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MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15 Subpart C WLAN 802.11b/g/n/ax

Hewlett Packard

Digital Transmission System (DTS)

Part15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)

- FCC ID: Q9DAPINR503
- **APPLICANT:** Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company

ACCESS POINT

a Hewlett Packard Enterprise company

APINR503

Trademark:

Model No.:

Product:

FCC Classification:

FCC Rule Part(s):

Test Procedure(s):

Result:

Test Date:

Complies 2022-08-31 ~ 2022-09-19

ANSI C63.10-2013

Reviewed By:

Paddy Chen

Paddy Chen

Approved By:

Chenz Ker





The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10-2013. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.



Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
2211TW0002-U1	V1.0	Initial Report	2022-11-03	Valid



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General Information

Applicant	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
Applicant Address	3333 Scott Blvd, Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA
Manufacturer Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company	
Manufacturer Address 3333 Scott Blvd, Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA	
Test Site	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C)
MRT FCC Registration No.	291082
FCC Rule Part(s) Part 15.247	
Test Device Serial No.	CNP3LF5017 Production Pre-Production Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

- 1. MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 291082) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Firm.
- 2. MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC (Designation Number: TW3261), Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.



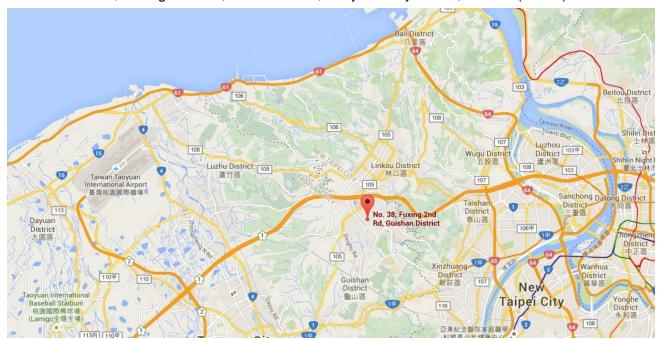
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada and Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C).





PRODUCT INFORMATION 2.

2.1. Feature of Equipment under Test

Product Name	ACCESS POINT	
Model No.	APINR503	
Software Version	F.1.02	
Wi-Fi Specification	802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax	
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 40 °C	
Antenna Information	Refer to Section 2.4	
Power Type	AC/DC adapter input	
Operating Environment	Indoor Use	
Accessory		
Adapter	Model: WB-18Q12R	
	Input: 100-240V ~ 50/60Hz, 0.6A Max	
	Output: 12.0V, 1.5A, 18W	
Remark:		

1, The information of EUT was provided by the manufacturer, and the accuracy of the information shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer.

2, AC/DC adapter is not for sale that is declared by the applicant.

2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n-HT20/ax-HE20: 2412 ~ 2462MHz
	802.11n-HT40/ax-HE40: 2422 ~ 2452MHz
Channel Number	802.11b/g/n-HT20/ax-HE20: 11
	802.11n-HT40/ax-HE40: 7
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS
	802.11g/n: OFDM
	802.11ax: OFDMA
Data Rate	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11Mbps
	802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps
	802.11n: up to 300Mbps
	802.11ax: up to 573.6Mbps

Note: For other features of this EUT, test report will be issued separately.



2.3. Working Frequencies for this report

802.11b/g/n-HT20/ax-HE20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
01	2412 MHz	02	2417 MHz	03	2422 MHz
04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz	06	2437 MHz
07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz	09	2452 MHz
10	2457 MHz	11	2462 MHz		

802.11n-HT40/ax-HE40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
03	2422 MHz	04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz
06	2437 MHz	07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz
09	2452 MHz				



2.4. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna	Frequency Band	Max Peak Gain	CDD Dir G	ain (dBi)	BF Dir Gain
Туре	(GHz)	(dBi)	For Power	For PSD	(dBi)
Wi-Fi Antenna (2*2 MIMO)					
DIEA	2.4 ~ 2.5	3.14	3.14	6.11	6.11
PIFA	5.15 ~ 5.85	3.91	3.91	6.92	6.92
Note:					

1, The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated.

2, The EUT also supports Beam Forming mode, and the Beam Forming support 802.11n/ac/ax, not include 802.11a/b/g.

3. For beamforming operation, Aruba OS automatically backs power down based on a 10log(N) factor based on CDD power.

4. The detail calculation method of directional gain refer to page 10 of antenna specification.

2.5. Test Mode

Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11b (1Mbps)	
Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11g (6Mbps)	
Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	
Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	
Mode 5: Transmit by 802.11ax-HE20 (MCS0)	
Mode 6: Transmit by 802.11ax-HE40 (MCS0)	

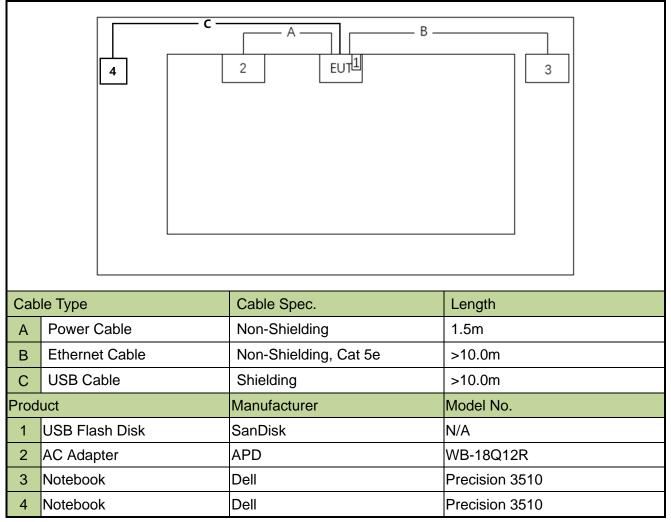
Note 1: All modes of operation and data rates were investigated, so all RF test requirements shall be executed at the worst data rate.

Note 2:



2.6. Configuration of Test System

The device was tested per the guidance ANSI C63.10: 2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.



Note 1: The test utility software used during testing was "accessMTool", and the version was "3.2.1.5".

Note 2: Detail power setting refer to operation description.



2.7. Duty Cycle

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) operation is possible in 20MHz and 40MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

Test Mode	Duty Cycle	Calculation
802.11b	95.25%	12.43 / 13.05
802.11g	94.94%	2.065 / 2.175
802.11n-HT20	95.05%	1.920 / 2.020
802.11n-HT40	90.51%	0.9449 / 1.044
802.11ax-HE20	97.96%	1.488 / 1.519
802.11ax-HE40	96.04%	780.5 / 812.7





802.11ax	⟨-HE20 (T = 1.488m	ns)	802.11ax-HE40 (T = 780.5µs)
	Galar Off IF Gain. Low Sig Track. Off Trig Free Run L ≥ 0.5 0 # 400 Mit Coll Trig Free Run W WW WW W P N N N N N N #free 21.60 dB ΔMkr3 1.519 ms -0.70 dB	Marker Image: Control of the second sec	Conclusion Adalyzer 1 Image 2.50.0 Alber: 20 dB PNO East Problem Aug Type: Mallage 2.3 d-3 G Marker Marker Image 2.50.0 KEVSIGHT space file with Auge Auto Alber: 20 dB PNO East Problem Auge Type: Mallage 2.3 d-3 G Beled Marker Marker 3 Image 2.5 d-3 G Beled Marker Image 2.5 d-3 G Beled Marker Marker 3 Image 2.5 d-3 G Beled Marker Image
Res BW 8 MHz 5 Marker Table ▼ Mode Trace Scale X Y 1 Δ2 1 t(Δ) 1.488 ms (Δ) 0.44 2 F 1 t 2.498 ms 20.0 0.44 3 Δ4 1 (Δ) 1.519 ms (Δ) 0.45	821 dB 11 dBm	(Reset Delta)	Oracle: Fundor BW 50 MHz Sweep 3.07 ms (2001 pts) Counter Table Counter Table <thc< td=""></thc<>

2.8. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.9. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.



3. DESCRIPTION of TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance was used in the measurement.

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, $50\Omega/50$ uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst-case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.



3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable. For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.



4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- The antenna of the device is **permanently attached**.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.



5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions -SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV 216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2023/3/7
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV 216	MRTTWA00020	1 year	2023/4/20
8-Wire ISN (T8)	R&S	ENY81	MRTTWA00018	1 year	2023/6/26
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00045	1 year	2023/5/9
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1083	MRTTWA00050	1 year	2023/6/16

Radiated Emissions – AC1/AC2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2023/5/24
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2022/12/4
Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	MRTTWA00003	1 year	2023/3/30
Broadband Horn Antenna	RFSPIN	DRH18-E	MRTTWA00087	1 year	2023/5/10
Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2023/3/29
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2023/3/30
Broadband Preamplifier	EMC Instruments corporation	EMC118A45S E	MRTTWA00088	1 year	2023/5/9
Broadband Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9721	MRTTWA00006	1 year	2023/3/30
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	MRTTWA00007	1 year	2023/3/16
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2023/3/9
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2023/10/5
Antenna Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWE00010	1 year	2023/6/14
Cable	Rosnol	K1K50-UP026 4-K1K50-4M	MRTTWE00012	1 year	2023/6/19
Antenna Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWE00034	1 year	2023/6/27
Cable	HUBERSUHNER	EMC105-NM- NM-3000	MRTTWE00035	1 year	2023/6/27
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00032	1 year	2023/06/05



Conducted Test Equipment - SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
X-Series USB Peak and	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA		1 voor	2023/4/20
Average Power Sensor	KETSIGHT	02021XA	MRTTWA00014	1 year	2023/4/20
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2023/10/5
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MRTTWA00074	1 year	2023/7/19
Attenuator	WTI	218FS-20	MRTTWE00027	1 year	2023/6/15
Attenuator	WTI	218FS-10	MRTTWE00028	1 year	2023/6/15
Attenuator	WTI	218FS-06	MRTTWE00029	1 year	2023/6/15
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1083	MRTTWA00050	1 year	2023/06/16

Test Software

Software	Version	Function
e3	9.160520a	EMI Test Software



6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement				
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):				
150kHz~30MHz: 2.53dB				
Radiated Emission Measurement				
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):				
9kHz ~ 1GHz: 4.25dB				
1GHz ~ 40GHz: 4.45dB				
Conducted Power				
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% $(U=2Uc(y))$: ± 0.84dB				
Conducted Spurious Emission				
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): \pm 2.65 dB				
Occupied Bandwidth				
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 3.3%				
Temp. / Humidity				
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±0.82°C/ ±3%				



7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

FCC	Test	Test	Test	Test	Reference
Section(s)	Description	Limit	Condition	Result	
15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	≥ 500kHz		Pass	Section 7.2
15.247(b)(3)	Output Power	≤ 30dBm		Pass	Section 7.3
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	≤ 8dBm/3kHz	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.4
15.247(d)	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions	≥ 30dBc (Average)		Pass	Section 7.5
15.205 15.209	General Field Strength (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.6 & 7.7
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.8

Notes:

 The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.

- 2) For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst-case emissions.
- 3) Determining compliance is based on the test results met the regulation limits or requirements declared by clients, and the test results don't take into account the value of measurement uncertainty.
- 4) EUT supports one configuration only in 802.11ax full RU mode.



7.2. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1.Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2.2.Test Procedure used

ANSI C63.10 Section 11.8

7.2.3.Test Setting

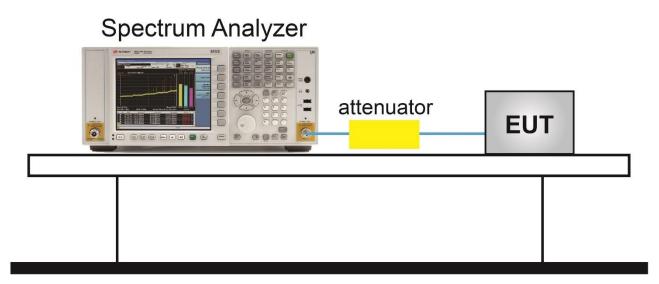
1. The Spectrum's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 6dB

bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 6. The bandwidth

measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.

- 2. Set RBW = 100 kHz
- 3. VBW \ge 3 × RBW
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Trace mode = max hold
- 6. Sweep = auto couple
- 7. Allow the trace was allowed to stabilize

7.2.4.Test Setup

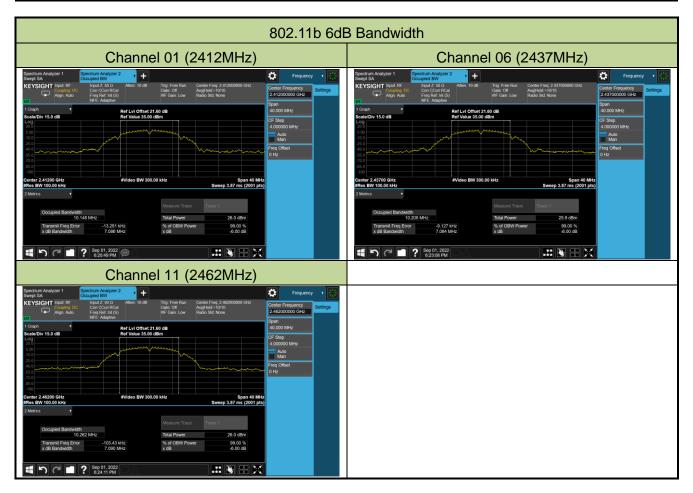




7.2.5.Test Result

Product	ACCESS POINT		Test I	Engineer Er		Eric Lin		
Test Site	SR2			Test I	t Date 20		022-09-01~2022-09-18	
_								
Test Mode	Data Rate /	Channel No.	Freque	ency	6dB Bandwid	dth	Limit	Result
	MCS		(MH	z)	(MHz)		(MHz)	
802.11b	1Mbps	01	241	2	7.086		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	243	7	7.084		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	246	2	7.090		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	241	2	16.36		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	243	57	16.38		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	246	2	16.34		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	01	241	2	17.59		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	06	243	57	17.61		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	11	246	2	17.21		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	03	242	2	36.29		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	06	243	57	36.31		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	09	245	2	35.76		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	01	241	2	18.98		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	06	243	57	19.00		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	11	246	2	18.81		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	03	242	2	37.43		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	06	243	57	37.64		≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	09	245	2	36.84		≥ 0.5	Pass







802.11g 6	6dB Bandwidth
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
Sector 2.41700 GHz Verte 2.417	Spectra six August 1 Sector six August 1 Sector six August 2 Sector six Sector six August 2 Sector six Sector six August 2 Sector six Sector six Sector six August 2 Sector six Sector six
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	



802.11n-HT2	20 6dB Bandwidth
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
Specificani Analyzer 1 Construct Marketor 2 Image 2.00 mg/s Provide Frequency	Spectrum Analyzer 1 Spectrum Analyzer 2 Spectrum Analyzer 2 Spectrum Analyzer 2 Spectrum Analyzer 3 Spectrum Analyzer 3 Spectrum Analyzer 4 Spectr
Crock and Analyzer 1 Crock and Analyzer 1	



802.11n-HT40	6dB Bandwidth
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
Steder.Dhr 100.0 BHz Spectrum province Image Addition Spectrum province Spectrum provi	Sector Dr 10.0 B Canter Frequency Cooper And Age X 50 C Mar X
Conception of the state of	



802.11ax-HE20	6dB Bandwidth
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
Sector 2 A1200 GHz Single Control of the Control of	Statutor 1 0000 MHz Center 24770 GHz Transfer Em 247700 GHz 247700 GHz 24770 GHz 250 GHm 24770 GHz 250 GHm 24770 GHz 250 GHm 24770 GHz 250 GHm 24770 GHz 24770 GHz 250 GHm 24770 GHz 250 GHz 250 GHm 24770 GHz 250 GHz



802.11ax-HE40	6dB Bandwidth
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
Sector Adaptor 1 Control Start 2 Image 2 Sol 2 Image 2 S	Sector Analyser 1 Center Freq 2.437000000 CH2 Angle Adv Frequency Center Freq 2.437000000 CH2 Angle Adv Center Freq 2.437000000 CH2 Bado Sci du horu Center Freq 2.43700000 CH2 Bado Sci du horu Center Freq 2.43700000 CH2 Bado Sci du horu Center Freq 2.43700 CH2 Bado Sci du horu Center Freq 2.43700 CH2 Bado Sci du horu Freq Center Freq Center Sci du horu Freq Center Freq Center Sci du horu Sci du horu Freq Center Freq
Channel O9 (2452MHz)	



7.3. Output Power Measurement

7.3.1.Test Limit

The maximum output power shall be less 1 Watt (30dBm).

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph FCC Part 15.247(b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs FCC Part 15.247(b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

7.3.2.Test Procedure Used

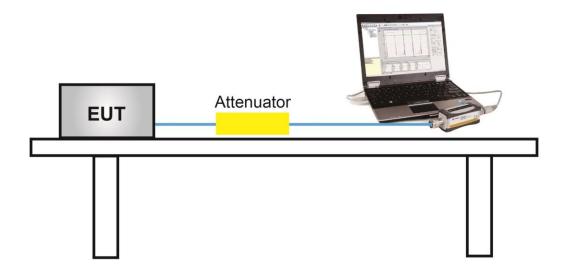
ANSI C63.10 Section 11.9.2.3.2

7.3.3.Test Setting

Average Power Measurement

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter.

7.3.4.Test Setup





7.3.5.Test Result

Product	ACCES	ACCESS POINT			Test Engineer			Eric Lin			
Test Site SR2		2			Test Date		2022-09-01~2022-09-02				
Test Mode	Data Rate/	Channel	Freq.	Average Power (dBm)		Total Average		Limit	Result		
	MCS	No.	(MHz)	Ant 0		Ant 1	Powe	er (dBm)	(dBm)		
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	18.24		17.98	21.12		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	18.45		18.39	2	1.43	≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	18.45		17.72	2	1.11	≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	16.54		16.74	1	9.65	≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	17.94		18.21	2	1.09	≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	16.97		16.81	19.90		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	01	2412	15.64		15.89	18.78		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	06	2437	18.43		18.35	21.40		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	16.87		16.46	19.68		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	03	2422	15.77	,	15.38	18.59		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	06	2437	18.44		18.15	21.31		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	09	2452	16.20		15.64	18.94		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	01	2412	15.46	i	15.51	1	8.50	≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	06	2437	17.99		18.24	21.13		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	10	2457	17.46		16.98	20.24		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	11	2462	14.53		13.83	17.20		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	03	2422	15.31		15.24	18.29		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	06	2437	18.33		17.96	21.16		≤ 30.00	Pass	
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	09	2452	16.31		15.79 19.0		9.07	≤ 30.00	Pass	

Note: Total Average Power (dBm) = 10*log {10^{(Ant 0} Average Power /10)</sup> +10^{(Ant 1} Average Power /10)</sup>}



7.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.4.1.Test Limit

The maximum permissible power spectral density is 8dBm in any 3 kHz band.

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power

spectral density.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power spectral density

shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

7.4.2.Test Procedure Used

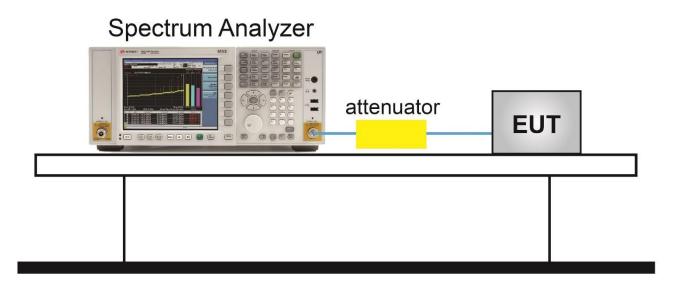
ANSI C63.10 Section 11.10.5

7.4.3.Test Setting

- 1. Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.
- 2. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 3. Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- 4. RBW = 10 kHz.
- 5. VBW = 30 kHz.
- 6. Detector = RMS.
- 7. Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\ge 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$.
- 8. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 9. Don't use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to "free run".
- 10. Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- 11. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 12. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a, to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.



7.4.4.Test Setup





7.4.5.Test Result

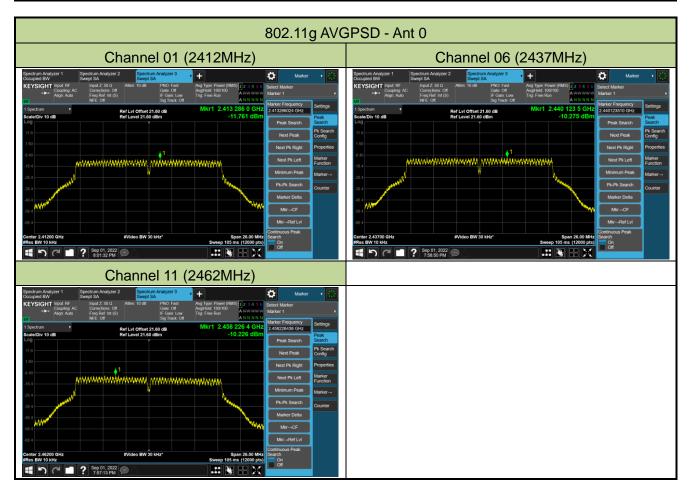
Product	ACCE	ACCESS POINT				Test Engineer			Eric Lin			
Test Site	SR2	SR2				Test Date			2022-09-01~2022-09-02			
Test Mode	Data	Ch.	Freq.	PSD (dBn	n/10kHz)	Duty	10*log	Total PSD	Limit	Result		
	Rate/	No.	(MHz)	Ant 0	Ant 1	Cycle	(1/x)	(dBm/	(dBm/			
	MCS					(%)		10kHz)	3kHz)			
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	-6.783	-7.200	95.25	0.22	-3.76	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	-7.010	-7.299	95.25	0.22	-3.93	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	-6.720	-7.709	95.25	0.22	-3.96	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	-11.761	-11.051	94.94	0.22	-8.16	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	-10.275	-8.161	94.94	0.22	-5.85	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	-10.226	-11.691	94.94	0.22	-7.66	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	01	2412	-12.823	-12.136	95.05	0.22	-9.24	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	06	2437	-10.072	-10.103	95.05	0.22	-6.86	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	-10.861	-11.635	95.05	0.22	-8.00	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	03	2422	-15.290	-15.369	90.51	0.43	-11.89	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	06	2437	-12.049	-12.916	90.51	0.43	-9.02	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	09	2452	-14.170	-15.307	90.51	0.43	-11.26	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	01	2412	-14.164	-13.537	97.96	0.10	-10.74	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	06	2437	-10.952	-10.558	97.96	0.10	-7.65	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	11	2462	-13.925	-15.631	97.96	0.10	-11.59	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	03	2422	-16.485	-16.758	96.04	0.19	-13.43	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	06	2437	-13.463	-13.951	96.04	0.19	-10.51	≤ 8.00	Pass		
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	09	2452	-14.764	-15.792	96.04	0.19	-12.06	≤ 8.00	Pass		

Note: When EUT duty cycle \leq 98%, Total PSD = 10*log {10^(Ant 0 PSD/10) + 10^(Ant 1 PSD/10)} + 10*log (1/Duty Cycle).

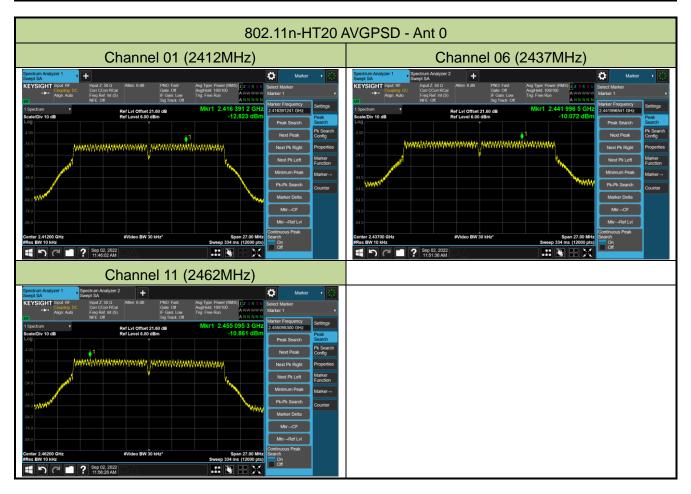




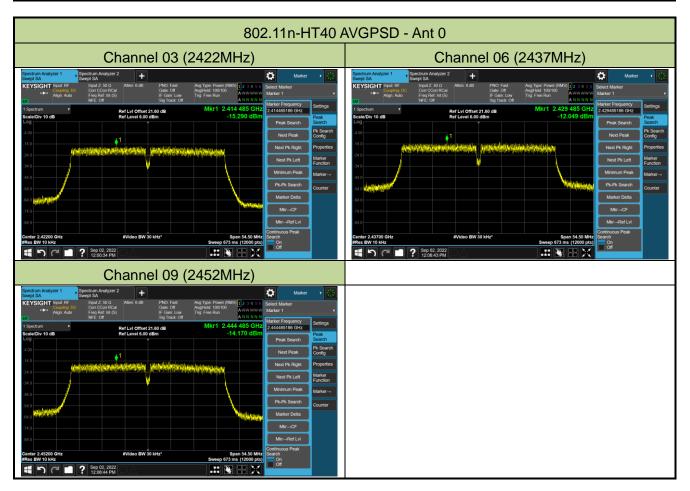




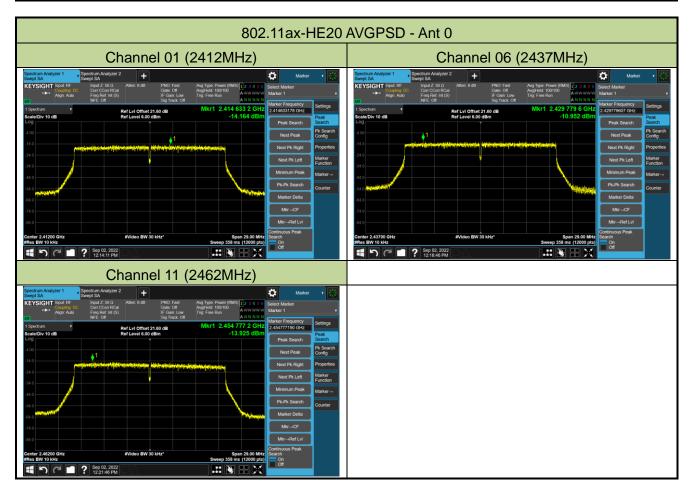




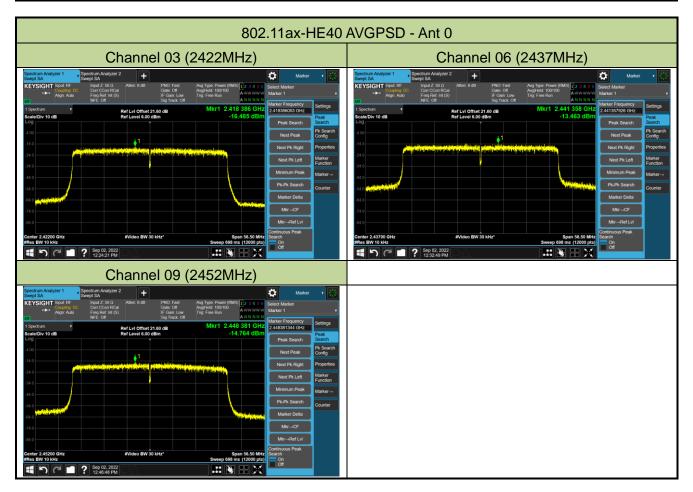




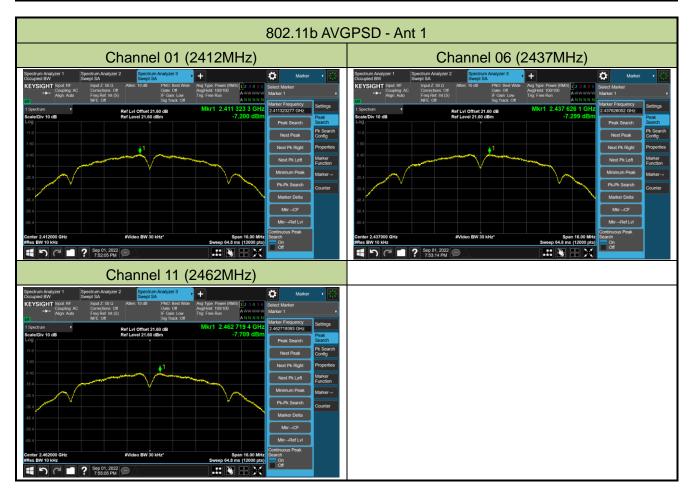




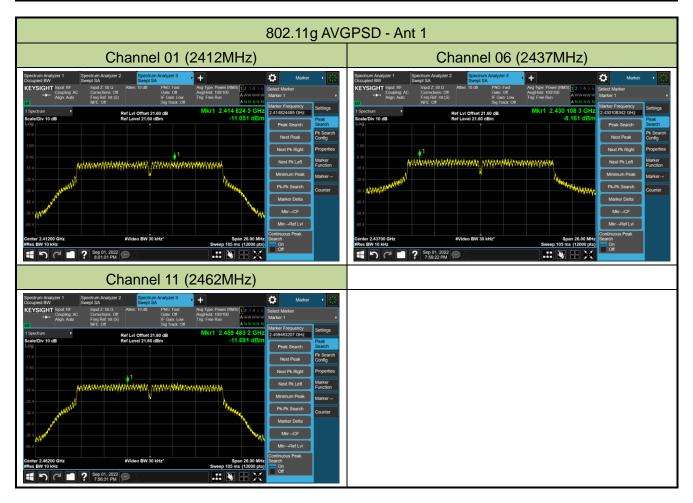








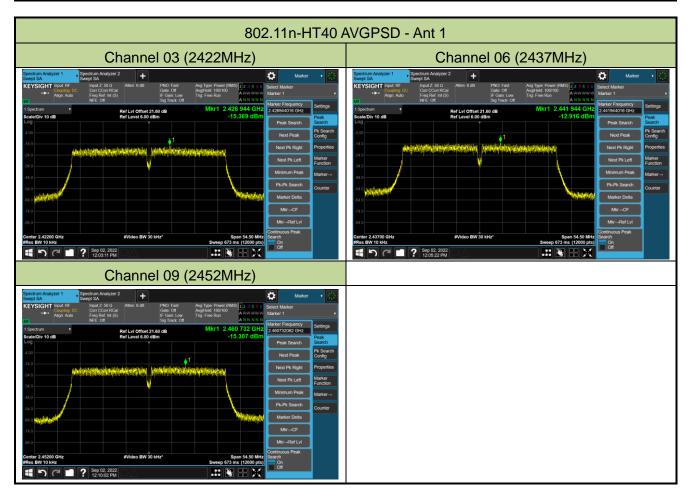




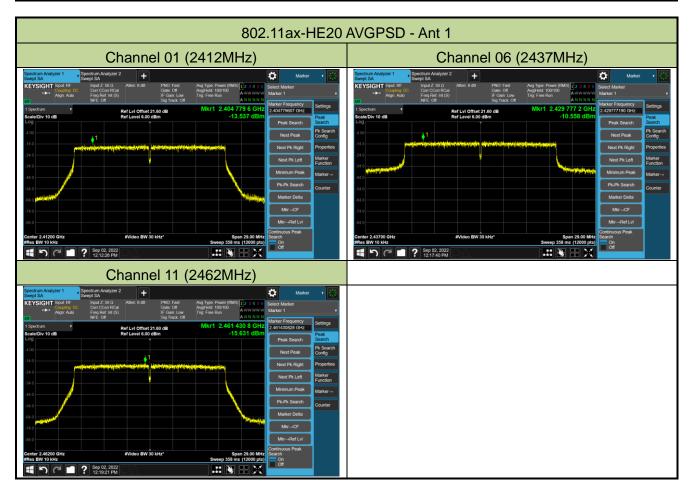




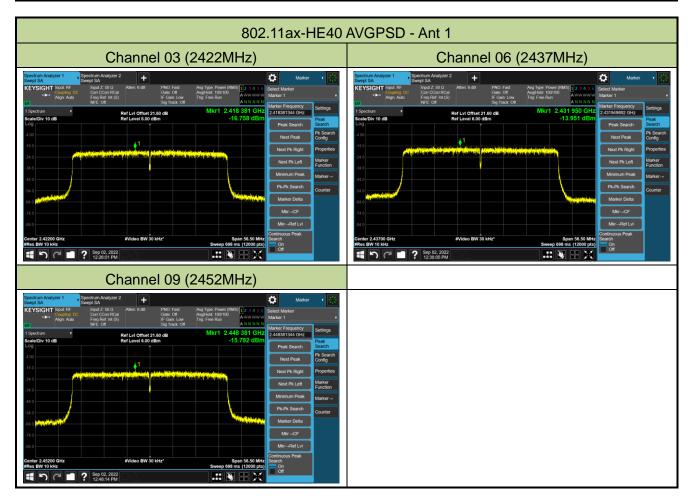














7.5. Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions

7.5.1.Test Limit

The limit for out-of-band spurious emissions at the band edge is 30dB below the fundamental

emission level, as determined from the in-band power measurement of the DTS channel performed

in a 100 kHz bandwidth per the PSD procedure.

7.5.2.Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10 Section 11.11

7.5.3.Test Setting

Reference level measurement

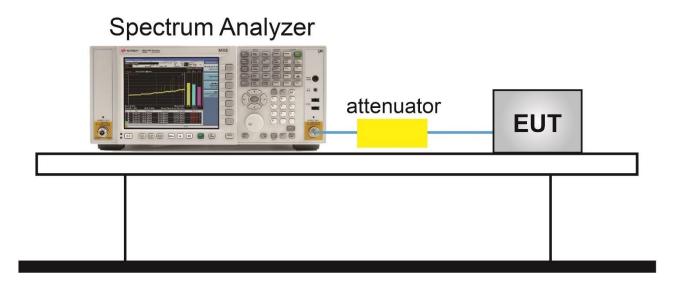
- 1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- 2. Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth
- 3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- 4. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW
- 5. Detector = peak
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple
- 7. Trace mode = max hold
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize

Emission level measurement

- 1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured
- 2. RBW = 100Hz
- 3. VBW = 300Hz
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Trace mode = max hold
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple
- 7. The trace was allowed to stabilize



7.5.4.Test Setup





7.5.5.Test Result

Product	ACCESS POINT		Test Engineer	Eric Lin					
Test Site	SR2		Test Date	2022-09-02					
Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No	o. Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBc)	Result				
	1Mbps	01	2412	30	Pass				
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	30	Pass				
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	30	Pass				
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	30	Pass				
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	30	Pass				
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	30	Pass				
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	01	2412	30	Pass				
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	06	2437	30	Pass				
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	30	Pass				
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	03	2422	30	Pass				
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	06	2437	30	Pass				
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	09	2452	30	Pass				
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	01	2412	30	Pass				
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	06	2437	30	Pass				
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	11	2462	30	Pass				
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	03	2422	30	Pass				
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	06	2437	30	Pass				
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	09	2452	30	Pass				