# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

# **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

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### **EUT Specification**

| EUT  | Wireless-N ADSL2+ Gateway   |
|--|---|
| Frequency band (Operating)   |   |
|  | $\square$ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz                             |
|  | WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz   |
|  | Others  |
| Device category  | Portable (<20cm separation)   |
|  | Mobile (>20cm separation)   |
|  | Others  |
|  | Occupational/Controlled exposure ( $S = 5 \text{mW/cm}^2$ )                       |
| Exposure classification  | General Population/Uncontrolled exposure  |
| -  | $(S=1 \text{mW/cm}^2)$  |
| Antenna diversity  | ☐ Single antenna  |
|  | Multiple antennas   |
|  | ☐ Tx diversity  |
|  | ☐ Rx diversity  |
|  | ☐ Tx/Rx diversity   |
| Max. output power  | IEEE 802.11b mode: 21.80 dBm (151.36 mW)  |
|  | IEEE 802.11g mode: 18.14 dBm (65.16 mW)   |
|  | draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 24.82 dBm ( 303.39 mW)                |
|  | draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 19.55 dBm ( 90.16 mW)  MIMO Mode:         |
| Antenna gain (Max)   | 0.9dBi (including cable loss) (Numeric gain: 1.23)                                |
|  | 0.95dBi (including cable loss) (Numeric gain: 1.24)                               |
|  | CDD Mode:   |
|  | $0.9$ dBi (including cable loss)+ $10 \log (2) = 3.91$ dBi (Numeric gain: 2.46)   |
|  | $0.95$ dBi (including cable loss) + $10 \log (2) = 3.96$ dBi (Numeric gain: 2.49) |
| Evaluation applied   | MPE Evaluation*   |
|  | SAR Evaluation  |
|  | N/A   |
| Remark:  |   |
| 1. The maximum output power is <u>24.82dBm (303.39mW) at 2437MHz</u> (with <u>2.49 numeric</u> |   |
| antenna gain.)   |   |
| 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the     |   |
| compliance.  |   |
| 3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum        |   |
| power density is 1.0 mW/cm $^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density       |   |

# **TEST RESULTS**

would be larger.

No non-compliance noted.

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## **Calculation**

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

#### **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$ 

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#### **IEEE 802.11b mode:**

EUT output power = 151.36 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 2.49

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0750 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

### **IEEE 802.11g mode:**

EUT output power = 65.16 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 2.49

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0323 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode:

EUT output power = 303.39 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.24

 $\rightarrow$  Power density =  $0.0749 \text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ 

#### draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode:

EUT output power = 90.16 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.24

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0222 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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