



FCC RF Test Report

APPLICANT : Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
EQUIPMENT : Wireless Access Point
BRAND NAME : aruba
MODEL NAME : APIN0207
FCC ID : Q9DAPIN0207
STANDARD : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
CLASSIFICATION : (DTS) Digital Transmission System

The product was received on Apr. 27, 2016 and testing was completed on Jul. 19, 2016. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 0.5\text{MHz}$	Pass	-
3.1	-	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(b)	Power Output Measurement	$\leq 30\text{dBm}$	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	$\leq 8\text{dBm}/3\text{kHz}$	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges	$\leq 20\text{dBc}$	Pass	-
		Conducted Spurious Emission		Pass	-
3.5	15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 0.10 dB at 2843.640 MHz
3.6	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 13.10 dB at 0.166 MHz
3.7	15.203 & 15.247(b)	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



1 General Description

1.1 Applicant

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304

1.2 Manufacturer

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304

1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Wireless Access Point
Brand Name	aruba
Model Name	APIN0207
FCC ID	Q9DAPIN0207
S/N	DX0000039 (for RF Conducted and Radiation) DX0000061 (for Conduction)
EUT supports Radios application	WLAN 11 a/b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth v4.0 LE
SW Version	6.5.1.0 build 55812
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.



1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification							
Tx/Rx Channel Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n : 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz						
Maximum Output Power to antenna < Non-TXBF Modes>	802.11b : 24.40 dBm (0.2754 W) 802.11g : 27.49 dBm (0.5610 W) 802.11n HT20 : 27.90 dBm (0.6166 W) 802.11n HT40 : 26.76 dBm (0.4742 W)						
Maximum Output Power to antenna <TXBF Modes>	802.11n HT20 : 28.32 dBm (0.6792 W) 802.11n HT40 : 26.75 dBm (0.4732 W)						
99% Occupied Bandwidth < Non-TXBF Modes>	802.11b : 11.90MHz 802.11g : 18.45MHz 802.11n HT20 : 19.15MHz 802.11n HT40 : 36.80MHz						
99% Occupied Bandwidth <TXBF Modes>	802.11n HT20 : 19.05MHz 802.11n HT40 : 36.50MHz						
Antenna Type	<Ant 1> 802.11b/g/n : PIFA Antenna type with gain 2.20 dBi <Ant 2> 802.11b/g/n : PIFA Antenna type with gain 2.20 dBi						
Type of Modulation	802.11b : DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK) 802.11g/n : OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)						
Antenna Function for Transmitter	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Ant. 1</th> <th>Ant. 2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>802.11 b/g/n MIMO</td> <td>V</td> <td>V</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Ant. 1	Ant. 2	802.11 b/g/n MIMO	V	V
	Ant. 1	Ant. 2					
802.11 b/g/n MIMO	V	V					

1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

1.6 Specification of Accessory

Specification of Accessory				
AC Adapter	Brand Name	CUI INC	Model Name	EMSA120300
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 1A, O/P: 12Vdc, 1.5A		
Power over Ethernet (POE) DC Power	Brand Name	PowerDsine	Model Name	PD-3501G/AC
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 0.43A, O/P: 57Vdc, 600mA		



1.7 Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code : 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1022 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.		
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.		
	TH05-HY	CO05-HY	03CH06-HY

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

1.8 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ♦ FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05
- ♦ FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.
- ♦ ANSI C63.10-2013

Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

1.9 Test Condition

Normal Voltage	DC 12V for Adapter DC 57V for POE
Normal Temperature	25°C
Extreme Temperature	0°C and 50°C

Note: The test temperature was between 0°C ~ 50°C by manufacturer requested.



2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conducted emission (150 kHz to 30 MHz) and radiated emission (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). For radiated measurement, pre-scanned in three orthogonal panels, X, Y, Z. The worst cases (Y plane) were recorded in this report.

Based on the worst configuration found above, the RF power setting is set individually to meet FCC compliance limit for the final conducted and radiated tests shown in section 2.2.

2.1 Carrier Frequency and Channel

Frequency Band	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
2400-2483.5 MHz	1	2412	7	2442
	2	2417	8	2447
	3	2422	9	2452
	4	2427	10	2457
	5	2432	11	2462
	6	2437		



2.2 Test Mode

Final test mode of conducted test items and radiated spurious emissions are considering the modulation and worse data rates as below table.

< Non-TXBF Modes>

Modulation	Data Rate
802.11b	1 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS8
802.11n HT40	MCS8

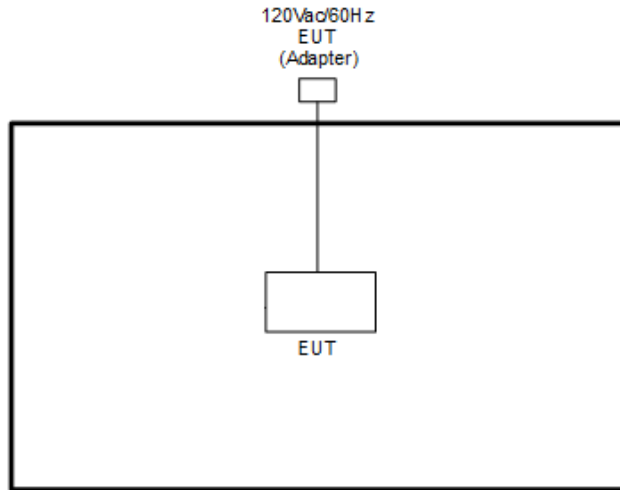
<TXBF Modes>

Modulation	Data Rate
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0

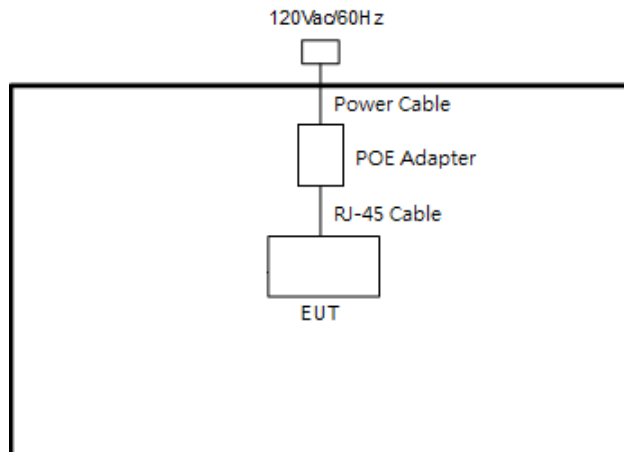
Test Cases	
AC Conducted Emission	Mode 1 :Bluetooth Link + LAN Link + WLAN (2.4GHz) Link + Adapter Mode 2 Bluetooth Link + LAN Link + WLAN (2.4GHz) Link + POE Adapter
Remark: The worst case of conducted emission is mode 1; only the test data of it was reported.	

2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

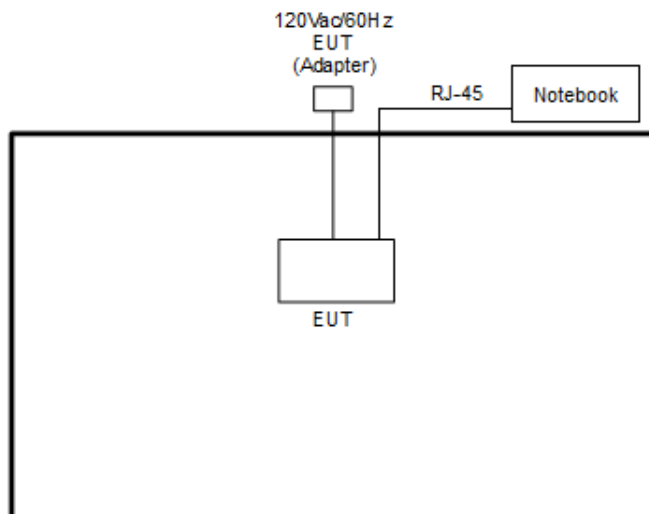
<WLAN Tx Non-TXBF Mode with AC Adapter>



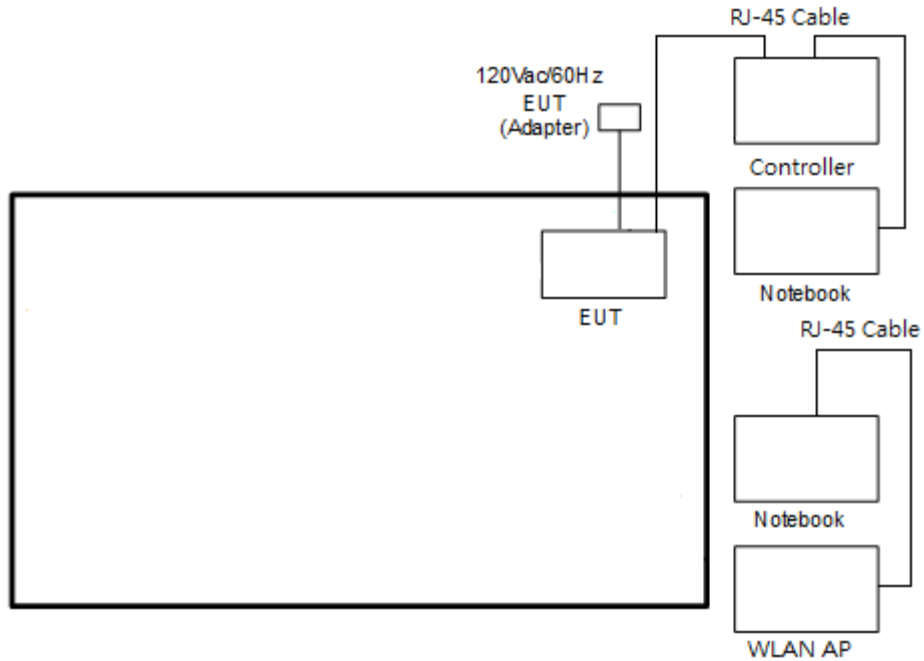
<WLAN Tx Non-TXBF Mode with PoE Adapter>



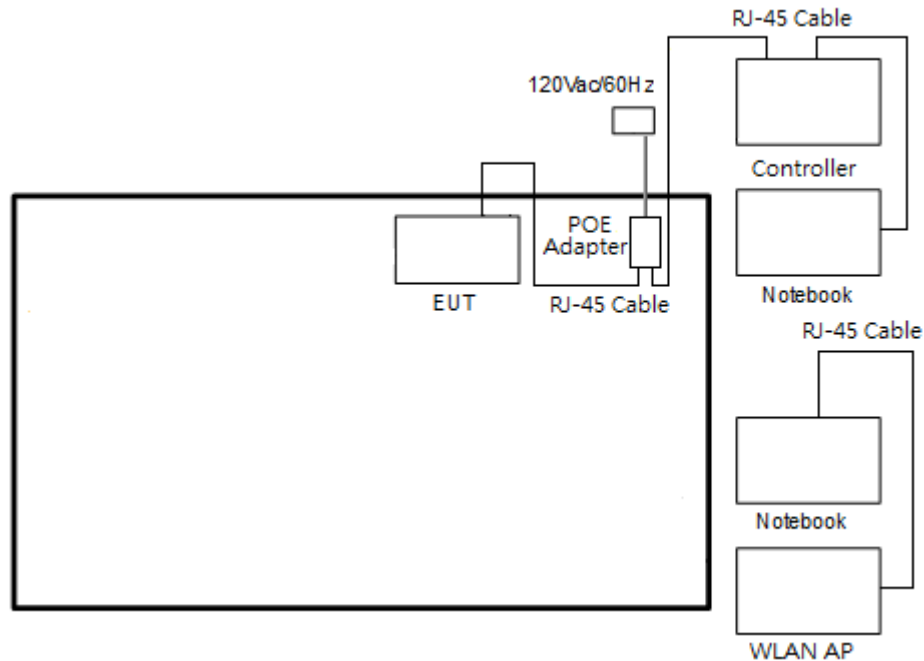
<WLAN Tx TXBF Mode>



<AC Conducted Emission with AC Adapter Mode>



<AC Conducted Emission with PoE Adapter Mode>





2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook	DELL	P20G	FCC DoC/ Contains FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1051	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
2.	Notebook	DELL	Latitude E6320	FCC DoC/ Contains FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1054	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
3.	Notebook	Lenovo	80Q7	PPD-QCNFA435	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
4.	PoE	Microsemi	PD-3501G	FCC DoC	N/A	Unshielded, 1.2 m
5.	Controller	ARUBA	ARCN7030	Verification	N/A	Unshielded, 1.2 m
6.	WLAN AP	ARUBA	RFQ-207	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.6 m

2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Non-TXBF modes programmed RF utility “MTool(Version: 2.0.3.2)”, installed in the notebook make the EUT provide functions like channel selection and power level for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.

For WLAN MIMO TXBF modes, the EUT was tested under normal operation and link to another EUT with power, modulation modes and data rates controlled by engineer mode command lines. The iperf software tool was used to make EUT continuous transmitting signals.

2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).

= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 (dB)

3 Test Result

3.1 6dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

3.1.1 Limit of 6dB and 99% Bandwidth

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 DTS D01 Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. Set the Video bandwidth (VBW) = 300 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.
5. For 99% Bandwidth Measurement, the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1MHz and set the Video bandwidth (VBW) = 3MHz.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.1.4 Test Setup

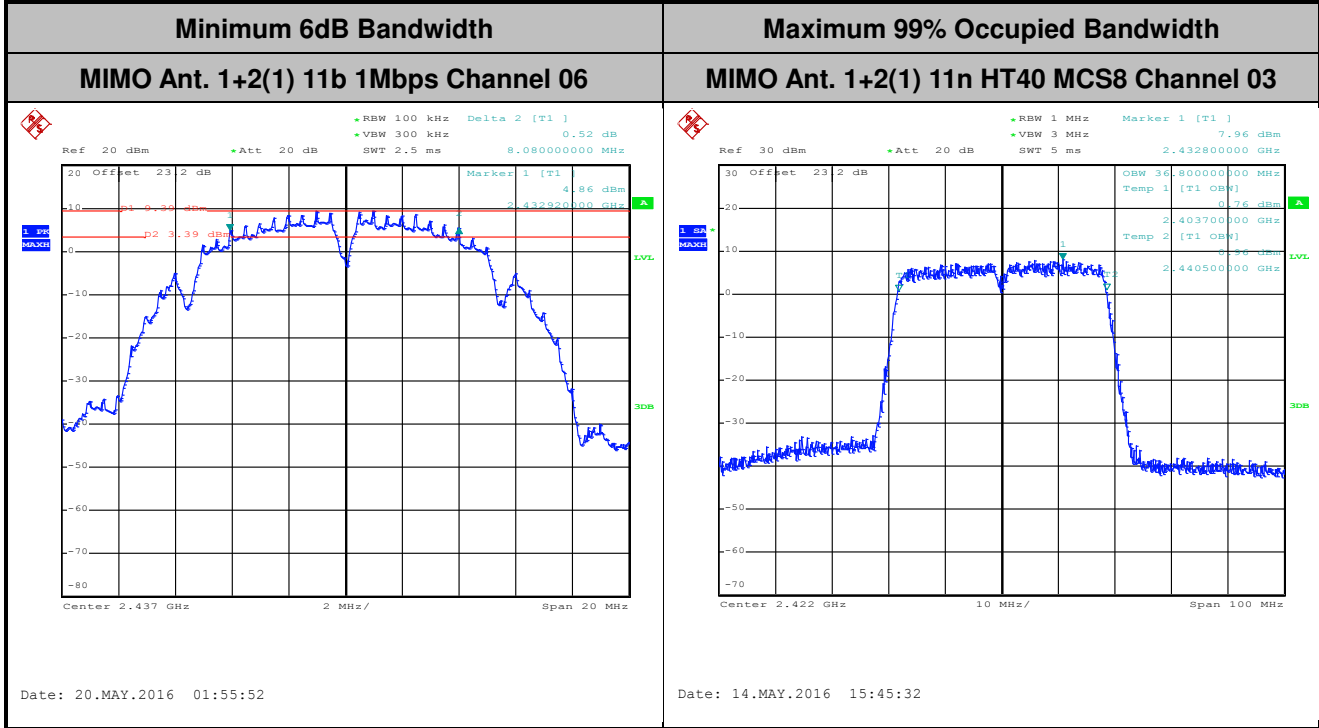




3.1.5 Test Result of 6dB and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A of this report.

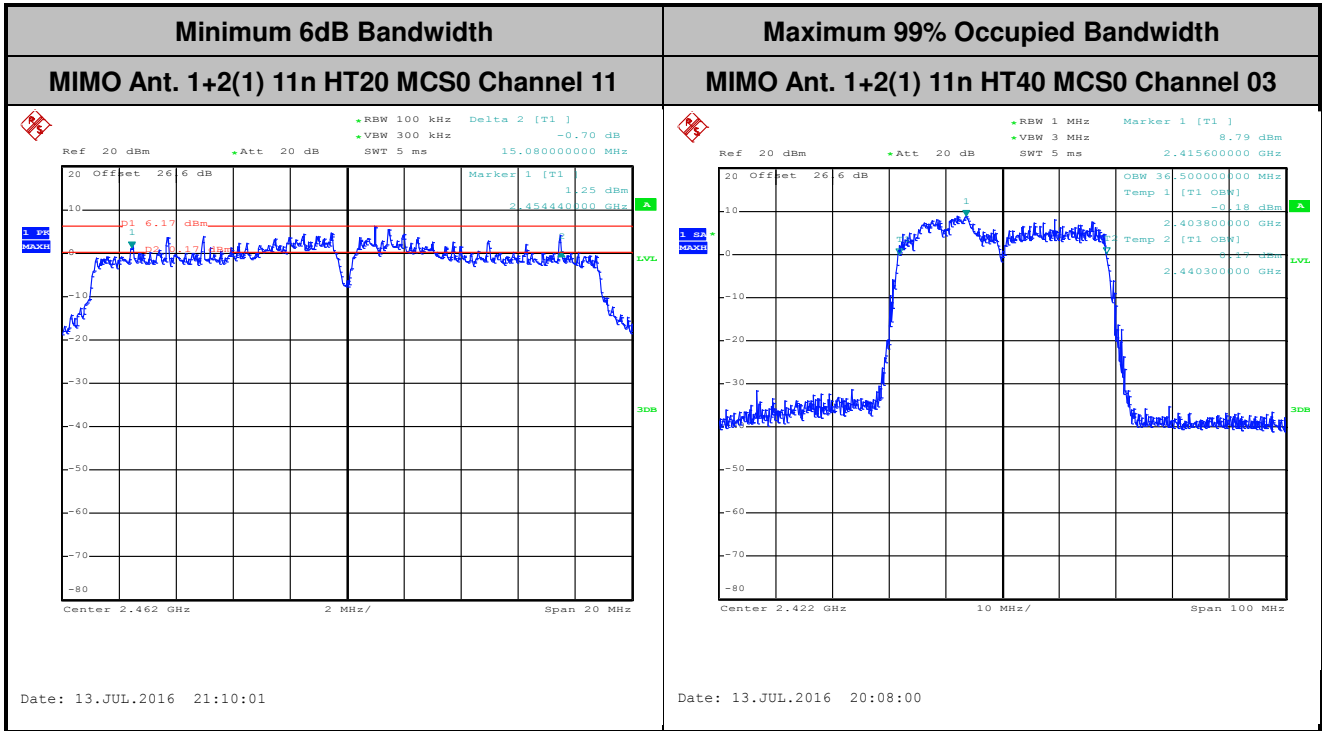
< Non-TXBF Modes >



Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.



<TXBF Modes>



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

3.2 Peak Output Power Measurement

3.2.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5MHz, the limit for peak output power is 30dBm. If transmitting antenna with directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the above stated value by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. In case of point-to-point operation, the limit has to be reduced by 1dB for every 3dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

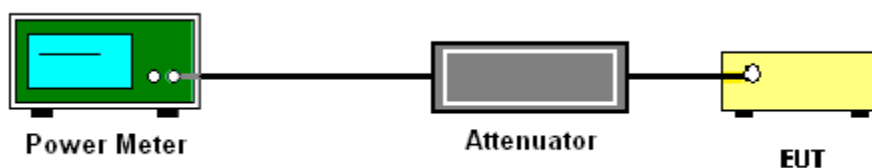
3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the Measurement Procedure of FCC KDB No. 558074 DTS D01 Meas. Guidance v03r05 section 9.1.2 PKPM1 Peak power meter method.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power and record the results in the test report.
5. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

3.2.4 Test Setup



3.2.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Please refer to Appendix A of this test report.

3.2.6 Test Result of Average output Power (Reporting Only)

Please refer to Appendix A of this test report.



3.3 Power Spectral Density Measurement

3.3.1 Limit of Power Spectral Density

The peak power spectral density shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz band at any time interval of continuous transmission.

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows Measurement Procedure 10.2 Method PKPSD of FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. For non-TXBF mode, make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 3 kHz. Video bandwidth VBW = 10 kHz In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span to 1.5 times DTS Channel Bandwidth. (6dB BW)
5. For TXBF mode, make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 10 kHz. Video bandwidth VBW = 30 kHz In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span to 1.5 times DTS Channel Bandwidth. (6dB BW)
6. Detector = peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold, Allow trace to fully stabilize. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.
7. Measure and record the results in the test report.
8. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

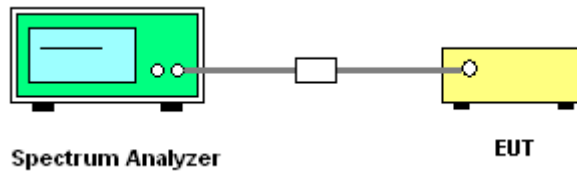
If measurements performed using method (2) plus $10 \log(N)$ exceeds the emission limit, the test should choose method (1) before declaring that the device fails the emission limit.

Method (1): Measure and sum the spectra across the outputs.

The total final Power Spectral Density is from a device with 2 transmitter outputs. The spectrum measurements of the individual outputs are all performed with the same span and number of points, the spectrum value in the first spectral bin of output 1 is summed with that in the first spectral bin of output 2 to obtain the value for the first frequency bin of the summed spectrum.

Method (2): Measure and add $10 \log(N)$ dB, where N is the number of outputs. (N=2)

3.3.4 Test Setup

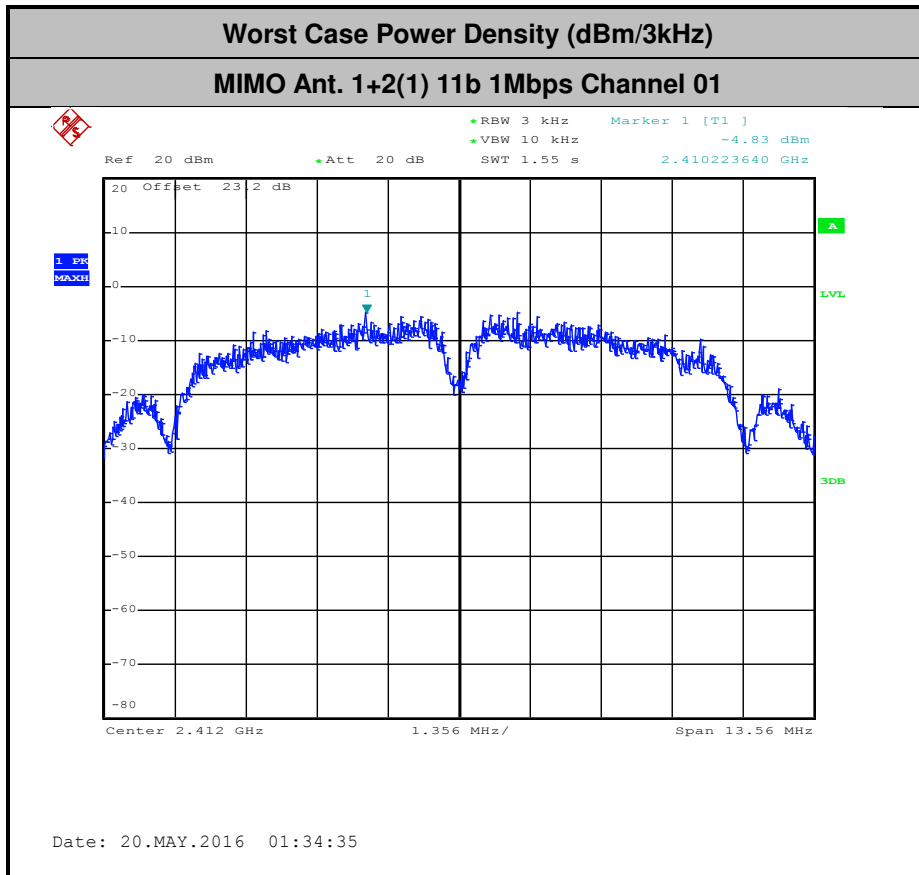


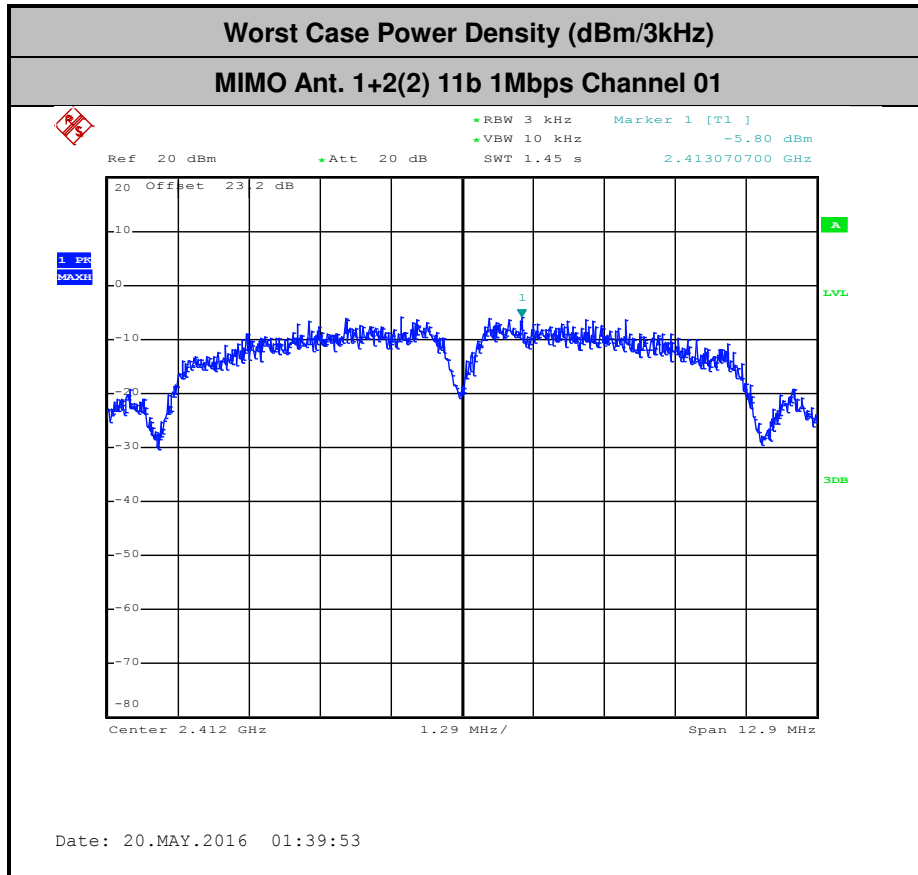
3.3.5 Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Please refer to Appendix A of this report.



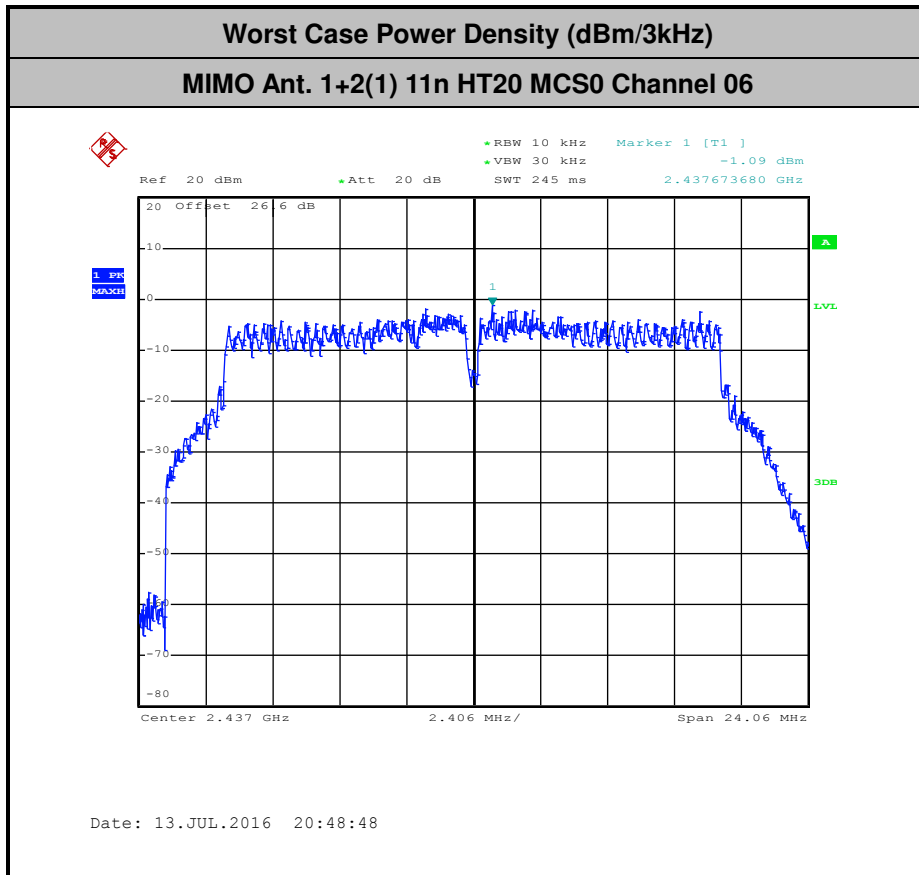
< Non-TXBF Modes >

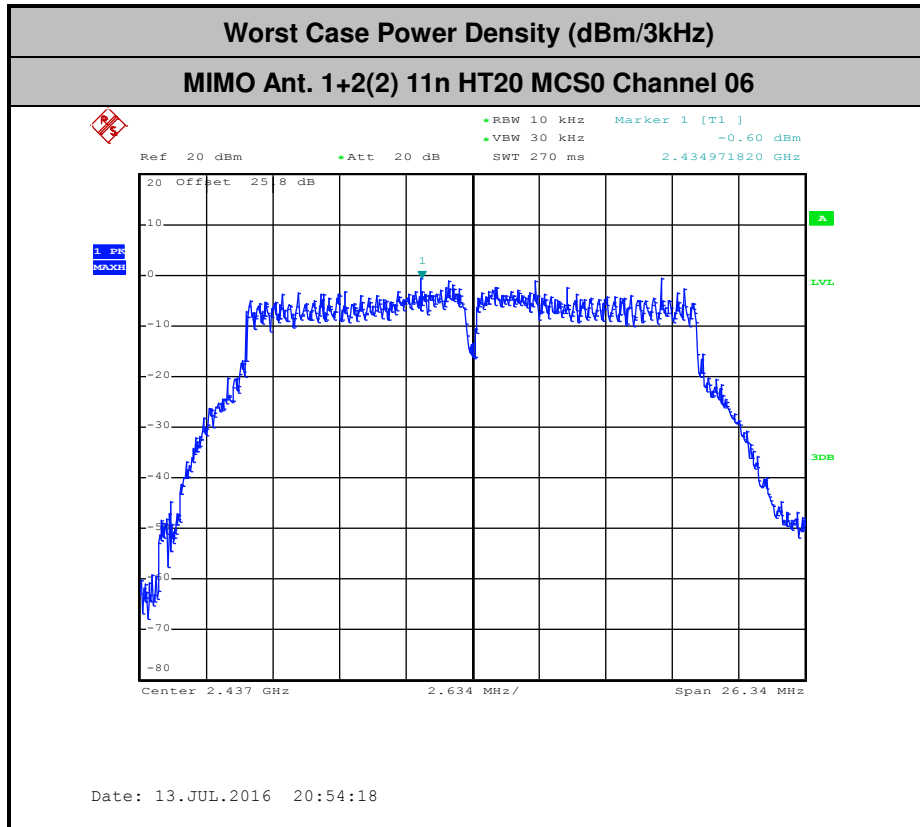






<TXBF Modes>





3.4 Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.4.1 Limit of Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the emissions which fall in the non-restricted bands shall be attenuated at least 20 dB / 30dB relative to the maximum PSD level in 100 kHz by RF conducted measurement and radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a).

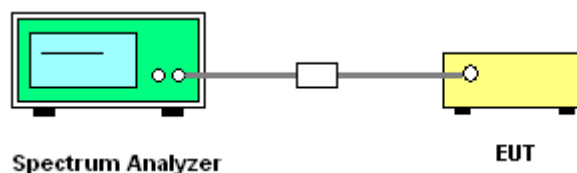
3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Peak Detector. Unwanted Emissions measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz when maximum peak conducted output power procedure is used. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB per 15.247(d).
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

3.4.4 Test Setup



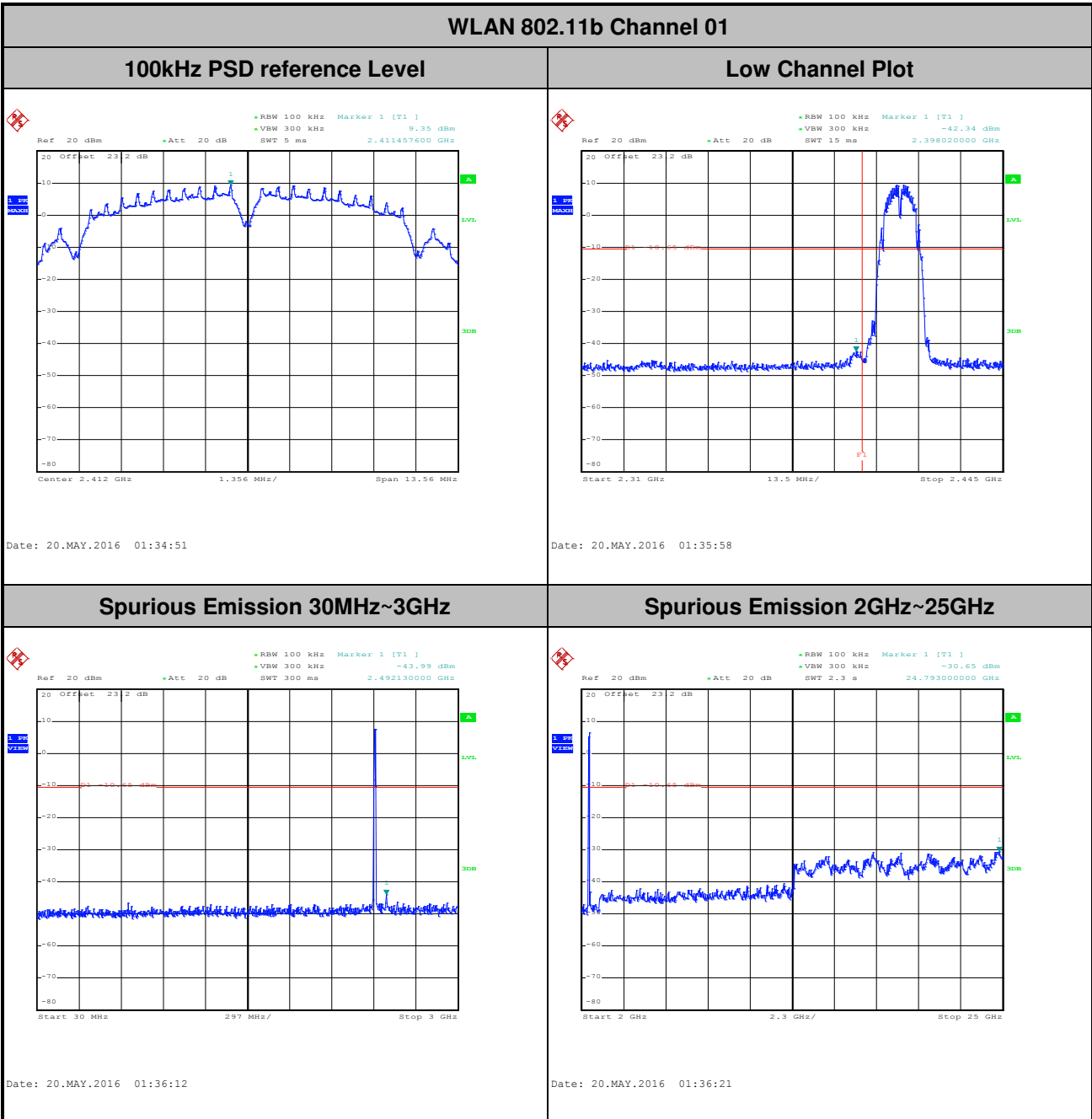


3.4.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission

< Non-TXBF Modes >

Number of TX = 2, Ant. 1 (Measured)

Number of TX	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo



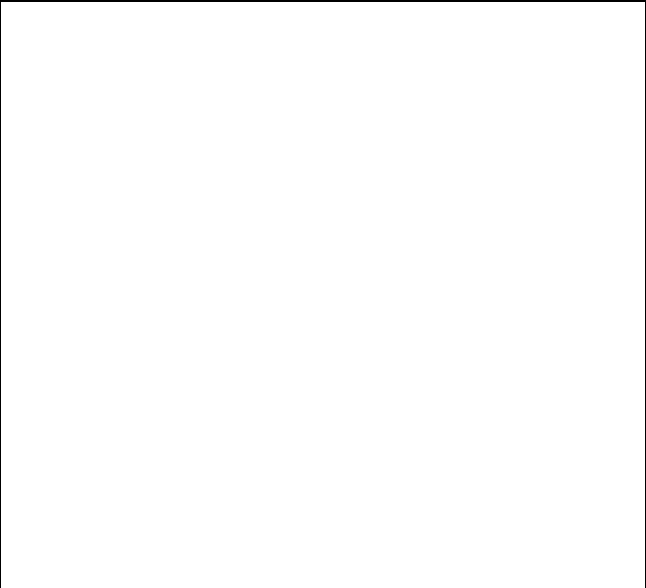
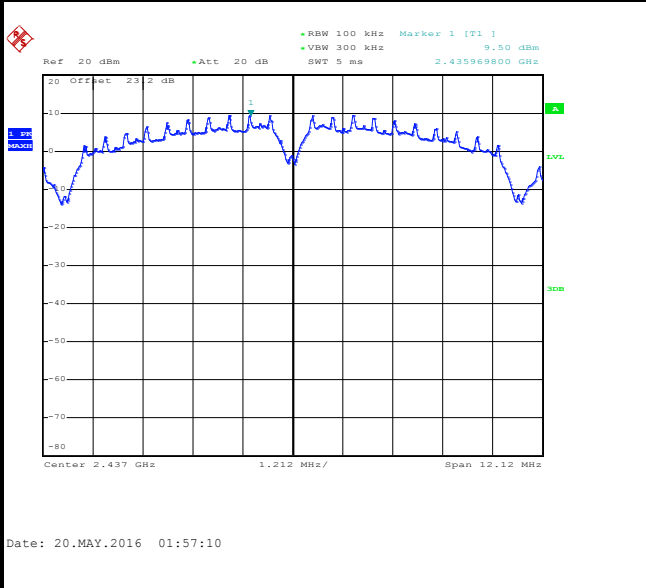


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11b Channel 06

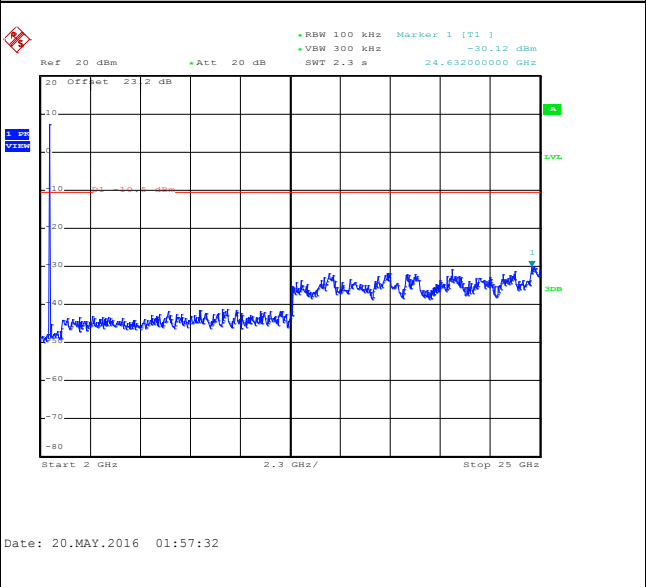
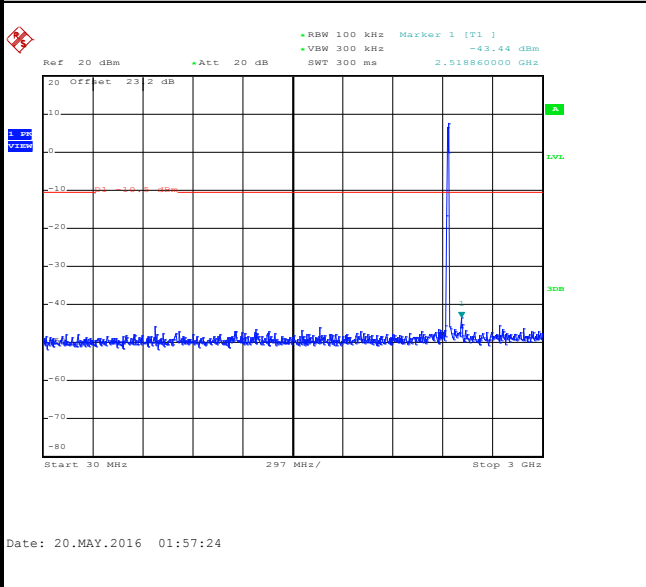
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

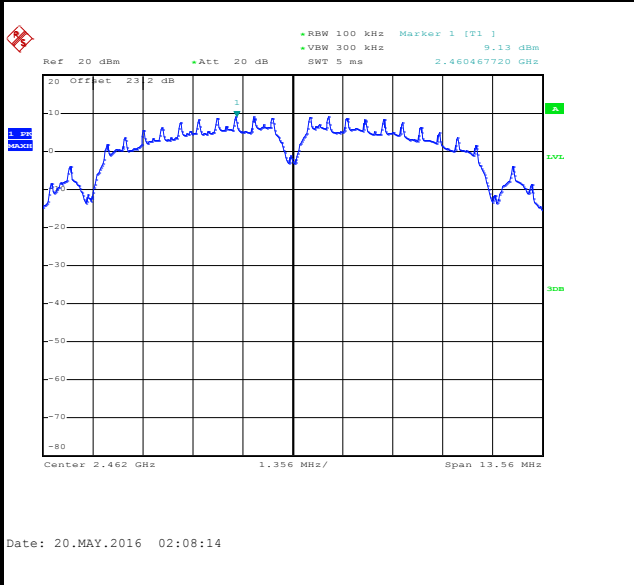




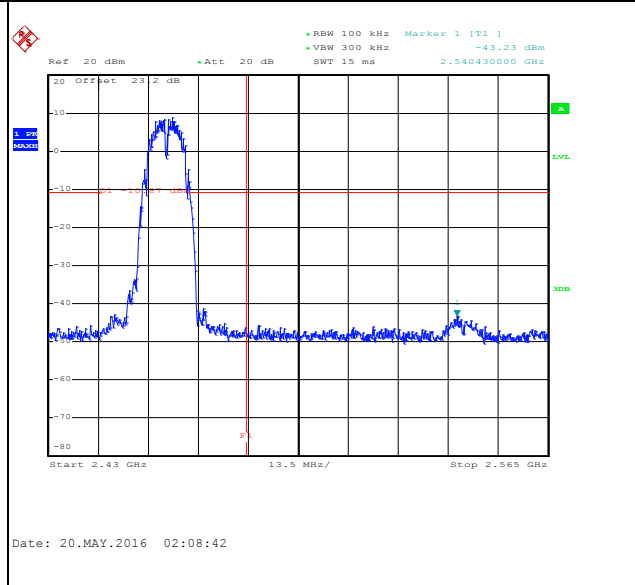
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11b Channel 11

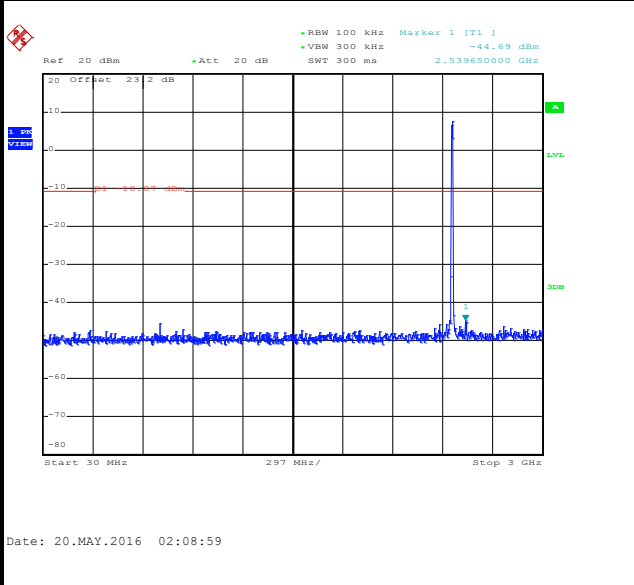
100kHz PSD reference Level



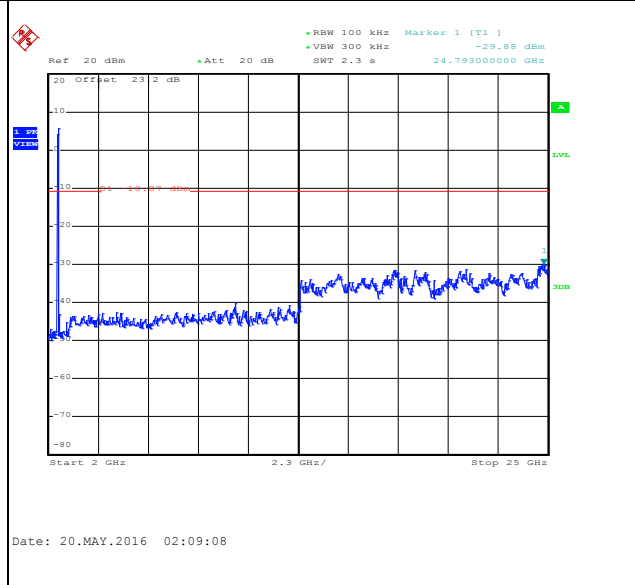
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

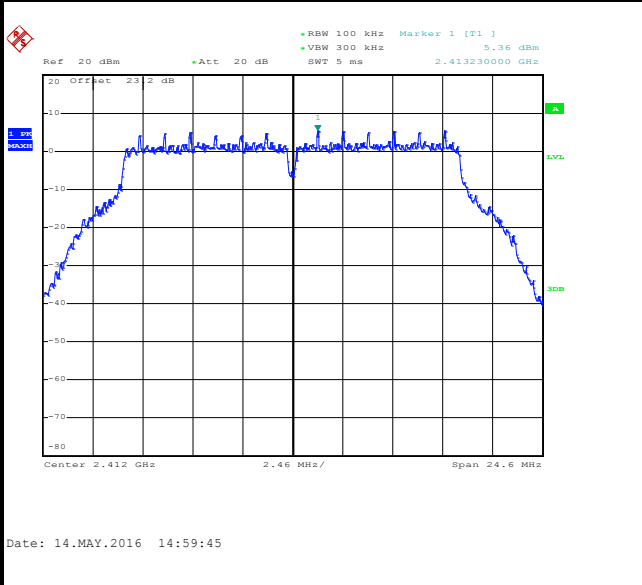




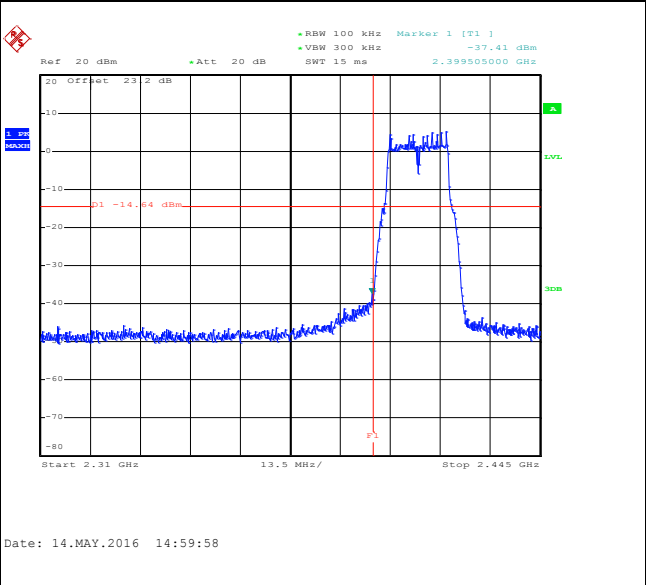
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11g Channel 01

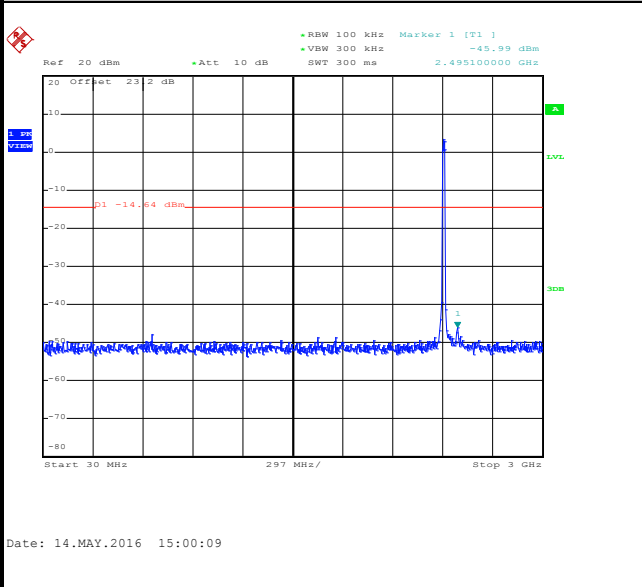
100kHz PSD reference Level



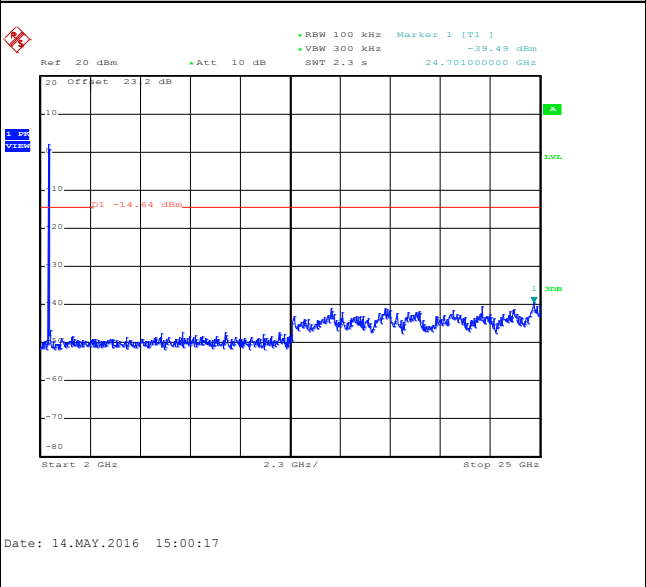
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



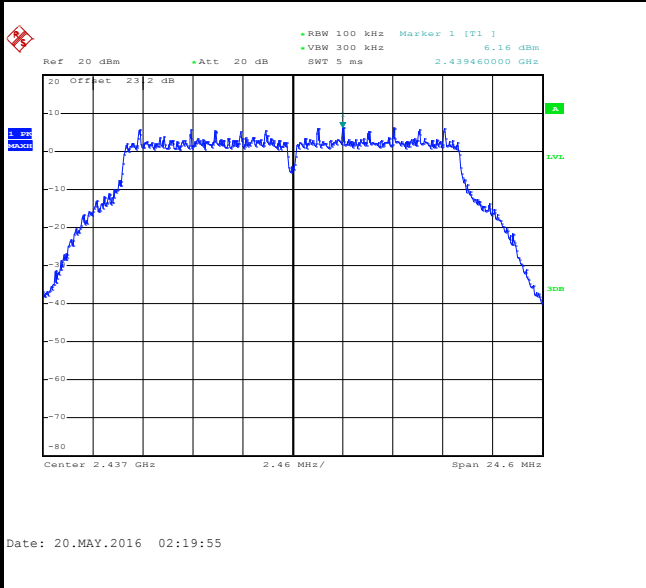


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11g Channel 06

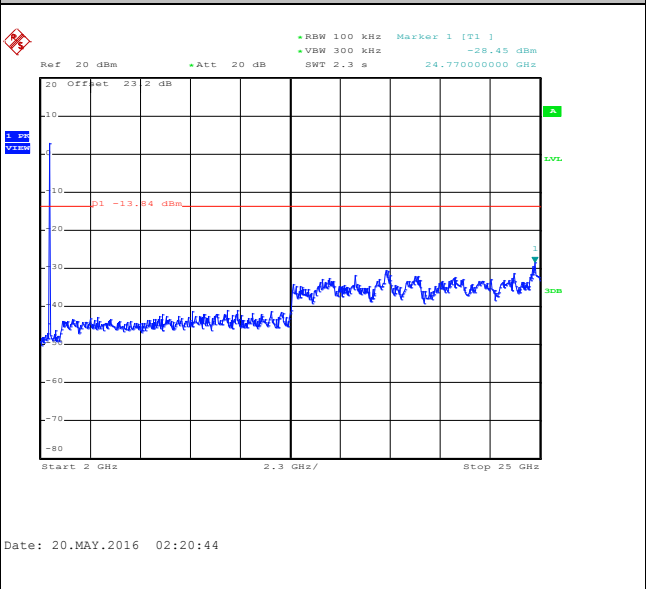
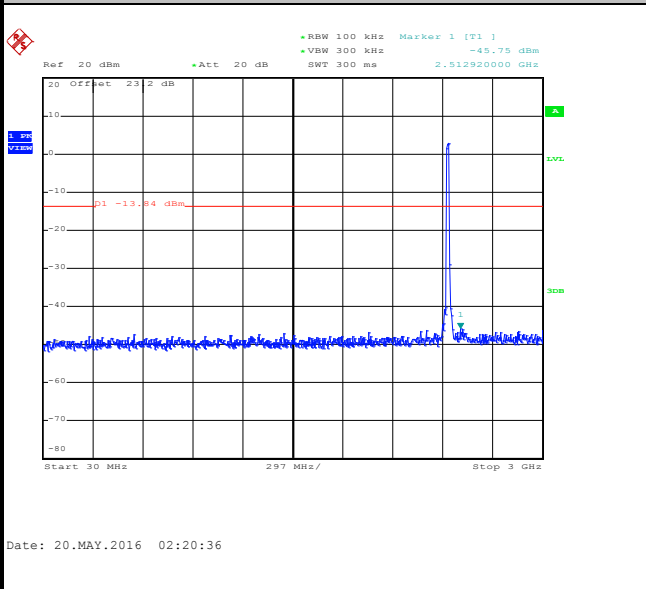
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

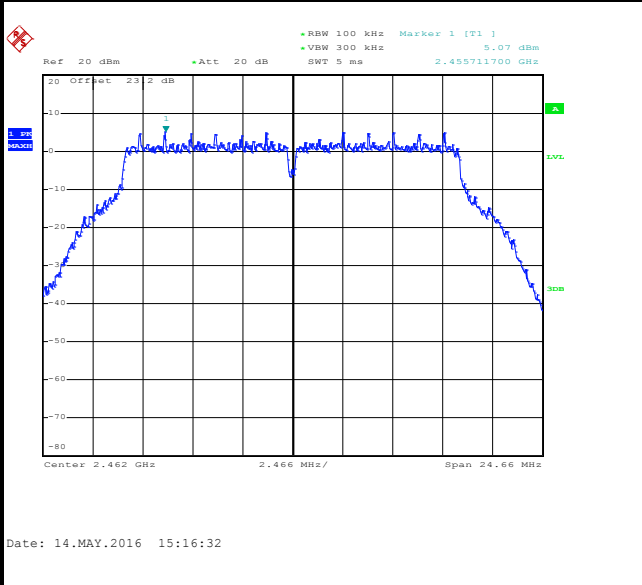




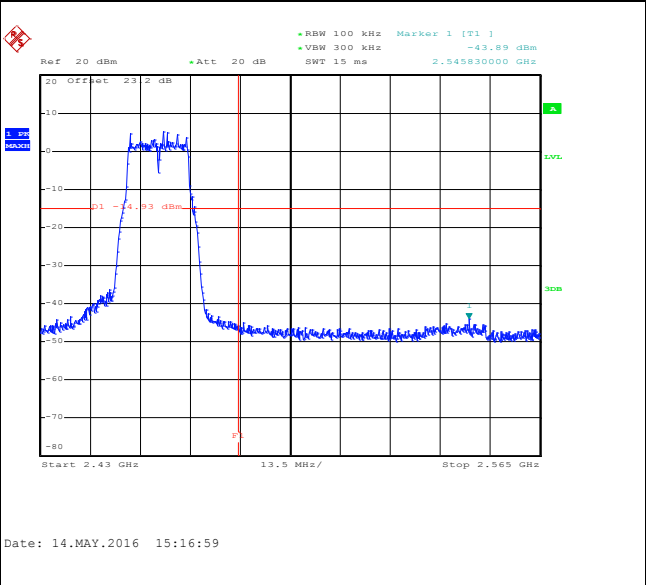
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11g Channel 11

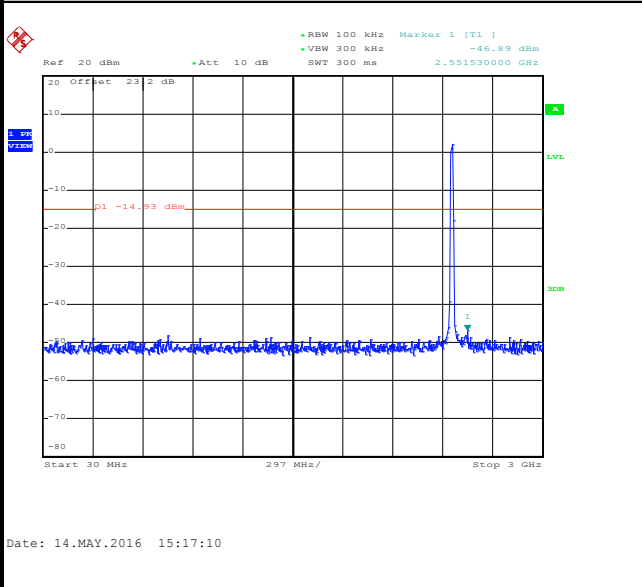
100kHz PSD reference Level



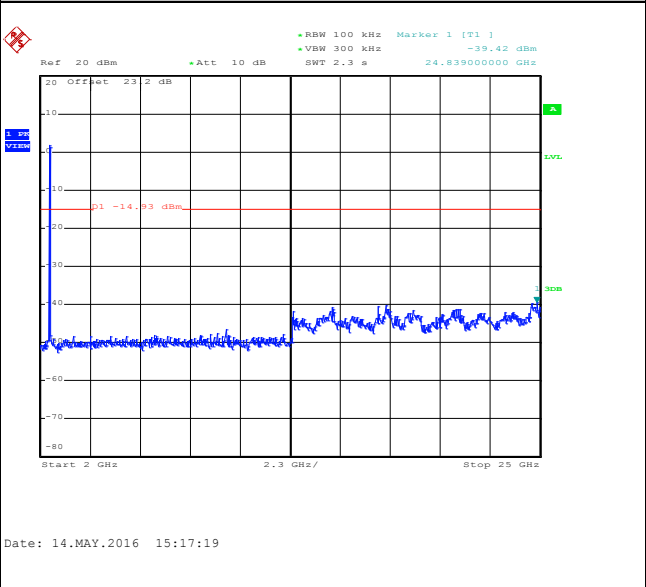
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

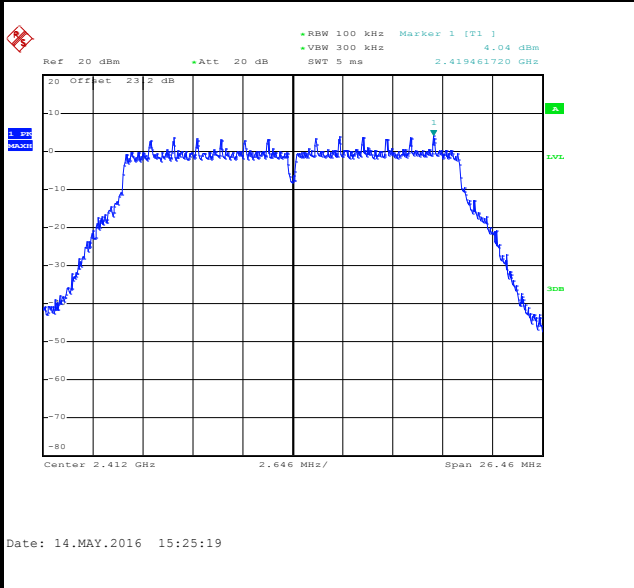




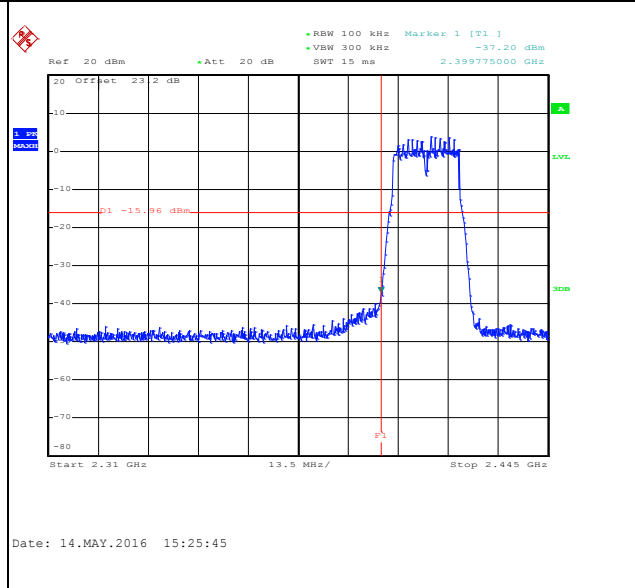
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 01

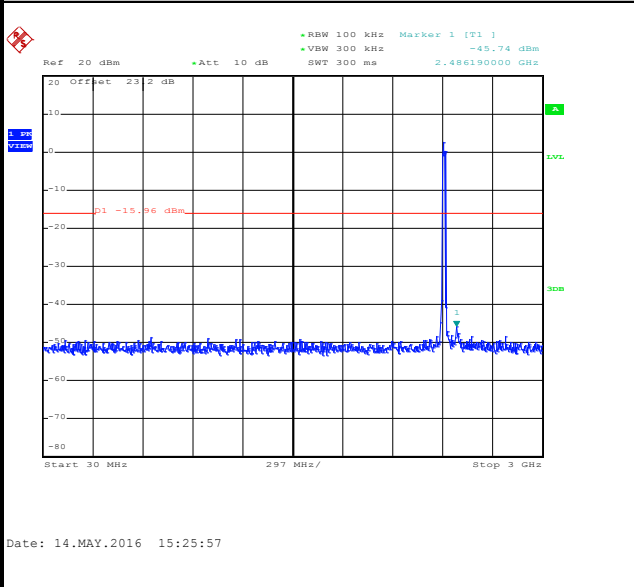
100kHz PSD reference Level



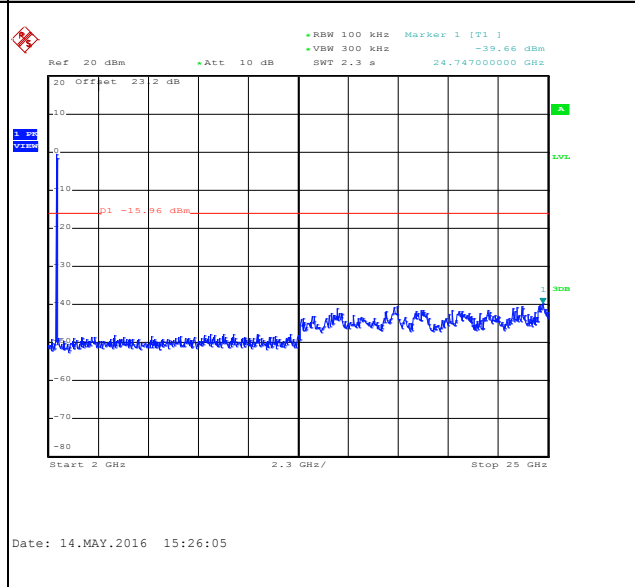
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



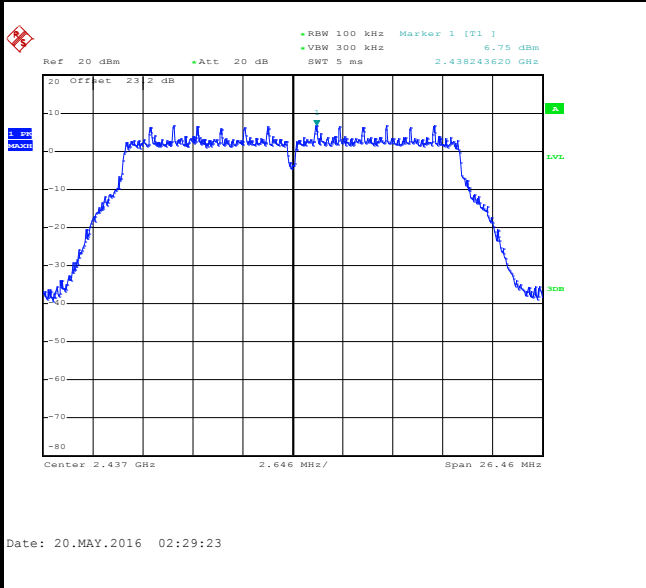


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 06

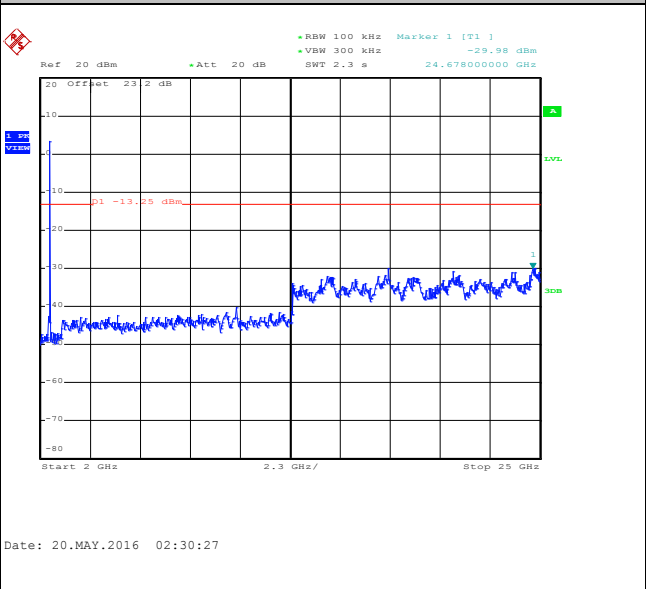
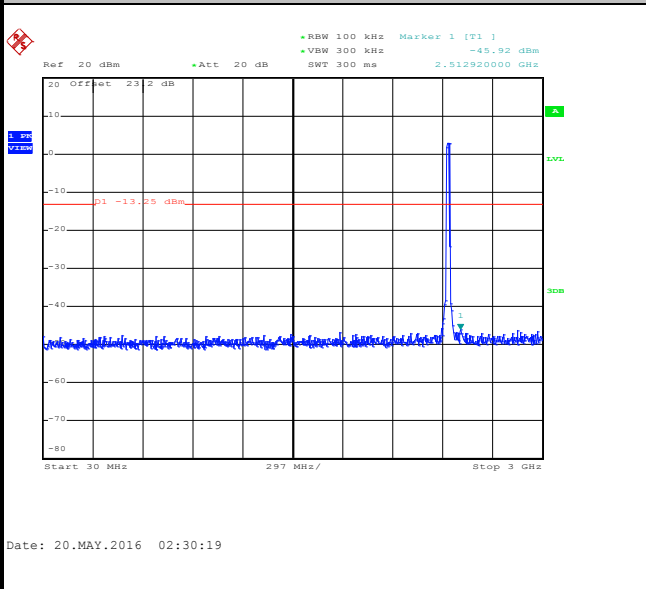
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

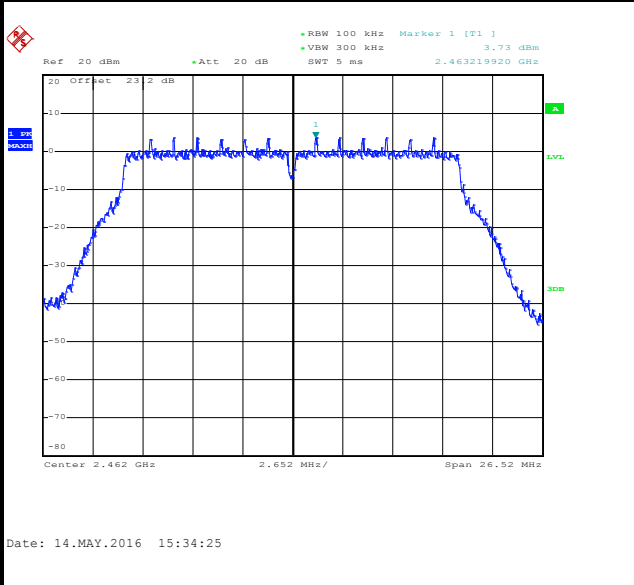




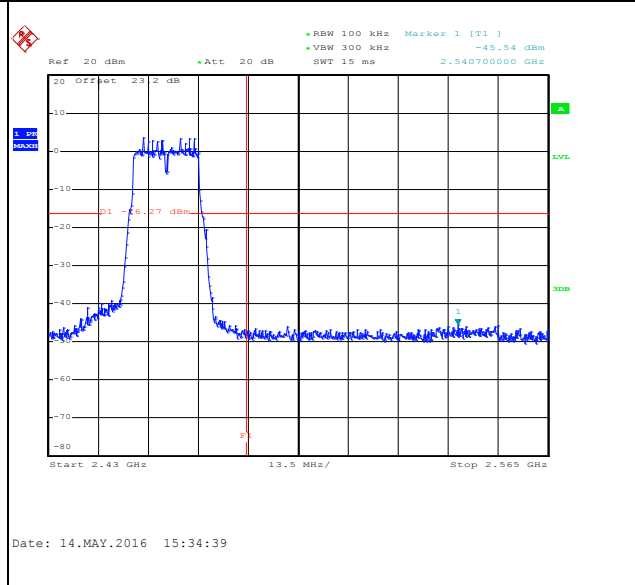
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 11

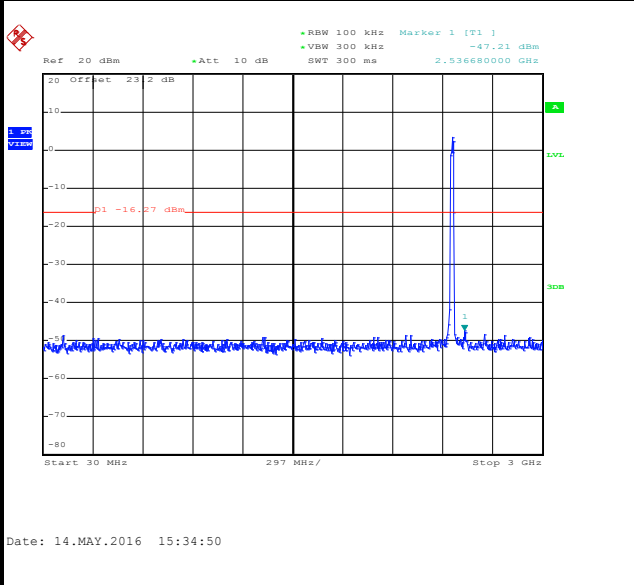
100kHz PSD reference Level



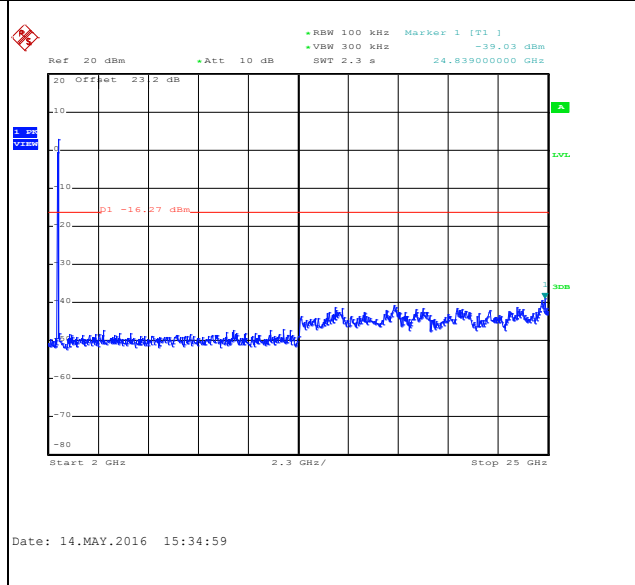
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

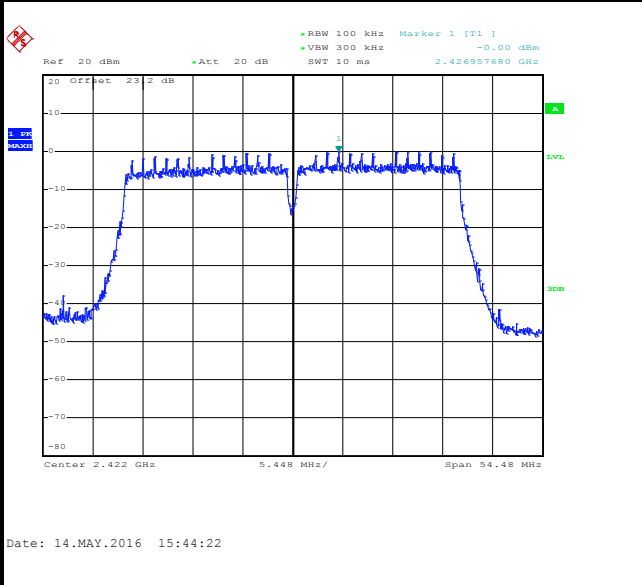




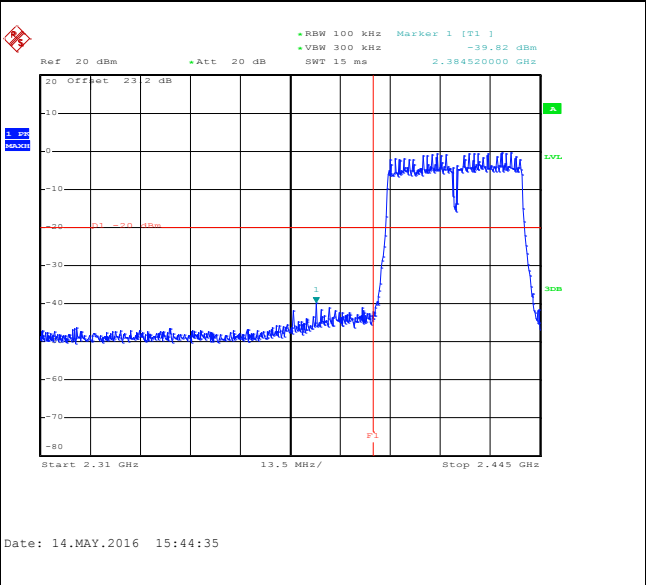
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	03	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 03

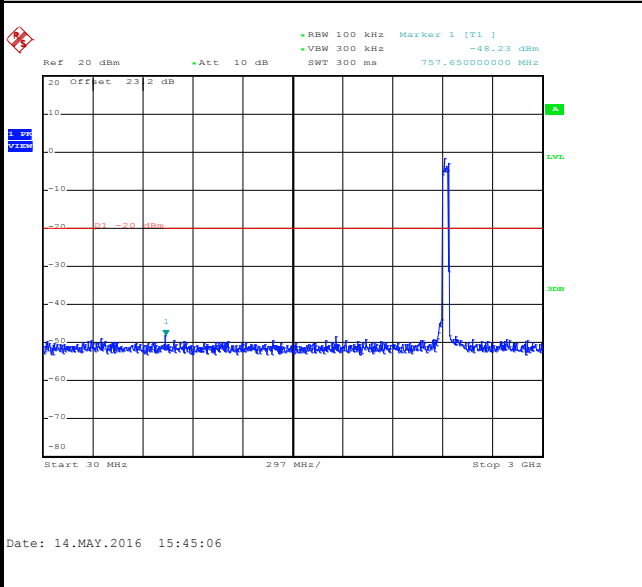
100kHz PSD reference Level



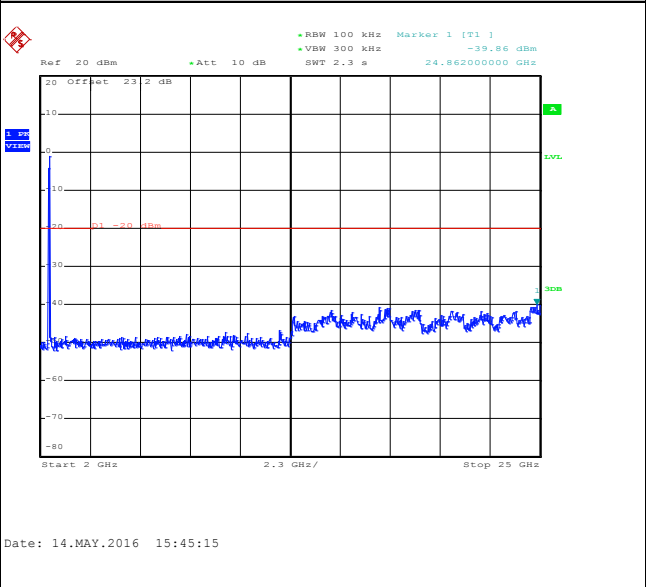
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



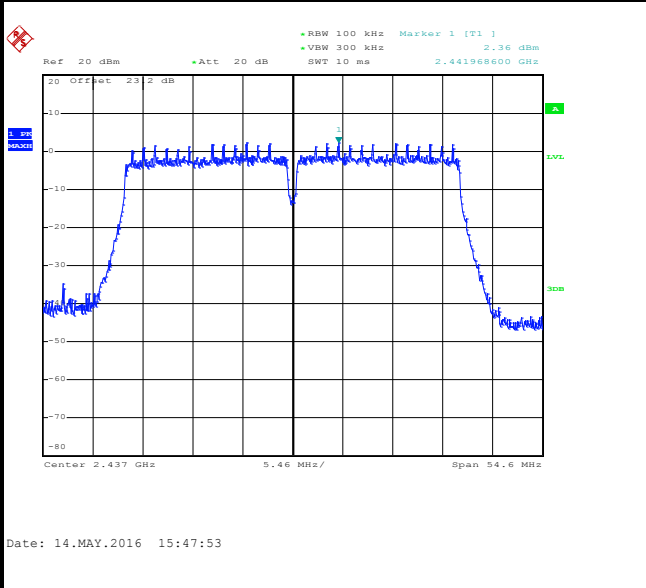


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 06

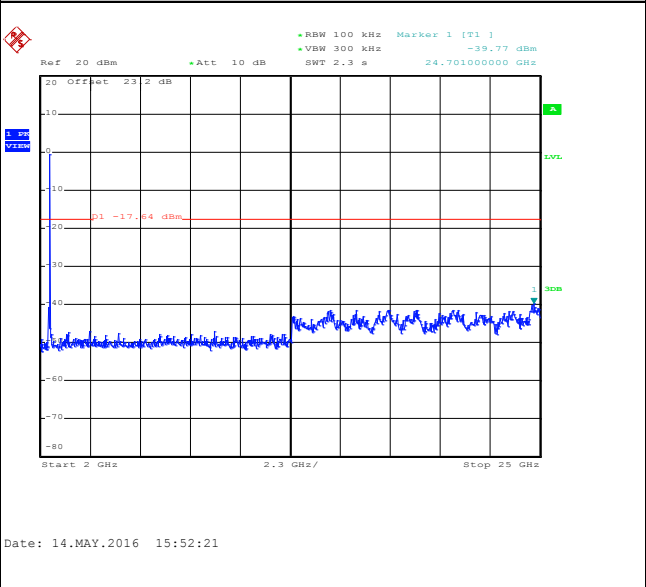
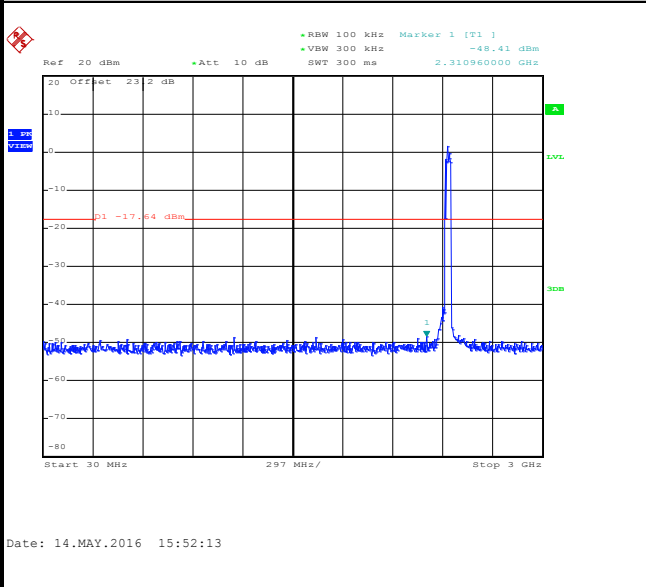
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

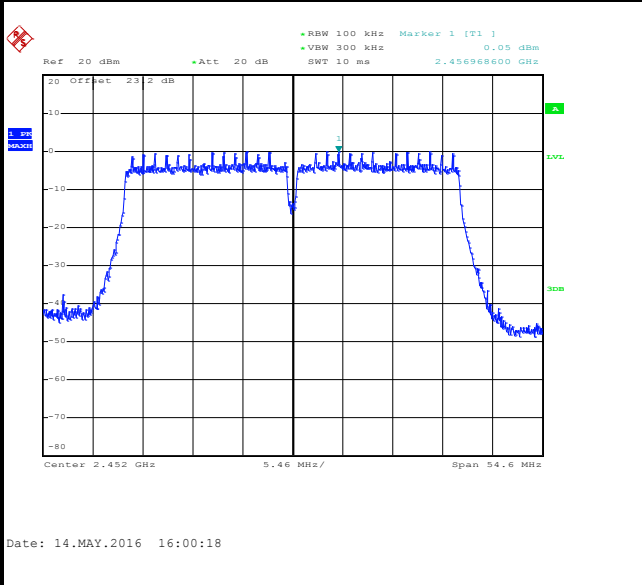




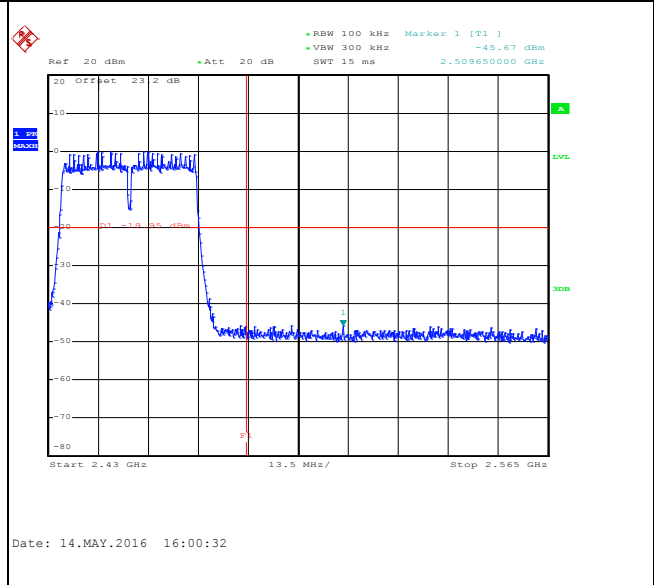
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	09	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 09

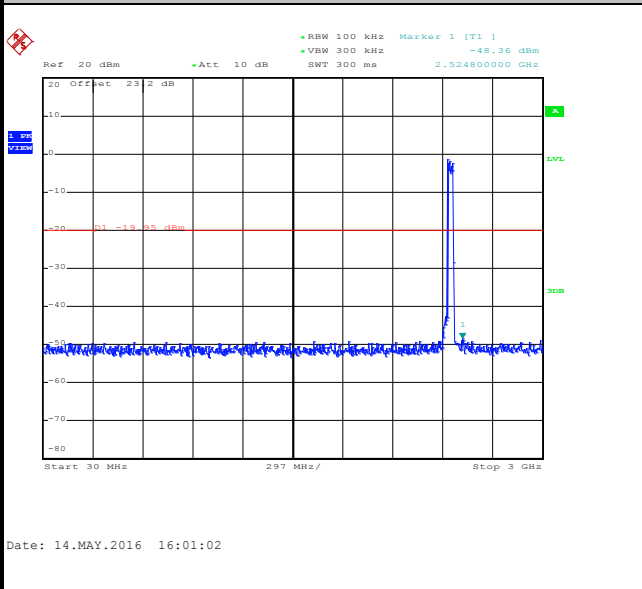
100kHz PSD reference Level



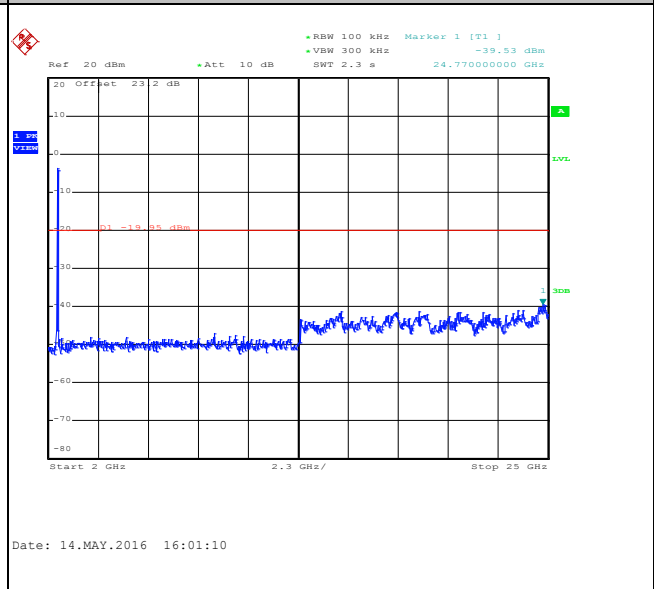
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



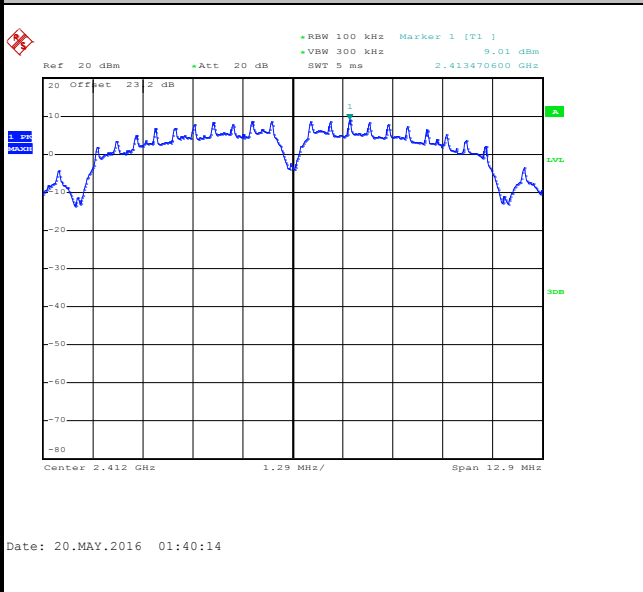


Number of TX = 2, Ant. 2 (Measured)

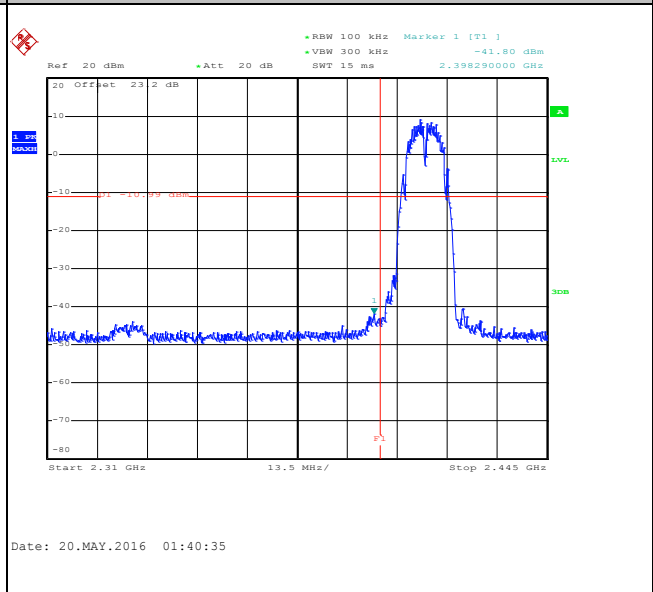
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11b Channel 01

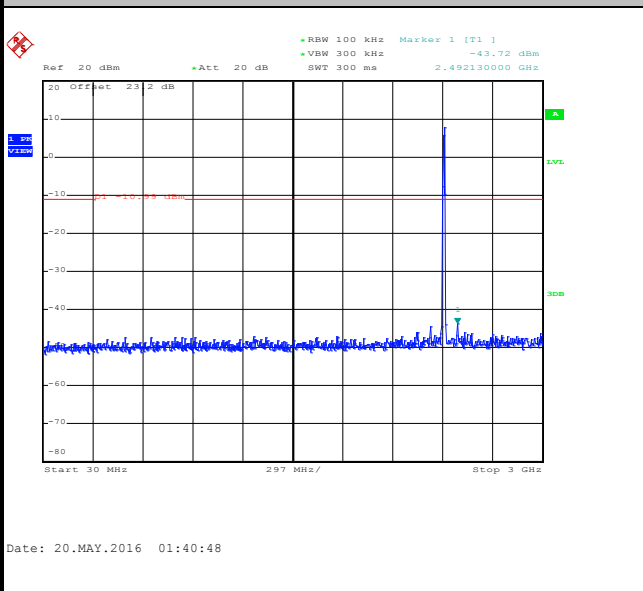
100kHz PSD reference Level



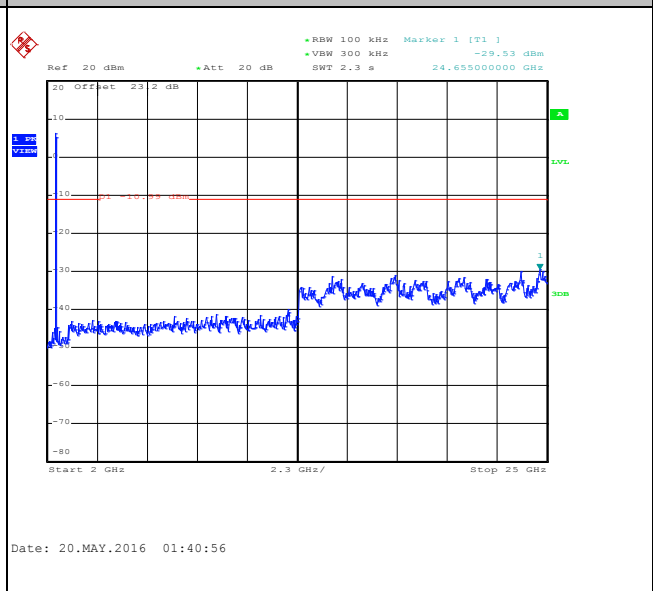
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



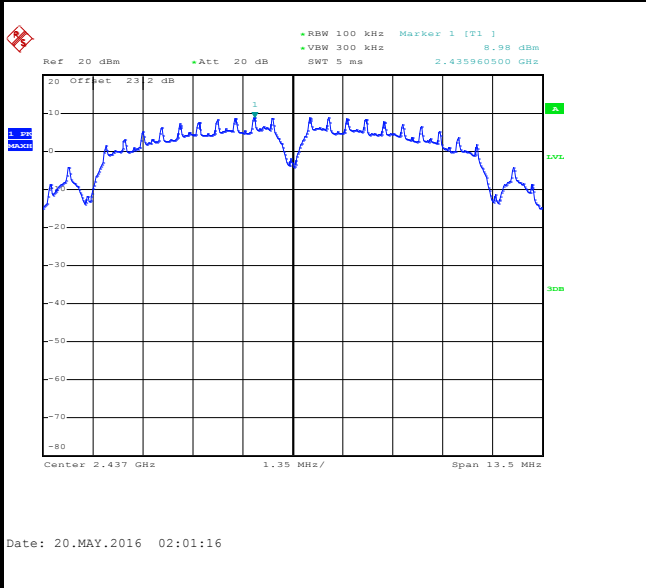


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11b Channel 06

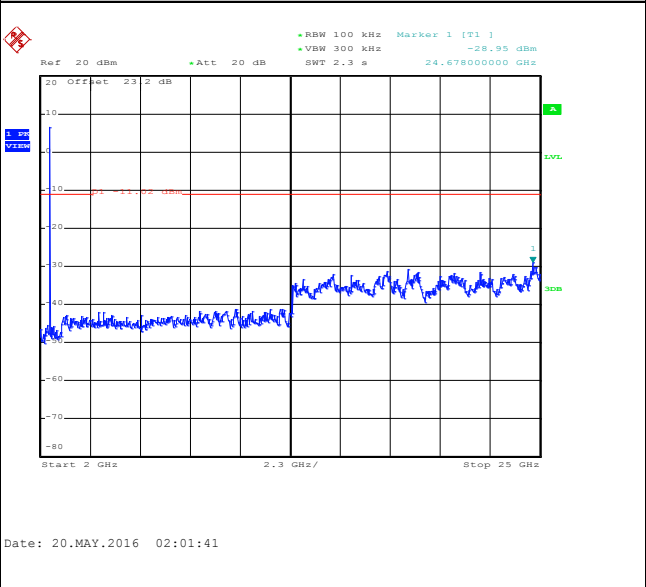
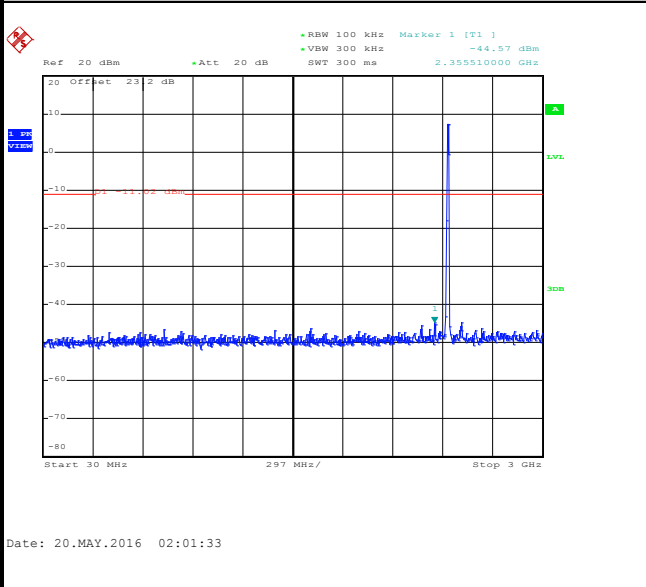
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

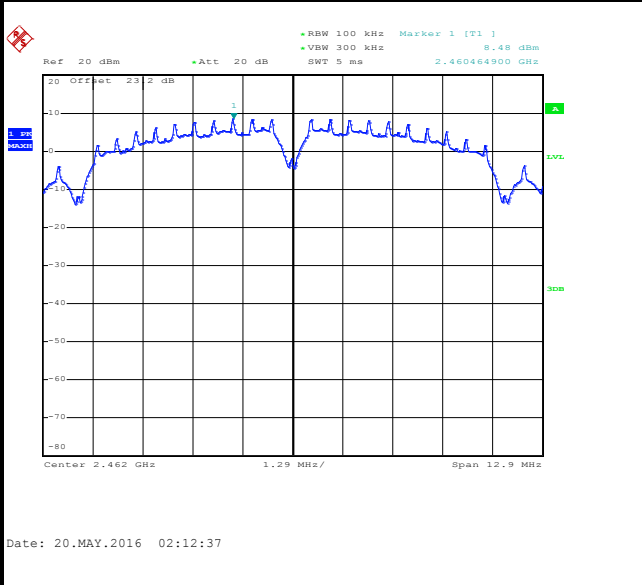




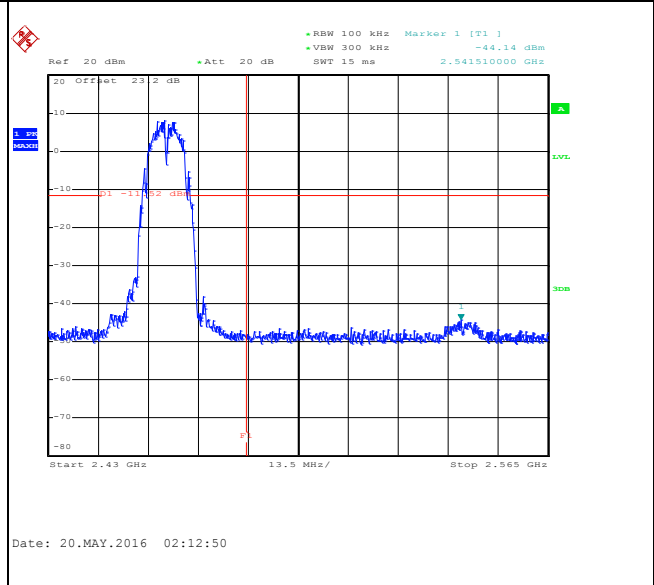
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11b Channel 11

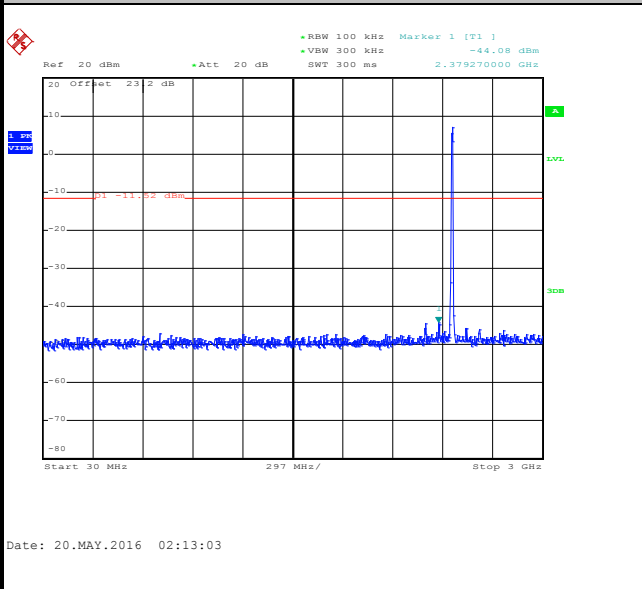
100kHz PSD reference Level



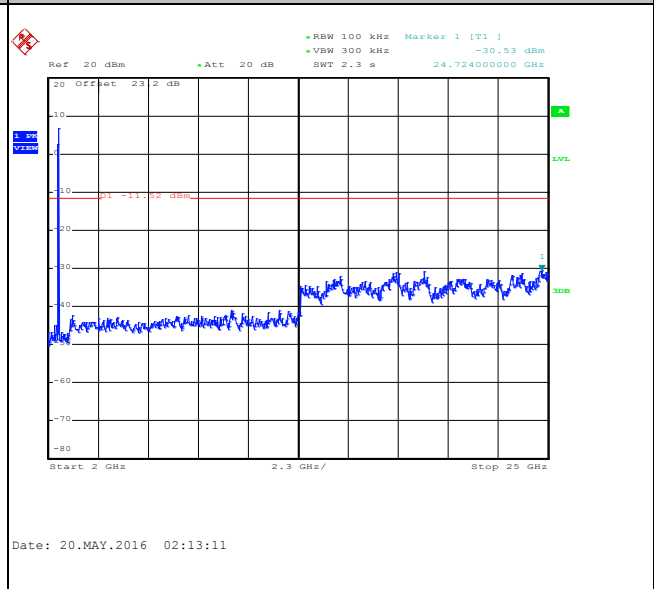
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

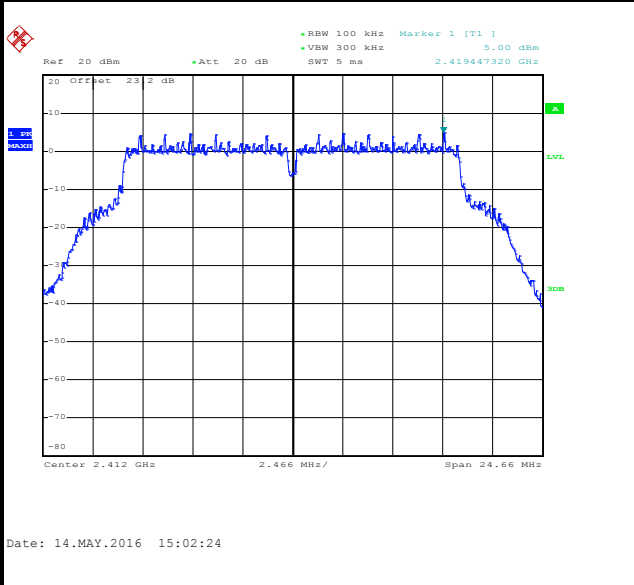




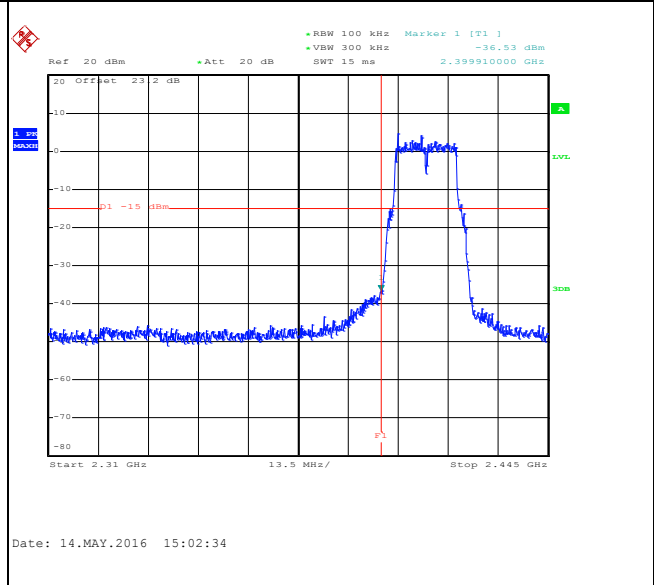
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11g Channel 01

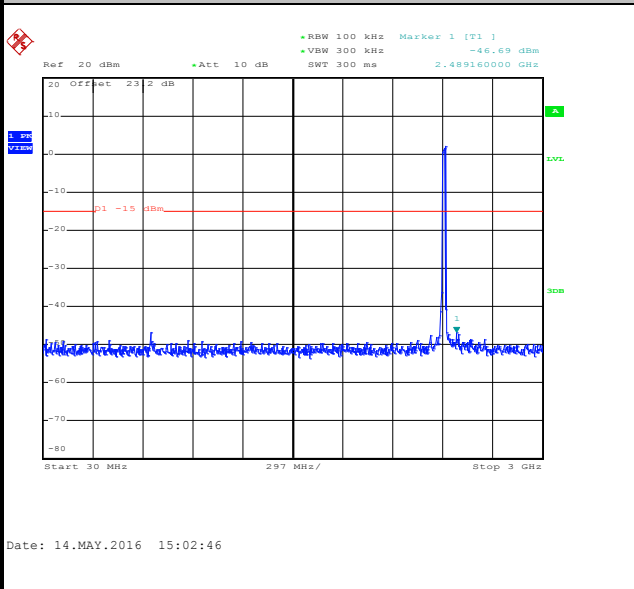
100kHz PSD reference Level



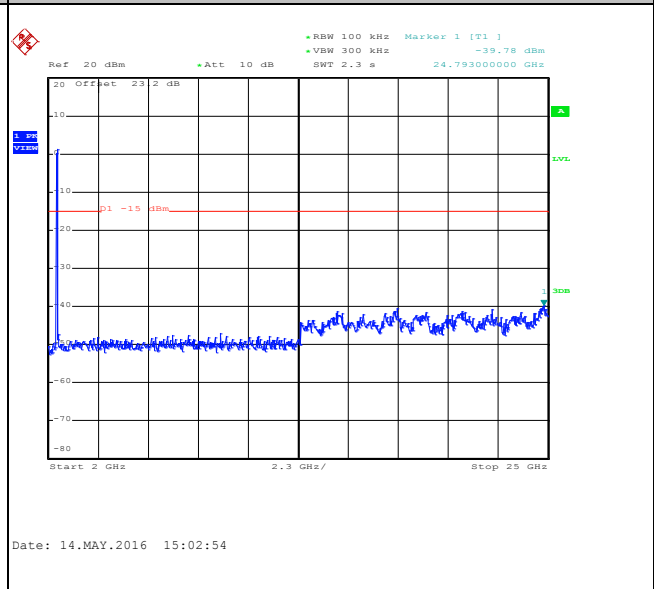
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



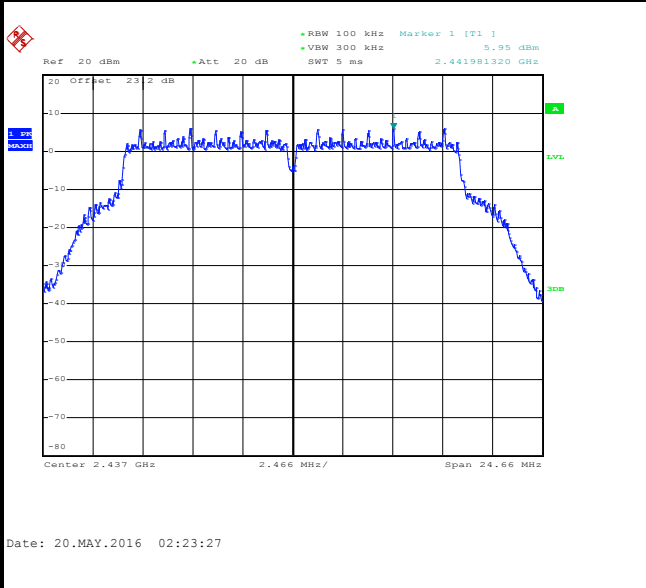


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11g Channel 06

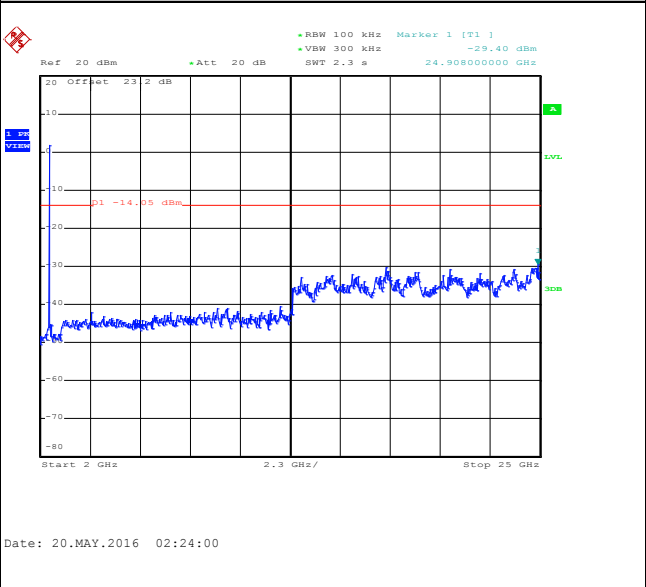
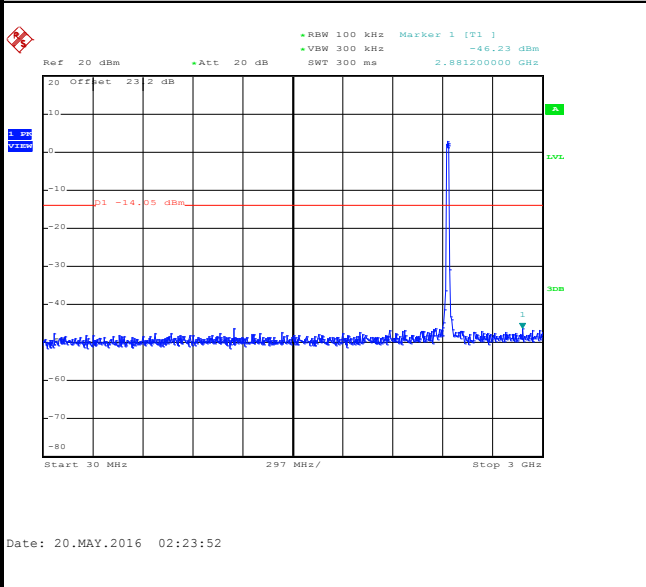
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

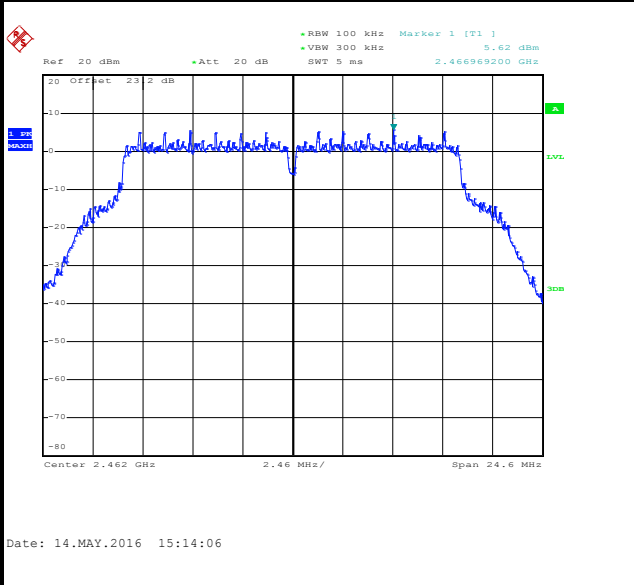




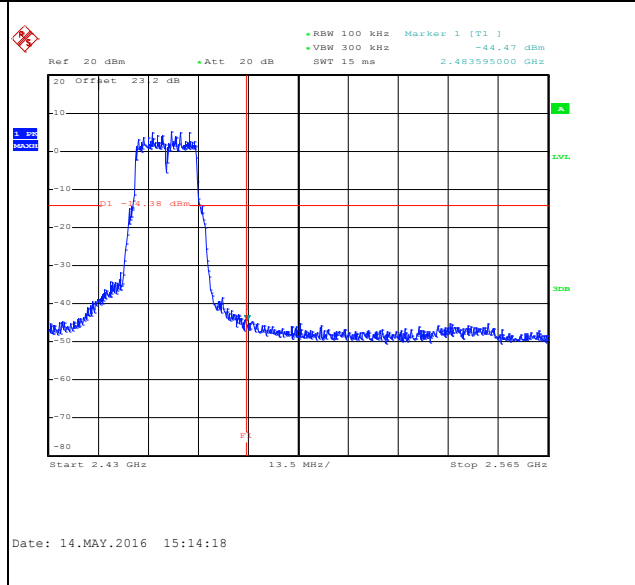
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11g Channel 11

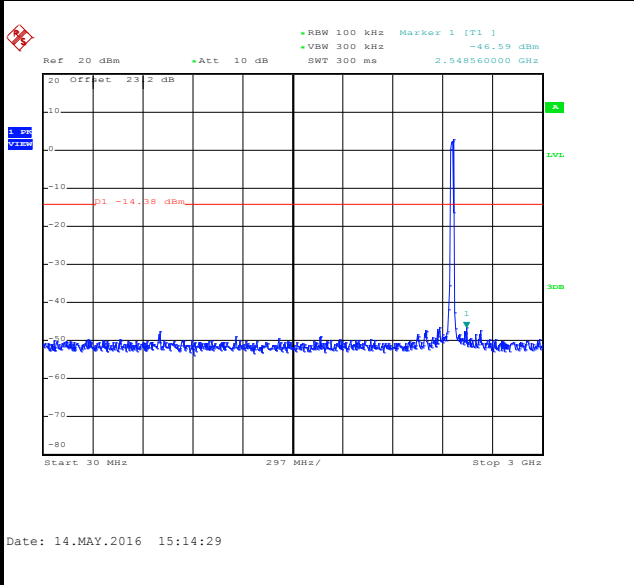
100kHz PSD reference Level



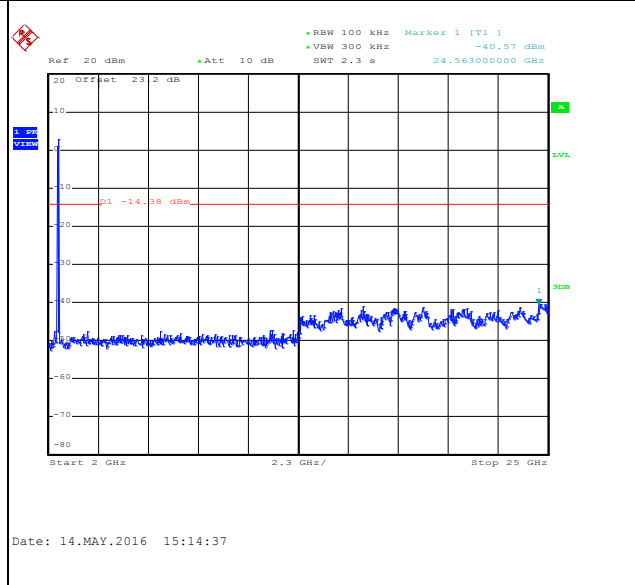
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

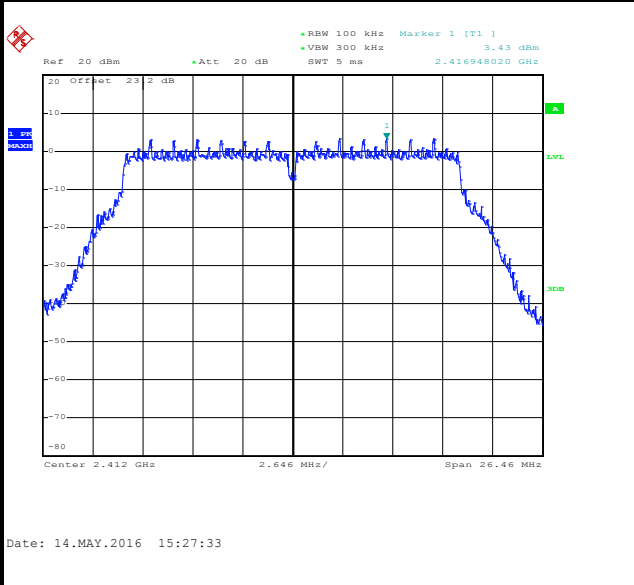




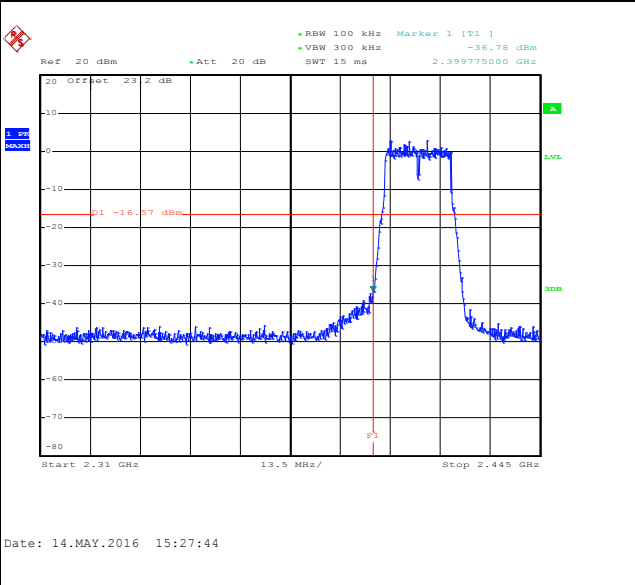
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 01

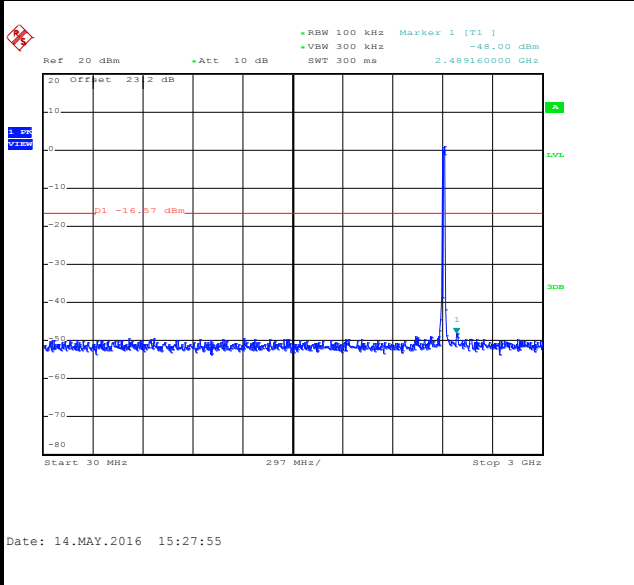
100kHz PSD reference Level



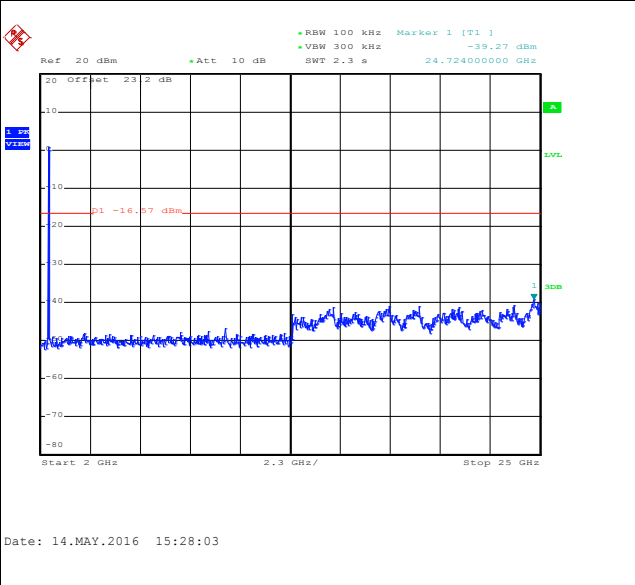
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



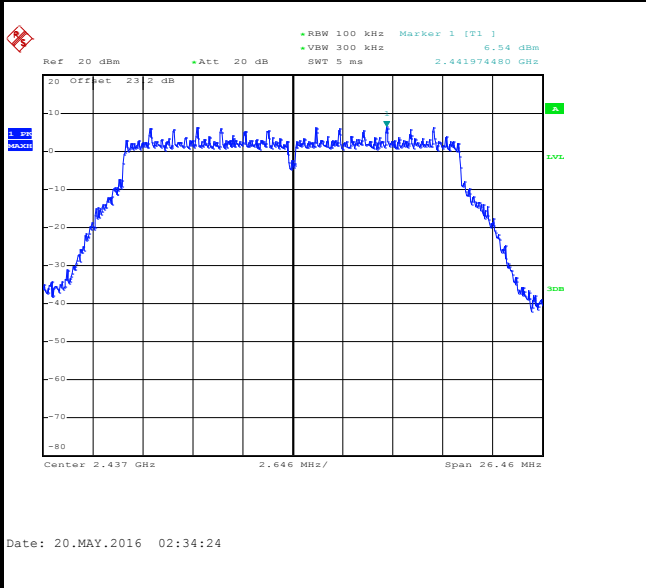


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 06

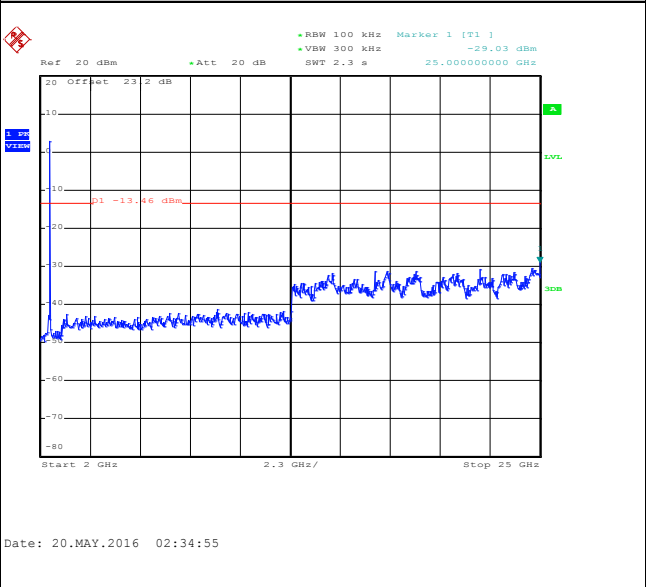
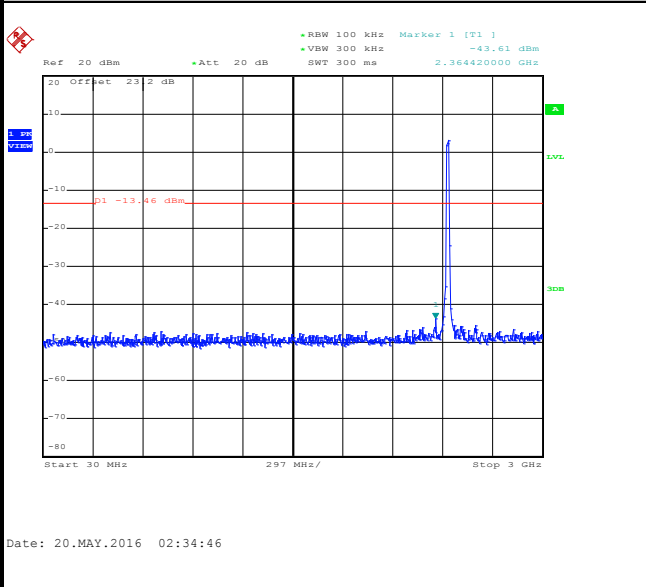
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

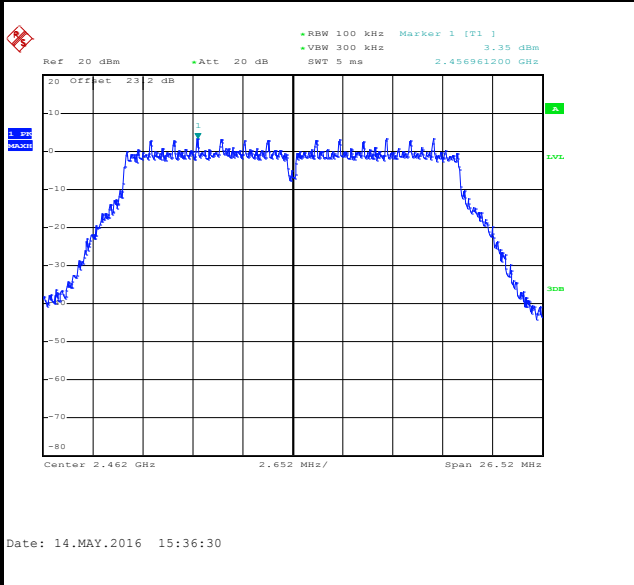




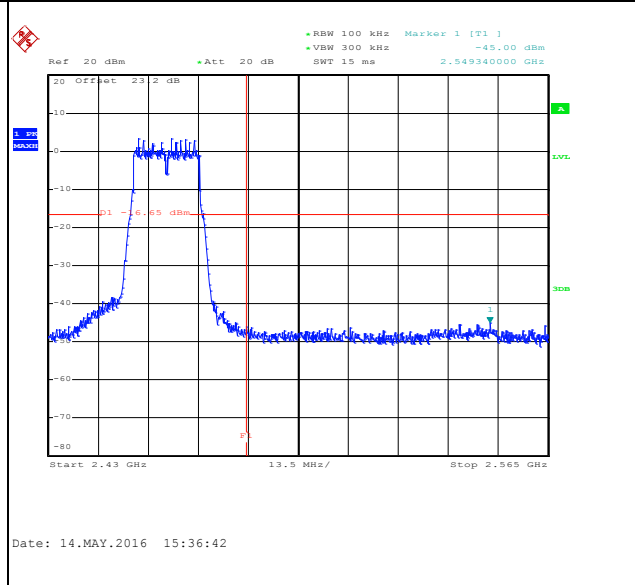
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 11

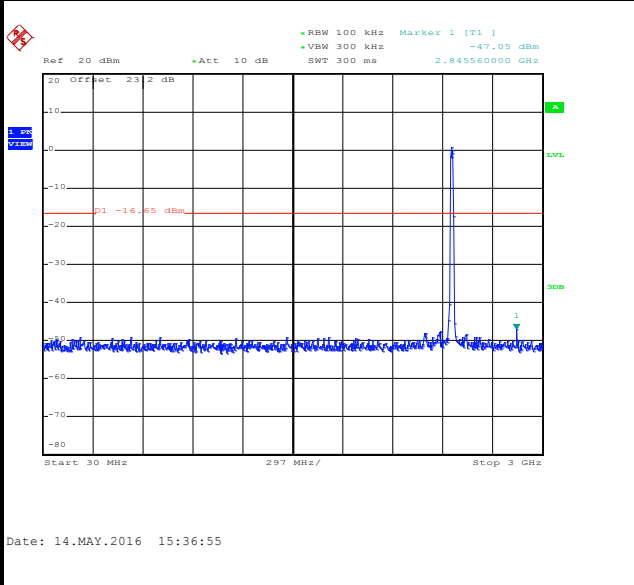
100kHz PSD reference Level



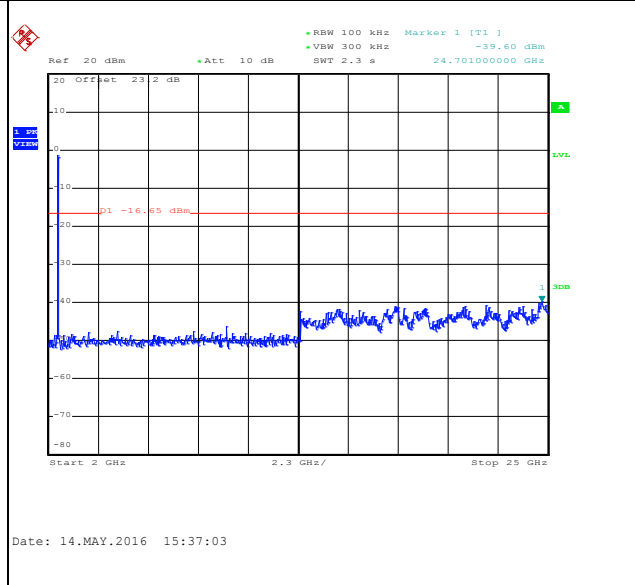
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

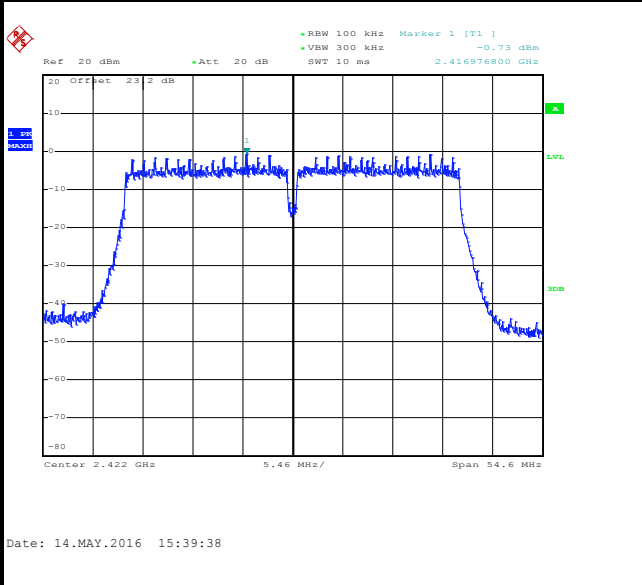




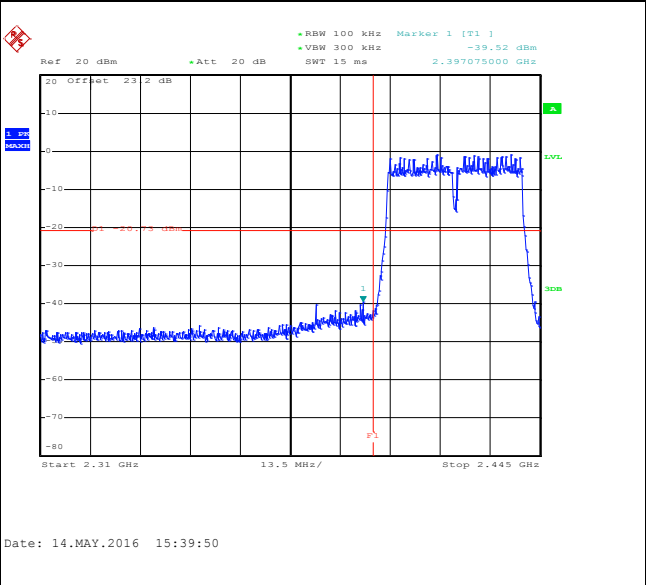
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	03	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 03

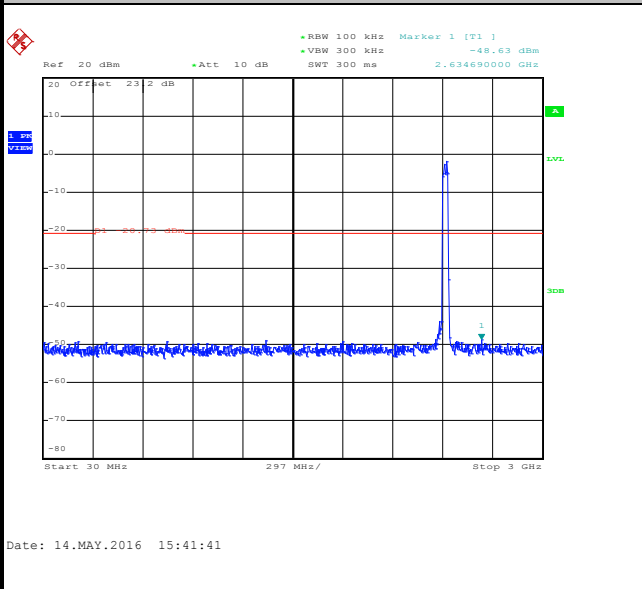
100kHz PSD reference Level



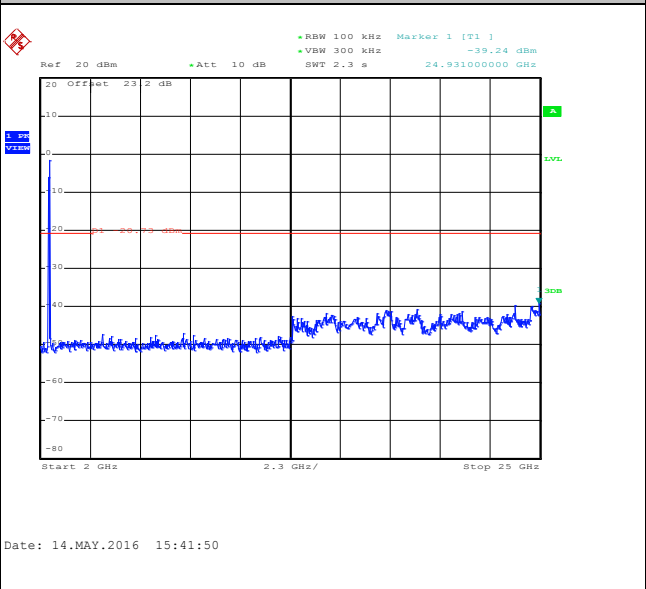
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



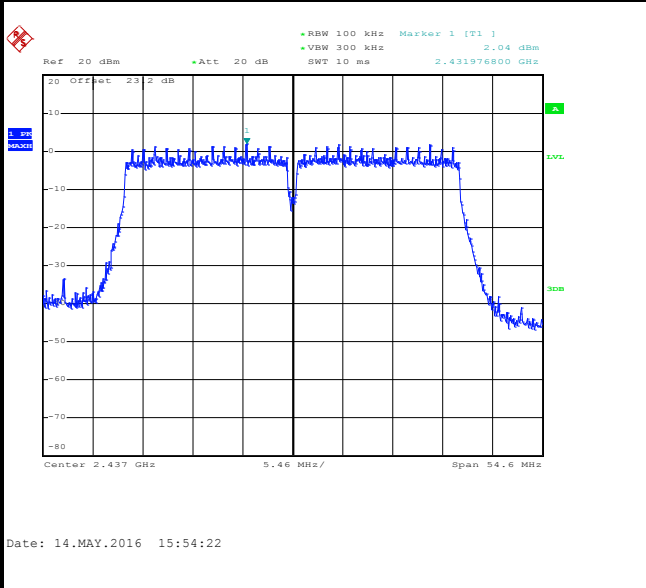


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 06

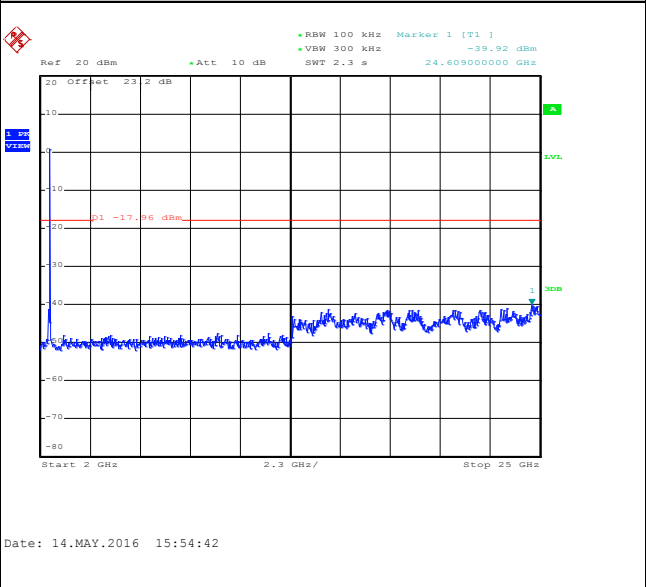
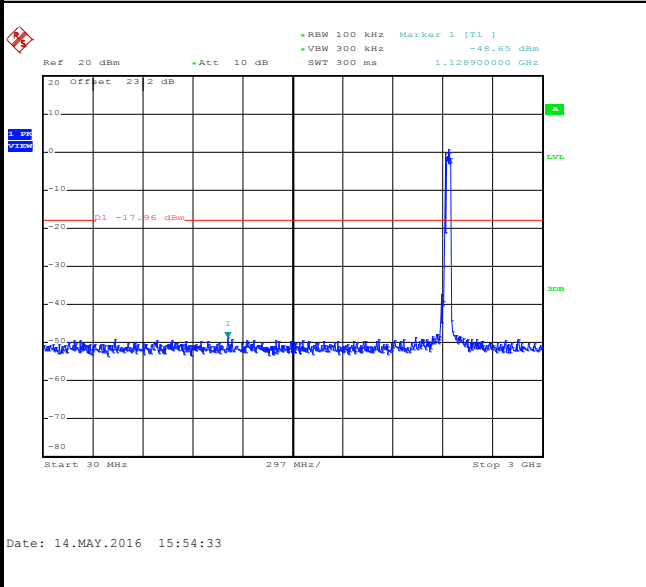
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

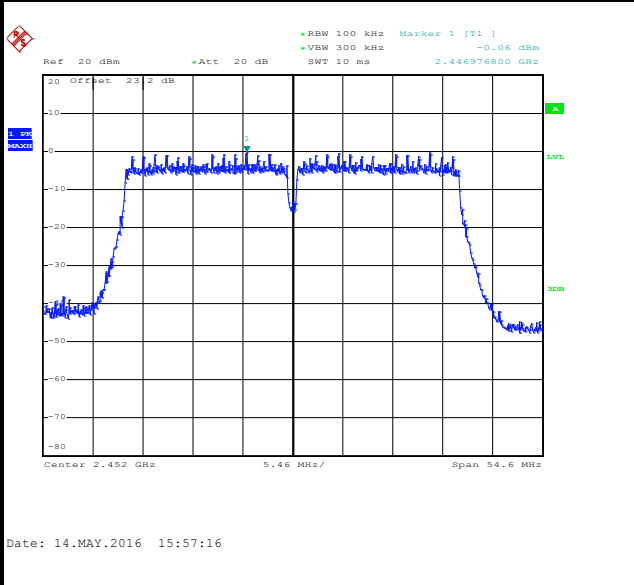




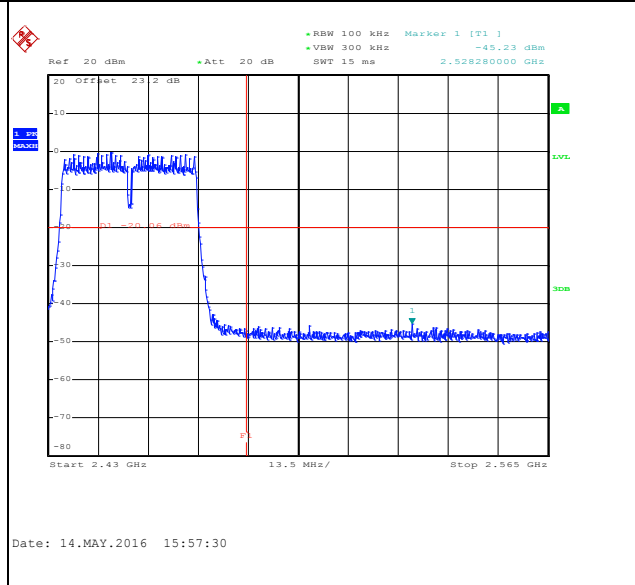
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	09	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 09

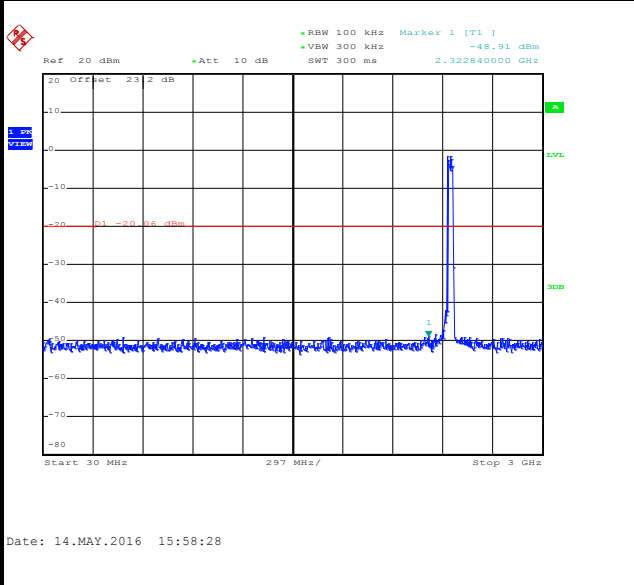
100kHz PSD reference Level



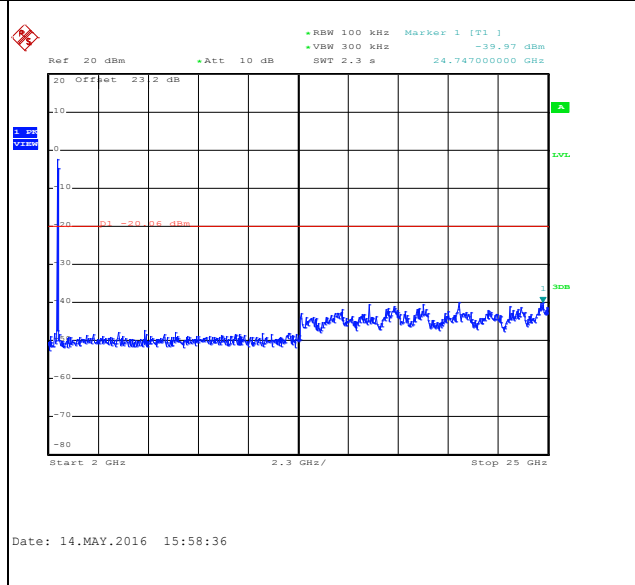
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz





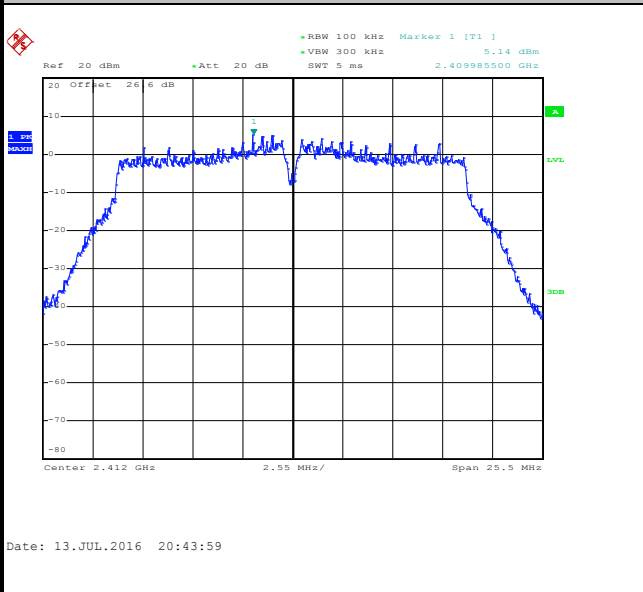
<TXBF Modes>

Number of TX = 2, Ant. 1 (Measured)

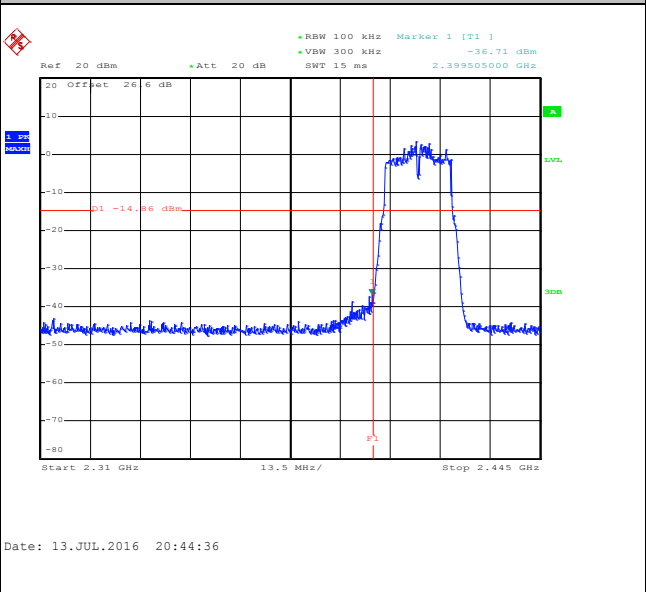
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 01

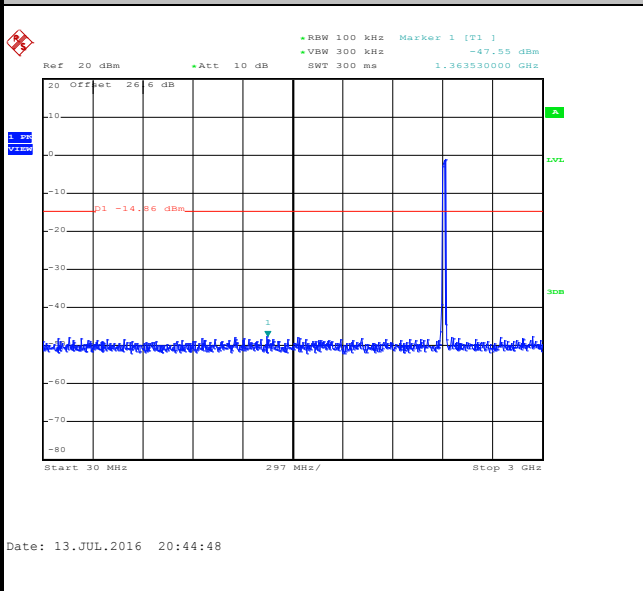
100kHz PSD reference Level



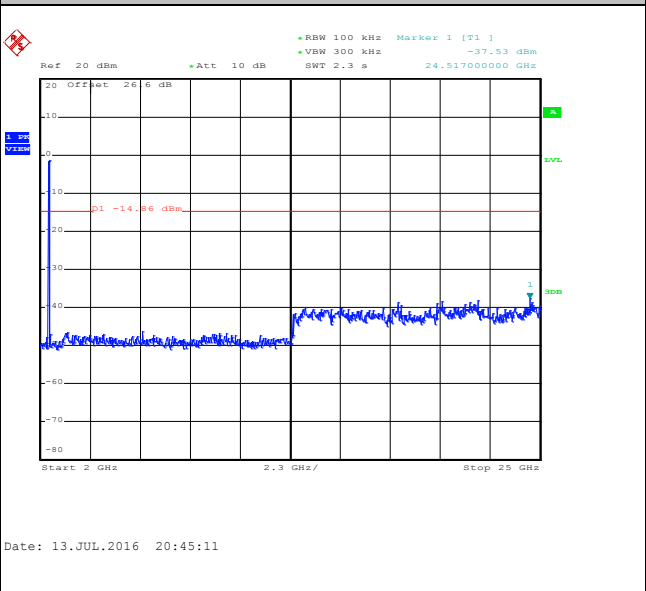
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



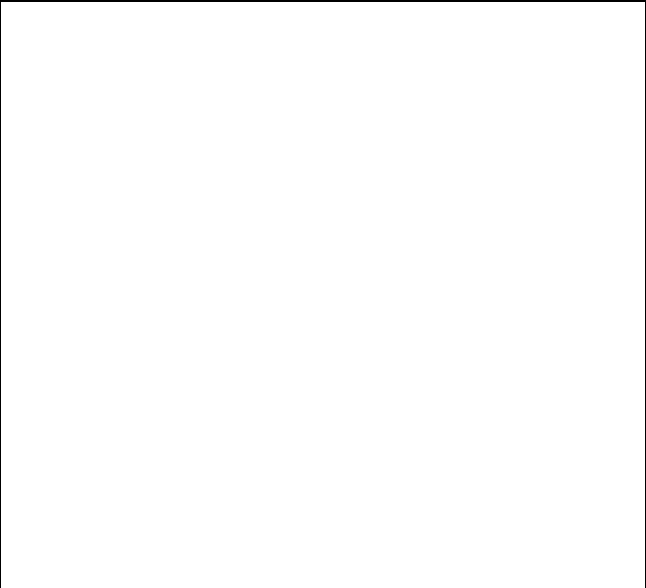
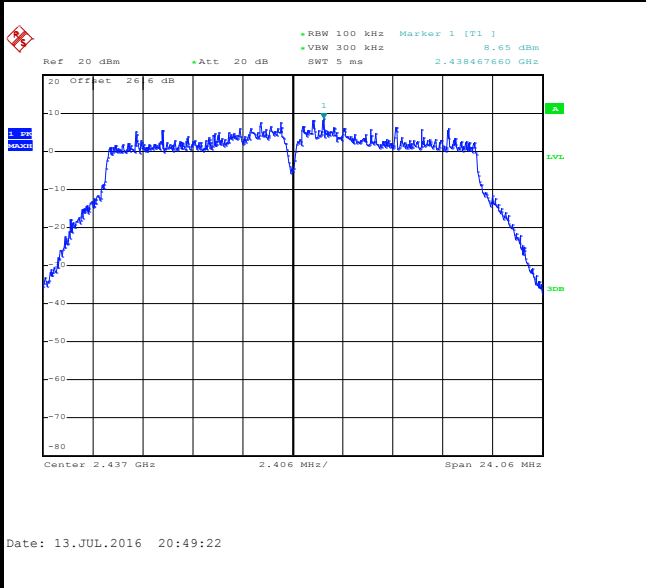


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 06

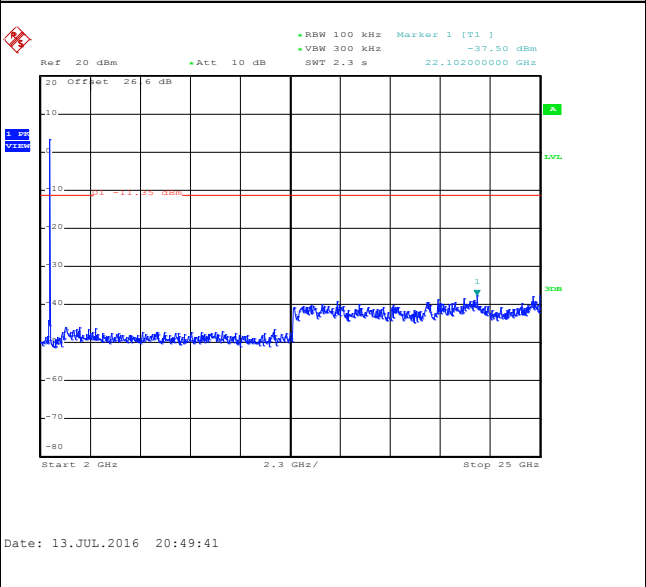
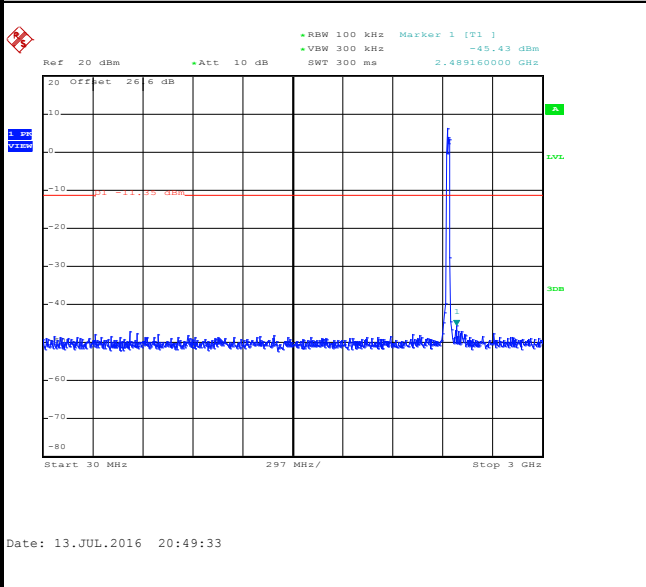
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

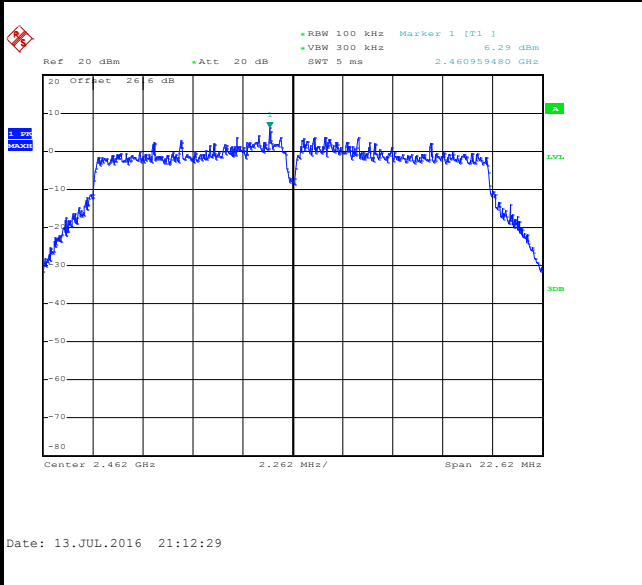




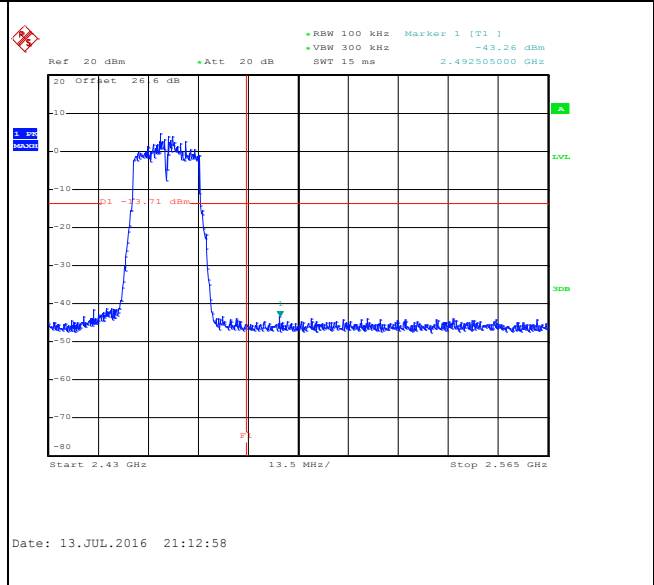
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 11

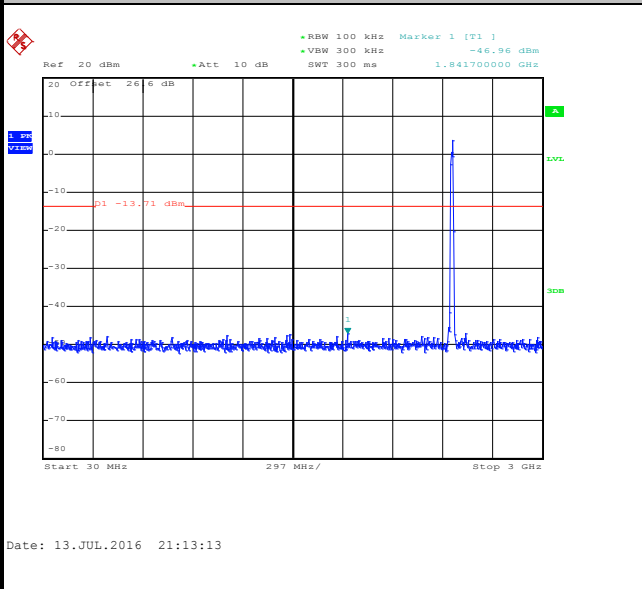
100kHz PSD reference Level



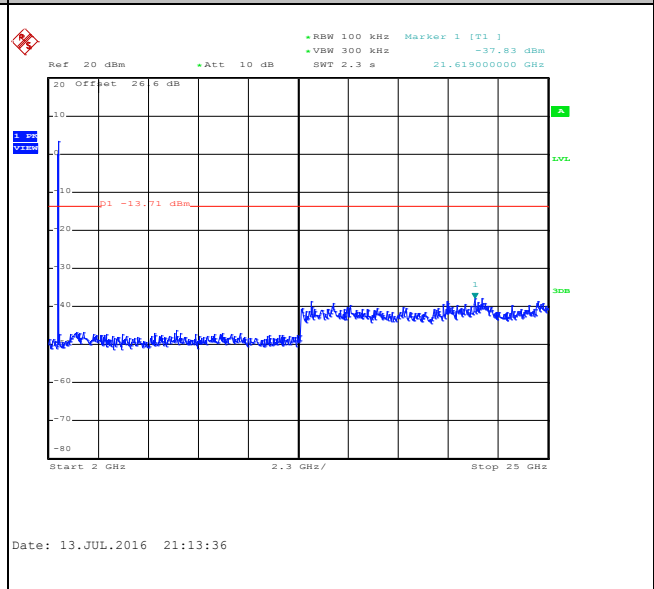
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

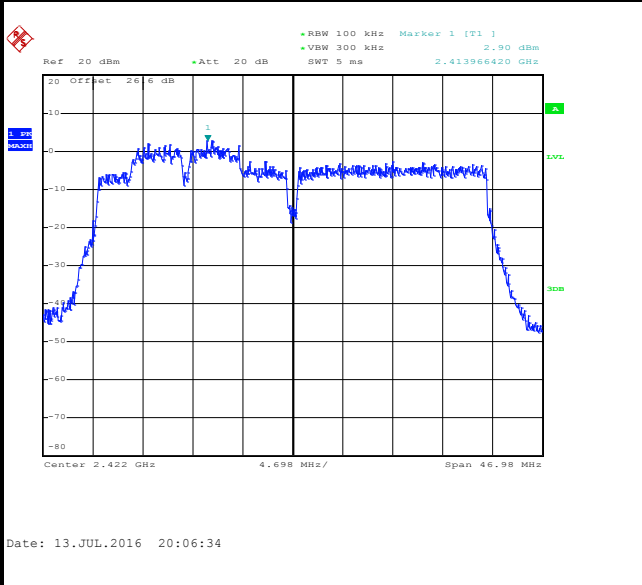




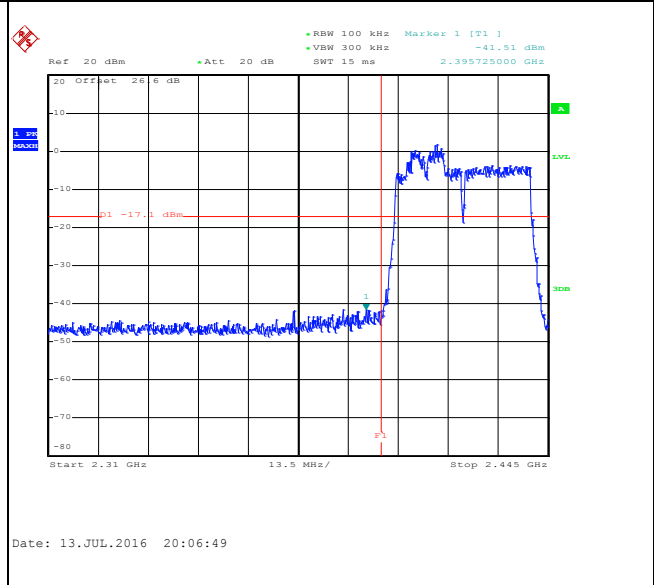
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	03	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 03

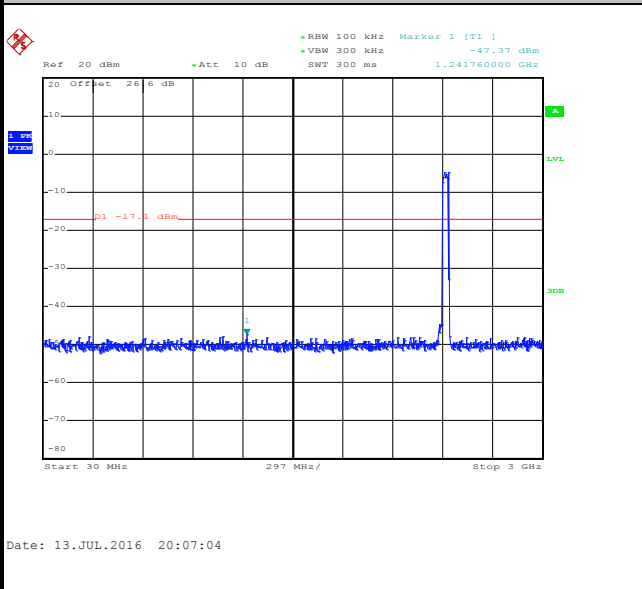
100kHz PSD reference Level



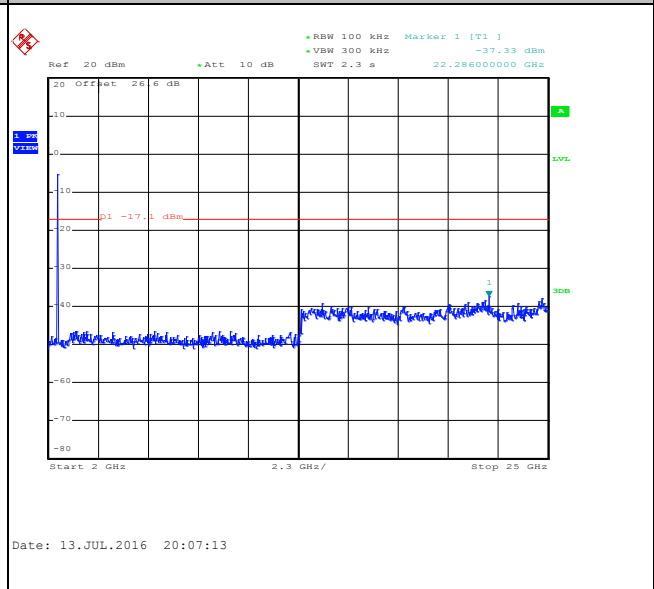
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



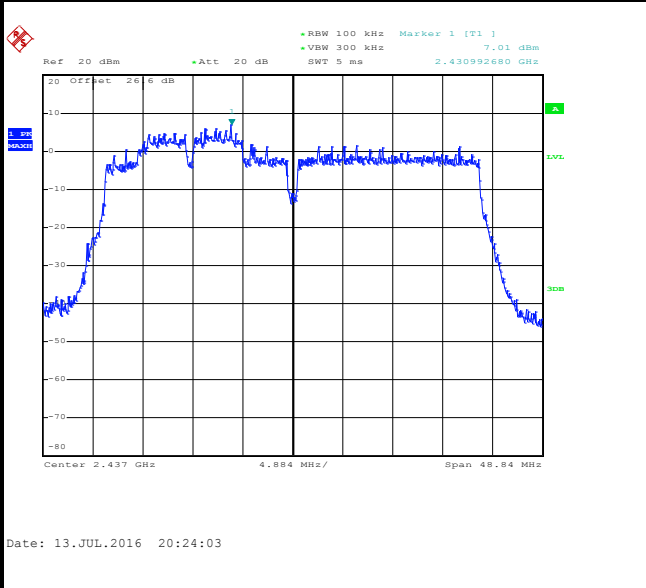


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 06

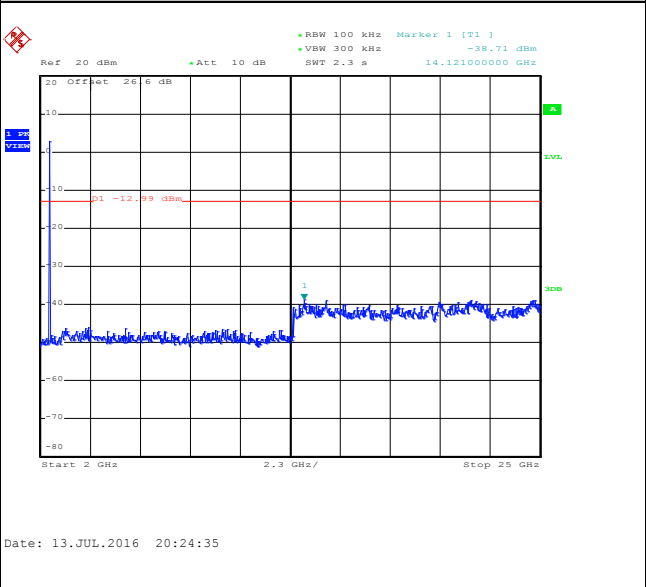
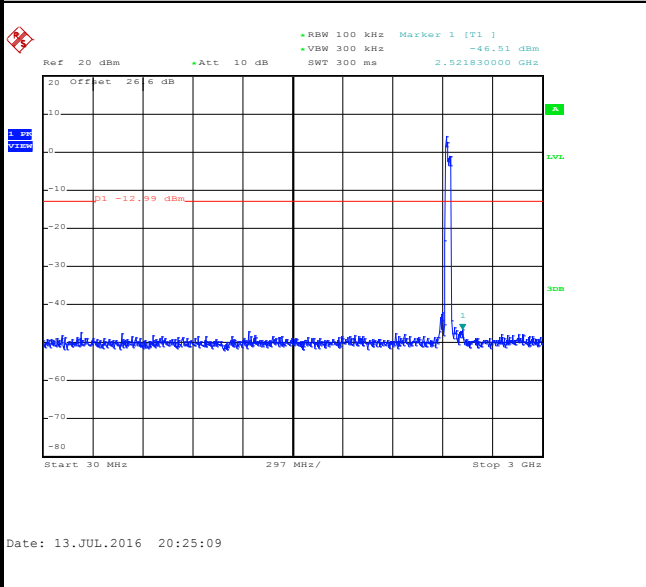
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

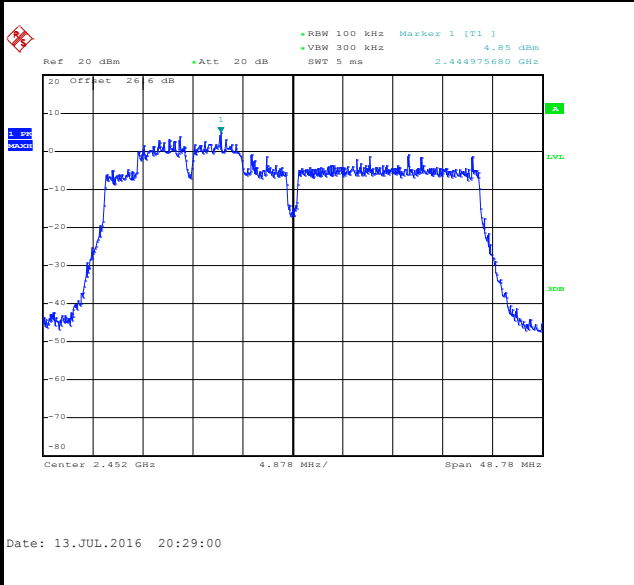




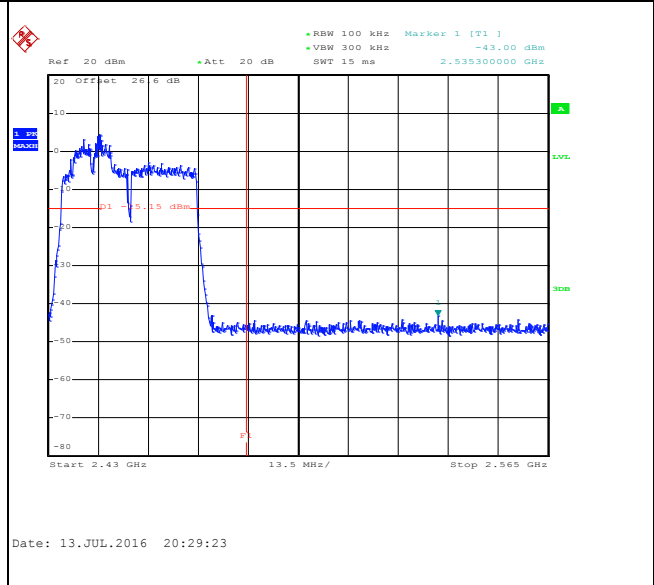
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	09	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 09

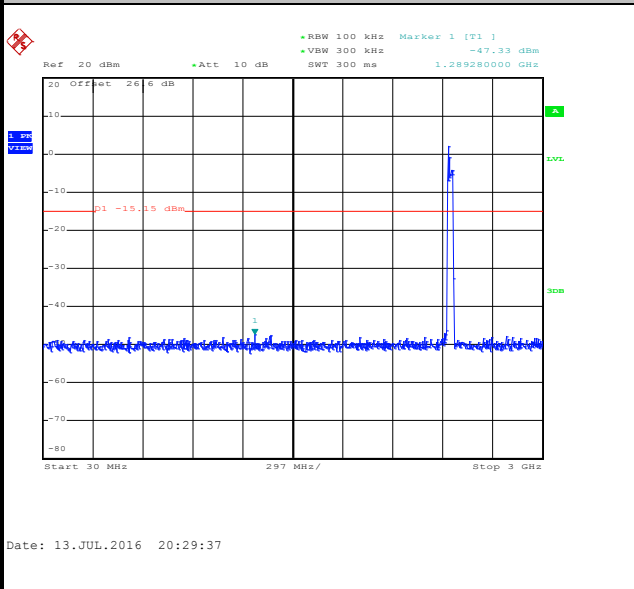
100kHz PSD reference Level



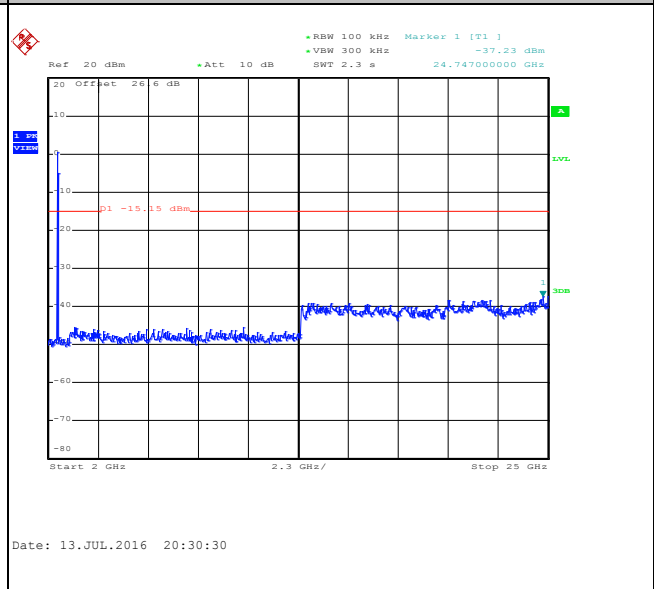
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



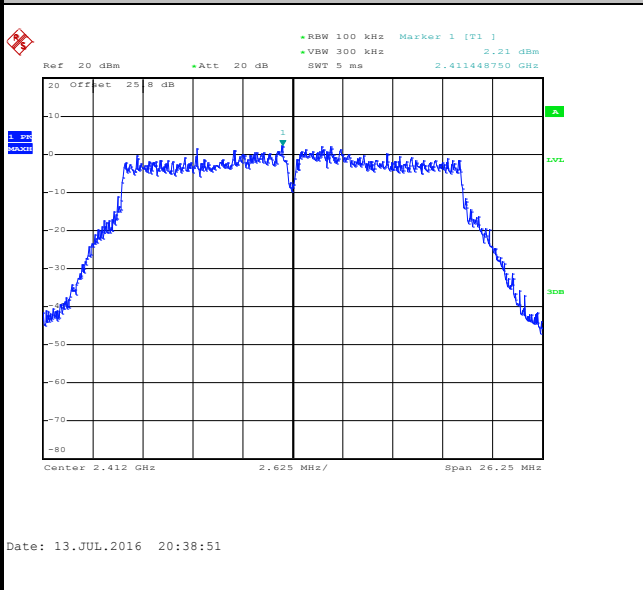


Number of TX = 2, Ant. 2 (Measured)

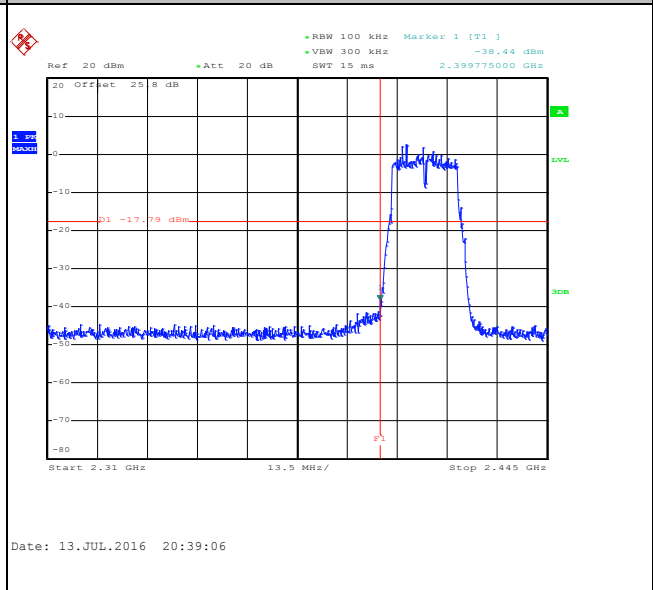
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 01

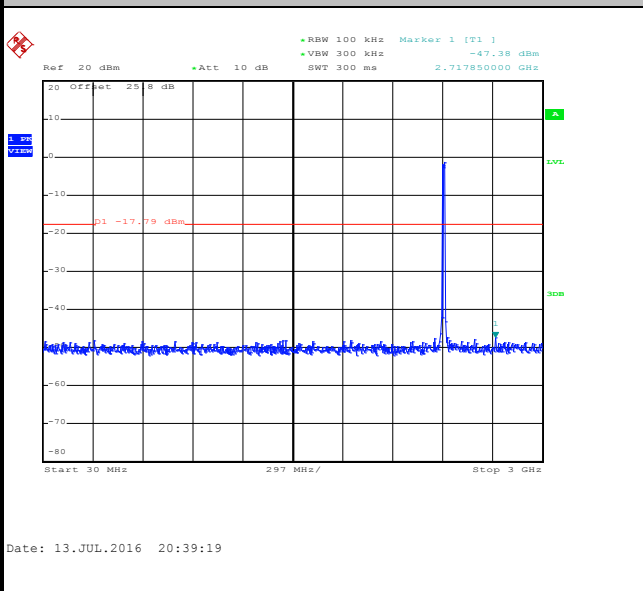
100kHz PSD reference Level



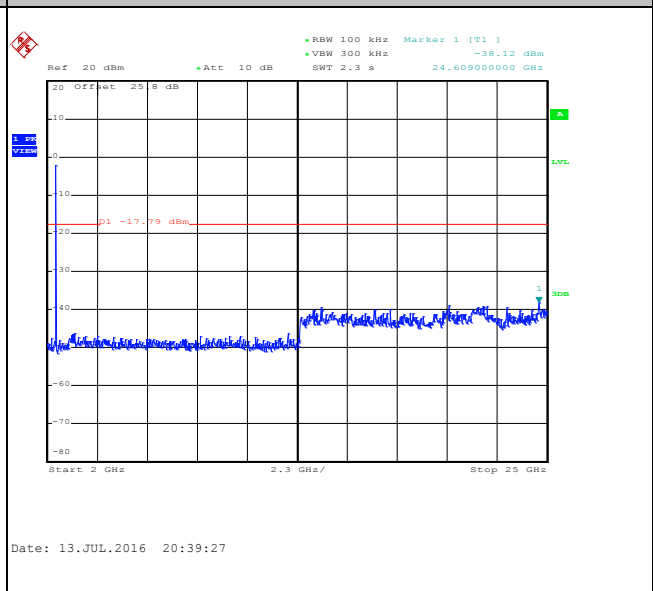
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



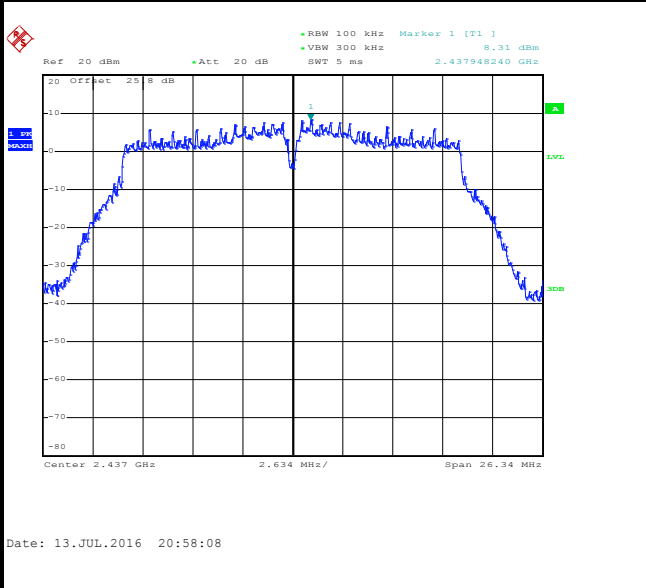


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 06

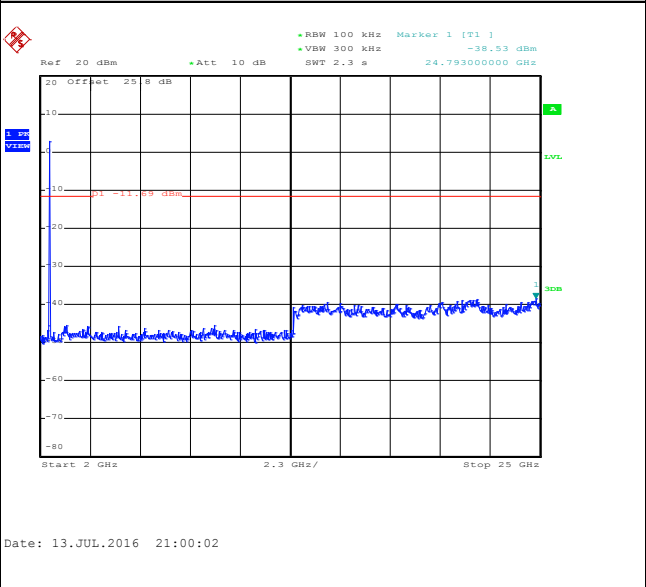
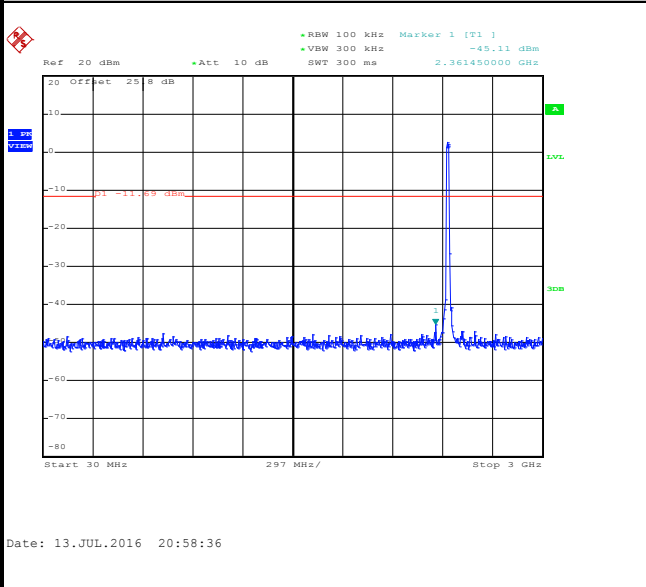
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

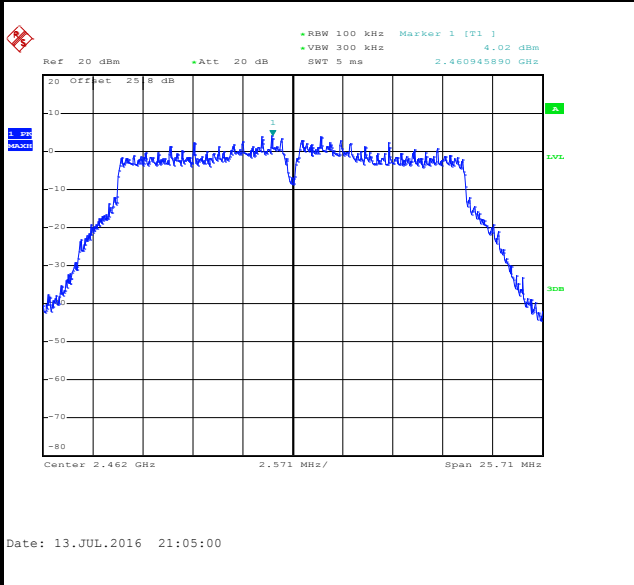




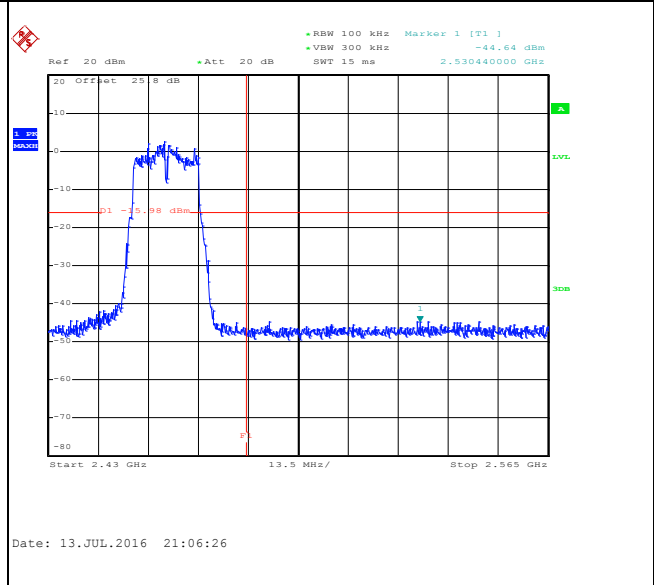
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 11

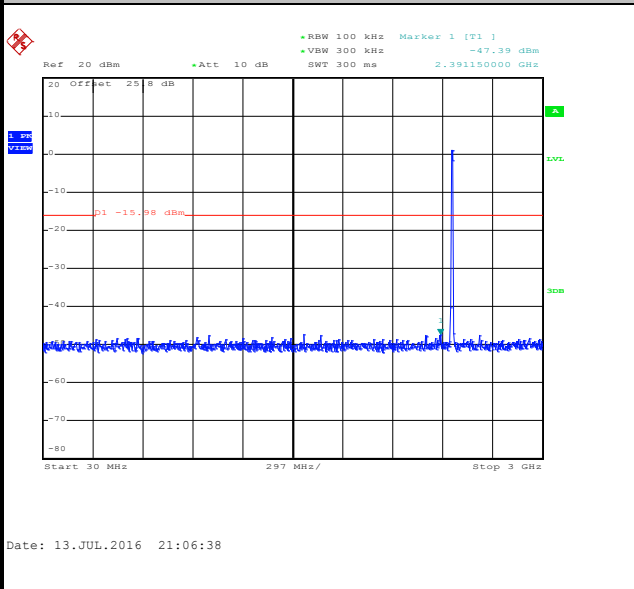
100kHz PSD reference Level



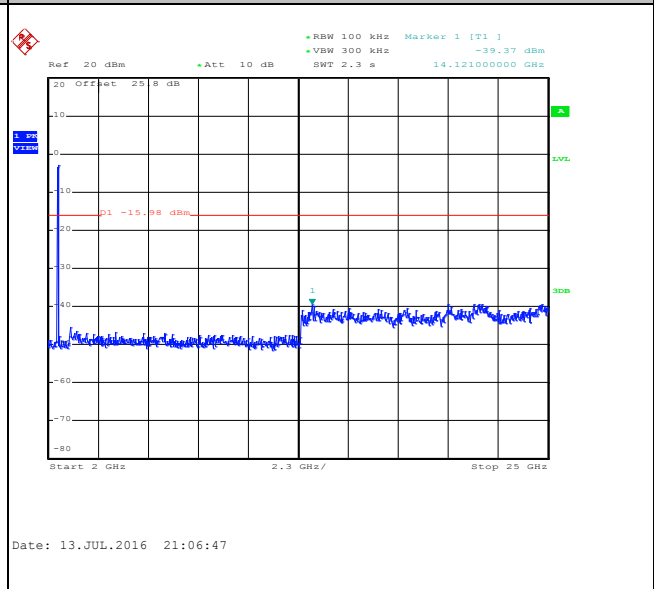
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

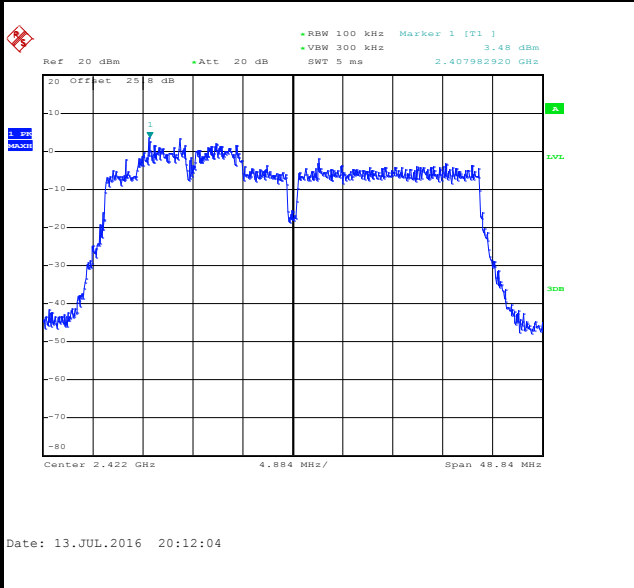




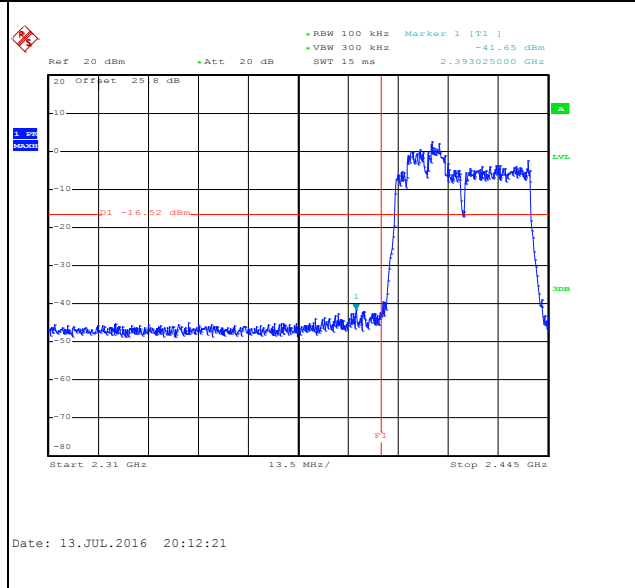
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	03	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 03

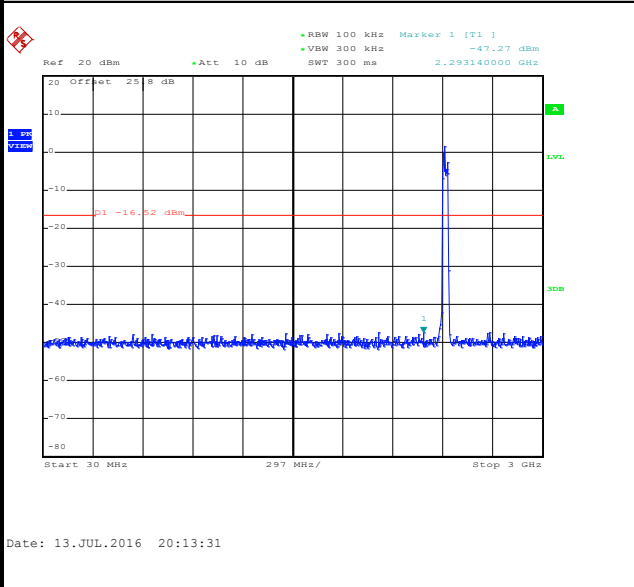
100kHz PSD reference Level



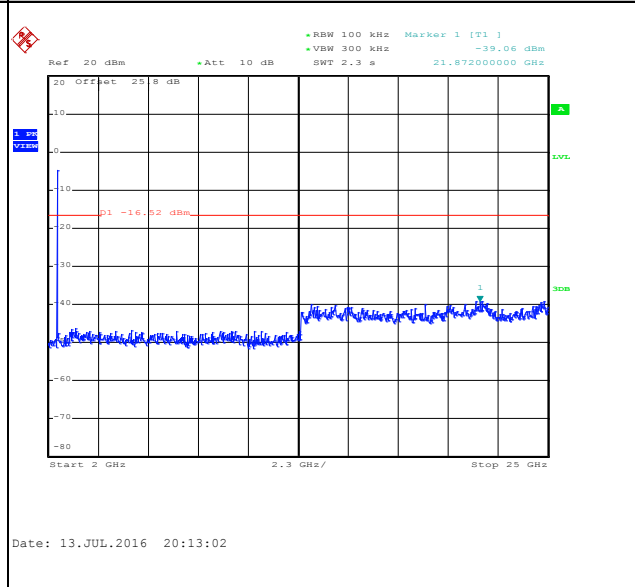
Low Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



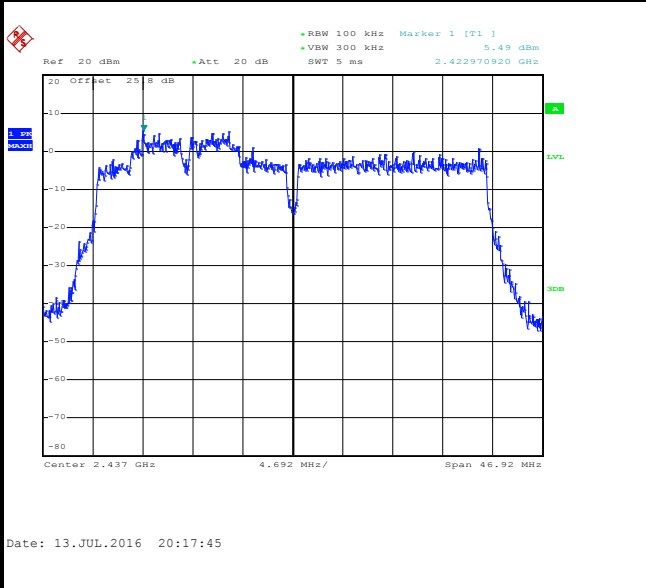


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 06

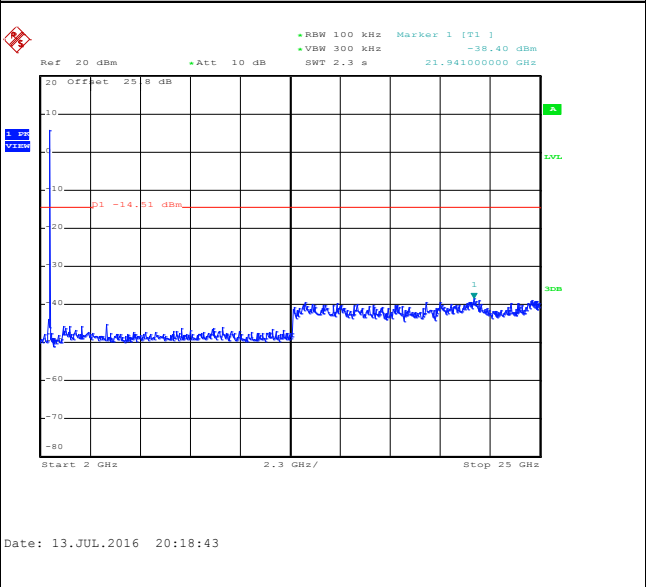
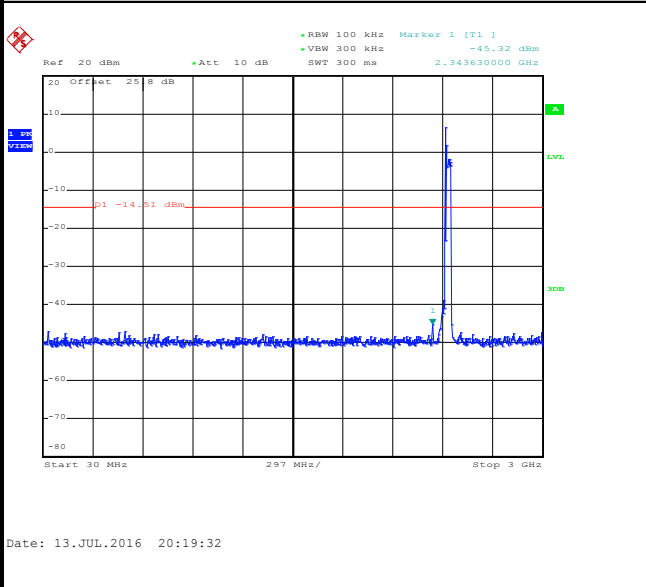
100kHz PSD reference Level

Mid Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

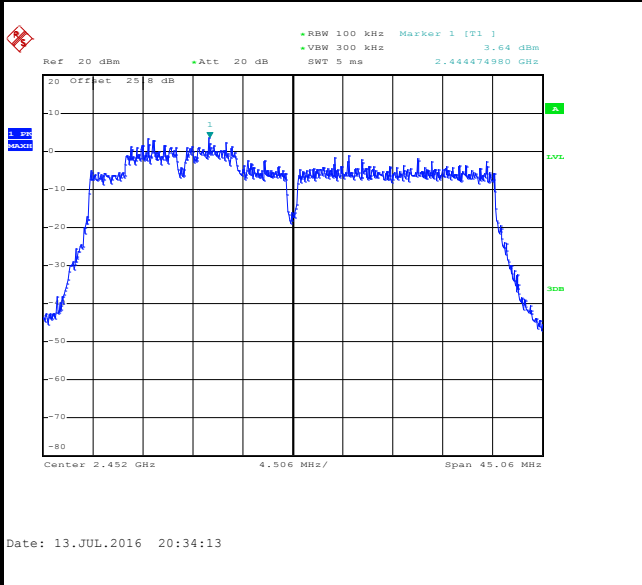




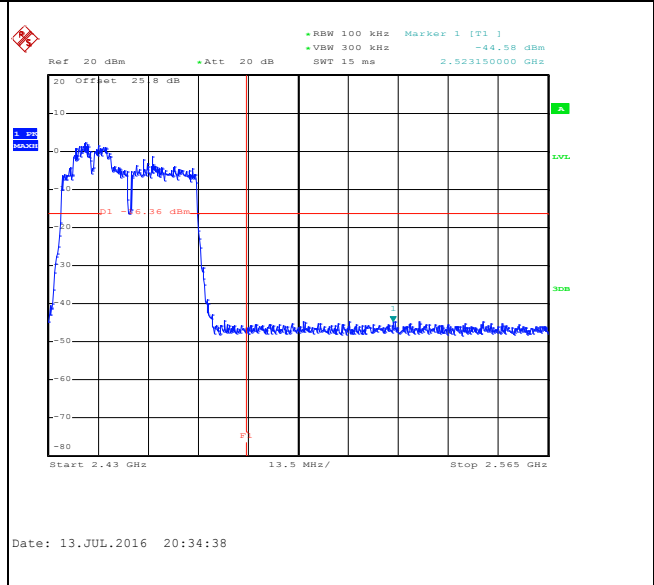
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	09	Test Engineer :	Bill Kuo

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 09

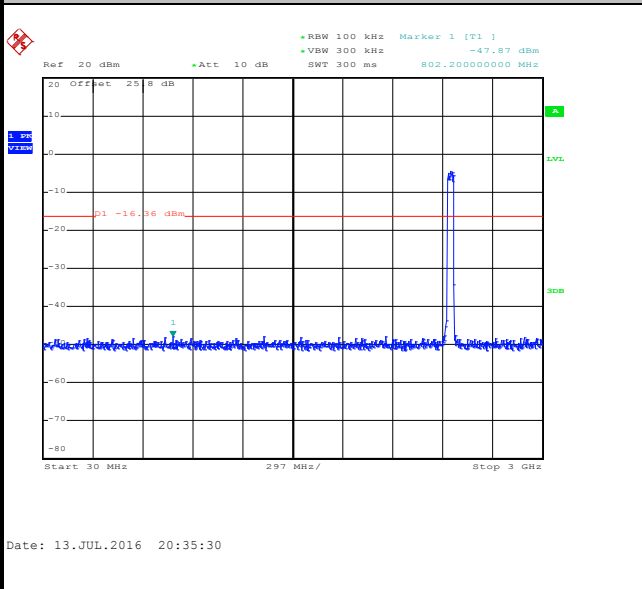
100kHz PSD reference Level



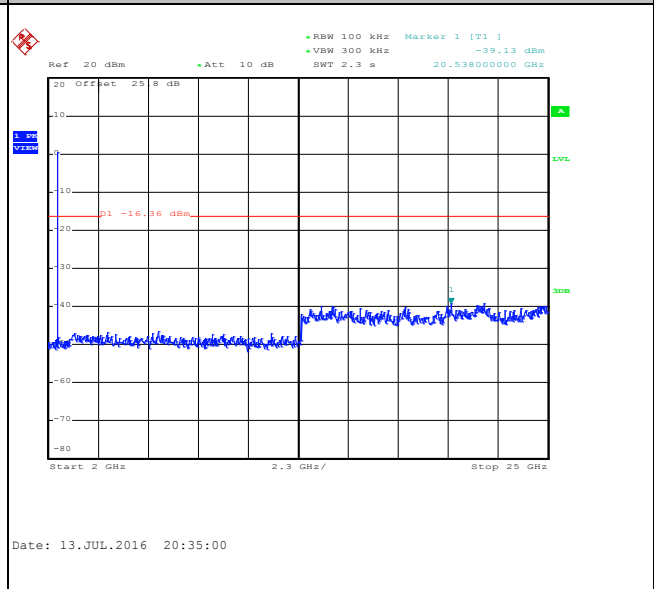
High Channel Plot



Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz





3.5 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.5.1 Limit of Radiated band edge and Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. If the output power of this device was measured by spectrum analyzer, the attenuation under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



3.5.3 Test Procedure

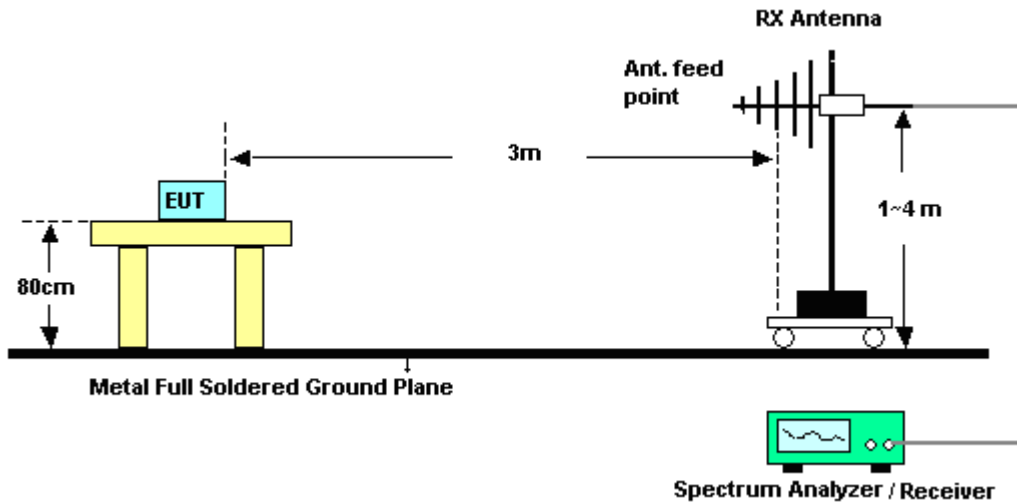
1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.
3. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
4. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
5. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
6. For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
7. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
 - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold;
 - (3) Set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW= 3MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz for peak measurement.
For average measurement:
 - VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle is no less than 98 percent.
 - VBW $\geq 1/T$, when duty cycle is less than 98 percent where T is the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

3.5.4 Test Setup

For radiated emissions below 30MHz

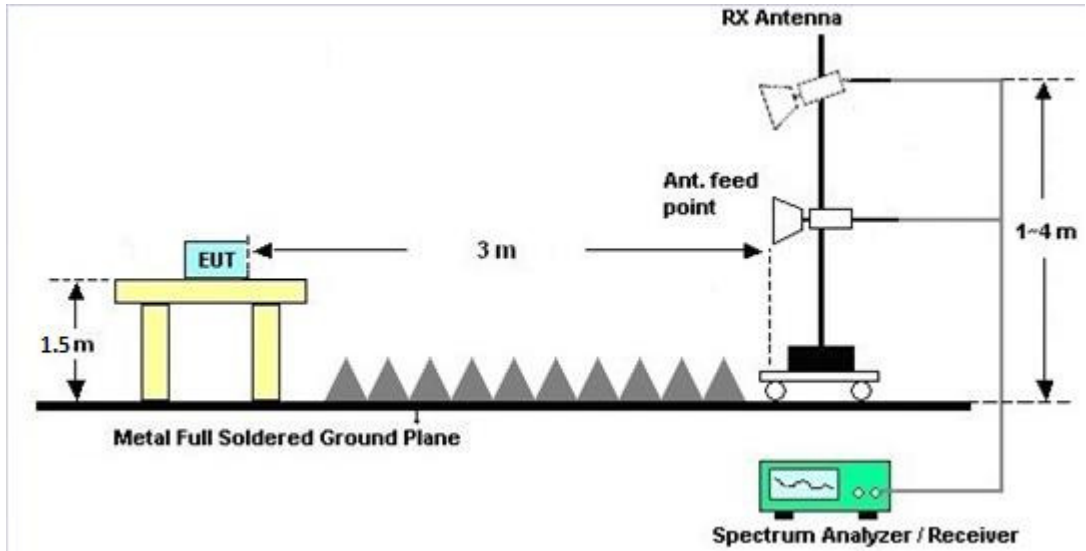


For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz

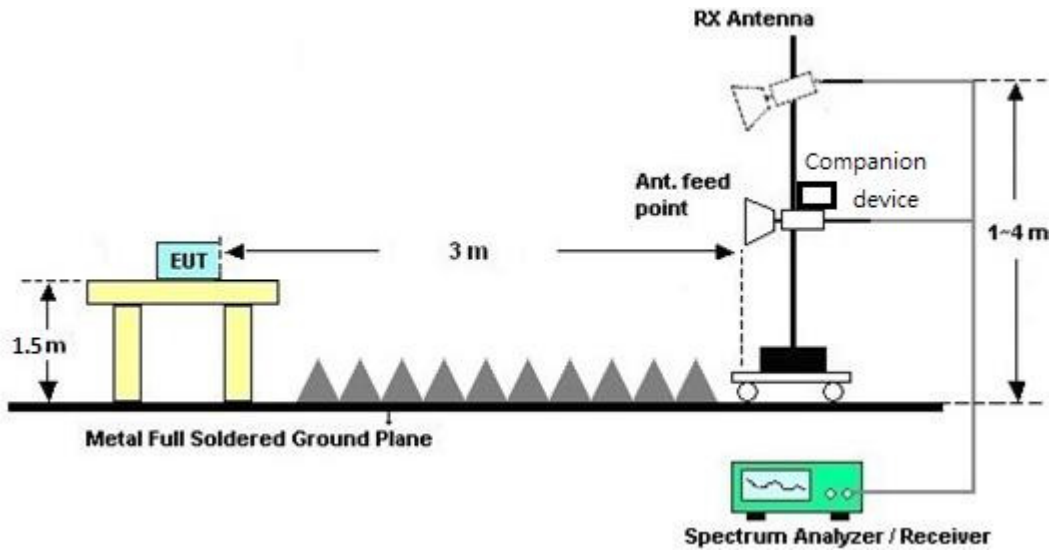


For radiated emissions above 1GHz

Non-TXBF mode



TXBF mode





3.5.5 Test Results of Radiated Emissions (9kHz ~ 30MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

3.5.6 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Please refer to Appendix B and C of this test report.

3.5.7 Duty Cycle

Please refer to Appendix D.

3.5.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10th Harmonic)

Please refer to Appendix and C of this test report.



3.6 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

3.6.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

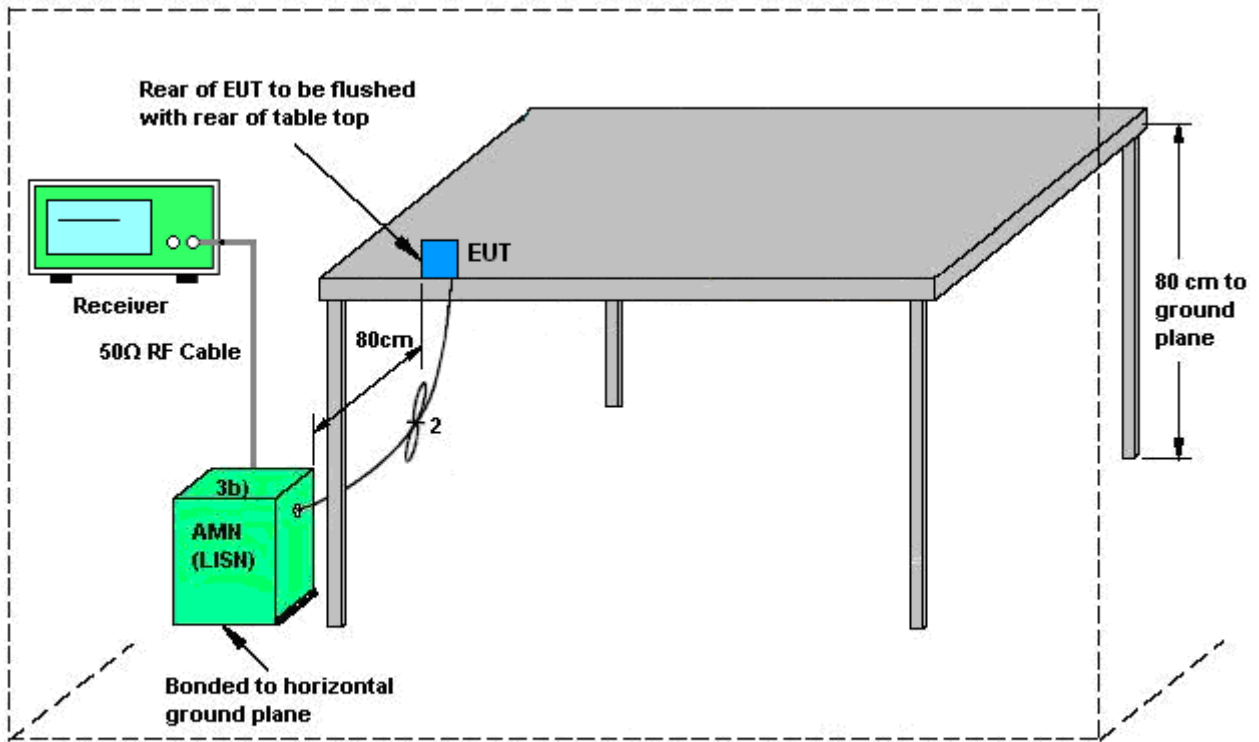
3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room, and it was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode.

3.6.4 Test Setup



AMN = Artificial mains network (LISN)
 AE = Associated equipment
 EUT = Equipment under test
 ISN = Impedance stabilization network