



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**Report No. : 24AE0054-HO**

**Applicant** : Welcat Inc.  
**Type of Equipment** : Wireless Hand-held Terminal  
**Model No.** : CTR-800-11W  
**FCC ID** : Q98CTR80011W  
**Test standard** : FCC47CFR 2.1093  
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C  
**Test Result** : Complied  
**Max SAR Measured** : 1.02W/kg ( Body, 2412MHz and 2437MHz)

1. This test report shall not be reproduced except full or partial, without the written approval of UL Apex Co., Ltd.
2. The results in this report apply only to the sample tested.
3. This equipment is in compliance with above regulation. We hereby certify that the data contain a true representation of the SAR profile.
4. The test results in this test report are traceable to the national or international standards.

**Date of test:** August 28 , 2003

**Tested by:**

Miyo Ikuta  
Head Office EMC Lab.

**Approved by:**

Tetsuo Maeno  
Site Manager of Head Office EMC Lab.

**UL Apex Co., Ltd.**

**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

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***UL Apex Co., Ltd.***

***Head Office EMC Lab.***

*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

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## **SECTION 1 : Client information**

Company Name : Welcat Inc.  
Brand Name : -  
Address : 1-17-12 Shin-Yokohama Kouhoku-ku Yokohama Kanagawa-ken  
222-0033,Japan  
Telephone Number : +81-45-474-9806  
Facsimile Number : +81-45-474-9816  
Contact Person : Kaoru Nayuki

## **SECTION 2 : Equipment under test (E.U.T.)**

### **2.1 Identification of E.U.T.**

APPLICANT : Welcat Inc.  
Type of Equipment : Wireless Hand-held Terminal  
Model No. : CTR-800-11W  
Serial No. : WAP0300014  
Rating : DC 3.6 V  
Country of Manufacture : Japan  
Receipt Date of Sample : August 26,2003  
Condition of EUT : Production prototype  
Tx Frequency : 2412MHz~2462MHz  
Modulation : DSSS  
Max.Output Power Tested : 15.0 dBm Peak Conducted  
Antenna Type :  $\lambda/2$ -dipole antenna  
Position of Antenna : See Photograph of right  
Battery option : Only one model with EUT  
Category Identified : Portable device



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*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

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*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

### **SECTION 3 : Requirements for compliance testing defined by the FCC**

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992. According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

- 1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source (wireless portable device).
- 2 IEEE/ANSI Std. C95.1-1992 limits are used to determine compliance with FCC ET Docket 93-62.

### **SECTION 4 : Dosimetry assessment setup**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than +/- 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetry probe ET3DV6, SN: 1684 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [2] with accuracy of better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [3] and found to be better than +/-0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528 and CENELEC EN50361.

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*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

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*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*



## 4.2 System components

### 4.2.1 ET3DV6 Probe Specification

**Construction:**

Symmetrical design with triangular core  
Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System  
Built-in shielding against static charges  
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycol ether)

**Calibration:**

Basic Broad Band calibration in air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz  
In brain and muscle simulating tissue at  
Frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz, 1.8 GHz and 2.45GHz (accuracy +/-8%)

**Frequency:**

10 MHz to 3GHz; Linearity: +/-0.2 dB  
(30 MHz to 3 GHz)

**Directivity:**

+/-0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)  
+/-0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)

**Dynamic Range:**

5 mW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: +/-0.2 dB

**Optical Surface Detection:**

+/-0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces.

**Dimensions:**

Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)  
Tip length: 16 mm  
Body diameter: 12 mm (Body: 12 mm)  
Tip diameter: 6.8 mm  
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

**Application:**

General dosimetric up to 3 GHz  
Compliance tests of mobile phones  
Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms



**Inside view of  
ET3DV6 E-field  
Probe**

#### 4.2.2 SAM Phantom

**Construction:**

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

**Shell Thickness:**

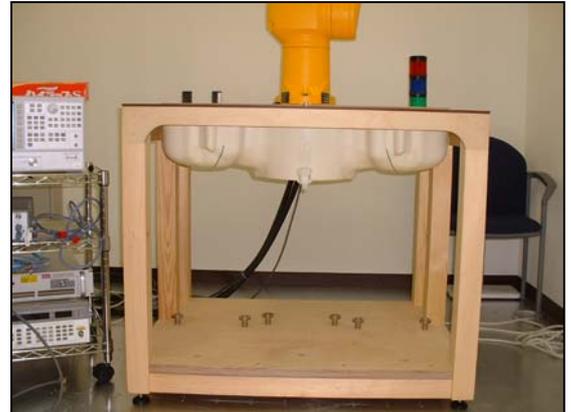
2 +/-0.2 mm

**Filling Volume:**

Approx. 25 liters

**Dimensions:**

(H x L x W): 810 x 1000 x 500 mm



**SAM Phantom**

#### 4.2.3 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

\* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



**Device Holder**

Device holder couldn't be used at this SAR measurement.

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4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

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Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

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## **SECTION 5 : Test system specifications**

### **Robot RX60L**

Number of Axes	:	6
Payload	:	1.6 kg
Reach	:	800mm
Repeatability	:	+/-0.025mm
Control Unit	:	CS7M
Programming Language	:	V+
Manufacture	:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60

### **DASY4 Measurement sever**

Features	:	166MHz low power Pentium MMX 32MB chipdisk and 64MB RAM Serial link to DAE (with watchdog supervision) 16 Bit A/D converter for surface detection system Two serial links to robot (one for real-time communication which is supervised by watchdog) Ethernet link to PC (with watchdog supervision) Emergency stop relay for robot safety chainTwo expansion slots for future applications
Manufacture	:	Schimid & Partner Engineering AG

### **Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE)**

Features	:	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic Serial optical link for communication with DASY4 embedded system (fully remote controlled) 2 step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop (not in -R version)
Measurement Range	:	1 $\mu$ V to > 200 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)
Input Offset voltage	:	< 1 $\mu$ V (with auto zero)
Input Resistance	:	200 M $\Omega$
Battery Power	:	> 10 h of operation (with two 9 V accus)
Dimension	:	60 x 60 x 68 mm
Manufacture	:	Schimid & Partner Engineering AG

### **Software**

Item	:	Dosimetric Assesment System DASY4
Type No.	:	SD 000 401A, SD 000 402A
Software version No.	:	4.1
Manufacture / Origin	:	Schimid & Partner Engineering AG

### **E-Field Probe**

Model	:	ET3DV6
Serial No.	:	1684
Construction	:	Triangular core fiber optic detection system
Frequency	:	10 MHz to 6 GHz
Linearity	:	+/-0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Manufacture	:	Schimid & Partner Engineering AG

### **Phantom**

Type	:	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Shell Material	:	Fiberglass
Thickness	:	2.0 +/-0.2 mm
Volume	:	Approx. 20 liters
Manufacture	:	Schimid & Partner Engineering AG

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*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

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## **SECTION 6 : Test setup of EUT**

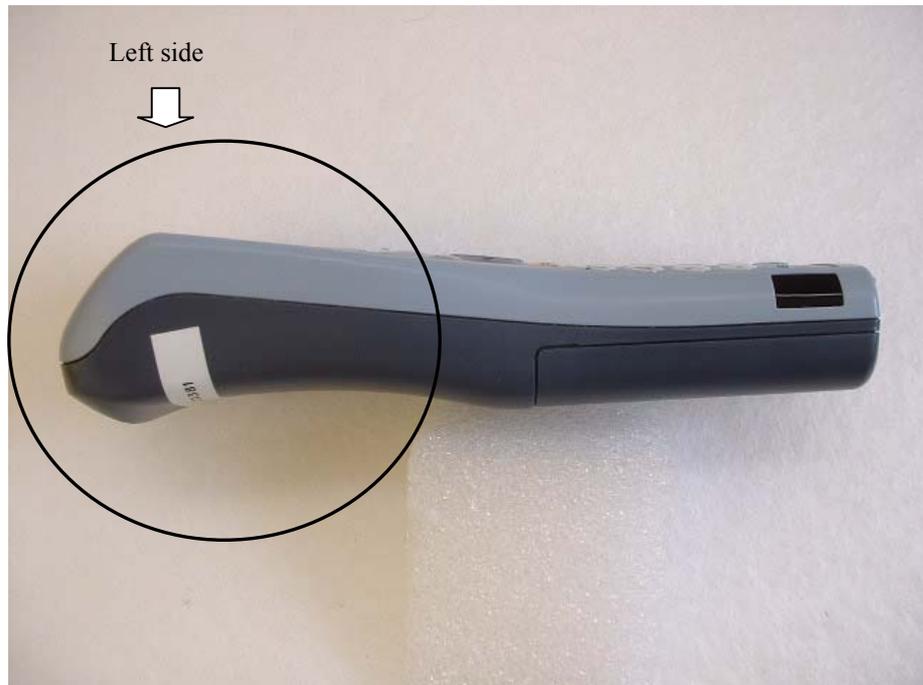
### **6.1 Photographs of test setup**

When users operate or carry this EUT, it could be considered to touch or get close to their bodies. In order to assume this situation, we performed the test at the following positions. Please refer to "APPENDIX 1" for more details.

1. Face : We performed the test with face of EUT touching to the flat phantom.
2. Bottom : We performed the test with bottom of EUT touching to the flat phantom.
4. Right side : We performed the test with right side of EUT touching to the flat phantom.
6. Left side : We performed the test with left side of EUT touching to the flat phantom.
7. Top : We performed the test with top of EUT touching to the flat phantom.







## 6.2 EUT Tune-up procedure

We determined following conditions ;

Transmitter was continuous mode.

Crest Factor = 1

Frequency channel were low , middle and high (2412MHz ,2437MHz and 2462MHz)

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4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

## **SECTION 7 : Measurement uncertainty**

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the DASY4 measurement system according to the NIS81 [13] and the NIST1297 [6] documents and is given in the following Table.

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm$ %	Probability distribution	divisor	(ci)1 lg	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	vi or veff
<b>Measurement System</b>						
Probe calibration	$\pm 4.8$	Normal	1	1	$\pm 4.8$	$\infty$
Axial isotropy of the probe	$\pm 4.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	$\pm 1.9$	$\infty$
Spherical isotropy of the probe	$\pm 9.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	$\pm 3.9$	$\infty$
Boundary effects	$\pm 1.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6$	$\infty$
Probe linearity	$\pm 4.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.7$	$\infty$
Detection limit	$\pm 1.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6$	$\infty$
Readout electronics	$\pm 1.0$	Normal	1	1	$\pm 1.0$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.5$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.5$	$\infty$
RF ambient conditions	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
Mech. constraints of robot	$\pm 0.4$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.2$	$\infty$
Probe positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
Extrap. and integration	$\pm 1.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>						
Device positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.9$	6
Device holder uncertainty	$\pm 3.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 3.6$	4
Power drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.9$	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>						
Phantom uncertainty	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.3$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	$\pm 1.8$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 10.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	$\pm 3.7$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (target)	$\pm 10.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	$\pm 3.5$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					<b><math>\pm 11.26</math></b>	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>					<b><math>\pm 22.5</math></b>	

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**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

## **SECTION 8 : Simulated tissue liquid parameter**

### **8.1 Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation**

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070D dielectric probe kit.  
The dielectric parameters measurement are reported in each correspondent section.

#### **8.1.1 Head 2450MHz**

Type of liquid : **Head 2450 MHz**  
Ambient temperature (deg.c.) : **24.5**  
Relative Humidity (%) : **67**  
Liquid depth (cm) : **15.9**

Date : August 28,2003  
Measured By : Miyo Ikuta

<b>DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS</b>						
Liquid Temp [deg.c]		Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
Before	After					
24.5	24.5	Relative Permittivity $\epsilon_r$	39.2	36.8	-6.1	+/-10
		Conductivity $\sigma$ [mho/m]	1.80	1.86	+3.3	+/-5

#### **8.1.2 Muscle 2450MHz**

Type of liquid : **Muscle 2450 MHz**  
Ambient temperature (deg.c.) : **23.5**  
Relative Humidity (%) : **65**  
Liquid depth (cm) : **15.1**

Date : August 28,2003  
Measured By : Miyo Ikuta

<b>DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS</b>						
Liquid Temp [deg.c]		Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
Before	After					
23.4	23.4	Relative Permittivity $\epsilon_r$	52.7	49.0	-7.0	+/-10
		Conductivity $\sigma$ [mho/m]	1.95	1.94	-0.5	+/-5

### **8.2 Simulated Tissues**

Ingredient	MiXTURE(%)	
	Head 2450MHz	Muscle 2450MHz
Water	45.0	69.83
DGMBE	55.0	30.17

Note:DGMBE(Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether)

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*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

**SECTION 9 : System validation data**

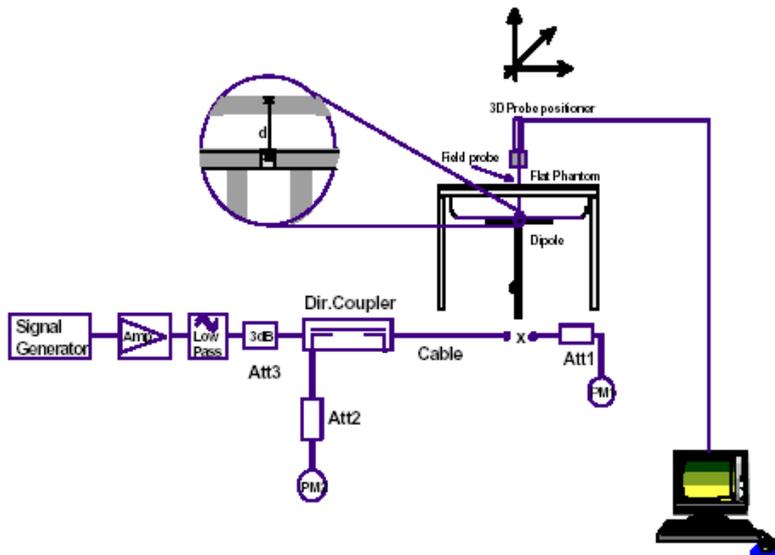
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of +/-10%. The validation results are tabulated below. Please refer to APPENDIX 3.

Type of liquid : **HEAD 2450MHz**  
Frequency : **2450MHz**  
Liquid depth (cm) : **15.9**  
Ambient temperature (deg.c.) : **24.5**  
Relative Humidity (%) : **67**  
Dipole : **D2450V2 SN:713**  
Power : **250mW**

Date : August 28,2003  
Measured By : Miyo Ikuta

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK									
Liquid (HEAD 2450MHz)						System dipole validation target & measured			
temperature (deg.c.)		Relative Permittivity $\epsilon_r$		Conductivity $\sigma$ [mho/m]		SAR 1g [W/kg]		Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
Before	Afterx	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured		
23.4	23.4	39.2	36.8	1.80	1.86	13.1	13.6	+3.8	+/-10

Note: Please refer to Attachment for the result representation in plot format



**2450MHz System performance check setup**

**Test system for the system performance check setup diagram**

## **SECTION 10 : Evaluation procedure**

**The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:**

**Step 1:** Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position of flat phantom was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

**Step 2:** The SAR distribution at the exposed side of head or body position was measured at a distance of each device from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the EUT(180 x 260) and the horizontal grid spacing was 20 mm x 20 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

**Step 3:** Around this point found in the Step 2 (area scan) , a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. And for any secondary peaks found in the Step2 which are within 2dB of maximum peak and not with this Step3 (Zoom scan) is repeated. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [4]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
2. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions) [4], [5]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
3. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

**Step 4:** Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. It is measured SAR-drift( the difference between the SAR measured in Step 4 and Step 1)

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***Head Office EMC Lab.***

*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

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**SECTION 11 : Exposure limit**

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B) Limits for General population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)
0.08	1.6	4.0

**Occupational/Controlled Environments:** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

**General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

<p><b>NOTE:GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE SPATIAL PEAK(averaged over any 1g of tissue) LIMIT 1.6 W/kg</b></p>
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4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

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**SECTION 12 : SAR Measurement results**

**12.1 Conducted power measurement results**

Date : August 28,2003  
Measured By : Miyo Ikuta

CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Frequency [MHz]	Before				After				Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
	Reading [dBm]	Att. [dB]	Result [dBm]	Convert [mW]	Reading [dBm]	Att. [dB]	Result [dBm]	Convert [mW]		
2412	4.9	10	14.9	30.90	4.9	10	14.9	30.90	0.0	+/-5
2437	5.0	10	15.0	31.62	4.9	10	14.9	30.90	-2.3	+/-5
2462	4.4	10	14.4	27.54	4.4	10	14.4	27.54	0.0	+/-5

**12.2 Body 2450MHz SAR**

Liquid Depth (cm) : **15.1** Model : **CTR-800-11W**  
Parameters :  $\epsilon_r = 49.0, \sigma = 1.94$  Serial No. : **WAP0300014**  
Ambient Temperature[deg.c.] : **24.5** Modulation : **DSSS**  
Relative Humidity (%) : **65** Crest factor : **1**

Date : August 28,2003  
Measured By : Miyo Ikuta

BODY SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Frequency		Phantom Section	EUT Set-up Conditions			Liquid Temp.[deg.c]		SAR(1g) [w/kg] (Maximum value of multi-peak)
Channel	MHz		Antenna	Position	Separation [mm]	Before	After	
Mid	2437	Flat	Fixed	Face	0	23.4	23.4	<b>0.584</b>
Mid	2437	Flat	Fixed	Bottom	0	23.2	23.0	<b>0.0758</b>
Mid	2437	Flat	Fixed	Right side	0	23.0	22.9	<b>0.0541</b>
Mid	2437	Flat	Fixed	Left side	0	23.0	23.0	<b>0.0301</b>
Mid	2437	Flat	Fixed	Top	0	23.4	23.4	<b>1.02</b>
Low	2412	Flat	Fixed	Top	0	23.5	23.5	<b>1.02</b>
High	2462	Flat	Fixed	Top	0	23.6	23.5	<b>0.978</b>
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT</b>						<b>Body SAR: 1.6 W/kg</b>		
<b>Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population</b>						<b>(averaged over 1 gram)</b>		

**SECTION 13 : Equipment & calibration information**

Name of Equipment	Manufacture	Model number	Serial number	Calibration	
				Last Cal	due date
Power Meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41290639	2002/11/08	2003/11/07
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300B	US40010300	2002/11/14	2003/11/13
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440576	2003/04/14	2004/04/13
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39174808	2000/10/05	2003/10/04
Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz	SML03	100332	2003/06/24	2004/06/23
RF Amplifier	OPHIR	5056F	1005	2003/02/06	2004/02/05
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	ET3DV6	1684	2002/11/20	2003/11/19
Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAE3 V1	509	2003/04/10	2004/04/09
Robot,SAM Phantom	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY4	I021834	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Agilent.	US40010300	08498-60012	2002/12/24	2003/12/23
Attenuator	HIROSE ELECTRIC Co.,LTD	AT-110	-	2003/02/04	2004/02/03
2450MHz System Validation Dipole	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	D2450V2	713	2002/11/15	2004/11/14
Dual Directional Coupler	N/A	Narda	03702	N/A	N/A
Head 2450MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body 2450MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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***Head Office EMC Lab.***

*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

## **SECTION 14 : References**

- [1]ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [2] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, “Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies”, in ICECOM ‘97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp. 120-124.
- [3] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, “E- field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids”, in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp.172-175.
- [4] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [5] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [6] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, “Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results”, Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994.

## **SECTION 15 : APPENDIX**

<b>APPENDIX 1 : Photographs of test setup</b>	<b>19-23</b>
<b>APPENDIX 2 : SAR Measurement data</b>	<b>24-31</b>
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<b>APPENDIX 4 : System Validation Dipole (D2450V2,S/N: 713)</b>	<b>34-43</b>
<b>APPENDIX 5 : Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration(ET3DV6,S/N: 1684)</b>	<b>44-57</b>

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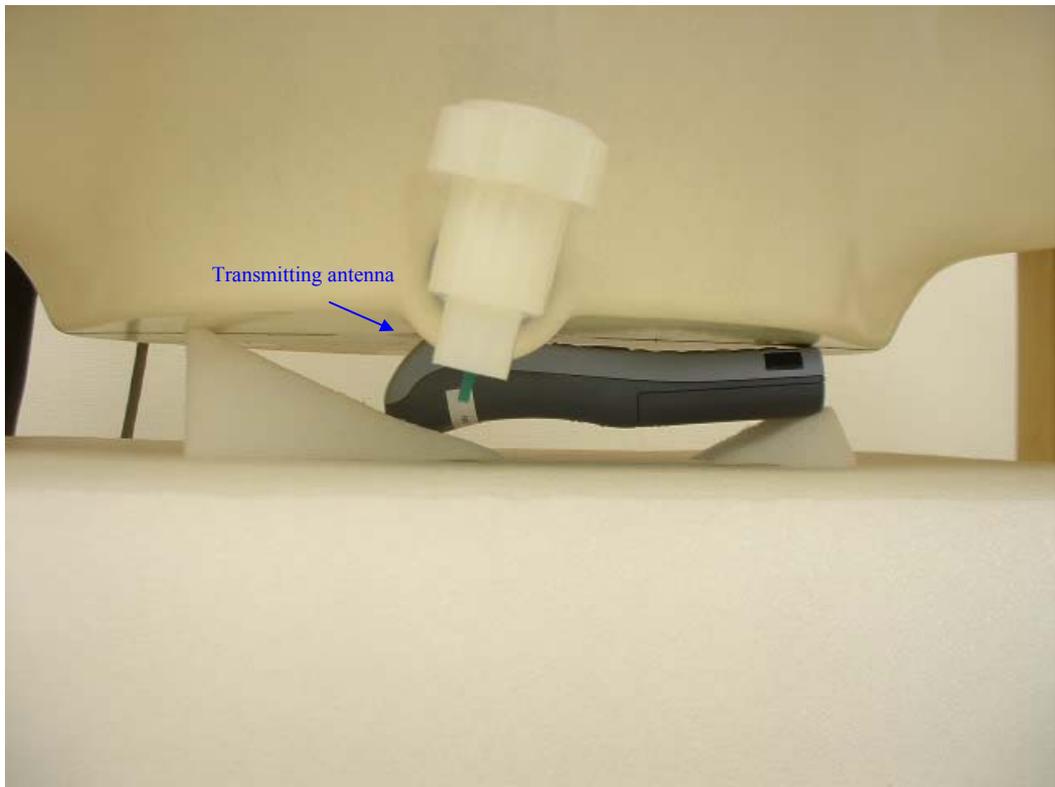
*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

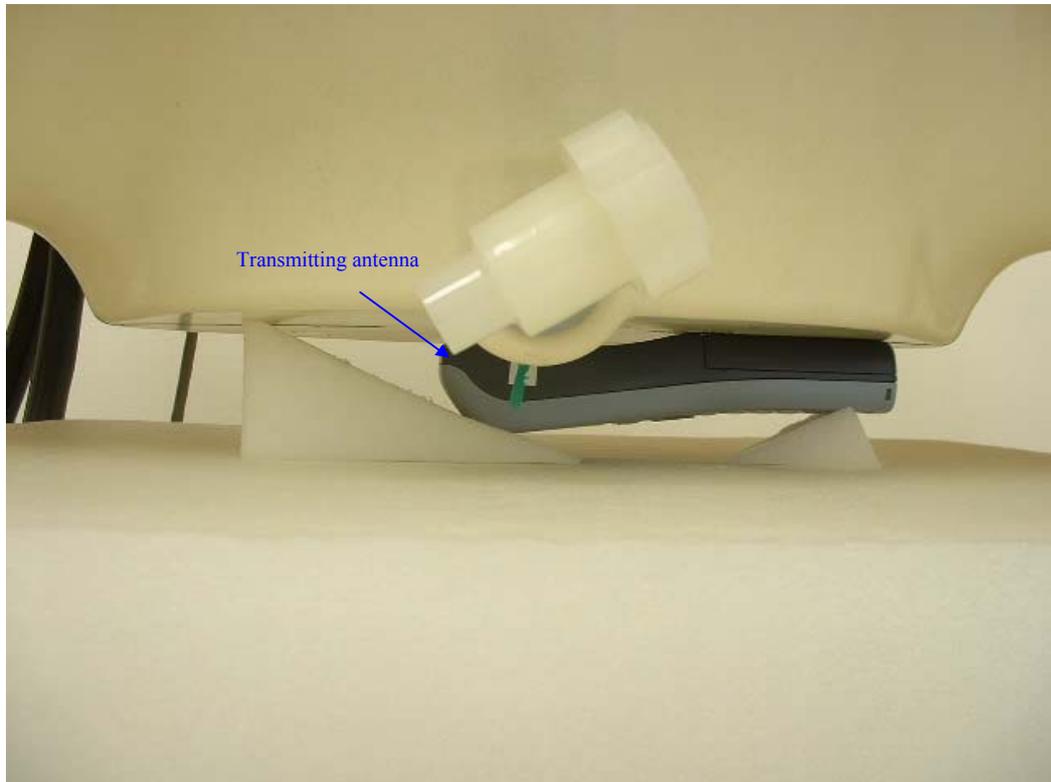
*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

## **APPENDIX 1 : Photographs of test setup**

**Face**



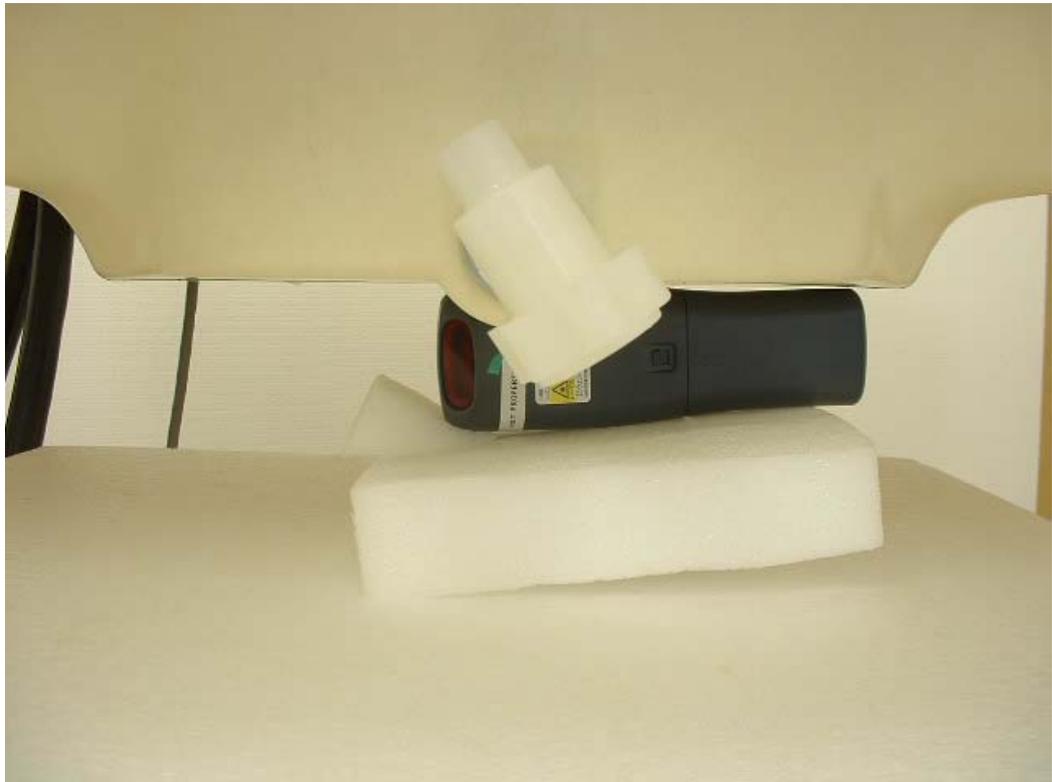
**Bottom**



**Right side**



**Left side**



Top



## **APPENDIX 2 : SAR Measurement data**

## CTR-800-11W / Body / Face / 2437 MHz

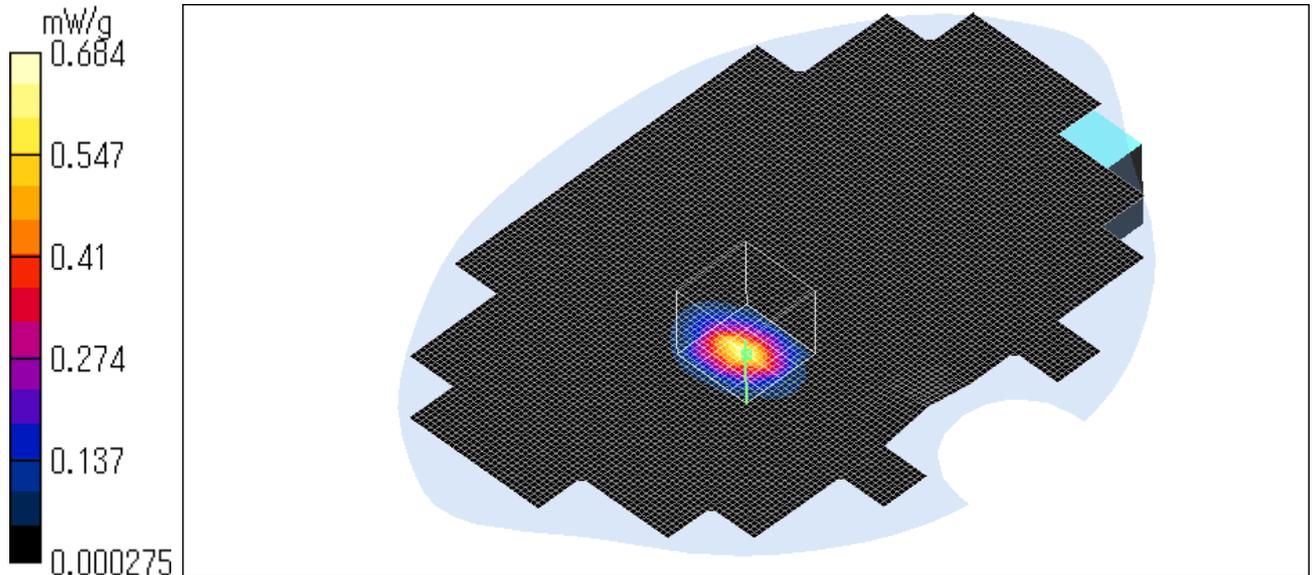
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.685 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.584 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.684 mW/g

Test date = 08 /28/ 03  
Reference Value = 1.15 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Ambient Temperature : 24.5 degree.c  
Liquid Temperature : Before 23.4 degree.C , After 23.4 degree.C



## CTR-800-11W / Body / Bottom / 2437MHz

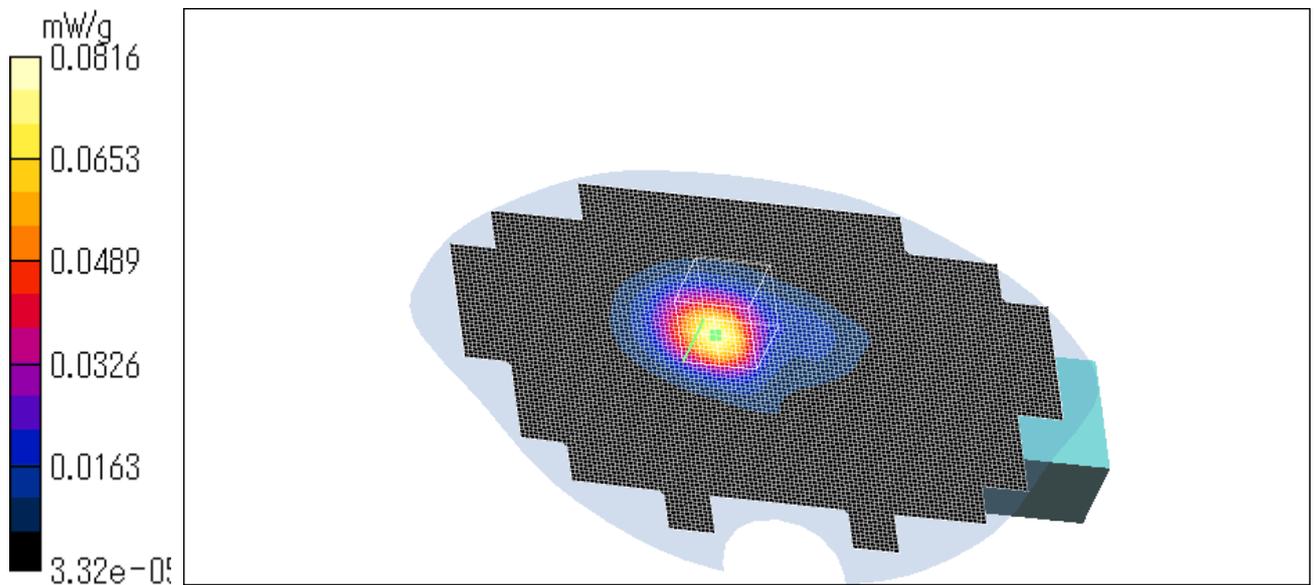
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0798 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.0758 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0397 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0816 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28 / 03  
Reference Value = 3.25 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.07 dB  
Ambient Temperature : 24.5 degree.c  
Liquid Temperature : Before 23.2 degree.C , After 23.0degree.C



## CTR-800-11W / Body / Right side / 2437MHz

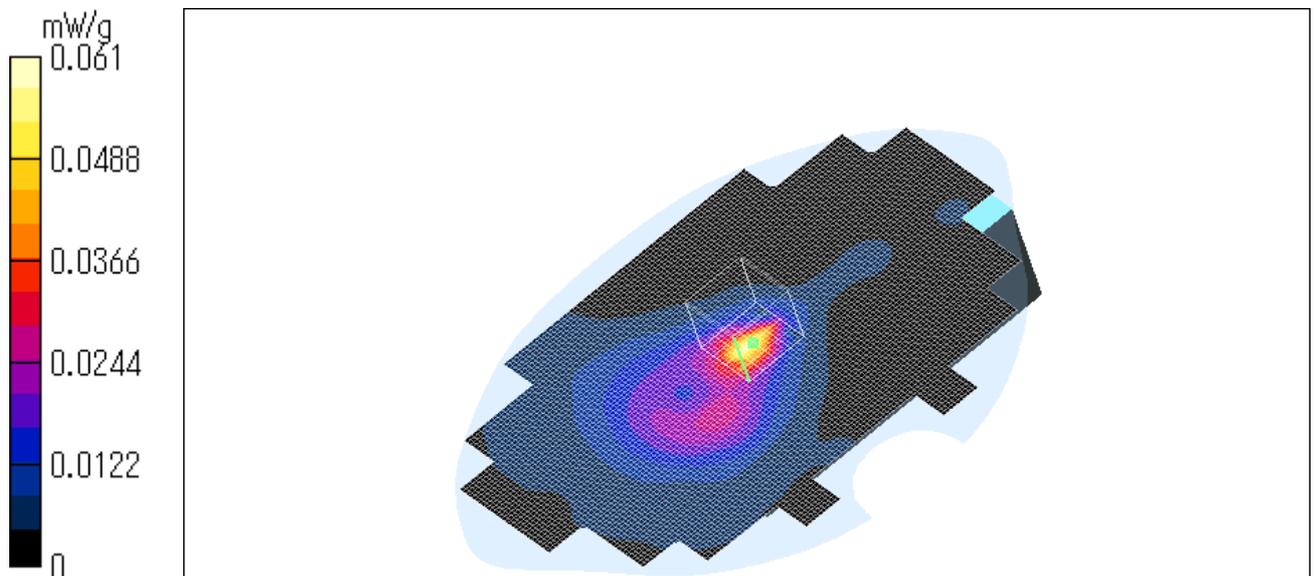
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0583 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.131 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.0541 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0226 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.061 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28/ 03  
Reference Value = 4.43 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.07 dB  
Ambient Temperature : 24.5 degree.c  
Liquid Temperature : Before 23.0 degree.C , After 22.9degree.C



## CTR-800-11W / Body / Left side / 2437MHz

Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

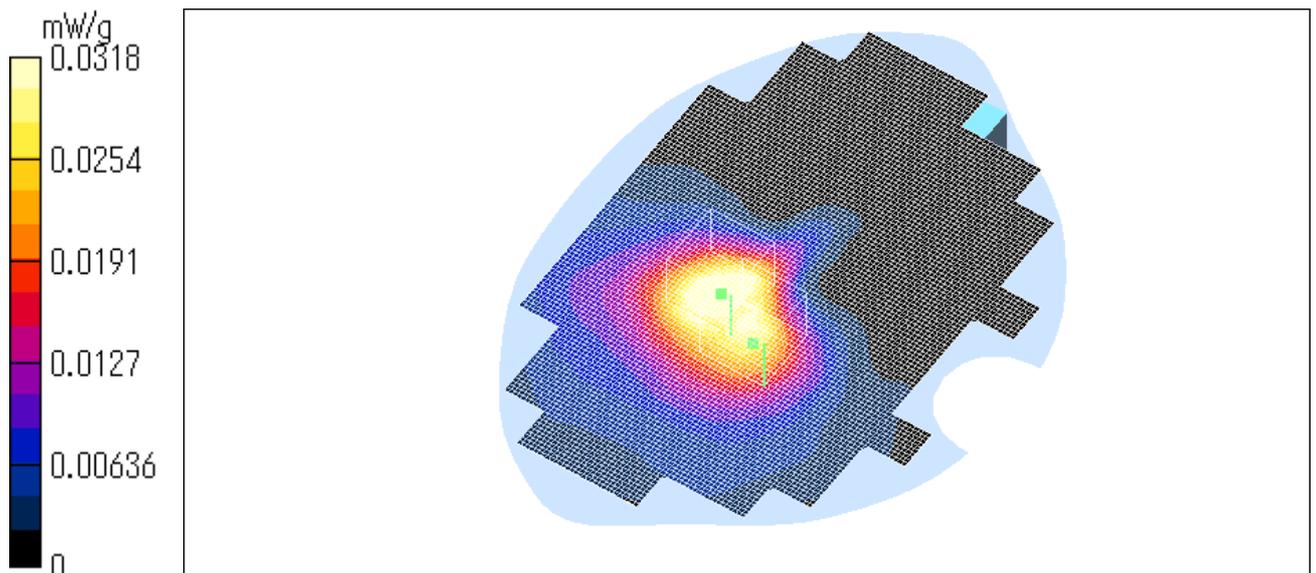
DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0363 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0706 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.0352 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0189 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0378 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0659 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.0301 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0161 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0318 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28 / 03  
Reference Value = 2.52 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Ambient Temperature : 24.5 degree.c  
Liquid Temperature : Before 23.0 degree.C , After 23.0 degree.C



## CTR-800-11W / Body / Top / 2437 MHz

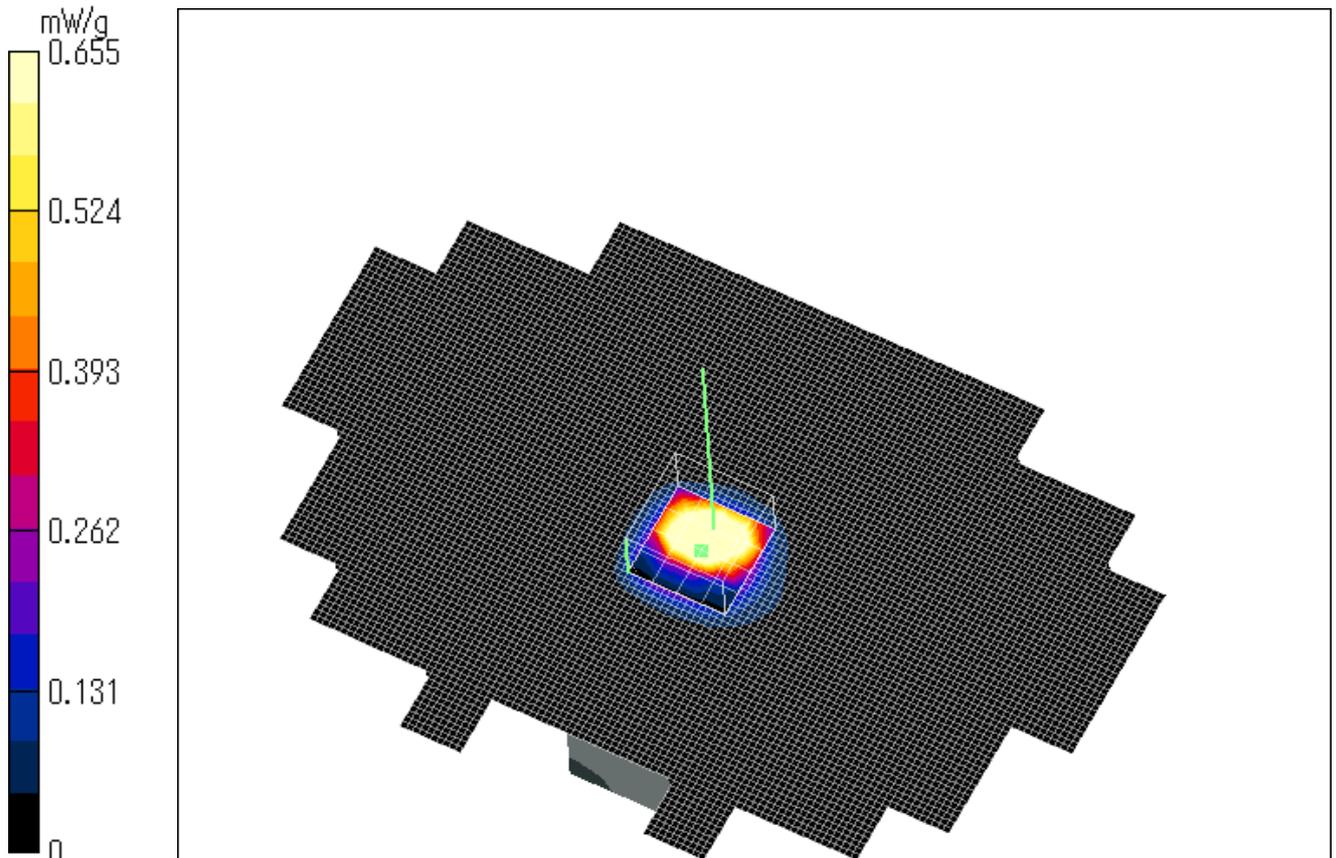
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 1.02 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 1.06 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28 / 03  
Reference Value = 22.7 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Ambient Temperature = 24.5 degree . C  
Liquid Temperature = Before 23.4degree.C , After 23.4 degree.C



## Z-axis scan at max SAR location

**CTR-800-11W / Body / Top / 2437 MHz**

Crest factor : 1

Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Phantom section: Flat Section

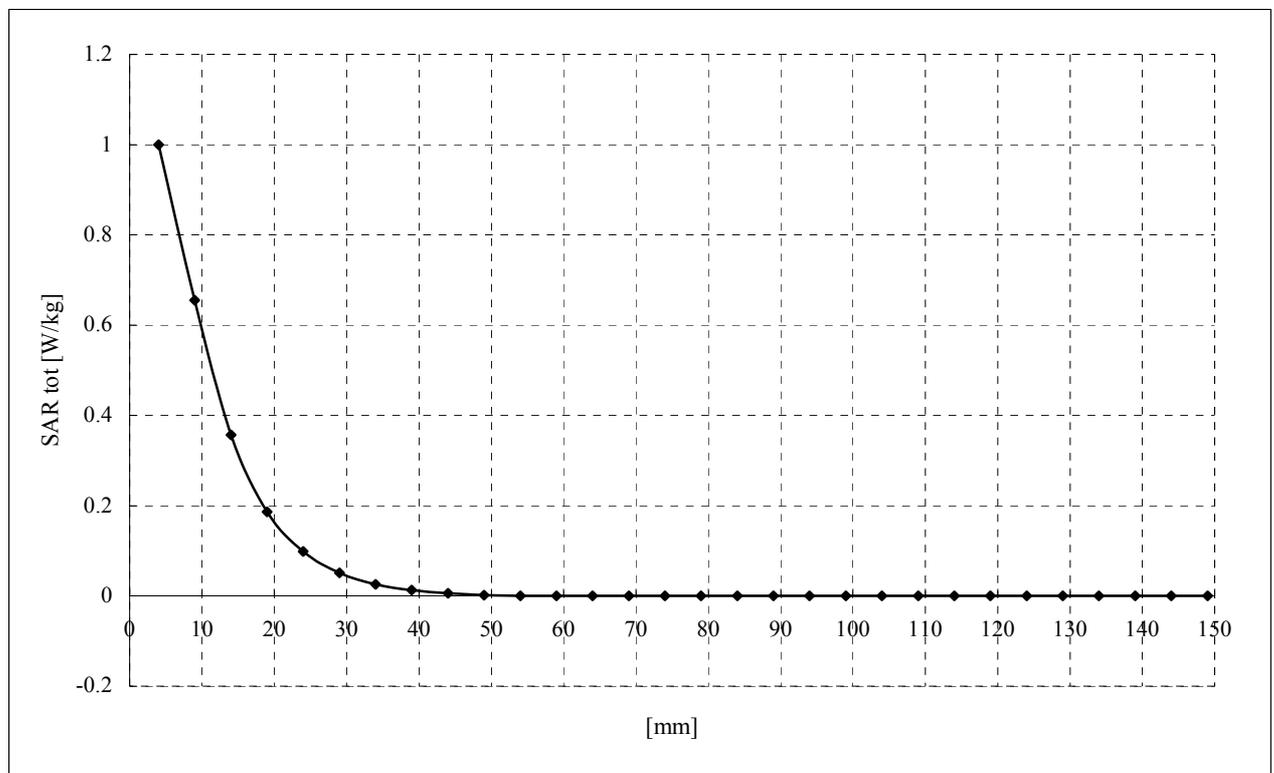
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Phantom: SAM 1196

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115



**UL Apex Co., Ltd.**

**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

## CTR-800-11W / Body / Top / 2412 MHz

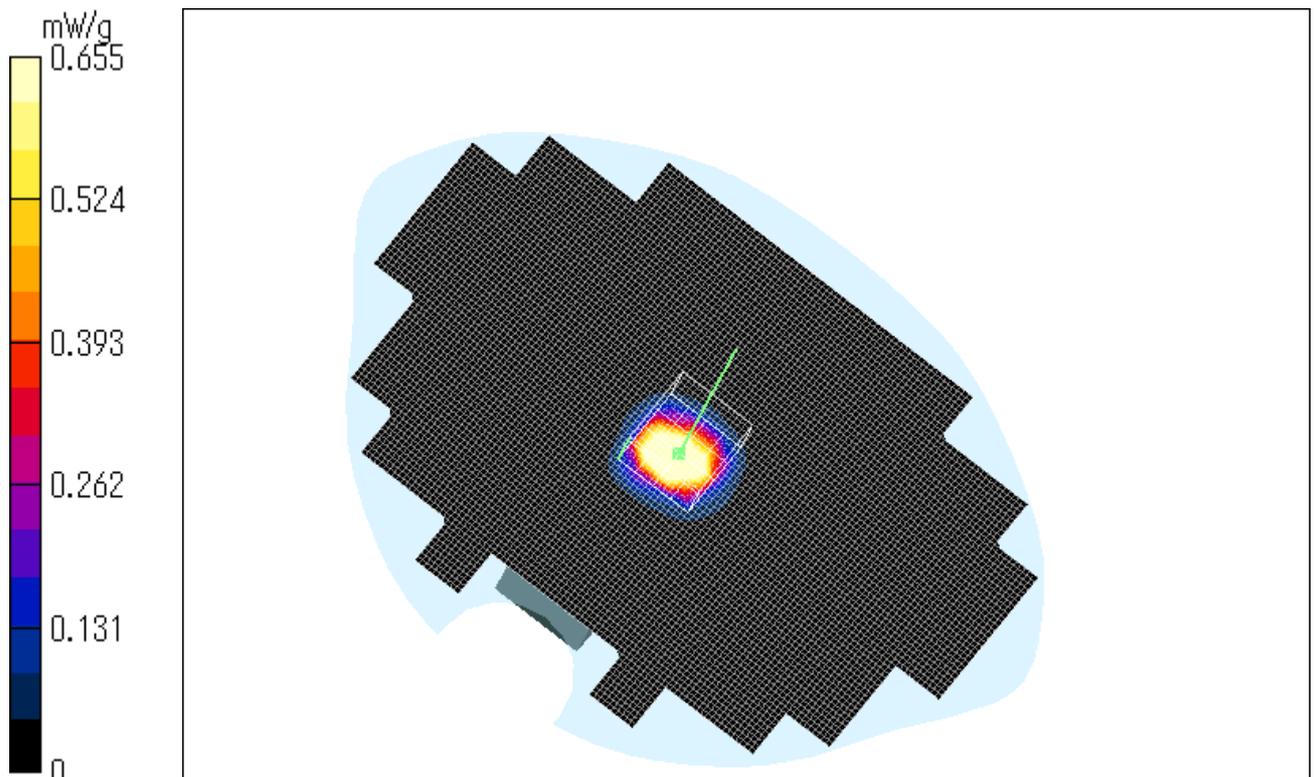
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.938 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 1.11 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28 / 03  
Reference Value = 27.4 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.4 dB  
Ambient Temperature = 24.5 degree. C  
Liquid Temperature : Before 23.5 degree.C , After 23.5 degree.C



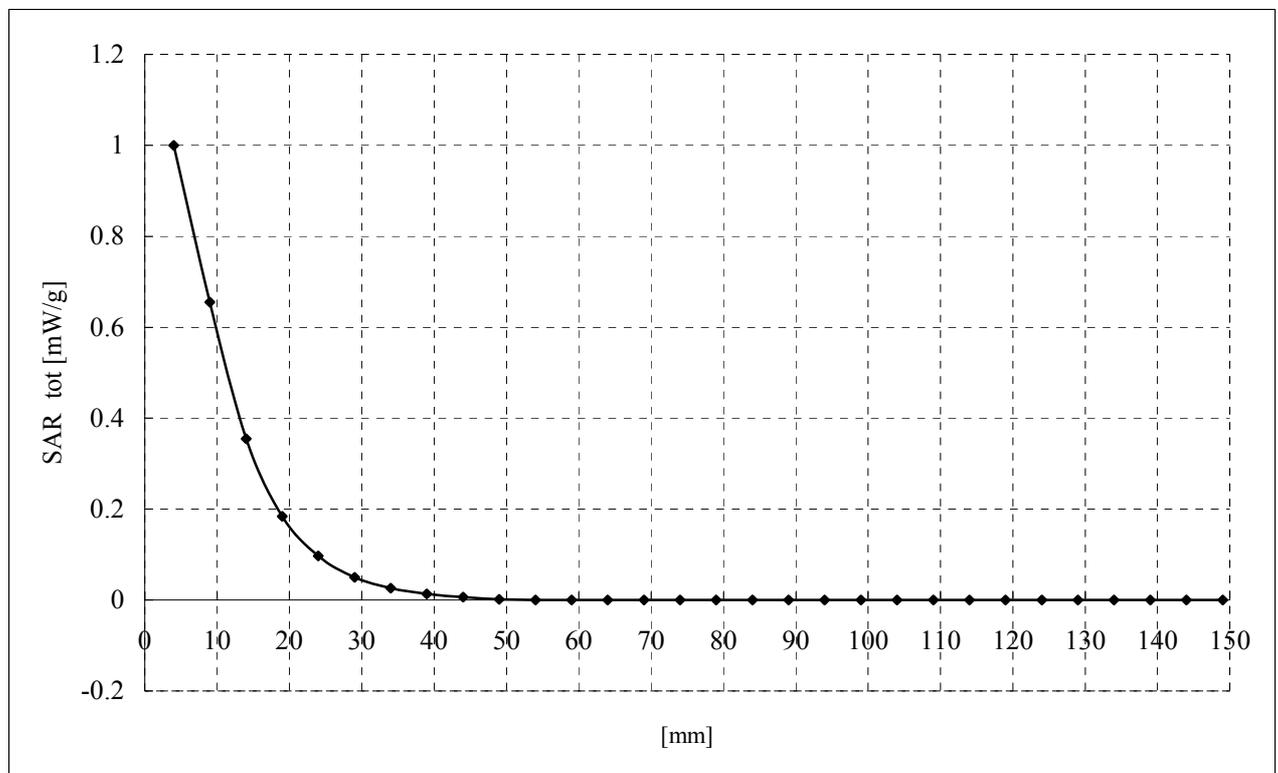
## Z-axis scan at max SAR location

### CTR-800-11W / Body / Top / 2412 MHz

Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM 1196
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115



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Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

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## CTR-800-11W / Body / Top / 2462MHz

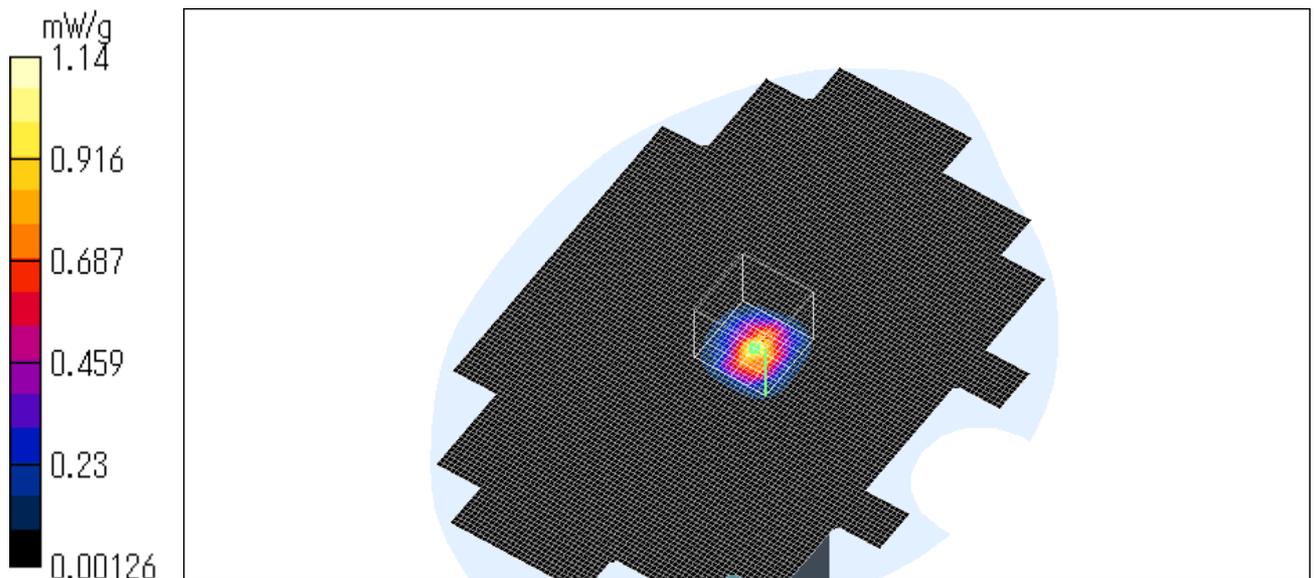
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: M2450 ( $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (91x131x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.838 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.978 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 1.14 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28 / 03  
Reference Value = 28.2 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.5 dB  
Ambient Temperature : 24.5 degree. C  
Liquid Temperature : Before 23.6 degree.C , After 23.5 degree.C



### **APPENDIX 3 : Validation Measurement data**

## System Validation / Dipole 2450 MHz / Forward Conducted Power : 250mW

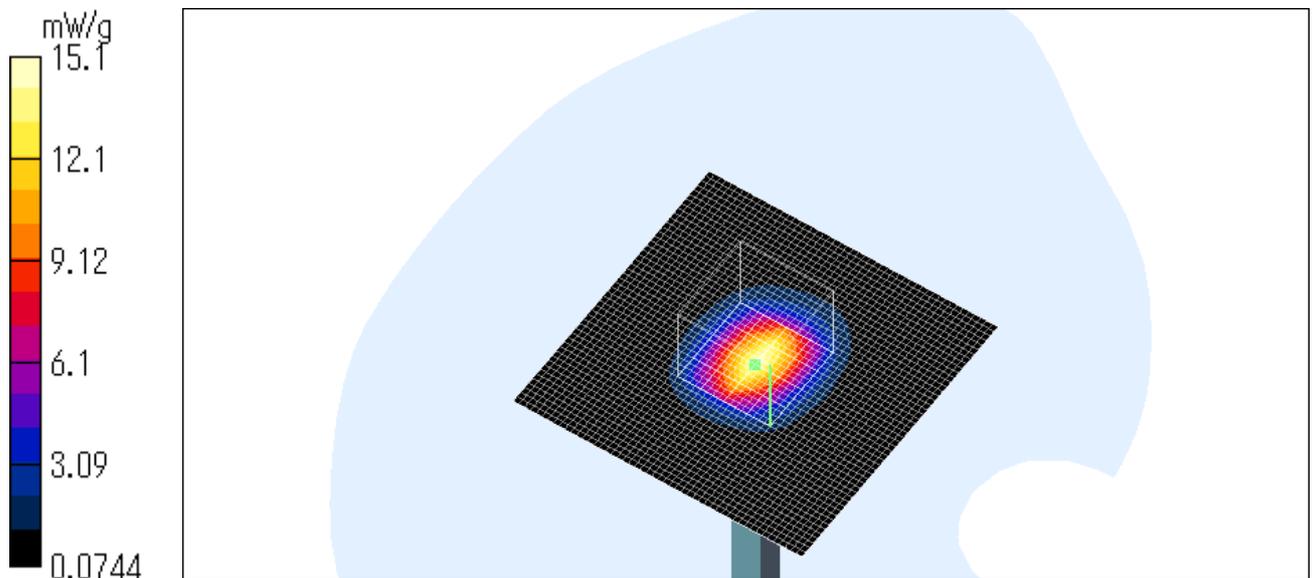
Crest factor : 1  
Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.86$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 36.8$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1684; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2002/11/20  
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: SAM 1196  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR = 16.8 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR = 15.1 mW/g

Test date = 08 / 28 / 03  
Reference Value = 97.2 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.008 dB  
Ambient Temperature = 24.5 degree.C  
Liquid Temperature = Before 23.4 degree.C , After 23.4degree.C



## **APPENDIX 4 : System Validation Dipole (D2450V2,S/N: 713)**

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## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

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### Calibration Certificate

#### 2450 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:

D2450V2

Serial Number:

713

Place of Calibration:

Zurich

Date of Calibration:

November 15, 2002

Calibration Interval:

24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

D. Vetterli

Approved by:

Poloni Kutz

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**UL Apex Co., Ltd.**

**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

# DASY

## Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D2450V2

Serial: 713

Manufactured: July 5, 2002  
Calibrated: November 15, 2002

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***Head Office EMC Lab.***

*4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN*

*Telephone: +81 596 24 8116*

*Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124*

## 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative permittivity	<b>38.0</b>	± 5%
Conductivity	<b>1.87 mho/m</b>	± 10%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, conversion factor 5.0 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## 2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:	<b>54.4 mW/g</b>
averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:	<b>24.2 mW/g</b>

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4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

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Date/Time: 11/13/02 21:52:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland  
File Name: SN713\_SN1507\_HSL2450\_131102.da4

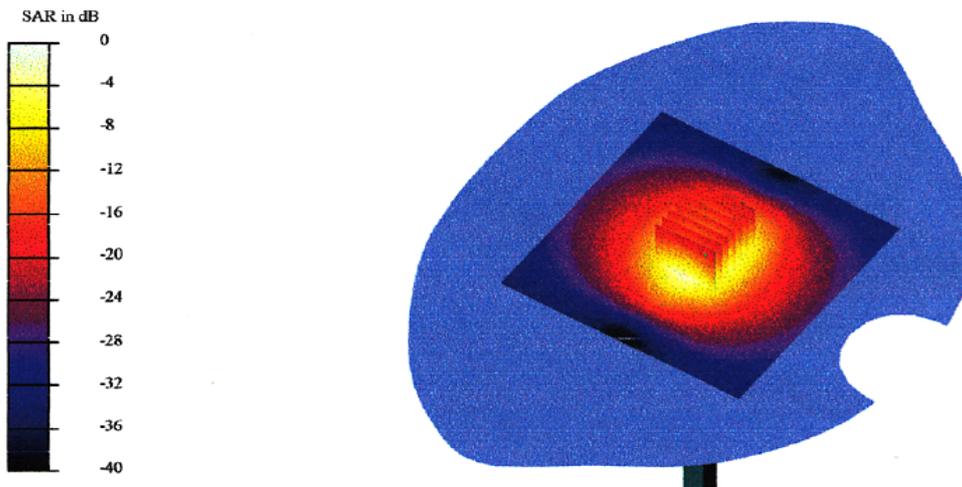
**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type & Serial Number: D2450V2 - SN713**  
**Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL 2450 MHz ( $\sigma = 1.87$  mho/m,  $\epsilon = 38.03$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 35

**Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm  
Reference Value = 94.4 V/m  
Peak SAR = 29.6 mW/g  
SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 mW/g  
Power Drift = 0.01 dB



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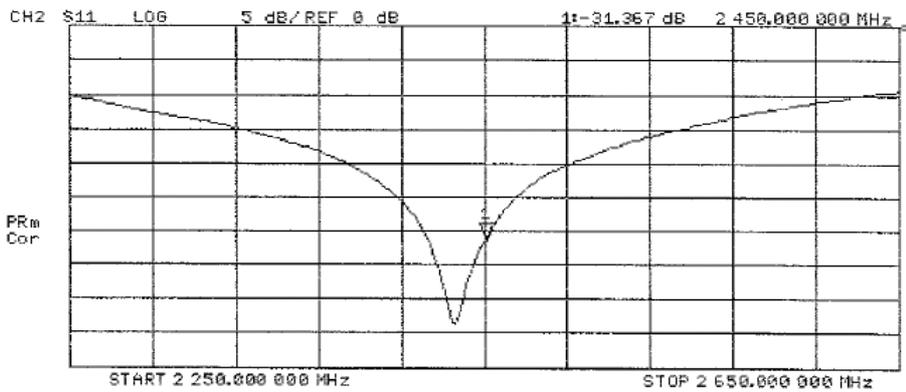
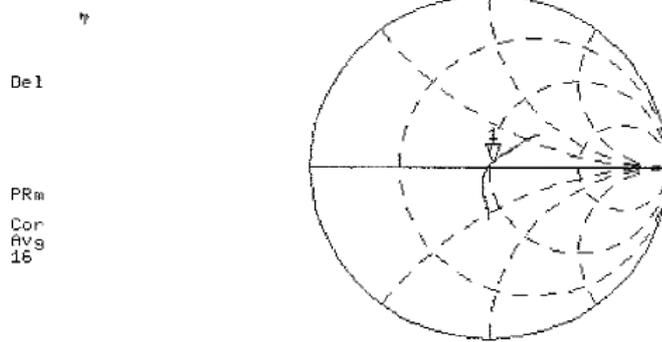
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4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

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13 Nov 2002 20:32:38  
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 51.254  $\phi$  2.4414  $\phi$  158.60 pH 2 450.000 000 MHz



Date/Time: 11/15/02 14:25:17

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland  
File Name: SN713\_SN1507\_M2450\_141102.da4

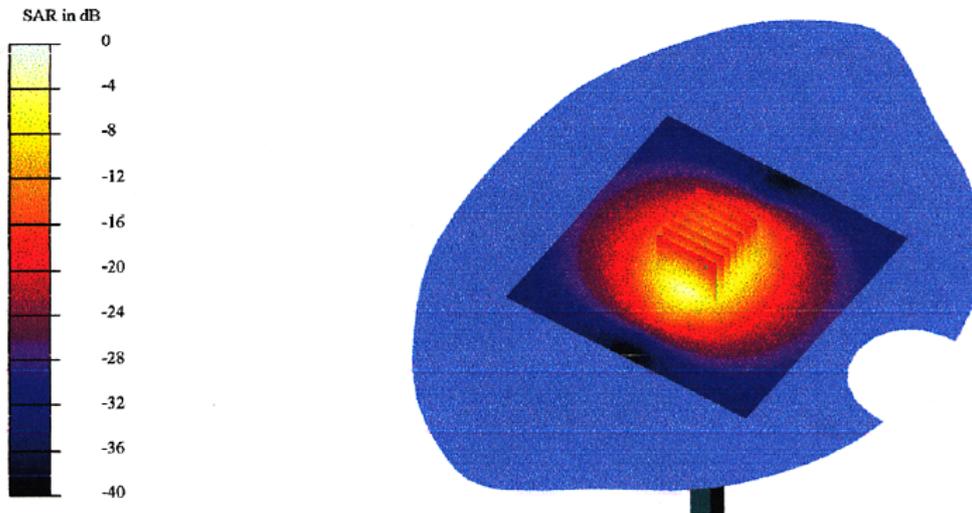
**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type & Serial Number: D2450V2 - SN713**  
**Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Muscle 2450 MHz ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon = 51.15$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 35

**Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm  
Reference Value = 95.2 V/m  
Peak SAR = 25 mW/g  
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g  
Power Drift = 0.02 dB



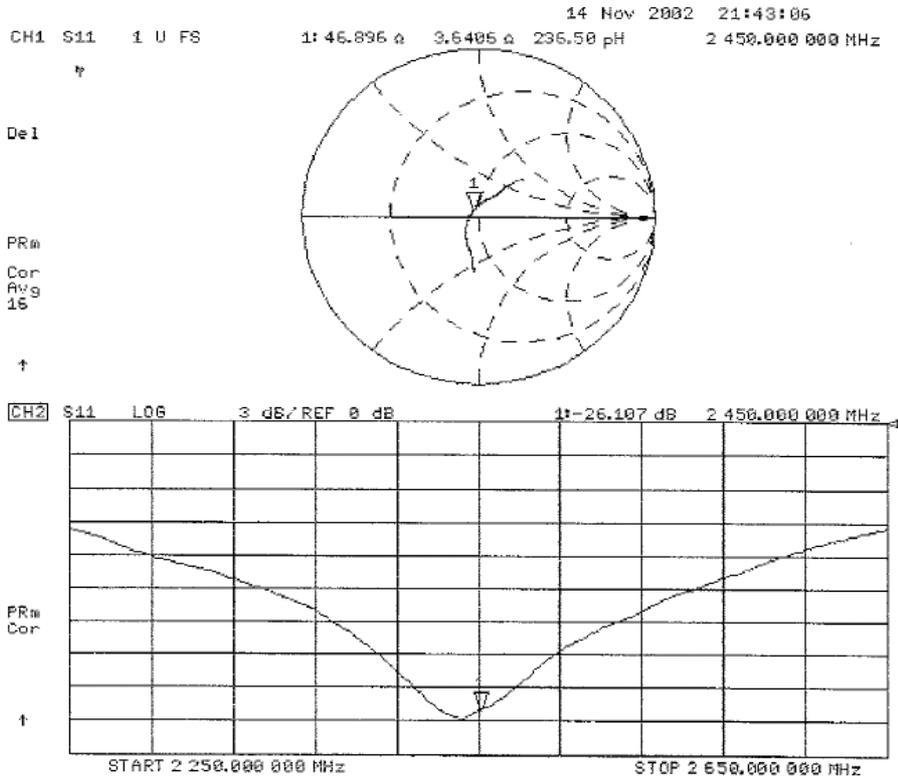
**UL Apex Co., Ltd.**

**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124



**APPENDIX 5 : Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration**  
**(ET3DV6,S/N: 1684)**

## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

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### IMPORTANT NOTICE

#### USAGE OF PROBES IN ORGANIC SOLVENTS

Diethylene Glycol Monobuthy Ether (the basis for HSL1800 and M1800 liquids), as many other organic solvents, is a very effective softener for synthetic materials. These solvents can cause irreparable damage to certain SPEAG products, except those which are explicitly declared as compliant with organic solvents.

#### Compatible Probes:

- ET3DV6
- ET3DV6R
- ES3DV2
- ER3DV6
- H3DV6

#### Important Note for ET3DV6 Probes:

The ET3DV6 probes shall not be exposed to solvents longer than necessary for the measurements and shall be cleaned daily after use with warm water and stored dry.

#### Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich  
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

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### Calibration Certificate

#### Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

ET3DV6

Serial Number:

1684

Place of Calibration:

Zurich

Date of Calibration:

November 20, 2002

Calibration Interval:

12 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

D. Vetter

Approved by:

Thomas Vetter

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**UL Apex Co., Ltd.**

**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

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**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Telephone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

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# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1684

Manufactured: April 3, 2002  
Last calibration: May 10, 2002  
Recalibrated: November 20, 2002

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1684

November 20, 2002

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1684

### Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	<b>1.55</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	<b>1.54</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	<b>1.58</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

### Diode Compression

DCP X	<b>96</b>	mV
DCP Y	<b>96</b>	mV
DCP Z	<b>96</b>	mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
ConvF X	<b>6.8</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	<b>6.8</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Alpha <b>0.31</b>
ConvF Z	<b>6.8</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Depth <b>2.51</b>
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
ConvF X	<b>5.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	<b>5.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Alpha <b>0.40</b>
ConvF Z	<b>5.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Depth <b>2.61</b>

### Boundary Effect

Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm	
	Probe Tip to Boundary	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm	7.8	4.5
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.4
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm	
	Probe Tip to Boundary	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm	10.6	7.4
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.2

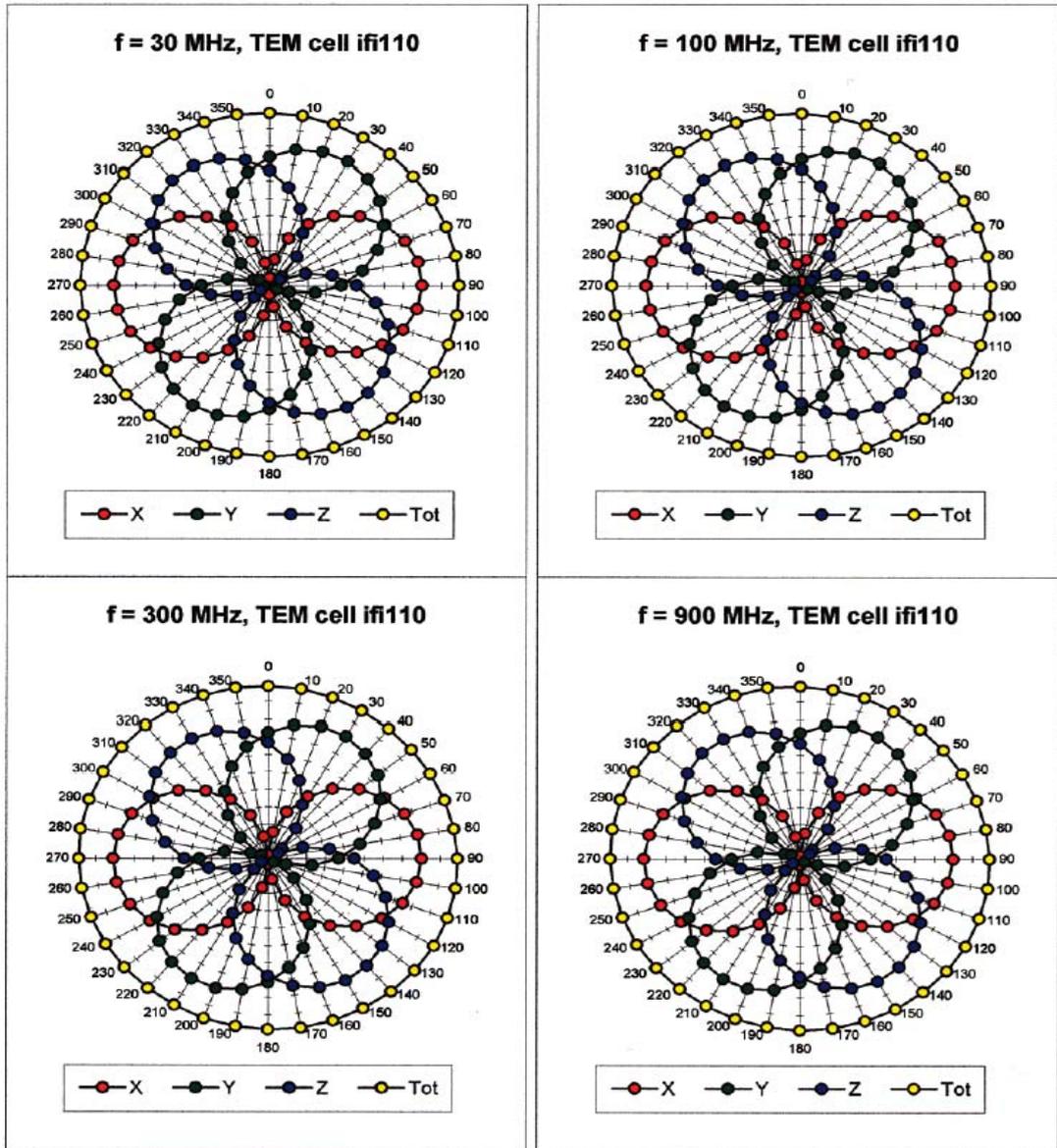
### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	<b>2.7</b>	mm
Optical Surface Detection	<b>1.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>	mm

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### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



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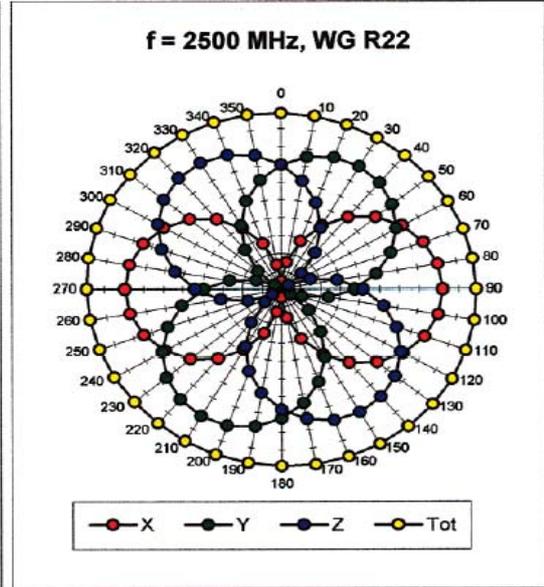
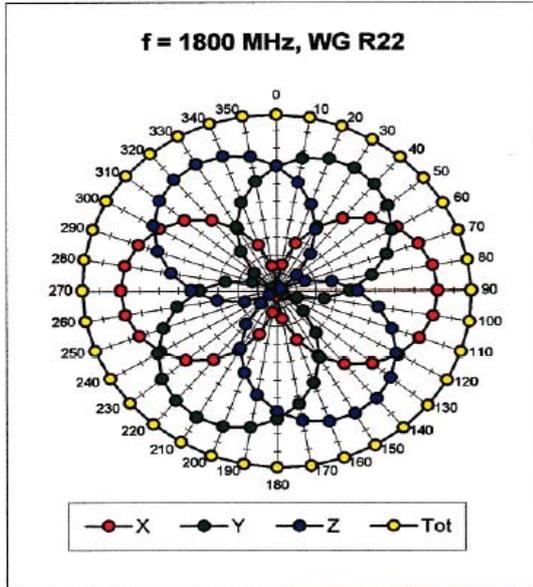
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Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

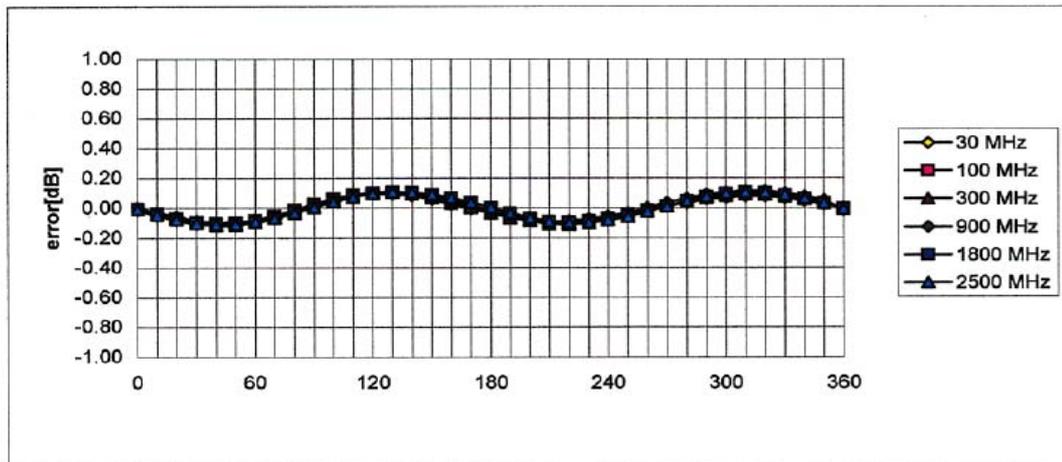
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**Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$**

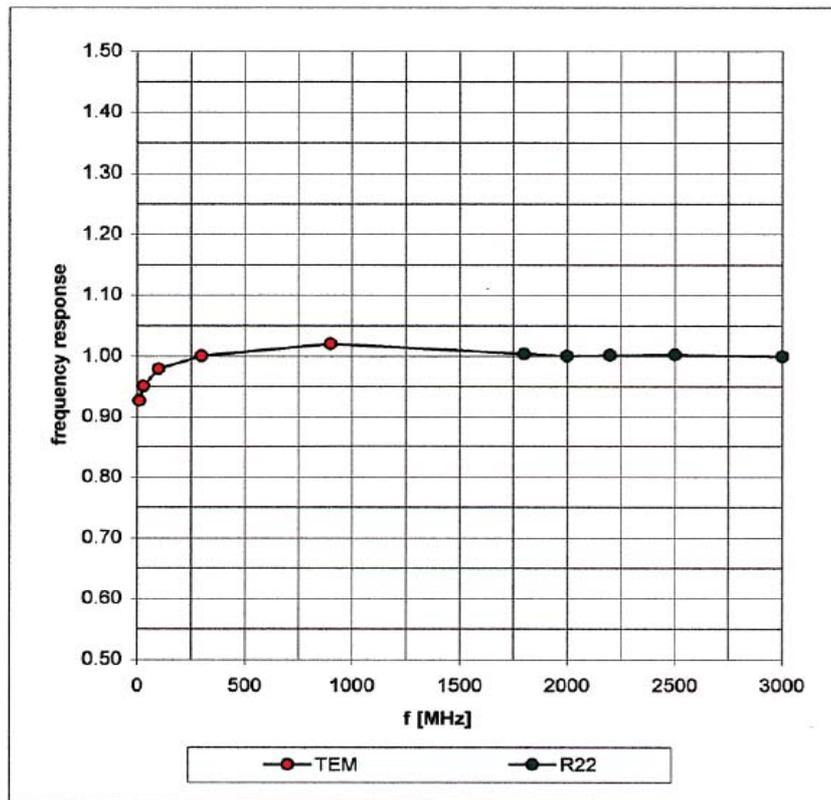


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## Frequency Response of E-Field

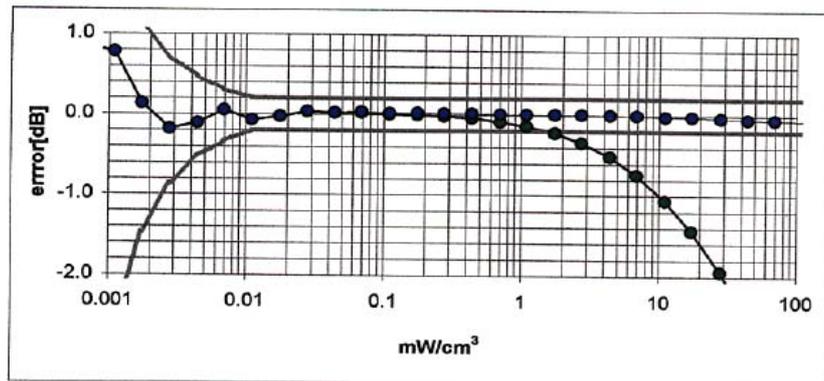
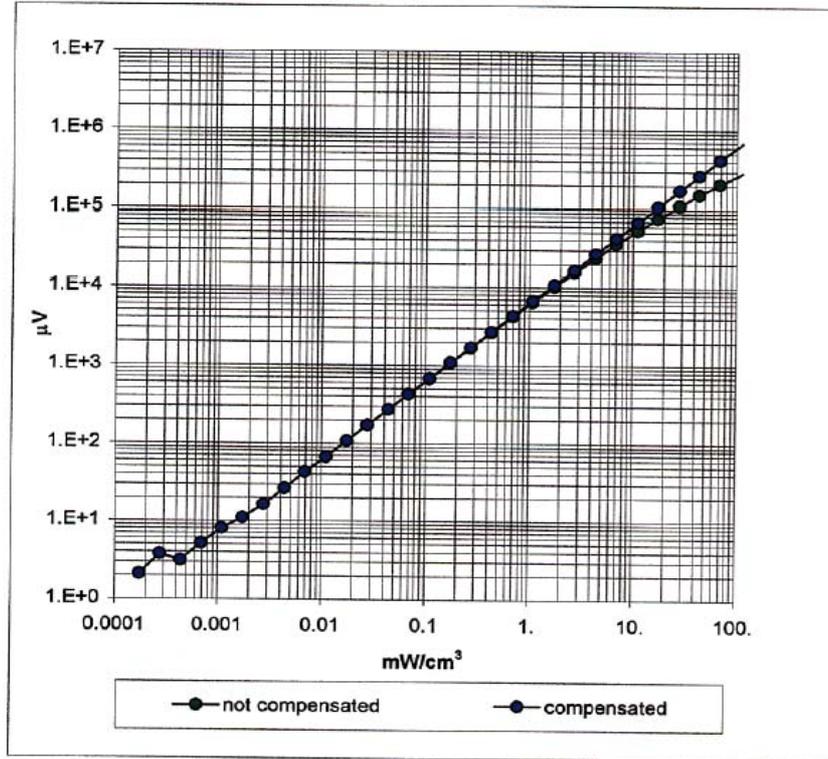
( TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



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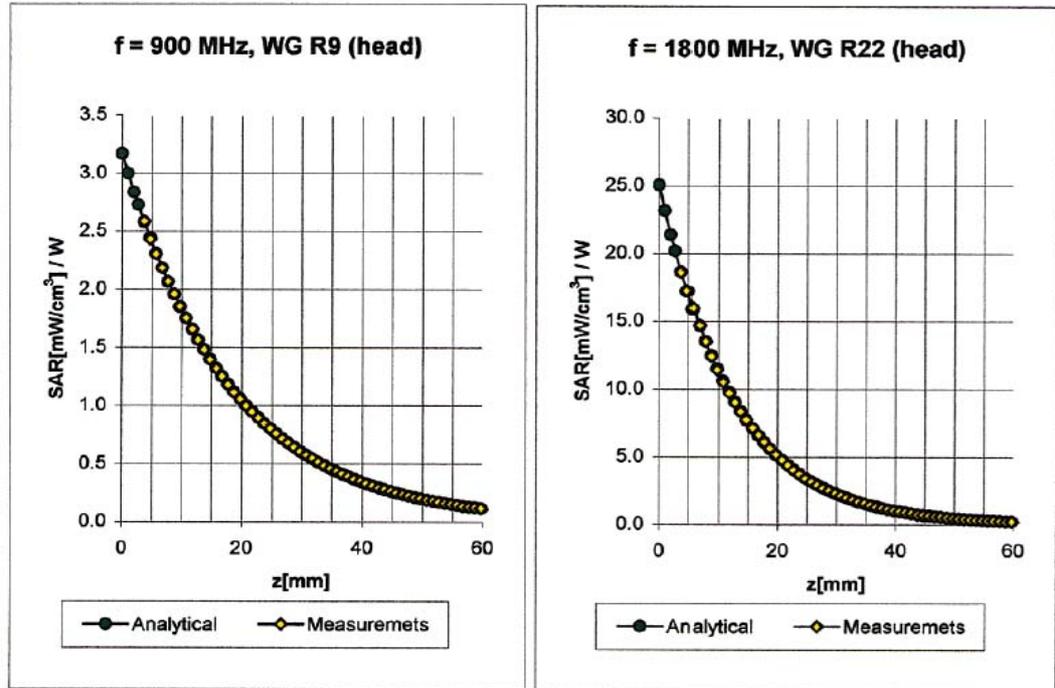
### Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{brain}})$ ( Waveguide R22 )



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## Conversion Factor Assessment



<b>Head</b>	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
<b>Head</b>	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>6.8</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.8</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.31</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.8</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.51</b>
<b>Head</b>	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
<b>Head</b>	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>5.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.40</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.61</b>

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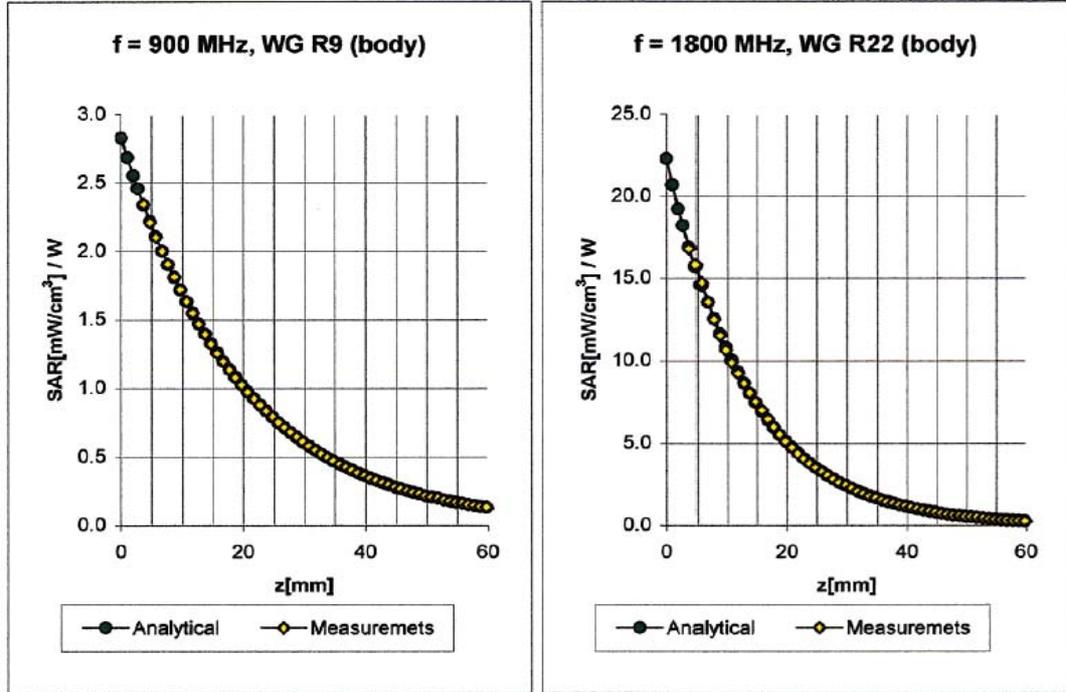
Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

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November 20, 2002

### Conversion Factor Assessment

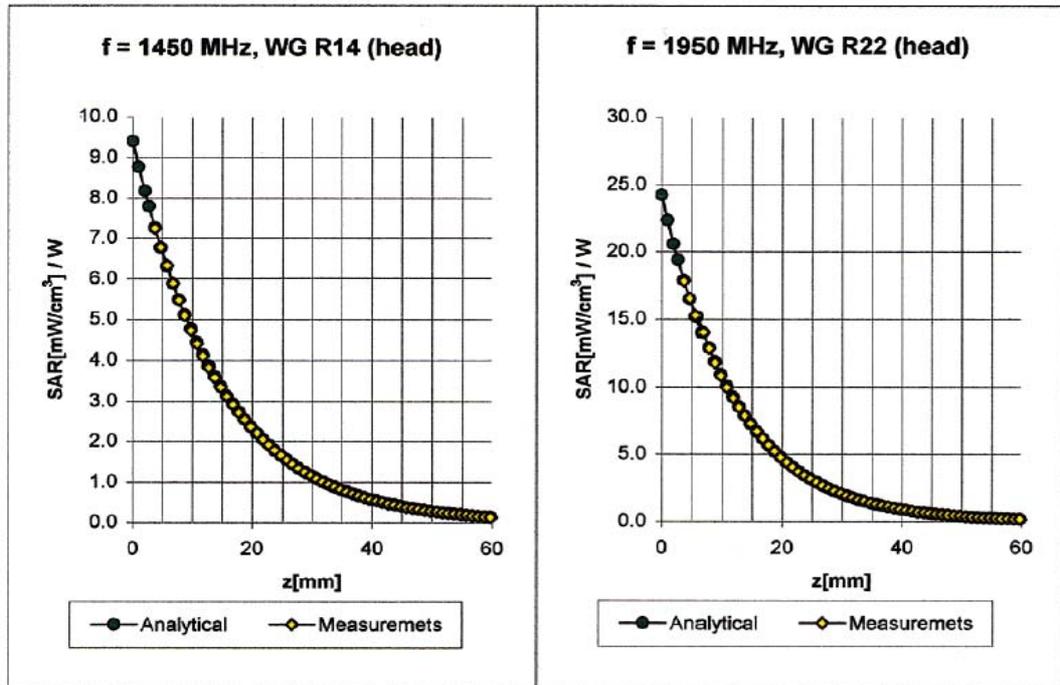


Body	900 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Body	835 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 55.2 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>6.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.26</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>3.22</b>
Body	1800 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Body	1900 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>5.1</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.1</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.50</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.1</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.57</b>

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## Conversion Factor Assessment

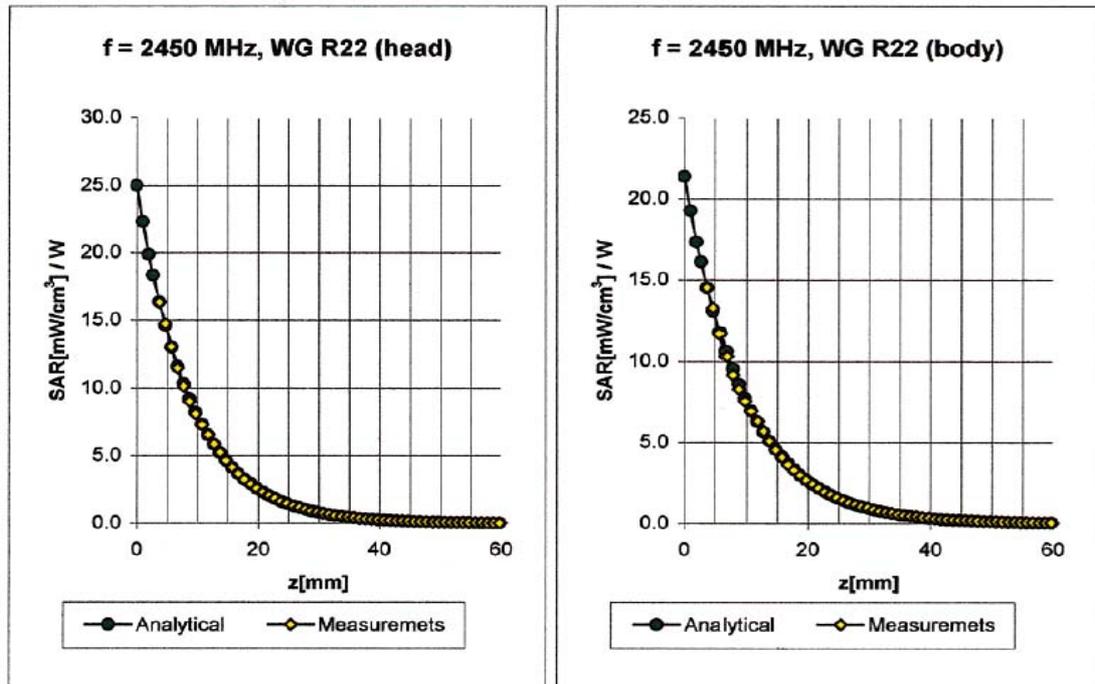


<b>Head</b>	<b>1450 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.20 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>6.1</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.1</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.49</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.1</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.34</b>
<b>Head</b>	<b>1950 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>5.2</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.2</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.47</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.2</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.68</b>

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## Conversion Factor Assessment



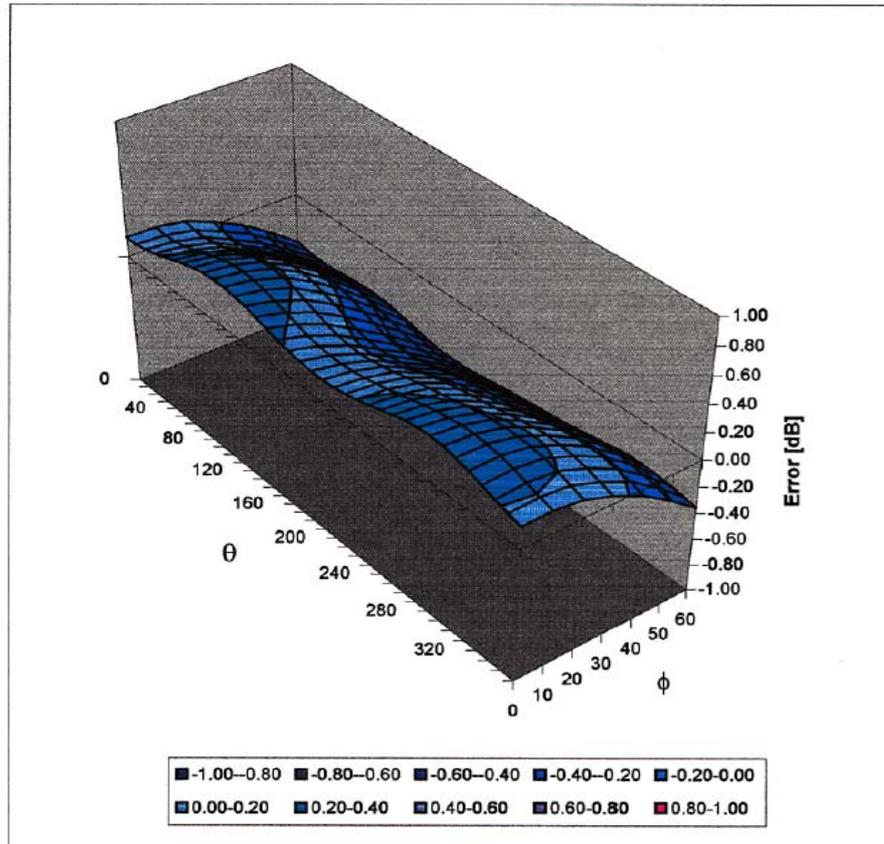
<b>2450</b>	<b>Head</b>	<b>MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 39.2 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>4.9</b>	$\pm 8.9\% (k=2)$	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>4.9</b>	$\pm 8.9\% (k=2)$	Alpha <b>1.00</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>4.9</b>	$\pm 8.9\% (k=2)$	Depth <b>1.66</b>
<b>2450</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 52.7 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>4.4</b>	$\pm 8.9\% (k=2)$	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>4.4</b>	$\pm 8.9\% (k=2)$	Alpha <b>1.00</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>4.4</b>	$\pm 8.9\% (k=2)$	Depth <b>1.72</b>

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## Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\theta, \phi$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



**UL Apex Co., Ltd.**

**Head Office EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8116

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124