

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Measurements made by:	Jesper Nielsen		
Tested device:	RM-99		
FCC ID:	QFXRM-99	IC:	661Z-RM99
Supplement reports:	-		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	<p>47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices</p> <p>FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields</p> <p>RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields</p> <p>IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques</p>		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
Date and signatures:	2005-09-19		
For the contents:			


Leif Funch Klysner
Test System Manager

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2005-08-31 to 2005-09-16
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	IMEI: 004400/73/193582/9 HW: 4501 SW: 2.0531.5.1 DUT#28714
Batteries used in testing	BL-5C, DUT#28718, 28719, 28722, 28723
Headsets used in testing	HS-3, DUT#28717
Other accessories used in testing	MMC card MU-30, DUT#28716
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM1900	512/1850.2	32.4 dBm	Left, Cheek	1.6 W/kg	0.51 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM1900	512/1850.2	32.4 dBm	1.5 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.65 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift during measurements	-0.30 dB
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1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Extended Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 29.8 %
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes and Bands of Operation	GSM 1900	GPRS 1900	EGPRS 1900	BT
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK	8PSK	GFSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8 or 2/8	1/8 or 2/8	
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	1850 - 1910	1850 - 1910	1850 - 1910	2402-2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM900/GSM1800, which are not part of this filing.

This device has Push to Talk/Voice-over-IP capability. Therefore, SAR for 2-slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom.

2.1 Picture of the Device



Front



Side



Rear

2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4 software version 4.5, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the device was the 'worst-case extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 3	501	12 months	2006-01
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1786	12 months	2006-01
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1807	12 months	2006-01
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	230	24 months	2006-01

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	826046/034	36 months	2007-02
Amplifier	ZHL-42W	E012903	-	-
Power Meter	NRVD	840297/008	24 months	2005-11
Power Sensor	NRV-Z51	100184	24 months	2005-11
Call Tester	4400M	0411216	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	2006-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probes 1786 and 1807

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checking and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body tissue simulants:

1900MHz band		
Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1800	Reference result	10.0	39.0	1.38	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	9.0 - 11.0			
	2005-08-31	9.28	39.2	1.37	21.3
	2005-09-01	9.38	39.2	1.37	21.5
	2005-09-16	9.52	38.7	1.38	21.4

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1800	Reference result	9.36	53.2	1.49	
	± 10% window	8.42 - 10.30			
	2005-09-02	9.59	54.7	1.51	21.4

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	± 5% window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2005-08-31	38.8	1.45	21.3
	2005-09-01	38.8	1.45	21.5
	2005-09-16	38.4	1.46	21.4

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	± 5% window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2005-09-02	54.4	1.60	21.4

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

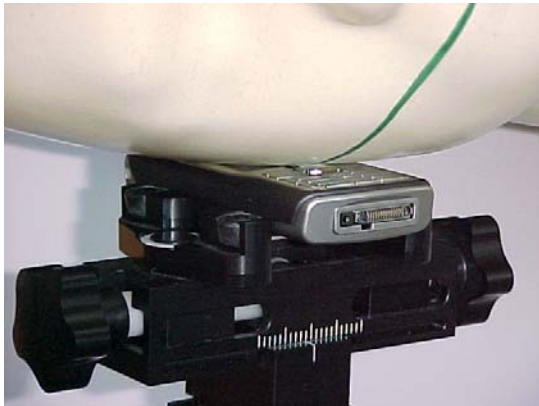


Photo of the device in "cheek" position



Photo of the device in "tilt" position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

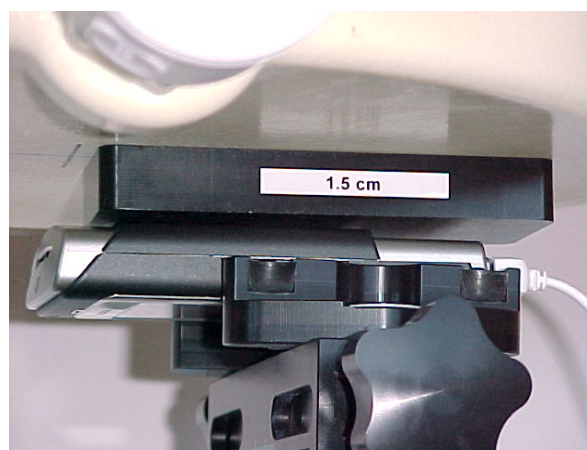


Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement.
The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.8	N	1	1	±5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±8.3	R	√3	1	±4.8	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5.2	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2.1	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±10.0	R	√3	1	±5.8	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±14.9	206
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						±29.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

1900 MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM1900	Power		32.4 dBm	31.1 dBm	29.9 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.400	0.296	0.283
		Tilt	-	0.262	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.274	-
		Tilt	-	0.193	-
2-Slot GPRS1900	Power		28.5 dBm	28.0 dBm	27.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.364	0.298	0.293
		Tilt	-	0.264	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.277	-
		Tilt	-	0.209	-
2-Slot EGPRS1900	Power		29.0 dBm	28.4 dBm	27.4 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.292	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
GSM1900	Highest SAR value position repeated with MMC card		0.394	0.306	0.271
GSM1900	Highest SAR value position repeated with camera slide open		0.508	0.400	0.298
GSM1900	Highest SAR value measurement in this band repeated with BT active		0.497	-	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

1900 MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM1900	Power	32.4 dBm	31.1 dBm	29.9 dBm
	Without headset	0.652	0.622	0.558
	Headset HS-3	0.613	0.589	0.517
2-Slot GPRS1900	Power	28.5 dBm	28.0 dBm	27.0 dBm
	Without headset	0.640	0.586	0.522
	Headset HS-3	0.546	0.519	0.484
GSM1900	Highest SAR value configuration repeated with MMC card	0.598	0.586	0.526
GSM1900	Highest SAR value measurement in this mode repeated with BT active	0.648	-	-

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

See the following pages.

Date/Time: 2005-08-31 14:24:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

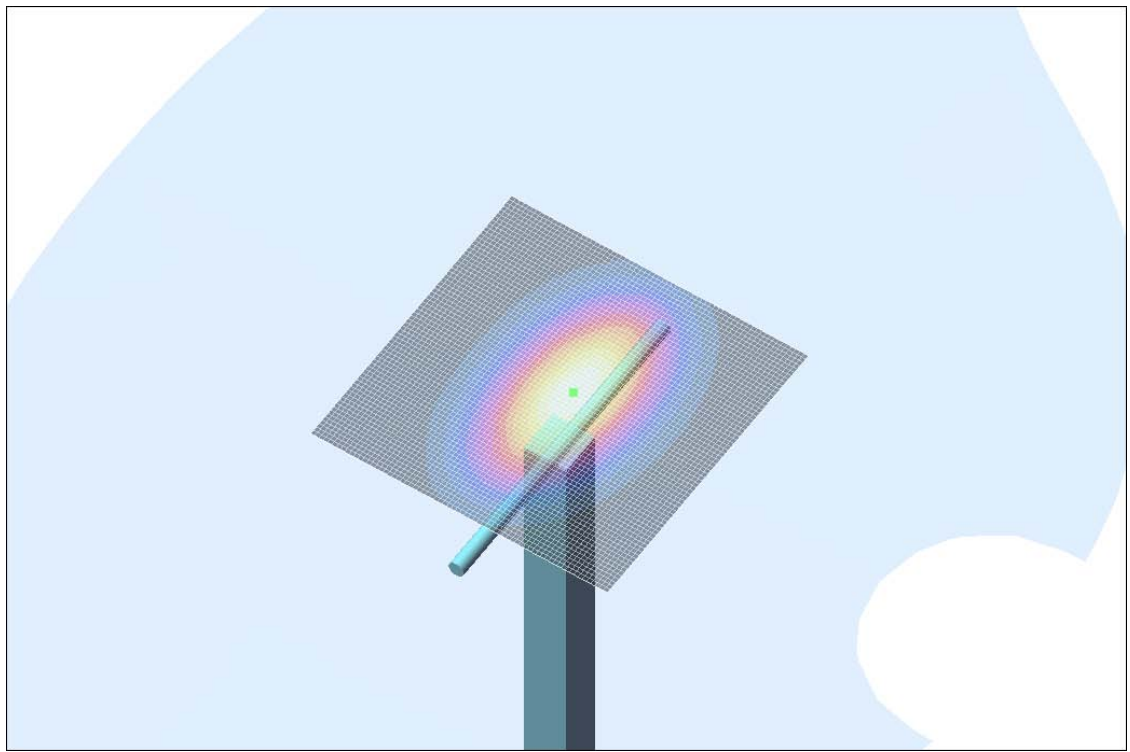
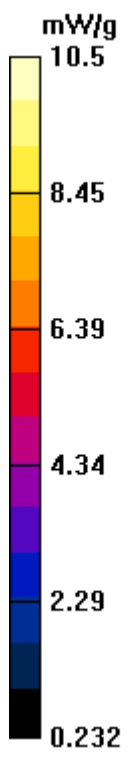
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.3$ C
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.28 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.5 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-01 13:50:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

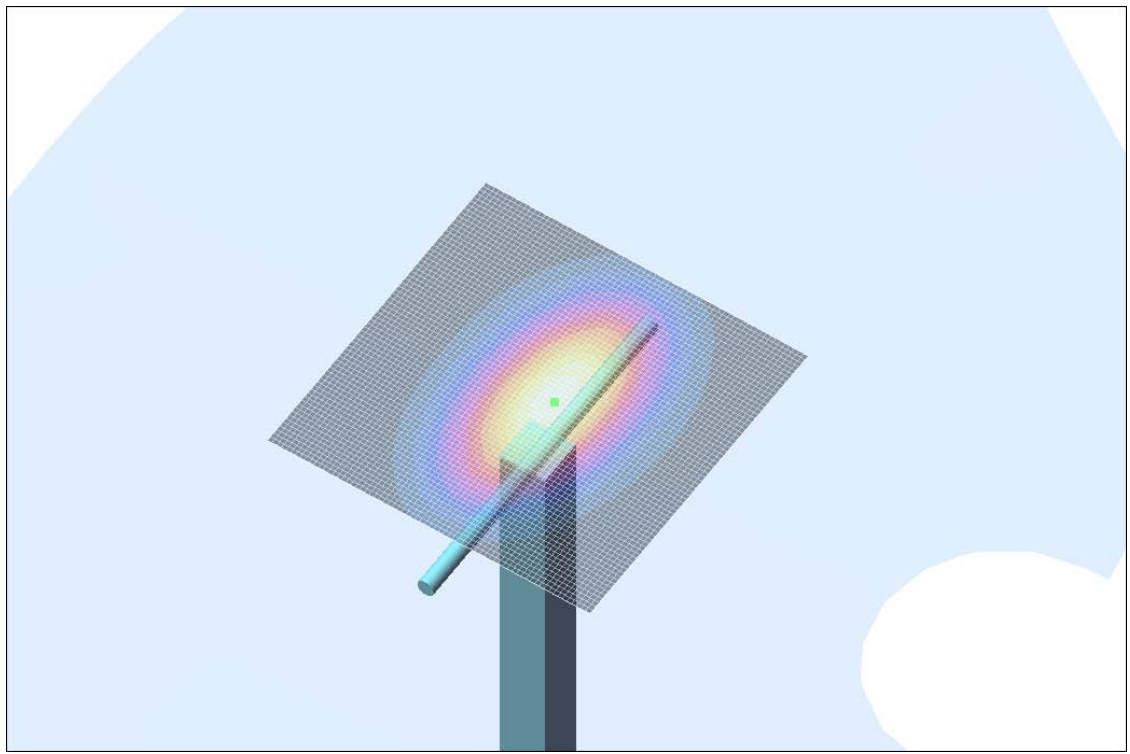
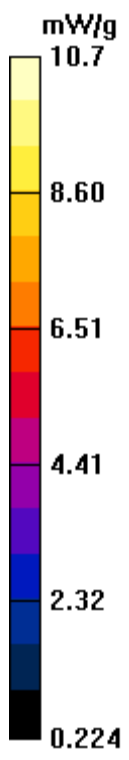
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.5$ C
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-16 16:46:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

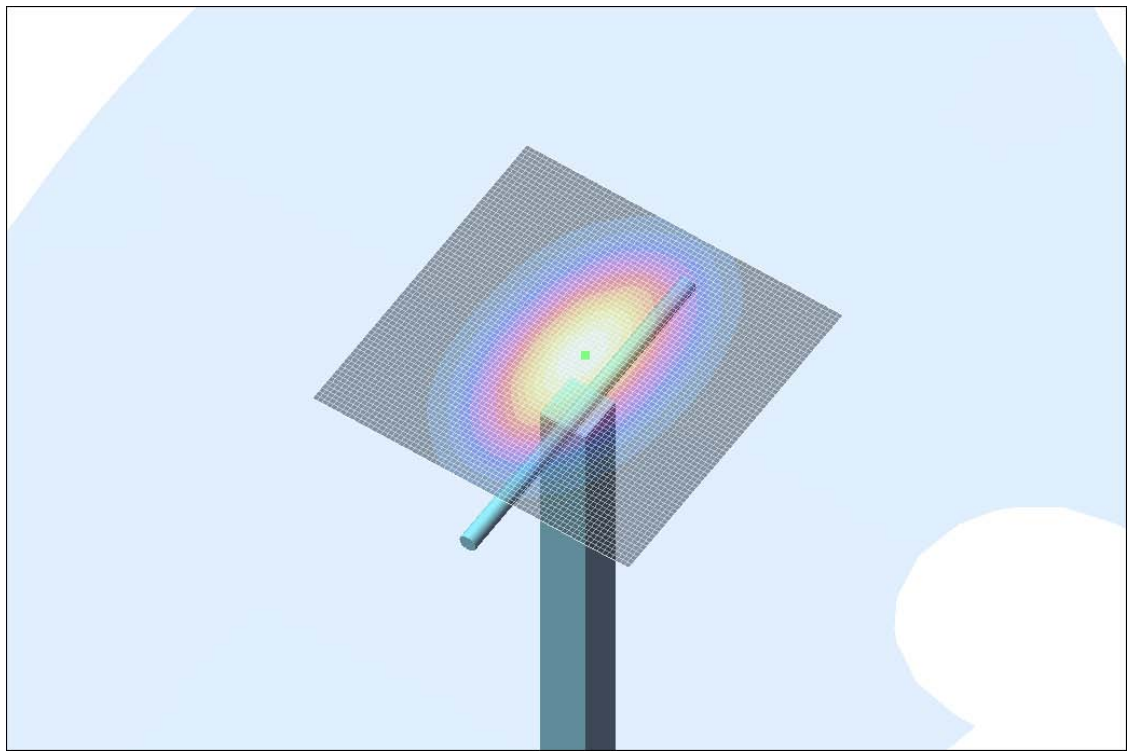
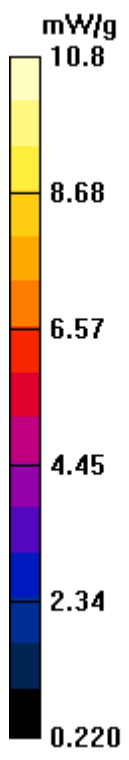
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.4 C
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1807; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.8 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-02 10:51:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen

Type: D1800V2; Serial: 230

Communication System: Continuous Wave

Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.4 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

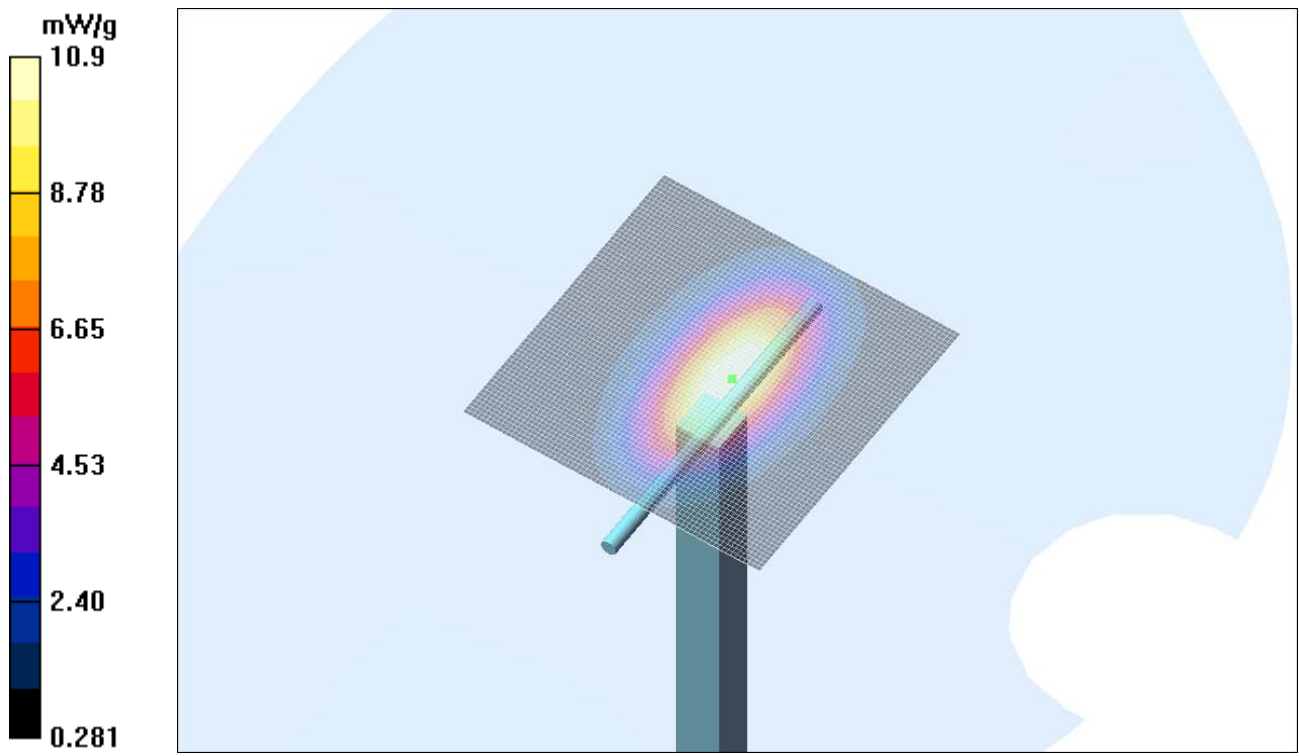
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.166 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.59 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

See the following pages.

Date/Time: 2005-08-31 20:05:33

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.3$ C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$
kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Cheek position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.454 mW/g

Cheek position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

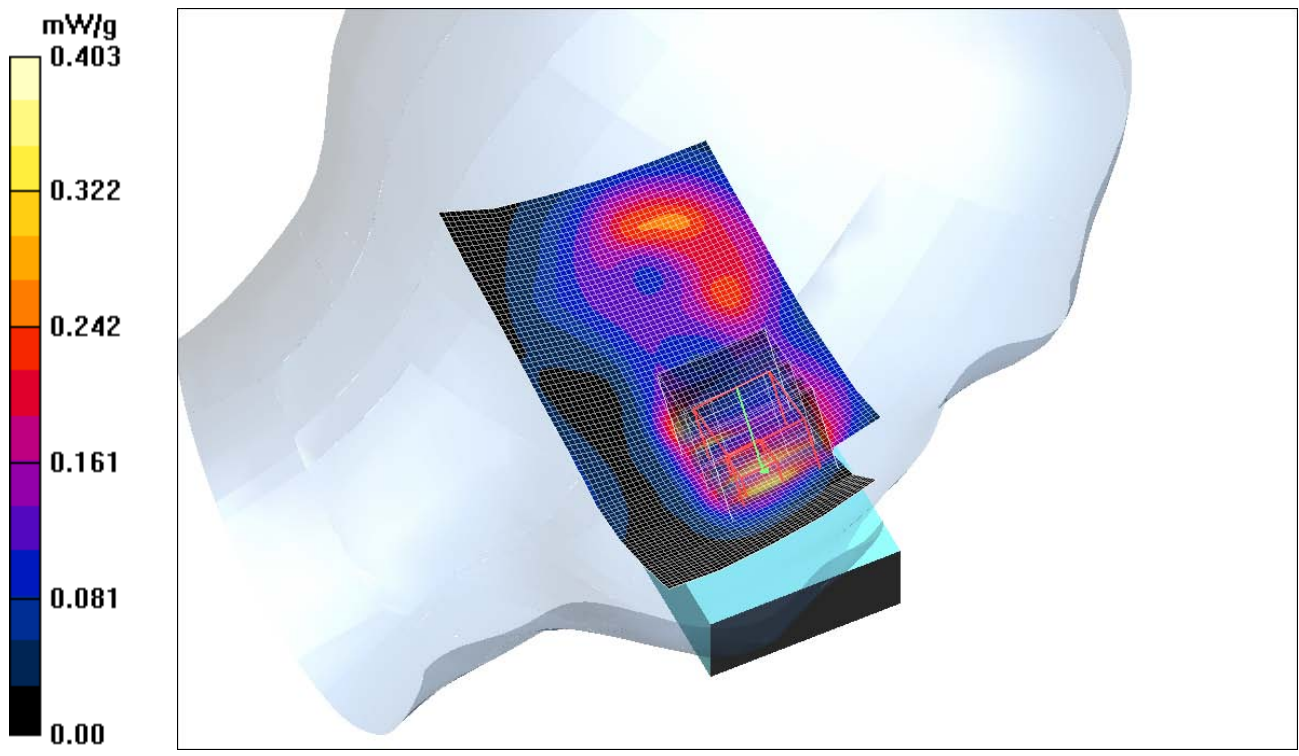
Reference Value = 8.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.901 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.400 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-08-31 17:20:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen

Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.263 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

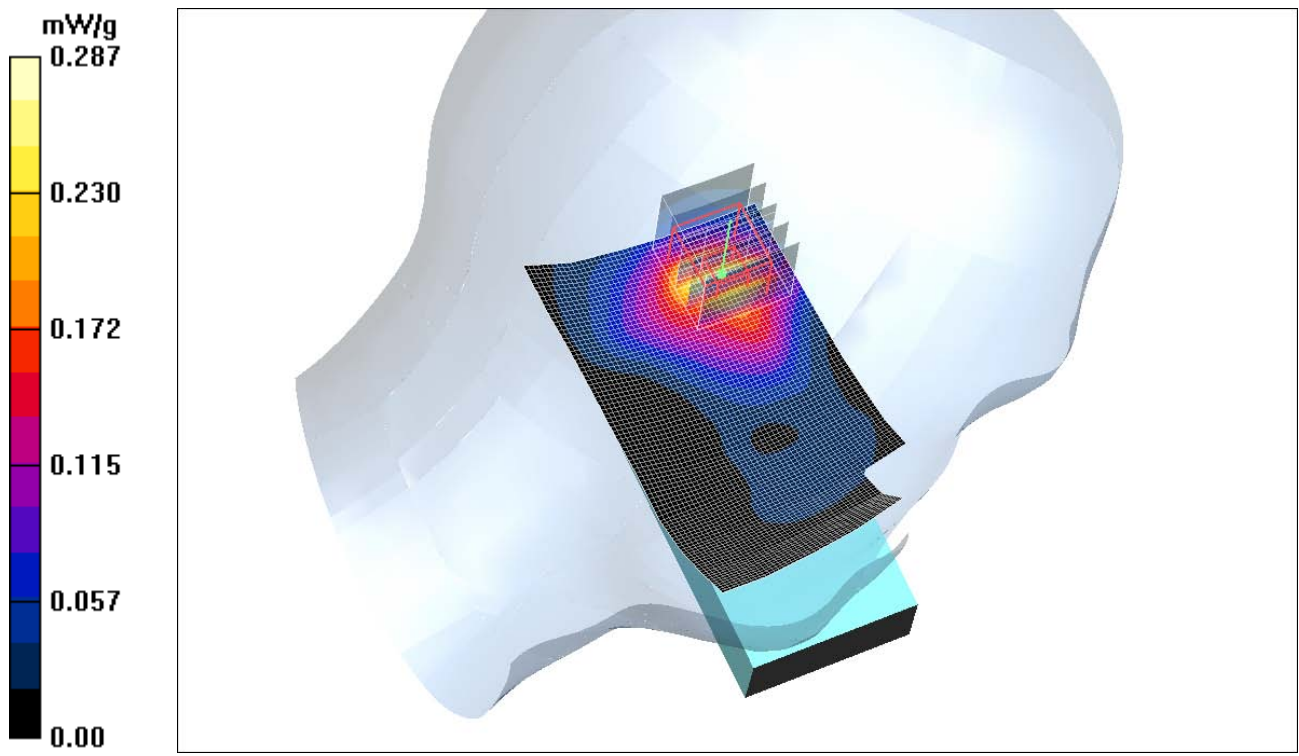
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.539 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.264 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-08-31 18:41:02

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen

Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.3$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

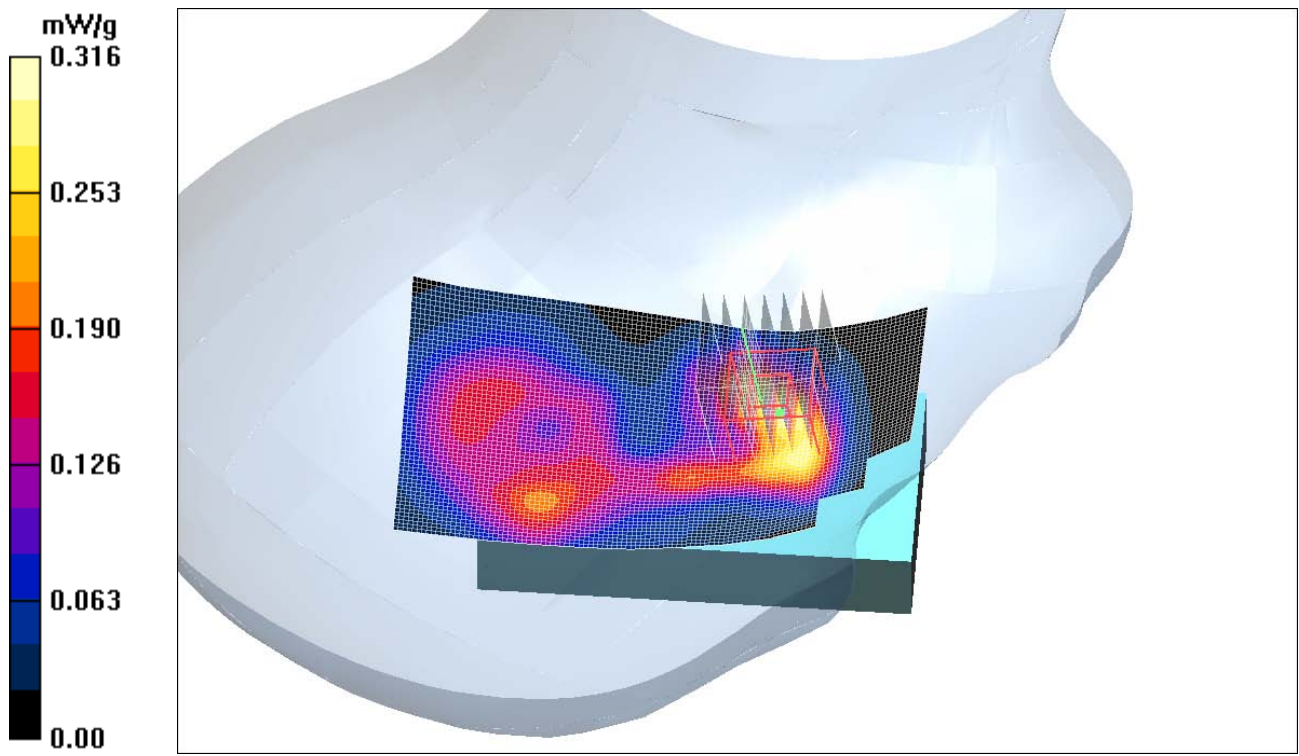
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Cheek position - Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.303 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 8.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.762 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.277 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-08-31 19:03:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen

Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.222 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

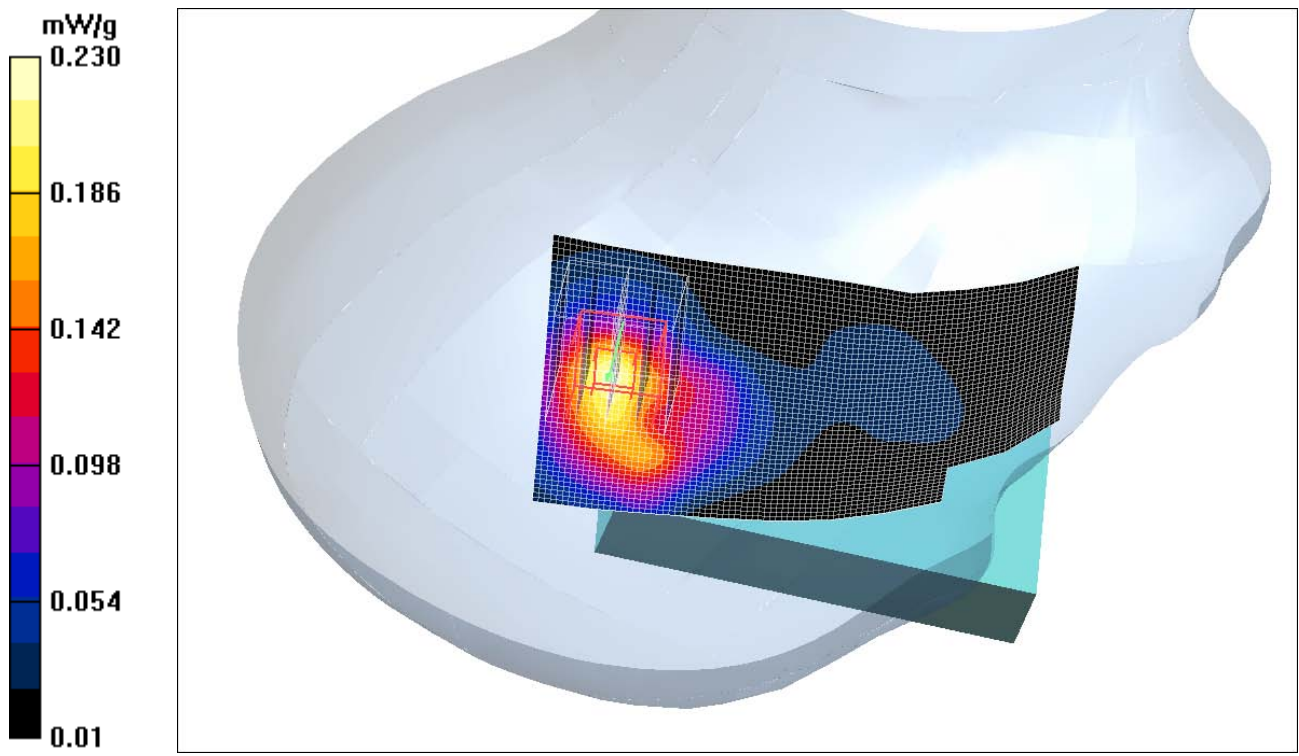
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.275 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-01 17:44:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.5$ C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$
kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Cheek position - Low - slide open/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.575 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - slide open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

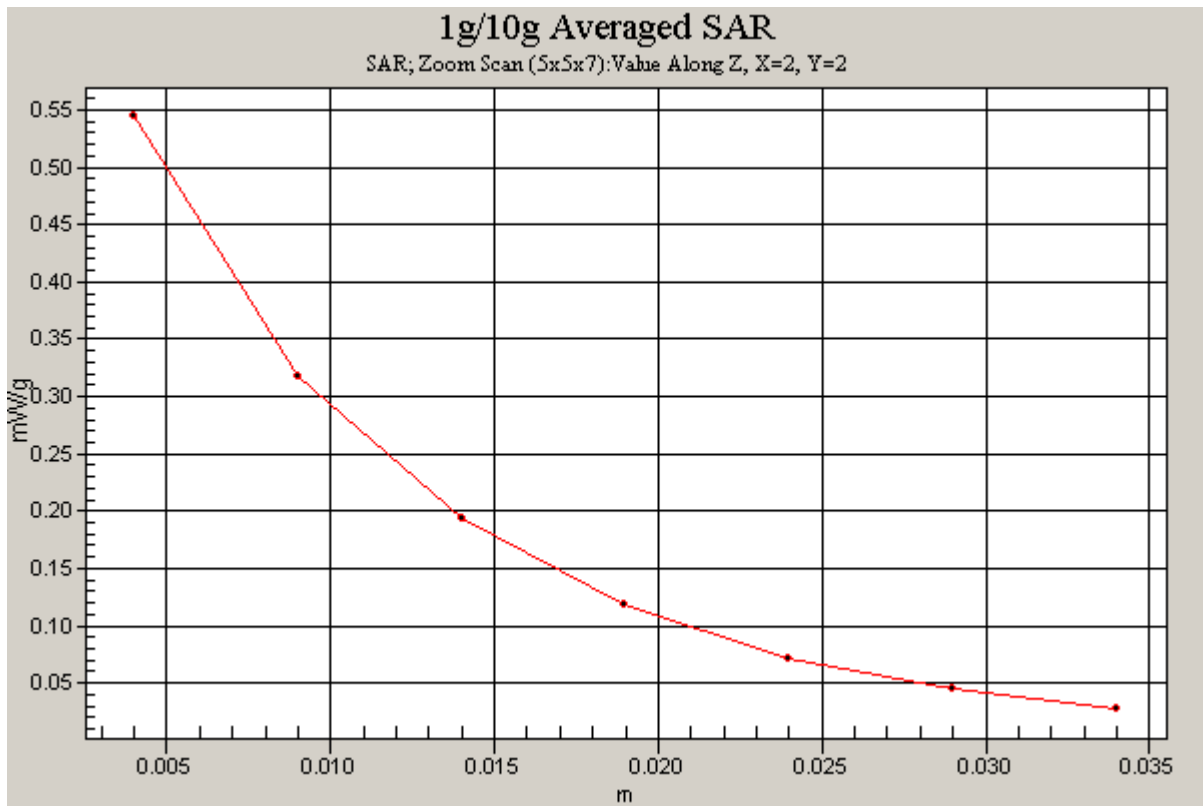
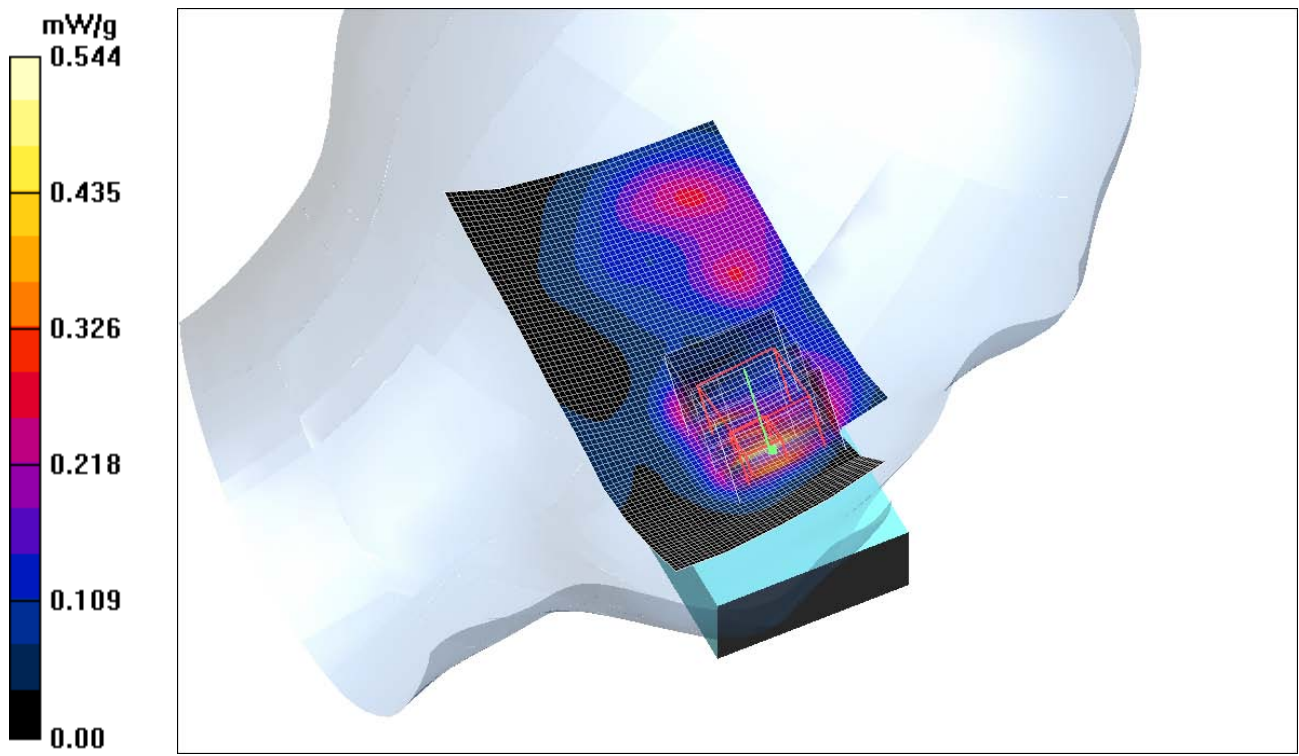
Reference Value = 9.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.508 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-16 17:54:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen

Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: 2-slot EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.4$ C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1807; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation
- ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Cheek position - Low - slide open/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.322 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - slide open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

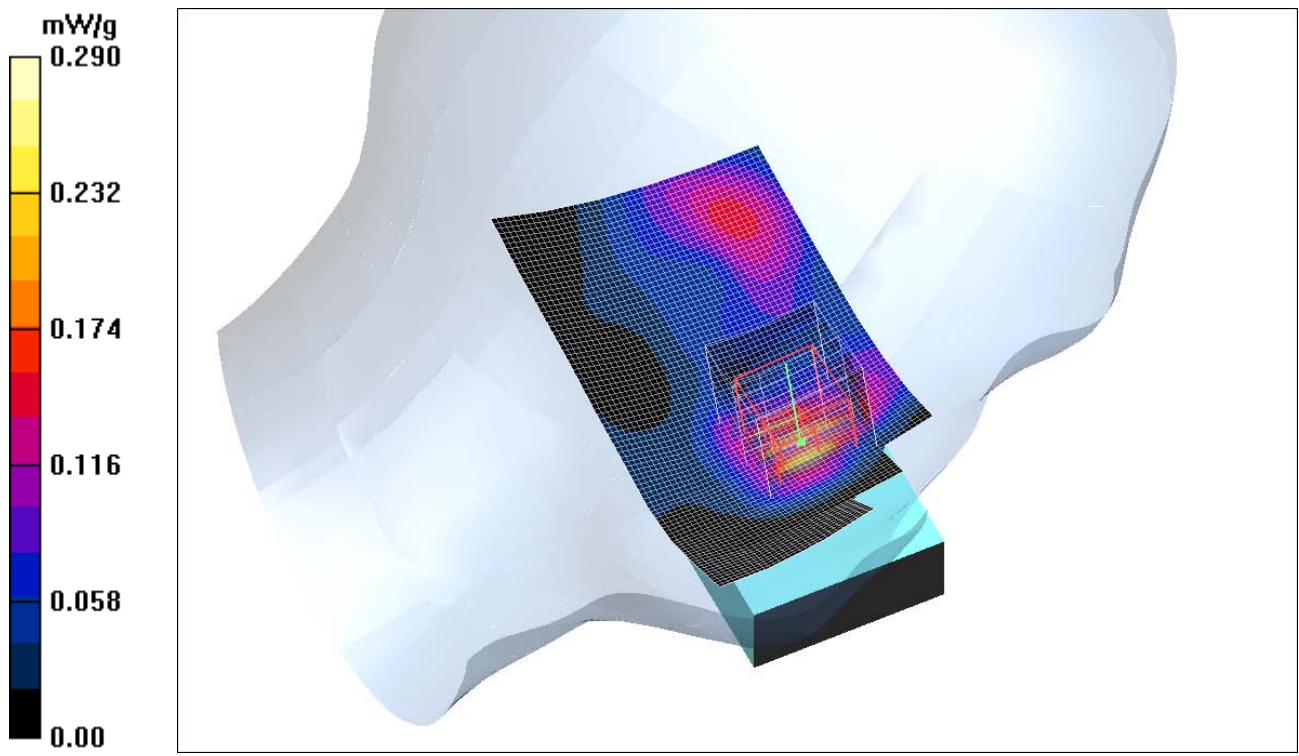
Reference Value = 5.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-02 13:53:24

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: GSM 1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.4$ C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Body - Low - No Accessory/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.697 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

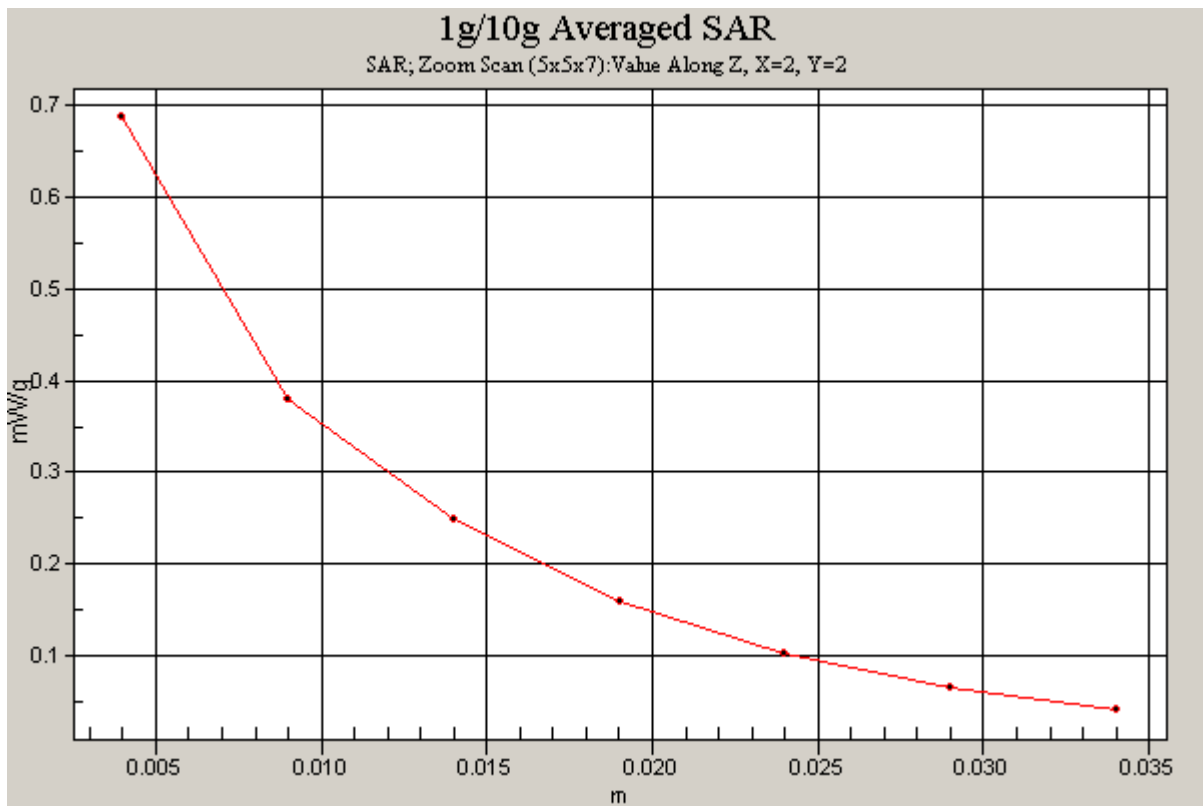
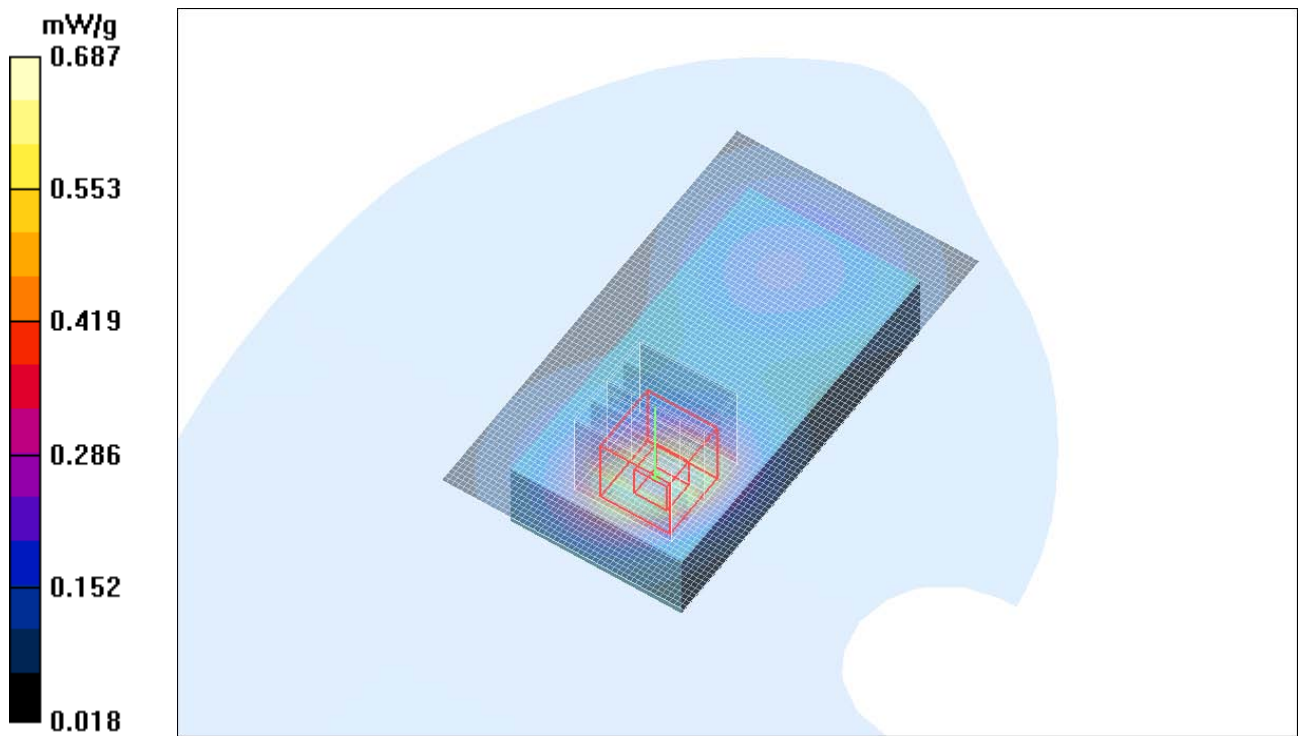
Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.652 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.687 mW/g



Date/Time: 2005-09-02 14:25:24

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-99; Serial: 004400/73/193582/9

Communication System: GSM 1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.4$ C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1786; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2005-01-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Body - Low + HS-3/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 mW/g

Body - Low + HS-3/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

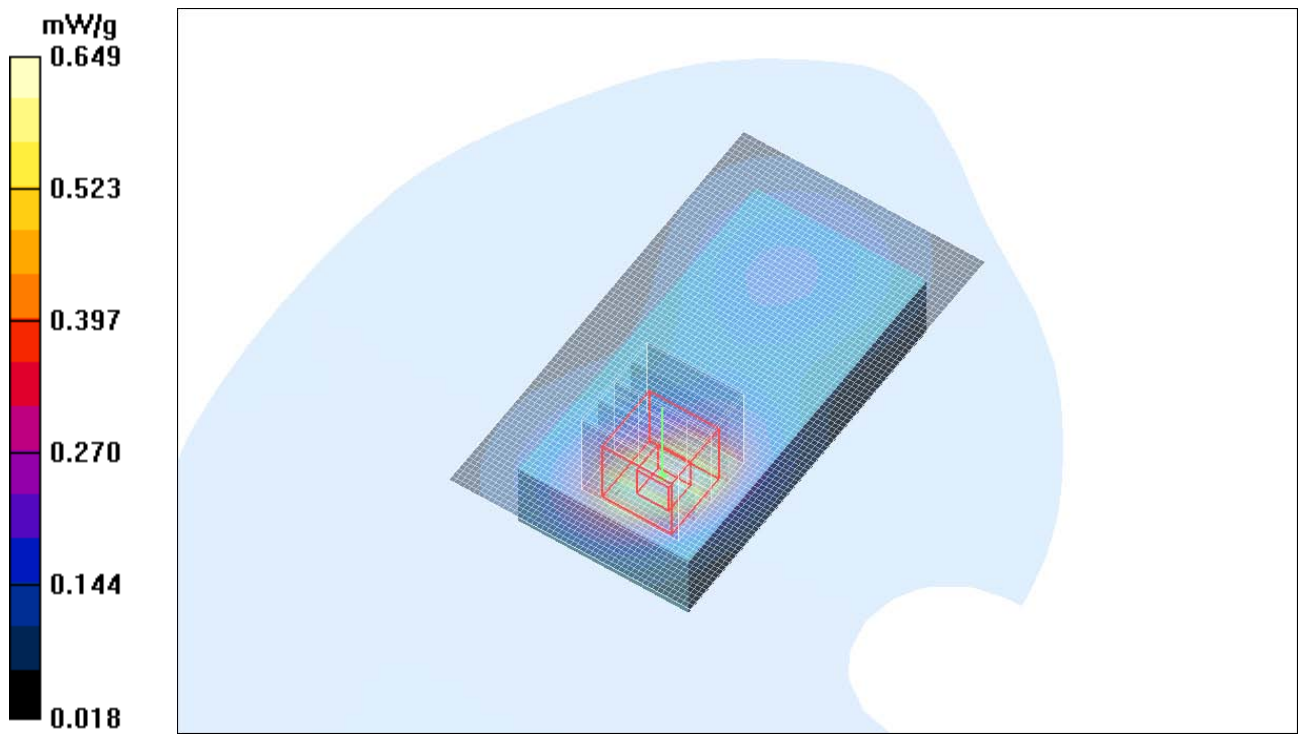
Reference Value = 18.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.613 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

18976

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia DK**

Certificate No: **ET3-1786_Jan05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ET3DV6 - SN:1786**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **January 21, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 617	29-Sep-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Sep04)	Sep-05

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

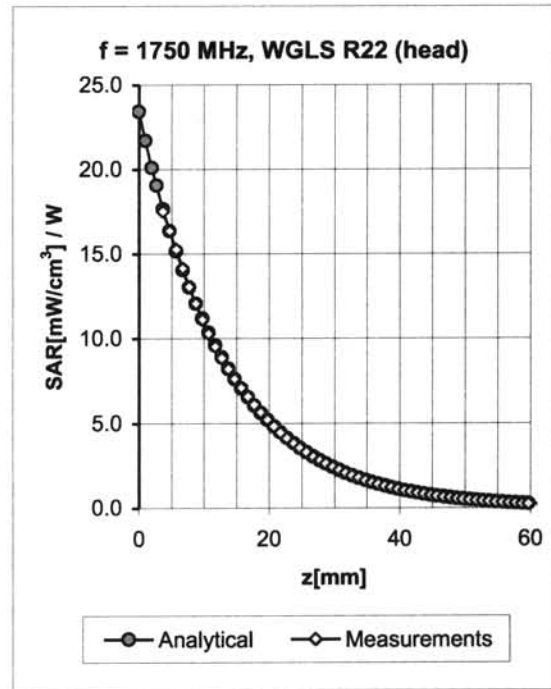
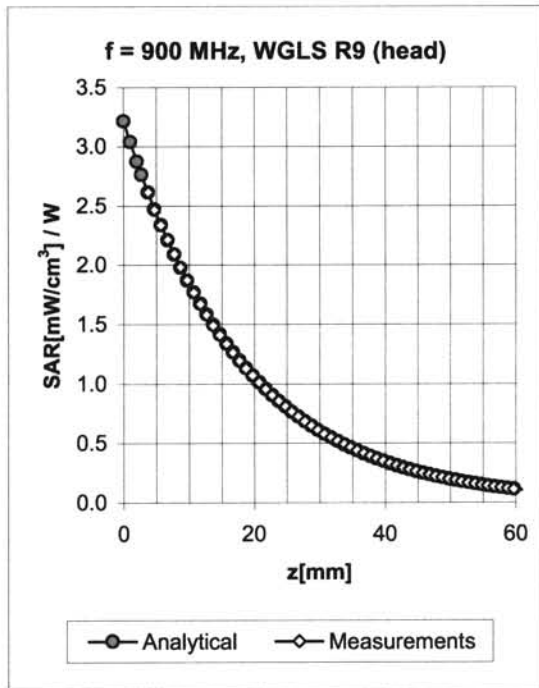
Calibrated by:	Name: Nico Vetterli	Function: Laboratory Technician	Signature:
Approved by:	Name: Katja Pokovic	Function: Technical Manager	Signature:

Issued: January 21, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

28/1-05
HL

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.67	1.74	6.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.59	1.86	6.36 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.62	2.23	5.29 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.59	2.40	5.11 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.57	2.59	4.74 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.71	2.10	4.55 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.59	1.91	6.38 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.47	2.19	6.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.57	2.68	4.68 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.57	2.82	4.52 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.62	2.45	4.41 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.72	2.03	4.20 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
**The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates**

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia DK**

Certificate No: **ET3-1807_Jan05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1807**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01 v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **January 21, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 617	29-Sep-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Sep04)	Sep-05

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

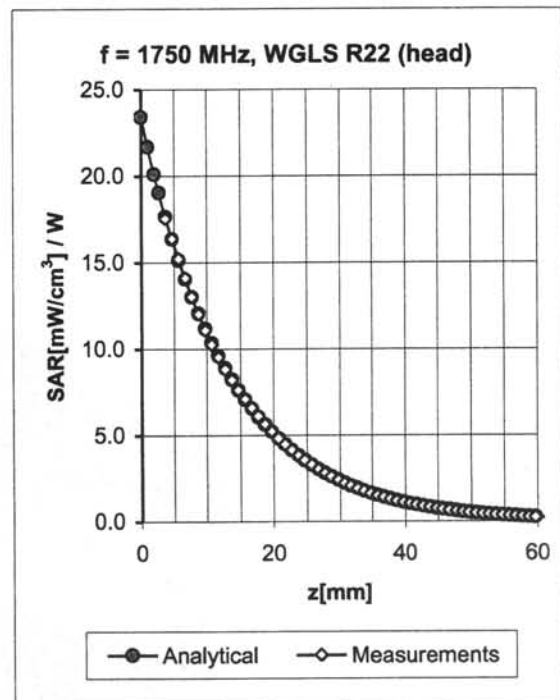
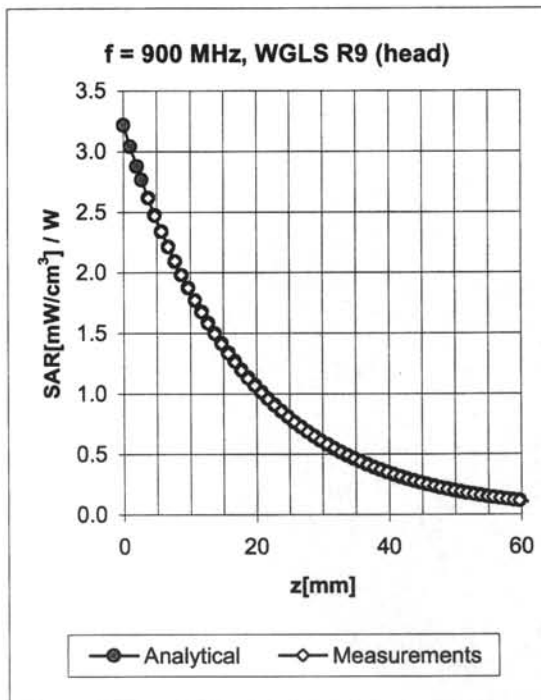
Calibrated by: **Nico Vetterli** Laboratory Technician *[Signature]*

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Technical Manager *[Signature]*

Issued: January 21, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.68	1.75	6.46 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.64	1.81	6.25 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.56	2.34	5.19 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.51	2.58	5.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.53	2.68	4.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.62	2.29	4.47 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.50	2.07	6.26 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.49	2.15	5.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.50	2.86	4.59 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.51	2.94	4.44 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.55	2.63	4.35 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.63	2.18	4.12 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

15205
3/2-04
f

Client **Nokia DK**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D1800V2 - SN:230**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **January 15, 2004**



Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 19, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN230

Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 12; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 93

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 92.2 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.4 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

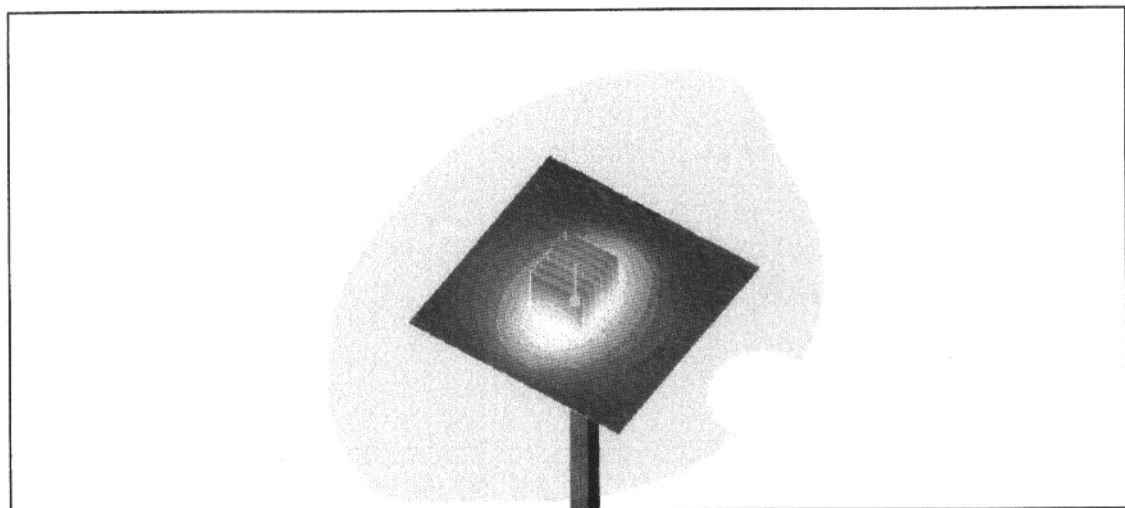
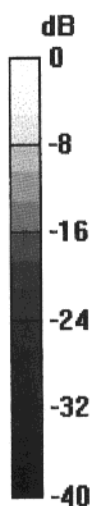
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Reference Value = 92.2 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.2 mW/g



0 dB = 11.2mW/g

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN230

Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 12; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 93

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 88.1 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0003 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 10.7 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

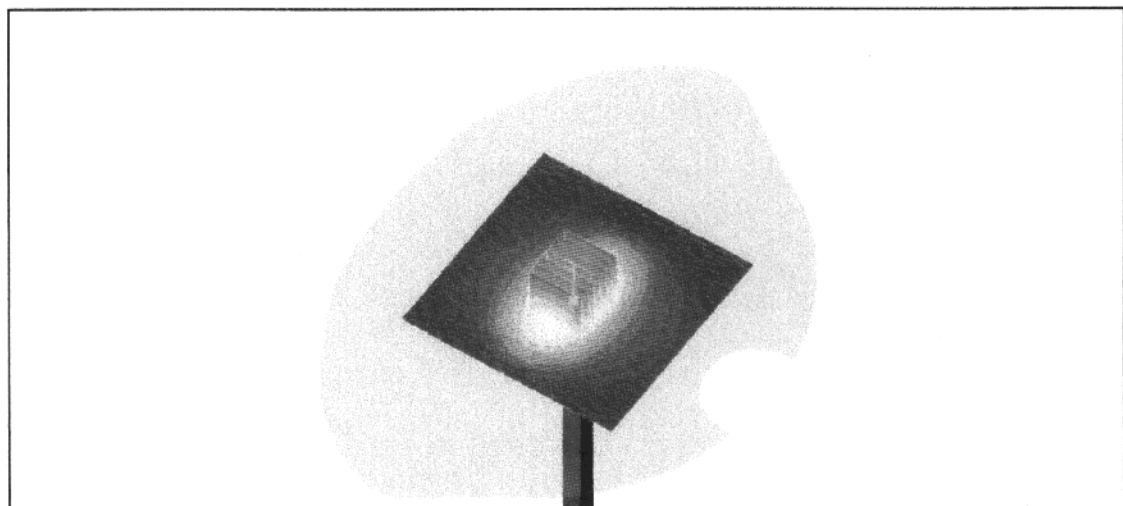
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 mW/g

Reference Value = 88.1 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0003 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 10.5 mW/g



0 dB = 10.5mW/g