

RF EXPOSURE REPORT

 REPORT NO.:
 SA960612H07C

 MODEL NO.:
 WRP400

 FCC ID:
 Q87-WRP400

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT: Cisco-Linksys LLC

ADDRESS: 121 Theory Drive Irvine, CA 92617 (USA)

- **ISSUED BY:** Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch
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RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in our lab, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2.RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time	
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm ²)	(minutes)	
(MHz)					
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures					
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure					
300-1500			F/1500	30	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	

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LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $Pd = (Pout^{*}G) / (4^{*}pi^{*}r^{2})$

where $Pd = power density in mW/cm^2$ Pout = output power to antenna in mW G = gain of antenna in linear scale Pi = 3.1416R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**



6. Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 2.0dBi or 1.58489 (numeric)

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

For Part 802.11b:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	125.893	0.040	1.0
6	2437	131.826	0.042	1.0
11	2462	95.499	0.030	1.0

For Part 802.11g:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	107.152	0.034	1.0
6	2437	123.027	0.039	1.0
11	2462	112.202	0.035	1.0

With 3G Card: U727 (Gain: 8dBi)

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (mW) (EIRP)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1880	654.636	0.130	1

CONCLUSION:

Both of the WLAN and GSM can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD₁ / LPD₁ + CPD₂ / LPD₂ +etc. < 1 CPD = Calculation power density LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.130 / 1 + 0.042 / 1 = 0.172, which is less than "1". This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.