## **FCC SAR Report**

Report No. SESF1501043

Client/Manufacturer **Broadcom Corporation** 

190 Mathilda Place Sunnyvale CA 94086 U.S.A. **Address** 802.11bgn WLAN+ Bluetooth NGFF1630 Mini Card **Product** 

**Broadcom Brand** BCM943142Y Model **FCC ID** QDS-BRCM1079

**Standards** FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528-2013 /

IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 / KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 /

KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 / KDB 616217 D04 v01r01

February 05<sup>th</sup>, 2015 **Test Date** 

#### Statement of Compliance:

The SAR values measured for the test sample are below the maximum recommended level of 1.6W/kg averaged over any 1g tissue according to FCC Acknowledge Data Base / FCC 47CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE Std.1528-2013.

The test result only corresponds to the tested sample. It is not permitted to copy this report, in part or in full, without the permission of the test laboratory.

The testing described in this report has been carried out to the best of our knowledge and ability, and our responsibility is limited to the exercise of reasonable care. This certification is not intended to believe the sellers from their legal and/or contractual obligations.

Miro Chueh





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## **Release Version**

Report No.: SESF1501043

Report No.	Issue Date	Description
SESF1501043	2015-02-16	Initial release

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)					
DTS	2.4GHz WIFI		0.396				
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A					
Highest Sin	Highest Simultaneous		Body				
Transmission SAR		Ant. Type Highest Simultaneous SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)					
DTS+DSS		1 0.8					
		2	0.8				

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2. <u>Description of Equipment under Test</u>

Product Name	802.11bgn WLAN+ Bluetooth NGFF1630 Mini Card
Model No.	BCM943142Y
Brand Name	Broadcom
EUT Configuration	Wi-Fi & Bluetooth
Antenna Type	PIFA
Antenna Peak Gain	ACON: 2.83dBi
	Jiabang: 2.1dBi
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Channel Separation	1MHz
Mode	BR-1Mbps; EDR-2Mbps; EDR-3Mbps
<u>Wi-Fi</u>	
Modulation technology	802.11b:DSSS / 802.11n:OFDM
Tx Rate	802.11b: up to 11Mbps, 802.11a/g: up to 54Mbps, 802.11n: up to 400Mbps
Wi-Fi Frequency	2.4GHz: 2.412 ~ 2.462GHz
Channel Separation	11 for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20)
	7 for 802.11n (HT40)

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Note: There are two kinds groups of antennas applied to this Notebook, which made by ACON for type 1 and Jiabang for type 2.

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## 3. **General Information**

### Host Details,

<b>Host Manufacture</b>	Host Type	Host Model
Lenovo	Notebook Computer	Lenovo Flex 3-1120XXXXXX ("X" in the model name can
		be 0 to 9, A to Z, a to z , "-" or blank, it represents different
		sales customer code, not relevant to safety and EMC)
		80LXXXXXXX ("X" in the model name can be 0 to 9, A to
		Z, a to z , "-" or blank, it represents different sales
		customer code, not relevant to safety and EMC)
		Lenovo Yoga 300-11IBYXXXXXX("X" in the model name
		can be 0 to 9, A to Z, a to z , "-" or blank, it represents
		different sales customer code, not relevant to safety and
		EMC)
		80M0XXXXXX ("X" in the model name can be 0 to 9, A to
		Z, a to z , "-" or blank, it represents different sales
		customer code, not relevant to safety and EMC)

### Our Lab,

Test Site	Cerpass Technology (Suzhou) Co.,Ltd	
Test Site Location	No.66,Tangzhuang Road, Suzhou Industrial Park, Jiangsu 215006, China	

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## 4. Basic restrictions and Standards

### 4.1. Test Standards

- 1. IEEE 1528-2013
- 2. FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- 3. FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- 4. FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01
- 5. FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 SAR measurement for 802 11 a b g v01r02

#### 4.2. Environment Condition

Item	Target	Measured
Ambient Temperature( $^{\circ}$ C)	18~25	21.5 ± 2
Temperature of Simulant( $^{\circ}$ C)	20~22	21 ± 2
Relative Humidity(%RH)	30~70	52

#### 4.3. RF Exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Basic restrictions for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields. (Unit in mW/g or W/kg)		
Spatial Peak SAR <sup>1</sup> (Head and Body)	1.60		
Spatial Average SAR <sup>2</sup> (Whole Body)	0.08		
Spatial Peak SAR <sup>3</sup> (Arms and Legs)	4.00		

#### Notes:

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over appropriate averaging time.

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## 5. DASY5 Measurement System

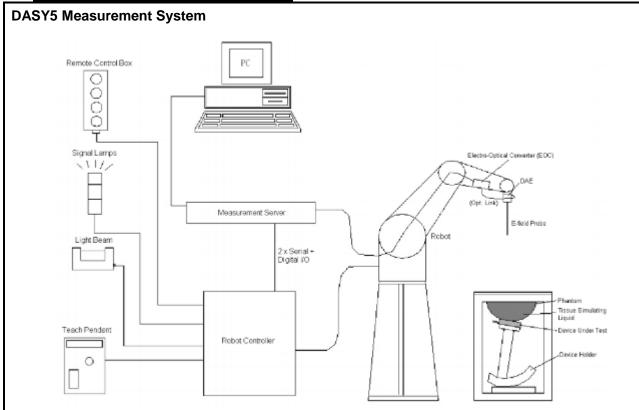


Figure 2.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic(DAE)attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter(ECO)performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows 7
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps,
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

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## 5.1. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

#### 5.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Model	EX3DV4				
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)				
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)				
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)				
Dynamic Range					
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)  Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)  Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm				
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.				

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## 5.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is

accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



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## 5.4. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



#### 5.5. <u>Light Beam Unit</u>

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



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#### 5.6. Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



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#### 5.7. SAM Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The ELI4 Phantom also is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness. It has 30 liters filling volume, and with a dimension of 600mm for major ellipse axis, 400mm for minor axis. It is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in frequency range of 30 MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.





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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

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### 5.8. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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The laptop extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



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## 5.9. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date	
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	5P6VA1/A/01	only once	
Robot Controller	Stäubli	CS8C	5P6VA1/C/01	only once	
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	914	2015.06.06	
SAM ELI Phantom	Speag	SAM	1211	N/A	
Laptop Holder	Speag	SM LH1 001CD	N/A	N/A	
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1379	2015.05.18	
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3927	2015.05.22	
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A	
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183W-S+	MN136701248	2015.09.03	
Directional Coupler	Agilent	772D	MY52180104	2015.09.03	
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100324	2015.03.23	
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY4631693	2016.01.14	
Signal Generator	R&S	SML	103287	2015.03.09	
Power Meter	BONN	BLWA0830-160/100/40D	76659	2015.11.10	
AUG Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z91	100384	2015.03.09	

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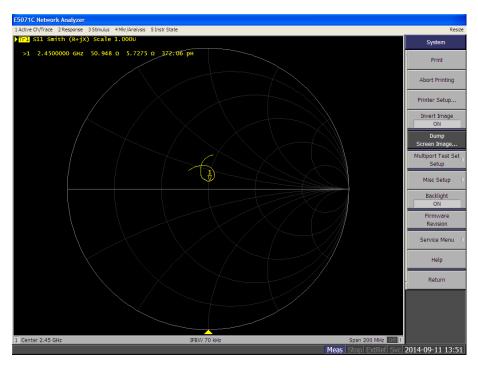
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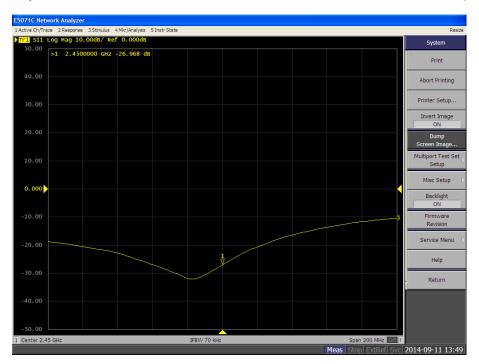


## 5.10. Annul Internal Check of Impedance and Return Loss

2450MHz Body calibrated impedance 52.051 $\Omega$ ; measured impedance: 50.948 $\Omega$  (within 5 $\Omega$ )



2450MHz Body calibrated return loss: -28.024 dB; Measured return loss: -26.968dB (within 20%)



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## 6. The SAR Measurement Procedure

## 6.1. System Performance Check

#### 6.1.1 Purpose

- 1. To verify the simulating liquids are valid for testing.
- 2. To verify the performance of testing system is valid for testing.

### 6.1.2 <u>Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms</u>

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	ody
(MHz)	$\epsilon_{r}$	σ (S/m)	$\epsilon_{r}$	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
850	41.5	0.92	55.2	0.99
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

( $\varepsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

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#### 6.1.3 <u>Tissue Calibration Result</u>

■ The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Assessment Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C.

Tissue	Tissue parameter for body(2015-02-05)									
Fre. <mhz></mhz>	Ch.	Permittivity	Conductivity	Target Permittivity	Target Conductivity	Delta Permittivity %	Delta Conductivity %	Tissue Temperature℃		
2450	N/A	52.71	1.94	52.70	1.95	0.00	-0.01	21.0		
2412	1	52.75	1.91	52.70	1.90	0.00	0.01	21.0		
2437	6	52.72	1.94	52.70	1.93	0.00	0.01	21.0		
2462	11	52.69	1.97	52.70	1.97	0.00	0.00	21.0		

Note: The delta permittivity and delta conductivity are within ±5%, and delta SAR value was not calculated in this report.

■ Refer to KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, The depth of body tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm with ≤ ± 0.5 cm variation for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm with ≤ ± 0.5 cm variation for measurements > 3 GHz.

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#### 6.1.4 System Performance Check Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and the system performance check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks, so the finished system performance check must be saved under a different name. The system performance check document requires the SAM Twin Phantom or ELI4 Phantom, so the phantom must be properly installed in your system. (User defined measurement procedures can be created by opening a new document or editing an existing document file). Before you start the system performance check, you need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) you are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters.

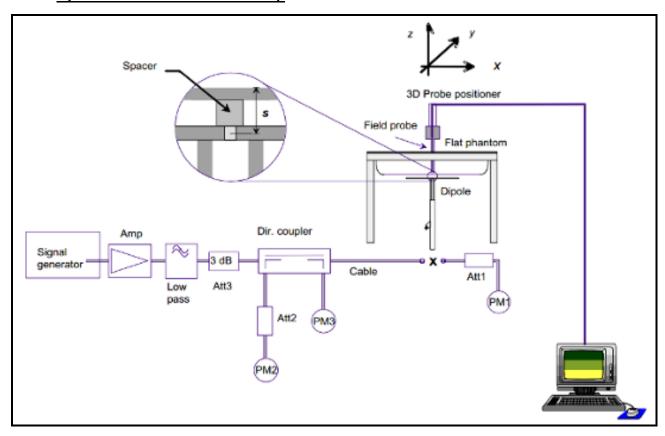
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- The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the Dipole output power. If it is too high (above ±0.2 dB), the system performance check should be repeated;
- The Surface Check job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ±0.1mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid;
- The Area Scan job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable;
- The Zoom Scan job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous Area Scan job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation). If the system performance check gives reasonable results. The dipole input power(forward power) was 250mW, 1 g and 10 g spatial average SAR values normalized to 1W dipole input power give reference data for comparisons and it's equal to 10x(dipole forward power). The next sections analyze the expected uncertainties of these values, as well as additional checks for further information or troubleshooting.

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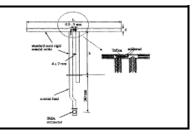


#### 6.1.5 System Performance Check Setup



#### 6.1.6 Validation Dipoles

The dipoles use is based on the IEEE Std.1528-2013 and FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both EN62209-1 and EN62209-2. The table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.



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#### 6.1.7 Result of System Performance Check: Valid Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Body.

Validation Dipole: D2450V2- Type: SA AAD 245 BB- SN 914

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	51.5 46.35 to 56.65	23.9 21.51 to 26.29	21.0
	05-02-2015	51.2	23.76	

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

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#### 6.2. Test Requirements

#### 6.2.1 <u>Test Procedures</u>

#### **Step 1 Setup a Connection**

First, engineer should record the conducted power before the test. Then establish a call in handset at the maximum power level with a base station simulator via air interface, or make the EUT estimate by itself in testing band. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must export SAR test data by SEMCAD. Then writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report, also the SAR values tested.

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#### **Step 2 Power Reference Measurements**

To measure the local E-field value at a fixed location which value will be taken as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

#### Step 3 Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

#### Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01v01r01

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

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## Step 4 Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

#### Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r03

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Zooms</sub> Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>		$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(1); \ between \\ 1^{st} \ two \ points \ closest \\ to \ phantom \ surface \\ \\ \Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1); \\ between \ subsequent \\ points \\ \end{array}$	1st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
		between subsequent	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Z_{0000}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### **Step 5 Power Drift Measurements**

Repetition of the E-field measurement at the fixed location mentioned in Step 1 to make sure the two results differ by less than  $\pm$  0.2 dB.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### 6.2.2 Test Channel

			Tuubo	"Default Test Channels"			
Mode	GHz	GHz   Channel	(Thannel –	§15.247		UNII	
				802.11b	802.11g	UN	UNII
	2.412	1#		√	$\nabla$		
802.11 b/g	2.437	6	6	√	$\nabla$		
	2.462	11#		<b>√</b>	$\nabla$		

<sup>1.</sup> Per KDB 248227 D01v01r02, SAR is not required for 802.11g/HT20 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

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<sup>2.</sup> SAR is not required for Channels 12 and 13, if the tune-up limit and the measured output power for these two channels are no greater than those for the default test channels.



## 7. Wi-Fi/Bluetooth SAR Exclusion and Results

### 7.1. Maximum Tune-up Conducted Average Power

### < BCM43142Y \_1T2R\_WIFI> (Unite: dBm)

	<u> </u>				
Ch.	Freq(MHz)	11b	11g	HT20	HT40
1	2412	15.0	15.0	15.0	
3	2422			-	14.5
6	2437	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.5
9	2452				14.5
11	2462	15.0	15.0	15.0	
12	2467	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.5
13	2472	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.5

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#### < BCM43142Y \_1T2R\_Bluetooth> (Unite: dBm)

Max. Bluetooth Power	3.0

#### 7.2. Measured Conducted Average Power

#### < BCM43142Y\_1T2R\_WIFI> (Unite: dBm)

Configurations	Mode						
Configurations		Chanr	nel / Frequency (MH	lz)			
			802.11b				
	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	12/2467	13/2472		
	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0		
	802.11g						
0.4011-34/1.481	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	12/2467	13/2472		
2.4GHz WLAN	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0		
Average Power (Tx1)	802.11n(HT20)						
(1X1)	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	12/2467	13/2472		
	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0		
			802.11n(HT40)				
	3/2422	6/2437	9/2452	12/2467	13/2472		
	14.5	14.5	14.5	9.5	4.5		

Note: SAR is not required for Channels 12 and 13, if the tune-up limit and the measured output power for these two channels are no greater than those for the default test channels.

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0	Mode						
Configurations		Chanr	nel / Frequency (MF	lz)			
			802.11b				
	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	12/2467	13/2472		
	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0		
	802.11g						
0.4011-14/1.481	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	12/2467	13/2472		
2.4GHz WLAN	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0		
Average Power (Tx2)	802.11n(HT20)						
(1,12)	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	12/2467	13/2472		
	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0		
			802.11n(HT40)				
	3/2422	6/2437	9/2452	12/2467	13/2472		
	14.5	14.5	14.5	9.5	4.5		

Note: SAR is not required for Channels 12 and 13, if the tune-up limit and the measured output power for these two channels are no greater than those for the default test channels.

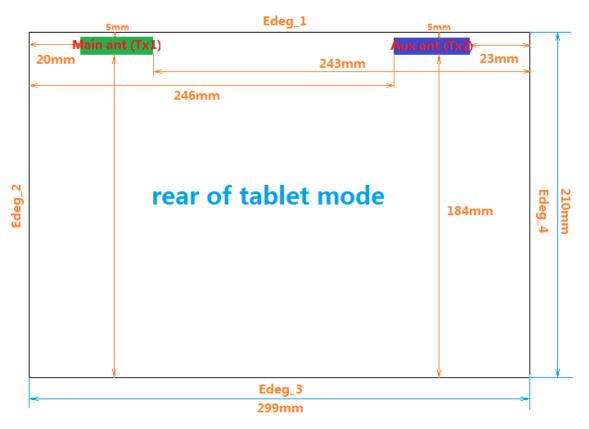
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#### 7.3. Antenna Location





Antonno	Antenna Distance to Edges(mm)					
Antenna	Back	Edge_1	Edge_2	Edge_3	Edge_4	
Main(Tx1)	18	5	20	184	243	
Aux(Tx2)	18	5	246	184	23	

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#### 7.4. SAR exclusion

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 for 100MHz~6GHz:

1) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances<50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel(mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Distance(mm)}} \times \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0 \ \textit{for 1-g SAR}$$

Based on the maximum conducted power and the antenna to use separation distance, Max. average output power Bluetooth are lower the P<sub>re</sub>, therefore BT SAR is not required:

 $[(3.55mW/5)*\sqrt{2.441}] = 1.11<3.0, [(3.55mW/18)*\sqrt{2.441}] = 0.31<3.0, Bluetooth for Body.$ 

Test Mode	Test Separation (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Max. Tune-up power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up power(mW)	SAR Test (Y/N)
	5	10	15.0	31.62	Υ
2.45011-101151	18	35	15.0	31.62	N
2.45GHz WIFI	20	38	15.0	31.62	N
	23	44	15.0	31.62	N
	5	10	3.0	2.0	N
Divisto eth	18	35	3.0	2.0	N
Bluetooth	20	38	3.0	2.0	N
	23	44	3.0	2.0	N

- 2) At test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:
- a. [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50mm)-(f (MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b. [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Test Mode	Test Separation (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Max. Tune-up power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up power(mW)	SAR Test (Y/N)
	184	1636	15.0	31.62	N
2.45GHz WIFI	243	2026	15.0	31.62	N
	246	2056	15.0	31.62	N
	184	1636	3.0	2.0	N
Bluetooth	243	2026	3.0	2.0	N
	246	2056	3.0	2.0	N

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7.5.	Required	<b>Fdges</b>	for S	AR T	Testina

Test Mode	Antenna	Back	Edge_1	Edge_2	Edge_3	Edge_4
0.45011-14/151	Main	No	Yes	No	No	No
2.45GHz WIFI	Aux	No	Yes	No	No	No
Dhaataath	Main	No	No	No	No	No
Bluetooth	Aux	No	No	No	No	No

#### 7.6. **Estimated SAR**

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is≤1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.2 2, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR = 
$$\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{(Max\ Power\ of\ channel,\ mW)}{Min.\ Separation,\ mm}$$

#### **Bluetooth**

Mode	Frequency	Test Position	Maximum Power	Separation Distance	Estimated SAR
	[MHz]	Tablet	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Dhuataath		Body-Back	3.0	18	0.023
Bluetooth	2480	Body-Edge_1	3.0	5	0.084
		Body-Edge_4	3.0	23	0.018

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## 7.7. SAR Test Results Summary

#### WLAN 2.4GHz

Plot No.	Ant.	Ant. Type	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	main	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	1	2412	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.11	0.312	0.312
1	main	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	-0.13	0.337	0.337
	main	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	11	2462	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.04	0.324	0.324
	main	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_2	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.14	0.0313	0.0313
	main	1	802.11b	CCK	Back	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	-0.13	0.0335	0.0335
	aux	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	1	2412	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.03	0.374	0.374
2	aux	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.02	0.396	0.396
	aux	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	11	2462	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.08	0.381	0.381
	aux	1	802.11b	CCK	Edge_2	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.11	0.0403	0.0403
	aux	1	802.12b	CCK	Back	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	-0.18	0.0411	0.0411
	main	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	1	2412	15.0	15.0	1.00	-0.11	0.210	0.210
3	main	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.12	0.288	0.288
	main	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	11	2462	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.02	0.238	0.238
	main	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_2	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.07	0.0341	0.0341
	main	2	802.11b	CCK	Back	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.16	0.0412	0.0412
	aux	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	1	2412	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.13	0.145	0.145
4	aux	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.00	0.367	0.367
	aux	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	11	2462	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.07	0.305	0.305
	aux	2	802.11b	CCK	Edge_2	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.01	0.0372	0.0372
	aux	2	802.11b	CCK	Back	0	6	2437	15.0	15.0	1.00	0.09	0.0451	0.0451

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v01r02, SAR is not required for 802.11g/HT20 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

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## 8. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

## 8.1. Max. Simultaneous SAR

Ant	Configurations	Test Position	Main WLAN SAR(W/kg)	BT SAR(W/kg)	∑ SAR(W/kg)
		Body-Back	0.0335	0.023	0.0565
	WLAN(DTS)	Body-Edge_1	0.337	0.084	0.421
1	+	Body-Edge_2	0.0313	0.4	0.4313
	BT(DSS)	Body-Edge_3	0.4	0.4	0.8
		Body-Edge_4	0.4	0.018	0.418
		Body-Back	0.0412	0.023	0.0642
	WLAN(DTS)	Body-Edge_1	0.288	0.084	0.372
2	+	Body-Edge_2	0.0341	0.4	0.4341
	BT(DSS)	Body-Edge_3	0.4	0.4	0.8
		Body-Edge_4	0.4	0.018	0.418

Note: 1. An estimated SAR of 0.4 W/kg was used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR for test separation distances >50mm per 447498 D01v05r02.

2. Due to Bluetooth can only transmit by aux antenna, and share the same antenna with WIFI when WIFI is transmitted by aux antenna, so they cannot transmit simultaneously.

#### 8.2. **Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion**

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.

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## 9. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Deceringian	Uncert.	Prob.	Di.	(ci)	(ci)	Std.Unc.	Std. nc.	(vi)
Error Description	value	Dist.	Div.	1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	8
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	8
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	8
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	8
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	8
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	8
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	8
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
Max.SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	8
Test Sample Related		1				1	•	
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Power Scalingp	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	±0%	±0%	8
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	8
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	8
Temp. unc. –ConductivityBB	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	8
Temp. unc. – PermittivityBB	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty(k=	2)					±22.3%	±22.2%	

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget, according to IEEE 1528/2011 and IEC 62209-1/2011(0.3-3GHz)

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APPENDIX A. SAR System Verification Data  The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.				
	APPENDIX A. SAR S	ystem Verificati	ion Data	
		n with largest deviation	n for each SAR systo	em combination are

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: SA AAD 245 BB** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 52.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) -22°C; Input power-250mW

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3927; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 2014/5/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

#### Configuration/SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body/Area Scan (5x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg

#### Configuration/SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 78.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.94 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg





0 dB = 14.8 W/kg = 11.70 dBW/kg

ADDEN	DIX B. SAR m	naeuraman	t Data	
AFFLN	DIA D. SAN II	icasui eilleli	li Dala	
The SAR p	olots are shown as fo	ollows.		

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: lenovo flex 3-1120; Type: 43142Y-ACON Ant

Procedure Name: 802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Main Antenna

Communication System Band: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21 °C Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3927; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 2014/5/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Main Antenna/Area Scan

(7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 W/kg

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Main Antenna/Zoom Scan

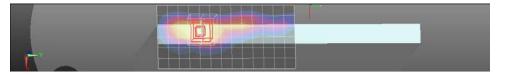
(7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.977 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.701 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.337 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.498 W/kg





0 dB = 0.498 W/kg = -3.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: lenovo flex 3-1120; Type: 43142Y-ACON Ant

Procedure Name: 802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Aux Antenna

Communication System Band: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21 °C Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3927; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 2014/5/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Aux Antenna/Area Scan

(7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 W/kg

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Aux Antenna/Zoom Scan

(7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.830 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.765 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.574 W/kg





0 dB = 0.574 W/kg = -2.41 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: lenovo flex 3-1120; Type: 43142Y-Jiabang Ant

Procedure Name: 802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Main Antenna

Communication System Band: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Tissue Temp(celsius)-  $21^{\circ}$ C Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3927; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 2014/5/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Main Antenna/Area Scan

(7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Main Antenna/Zoom Scan

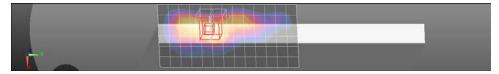
(7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.418 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.575 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.288 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 W/kg





0 dB = 0.425 W/kg = -3.72 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: lenovo flex 3-1120; Type: 43142Y-Jiabang Ant

Procedure Name: 802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Aux Antenna

Communication System Band: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21 ℃ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3927; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 2014/5/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Aux Antenna/Area Scan

(7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.515 W/kg

#### Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Mid Tablet-Edge 1 Aux Antenna/Zoom Scan

(7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.386 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.367 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 W/kg





0 dB = 0.537 W/kg = -2.70 dBW/kg

ADDENDIVOC	libration Date (c. 1	Dualea Divisio	DAT	
APPENDIX C. Cal		Probe, Dipole a	nd DAE	
Please refer to attach	ed files.			

APPE	ENDIX D. Pł	hotographs (	of EUT an	d Setup		
				a coup		
Please	e refer to attac	ched files.				