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Electromagnetic Emissions Test Report and Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization pursuant to Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 1 / RSS 210 Issue 6 FCC Part 15, Subpart E on the Cisco-Linksys Transmitter Model: WRT600N

UPN: FCC ID:	3839A-WRT6NV11 Q87-WRT600NV11
GRANTEE:	Cisco-Linksys 121 Theory Drive Irvine, CA 92617
TEST SITE:	Elliott Laboratories, Inc. 684 W. Maude Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94086
REPORT DATE:	April 30, 2007

FINAL TEST DATE: March 22, March 23 and April 30, 2007

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:

man

Juan Martinez Senior EMC Engineer



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# **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision #	Date	Comments	Modified By
1	May 4, 2007	Initial Release	David Guidotti

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

COVER PAGE	1
REVISION HISTORY	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
SCOPE	5
OBJECTIVE	6
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	7
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY	8
UNII / LELAN DEVICES	8
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS	
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	
EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS	
GENERAL	
OTHER EUT DETAILS	
ANTENNA SYSTEM	
ENCLOSURE	
MODIFICATIONS	
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	
EUT INTERFACE PORTS	15
EUT OPERATION	15
TEST SITE	
TEST SITE GENERAL INFORMATION	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	16 16
GENERAL INFORMATION	16 16
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	16 16 16
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	16 16 16 17
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION	16 16 16 <b>17</b> <b>1</b> 7
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)	16 16 16 17 17 17 17 17
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER. LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS. ANTENNAS. ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION <b>TEST PROCEDURES</b>	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER. LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION TEST PROCEDURES EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER. LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION TEST PROCEDURES EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION TEST PROCEDURES EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION TEST PROCEDURES EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS. RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION <b>TEST PROCEDURES</b> EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS. ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION <b>TEST PROCEDURES</b> EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS FCC 15.407 (A) OUTPUT POWER LIMITS OUTPUT POWER AND SPURIOUS LIMITS -UNII DEVICES. SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.	
GENERAL INFORMATION CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS <b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</b> RECEIVER SYSTEM INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN) FILTERS/ATTENUATORS ANTENNAS ANTENNAS ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION <b>TEST PROCEDURES</b> EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS RADIATED EMISSIONS BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS OUTPUT POWER AND SPURIOUS LIMITS OUTPUT POWER AND SPURIOUS LIMITS INIT CONTENT CONTINUES	

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data1	
EXHIBIT 2: Test Measurement Data	
EXHIBIT 3: Photographs of Test Configurations	ł
EXHIBIT 4: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location	
EXHIBIT 5: Detailed Photographs5	
EXHIBIT 6: Operator's Manual	
EXHIBIT 7: Block Diagram	
EXHIBIT 8: Schematic Diagrams	
EXHIBIT 9: Theory of Operation9	
EXHIBIT 10: RF Exposure Information	

#### **SCOPE**

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Cisco-Linksys LLC model WRT600N pursuant to the following rules:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 1 RSS 210 Issue 6 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment" FCC Part 15, Subpart E requirements for UNII Devices

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in Elliott Laboratories test procedures:

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of the Cisco-Linksys LLC model WRT600N and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Jennifer Yu of Cisco-Linksys

## **OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in the USA, all unlicensed transmitters and transceivers require certification. Receive-only devices operating between 30 MHz and 960 MHz are subject to either certification or a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, with all other receive-only devices exempt from the technical requirements.

Prior to marketing in Canada, Class I transmitters, receivers and transceivers require certification. Class II devices are required to meet the appropriate technical requirements but are exempt from certification requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Cisco-Linksys LLC model WRT600N complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

RSS 210 Issue 6 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment" FCC Part 15, Subpart E requirements for UNII Devices

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

## TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

#### UNII / LELAN DEVICES

#### **Operation in the 5.15 – 5.25 GHz Band**

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.407(e)		Indoor operation only	Refer to user's manual	N/A	Complies
15.407(a) (1)		26dB Bandwidth	802.11a = 22.3 MHz 802.11Siso = 46 MHz 802.11n 20MHz = 23.7 MHz 802.11n 40MHz = 44.3 MHz	N/A – limits output power if < 20MHz	N/A
	RSP100	99% Bandwidth	$802.11a = 17 \text{ MHz} \\ 802.11\text{Siso} = 36.6 \\ \text{MHz} \\ 802.11n 20\text{MHz} = 18 \\ \text{MHz} \\ 802.11n 40\text{MHz} = 36.9 \\ \text{MHz} \\ $	N/A – limits output power if < 20MHz	N/A
15.407(a) (1)	A9.2(1)	Output Power	16dBm dBm (.04 W)		Complies
15.407(a) (1))	A9.2(1)	Power Spectral Density	3.64dBm/MHz		Complies
	A9.5b	Peak Spectral Density	3.64dBm/MHz	Shall not exceed the average value by more than 3dB	Complies

#### **Operation in the 5.25 – 5.35 GHz Band**

Note: The device may be used outdoors, therefore the spectral density of spurious emissions in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band were limited to the -27dBm/MHz limit.

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.407(a) (2)	Kuciat	26dB Bandwidth	802.11a = 25.3 MHz 802.11Siso = 46.7 MHz 802.11n 20MHz = 23.8 MHz 802.11n 40MHz = 46.3 MHz		N/A
	RSP100	99% Bandwidth	802.11a = 17 MHz 802.11Siso = 36.6 MHz 802.11n 20MHz = 18 MHz 802.11n 40MHz = 36.6 MHz	N/A – limits output power if < 20MHz	N/A
15.407(a) (2)	A9.2(2)	Output Power	17.7 dBm (0.059 W)		Complies
15.407(a) (2))	A9.2(2)	Power Spectral Density	4.85dBm/MHz		Complies
	A9.5b	Peak Spectral Density	4.85dBm/MHz	Shall not exceed the average value by more than 3dB	Complies
15.407(a) (2))	A9.4	Dynamic frequency selection / Transmit power control	Evaluated DFS report	t provided separately	N/A
15.407(a) (2))	A9.4	Dynamic frequency selection / Transmit power control	Evaluated DFS report provided separately		Complies

Operation in t	the 5.47 – 5.725 (	GHz Band		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. ripin 50, 2007
FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.407(a) (2)		26dB Bandwidth	802.11a = 22.2 MHz 802.11Siso = 45.7MHz 802.11n 20MHz = 23.8 MHz 802.11n 40MHz = 45 MHz		N/A
	RSP100	99% Bandwidth	802.11a = 17.1 MHz 802.11Siso = 36.6 MHz 802.11n 20MHz = 18.1 MHz 802.11n 40MHz = 36.6 MHz	N/A – limits output power if < 20MHz	N/A
15.407(a) (2)	A9.2(2)	Output Power	18 dBm (0.062 W)		Complies
15.407(a) (2))	A9.2(2)	Power Spectral Density	4.78dBm/MHz		Complies
	A9.5b	Peak Spectral Density	4.78dBm/MHz	Shall not exceed the average value by more than 3dB	Complies
15.407(a) (2))	A9.4	Dynamic frequency selection / Transmit power control	Evaluated DFS report	t provided separately	N/A
15.407(a) (2))	A9.4	Dynamic frequency selection / Transmit power control	Evaluated DFS report provided separately		Complies

General require	ments for all ban	nds		Kepon Duie. F	<u></u>
FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.203	-	RF Connector	Integral to the device. User will not have access or be able to open the device.		Complies
	A9.5a	Modulation	Digital Modulation is used OFDM	Digital modulation is required	Complies
15.407(b) (5) / 15.209	A9.3	Spurious Emissions below 1GHz	No emission detected 20-dB of the limit		Complies (-?.?dB)
15.407(b) (2)	A9.3	Spurious Emissions above 1GHz	53.6dBµV/m (478.6µV/m) @ 1349.9MHz		Complies (-0.4 dB)
15.407(a)(6)	-	Peak Excursion Ratio	13dB	< 13dB	Complies
	A9.5c	Channel Selection	The device was tested at the highest, lowest and center channels in each operating range.	Device shall be tested on the top, bottom and center channels in each band	N/A
15.407 (c)	A9.5d	Operation in the absence of information to transmit	Operation is discontinued in the absence of information (Operational Description page)	Device shall automatically discontinue operation in the absence of information to transmit	Complies
15.407 (g)	A9.5e	Frequency Stability	Frequency stability is better than 20ppm (Operational Description page)		Complies
	A9.9g	User Manual information	Refer to Exhibit 6 for details		Complies

## GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	-	RF Connector	Integral to the device. User will not have access or be able to open the device.		Complies
15.407(b) (5) / 15.209	A9.3	Spurious Emissions below 1GHz	No emission detected 20-dB of the limit		Complies
15.407(b) (2)	A9.3	Spurious Emissions above 1GHz	53.1dBμV/m (451.9μV/m) @ 3282.7MHz		Complies (-0.9 dB)
15.407(a)(6)	-	Peak Excursion Ratio	13 dB	<13dB	Complies
15.109	RSS GEN 7.2.3 Table 1	Receiver spurious emissions	53.4dBμV/m (467.7μV/m) @ 2125.1MHz		Complies (-0.6 dB)
15.207	RSS GEN Table 2	AC Conducted Emissions	36.7dBµV @ 0.413MHz	Refer to standard	Complies (-10.9dB)
15.247 (b) (5) 15.407 (f)	RSS 102	RF Exposure Requirements	Refer to MPE calculations in Exhibit 11, RSS 102 declaration and User Manual statements.	Refer to OET 65, FCC Part 1 and RSS 102	Complies
	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.5	User Manual		Statement required regarding non- interference	
	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.5	User Manual		Statement required regarding detachable antenna	

## **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

ISO Guide 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions Radiated Emissions Radiated Emissions	0.15 to 30 0.015 to 30 30 to 1000 1000 to 40000	$\pm 2.4 \\ \pm 3.0 \\ \pm 3.6 \\ \pm 6.0$

## EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

#### GENERAL

The Cisco-Linksys LLC model WRT600N is a Dual-band Wireless-N Router that is designed to provide wireless internet and networking service. Since the EUT would be placed on a table top during operation, the EUT was treated as table-top equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 120Volts, 60 Hz, 1 Amps.

The sample was received on March 20, 2007 and tested on March 22, March 23 and April 30, 2007. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Cisco-Linksys	WRT600N	Dual-band	-	Q87-
LLC		Wireless-N Router		WRT600NV1

#### OTHER EUT DETAILS

List any items from the test log.

#### ANTENNA SYSTEM

The integral antenna system used with the Cisco-Linksys LLC model WRT600N consists of a diple antenna with a maximum gain of 3.7dBi, PiFA antenna maximum gain 3.7, and a PCB antenna maximum gain 2.9dBi.

#### ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 30 cm wide by 5 cm deep by 25 cm high.

#### **MODIFICATIONS**

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with emissions specifications.

#### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following equipment was used as local support equipment for emissions testing:

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
-	-	-	-	-

The following equipment was used as remote support equipment for emissions testing:

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Hewlett Packard	Zv6000	Laptop	CBD52904S1	DoC

#### EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during emissions testing was as follows:

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)			
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)	
Ethernet	Laptop	Cat5	Unshielded	1.0	
AC power	AC mains	-	-	-	

#### EUT OPERATION

During emissions testing the EUT was set to either to transmit at maximum power or receive on appropriate channels.

## TEST SITE

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Final test measurements were taken on March 22, March 23 and April 30, 2007at the Elliott Laboratories Open Area Test Site # located at 684 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, California or 41039 Boyce Road, Fremont, California Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission.

ANSI C63.4:2003 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement with the exception of predictable local TV, radio, and mobile communications traffic. The test site contains separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003 and RSS 212.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.4:2003 and RSS 212. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through a nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

#### RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4:2003 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003 / RSS 212.

#### **MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

#### RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Quasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

#### INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

#### LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

#### FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

#### ANTENNAS

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

#### ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a nonconductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.4:2003 and RSS 212 specify that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

#### INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

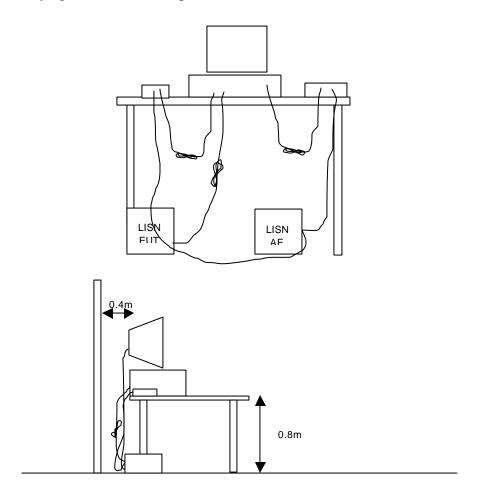
#### **TEST PROCEDURES**

#### EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.4:2003, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord.



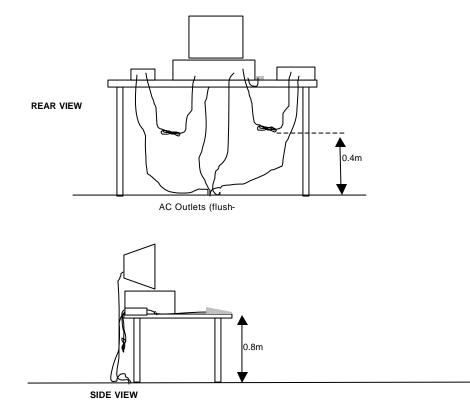
#### RADIATED EMISSIONS

A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT.

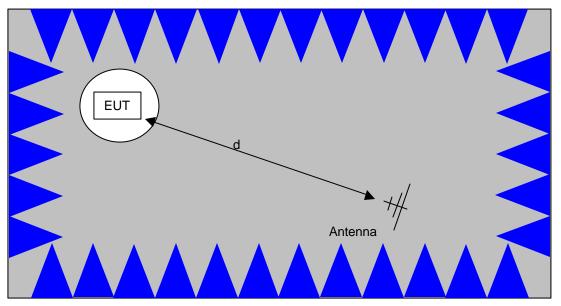
A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1 meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.

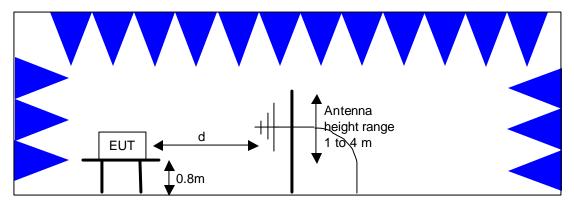






The anechoic materials on the walls and ceiling ensure compliance with the normalized site attenuation requirements of CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 for an alternate test site at the measurement distances used.

Floor-standing equipment is placed on the floor with insulating supports between the unit and the ground plane.



<u>Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements</u> Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Plan and Side Views

#### BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS

The 6dB, 20dB and/or 26dB signal bandwidth is measured in using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.4. When required, the 99% bandwidth is measured using the methods detailed in RSS GEN.

#### SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

## GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands<sup>1</sup> (with the exception of transmitters operating under FCC Part 15 Subpart D and RSS 210 Annex 9), the limits for all emissions from a low power device operating under the general rules of RSS 310 (tables 3 and 4), RSS 210 (table 2) and FCC Part 15 Subpart C section 15.209.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 300m	67.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 300m
0.490-1.705	24000/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 30m	87.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 30m
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

#### FCC 15.407 (a) OUTPUT POWER LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for output power and output power density. Where the signal bandwidth is less than 20 MHz the maximum output power is reduced to the power spectral density limit plus 10 times the log of the bandwidth (in MHz).

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	Power Spectral Density
5150 - 5250	50mW (17 dBm)	4 dBm/MHz
5250 - 5350	250 mW (24 dBm)	11 dBm/MHz
5725 - 5825	1 Watts (30 dBm)	17 dBm/MHz

For system using antennas with gains exceeding 6dBi, the output power and power spectral density limits are reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 – 5825 MHz band may use antennas with gains of up to 23dBi without this limitation. If the gain exceeds 23dBi then the output power limit of 1 Watt is reduced by 1dB for every dB the gain exceeds 23dBi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.203, RSS 210 Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 2

#### **OUTPUT POWER AND SPURIOUS LIMITS – UNII DEVICES**

The table below shows the limits for output power and output power density defined by FCC Part 15 Subpart E. Where the signal bandwidth is less than 20 MHz the maximum output power is reduced to the power spectral density limit plus 10 times the log of the bandwidth (in MHz).

Operating Frequency	Output Power	Power Spectral	
(MHz)		Density	
5150 - 5250	50mW (17 dBm)	10 dBm/MHz	
5250 - 5350	250 mW (24 dBm)	11 dBm/MHz	
5470 - 5725	250 mW (24 dBm)	11 dBm/MHz	
5725 - 5825	1 Watts (30 dBm)	17 dBm/MHz	

The peak excursion envelope is limited to 13dB.

For system using antennas with gains exceeding 6dBi, the output power and power spectral density limits are reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 – 5825 MHz band may use antennas with gains of up to 23dBi without this limitation. If the gain exceeds 23dBi then the output power limit of 1 Watt is reduced by 1dB for every dB the gain exceeds 23dBi.

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_r - S = M$$

where:

 $R_r = Receiver Reading in dBuV$ 

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

 $F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB  $D_m$  = Measurement Distance in meters  $D_s$  = Specification Distance in meters

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_c - L_s$$

where:

- $R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV/m
- $F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB
- $R_{c}$  = Corrected Reading in dBuV/m
- $L_S$  = Specification Limit in dBuV/m
- M = Margin in dB Relative to Spec

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of 3m from the equipment under test:

 $E = \frac{1000000 \text{ v } 30 \text{ P}}{3}$  microvolts per meter

where P is the eirp (Watts)

# EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data

1 Page

Radio Antenna Port (Power and Spurious E Engineer: Mark Hill <u>Manufacturer</u> EMCO Hewlett Packard Rohde & Schwarz	missions), 23-Mar-07 <u>Description</u> Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, FMT (SA40) Blue EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	<u>Model #</u> 3115 8564E (84125C) ESIB7	<u>Asset #</u> 786 1393 1538	<u>Cal Due</u> 28-Nov-07 09-Jan-08 08-Aug-07	
Radio Antenna Port (Power and Spurious Emissions), 20-Mar to 4-Apr-07					
Engineer: Juan Martinez, Rafael Varelas					
<u>Manufacturer</u>	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due	
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	263	16-Mar-08	
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz	3115	786	28-Nov-07	
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, FMT (SA40) Blue	8564E (84125C)	1393	09-Jan-08	
Conducted Emissions - AC Power Ports, 10-Apr-07					
Engineer: Rafael Varelas					
<u>Manufacturer</u>	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due	
EMCO	LISN, 10 kHz-100 MHz	3825/2	1293	19-Jan-08	
Rohde& Schwarz	Pulse Limiter	ESH3 Z2	1594	18-Apr-07	
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	11-Jan-08	

EXHIBIT 2: Test Measurement Data

# EXHIBIT 3: Photographs of Test Configurations

1 Page

EXHIBIT 4: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location

# EXHIBIT 5: Detailed Photographs of Cisco-Linksys Model WRT600NConstruction

# EXHIBIT 6: Operator's Manual for Cisco-Linksys Model WRT600N

# EXHIBIT 7: Block Diagram of Cisco-Linksys Model WRT600N

# EXHIBIT 8: Schematic Diagrams for Cisco-Linksys Model WRT600N

# EXHIBIT 9: Theory of Operation for Cisco-Linksys Model WRT600N

# EXHIBIT 10: RF Exposure Information