

ZXV10 W615

Outdoor Wireless Access Point

User Manual

Verson: V3.0

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Chapter 1

Product Introduction

Product Overview

The ZTE ZXV10 W615 broadband wireless access product operates at 2.4 GHz, 5.2 GHz and 5.8 GHz frequency bands and complies with IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n protocols. The device adopts the Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) technology. Featuring a transmission speed of up to 300 Mbps, high receiving sensitivity, and long transmission distance, it provides a powerful wireless access solution for telecommunication operators, Internet Service Provider (ISP) and other enterprises.

By supporting multiple encryption mechanisms and authority management functions, the ZXV10 W615 provides a highly secure system for Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN).

By supporting Power over Ethernet (PoE), ZXV10 W615 acquires convenient power supply.

Typical Application

The device is typically used in the following scenarios:

- Small and medium-sized enterprises

To realize wireless coverage and meet mobile office requirements.

- Remote access to the company network.

To receive and send E-mails, transmit files, emulate terminals, and others. The device supports various wireless network connection modes, such as point-to-point connection, single access point connection, multiple access point connection, and roaming. It can apply to various application environments, such as connection within an Intranet and between different networks.

- An environment where it is difficult to establish a connection through network cables

To be used in places where cabling is difficult, such as an old building and

an asbestos building structure.

- Mobile office system

To be used by retailers, manufacturers and in the working site which needs to be changed frequently.

- Temporary LAN establishment for a special project

To be used when a LAN needs to be established temporarily in places such as commercial exhibitions, exhibition halls and construction sites; when the capacity needs to be expanded during peak hours in places such as retailing shops, airports and airlines; or when the financial auditor needs to establish a client work group.

- Access to the database by mobile workers

To enable doctors, nurses and retailers to share information through mobile access to the database.

- Family office users

To meet the requirement for installing a small computer network easily and quickly.

Interface and Button Description

For a description of the interfaces and buttons of the ZXV10 W615, refer to the following table:

Name	Description
Ethernet	LAN interface/PoE (supports 10/100/1000 Mbps), connected by an RJ-45 network cable.
2.4G-A	2.4G antenna interface, used to connect an antenna.
2.4G-B	2.4G antenna interface, used to connect an antenna.
5G-A	5G antenna interface, used to connect an antenna.
5G-B	5G antenna interface, used to connect an antenna.
WAN/PoE	RJ-45 interface, used for uplink connection and supplying power.
GND	Grounding terminal.

Technical Specifications

Physical Specification

- Size: 210 mm×210 mm×69 mm (Length × Width × Height)
- Weight: 4 kg

Electric Parameters

- Power supply: 802.3at PoE+

- Voltage: -48 VDC
- Maximum power consumption: 18 W

Environment Requirement

- Working temperature: -40 °C to 65 °C
- Working humidity: 5 %RH to 100 %RH

IP Protection Class

IP protection class: IP66

Passed Certifications

CCCi、Wi-Fi、RoHS

ZTE Corporation reserves the right to modify technical parameters with this manual without notice.

Antenna Requirement

Antenna Type: N-type Dipole Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Gain(dBi)
2400	1.0
2410	1.2
2420	1.1
2430	1.2
2440	0.9
2450	1.0
2460	1.1
2470	1.0
2480	1.2
2490	1.4
2500	1.1
5220	2.98
5765	3.43

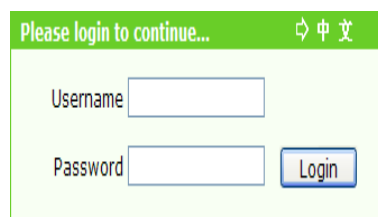
Chapter 2

Configuration Preparation

Login

The ZXV10 W615 supports configuration based on Web pages. You can configure and manage the ZXV10 W615 through a Web browser.

Open the Internet Explorer, type `http://192.168.0.228` on the address bar, and then press **Enter**. The login dialog box is displayed, see the following figure.



Enter a valid user name and a password, and then click **Login**. The Web configuration page of the ZXV10 W615 device is displayed.



Notes:

The initial user name and password of a common user are both user. This user has only the authority to view the related Status information of this device. The initial user name and password of the administrator are both admin. This user has the authority to configure and manage the device through the Web browser.

For the factory defaults of ZXV10 W615, refer to the following table:

Item	Default Value
IP Address/Mask of Ethernet interface	IP address: 192.168.0.228 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
User name/Password	Initial user name/password for common user: user/user Initial user name/password for administrator: admin/admin

Item	Default Value
AP mode	Fit AP
AP name	APxxxxxxxxxxxx, where xxxxxxxxxxxx means the Medium Access Control (MAC) address of the device
AC discovery mode	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), applicable for fit AP only.
WAN mode	DHCP
Wireless mode	• Network card 1: Mixed (802.11b+802.11g) • Network card 2: Mixed (802.11a+802.11n)
SSID	SSID1 is enabled.

Introduction to the GUI for Software Setup

After log in, the software interface is displayed as *Figure 1*.

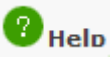
Figure 1 Software Interface

1. Main menu
2. Submenu
3. Parameter

Select items on the main menu for software setup.

Select sub-items to set parameters on the left submenu.

**Notes:**

- Click Logout at the upper-right corner of the current Web page. Then, the system log outs and returns to the Login page.
- Click  at the bottom of the navigation pane to view the related help information on the current page.
- Click the Help tab to open the Help page to view the related help information.
- Click  at the top of the current web page to change the language to chinese.

Chapter 3

Device Status

Checking Device Information

This section describes how to check the device information.

Steps

Select **Status > Device Information** to open the **Device Information** page.
Device information is displayed on the **Device Information** page as *Figure 2*.

Figure 2 Device Information

Model	ZXV10 W615 V3
Serial Number	ZTENW36C1108090
batch number	07dchS300102cd
Hardware Version	V3.0
Software Version	V2.0
Boot Loader Version	V2.0
AP Name	AP384608D63944



Notes:

This page includes the information of model, serial no, batch number, hardware version, software version, boot loader version and AP name.

—END OF STEPS—

Checking Information of Network Interfaces

Checking Ethernet Interface Information

This section describes how to check Ethernet interface information.

Steps

Select **Status > Network Interface > Ethernet**, the following page with Ethernet interface information is displayed.

Figure 3 Ethernet Interface Information

Ethernet Port	WAN
MAC Address	38:46:08:d6:39:44
Status	Up
Mode	1000M/FULL DUPLEX
Packets Received/Bytes Received	2745/279586
Packets Sent/Bytes Sent	2447/1901869

Refresh



Notes:

- ▶ This page includes Ethernet port, MAC address, status, mode, packets received/bytes received, and packets sent/bytes sent information.
- ▶ You can click Refresh to view the latest Ethernet interface information.

—END OF STEPS—

Checking WAN Connection

This section describes how to check the network connection information.

Steps

Select **Status > Network Interface > WAN Connection.**, the following page with the established connection information is displayed.

Figure 4 WAN Connection Information

DHCP	WAN
WAN MAC	38:46:08:d6:39:44
NAT	Disabled
IP	90.90.90.40/255.255.255.0
DNS	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0
Gateway	90.90.90.1
Connection Status	Connected
Remaining Lease Time	498 sec

Refresh

**Notes:**

- ▶ This page includes DHCP, WAN MAC, NAT(Network Address Translation), IP, DNS (Domain Name Server), Gateway, Connection status, remaining lease time.
- ▶ You can click Refresh to view the latest WAN connection information.

—END OF STEPS—

Checking WLAN Interface Information

This section describes how to check the WLAN interface information.

Steps

Select **Status > User Interface > WLAN**, the following page is displayed. In the right pane, view the WLAN interface information.

Figure 5 WLAN Interface Information

Enable Wireless RF1	Enabled
Channel	11
WDS Mode	Disabled
SSID1 Enable	Enabled
SSID1 Name	W615V3-100d
Authentication Type	Open System
Encryption Type	None
MAC Address	38:46:08:d6:39:44
Packets Received/Bytes Received	0/0
Packets Sent/Bytes Sent	359/80965
Error Packets Received	0
Error Packets Sent	0
Discarded Receiving Packets	0
Discarded Sending Packets	174

**Notes:**

- ▶ This page includes the wireless switch state, the channel, the WDS mode (if the WDS is enabled, the MAC address of the WDS interface, the MAC address of the relay/the root AP and the connection state is displayed) and the SSID enabled state.
- ▶ You can click Refresh below the drop-down scroll bar (It isn't displayed in the above figure for the limitation on the figure size) to view the latest device information.

—END OF STEPS—

Chapter 4

Network Configuration

Broadband Connection Configuration

Configuring a Broadband Connection (Fit AP)

The ZXV10 W615 has two operational modes: fat AP and fit AP. The default operational mode is fit AP.

Context

For instructions on how to change the AP mode for the ZXV10 W615, refer to “Setting the AP Mode”.



Notes:

After the AP mode is changed, the device restarts automatically.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WAN > WAN Connection**. The following page is displayed.

中文 Status Network Security Application Administration Help Logout

WAN

WAN Connection

WLAN

LAN

Routing

Help

The device will be automatically rebooted after the settings in this page is submitted.

IP Version IPv4

AC Discovery Mode DHCP

AC Type Adapter

AC Name

Enable CAPWAP Encryption ☐

WAN Type DHCP

Enable Verify AC ☒

Enable VLAN ☐

VLAN ID

802.1p 0

Enable DSCP ☐

DSCP

MTU 1448

Submit Cancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
IP Version	Supported protocol versions include Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4), Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6), and IPv4/v6. The default setting is IPv4.
AC Discovery Mode	Includes DHCP, Static, DNS, and Broadcast. The default setting is DHCP.
AC Type	Set AC Type. When AC Type is set to Adapter , the AP selects the uplink AC automatically.
AC Name	This parameter is configurable when AC Discovery Mode is DHCP or DNS .
Enable CAPWAP Encryption	Enables or disables CAPWAP encryption.
WAN Type	When IP Version is IPv4 , the supported modes are DHCP, Static, and PPPoE. When IP version is IPv6 or IPv4/v6 , the supported modes are DHCP and PPPoE. The default mode is DHCP. When AC Discovery Mode is DHCP , the WAN mode is set to DHCP.

Parameter	Description
Enable Verify AC	Enables or disables the AC verification function when WAN Type is DHCP .
Enable VLAN	Enables or disables the VLAN configuration function. Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) Identification/Identity/Identifier (ID) and 802.1p are used to set the VLAN and priority for the selected device.
VLAN ID	Indicates the VLAN ID of packets through the WAN interface. The value range is 0-4094.
802.1p	Specifies the processing priority. It only applies to multiple WAN connections. The range is 0-7 and the default value is 0, which means no priority. A greater value indicates a higher priority.
Enable DSCP	Enables or disables the Differential Services Code Point (DSCP) function for data flow.
DSCP	Specifies the DSCP value. The value range is 0-63.
MTU	Specifies the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) value. The default value is 1448.

3. Click **Submit**.



Notes:

The configuration on this page takes effect after the device is restarted.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring a Broadband Connection (Fat AP)

This section describes how to configure a broadband connection for fat AP.

Steps

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

1. Select **Network** > **WAN** > **WAN Connection**. The following page is displayed.

2. Configure the parameters. For details, refer to “Configuring a Broadband Connection (Fit AP)”.

- ▶ Working Mode: supports Bridge mode and Route mode. The default is Bridge mode.
- ▶ WAN Type: When **IP Version** is **IPv4**, the supported modes are DHCP, Static, and PPPoE. When **IP version** is **IPv6** or **IPv4/v6**, the supported modes are DHCP and PPPoE. The default mode is DHCP.

3. Click **Submit**.



Notes:

The configuration on this page takes effect after the device is restarted.

—END OF STEPS—

WLAN Configuration

Setting Basic Information

This section describes how to set WLAN information for the ZXV10 W615.

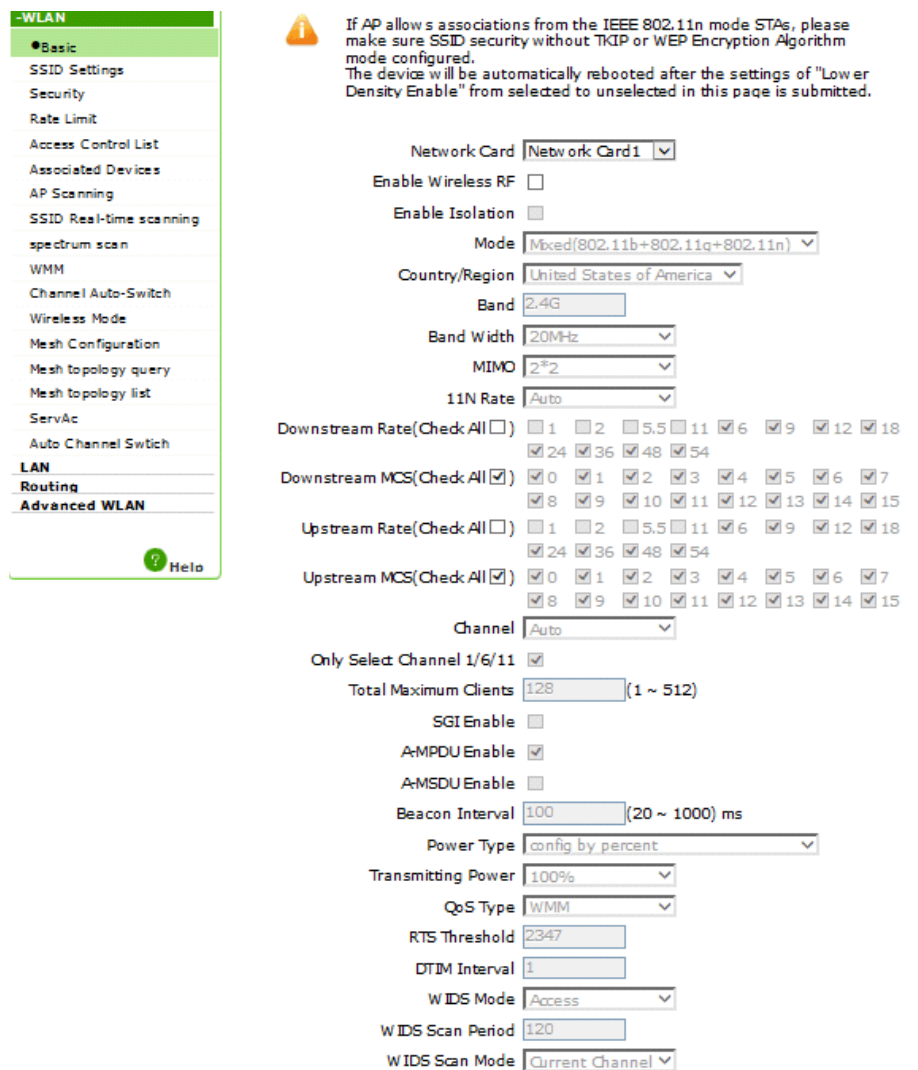
Context

Two network cards are available. You can set the cards respectively.

- Network card 1: works at 2.4 GHz, and supports 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n.
- Network card 2: works at 5.8 GHz, and supports 802.11a and 802.11n.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > Basic**. The following page is displayed.



-WLAN

- Basic
- SSID Settings
- Security
- Rate Limit
- Access Control List
- Associated Devices
- AP Scanning
- SSID Real-time scanning
- spectrum scan
- WMM
- Channel Auto-Switch
- Wireless Mode
- Mesh Configuration
- Mesh topology query
- Mesh topology list
- ServAc
- Auto Channel Switch
- LAN
- Routing
- Advanced WLAN

Basic

If AP allows associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs, please make sure SSID security without TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm mode configured. The device will be automatically rebooted after the settings of "Lower Density Enable" from selected to unselected in this page is submitted.

Network Card: Network Card 1

Enable Wireless RF: ☐

Enable Isolation: ☐

Mode: Mixed(802.11b+802.11g+802.11n)

Country/Region: United States of America

Band: 2.4G

Band Width: 20MHz

MIMO: 2*2

11N Rate: Auto

Downstream Rate(Check All): ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 5.5 ☐ 11 ☒ 6 ☒ 9 ☒ 12 ☒ 18 ☒ 24 ☒ 36 ☒ 48 ☒ 54

Downstream MCS(Check All): ☒ 0 ☒ 1 ☒ 2 ☒ 3 ☒ 4 ☒ 5 ☒ 6 ☒ 7 ☒ 8 ☒ 9 ☒ 10 ☒ 11 ☒ 12 ☒ 13 ☒ 14 ☒ 15

Upstream Rate(Check All): ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 5.5 ☐ 11 ☒ 6 ☒ 9 ☒ 12 ☒ 18 ☒ 24 ☒ 36 ☒ 48 ☒ 54

Upstream MCS(Check All): ☒ 0 ☒ 1 ☒ 2 ☒ 3 ☒ 4 ☒ 5 ☒ 6 ☒ 7 ☒ 8 ☒ 9 ☒ 10 ☒ 11 ☒ 12 ☒ 13 ☒ 14 ☒ 15

Channel: Auto

Only Select Channel 1/6/11: ☒

Total Maximum Clients: 128 (1 ~ 512)

SGI Enable: ☐

AMPDU Enable: ☒

AMSDU Enable: ☐

Beacon Interval: 100 (20 ~ 1000) ms

Power Type: config by percent

Transmitting Power: 100%

QoS Type: WMM

RTS Threshold: 2347

DTIM Interval: 1

WIDS Mode: Access

WIDS Scan Period: 120

WIDS Scan Mode: Current Channel

2. Configure the basic parameters of WLAN.

If **Network Card 1** is selected, see the previous figure for the configuration page. For a description of the parameters, refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Network Card	Select network card 1.
Enable Wireless RF	Enables or disables the wireless RF function
Enable Isolation	Enables or disables the SSID isolation function.
Mode	Supports IEEE 802.11b Only, IEEE 802.11g Only, IEEE 802.11n Only, Mixed(802.11b+802.11g), Mixed(802.11g+802.11n),and Mixed(802.11b+802.11g+802.11n).

Parameter	Description
Country/Region	United States of America.
Band	2.4 G
Band Width	The options are 20 MHz, 40 MHz, and automatic.
MIMO	The options are 1*1, 1*2, 2*1, and 2*2.
11N Rate	Specifies the transmission rate of 802.11n. 17 rates are available and the default is Auto.
Transmit Rate	Supports various kinds of transmitting rates including 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 5.5 Mbps, 11 Mbps, 6 Mbps, 9 Mbps, 12 Mbps, 18 Mbps, 24 Mbps, 36 Mbps, 48 Mbps and 54 Mbps
Channel	Proper channel can be selected according to country code. It can be selected as Auto or any value in the range of 1-11. The default is Auto. The channel used to accomplish communication between AP and wireless station is determined by local policy. All wireless stations which communicate with the ZXV10 W615 must use the same channel.
Only Select Channel 1/6/11	Determines whether to select channel 1/6/11 or select all channels.
Total Maximum Clients	Specifies the maximum number of connected users. The range is 1-512.
SGI Enable	Enables or disables the SGI function.
A-MPDU Enable	Enables or disables the A-MPDU function.
Beacon Interval	Specifies the beacon interval.
Power Type	Supports configuration by percent, configuration based on actual power value (unit: dBm), and configuration based on actual power value (unit: mW)
Transmitting Power	Supports automatic, 100%, 90%, 80%, 70%, 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20%, 12.5%, and 10%. The default is 100%. The power class refers to the percentage of output power to maximum power. A higher power indicates a farther transmission distance.
QoS Type	The options are disabled, WMM, and SSID.
RTS Threshold	Specifies the upper limit of transmission request.
DTIM Interval	Specifies the DTIM time patch.
WIDS Mode	The options are Access, Monitor, and Mixed.
WIDS Scan Period	Specifies the value of WIDS scan interval.
WIDS Scan Mode	The options are Current Channel and All Channel.
Protection Mode	The options are None, CTS Only, and RTS/CTS.
Application Scenarios	Support three kinds of application scenarios: low density, high density, user configuration.
5G Access First	Enables or disables 5G access in precedence.

Parameter	Description
TxBF Enable	Enables or disables beam forming technology.

If **Network card 2** is selected, see the figure below for the configuration page. For a description of the parameters, refer to the following table.

WLAN

Basic

SSID Settings

Security

Rate Limit

Access Control List

Associated Devices

AP Scanning

SSID Real-time scanning

spectrum scan

WMM

Channel Auto-Switch

Wireless Mode

Mesh Configuration

Mesh topology query

Mesh topology list

ServAc

Auto Channel Switch

LAN

Routing

Advanced WLAN

Help

Network Card Network Card2

Enable Wireless RF ☐

Enable Isolation ☐

Mode Mixed(802.11a+802.11n)

Country/Region United States of America

Band 5G

Band Width 20MHz

MIMO 2*2

11N Rate Auto

Downstream Rate(Check All) ☒ 6 ☒ 9 ☒ 12 ☒ 18 ☒ 24 ☒ 36 ☒ 48 ☒ 54

Downstream MCS(Check All) ☒ 0 ☒ 1 ☒ 2 ☒ 3 ☒ 4 ☒ 5 ☒ 6 ☒ 7 ☒ 8 ☒ 9 ☒ 10 ☒ 11 ☒ 12 ☒ 13 ☒ 14 ☒ 15

Upstream Rate(Check All) ☒ 6 ☒ 9 ☒ 12 ☒ 18 ☒ 24 ☒ 36 ☒ 48 ☒ 54

Upstream MCS(Check All) ☒ 0 ☒ 1 ☒ 2 ☒ 3 ☒ 4 ☒ 5 ☒ 6 ☒ 7 ☒ 8 ☒ 9 ☒ 10 ☒ 11 ☒ 12 ☒ 13 ☒ 14 ☒ 15

Channel Auto

Total Maximum Clients 128 (1 ~ 512)

SGI Enable ☐

A-MPDU Enable ☒

A-MSDU Enable ☐

Beacon Interval 100 (20 ~ 1000) ms

Power Type config by percent

Transmitting Power 100%

QoS Type WMM

RTS Threshold 2347

DTIM Interval 1

WIDS Mode Access

WIDS Scan Period 120

WIDS Scan Mode Current Channel

Protection Mode None

TxBF Enable ☐

Warning: If AP allows associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs, please make sure SSID security without TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm mode configured. The device will be automatically rebooted after the settings of "Lower Density Enable" from selected to unselected in this page is submitted.

Parameter	Description
Network Card	Select network card 2.
Enable Wireless RF	Enables or disables the WLAN RF function.
Enable Isolation	Enables or disables the SSID isolation function.
Mode	Supports IEEE 802.11a Only, IEEE 802.11n Only, and Mixed(802.11a+802.11n). The default is Mixed(802.11a+802.11n).
Country/Region	United States of America.
Band	5G
Band Width	The options are 20 MHz, 40 MHz, and automatic.

Parameter	Description
MIMO	The options are 1×1, 1×2, 2×1, and 2×2.
11N Rate	Specifies the transmission rate of 802.11n, supporting seven rate types.
Channel	Proper channel can be selected according to country code. It can be selected as Auto, 149, 153, 157, 161, or 165. The default is Auto. The channel used to accomplish communication between AP and wireless station is determined by local policy. All wireless stations which communicate with the ZXV10 W615 must use the same channel.
Total Maximum Clients	Specifies the maximum number of connected users. The range is 1-512.
SGI Enable	Enables or disables the SGI function.
A-MPDU Enable	Enables or disables the A-MPDU function.
Beacon Interval	Specifies the beacon interval.
Power Type	Supports configuration by percent, configuration based on actual power value (unit: dBm), and configuration based on actual power value (unit: mW)
Transmitting Power	Supports automatic, 100%, 90%, 80%, 70%, 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20%, 12.5%, and 10%. The default is 100%. The power class refers to the percentage of output power to maximum power. A higher power indicates a farther transmission distance.
QoS Type	The options are Disabled, WMM, and SSID.
RTS Threshold	Specifies the upper limit of transmission request.
DTIM Interval	Specifies the DTIM time patch.
WIDS Mode	The options are Access, Monitor, and Mixed. The default is Access.
WIDS Scan Period	Specifies the value of WIDS scan interval.
WIDS Scan Mode	The options are Current Channel and All Channel.
Protection Mode	The options are None, CTS Only, and RTS/CTS.
Application Scenarios	Support three kinds of application scenarios: Low density, High density, User configuration.
5G Access First	Enables or disables 5 G access in precedence.
TxBF Enable	Enables or disables beam forming technology.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting SSID

This section describes how to set SSID.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > SSID Settings**. The following page is displayed.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Choose SSID	Specifies the SSID to be configured. The range is from SSID1 to SSID32.
Network Card	Displays the wireless network card of the current SSID. SSID1–SSID16 correspond to network card 1. SSID17–SSID32 correspond to network card 2.
Hide SSID	Determines whether to hide this SSID.
Enable SSID	Enables or disables this SSID.
Enable SSID Isolation	Enables or disables the isolation within this SSID.
Isolation Mode	Specifies an appropriate isolation mode from four modes, which are Unicast, Broadcast, Multicast, and ALL. The default setting is ALL.
Maximum Clients	Specifies the maximum number of clients allowed for this SSID. The value range is 1–512. The default is 32.
SSID Name	Specifies the name of this SSID. The number of characters is in a range of 1–32.

Parameter	Description
Priority	Specifies the SSID priority. The range is 0–7. The default value is 0, which means no priority. A greater value indicates a higher priority.
VLAN ID	VLAN tag of data packets. VLAN ID can be set in a range of 0-4094.
802.1p	Specifies the processing priority. The range is 0–7. The default value is 0, which means no priority. A greater value indicates a higher priority.
As Management SSID	Disabled by default. When this function is enabled, the user associated with the SSID can manage the device.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting Security Information

This section describes how to set WLAN security information.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > Security**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot displays the 'Security' configuration page for WLAN. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with options: WAN, WLAN, Basic, SSID Settings, Security (selected), Rate Limit, Access Control List, Associated Devices, AP Scanning, WDS, WMM, Channel Auto-Switch, Wireless Mode, LAN, and Routing. The main content area shows the following settings:

- Choose SSID:** A dropdown menu set to 'SSID1'.
- Authentication Type:** A dropdown menu set to 'WPA-PSK'.
- WPA Passphrase:** A text input field with masked characters (dots) and a note '(8 ~ 63 characters)'.
- Enable WPA Group Key Update:** A checkbox that is checked.
- WPA Group Key Update Interval:** A text input field set to '600' with a unit of 'sec'.
- WPA Encryption Algorithm:** A dropdown menu set to 'TKIP'.

At the top of the page, there is a warning message: 'With TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm configured, AP does not allow associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs.' The bottom of the page features a green bar with 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Choose SSID	Specifies the SSID to be configured. The range is SSID1-SSID15.
Authentication Type	Supports Open System, Shared Key, Open System & Shared Key, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA/WPA2-PSK, WPA-EAP, WPA2-EAP, WPA/WPA2-EAP, WAPI-PSK, WAPI-CERT, and WEP-EAP.
WPA Passphrase	Specifies the WPA encryption key. The range is 8-63 characters.
Enable WPA Group Key Update	Enables or disables WPA group key updating function. It is enabled by default.
WPA Group Key Update Interval	Specifies the key updating interval. The default is 600 seconds.
WPA Encryption Algorithm	Supports TKIP, AES, and TKIP+AES.

Authentication Type is divided into non-encryption, WPA-PSK encryption, WPA-EAP encryption, WEP encryption, WAPI-PSK encryption and WAPI-CERT encryption.

► **non-encryption**

Authentication Type selects **Open System**, meaning non-encryption.

► **WPA-PSK encryption**

WPA encryption means Wi-Fi protected access. It has three modes: WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA/WPA2-PSK.

- i. In the **Authentication Type** drop-down list, select **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA/WPA2-PSK** to enable WPA-PSK encryption.
- ii. Set the parameters as required by referring to the parameter description in the previous table.

► **WPA-EAP encryption**

- i. In the **Authentication Type** drop-down list, select **WPA-EAP**, **WPA2-EAP**, or **WPA/WPA2-EAP** to enable WPA-EAP encryption.

中文 Status Network Security Application Administration Help Logout

WLAN

WLAN

Basic

SSID Settings

Security

Rate Limit

Access Control List

Associated Devices

AP Scanning

WDS

WMM

Channel Auto-Switch

Wireless Mode

LAN

Routing

Help

With TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm configured, AP does not allow associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs.

Choose SSID: SSID1

Authentication Type: WPA-EAP

Server Type: Master Auth Server

Server IP Address: 192.168.1.1

Server Port: 1812 (0 ~ 65535)

Secret: [masked] (1 ~ 64 characters)

Reauth Period: 3600 sec

Enable Preauth: ☐

Enable WPA Group Key Update: ☒

WPA Group Key Update Interval: 600 sec

WPA Encryption Algorithm: TKIP

Submit Cancel

ii. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Server Type	Specifies the server type. The options are Master Auth Server, Master Acct Server, Backup Auth Server, and Backup Acct Server. The default is Master Auth Server.
Server IP Address	Specifies the IP address of the authentication server, for example, 192.168.1.1.
Server Port	Specifies the port of the authentication server, for example, 1812. The range is 0 to 65535.
Secret	Specifies the WPA-EAP encryption key. The range is 1-64 characters.
Reauth Period	The default is 3600 seconds.
Enable Preauth	Enables or disables the pre-authentication function. The function is disabled by default.
Enable WPA Group Key Update	Enables or disables WPA group key updating function. The function is enabled by default.
WPA Group Key Update Interval	Specifies the interval of WPA group key update. The default is 600 seconds.
WPA Encryption Algorithm	Specifies the WPA encryption algorithm. Three options

Parameter	Description
	are available: AES, TKIP, and TKIP+AES. The default is TKIP.

► WEP encryption

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) is a commonly used WLAN security protocol.

- i. Select **Shared Key** or **Open System & Shared Key** for **Authentication Type**. The following page is displayed.

With TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm configured, AP does not allow associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs.

Choose SSID:

Authentication Type:

WEP Encryption:

WEP Encryption Level:

WEP Key Index:

WEP Key1:

WEP Key2:

WEP Key3:

WEP Key4:

13 ASCII chars or 26 hexadecimal digits can be entered for 128-bit WEP Encryption Key.
5 ASCII chars or 10 hexadecimal digits can be entered for 64-bit WEP Encryption Key.

- ii. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
WEP Encryption	Enables or disables WEP encryption function. The function is enabled by default.
WEP Encryption Level	There are two types of WEP key, namely 64bit and 128bit.
WEP Key Index	Specifies corresponding key value.

Parameter	Description
WEP Key 1–4	Specifies WEP encryption key value. 64-bit WEP key corresponds to five ASCII characters or ten hexadecimal characters. 128-bit WEP key corresponds to 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal characters.

► WAPI-PSK encryption

- i. Select **WAPI-PSK** as the **Authentication Type**. The following page is displayed.

- ii. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
WAPI Key Mode	Supports two modes: ASCII and HEX. The default is ASCII.
WAPI Key	Specifies WAPI key value. The range is 8-64 characters.

► WAPI-CERT encryption

- i. Select **WAPI-CERT** as the **Authentication Type**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the ZTE ZXV10 W615 web interface. The top navigation bar includes '中文', 'Status', 'Network', 'Security', 'Application', 'Administration', 'Help', and 'Logout'. The left sidebar menu has 'WAN', 'WLAN', 'Security', 'Rate Limit', 'Access Control List', 'Associated Devices', 'AP Scanning', 'WDS', 'WMM', 'Channel Auto-Switch', 'Wireless Mode', 'LAN', and 'Routing'. The 'Security' option is selected. The main content area displays a warning icon and text: 'With TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm configured, AP does not allow associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs.' Below this, there are configuration fields: 'Choose SSID' (dropdown menu showing 'SSID1'), 'Authentication Type' (dropdown menu showing 'WAPI-CERT'), 'Certificate Server IP' (text input), 'Certificate Server Port' (text input showing '0' with a range '(0 ~ 65535)'), and a 'Certificate Management' button labeled 'Certificate Uploading'. At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- ii. Enter the certificate server IP address and certificate server port.
- iii. Click the **Certificate Uploading** button, select the proper type of certificate file in the displayed dialog box, and then click **Upload**.

Notes:

Certificate files include AS certificate, AP certificate, and CA certificate. If only AP and CA certificates are necessary, upload the AP certificate first. Otherwise, upload the AS certificate first.

► **WEP-EAP encryption**

- i. Select **WEP-EAP** as the **Authentication Type**. The following page is displayed.

With TKIP or WEP Encryption Algorithm configured, AP does not allow associations from the IEEE 802.11n mode STAs.

Choose SSID: SSID1

Authentication Type: WEP-EAP

Server Type: Master Auth Server

Server IP Address: 192.168.1.1

Server Port: 1812 (0 ~ 65535)

Secret: [masked] (1 ~ 64 characters)

Reauth Period: 3600 sec

Enable Preauth: ☐

WEP Encryption: Disable

Submit Cancel

ii. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Server Type	Specifies the server type. The options are Master Auth Server, Master Acct Server, Backup Auth Server, and Backup Acct Server. The default is Master Auth Server.
Server IP Address	Specifies the IP address of the authentication server, for example, 192.168.1.1.
Server Port	Specifies the port of the authentication server, for example, 1812. The range is 0 to 65535.
Secret	Specifies the WPA-EAP encryption key. The range is 1-64 characters.
Reauth Period	The default is 3600 s.
Enable Preauth	Enables or disables the pre-authentication function. The function is disabled by default.
WEP Encryption	Enables or disables WEP encryption. It is disabled by default.
WEP Encryption Level	Specifies the WEP key length. The options are 128bit and 64bit. The default is 128 bit.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting Rate Limit

This section describes how to set rate limit for WLAN services.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > Rate Limit**. The following page is displayed.

Control Type: SSID/STA

Choose SSID: SSID1

SSID Downlink Rate Guarantee: 0 (0 ~ 250000 kbps)

SSID Downlink Rate Limit: 0 (0 ~ 250000 kbps)

STA Downlink Rate Limit: 0 (0 ~ 250000 kbps)

SSID Uplink Rate Guarantee: 0 (0 ~ 250000 kbps)

SSID Uplink Rate Limit: 0 (0 ~ 250000 kbps)

STA Uplink Rate Limit: 0 (0 ~ 250000 kbps)

Submit Cancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Control Type	Supports SSID/STA and MAC.
Choose SSID	Specifies the SSID to be configured. The range is SSID1-SSID16.
SSID Downlink Rate Guarantee	The configuration range is 0-250000 kbps. The default is 0, which means no rate guarantee.
SSID Downlink Rate Limit	The configuration range is 0-250000 kbps. The default is 0, which means no rate limit.
STA Downlink Rate Limit	The configuration range is 0-250000 kbps. The default is 0, which means no rate limit.
SSID Uplink Rate Guarantee	The configuration range is 0-250000 kbps. The default is 0, which means no rate guarantee.

Parameter	Description
SSID Uplink Rate Limit	The configuration range is 0-250000 kbps. The default is 0, which means no rate limit.
STA Uplink Rate Limite	The configuration range is 0-250000 kbps. The default is 0, which means no rate limit.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting Access Control List

The access control list is used to guarantee the device security in networks.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > Access Control List**. The following page is displayed.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Choose SSID	Specifies the SSID to be configured. The range is SSID1-SSID32.
Mode	The supported modes are:

Parameter	Description
	▶ Disabled: no SSID access is controlled. It is the default setting. ▶ Block: prohibits the access of devices with specified MAC addresses. ▶ Permit: permits the access of devices with specified MAC addresses.
MAC Address	Specifies the MAC address of the equipment to be controlled.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding item of control channel.

3. Click **Add**.

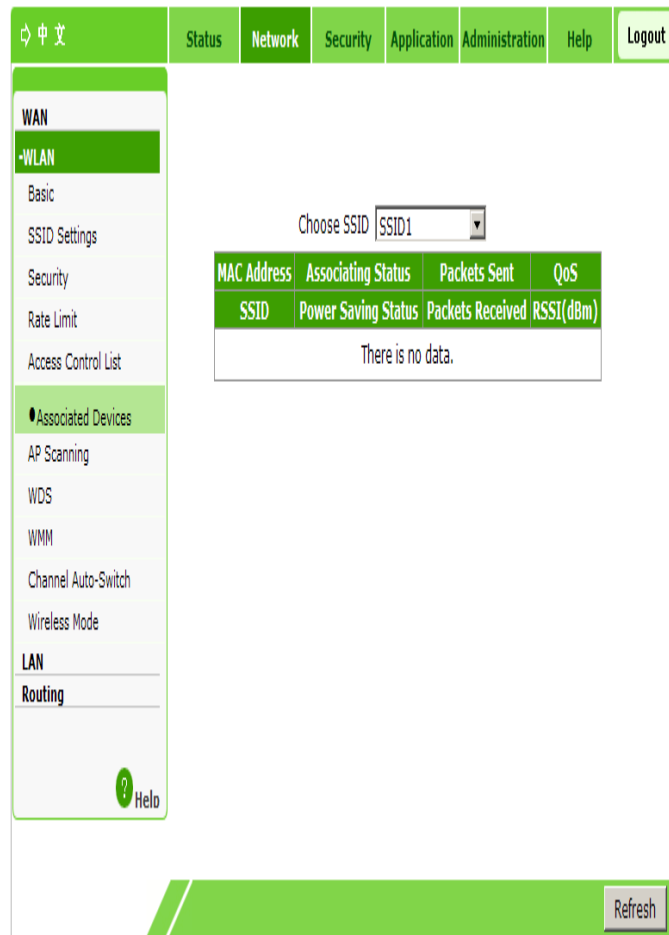
—END OF STEPS—

Checking Associated Devices

This section describes how to check the detailed information of the devices associated with the SSID.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > Associated Devices**. The following page is displayed.



2. In the **Choose SSID** drop-down list, select the required SSID. View the detailed information of the associated device corresponding to the SSID. By default, the system displays the device information associated with SSID1.



Notes:

You can click Refresh to view the latest information.

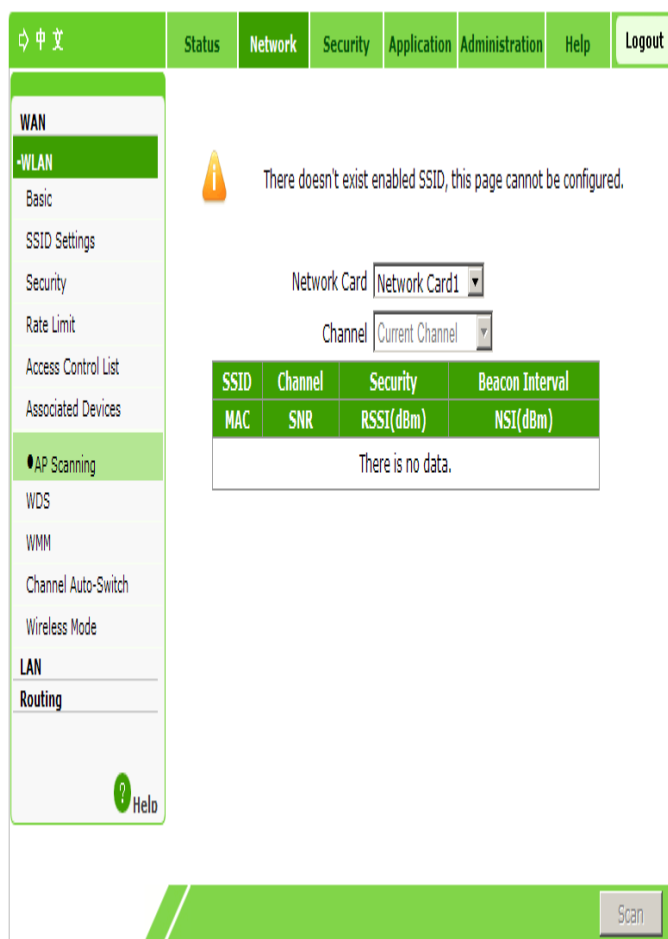
—END OF STEPS—

Scanning an AP

This section describes how to scan an AP.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > AP Scanning**. The following page is displayed.



2. In the **Network Card** and **Channel** drop-down lists, select the network card and channel to be scanned respectively.

**Caution:**

When the SSID is disabled or the WIDS mode is Access, this page cannot be configured.

3. Click **Scan**. The scan result is displayed on the refreshed page.

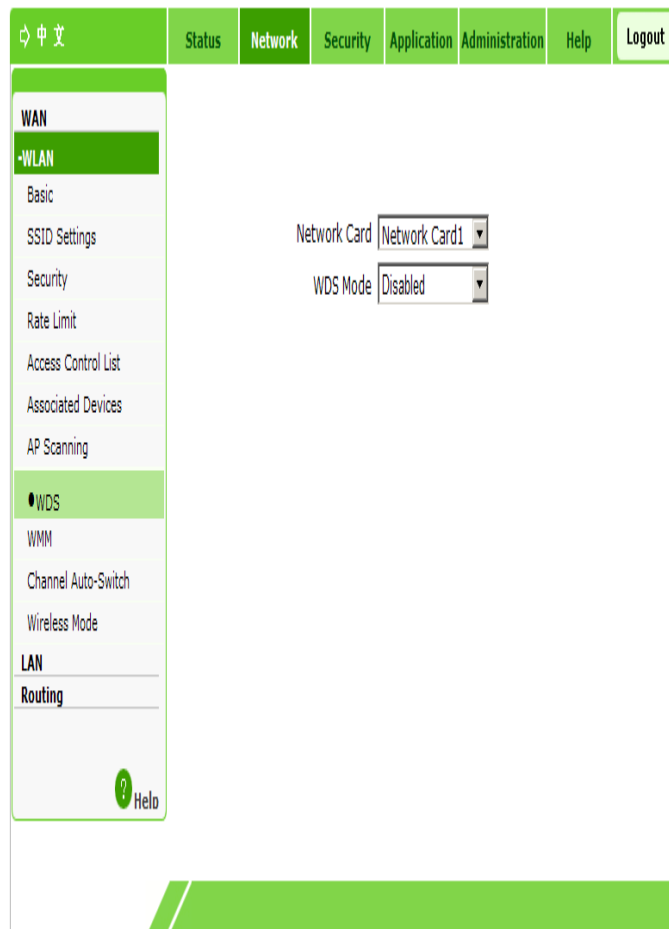
—END OF STEPS—

Setting WDS

This section describes how to set WDS.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > WDS**. The following page is displayed.



2. Select the network card. Configure the parameters based on the selected WDS mode.

If **WDS Mode** is set to **Disabled**, no parameter needs to be configured.

If **WDS Mode** is set to **WDS+Root**, the configuration page changes to:

中文

StatusNetworkSecurityApplicationAdministrationHelpLogout

WAN

WLAN

Basic

SSID Settings

Security

Rate Limit

Access Control List

Associated Devices

AP Scanning

WDS

WMM

Channel Auto-Switch

Wireless Mode

LAN

Routing

Help

NOTE: The channel and security settings of the repeater must be the same as the root.

Network CardNetwork Card1

WDS ModeWDS+Root

WDS Interface MAC Address00:00:00:00:00:00

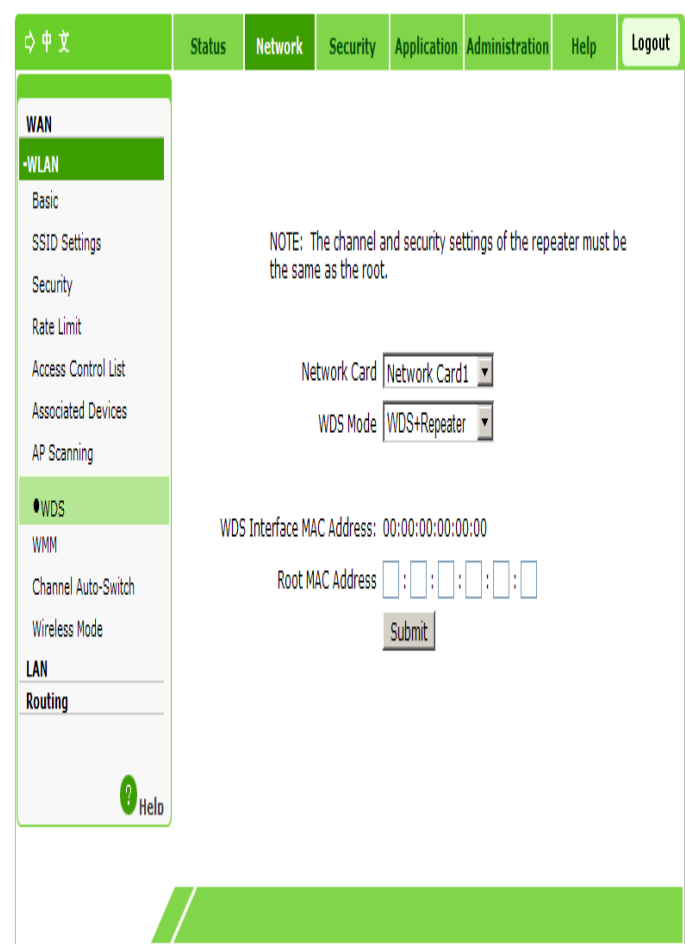
Repeater MAC Address

Submit

Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
WDS Interface MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the WDS interface.
Repeater MAC Address	Specifies the MAC address of the repeater.

If **WDS Mode** is set to **WDS+Repeater**, the configuration page changes to:



Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
WDS Interface MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the WDS interface.
Root MAC Address	Specifies the MAC address of the root AP.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting STA WMM

This section describes how to set STA WMM.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > STA WMM**. The following page is displayed.

ZTE中兴 ZXV10 W615 V3

中文 Status Network Security Application Administration Help Logout

WAN

WLAN

Basic

SSID Settings

Security

Rate Limit

Access Control List

Associated Devices

AP Scanning

WDS

STA WMM

AP WMM

Channel Auto-Switch

Wireless Mode

Mesh Configuration

LAN

Routing

Help

Network Card Network Card1

Choose AC BE

AIFSN 3 (0 ~ 15)

ECWMin 4 (0 ~ 15)

ECWMax 6 (0 ~ 15)

TXOP 0 (0 ~ 255)

Qlength 256 (0 ~ 1000)

SRL 7 (0 ~ 255)

LRL 4 (0 ~ 255)

Submit Cancel

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2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Network Card	Select the network card for which WMM is to be configured.
Choose AC	The available options are VO, VI, BE, and BK.
AIFSN	The available range is 0–15.
ECWMin	The available range is 0–15.
ECWMax	The available range is 0–15.
TXOP	The available range is 0–255.
Qlength	The available range is 0–1000.
SRL	The available range is 0–255.

Parameter	Description
LRL	The available range is 0–255.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting AP WMM

This section describes how to set AP WMM.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > AP WMM**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the ZTE ZXV10 W615 V3 web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for 中文, Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The left sidebar shows a tree view with categories: WAN, WLAN (expanded), and LAN. Under WLAN, 'AP WMM' is selected. The main content area displays configuration fields for Network Card (Network Card1), Choose AC (BE), AIFS (3), ECWMin (4), ECWMax (6), TXOP (0), Qlength (256), SRL (7), and LRL (4). Each field has a range in parentheses. At the bottom right are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons. The footer contains the copyright notice: Copyright © 2012 ZTE Corporation. All rights reserved.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

Parameter	Description
Network Card	Select the network card for which WMM is to be configured.
Choose AC	The available options are VO, VI, BE, and BK.
AIFSN	The available range is 0–15.
ECWMin	The available range is 0–15.
ECWMax	The available range is 0–15.
TXOP	The available range is 0–255.
Qlength	The available range is 0–1000.
SRL	The available range is 0–255.
LRL	The available range is 0–255.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting Automatic Channel Switching

This section describes how to set automatic channel switching.

Steps

1. Select **Network > WLAN > Channel Auto-Switch**. The following page is displayed.

中文 | Status | Network | Security | Application | Administration | Help | Logout

WAN
WLAN
 Basic
 SSID Settings
 Security
 Rate Limit
 Access Control List
 Associated Devices
 AP Scanning
 WDS
 WMM
Channel Auto-Switch
 Wireless Mode
LAN
 Routing

Network Card: Network Card1
 Enable Channel Auto-Switch: ☒
 Adjustment Type: Adjust On Startup
 RSSI Threshold: -30 (-90 ~ 10 dBm)
 Cycle Period: 30 (1 ~ 1440 min)
 Duration: 0 (0 ~ 3600 s)

Submit Cancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Network Card	Select the network card for which automatic channel adjustment is to be configured.
Enable Channel Auto-Switch	Enables or disables the automatic frequency adjustment function.
Adjustment Type	Supports two types: Adjust On Startup and Adjust Periodically.
RSSI Threshold	Specifies the signal strength threshold. The value range is -90 dBm to 10 dBm. The default value is -30 dBm.
Cycle Period	Specifies the interval of channel adjustment. The value range is 1 to 1440 minutes. The default value is 30 minutes.
Duration	Specifies the duration of channel adjustment. The value range is 0 to 3600 seconds.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting Wireless Mode

This section describes how to set wireless modes for the two network cards of

the ZXV10 W615.

Steps

1. Select **Network** > **WLAN** > **Wireless Mode**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the web interface of the ZXV10 W615 device. The top navigation bar includes links for 中文, Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The left sidebar menu is expanded to show the WLAN section, with sub-items: Basic, SSID Settings, Security, Rate Limit, Access Control List, Associated Devices, AP Scanning, WDS, WMM, Channel Auto-Switch, Wireless Mode (selected), LAN, and Routing. The main content area displays a warning message: "The device will be automatically rebooted after the settings of Wireless Mode and Node Type in this page is submitted." Below the warning, there are two dropdown menus: "Network Card" set to "Network Card1" and "Wireless Mode" set to "Only Coverage". At the bottom right, there are "Submit" and "Cancel" buttons.

2. Select the network card to be configured. Select **Wireless Mode** to be **Only Coverage** or **Only Backhaul**.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting the Network Configuration

This section describes how to configure the network.

Steps

1. Select **Network** > **WLAN** > **Mesh Configuration**. The following page is displayed.

Figure 6 Network Configuration

ZTE中兴
 ZXV10 W615 V3

中文 Status Network Security Application Administration Help Logout

WAN
 WLAN
 Basic
 SSID Settings
 Security
 Rate Limit
 Access Control List
 Associated Devices
 AP Scanning
 WDS
 STA WMM
 AP WMM
 Channel Auto-Switch
 Wireless Mode
 Mesh Configuration
 LAN
 Routing

Network Card Network Card1
 Enable Wireless Mesh ☐
 Mesh ID (1 ~ 32 characters)
 Mesh NodeType Normal Node

Submit Cancel

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2. Configure the parameters.. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Network Card	Select the network card 1 or the network card 2 as mesh returning network card.
Enable Wireless Mesh	Enables or disables the mesh function.
Mesh ID	Set the mesh identity.
Mesh Node Type	Supports two types: normal node, gateway node.The default value is normal node.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Addresses Management

Managing Addresses

The DHCP start IP address and the DHCP end IP address should be within the subnet of LAN IP.

Steps

1. Select **Nework > LAN > Address Management**. The following page is displayed.

中文

Status

Network

Security

Application

Administration

Help

Logout

WAN

WLAN

LAN

Address Management

DHCP Conditional Serving Pool

IPv6 Address Management

Routing

Helo

NOTE: 1. The DHCP Start IP Address and DHCP End IP address should be in the same subnet as the LAN IP.

LAN IP Address192.168.1.1

Subnet Mask255.255.255.0

Enable STP☐

DHCP ServiceDHCP Server

DHCP Start IP Address192.168.1.2

DHCP End IP Address192.168.1.254

DNS Server1 IP Address192.168.1.1

DNS Server2 IP Address

DNS Server3 IP Address

Default Gateway192.168.1.1

Lease Time86400sec

Allocated Address

MAC Address	IP Address	Remaining Lease Time	Host Name	Port
There is no data.				

SubmitCancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	IP address of LAN group (interface subnet). The default IP address is 192.168.1.1.

Parameter	Description
Subnet Mask	Subnet mask of LAN group.
Enable STP	Enables or disables the STP function.
DHCP Service	▶ When the AP mode is Fit, the supported states are DHCP Server and OFF. The default state is DHCP Server. ▶ When the AP mode is Fat, the supported states are DHCP Server, DHCP Relay, and OFF. The default state is DHCP Server.
DHCP Start IP Address	The start IP address allocated by the DHCP Server. Before modifying the start or end IP address, ensure that this IP address is in the same network segment with that of ZXV10 W615.
DHCP End IP Address	The end IP address allocated by the DHCP Server. Before modifying the start or end IP address, ensure that this IP address is in the same network segment with that of ZXV10 W615.
DNS Server 1–3 IP Address	IP address of the DNS server. There are three available addresses.
Default Gateway	The value is 192.168.1.1 by default.
Lease Time	Lease time stands for the duration when an IP address can be leased from the IP pool by the client dynamically. The default value is 86400 seconds. When the lease time expires, the DHCP server can lease this IP address to this client again or assign a new IP address for this client.
Allocated Address	Refers to the allocated IP address. The page displays the allocated IP address and the basic information of devices that use the IP addresses.

3. Click **Submit**.

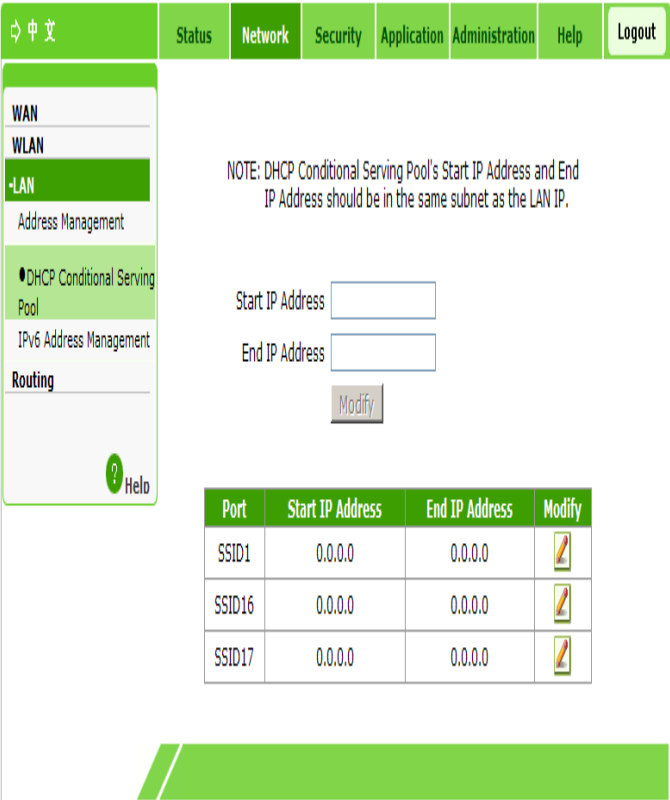
—END OF STEPS—

Setting DHCP Conditional Serving Pool

This section describes how to set the DHCP conditional serving pool in the fat AP mode.

Steps

1. Select **Network > LAN > DHCP Conditional Serving Pool**. The following page is displayed.



Notes:

The DHCP Conditional Serving Pool page is unavailable in the fit AP mode..

- 2. Enter the start IP address and end IP address.
 - 3. Click **Modify**.
- END OF STEPS—

Managing an IPv6 Address

This section describes how to manage an IPv6 address.

Steps

- 1. Select **Network > LAN > IPv6 Address**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the ZTE ZXV10 W615 web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The left sidebar menu is expanded, showing options for WAN, WLAN, LAN, Address Management, DHCP Conditional Serving Pool, IPv6 Address Management (which is selected and highlighted in green), and Routing. The main content area displays 'LAN IPv6 Address' with a text input field containing the value 'fe80::1'. At the bottom right of the interface, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. On this page, re-configure the IPv6 address of this terminal.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Routing Management

Setting an IPv4 Static Route

This section describes how to set an IPv4 static route.

Steps

1. Select **Network > Routing > Static Routing (IPv4)**. The following page is displayed.



2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
WAN Connection	Specifies the required interface.
Network Address	Refers to the address of the destination network.
Subnet Mask	Refers to the subnet mask of the destination network.
Gateway	Refers to the IP address of the gateway (next hop).
Modify	Click  to edit the corresponding static route rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding static route rule.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting an IPv6 Static Route

This section describes how to configure an IPv6 static route.

Steps

1. Select **Network > Routing > Static Routing (IPv6)**. The following page is displayed.



2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
WAN Connection	Select the related interface as needed.
Prefix	Fill in the front blank with the IPv6 address. Fill in the back blank with the length of the subnetwork prefix.
Gateway	The Gateway IP address (Next hop)
Modify	Click  to edit the corresponding static route rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding static route rule.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting a Dynamic Route

This section describes how to set a dynamic route.

Steps

1. Select **Network > Routing > Dynamic Routing**. The following page is displayed.

中文

Status

Network

Security

Application

Administration

Help

Logout

WAN

WLAN

LAN

Routing

Static Routing(IPv4)

Static Routing(IPv6)

Dynamic Routing

Help

Enable RIP

Version

Authentication

Authentication Key

Simple Password

Submit

Cancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable RIP	Enables or disables RIP.
Version	Supports RIP v1, RIP v2, and RIP v1 Compatible.
Authentication	Supports No Authentication, Simple Password, and MD5 Authentication.
Authentication Key	Refers to the authentication key.

3. Click **Submit**.
—END OF STEPS—

Chapter 5

Security Configuration

Setting a Firewall

This section describes how to set a firewall.

Steps

1. Select **Security > Firewall**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the Firewall configuration page. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Status, Network, Security (active), Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The left sidebar has a 'Firewall' section with sub-items 'MAC Filter' and 'Service List'. The main content area contains the following settings:

- Enable Anti-Hacking Protection:** ☐
- Firewall Level:** Low (dropdown menu)
- Instruction of firewall level:**
 - High:** Allow legal WAN side access, but prohibit Ping from WAN side.
 - Middle:** Allow legal WAN side access and resist certain types of dangerous data travelling over the Internet.
 - Low:** Allow legal WAN side access and Ping from WAN side.
 - Off:** **This option is not recommended.** If the firewall is disabled, the device will be open to the hacking and danger from the internet.

At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable Anti-Hacking Protection	Enables or disables the anti-hacking protection function.
Firewall Level	The firewall levels are as follows:

Parameter	Description
	▶ High: allows legal WAN side access, but prohibits PING from the WAN side. ▶ Middle: allows legal WAN side access, but resists certain types of dangerous data flow traveling over Internet. ▶ Low: allows legal WAN side access and PING from the WAN side. ▶ Off: Not recommended to use this configuration. When the firewall is closed, the network is vulnerable to attacks and normal Internet access may be affected.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting IP Filter (Fat AP)

This section describes how to filter the addresses in a certain range or used by a specified port.

Steps

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

1. Select **Security > IP Filter**. The following page is displayed.

Firewall
IP Filter
MAC Filter
Service List
Service Control
ALG
? Help

Enable ☐
Protocol TCP
Name
Start Source IP Address
End Source IP Address
Start Destination IP Address
End Destination IP Address
Start Source port
End Source port
Start Destination port
End Destination port
Ingress
Egress
mode Discard
Add

Enable	Name	Start Source IP Address	Start Source port	Start Destination IP Address	Start Destination port	Ingress	Egress	Modify	Delete

There is no data, please add one first.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enables or disables the IP filter function.
Protocol	The available options are ANY, TCP, User Datagram Protocol (UDP), TCP AND UDP, and Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP). ANY refers to any protocol.
Name	Refers to the IP filter name. The length is 1 to 256 characters.
Source IP Address	Start IP address of the source (LAN side).
End Source IP Address	End IP address of the source (LAN side).
Start Destination IP	Start IP address of the destination.

Parameter	Description
Address	
End Destination IP Address	End IP address of the destination.
Start source port	Port number of the start source (LAN side) address.
End source port	Port number of the end source (LAN side) address.
Start Destination port	Port number of the start destination source (LAN side) address.
End Destination port	Port number of the end destination source (LAN side) address.
Ingress	The available options are LAN, IGD.WD1.WCD1.WCIP1, or blank. It is blank by default, which refers to any mode.
Egress	The available options are LAN, IGD.WD1.WCD1.WCIP1 or blank. It is blank by default, which refers to any mode.
Mode	Select a filtering mode: Discard or Permit.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding IP filter rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding IP filter rule.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting MAC Filter

This section describes how to filter the prohibited MAC addresses.

Steps

1. Select **Security > MAC Filter**. The following page is displayed.

中文

Status

Network

Security

Application

Administration

Help

Logout

Firewall

MAC Filter

Service List

Help

If you choose the Permit mode, please add the MAC address of your PC first, otherwise web access is not allowed.

Enable ☐

Mode

Discard

Type

Bridge

Protocol

IP

Source MAC Address

:::::

Destination MAC Address

:::::

Add

Type	Protocol	Source MAC Address	Destination MAC Address	Modify	Delete
There is no data, please add one first.					

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enables or disables the MAC filter function. This function is disabled by default.
Mode	Select a filtering mode: Discard or Permit.
Type	Specifies the type: Bridge, Route, or Bridge+Route.
Protocol	Specifies the protocol: IP, Address Resolution Protocol (ARP), Reverse Address Resolution Protocol (RARP), PPPoE, or ALL.
Source MAC Address	MAC address of the device on the LAN side.
Destination MAC Address	MAC address of the device on the WAN side.
Modify	Click to modify the corresponding MAC filter rule.
Delete	Click to delete the corresponding MAC filter rule.

**Notes:**

If the Permit mode is selected, the MAC address of the local computer must be entered to ensure network connection.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

Checking the Service List

The service list shows the enabled service ports.

Steps

1. Select **Security > Service List**. The following page is displayed.

Service Name	Port	Enable
FTP	21	0
TELNET	23	1
HTTP	80	1
HTTPS	443	1

Service Name	Client IP Address	AP device IP Address
There is no data.		

**Notes:**

- In the lists of services and ports, Enable is 0: indicates Stop; Enable is 1: indicates Start.
- Under normal condition, List of Service Connection recorded Client IP Address and AP device IP Address after log on HTTP.

2. Check the detailed information about the service ports and connections.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting Service Control (Fat AP)

This section describes how to prevent specified IP addresses from accessing the network.

Steps

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

1. Select **Security > Service Control**. The following page is displayed.

中文

Status

Network

Security

Application

Administration

Help

Logout

Firewall

IP Filter

MAC Filter

Service List

Service Control

ALG

?

Help

Enable ☐

Ingress

Start Source IP Address

End Source IP Address

Mode

Discard

Service List

☐ WEB

☐ FTP

☐ TELNET

Add

EnableIngressStart Source IP AddressEnd Source IP AddressModeService ListModifyDelete

There is no data, please add one first.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enables or disables the service control function.
Ingress	Supports LAN, WAN or empty.. The default value is empty, meaning any values.
Start Source IP Address	Start IP address of the source.
End Source IP Address	End IP address of the source.
Mode	The options are Permit and Discard.
Service List	The available options are Web, File Transfer Protocol (FTP), and TELNET. Select one or more options.
Modify	Click  to edit the corresponding access control rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding access control rule.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting the ALG Switch (Fat AP)

This section describes how to configure the ALG switch.

Steps

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

1. Select **Security > ALG**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'Security > ALG' configuration page. The left sidebar menu has 'ALG' selected. The main content area is titled 'Enable ALG' and lists the following protocols with their corresponding checkboxes:

- ☒ FTP ALG
- ☒ TFTP ALG
- ☒ SIP ALG
- ☐ L2TP ALG
- ☒ H323 ALG
- ☒ RTSP ALG
- ☒ PPTP ALG
- ☐ IPSEC ALG

At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Refer to the following table to confirm the protocol name for NAT conversion. Open/close the related ALG switches.

Parameter	Description
FTP ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the FTP protocol.
TFTP ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the TFTP protocol.
SIP ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the SIP protocol.
L2TP ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the L2TP protocol.
H323 ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the H323 protocol.
RTSP ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the RTSP protocol.
PPTP ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the PPTP protocol.
IPSEC ALG	Open/close the NAT conversion switch for the PSEC protocol.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Chapter 6

Application Configuration

Configuring UPnP (Fat AP)

This section describes how to configure UPnP.

Context

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) supports zero-configuration connection. This function helps to discover various network devices automatically.

A devices supporting UPnP can access the network dynamically, obtain the IP address, and send its performance information. If there are DHCP and DNS servers, the device can obtain the DHCP and DNS services automatically.

A devices supporting UPnP can be disconnected from the network automatically without affecting the device itself or other devices in the network.

Steps

1. Select **Application > UPnP**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring UPnP. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Status, Network, Security, Application (selected), Administration, Help, and Logout. On the left side, there is a sidebar menu with options: UPnP (selected), DNS Service, QoS, SNTP, IGMP, MLD Snooping, and LED Control. Below the sidebar, there is a 'Help' button with a question mark icon. The main content area displays the UPnP configuration settings. It includes an 'Enable' checkbox, a 'WAN Connection' dropdown menu, an 'Advertisement Period (in minutes)' input field with the value '30', and an 'Advertisement Time To Live (in hops)' input field with the value '4'. At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable or disable the UPnP function. It is disabled by default.
WAN Connection	Select IGD.WD1.WCD1.WCIP1 or empty. The default value is empty, meaning any values.
Advertisement Period (in minutes)	Set the corresponding advertisement time as required. The unit is minute.
Advertisement Time to Live (in hops)	Set the corresponding time to live (hop count) as required.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting a Device Name (Fat AP)

This section describes how to set a device name.

Steps

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

1. Set the domain name.

- i. Select **Application > DNS Service > Domain Name**. The following page is displayed.



- ii. In the **Domain Name** text box, enter the corresponding domain name, such as **ZTE**.

iii. Click **Submit**.

2. Set the host name.

- i. Select **Application > DNS Service > Hosts**. The following page is displayed.

Host Name

IP Address

Add

The items with disabled buttons are allocated from a DHCP server, which couldn't be operated.

Host Name	IP Address	Modify/Delete
There is no data, please add one first.		

- ii. In the **Host Name** and **IP Address** text boxes, enter the host name and corresponding IP address respectively.

- iii. Click **Add**.

**Notes:**

The items with dimmed buttons are allocated from a DHCP server and cannot be operated.

- Click to edit the corresponding host information.
- Click to delete the corresponding host information.

—END OF STEPS—

QoS Configuration

Quality of Service (QoS) defines the quality agreement on the information transmission and sharing between network users. For example, the allowed transmission delay time, the degree of distortion, and the synchronization of audio and video.

The concept of Class of Service is introduced to QoS frame. By using QoS, ZXV10 W615 can completely control the incoming and outgoing data packets of this device. For the incoming data packet, it is required to convert its field mapping (such as ToS and priority) to queue. For the outgoing data packet, it is required to convert its queue to field mapping.

Configuring Basic QoS Parameters

This section describes how to set basic QoS parameters.

Steps

1. Select **Application > QoS > Basic**. The following page is displayed.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable QoS	Enables or disables the QoS function.
Total Upstream Bandwidth	Specifies the total upstream bandwidth.
Enable Queue Management	Enables or disables the function of congestion management. It is disabled by default.
Scheduler Algorithm	The available algorithms are SP, DWRR and SP_DWRR. SP: Sends the group in a queue with higher priority in descending order of priorities. When the queue with higher priority is empty, the device will send the group in a queue with lower priority. DWRR: the priority cycle by weighting. Each queue is served in turn. SP_DWRR: Adopts SP and DWRR. The queue 0 adopts the SP algorithm. The queue 1 to the queue 7 adopt the DWRR algorithm. That is, using the DWRR scheduler algorithm in priority on the queue 1 to queue 7, and then using the SP scheduler algorithm on the queue 0.
Enable DSCP Re-marking	Enables or disables DSCP re-marking. It is disabled by default.
Enable 802.1p Re-marking	Enables or disables 802.1p processing priorities re-marking. It is disabled by default.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting a Classification Rule

This section describes how to set a classification rule.

Steps

1. Select **Application > QoS > Classification**. The following page is displayed.

Basic

● Classification

Queue Management

SNTp

IGMP

MLD Snooping

LED Control

Enable ☐

DevIn

L2Protocol

L3Protocol

Source MAC Address : : : :

802.1p (0 ~ 7)

Destination Port MIN: MAX: (0 ~ 65535)

DSCP (0 ~ 63)

Proprietary configuration for IPv4

Source IP Address MIN: MAX:

Destination IP Address MIN: MAX:

TOS (0 ~ 255)

IP Precedence (0 ~ 7)

Proprietary configuration for IPv6

Source IPv6 Address MIN: MAX:

Destination IPv6 Address MIN: MAX:

Traffic Class (0 ~ 255)

Flow Label (0 ~ 1048575)

802.1p Re-marking (0 ~ 7)

DSCP Re-marking (0 ~ 63)

Queue Index 1

Add

Rule Description	Modify	Delete
There is no data, please add one first.		

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enables or disables the function of QoS classification configuration.
DevIn	The ingress of packets. Select a LAN interface or the configured SSID. Only one interface type can be selected at a time.
L2Protocol	Specifies the layer-2 protocol for packets. The options are IPv4, IPv6, ARP, and PPPoE.
L3Protocol	Specifies the layer-3 protocol for packets. The options are TCP, UDP, and ICMP.
Source MAC Address	Source MAC address of packets.
802.1p	The flag value of VLAN packets used for setting user priority that ranges between 0 and 7 (0 means that the priority is not set). A greater value indicates a higher priority.
Destination Port MIN/MAX	Specifies the destination port number (minimum value and maximum value) of packets. The range is 0 to 65535.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding rule.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding rule.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding rule.
DSCP	Specifies the DSCP value of packets. The value range is 0 to 63.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding rule.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding rule.
Proprietary configuration for IPv4	
Source IP Address MIN/MAX	Specifies the minimum and maximum values of packet source IP address.
Destination IP Address MIN/MAX	Specifies the minimum and maximum values of packet destination IP address.
TOS	Specifies the service type field of data packets. The range is 0 to 255.
IP Precedence	IP priority that ranges from 0 to 7 (0 indicates priority unavailable). A greater value indicates a higher priority.
Proprietary configuration for IPv6	
Source IPv6 Address MIN/MAX	Specifies the minimum and maximum values of packet source IPv6 address.
Destination IPv6 Address MIN/MAX	Specifies the minimum and maximum values of packet destination IPv6 address.

Parameter	Description
Traffic Class	Specifies the traffic type ranging from 0 to 255.
Flow Label	Specifies the flow flag ranging from 0 to 1048575.
802.1p Re-marking	The re-marking value of 802.1p processing priority. The value range is 0 to 7 (0 means that the priority is not set). A greater value indicates a higher priority.
DSCP Re-marking	Specifies the re-marking value of DSCP. The value range is 0 to 63.
Queue Index	Specifies the corresponding management queue number that ranges from 1 to 8.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring Congestion Management

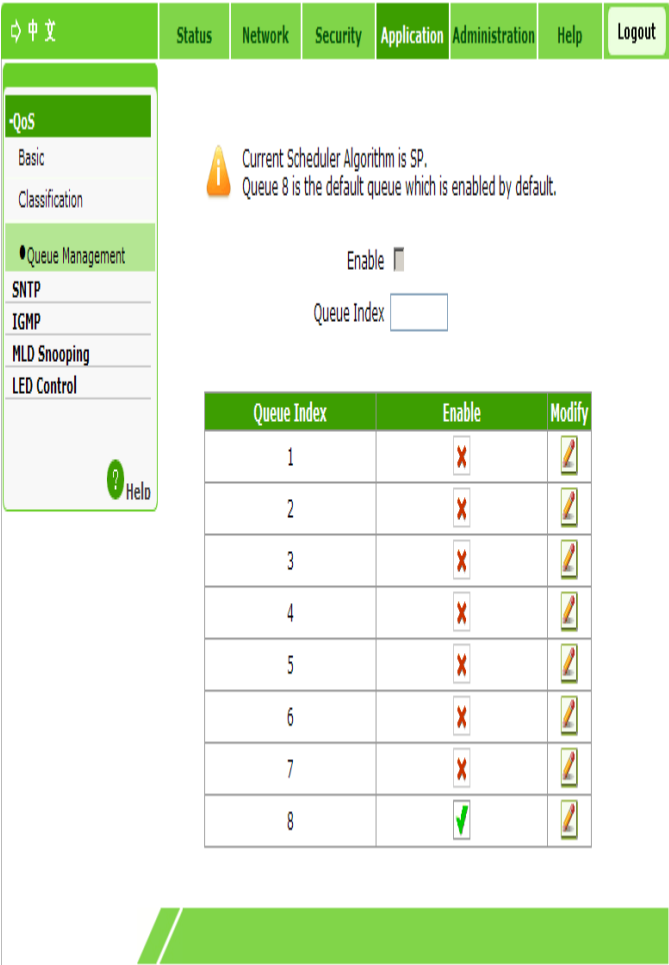
This section describes how to configure congestion management.

Context

The default congestion management algorithm is SP. The default queue is Queue 8. Congestion management is enabled by default.

Steps

1. Select **Application > QoS > Queue Management**. The following page is displayed.



2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enables or disables the configuration function of QoS queues.
Queue Index	Includes Queue 1- Queue 8. Queue 8 is enabled by default.

3. Click the icon of the queue to be modified. Select or clear the **Enable** check box.

4. Click **Modify**.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring SNTP

This section describes how to configure time management to achieve time synchronization with the time server.

Steps

1. Select **Application > SNTP**. The following page is displayed.

Current Date and Time 1970-01-01T03:02:19

Time Zone (GMT+08:00) Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Urumqi, etc.

Primary NTP Server Address

Secondary NTP Server Address

Poll Interval 86400 sec

Enable Daylight Saving Time ☐

DSCP 0 (0 ~ 63)

Submit Cancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Current Date and Time	Displays the current date and time of the device.
Time Zone	Specifies the time zone where the device is located.
Primary NTP Server Address	Specifies the address or domain name of the primary Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.
Secondary NTP Server Address	Specifies the address or domain name of the secondary NTP server.
Poll Interval	The interval of server time synchronization. It is 86400 seconds by default.
Enable Daylight Saving Time	Enables or disables the daylight saving time function. It is disabled by default.
DSCP	Specifies the DSCP value. The value range is 0-63.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

IGMP Configuration

The multicast function allows sending the same data to several devices.

The IP host uses the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) to report the qualifications of multicast group members to the neighboring router by sending data. At the same time, the multicast router uses the IGMP to find which hosts belong to the same multicast group.

The device supports processing IGMP packets through the IGMP proxy. When the IGMP proxy is enabled, the LAN host can request to join in or leave the multicast group. The multicast router can send multicast packets to the multicast group at the WAN side and serve as the proxy.

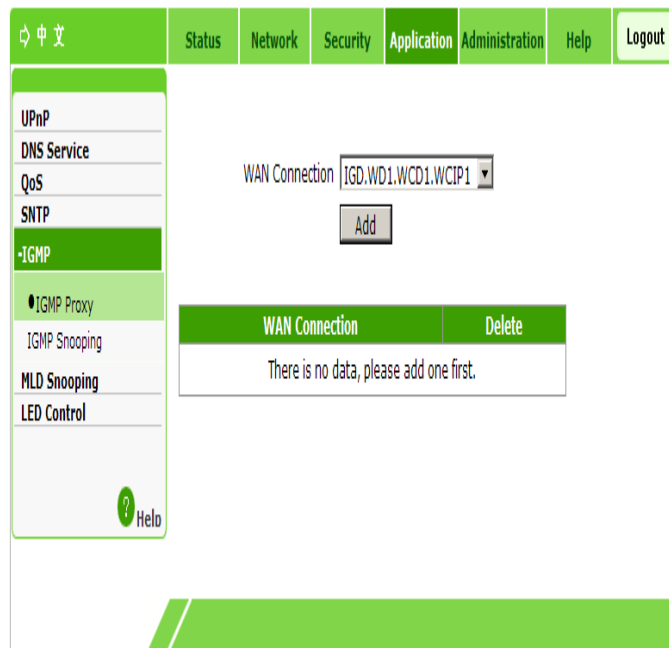
Configuring WAN Connection (Fat AP)

This section describes how to configure WAN connection.

Steps

The AP mode of the device is **Fat**.

1. Select **Application > IGMP > WAN Proxy**. The following page is displayed.



2. Select **IGD.WD1.WCD1.WCIP1** or **WANBRIDGE1** as the WAN connection.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring IGMP Snooping

This section describes how to configure IGMP snooping.

Steps

1. Select **Application > IGMP > IGMP Snooping**. The following page is displayed.



2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable IGMP Proxy	Enables or disables the IGMP proxy function. It is disabled by default.
Enable IGMP Snooping	Enables or disables the IGMP snooping function. It is enabled by default.
Enable IGMP Snooping Enhancement	Enables or disables the IGMP snooping enhancement function. It is enabled by default.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring MLD Snooping

This section describes how to configure Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping.

Steps

1. Select **Application > MLD Snooping**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the ZXV10 W615 web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: 中文, Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The 'Application' tab is selected. On the left, a sidebar menu lists: QoS, SNTP, IGMP, MLD Snooping (highlighted), and LED Control. Below the sidebar is a 'Helo' button with a question mark icon. The main content area displays two settings: 'Enable MLD Snooping' with a checked checkbox and 'Enable MLD Snooping Enhancement' with a checked checkbox. At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Based on the actual requirement, select or clear **Enable MLD Snooping** and **Enable MLD Snooping Enhancement**. Two parameters are all enabled by default.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring LED Control

This section describes how to configure LED control.

Steps

1. Select **Application > LED Control**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the ZXV10 W615 web interface with the 'LED Control' option selected in the sidebar menu. The main content area displays 'Enable LED' with a checked checkbox. The 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom right.

2. Enable or disable the LED function.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Chapter 7

Management Configuration

Managing SNMPv1/v2c

This section describes how to configure SNMPv1/v2c management.

Steps

1. Select **Administration** > **SNMPv1/v2c**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the SNMPv1/v2c configuration page. The navigation tabs at the top are Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration (selected), Help, and Logout. The left sidebar menu includes SNMPv1/v2c (selected), SNMPv3 Security(USM), SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM), User Management, System Management, Log Management, AP Management, and Diagnosis. The main configuration area contains the following fields:

- Enable SNMP: ☒
- Trap Server IP: 192.168.1.1
- Trap Server2 IP: (empty)
- Trap Server Port: 162 (range 1 ~ 65535)
- Read Community: public
- Write Community: private

At the bottom right, there are Submit and Cancel buttons.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable SNMP	Enables or disables the SNMP function. The default value is enabled.
Trap Server IP	Enter the IP address of the Trap server, for example, 192.168.1.1.
Trap Server2 IP	Enter the IP address of the standby Trap server.

Parameter	Description
Trap Server Port	Enter the port number of the Trap server within the range 1–65535. The default value is 162.
Read Community	The default password is public.
Write Community	The default password is private.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

SNMPv3 Security Management (USM)

Managing SNMPv3 Users

This section describes how to manage SNMPv3 users.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > SNMPv3 Security (USM) > SNMPv3 Users**. The following page is displayed.

Security Name	Authentication Protocol	Privacy Protocol	Modify	Delete
nanpuser				
anpuser	MD5			
apuser	MD5	DES		

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Security Name	User name.
Authentication Protocol	The options are None, MD5, and SHA.

Parameter	Description
Authentication Password	Authentication password.
Privacy Protocol	The options are None and DES.
Privacy Password	Encryption password.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding SNMPv3 user information.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding SNMPv3 user information.

3. Click **Add**.

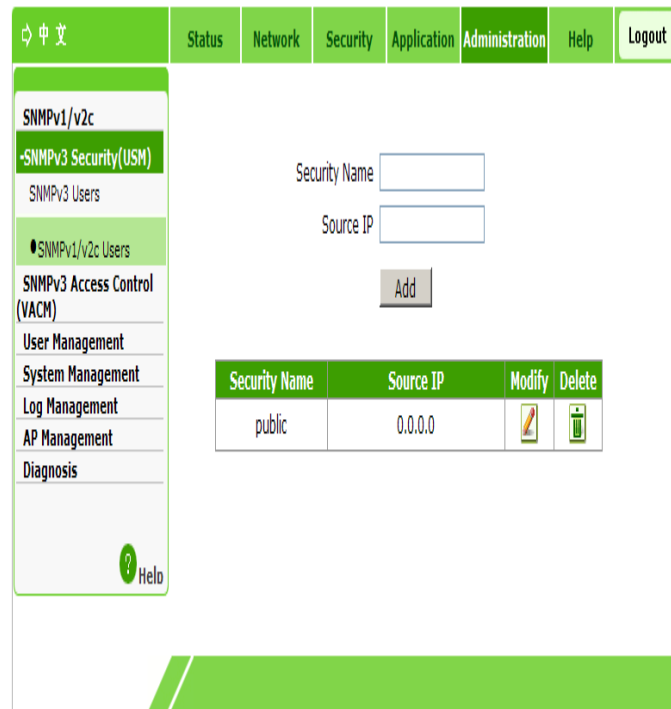
—END OF STEPS—

Managing SNMPv1/v2c Users

This section describes how to manage SNMPv1/v2c users.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > SNMPv3 Security (USM) > SNMPv1/v2c Users**. The following page is displayed.



The screenshot shows the web interface for managing SNMPv1/v2c users. The top navigation bar includes links for Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The left sidebar shows a tree structure with 'SNMPv1/v2c' expanded, and 'SNMPv1/v2c Users' selected. The main content area has two input fields: 'Security Name' and 'Source IP', followed by an 'Add' button. Below this is a table with columns: Security Name, Source IP, Modify, and Delete. The table contains one entry with 'public' as the Security Name and '0.0.0.0' as the Source IP. The 'Modify' and 'Delete' columns contain icons for editing and deleting the user.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Security Name	User name.
Source IP	Start IP address of the source.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding SNMPv1/v2c user

Parameter	Description
	information.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding SNMPv1/v2c user information.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

SNMPv3 Access Control Management (VACM)

Managing Context

This section describes how to manage the context.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM) > Context**.
The following page is displayed.



2. Enter the context information. The default is "".

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Managing Security Groups

This section describes how to manage security groups.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM) > Security To Group**. The following page is displayed.

中文

Status

Network

Security

Application

Administration

Help

Logout

SNMPv1/v2c

SNMPv3 Security(USM)

SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM)

Context

Security To Group

View Tree Family

Access Table

User Management

System Management

Log Management

AP Management

Diagnosis

Help

Security Model USM

Security Name nanpuser

Group Name

Add

Security Model	Security Name	Group Name	Modify	Delete
USM	nanpuser	readgroup		
USM	anpuser	writgroup		
USM	apuser	writgroup		

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Security Model	Supports USM, SNMPv1, and SNMPv2c.
Security Name	Supports nanpuser,anpuser,apuser.
Group Name	Specifies the group name.
Modify	Click to modify the corresponding security group information.
Delete	Click to delete the corresponding security group information.

3. Click **Add**.

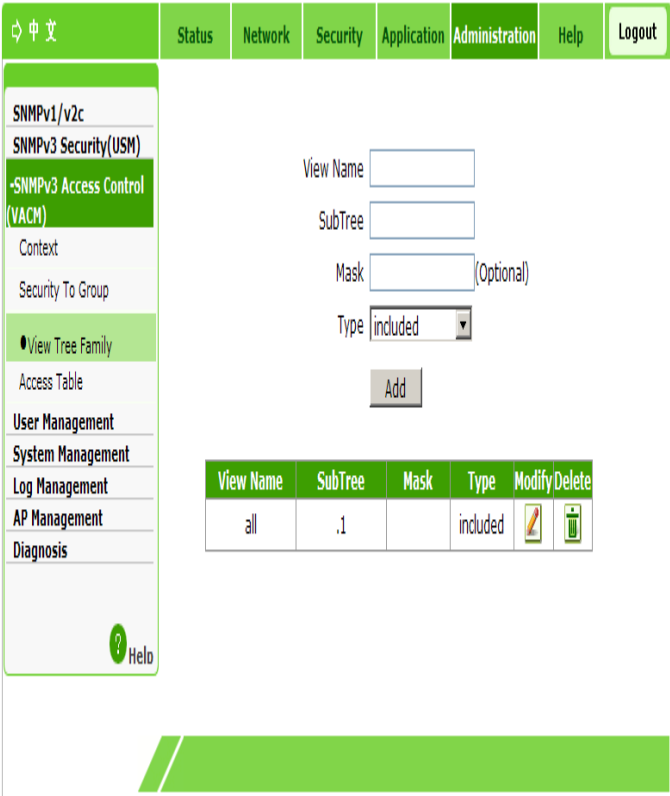
—END OF STEPS—

Managing View Subtree

This section describes how to configure the view subtree.

Steps

1. Select **Adminsitration > SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM) > View Tree Family**. The following page is displayed.



2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
View Name	View name.
SubTree	Subtree name.
Mask	(Optional) Subnet mask.
Type	The options are included and excluded.
Modify	Click  to modify the corresponding view information.
Delete	Click  to delete the corresponding view information.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

Managing the Access Table

This section describes how to manage the access table.

Steps

1. Select **Adminstration > SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM) > Access Table**. The following page is displayed.

中文

Status

Network

Security

Application

Administration

Help

Logout

SNMPv1/v2c

SNMPv3 Security(USM)

+SNMPv3 Access Control (VACN)

Context

Security To Group

View Tree Family

Access Table

User Management

System Management

Log Management

AP Management

Diagnosis

Help

Group Name

readgroup

Context Prefix

Security Model

USM

Security Level

noAuthNoPriv

Context Match

exact

Read View Name

none

Write View Name

none

Notify View Name

none

Add

Group Name	Context Prefix	Authentication Protocol	Security Level	Modify	Delete
Context Match	Read View Name	Write View Name	Notify View Name		
readgroup	""	USM	noAuthNoPriv		
exact	all	none	none		
writergroup	""	USM	authNoPriv		
exact	all	all	all		

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Group Name	Group name.
Context Prefix	Information on the context prefix.
Security Model	Supports USM, SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, and any.
Security Level	Supports noAuthNoPriv, authNoPriv, and authPriv.
Context Match	The options are exact and prefix.
Read View Name	The options are none and all.
Write View Name	The options are none and all.
Notify View Name	The options are none and all.
Modify	Click to modify the corresponding access table information.
Delete	Click to delete the corresponding access table information.

3. Click **Add**.

—END OF STEPS—

User Management

Managing Users

This section describes how to manage users. You can modify the admin password and create a common account.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > User Management > User Management**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the web interface for User Management. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration (selected), Help, and Logout. On the left, a sidebar menu lists various management options: SNMPv1/v2c, SNMPv3 Security(USM), SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM), *User Management (selected), •User Management, Auto Logout Management, System Management, Log Management, AP Management, and Diagnosis. Below the sidebar, there is a 'Hello' button with a question mark icon. The main content area displays the 'User Privilege' section with two radio buttons: 'Administrator' (selected) and 'User'. Below this, there are four text input fields: 'Username' (containing 'admin'), 'Old Password', 'New Password', and 'Confirmed Password'. At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
User Privilege	Determines whether to modify the management maintenance account or common account.
Username	The management maintenance account is admin and it cannot be modified. The common account is user and it can be modified.
Old Password	To modify the password of the management maintenance account, enter the original login password.
New Password	New password of the corresponding user.
Confirmed Password	To make a confirmation, enter the new password again.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Managing Automatic Logout

This section describes how to configure automatic logout.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > User Management > Auto Logout Management**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'Auto Logout Management' configuration page. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration (selected), Help, and Logout. On the left, a sidebar menu shows 'User Management' expanded, with 'Auto Logout Management' selected. The main content area displays a 'Timeout' field with the value '5' and a range '(5 ~ 60 min)'. At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Set the timeout period within the range of 5 to 60 minutes. The default is 5 minutes.
3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

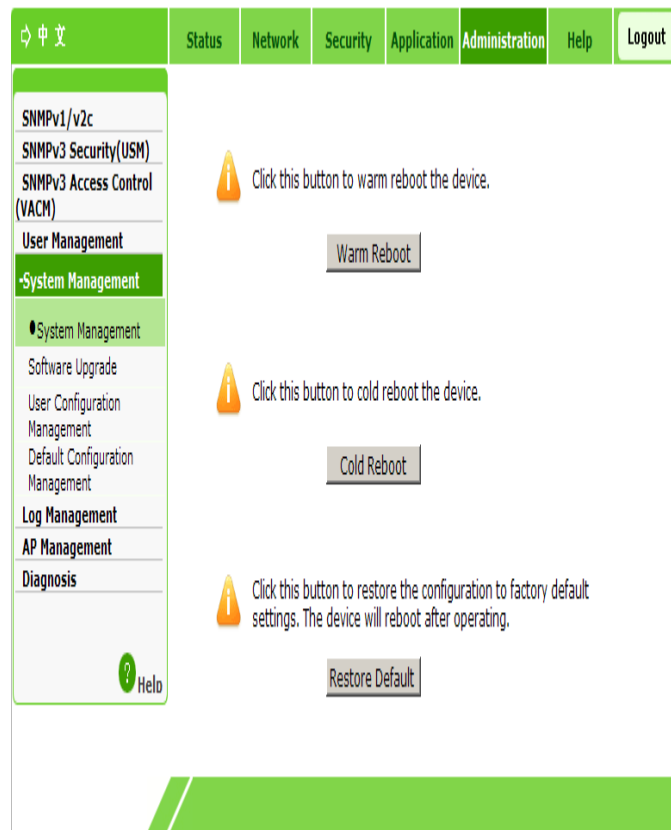
Device Management

Configuring System Management

This section describes how to configure system management.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > System Management > System Management**. The following page is displayed.



2. You can restart the device or restore default settings.

- ▶ Click **Warm Reboot** for a warm restart of the device.
- ▶ Click **Cold Reboot** for a cold restart of the device.
- ▶ Click **Restore Default** to restore the factory settings.

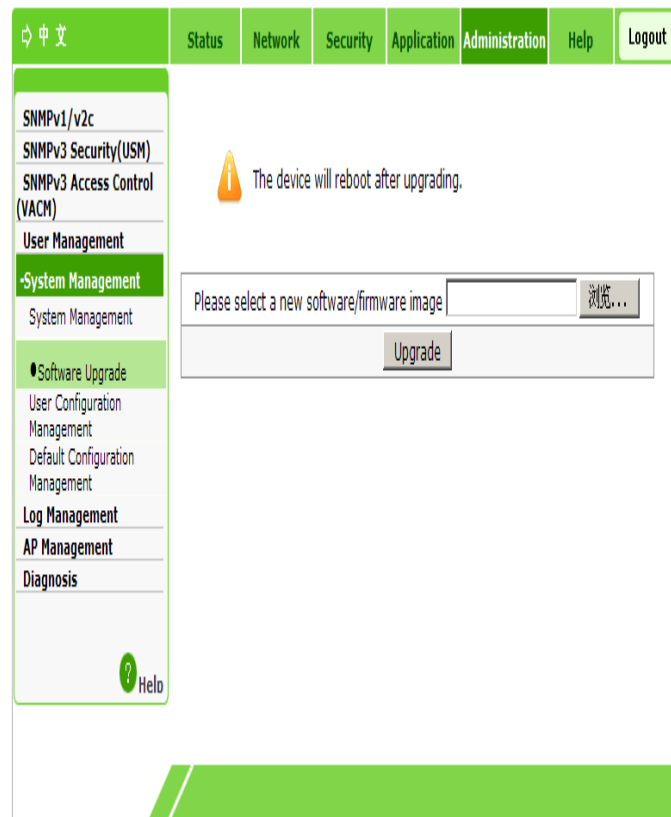
—END OF STEPS—

Setting Version Upgrade

This section describes how to upgrade the ZXV10 W615 system through a Web page.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > User Management > Software Upgrade**. The following page is displayed.



Notes:

You need to wait patiently when the software of the device is being upgraded, and pay attention to the prompt in the page. To prevent the device from being damaged, do not turn off the power or restart the device.

2. Click **Browse** to select the desired software version file.
3. Click **Upgrade** to upgrade the software version.

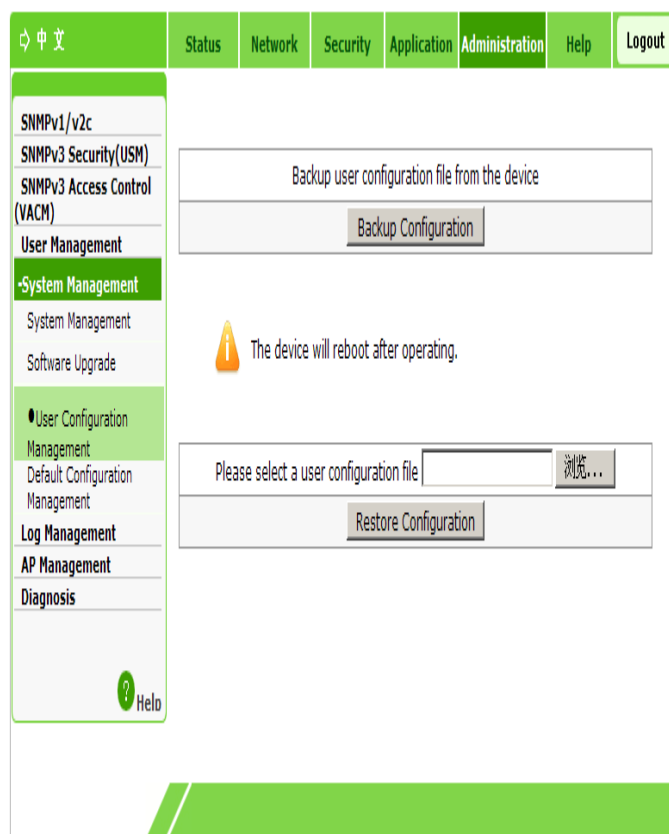
—END OF STEPS—

Managing User Configuration

This section describes how to manage user configuration.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > System Management > User Configuration Management**. The following page is displayed.



2. Choose backup operation or configuration import based on the actual requirement.

► To export a configuration file, do as follow:

Click **Backup Configuration**. Then, the system backs up the current configuration file of the device.

► To import a configuration file, do as follow:

i. Click **Browse** and select the configuration file to be imported.

ii. Click **Restore Configuration**. Then, the specified configuration file is imported.



Notes:

The device automatically restarts after the operation is completed.

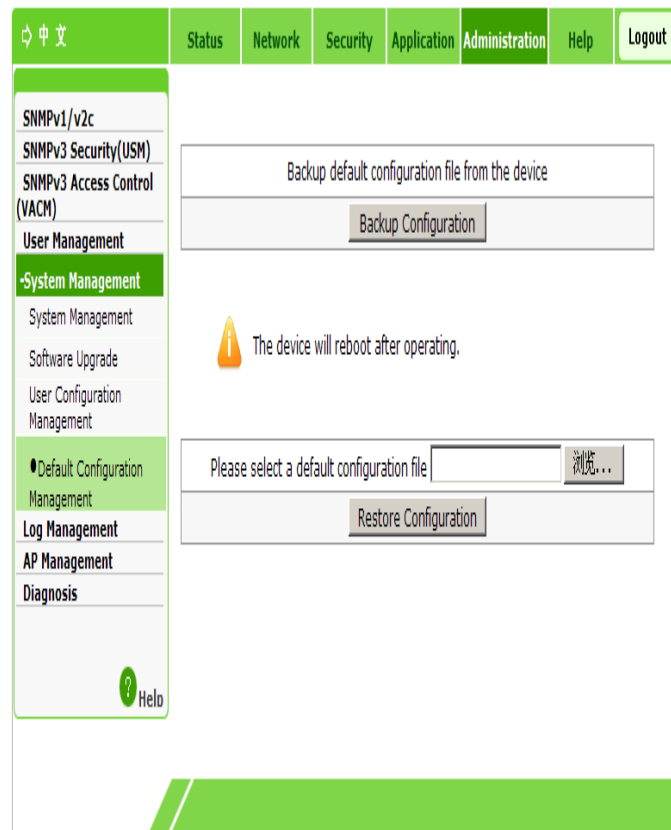
—END OF STEPS—

Managing the Default Configuration

This section describes how to manage the default configuration.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > System Management > Default Configuration Management**. The following page is displayed.



2. Choose backup operation or configuration import based on the actual requirement.

► To export a configuration file, do as follow:

Click **Backup Configuration**. Then, the system backs up the default configuration file of the device.

► To import the default configuration file, do as follows:

i. Click **Browse** and select the default configuration file to be imported.

ii. Click **Restore Configuration**. Then, the specified default configuration file is imported.



Notes:

The device automatically restarts after the operation is completed.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring Log Management

This section describes how to configure log management.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > Log Management**. The following page is displayed.

中文 Status Network Security Application Administration Help Logout

SNMPv1/v2c
SNMPv3 Security(USM)
SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM)
User Management
System Management
Log Management
AP Management
Diagnosis

Enable Save Log ☒

Log Level Notice

Enable Remote Log ☐

Log Server Address

Manufacturer: ZTE;
ProductClass: ZXV10 W615 V3;
SerialNumber: ZTENW3611100035;
IP: 192.168.0.228;
HWVer: V3.0;
SWVer: V2.0;

P0000-00-00T00:00:28 [Error] Critical log! Wanc Disconnect because Ipv4 Wan Eth Port Disconnect! WAND is IGD.WD1
P0000-00-00T00:40:34 [Error] Critical log! Wanc Disconnect because Ipv4 Wan Eth Port Disconnect! WAND is IGD.WD1
P0000-00-00T02:12:42 [Error] Critical log! Wanc Disconnect because Ipv4 Wan Eth Port Disconnect! WAND is IGD.WD1
P0000-00-00T02:15:27 [Error] Critical log! Wanc Disconnect

Refresh Clear Log

Download Log

Download log file from the device

Submit Cancel

2. Configure the parameters. Refer to the following table.

Parameter	Description
Enable Save Log	Enables or disables the function of log server management. It is enabled by default.
Log Level	Log levels are Debug, Informational, Notice, Warning, Error, Critical, Alert, and Emergency with the priority in ascending order. After a log level is selected, only logs of the selected level and with higher levels will be recorded.
Enable Remote Log	Enables or disables the function of the remote login to the log server. It is disabled by default.
Log Server Address	Specifies the IP address of remote log server.

3. Click the corresponding button as needed.

- ▶ Click **Refresh** to view the latest log records.
- ▶ Click **Clear Log** to clear the current log records.
- ▶ Click **Download Log** to save the log information to a local disk.
- ▶ Click **Submit** to display the log information of the corresponding log level

in the square box on the page.

—END OF STEPS—

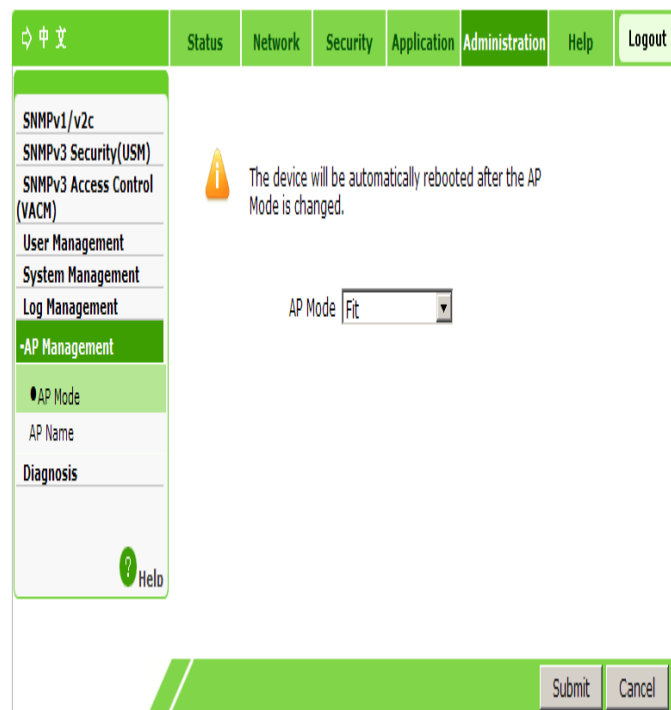
Access Point Management

Setting the AP Mode

This section describes to set the AP mode.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > AP Management > AP Mode**. The following page is displayed.



2. Set the AP mode, **Fat** or **Fit**, based on the actual requirement.



Notes:

After the AP mode is changed, the device restarts automatically.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

Setting an AP Name

This section describes how to set an AP name.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > AP Management > AP Name**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the ZTE ZXV10 W615 web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: 中文, Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration, Help, and Logout. The left sidebar contains a menu with the following items: SNMPv1/v2c, SNMPv3 Security(USM), SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM), User Management, System Management, Log Management, *AP Management (highlighted), AP Mode, AP Name (highlighted), Diagnosis, and a Help icon. The main content area displays the 'AP Name' configuration page. It features a text box labeled 'AP Name' containing the value 'AP4CAC0A4FAD96'. At the bottom right of the page, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. In the **AP Name** text box, set the corresponding name.

3. Click **Submit**.

—END OF STEPS—

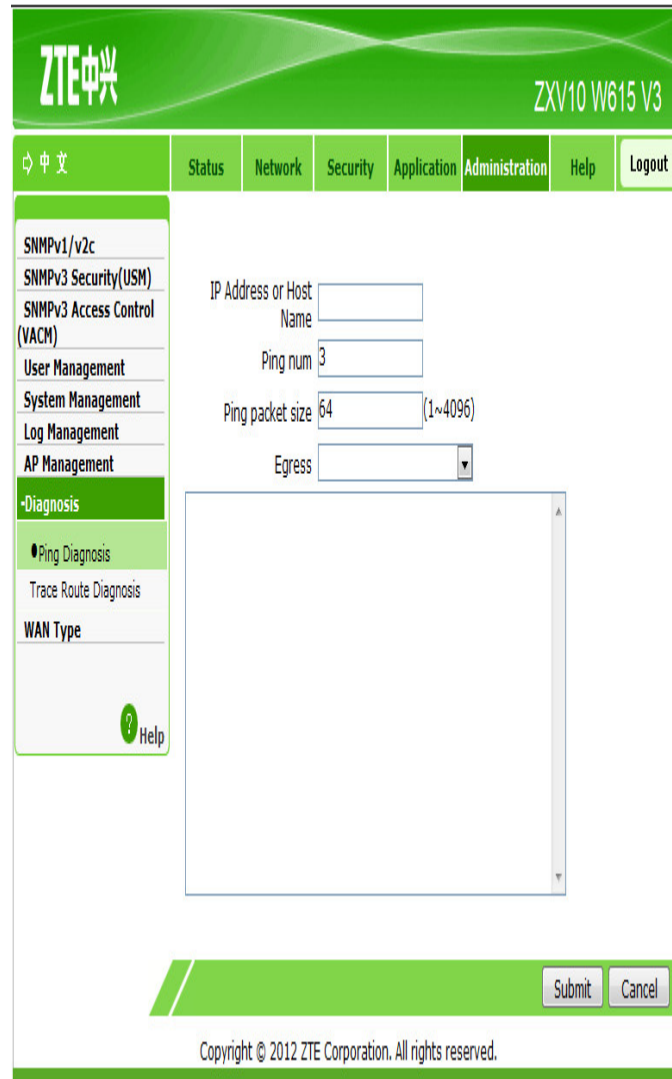
Diagnosis Configuration

Performing Ping Diagnosis

This section describes how to configure Ping diagnosis to detect device faults.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > Diagnosis > Ping Diagnosis**. The following page is displayed.



2. In the **IP Address or Host Name** text box, type the host IP address or host name.
3. In the **Ping num** text box, type the Ping times.
4. In the **Ping packet size** text box, type the suitable Ping packet size. The value range is 1–4096.
5. In **Egress** drop-down box, select the egress to be diagnosed.



Notes:

Egress supports LAN, WAN and empty. The default value is empty, meaning any values.

6. Click **Submit**. The Ping result is displayed in the text box below.

—END OF STEPS—

Configuring Trace Route Diagnosis

Disconnected network nodes can be determined through Trace Route, which helps locate faults.

Steps

1. Select **Administration > Diagnosis > Trace Route Diagnosis**. The following page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the web interface for the Trace Route Diagnosis tool. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Status, Network, Security, Application, Administration (selected), Help, and Logout. On the left side, there is a sidebar menu with the following items: SNMPv1/v2c, SNMPv3 Security(USM), SNMPv3 Access Control (VACM), User Management, System Management, Log Management, AP Management, and a collapsed 'Diagnosis' section. The 'Diagnosis' section is expanded, showing 'Ping Diagnosis' and 'Trace Route Diagnosis' (which is selected). Below the sidebar, there is a 'Help' button with a question mark icon. The main content area contains the following fields: 'IP Address or Host Name' (text box), 'WAN Connection' (dropdown menu), 'Maximum Hops' (text box with value 30 and range 2 ~ 64), and 'Wait Time' (text box with value 5 and range 2 ~ 10 sec). At the bottom right, there are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. In the **IP Address or Host Name** text box, type the host IP address or host name.
3. In the **WAN Connection** text box, select the WAN connection to be diagnosed
4. In the **Maximum Hops** text box, select the maximum number of hops to be diagnosed.
5. In the **Wait Time** text box, select the timeout period.
6. Click **Submit**. The Trace Route result is displayed in the area in the lower part.

—END OF STEPS—

FCC Regulations:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Caution: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RF Exposure Information

This device complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20cm (8 inches) during normal operation. The antenna of this device must be fixed-mounted on outdoor permanent structures to satisfy RF exposure requirements.

Glossary

ARP - Address Resolution Protocol, Allocation Retention priority

DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DNS - Domain Name System, Domain Name Server

DSCP - Differentiated Services Code Point

FTP - File Transfer Protocol, Foiled Twisted Pair, Floating Termination Point

ICMP - Internet Control Message Protocol

ID - Identification, Identity, Identifier

IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol

IPv4 - Internet Protocol version 4

IPv6 - Internet Protocol Version 6

ISP - Internet Service Provider

MAC - Medium Access Control, Message Authentication Code

MTU - Maximum Transfer Unit, Multi-Tenant Unit, Maximum Transmission Unit

NAT - Network Address Translation

NTP - Network Time Protocol

PoE - Power over Ethernet

QoS - Quality of Service

RARP - Reverse Address Resolution Protocol

SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol

STP - Signaling Trace Part, Signaling Transfer Point, Spanning Tree Protocol, Shielded Twisted Pair, SATA Tunneling Protocol

UDP - User Datagram Protocol

VLAN - Virtual Local Area Network

WEP - Wired Equivalent Privacy

WLAN - Wireless Local Area Network

WPA - Wi-Fi Protected Access