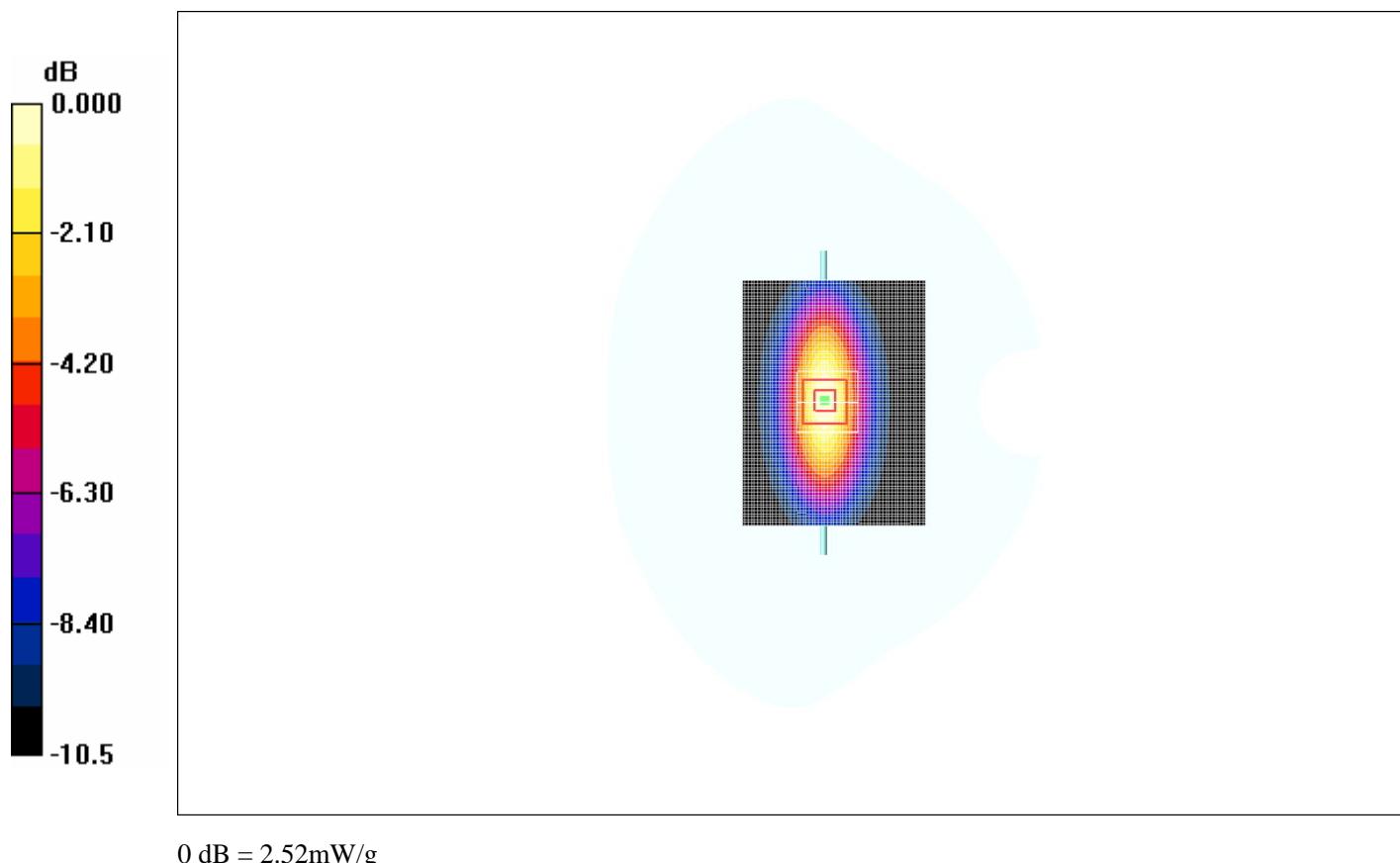


Figure 45 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

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ANNEX E: PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: ET3-1531_Jan08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ET3DV6 - SN:1531

Calibration procedure(s)
QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-12.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 29, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498067 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719) | Aug-08 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5068 (20b) | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671) | Mar-08 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720) | Aug-08 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 2-Jun-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan08) | Jan-09 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07) | Apr-08 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------|
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | U537300585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-08 |

| Calibrated by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Katja Pokorny | Technical Manager | |

| Approved by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Wolfgang Kuster | Quality Manager | |

Issued: January 29, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ET3-1531_Jan08

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM x,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization θ | θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM x,y,z : Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM x,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM x,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM $x,y,z * ConvF$ whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ET3DV6 SN:1531

January 29, 2008

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1531

Manufactured: July 15, 2000
Last calibrated: January 22, 2007
Recalibrated: January 29, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ET3DV6 SN:1531

January 29, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1531

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

| | | |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| NormX | $1.52 \pm 10.1\%$ | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormY | $1.66 \pm 10.1\%$ | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormZ | $1.71 \pm 10.1\%$ | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |

Diode Compression^B

| | |
|-------|-------|
| DCP X | 95 mV |
| DCP Y | 94 mV |
| DCP Z | 93 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| | | |
|---|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR ₉₉ [%] Without Correction Algorithm | 8.3 | 4.5 |
| SAR ₉₉ [%] With Correction Algorithm | 0.7 | 0.0 |

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| | | |
|---|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR ₉₉ [%] Without Correction Algorithm | 11.9 | 8.0 |
| SAR ₉₉ [%] With Correction Algorithm | 0.5 | 0.1 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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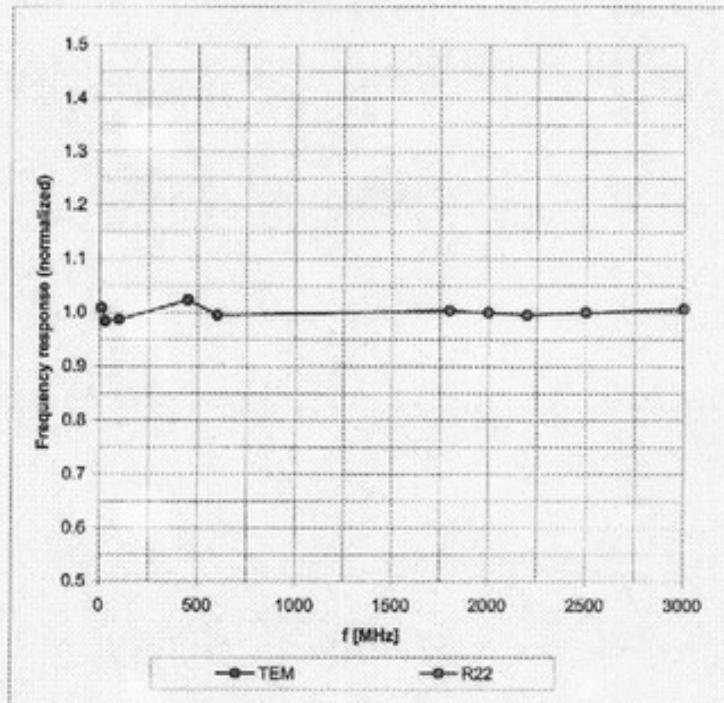
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ET3DV6 SN:1531

January 29, 2008

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: Ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

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Test Report

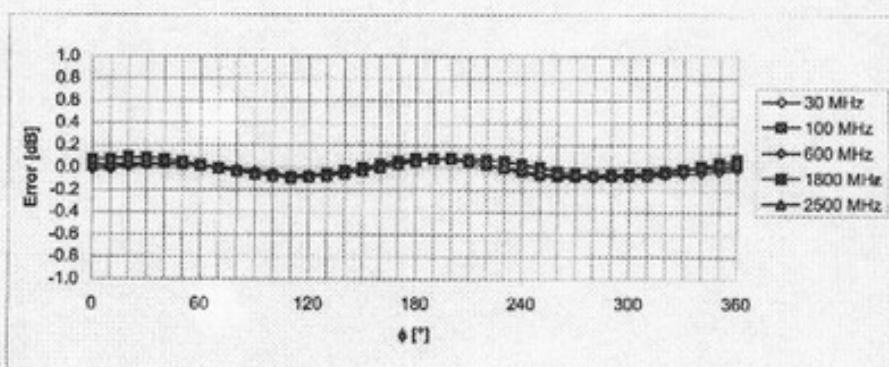
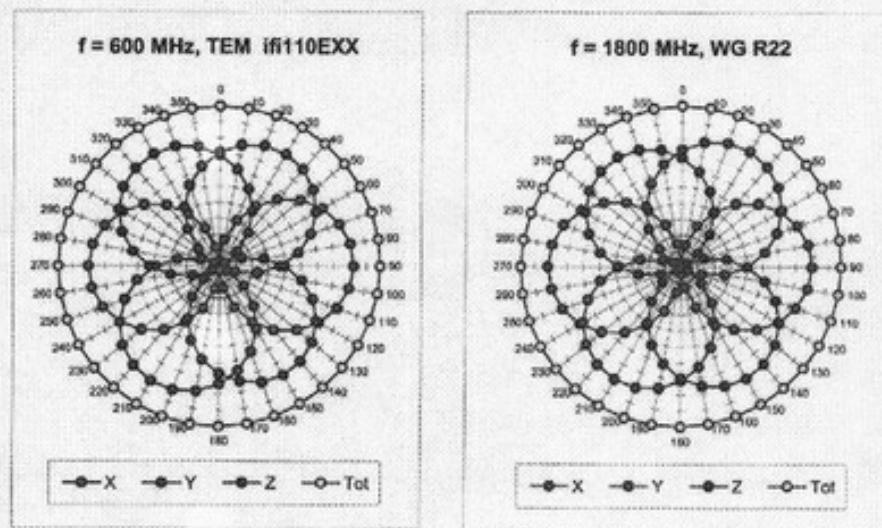
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January 29, 2008

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

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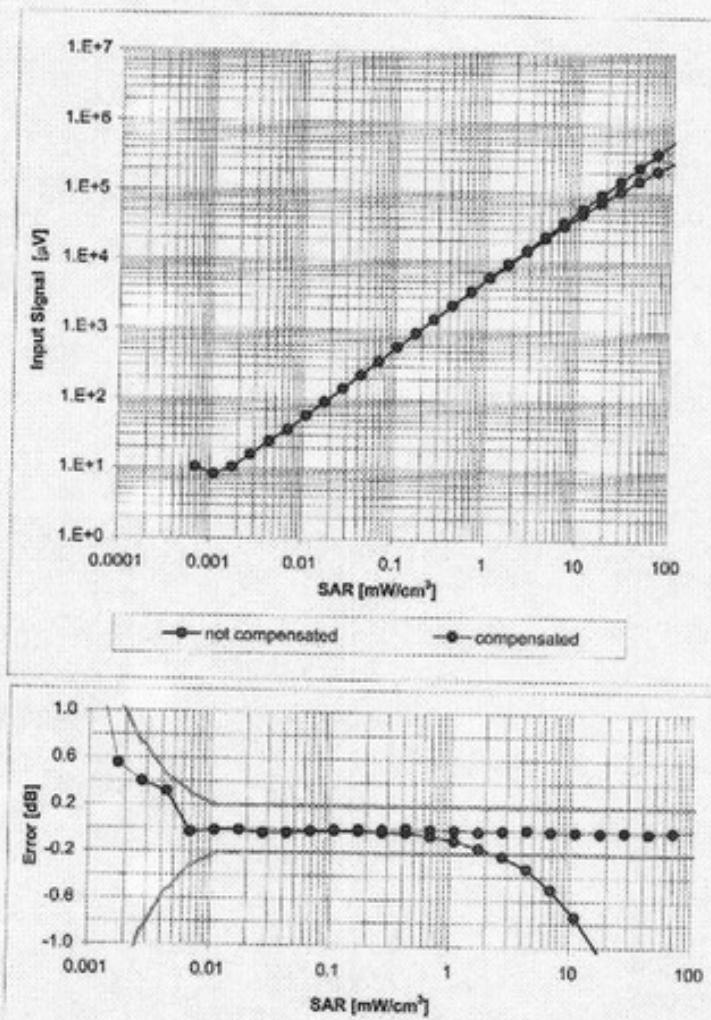
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January 29, 2008

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

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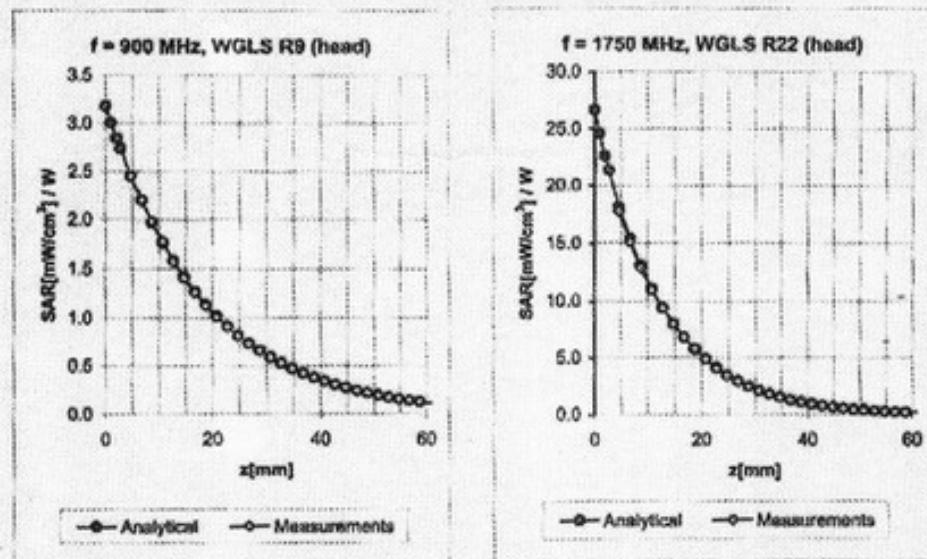
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ET3DV6 SN:1531

January 29, 2008

Conversion Factor Assessment



| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^a | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.27 | 2.89 | 6.85 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 0.52 | 2.55 | 5.42 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.49 | 2.89 | 5.15 ± 11.0% (k=2) |

| | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------|--------------------|
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.35 | 2.82 | 6.52 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 0.56 | 2.68 | 4.97 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.68 | 2.07 | 4.64 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.66 | 2.16 | 4.10 ± 11.8% (k=2) |

^a The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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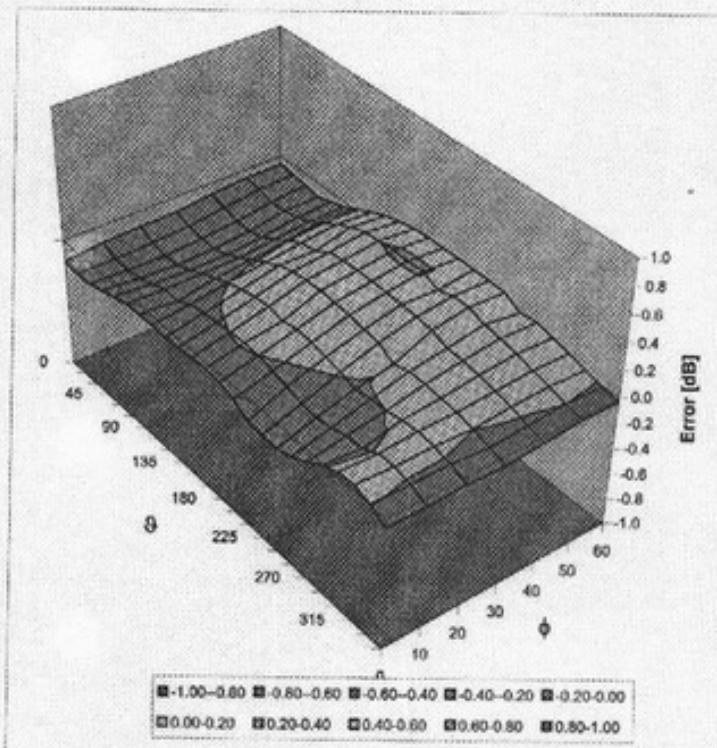
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ET3DV6 SN:1531

January 29, 2008

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL
Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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ANNEX F: DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client TMC China

Certificate No: D835V2-443_Dec07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Object | D835V2-SN: 443 |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits |
| Calibration date: | December 9, 2007 |
| Condition of the calibrated item | In Tolerance |

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted at an environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Data (Calibrated by, Certification NO.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 13-Sep-07 (METAS, NO. 217-00608) | Sep-08 |
| Power sensor 8481A | US37292783 | 13-Sep-07 (METAS, NO. 217-00608) | Sep-08 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN:5088 (20g) | 12-Jul-07 (METAS, NO. 217-00591) | Jul-08 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN:5047_2 (10r) | 12-Jul-07 (METAS, NO. 217-00591) | Jul-08 |
| DAE4 | SN:601 | 30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, NO.DAE4-601_Jan07) | Jan-08 |
| Reference Probe ET3DV8 (HF) | SN: 1507 | 19-Sep-07 (SPEAG, NO. ET3-1507_Sep07) | Sep-08 |

| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Data (In house) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02(SPEAG, In house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-09 |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000878 | 11-May-05(SPEAG, In house check Nov-07) | In house check: Nov-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585S4208 | 18-Oct-01(SPEAG, In house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-08 |

| Name | Function | Signature |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: Marcel Fehr | Laboratory Technician | |

| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Director | |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| Issued: December 10, 2007 | | | |

This calibration certificate shall not be reported except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x.y.z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz)", July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY4 | V4.7 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 40.2 \pm 6 % | 0.89 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.2 \pm 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.43 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 9.72 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 9.70 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.56 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 6.24 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 6.31 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.5 Ω - 6.8 jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 25.8 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.402 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semi-rigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | September 3, 2001 |

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DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 9.12.2007 14:20:15

Test laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; serial: D835V2-SN: 443

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f=835$ MHz; $\sigma=0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=40.2$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6-SN1507(HF); ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 19.9.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.1._2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY, V4.7 Build 53; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

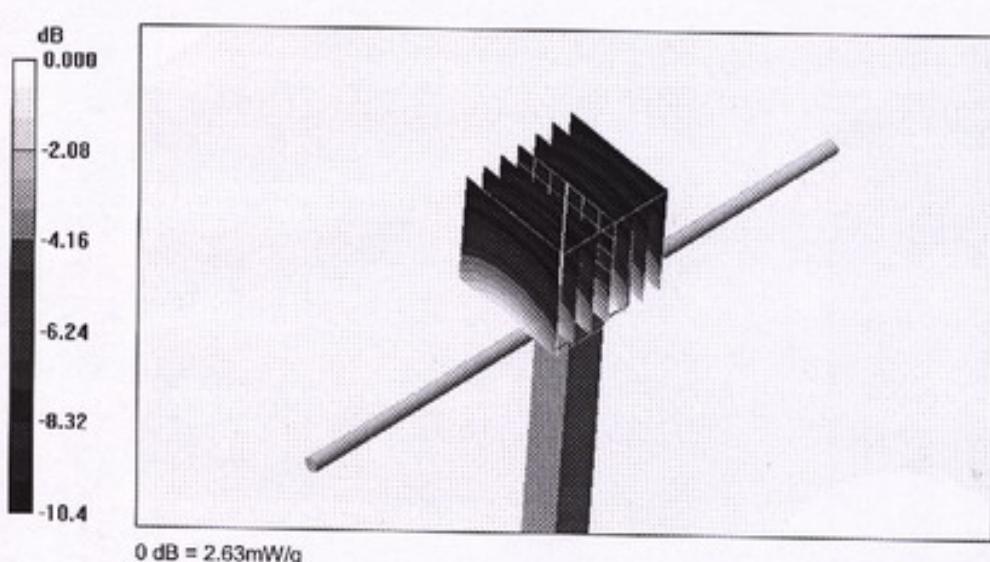
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g

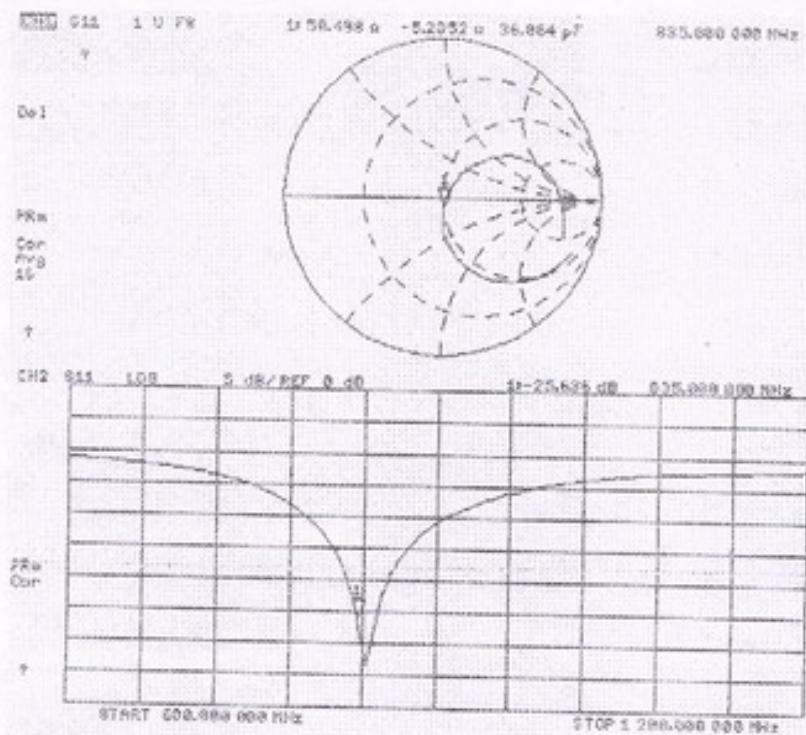


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Impedance measurement Plot for Head TSL



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ANNEX G: THE EUT APPEARANCES AND TEST CONFIGURATION

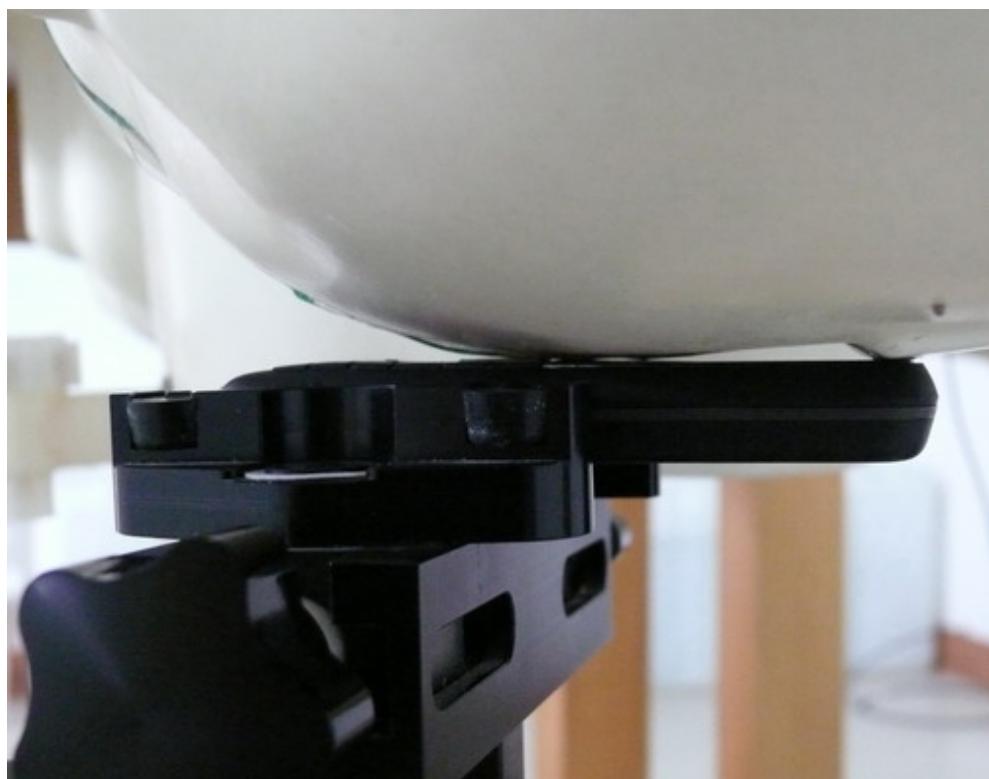


Picture 4: Constituents of the sample (Lithium Battery is in the Handset)

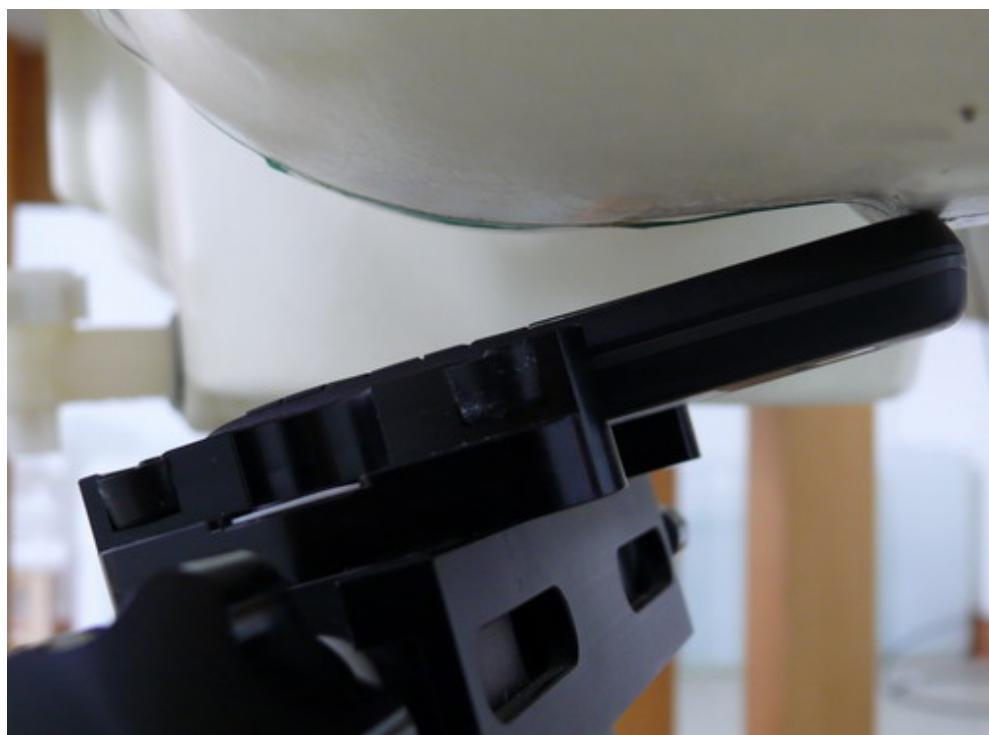
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Picture 5 Left Hand Touch Cheek Position

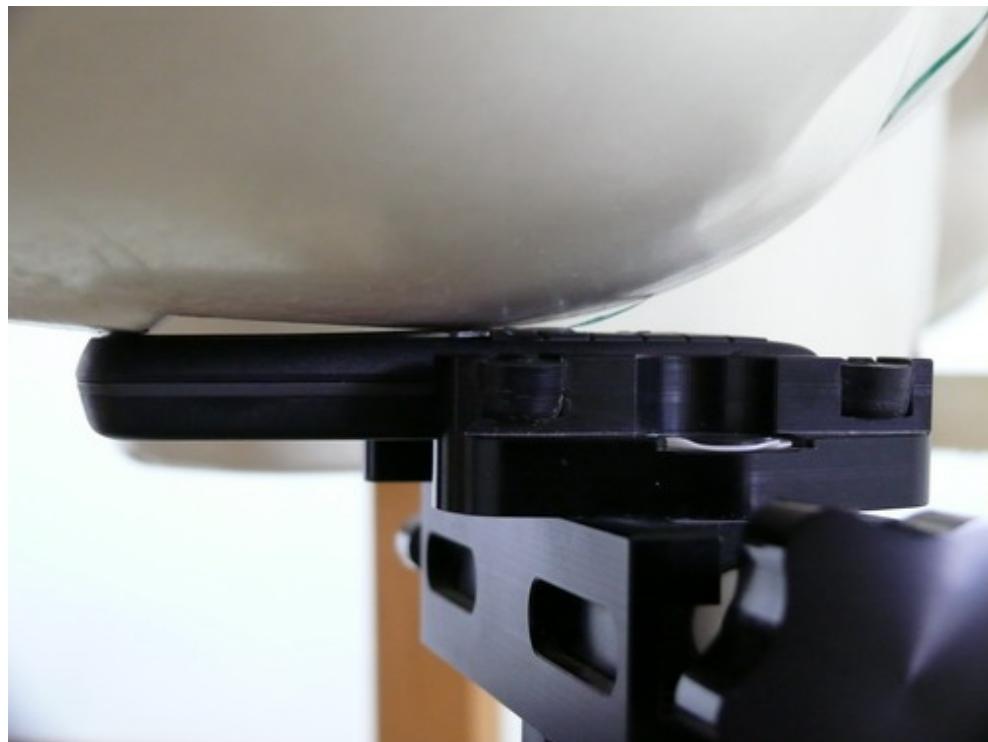


Picture 6 Left Hand Tilt 15° Degree Position

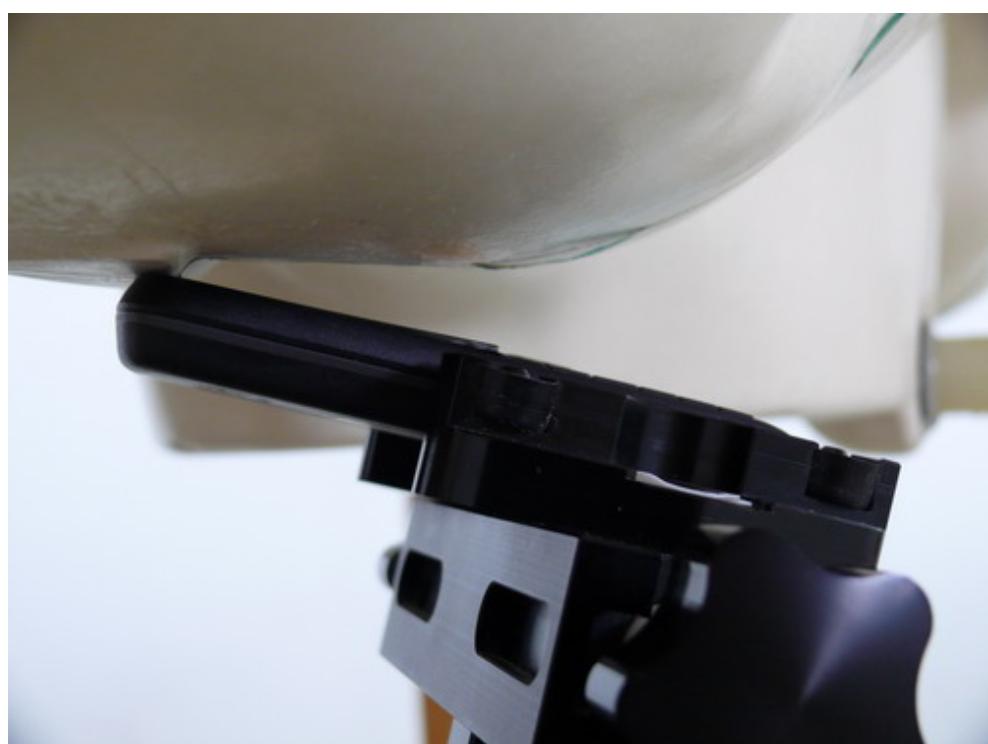
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Picture 7 Right Hand Touch Cheek Position

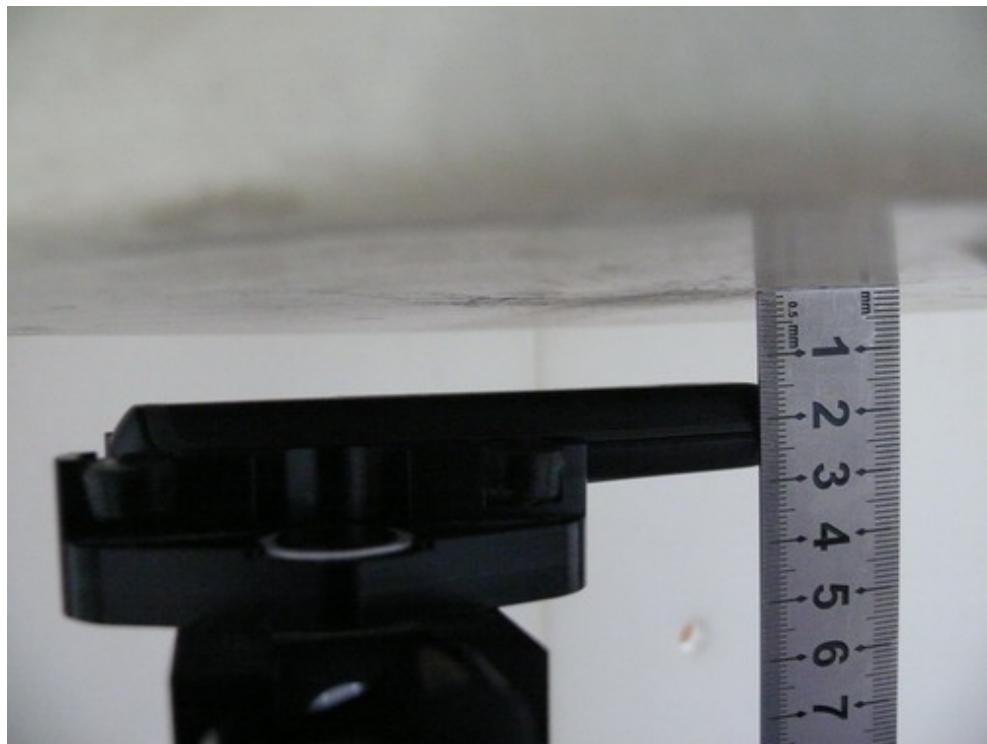


Picture 8 Right Hand Tilt 15° Degree Position

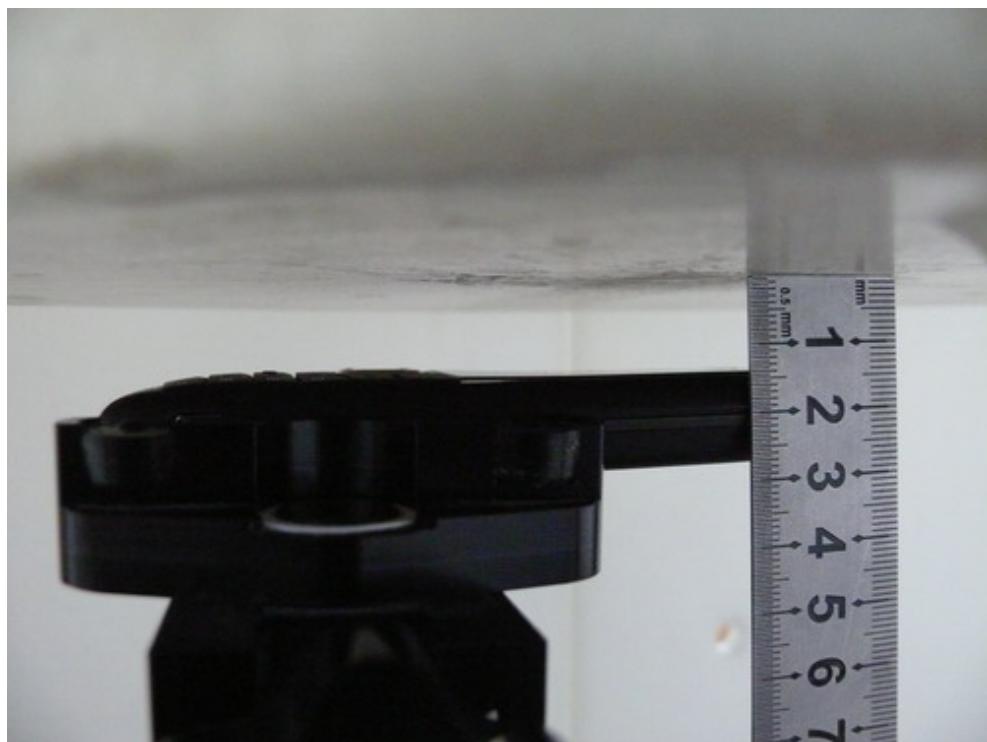
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Picture 9 Body, towards the ground, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 15mm)



Picture 10 Body, towards the Phantom, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 15mm)

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Picture 11 Body with earphone, towards the ground, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 15mm)