

RF Exposure Evaluation declaration

Product Name : Bluetooth GPS

Model No. : iGPS-BT II

FCC ID : Q7M-IGPS-BTII

Applicant : Pharos Science & Applications, Inc.

Address : No. 69, Li-De St., Jung-He City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Date of Receipt : May 18, 2006

Date of Declaration : June 06, 2006

Report No. : 065L117-RF-US-P06V01

The declaration results relate only to the samples calculated.

The declaration shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of Quietek Corporation.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP any agency of the U.S. Government

1. RF Exposure Evaluation

1.1. Limits

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (Minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/ Control Exposures				
300-1500	--	--	F/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposures				
300-1500	--	--	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	--	--	1	30

F= Frequency in MHz

Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula: $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

Where

P_d = power density in mW/cm²

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

π = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

P_d is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

1.2. Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

The temperature and related humidity: 18°C and 78% RH.

1.3. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

The maximum RF power of the EUT is 1.786mW (2.52dBm). It is below the limit $60\text{mW}/f(\text{GHz})=24\text{mW}$ at 2.45GHz and therefore no SAR evaluation is needed.