

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Tested device:	RM-235		
FCC ID:	QFXRM-235	IC:	661Z-RM235
Supplement reports:	Salo_SAR_0801_05		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2007-12-11 to 2007-12-20
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/01/143177/8, HW: 4500, SW: 067EE, DUT: 12381 SN: 004401/01/143212/3, HW: 4500, SW: 0.130EE, DUT: 12407
Batteries used in testing	BL-6F, DUT: 12382, 12383, 12384, 12385
Headsets used in testing	HS-45+AD-54, DUT: 12386+12349
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	29.3 dBm ERP	Right, Cheek	0.909 W/kg	1.02 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	29.9 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.963 W/kg	1.08 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	24.4 dBm EIRP	Left, Cheek	0.218 W/kg	0.24 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	1.044 W/kg	1.17 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	1.098 W/kg	1.23 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	29.3 dBm ERP	1.5cm	0.818 W/kg	0.92 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS	810 / 1909.8	29.9 dBm EIRP	1.5cm	0.373 W/kg	0.42 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	24.4 dBm EIRP	1.5cm	0.225 W/kg	0.25 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5cm	1.035 W/kg	1.16 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5cm	0.595 W/kg	0.67 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.25dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, WCDMA900 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Voice-over-IP/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.1 to 22.4
Ambient humidity (RH %):	31 to 41

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester except for testing WLAN2450 where control software was used. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	555	12 months	2008-03
DAE 4	728	12 months	2008-02
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1396	12 months	2008-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2008-02
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	480	24 months	2009-05
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d013	24 months	2008-07
Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2	749	24 months	2008-04
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2008-07
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2008-07
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2008-07
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2008-07
Call Tester	CMU 200	103293	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	100084	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2008-07
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.1.2 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

2450MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	56.0	70.20
Tween 20	44.0	29.62
Salt	-	0.18

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.29	41.6	0.90	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.06 – 2.52			
	2007-12-13	2.40	41.8	0.92	21.0
1900	Reference result	9.69	39.3	1.44	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.72 – 10.66			
	2007-12-11	10.3	39.1	1.43	21.0
	2007-12-12	10.0	39.2	1.42	21.0
2450	Reference result	13.5	38.8	1.76	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	12.1 – 14.9			
	2007-12-20	14.4	37.4	1.83	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2007-12-13	41.7	0.92	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2007-12-11	39.1	1.41	21.0
	2007-12-12	39.3	1.41	21.0
2442	Recommended value	39.2	1.79	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	37.3 – 41.2	1.70 – 1.88	
	2007-12-20	37.5	1.82	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2007-12-13	54.6	1.00	21.0
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2007-12-12	52.3	1.54	21.0
2442	Recommended value	52.7	1.94	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.1 – 55.3	1.85 – 2.04	
	2007-12-20	52.2	1.96	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot u_i$ (%)	v_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Power		28.0 dBm	29.8 dBm	29.3 dBm
	Left	Cheek		0.696	
		Tilt		0.425	
	Right	Cheek	0.660	0.826	0.894
		Tilt	-	0.458	-
2-slot GPRS	Power		26.0 dBm	27.4 dBm	26.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.808	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Power		24.4 dBm	25.6 dBm	24.7 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.806	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
1-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Power		22.0 dBm	19.5 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.158
		Tilt	-	-	-
GSM	Right Cheek, BT active		-	-	0.909

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Power		31.7 dBm	32.9 dBm	31.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.892	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Power		31.6 dBm	30.7 dBm	29.9 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.587	-
		Tilt	-	0.260	-
	Right	Cheek	0.853	0.948	0.963
		Tilt	-	0.261	-
3-slot GPRS	Power		29.7 dBm	28.8 dBm	27.9 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.910	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Power		29.9 dBm	29.2 dBm	28.3 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.479
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Right Cheek, BT active		-	-	0.851

2450MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Power		19.7 dBm	24.4 dBm	21.1 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.084	0.218	0.150
		Tilt	-	0.180	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.135	-
		Tilt	-	0.174	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Power	28.0 dBm	29.8 dBm	29.3 dBm
	Without headset	0.697	0.712	0.813
	Headset HS-45+AD-54	0.400	0.436	0.512
GSM	Without headset, BT	-	-	0.818

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS	Power	31.6 dBm	30.7 dBm	29.9 dBm
	Without headset	0.329	0.366	0.373
	Headset HS-45+AD-54	0.328	0.367	0.370
2-slot GPRS	Without headset, BT	-	-	0.370

2450MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Power	19.7 dBm	24.4 dBm	21.1 dBm
	Without headset	0.092	0.217	0.147
	Headset HS-45+AD-54	0.096	0.225	0.152

Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results			Combined 1g SAR values	
	WLAN	850MHz band	1900MHz band	WLAN + 850MHz band	WLAN + 1900MHz band
Head: Left, Cheek	0.218	0.696	0.587	0.914	0.805
Head: Left, Tilt	0.180	0.425	0.260	0.605	0.440
Head: Right, Cheek	0.135	0.909	0.963	1.044	1.098
Head: Right, Tilt	0.174	0.458	0.261	0.632	0.435
Body: Without Headset	0.217	0.818	0.373	1.035	0.590
Body: Headset HS-45+AD-54	0.225	0.512	0.370	0.737	0.595

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2007-12-13 08:23:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.917 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.55 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.5 V/m

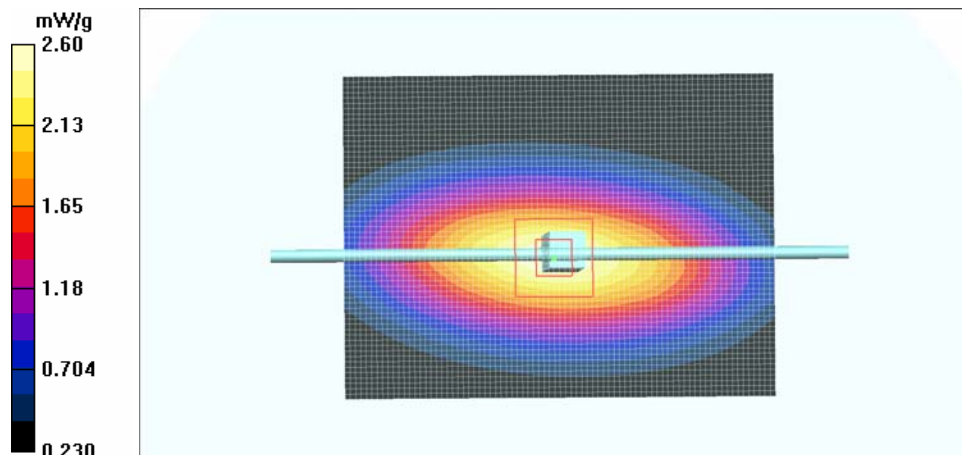
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 09:00:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.9 V/m

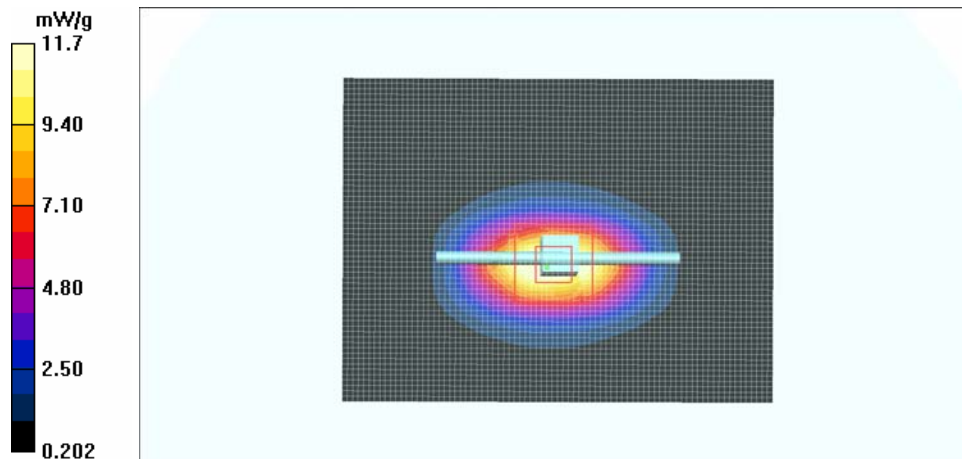
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-12 08:52:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.7 V/m

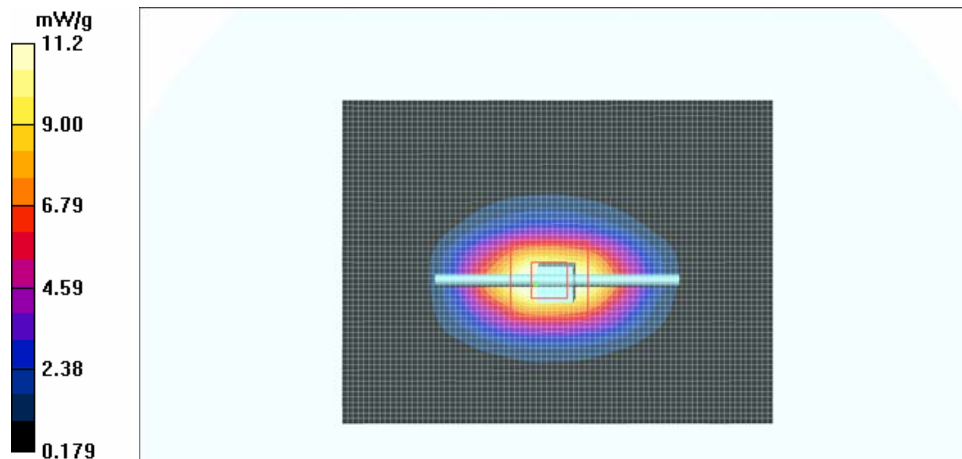
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 14:07:23

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.6 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.9 V/m

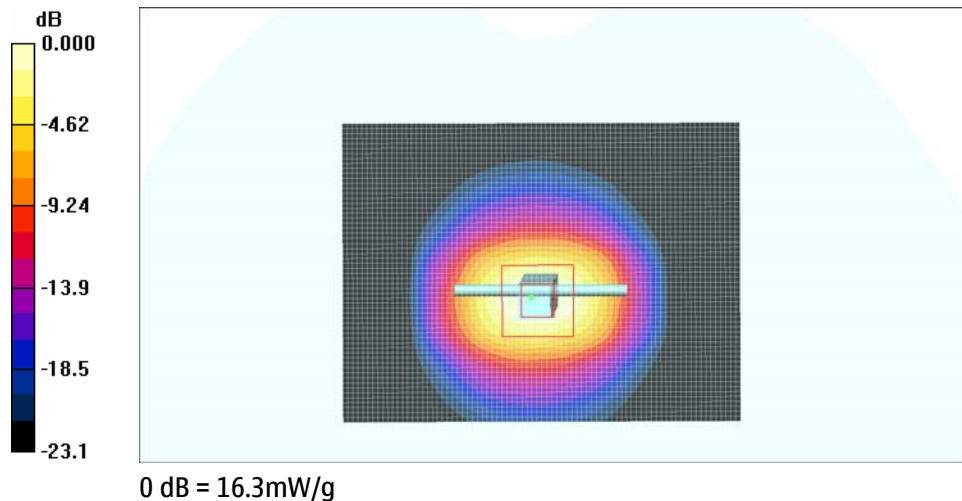
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.56 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2007-12-13 11:31:40

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.726 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m

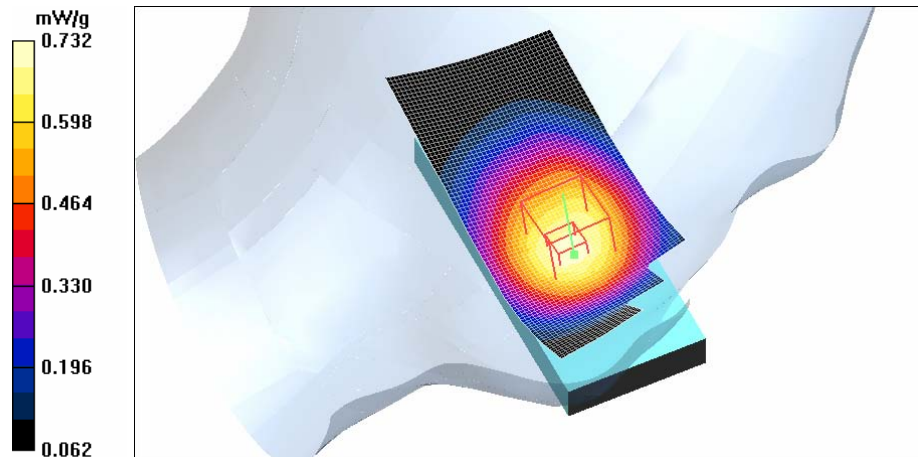
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.926 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.696 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.497 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.082 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.732 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 11:51:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.446 mW/g

Tilt position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m

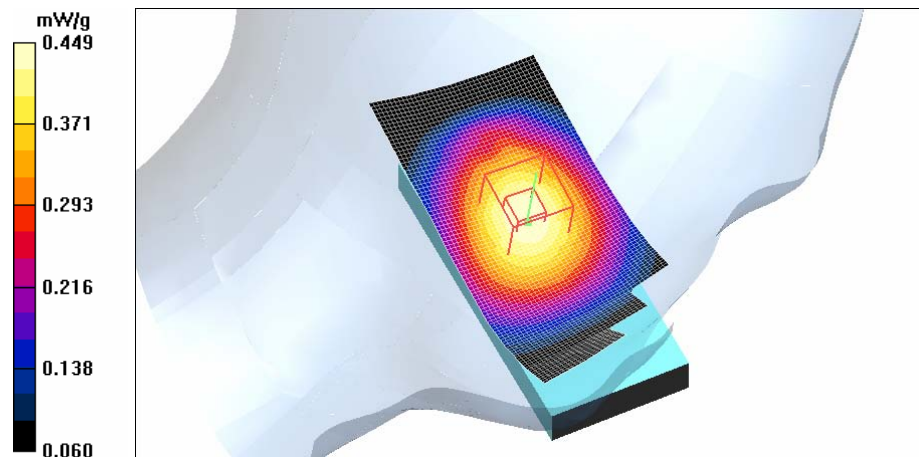
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.534 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.425 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.313 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 10:20:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.924$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, High/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.974 mW/g

Cheek position, High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m

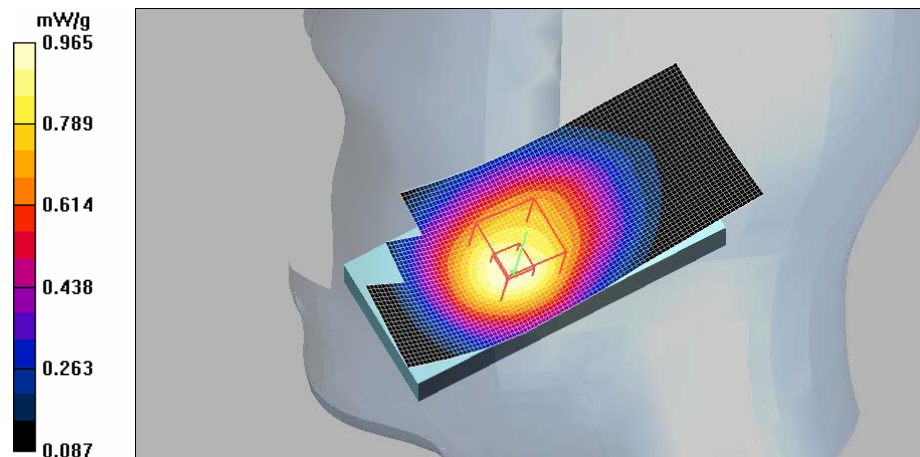
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.894 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.628 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 10:34:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 mW/g

Tilt position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m

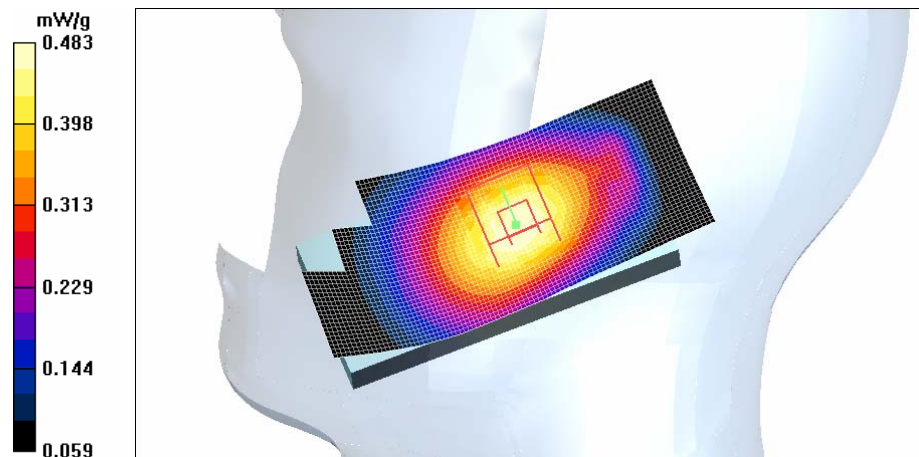
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.573 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.458 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.337 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 09:27:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.874 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

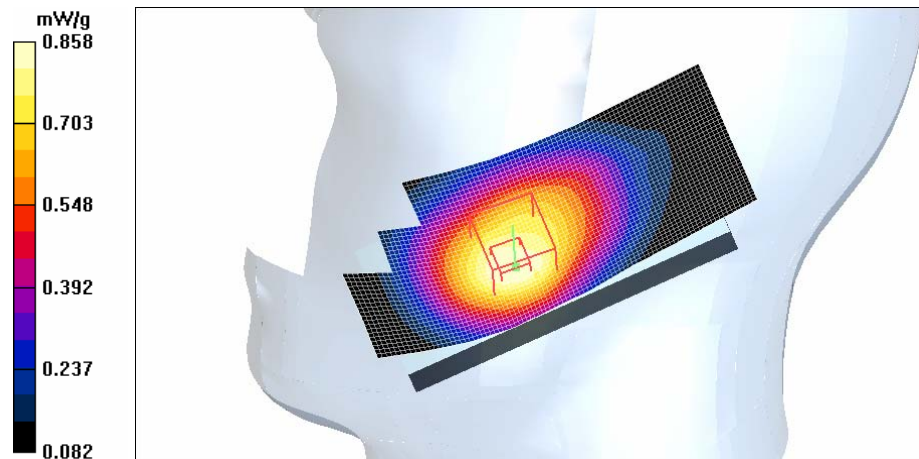
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.808 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.577 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.070 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.858 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 09:43:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.853 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

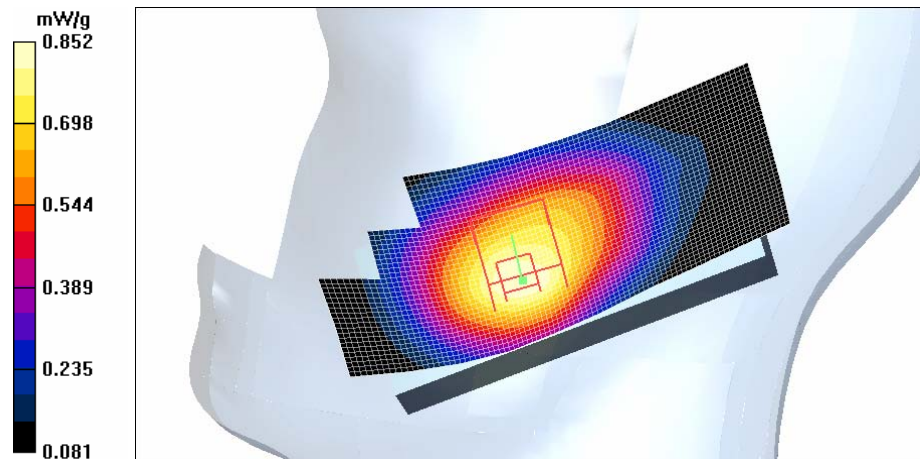
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.806 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.572 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.852 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 12:17:54

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 1-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.6C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.924$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, High/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.171 mW/g

Cheek position, High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.57 V/m

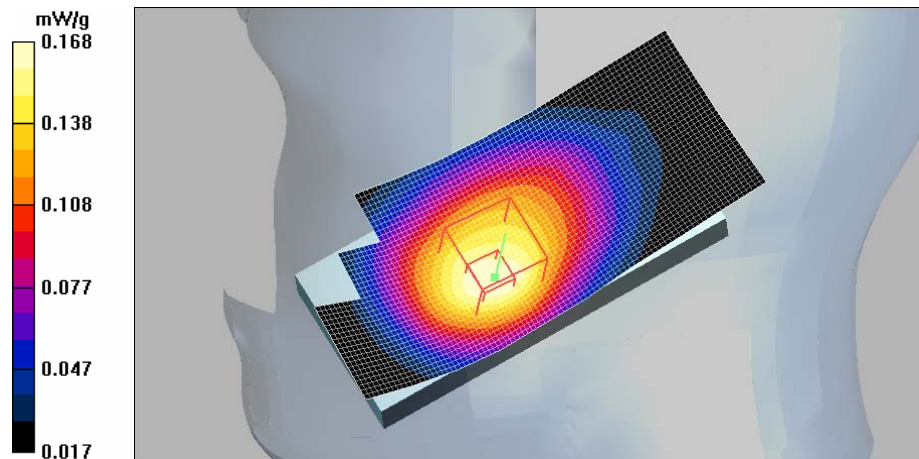
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.059 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 12:45:04

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL800; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.924$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, High, BT/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.962 mW/g

Cheek position, High, BT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m

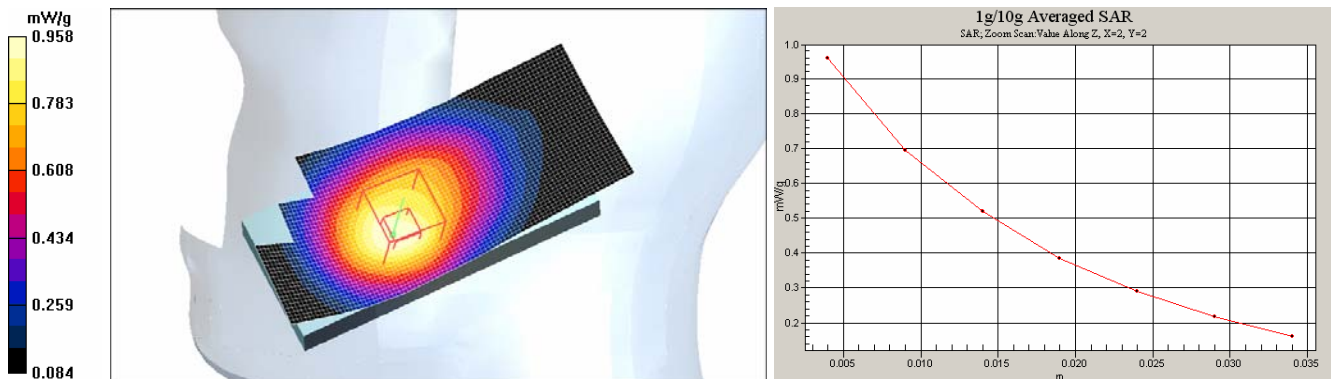
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.909 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.636 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.958 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 10:52:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.04 V/m

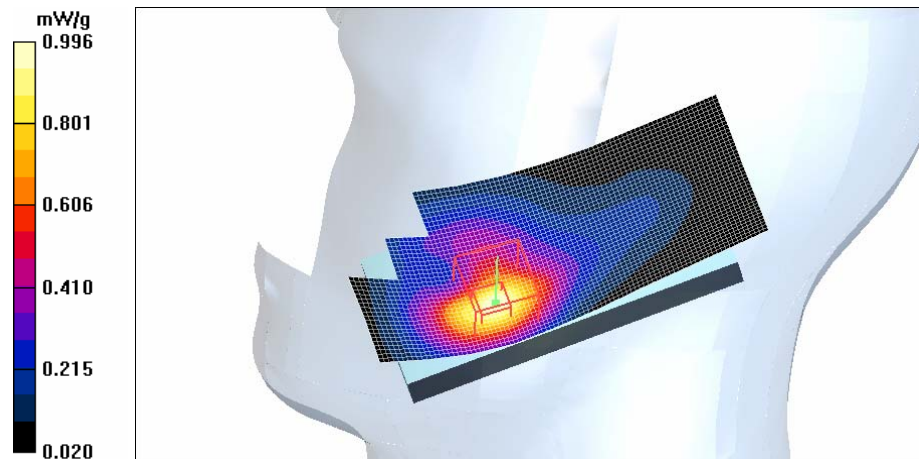
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.892 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.497 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.996 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 12:58:54

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.664 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7): Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.55 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.972 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.587 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.328 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.214 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.665 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7): Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.55 V/m

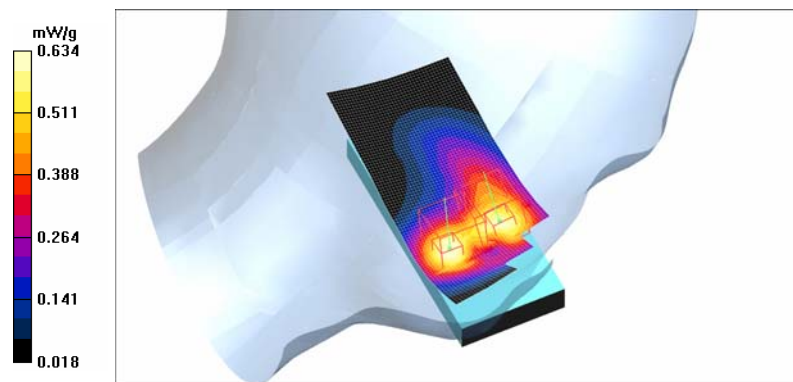
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.838 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.583 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.356 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.214 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 13:22:43

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.304 mW/g

Tilt position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m

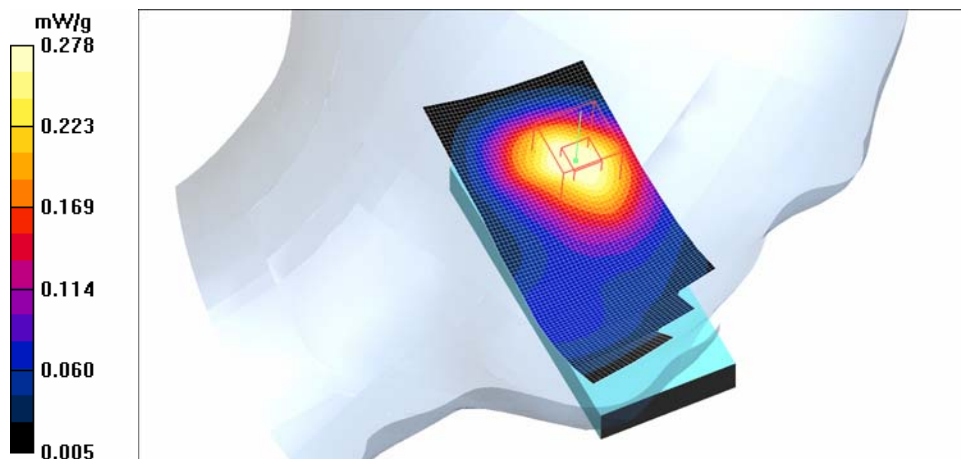
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.366 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.260 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.165 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 12:36:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, High/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

Cheek position, High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.19 V/m

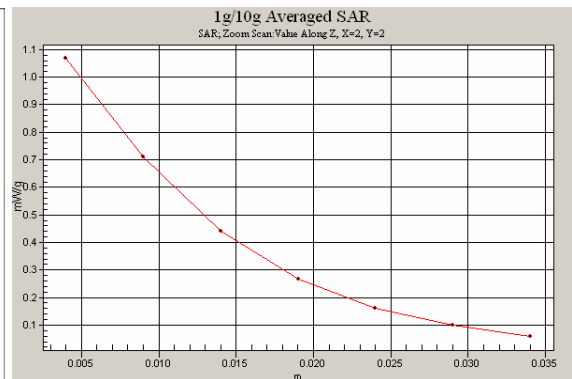
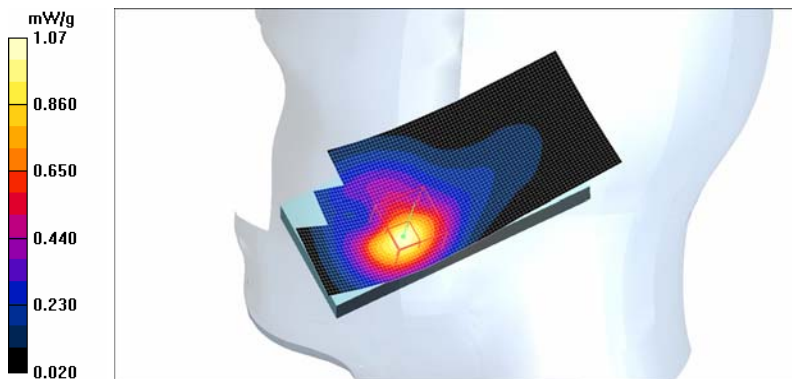
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.963 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.528 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 12:03:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 mW/g

Tilt position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m

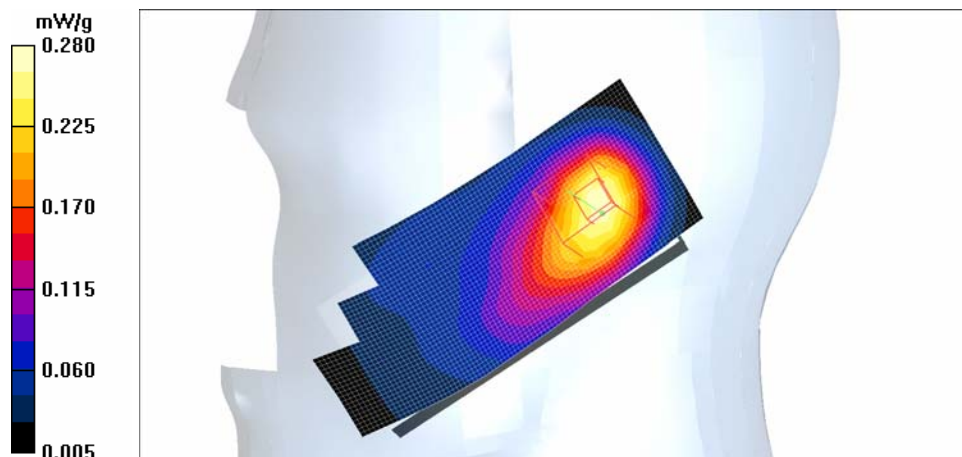
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.261 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.164 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.280 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 11:45:13

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.20 V/m

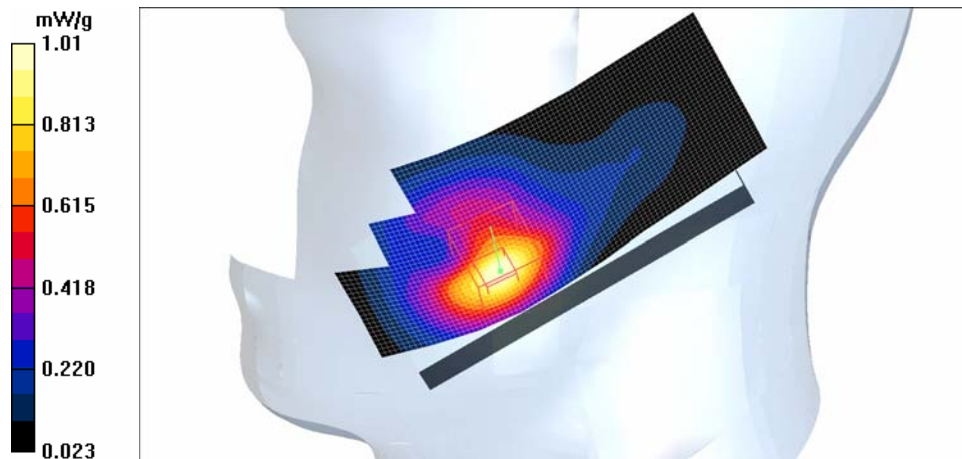
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.910 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.510 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.091 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-11 16:14:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, High/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.535 mW/g

Cheek position, High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.59 V/m

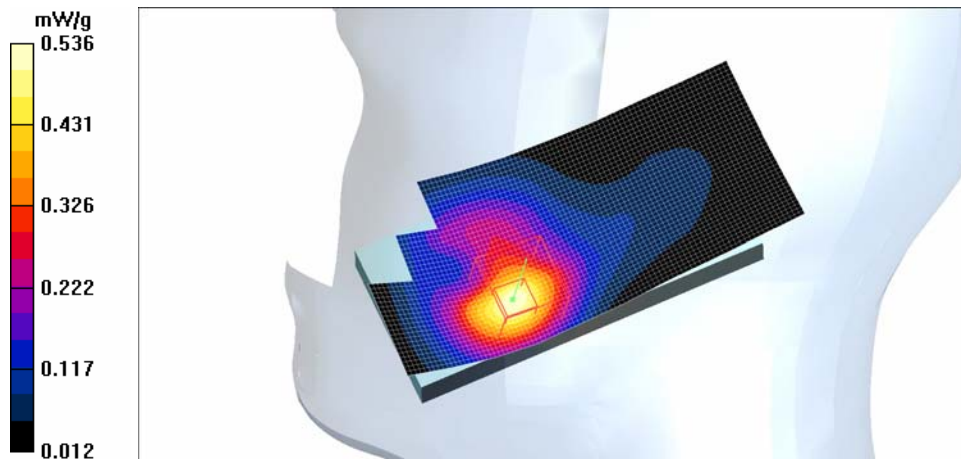
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.753 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-12 09:50:29

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, High, BT/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.959 mW/g

Cheek position, High, BT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.21 V/m

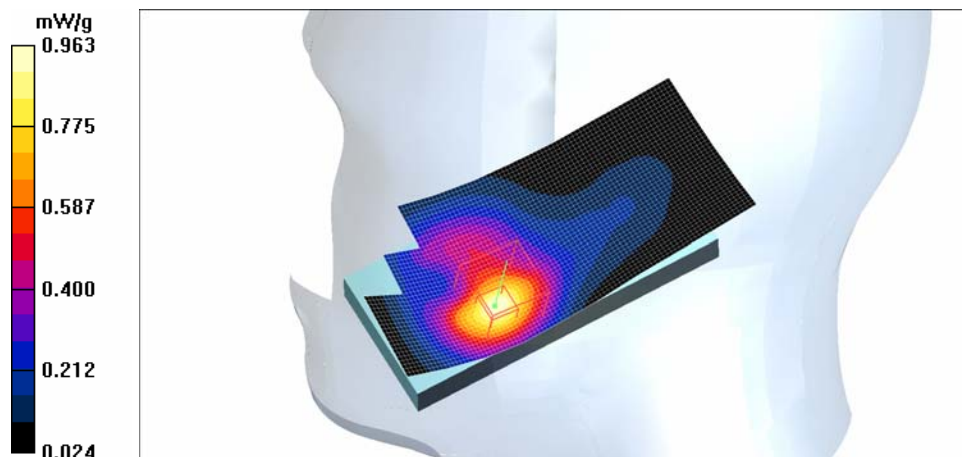
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.851 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.471 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.085 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.963 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 15:40:04

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143212/3

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: $t=19.7^\circ\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.82\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.216 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.64 V/m

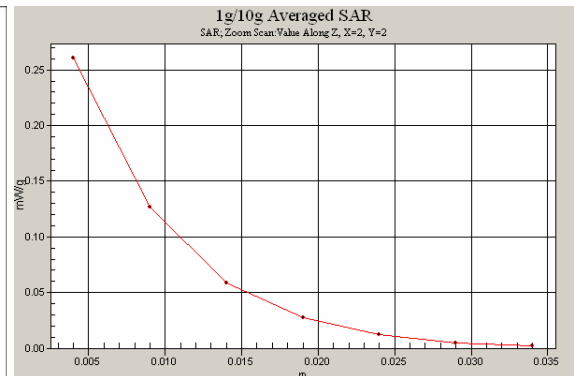
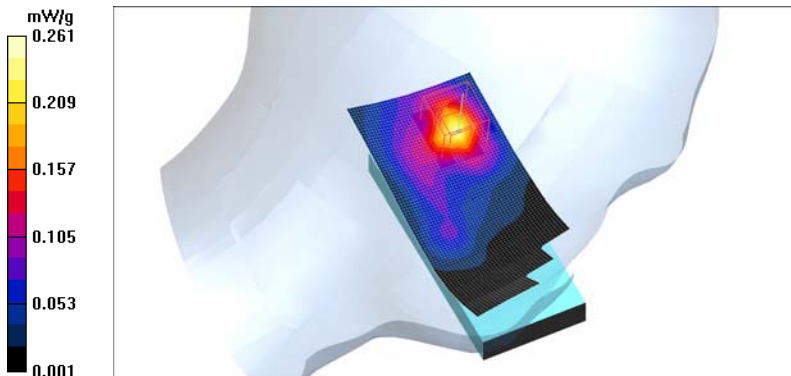
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 15:55:45

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143212/3

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=19.7C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; σ = 1.82 mho/m; ϵ_r = 37.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position, Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 mW/g

Tilt position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.91 V/m

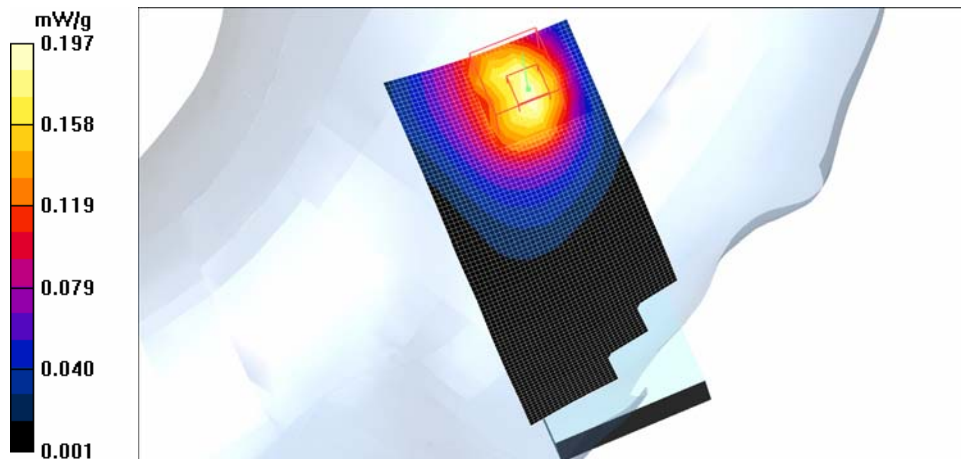
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.180 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.091 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 16:21:54

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143212/3

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.1C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position, Middle/Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 mW/g

Cheek position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.35 V/m

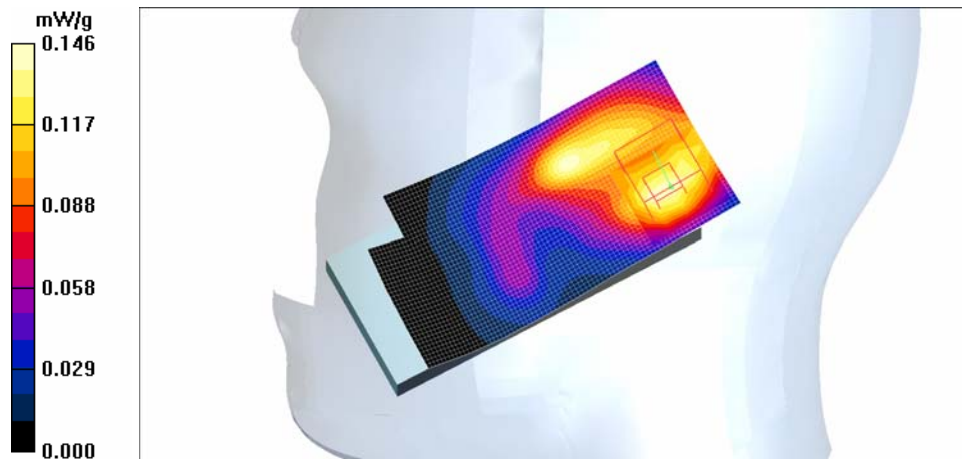
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.279 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.135 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.171 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 16:34:56

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143212/3

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.1C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position, Middle/Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 mW/g

Tilt position, Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.99 V/m

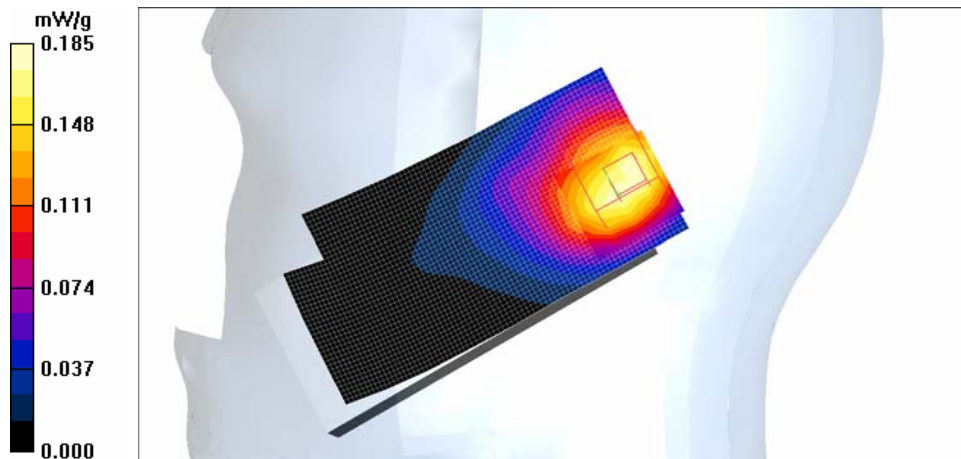
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.347 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 14:27:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL800; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.62, 6.62, 6.62); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, High, No accessory/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.863 mW/g

Body Measurement, High, No accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m

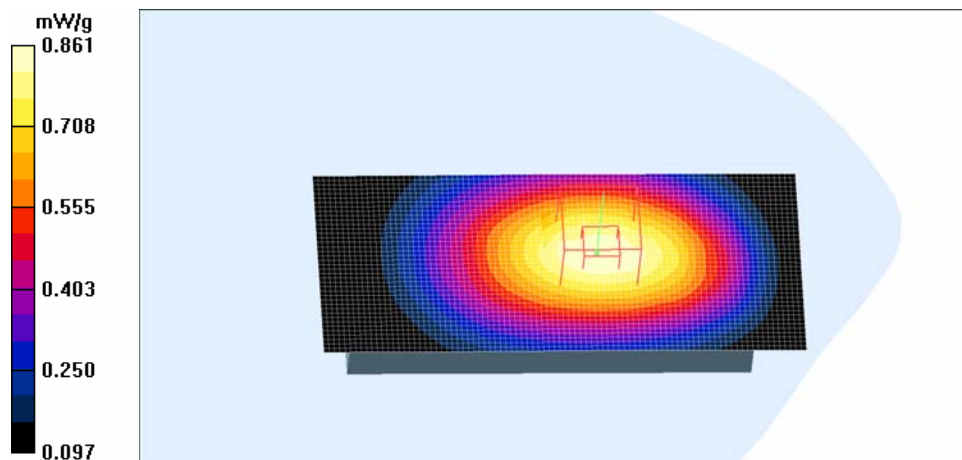
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.813 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.583 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.861 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 14:51:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL800; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.62, 6.62, 6.62); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, High, HS-45+AD-54/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.542 mW/g

Body Measurement, High, HS-45+AD-54/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.41 V/m

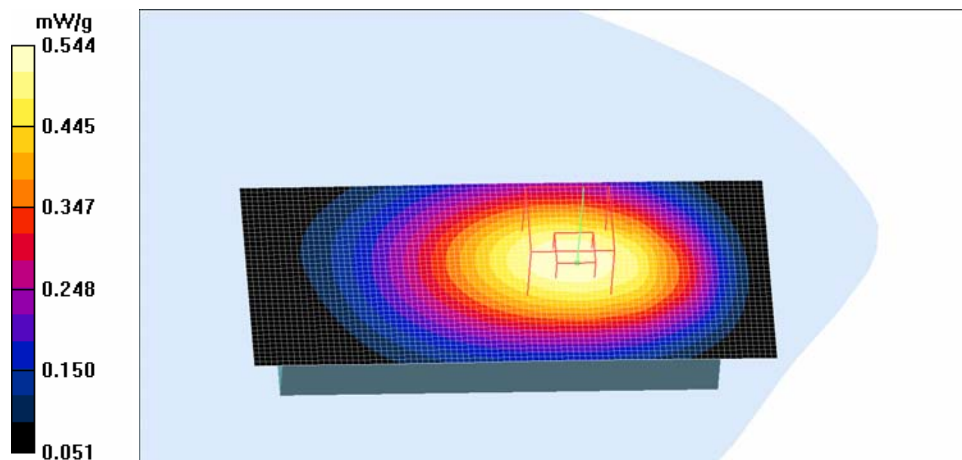
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.061 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-13 15:20:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL800; Medium Notes: 21.0C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.62, 6.62, 6.62); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, High, No accessory, BT/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.860 mW/g

Body Measurement, High, No accessory, BT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.0 V/m

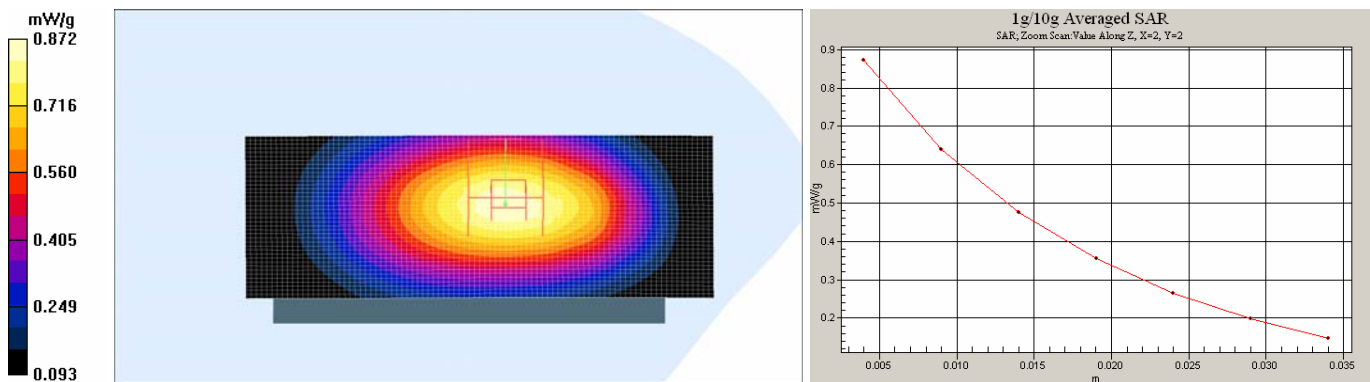
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.818 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.583 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.872 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-12 16:53:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.7C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, High, No accessory/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.429 mW/g

Body Measurement, High, No accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.19 V/m

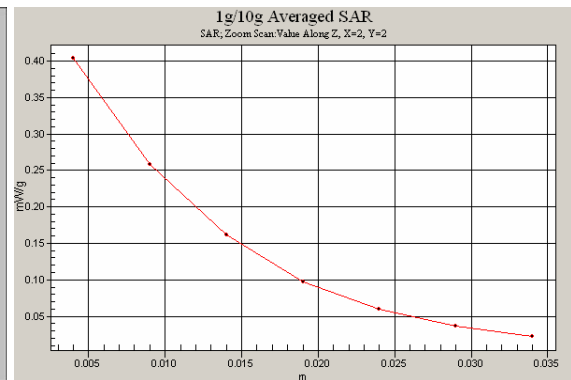
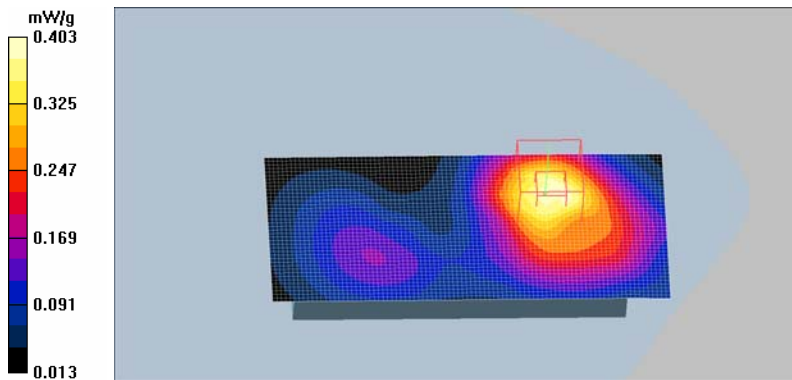
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.592 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.373 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.086 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-12 17:08:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.7C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, High, HS-45+AD-54/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.411 mW/g

Body Measurement, High, HS-45+AD-54/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.35 V/m

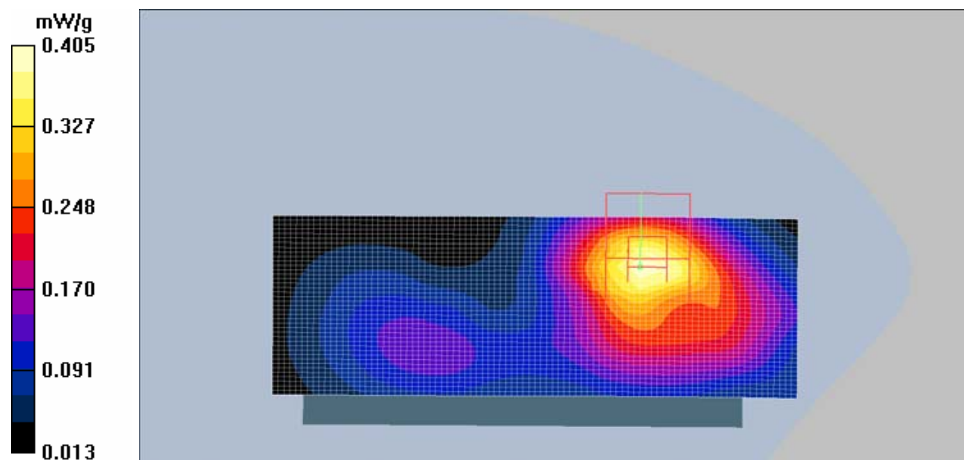
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-12 17:51:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143177/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.7C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2007-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2007-02-13
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, High, No accessory, BT/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 mW/g

Body Measurement, High, No accessory, BT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.09 V/m

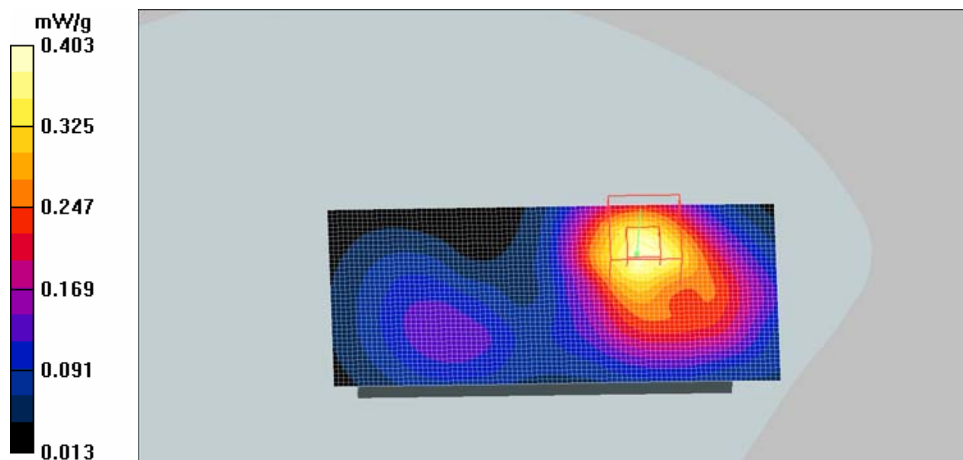
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 18:06:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143212/3

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450(071220); Medium Notes: t=21.1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1272
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, Middle, No accessory/Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.232 mW/g

Body Measurement, Middle, No accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.78 V/m

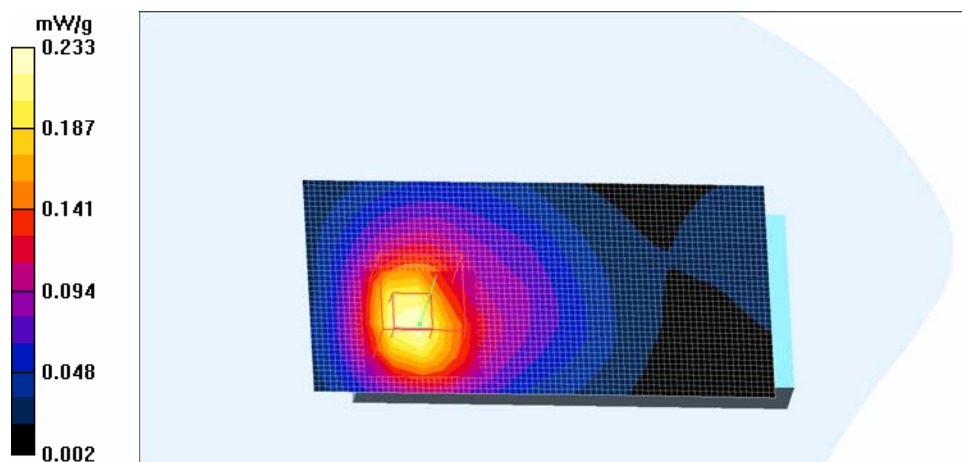
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.192 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-12-20 18:19:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-235; Serial: 004401/01/143212/3

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450(071220); Medium Notes: t=21.1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1272
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement, Middle, HS-45+AD-54/Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 mW/g

Body Measurement, Middle, HS-45+AD-54/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.53 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.420 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.225 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 mW/g

