Test of Aruba Networks APINR155, APINR15P

To: DFS Requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 15.407 & IC RSS-210

Test Report Serial No.: ARUB156-U2 Rev A





Test of Aruba Networks APINR155, APINR15P to To: DFS Requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 15.407 & IC RSS-210

Test Report Serial No.: ARUB156-U2 Rev A

This report supersedes: NONE

Applicant: Aruba Networks, Inc 1344 Crossman Avenue Sunnyvale CA 94089, USA

Product Function: Wireless Remote Access Point

Copy No: pdf Issue Date: 8th August 2013





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ACCREDITATION, LISTINGS & RECOGNITION

TESTING ACCREDITATION

MiCOM Labs, Inc. an accredited laboratory complies with the international standard EN ISO/IEC 17025. The company is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) <u>www.a2la.org</u> test laboratory number 2381.01. MiCOM Labs test schedule is available at the following URL; <u>http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/2381-01.pdf</u>



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RECOGNITION

MiCOM Labs, Inc has widely recognized Electrical testing capabilities. Our international recognition includes Conformity Assessment Body designation by APEC MRA** countries. Our test reports are widely accepted for global type approvals.

Country	Recognition Body	Status	Phase	Identification No.
USA	USA Federal Communications Commission (FCC)		-	US0159 Listing #: 102167
Canada	Industry Canada (IC)	FCB	APEC MRA 2	US0159 Listing #: 4143A-2
Japan	MIC (Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communication)	CAB	APEC MRA 2	RCB 210
	VCCI			A-0012
Europe	European Commission	NB	EU MRA	NB 2280
Australia	Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)	CAB	APEC MRA 1	
Hong Kong	Office of the Telecommunication Authority (OFTA)	CAB	APEC MRA 1	
Korea	Ministry of Information and Communication Radio Research Laboratory (RRL)	САВ	APEC MRA 1	
Singapore	Infocomm Development Authority (IDA)	CAB	APEC MRA 1	US0159
Taiwan	National Communications Commission (NCC) Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection (BSMI)	САВ	APEC MRA 1	
Vietnam	Ministry of Communication (MIC)	CAB	APEC MRA 1	

**APEC MRA – Asia Pacific Economic Community Mutual Recognition Agreement.

Is a recognition agreement under which test lab is accredited to regulatory standards of the APEC member countries.

Phase I - recognition for product testing

Phase II - recognition for both product testing and certification

N/A – Not Applicable

**EU MRA – European Union Mutual Recognition Agreement. Is a recognition agreement under which test lab is accredited to regulatory standards of the EU member countries.

**NB – Notified Body



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PRODUCT CERTIFICATION

MiCOM Labs, Inc. is an accredited Product Certification Body per the international standard EN ISO/IEC Guide 65. The company is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) <u>www.a2la.org</u> test laboratory number 2381.02. MiCOM Labs test schedule is available at the following URL; <u>http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/2381-02.pdf</u>



USA Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) - TCB Identifier - US0159

Industry Canada Certification Body - CAB Identifier – US0159

European Notified Body - Notified Body Identifier - 2280

Japan - Recognized Certification Body (RCB) - RCB Identifier - 210



DOCUMENT HISTORY

	Document History					
Revision	Date	Comments				
Draft						
Rev A	8 th August 2013	Initial release.				

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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATE

Applicant:	Aruba Networks, Inc 1344 Crossman Avenue Sunnyvale CA 94089, USA	Tested By:	MiCOM Labs, Inc. 440 Boulder Court Suite 200 Pleasanton California, 94566, USA
EUT:	Wireless Remote Access Point	Tel:	+1 925 462 0304
Model:	APINR155, APINR15P	Fax:	+1 925 462 0306
S/N:	CC0000002		
Test Date(s):	18th - 25th June 2013	Website:	www.micomlabs.com

STANDARD(S)

TEST RESULTS

EQUIPMENT COMPLIES

TEST CERTIFICATE #2381.01

DFS Requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 15.407 & IC RSS-210 The APINR155, APINR15P does not operate in the weather

radar band 5600 -5650 MHz

MiCOM Labs, Inc. tested the equipment mentioned in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. Test results indicate that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented within this report.

Notes:

- 1. This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and the results of testing performed.
- 2. Details of test methods used have been recorded and kept on file by the laboratory.
- 3. Test results apply only to the item(s) tested.

Approved & Released for MiCOM Labs, Inc. by:

Graeme Grieve Quality Manager MiCOM Labs,

Gordon Hurst President & CEO MiCOM Labs, Inc.

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2. <u>REFERENCES AND MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY</u>

2.1. Normative References

Ref.	Publication	Year	Title
(i)	FCC 47 CFR Part 15.407	2012	Code of Federal Regulations
(ii)	FCC 06-96	June 2006	Memorandum Opinion and Order
(iii)	Industry Canada RSS-210	2010	Low Power License-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category 1 Equipment
(iv)	Industry Canada RSS-Gen	2010	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment
(v)	ANSI C63.4	2009	American National Standards for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
(vi)	CISPR 22/ EN 55022	2008 2006+A1:20 07	Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
(vii)	M 3003	Edition 1 Dec. 1997	Expression of Uncertainty and Confidence in Measurements
(viii)	LAB34	Edition 1 Aug 2002	The expression of uncertainty in EMC Testing
(ix)	ETSI TR 100 028	2001	Parts 1 and 2 Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics
(x)	A2LA	July 2012	Reference to A2LA Accreditation Status – A2LA Advertising Policy
(xi)	FCC Public Notice – DA 02-2138	2002	Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices

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2.2. Test and Uncertainty Procedures

Conducted and radiated emission measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4, listed in the Normative References section of this report.

Measurement uncertainty figures are calculated in accordance with ETSI TR 100 028 Parts 1 and 2.

Measurement uncertainties stated are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 % in accordance with UKAS document M 3003 listed in the Normative References section of this report.



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3. PRODUCT DETAILS AND TEST CONFIGURATIONS

3.1. Technical Details	
Details	Description
Purpose:	Test of the Aruba Networks APINR155, APINR15P to
	the DFS requirements of FCC Part 15.407 and Industry
	Canada RSS-210 regulations.
Applicant:	Aruba Networks, Inc
	1344 Crossman Avenue
	Sunnyvale
	CA 94089, USA
Manufacturer:	As applicant
Laboratory performing the tests:	MiCOM Labs, Inc.
	440 Boulder Court, Suite 200
	Pleasanton, California 94566 USA
Test report reference number:	ARUB156-U2 Rev A
Date EUT received:	6 th June 2012
Standard(s) applied:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15.407 & IC RSS-210
Dates of test (from - to):	18th - 25th June 2013
No of Units Tested:	One
Type of Equipment:	802.11a/b/g/n Wireless Remote Access Point 2.4 GHz:
	2x2, 5 GHz: 3x3 Spatial Multiplexing MIMO
	configuration
Applicants Trade Name:	
Model(s):	APINR155, APINR15P
Software Rev	6.3.0.0
Type of Modulation:	Per 802.11 – OFDM
Location for use:	Indoor only
Declared Frequency Range(s):	5250 - 5350 MHz & 5470 – 5725 MHz
Type of Modulation:	Per 802.11 – CCK, BPSK, QPSK, DSSS, OFDM
Declared Nominal Output Power:	802.11a: Legacy +18 dBm
(Average Power)	802.11n: HT-20 +18 dBm
	802.11n: HT-40 +18 dBm
EUT Modes of Operation:	
Transmit/Receive Operation:	Time Division Duplex
Rated Input Voltage and Current:	APINR155 12 Vdc 2.0 A
	APINR15P 54 Vdc 1.0 A
Operating Temperature Range:	Declared range 0 to +40°C
Frequency Stability:	
Equipment Dimensions:	185mm (W) x 245mm (H) x 65mm (D)
Weight:	700 g
Primary function of equipment:	Wireless Remote Access Point for transmitting data
	and voice.

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3.2. Scope of Test Program

The scope of the test program was to verify compliance of the Aruba Networks APINR155, APINR15P wireless access point in the frequency ranges 5,250 to 5,350 and 5,470 to 5,725 MHz as a Master device against the DFS requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 15.407 and the FCC specification Memorandum Opinion and Order FCC 06-96.

The UUT was tested both in 11a mode at 5500 MHz and HT-40 mode at 5510 MHz from the operating channels of the UUT within the 5,470 – 5,725 MHz band for DFS testing per the requirements of FCC specification "Memorandum Opinion and Order FCC 06-96", Section 7.8 "DFS Conformance Test Procedures".

U-NII devices operating in the 5,250 – 5,350 MHz and 5,470 - 5,725 MHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

The Aruba Networks APINR155, APINR15P product operates as a Master device with full radar detection and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) capability.

The Master device provides, on aggregate, uniform loading of the spectrum across all devices by selecting an operating channel among the available channels using a random algorithm.

The EUT does not operate in the weather radar band 5600 – 5650 MHz.



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APINR155, APINR15P Wireless Remote Device has an electronic label Access point Label



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3.3. Equipment Model(s) and Serial Number(s)

Type (EUT/ Support)	Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Mfr	Model No.	Serial No.
EUT	Wireless Remote Access point	Aruba Networks	APINR155	CC0000002
Support	Laptop PC	IBM	Thinkpad	None

3.4. Antenna Details

Model	Туре	Gain (dBi)	Freq. Band (MHz)	Note
Integral	Omni Directional	3.0	5150 - 5850	3x per unit

3.5. Cabling and I/O Ports

Number and type of I/O ports

Port Type	Port Description	Qty	Screened (Yes/ No)	Length
Ethernet	Ethernet PoE	1	NO	> 10m
Ethernet	Ethernet	1	NO	3m-10m
12 Vdc Input	Power	1	NO	1m-3m
Serial RS 323 (RJ45)	Serial Console	1	NO	1m-3m
USB	USB port	1	NO	1m-3m

3.6. Deviations from the Test Standard

The following deviations from the test standard were required in order to complete the test program:

1. NONE



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4. TEST SUMMARY

List of Measurements

Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

The following table represents the list of measurements required under the FCC CFR47 Part 15.407(h)(2) and FCC Memorandum Opinion and Order FCC 06-96 (Compliance Measurement procedures for Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure devices operating in the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz bands incorporating dynamic frequency selection).

Section	Test Items	Description	Condition	Result	Test Report Section
7.8.1	Detection Bandwidth	UNII Detection Bandwidth	Conducted	Complies	5.2.1
7.8.2.1	Performance Requirements	Initial Channel Availability Check Time	Conducted	Complies	5.2.2
7.8.2.2	Check	Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time	Conducted	Complies	5.2.3
7.8.2.3		Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time	Conducted	Complies	5.2.4
7.8.3	In-Service Monitoring	In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non- Occupancy Period	Conducted	Complies	5.2.5
7.8.4	Radar Detection	Statistical Performance Check	Conducted	Complies	5.2.6

Tests performed on Master Device

Note 1: Test results reported in this document relate only to the items tested. **Note 2:** The required tests demonstrated compliance as per client declaration of test configuration, monitoring methodology and associated pass/fail criteria.

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5. Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

5.1. Test Procedure and Setup

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.407(h) FCC 06-96 Memorandum Opinion and Order Industry Canada RSS-210 A9.4

5.1.1. Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value		
	(see note)		
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm		
< 200 milliwatt	-62 dBm		
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna			

5.1.2. DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds
	See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 80% of the 99% power bandwidth See Note 3.

Note 1: The instant that the *Channel Move Time* and the *Channel Closing Transmission Time* begins is as follows:

- For the Short pulse radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the *Burst*.
- For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar *Burst* generated.
- For the Long Pulse radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the radar transmission.
- Note 2: The *Channel Closing Transmission Time* is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the *Channel Move Time* plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate *Channel* changes (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90%. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



5.1.3. Radar Test Waveforms

This section provides the parameters for required test waveforms, minimum percentage of successful detections, and the minimum number of trials that must be used for determining DFS conformance. Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse Width	PRI	Number	Minimum	Minimum
Туре	(µsec)	(µsec)	of	Percentage of	Trials
			Pulses	Successful	
				Detection	
1	1	1428	18	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (F	Radar Types 1-4)	80%	120		

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the short pulse radar types 2 through 4. For short pulse radar type 1, the same waveform is used a minimum of 30 times. If more than 30 waveforms are used for short pulse radar types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar types 1-4.

Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar	Pulse	Chirp	PRI	Number	Number	Minimum	Minimum
Туре	Width	Width	(µsec)	of Pulses	of <i>Burst</i> s	Percentage	Trials
	(µsec)	(MHz)		per <i>Burst</i>		of	
						Successful	
						Detection	
5	50-100	5-20	1000-	1-3	8-20	80%	30
			2000				

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse radar test signal. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse radar test signal, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.



Each waveform is defined as follows:

- 1) The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- 2) There are a total of 8 to 20 *Bursts* in the 12 second period, with the number of *Bursts* being randomly chosen. This number is *Burst Count*.
- 3) Each *Burst* consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each *Burst* within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- 4) The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a *Burst* will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different *Bursts* may have different pulse widths.
- 5) Each pulse has a linear FM chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a *Burst* will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different *Bursts* may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- 6) If more than one pulse is present in a *Burst*, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a *Burst*, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.
- 7) The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to *Burst_Count*. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / *Burst_Count*) microseconds. Each interval contains one *Burst*. The start time for the *Burst*, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / *Burst_Count*) (Total *Burst* Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each *Burst* is chosen independently.

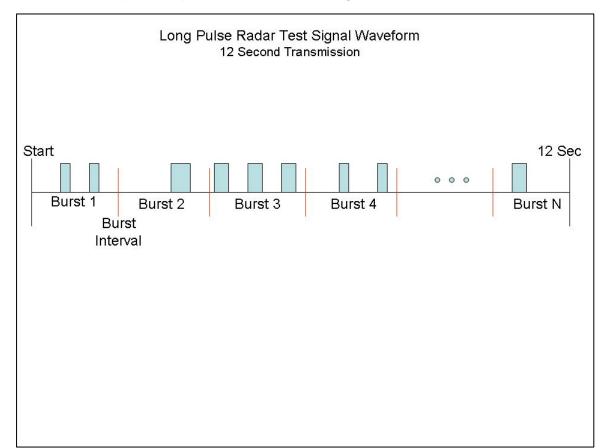


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A representative example of a Long Pulse radar test waveform:

- 1) The total test signal length is 12 seconds.
- 2) 8 Bursts are randomly generated for the Burst_Count.
- 3) Burst 1 has 2 randomly generated pulses.
- 4) The pulse width (for both pulses) is randomly selected to be 75 microseconds.
- 5) The PRI is randomly selected to be at 1213 microseconds.
- 6) Bursts 2 through 8 are generated using steps 3 5.
- 7) Each Burst is contained in even intervals of 1,500,000 microseconds. The starting location for Pulse 1, Burst 1 is randomly generated (1 to 1,500,000 minus the total Burst 1 length + 1 random PRI interval) at the 325,001 microsecond step. Bursts 2 through 8 randomly fall in successive 1,500,000 microsecond intervals (i.e. Burst 2 falls in the 1,500,001 3,000,000 microsecond range).

Graphical representation of the Long Pulse radar Test Waveform.



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5.1.4. Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Pulses	Hopping	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum							
Туре	Width	(µsec)	per	Rate	Sequence	Percentage of	Trials							
-	(µsec)		Нор	(kHz)	Length	Successful								
					(msec)	Detection								
6	1	333	9	.333	300	70%	30							

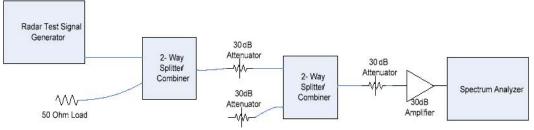
Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same *Burst* parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

5.1.5. Radar Waveform Calibration

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted Radar Waveform. A spectrum analyzer was used to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (Time Domain) mode at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was utilized. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3 MHz.

The signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -61dBm (Ref Section 5.1). The 30dB amplifier gain was entered as an amplitude offset on the spectrum analyzer.



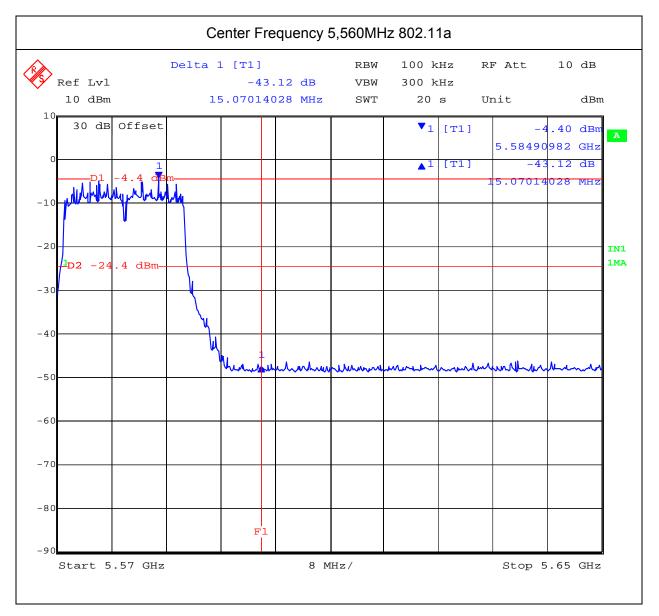
Conducted Calibration Setup

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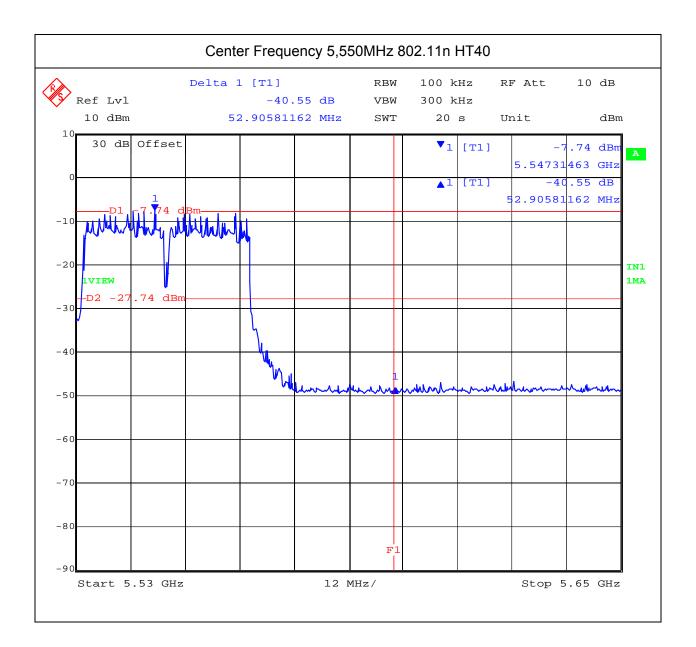
5.1.6. Weather Radar Band Edge Plots



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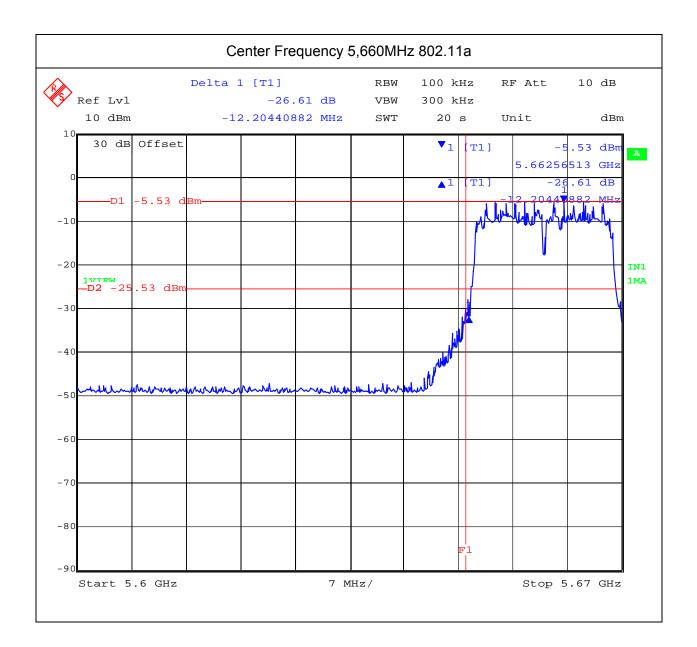
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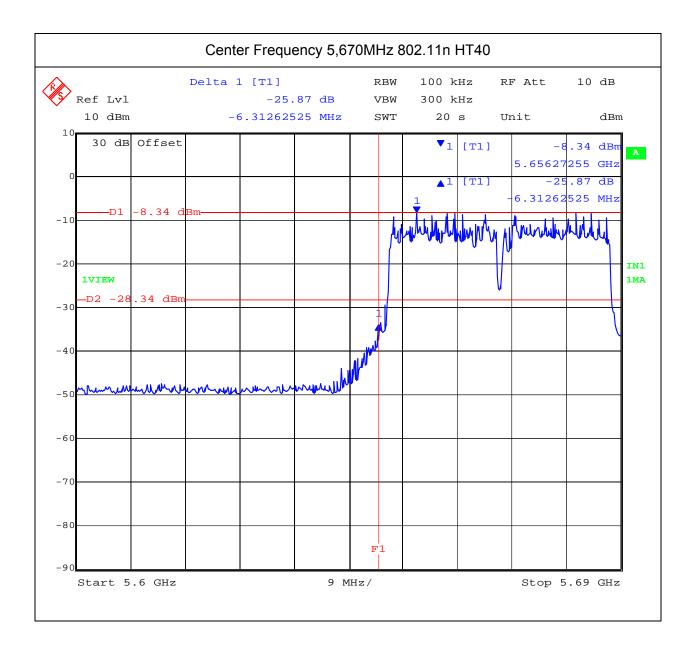
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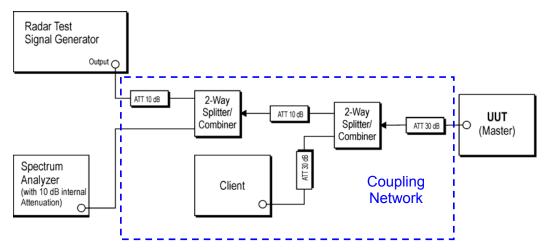
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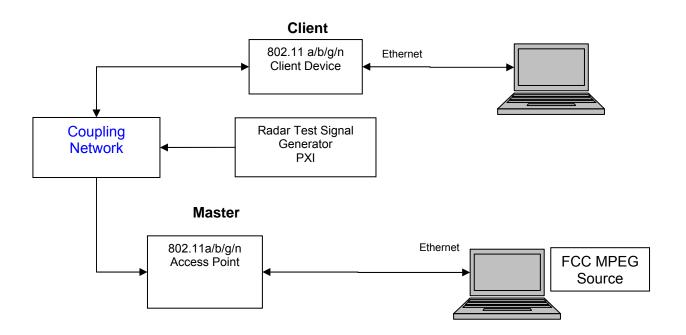
5.1.7. <u>Test Set Up:</u>

Block Diagram(s) of Test Setup

Setup for Conducted Measurements where the EUT is the Master with injection of Radar Test Waveforms at the Master.



Support Equipment Configuration



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The EUT is a Master Device with radar detection.

Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

(Ref Table 1 of FCC 06-96)

Requirement	Operational Mode								
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection						
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes						
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes						
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required						
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not required	Not required						
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes						

Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation (Ref Table 2 of FCC 06-96)

Requirement	Operational Mode							
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection					
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes					
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes					
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes					
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes					

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For the frequency band 5,470 – 5,725 MHz, the Master device provides, on aggregate, uniform loading of the spectrum across all devices by selecting an operating channel among the available channels using a random algorithm. The EUT was tested in HT-40 mode.

Declared minimum antenna gain 0 dBi. ;

Radar receive signal level = -62 dBm + minimum antenna gain dB

= -62 + 2.4

Radar receive signal level = -59.6 dBm

Measurement Results - Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

Ambient conditions. Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57% Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

Radio parameters. Test methodology: Conducted Device Type: Master Transmit Power: Maximum

Operational Details - Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

Operational Modes: 802.11a & 802.11n HT40

Data Rates: 18 mpbs 802.11a / 13.5MCS 802.11n

Note No video pixilation was observed during the video stream at these rates. Video frames per second were noted to be at 30fps.

Video Streaming Method - Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

Using the VideoLan player a video stream was setup on the master laptop with the destination being the client laptop. The video profile chosen for the video stream is "MPEG-2 + MPGA (TS)". On the client laptop the VideoLan player was setup to listen to an incoming video stream from the master device.

The requisite MPEG video file ("TestFile.mpg" available on the NTIA website at the following link http://ntiacsd.ntia.doc.gov/dfs/) is used during this video stream.



5.2. Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Results

5.2.1. UNII Detection Bandwidth:

All UNII channels for this device have identical channel bandwidths and DFS testing was completed on channel 5,500 MHz (802.11a) and 5510MHz (HT40).

The generating equipment is configured as shown in the Conducted Test Setup above. A single Burst of the short pulse radar Type 1 through 6 was produced at 5,500 MHz (802.11a) and 5,510 MHz (802.11n HT40) at a level of -61 dBm (Ref Section 5.1). The EUT is set up as a standalone device (no associated Client and no traffic).

A single radar Burst is generated for a minimum of 10 trials, and the response of the EUT is noted. The EUT must detect the Radar Waveform 90% or more of the time.

The radar frequency is increased in 1 MHz steps, repeating the above test sequence, until the detection rate falls below 90%. The highest frequency at which detection is greater than or equal to 90% is denoted as $F_{\rm H}$.

The radar frequency is decreased in 1 MHz steps, repeating the above test sequence, until the detection rate falls below 90%. The lowest frequency at which detection is greater than or equal to 90% is denoted as F_L .

The U-NII Detection Bandwidth is calculated as follows: U-NII Detection Bandwidth = $F_H - F_L$

The U-NII Detection Bandwidth must be at least 80% of the EUT transmitter 99% bandwidth.

Table of results are continued on the next page.



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EUT Frequence	EUT Frequency= 5,500 MHz 802.11a (Detection = $$, No Detection = 0)												
Radar Frequency (MHz)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Detection Rate (%)		
-17											%		
-16											%		
-15											%		
-14											%		
-13											%		
-12	v	0	v	v	0						<90%		
-11	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
-10	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
-9	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
-8	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
-7	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
-6	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
-5	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
-4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
-3	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
-2	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
-1	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
F ₀	V	v	v	v	V	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+1	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
+2	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+3	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+5	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+6	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+7	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+8	v	V	v	v	V	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
+9	v	V	v	v	V	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
+10	v	V	v	v	V	v	v	v	v	v	100%		
+11	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%		
+12	v	0	0								<90%		
+13											%		
+14	1			1							%		
+15	1			1							%		
+16	1			1							%		
+17											%		
Detection Bandwidth = F _H	-FL	= 5	590	-55	10 =	= 20	M	Ηz			•		
EUT 99% Bandwidth = 17									nanr	nel 5	500 MHz)		
17.134 MHz *80% = 13.7													
For each frequency step t	hor	mini	mu		oro	onto	200	dat	ooti	on io	000/		

For each frequency step the minimum percentage detection is 90%

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EUT Frequency= 5,510 MHz 802.11n HT40 (Detection = $$, No Detection = 0)											
Radar Frequency (MHz)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Detection Rate (%)
-22											<90%
-21	٧	0	0								<90%
-20	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-19	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-18	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-17	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-16	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-15	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-14	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-13	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-12	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-11	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-10	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-9	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-8	v	v	>	v	v	v	v	>	V	v	100%
-7	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
-6	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
-5	v	V	V	v	V	V	V	V	V	V	100%
-4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
-3	v	v	V	v	v	v	v	V	v	V	100%
-2	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
-1	v	v	V	v	v	v	v	V	v	V	100%
F ₀	V	V	۷	V	V	V	V	V	V	۷	100%

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EUT Frequency= 5,510 MHz 802.11n HT40 (Detection = $$, No Detection = 0)											
Radar Frequency (MHz)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Detection Rate (%)
F ₀	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	v	V	V	100%
+1	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+2	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+3	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+4	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%
+5	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+6	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+7	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+8	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%
+9	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+10	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+11	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+12	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+13	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+14	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+15	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%
+16	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+17	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%
+18	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+19	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	100%
+20	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	100%
+21	0	0									<90%
Detection Bandwidth = F _H											
EUT 99% Bandwidth = 36				(ref	. ba	ndv	vidt	h ch	nanr	nel 5	510 MHz)
36.472 MHz *80% = 29.1	77	MH:	z								

For each frequency step the minimum percentage detection is 90%

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5.2.2. Initial Channel Availability Check Time

This test verifies that the EUT does not emit pulse, control, or data signals on the test Channel until the power-up sequence has been completed and the U-NII device checks for Radar Waveforms for one minute on the test Channel. This test does not use any Radar Waveforms.

The U-NII device is powered on and be instructed to operate at 5,500MHz 802.11a and 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40. At the same time the EUT is powered on, the spectrum analyzer is set for zero span with a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth at 5,500 & 5,510 MHz with a 260 second sweep time. The analyzer's sweep will be started the same time power is applied to the U-NII device.

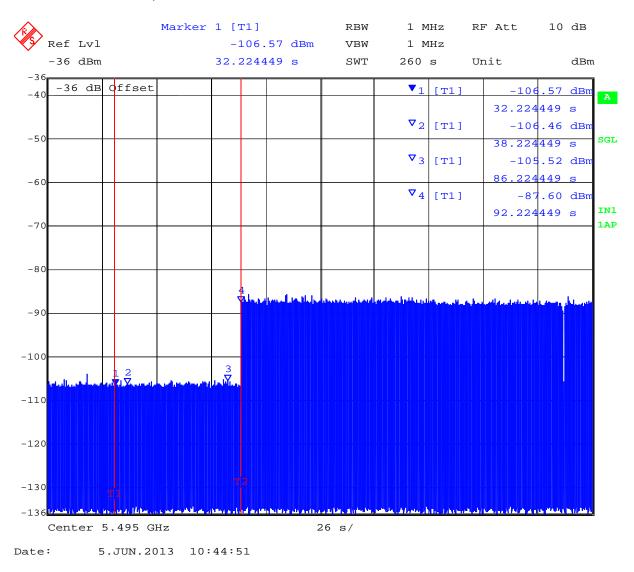
The EUT should not transmit any pulse or data transmissions until at least 1 minute after the completion of the power-on cycle.

The first red marker line shown on the following plot denotes the instant when the EUT starts its power-up sequence i.e. T_0 (as defined within the FCC's MO&O 06-96 Normative Reference 2). The power-up reference T_0 is determined by the time it takes for the EUT to start "beaconing" i.e. initial beacon – 60 secs = end of power-up.

The Channel Availability Check Time commences at instant T_0 and will end no sooner than T_0 + 60 seconds.



EUT power up and Initial Channel Availability Check Time 5,500MHz 802.11a Power On = 92.224 Seconds

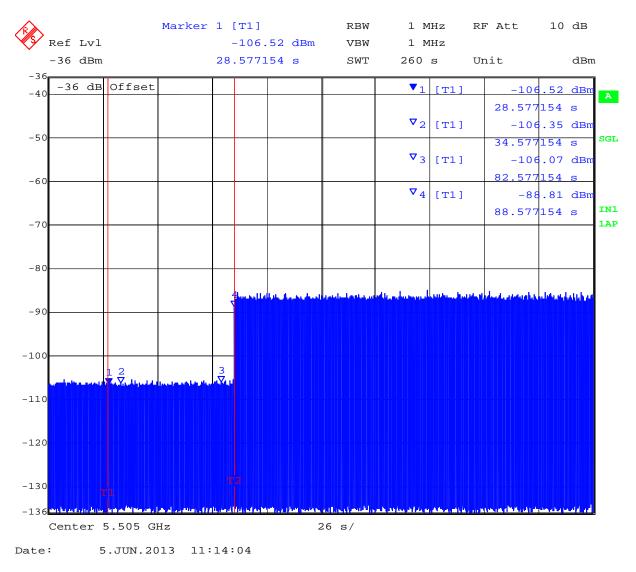


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EUT power up and Initial Channel Availability Check Time 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40 Power On = 88.577 Seconds



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5.2.3. Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time:

The steps below define the procedure to verify successful radar detection on the selected Channel during a period equal to the Channel Availability Check Time and avoidance of operation on that Channel when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold occurs at the beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time.

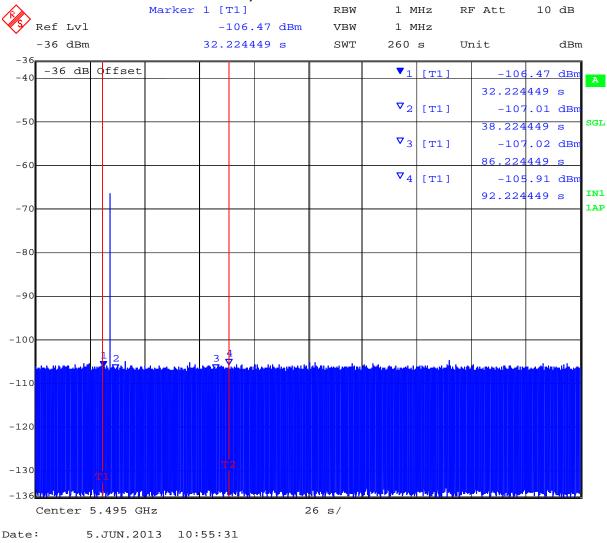
A single Burst of short pulse of radar Type 1 will commence within a 6 second window starting at T_0 (first red marker line on the following plot).

Visual indication on the EUT of successful detection of the radar Burst will be recorded and reported. Observation of emissions at 5,500MHz 802.11a & 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40 will continue for 2.5 minutes after the radar burst has been generated.



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Channel Availability Check Time at the start T0 + 6 seconds Check Time 5,500MHz 802.11a

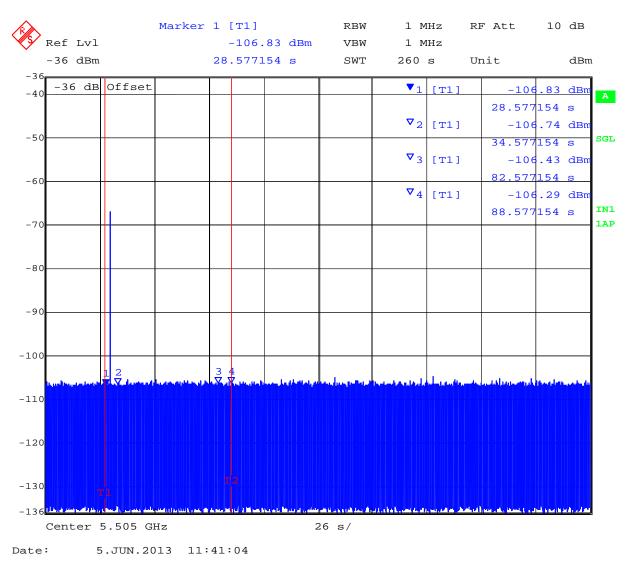


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Channel Availability Check Time at the start T0 + 6 seconds Check Time 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40



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5.2.4. Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time:

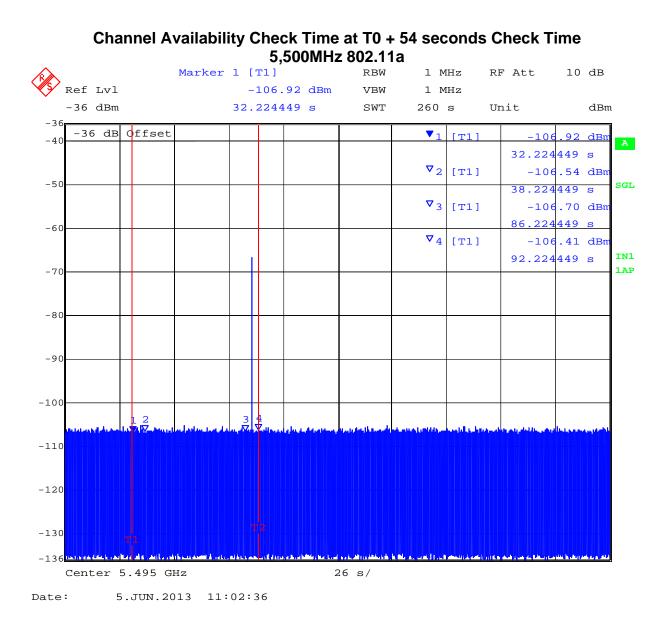
The steps below define the procedure to verify successful radar detection on the selected Channel during a period equal to the Channel Availability Check Time and avoidance of operation on that Channel when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold occurs at the end of the Channel Availability Check Time.

A single Burst of short pulse of radar type 1 will commence within a 6 second window starting at T_0 + 54 seconds. The window will commence at marker 2 and end at the red frequency line T_2 .

Visual indication on the EUT of successful detection of the radar Burst will be recorded and reported. Observation of emissions at 5,500MHz 802.11a & 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40 will continue for 2.5 minutes after the radar burst has been generated.



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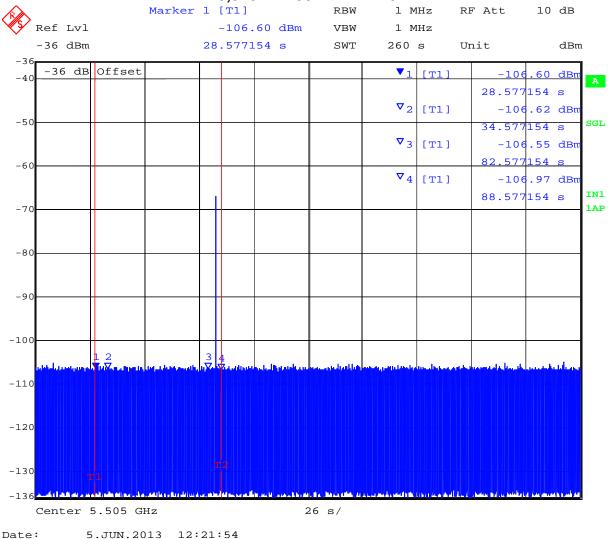


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Channel Availability Check Time at T0 + 54 seconds Check Time 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40



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5.2.5. In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period

FCC §15.407(h)(2)(iii)

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client Device will associate with the EUT (Master). The requisite MPEG video file ("TestFile.mpg" available on the NTIA website at the following link http://ntiacsd.ntia.doc.gov/dfs/) is streamed from the master device (AP) to the client.

Channel Closing Transmission Time - Measurement

A Type 1 waveform was introduced to the EUT, from which a 12 second transmission record was digitally captured, collecting nearly 250M samples of data, which included in excess of 600 ms of pre-trigger data. This Type 1 waveform had an integral marker built into its construction, marking the start of the radar waveform play, which directly triggered the PXI digitizer's data capture via the PXI backplane trigger bus.

The test system was set-up to capture all transmission data for access point events above a threshold level of -50 dBm. The test equipment time stamps all captured events with respect to T_0 (zero time indicating the start of the measurements sequence) starting the 612.1 ms pre-trigger period followed by the radar type 1 burst period.

Radar (Type 1) Pre-trigger period 612.1 ms

Type 1 burst period 25.70 ms

(The period of the 18 pulse burst includes [18 pulses *1.428mS PRI] = 25.704 ms. Then add 1 µs pulse width for the final pulse.)

Channel Closing Transmission Time starts immediately after the last radar pulse is transmitted i.e. 637.8 ms after the start of the trace capture period.



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Therefore, pulses seen after this 637.8 ms boundary are identified and totaled to provide an aggregate total of transmissions in order to determine whether the EUT is compliant with the Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements as described in MO&O FCC 06-96. In this case, it was found that an aggregate total of <u>0.000 ms</u> of transmission time accrued. This value is found at the right hand side at the foot of the following plot (10s Total).

5,500 MHz (802.11a)

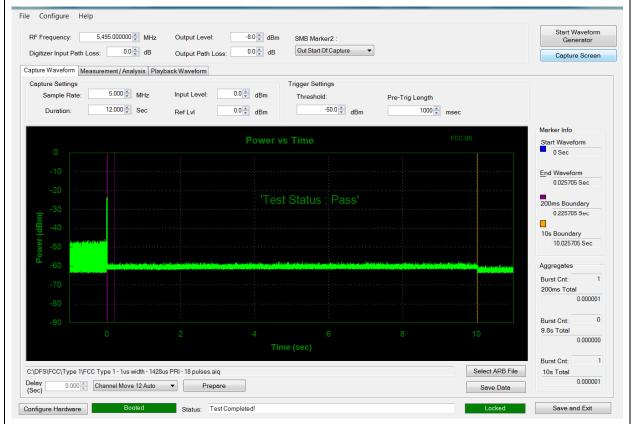
Channel Closing Transmission Time

= <u>0.001 mSecs (limit 260 mSecs)</u>

Channel Move Time

= <u>0.001 mSecs (limit 10 Secs)</u>

Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time for Type 1 Radar Captured by the Test System - 0 to 12 seconds



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5,510 MHz (802.11n HT40)

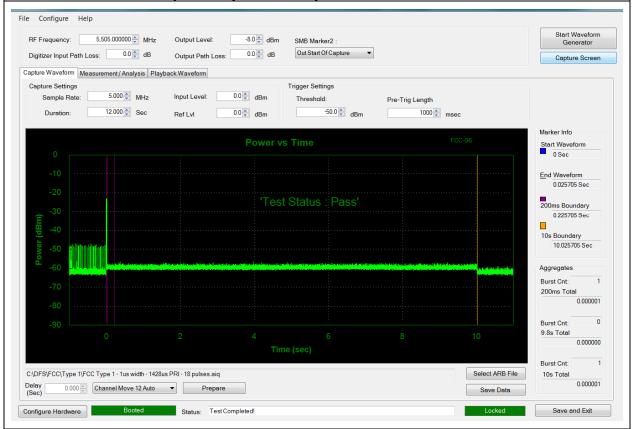
Channel Closing Transmission Time

= 0.001 mSecs (limit 260 mSecs)

Channel Move Time

= 0.001 mSecs (limit 10 Secs)

Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time for Type 1 Radar Captured by the Test System - 0 to 12 seconds

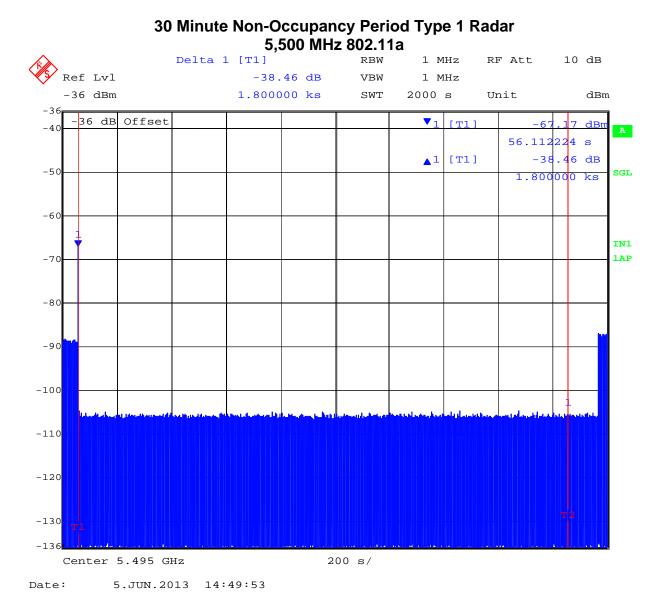


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30 Minute Non-Occupancy Period

The EUT is monitored for more than 30 minutes following the channel close/move time to verify no transmissions resume on this Channel.

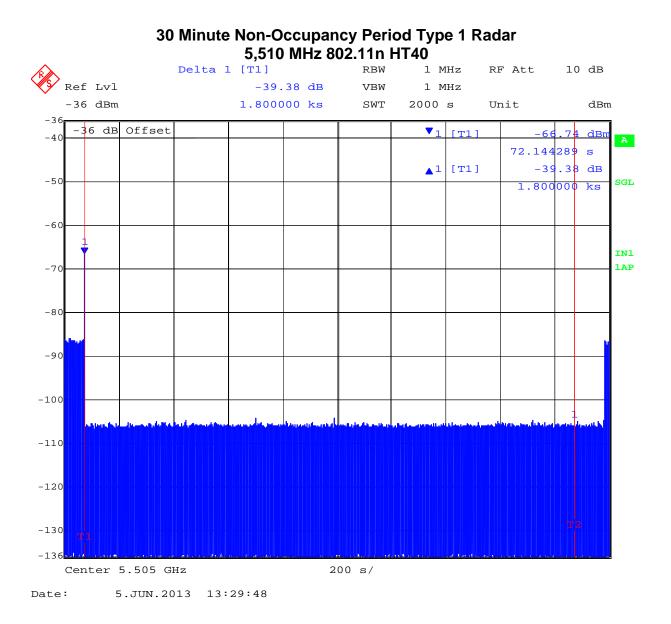


The device when triggered by the radar pulse vacates the channel for a minimum period of 30 minutes per the standard. The device is monitored for more than 30 minutes following the injection of radar to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions in this channel.

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The device when triggered by the radar pulse vacates the channel for a minimum period of 30 minutes per the standard. The device is monitored for more than 30 minutes following the injection of radar to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions in this channel.

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5.2.6. Statistical Performance Check

The steps below define the procedure to determine the minimum percentage of detection when a radar burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client Device will associate with the UUT (Master) at 5,500MHz 802.11a and 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40.

The Radar Waveform generator sends the individual waveform for each of the radar types 1-6. Statistical data will be gathered to determine the ability of the device to detect the radar test waveforms. The device can utilize a test mode to demonstrate when detection occurs to prevent the need to reset the device between trial runs. The percentage of successful detection is calculated by:

Total # of detections ÷ Total # of Trials × 100 = Probability of Detection

The Minimum number of trails, minimum percentage of successful detection and the average minimum percentage of successful detection are found in the Radar Test Waveforms section.



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Verification of Detection 5,500MHz 802.11a Radar level -59.5 dBm. Off-set 5 MHz. Data Rate = Free

Radar level -59.5 dBm, Off-set 5 MHz, Data Rate = Free						
Trial #	Detection = $$, No Detection = 0					
	Type 1	Type 2	Туре 3	Type 4	Type 5	Type 6
1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	0	\checkmark
6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
7	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
8	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
9	\checkmark	0	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
10	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
11	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
12	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark
13	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
14	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
15	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark	0	\checkmark
16	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark	\checkmark
17	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark
18	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
19	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
20	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
21	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
22	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark
23	√	0	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
24	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
25	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
26	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
27	√ √	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark	\checkmark
28	1	√	√	\checkmark	√	√
29	1	√	√	\checkmark	√	√
30	1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Detection Percentage	100% (>60%)	93.3% (>60%)	96.6% (>60%)	90% (>60%)	83.3% (>80%)	100% (>70%)

In addition an average minimum percentage of successful detection across all four Short pulse radar test waveforms is required and calculated as follows;

 $\frac{(P_d 1 + P_d 2 + P_d 3 + P_d 4)}{4} / 4 = \frac{100\% + 93.3\% + 96.6\% + 90\%}{4} = 94.9\% (> 80\%)$

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Verification of Detection 5,510MHz 802.11n HT40

Radar level -59.5dBm, Off-set 5 MHz

Trial #	Detection = $$, No Detection = 0					
	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Type 6
1	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	\checkmark	\sim	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	\checkmark
2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
4	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark
6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
7	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
8	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
9	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
10	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
11	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0	\checkmark
12	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
13	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
14	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
15	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
16	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
17	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
18	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
19	√	√	√	√	√	√
20	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
21	√	√	√	√	0	√
22	√	√	√	√	√	√
23	√	√	√	√	√	√
24	√	√	√	√	√	√
25	√	√	√	√	√	\checkmark
26	√	√	√	√	√	\checkmark
27	√	√	√	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
28	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√
29	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
30	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Detection Percentage	100% (>60%)	100% (>60%)	96.6% (>60%)	100% (>60%)	90% (>80%)	100% (>70%)

In addition an average minimum percentage of successful detection across all four Short pulse radar test waveforms is required and calculated as follows;

 $\frac{(P_d 1 + P_d 2 + P_d 3 + P_d 4)}{(100\% + 100\% + 100\% + 96.6\% + 100\%)/4} = 99.15\% (> 80\%)$

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Measurement Uncertainty Time/Power

Measurement uncertainty		
	- Time	4%
	- Power	1.33dB

Traceability

Test Equipment Used

0072, 0083, 0098, 0116, 0132, 0158, 0313, 0314, 0193, 0223, 0252, 0253, 0251, 0256, 0328, 0329

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6. PHOTOGRAPHS

6.1. Dynamic Frequency Selection Test Set-Up

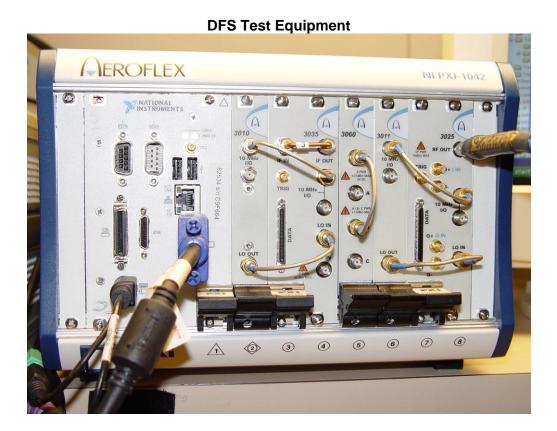
General DFS Test Setup



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7. TEST EQUIPMENT DETAILS

Asset #	Instrument	Manufacturer	Part #	Serial #	Calibration Due Date
0070	Power Meter	Hewlett Packard	437B	3125U11552	28 th Nov 13
0117	Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	8487D	3318A00371	15 th Nov 13
0223	Power Meter	Hewlett Packard	EPM-442A	US37480256	15 th Nov 13
0374	Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	8485A	3318A19694	29 th Nov 13
0158	Barometer /Thermometer	Control Co.	4196	E2846	8 th Dec 13
0193	EMI Receiver	Rhode & Schwartz	ESI 7	838496/007	2 nd Dec 13
0338	30 - 3000 MHz Antenna	Sunol	JB3	A052907	8 th Nov 13
0335	1-18 GHz Horn Antenna	EMCO	3117	00066580	7 th Nov 13
0252	SMA Cable	Megaphase	Sucoflex 104	None	N/A
0293	BNC Cable	Megaphase	1689 1GVT4	15F50B001	N/A
0307	BNC Cable	Megaphase	1689 1GVT4	15F50B002	N/A
0310	2m SMA Cable	Micro-Coax	UFA210A-0- 0787-3G03G0	209089-001	N/A
0312	3m SMA Cable	Micro-Coax	UFA210A-1- 1181-3G0300	209092-001	N/A
0314	30dB N-Type Attenuator	ARRA	N9444-30	1623	N/A
	EMC Test Software	EMISoft	Vasona	5.0051	N/A
	RF Conducted Test Software	National Instruments	Labview	Version 8.2	N/A
	RF Conducted Test Software	MiCOM Labs ATS		Version 1.5	N/A

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440 Boulder Court, Suite 200 Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA Tel: 1.925.462.0304 Fax: 1.925.462.0306 www.micomlabs.com