Appendix C. Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. 1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby that distance of at least 0.2 m is normally maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time $|E|^2,|H|^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time $|E|^2,|H|^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E \ (V/m) \ = \ \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \qquad \text{Power Density:} \quad Pd \ (W/m^2) \ = \ \frac{E^2}{377}$$

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Average RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd \ = \ \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

Exposure Environment: General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

For 5GHz Band:

Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11ac VHT40: 26.47dBm

Distance (m)	Test Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power		Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
				(dBm)	(mW)			
0.2	5795	5.00	3.1623	26.4703	443.6405	0.279242	1	Complies

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11g: 28.22 dBm

Distance (m)	Test Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power		Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
				(dBm)	(mW)			
0.2	2437	2.00	1.5849	28.2229	664.1856	0.209527	1	Complies

Conclusion:

Both of the WLAN 2.4GHz Band and WLAN 5GHz Band can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + ...etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.209527 / 1 + 0.279242 / 1 = 0.488769, which is less than "1". This confirmed that the device complies.