

# 2.4GHz Wireless-G

# WIRELESS Ethernet Bridge

## **User Guide**



Model No. WET54GS5

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#### How to Use this Guide

Your guide to the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge has been designed to make understanding networking with the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge easier than ever. Look for the following items when reading this guide:



This checkmark means there is a Note of interest and is something you should pay special attention to while using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.



This exclamation point means there is a Caution or warning and is something that could damage your property or the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.



This question mark provides you with a reminder about something you might need to do while using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.

In addition to these symbols, there are definitions for technical terms that are presented like this: *word:* definition.

Also, each figure (diagram, screenshot, or other image) is provided with a figure number and description, like this:

Figure 0-1: Sample Figure Description

Figure numbers and descriptions can also be found in the "List of Figures" section in the "Table of Contents".

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### **Chapter 1: Introduction**

#### Welcome

Thank you for choosing the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge. The versatile Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge can make any wired Ethernet-equipped device a part of your wireless network. At home, use the Bridge to connect game consoles, set-top boxes, or computers to your Wireless-G network and its shared high-speed Internet connection. In the office, convert your Ethernet-wired printer, camera, notebook or desktop into a wireless networked device.

It's completely driver-free, so it works on any platform and under any operating system! Since there's no drivers to load, setup is a snap—configure the network settings through your PC's web browser, then plug it into your device and go. And physical installation is simplified by support for Power Over Ethernet. With an optional POE Adapter, you can mount the Bridge wherever you want—power and data are both supplied through the Category 5 Ethernet cable.

You can also use the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge as a kind of "cable-less cable" to connect remote areas together. Maybe Shipping is all the way across the warehouse from Receiving. Or maybe you want to set up a home office in your detached garage. With a Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge in the garage, and another one (or a Wireless-G Access Point) in the house, you're connected—no digging trenches, and no overhead wires. Let the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge from Linksys open up exciting new possibilities for your wireless network.

Use the instructions in this Guide to help you set up and connect the Bridge. These instructions should be all you need to get the most out of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.

**802.11g**: an IEEE wireless networking standard that specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 54Mbps, an operating frequency of 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with 802.11b devices.

**Ethernet**: an IEEE standard network protocol that specifies how data is placed on and retrieved from a common transmission medium.

#### What's in this Guide?

This user guide covers the steps for setting up and using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.

- Chapter 1: Introduction
   This chapter describes the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge applications and this user guide.
- Chapter 2: Planning your Wireless Network
   This chapter describes the basics of wireless networking.
- Chapter 3: Getting to Know the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge This chapter describes the physical features of the Bridge.
- Chapter 4: Connecting the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge for Setup.
   This chapter instructs you on how to connect the Bridge to your network for setup.
- Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge. This chapter explains how to set up the Bridge using the Setup Wizard.
- Chapter 6: Connecting the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge for Network Use.
   This chapter explains how to connect the Bridge to a network device so the device can join your wireless
   network. It also describes placement options for the Bridge.
- Chapter 7: Using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility This chapter explains how to use the Web-based Utility so you can change the Bridge's settings or advanced configuration.
- Appendix A: Troubleshooting This appendix describes some problems and solutions, as well as frequently asked questions, regarding installation and use of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.
- Appendix B: Wireless Security This appendix explains the risks of wireless networking and some solutions to reduce the risks.
- Appendix C: Upgrading Firmware
   This appendix instructs you on how to upgrade the firmware on the Bridge should you need to do so.
- Appendix D: Windows Help This appendix describes how you can use Windows Help for instructions about networking, such as installing the TCP/IP protocol.

- Appendix E: Glossary This appendix gives a brief glossary of terms frequently used in networking.
- Appendix F: Specifications This appendix provides the technical specifications for the Bridge.
- Appendix G: Warranty Information This appendix supplies the warranty information for the Bridge.
- Appendix H: Regulatory Information This appendix supplies the regulatory information regarding the Bridge.
- Appendix I: Contact Information This appendix provides contact information for a variety of Linksys resources, including Technical Support.

### **Chapter 2: Planning Your Wireless Network**

#### **Network Topology**

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is exactly like a regular local area network (LAN), except that each computer in the WLAN uses a wireless device to connect to the network. Computers in a WLAN share the same frequency channel and SSID, which is an identification name shared by the wireless devices belonging to the same wireless network.

#### Ad-Hoc versus Infrastructure Mode

Unlike wired networks, wireless networks have two different modes in which they may be set up: infrastructure and ad-hoc. An infrastructure configuration is a WLAN and wired LAN communicating to each other through an access point. An ad-hoc configuration is wireless-equipped computers communicating directly with each other. Choosing between these two modes depends on whether or not the wireless network needs to share data or peripherals with a wired network or not.

If the computers on the wireless network need to be accessible by a wired network or need to share a peripheral, such as a printer, with the wired network computers, the wireless network should be set up in Infrastructure mode. The basis of Infrastructure mode centers around an access point, which serves as the main point of communications in a wireless network (see Figure 2-1). Access points transmit data to PCs equipped with wireless network cards, which can roam within a certain radial range of the access point. Multiple access points can be arranged to work in succession to extend the roaming range, and can be set up to communicate with your Ethernet hardware as well.

If the wireless network is relatively small and needs to share resources only with the other computers on the wireless network, then the Ad-Hoc mode can be used. Ad-Hoc mode allows computers equipped with wireless transmitters and receivers to communicate directly with each other, eliminating the need for an access point. The drawback of this mode is that in Ad-Hoc mode, wireless-equipped computers are not able to communicate with computers on a wired network. And, of course, communication between the wireless-equipped computers is limited by the distance and interference directly between them.

Figure 2-2 shows a typical scenario of four Wireless-G Ethernet Bridges in ad-hoc mode. Figure 2-3 shows a typical wireless bridging scenario using two Wireless-G Ethernet Bridges. Each wireless network is connected to a Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge through a switch. A separate notebook computer is equipped with a wireless network adapter and can communicate with either wireless network when it is configured with the appropriate SSID and channel.

LAN (Local Area Network): the computers and networking products that make up your local network.

SSID: your wireless network's name.

**Infrastructure**: a wireless network that is bridged to a wired network via an access point.



Figure 2-1: Infrastructure Network

**Ad-hoc**: a group of wireless devices communicating directly to each other (peer-to-peer) without the use of an access point.

Chapter 2: Planning Your Wireless Network Network Topology

#### **Network Layout**

The Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge is compatible with all 802.11b and 802.11g routers, such as model numbers BEFW11S4 and WRT54G, as well as access points, including model numbers WAP11 and WAP54G. The Camera will also communicate with network adapters, such as the Wireless-B and Wireless-G Network Adapters (model numbers WPC11 and WPC54G) for your laptop computers, Wireless-B and Wireless-G PCI Adapters (model numbers WMP11 and WMP54G) for your desktop PCs, and Wireless-B and Wireless-G USB Adapters (model numbers WUSB11 and WUSB54G) for your computers when you want to enjoy USB connectivity.

With these, and many other, Linksys products, your networking options are limitless. Go to the Linksys website at www.linksys.com for more information about products that work with the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge.



Figure 2-2: Ad-Hoc Network



Figure 2-3: Network Using Wireless Bridging

### Chapter 3: Getting to Know the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge

#### The Back Panel

All connections to the Bridge are made through the ports on its back panel, shown in Figure 3-1.

**Reset** When pressed, the Reset button resets the Bridge to its factory default settings.



**Important:** If you reset the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge, you will erase all of your settings (WEP encryption, wireless settings, etc.) and replace them with the factory defaults. Do not reset the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge if you want to retain these settings.

LAN The LAN port is where you will connect the Ethernet network cable.

#### **Power** The Power port is where you will connect the power adapter.



**NOTE:** If you use a Power over Ethernet (PoE) device to supply data and power through the Ethernet network cable, then you do not need to use the Power port.

#### **The Front Panel**

The LEDs indicate network activity experienced by the Bridge. (See Figure 3-2.)

- PowerGreen. The Power LED will light up when the Bridge is powered on. While the Bridge is booting<br/>up and performing a self-test, the Power LED will flash. It will stop flashing and remain lit<br/>when the self-test has ended.
- EthernetGreen. The Ethernet LED will be lit steadily when the Bridge is connected to the wired network.<br/>The LED will flash when there is wired network traffic.
- **Wireless-G** Green. The Wireless-G LED will be lit steadily when the Bridge is connected to the wireless network. The LED will flash when there is wireless network traffic.

# Chapter 4: Connecting the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge for Setup

- 1. Attach the Bridge's antenna.
- 2. Plug the included Ethernet network cable into the LAN port on the back panel of the Bridge, shown in Figure 4-1.
- 3. Plug the other end of the Ethernet network cable into the RJ-45 port of the hub, switch, or PC you wish to use to configure the Bridge.
- 4. Plug the supplied power cable into the Power port on the back panel of the Bridge, shown in Figure 4-2. Then plug the other end into an electrical outlet.

Proceed to "Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge."

### **Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge**

Now that you've connected the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge to your wired network, you are ready to set it up. The Setup Wizard will guide you through all the necessary steps.

- 1. Insert the Setup CD-ROM into your PC's CD-ROM drive. The Setup Utility should run automatically, and the screen in Figure 5-1 should appear. If it does not, click the **Start** button and choose **Run**. In the field that appears, enter **D:\setup.exe** (if "D" is the letter of your CD-ROM drive).
- Setup Click the Setup button to proceed with the Setup Wizard.
- User Guide Click the User Guide button to open the PDF file of this User Guide.
- LINKSYS Web Click the LINKSYS Web button to access the Linksys website using an active Internet connection.
- Exit Click the Exit button to exit the Setup Wizard.
- 2. Click the Setup button to begin the setup process.
- 3. Make sure the Bridge is correctly connected to your wired network (see Figure 5-2). Then click the **Next** button.



**Note:** While the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge has been designed to work correctly right out of the box, setting it up on a wireless computer will require you to use the Linksys default settings (SSID: linksys and mode: infrastructure). These settings can then be changed through the Bridge's Setup Wizard or Webbased Utility.

4. The screen shown in Figure 5-3 displays a list of Wireless-G Ethernet Bridges on your network, along with the status information for each Bridge. (If you have only one Bridge on your network, it will be the only one displayed.) Select the Bridge you are currently installing by clicking its name in the *Selection* box. Write down the IP address of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge, so you can use it to access the Web-based Utility later. Then click the **Yes** button.

For security purposes, you will be asked for your password in order to access the Bridge, as shown in Figure 5-4. In lowercase letters, enter admin in the *Password* field (later you can change the password through the Web-based Utility). Then click the Enter button.

6. The screen shown in Figure 5-5 shows a choice of two wireless modes. Click the Infrastructure radio button if you want your wireless computers to network with computers on your wired network using a wireless access point. Click the Ad-Hoc radio button if you want multiple wireless computers to network directly with each other. Do not use the Ad-Hoc mode if you want to network your wireless computers with computers on your wired network.

In the *WB Name* field, enter a unique name for the Bridge. Memorable names are helpful, especially if you are using multiple bridges on the same network. Click the **Next** button to continue or the **Back** button to return to the previous screen.





### PASSWORD

#### Password

The default password is **admin**. You will use this password later to access the Web-Based Utility or the next time you use this Setup Wizard. For enhanced security, change this password through the Web-Based Utility's Password page.

#### Enter





Figure 5-5: Mode Settings

7. The *Wireless Settings* screen, shown in Figure 5-6, will now appear. Enter your wireless network's SSID. If you chose Ad-Hoc mode, select the channel at which the network broadcasts its wireless signal.

If you have Wireless-G (802.11g) and Wireless-B (802.11b) devices in your network, then keep the default *Network Mode* setting, **Mixed**. If you have only Wireless-G devices, select **G-Only**. Then click the **Next** button to continue or the **Back** button to return to the previous screen.

- SSID The SSID is the unique name shared among all devices in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 alphanumeric characters, which can be any keyboard character.
- Channel From the drop-down menu, select the appropriate channel to match your network settings (available for Ad-Hoc mode only). All devices in your wireless network must use the same channel in order to communicate.
- Network Mode Keep the default setting, Mixed, if you have Wireless-G and Wireless-B devices in your network. Select G-Only if you have only Wireless-G devices in your network.
- The *IP Settings* screen will appear next, shown in Figure 5-7. If your network has a DHCP server, click the radio button next to Automatically obtain an IP address (DHCP). Click the Next button to continue or the Back button to return to the previous screen. Then proceed to step 9.

If your network does not have a DHCP server, click the radio button next to **Set IP configuration manually to** select this option. Enter an IP Address, IP Mask, and Gateway appropriate to your network. You must specify an IP address on this screen. If you are unsure about the IP Mask and Gateway, it is better to leave these two fields blank. Click the Next button to continue or the **Back** button to return to the previous screen. Then proceed to step 9.

- IP Address This IP address must be unique to your network.
- IP Mask The Bridge's IP Mask (also known as Subnet Mask) must be the same as your wired network's Subnet Mask.
- Gateway Enter the IP address of your network's Gateway (usually this is your router's IP address).



Figure 5-6: Wireless Settings



Figure 5-7: IP Settings

9. The Security Settings (Optional) screen, shown in Figure 5-8, appears next. From the drop-down menu, select one of the wireless security mode options supported by the Bridge: WPA PSK (Pre-Shared Key) and WEP. (WPA stands for Wi-Fi Protected Access, which is a security standard stronger than WEP encryption. WEP stands for Wired Equivalent Privacy. If you do not want to use the security function, keep the default setting, Disabled. The security modes are briefly discussed below. For more detailed instructions on configuring wireless security for the Bridge, refer to "Appendix B: Wireless Security."

WEP (64-bit WEP/128-bit WEP) - In order to utilize WEP encryption, select **64-bit** or **128-bit WEP** from the drop-down menu. Then, enter a Passphrase. (If you want to enter a WEP key manually, leave the *Passphrase* field blank, and complete the *Key 1* field.) Click the **Next** button to continue.

• Passphrase - Instead of manually entering a WEP key, you can enter a Passphrase, so a WEP key will be automatically generated. The Passphrase is case-sensitive and should have 16 or fewer alphanumeric characters. It must match the passphrase of your wireless network and is compatible with Linksys wireless products only. (You will have to enter the WEP key(s) manually on any non-Linksys wireless products.

If you want to manually enter a WEP key, leave the Passphrase field blank and complete the Key 1 field.

• Key 1 - If you entered a Passphrase, then you will see the automatically generated WEP key. Click the Next button, and proceed to step 10.

If you did not enter a Passphrase, then enter a WEP key in the *Key 1* field. If you are using 64-bit WEP encryption, then the key must consist of exactly 10 hexadecimal characters. If you are using 128-bit WEP encryption, then the key must consist of exactly 26 hexadecimal characters. Valid hexadecimal characters are "0"-"9" and "A"-"F". Then click the **Next** button, and proceed to step 10.

WPA PSK - In order to utilize WPA PSK, select WPA PSK from the drop-down menu. WPA PSK gives you one encryption method, TKIP, with dynamic encryption keys. Select the type of algorithm, **TKIP**, then enter a Pre-Shared Key of 8-32 characters. (See Figure 5-9.)



#### Figure 5-8: Security Settings-WEP



Figure 5-9: Security Settings-WPA-PSK

10. Review your settings on the *Confirmation* screen, shown in Figure 5-10. Write down the Bridge's IP Address if you want to configure advanced settings through the Bridge's Web-based Utility. Click the **Yes** button to save these settings. Click the **No** button to exit the Setup Wizard.



Figure 5-10: Confirmation

11. The next screen, shown in Figure 5-11, shows that the configuration is complete. To configure any other Wireless-G Ethernet Bridges on your network, run this Setup Wizard again. To register the Bridge, click the **Online Registration** button. To exit the Setup Wizard, click the **Exit** button.

The Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge is now successfully configured for your network.

For advanced configuration, proceed to "Chapter 7: Using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility." Otherwise, go to "Chapter 6: Connecting the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge for Network Use."

### Chapter 6: Connecting the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge for Network Use

#### **Connection to a Network Device**

- 1. After configuration, unplug the power cable from the electrical outlet, and unplug the Ethernet network cable from the PC.
- 2. Plug the Ethernet network cable into the RJ-45 port on the Ethernet-ready network device you wish to add to the wireless network.
- 3. Plug the power cable into a local electrical outlet.
- The installation of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge is complete. Proceed to the next section, "Placement Options," if you want to mount the Bridge on a wall or have the Bridge stand on a surface.

#### **Placement Options**

There are three ways to place the Bridge. The first way is to place the Bridge horizontally on a surface, as shown in Figure 6-1. (If necessary, adjust the antenna so that it points straight up in the air.) The second way is to hang the Bridge on a wall, with the Bridge in a vertical position. The third way is to stand the Bridge vertically on a surface. The second and third options are explained in further detail below.

#### Wall Mount Option

- 1. The Bridge has eight rubber inserts, four on each side. Depending on how you want to mount the Bridge, remove two of the rubber inserts.
- 2. Attach two screws to the wall, so that the Bridge's wall-mount slots line up with the two screws.
- 3. Maneuver the Bridge so the screws are inserted into the two slots.
- 4. If necessary, adjust the antenna so that it points straight up in the air.

#### The installation of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge is complete.



**Note:** The Bridge features Power Over Ethernet (PoE) support. PoE technology allows a PoE adapter (also known as a power injector, power hub, or inline power device) to supply data and power to an Ethernet device using a single Ethernet network cable. To use the Bridge's PoE feature, follow the instructions for your specific PoE device.

#### Stand Option

- 1. The Bridge has eight rubber inserts, four on each side. Remove the two rubber inserts that are adjacent to the power port.
- 2. The Bridge includes two triangular stands. Insert a stand into an opening. Push the stand up to snap it into place.
- 3. Repeat step 2 using the second stand.
- 4. Place the Bridge in an appropriate location.
- 5. If necessary, adjust the antenna so that it points straight up in the air. (See Figure 6-2.)

The installation of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge is complete.

### Chapter 7: Using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility

#### **Overview**

The Bridge is designed to function properly after you configure it using the Setup Wizard. However, if you would like to change these basic settings or make advanced configuration changes, use your web browser and the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility. This chapter explains how to use the Utility.

#### Starting the Web-based Utility

- Open your web browser, and enter the IP address of the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge (the default is 192.168.1.226). Press the Enter key, and the screen shown in Figure 7-1 will appear. In lowercase letters, enter the default password, admin, in the *Password* field. Click the OK button. You can set a new password on the *Password* screen later.
- 2. The Utility's Setup screen, shown in Figure 7-2, will appear.

The Utility provides a convenient, web-browser-based way to alter the Bridge's settings. It offers five main tabs:

- Setup Enables you to configure the IP address and wireless settings.
- · Password Allows you to change the password or reset all settings to factory defaults.
- · Advanced Lets you change the advanced wireless settings and clone a MAC address onto the Bridge.
- Status Displays the Bridge's current settings.
- Help Provides explanations of various configuration settings and links to online technical support resources. You can also upgrade the Bridge's firmware using the *Help* screen.

Connect to 192.	.168.1.226 🛛 💽 🔀
R	E.
Linksys WET54G	
<u>U</u> ser name:	2
Password:	•••••
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

Figure 7-1: Password Screen



**Have You:** Enabled TCP/IP on your PCs? PCs communicate over the network with this protocol. Refer to "Appendix D: Windows Help" for more information on TCP/IP.



**Note:** The Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge is designed to function properly after you use the Setup Wizard. However, if you would like to change its basic settings or make advanced configuration changes, use your web browser and the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility.

#### Setup

The Setup screen, shown in Figure 7-2, lets you configure the wired and wireless network settings for the Bridge.

- Firmware The version number of the Bridge's firmware is displayed here. Firmware should be upgraded ONLY if you experience problems with the Bridge. Firmware updates are posted at www.linksys.com.
- MAC Address The MAC Address of the Bridge is displayed here.

#### LAN

- Device Name You may assign any name to the Bridge. Unique, memorable names are helpful, especially if you are using multiple bridges on the same wireless network.
- Configuration Type If the Bridge will obtain an IP address automatically from a DHCP server, such as a router, then select Automatic Configuration-DHCP. If you are assigning the Bridge a static IP address, then select Static IP Address, and enter an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway address in the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway fields.

#### Wireless

SSID - The SSID is the network name shared among all devices in a wireless network. The SSID must be
identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 alphanumeric
characters, which may be any keyboard character (do not use any spaces). Make sure this setting is the same
for all devices in your wireless network. For added security, Linksys recommends that you change the default
SSID (linksys) to a name of your choice.

To search for available wireless networks, click the Site Survey button.

Network Type - Choose a wireless operating mode for the Bridge. Keep the default setting, Infrastructure, if you want your wireless-equipped device to communicate with computers and other devices on your wired network using a wireless access point. Select Ad-Hoc button if you want multiple wireless-equipped devices to communicate directly with each other.

If you chose Ad-Hoc mode, then select the correct operating channel for your network from the *Channel* dropdown menu. This should match the channel setting of the other devices in your wireless network.

Select the appropriate network mode. Keep the default, **Mixed**, if you have Wireless-G (802.11g) and Wireless-B (802.11b) devices in your network. Select **G-Only** if you have only Wireless-G devices in your network.

Chapter 7: Using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility Setup

WIRELESS	LINKEYS* A Division of Caso Systems, Inc.		
	Setup	Setup   Password   Advanced   Status   Help	
	This screen allow changes to basic settings. Click the <b>Apply</b> button to save any changes. If this page does not automatically refresh after clicking <b>Apply</b> , then click the <b>Refresh</b> button of your web browser.		
	Firmware: MAC Address:	v.2.08, February 24, 2004 00:06:25:98:76:53	
	Device Name:	WET54GV2 You may specify a device name up to 19 characters long.	
	Configuration Type:	C Automatic Configuration - DHCP & Static IP Address:	
		IP Address: 192 168 1 226 Subnet Mask: 255 255 0 Gateway: 192 168 1 . 1 The show setting will get the applied if dutoratic configuration - DHCP is selected	
		The above settings with not be applied in Automatic configuration - on for its selected.	
	SSID:	linksys Site Survey Search for available wireless network(s).	
	Network Type:	Infrastructure  Channel: 6  Mode: Mode:	
	Security:	C Enable C Disable Edit Security Settings	
		Note: All devices must use the same settings in order to communicate.	
		Apply Cancel Help	

#### Figure 7-2: Setup Tab

• Wireless Site Survey

The *Wireless Site Survey* screen, shown in Figure 7-3 shows all the wireless networks detected by the Bridge and their general information. You can use this screen to connect to one of these networks.

For each wireless network detected, the following information is displayed:

- SSID The network name. To join a wireless network, click its SSID.
- MAC Address The MAC address of the network's access point.
- Channel The channel setting.
- Signal Strength (%) The percentage of wireless signal strength.
- Mode The type of wireless standard, network mode, and status of WEP encryption.

Click the Refresh button to obtain the most up-to-date data. Click the Cancel button to close this screen. Click the Help button for additional on-screen information.

Security

Security - To enable security, select **Enable**, then click **Edit Security Settings**. If you have not enabled security before clicking on Edit Security Settings, the screen in Figure 7-4 will appear. To disable security, select **Disable**.

To save your changes, click the **Apply** button. Click the **Cancel** button to cancel your changes. Click the **Help** button for additional on-screen information.





Microsoft Internet Explorer			
?	Do you want to	enable Security S	5ettings?
	OK	Cancel	

Figure 7-4: Security Settings



**NOTE:** Make sure that your security choice matches the security choice of the wireless network you want to join. Otherwise, the connection will fail.

If you click Edit *Security Settings*, The *Security* screen, as shown in Figure 7-5, will appear. From the dropdown menu, select one of the four wireless security modes supported by the Bridge: WPA Pre-Shared Key, WPA RADIUS, RADIUS, and WEP. (WPA stands for Wi-Fi Protected Access, which is a security standard stronger than WEP encryption. WEP stands for Wired Equivalent Privacy, while RADIUS stands for Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) .The four security modes are briefly discussed here. For detailed instructions on configuring wireless security for the Bridge, turn to "Appendix B: Wireless Security."

#### WEP

Use the *WEP* screen, shown in Figure 7-5, to configure the WEP encryption for the Bridge. Select a *Default Transmit Key* (choose which Key to use), and a level of *WEP Encryption*, 64 bits (10 hex digits) or (128 bits 26 hex digits). Then either generate a *WEP Key* using a *Passphrase* or enter the WEP key manually.

- Default Transmit Key Select which WEP key (1-4) will be used when the Bridge sends data. Make sure the other wireless-equipped devices are using the same key.
- WEP Encryption In order to use WEP encryption, select 64-Bit (10 hex digits) or 128-Bit (26 hex digits) from the drop-down menu.
- Passphrase Instead of manually entering WEP keys, you can enter a Passphrase. This Passphrase is
  used to generate one or more WEP keys. It is case-sensitive and should not be longer than 16
  alphanumeric characters. (The Passphrase function is compatible with Linksys wireless products only. If
  you want to communicate with non-Linksys wireless products, you will need to enter your WEP key
  manually on the non-Linksys wireless products.) After you enter the Passphrase, click the Generate
  button to create WEP key(s).
- Keys 1-4 If you are not using a Passphrase, then you can enter one or more WEP keys manually.

In each key field, manually enter a set of values. (Do not leave a key field blank, and do not enter all zeroes. These are not valid key values.) If you are using 64-bit WEP encryption, then each key must consist of exactly 10 hexadecimal characters in length. If you are using 128-bit WEP encryption, then each key must consist of exactly 26 hexadecimal characters in length. Valid hexadecimal characters are "0"-"9" and "A"-"F".

Click the **Apply** button to save your changes. If your page doesn't automatically refresh itself, then click the **Refresh** button of your web browser.

ELESS	LINKSYS" A Division of Cisco Systems, Inc.	
	Security	
	Make sure that a level and Key, a click the Refrest	Il wireless devices on your 2.46Hz (802.11g) network are using the same encryption s defined below. If this page doesn't refresh automatically after you click Apply, then button of your web browser.
	Security Mode:	WEP 💌
	Default Transmit Key:	@ 1 C 2 C 3 C 4
	WEP Encryption:	64-Bit (10 hex digits) 💌
	Passphrase:	Generate
	Key 1:	
	Key 2:	
	Key 3: Key 4:	
		Αρρίγ
	Wireless- <b>G</b>	
	Eth	ernet Bridge WEB Configuration Utility CISCO SYSTEMS
	Mode	No. WET54G



#### WPA Pre-Shared Key

WPA gives you TKIP for the encryption method. Enter a WPA Shared Key of 8-32 characters. (See Figure 7-6.) Enter a key shared between the Bridge and the server.

Click the **Apply** button to save your changes. If your page doesn't automatically refresh itself, then click the **Refresh** button of your web browser. Click the **View Log** button to view a log.

The Log Table screen appears in Figure 7-7. The log shows the authentication process.

Click the Refresh button to refresh the screen. Click the Close button to return to the the previous screen.

#### LINKSYS WIRELESS Security Make sure that all wireless devices on your 2.4GHz (\$02.11g) network are using the same encryption level and Key, as defined below. If this page doesn't refrish automatically after you click Apply, then click the Refresh button of your web browser. Security WPA Pre-Shared Key 🔻 Mode: WPA ткір Alaa thms: WPA Shared (8-.63 characters) Keva Apply Re-Authenticate View Log Wireless-G CISCO SYSTEMS Model No. WET54G

Figure 7-6: WPA Pre-Shared Key

#### Log Table Refresh No. Log Message In WPA-PSK mode 1 2 Set Information Element 3 Authenticator MAC Address: 000625fdd6fd 4 sending EAPOL-Start frame 5 sending EAPOL-Start frame 6 sending EAPOL-Start frame Close

Figure 7-7: Log Table

#### RADIUS

This option features WEP used in coordination with a RADIUS server. (This should only be used when a RADIUS server is connected to the Router.) It offers three authentication methods: MD5, TLS, and TTLS.

ЕАР Туре

#### MD5

Select a Default Key (choose which Key to use), and a level of WEP encryption, **64 bits 10 hex digits** or **128 bits 26 hex digits**. Then either generate a WEP key using a Passphrase or enter the WEP key manually. (See Figure 7-8.)

- Default Transmit Key Select which WEP key (1-4) will be used when the Bridge sends data. Make sure that the receiving device (wireless client) is using the same key.
- WEP Encryption. An acronym for Wired Equivalent Privacy, WEP is an encryption method used to protect your wireless data communications. WEP uses 64-bit or 128-bit keys to provide access control to your network and encryption security for every data transmission. To decode data transmissions, all devices in a network must use an identical WEP key. Higher encryption levels offer higher levels of security, but due to the complexity of the encryption, they may decrease network performance. Select 64 bits (10 hex digits) or 128 bits (26 hex digits).
- Passphrase. Instead of manually entering WEP keys, you can enter a passphrase. This passphrase is used to
  generate one or more WEP keys. It is case-sensitive and should not be longer than 32 alphanumeric
  characters. (This Passphrase function is compatible with Linksys wireless products only and cannot be used
  with Windows XP Zero Configuration. If you want to communicate with non-Linksys wireless products or
  Windows XP Zero Configuration, make a note of the WEP key generated in the Key 1 field, and enter it
  manually in the wireless client.) After you enter the Passphrase, click the Generate button to create WEP
  keys.
- Keys 1-4. WEP keys enable you to create an encryption scheme for wireless network transmissions. If you are
  not using a Passphrase, then manually enter a set of values. (Do not leave a key field blank, and do not enter
  all zeroes; they are not valid key values.) If you are using 64-bit WEP encryption, the key must be exactly 10
  hexadecimal characters in length. If you are using 128-bit WEP encryption, the key must be exactly 26
  hexadecimal characters in length. Valid hexadecimal characters are "0"-"9" and "A"-"F".
- User ID and Password. A user identification and password are required for your security. Enter the ID in the *User ID* field, then the password in the *Password* field.

When finished making your changes on this tab, click the Apply button to save these changes.

Chapter 7: Using the Wireless-G Ethernet Bridge Web-based Utility Setup

LESS	LINKSYS* A Division of Cisco Systems, Inc.		
	Security		
	Make sure that all wireless devices on your 2.40Hz (802.11g) network are using the same encryptic level and Key, as defined below. If this page doesn't refresh automatically after you click Apply, th click the Refresh button of your web browser.		
	Security Mode:	Radius	
	ЕАР Туре:	MD5 -	
	Cipher Type:	WEP	
	Default Transmit Key	@ 1 C 2 C 3 C 4	
	WEP Encryption	64-Bit (10 hex digits) 💌	
	Passphrase	Generate	
	Key 1		
	Key 2		
	Key 3		
	Key 4		
	User ID:		
	Password:		
		Apply Re-Authenticate View Log	



**Encryption** - Encoding data transmitted in a network.