# Hardware Interface Overview

# PVS8

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# **Contents**

1	Intro	oduction	6
	1.1	Related Documents	6
	1.2	Terms and Abbreviations	6
	1.3	Regulatory and Type Approval Information	9
		1.3.1 Directives and Standards	9
		1.3.2 SAR requirements specific to portable mobiles	11
		1.3.3 SELV Requirements	12
		1.3.4 Safety Precautions	12
2	Proc	duct Concept	14
	2.1	Key Features at a Glance	14
	2.2	PVS8 System Overview	16
3	App	lication Interface	17
	3.1	Operating Modes	
	3.2	Power Supply	
	3.3	USB Interface	20
	3.4	Serial Interface ASC0	21
	3.5	Analog Audio Interface	23
	3.6	Digital Audio Interface	23
4	GPS	Receiver	24
5	Ante	enna Interfaces	25
	5.1	CDMA Antenna Interface	25
		5.1.1 Antenna Installation	26
	5.2	GPS Antenna Interface	27
6	Mec	hanics, Mounting and Packaging	29
	6.1	Mechanical Dimensions of PVS8	
7	Sam	ple Application	31
8	Refe	erence Approval	33
	8.1	Reference Equipment for Type Approval	
	8.2	Compliance with FCC and IC Rules and Regulations	
9	App	endix	35
	9.1	List of Parts and Accessories	

# **PVS8 Hardware Interface Overview**

Tables



# **Tables**

Table 1:	Directives	9
Table 2:	Standards of North American type approval	9
Table 3:	Requirements of quality	
Table 4:	Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the	
	People's Republic of China	10
Table 5:	Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration	
	limits	10
Table 6:	Overview of operating modes	18
Table 7:	DCE-DTE wiring of ASC0	22
Table 8:	Return loss in the active band	25
Table 9:	List of parts and accessories	35
Table 10:	Molex sales contacts (subject to change)	36
Table 11:	Hirose sales contacts (subject to change)	36

# **PVS8 Hardware Interface Overview**

Figures



# **Figures**

Figure 1:	PVS8 system overview	16
Figure 2:	Decoupling capacitor(s) for BATT+	
Figure 3:	USB circuit	
Figure 4:	Serial interface ASC0	21
Figure 5:	Supply voltage for active GPS antenna	27
Figure 6:	ESD protection for passive GPS antenna	
Figure 7:	PVS8 – top and bottomview	29
Figure 8:	Dimensions of PVS8 (all dimensions in mm)	30
Figure 9:	PVS8 sample application	
Figure 10:	Reference equipment for type approval	



# 1 Introduction

The document<sup>1</sup> describes the hardware of the PVS8 module, designed to connect to a cellular device application and the air interface. It helps you quickly retrieve interface specifications, electrical and mechanical details and information on the requirements to be considered for integrating further components.

## 1.1 Related Documents

- [1] PVS8 AT Command Set
- [2] PVS8 Release Notes
- [3] DSB75 Support Box Evaluation Kit for Cinterion Wireless Modules
- [4] Application Note 48: SMT Module Integration

## 1.2 Terms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description		
AGPS	Assisted GPS		
ANSI	American National Standards Institute		
AMR	Adaptive Multirate		
ARP	Antenna Reference Point		
ВВ	Baseband		
ВС	Band Class		
BEP	Bit Error Probability		
BTS	Base Transceiver Station		
CB or CBM	Cell Broadcast Message		
CDMA	Code Division Multiple Access		
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)		
CS	Coding Scheme		
CS	Circuit Switched		
CSD	Circuit Switched Data		
СТМ	Cellular Text Modem		
DAC	Digital-to-Analog Converter		
DCS	Digital Cellular System		
DL	Download		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> The document is effective only if listed in the appropriate Release Notes as part of the technical documentation delivered with your Cinterion Wireless Modules product.



Abbreviation	Description			
DRX	Discontinuous Reception			
DSB	Development Support Board			
DSP	Digital Signal Processor			
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency			
DTX	Discontinuous Transmission			
EFR	Enhanced Full Rate			
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility			
ERP	Effective Radiated Power			
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge			
ETS	European Telecommunication Standard			
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute			
EVRC	Enhanced Variable Rate Codec			
FCC	Federal Communications Commission (U.S.)			
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex			
FDMA	Frequency Division Multiple Access			
FL	Forward Link			
FR	Full Rate			
GPS	Global Positioning System			
HiZ	High Impedance			
HR	Half Rate			
I/O	Input/Output			
IF	Intermediate Frequency			
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity			
ISO	International Standards Organization			
ITU	International Telecommunications Union			
kbps	kbits per second			
LED	Light Emitting Diode			
LGA	Land Grid Array			
MBB	Moisture barrier bag			
Mbps	Mbits per second			
MCS	Modulation and Coding Scheme			
МО	Mobile Originated			
MS	Mobile Station, also referred to as TE			
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level			
MT	Mobile Terminated			
NB	Narrow Band			



Abbreviation	Description			
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association			
NTC	Negative Temperature Coefficient			
PBCCH	Packet Switched Broadcast Control Channel			
PCB	Printed Circuit Board			
PCL	Power Control Level			
PCM	Pulse Code Modulation			
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900			
PD	Pull Down resistor (appr. 100k)			
PDU	Protocol Data Unit			
PS	Packet Switched			
PU	Pull Up resistor (appr. 100k)			
QAM	Quadrature Amplitude Modulation			
RF	Radio Frequency			
RL	Reverse Link			
ROPR	Radio Output Power Reduction			
RTC	Real Time Clock			
Rx	Receive Direction			
SAR	Specific Absorption Rate			
SELV	Safety Extra Low Voltage			
SLIC	Subscriber Line Interface Circuit			
SMPL	Sudden Momentary Power Loss			
SMD	Surface Mount Device			
SMS	Short Message Service			
SMT	Surface Mount Technology			
SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio			
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory			
SRB	Signalling Radio Bearer			
SUPL	Secure User Plane Location			
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access			
TE	Terminal Equipment			
TPC	Transmit Power Control			
TTFF	Time To First Fix			
Тх	Transmit Direction			
UL	Upload			
URC	Unsolicited Result Code			
USB	Universal Serial Bus			



# 1.3 Regulatory and Type Approval Information

# 1.3.1 Directives and Standards

PVS8 has been designed to comply with the directives and standards listed below.

It is the responsibility of the application manufacturer to ensure compliance of the final product with all provisions of the applicable directives and standards as well as with the technical specifications provided in the "PVS8 Hardware Interface Description".

Table 1: Directives

2002/95/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	RoH5 compliant
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Table 2: Standards of North American type approval

CFR Title 47	Code of Federal Regulations, Part 22, Part 24 and Part 27; US Equipment Authorization FCC
OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio-frequency Electromagnetic Fields
UL 60 950-1	Product Safety Certification (Safety requirements)
NAPRD.03 V5.11	Overview of PCS Type certification review board Mobile Equipment Type Certification and IMEI control PCS Type Certification Review board (PTCRB)
RSS132, RSS133, RSS139	Canadian Standard

Table 3: Requirements of quality

IEC 60068	Environmental testing
DIN EN 60529	IP codes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> Manufacturers of applications which can be used in the US shall ensure that their applications have a PTCRB approval. For this purpose they can refer to the PTCRB approval of the respective module.



Table 4: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T 11364-2006	"Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" (2006-06).  According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits described in the Cinterion Hardware Interface Description.  Please see Table 5 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.

Table 5: Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration limits

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素 Hazardous substances					
Name of the part	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
金属部件 (Metal Parts)	0	0	0	0	0	0
电路模块 (Circuit Modules)	х	0	0	0	0	0
电缆及电缆组件 (Cables and Cable Assemblies)	0	0	0	0	0	0
塑料和聚合物部件 (Plastic and Polymeric parts)	0	0	0	0	0	0

### 0:

表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。 Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

### x.

表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。 Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.



# 1.3.2 SAR requirements specific to portable mobiles

Mobile phones, PDAs or other portable transmitters and receivers incorporating a CDMA module must be in accordance with the guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency energy. This requires the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of portable PVS8 based applications to be evaluated and approved for compliance with national and/or international regulations.

Since the SAR value varies significantly with the individual product design manufacturers are advised to submit their product for approval if designed for portable use. For USmarkets the relevant directives are mentioned below. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the final product to verify whether or not further standards, recommendations or directives are in force outside these areas.

Products intended for sale on US markets

ES 59005/ANSI C95.1 Considerations for evaluation of human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMFs) from mobile telecommunication equipment (MTE) in the frequency range 30MHz - 6GHz

### **IMPORTANT:**

Manufacturers of portable applications based on PVS8 modules are required to have their final product certified and apply for their own FCC Grant and Industry Canada Certificate related to the specific portable mobile.



# 1.3.3 **SELV** Requirements

The power supply connected to the PVS8 module shall be in compliance with the SELV requirements defined in EN 60950-1.

# 1.3.4 Safety Precautions

The following safety precautions must be observed during all phases of the operation, usage, service or repair of any cellular terminal or mobile incorporating PVS8. Manufacturers of the cellular terminal are advised to convey the following safety information to users and operating personnel and to incorporate these guidelines into all manuals supplied with the product. Failure to comply with these precautions violates safety standards of design, manufacture and intended use of the product. Cinterion Wireless Modules assumes no liability for customer's failure to comply with these precautions.



When in a hospital or other health care facility, observe the restrictions on the use of mobiles. Switch the cellular terminal or mobile off, if instructed to do so by the guidelines posted in sensitive areas. Medical equipment may be sensitive to RF energy.

The operation of cardiac pacemakers, other implanted medical equipment and hearing aids can be affected by interference from cellular terminals or mobiles placed close to the device. If in doubt about potential danger, contact the physician or the manufacturer of the device to verify that the equipment is properly shielded. Pacemaker patients are advised to keep their hand-held mobile away from the pacemaker, while it is on.



Switch off the cellular terminal or mobile before boarding an aircraft. Make sure it cannot be switched on inadvertently. The operation of wireless appliances in an aircraft is forbidden to prevent interference with communications systems. Failure to observe these instructions may lead to the suspension or denial of cellular services to the offender, legal action, or both.



Do not operate the cellular terminal or mobile in the presence of flammable gases or fumes. Switch off the cellular terminal when you are near petrol stations, fuel depots, chemical plants or where blasting operations are in progress. Operation of any electrical equipment in potentially explosive atmospheres can constitute a safety hazard.



Your cellular terminal or mobile receives and transmits radio frequency energy while switched on. Remember that interference can occur if it is used close to TV sets, radios, computers or inadequately shielded equipment. Follow any special regulations and always switch off the cellular terminal or mobile wherever forbidden, or when you suspect that it may cause interference or danger.



Road safety comes first! Do not use a hand-held cellular terminal or mobile when driving a vehicle, unless it is securely mounted in a holder for speakerphone operation. Before making a call with a hand-held terminal or mobile, park the vehicle.

Speakerphones must be installed by qualified personnel. Faulty installation or operation can constitute a safety hazard.

# 1.3 Regulatory and Type Approval Information



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### **IMPORTANT!**

Cellular terminals or mobiles operate using radio signals and cellular networks. Because of this, connection cannot be guaranteed at all times under all conditions. Therefore, you should never rely solely upon any wireless device for essential communications, for example emergency calls.

Remember, in order to make or receive calls, the cellular terminal or mobile must be switched on and in a service area with adequate cellular signal strength.

Some networks do not allow for emergency calls if certain network services or phone features are in use (e.g. lock functions, fixed dialing etc.). You may need to deactivate those features before you can make an emergency call.



Bear in mind that exposure to excessive levels of noise can cause physical damage to users! With regard to acoustic shock, the cellular application must be designed to avoid unintentional increase of amplification, e.g. for a highly sensitive earpiece. A protection circuit should be implemented in the cellular application.



# 2 Product Concept

# 2.1 Key Features at a Glance

Feature	Implementation				
General					
Frequency bands	CDMA: Dual band (BC0/BC1), 800/1900MHz				
Power supply	$3.3V \le V_{BATT+} \le 4.2V$				
Operating temperature (board temperature)	Normal operation: -30°C to +85°C Restricted operation: -40°C to +95°C				
Physical	Dimensions: 33mm x 29mm x 2mm Weight: approx. 5g				
RoHS	All hardware components fully compliant with EU RoHS Directive				
CDMA features					
3GPP2 CDMA2000	EV-DO Rev.A data rates: FL max. 3.1Mbps, RL max. 1.8Mbps 1xRTT Advanced data rates: FL max. 307.2kbps, RL max. 307.2kbps				
SMS	Point-to-point MT and MO Cell broadcast Text and PDU mode				
GPS Features					
Protocol	NMEA				
Modes	Standalone GPS Assisted GPS - Control plane - E911 - User plane - gpsOneXTRA™				
General	Power saving modes				
Software					
AT commands	Hayes, 3GPP TS 27.007 and 27.005, and proprietary Cinterion Wireless Modules commands as well as Verizon specific CDMA commands.				
Audio	Audio speech codecs 3GPP2: EVRC, EVRC-B (4GV-NB), QCELP, AMR-NB Speakerphone operation, echo cancellation, noise suppression, 9 ringing tones, TTY support				
Software update	Generic firmware update from host application over ASC0 or USB.				



Feature	Implementation	
Interfaces		
Module interface	Surface mount device with solderable connection pads (SMT application interface). Land grid array (LGA) technology ensures high solder joint reliability and provides the possibility to use an optional module mounting socket. For more information on how to integrate SMT modules see also [4]. This application note comprises chapters on module mounting and application layout issues as well as on additional SMT application development equipment.	
Antenna	50Ohms. CDMA main antenna, CDMA diversity antenna, GPS antenna (active/passive)	
USB	USB 2.0 High Speed (480Mbit/s) device interface, Full Speed (12Mbit/s) compliant	
Serial interface	ASC0:  8-wire modem interface with status and control lines, unbalanced, asynchronous  Adjustable baud rates from 9,600bps up to 921,600bps  Supports RTS0/CTS0 hardware flow control  Multiplex ability according to GSM 07.10 Multiplexer Protocol	
Status	Signal line to indicate network connectivity state	
Audio	1 analog interface with microphone feeding 1 digital interface: PCM or I <sup>2</sup> S	
Power on/off, Reset		
Power on/off	Switch-on by hardware signal IGT Switch-off by AT command (AT^SMSO) Automatic switch-off in case of critical temperature or voltage conditions	
Reset	Orderly shutdown and reset by AT command	
Emergency-off	Emergency-off by hardware signal EMERG_OFF if IGT is not active	
Special Features		
Phonebook	Phone	
TTY/CTM support	Integrated CTM modem	
Antenna	SAIC (Single Antenna Interference Cancellation) / DARP (Downlink Advanced Receiver Performance) Rx diversity (receiver type 3i - 16-QAM)	
Over-the-air provisioning	Verizon specific OTASP (Over-the-Air Service Provisioning) and OTAPA (Over-the-Air Parameter Administration)	
Evaluation kit		
Evaluation module	PVS8 module soldered onto a dedicated PCB that can be connected to an adapter in order to be mounted onto the DSB75.	
DSB75	DSB75 Development Support Board designed to test and type approve Cinterion Wireless Modules and provide a sample configuration for application engineering. A special adapter is required to connect the PVS8 evaluation module to the DSB75.	



# 2.2 PVS8 System Overview

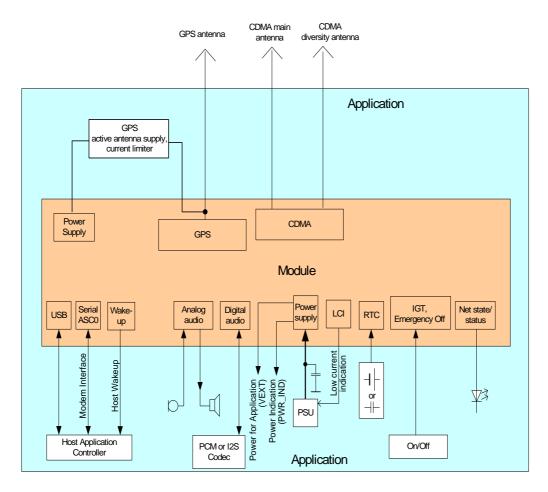


Figure 1: PVS8 system overview



# 3 Application Interface

PVS8 is equipped with an SMT application interface that connects to the external application. The host interface incorporates several sub-interfaces described in the following sections:

- Operating modes see Section 3.1
- Power supply see Section 3.2
- Serial interface USB see Section 3.3
- Serial interface ASC0 Section 3.4
- Analog audio interface see Section 3.5
- Digital audio interface (PCM or I<sup>2</sup>S) see Section 3.6



# 3.1 Operating Modes

The table below briefly summarizes the various operating modes referred to in the following chapters.

Table 6: Overview of operating modes

Mode	Function		
Normal operation	CDMA SLEEP	Power saving set automatically when no call is in progress and the US connection is suspended by host or not present and no active communication via ASC0.	
	CDMA IDLE	Power saving disabled (see [1]: AT^SCFG "MEopMode/ PwrSave", <pwrsavemode>) or an USB connection not suspended, but no call in progress.</pwrsavemode>	
	CDMA TALK/ CDMA DATA	CDMA data transfer in progress. Power consumption depends on network settings and data transfer rate.	
Power Down	Normal shutdown after sending the AT^SMSO command. Only a voltage regulator is active for powering the RTC. Software is not active. Interfaces are not accessible. Operating voltage (connected to BATT+) remains applied.		
Airplane mode	Airplane mode shuts down the radio part of the module, causes the module to log off from the CDMA network and disables all AT commands whose execution requires a radio connection.  Airplane mode can be controlled by AT command (see [1]).		



# 3.2 Power Supply

PVS8 needs to be connected to a power supply at the SMT application interface - 6 lines each BATT+ and GND. There are three separate voltage domains for BATT+:

- BATT+\_PA1 with 2 lines for the first power amplifier supply
- BATT+\_PA2 with 2 lines for the second power amplifier supply
- BATT+ with 2 lines for the general power management.

The main power supply from an external application has to be a single voltage source and has to be expanded to three sub paths (star structure). Capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the BATT+ pads. Figure 2 shows two sample circuits (minimum requirement and recommended alternative) for decoupling capacitors for BATT+.

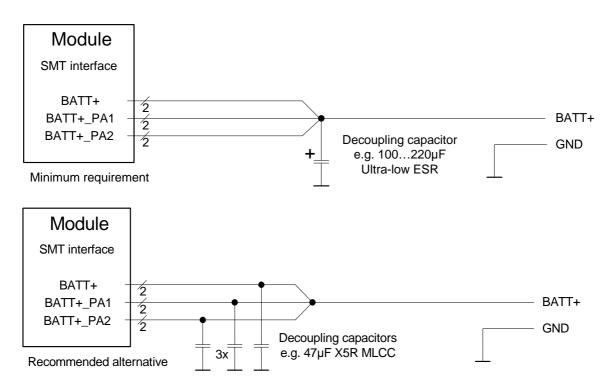


Figure 2: Decoupling capacitor(s) for BATT+

The power supply of PVS8 must be able to provide the peak current during the uplink transmission.

All key functions for supplying power to the device are handled by the power management IC. It provides the following features:

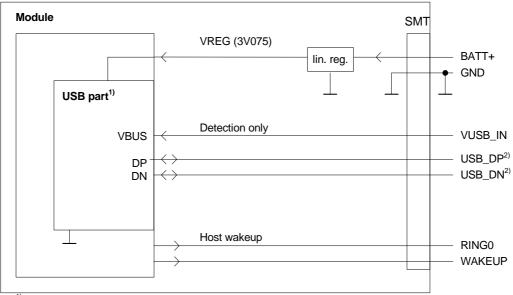
- Stabilizes the supply voltages for the baseband using switching regulators and low drop linear voltage regulators.
- Switches the module's power voltages for the power-up and -down procedures.
- Delivers, across the VEXT line, a regulated voltage for an external application. This voltage is not available in Power-down mode and can be reduced via AT command to save power.



### 3.3 USB Interface

PVS8 supports a USB 2.0 High Speed (480Mbit/s) device interface that is Full Speed (12Mbit/s) compliant. The USB interface is primarily intended for use as command and data interface and for downloading firmware.

The USB host is responsible for supplying the VUSB\_IN line. This line is for voltage detection only. The USB part (driver and transceiver) is supplied by means of BATT+. This is because PVS8 is designed as a self-powered device compliant with the "Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0".



<sup>1)</sup> All serial and pull-up resistors for data lines are implemented.

Figure 3: USB circuit

To properly connect the module's USB interface to the host a USB 2.0 compatible connector is required. Furthermore, the USB modem driver distributed with PVS8 needs to be installed.

While the USB connection is active, the module will not change into SLEEP Mode. To enable switching into SLEEP mode the USB host must bring its USB interface into Suspend state. Also, VUSB\_IN should always be kept enabled for this functionality. See "Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0" for a description of the Suspend state. On incoming calls PVS8 will then generate a remote wake up request to resume the USB connection (active low).

As an alternative to the regular USB remote wakeup mechanism it is possible to employ the RING0 or WAKEUP line to wake up the host application. The benefit is that the RING0 or WAKEUP lines can wake up the host application in case of incoming calls or other events signalized by URCs while the USB interface is suspended or shut down.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> If the USB interface is operated in High Speed mode (480MHz), it is recommended to take special care routing the data lines USB\_DP and USB\_DN. Application layout should in this case implement a differential impedance of 900hm for proper signal integrity.

<sup>1.</sup> The specification is ready for download on http://www.usb.org/developers/docs/



### 3.4 Serial Interface ASC0

PVS8 offers an 8-wire unbalanced, asynchronous modem interface ASC0 conforming to ITU-T V.24 protocol DCE signalling. The electrical characteristics do not comply with ITU-T V.28. The significant levels are 0V (for low data bit or active state) and 1.8V (for high data bit or inactive state).

PVS8 is designed for use as a DCE. Based on the conventions for DCE-DTE connections it communicates with the customer application (DTE) using the following signals:

- Port TXD @ application sends data to the module's TXD0 signal line
- Port RXD @ application receives data from the module's RXD0 signal line

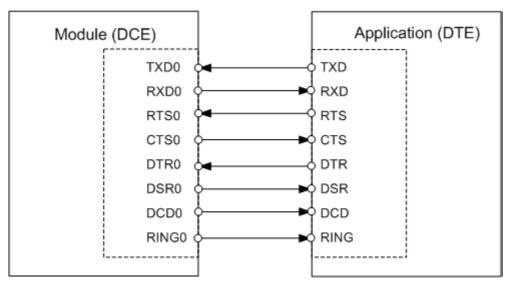


Figure 4: Serial interface ASC0

### Features:

- Includes the data lines TXD0 and RXD0, the status lines RTS0 and CTS0 and, in addition, the modem control lines DTR0, DSR0, DCD0 and RING0.
- ASC0 is designed for controlling voice calls, transferring data and for controlling the module with AT commands.
- Full multiplexing capability allows the interface to be partitioned into virtual channels.
- The RING0 signal serves to indicate incoming calls and other types of URCs (Unsolicited Result Code). It can also be used to send pulses to the host application, for example to wake up the application from power saving state. See [1] for details on how to configure the RING0 line by AT^SCFG.
- Configured for 8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit.
- ASC0 can be operated at fixed bit rates from 9600bps up to 921600bps.
- Supports RTS0/CTS0 hardware flow control.
- Wake up from SLEEP mode by RTS0 activation (high to low transition).

Note. If the ASC0 serial interface is the application's only interface, it is suggested to connect test points on the USB signal lines as a potential tracing possibility.

# **PVS8 Hardware Interface Overview**

3.4 Serial Interface ASC0



Table 7: DCE-DTE wiring of ASC0

V.24 circuit	DCE		DTE	
	Line function	Signal direction	Line function	Signal direction
103	TXD0	Input	TXD	Output
104	RXD0	Output	RXD	Input
105	RTS0	Input	RTS	Output
106	CTS0	Output	CTS	Input
108/2	DTR0	Input	DTR	Output
107	DSR0	Output	DSR	Input
109	DCD0	Output	DCD	Input
125	RING0	Output	RING	Input



# 3.5 Analog Audio Interface

PVS8 has an analog audio interface with a balanced analog microphone input and a balanced analog earpiece output. A supply voltage and an analog ground connection are provided at dedicated lines.

PVS8 offers eight audio modes which can be selected with the AT^SNFS command. The electrical characteristics of the voiceband part vary with the audio mode. For example, sending and receiving amplification, sidetone paths, noise suppression etc. depend on the selected mode and can in parts be altered with AT commands (except for mode 1).

When shipped from factory, all audio parameters of PVS8 are set to audio mode 1. This is the default configuration optimised for the Votronic HH-SI-30.3/V1.1/0 handset and used for type approving the Cinterion Wireless Modules reference configuration. Audio mode 1 has fix parameters which cannot be modified. To adjust the settings of the Votronic handset simply change to another audio mode.

# 3.6 Digital Audio Interface

PVS8 supports a digital audio interface that can be employed either as pulse code modulation or as inter IC sound interface. Operation of these interface variants is mutually exclusive.



# 4 GPS Receiver

PVS8 integrates a GPS receiver that offers the full performance of GPS technology. The GPS receiver is able to continuously track all satellites in view, thus providing accurate satellite position data.

The integrated GPS receiver supports the NMEA protocol via USB or ASC0 interface<sup>1</sup>. NMEA is a combined electrical and data specification for communication between various (marine) electronic devices including GPS receivers. It has been defined and controlled by the US-based National Marine Electronics Association. For more information on the NMEA Standard please refer to http://www.nmea.org.

Depending on the receiver's knowledge of last position, current time and ephemeris data, the receiver's startup time (i.e., TTFF = Time-To-First-Fix) may vary: If the receiver has no knowledge of its last position or time, a startup takes considerably longer than if the receiver has still knowledge of its last position, time and almanac or has still access to valid ephimeris data and the precise time.

By default, the GPS receiver is switched off. It has to be switched on and configured using AT commands. For more information on how to control the GPS interface via the AT command AT^SGPSC see [1].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> Using the serial ASC0 interface NMEA data is transmitted at a fixed speed of 115200bps.



# 5 Antenna Interfaces

### 5.1 CDMA Antenna Interface

The PVS8 CDMA antenna interface comprises a main CDMA antenna as well as an optional CDMA Rx diversity antenna to improve signal reliability and quality<sup>1</sup>. The interface has an impedance of  $50\Omega$ . PVS8 is capable of sustaining a total mismatch at the antenna interface without any damage, even when transmitting at maximum RF power.

The external antenna must be matched properly to achieve best performance regarding radiated power, modulation accuracy and harmonic suppression. Matching networks are not included on the PVS8 PCB and should be placed in the host application, if the antenna does not have an impedance of  $50\Omega$ .

Regarding the return loss PVS8 provides the following values in the active band:

Table 8: Return loss in the active band

State of module	Return loss of module	Recommended return loss of application
Receive	≥ 8dB	≥ 12dB
Transmit	not applicable	≥ 12dB
Idle	<u>≤</u> 5dB	not applicable

<sup>1.</sup> By delivery default the optional CDMA Rx diversity antenna is configured as available for the module. To avoid negative side effects and performance degradation it is recommended to disable the diversity antenna path if

<sup>-</sup> the host application does not support a diversity antenna

<sup>-</sup> the host application includes a diversity antenna - but a network simulator is used for development and performance tests.

Please refer to [1] for details on how to configure antenna settings.

5.1 CDMA Antenna Interface



### 5.1.1 Antenna Installation

The antenna is connected by soldering the antenna pads and their neighboring ground pads directly to the application's PCB.

The distance between the antenna pads and their neighboring GND pads has been optimized for best possible impedance. To prevent mismatch, special attention should be paid to these pads on the application' PCB.

The wiring of the antenna connection, starting from the antenna pad to the application's antenna should result in a  $50\Omega$  line impedance. Line width and distance to the GND plane need to be optimized with regard to the PCB's layer stack.

To prevent receiver desensitization due to interferences generated by fast transients like high speed clocks on the external application PCB, it is recommended to realize the antenna connection line using embedded Stripline rather than Micro-Stripline technology.

For type approval purposes, the use of a  $50\Omega$  coaxial antenna connector (U.FL-R-SMT) might be necessary. In this case the U.FL-R-SMT connector should be placed as close as possible to PVS8's antenna pad.



# 5.2 GPS Antenna Interface

In addition to the RF antenna interface PVS8 also has a GPS antenna interface. The GPS antenna installation and connector are the same as for the RF antenna interface (see Section 5.1.1).

It is possible to connect active or passive GPS antennas. In either case they must have 50 Ohm impedance. The simultaneous operation of CDMA and GPS has been implemented. For electrical characteristics see Section 6.9.

PVS8 provides the supply voltage VGPS for the GPS active antenna (3.05V). It has to be enabled by software when the GPS-receiver shall becomes active, otherwise VGPS should be off (power saving). VGPS is not short circuit protected. This will have to be provided for by an external application. The DC voltage should be fed back via ANT\_GPS\_DC for coupling into the GPS antenna path. Figure 5 shows the flexibility in realizing the power supply for an active GPS antenna by giving two sample circuits realizing the supply voltage for an active GPS antenna one with short circuit protection and one with an external LDO employed.

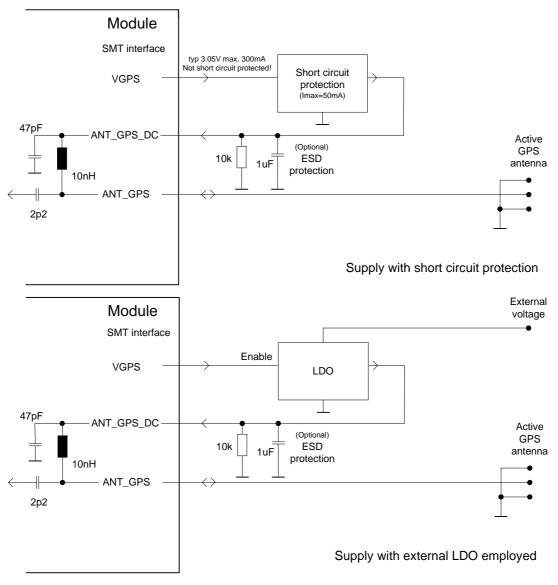


Figure 5: Supply voltage for active GPS antenna



Figure 6 shows sample circuits realizing ESD protection for a passive GPS antenna.

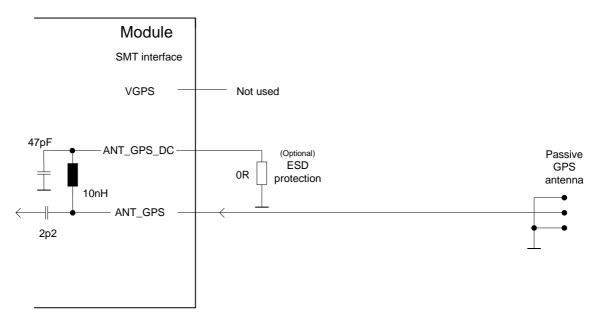


Figure 6: ESD protection for passive GPS antenna



# 6 Mechanics, Mounting and Packaging

# 6.1 Mechanical Dimensions of PVS8

Figure 7 shows a 3D view<sup>1</sup> of PVS8 and provides an overview of the board's mechanical dimensions. For further details see Figure 8.

Length: 33mm Width: 29mm Height: 2mm

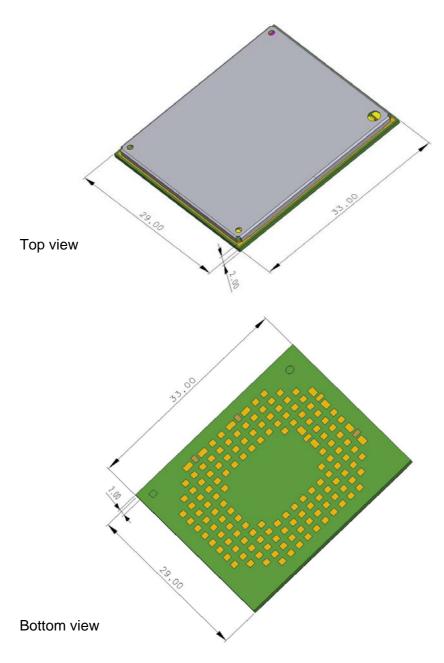


Figure 7: PVS8 - top and bottomview

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> The coloring of the 3D view does not reflect the module's real color.



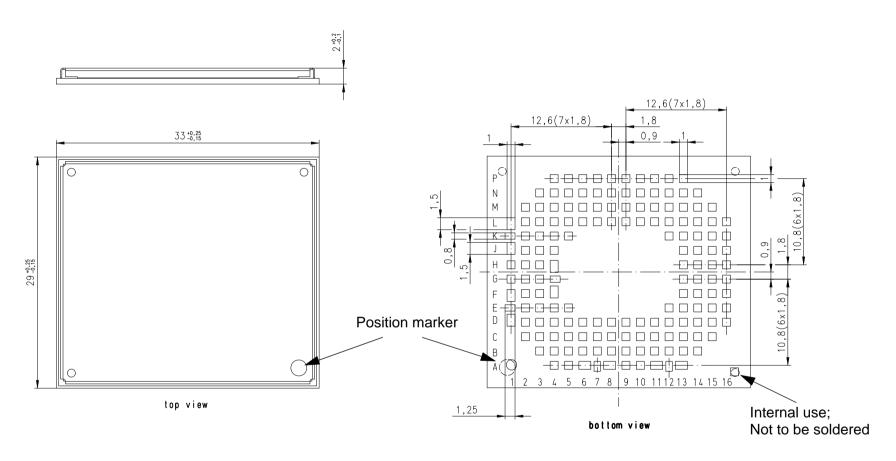


Figure 8: Dimensions of PVS8 (all dimensions in mm)



# 7 Sample Application

Figure 9 shows a typical example of how to integrate an PVS8 module with an application.

The audio interface demonstrates the balanced connection of microphone and earpiece. This solution is particularly well suited for internal transducers.

The PWR\_IND line is an open collector that needs an external pull-up resistor which connects to the voltage supply VCC  $\mu$ C of the microcontroller. Low state of the open collector pulls the PWR\_IND signal low and indicates that the PVS8 module is active, high level notifies the Power-down mode.

If the module is in Power-down mode avoid current flowing from any other source into the module circuit, for example reverse current from high state external control lines. Therefore, the controlling application must be designed to prevent reverse flow. If an external level controller is required, this can be done by using for example a 5V I/O tolerant buffer/driver like a "74AVC4T245" with  $\overline{OE}$  (Output Enable) controlled by PWR IND.

While developing SMT applications it is strongly recommended to provide test points for certain signals resp. lines to and from the module - for debug and/or test purposes. The SMT application should allow for an easy access to these signals. For details on how to implement test points see [4].

The EMC measures are best practice recommendations. In fact, an adequate EMC strategy for an individual application is very much determined by the overall layout and, especially, the position of components.

### Disclaimer:

No warranty, either stated or implied, is provided on the sample schematic diagram shown in Figure 9 and the information detailed in this section. As functionality and compliance with national regulations depend to a great amount on the used electronic components and the individual application layout manufacturers are required to ensure adequate design and operating safeguards for their products using PVS8 modules.



# PVS8 Sample Application

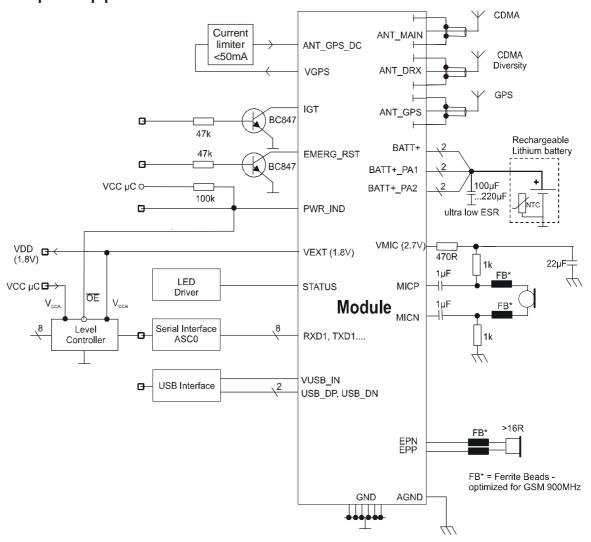


Figure 9: PVS8 sample application



# 8 Reference Approval

# 8.1 Reference Equipment for Type Approval

The Cinterion Wireless Modules reference setup submitted to type approve PVS8 is shown in Figure 10. The module (i.e., the evaluation module) is connected to the DSB75 by means of a flex cable and a special DSB75 adapter. The CDMA/GPS test equipment is connected via edge mount SMA connectors soldered to the module's antenna pads.

For ESD tests and evaluation purposes, it is also possible connect the module to the CDMA/GPS test equipment through an SMA-to-Hirose-U.FL antenna cable and the SMA antenna connectors of the DSB75 adapter.

A further option is to mount the evaluation module directly onto the DSB75 adapter's 80-pin board-to-board connector and to connect the test equipment as shown below.

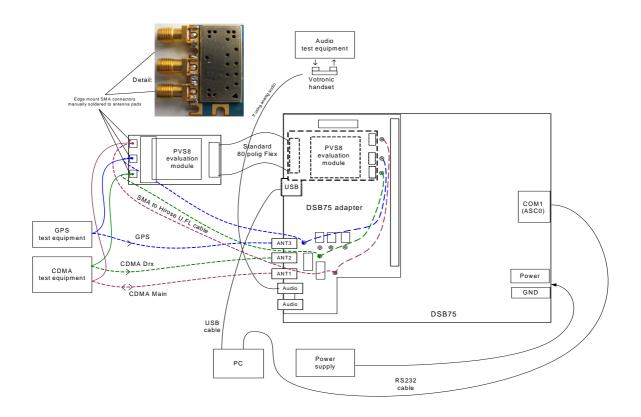


Figure 10: Reference equipment for type approval



# 8.2 Compliance with FCC and IC Rules and Regulations

The Equipment Authorization Certification for the Cinterion Wireless Modules reference application described in Section 8.1 will be registered under the following identifiers:

FCC Identifier QIPPVS8 Industry Canada Certification Number: 7830A-PVS8 Granted to Cinterion Wireless Modules GmbH

Manufacturers of mobile or fixed devices incorporating PVS8 modules are authorized to use the FCC Grants and Industry Canada Certificates of the PVS8 modules for their own final products according to the conditions referenced in these documents. In this case, the FCC label of the module shall be visible from the outside, or the host device shall bear a second label stating "Contains FCC ID QIPPVS8" and accordingly "Contains IC 7830A-PVS8". The integration is limited to fixed or mobile categorised host devices, where a separation distance between the antenna and any person of min. 20cm can be assured during normal operating conditions. For mobile and fixed operation configurations the antenna gain, including cable loss, must not exceed the limits 11.30 dBi (850 MHz) and 4.40 dBi (1900 MHz).

### IMPORTANT:

Manufacturers of portable applications incorporating PVS8 modules are required to have their final product certified and apply for their own FCC Grant and Industry Canada Certificate related to the specific portable mobile. This is mandatory to meet the SAR requirements for portable mobiles (see Section 1.3.1 for detail).

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.



# 9 Appendix

# 9.1 List of Parts and Accessories

Table 9: List of parts and accessories

Description	Supplier	Ordering information
PVS8	Cinterion	Standard module Cinterion Wireless Modules IMEI: Ordering number: L30960-N2650-A100
PVS8 Evaluation Module	Cinterion	Ordering number: L30960-N2651-A100
DSB75 Support Box	Cinterion	Ordering number: L36880-N8811-A100
DSB75 adapter for mounting the PVS8 evaluation module	Cinterion	Ordering number: L30960-N2301-A100
Votronic Handset	VOTRONIC	Votronic HH-SI-30.3/V1.1/0 VOTRONIC Entwicklungs- und Produktionsgesellschaft für elektronische Geräte mbH Saarbrücker Str. 8 66386 St. Ingbert Germany Phone: +49-(0)6 89 4 / 92 55-0 Fax: +49-(0)6 89 4 / 92 55-88 Email: contact@votronic.com
U.FL antenna connector	Hirose or Molex	Sales contacts are listed in Table 10 and Table 11.



Table 10: Molex sales contacts (subject to change)

Molex For further information please click: http://www.molex.com	Molex Deutschland GmbH Otto-Hahn-Str. 1b 69190 Walldorf Germany Phone: +49-6227-3091-0 Fax: +49-6227-3091-8100 Email: mxgermany@molex.com	American Headquarters Lisle, Illinois 60532 U.S.A. Phone: +1-800-78MOLEX Fax: +1-630-969-1352
Molex China Distributors Beijing, Room 1311, Tower B, COFCO Plaza No. 8, Jian Guo Men Nei Street, 100005 Beijing P.R. China Phone: +86-10-6526-9628 Fax: +86-10-6526-9730	Molex Singapore Pte. Ltd. 110, International Road Jurong Town, Singapore 629174 Phone: +65-6-268-6868 Fax: +65-6-265-6044	Molex Japan Co. Ltd. 1-5-4 Fukami-Higashi, Yamato-City, Kanagawa, 242-8585 Japan Phone: +81-46-265-2325 Fax: +81-46-265-2365

Table 11: Hirose sales contacts (subject to change)

Hirose Ltd. For further information please click: http://www.hirose.com	Hirose Electric (U.S.A.) Inc 2688 Westhills Court Simi Valley, CA 93065 U.S.A. Phone: +1-805-522-7958 Fax: +1-805-522-3217	Hirose Electric Europe B.V. German Branch: Herzog-Carl-Strasse 4 73760 Ostfildern Germany Phone: +49-711-456002-1 Fax: +49-711-456002-299 Email: info@hirose.de
Hirose Electric Europe B.V. UK Branch: First Floor, St. Andrews House, Caldecotte Lake Business Park, Milton Keynes MK7 8LE Great Britain Phone: +44-1908-369060	Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. 5-23, Osaki 5 Chome, Shinagawa-Ku Tokyo 141 Japan Phone: +81-03-3491-9741	Hirose Electric Europe B.V. Hogehillweg 8 1101 CC Amsterdam Z-O Netherlands
Fax: +44-1908-369078	Fax: +81-03-3493-2933	Fax: +31-20-6557-469