

TEST REPORT

KCTL 65, Sinwon-ro, Suwon-si, Gyeongg TEL: 82-31-285-0894 www.kc	Yeongtong-gu, i-do, 16677, Korea FAX: 82-505-299-8311	Report No.: KR21-SRF0202-B Page (1) of (37)	KCTL
1. Client			
∘ Name	: DREAMUS COM	MPANY	
 Address 	: 311, Gangnam-d	aero, Seocho-gu, Seoul,	Republic of Korea
 Date of Recei 	pt:2021-07-05		
2. Use of Report	: Certification		
3. Name of Produc	t/Model : SP	2000T / PPF34	
4. Manufacturer / C	ountry of Origin : DR	EAMUS COMPANY / I	Korea
5. FCC ID	: QDMPPF34		
6. Date of Test	: 2021-08-11 to 2	021-08-27	
7. Location of Test		ng Lab 🛛 🗆 On Site Te n-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwor	esting ı-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)
8. Test method use			
9. Test Result	: Refer to the test	result in the test report	t
Teste	d by	Technical Ma	anager
Affirmation Name	: Hosung Lee(S	Name : Hees	su Ahn (Signature)
	4		2021-09-16
As a test result of the sample which was submitted from the client, this report does not guara ntee the whole product quality. This test report should not be used and copied without a written			
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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2021-09-09	Originally issued	-
2021-09-13	Updated	34, 35
021-09-16 Updated		7

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Note. The report No. KR21-SRF0202-A is superseded by the report No. KR21-SRF0202-B.

General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests (may be required by the product standard or client)

☐ Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

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1. General information

Client	: DREAMUS COMPANY
Address	: 311, Gangnam-daero, Seocho-gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea
Manufacturer	: DREAMUS COMPANY
Address	: 311, Gangnam-daero, Seocho-gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea
Factory	: smartelectronics
Address	: (Ochang-eup), 256, Yeocheon 3-gil, Cheongwon-gu, Cheongju-si, Chungcheongbuk-do, Korea
Laboratory	: KCTL Inc.
Address	: 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	 FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132 VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056 CAB Identifier: KR0040, ISED Number: 8035A

KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device info	rmation	
Equipment under test	: SP2000T	
Model	: PPF34	
Modulation technique	: Bluetooth(BDR/EI	DR)_GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
	Bluetooth(BLE)_G	GFSK
	WIFI(802.11a/b/g/	/n/ac)_DSSS, OFDM
Number of channels	: BT/LE	: Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_79 ch, Bluetooth(BLE)_40 ch
	2.4 GHz band	: 11 ch (20 №z), 7 ch (40 №z),
	UNII-1	: 4 ch (20 ₩z), 2 ch (40 ₩z), 1 ch (80 ₩z)
	UNII-3	: 5 ch (20 ₩z), 2 ch (40 ₩z), 1 ch (80 ₩z)
Frequency range	: 2.4 GHz band	: 2 402 Mtz ~ 2 480 Mtz (Bluetooth/BLE)
		2 412 №z ~ 2 462 №z (802.11b/g/n_HT20)
		2 422 Mtz ~ 2 452 Mtz (802.11n_HT40)
	UNII-1	: 5 180 ₩z ~ 5 240 ₩z (802.11a/n_HT20)
		5 190
		5 210 ^{Mb} (802.11ac_VHT80)
	UNII-3	: 5 745 ₩z ~ 5 825 ₩z (802.11a/n_HT20)
		5 755 배₂ ~ 5 795 배₂ (802.11n_HT40)
		5 775  ℍℤ (802.11ac_VHT80)
Power source	: DC 3.8 V	
Antenna specification	: PCB Antenna	
Antenna gain	: BT/LE	: -1.797 dBi
	2.4 GHz band	: -1.797 dBi
	UNII-1	: - 0.979 dBi
	UNII-3	: -7.773 dBi
Software version	: 1.0	
Hardware version	: 1.0	
Operation temperature	: -10 ℃ ~50 ℃	

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2.1. Simultaneously transmission condition

Case	Technology	Test Mode	Frequency (Mb)
Casa 1	WLAN 2.4 GHz	802.11b	2 462
Case 1	Bluetooth	BDR(DH5)	2 402
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	802.11b	2 462
Case 2	Bluetooth Low Energy	BLE (1M Bits/s, 37 Packet)	2 402
Case 3	WLAN 5 GHz	802.11ac_VHT80	5 210
Case 5	Bluetooth	BDR(DH5)	2 402
	WLAN 5 GHz	802.11ac_VHT80	5 210
Case 4	Bluetooth Low Energy	BLE (1M Bits/s, 37 Packet)	2 402

Notes.

The lowest margin condition among the channels and modes were selected for test.

2.2. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
Li-ion Polymer Battery	Shenzhen Hypercell Company Limited	HPL616075- 4200mAh	-	3.8 V, 4 200 mA/2

2.3. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities: Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE), WLAN 2.4 Glz(802.11b/g/n_HT20/HT40) WLAN 5 Glz(802.11a/n_HT20/40/ac_VHT80)

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	
00	2 402	
19	2 440	
	· .	
39	2 480	

Table 2.3.1. Bluetooth Low Energy

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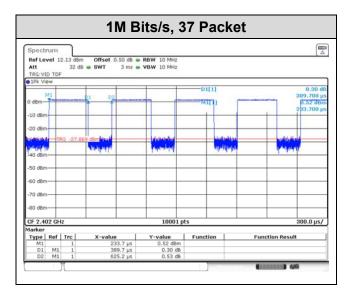


2.4. Duty Cycle Factor

Test mode	Period	Ton time	Duty o	cycle	Duty Cycle Factor
Test mode	(ms) (ms)	(ms)	(Linear)	(%)	(dB)
1M Bits/s, 37 Packet	0.625	0.390	0.623 3	62.33	2.05

Notes.

- 1. Duty cycle (Linear) = T_{on} time / Period
- 2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)
- 3. DCF is not compensated to average result if the duty cycle is more than 98%



3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has attached PCB Antenna(internal antenna) on the board.

- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.

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4. Summary of tests

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FCC Part section(s)	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results		
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power		Pass		
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density		Pass		
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	6 dB Channel Bandwidth Conducted			
15.207(a)	AC Conducted Emissions		Pass		
15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emissions		Pass		
15.205(a),	Spurious emission	Dediated	Pass		
15.209(a)	Band-edge, restricted band	Radiated	Pass		

Notes:

- 1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
 - The worst case is stand-alone without connecting accessories.
- 2. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kl to 30 Ml. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- 3. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that **Y** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **Y** orientation.
- 4. Test mode is1Mbits/s, Packet length 37Bytes only.
- 5. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ANSI C63.10-2013
 - KDB 558074 D01 v05r02

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5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)	
Conducted RF power	0.9 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions		1.6 dB
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.3 dB
Radiated spurious emissions	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.2 dB
	1 000 MHz ~ 18 000 MHz	5.6 dB
	Above 18 000 GHz	5.7 dB
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	3.7 dB
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3.3 dB

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6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)
30	10.01	9 000	11.95
50	10.05	10 000	12.03
100	10.10	11 000	12.10
200	10.20	12 000	12.19
300	10.28	13 000	12.23
400	10.33	14 000	12.37
500	10.40	15 000	12.41
600	10.43	16 000	12.35
700	10.49	17 000	12.44
800	10.53	18 000	12.50
900	10.57	19 000	12.52
1 000	10.60	20 000	12.39
2 000	10.88	21 000	12.63
3 000	10.99	22 000	12.94
4 000	11.10	23 000	13.27
5 000	11.44	24 000	13.05
6 000	11.58	25 000	13.36
7 000	11.67	26 000	13.28
8 000	11.65	26 500	13.40

Note.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

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7. Test results 7.1. Maximum Peak Output Power Test setup

EUT	Attenuator	Power sensor

<u>Limit</u>

According to §15.247(b)(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mb, 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725-5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to \$15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.9 Used test method is section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.1

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Test settings

General

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

When using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver to perform these measurements, it shall be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW to set a bin-to-bin spacing of \leq RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

11.9.1. Maximum peak conducted output power

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

11.9.1.1. RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$.
- c) Set span \geq [3 \times RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

11.9.1.3. PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth an shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

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11.9.2.3.1. Measurement using a power meter (PM)

Method AVGPM is a measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
 - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log(1/D)], where D is the duty cycle Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.

<u>Test results</u>

- (15)	Data rate Packet length		Measured outp		
Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	Peak	Average	Limit(dBm)
2 402	1M	37	0.69	0.36	
2 440	1M	37	2.65	2.39	30.00
2 480	1M	37	3.59	3.30	

Note

Measured output power(Average) = reading value of average power + D.C.F

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7.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

<u>Test setup</u>

EUT	Attenuator	Spectrum analyzer

<u>Limit</u>

According to \$15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kt/z band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.10.2

Test settings

Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

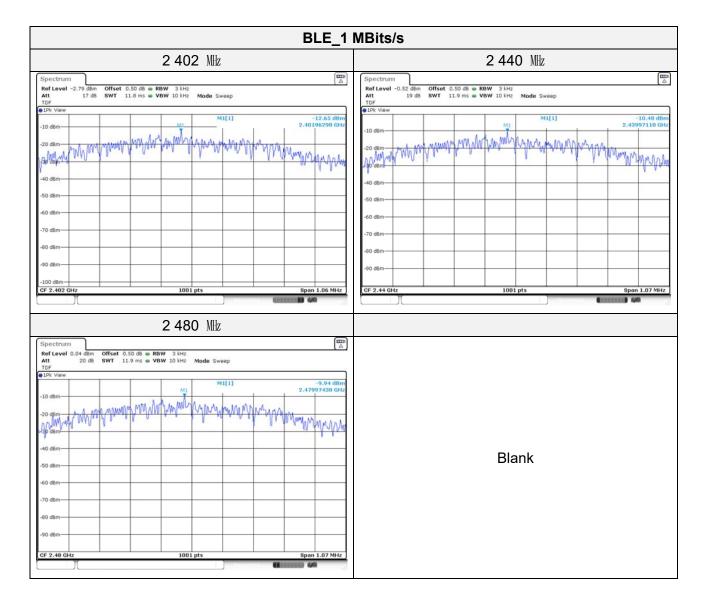
- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW \ge 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 km) and repeat.

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Test results

Fraguanav/////k	Data rate	Packet length		Limit(dDm/2 Hz)	
Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	PSD(dBm/3 址)	Limit(dBm/3 址)	
2 402			-12.65		
2 440	1M	37	-10.48	8.00	
2 480			-9.94		



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7.3. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

<u>Test setup</u>

CUT	Attenuator	Spectrum analyzer
EUT	Allendaloi	Spectrum analyzer

<u>Limit</u>

According to \$15.247(a)(2), For Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 Mz, 2 400–2 483.5 Mz, and 5 725–5 850 Mz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kz.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 – Section 11.8.2

Test settings

DTS bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \ge 3 x RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Option 2

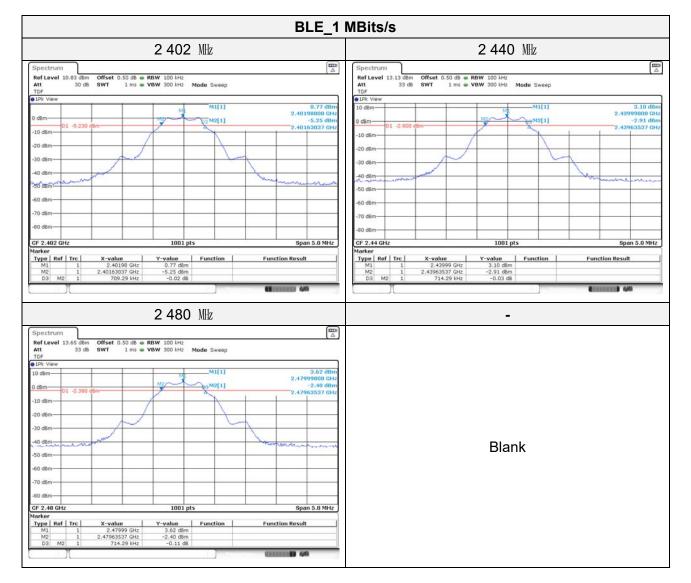
The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq 3 × RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \geq 6 dB.

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Test results

Frequency(Mb)	Data rate (Bits/s)	Packet length (Bytes)	6 dB bandwidth(₩z)
2 402			0.709
2 440	1M	37	0.714
2 480			0.714



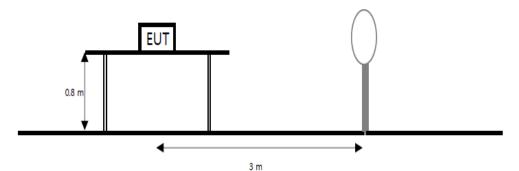
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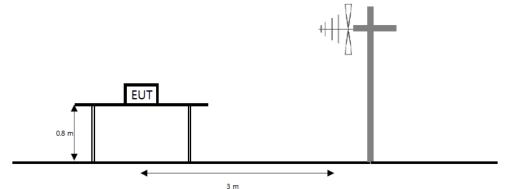
7.4. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

<u>Test setup</u>

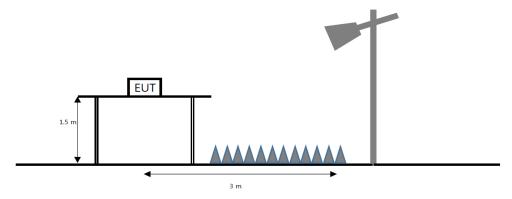
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 Gz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 \oplus to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 \oplus emissions, whichever is lower.



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<u>Limit</u>

According to section 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mb)	Field strength (µN/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mb, 76-88 Mb, 174-216 Mb or 470-806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 – 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasipeak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Test settings

Peak field strength measurements

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = as specified in table
- 3. VBW \geq (3×RBW)
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. NEW as a function of frequency					
Frequency	RBW				
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz				
0.15 Mt to 30 Mt	9 kHz to 10 kHz				
30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz				
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz				

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Average field strength measurements

Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously ($D \ge 98\%$), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- 1. RBW = 1 $M_{\mathbb{Z}}$ (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW \geq (3×RBW).
- 3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT ($D \ge 98\%$) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than ±2%), then the following procedure shall be used:

- 1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- 3. RBW = 1 $M_{\mathbb{Z}}$ (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
- 5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):

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- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or $\,\mathrm{dB}\,$ averaging shall not be used.
- 7. Sweep time = auto.
- 8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- 9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
 - If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Notes:

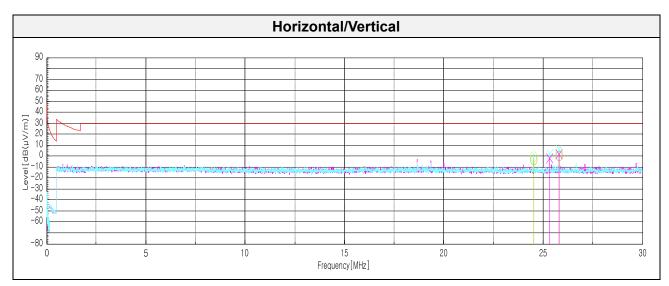
- 1. f < 30 Mz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40 \log(D_m/D_s)$
- f≥30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. F_d = 20log(D_m/D_s) Where:
 - F_d = Distance factor in dB
 - D_m= Measurement distance in meters
 - D_s= Specification distance in meters
- 2. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or $F_d(dB)$
- 3. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
- 4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 5.¹⁾ means restricted band.

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Test results (Below 30 ₩) –Worst case: 1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) 2 480 ₩

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Cable Loss	Amp Gain	Antenna Factor	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.									

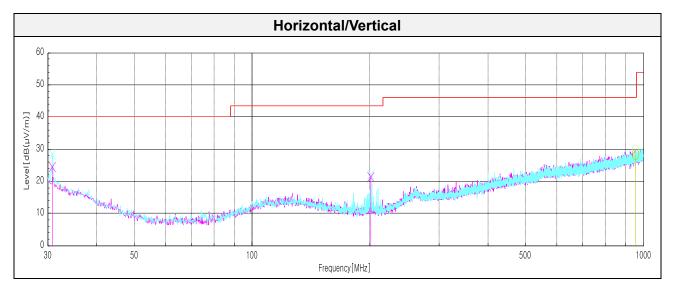


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Test results (Below 1 000 Mb) – Worst case: 1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) 2 480 Mb

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(µV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(<i>µ</i> V/ m))	(dB(µV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data								
30.85	V	30.10	24.66	-30.46	-	24.30	40.00	15.70
201.08	V	33.10	15.22	-27.16	-	21.16	43.50	22.34
953.80	Н	20.40	26.80	-18.89	-	28.31	46.00	17.69



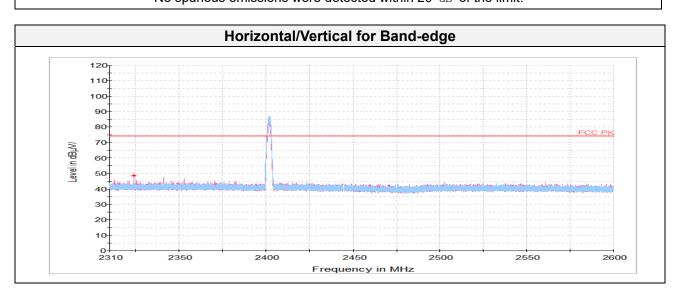
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Test results (Above 1 000 ₩z)_1 MBits/s(37 Bytes)

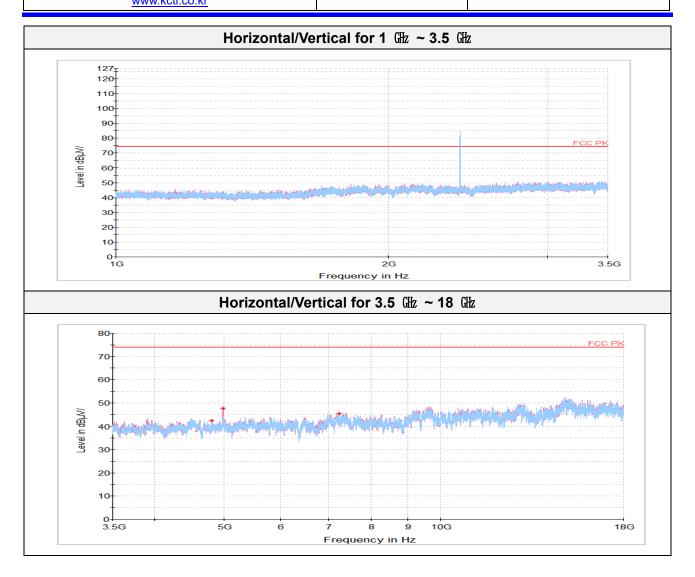
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]
Peak data								
2 324.11 ¹⁾	V	44.00	31.88	-27.27	-	48.61	74.00	25.39
4 816.33 ¹⁾	Н	61.60	33.79	-53.11	-	42.28	74.00	31.72
4 985.80 ¹⁾	V	65.86	33.89	-52.19	-	47.56	74.00	26.44
7 247.34	Н	60.59	35.30	-50.56	-	45.33	74.00	28.67
Average Data								

No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.



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2 440 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]	
Peak data									
4 875.23 ¹⁾	V	62.11	33.83	-53.16	-	42.78	74.00	31.22	
4 984.89 ¹⁾	V	65.75	33.89	-52.20	-	47.44	74.00	26.56	
7 321.66 ¹⁾	Н	60.71	35.30	-50.42	-	45.59	74.00	28.41	
Average Data									

No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit. Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz 127 120 110 100 90 80-PH Level in dBµ// 70 60 50-40 30-20-10 0↓ 1G 2G 3.5G Frequency in Hz Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz 80-PK 70 60 50 Level in dBµV/ 40-30-20-10 0-3.5G

8

Frequency in Hz

7

10G

9

5G

6

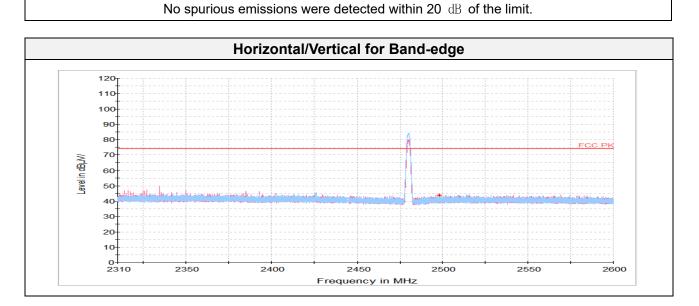
18G

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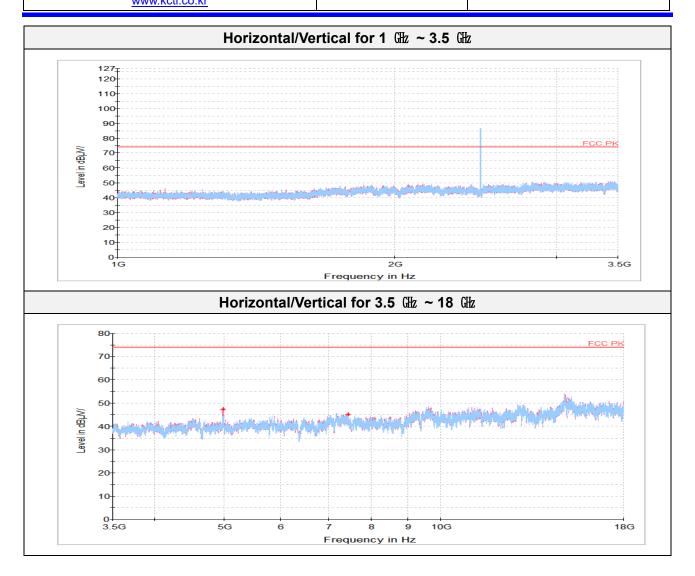
2 480 1112

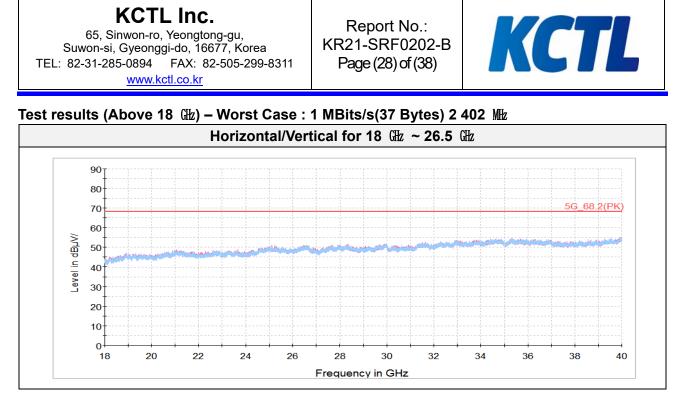
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(<i>µ</i> V/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]	
Peak data									
2 498.16 ¹⁾	V	40.24	32.20	-28.48	-	43.96	74.00	30.04	
4 992.59 ¹⁾	V	65.52	33.90	-52.11	-	47.31	74.00	26.69	
7 453.06 ¹⁾	Н	59.82	35.30	-50.16	-	44.96	74.00	29.04	
Average Data									



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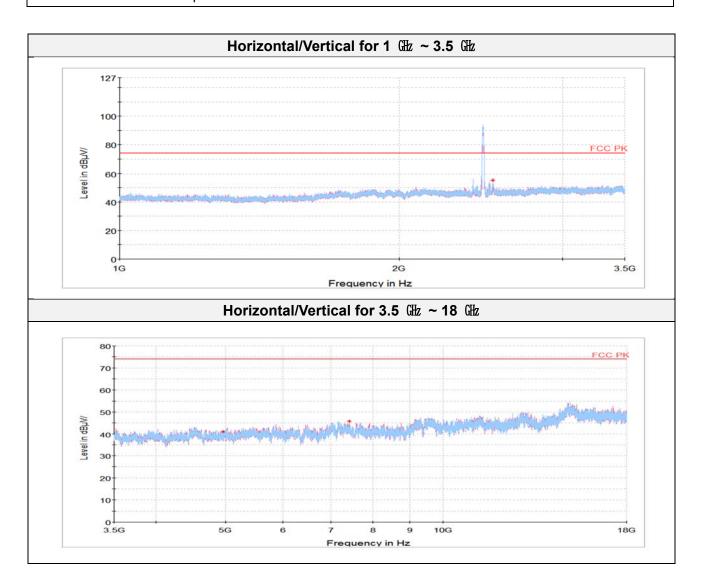
<u>Note:</u> The Worst case was based on the lowest margin condition considering Harmonic and Spurious Emission

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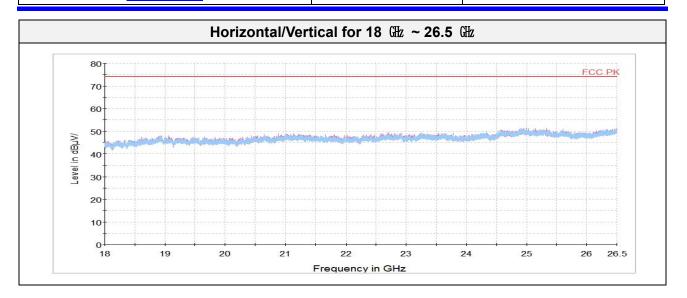
Simultaneous condition 802.11b (2 462 船) + BLE_1M Bits/s, 37 Packet (2 402 船)

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(µV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(<i>µ</i> V/ m))	(dB(<i>µ</i> V/ m))	(dB)	
Peak data									
2 521.09	н	69.13	32.22	-46.25	-	55.10	74.00	18.90	
4 964.95 ¹⁾	н	59.45	33.88	-52.43	-	40.90	74.00	33.10	
7 430.86 ¹⁾	V	60.60	35.30	-50.20	-	45.70	74.00	28.30	
Average Data									
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.									



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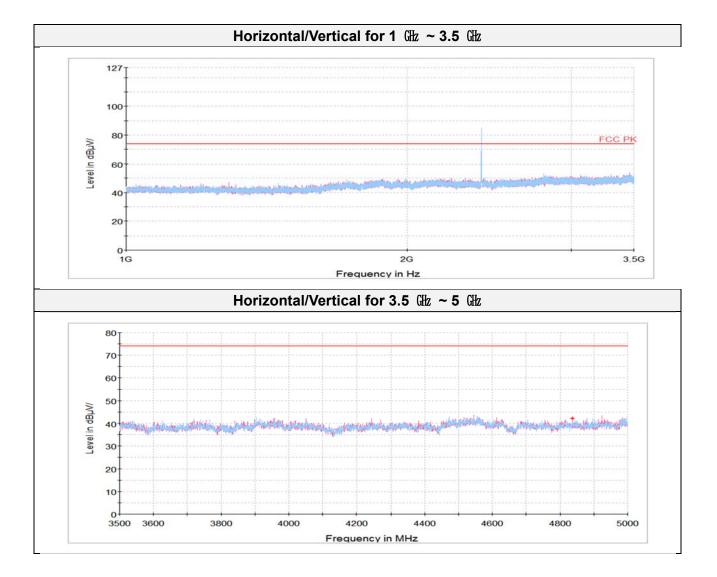


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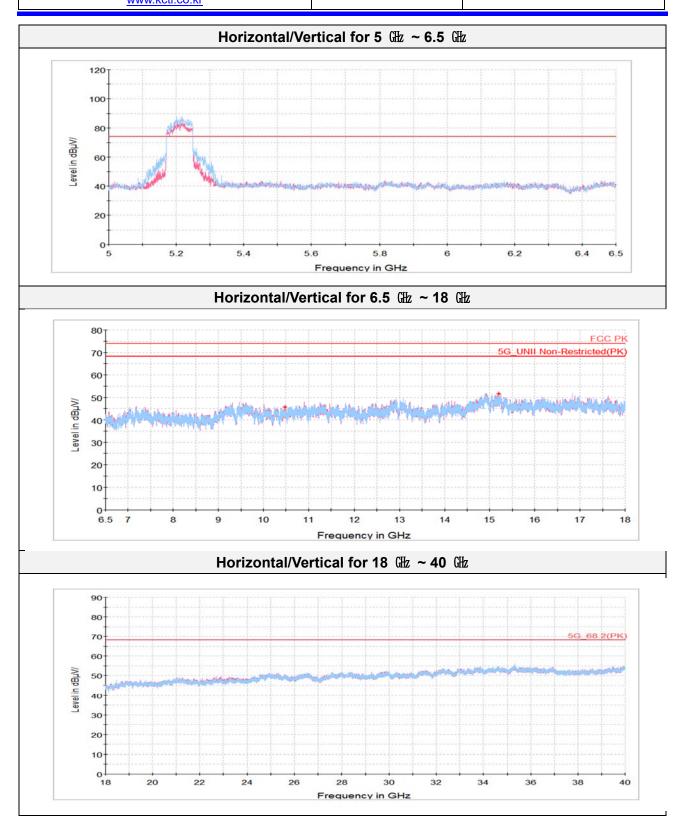
802.11ac VHT80 (5 210 账) + BLE_1M Bits/s, 37 Packet (2 402 账)

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(µV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(<i>µ</i> V/ m))	(dB(<i>µ</i> V/ m))	(dB)	
Peak data									
4 836.72 ¹⁾	V	61.46	33.80	-53.12	-	42.14	74.00	31.86	
10 476.13	V	57.82	37.68	-49.77	-	45.73	68.20	22.47	
15 195.08	V	54.24	40.16	-42.88	-	51.52	68.20	16.68	
Average Data									
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.									



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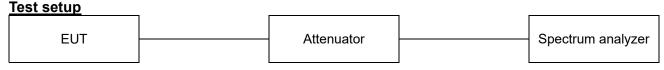


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7.5. Conducted Spurious Emission



<u>Limit</u>

According to \$15.247(d), In any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operation, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation specified in \$15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission limits specified in \$15.209(a) (see \$15.205(c)).

 $Limit:20 \ \mathrm{dBc}$

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.11.3 KDB 558074 D01 v05 - Section 8.5 KDB 662911 D01 v02r01 - section (E)(3)(b)

Test settings

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- 3) Set the VBW \geq [3 x RBW]
- 4) Detector = peak
- 5) Sweep time = auto couple
- 6) Trace mode = max hold
- 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

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Test results

BLE_1 MBit/s(37 Bytes)

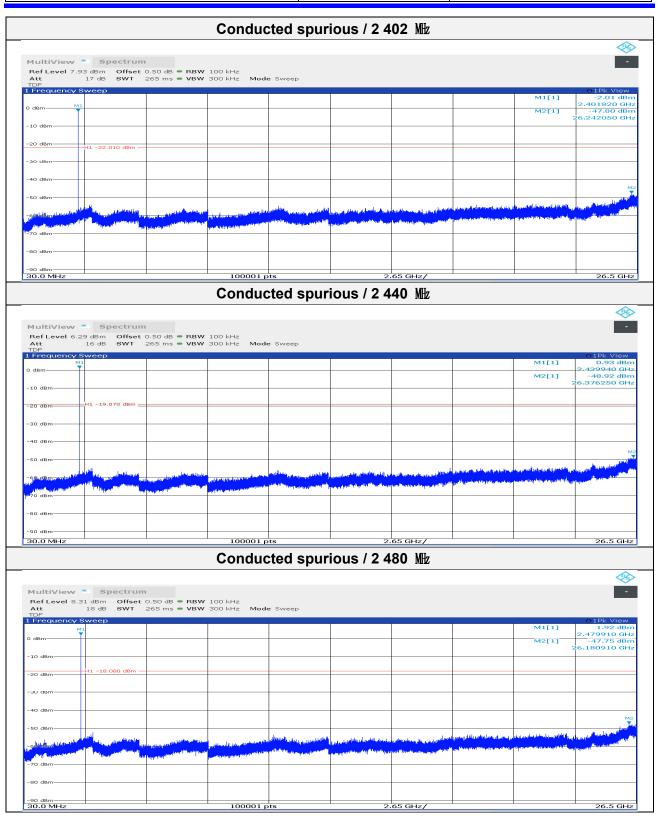
	Conduo	ted band-edge /		
				\$
MultiView Spectrum				
Ref Level 9.63 dBm Offset (
TDF	101 ms 🖷 VBW 300 kHz Mod	e Sweep		
1 Frequency Sweep	<u>.</u>			01Pk View M1[1] -0.18 dBm
0 dBm		M1.		2.401993000 GHz M2[1] -53.87 dBm
		l A		2.390963000 GHz
-10 dBm				
-30 dBm				
55 dbm				
-40 dBm				
-50 dBm	0			
ويعرضان فالقاري والأفادي والتقافية أستار فالعراج التروي والمراجعا	- provide a produced and the state of the st	and the state of t	an the barren part of a control of public and a control of	and a land grant of the second present of the second strands are second as
ւլնվել չէլ ելը տարությունը, իրի ավերի ու գերեւում էր։ -00 dBm	ang ng manang manang paggang pagang ng manang pagang ng manang paggang pagang paggang paggang paggang paggang p	a Maraj Sanad Apartanana ang sana kani kari	ang ang ang akang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang	มระครในกรรม <mark>ครึ่งสุขภาพสุขทรงให้ (</mark> () กระมาน () ในสุขามหารได้มายสุขภาพรูป ()
-70 dBm				
-80 dBm				
CF 2.402 GHz	100001 g	Dts	10.0 MHz/	Span 100.0 MHz
~				Measuring Measuring
	Conduc	ted band-edge /	2 440 M⊞	
		Blank		
	Conduc	ted band-edge /	2 480 M⊞z	
	Conduc	ted band-edge /	2 480 M地	
MultiView 🍨 Spectrum	Conduc	ted band-edge /	2 480 MHz	•
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz		2 480 Mb	•
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF			2 480 MHz	
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz		2 480 Mz	• 1Pk View 1[1] - 2.70 dBm
The second se	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz		2 480 MHz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF 1 Frequency Sweep	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz	de Sweep	2 480 Mz	M1[1] 2.70 dBm 2.479993000 GHz
The second se	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz	de Sweep	2 480 MHz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Image: New York of Control	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz	de Sweep	2 480 Mz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF I Frequency Sweep 10 dBm	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz	de Sweep	2 480 MHz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Image: New York of Control	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz	de Sweep	2 480 MHz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF 10 dBm 10 dBm 0 dBm 10 dBm 10 dBm -10 dBm 10 dBm 10 dBm -20 dBm 10 dBm 10 dBm	0.50 dB ● RBW 100 kHz	de Sweep	2 480 MHz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF I Frequency Sweep 10 dBm 0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm -40 dBm	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep	2 480 MHz	M1[1] 2.70-dBm 2.479993000 GHz M2[1] -50.18 dBm
Ref Level 12.54 dbm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF I Frequency Sweep 10 dbm	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep M1		M1[1]2,70 dBm 2,479993000 GHz M2[1] -50,18 dBm 2,517879000 GHz
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF I Frequency Sweep 10 dBm 0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm -40 dBm	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep M1		M1[1] 2.70 dBm 2.479993000 GHz .50.18 dBm M2[1] -50.18 dBm 2.517879000 GHz
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset SWT Att 22 dB SWT TDF Image: Constraint of the set of the	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep M1		M1[1]2,70 dBm 2,479993000 GHz M2[1] -50,18 dBm 2,517879000 GHz
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset Att 22 dB SWT TDF I Frequency Sweep 10 dBm	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep M1		M1[1]2,70 dBm 2,479993000 GHz M2[1] -50,18 dBm 2,517879000 GHz
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset SWT Att 22 dB SWT TDF Image: Constraint of the set of the	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep		M1[1]2,70 dBm 2,479993000 GHz M2[1] -50,18 dBm 2,517879000 GHz
Ref Level 12.54 dBm Offset SWT Att 22 dB TDF I frequency Sweep 10 dBm 0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm -30 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -70 dBm	0.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz 101 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mo	de Sweep		M1[1]2,70 dBm 2,479993000 GHz M2[1] -50,18 dBm 2,517879000 GHz

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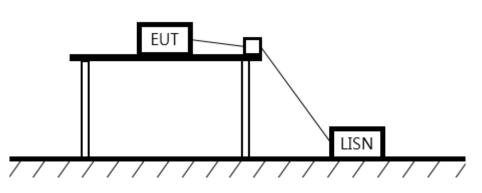




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7.6. AC Conducted Emission Test setup



<u>Limit</u>

According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 klz to 30 Mz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Execution of Emission (Mb)	Conducted limit (dBµV/m)				
Frequency of Emission (Mb)	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*			
0.50 - 5.00	56	46			
5.00 - 30.0	60	50			

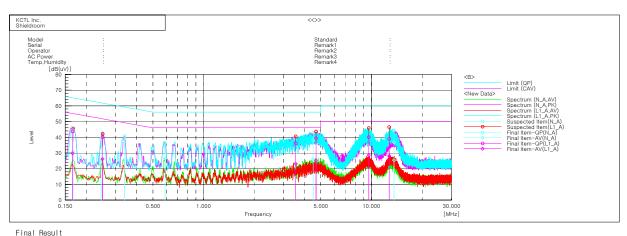
Measurement procedure

- 1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
- 2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a $50\Omega/50\mu$ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
- 3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
- 4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 Mb to 30 Mb.
- 5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 klb or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 klb. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 <u>www.kctl.co.kr</u> Report No.: KR21-SRF0202-B Page (37) of (38)



Test results -Worst case: 1 MBit/s(37 Bytes)_2 480 ₩



Fina	I Result									
I No.	N_A Phase - Frequency	 Reading QP	Reading CAV	c.f	Result QP	Result CAV	Limit QP	Limit AV	Margin QP	Margin CAV
1 2 3 4 5 6	[MHz] 0.16692 0.24545 0.33811 0.58983 4.49268 13.63275	[dB(uV)] 34.0 29.6 27.7 24.3 28.6 26.6	[dB(uV)] 20.8 15.3 15.9 16.5 16.3 15.1	[dB] 10.0 9.7 9.9 9.9 9.8 10.3	[dB(UV)] 44.0 39.3 37.6 34.2 38.4 36.9	[dB(uV)] 30.8 25.0 25.8 26.4 26.1 25.4	[dB(UV)] 65.1 61.9 59.2 56.0 56.0 60.0	[dB(uV)] 55.1 51.9 49.2 46.0 46.0 50.0	[dB] 21.1 22.6 21.6 21.8 17.6 23.1	[dB] 24.3 26.9 23.4 19.6 19.9 24.6
	_1_A Phase		o							
No.	Frequency	Reading QP	Reading CAV	c.f	Result QP	Result CAV	Limit QP	Limit AV	Margin QP	Margin CAV
1 2 3 4 5 6	[MHz] 0.16602 0.2502 3.54318 4.67244 9.64095 12.76028	[dB(uV)] 33.7 30.3 26.4 29.5 30.0 28.7	[dB(uV)] 19.8 16.5 13.3 15.3 18.6 17.7	[dB] 10.0 9.7 9.8 9.9 10.1 10.3	[dB(uV)] 43.7 40.0 36.2 39.4 40.1 39.0	[dB(uV)] 29.8 26.2 23.1 25.2 28.7 28.0	[dB(uV)] 65.2 61.8 56.0 56.0 60.0 60.0	[dB(uV)] 55.2 51.8 46.0 46.0 50.0 50.0	[dB] 21.5 21.8 19.8 16.6 19.9 21.0	[dB] 25.4 25.6 22.9 20.8 21.3 22.0

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8. Measurement equipment

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	101437	22.07.27
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSW26	101353	22.04.01
Attenuator	API Inmet	40AH2W-10	13	22.05.11
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	1137.9009.02- 106223-bB	22.05.11
Attenuator	R&S	DNF Dämpfungsglied 10 dB in N-50 Ohm	31211	22.05.11
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	22.01.20
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	100989	21.12.23
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI3	101408	22.03.05
Bi-Log Antenna	AMETEK	CBL 6112D	55545	23.01.14
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	284608	22.08.19
COAXIAL FIXED ATTENUATOR	Agilent	8491B-003	2708A18758	22.04.23
Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3117	155787	21.10.28
Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3116	86635	22.05.17
Attenuator	API Inmet	40AH2W-10	12	22.05.11
Broadband PreAmplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718	216	22.07.27
AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	AMF-7D-01001800- 22-10P	2003683	22.08.19
AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	JS44-18004000-33- 8P	2000996	22.01.21
LOOP Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	22.08.21
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4640-XP-ET	-	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000	79	-
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4000-EP	303	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000	79	-
Highpass Filter	WT	WT-A1698-HS	WT160411001	22.05.10
High pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WHKX6.5/18G-8SS	2	22.05.11
TWO-LINE V - NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101358	22.04.05
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	100001	22.04.14
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	257566	22.07.09

End of test report