Test of Aruba AP-85TX 802.11 a/b/g Wireless AP

To: FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 & IC RSS-210

Test Report Serial No.: ARUB14-A2 Rev A

TEST REPORT

FROM

Test of Aruba AP-85TX 802.11 a/b/g Wireless AP
to
To FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 & IC RSS-210

Test Report Serial No.: ARUB14-A2 Rev A

This report supersedes: None

Manufacturer: Aruba Networks
1322 Crossman Avenue
Sunnyvale
CA 94089, USA

Product Function: 802.11 a/b/g Wireless Access Point

Copy No: pdf **Issue Date:** 26th September 2007

This Test Report is Issued Under the Authority of;

MiCOM Labs, Inc.
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Pleasanton, CA 94566 USA
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CERTIFICATE #2381.01

MiCOM Labs is an ISO 17025 Accredited Testing Laboratory

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACCREDITATION, LISTINGS and RECOGNITION

ACCREDITITION

MiCOM Labs, Inc. an accredited laboratory complies with the international standard BS EN ISO/IEC 17025. The company is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) www.a2la.org test laboratory number 2381.01. MiCOM Labs test schedule is available at the following URL; http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/2381-01.pdf

THE AMERICAN
ASSOCIATION
FOR LABORATORY
ACCREDITATION

ACCREDITED LABORATORY

A2LA has accredited

MICOM LABS
Pleasanton, CA

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical Testing

The accreditation covers the specific tests and types of tests listed on the agreed scope of accreditation. This laboratory meets the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 - 1999 "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories" and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

Presented this 14th day of September 2005.

American Association for Laboratory Accreditation
Corporate SEAL 1978 District of Columbia
A2LA

President
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 2381.01
Valid to: November 30, 2007

For tests or types of tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.

LISTINGS

MiCOM Labs test facilities are listed by the following organizations;

North America

United States of America
Federal Communications Commission (FCC): 102167

Canada
Industry Canada: 4143A

RECOGNITION

APEC MRA (Asia-Pacific Economic Community Mutual Recognition Agreement)

Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) – MiCOM Labs

Test data generated by MiCOM Labs is accepted in the following countries under the APEC MRA.

Country	Recognition Body	Phase	CAB Identification No.
Australia	Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)	I	US0159
Hong Kong	Office of the Telecommunication Authority (OFTA)	I	
Korea	Ministry of Information and Communication Radio Research Laboratory (RRL)	I	
Singapore	Infocomm Development Authority (IDA)	I	
Taiwan	Directorate General of Telecommunications (DGT) Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection (BSMI)	I I	

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Document History		
Revision	Date	Comments
Draft		
Rev A	26th September 2007	First issue.

1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATE

Manufacturer:	Aruba Networks 1322 Crossman Avenue Sunnyvale CA 94089, USA	Tested By:	MiCOM Labs, Inc. 440 Boulder Court Suite 200 Pleasanton California, 94566, USA
EUT:	Wireless Access Point	Telephone:	+1 925 462 0304
Model:	AP-85TX	Fax:	+1 925 462 0306
S/N:	A1014599		
Test Date(s):	4th to 20th August 2007	Website:	www.micomlabs.com

STANDARD(S)	TEST RESULTS
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 & IC RSS-210	EQUIPMENT COMPLIES

MiCOM Labs, Inc. tested the equipment mentioned in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. Test results indicate that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented within this report.

Notes:

1. This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and the results of testing performed.
2. Details of test methods used have been recorded and kept on file by the laboratory.
3. Test results apply only to the item(s) tested.

ACCREDITED
CERTIFICATE #2381.01

Approved & Released for MiCOM Labs, Inc. by:

Graeme Grieve
Quality Manager MiCOM Labs,

Gordon Hurst
President & CEO MiCOM Labs, Inc.

2. REFERENCES AND MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

2.1. Normative References

Ref.	Publication	Year	Title
(i)	FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247	2007	Code of Federal Regulations
(ii)	Industry Canada RSS-210	Issue 7 June 2007	Low Power License-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)
(iii)	Industry Canada RSS-Gen	Issue 2 June 2007	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment.
(iv)	ANSI C63.4	2003	American National Standards for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
(v)	CISPR 22/ EN 55022	1997 1998	Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
(vi)	M 3003	Edition 1 Dec. 1997	Expression of Uncertainty and Confidence in Measurements
(vii)	LAB34	Edition 1 Aug 2002	The expression of uncertainty in EMC Testing
(viii)	ETSI TR 100 028	2001	Parts 1 and 2 Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics
(ix)	A2LA	14th September 2005	Reference to A2LA Accreditation Status – A2LA Advertising Policy

2.2. Test and Uncertainty Procedures

Conducted and radiated emission measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4, listed in the Normative References section of this report.

Measurement uncertainty figures are calculated in accordance with ETSI TR 100 028 Parts 1 and 2.

Measurement uncertainties stated are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 % in accordance with UKAS document M 3003 listed in the Normative References section of this report.

3. PRODUCT DETAILS AND TEST CONFIGURATIONS

3.1. Technical Details

Details	Description
Purpose:	Test of the Aruba AP-85TX 802.11 a/b/g Wireless AP to FCC Part 15.247 and Industry Canada RSS-210 regulations.
Applicant:	As Manufacturer
Manufacturer:	Aruba Networks 1322 Crossman Avenue Sunnyvale CA 94089, USA
Laboratory performing the tests:	MiCOM Labs, Inc. 440 Boulder Court, Suite 200 Pleasanton, California 94566 USA
Test report reference number:	ARUB14-A2 Rev A
Date EUT received:	3rd August 2006
Standard(s) applied:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 & IC RSS-210
Dates of test (from - to):	4th to 20th August 2007
No of Units Tested:	1
Type of Equipment:	802.11a/b/g Wireless Access Point
Manufacturers Trade Name:	Wireless Access Point
Model:	AP-85TX
Location for use:	Outdoor
Declared Frequency Range(s):	2400 - 2483.5 MHz 5725 - 5850 MHz
Type of Modulation:	Per 802.11 –CCK, BPSK, QPSK, DSSS, OFDM
Declared Nominal Average Output Power:	802.11b: +19 dBm 802.11g: +19 dBm 802.11a: +16.6 dBm
EUT Modes of Operation:	802.11a/b/g
Transmit/Receive Operation:	Time Division Duplex
Rated Input Voltage and Current:	12 Vdc, 2 A POE 48 Vdc 350 mA
Operating Temperature Range:	Declared range -30 to +55ºC
ITU Emission Designator:	802.11b – 15M8W7D 802.11g – 16M8W7D 802.11a – 16M6W7D
Frequency Stability:	±20 ppm max
Equipment Dimensions:	12.64” x 10.80” x 3.07”
Weight:	4.1 lbs
Primary function of equipment:	Wireless Access Point

3.2. Scope of Test Program

The scope of the test program was to test the Aruba Networks AP-85TX wireless Access Point in the frequency ranges 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 – 5850 MHz for compliance against FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 and Industry Canada RSS-210 specifications. This equipment is intended for Point to Multi point deployment.

The Aruba Networks AP-85TX access point has two independent transmitters. System identifies antennas as primary and secondary (diversity) devices. A maximum of two transmitters can operate at any given time, one operating in IEEE 802.11b/g mode (2.4 GHz) and the other in IEEE 802.11a mode (5 GHz band).

The unit operates via dc voltage via an input port therefore Aruba Networks do not market an ac/dc converter or POE (power-over-ethernet) converter.

Aruba Networks
AP-85TX Wireless Access Point

3.3. Equipment Model(s) and Serial Number(s)

Type (EUT/ Support)	Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Mfr	Model No.	Serial No.
EUT	Access Point	Aruba Networks	AP-85TX	A1014599
Support	Power Over LAN Hub	Power Dsine	6001	I041760400073 331B03
Support	Laptop PC	IBM	Thinkpad	None

3.4. Antenna Details

1. 2400-2500 MHz
    - Cushcraft Directional Panel WA24-2X 18 dBi

2. 5725-5850 MHz
    - Cushcraft Directional Panel MA-WA57-3X 16 dBi

3.5. Cabling and I/O Ports

Number and type of I/O ports

1. 10/100 Ethernet (with POE capability)
2. 4 N-Type antenna connections (Primary and Secondary (diversity))
3. 3 pin 12 Vdc 2A DC PWR connector

3.6. Test Configurations

Testing was performed to determine the highest power level versus bit rate. 802.11b 1 MB/s, 6 MB/s for 802.11g and 6 MB/s for 802.11a were found to provide the highest power levels. These data rates were used to exercise the product throughout the entire test program.

Matrix of Channel test configurations.

Operational Mode (802.11)	Frequencies (MHz)
b, g	2,412 2,437 2,462
a	5,745 5,785 5,825

Matrix of Access Point Data Rate Configurations

'b' Mode Data Rate	'a' and 'g' Mode Data Rate
1 Mb/s	6 Mb/s

Antenna Test Configurations for Radiated Emissions

Freq Band (GHz)	802.11 Mode	18 dBi Panel	16 dBi Panel
2.4	b	X	
	g	X	
5.8	a		X

3.7. Equipment Modifications

The following modifications were required to bring the equipment into compliance:

EUT Software Power Settings - Radiated Testing

Measurements were taken to determine the relationship between software power settings and conducted power in 802.11b, “g” and “a” modes of operation. The results of these measurements were used to establish the software settings to be used for radiated emissions testing taking into account the antenna gains. The results of these measurements are held on file.

The software power settings used and the peak conducted power measured for each channel are as follows;-

Software settings used for 802.11b and 802.11g modes with 18 dBi antenna

Mode	2412 MHz		2437 MHz		2462 MHz	
	Software Setting	Peak Power (dBm)	Software Setting	Peak Power (dBm)	Software Setting	Peak Power (dBm)
b	27	17.37	27	17.14	27	17.46
g	20	17.80	20	17.95	20	17.65

Software settings used for 802.11a mode with 16 dBi antenna

Mode	5745 MHz		5785 MHz		5825 MHz	
	Software Setting	Peak Power (dBm)	Software Setting	Peak Power (dBm)	Software Setting	Peak Power (dBm)
a	27	19.73	24	18.66	24	18.86

3.8. Deviations from the Test Standard

The following deviations from the test standard were required in order to complete the test program:

1. NONE

3.9. Subcontracted Testing or Third Party Data

1. NONE

4. TEST SUMMARY

List of Measurements

The following table represents the list of measurements required under the **FCC CFR47 Part 15.247** and **Industry Canada RSS-210** and **Industry Canada RSS-Gen.**

Section(s)	Test Items	Description	Condition	Result	Test Report Section
15.247(a)(2) **A8.2(1)** **4.4**	6 dB and 99 % Bandwidths	≥500 kHz	Conducted	Complies	5.1.1
15.247(b)(3) **15.31(e)** **A8.4(4)**	Peak Output Power Voltage Variation	Shall not exceed 1W Variation of supply voltage 85 % -115 %	Conducted	Complies	5.1.2
15.247(e) **A8.2**	Peak Power Spectral Density	Shall not be greater than +8 dBm in any 3 kHz band	Conducted	Complies	5.1.3
15.247(i) **5.5**	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Exposure to radio frequency energy levels	Conducted	Complies	5.1.4
15.247(d) **15.205 /** **15.209** **A8.5** **2.2** **4.7**	Spurious Emissions (30MHz - 26 GHz b/g and 30 MHz – 40 GHz a)	The radiated emission in any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density	Conducted	Complies	5.1.5

List of Measurements (continued)

The following table represents the list of measurements required under the **FCC CFR47 Part 15.247, Industry Canada RSS-210,** and **Industry Canada RSS-Gen.**

Section(s)	Test Items	Description	Condition	Result	Test Report Section
15.247(d) **15.205 /** **15.209** **A8.5** **2.2** **2.6** **4.7**	Radiated Emissions	Restricted Bands	Radiated	Complies	5.1.6
	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions	Emissions above 1 GHz		Complies	*5.1.6.1*
	Radiated Band Edge	Band-edge results Peak Emissions		Complies	*5.1.6.2.*
Industry Canada only **RSS-Gen §4.8, §6**	Receiver Radiated Spurious Emissions	Emissions above 1 GHz		Complies	*5.1.6.3*
15.205 / **15.209** **2.2**	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Emissions <1 GHz (30M-1 GHz)	Radiated	Complies	*5.1.6.4*
15.207 **7.2.2**	AC Wireline Conducted Emissions 150 kHz–30 MHz	Conducted Emissions	Conducted	No Test Requirement	*5.1.7*

Note 1: *Test results reported in this document relate only to the items tested*
Note 2: *The required tests demonstrated compliance as per client declaration of test configuration, monitoring methodology and associated pass/fail criteria*
Note 3: *Appendix A - Equipment Modifications highlights the equipment modifications that were required to bring the product into compliance with the above test matrix*

5. TEST RESULTS

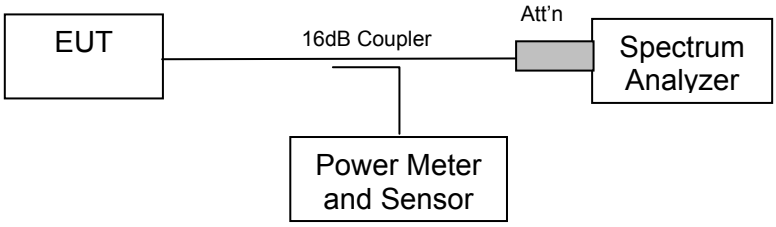
5.1. Device Characteristics

5.1.1. 6 dB and 99 % Bandwidth

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.247(a)(2)
Industry Canada RSS-210 §A8.2
Industry Canada RSS-Gen §4.4

Test Procedure
The bandwidth at 6 dB and 99 % is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for 6 dB and 99 % bandwidth test

Measurement Results for 6 dB & 99% Bandwidth

Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

Radio Parameters
Duty Cycle: 100%
Output: Modulated Carrier
Power: Maximum

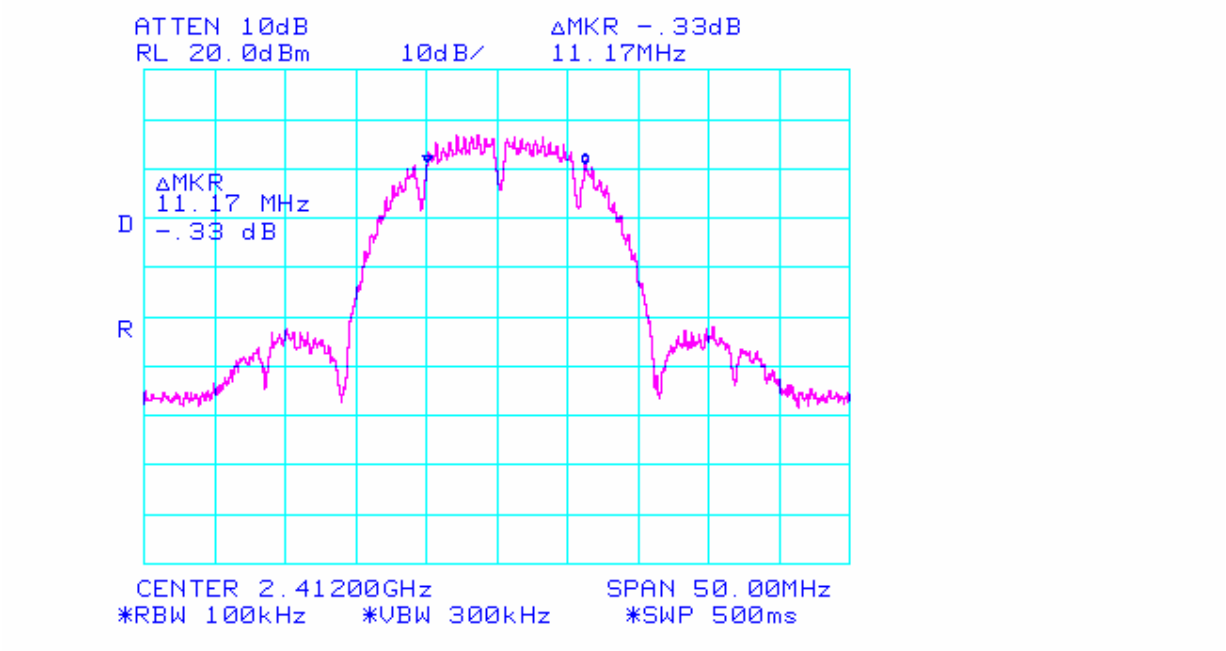
Measurement Results for 6 dB Operational Bandwidth(s)

Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

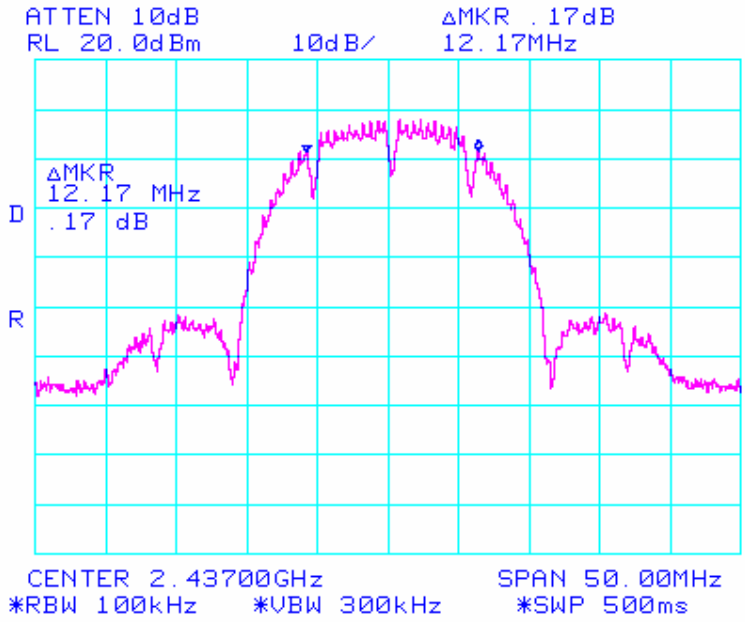
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b - 1 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
2,412	11.17
2,437	12.17
2,462	12.17

2,412 MHz 802.11b 6 dB Bandwidth



2,437 MHz 802.11b 6 dB Bandwidth



2,462 MHz 802.11b 6 dB Bandwidth

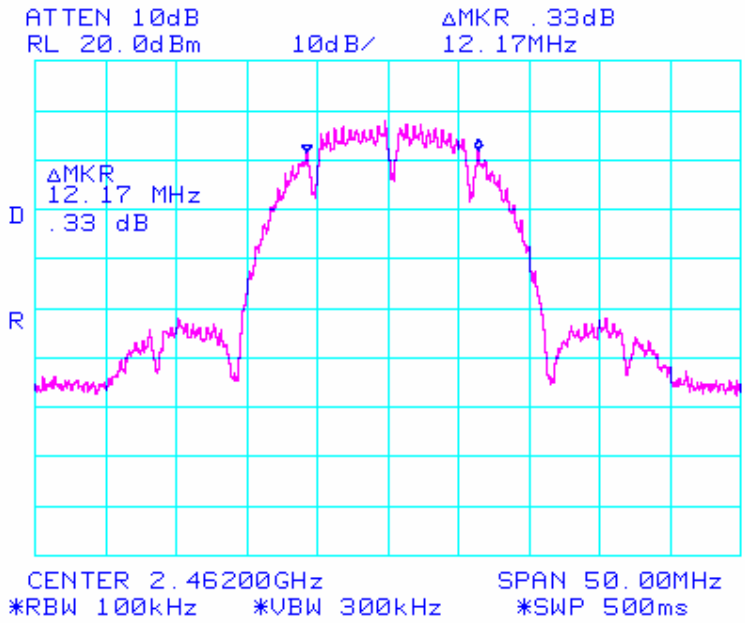
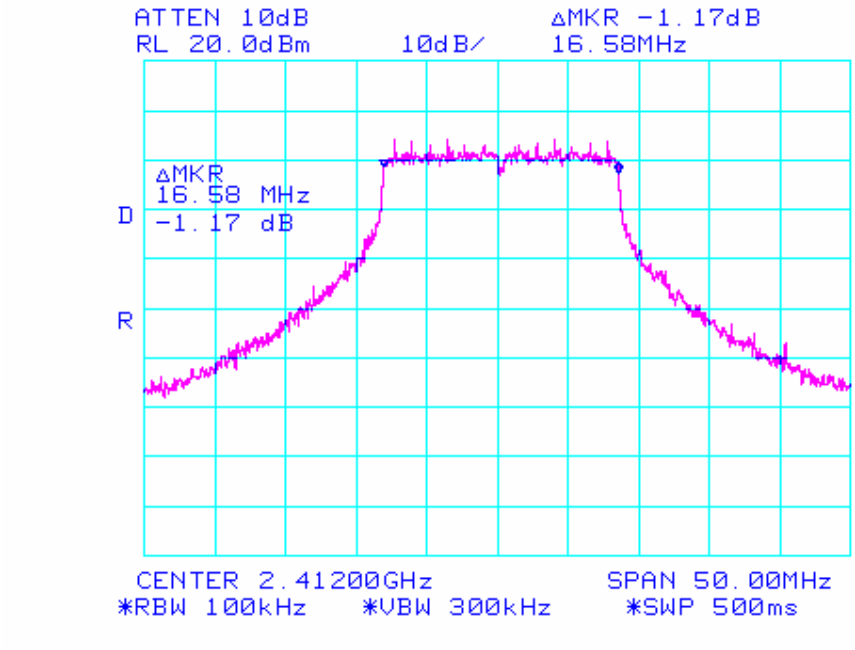


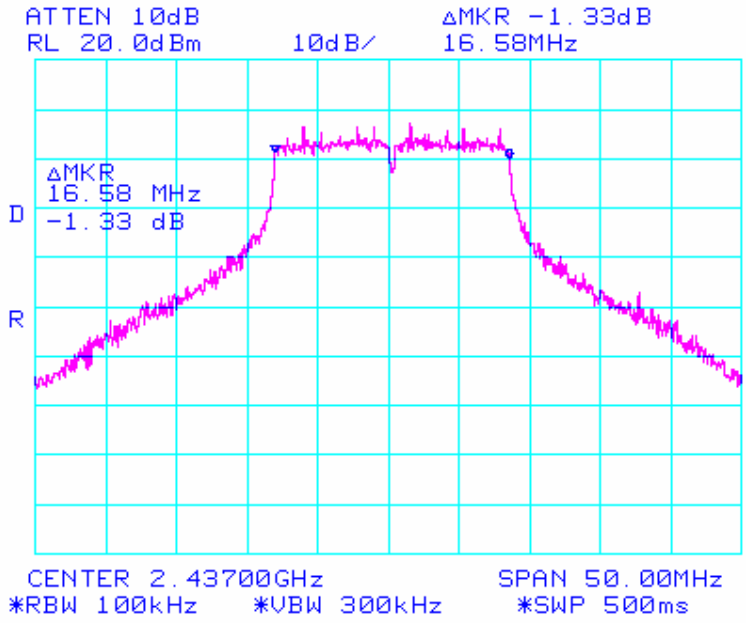
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g - 6 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
2,412	16.58
2,437	16.58
2,462	16.67

2,412 MHz 802.11g 6 dB Bandwidth



2,437 MHz 802.11g 6 dB Bandwidth



2,462 MHz 802.11g 6 dB Bandwidth

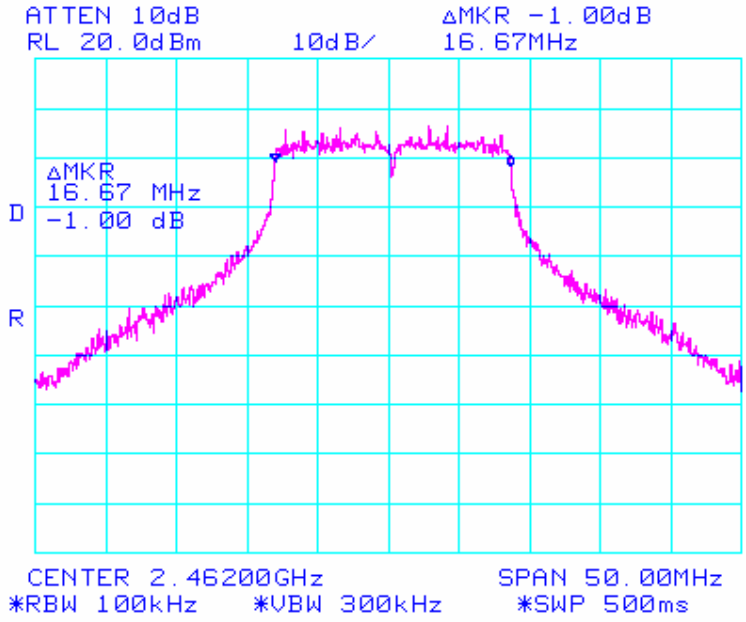
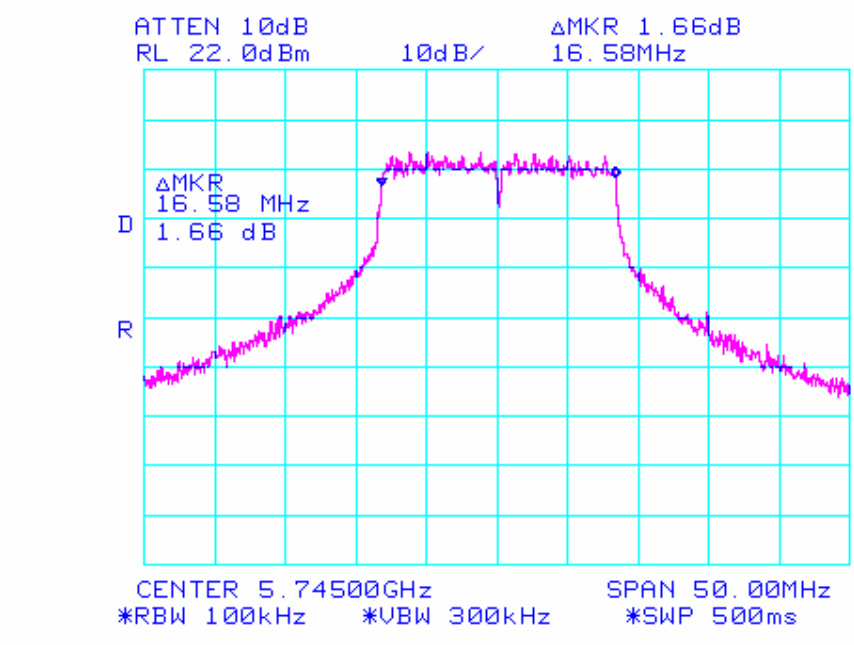


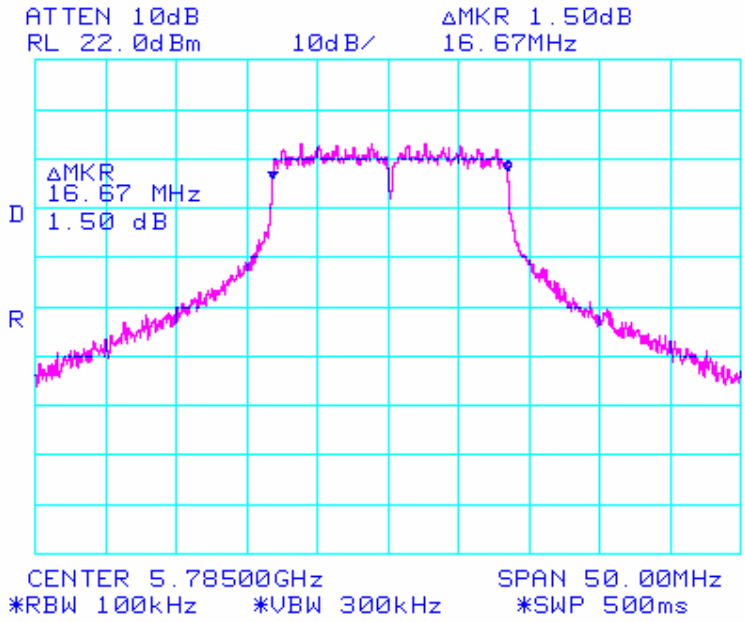
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a - 6 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
5,745	16.58
5,785	16.67
5,825	16.58

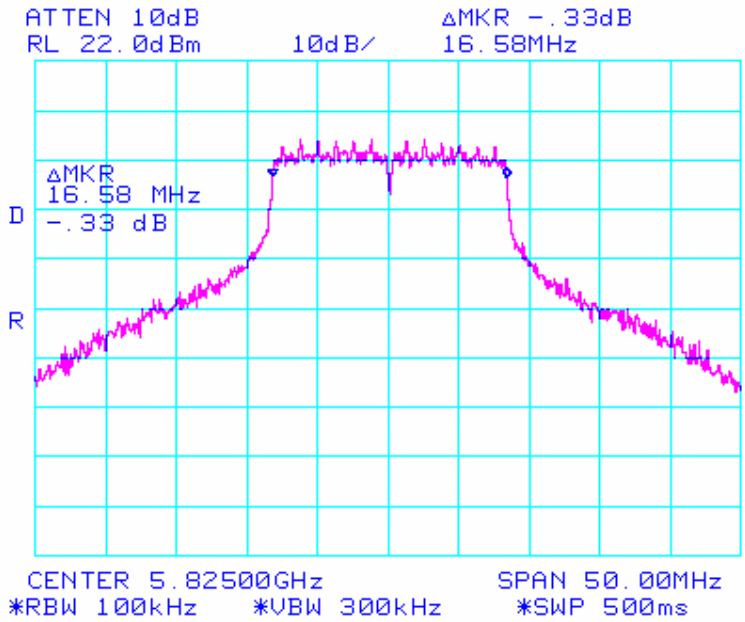
5,745 MHz 802.11a 6 dB Bandwidth



5,785 MHz 802.11a 6 dB Bandwidth



5,825 MHz 802.11a 6 dB Bandwidth

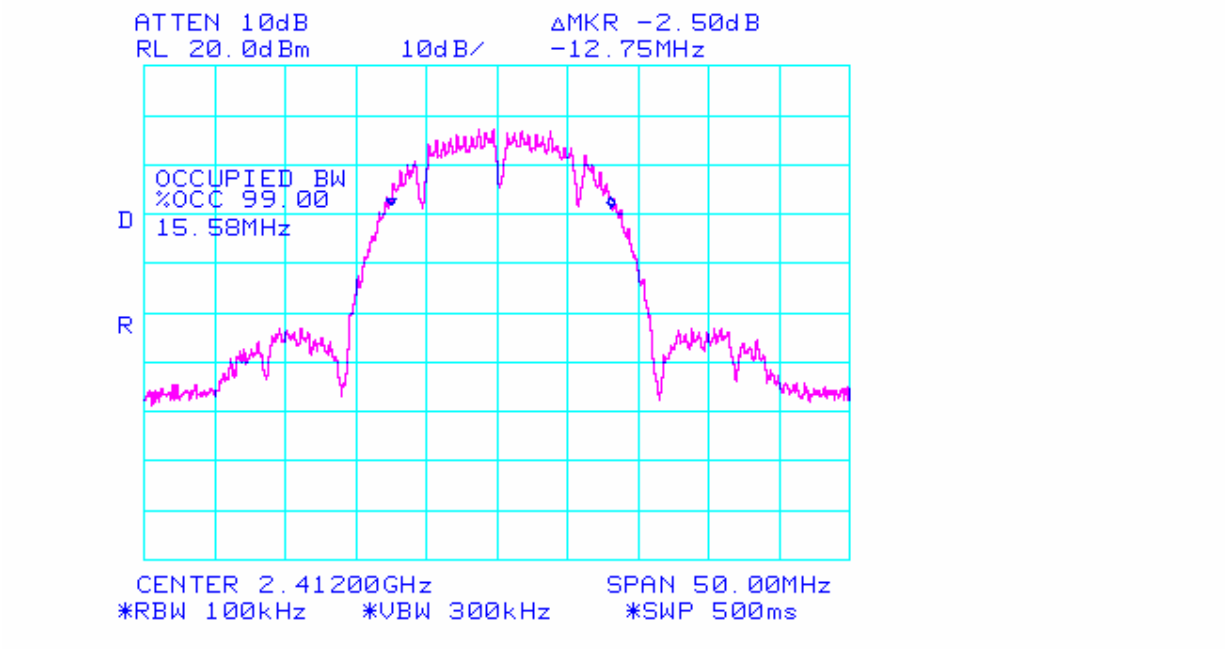


Measurement Results for 99 % Operational Bandwidth(s)

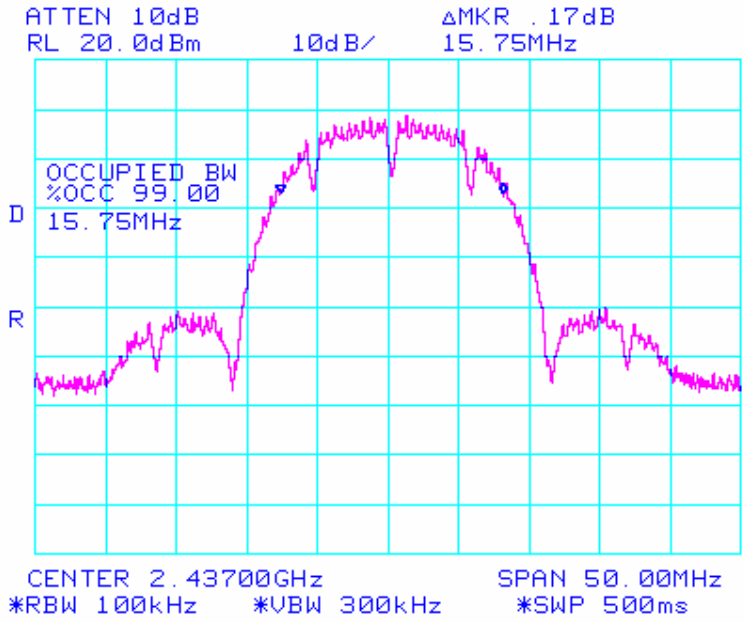
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b - 1 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % BW (MHz)
2,412	15.58
2,437	15.75
2,462	15.75

2,412 MHz 802.11b 99 % Bandwidth



2,437 MHz 802.11b 99 % Bandwidth



2,462 MHz 802.11b 99 % Bandwidth

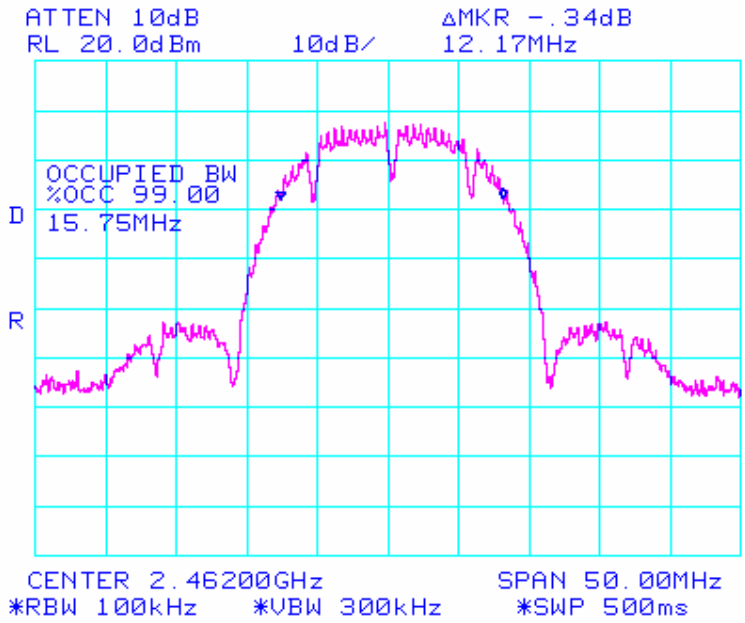
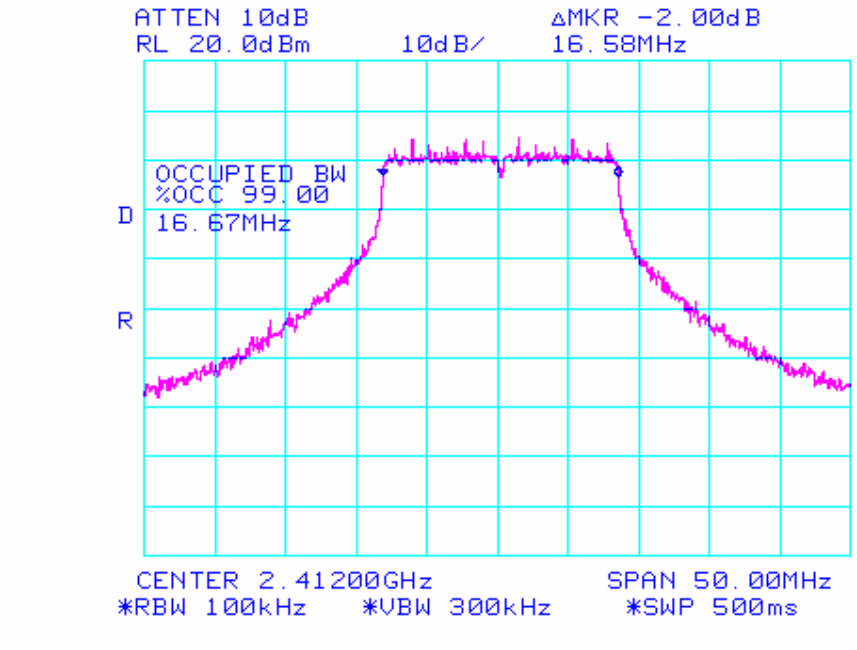


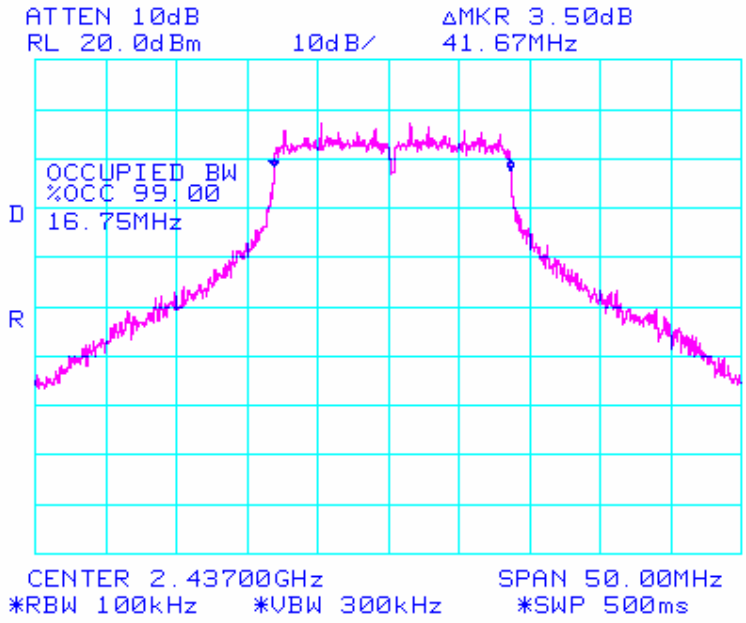
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g - 6 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % BW (MHz)
2,412	16.67
2,437	16.75
2,462	16.75

2,412 MHz 802.11g 99 % Bandwidth



2,437 MHz 802.11g 99 % Bandwidth



2,462 MHz 802.11g 99 % Bandwidth

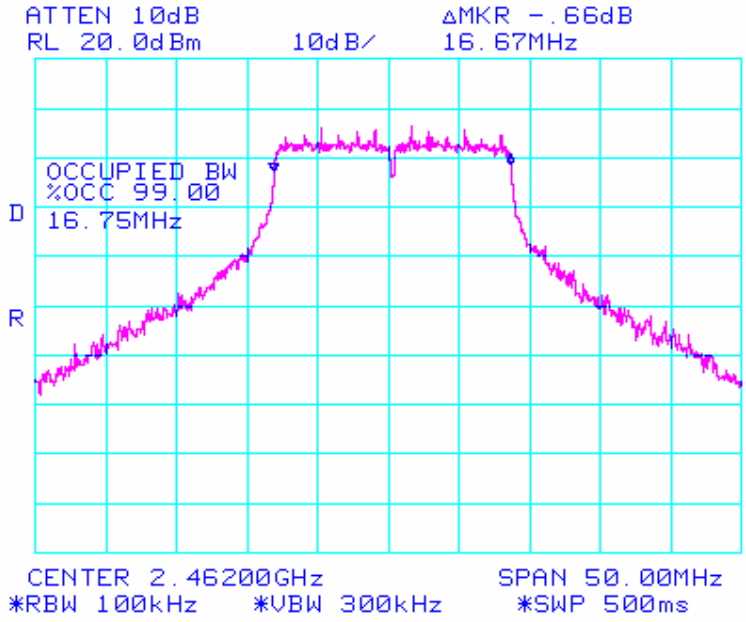
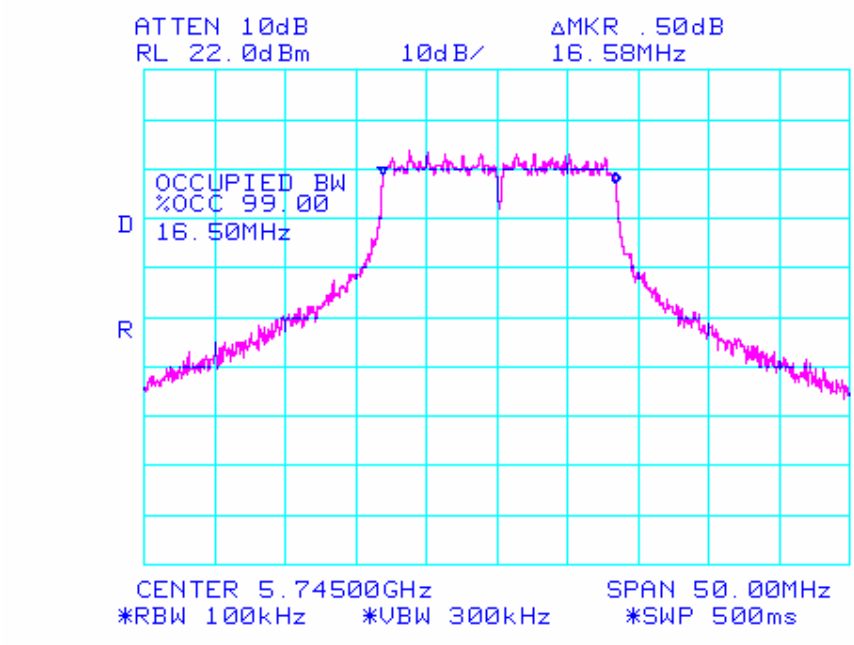


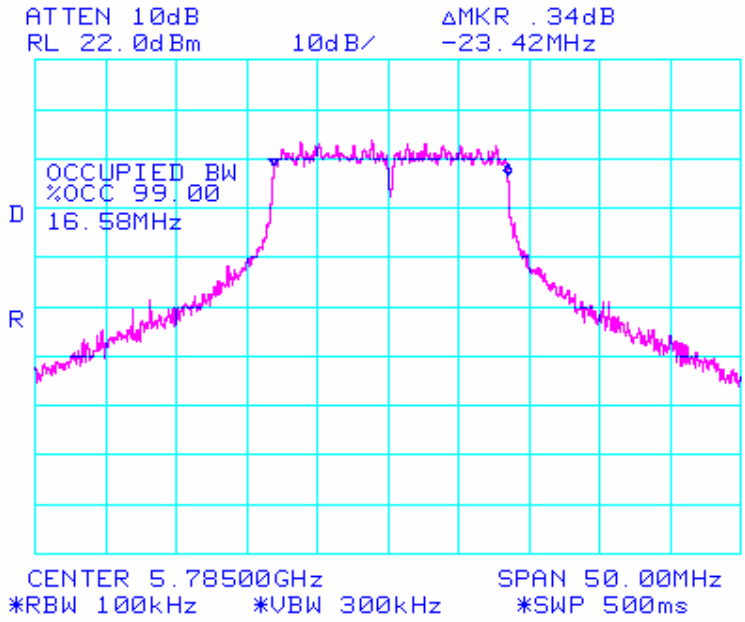
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a - 6 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % BW (MHz)
5,745	16.50
5,785	16.58
5,825	16.58

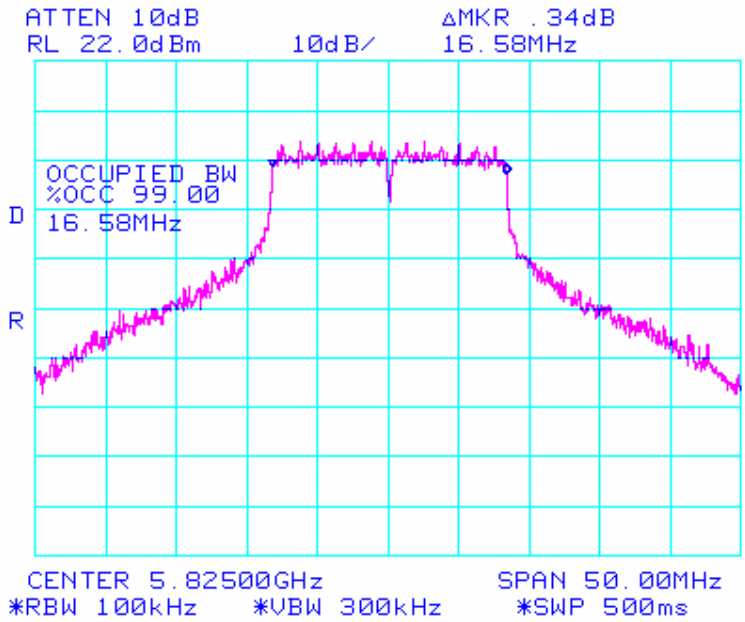
5,745 MHz 802.11a 99 % Bandwidth



5,785 MHz 802.11a 99 % Bandwidth



5,825 MHz 802.11a 99 % Bandwidth



Specification

Limits

§15.247 (a)(2) & RSS-210 §A8.2(1)
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

§ IC RSS-Gen 4.4.1 Occupied Bandwidth When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

§ IC RSS-Gen 4.4.2 6 dB Bandwidth Where indicated, the 6 dB bandwidth is measured at the points when the spectral density of the signal is 6 dB down from the in –band spectral density of the modulated signal, with the transmitter modulated by a representative signal.

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Spectrum Measurement

Measurement uncertainty	±2.81 dB

Traceability

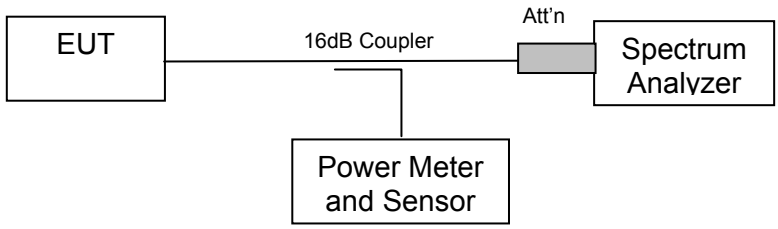
Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-03 'Measurement of RF Spectrum Mask'	0158, 0193, 0252, 0313, 0314, 0070, 0116, 0117

5.1.2. Peak Output Power

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.247(b)(3), §15.31(e)
Industry Canada RSS-210 §A8.4(4)

Test Procedure
The transmitter terminal of EUT was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer set to measure peak power. The resolution filter bandwidth was set to 6 dB, peak detector selected and the analyzer built-in power function was used to measure peak power over the 99 % bandwidth.

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for Transmitter Peak Output Power

Ambient conditions.

Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

b/g (2.4 GHz) Maximum Antenna Gain = +18 dBi

a (5.8 GHz) Maximum Antenna Gain = +16 dBi

15.247 (c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.

(1) Point-to-Multipoint Operation
For point-to-multipoint operation the conducted output power limit is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Point to Multipoint limit equals +36dbM EIRP

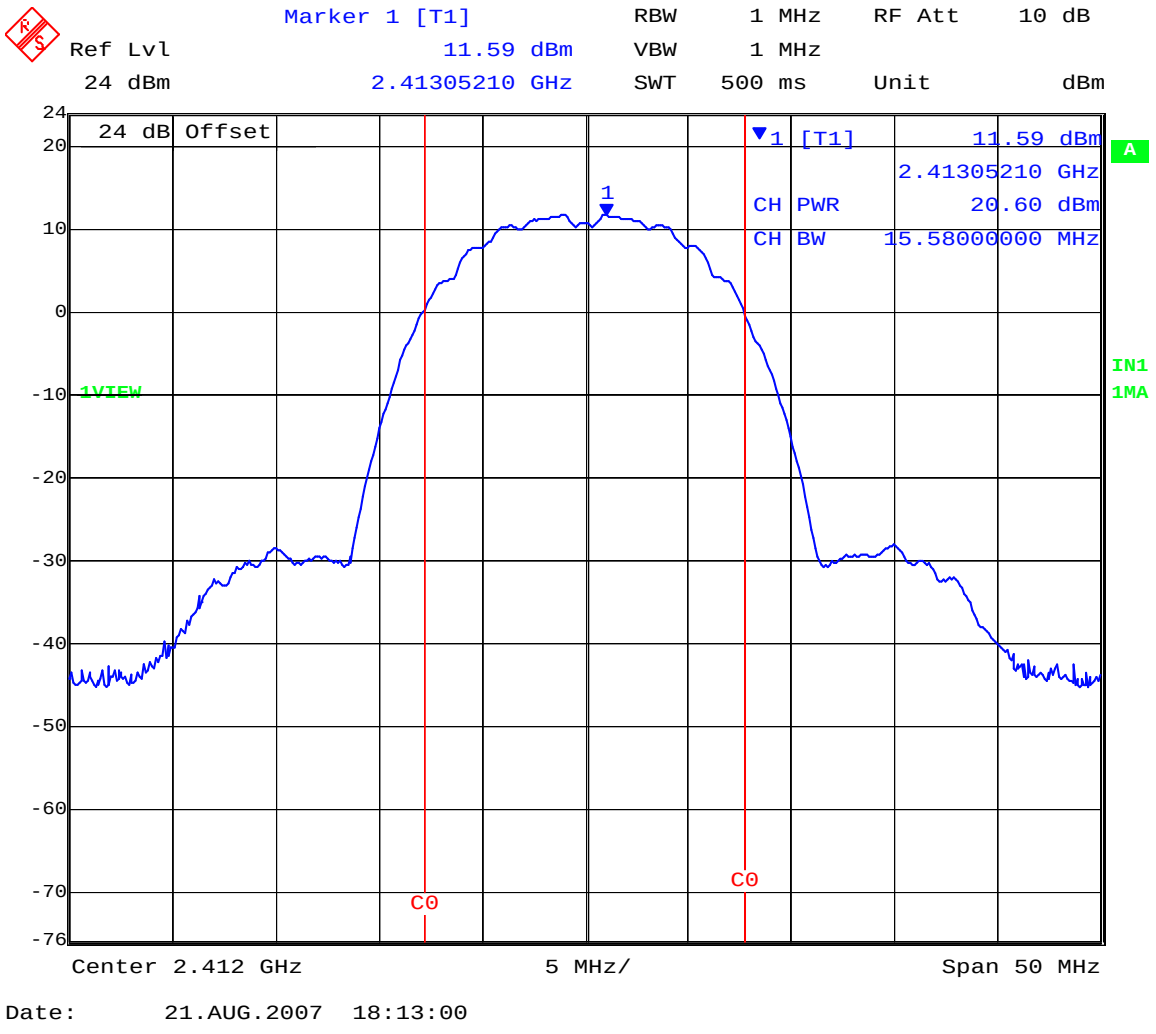
Antenna Type	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain >6dBi (dB)	Power Reduction (dB)	Max. Allowable Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Maximum EIRP (dBm)
2.4GHz WA24-2X	18	12	12	+18	+36
5.8GHz MA-WA57-3X	16	10	10	+20	+36

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b – 1Mb/s**

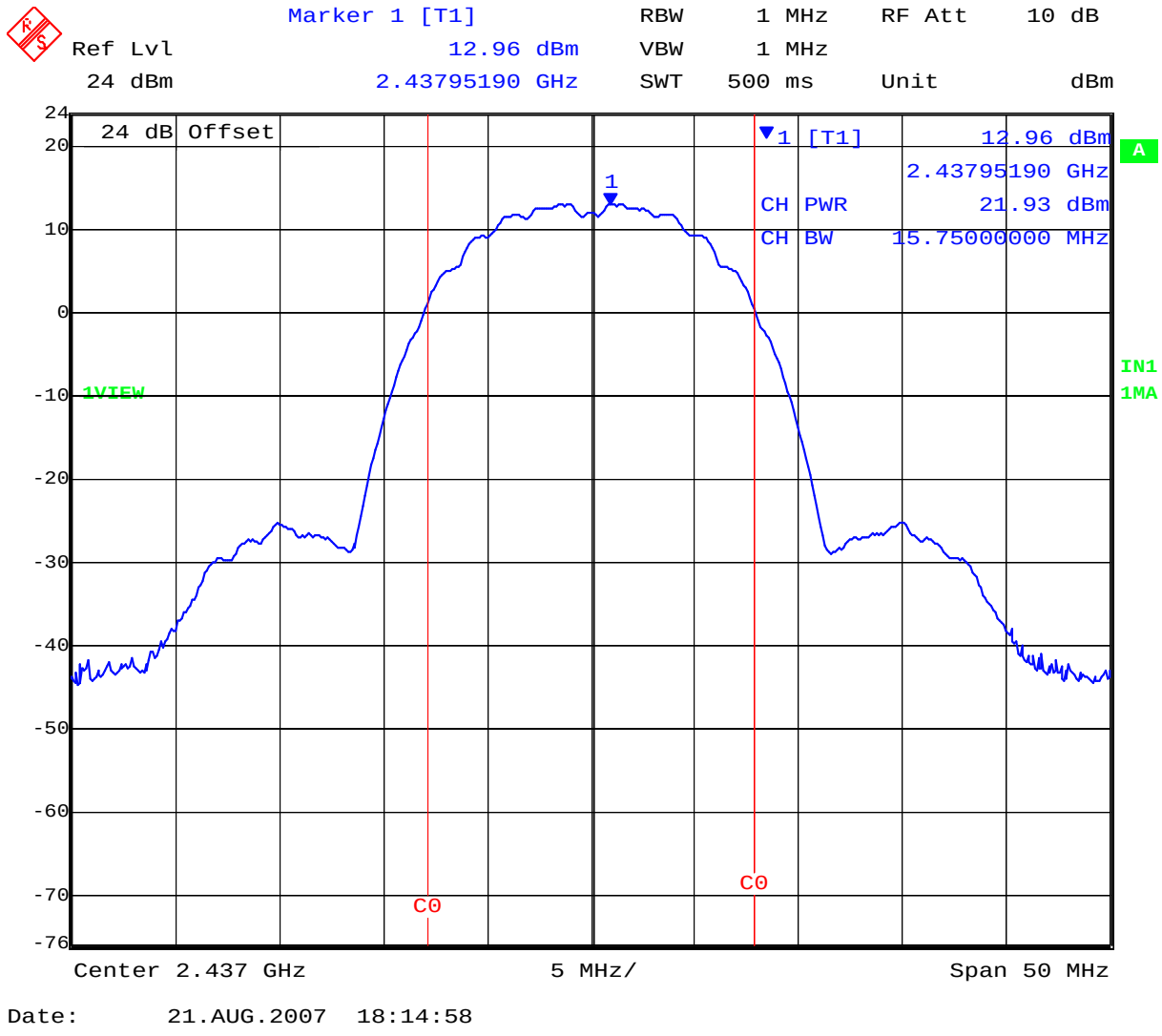
Maximum Conducted Power

Center Frequency (MHz)	Software Setting	99% Measurement Bandwidth (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Peak Power (dBm)	EIRP (dBm) 0dBi Antenna
2,412	60	15.58	+17.6	+20.60	+20.60
2,437	60	15.75	+18.8	+21.93	+21.93
2,462	60	15.75	+17.6	+20.83	+20.83

Software Power Setting = 60
2,412 MHz 802.11b Peak Power (dBm)



Software Power Setting = 60
2,437 MHz 802.11b Peak Power (dBm)



Software Power Setting = 60
2,462 MHz 802.11b Peak Power (dBm)

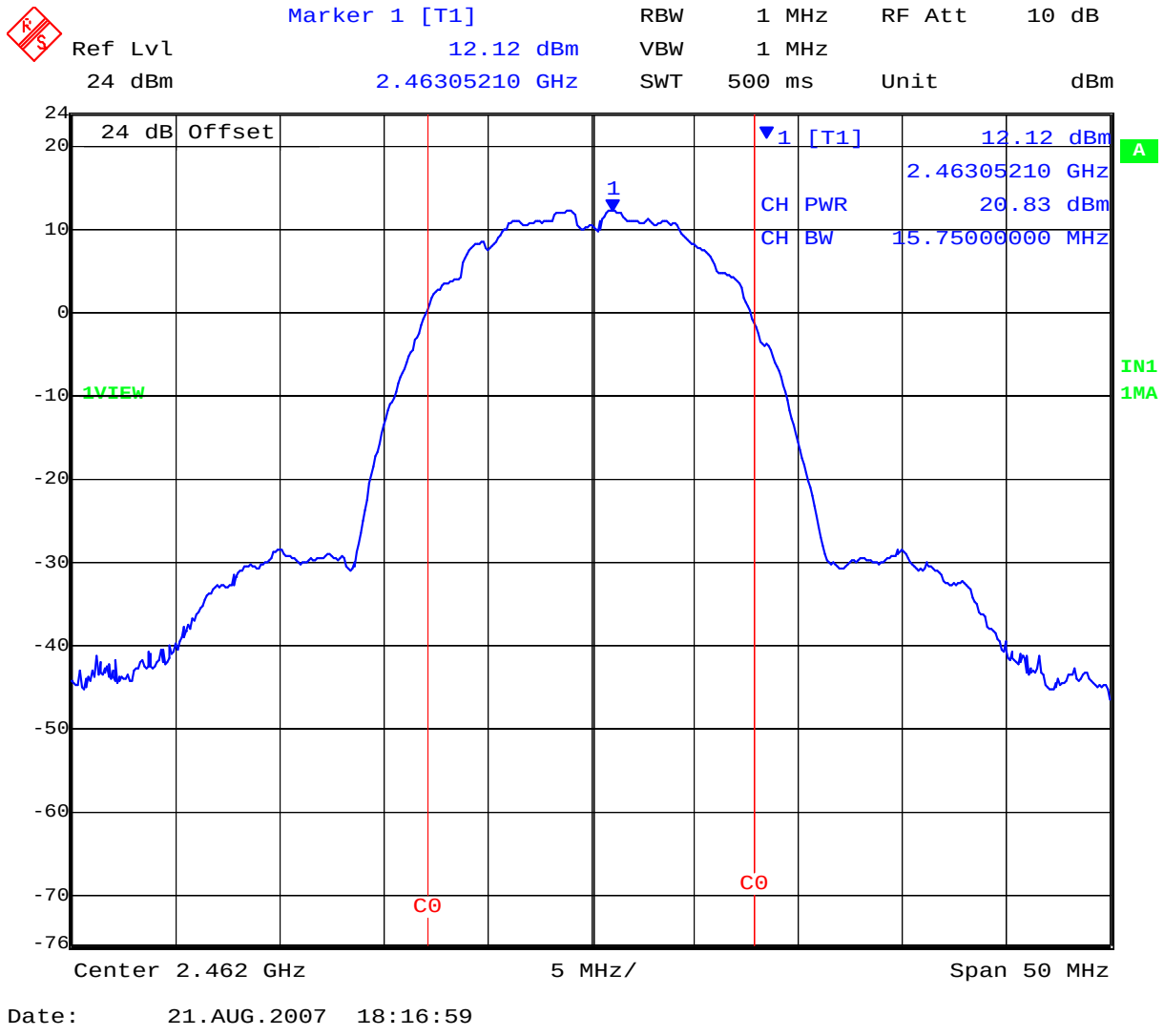


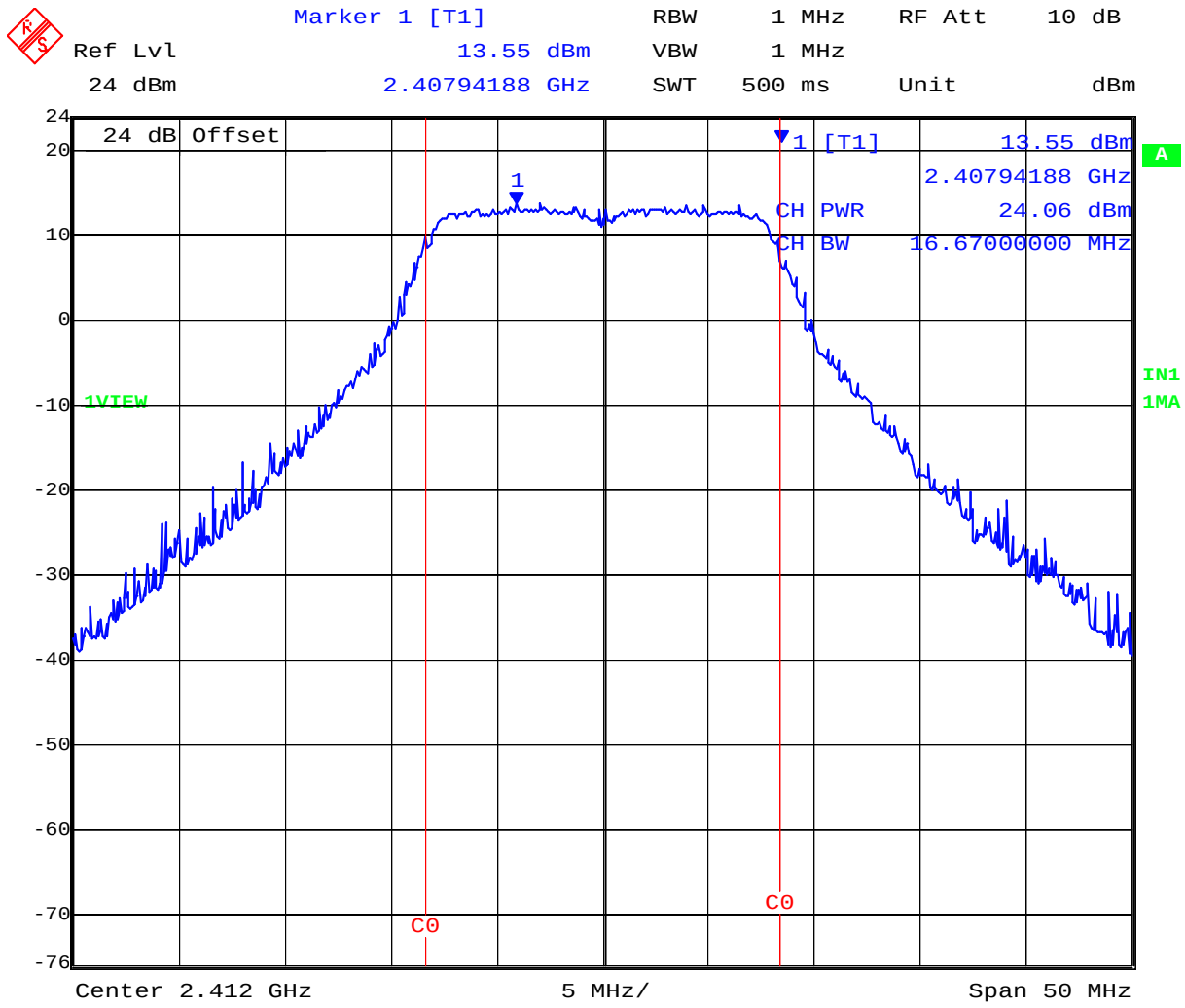
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g – 6Mb/s**

Maximum Conducted Power

Center Frequency (MHz)	Software Setting	99% Measurement Bandwidth (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Peak Power (dBm)	EIRP (dBm) 0dBi Antenna
2,412	60	16.67	+16.2	+24.06	+24.06
2,437	60	16.76	+18.4	+26.16	+26.16
2,462	60	16.75	+17.9	+25.64	+25.64

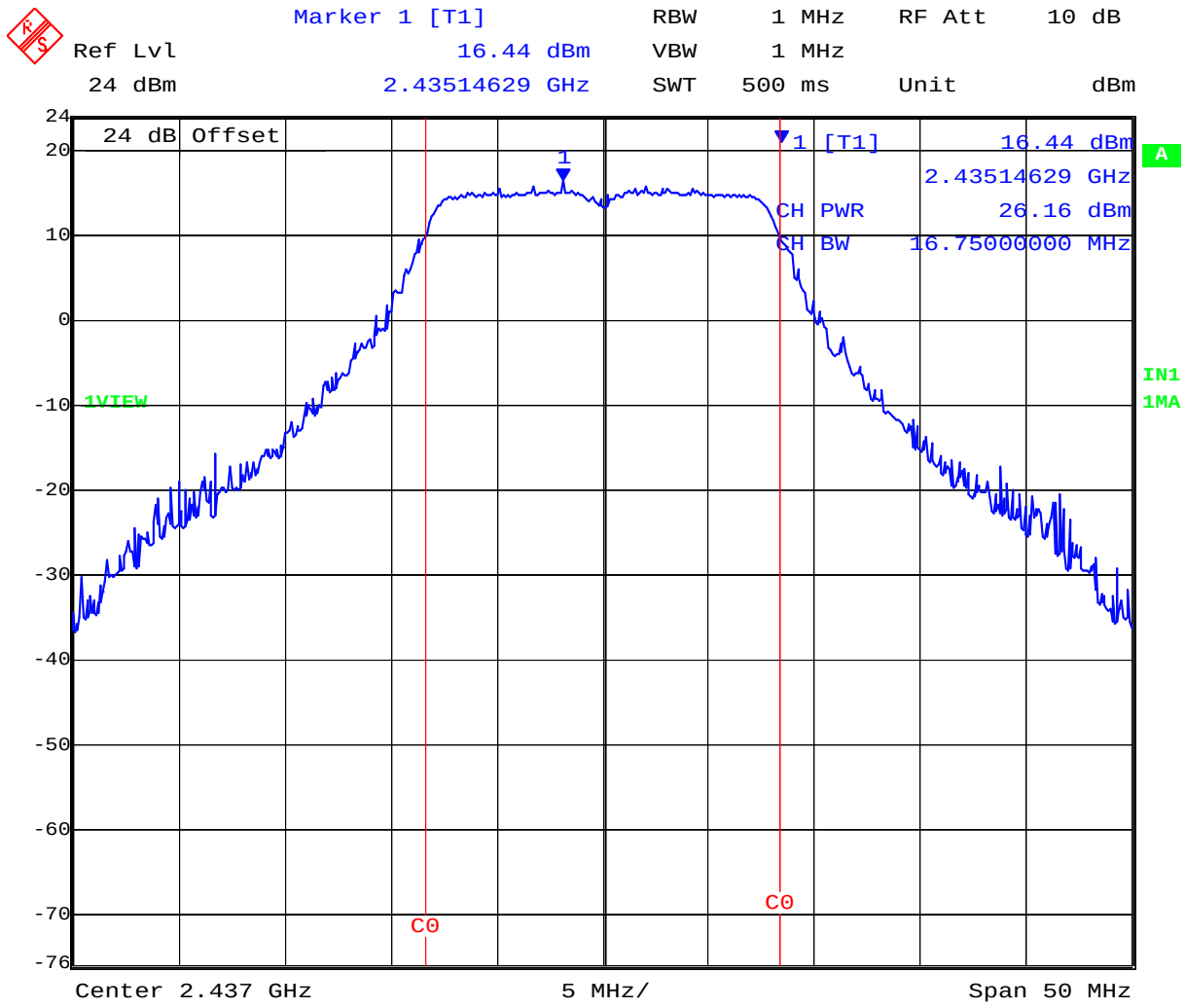
Software Power Setting = 60

2,412 MHz 802.11g Peak Power (dBm)



Software Power Setting = 60

2,437 MHz 802.11g Peak Power (dBm)



Software Power Setting = 60

2,462 MHz 802.11g Peak Power (dBm)

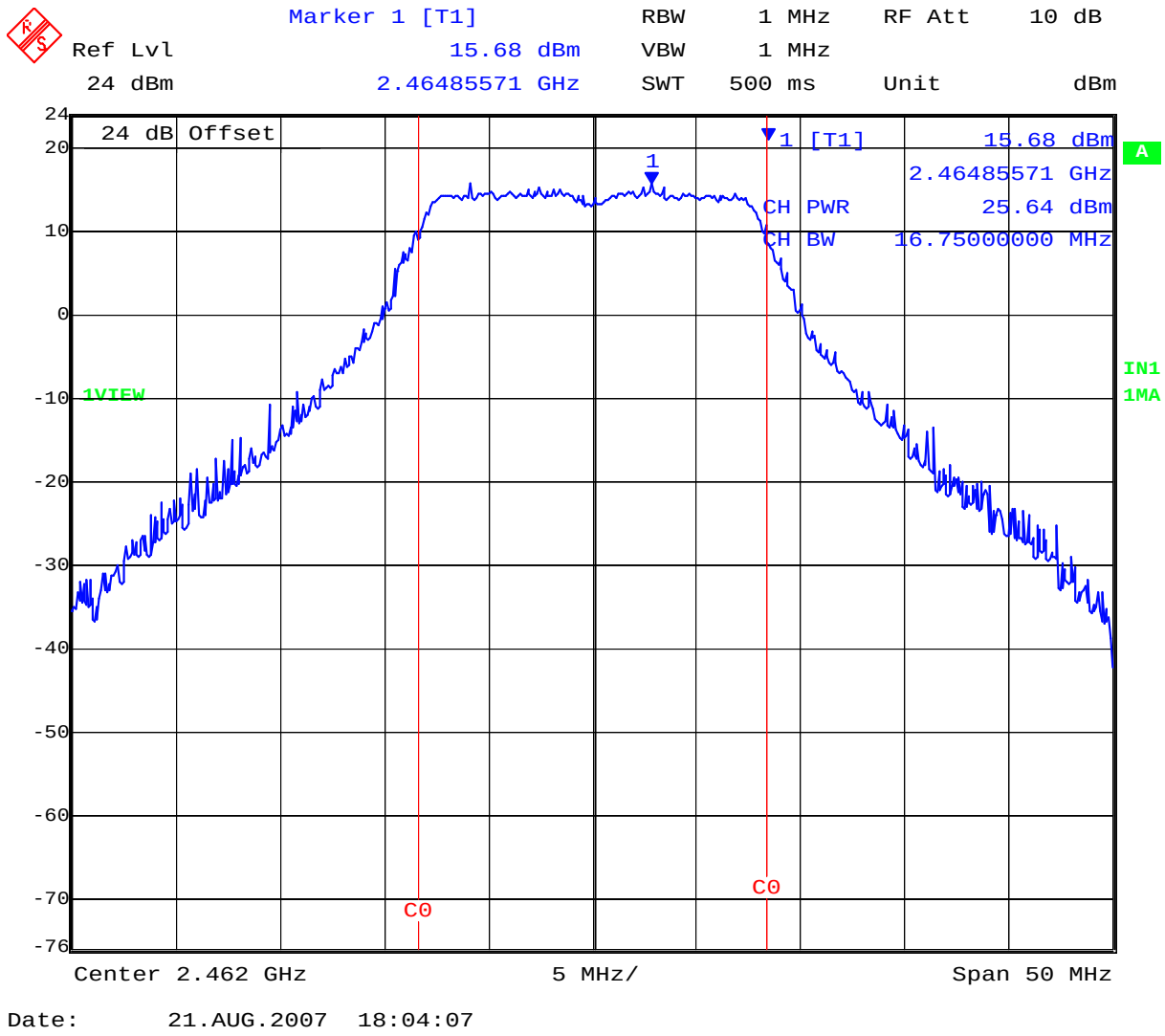


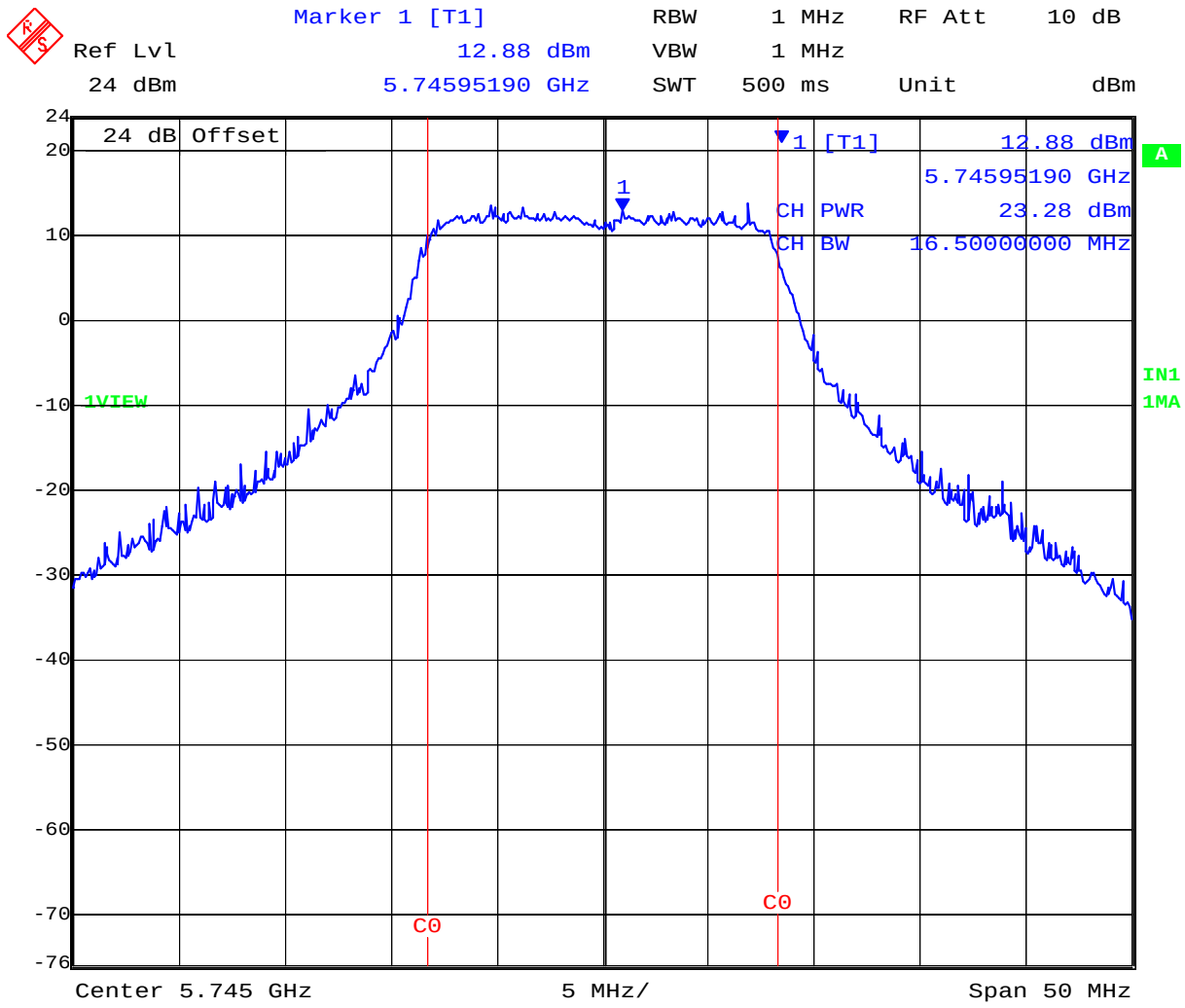
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a – 6 Mb/s**

Maximum Conducted Power

Center Frequency (MHz)	Software Setting	99% Measurement Bandwidth (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Peak Power (dBm)	EIRP (dBm) 0dBi Antenna
5,745	60	16.50	+15.9	+23.28	+23.28
5,785	60	16.58	+16.3	+23.68	+23.68
5,825	60	16.58	+16.3	+23.50	+23.50

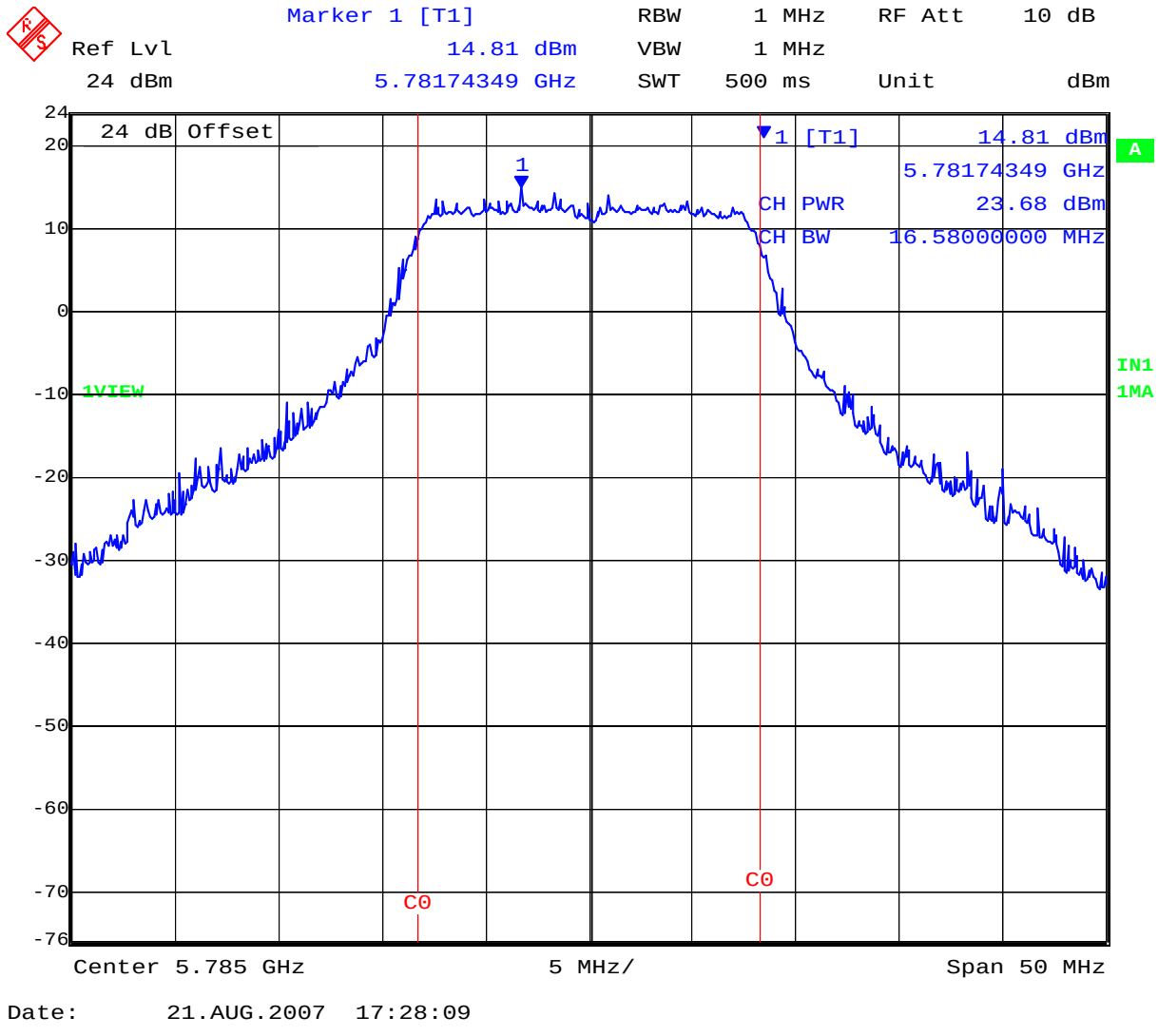
Software Power Setting = 60

5,745 MHz 802.11a Peak Power (dBm)



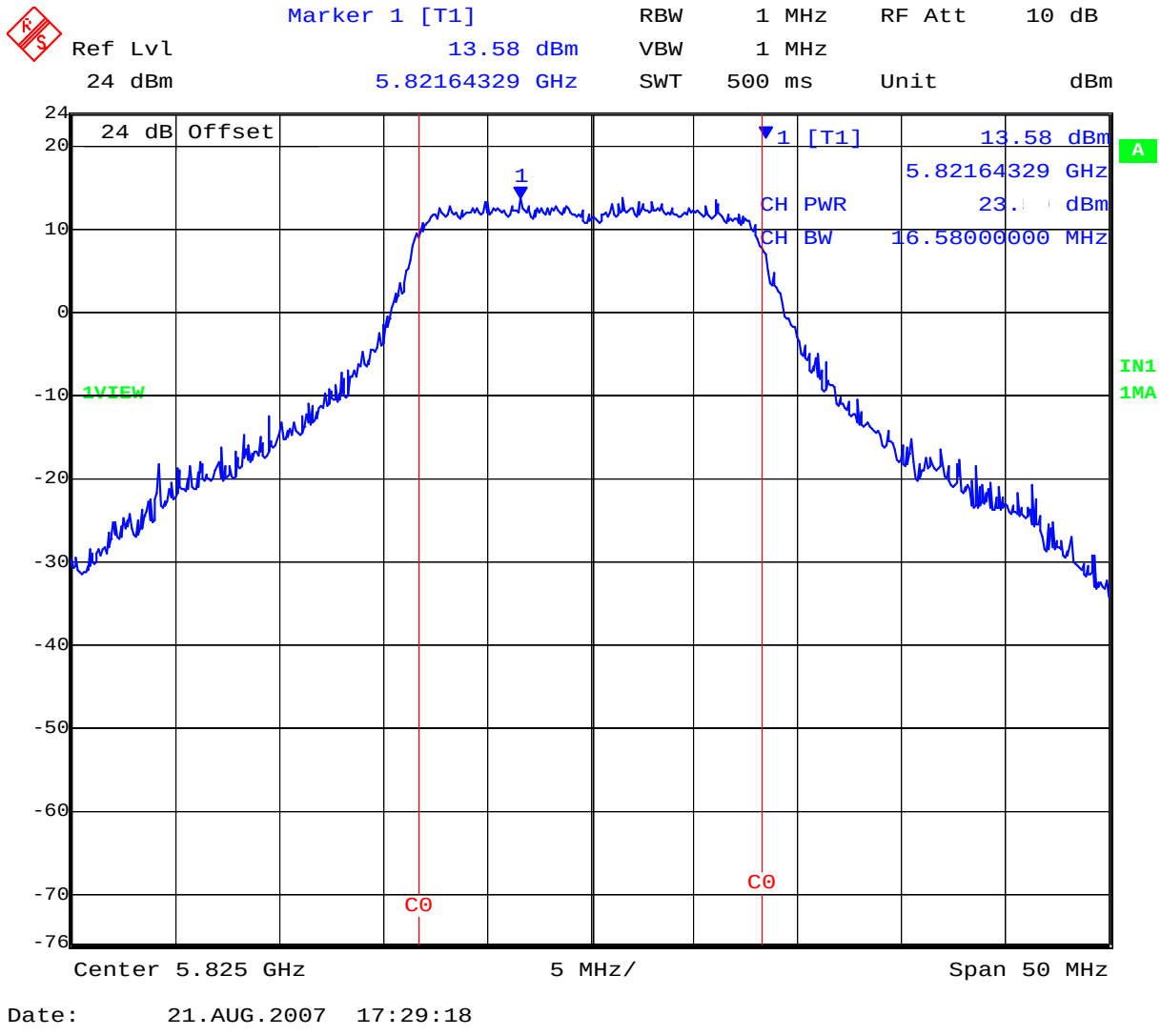
Software Power Setting = 60

5,785 MHz 802.11a Peak Power (dBm)



Software Power Setting = 60

5,825 MHz 802.11a Peak Power (dBm)



Specification

Limits

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1.0 watt.

15.247 (b) (4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

15.247 (c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.

(1) Fixed point-to-point operation:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(ii) Systems operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

§15.31 (e) For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

§ RSS-210 A8.4(4) For systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands the maximum peak conducted power shall not exceed 1 watt.

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Power Measurements

Measurement uncertainty	±1.33 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-01 'Measuring RF Output Power'	0158, 0193, 0252, 0313, 0314, 0070, 0116, 0117

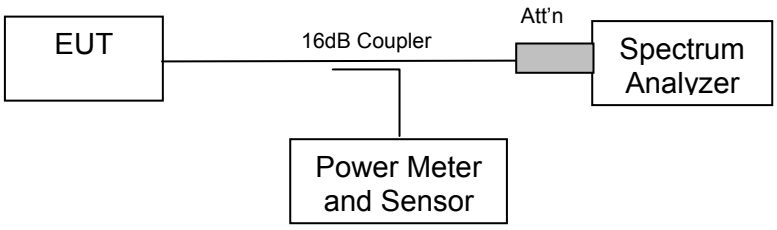
5.1.3. Peak Power Spectral Density

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.247(e)
Industry Canada RSS-210 §A8.2

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to a spectrum analyzer and the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth was measured. A peak value was found over the full emission bandwidth and the frequency span reduced to obtain enhanced resolution. Sweep time ≥ span / 3 kHz with video averaging turned off. The Peak Power Spectral Density is the highest level found across the emission in a 3 kHz resolution bandwidth.

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for Peak Power Spectral Density

Measurement Results for Peak Power Spectral Density

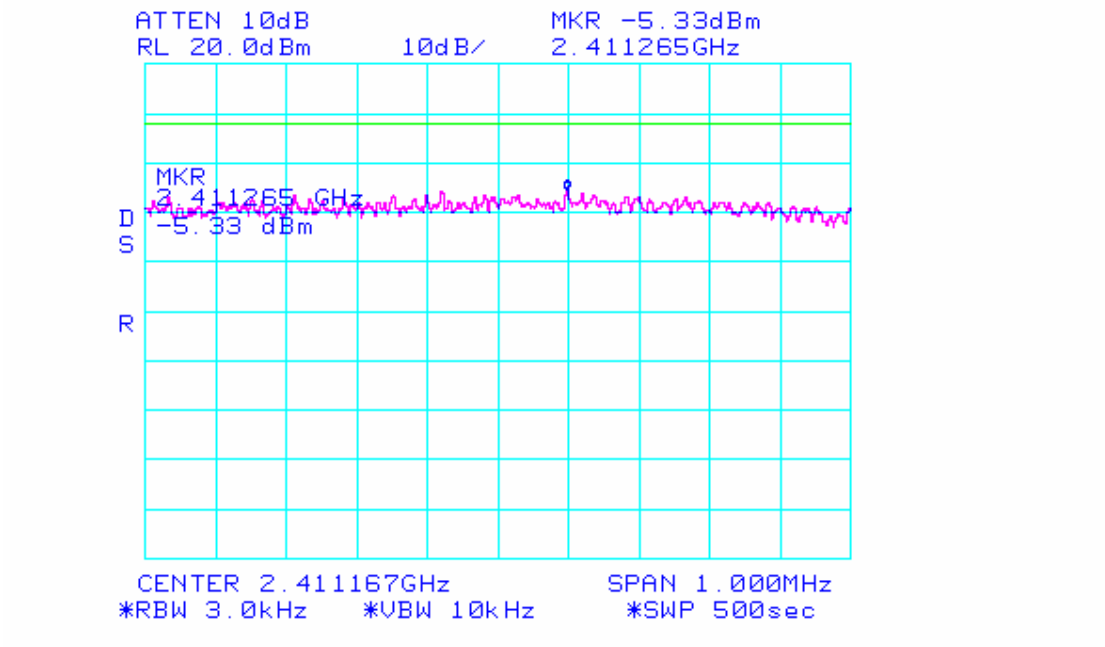
Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

Radio Parameters
Duty Cycle: 100%
Output: Modulated Carrier

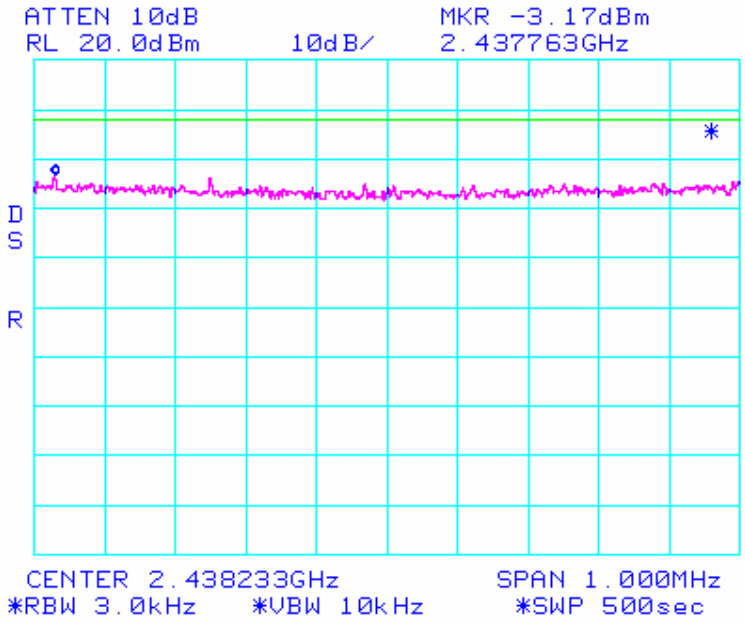
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b – 1Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	Peak Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)
2,412	2411.265	-5.33	+8	-13.33
2,437	2437.763	-3.17	+8	-11.17
2,462	2462.763	-4.17	+8	-12.17

2,412 MHz 802.11b Peak Power Spectral Density



2,437 MHz 802.11b Peak Power Spectral Density



2,462 MHz 802.11b Peak Power Spectral Density

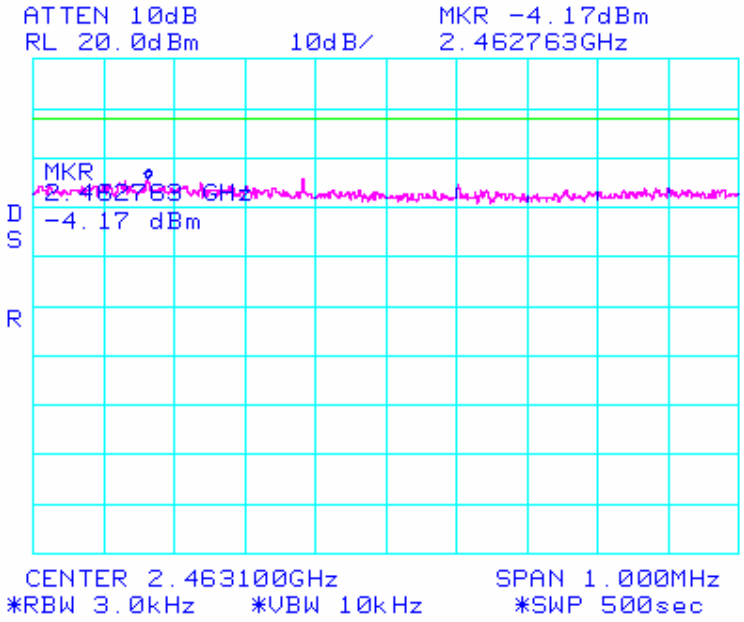
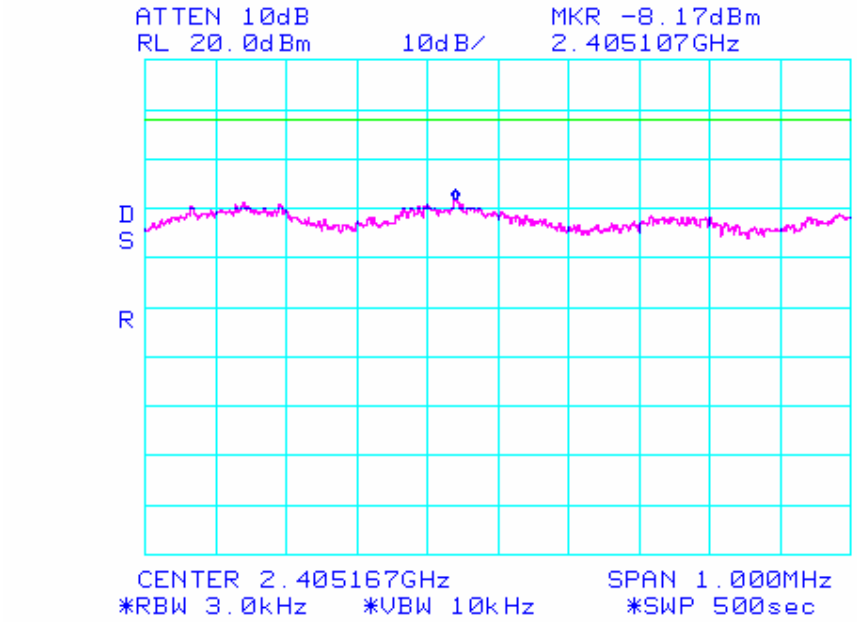


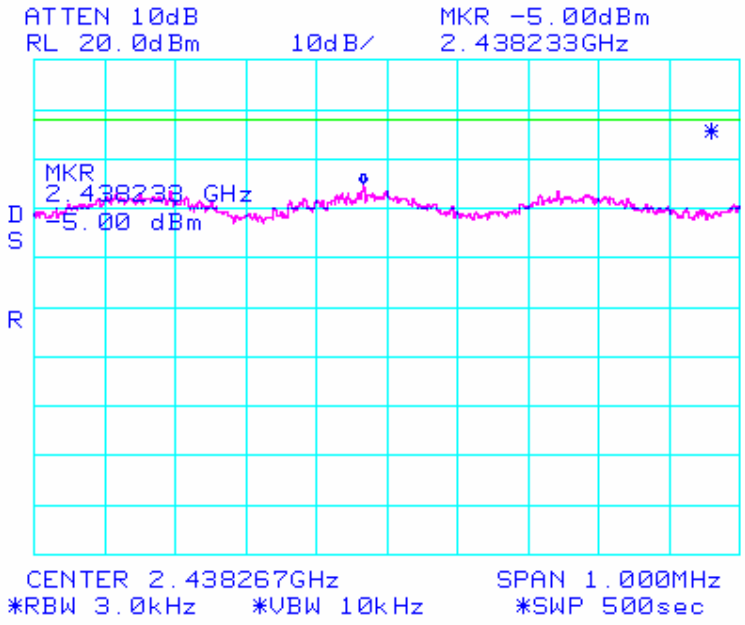
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g – 6 Mb/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	Peak Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)
2,412	2405.107	-8.17	+8	-16.17
2,437	2438.233	-5.00	+8	-13.00
2,462	2459.233	-5.83	+8	-13.83

2,412 MHz 802.11g Peak Power Spectral Density



2,437 MHz 802.11g Peak Power Spectral Density



2,462 MHz 802.11g Peak Power Spectral Density

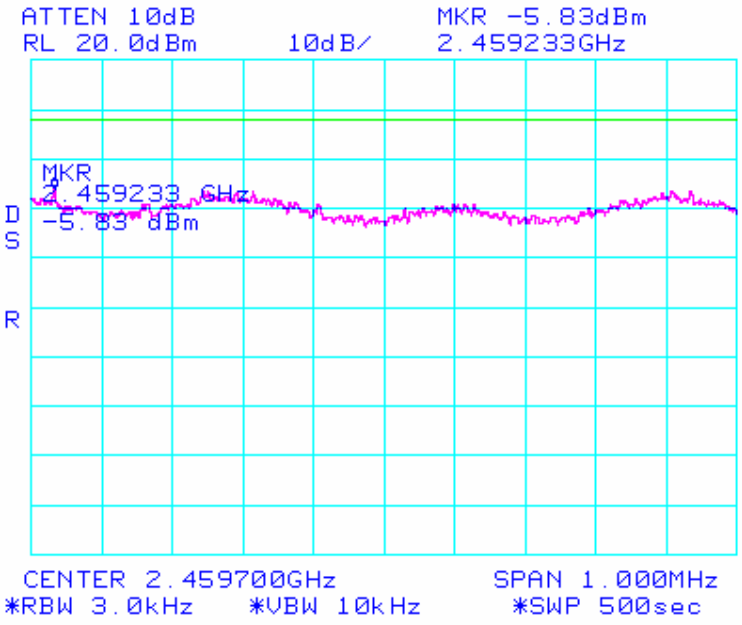
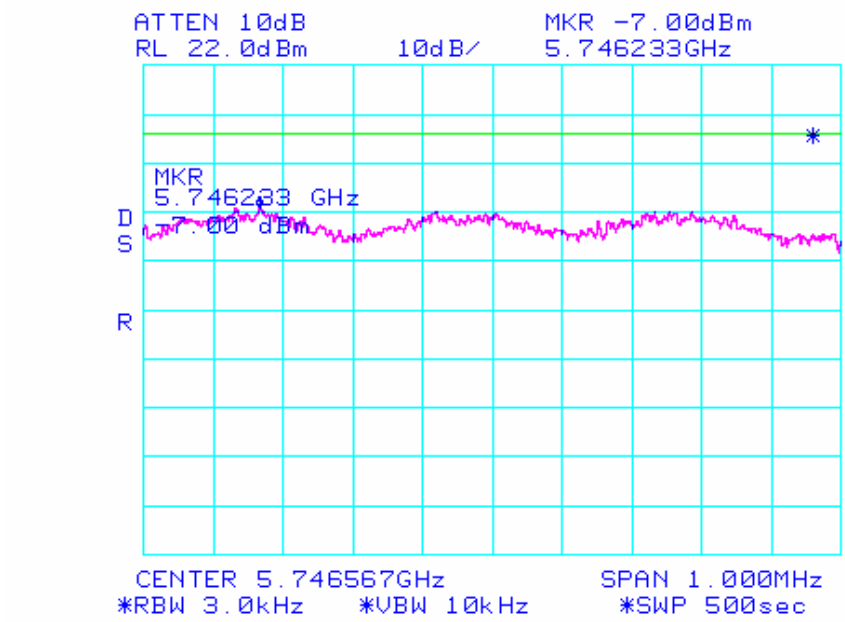


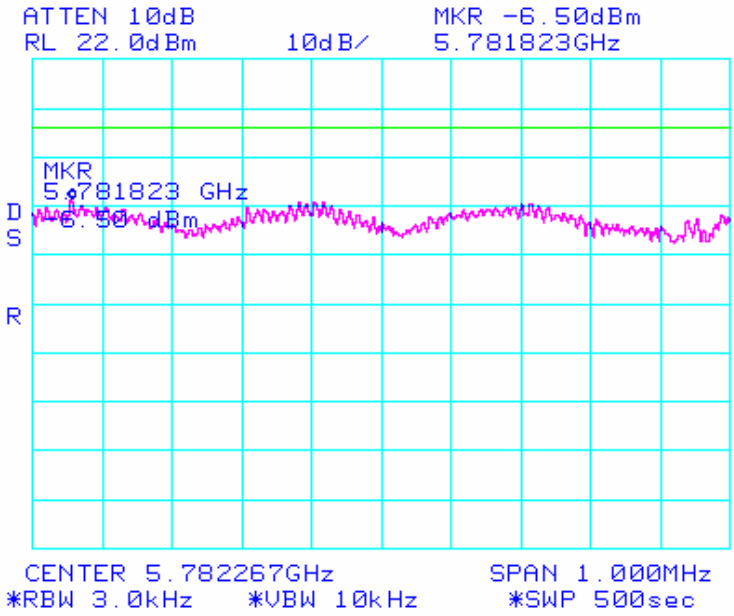
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a – 6Mbit/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	Peak Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)
5,745	5746.233	-7.00	+8	-15.00
5,785	5781.823	-6.50	+8	-14.50
5,825	5822.168	-6.17	+8	-14.17

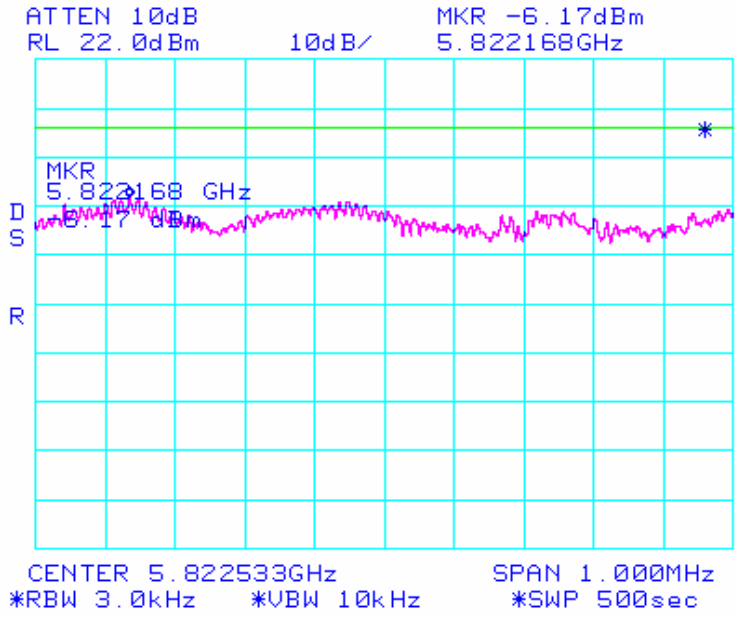
5,745 MHz 802.11a Peak Power Spectral Density



5,785 MHz 802.11a Peak Power Spectral Density



5,825 MHz 802.11a Peak Power Spectral Density



Specification
Peak Power Spectral Density Limits

§15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than +8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission

RSS-210 §**A8.2(2)** The transmitter power spectral density (into the antenna) shall not be greater than +8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission or over 1.0 second if the transmission exceeds 1.0 second duration.

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Spectral Density

Measurement uncertainty	±1.33 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-01 'Measuring RF Output Power'	0158, 0193, 0252, 0313, 0314, 0070, 0116, 0117

5.1.4. Maximum Permissible Exposure

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.247(i)
Industry Canada RSS-Gen §5.5

Calculations for Maximum Permissible Exposure Levels

Power Density = Pd (mW/cm^2) = EIRP/(4πd^2)

EIRP = P * G

P = Peak output power (mW)

G = Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance (cm)

Numeric Gain = 10 ^ (G (dBi)/10)

Because the EUT belongs to the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure the limit of power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2

Freq. Band (GHz)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Numeric Gain (numeric)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)	Calculated Safe Distance @ 1mW/cm^2 Limit(cm)	Minimum Separation Distance (cm)
2.4(b)	18	63.10	+18.0	63.1	17.8	20*
2.4(g)	18	63.10	+18.0	63.1	17.8	20*
5.8	16	39.81	+20.0	100.0	17.8	20*

***Note:** for mobile or fixed location transmitters the minimum separation distance is 20cm, even if calculations indicate the MPE distance to be less.**

Specification

Maximum Permissible Exposure Limits

§15.247(i) Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

FCC §1.1310 Limit = 1mW / cm^2 from 1.310 Table 1

RSS-Gen §5.5 Before equipment certification is granted, the applicable requirements of RSS-102 shall be met.

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Power Measurements

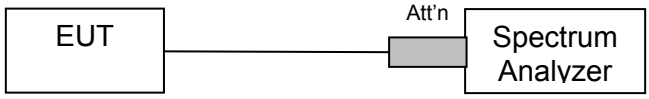
Measurement uncertainty	±1.33 dB

5.1.5. Conducted Spurious Emissions

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.247(d); 15.205; 15.209
Industry Canada RSS-210 §A8.5, §2.2
Industry Canada RSS-Gen 4.7

Test Procedure
Conducted emissions were measured at a limit of 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal. Emissions at the band edge were measured and recorded. Measurements were made while EUT was operating in transmit mode of operation at the appropriate center frequency.

Test Measurement Set up



Band-edge measurement test configuration

Measurement Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions

Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

Radio Parameters
Duty Cycle: 100%
Output: Modulated Carrier

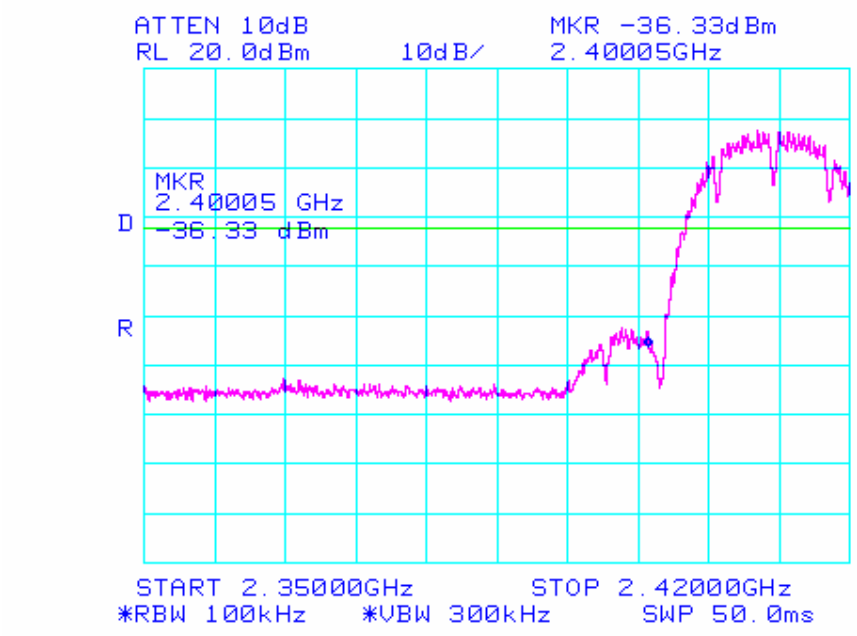
Conducted Band-Edge Results

Measurements were performed with the transmitter tuned to the channel closest to the band-edge being measured. All emissions were maximized during measurement. Limits which were derived from the band-edge measurements provided below are drawn on each plot.

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b – 1 Mbit/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	Band edge Frequency (MHz)	Limit (20 dB below peak of fundamental)	Amplitude @ Band edge (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,412	2,400	-12.9	-36.33	-23.43
2,462	2,483.5	-12.9	-45.17	-32.27

Conducted Spurious Emissions at the 2,400 MHz Band Edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions at the 2,483.5 MHz Band Edge

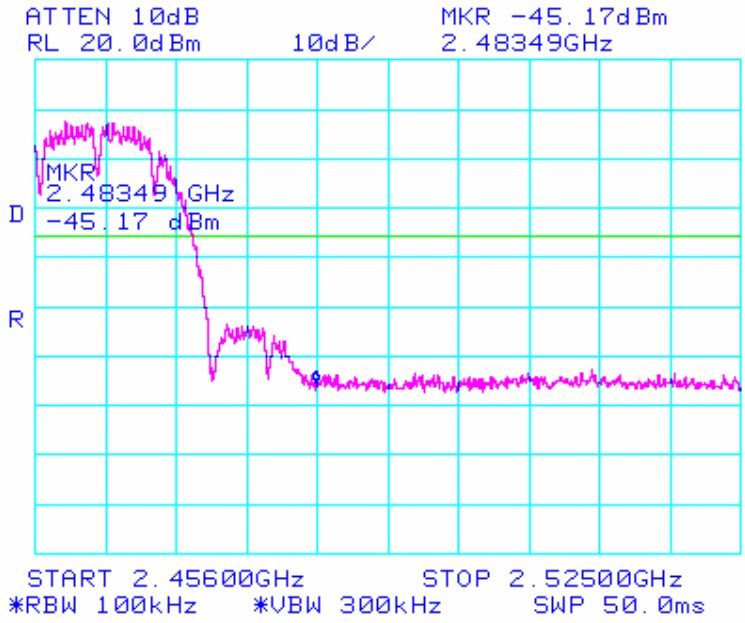
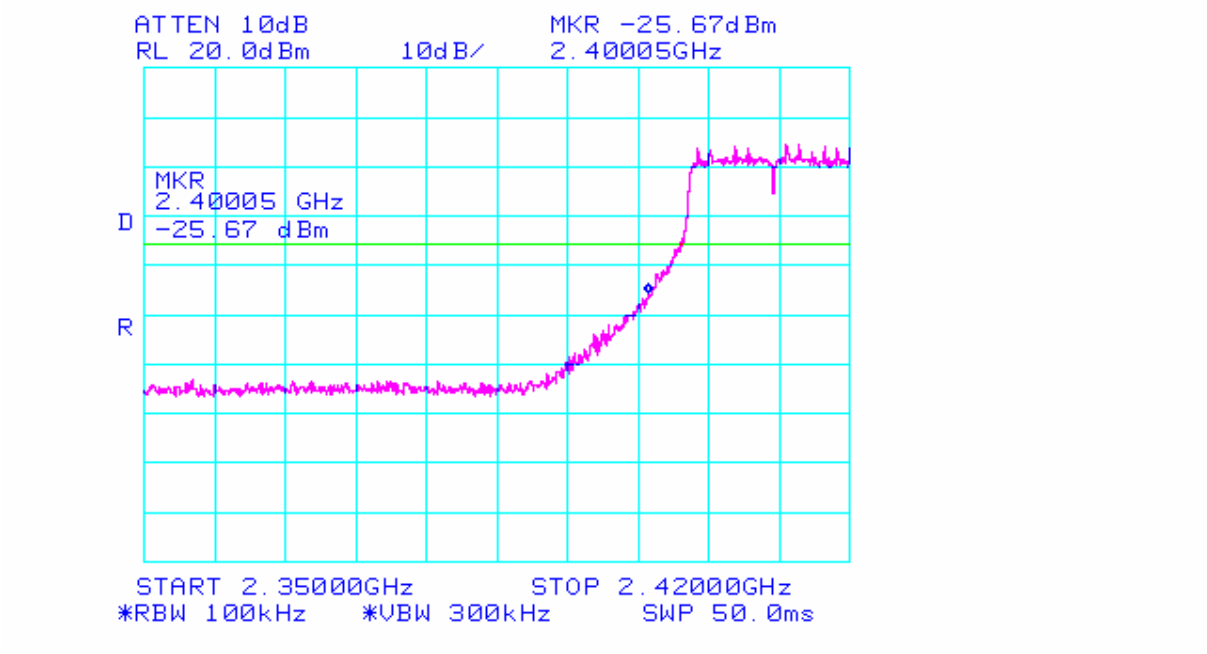


TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g – 6 Mbit/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	Band edge Frequency (MHz)	Limit (20 dB below peak of fundamental)	Amplitude @ Band edge (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,412	2,400	-14.3	-25.67	-11.37
2,462	2,483.5	-14.3	-36.67	-22.37

Conducted Spurious Emissions at the 2,400 MHz Band Edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions at the 2,483.5 MHz Band Edge

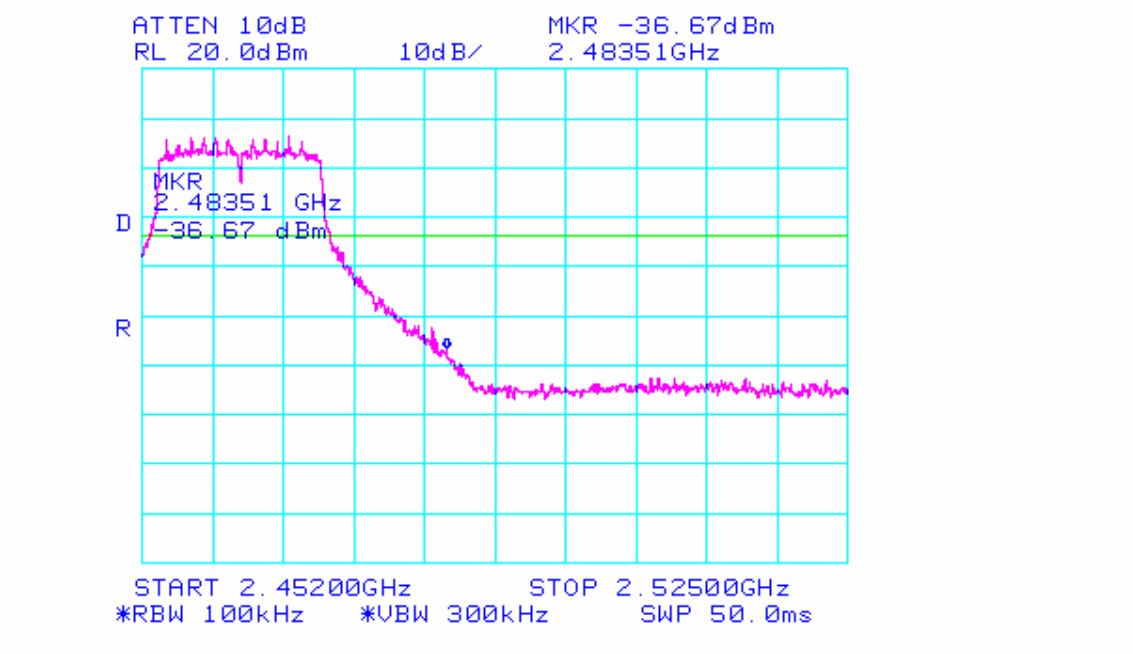
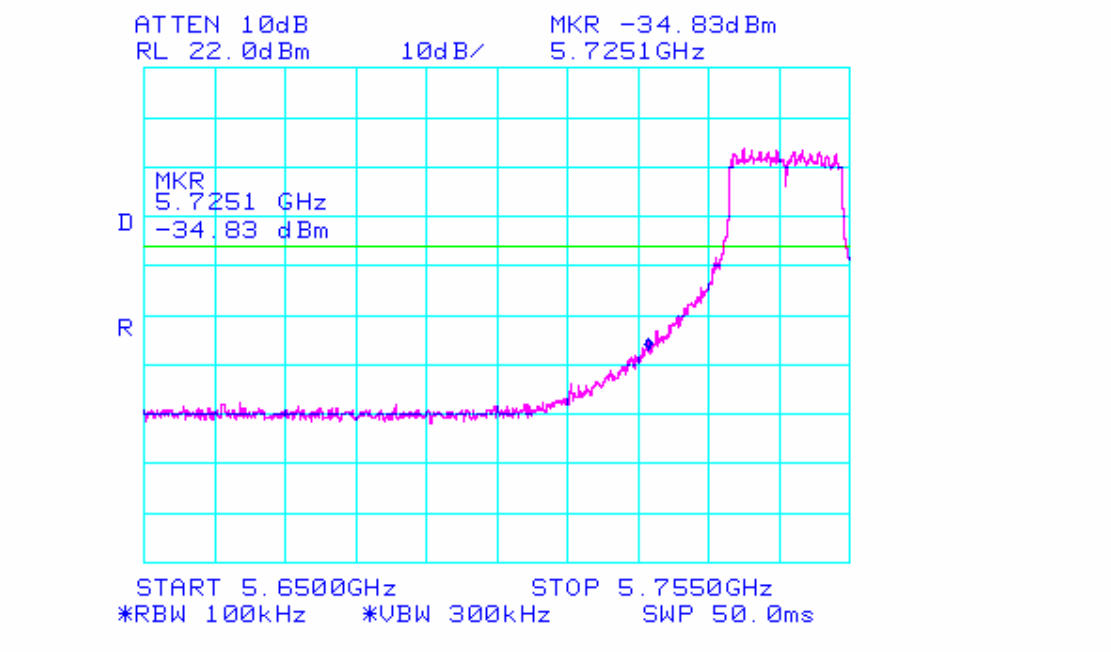


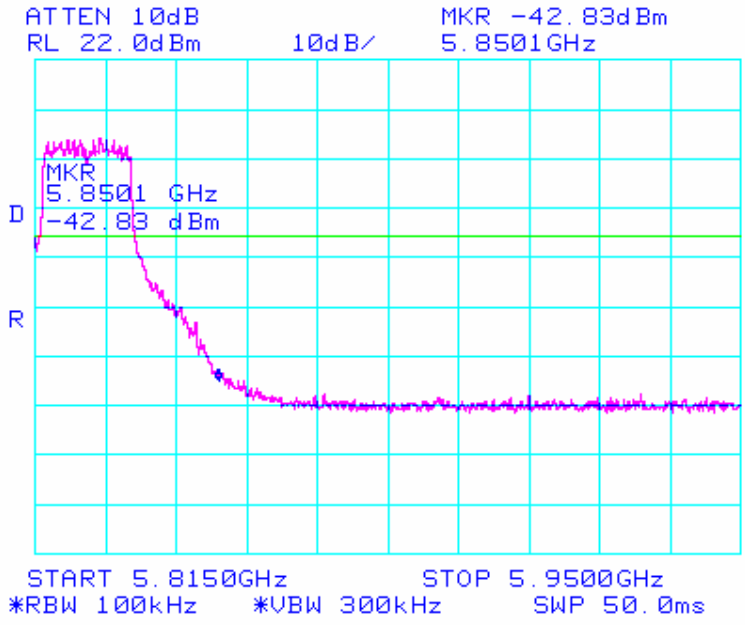
TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a – 6Mbit/s**

Center Frequency (MHz)	Band edge Frequency (MHz)	Limit (20 dB below peak of fundamental)	Amplitude @ Band edge (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5,745	5,725	-13.6	-34.83	-21.23
5,825	5,850	-13.6	-42.83	-29.23

Conducted Spurious Emissions at the 5,725 MHz Band Edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions at the 5,850 MHz Band Edge



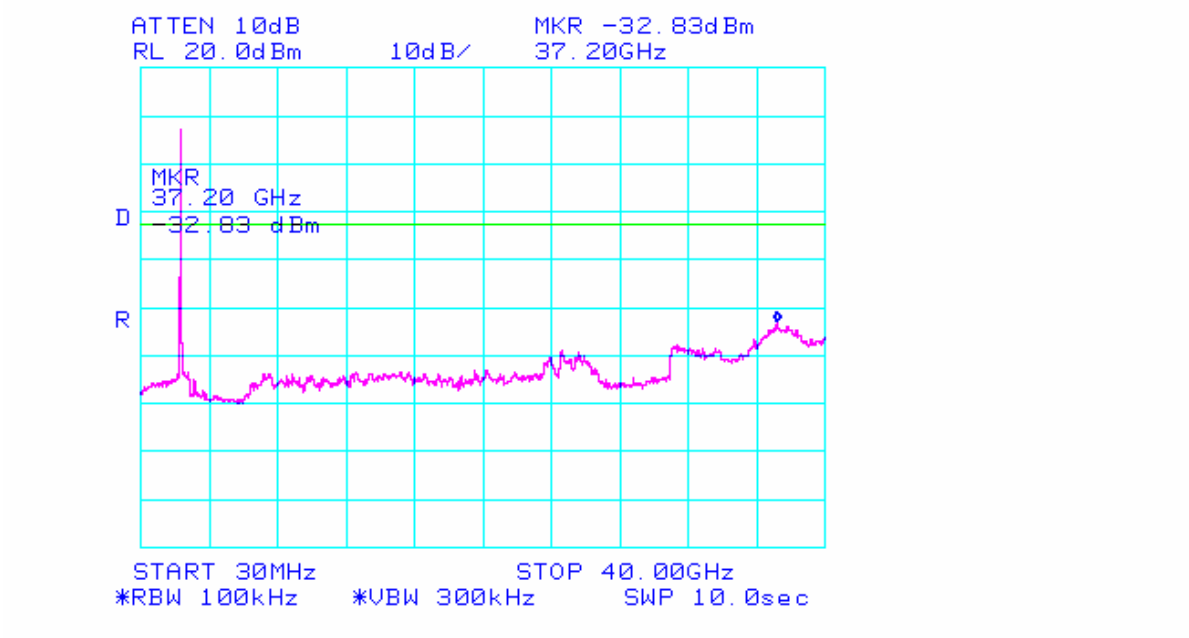
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b – 1 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,412	30	40,000	-32.83	-12.9	-19.93

802.11b – 1 Mbit/s

2,412 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



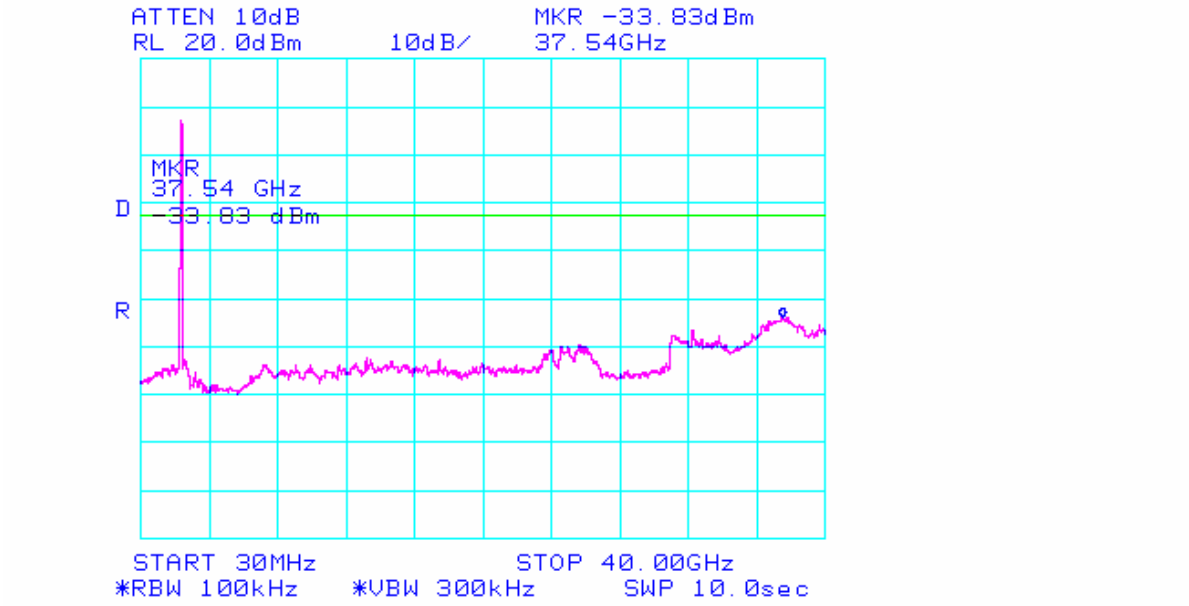
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b – 1 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,437	30	40,000	-33.83	-11.8.	-22.03

802.11b – 1 Mbit/s

2,437 **MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz**



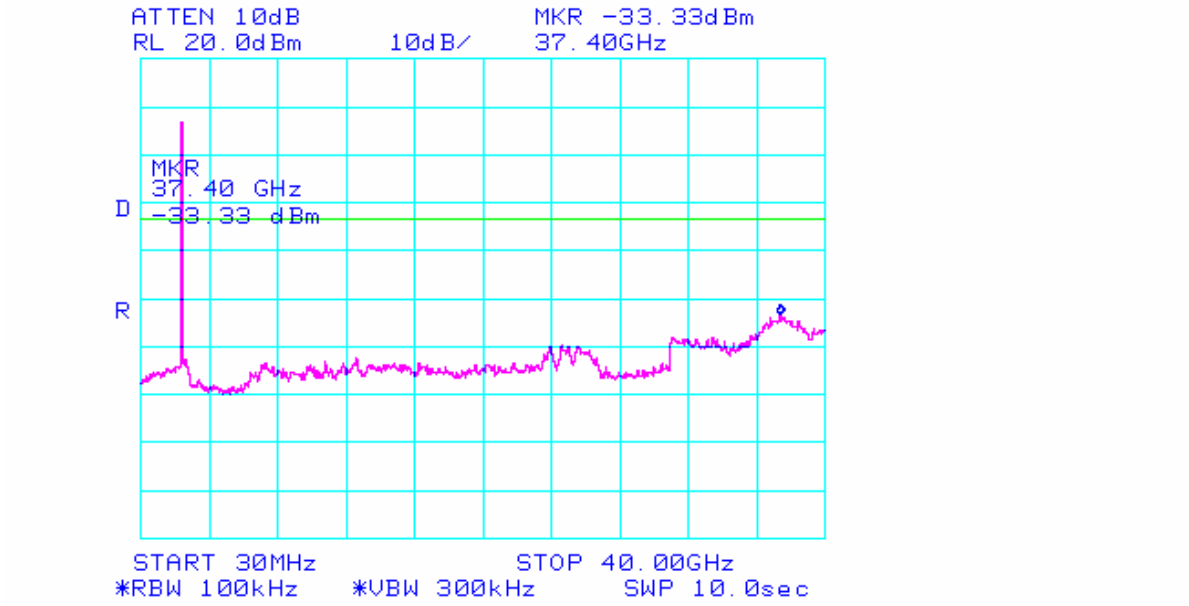
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b – 1 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,462	30	40,000	-33.33	-12.8	-20.53

802.11b – 1 Mbit/s

2,462 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



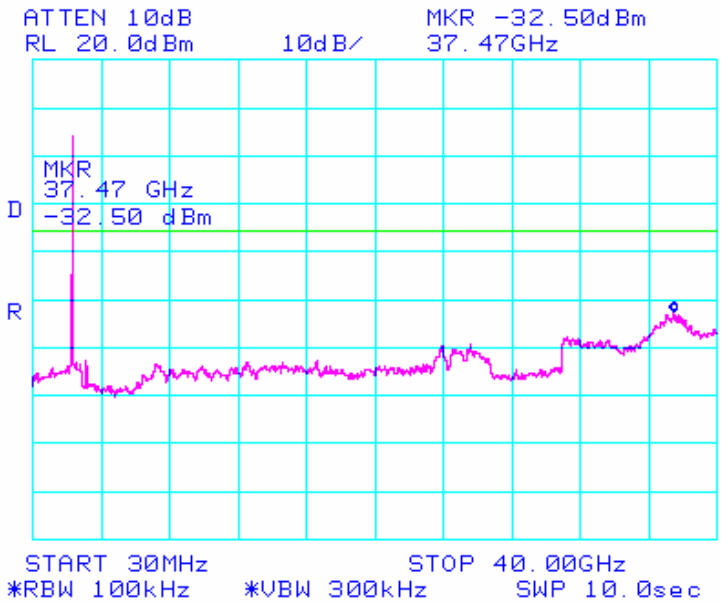
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g – 6 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,412	30	40,000	-32.50	-14.4	-18.10

802.11g – 6 Mbit/s

2,412 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



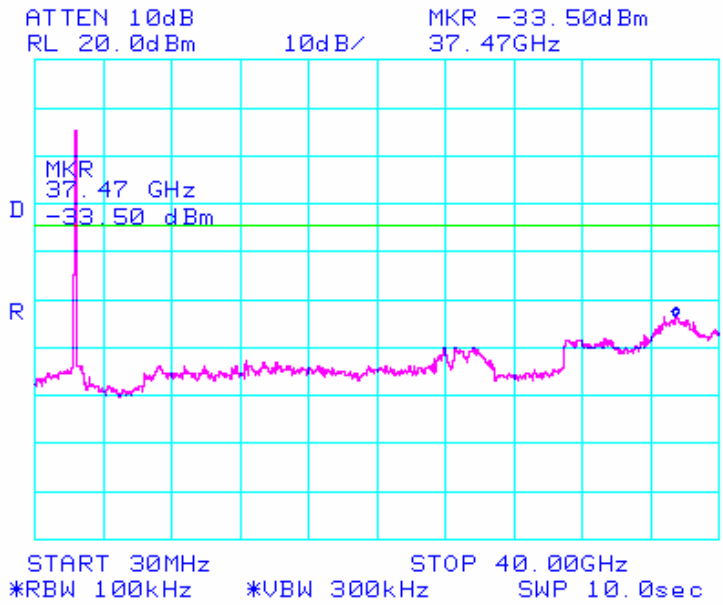
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g – 6 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,437	30	40,000	-33.50	-12.2	-17.80

802.11g – 6 Mbit/s

2,437 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



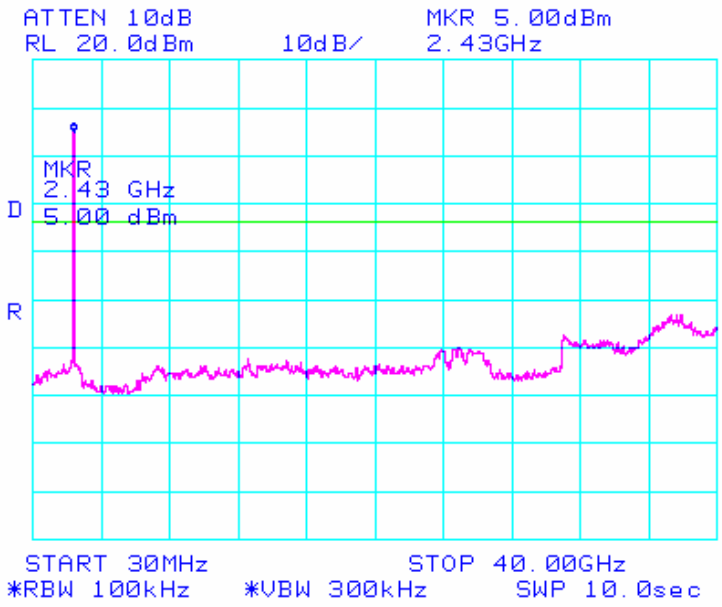
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g – 6 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2,462	30	40,000	-33.50	-12.8	-20.7

802.11g – 6 Mbit/s

2,462 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



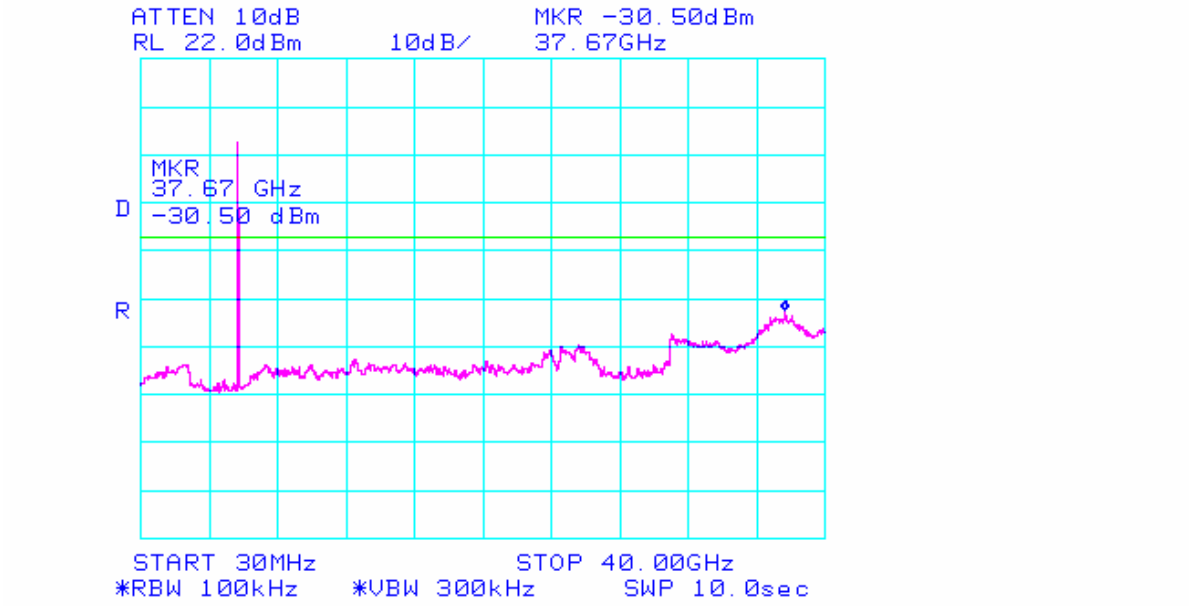
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a – 6 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5,745	30	40,000	-30.50	-13.6	-16.9

802.11a – 6 Mbit/s

5,745 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



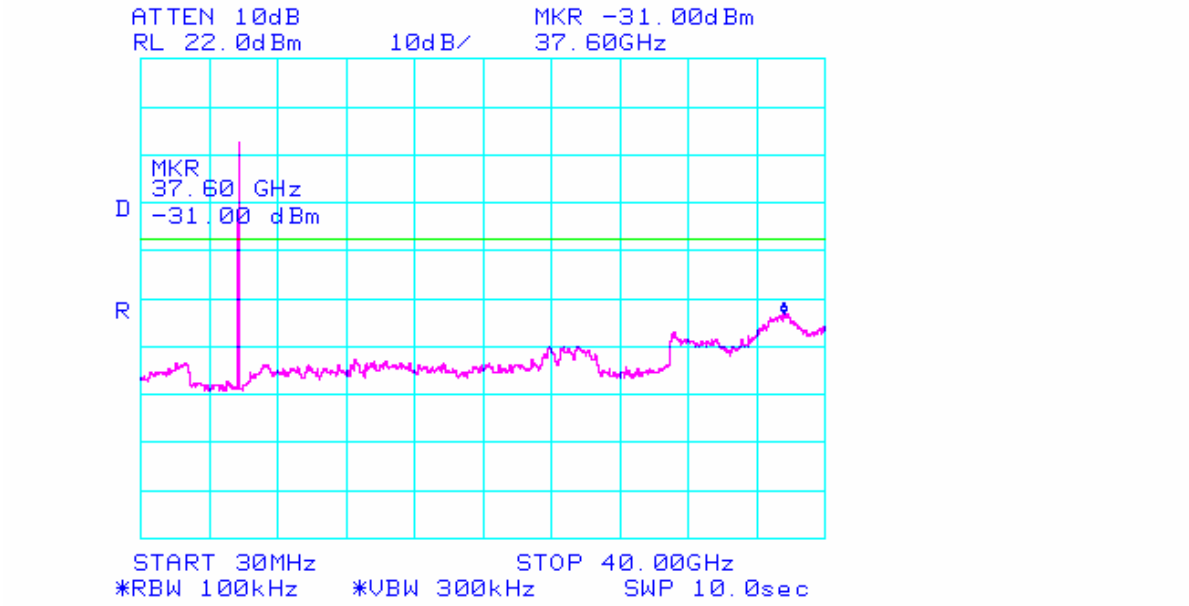
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a – 6 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5,785	30	40,000	-31.00	-13.50	-17.50

802.11a – 6 Mbit/s

5,785 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



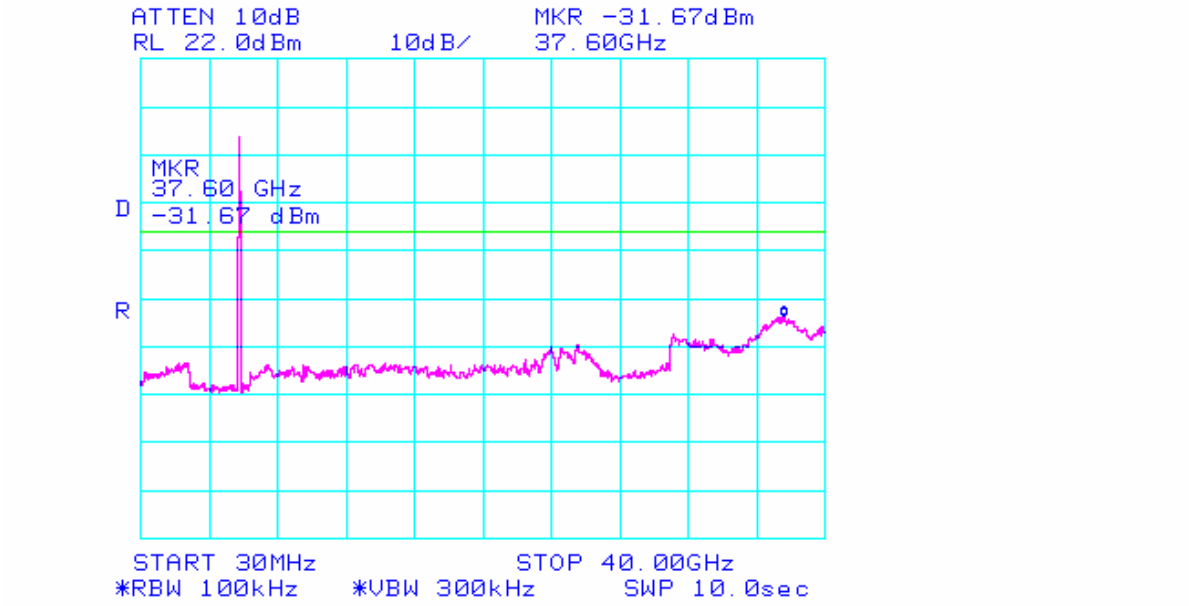
Spurious Emissions (30 - 40,000 MHz)

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a – 6 Mbit/s**

Channel Centre Frequency (MHz)	Start Frequency (MHz)	Stop Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Emission Observed (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5,825	30	40,000	-31.67	-13.30	-18.37

802.11a – 6 Mbit/s

5,825 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 40,000 MHz



Specification

Limits Band-Edge

Lower Limit Band-edge	Upper Limit Band-edge	Limit below highest level of desired power
2,400 MHz	2,483.5 MHz	≥ 20 dB

§15.247(d) and RSS-210 §A8.5 In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

§15.247(d)
If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(a)).

RSS-210 §A8.5 If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands of Table 1 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Tables 2 and 3.

RSS-Gen §4.7
The search for unwanted emissions shall be from the lowest frequency internally generated or used in the device (local oscillator, intermediate of carrier frequency), or from 30 MHz , whichever is the lowest frequency, to the 5th harmonic of the highest frequency generated without exceeding 40 GHz.

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Conducted Spurious Emissions

Measurement uncertainty	±2.37 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-05 'Measurement of Spurious Emissions'	0088, 0158, 0193, 0252, 0313, 0314, 0070, 0116, 0117.

5.1.6. Radiated Emissions

5.1.6.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions (above 1 GHz)

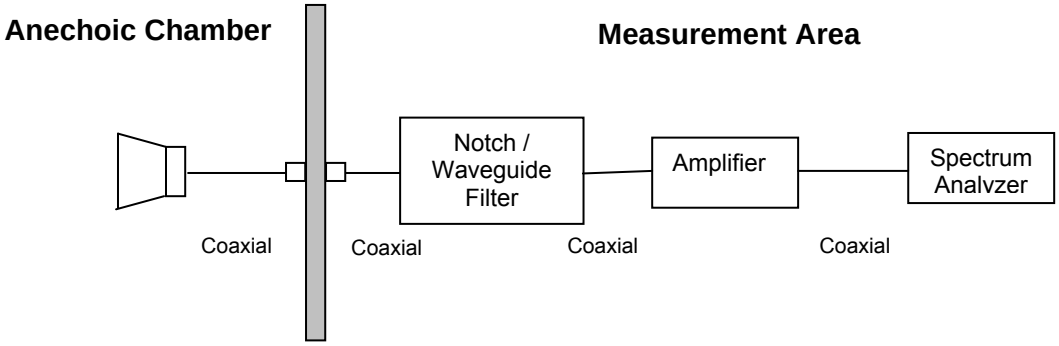
FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.247(d) 15.205; 15.209
Industry Canada RSS-210 §A8.5, §2.2, §2.6
Industry Canada RSS-Gen §4.7

Test Procedure

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in the anechoic chamber at a 3-meter distance on every azimuth in both horizontal and vertical polarities. The emissions are recorded and maximized as a function of azimuth by rotation through 360° with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode. Depending on the frequency band spanned a notch filter and waveguide filter was used to remove the fundamental frequency. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed for each frequency spanned.

All measurements on any frequency or frequencies over 1 MHz are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. All measurements above 1 GHz were performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for Radiated Emission Test

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting Amplifier Gain from the measured reading. All factors are included in the reported data.

FS = R + AF + CORR - FO
where: FS = Field Strength
R = Measured Spectrum analyzer Input Amplitude
AF = Antenna Factor
CORR = Correction Factor = CL – AG + NFL
CL = Cable Loss
AG = Amplifier Gain
FO = Distance Falloff Factor
NFL = Notch Filter Loss or Waveguide Loss

For example:
Given receiver input reading of 51.5 dBμV; Antenna Factor of 8.5 dB; Cable Loss of 1.3 dB; Falloff Factor of 0 dB, an Amplifier Gain of 26 dB and Notch Filter Loss of 1 dB. The Field Strength of the measured emission is:

FS = 51.5 + 8.5 + 1.3 - 26.0 +1 = 36.3 dBμV/m

Conversion between dBμV/m (or dBμV) and μV/m (or μV) are done as:

Level (dBμV/m) = 20 * Log (level (μV/m))

40 dBμV/m = 100 μV/m
48 dBμV/m = 250 μV/m

Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23°C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

Radio Parameters
Duty Cycle: 100%
Output: Modulated Carrier

Radiated Spurious Emissions above 1 GHz

Test Setup - 802.11b – 1Mb/s
TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11b, 1Mb/s Channel 1 (2,412 MHz) WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 27

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2244.682	V	68.88	-8.02	60.86	74	-13.14
2719.816	V	58.37	-8.11	50.26	74	-23.74
2839.874	V	58.92	-8.11	50.81	74	-23.19
3215.167	V	67.50	-8.18	59.32	74	-14.68
12708.330	V	47.34	+6.42	53.76	74	-20.24
11938.330	V	46.50	+6.63	53.13	74	-20.87

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2244.682	V	55.93	-8.02	47.91	54	-6.09
2719.816	V	46.35	-8.11	38.24	54	-15.76
2839.874	V	51.26	-8.11	43.15	54	-10.85
3215.167	V	59.74	-8.18	51.56	54	-2.44
12708.330	V	43.86	+6.42	50.28	54	-3.72
11938.330	V	43.53	+6.63	50.16	54	-3.84

Radiated Emissions

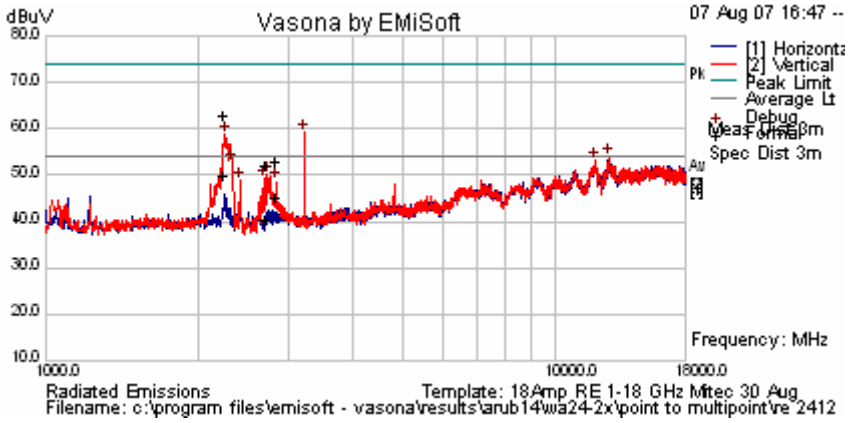


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11b, 1Mb/s Channel 6 (2,437) WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 27

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2250.292	V	68.86	-8.02	60.84	74	-13.16
2759.968	V	61.88	-8.09	53.79	74	-20.21
3251.333	V	67.67	-8.14	59.53	74	-14.47
4873.927	H	59.64	-4.65	54.99	74	-19.01
12720.000	V	47.00	6.32	53.32	74	-20.68

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2250.292	V	55.85	-8.02	47.83	54	-6.17
2759.968	V	53.89	-8.09	45.80	54	-8.20
3251.333	V	58.87	-8.14	50.73	54	-3.27
4873.927	H	54.41	-4.65	49.76	54	-4.24
12720.000	V	43.95	6.32	50.27	54	-3.73

Radiated Emissions

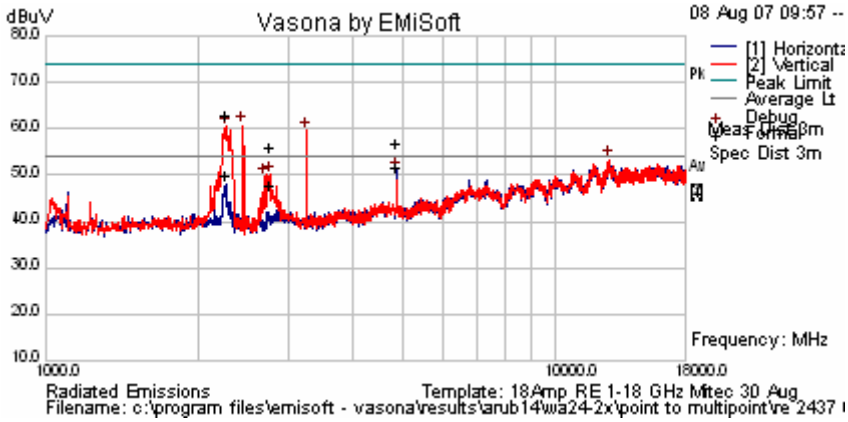


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11b, 1Mb/s Channel 11 (2,462 MHz) WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 27

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2240.759	V	68.15	-8.01	60.14	74	-13.86
2314.500	V	66.31	-8.00	58.31	74	-15.69
2759.916	V	56.51	-8.09	48.42	74	-25.58
2840.042	V	60.05	-8.11	51.94	74	-22.06
3282.632	V	63.02	-8.05	54.97	74	-19.03
4923.937	H	54.16	-4.70	49.46	74	-24.54

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2240.759	V	55.52	-8.01	47.51	54	-6.49
2314.500	V	54.02	-8.00	46.02	54	-7.98
2759.916	V	47.75	-8.09	39.66	54	-14.34
2840.042	V	53.22	-8.11	45.11	54	-8.89
3282.632	V	60.79	-8.05	52.74	54	-1.26
4923.937	H	47.69	-4.70	42.99	54	-11.01

Radiated Emissions

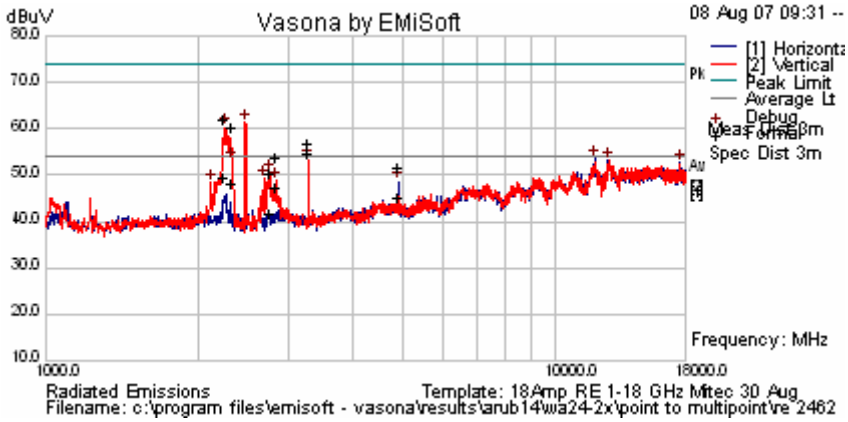


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11g, 6 Mb/s Channel 1 (2,412 MHz) WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 20

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2240.452	V	71.99	-8.01	63.98	74	-10.02
2317.658	V	65.81	-8.00	57.81	74	-16.19
2760.138	V	61.28	-8.09	53.19	74	-20.81
2839.930	V	60.79	-8.11	52.68	74	-21.32
3215.167	V	69.00	-8.18	60.82	74	-13.18
11938.330	H	46.50	+6.63	53.13	74	-20.87
12696.670	H	47.34	+6.37	53.71	74	-20.29

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2240.452	V	58.71	-8.01	50.70	54	-3.30
2317.658	V	52.8	-8.00	44.80	54	-9.20
2760.138	V	53.42	-8.09	45.33	54	-8.67
2839.930	V	52.79	-8.11	44.68	54	-9.32
3215.167	V	59.81	-8.18	51.63	54	-2.37
11938.330	H	43.51	+6.63	50.14	54	-3.86
12696.670	H	43.88	+6.37	50.25	54	-3.75

All peak emissions were found to be below the average limit (54 dBµV/m)

Radiated Emissions

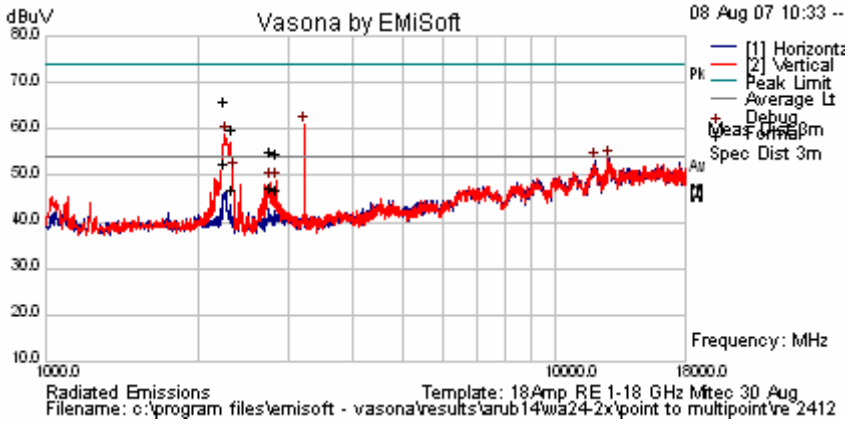


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11g, 6 Mb/s Channel 6 (2,437) WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 20

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2234.706	V	70.96	-8.00	62.96	74	-11.04
2760.742	V	59.82	-8.09	51.73	74	-22.27
2839.958	V	61.27	-8.11	53.16	74	-20.84
3251.333	V	68.34	-8.14	60.20	74	-13.80
11938.330	H	46.50	+6.63	53.13	74	-20.87
12696.670	H	46.84	+6.37	53.21	74	-20.79

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2234.706	V	58.55	-8.00	50.55	54	-3.45
2760.742	V	48.34	-8.09	40.25	54	-13.75
2839.958	V	53.66	-8.11	45.55	54	-8.45
3251.333	V	59.28	-8.14	51.14	54	-2.86
11938.330	H	43.52	+6.63	50.15	54	-3.85
12696.670	H	43.91	+6.37	50.28	54	-3.72

All peak emissions were found to be below the average limit (54 dBµV/m)

Radiated Emissions

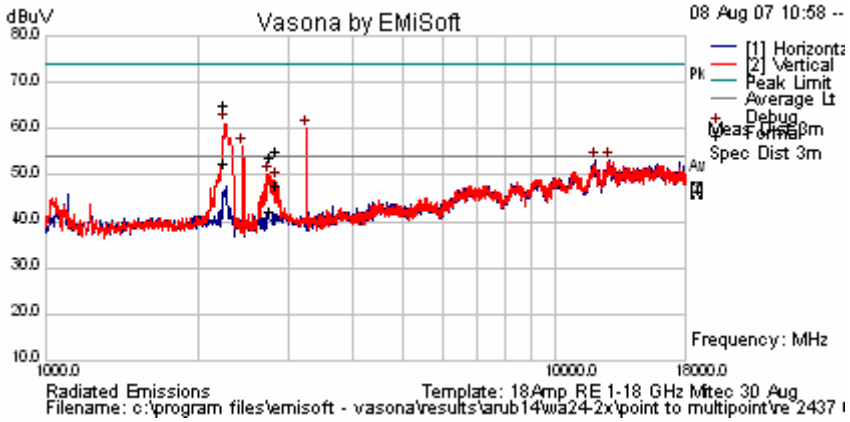


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11g – 6 Mb/s Channel 11 (2,462 MHz) WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 20

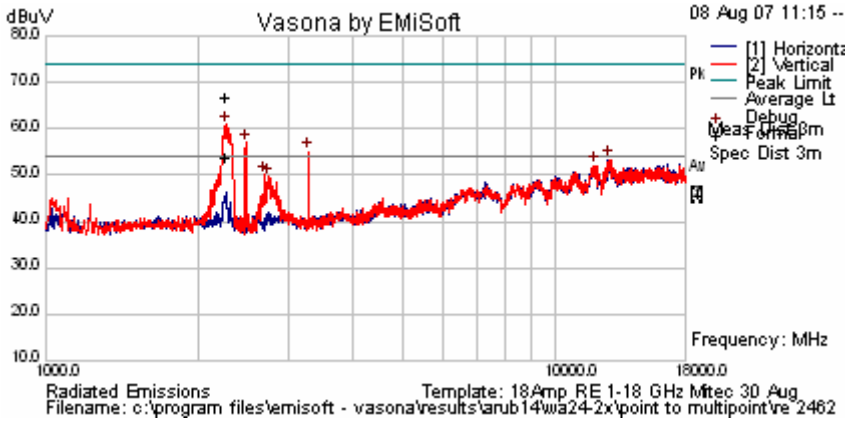
Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2256.645	V	72.87	-8.01	64.86	74	-9.14
3282.333	V	63.17	-8.05	55.12	74	-18.88
11950.000	V	45.50	6.64	52.14	74	-21.86
12696.670	H	47.00	6.37	53.37	74	-20.63

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2256.645	V	59.63	-8.01	51.62	54	-2.38
3282.333	V	57.32	-8.05	49.27	54	-4.73
11950.000	V	43.48	6.64	50.12	54	-3.88
12696.670	H	43.88	6.37	50.25	54	-3.75

Radiated Emissions



Test Setup - 802.11a – 6Mb/s

TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11a – 6 Mb/s Channel 149 (5,745) WA57-3X Antenna 16dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 27

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
5442.000	V	61.84	-3.76	58.08	74	-15.92
5591.833	V	56.17	-3.74	52.43	74	-21.57
8262.031	V	47.83	+4.10	51.93	74	-22.07
8263.333	V	46.17	+4.10	50.27	74	-23.73
12988.330	V	47.34	+6.20	53.54	74	-20.46

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
5442.000	V	50.59	-3.76	46.83	54	-7.17
5591.833	V	49.01	-3.74	45.27	54	-8.73
8262.031	V	34.48	+4.10	38.58	54	-15.42
8263.333	V	41.77	+4.10	45.87	54	-8.13
12988.330	V	43.99	+6.20	50.19	54	-3.81

Radiated Emissions

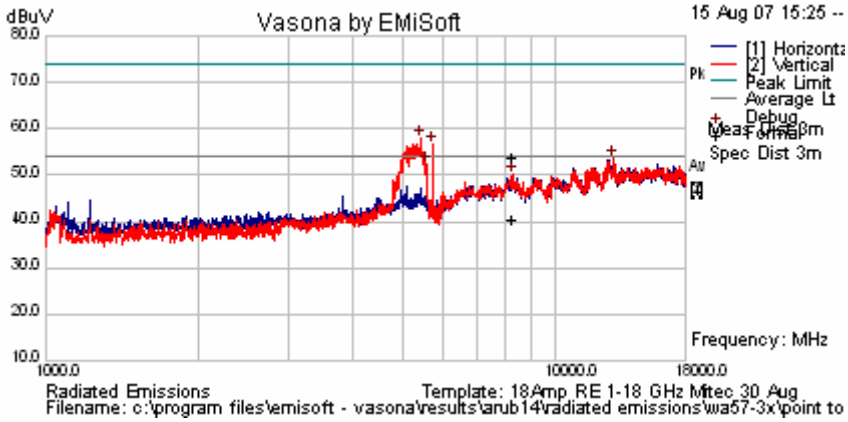


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11a – 6 Mb/s Channel 157 (5,785) WA57-3X Antenna 16dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 24

Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
5390.333	V	61.50	-3.99	57.51	74	-16.49
5793.333	V	57.00	-3.55	53.45	74	-20.55
12673.330	H	47.17	6.14	53.31	74	-20.69

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
5390.333	V	47.16	-3.99	43.17	54	-10.83
5793.333	V	45.87	-3.55	42.32	54	-11.68
12673.330	H	44.06	6.14	50.20	54	-3.8

Radiated Emissions

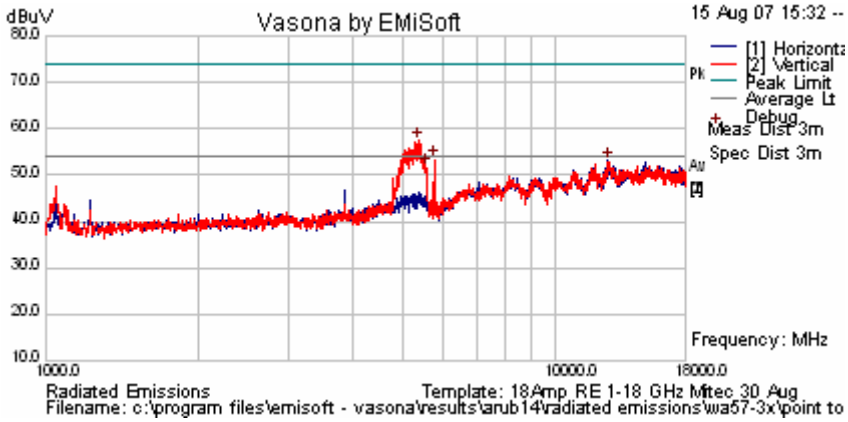


TABLE OF RESULTS – 802.11a – 6 Mb/s Channel 165 (5,825) WA57-3X Antenna 16dBi
Point to Multi-Point operation Software Power Setting = 24

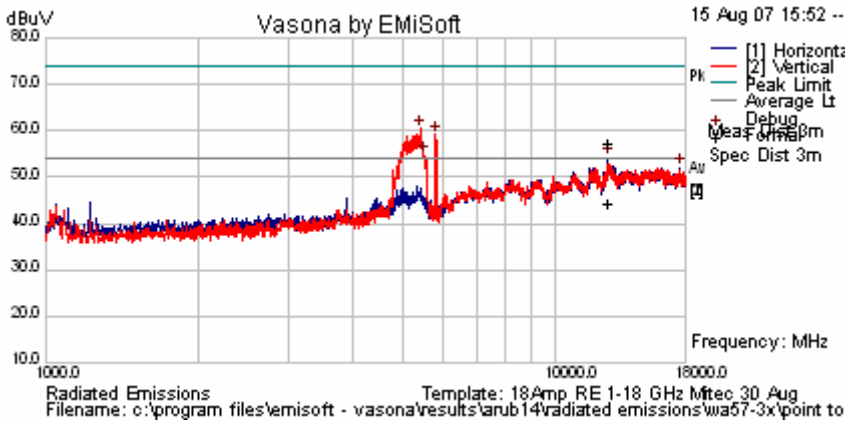
Peak

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
5442.000	V	64.34	-3.76	60.58	74	-13.42
5519.500	V	58.67	-3.69	54.98	74	-19.02
12662.980	V	49.06	+6.03	55.09	74	-18.91
17541.600	H	43.84	+8.26	52.10	74	-21.90

Average

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Average Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
5442.000	V	50.59	-3.76	46.83	54	-7.17
5519.500	V	48.96	-3.69	45.27	54	-8.73
12662.980	V	36.15	+6.03	50.18	54	-11.82
17541.600	H	41.93	+8.26	50.19	54	-3.81

Radiated Emissions



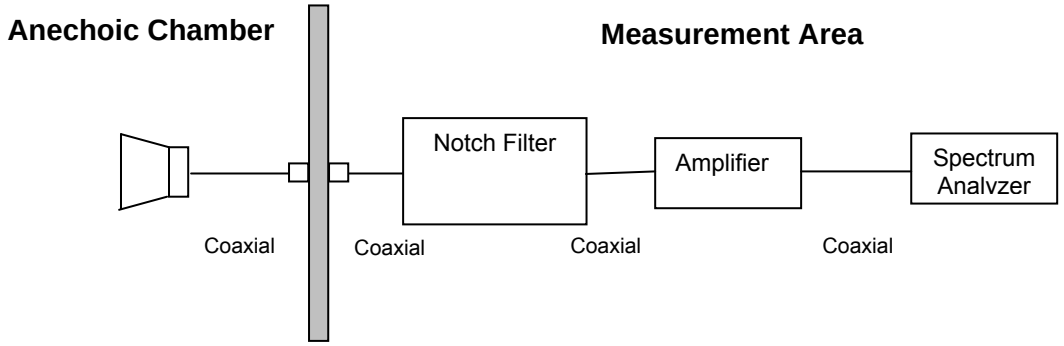
5.1.6.2. Peak Field Strength Measurements and Radiated Band Edge Measurements – Restricted Bands

Test Procedure

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in the anechoic chamber at a 3-meter distance on every azimuth in both horizontal and vertical polarities. The emissions are recorded and maximized as a function of azimuth by rotation through 360° with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed for each frequency scanned.

All measurements on any frequency or frequencies over 1 MHz are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. All measurements above 1 GHz were performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for Radiated Emission Test

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting Amplifier Gain from the measured reading. All factors are included in the reported data.

FS = R + AF + CORR - FO

where: FS = Field Strength
R = Measured Spectrum analyzer Input Amplitude
AF = Antenna Factor
CORR = Correction Factor = CL – AG + NFL
CL = Cable Loss
AG = Amplifier Gain
FO = Distance Falloff Factor
NFL = Band-stop Filter Loss or Waveguide Loss

For example:
Given receiver input reading of 51.5 dBμV; Antenna Factor of 8.5 dB; Cable Loss of 1.3 dB; Falloff Factor of 0 dB, an Amplifier Gain of 26 dB and Notch Filter Loss of 1 dB. The Field Strength of the measured emission is:

FS = 51.5 + 8.5 + 1.3 - 26.0 +1 = 36.3 dBμV/m

Conversion between dBμV/m (or dBμV) and μV/m (or μV) are done as:

Level (dBμV/m) = 20 * Log (level (μV/m))

40 dBμV/m = 100 μV/m
48 dBμV/m = 250 μV/m

Band Edge - Restricted Bands Test Results

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b** WA24-2X Antenna - Software Power setting = 27

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Restricted Band Edge Frequency (MHz)	Measured (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1	$2{,}412_{PEAK}$	2,390	64.96	74	-9.04
1	$2{,}412_{AVE}$	2,390	50.14	54	-3.86

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b** WA24-2X Antenna - Software Power setting = 27

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Restricted Band Edge Frequency (MHz)	Measured (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
11	$2{,}462_{PEAK}$	2,483.5	64.91	74	-9.09
11	$2{,}462_{AVE}$	2,483.5	51.75	54	-2.25

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g** WA24-2X Antenna - Software Power setting = 20

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Restricted Band Edge Frequency (MHz)	Measured (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1	$2{,}412_{PEAK}$	2,390	68.74	74	-5.26
1	$2{,}412_{AVE}$	2,390	51.33	54	-2.67

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g** WA24-2X Antenna - Software Power setting = 20

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Restricted Band Edge Frequency (MHz)	Measured (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
11	$2{,}462_{PEAK}$	2,483.5	71.71	74	-2.29
11	$2{,}462_{AVE}$	2,483.5	52.77	54	-1.23

Peak Field Strength Measurements

RESULTS– **802.11b** WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11b**

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Measured Peak Field Strength Emission (dBuV/m)
1	2,412	122.50
6	2,437	123.87
11	2,462	122.91

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11g**

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Measured Peak Field Strength Emission (dBuV/m)
1	2,412	117.13
6	2,437	118.13
11	2,462	117.59

TABLE OF RESULTS – **802.11a** MA-WA57-3X Antenna 16dBi

Ch #	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Measured Peak Field Strength Emission (dBuV/m)
149	5,745	115.17
157	5,785	116.29
165	5,825	115.34

Peak field strength emission plots are held on file by the laboratory

Specification Limits

FCC §15.247(d) and RSS-210 §A8.5 In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

FCC §15.247(d)
If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(a)).

IC RSS-210 §A8.5 If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands of Table 1 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Tables 2 and 3.

IC RSS-Gen §4.7
The search for unwanted emissions shall be from the lowest frequency internally generated or used in the device (local oscillator, intermediate of carrier frequency), or from 30 MHz , whichever is the lowest frequency, to the 5th harmonic of the highest frequency generated without exceeding 40 GHz.

FCC §15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of 15.205 (a), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed.

FCC §15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

FCC §15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table.

§15.209 (a) Limit Matrix

Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30-88	100	40.0	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46.0	3
Above 960	500	54.0	3

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Radiated Emissions

Measurement uncertainty	+5.6/ -4.5 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-03 'Measurement of Radiated Emissions'	0088, 0158, 0134, 0304, 0311, 0315, 0310, 0312

5.1.6.3. Receiver Radiated Spurious Emissions (above 1 GHz)

Industry Canada RSS-Gen §4.8, §6

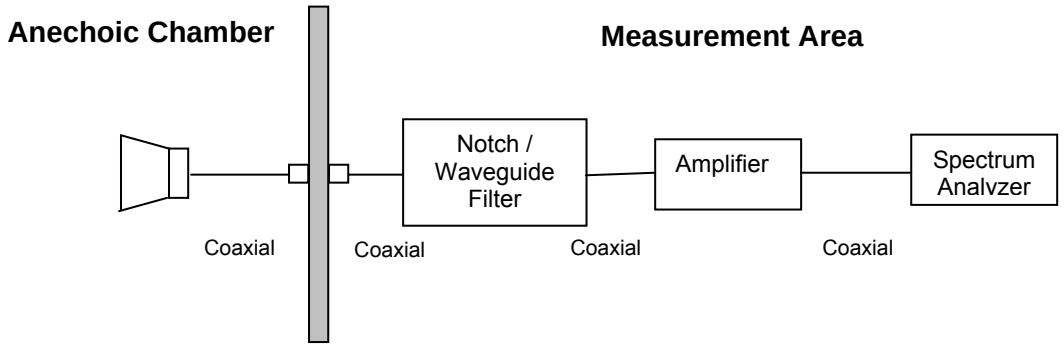
Test Procedure

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in the anechoic chamber at a 3-meter distance on every azimuth in both horizontal and vertical polarities. The emissions are recorded and maximized as a function of azimuth by rotation through 360° with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode. Depending on the frequency band spanned a notch filter and waveguide filter was used to remove the fundamental frequency. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed for each frequency spanned.

All measurements on any frequency or frequencies over 1 MHz are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. All measurements above 1 GHz were performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

All Sectors of the EUT were tested simulatneously

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for Radiated Emission Test

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting Amplifier Gain from the measured reading. All factors are included in the reported data.

FS = R + AF + CORR - FO

where: FS = Field Strength
R = Measured Spectrum analyzer Input Amplitude
AF = Antenna Factor
CORR = Correction Factor = CL – AG + NFL
CL = Cable Loss
AG = Amplifier Gain
FO = Distance Falloff Factor
NFL = Notch Filter Loss or Waveguide Loss

For example:
Given receiver input reading of 51.5 dBμV; Antenna Factor of 8.5 dB; Cable Loss of 1.3 dB; Falloff Factor of 0 dB, an Amplifier Gain of 26 dB and Notch Filter Loss of 1 dB. The Field Strength of the measured emission is:

FS = 51.5 + 8.5 + 1.3 - 26.0 +1 = 36.3 dBμV/m

Conversion between dBμV/m (or dBμV) and μV/m (or μV) are done as:

Level (dBμV/m) = 20 * Log (level (μV/m))

40 dBμV/m = 100 μV/m
48 dBμV/m = 250 μV/m

Receiver Radiated Spurious Emissions above 1 GHz

The 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz receiver radiated spurious emissions were tested simultaneously on mid-channel.

WA24-2X Antenna 18dBi

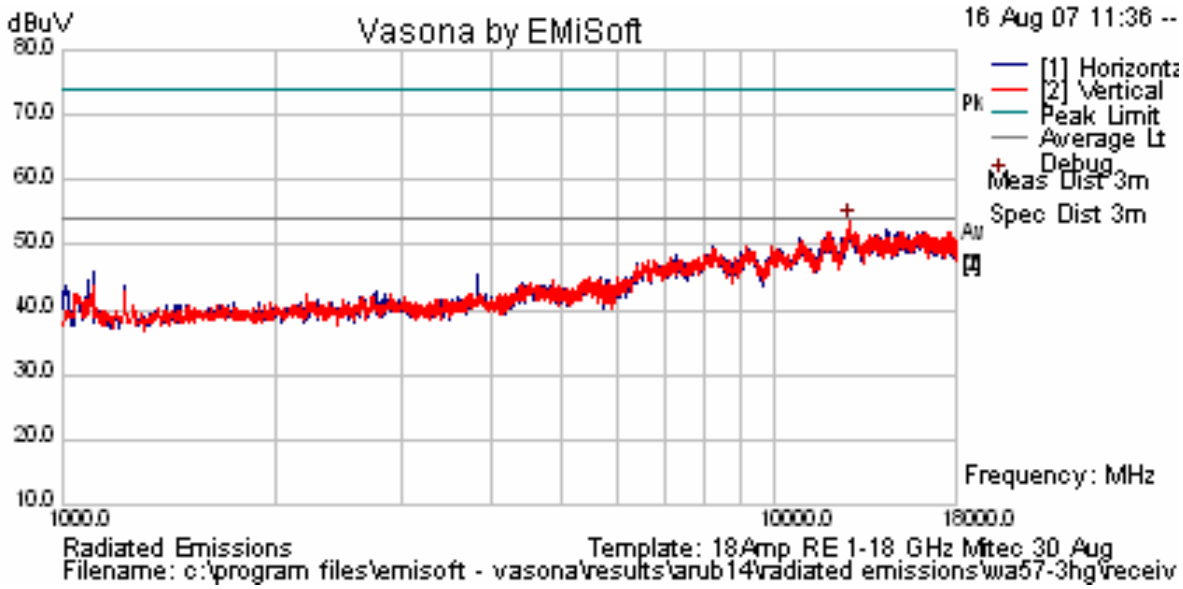
MAWA57-3X Antenna 16dBi

Test Setup – 2.4 GHz channel 2437 GHz, 5 GHz channel 5785 MHz

TABLE OF RESULTS –

Freq. (MHz)	Pol. (H/V)	Raw Reading (dBµV/m)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
12708.33	V	47.17	+6.42	53.59	74	-20.41

Radiated Emissions



Specification

Receiver Radiated Spurious Emissions

Industry Canada RSS-Gen §4.8,
The search for spurious emissions shall be from the lowest frequency internally generated or used in the receiver (e.g. local oscillator, intermediate or carrier frequency), or 30 MHz, whichever is the higher, to at least 3 times the highest tunable or local oscillator frequency, whichever is the higher, without exceeding 40 GHz.

RSS-Gen §6
The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with;
(a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions hall comply with the limits of Table 1.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30-88	100	40.0	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46.0	3
Above 960	500	54.0	3

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Radiated Emissions

Measurement uncertainty	+5.6/ -4.5 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-03 'Measurement of Radiated Emissions'	0088, 0158, 0134, 0304, 0311, 0315, 0310, 0312

5.1.6.4. Radiated Spurious Emissions (30M-1 GHz)

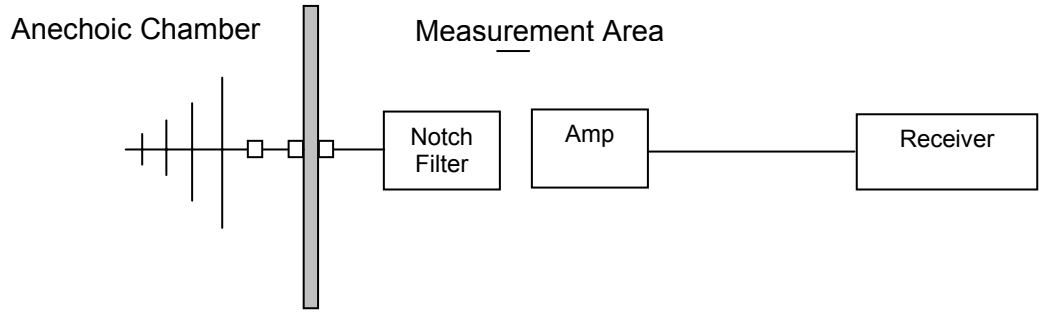
FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.205/ §15.209
Industry Canada RSS-210 §2.2

Test Procedure

Testing 30M-1 GHz was performed in a 3-meter anechoic chamber using a CISPR compliant receiver. Preliminary radiated emissions were measured on every azimuth and with the receiving antenna in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. To further maximize emissions the receive antenna was varied between 1 and 4 meters. The emissions are recorded with receiver in peak hold mode. Emissions closest to the limits are measured in the quasi-peak mode with the tuned receiver using a bandwidth of 120 kHz. Only the highest emissions relative to the limit are listed. The anechoic chamber test set-up is identified in Section 6 Test Set-Up Photographs.

The EUT had two methods of powering on ac/dc converter and Power over Ethernet (POE). Both modes were tested for emissions below 1GHz.

Test Measurement Set up



Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting Amplifier Gain from the measured reading. In this test facility, the Antenna Factor, Cable Loss, and Amplifier Gains are loaded into the Rohde & Schwarz Receiver and the corrected field strength can be read directly on the receiver.

$$FS = R + AF + CORR$$

where:

FS = Field Strength
R = Measured Receiver Input Amplitude
AF = Antenna Factor
CORR = Correction Factor = CL – AG + NFL
CL = Cable Loss
AG = Amplifier Gain

For example:
Given a Receiver input reading of 51.5dBμV; Antenna Factor of 8.5dB; Cable Loss of 1.3dB; Falloff Factor of 0dB, an Amplifier Gain of 26dB and Notch Filter Loss of 1dB. The Field Strength of the measured emission is:

FS = 51.5 + 8.5 + 1.3 - 26.0 +1 = 36.3dBμV/m

Conversion between dBμV/m (or dBμV) and μV/m (or μV) are done as:

Level (dBμV/m) = 20 * Log (level (μV/m))

40 dBμV/m = 100μV/m
48 dBμV/m = 250μV/m

Measurement Results for Spurious Emissions (30 MHz – 1 GHz)

Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

EUT parameters.

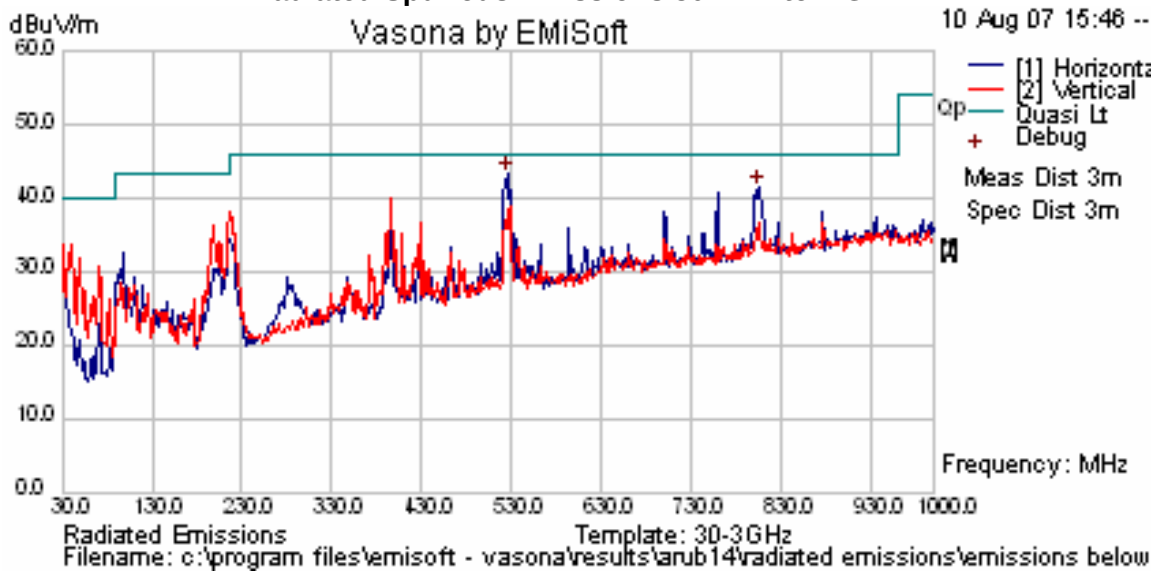
POE Operation

Transmitter operation: 802.11b Data Rate(s): 1 Mb/s Frequency: 2412 MHz Power Level: Maximum	Transmitter operation: 802.11a Data Rate(s): 6 Mb/s Frequency: 5745 MHz Power Level: Maximum

TABLE OF RESULTS

Freq. (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	QP (dBuV/m)	QP Lmt (dBuV/m)	QP Margin (dB)	Angle (deg)	Height (cm)	Polarity
524.7	43.27	33.97	46	-12.03	318	98	V
804.383	41.35	31.17	46	-14.83	256	173	H

Radiated Spurious Emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz



Specification

Limits

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of 15.205 (a), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed.

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table.

§15.209 (a) and **RSS-Gen §2.2** Limit Matrix

Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30-88	100	40.0	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46.0	3
Above 960	500	54.0	3

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Radiated Emissions

Measurement uncertainty	+5.6/ -4.5 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-03 'Measurement of Radiated Emissions'	0088, 0158, 0134, 0304, 0311, 0315, 0310, 0312

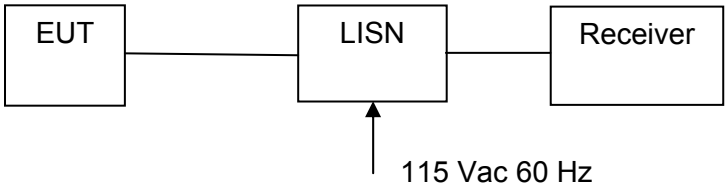
5.1.7. AC Wireline Conducted Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.207
Industry Canada RSS-Gen §7.2.2

NOT TESTED – no 115Vac, 60 Hz supply marketed by Aruba Networks. The AP-85TX is dc powered.

Test Procedure
The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The conducted emissions are measured in a shielded room with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold in the first instance. Emissions closest to the limit are measured in the quasi-peak mode (QP) with the tuned receiver using a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The emissions are maximized further by cable manipulation. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed.

Test Measurement Set up



Measurement set up for AC Wireline Conducted Emissions Test

Measurement Results for AC Wireline Conducted Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)

Ambient conditions.
Temperature: 17 to 23 °C Relative humidity: 31 to 57 % Pressure: 999 to 1012 mbar

TABLE OF RESULTS –

Freq (MHz)	LIne	Peak (dBµV)	QP (dBµV)	QP Limit (dBµV)	QP Margin (dB)	Ave. (dBµV)	Ave. Limit (dBµV)	Ave. Margin (dB)

AC Wireline Conducted Emissions –150 kHz – 30 MHz)

Specification

Limit

§15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μΩ line impedance stabilization network (LISN), see §15.207 (a) matrix below. Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

RSS-Gen §7.2.2
The radio frequency voltage that is conducted back into the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table below. The tighter limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

§15.207 (a) and **RSS-Gen §7.2.2** Limit Matrix
The lower limit applies at the boundary between frequency ranges

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Conducted Emissions

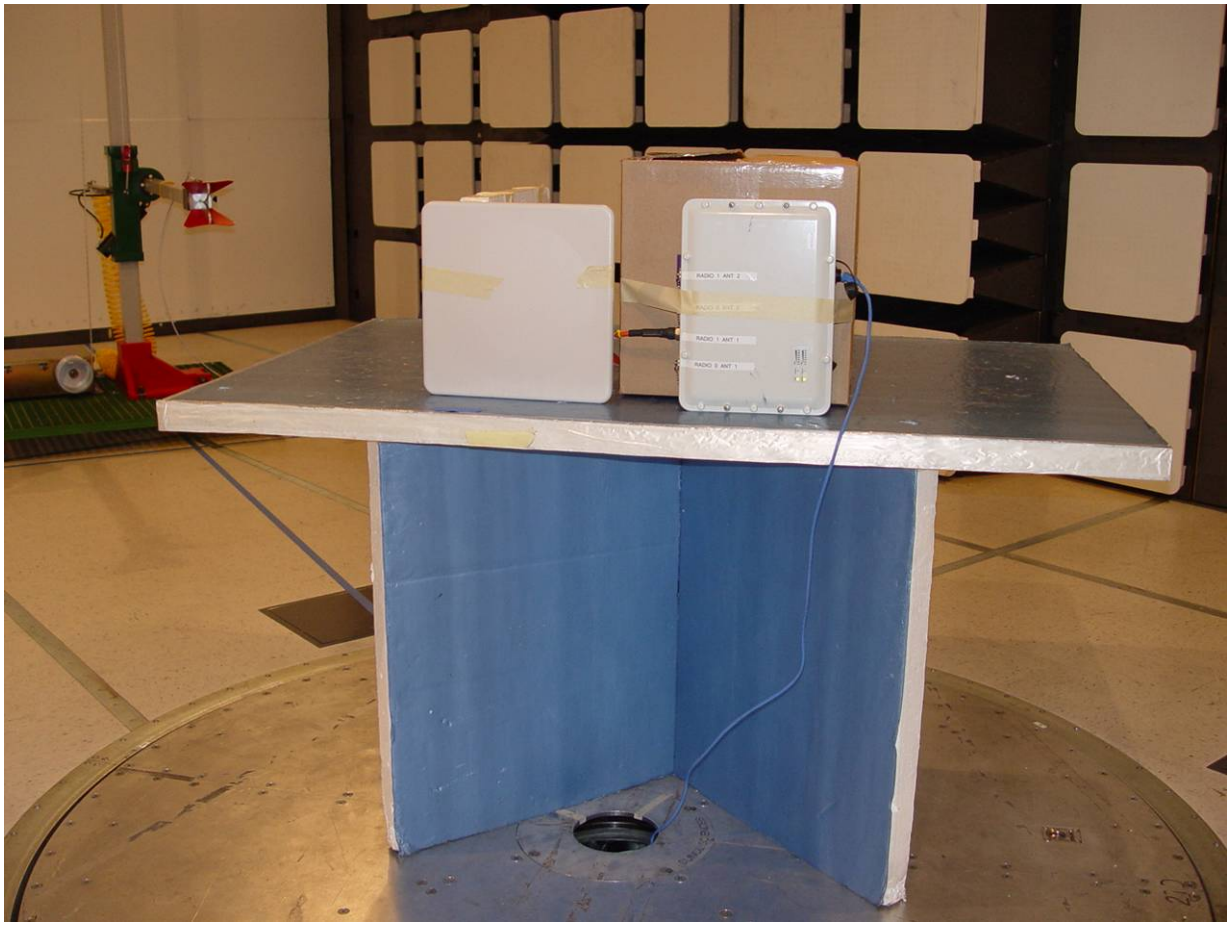
Measurement uncertainty	±2.64 dB

Traceability

Method	Test Equipment Used
Measurements were made per work instruction WI-EMC-01 'Measurement of Conducted Emissions'	0158, 0184, 0193, 0190, 0293, 0307

6. PHOTOGRAPHS

6.1. Radiated Spurious Emissions



All ports had appropriate cables connected

6.2. General Measurement Test Set-Up

7. TEST EQUIPMENT DETAILS

Asset #	Instrument	Manufacturer	Part #	Serial #
0088	Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8564E	3410A00141
0134	Amplifier	Com Power	PA 122	181910
0158	Barometer /Thermometer	Control Co.	4196	E2846
0193	EMI Receiver	Rhode & Schwartz	ESI 7	838496/007
0252	SMA Cable	Megaphase	Sucoflex 104	None
0310	2m SMA Cable	Micro-Coax	UFA210A-0-0787-3G03G0	209089-001
0312	3m SMA Cable	Micro-Coax	UFA210A-1-1181-3G0300	209092-001
0313	Coupler	Hewlett Packard	86205A	3140A01285
0314	30dB N-Type Attenuator	ARRA	N9444-30	1623
0070	Power Meter	Hewlett Packard	437B	3125U11552
0116	Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	8485A	3318A19694
0117	Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	8487D	3318A00371
0184	Pulse Limiter	Rhode & Schwartz	ESH3Z2	357.8810.52
0190	LISN	Rhode & Schwartz	ESH3Z5	836679/006
0293	BNC Cable	Megaphase	1689 1GVT4	15F50B001
0301	5.6 GHz Notch Filter	Micro-Tronics	RBC50704	001
0302	5.25 GHz Notch Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50703	002
0303	5.8 GHz Notch Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50705	003
0304	2.4GHzHz Notch Filter	Micro-Tronics	--	001
0307	BNC Cable	Megaphase	1689 1GVT4	15F50B002
0335	1-18GHz Horn Antenna	ETS- Lindgren	3117	00066580
0337	Amplifier	MiCOM Labs	--	--
0338	Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB-3	A052907

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