

RF TEST REPORT

FCC / ISED

APPLICANT

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company

MODEL NAME

APINH505

FCC ID

Q9DAPINH505

ISED ID

4675A-APINH505

REPORT NUMBER

HCTA-E-2003-008

TEST REPORT

Date of Issue
March 24, 2020

Test Site
Hyundai C-Tech, Inc. dba HCT America, Inc.
1726 Ringwood Ave, San Jose, CA 95131, USA

Applicant	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
Applicant Address	3333 Scott Blvd, Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA
FCC ID	Q9DAPINH505
ISED ID	4675A-APINH505
Model Name	APINH505
EUT Type	Access Point
Modulation Type	GFSK
FCC Classification	Digital Transmission System (DTS)
FCC Rule Part(s)	Part 15.247
ISED Rule Part(s)	RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017), RSS-Gen Issue 5(April 2018)
Test Procedure	ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 558074 D01 v05r02

The device bearing the trade name and model specified above, has been shown to comply with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures required. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Hyundai C-Tech, Inc. dba HCT America, Inc. certifies that no party to application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C 862

Tested By

Steve In

Test Engineer

Reviewed By

Sunwoo Kim

Technical Manager

REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this document is shown in table.

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCTA-2003-008	March 24, 2020	Initial Issue

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	APINH505
EUT Type	Access Point
Power Supply	AC Adapter : 100 – 240 VAC, 1.3 A, 50 – 60 Hz / PoE : 57 VDC
RF Specification	WIFI 2.4 GHz : IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ax HE40 (2x2 MIMO) WIFI 5 GHz : IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax HE80 (2x2 MIMO) Bluetooth 5.0 LE ZigBee : IEEE 802.15.4
Transmitter Chain	2x2 MIMO
Operating Environment	Indoor
Operating Temperature	0 °C – 40 °C

RF SPECIFICATION SUBJECT TO THE REPORT

RF Specification	Bluetooth 5.0 LE
Frequency Range	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz
Max. RF Output Power	Peak : 6.05 dBm (4.03 mW)
Modulation Type	GFSK
Number of Channels	40 Channels
Antenna Specification ¹⁾	Integrated Antenna Peak Gain: 1.29 dBi
Firmware Version ²⁾	BLE fw version V100
Hardware Version ²⁾	P2C
Date(s) of Tests	February 7, 2020 ~ February 28, 2020

Note :

1. Antenna information is based on the document provided.
2. Firmware and Hardware Version are as received by the client.

2. METHODOLOGY

FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v05r02 dated April 2nd, 2019 entitled "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) and the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices'.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C / the RSS-GEN issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. Also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

Conducted Antenna Terminal

KDB 558074 D01 v05r02

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested at BLE test mode. Test program is used to control the channels, power setting as well as continuous Tx and normal Rx mode via Tera Term.

The EUT adopted BLE v5.0, allowing higher data rate upto 2 Mbps - 125 kbps / 500 kbps / 1 Mbps / 2 Mbps. All the available data rates were investigated during testing.

3. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards. Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

FACILITIES

The SAC (Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at 1726 Ringwood Avenue, San Jose, California 95131, USA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.



EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- (1) The antenna of this E.U.T is permanently attached and there is no provision for connection to an external antenna.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

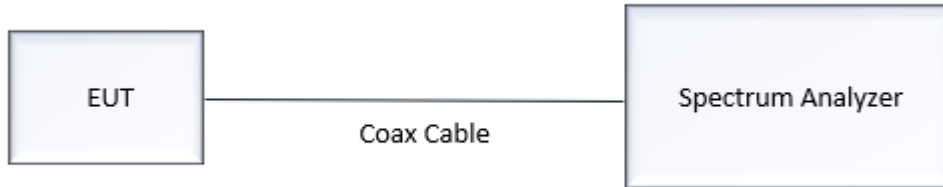
All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (\pm dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	2.55
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.20
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.73
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.21
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.18

7. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

7.1. Duty Cycle

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to the zero-span measurement method, 6 (b) in KDB 558074 D01 v05r02.

The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz.

The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 6.25$ microseconds. ($50/6.25 = 8$)

The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are > 6.25 microseconds and both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$.

- RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
- VBW = 8 MHz (\geq RBW)
- SPAN = 0 Hz
- Detector = Peak
- Number of points in sweep > 100
- Trace mode = Clear write
- Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
- Calculate Duty Cycle = T_{on} / T_{total} and Duty Cycle Factor = $10 * \log(1 / \text{Duty Cycle})$

7.2. 6 dB Bandwidth / 99% Occupied Bandwidth

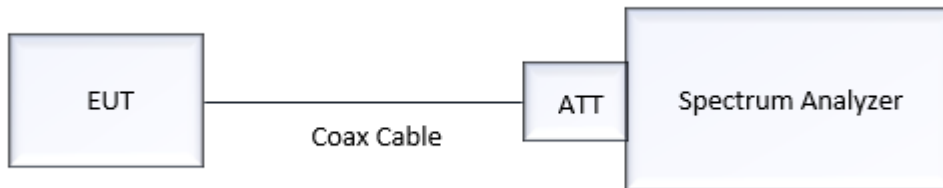
Limit

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)(2) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.2.

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (Section 8.2 in KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Subclause 11.8 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = max hold
- Sweep = auto couple
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer, setting X dB as 6 dB.

TEST PROCEDURE (99% Bandwidth) for ISED

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

- RBW = 1% ~ 5% of the occupied bandwidth
- VBW $\approx 3 \times$ RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = max hold
- Sweep = auto couple
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Note :

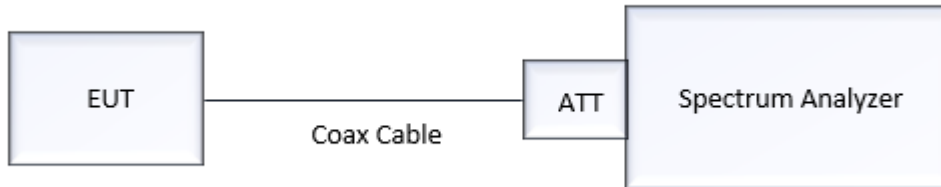
We tested OBW using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.

7.3. Output Power

Limit

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)(3) / RSS-247(Issue2) Section 5.4.4.
The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.
TX condition of the EUT is the actual operating mode by BT LE test program.
The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

Peak Power (Section 8.3.1.1 in KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Subclause 11.9.1.1 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- RBW \geq DTS Bandwidth
- VBW \geq 3 x RBW
- SPAN \geq 3 x RBW
- Detector Mode = Peak
- Sweep = auto couple
- Trace Mode = max hold
- Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level

Average Power (Section 8.3.2.2 in KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Subclause 11.9.2.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.
- Measure the duty cycle.
- Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- RBW = 1-5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz
- VBW \geq 3 x RBW
- Number of points in sweep \geq 2 x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- Sweep time = auto.
- Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging)
- Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (RMS) mode.
- Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.
- Add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Sample Calculation

- Conducted Output Power (Peak) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss
- Conducted Output Power (Average) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss + Duty Cycle Factor

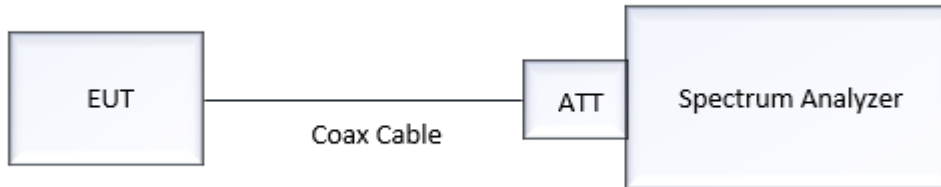
7.4. Power Spectral Density

Limit

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(e) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.2.

The transmitter power density average over 1-second interval shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz BW.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure 8.4 in KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Procedure 11.10 in ANSI 63.10-2013.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

- Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- $RBW = 3 \text{ kHz} \leq RBW \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$.
- Sweep = auto couple
- Detector = power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available).
- Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / RBW]$.
- Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
- if then duty factor shall be added to adjust the result if the duty cycle is less than 98%

7.5. Conducted Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions) & Conducted Spurious Emissions

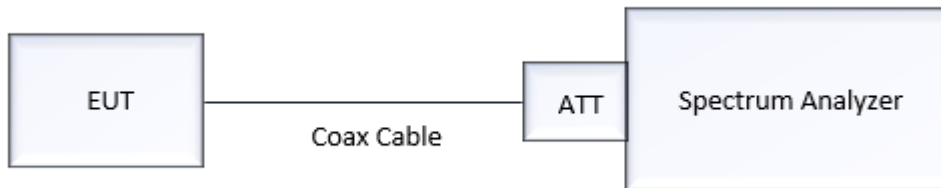
Limit

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.5.

The maximum conducted (peak) output power was used to demonstrate compliance, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz.

[Conducted > 20 dBc]

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

(Procedure 8.5 in KDB 558074 D01 v05r02, Procedure 11.11 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined
- Detector = Peak
- Trace Mode = max hold
- Sweep time = auto couple
- Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq 2 \times$ Span/RBW
- Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- Use peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 25 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Factors for frequency

Freq [MHz]	Factor [dB]	Freq [MHz]	Factor [dB]
30	20.13	8000	20.88
100	20.31	9000	21.11
200	20.21	10000	21.21
300	20.16	11000	21.19
400	20.22	12000	21.32
500	20.15	13000	21.44
600	20.26	14000	21.39
700	20.17	15000	21.51
800	20.23	16000	21.66
900	20.21	17000	21.72
1000	20.19	18000	21.88
2000	20.38	19000	21.92
2400*	20.42	20000	22.04
2500*	20.51	21000	22.17
3000	20.53	22000	22.31
4000	20.61	23000	22.57
5000	20.97	24000	22.41
6000	20.73	25000	22.53
7000	21.01		

Note :

1. '*' is the range of fundamental frequency
2. Factor = Attenuator loss + Cable loss + EUT Cable loss

7.6. Radiated Test

Radiated Emission Limits

FCC : 47 CFR § 15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

ISED : RSS-GEN Section 8.9		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	6.37/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	63.7/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	0.08	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Receiver Radiated Emission Limits

ISED : RSS-GEN Section 7.3		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

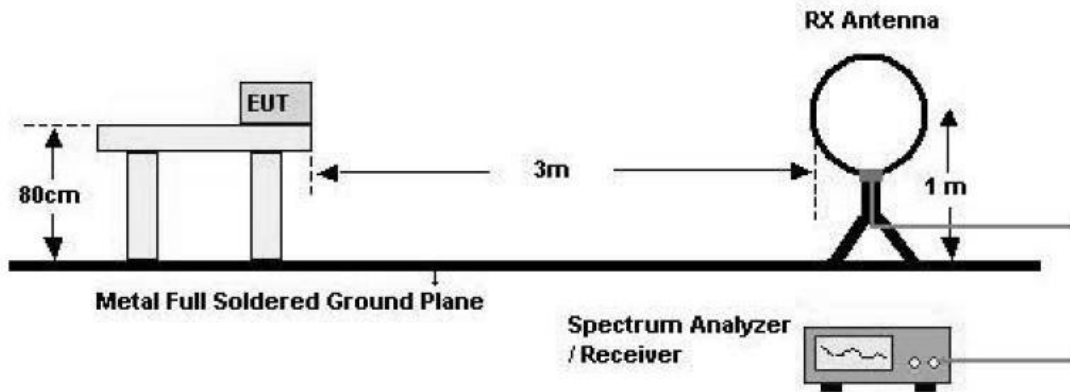
Restricted Bands of Operation

FCC : 47 CFR § 15.205(a)				
Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)
0.090 – 0.110	12.29-12.293	149.9 - 150.05	1660.0 - 1710.0	8025 – 8500
0.495 - 0.505	12.51975-12.52025	156.52475 - 156.52525	1718.8 - 1722.2	9000 – 9200
2.1735 – 2.1905	12.57675-12.57725	156.7 - 156.9	2200.0 - 2300.0	9300 – 9500
4.125 - 4.128	13.36-13.41	162.0125 - 167.17	2310.0 - 2390.0	10600 - 12700
4.17725-4.17775	16.42-16.423	167.72 - 173.2	2483.5 – 2500.0	13250 – 13400
4.20725-4.20775	16.69475-16.69525	240.0 - 285.0	2690.0 - 2900.0	14470 – 14500
6.215-6.218	16.80425-16.80475	322.0 - 335.4	3260.0 – 3267.0	15350 – 16200
6.26775-6.26825	25.5-25.67	399.9 - 410.0	3332.0 – 3339.0	17700 – 21400
6.31175-6.31225	37.5-38.25	608.0 - 614.0	3345.8 – 3358.0	22010 – 23120
8.291-8.294	73 - 74.6	960.0 - 1240.0	3600.0 – 4400.0	23600 – 24000
8.362-8.366	74.8 - 75.2	1300.0 - 1427.0	4500.0 – 5150.0	31200 – 31800
8.37625-8.38675	108 - 121.94	1435.0 - 1626.5	5350.0 – 5460.0	36430 – 36500
8.41425-8.41475	123 - 138	1645.5 - 1646.5	7250.0 – 7750.0	Above 38600

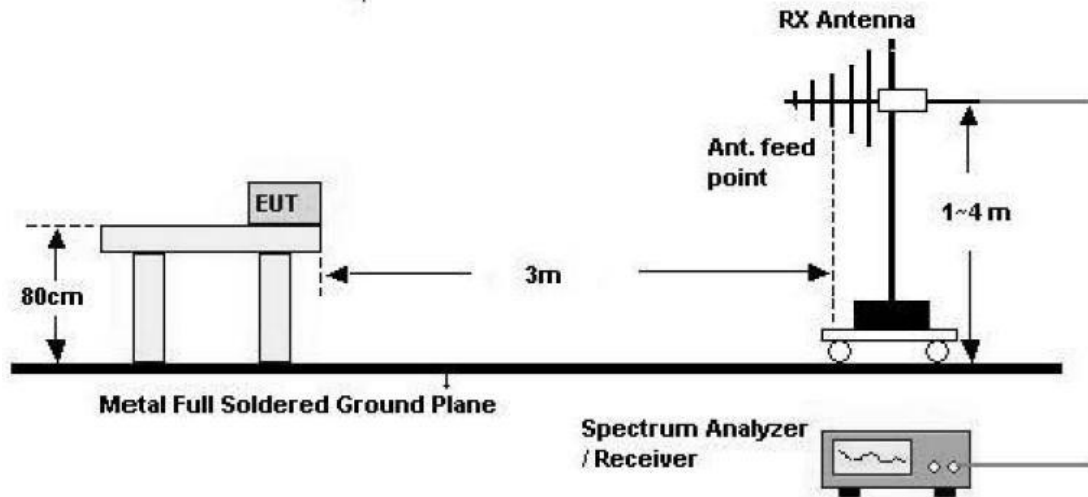
ISED : RSS-GEN Section 8.10				
Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)
0.090 - 0.110	8.37625 - 8.38675	108 – 138	1660 - 1710	8025 – 8500
0.495 - 0.505	8.41425 - 8.41475	149.9 - 150.05	1718.8 - 1722.2	9000 - 9200
2.1735 - 2.1905	12.29 - 12.293	156.52475 - 156.52525	2200 - 2300	9300 - 9500
3.020 - 3.026	12.51975 - 12.52025	156.7 - 156.9	2310 - 2390	10600 - 12700
4.125 - 4.128	12.57675 - 12.57725	162.0125 - 167.17	2483.5 - 2500	13250 – 13400
4.17725 - 4.17775	13.36 - 13.41	167.72 - 173.2	2655 - 2900	14470 – 14500
4.20725 - 4.20775	16.42 - 16.423	240 – 285	3260 – 3267	15350 – 16200
5.677 - 5.683	16.69475 - 16.69525	322 - 335.4	3332 - 3339	17700 – 21400
6.215 - 6.218	16.80425 - 16.80475	399.9 - 410	3345.8 - 3358	22010 – 23120
6.26775 - 6.26825	25.5 - 25.67	608 - 614	3500 - 4400	23600 – 24000
6.31175 - 6.31225	37.5 - 38.25	960 - 1427	4500 - 5150	31200 – 31800
8.291 - 8.294	73 - 74.6	1435 - 1626.5	5350 - 5460	36430 – 36500
8.362 - 8.366	74.8 - 75.2	1645.5 - 1646.5	7250 - 7750	Above 38600

Test Configuration

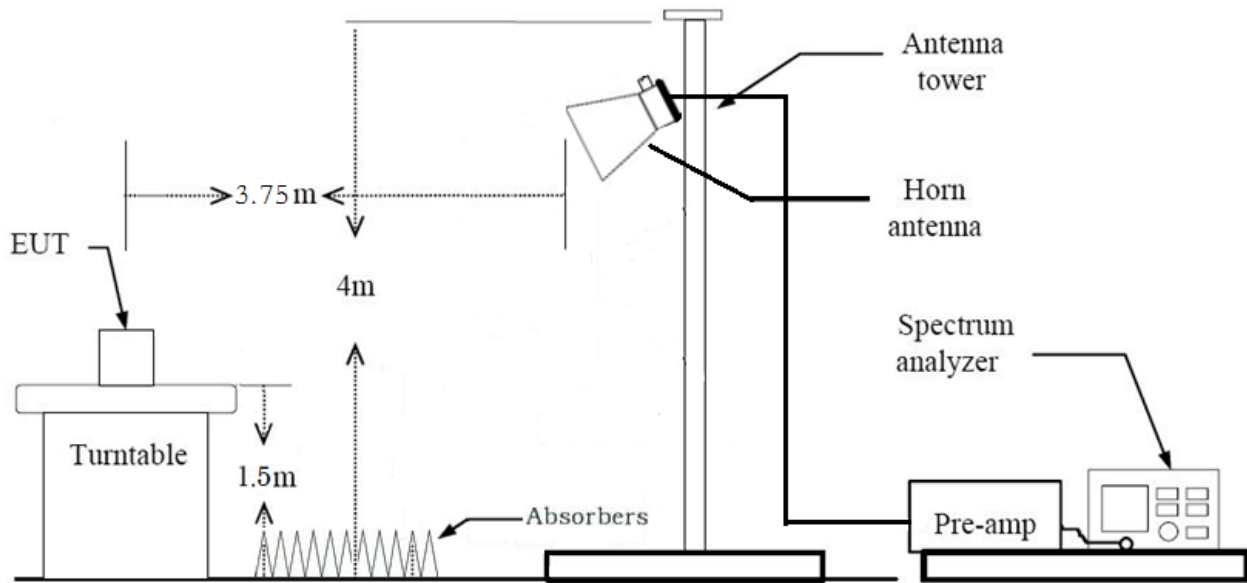
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor (0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = - 80 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance: 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor (0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = - 40 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance: 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Max hold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor (A.F) + Cable Loss (C.L) + Distance Factor (D.F)
10. There is a comparison data both open-field test site and alternative test site – semi-Anechoic chamber according to 414788 D01. And the results are properly calibrated.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type (Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range: 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Max hold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range: 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

In general, the method (1) is mainly used

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor (A.F) + Cable Loss (C.L)

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor (reference distance : 3 m).
*Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Max hold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$

(2) Measurement Type(Average): Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = RMS
- Averaging type = power (*i.e.*, RMS)
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).

(3) Measurement Type(Average): Duty cycle $< 98\%$, duty cycle variations are less than $\pm 2\%$

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = RMS
- Averaging type = power (*i.e.*, RMS)
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).
- Correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle.
- Duty Cycle Factor (dB) : Please refer to the please refer to section 9.1.

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (*i.e.*: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

11. Sample Calculation

(1) Total (Peak) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

(2) Total (Average, Duty $\geq 98\%$) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

(3) Total (Average, Duty $< 98\%$) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F) + Duty Cycle Factor

Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor (reference distance : 3 m).
*Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Max hold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$

(2) Measurement Type(Average): Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$,

- Measured Frequency Range : 2310 MHz – 2390 MHz / 2483.5 MHz – 2500 MHz
- Detector = RMS
- Averaging type = power (*i.e.*, RMS)
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).

(3) Measurement Type(Average): Duty cycle $< 98\%$, duty cycle variations are less than $\pm 2\%$

- Measured Frequency Range : 2310 MHz – 2390 MHz / 2483.5 MHz – 2500 MHz
- Detector = RMS
- Averaging type = power (*i.e.*, RMS)
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).
- Correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle.
- Duty Cycle Factor (dB) : Please refer to the please refer to section 9.1.

9. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (*i.e.*: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

10. Sample Calculation

(1) Total (Peak) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

(2) Total (Average, Duty $\geq 98\%$) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

(3) Total (Average, Duty $< 98\%$) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F) + Duty Cycle Factor

7.7. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

Limit

47 CFR § 15.207, RSS-GEN Section 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

7.8. Worst case configuration and mode

Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case configuration results are reported.
 - PSU mode : AC powered mode / PoE powered mode
 - Worst case: AC powered mode
2. EUT Axis
 - Radiated Spurious Emissions: Z
 - Radiated Restricted Band Edge: Z

All X, Y, and Z positions were investigated to find the worst-case position. Typical installation recommended is in right up position (Z) on the wall or placed on the desk using cradle.

3. Operations with all the data rates available were investigated. And the worst-case test result was evaluated for radiated testing
 - Data rate : 125 kbps / 500 kbps / 1Mbps / 2 Mbps
 - Worst-case : 125 kbps for spurious domain

Conducted test

1. Operations with all the available data rates were investigated. The output power was set as 8 using BLE test software on Tera Term interface.
 - Data rate : 125 kbps / 500 kbps / 1Mbps / 2 Mbps

8. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247, 5.2.(a)	≥ 500 kHz	Conducted	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	N/A	RSS-GEN, 6.7	N/A		PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247, 5.4.(d)	≤ 1 W		PASS
Maximum e.i.r.p.	N/A	RSS-247, 5.4.(d)	≤ 4 W e.i.r.p.		PASS
Power Spectral Density	§15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2.(b)	≤ 8 dBm / 3 kHz		PASS
Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	≥ 20 dBc		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	cf. Section 7.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d) §15.209	RSS-GEN, 8.9	cf. Section 7.6	Radiated	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d) §15.205(a)	RSS-GEN, 8.10	cf. Section 7.6		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-GEN, 7.3	cf. Section 7.6		PASS

Output Power Setting

Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Output Power Setting
2402	0	8
2440	19	8
2480	39	8

9. TEST RESULT

9.1 DUTY CYCLE

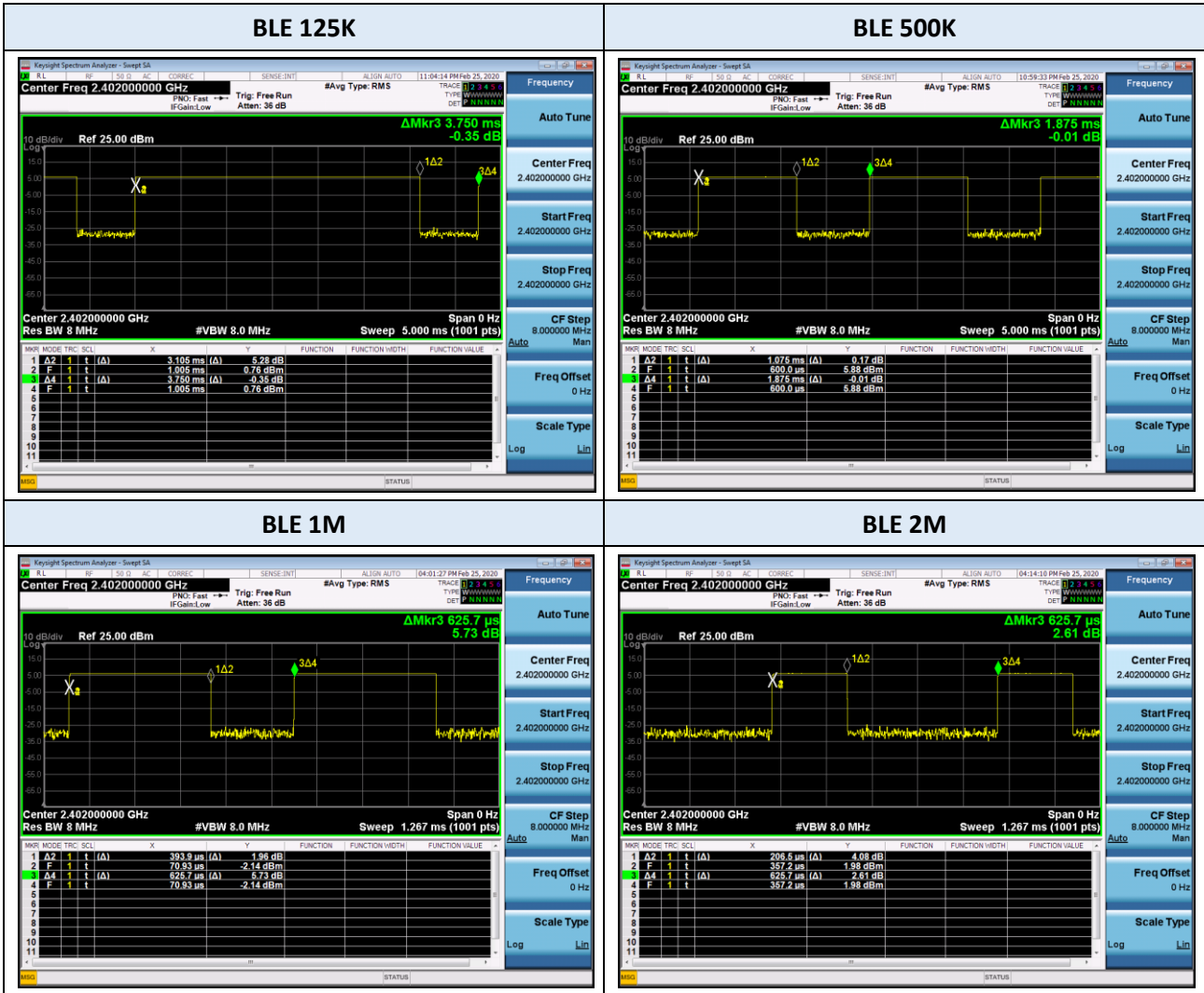
BLE 125K			
T_{on} (ms)	T_{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
3.1050	3.7500	0.8280	0.82

BLE 500K			
T_{on} (ms)	T_{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
1.0750	1.8750	0.5733	2.42

BLE 1M			
T_{on} (ms)	T_{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
0.3939	0.6257	0.6296	2.01

BLE 2M			
T_{on} (ms)	T_{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
0.2065	0.6257	0.3300	4.82

Test Plots



9.2 6dB BANDWIDTH / 99% BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

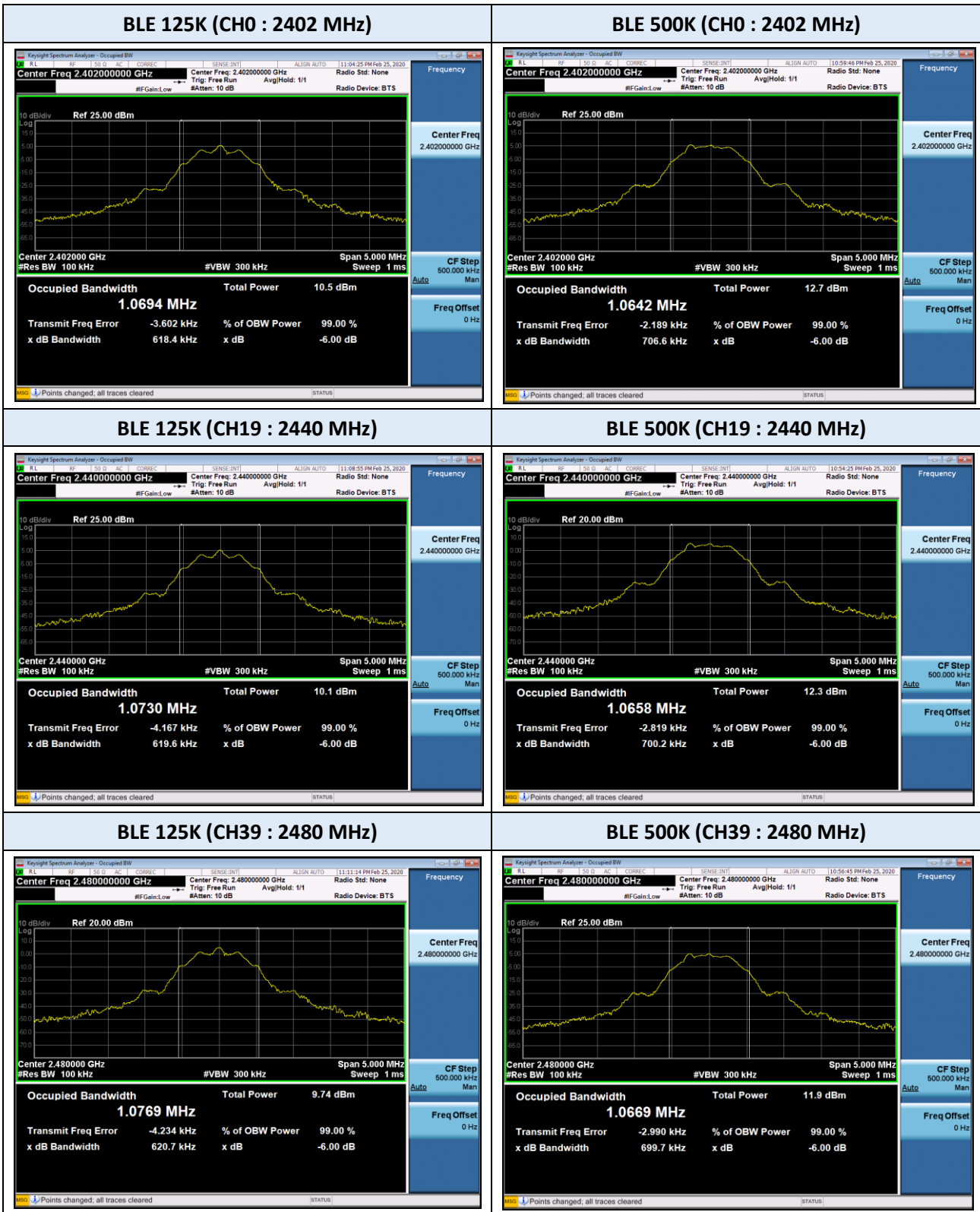
BLE 125K		99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Result	Result	Limit
2402	0	1070.6	618.4	≥ 500
2440	19	1074.9	619.6	
2480	39	1076.2	620.7	

BLE 500K		99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Result	Result	Limit
2402	0	1032.7	706.6	≥ 500
2440	19	1034.4	700.2	
2480	39	1036.7	699.7	

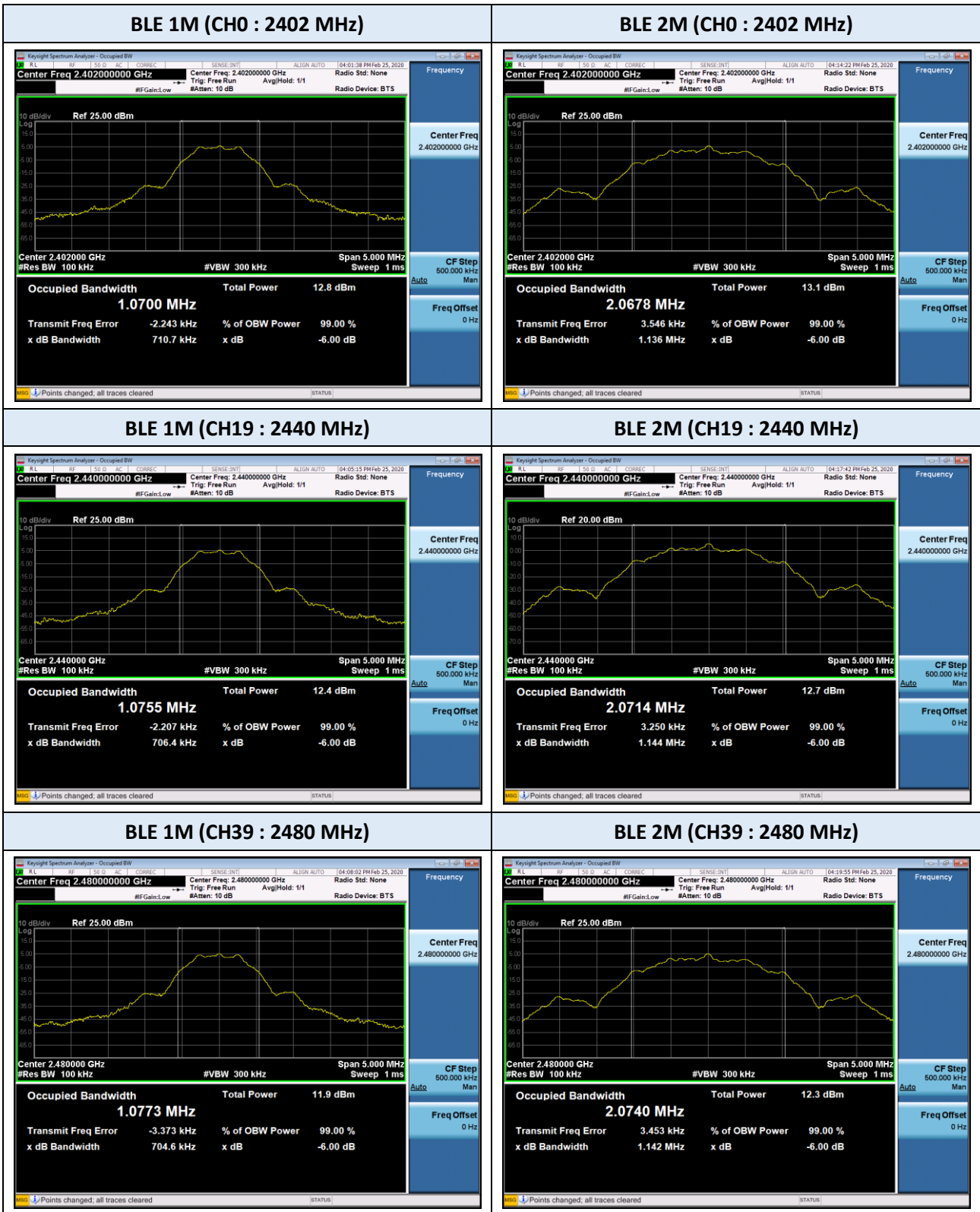
BLE 1M		99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Result	Result	Limit
2402	0	1050.3	710.7	≥ 500
2440	19	1054.5	706.4	
2480	39	1055.1	704.6	

BLE 2M		99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Result	Result	Limit
2402	0	2059.7	1136.1	≥ 500
2440	19	2061.1	1144.4	
2480	39	2064.5	1142.5	

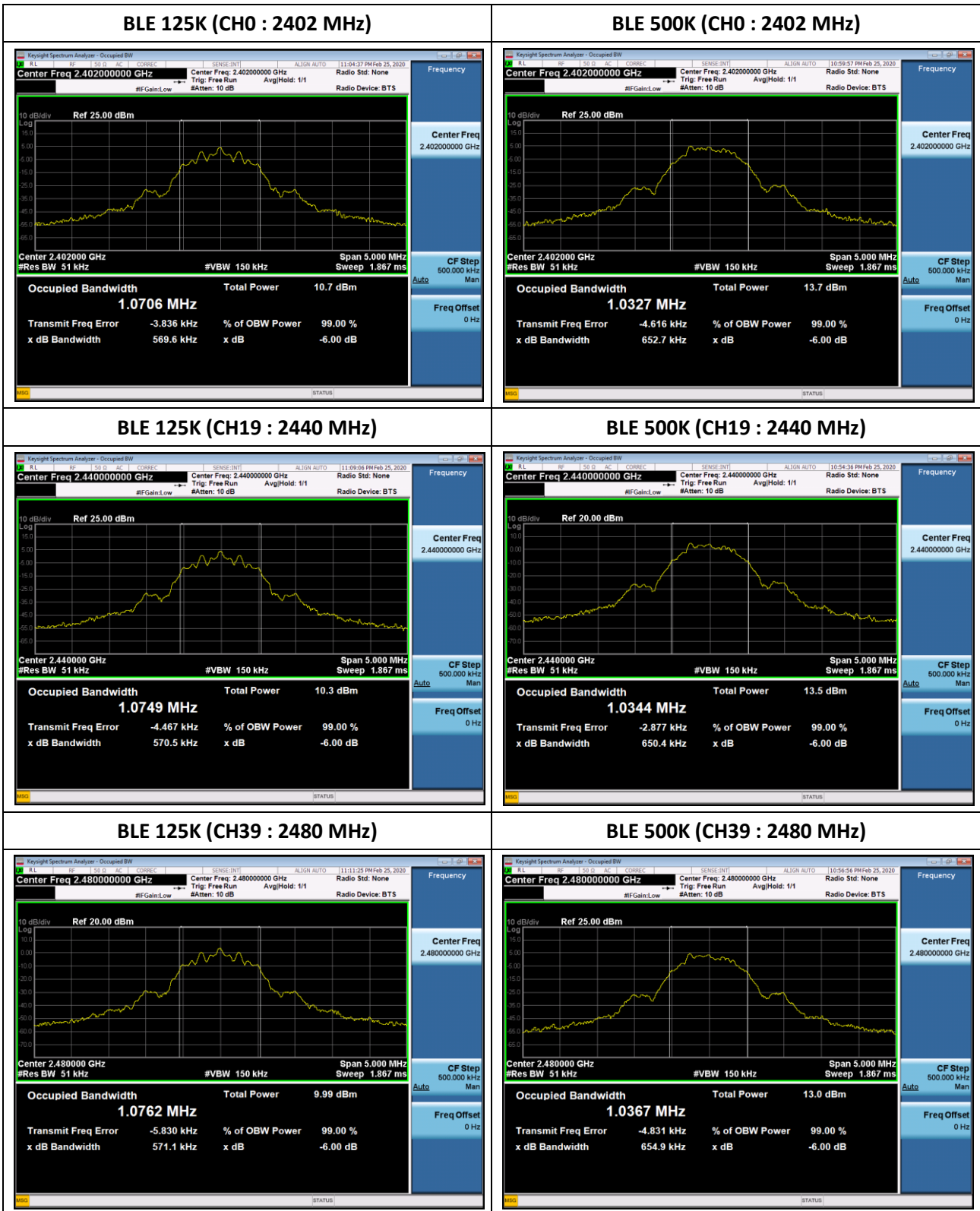
☐ Test Plots (6 dB Bandwidth)



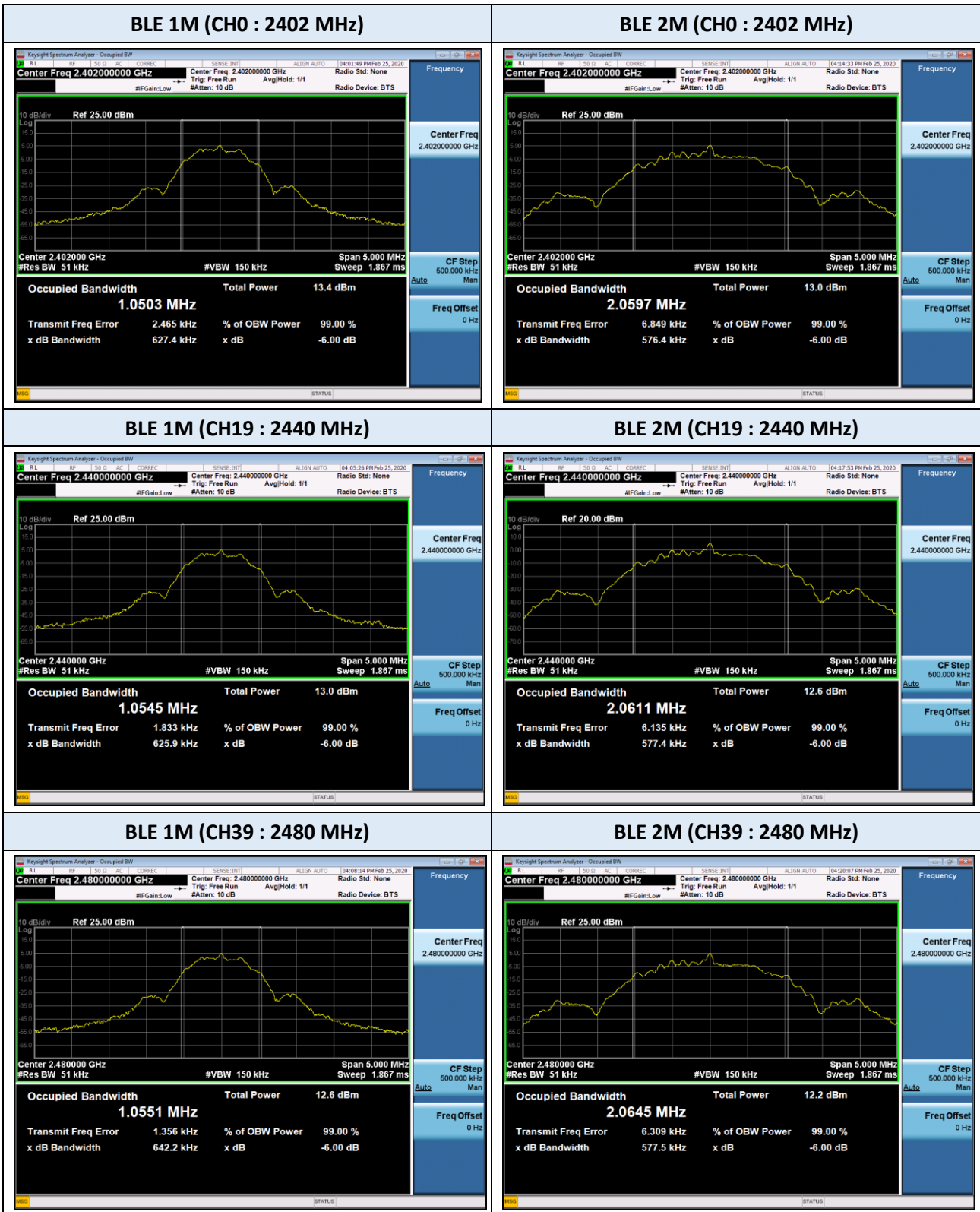
☐ Test Plots (6 dB Bandwidth)



☑ Test Plots (99% Bandwidth)



☐ Test Plots (99% Bandwidth)



9.3 OUTPUT POWER

Peak Power

BLE 125K		Measured Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	6.03	30
2440	19	5.63	30
2480	39	5.24	30

BLE 500K		Measured Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	6.03	30
2440	19	5.60	30
2480	39	5.26	30

BLE 1M		Measured Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	6.05	30
2440	19	5.63	30
2480	39	5.23	30

BLE 2M		Measured Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	6.05	30
2440	19	5.57	30
2480	39	5.22	30

Note :

1. The output power results in plot include the spectrum offset, which is a combination loss of the attenuator and the cable used for testing

Average Power

BLE 125K		Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	5.94	30
2440	19	5.42	30
2480	39	5.09	30

BLE 500K		Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	5.83	30
2440	19	5.50	30
2480	39	5.18	30

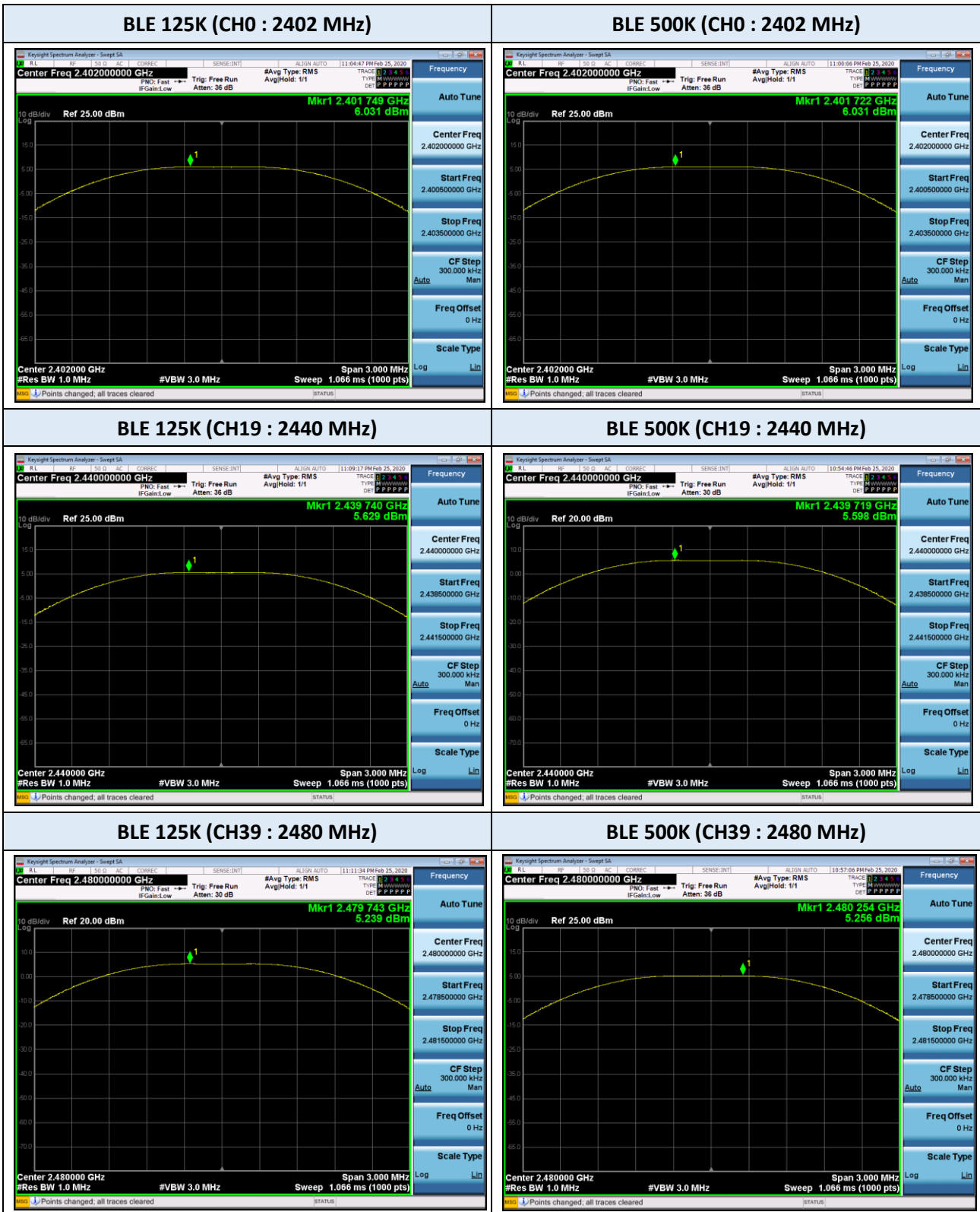
BLE 1M		Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	5.80	30
2440	19	5.47	30
2480	39	5.00	30

BLE 2M		Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Result	
2402	0	5.64	30
2440	19	5.25	30
2480	39	5.24	30

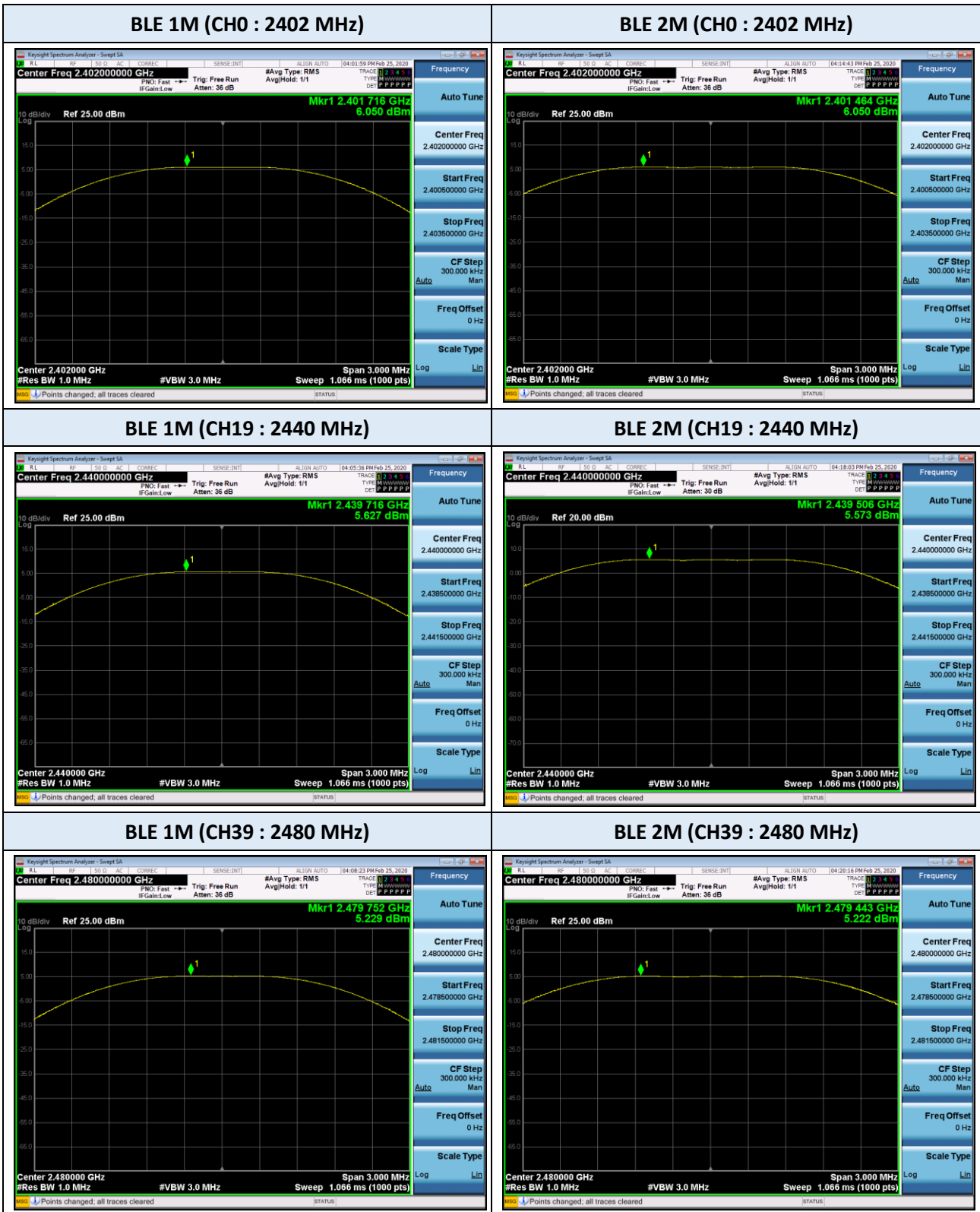
Note :

1. The output power results in plot include the spectrum offset, which is a combination loss of the attenuator and the cable used for testing

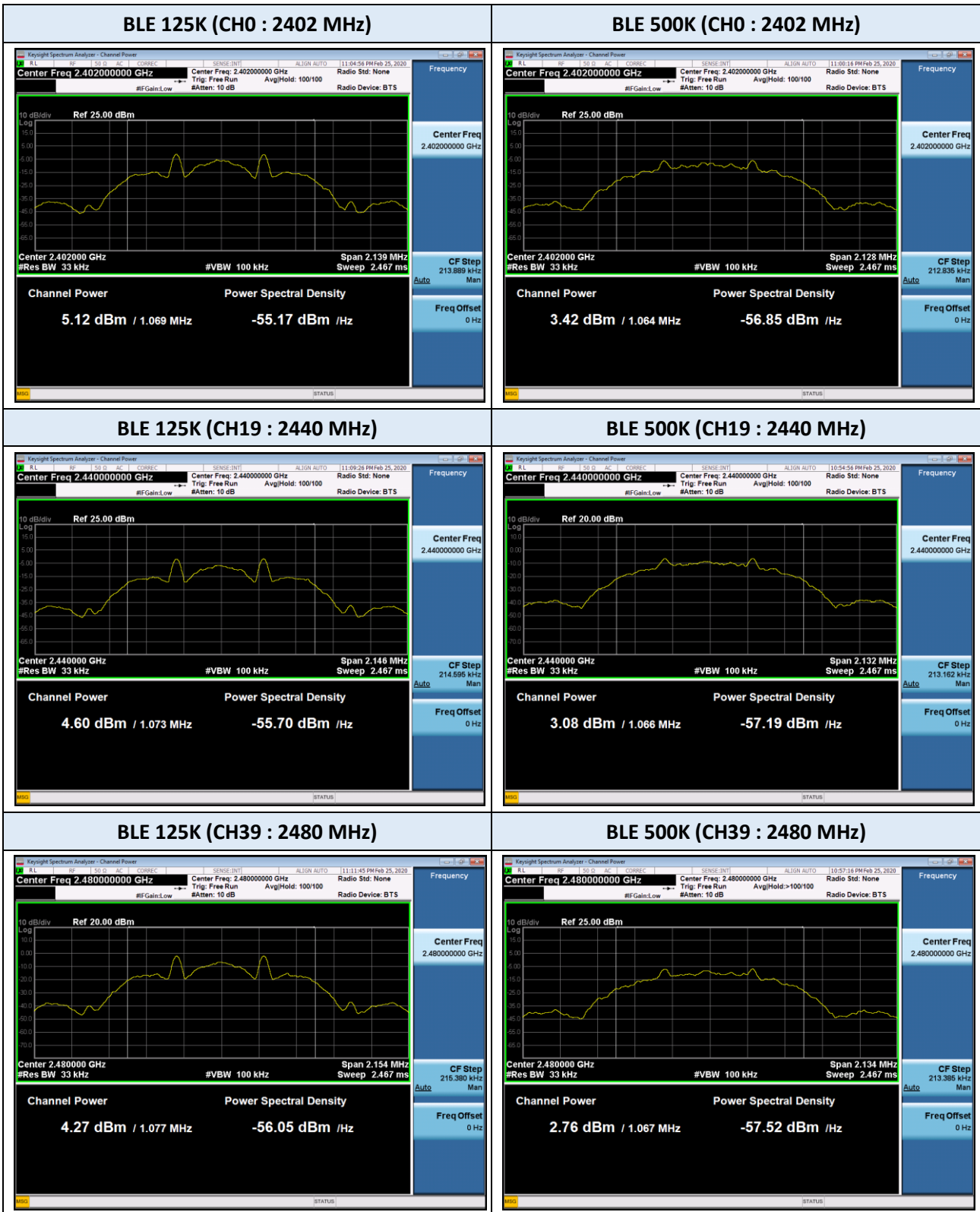
Test Plots (Peak Power)



Test Plots (Peak Power)



☐ Test Plots (Average Power)



☐ Test Plots (Average Power)

