



Report No.: RZA2010-0755-2



OET 65

TEST REPORT

Product Name WCDMA/GSM(GPRS)Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone

Model ZTE-U X850

FCC ID Q78-ZTEUX850

Client ZTE CORPORATION

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.



GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	WCDMA/GSM(GPRS)Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone	Model	ZTE-U X850
FCC ID	Q78-ZTEUX850	Report No.	RZA2010-0755-2
Client	ZTE CORPORATION		
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION		
Reference Standard(s)	<p>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.</p> <p>SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438 June 19, 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.</p> <p>IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.</p>		
Conclusion	<p>Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this test report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report.</p> <p>General Judgment: Pass</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(Stamp)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Date of issue: June 3rd, 2010</p> 		
Comment	The test result only responds to the measured sample.		

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Test Report

TABLE OF CONTENT

1. General Information	5
1.1. Notes of the test report	5
1.2. Testing laboratory	5
1.3. Applicant Information	6
1.4. Manufacturer Information.....	6
1.5. Information of EUT.....	7
1.6. Test Date	8
2. Operational Conditions during Test	9
2.1. General description of test procedures	9
2.2. GSM Test Configuration.....	9
2.3. WIFI Test Configuration	10
3. SAR Measurements System Configuration.....	11
3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up	11
3.2. DASY4 E-field Probe System	12
3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification	12
3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration.....	13
3.3. Other Test Equipment	13
3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters	13
3.3.2. Phantom	14
3.4. Scanning procedure.....	14
3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation	16
3.5.1. Data Storage.....	16
3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD	16
3.6. System check.....	19
3.7. Equivalent Tissues	20
4. Laboratory Environment.....	21
5. Characteristics of the Test.....	22
5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations	22
5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards	22
6. Conducted Output Power Measurement.....	23
6.1. Summary	23
6.2. Conducted Power Results	23
7. Test Results	25
7.1. Dielectric Performance.....	25
7.2. System Check Results	26
7.3. Test Results	27
7.3.1. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM850/GPRS/EGPRS).....	27
7.3.2. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM1900/GPRS/EGPRS).....	28
7.3.3. Summary of Measurement Results (BT/WIFI function).....	29
8. Measurement Uncertainty	32

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

9. Main Test Instruments	33
ANNEX A: Test Layout	34
ANNEX B: System Check Results	38
ANNEX C: Graph Results	44
ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate	99
ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	110
ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	119
ANNEX G: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	128
ANNEX H: DAE4 Calibration Certificate	137
ANNEX I: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration	142

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 5 of 146

1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the test report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

1.2. Testing laboratory

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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

1.3. Applicant Information

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1.4. Manufacturer Information

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City: Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518057
Country: P.R. China
Telephone: 021-68897541
Fax: 021-50801070

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

1.5. Information of EUT

General information

Device type:	portable device		
Exposure category:	uncontrolled environment / general population		
Product Name:	WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone		
SN:	351816040012753		
Device operating configurations :			
Operating mode(s):	GSM850; (tested) GSM1900; (tested) GSM900; GSM1800; WCDMA Band I WCDMA Band VIII		
Test Modulation:	(GSM)GMSK		
GPRS multislot class :	12		
EGPRS multislot class :	12		
Maximum no. of timeslots in uplink:	4		
Maximum Output Power:	GSM 850	32.41 dBm	
	GSM 1900	29.46 dBm	
	802.11b	13.45 dBm	
	802.11g	14.08 dBm	
Maximum localized SAR _{1g} :	Band	Head (W/kg)	Body (W/kg)
	GSM 850	0.671	0.623
	GSM 1900	0.926	0.342
	802.11b	0.293	0.122
	802.11g	0.288	0.106
Operating frequency range(s):	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824.2 ~ 848.8	869.2 ~ 893.8
	GSM 1900	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1930.2 ~ 1989.8
Power class	GSM 850: 4, tested with power level 5		
	GSM 1900: 1, tested with power level 0		
Hardware version:	p3zB		
Software version:	P726VVV1.0.0B01		
Antenna type:	internal antenna		

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 8 of 146

Auxiliary equipment details

AE1:Battery

Model: Li3710T42P3h553457
Manufacturer: ZTE CORPORATION
IMEI or SN: 10091001201103111

AE2:Travel Adaptor

Model: STC-A22050I700M5-A
Manufacturer: MADE IN CHINA BY RUIDE
IMEI or SN: /

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of WCDMA/GSM(GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone with Bluetooth with internal antenna. The detail about Mobile phone, Lithium Battery and AC/DC Adapter is in chapter 1.5 in this report. SAR is tested for GSM850, GSM 1900.

The sample under test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. Test Date

The test is performed from May 18, 2010 to May 27, 2010.

2. Operational Conditions during Test

2.1. General description of test procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 in the case of GSM 850, allocated to 512, 661 and 810 in the case of GSM 1900; The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power. The client provided a program for SAR test, which enable engineer to control the frequency and output power of the handset.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. the power lever is set to "5" in SAR of GSM 850, set to "0" in SAR of GSM 1900. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

2.2. GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850, GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power lever is set to "5" in SAR of GSM850, set to "0" in SAR of GSM1900. The test in the band of GSM 850, GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of speech transfer function and GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT; it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink.

SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Table 1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

2.3. WIFI Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. When the maximum average output channel in each frequency band is not included in the “default test channels”, the maximum channel should be tested instead of an adjacent “default test channels”, these are referred to as the “required test channels” and are illustrated in table 1.

And according to the "3 dB rule" FCC Public Notice, DA 02-1948, June 19.2002 " **If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s)**". Then The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is firstly allocated to 2437 respectively in the case of 802.11b/g.

Table 2: “Default Test Channels”

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	“Default Test Channels”		
				15.247		UNII
				802.11b	802.11g	
802.11b/g	2.412	1 [#]		√	*	
	2.437	6	6	√	*	
	2.462	11 [#]		√	*	

Note: [#]=when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

√= “ default test channels”

* =possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output 0.25dB>=the “default test channels”

3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

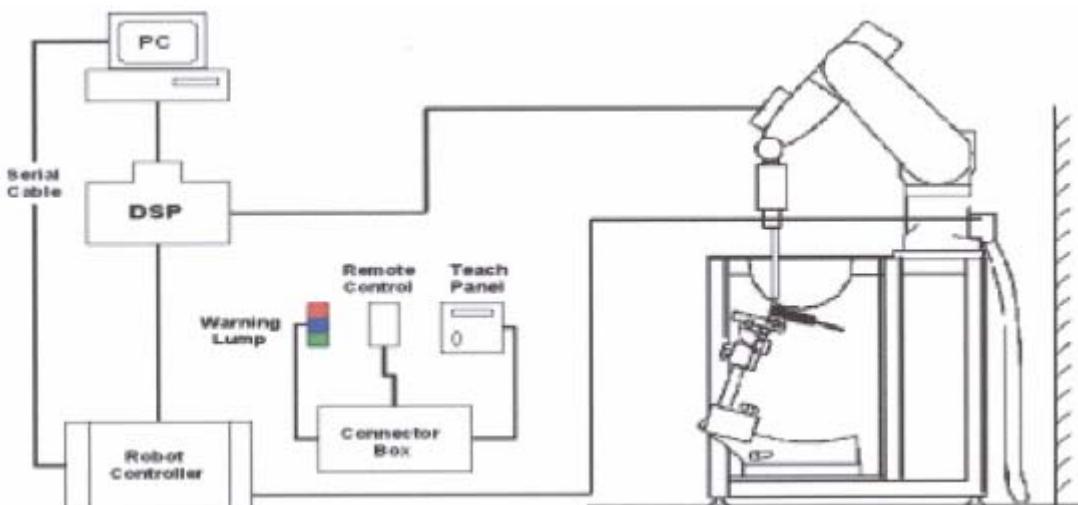


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

3.2. DASY4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 835, HSL 900, HSL 1750 and HSL 1950 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



Figure 2. EX3DV4 E-field Probe



Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
 C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

3.3. Other Test Equipment

3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4. Device Holder

3.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available	Special



Figure 5. Generic Twin Phantom

3.4. Scanning procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$.
- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)
- Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid

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Test Report

spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- **Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	Conv F_i
	- Diode compression point	Dcp _i

Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf

Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal,

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 17 of 146

the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c_f / d_{cp_i}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

c_f = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

d_{cp_i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot .) / (\cdot 1000)$$

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3.6. System check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 8 and table 9

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY4 system.

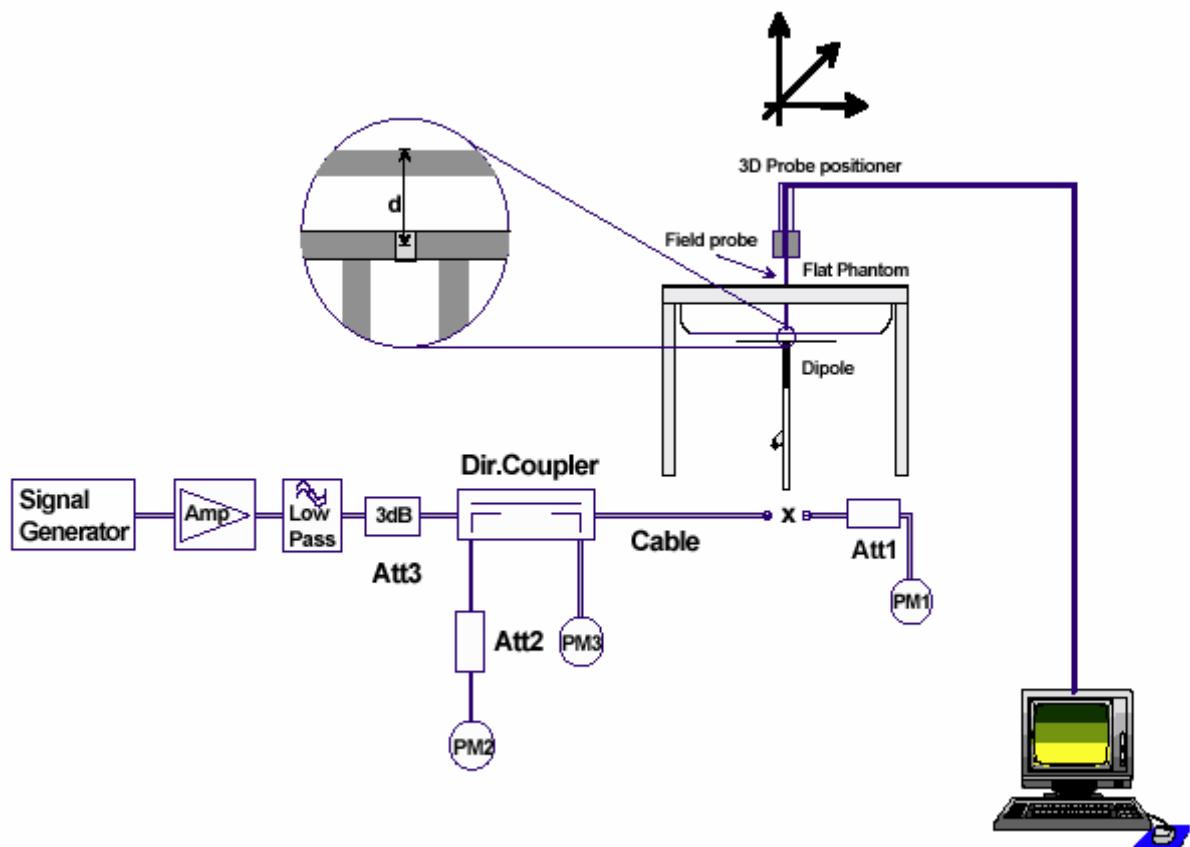


Figure 6. System Check Set-up

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 2 and Table 3 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

Table 3: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz		
Water	41.45		
Sugar	56		
Salt	1.45		
Preventol	0.1		
Cellulose	1.0		
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$f=835\text{MHz}$ $\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.9$		

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain)1900MHz		
Water	55.242		
Glycol monobutyl	44.452		
Salt	0.306		
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$f=1900\text{MHz}$ $\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$		

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY 2450MHz		
Water	62.7		
Glycol	36.8		
Salt	0.5		
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$f=2450\text{MHz}$ $\epsilon=39.20$ $\sigma=1.80$		

Table 4: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body)835MHz		
Water	52.5		
Sugar	45		
Salt	1.4		
Preventol	0.1		
Cellulose	1.0		
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$f=835\text{MHz}$ $\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$		

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 21 of 146

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY (Body) 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters	f=1900MHz $\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$
Target Value	

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY 2450MHz
Water	73.2
Glycol	26.7
Salt	0.1
Dielectric Parameters	f=2450MHz $\epsilon=52.70$ $\sigma=1.95$
Target Value	

4. Laboratory Environment

Table 5: The Ambient Conditions during Test

Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.	
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

5. Characteristics of the Test

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438 June 19, 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

6.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an E5515C communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power.

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 6: Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM 850		Conducted Power		
		Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
		(824.2MHz)	(836.6MHz)	(848.8MHz)
Before Test (dBm)		32.36	32.40	32.33
After Test (dBm)		32.35	32.41	32.32
GSM 1900		Conducted Power		
		Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
		(1850.2MHz)	(1880MHz)	(1909.8MHz)
Before Test (dBm)		29.43	29.46	29.43
After Test (dBm)		29.42	29.45	29.42

Average Power

GSM 850+GPRS		Conducted Power						
		CH128	CH190	CH251		CH128	CH190	CH251
1 timeslot	Before Test (dBm)	32.36	32.40	32.33	-9.03dB	23.33	23.37	23.30
	After Test (dBm)	32.35	32.41	32.32	-9.03dB	23.32	23.38	23.29
2 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	30.34	30.36	30.29	-6.02dB	24.32	24.34	24.27
	After Test (dBm)	30.33	30.35	30.28	-6.02dB	24.31	24.33	24.26
3 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	28.42	28.43	28.36	-4.26dB	24.16	24.17	24.10
	After Test (dBm)	28.41	28.42	28.35	-4.26dB	24.15	24.16	24.09
4 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	27.28	27.31	27.25	-3.01dB	24.27	24.30	24.24
	After Test (dBm)	27.27	27.30	27.24	-3.01dB	24.26	24.29	24.23
GSM 850+EGPRS		Conducted Power						
		CH128	CH190	CH251		CH128	CH190	CH251

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 24 of 146

1 timeslot	Before Test (dBm)	32.34	32.41	32.33	-9.03dB	23.31	23.38	23.30
	After Test (dBm)	32.32	32.41	32.31	-9.03dB	23.29	23.38	23.28
2 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	30.31	30.32	30.27	-6.02dB	24.29	24.30	24.25
	After Test (dBm)	30.32	30.31	30.29	-6.02dB	24.30	24.29	24.27
3 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	28.40	28.45	28.35	-4.26dB	24.14	24.19	24.09
	After Test (dBm)	28.41	28.43	28.34	-4.26dB	24.15	24.17	24.08
4 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	27.27	27.29	27.23	-3.01dB	24.26	24.28	24.22
	After Test (dBm)	27.28	27.30	27.24	-3.01dB	24.27	24.29	24.23
GSM 1900+GPRS		Conducted Power						
		CH512	CH661	CH810		CH512	CH661	CH810
1 timeslot	Before Test (dBm)	29.42	29.46	29.43	-9.03dB	20.39	20.43	20.4
	After Test (dBm)	29.41	29.45	29.42	-9.03dB	20.38	20.42	20.39
2 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	27.36	27.39	27.35	-6.02dB	21.34	21.37	21.33
	After Test (dBm)	27.35	27.38	27.34	-6.02dB	21.33	21.36	21.32
3 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	25.46	25.50	25.47	-4.26dB	21.2	21.24	21.21
	After Test (dBm)	25.45	25.51	25.46	-4.26dB	21.19	21.25	21.2
4 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	24.31	24.35	24.33	-3.01dB	21.30	21.34	21.32
	After Test (dBm)	24.30	24.34	24.32	-3.01dB	21.29	21.33	21.31
GSM 1900+EGPRS		Conducted Power						
		CH512	CH661	CH810		CH512	CH661	CH810
1 timeslot	Before Test (dBm)	29.40	29.46	29.43	-9.03dB	20.37	20.43	20.4
	After Test (dBm)	29.41	29.45	29.42	-9.03dB	20.38	20.42	20.39
2 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	27.36	27.41	27.33	-6.02dB	21.34	21.39	21.31
	After Test (dBm)	27.35	27.38	27.34	-6.02dB	21.33	21.36	21.32
3 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	25.46	25.53	25.46	-4.26dB	21.20	21.27	21.20
	After Test (dBm)	25.45	25.51	25.46	-4.26dB	21.19	21.25	21.2
4 timeslots	Before Test (dBm)	24.32	24.35	24.33	-3.01dB	21.31	21.34	21.32
	After Test (dBm)	24.30	24.34	24.32	-3.01dB	21.29	21.33	21.31

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

7. Test Results

7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 7: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp °C
		ϵ_r	$\sigma(s/m)$	
835MHz (head)	Target value ±5% window	41.50 39.43 — 43.58	0.90 0.86 — 0.95	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-22	42.28	0.92	
1900MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	40.0 38 — 42	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-21	40.19	1.42	
2450MHz (head)	Target value ±5% window	39.20 37.24 — 41.16	1.80 1.71 — 1.89	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-26	38.81	1.79	

Table 8: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp °C
		ϵ_r	$\sigma(s/m)$	
835MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	55.20 52.44 — 57.96	0.97 0.92 — 1.02	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-21	54.67	1.00	
1900MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	53.3 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-18	52.29	1.56	
2450MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	52.70 50.07 — 55.34	1.95 1.85 — 2.05	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-27	51.83	1.92	

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

7.2. System Check Results

Table 9: System Check for Head tissue simulation liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters		Temp
		10g	1g	ϵ_r	$\sigma(s/m)$	
835MHz	Recommended result ±10% window	1.58 1.42 - 1.74	2.42 2.18 - 2.66	40.5	0.89	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-22	1.62	2.48	42.28	0.92	21.9
1900MHz	Recommended result 10% window	5.38 4.84 - 5.92	10.3 9.27 - 11.33	41	1.42	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-21	5.46	10.6	40.19	1.42	22.1
2450 MHz	Recommended result ±10% window	6.32 5.69-6.95	13.40 12.06- 14.74	40.4	1.78	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-26	6.50	14.05	38.81	1.79	21.7

Note: 1. the graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

Table 10: System Check for Body tissue simulation liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters		Temp
		10g	1g	ϵ_r	$\sigma(s/m)$	
835MHz	Recommended result ±10% window	1.68 1.51 - 1.85	2.56 2.30 - 2.82	53	0.99	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-21	1.68	2.56	54.67	1.00	21.9
1900 MHz	Recommended result ±10% window	5.52 4.97- 6.07	10.50 9.45 — 11.55	54.00	1.55	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-18	5.17	9.73	52.29	1.56	21.7
2450 MHz	Recommended result ±10% window	6.17 5.55-6.79	13.20 11.88- 14.52	53.2	2.00	/
	Measurement value 2010-5-27	6.46	14.00	51.83	1.92	21.7

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

7.3. Test Results

7.3.1. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM850/GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 11: SAR Values (GSM850/GPRS/EGPRS)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results	
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21		
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)		
		10 g Average	1g Average			
Test position of Head						
Left hand, Touch cheek	High	0.474	0.671	-0.148	Figure 13	
	Middle	0.429	0.610	-0.140	Figure 14	
	Low	0.419	0.592	0.105	Figure 15	
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.224(max.cube)	0.299(max.cube)	0.081	Figure 16	
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.386	0.529	-0.034	Figure 17	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.227	0.304	-0.092	Figure 18	
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.380	0.532	-0.038	Figure 19	
	Middle	0.317	0.444	-0.007	Figure 20	
	Low	0.289	0.404	-0.001	Figure 21	
Towards phantom	Middle	0.274	0.376	0.005	Figure 22	
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.311	0.438	0.061	Figure 23	
Test position of Body with GPRS (2Up, Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.446	0.623	-0.043	Figure 24	
Worst case position of Body with EGPRS(2Up, Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.432	0.602	-0.116	Figure 25	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR_{1g} limit ($< 0.8W/kg$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
4. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above; the value from the second assessed cube is given in the SAR distribution plots (See ANNEX C).

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

7.3.2. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM1900/GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 12: SAR Values (GSM1900/GPRS/EGPRS)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results	
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21		
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)		
		10 g Average	1g Average			
Test position of Head						
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.346	0.606	0.020	Figure 26	
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.124	0.202	-0.064	Figure 27	
Right hand, Touch cheek	High	0.302	0.578	-0.031	Figure 28	
	Middle	0.370	0.692	-0.010	Figure 29	
	Low	0.495	0.926	-0.131	Figure 30	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.117	0.180	-0.173	Figure 31	
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.096	0.167	-0.104	Figure 32	
	Middle	0.117	0.206	-0.005	Figure 33	
	Low	0.169	0.296	-0.021	Figure 34	
Towards phantom	Middle	0.095	0.159	0.007	Figure 35	
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	Low	0.163	0.287	-0.047	Figure 36	
Test position of Body with GPRS (2Up, Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	Low	0.195	0.342	-0.036	Figure 37	
Worst case position of Body with EGPRS(2Up, Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	Low	0.194	0.341	-0.098	Figure 38	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR_{1g} limit ($< 0.8W/kg$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

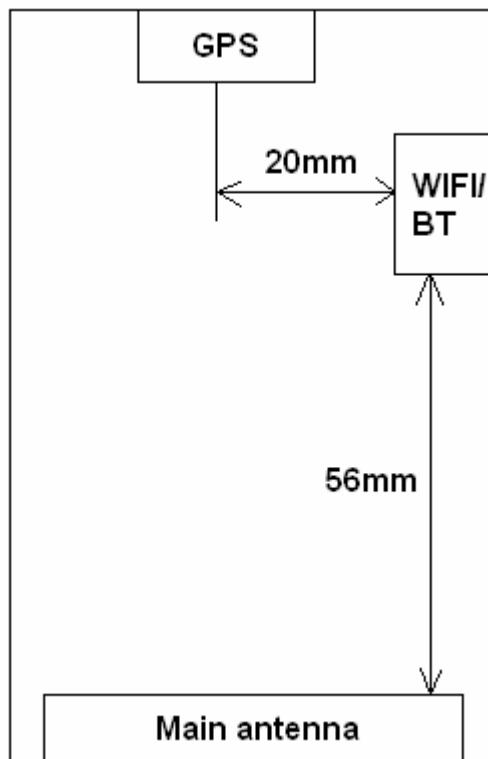
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 29 of 146

7.3.3. Summary of Measurement Results (BT/WIFI function)

The distance between BT/WIFI antenna and main antenna is >5cm. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown below:



The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz
GFSK Test result (dBm)	-3.10	-2.25	-3.23
EDR2M-4_DQPSK Test result (dBm)	-1.24	-0.18	-1.26
EDR3M-8DPSK Test result (dBm)	-1.37	-0.23	-1.31

According to the output power measurement result and the distance between BT/WIFI antenna and main antenna we can draw the conclusion that: stand-alone SAR is not required for BT transmitter, because the output power of BT transmitter is $\leq 2P_{Ref}$ and its antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antenna.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

The output power of WIFI antenna is as following:

Channel	Channel 1 (2412MHz)	Channel 6 (2437MHz)	Channel 11 (2462MHz)
802.11b(dBm)	13.44	13.24	13.45
802.11g(dBm)	14.08	13.99	13.89

Table 13: SAR Values (802.11g)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results	
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21		
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)		
		10 g Average	1g Average			
Test position of Head						
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.118	0.240	0.049	Figure 39	
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High	0.133	0.279	-0.048	Figure 40	
	Middle	0.137	0.288	-0.056	Figure 41	
	Low	0.126	0.265	-0.102	Figure 42	
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.092	0.176	0.102	Figure 43	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.113	0.226	0.013	Figure 44	
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.055	0.093	0.007	Figure 45	
	Middle	0.054	0.092	-0.048	Figure 46	
	Low	0.053	0.091	0.051	Figure 47	
Towards phantom	Middle	0.043	0.078	0.024	Figure 48	
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.061	0.106	0.059	Figure 49	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Table 14: SAR Values (802.11b)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results	
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21		
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)		
		10 g Average	1g Average			
Test position of Head						
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.117	0.235	-0.150	Figure 50	
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High	0.141	0.293	0.010	Figure 51	
	Middle	0.134	0.278	-0.079	Figure 52	
	Low	0.133	0.274	0.017	Figure 53	
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle	0.100	0.196	0.016	Figure 54	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle	0.118	0.232	0.032	Figure 55	
Test position of Body (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	High	0.061	0.104	0.003	Figure 56	
	Middle	0.060	0.104	-0.165	Figure 57	
	Low	0.058	0.101	0.004	Figure 58	
Towards phantom	Middle	0.048	0.087	0.037	Figure 59	
Worst case position of Body with Earphone (Distance 15mm)						
Towards Ground	Middle	0.070	0.122	0.017	Figure 60	
Towards phantom	Middle	0.043	0.077	-0.086	Figure 61	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Simultaneous transmission SAR

Because the distance between the main antenna and BT/Wifi antenna is (5.6cm) > 5cm, and total the maximum 1g SAR for main antenna and BT/Wifi antenna is 1.219 W/kg, less than 1.6 W/kg, So the Simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for wifi transmitter and main antenna. Because the stand-alone SAR is not required for BT transmitter, so the simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for BT transmitter and main antenna. And BT and wifi don't transfer simultaneously.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 32 of 146

8. Measurement Uncertainty

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 33 of 146

20	-phantom	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
21	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6 4	1.8	∞
22	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	5.0	N	1	0.6 4	3.2	∞
23	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	∞
24	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	5.0	N	1	0.6	3.0	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					12.0	
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	k=2		24.0	

9. Main Test Instruments

Table 15: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 13, 2009	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Requested	
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 13, 2010	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent 8481H	MY41091316	March 26, 2010	One year
05	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 13, 2009	One year
06	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Requested	
07	BTS	E5515C	MY48360988	December 4, 2009	One year
08	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3661	December 30, 2009	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	871	November 11, 2009	One year
10	Validation Kit 835MHz	D835V2	4d082	July 13, 2009	One year
11	Validation Kit 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d018	June 26, 2009	One year
12	Validation Kit 2450MHz	D2450V2	735	June 19, 2009	One year

*****END OF REPORT BODY*****

**TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report**

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 34 of 146

ANNEX A: Test Layout



Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

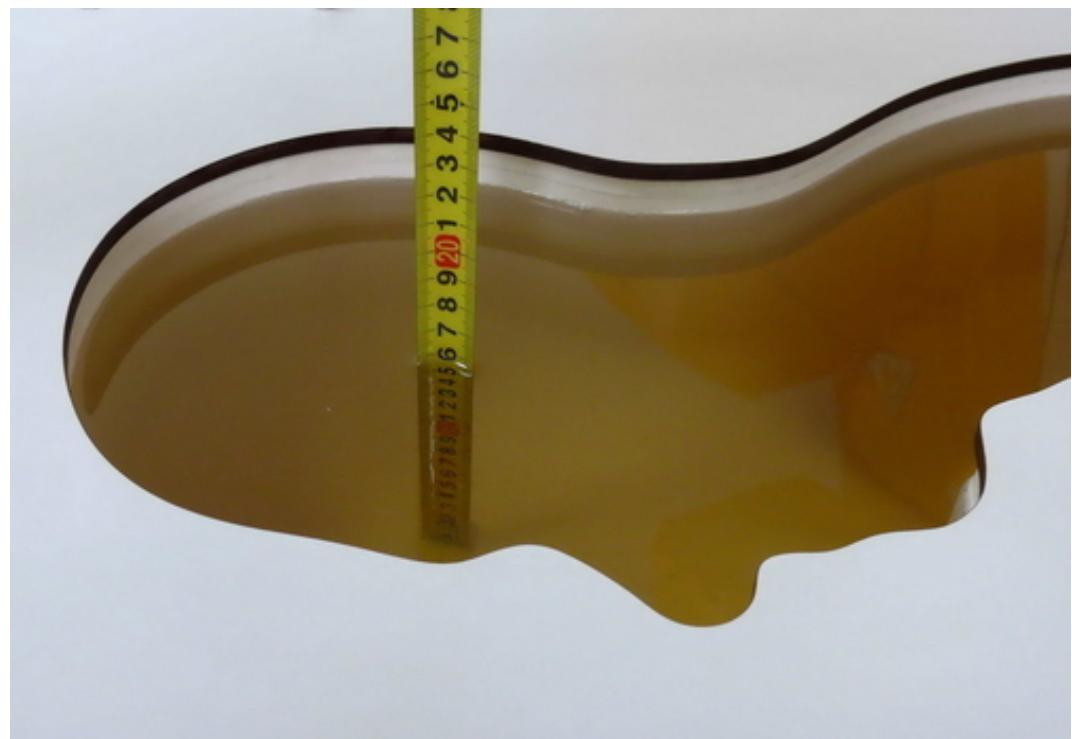
TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 35 of 146



Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz)
(15.4cm depth)

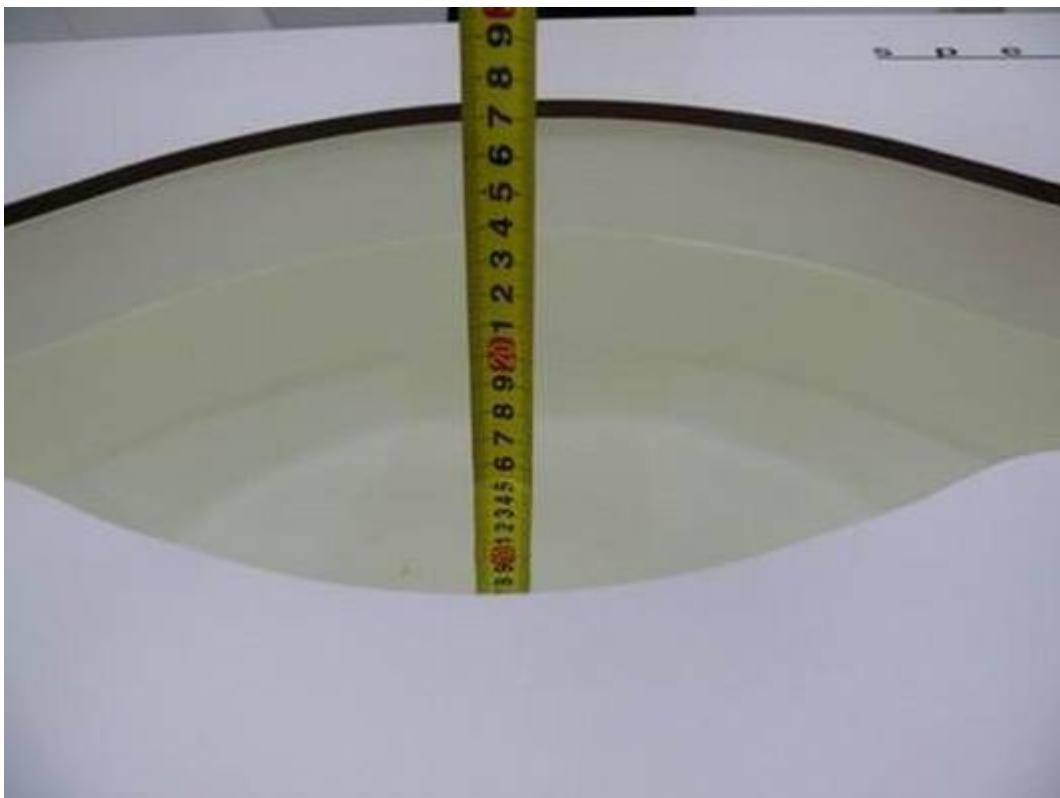


Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz)
(15.4cm depth)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 36 of 146



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz)
(15.4cm depth)



Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz)
(15.2cm depth)

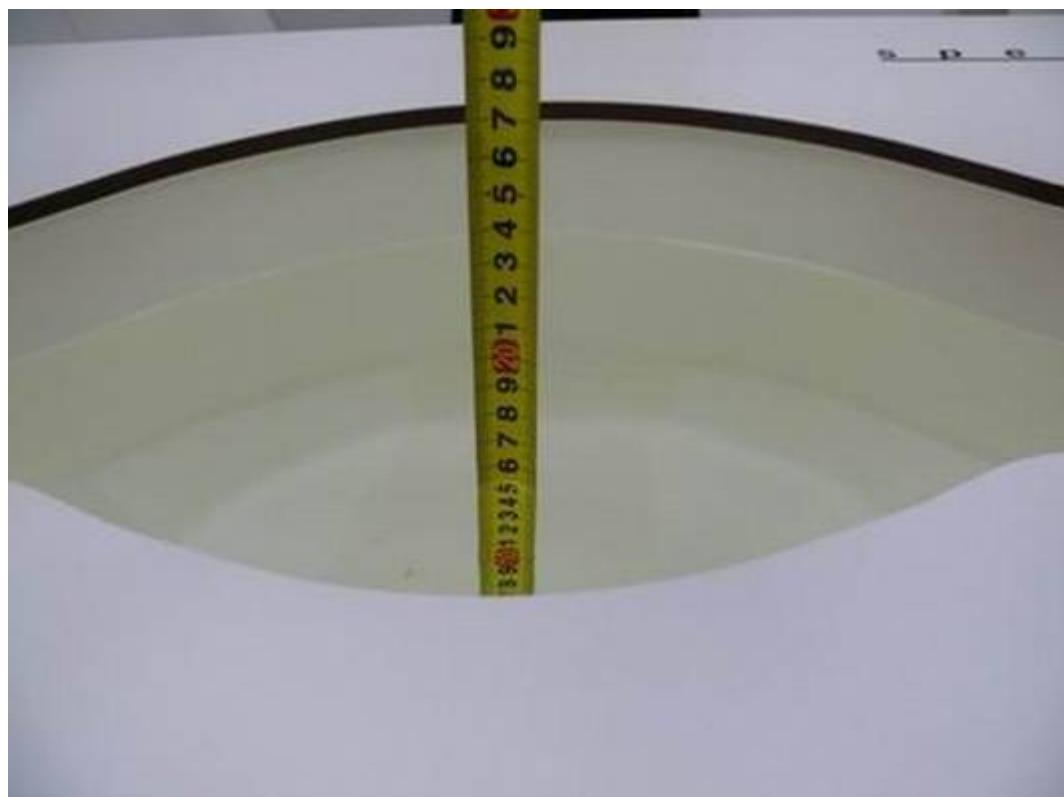
TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 37 of 146



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz)
(15.4cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz)
(15.4cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d082

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 9:50:02 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.71 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g

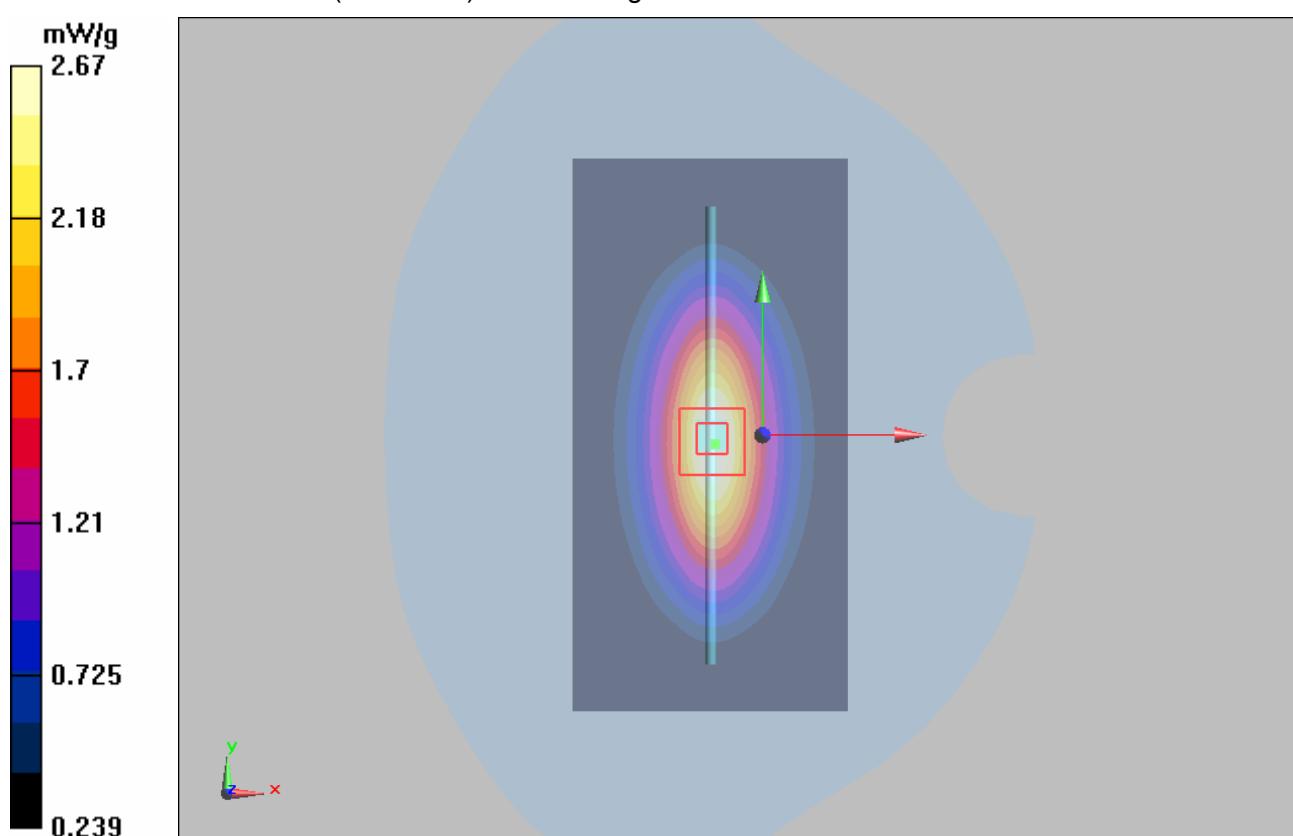


Figure 7 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 39 of 146

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d082

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 1:47:20 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.00$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.67$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 mW/g

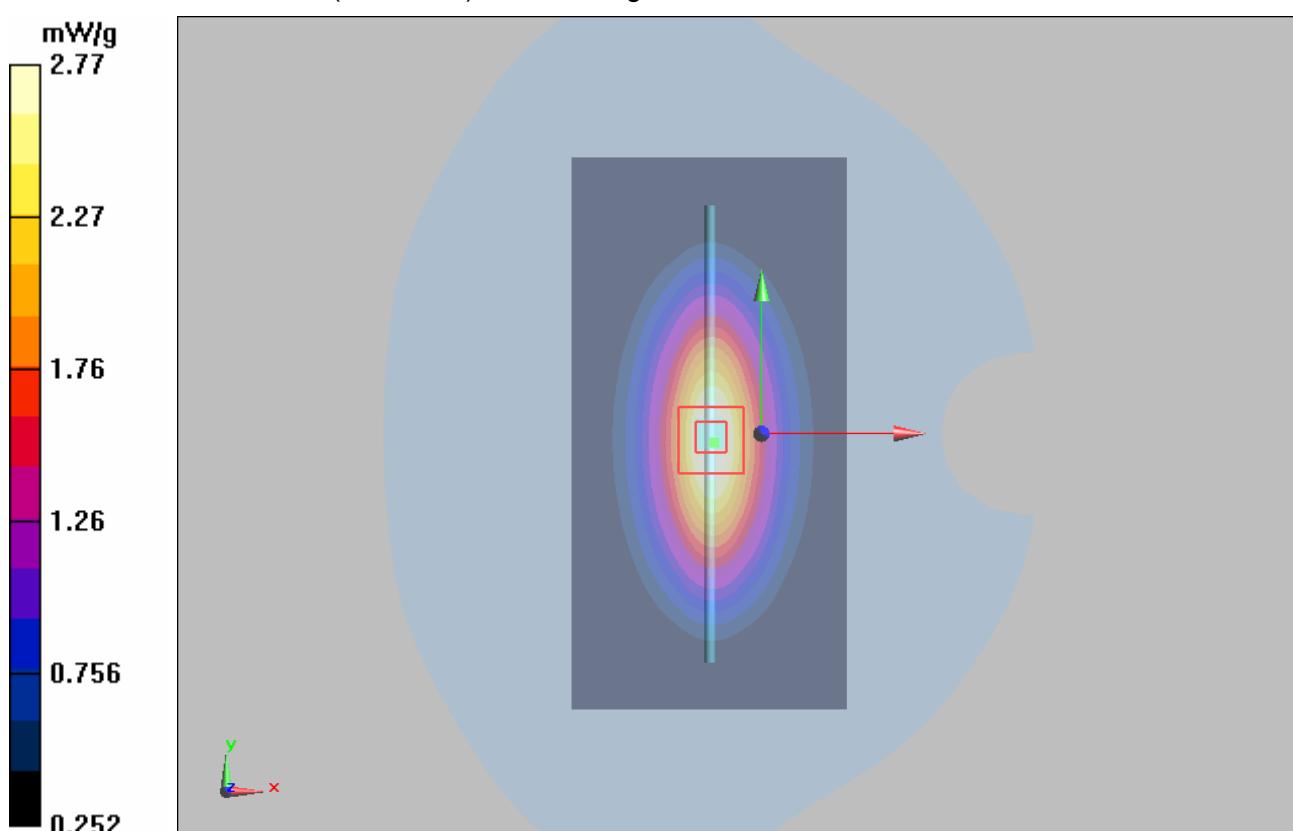


Figure 8 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 40 of 146

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 12:03:04 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.19$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g

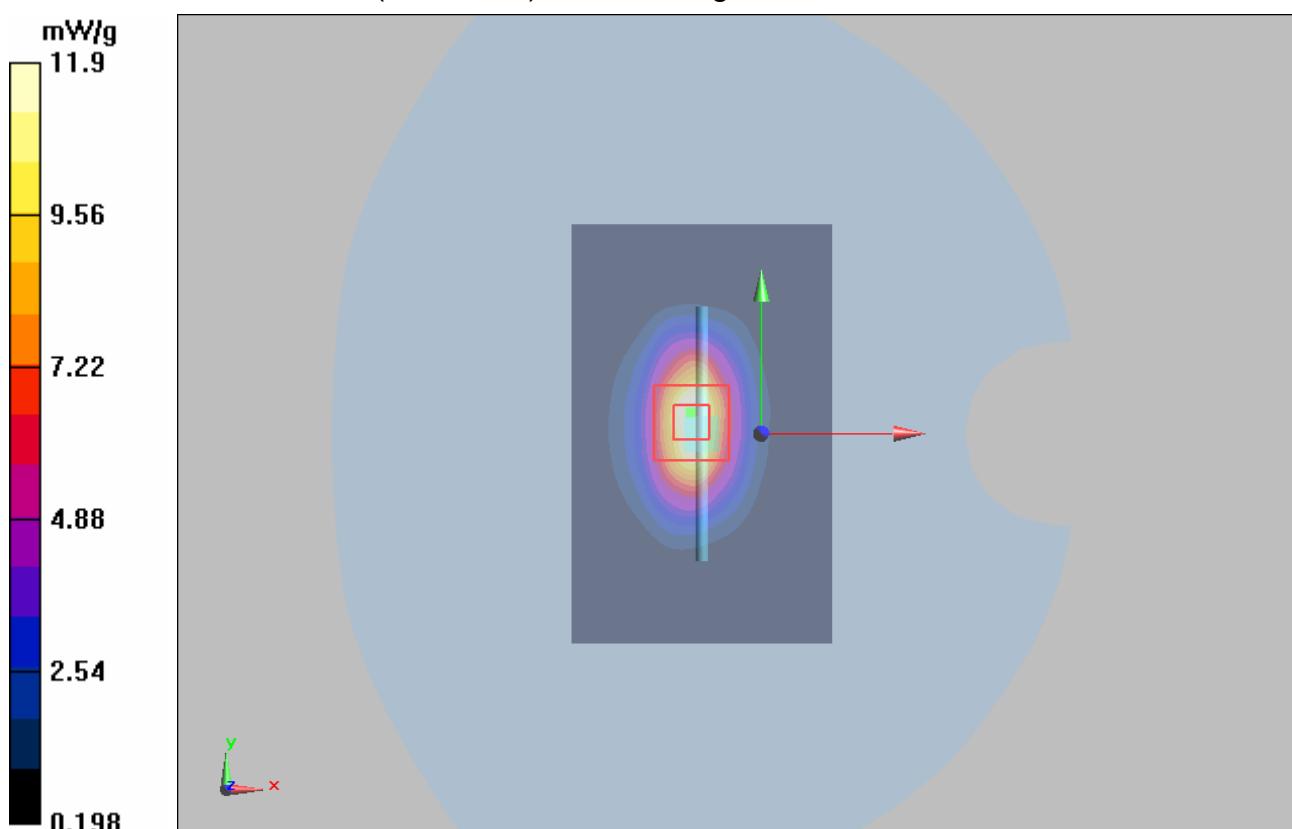


Figure 9 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 9:50:19 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.29$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11 mW/g

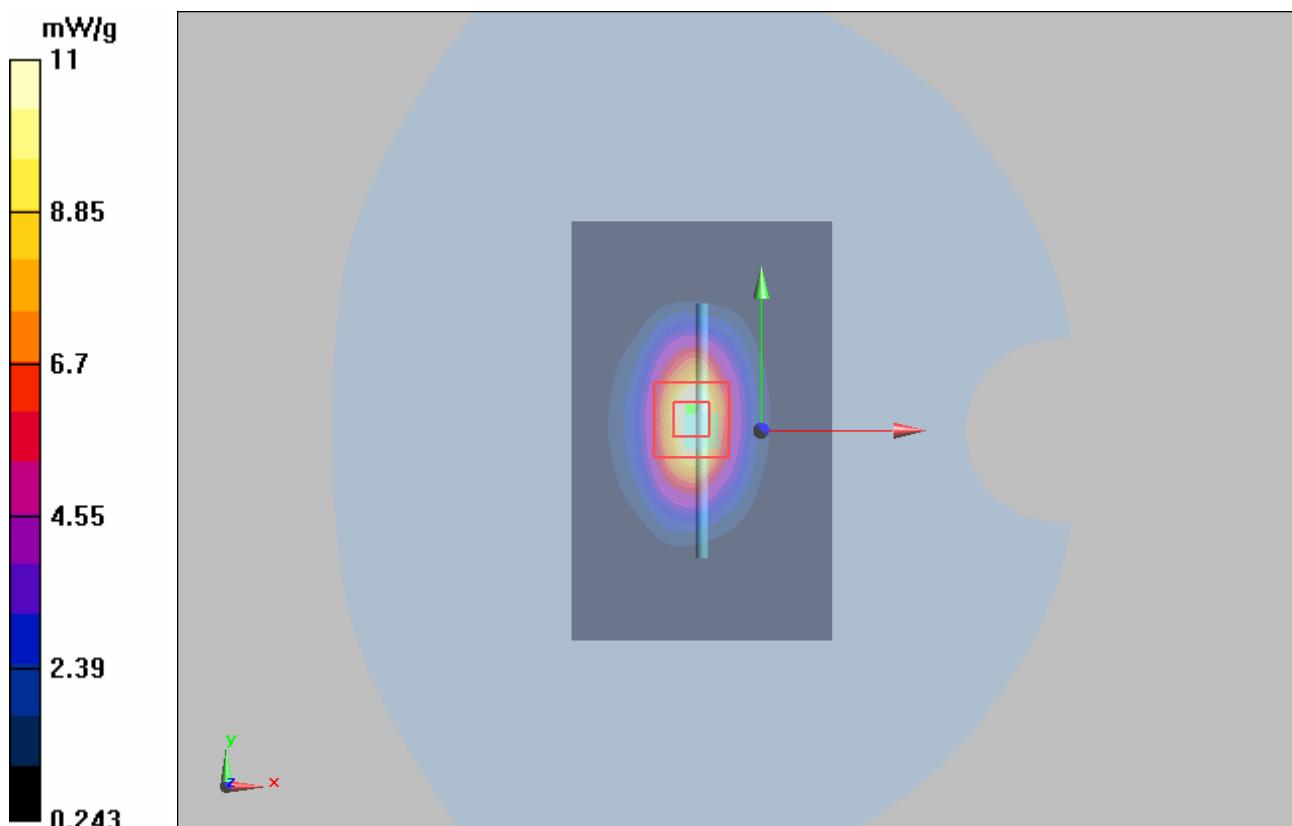


Figure 10 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250Mw

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 42 of 146

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 5:01:36 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.81$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.4 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 67.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g

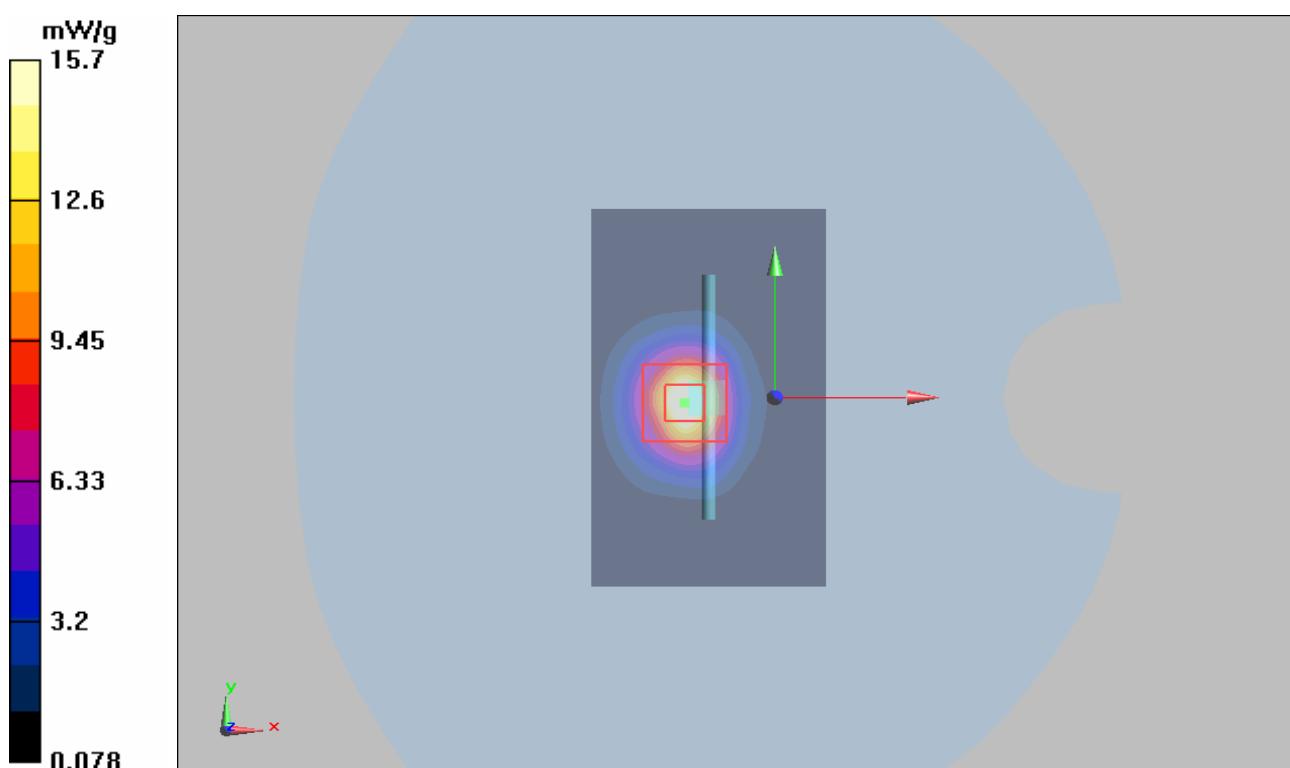


Figure 11 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 43 of 146

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 8:01:36 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 mW/g

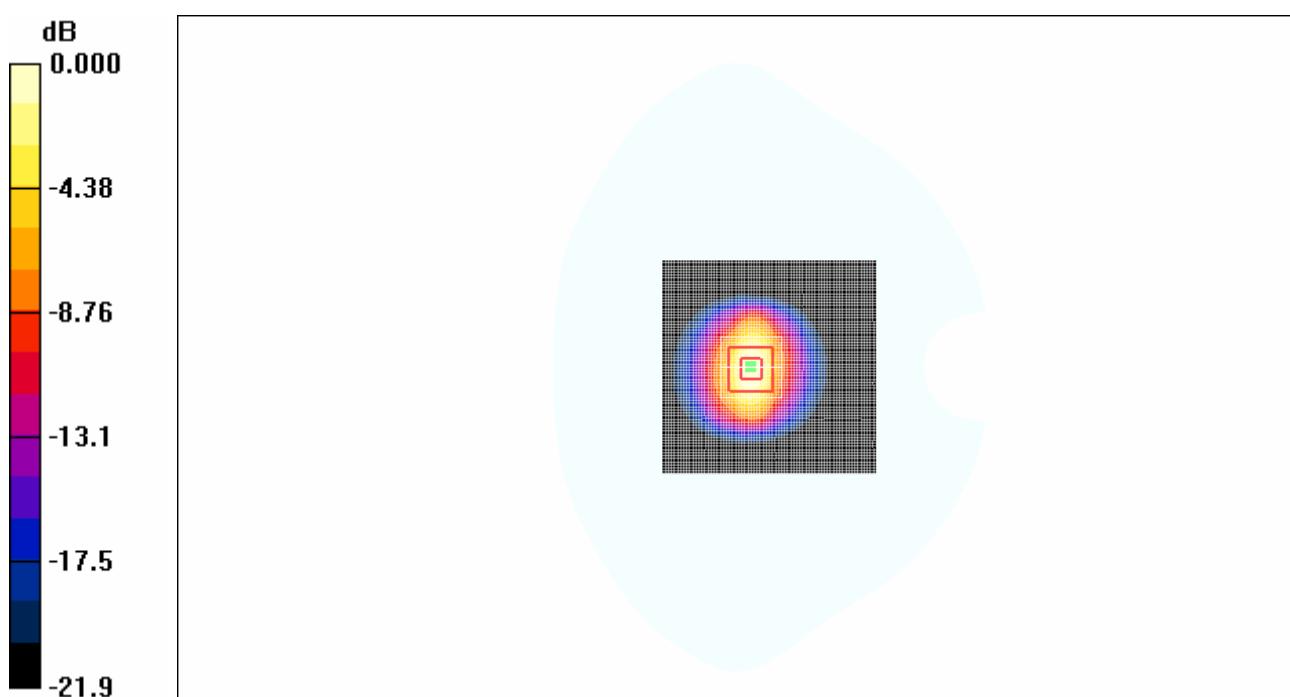
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 71.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.0 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.46 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 mW/g



0 dB = 19.8mW/g

Figure 12 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

ANNEX C: Graph Results

GSM 850 Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 12:51:37 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.932$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.748 mW/g

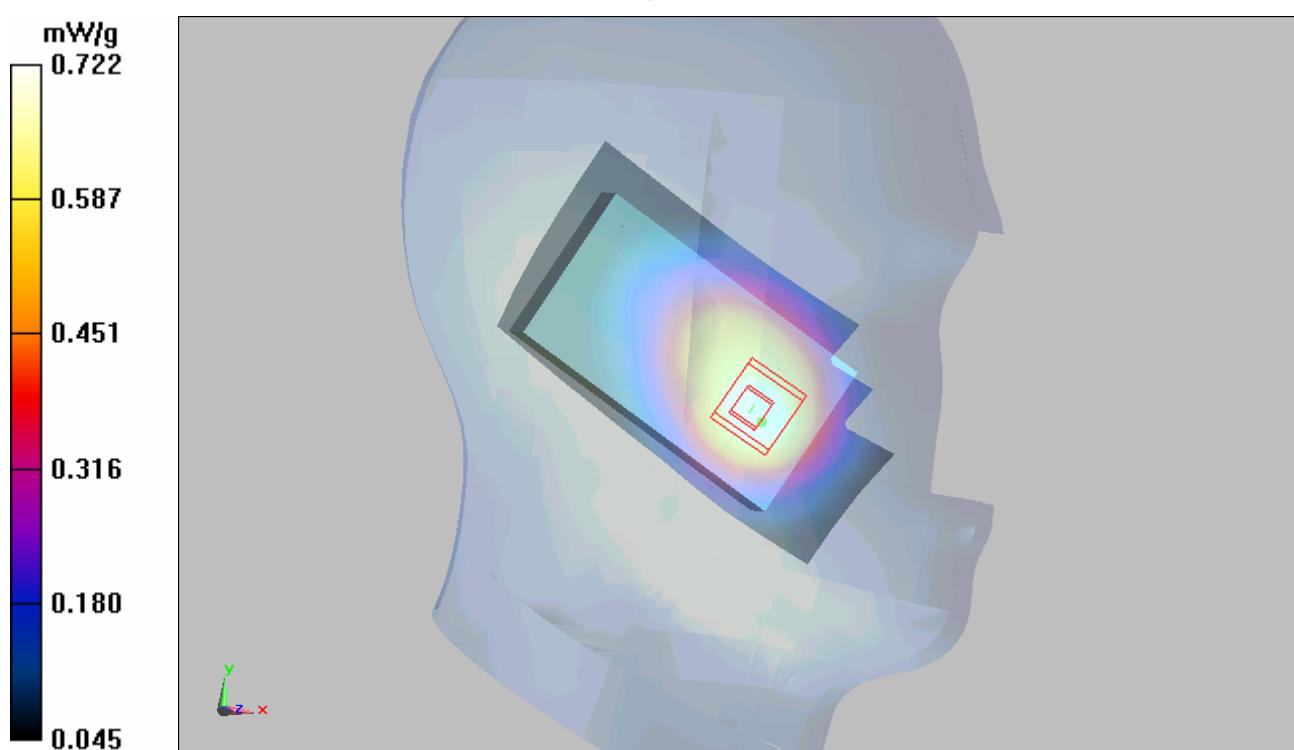
Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.148 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.855 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.671 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.474 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.722 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 45 of 146

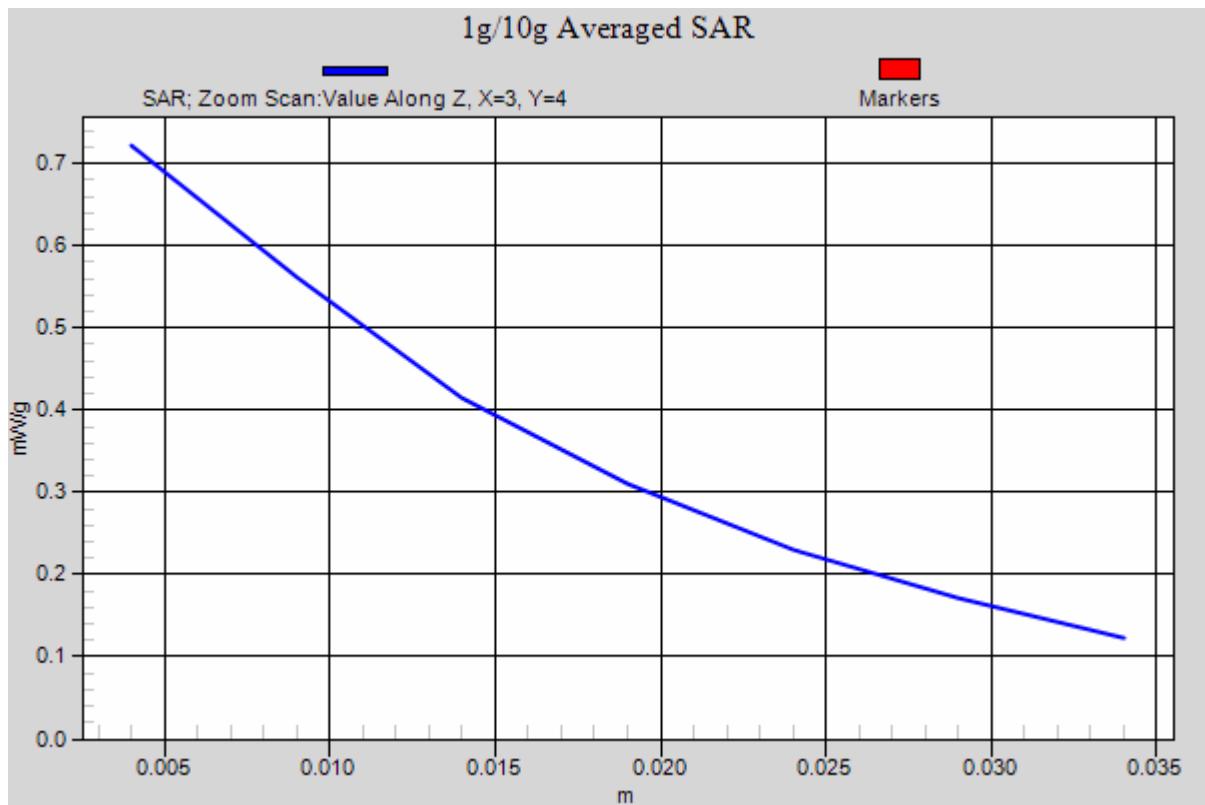


Figure 13 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 10:44:20 AM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.669 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.140 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.799 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.610 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.429 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 mW/g

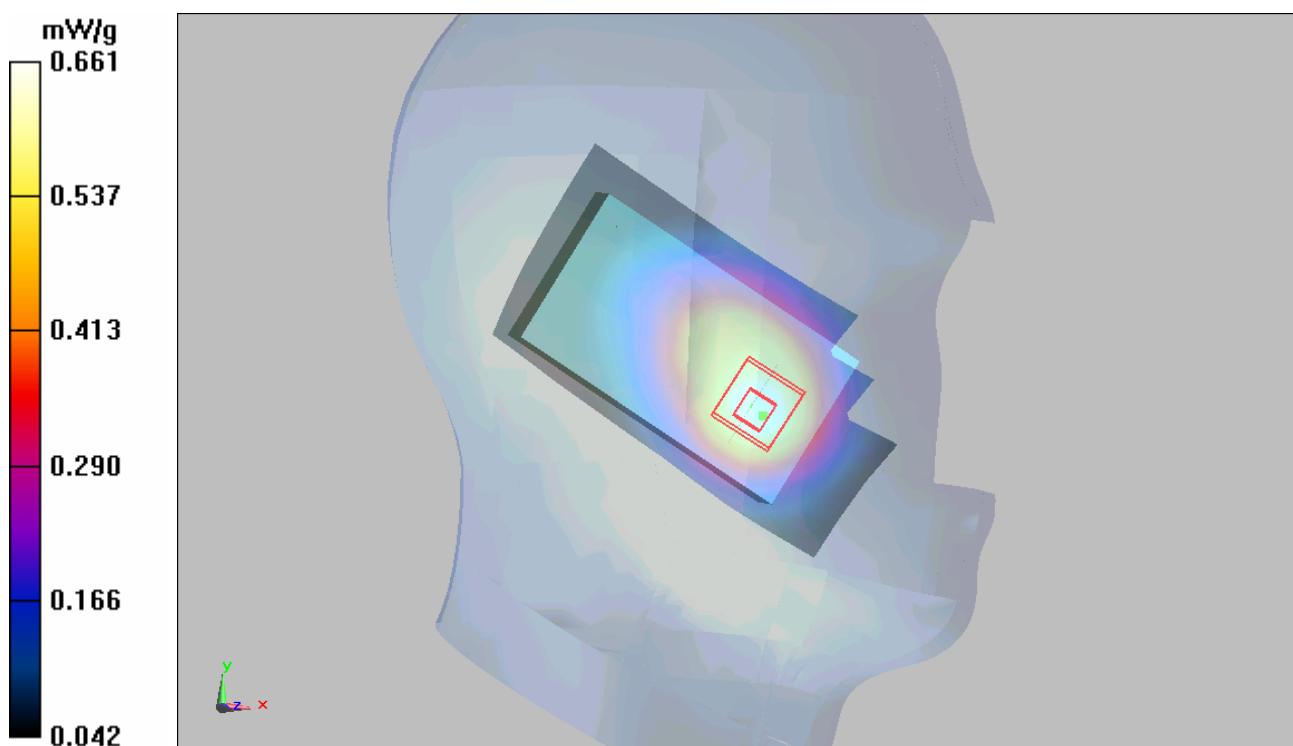


Figure 14 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 12:31:34 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.648 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.762 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.592 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.639 mW/g

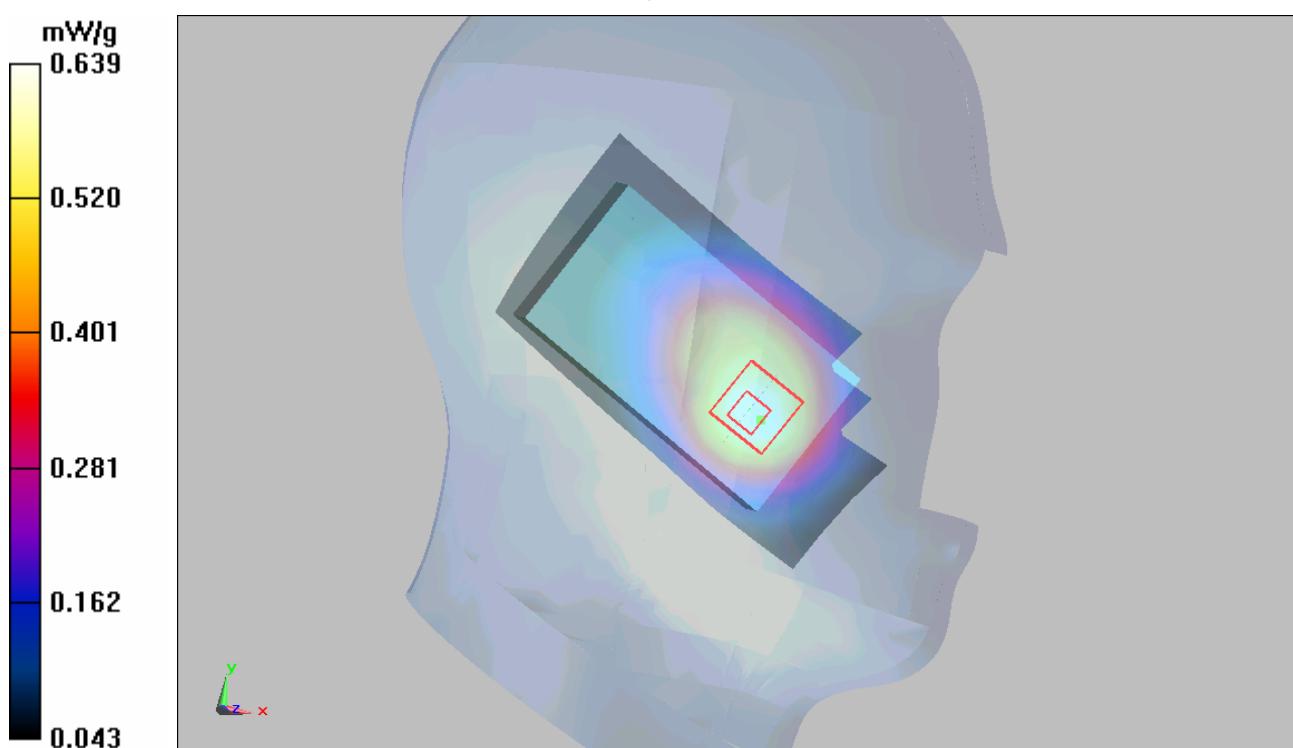


Figure 15 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 128

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 48 of 146

GSM 850 Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 11:18:11 AM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.343 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.251 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 mW/g

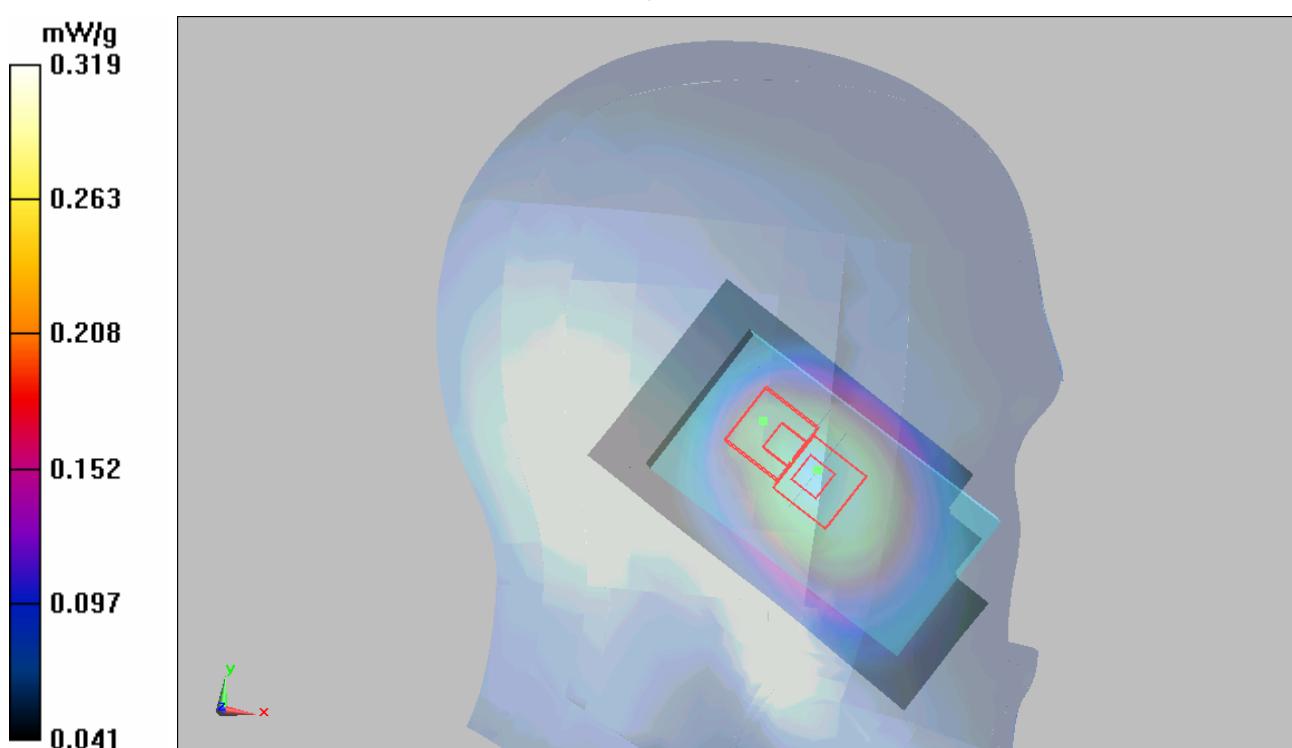


Figure 16 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 49 of 146

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 11:49:44 AM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.698 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 mW/g

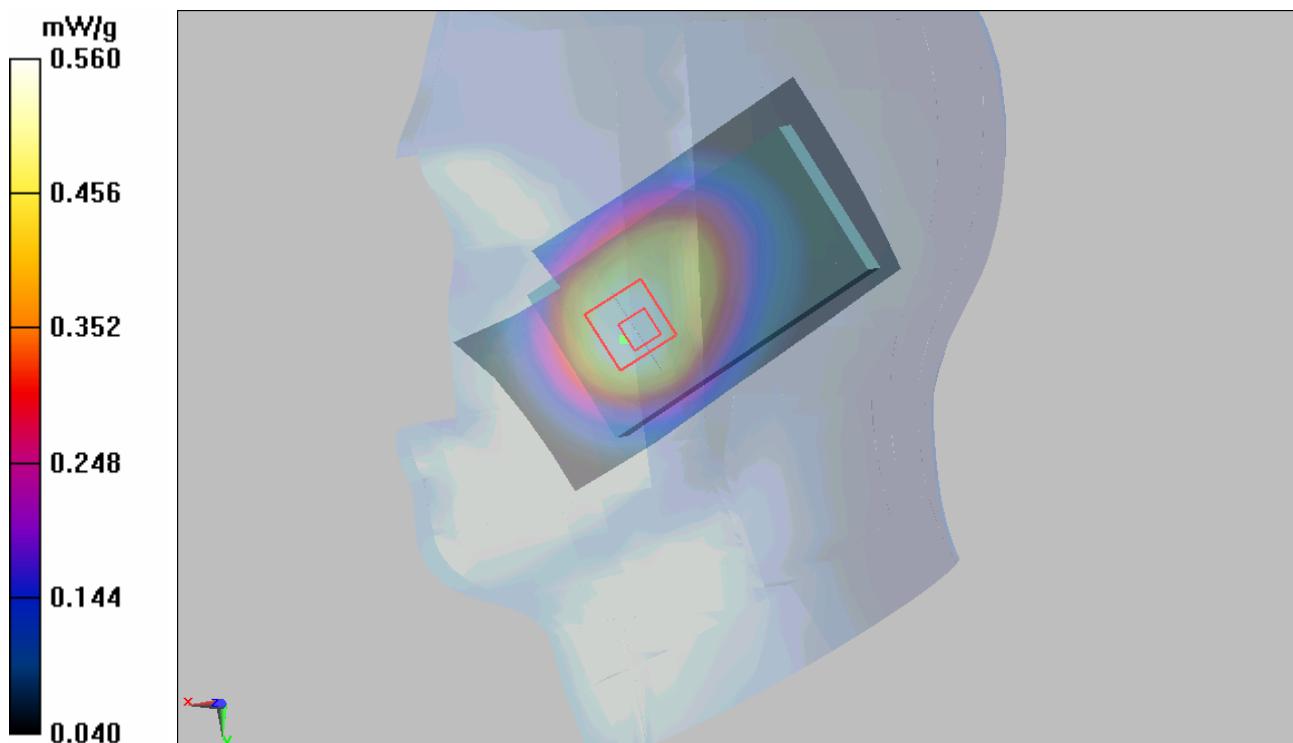


Figure 17 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 50 of 146

GSM 850 Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/22/2010 12:10:26 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.325 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.382 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.304 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 mW/g

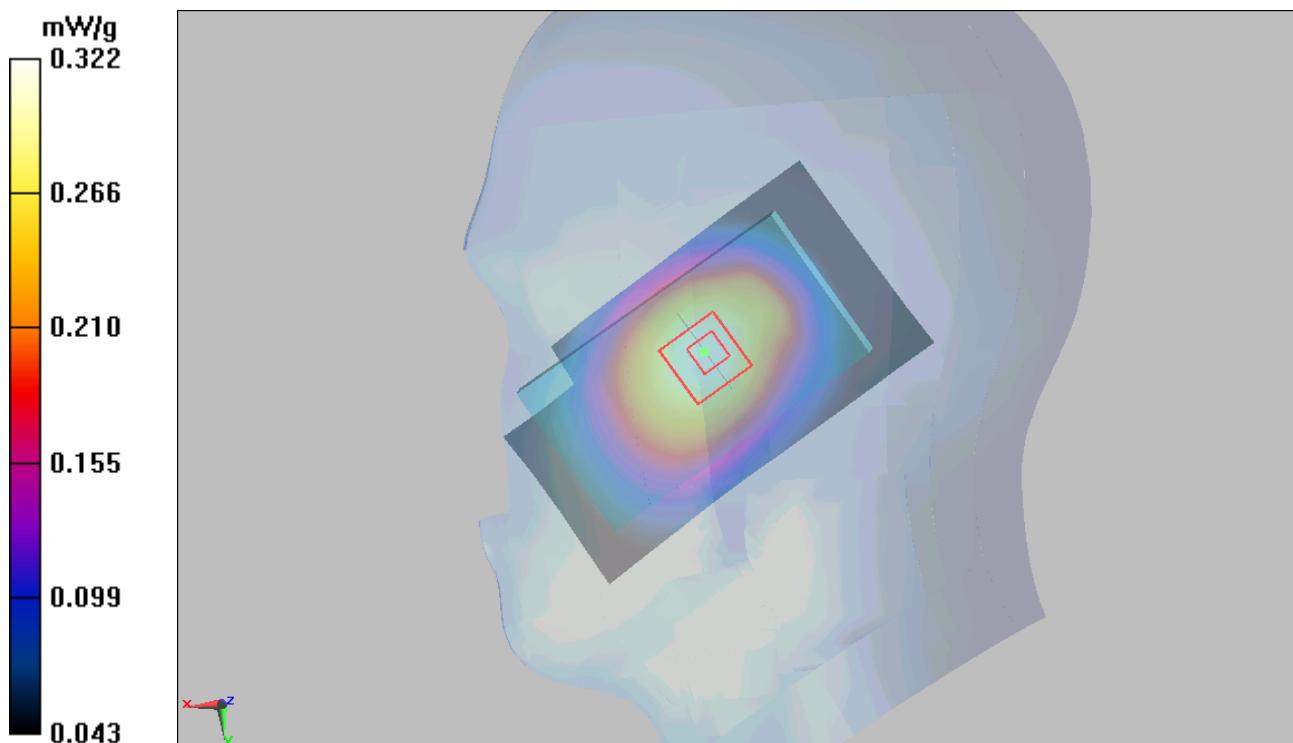


Figure 18 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 51 of 146

GSM 850 Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 6:48:34 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.687 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.532 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.566 mW/g

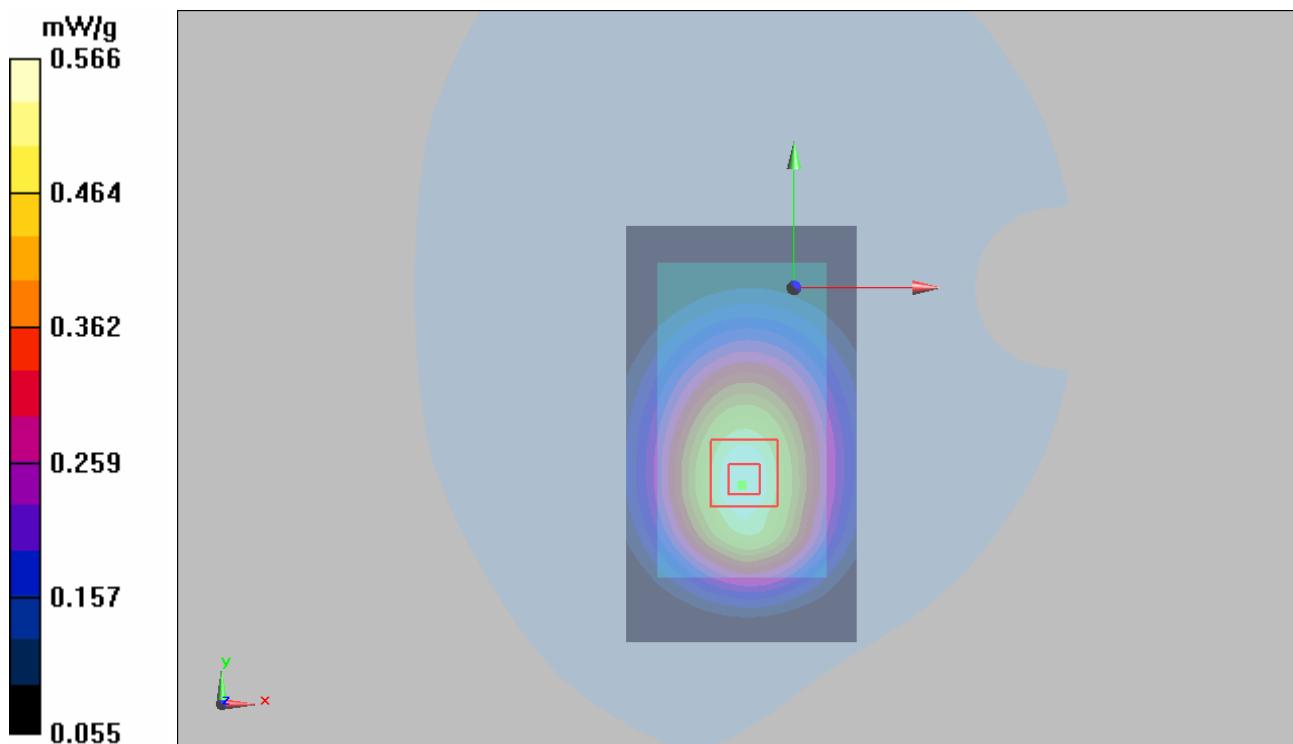


Figure 19 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 7:09:47 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.474 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.575 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.444 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.472 mW/g

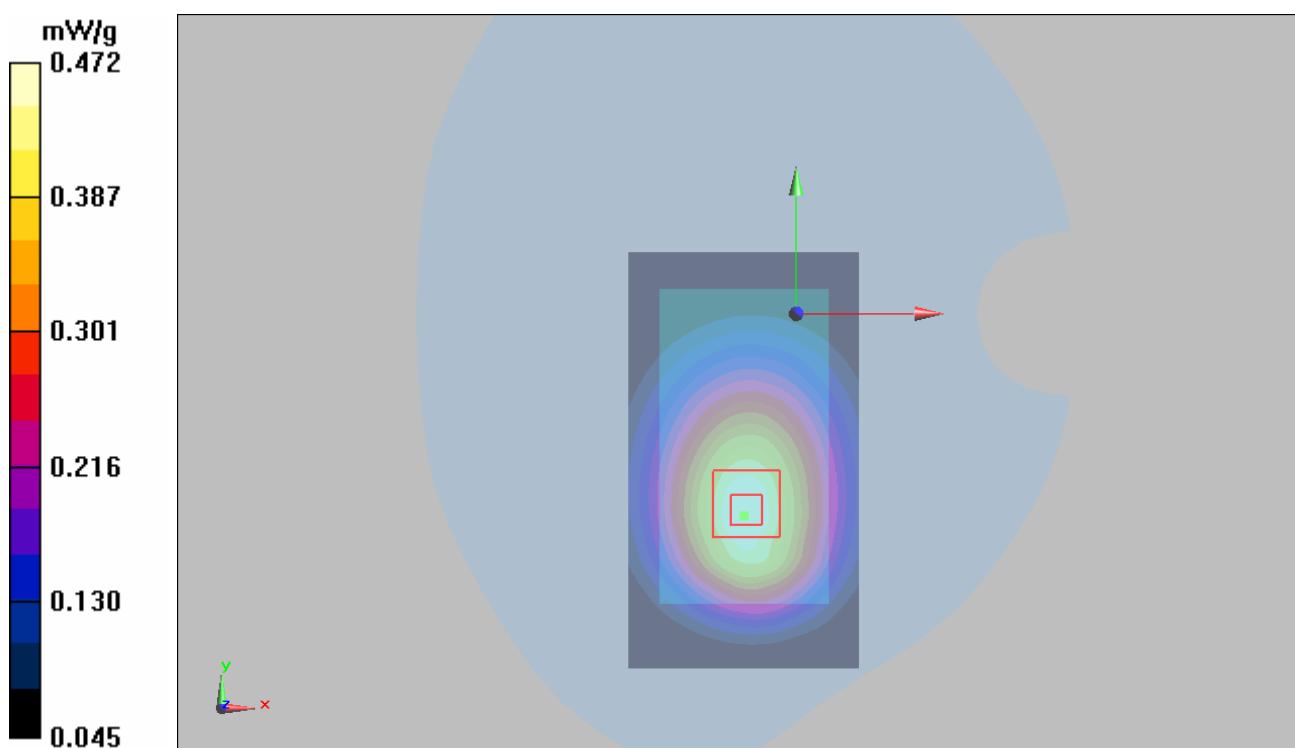


Figure 20 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 7:30:07 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.994$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 mW/g

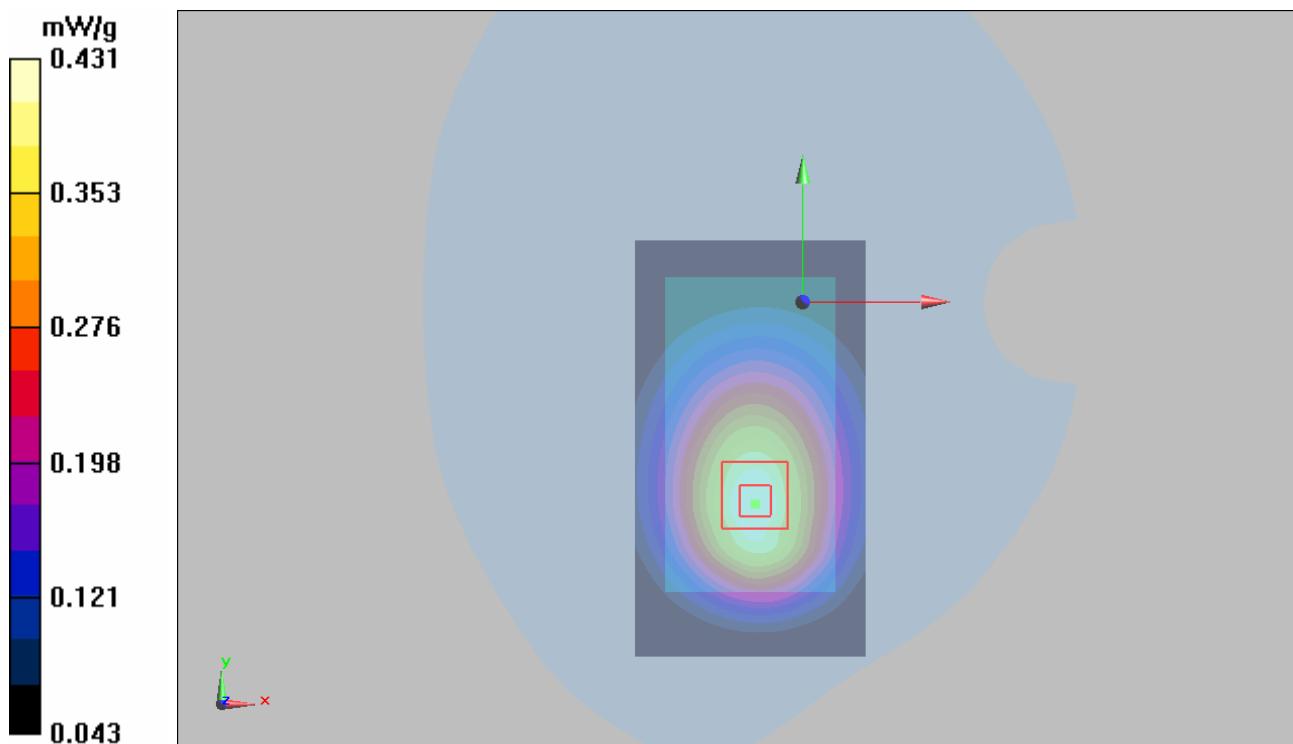
Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.524 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.431 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 54 of 146

GSM 850 Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 11:59:42 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.400 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.005dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.376 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g

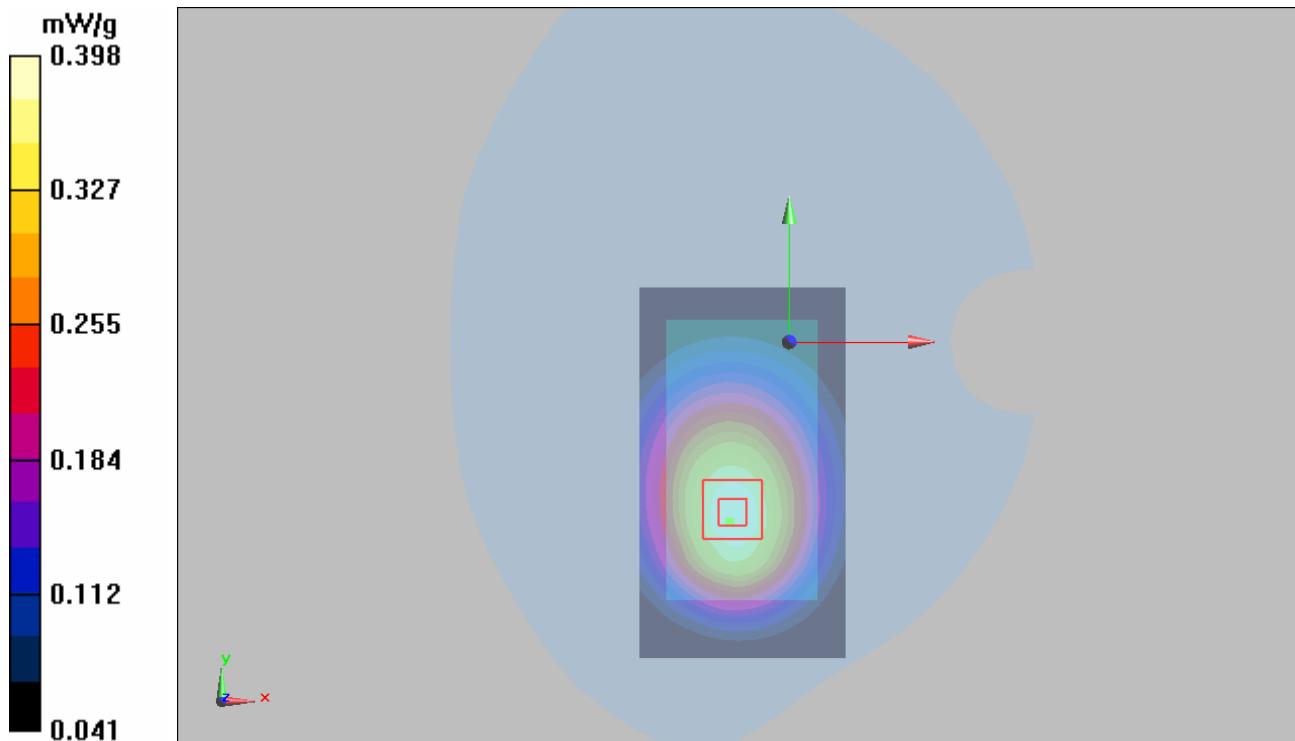


Figure 22 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 with Earphone Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 7:51:10 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.471 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.572 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 mW/g

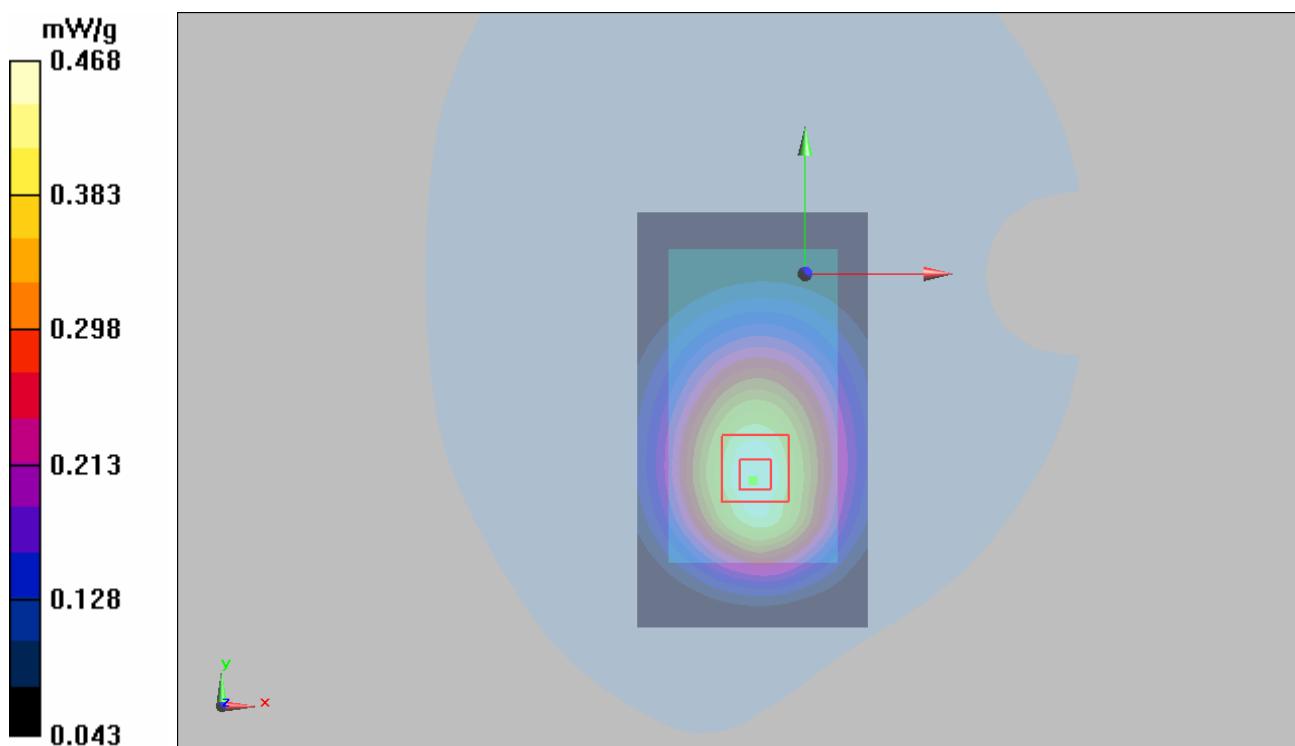


Figure 23 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 GPRS (2Up) Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 8:41:22 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.662 mW/g

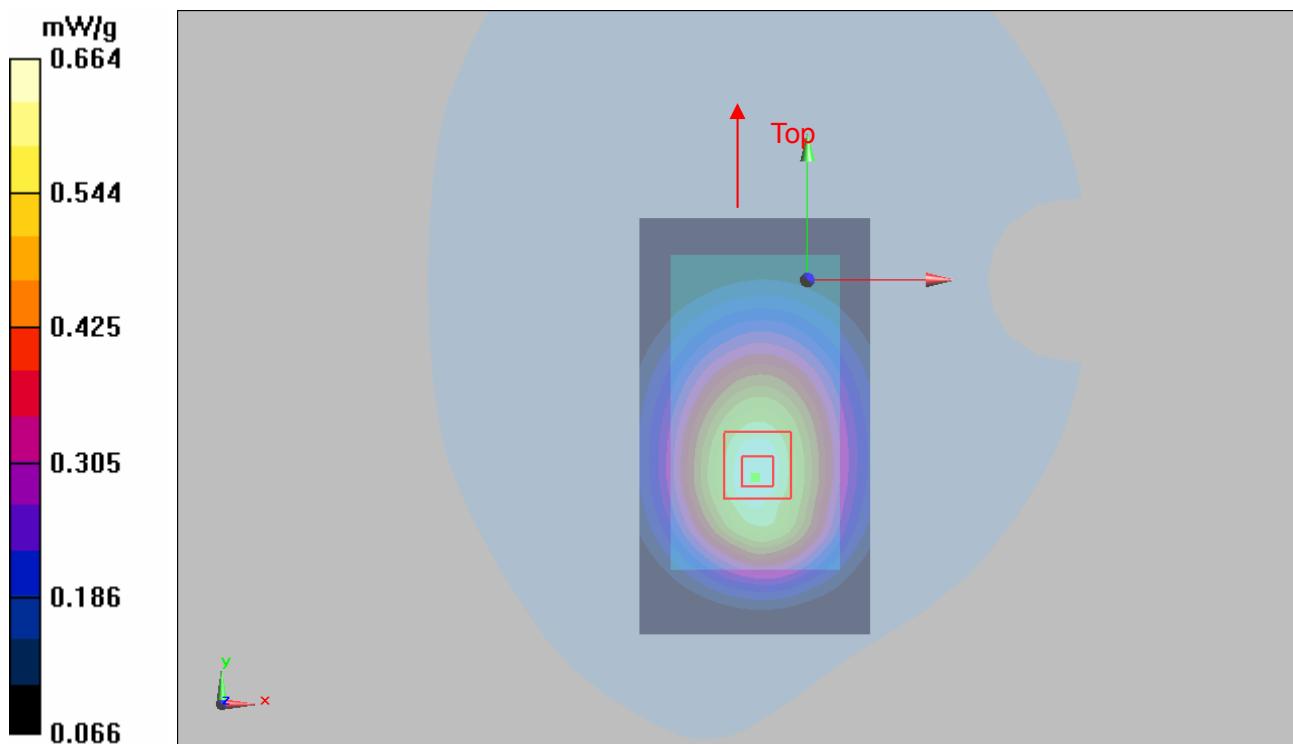
Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 57 of 146

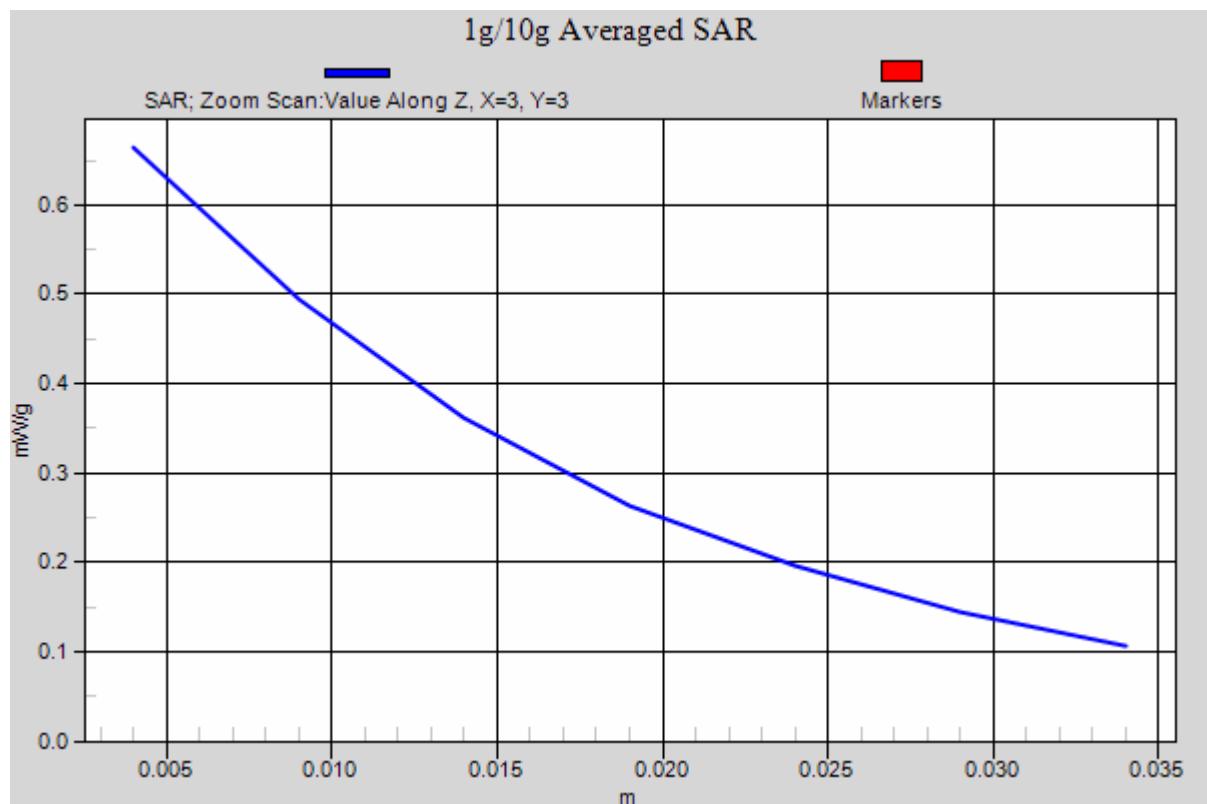


Figure 24 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (2Up) Channel 251

GSM 850 EGPRS (2Up) Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 9:10:12 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.24, 9.24, 9.24); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.650 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.116 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.602 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.432 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 mW/g

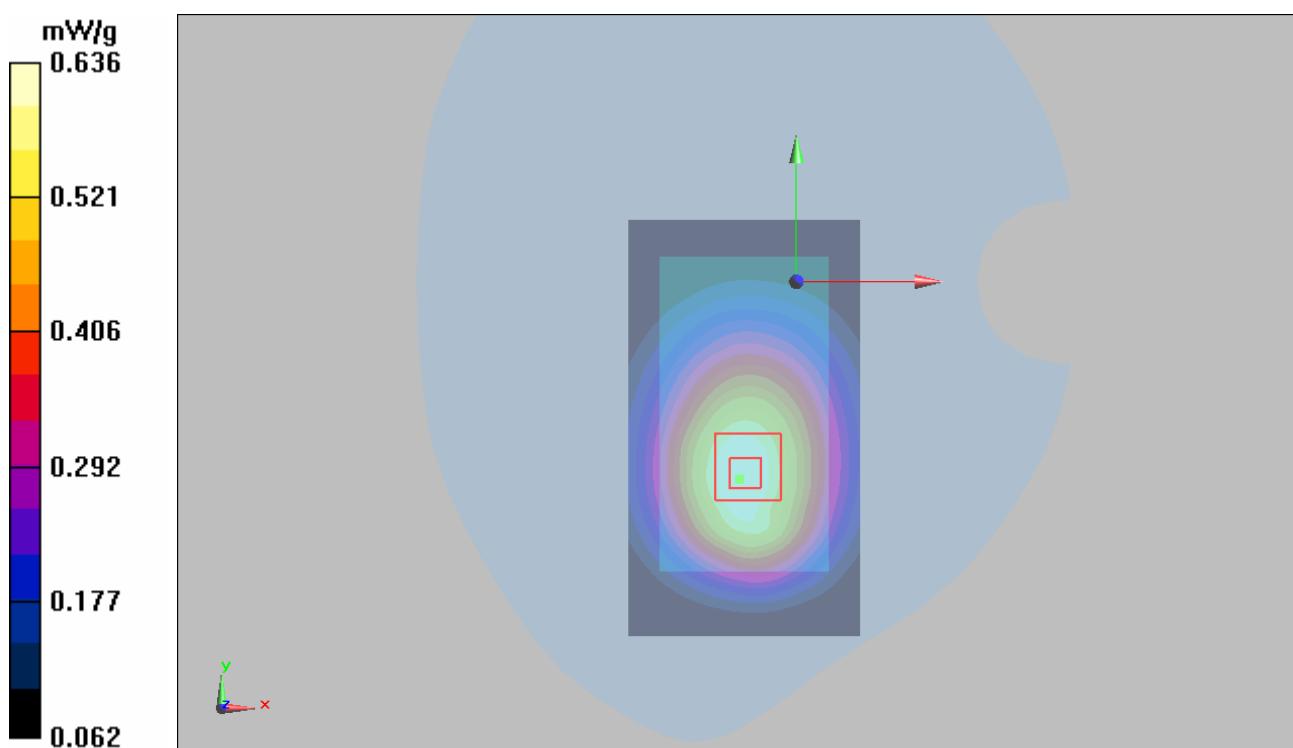


Figure 25 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 EGPRS (2Up) Channel 251

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 59 of 146

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 3:08:31 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.680 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.898 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.606 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 mW/g

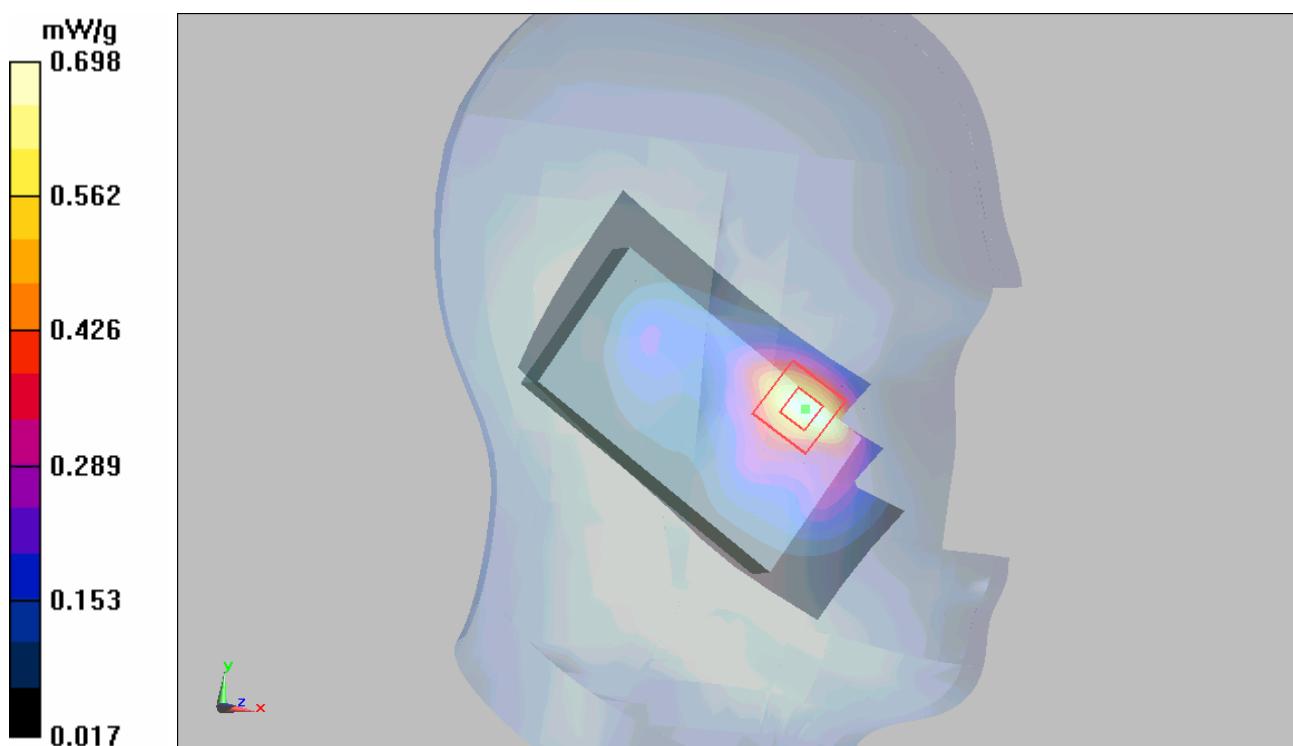


Figure 26 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 6:14:08 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.245 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.290 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.223 mW/g

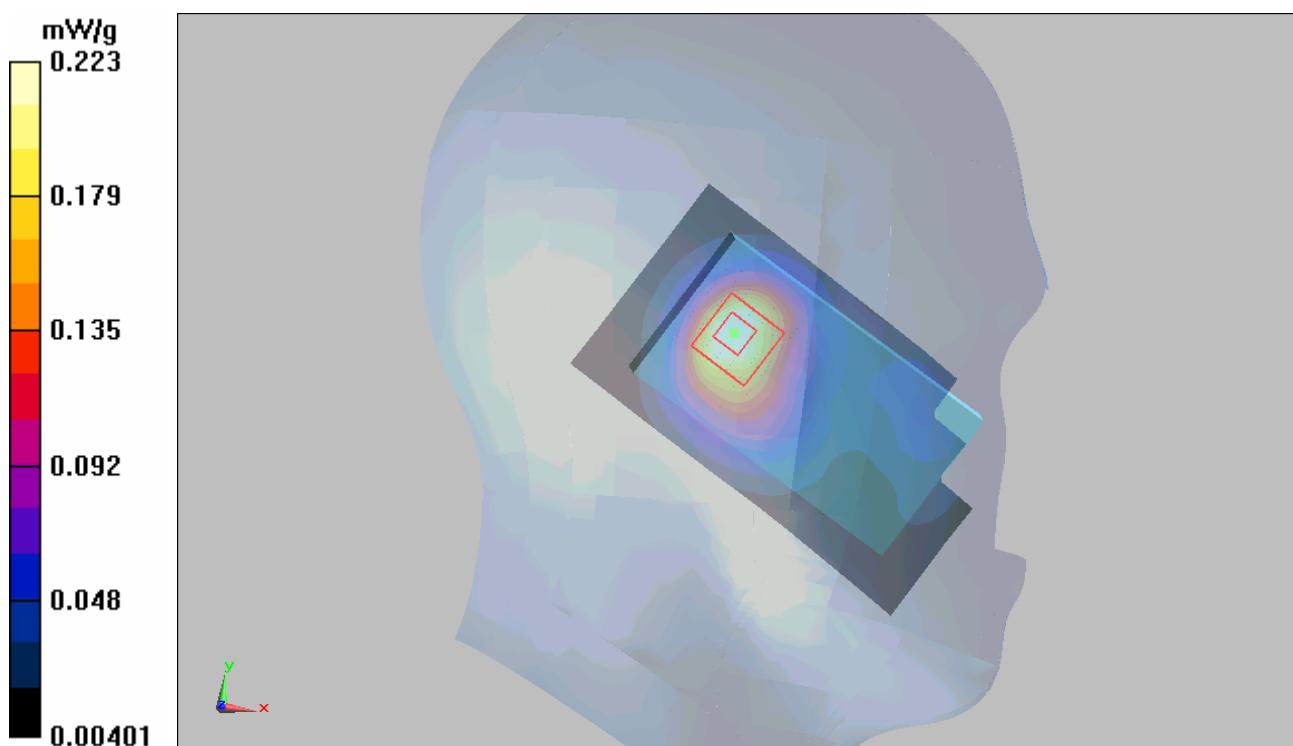


Figure 27 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 61 of 146

GSM 1900 Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 5:51:15 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.633 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.949 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.578 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.660 mW/g

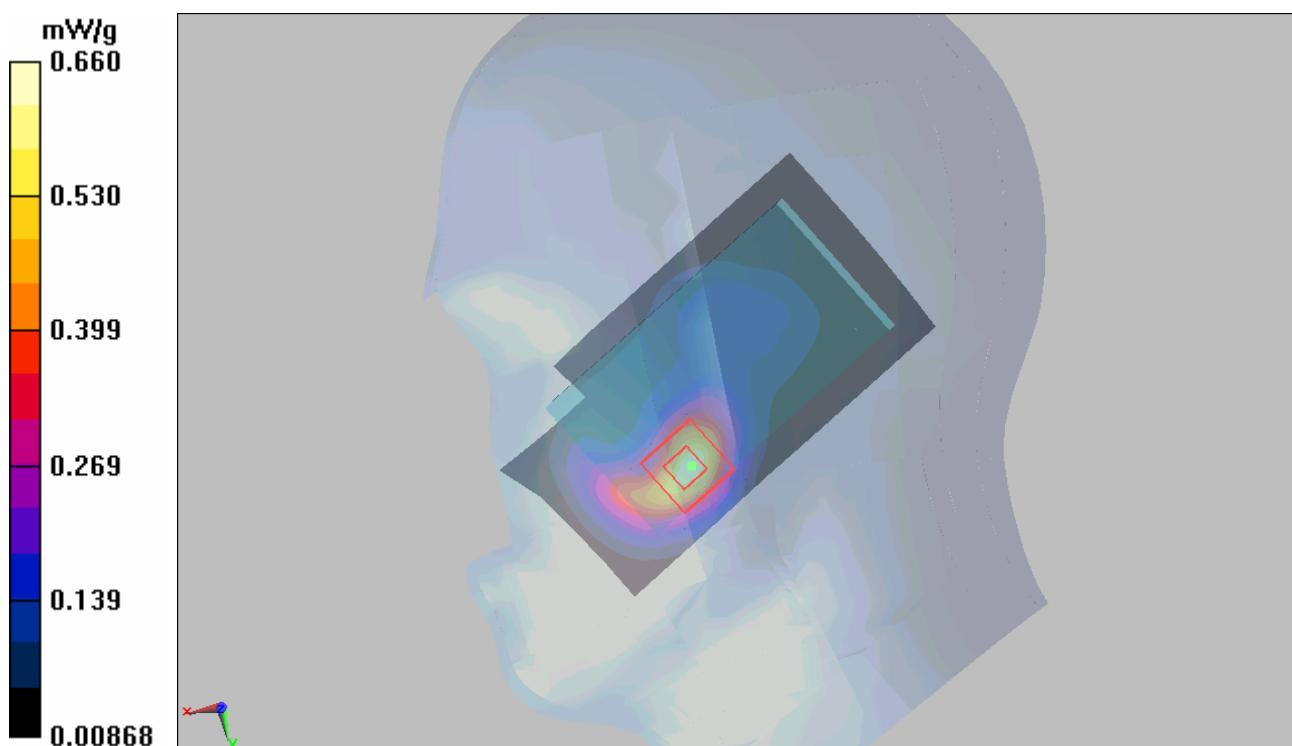


Figure 28 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 810

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 62 of 146

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 4:37:37 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.755 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.692 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.799 mW/g

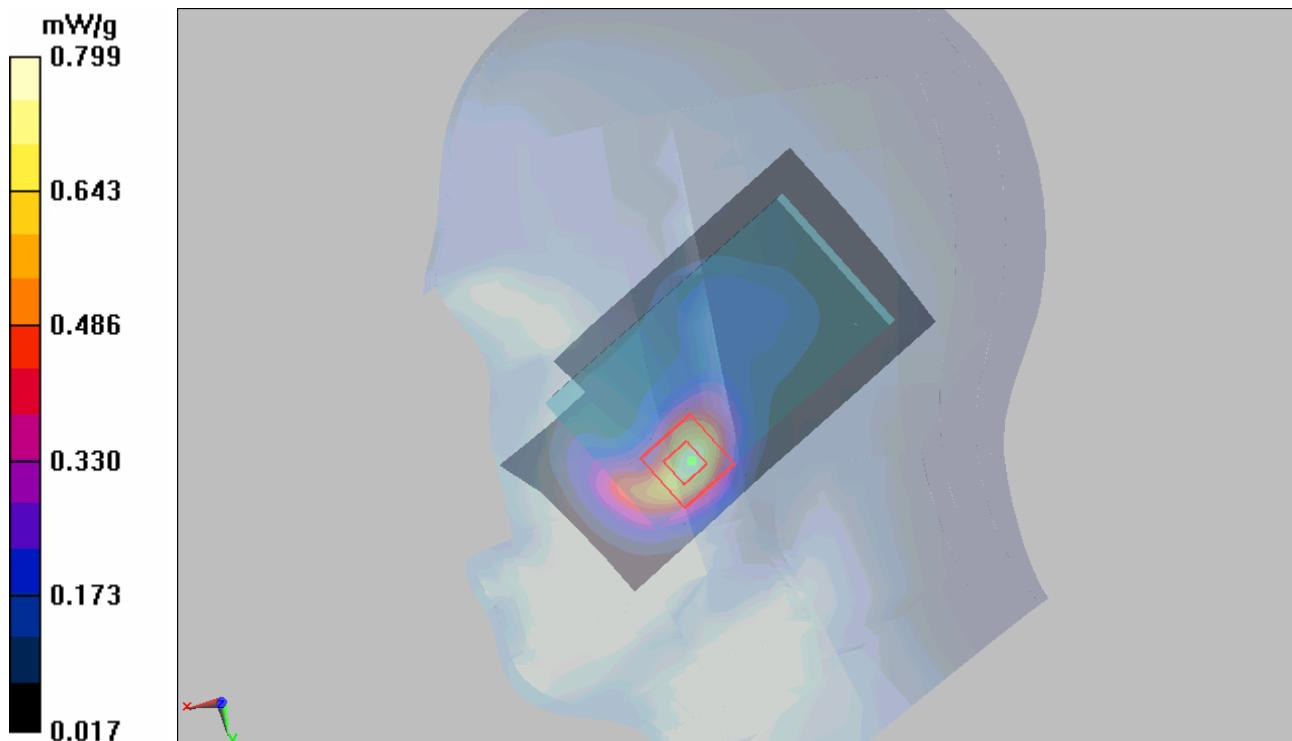


Figure 29 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 63 of 146

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 5:29:59 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

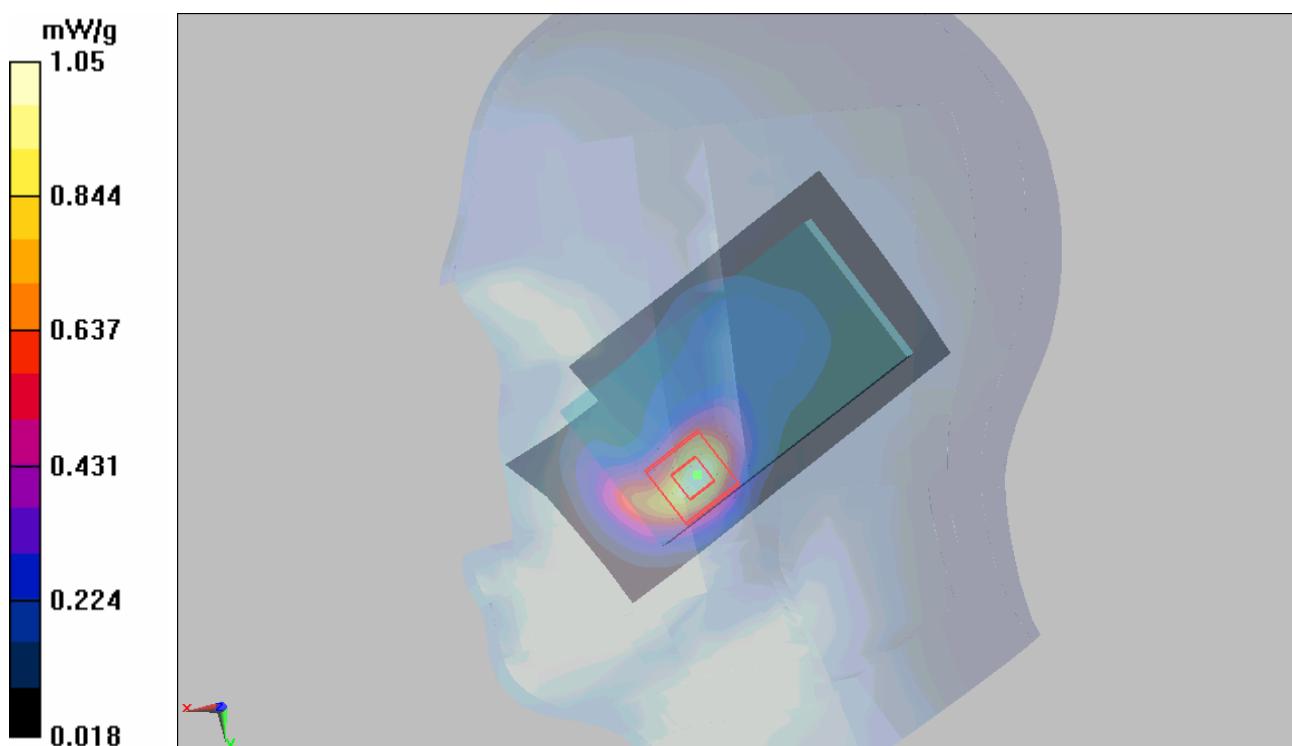
Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.131 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.926 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 64 of 146

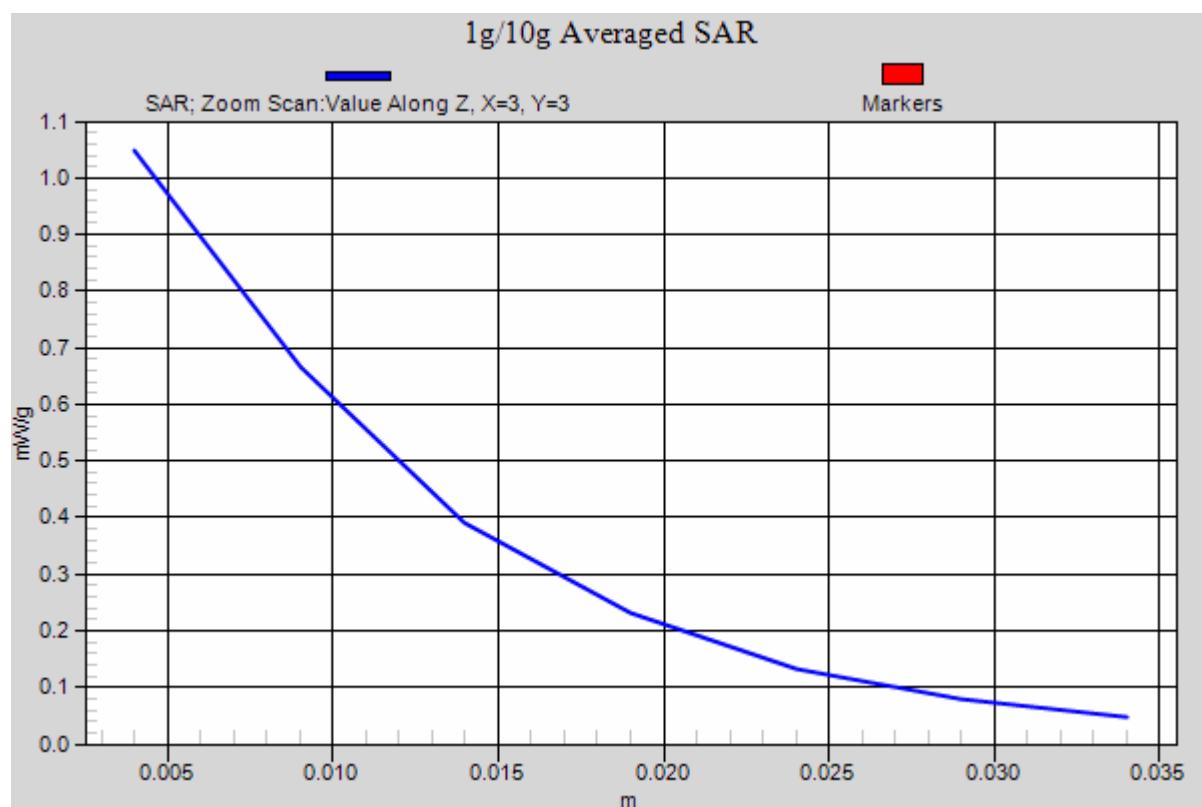


Figure 30 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 512

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 65 of 146

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/21/2010 4:58:58 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.211 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.173 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.180 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 mW/g

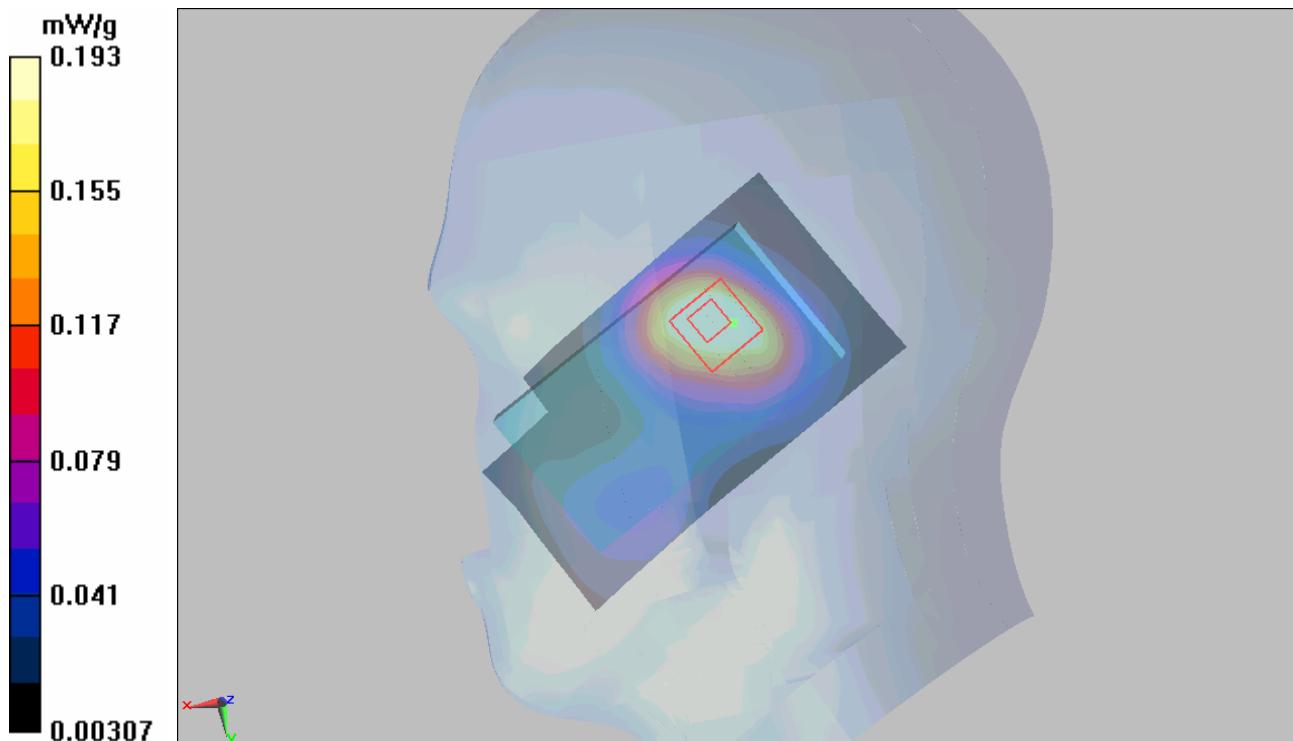


Figure 31 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 12:31:38 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.186 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.104 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.180 mW/g

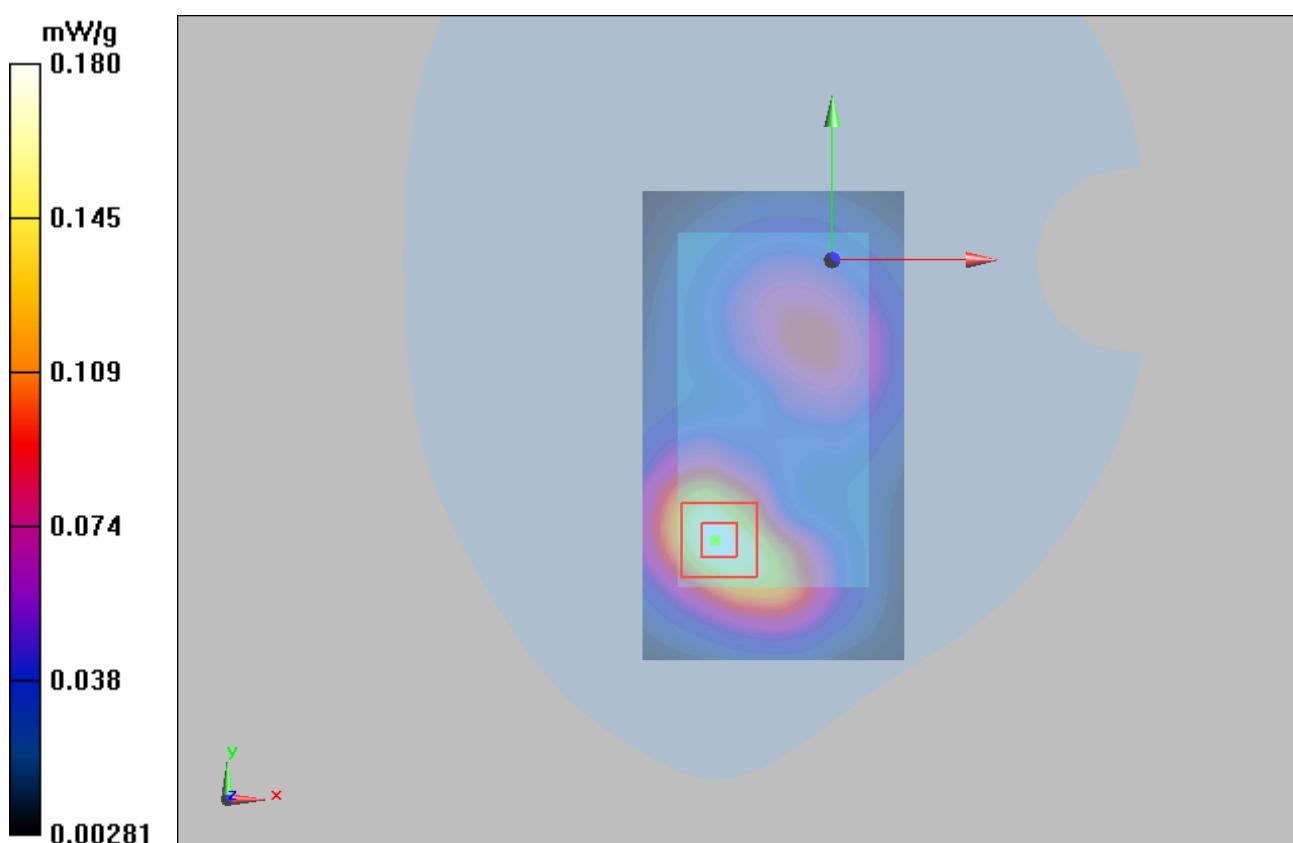


Figure 32 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 810

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 67 of 146

GSM 1900 Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 12:08:58 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.230 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.206 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 mW/g

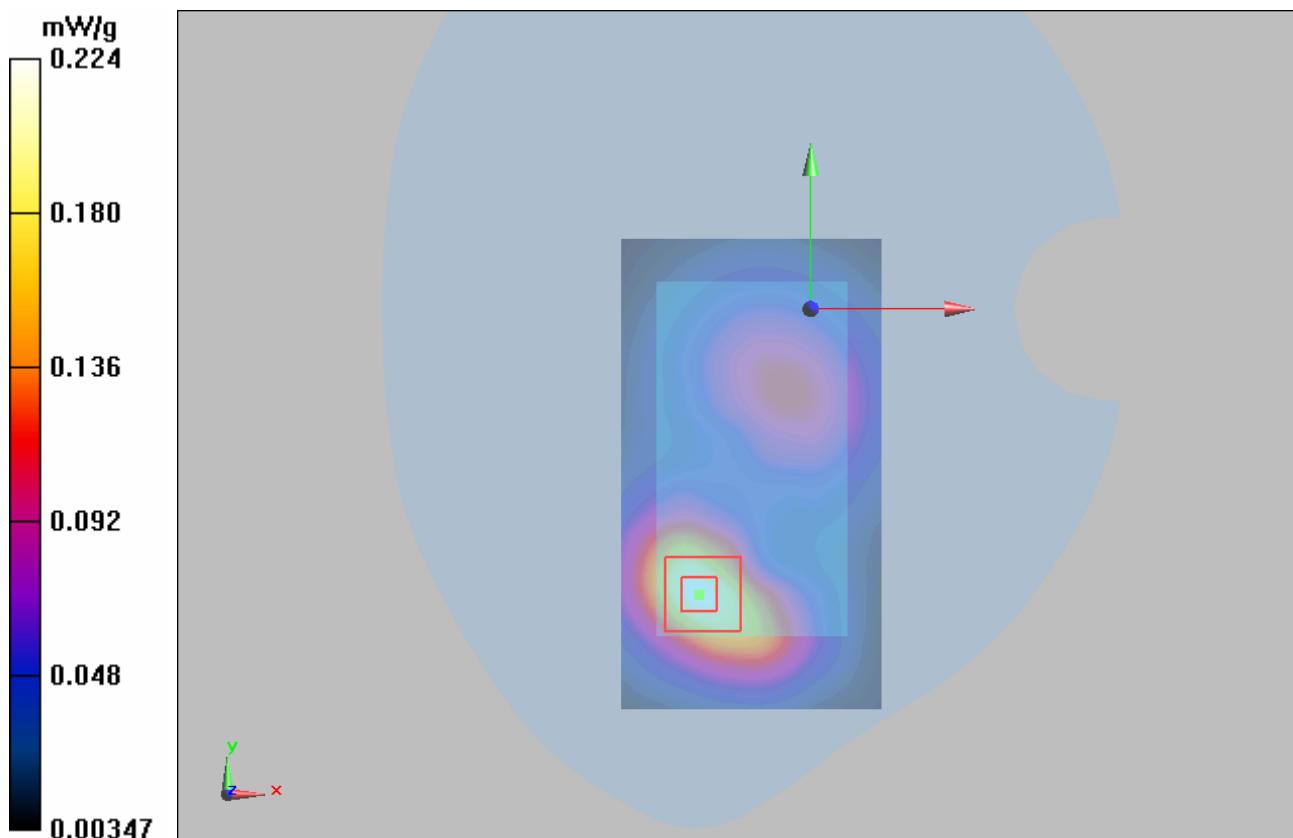


Figure 33 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 661

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 68 of 146

GSM 1900 Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 1:04:04 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.330 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.296 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 mW/g

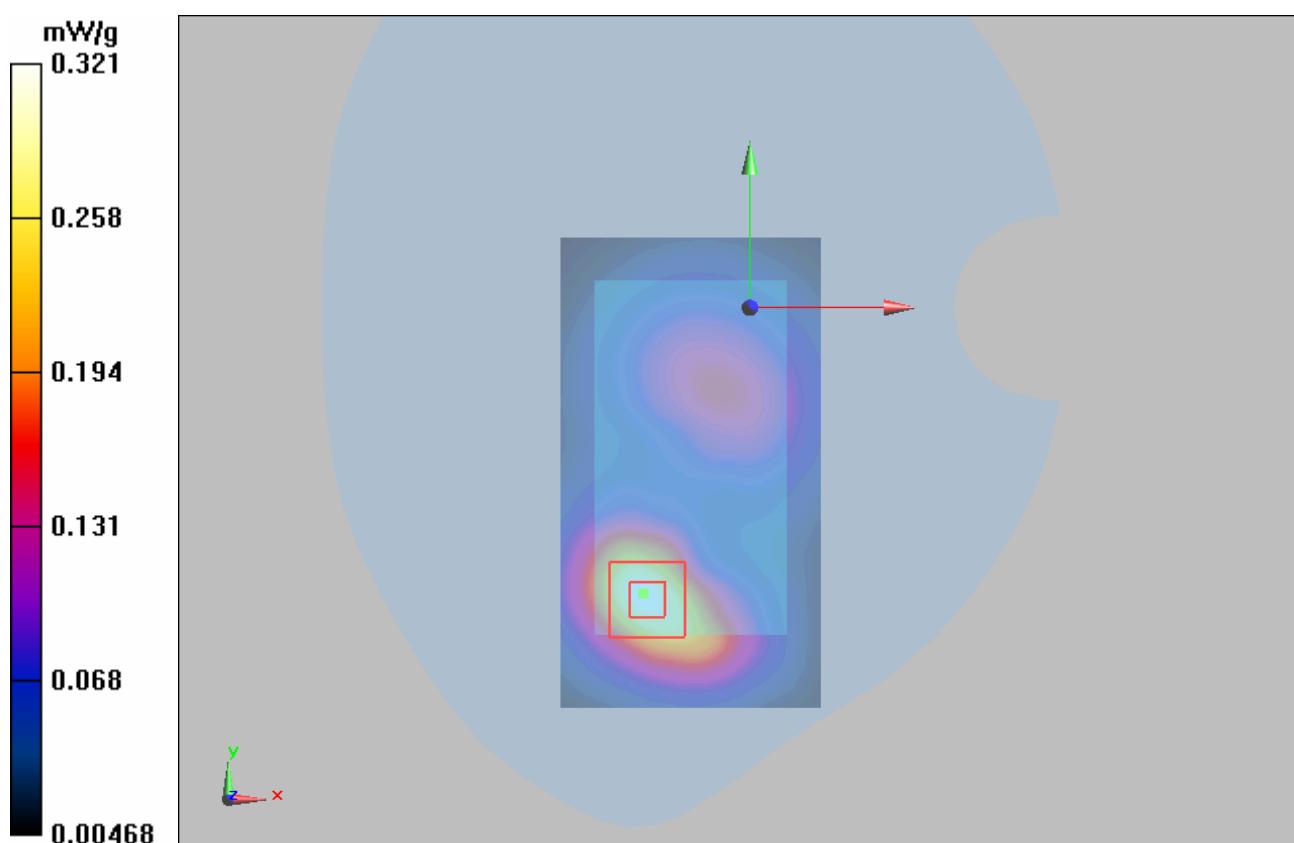


Figure 34 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 512

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 69 of 146

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 11:45:02 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.178 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.271 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.159 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g

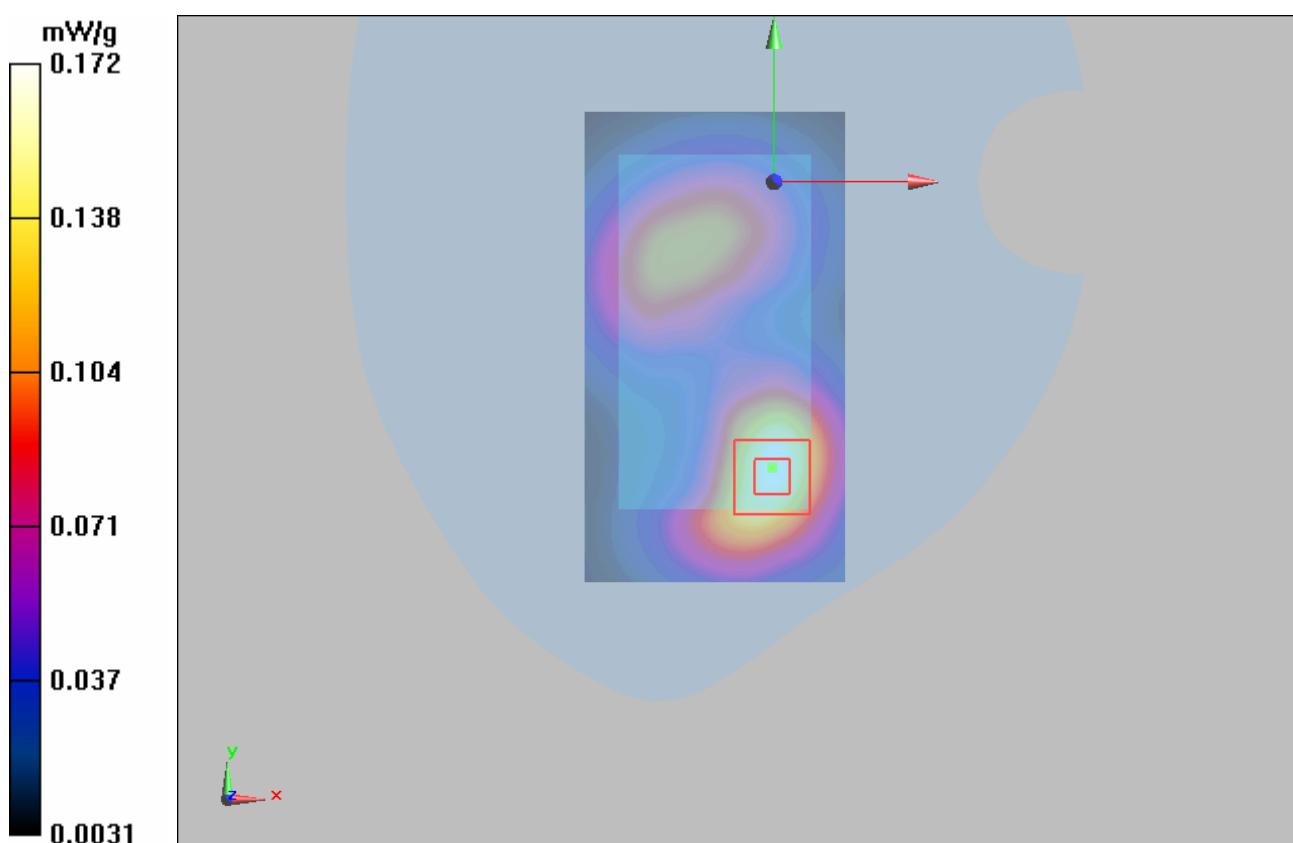


Figure 35 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 Channel 661

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 70 of 146

GSM 1900 with Earphone Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 1:27:20 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.317 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 mW/g

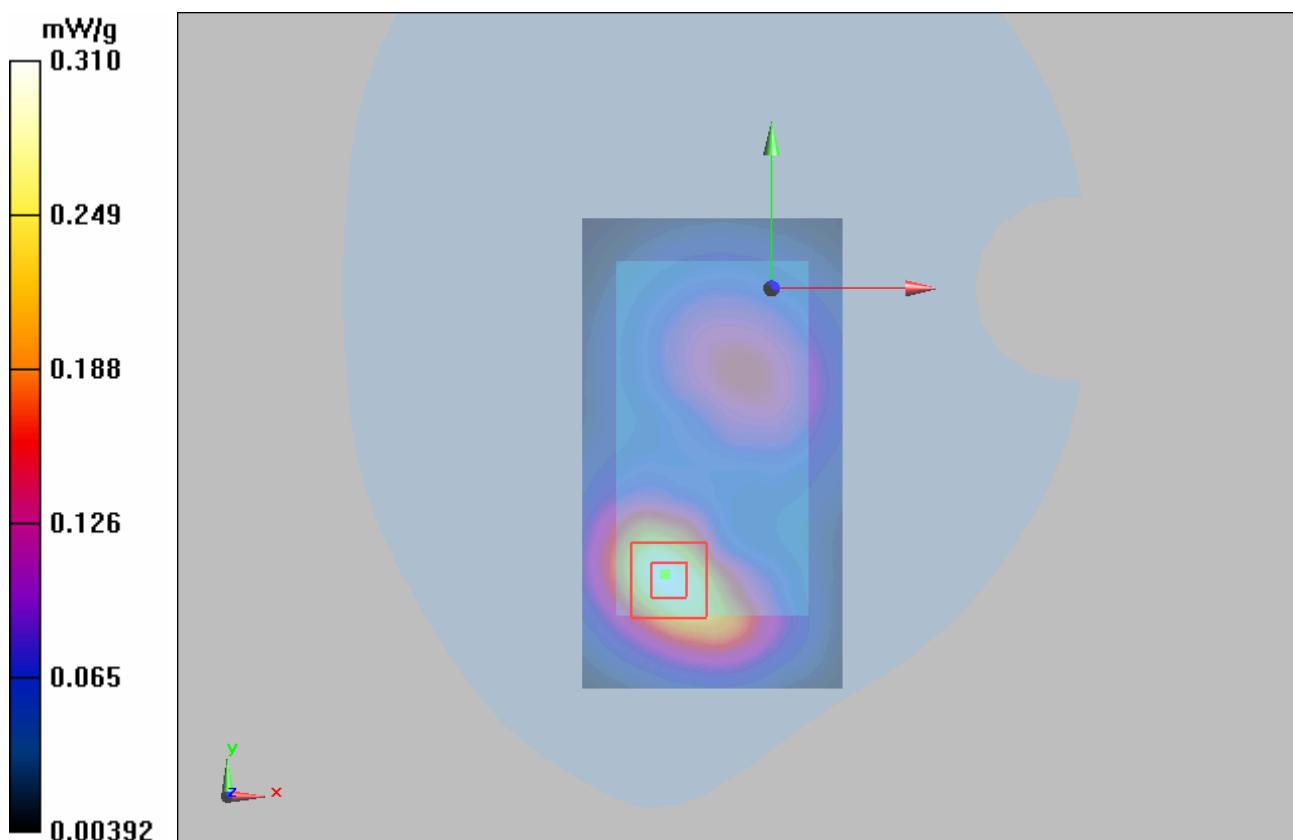


Figure 36 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 512

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 71 of 146

GSM 1900 GPRS (2Up) Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 2:16:09 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.378 mW/g

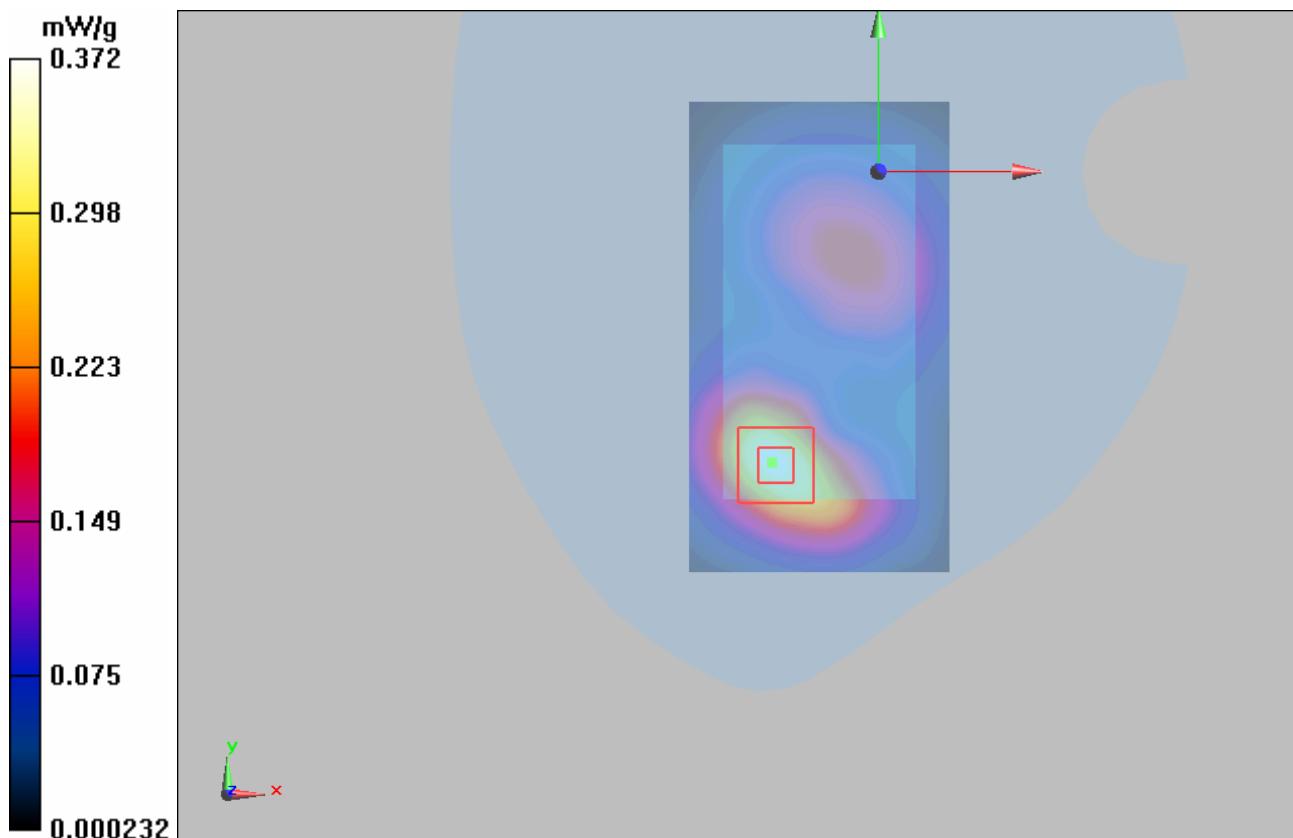
Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.626 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.342 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 72 of 146

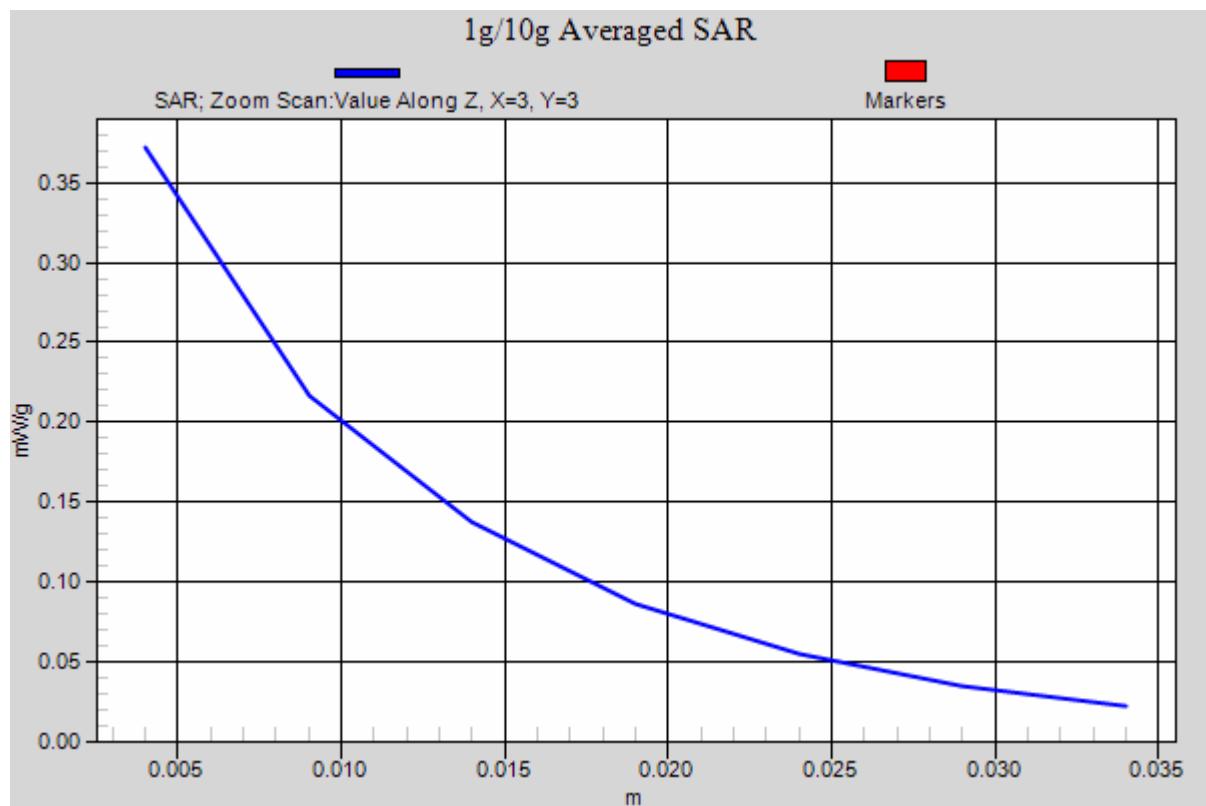


Figure 37 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 GPRS (2Up) Channel 512

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 73 of 146

GSM 1900 EGPRS (2Up) Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/18/2010 1:52:13 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.377 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.098 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g

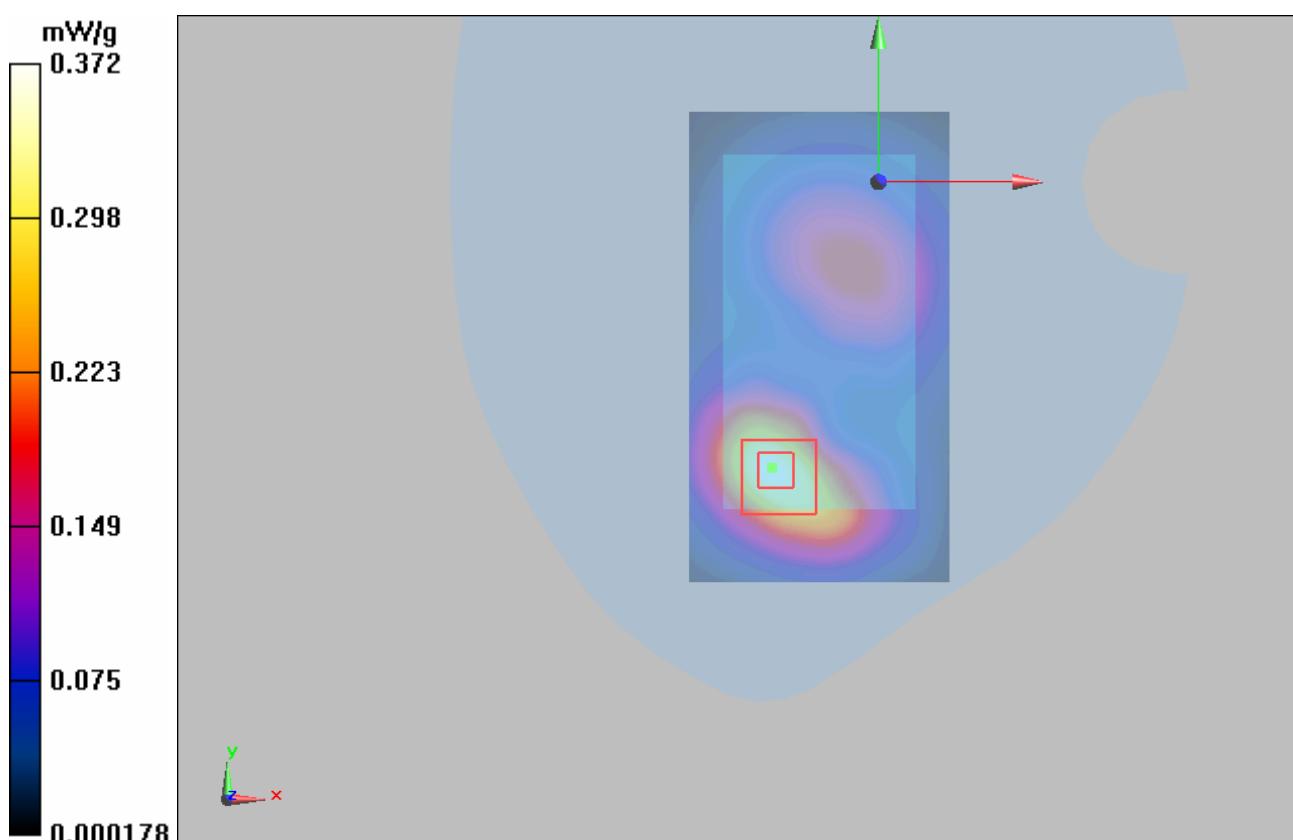


Figure 38 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 EGPRS (2Up) Channel 512

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 74 of 146

802.11g Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 9:13:16 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.236 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.520 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.240 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 mW/g

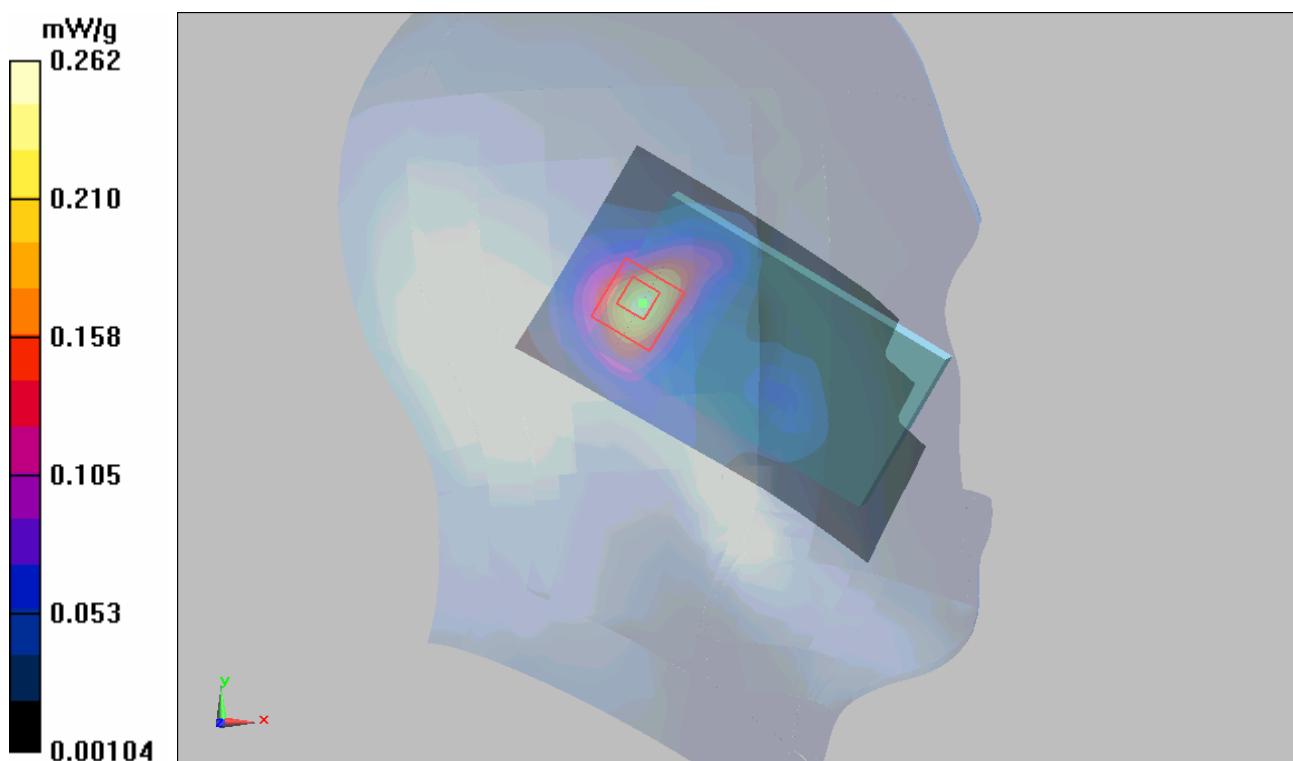


Figure 39 Left Hand Touch Cheek 802.11g Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 75 of 146

802.11g Left Tilt High

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 11:21:00 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.279 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.303 mW/g

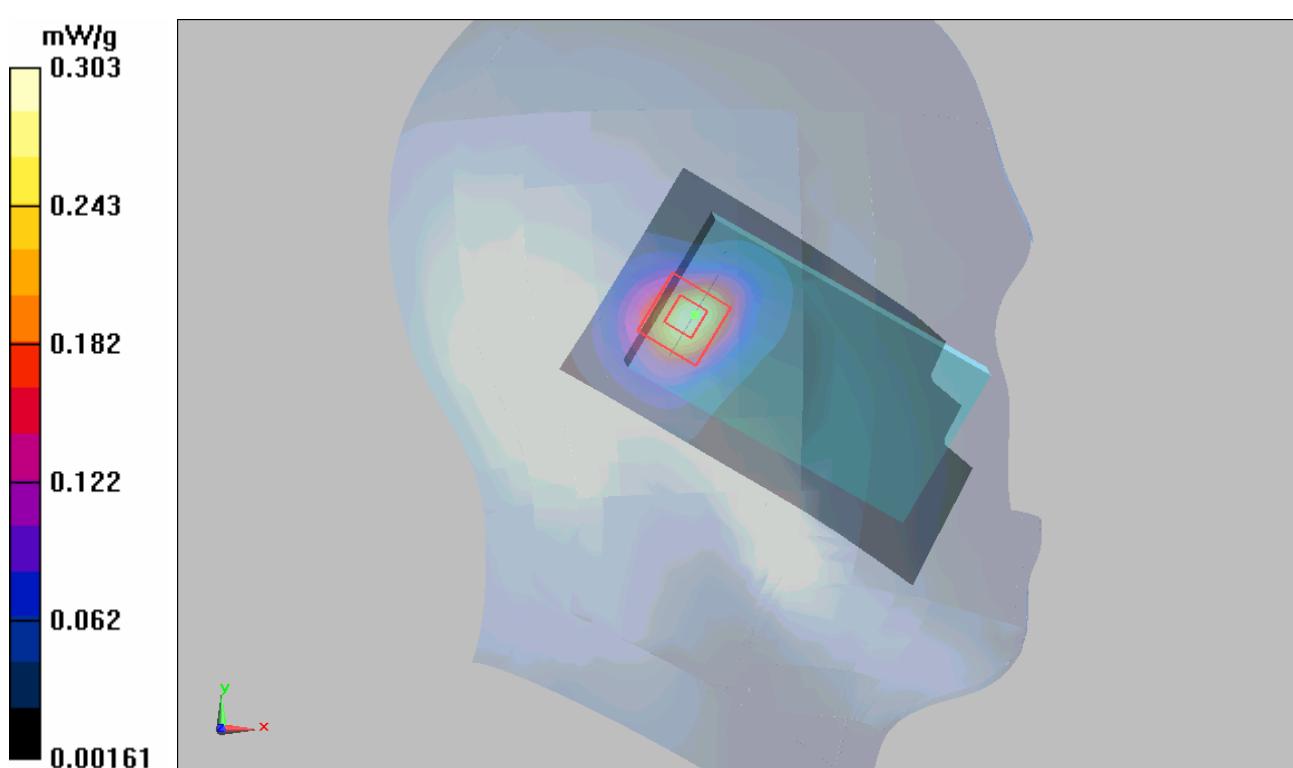


Figure 40 Left Hand Tilt 15° 802.11g Channel 11

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 76 of 146

802.11g Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 9:34:07 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 mW/g

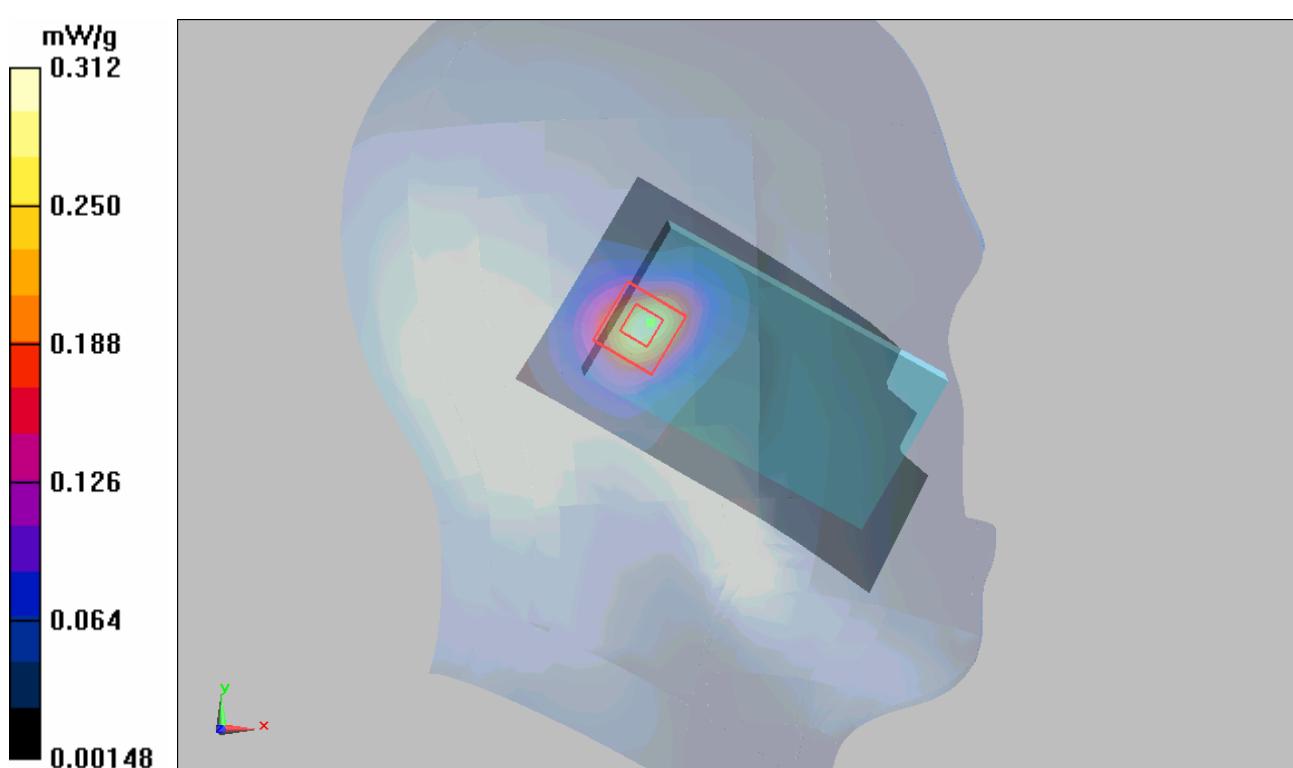
Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.648 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.288 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.312 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 77 of 146

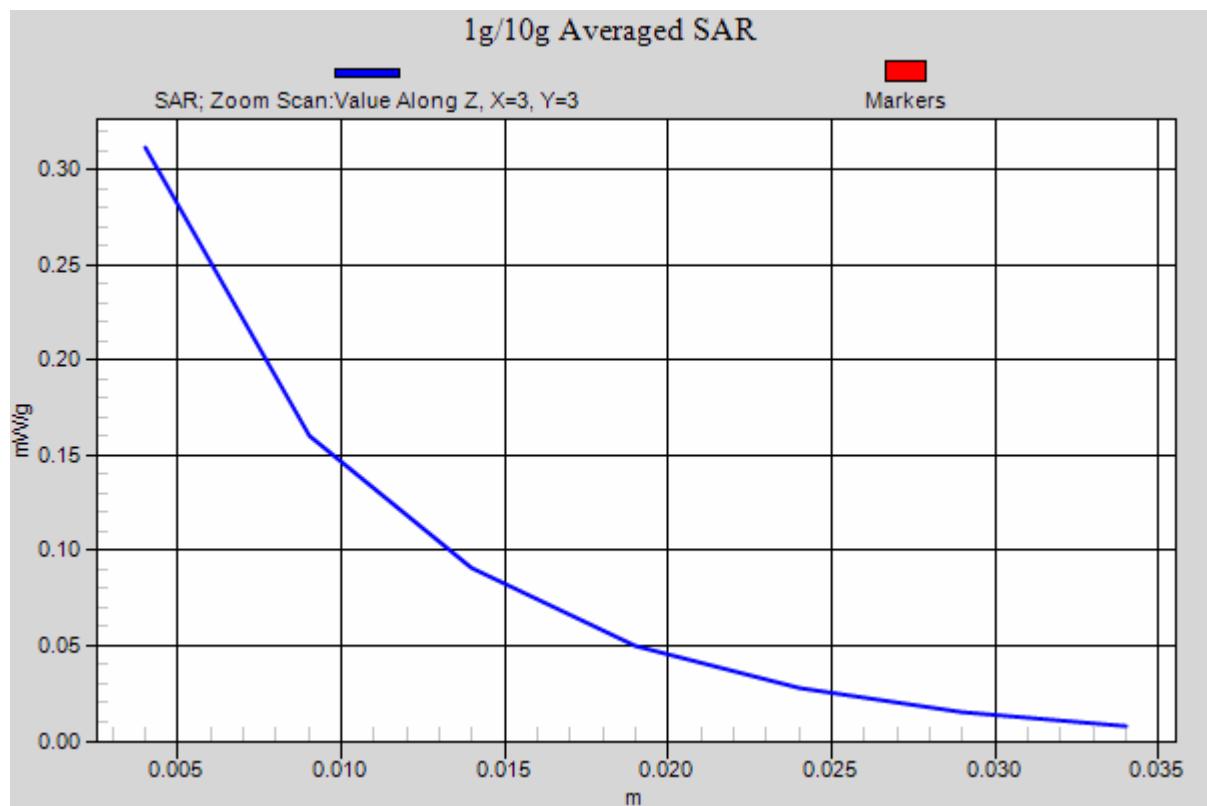


Figure 41 Left Hand Tilt 15° 802.11g Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 78 of 146

802.11g Left Tilt Low

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 11:00:10 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.74$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.590 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.265 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g

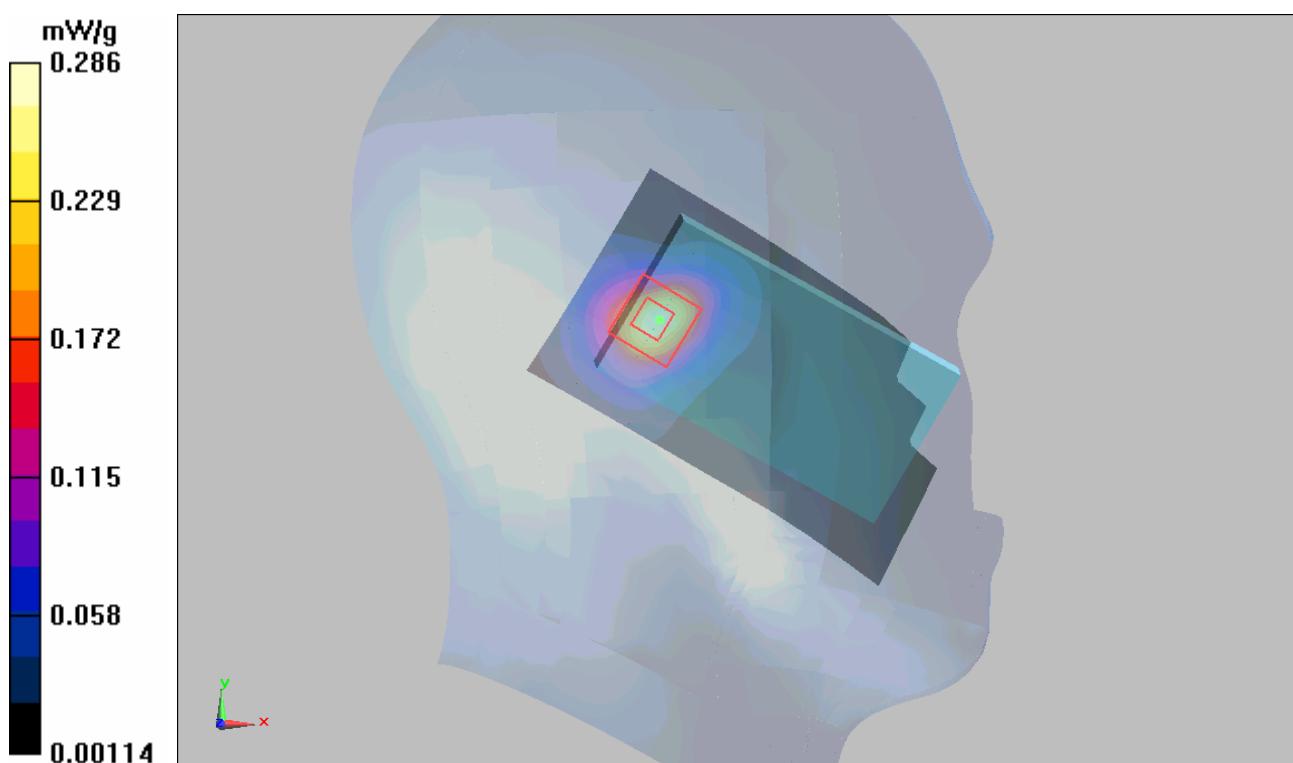


Figure 42 Left Hand Tilt 15° 802.11g Channel 1

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 79 of 146

802.11g Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 10:16:41 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.192 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.486 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.176 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 mW/g

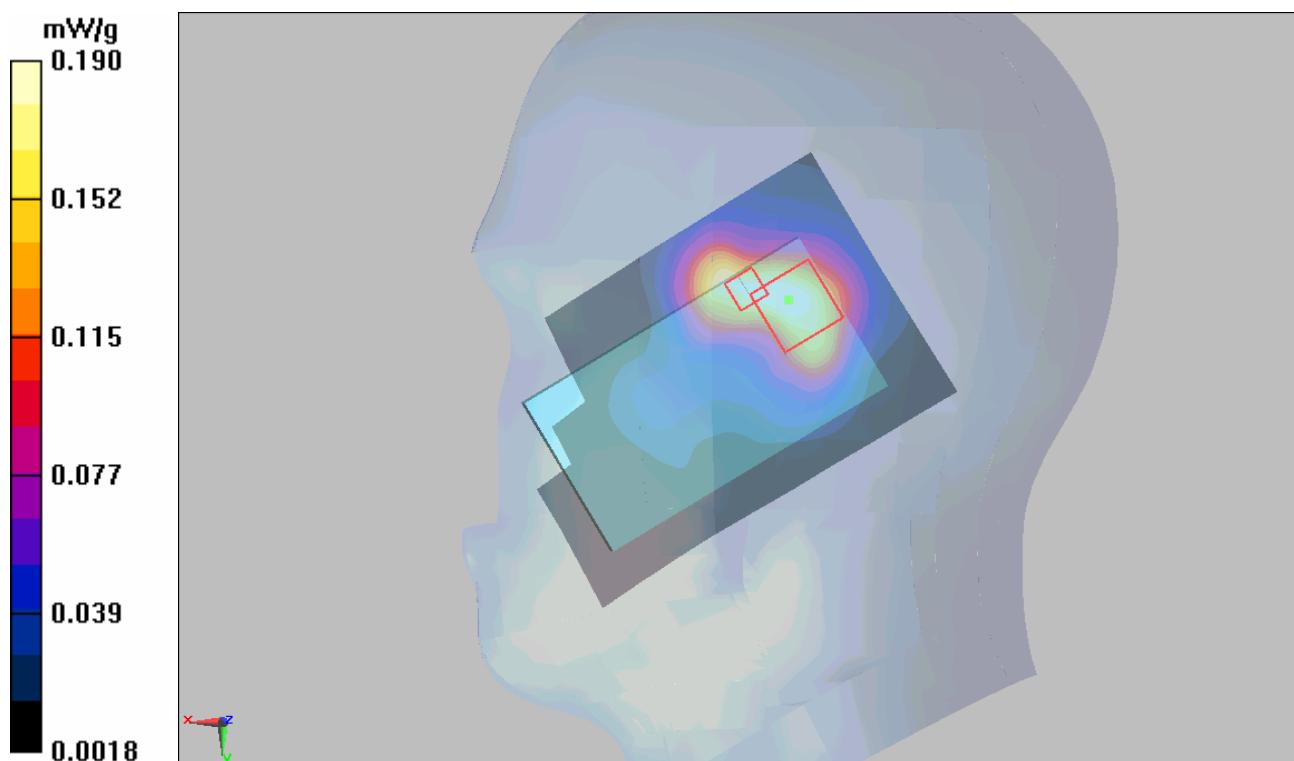


Figure 43 Right Hand Touch Cheek 802.11g Channel 6

802.11g Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 10:37:27 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.494 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.226 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 mW/g

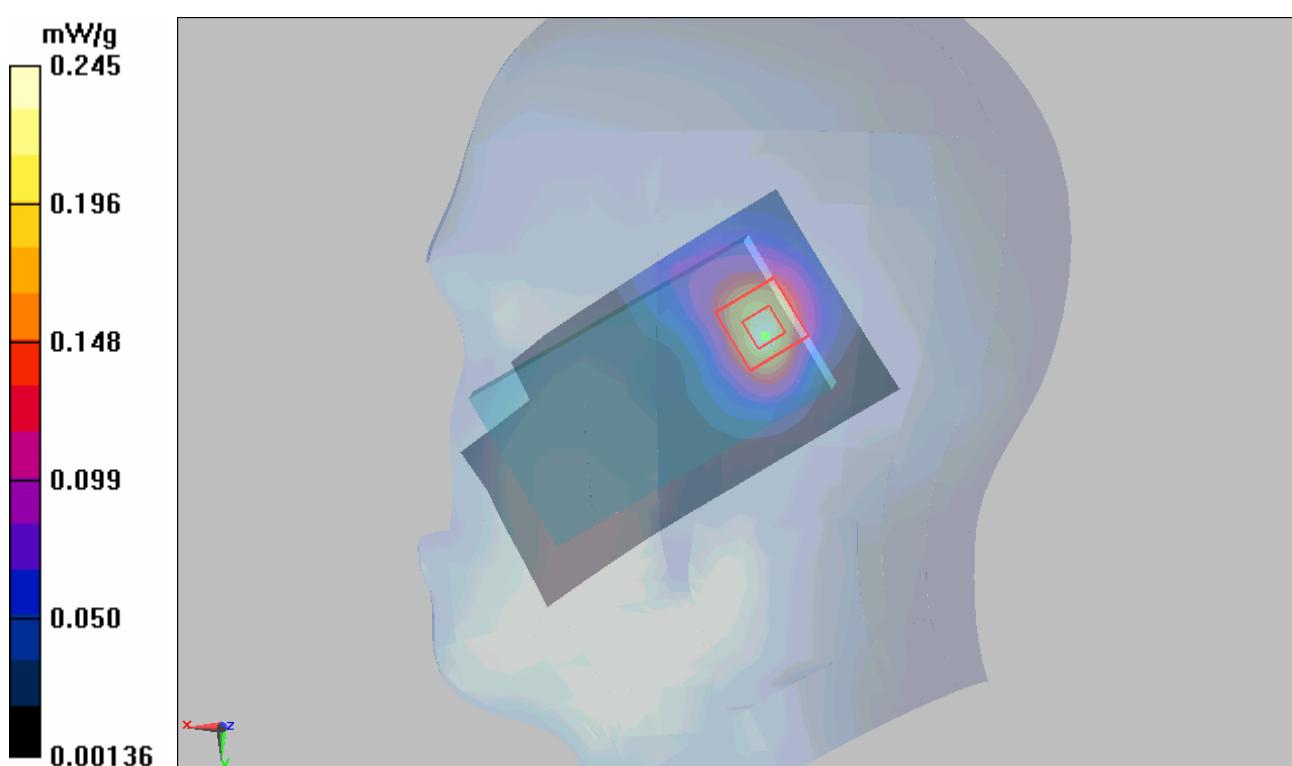


Figure 44 Right Hand Tilt 15° 802.11g Channel 6

802.11g Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 3:38:42 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.100 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.198 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.098 mW/g

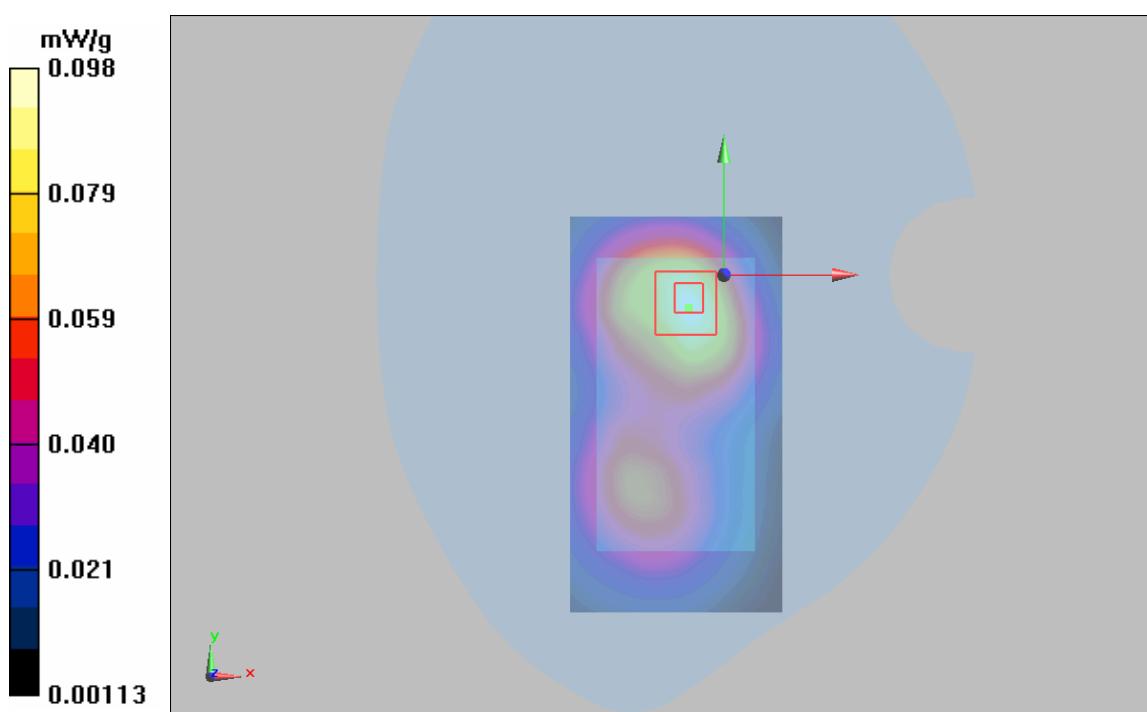


Figure 45 Body, Towards Ground, 802.11g Channel 11

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 82 of 146

802.11g Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 2:57:00 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.099 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.194 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.092 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.097 mW/g

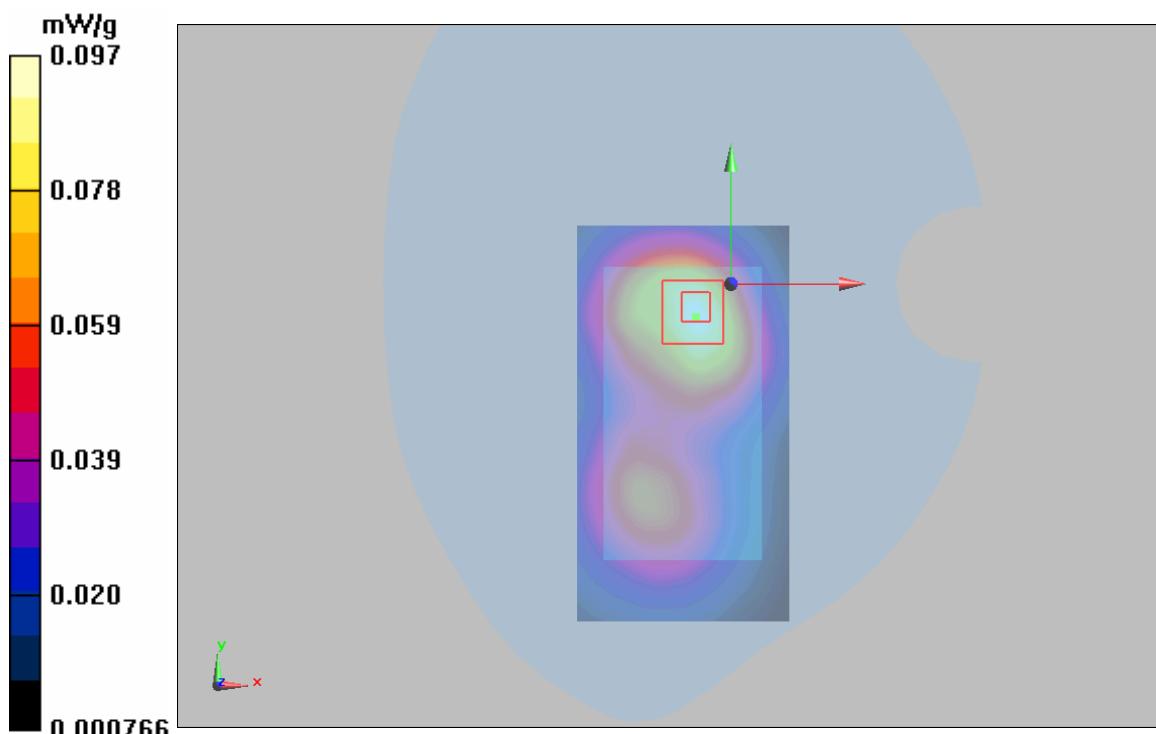


Figure 46 Body, Towards Ground, 802.11g Channel 6

802.11g Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 3:17:51 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.096 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.195 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.094 mW/g

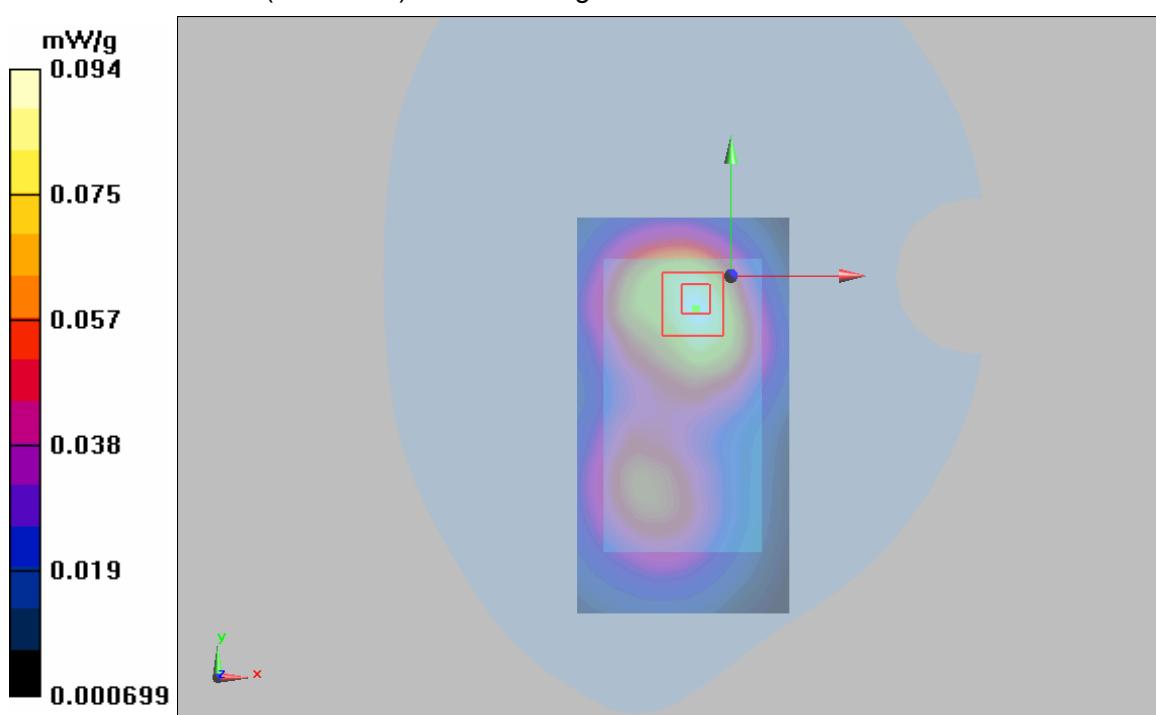


Figure 47 Body, Towards Ground, 802.11g Channel 1

802.11g Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 4:52:57 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.091 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.172 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g

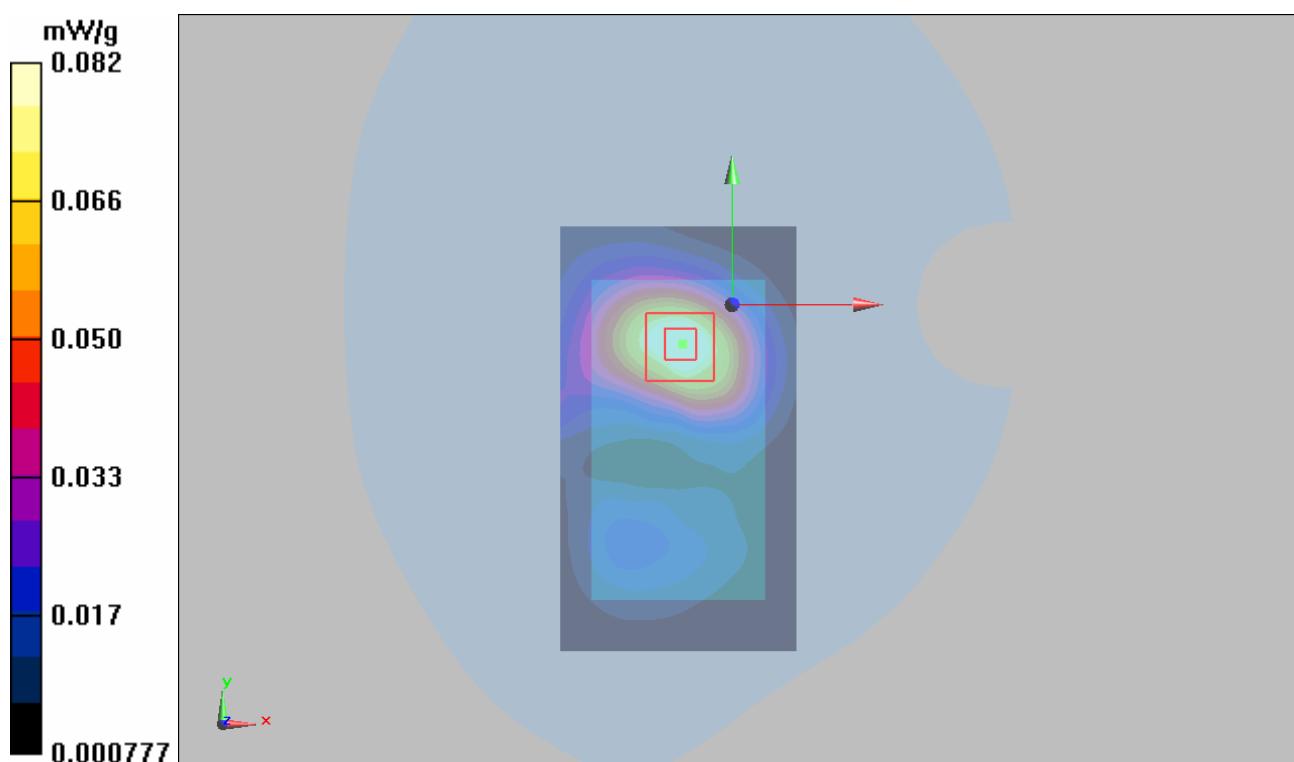


Figure 48 Body, Towards Phantom, 802.11g Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 85 of 146

802.11g Towards Ground with Earphone High

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 6:14:37 PM

Communication System: 802.11g; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.111 mW/g

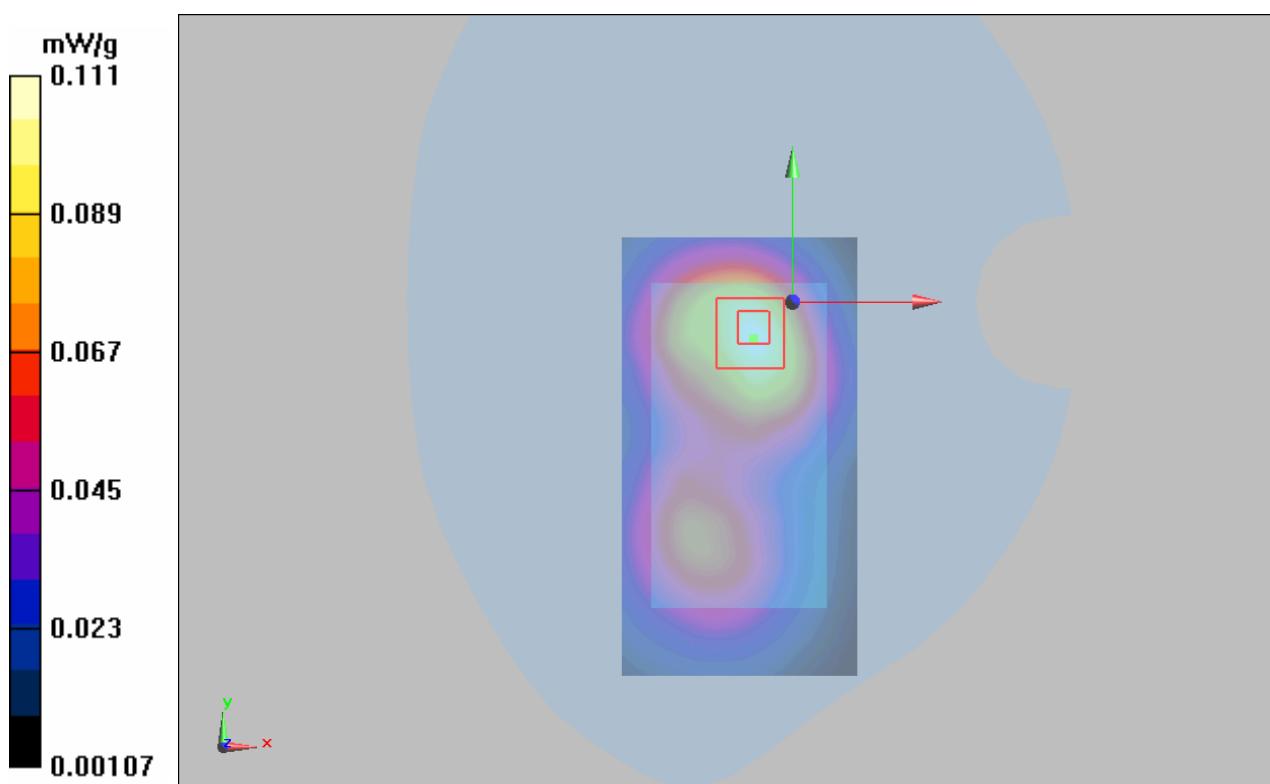
Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.222 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 86 of 146

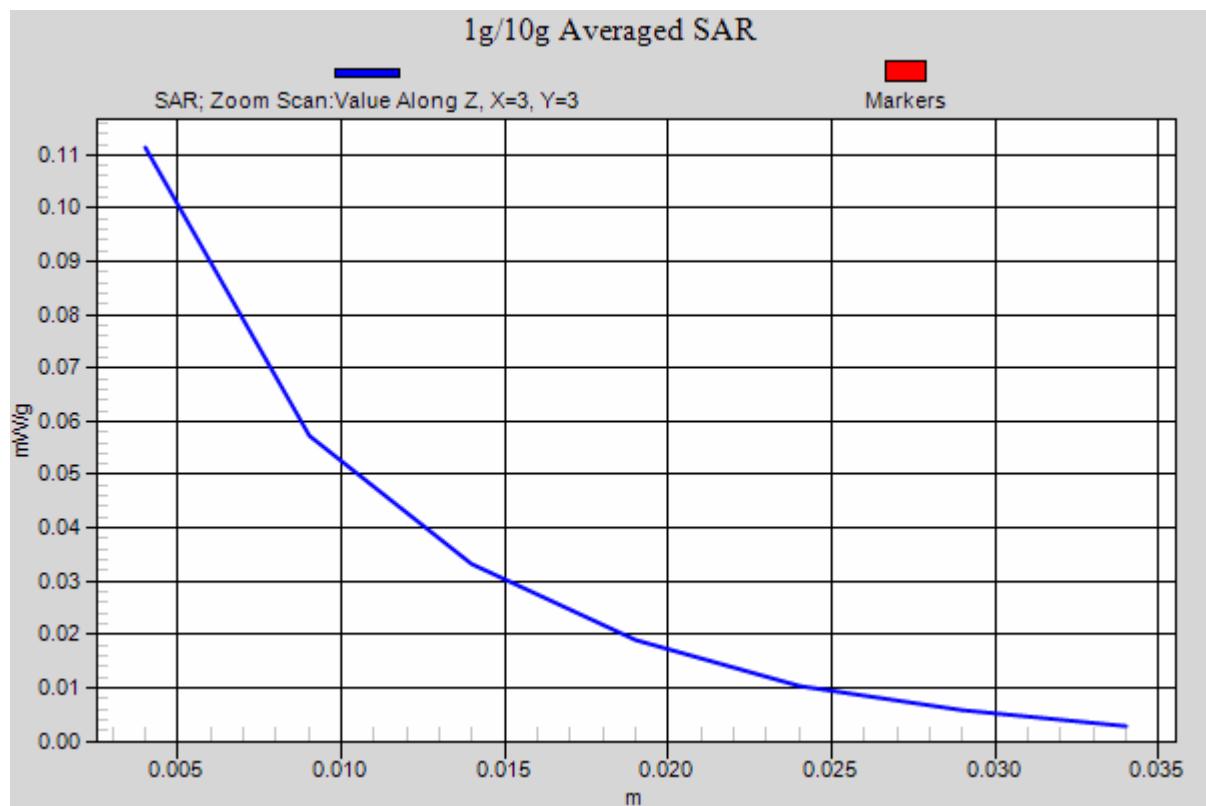


Figure 49 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, 802.11g Channel 11

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 87 of 146

802.11b Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 6:03:03 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.501 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 mW/g

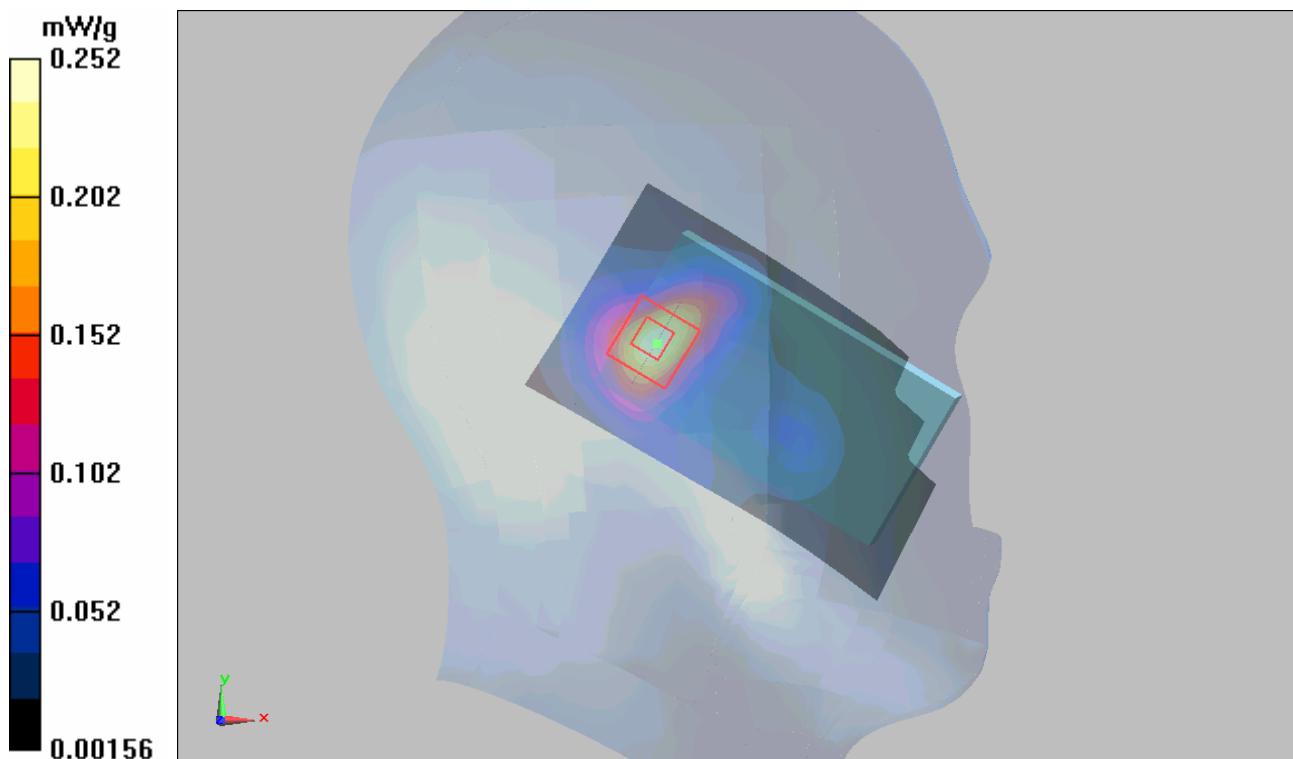


Figure 50 Left Hand Touch Cheek 802.11b Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 88 of 146

802.11b Left Tilt High

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 8:25:32 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.648 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.293 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 mW/g

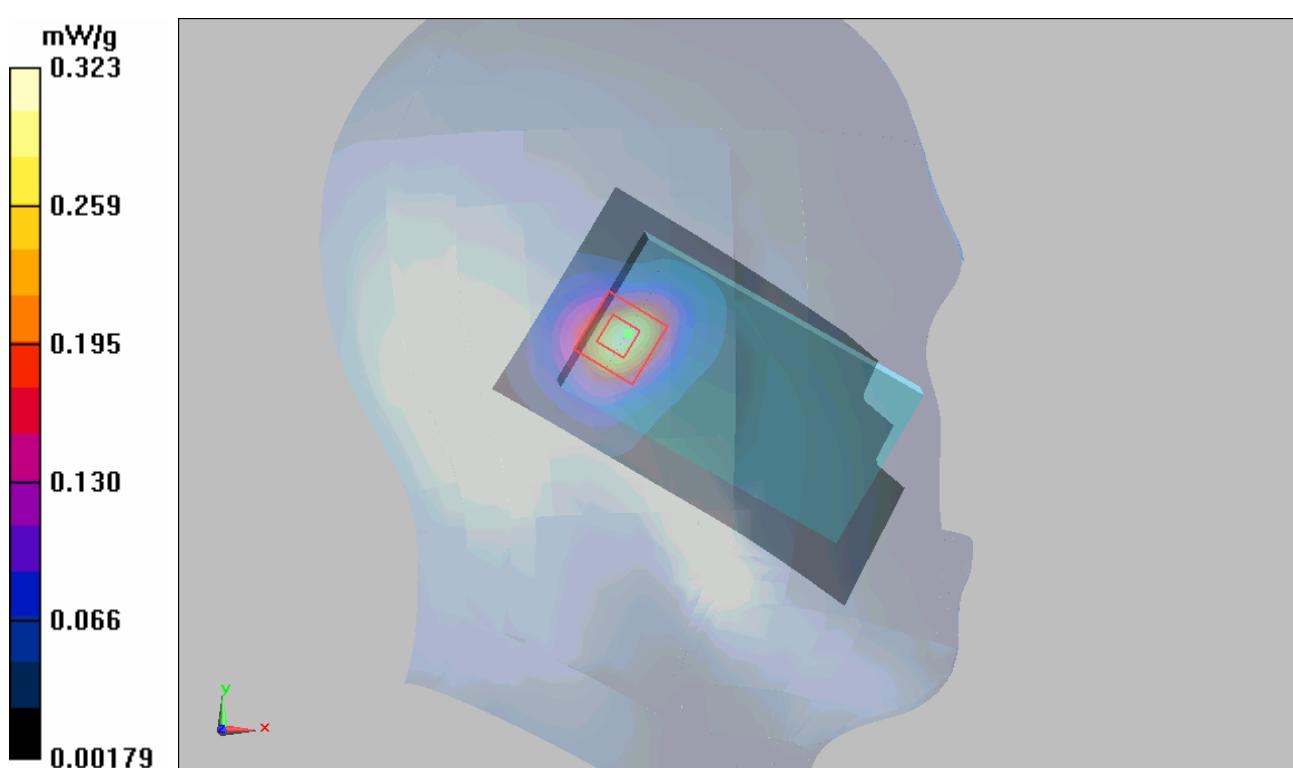


Figure 51 Left Hand Tilt 15° 802.11b Channel 11

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 89 of 146

802.11b Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 6:30:13 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.619 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.278 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 mW/g

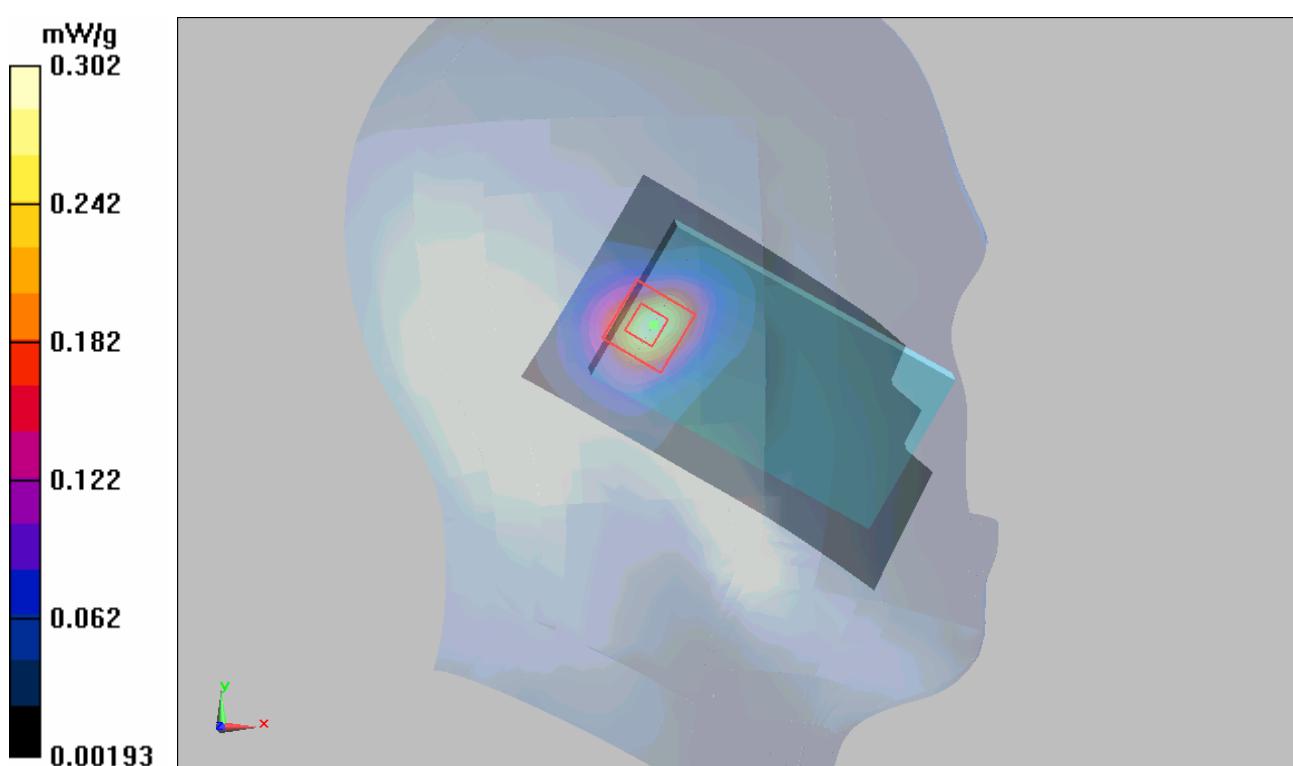


Figure 52 Left Hand Tilt 15° 802.11b Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 90 of 146

802.11b Left Tilt Low

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 8:47:06 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.74$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.274 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 mW/g

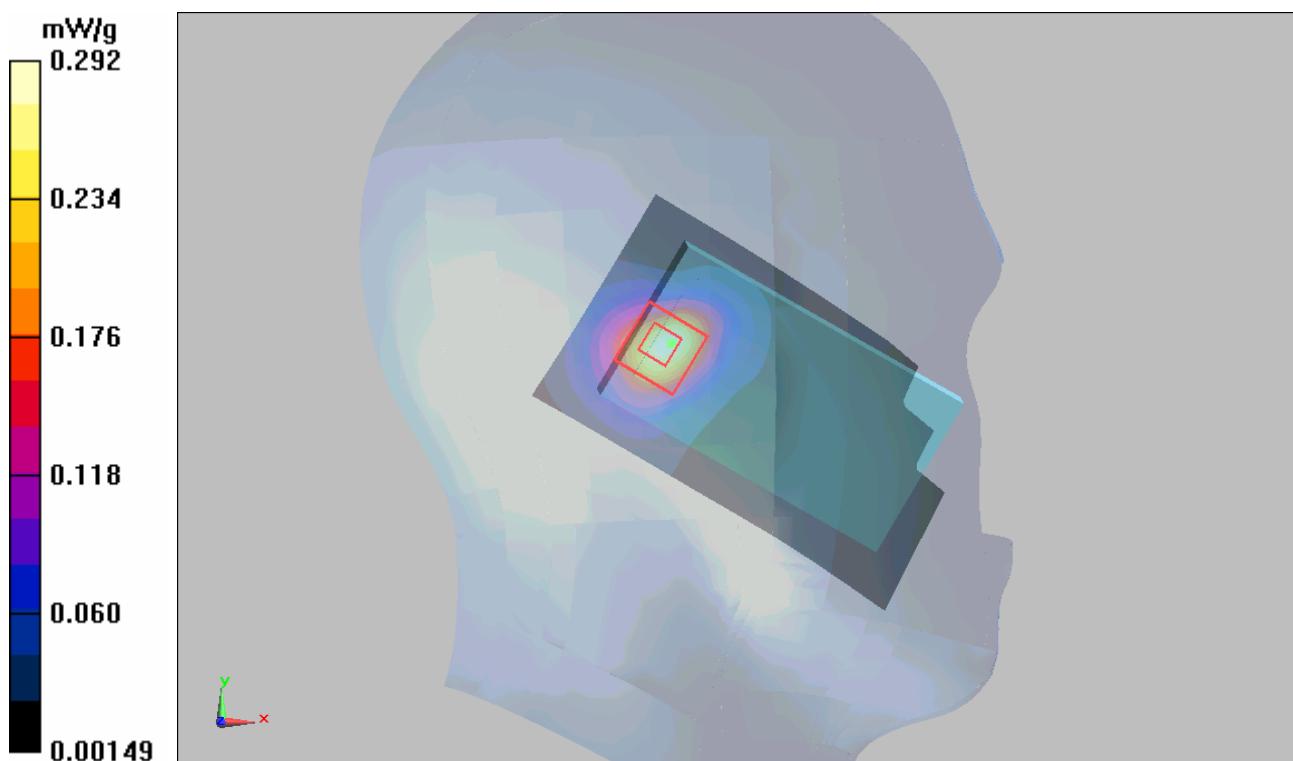


Figure 53 Left Hand Tilt 15° 802.11b Channel 1

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 91 of 146

802.11b Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 8:02:09 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.533 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.196 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 mW/g

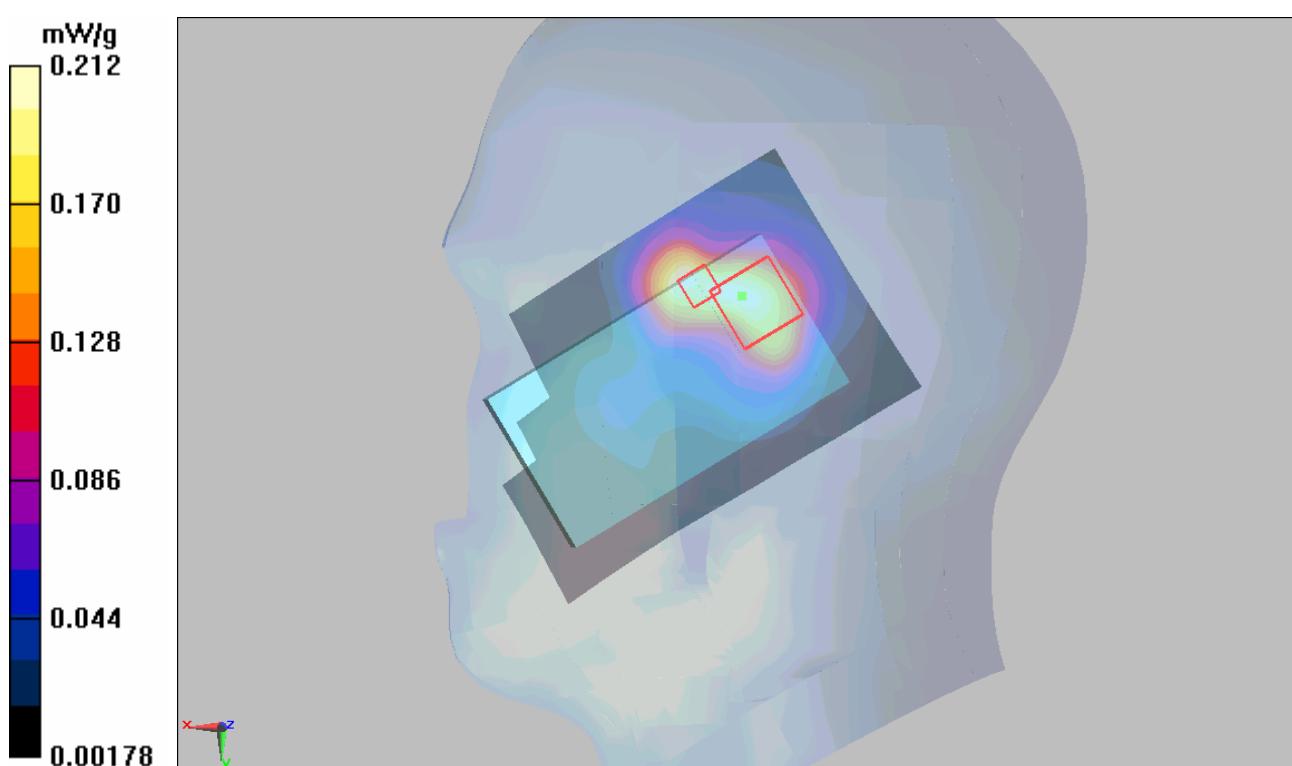


Figure 54 Right Hand Touch Cheek 802.11b Channel 6

802.11b Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 5/26/2010 7:28:30 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.250 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 mW/g

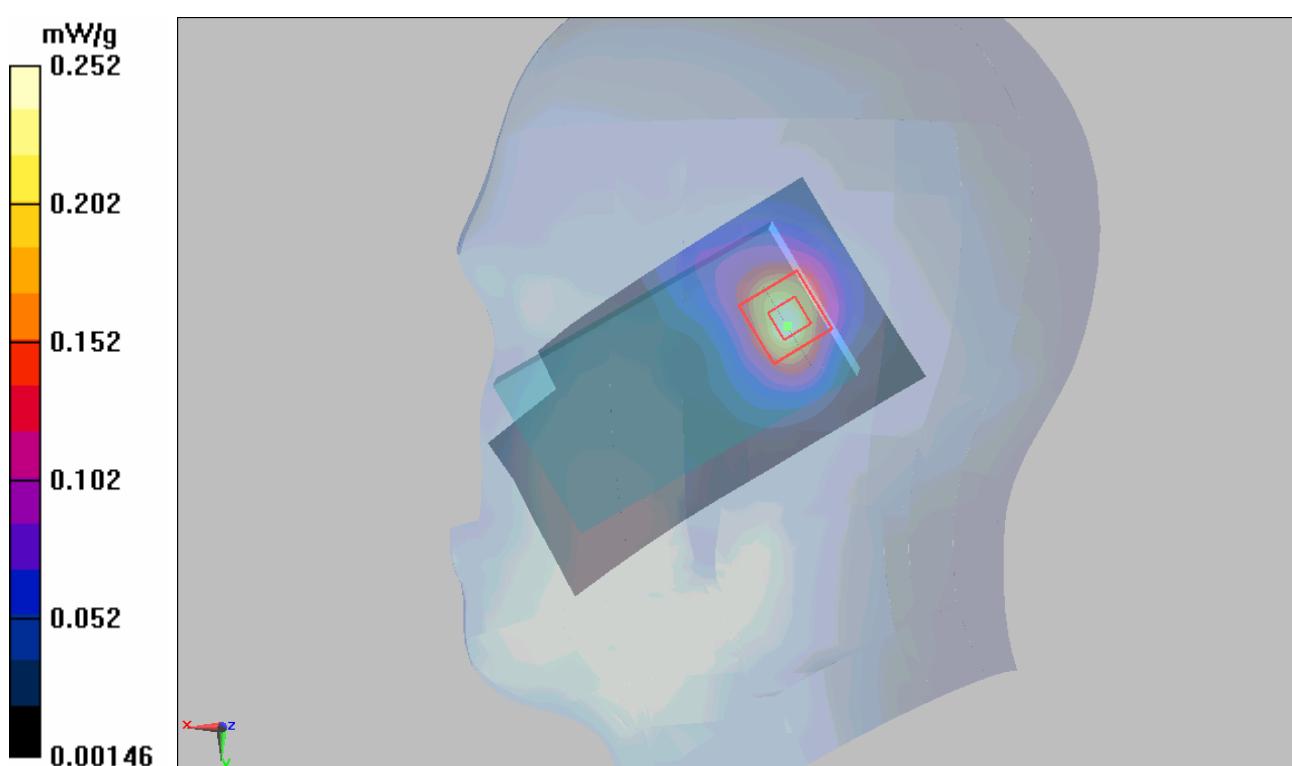


Figure 55 Right Hand Tilt 15° 802.11b Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 93 of 146

802.11b Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 11:55:11 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.112 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 mW/g

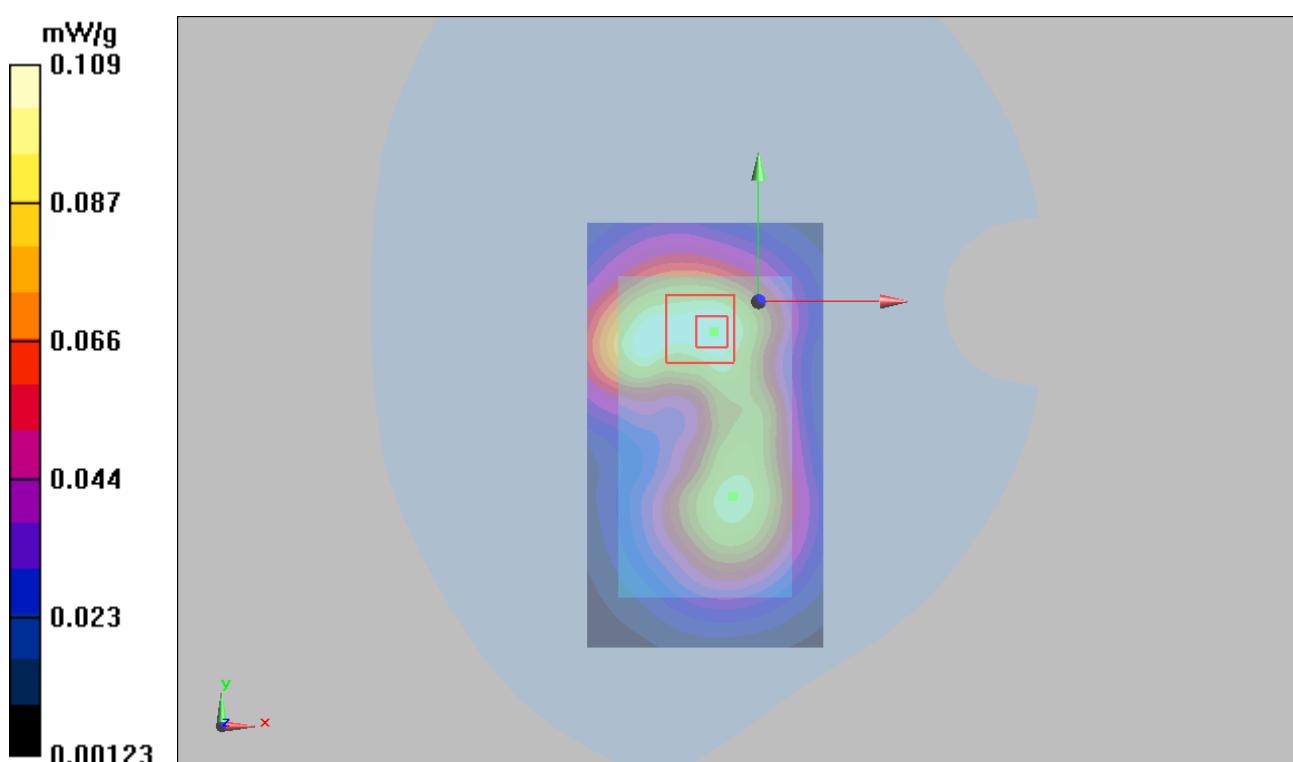


Figure 56 Body, Towards Ground, 802.11b Channel 11

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 94 of 146

802.11b Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 11:13:42 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.113 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.165 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 mW/g

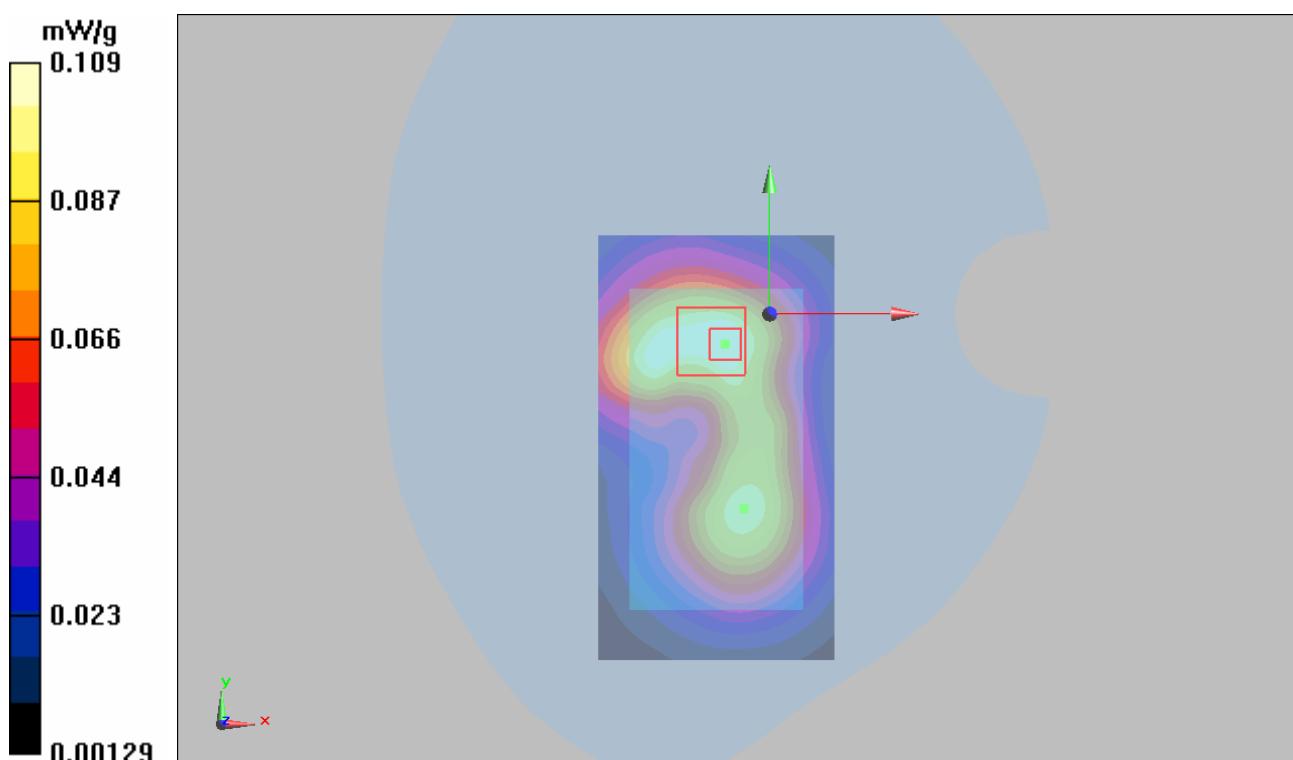


Figure 57 Body, Towards Ground, 802.11b Channel 6

802.11b Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 11:34:20 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.222 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 mW/g

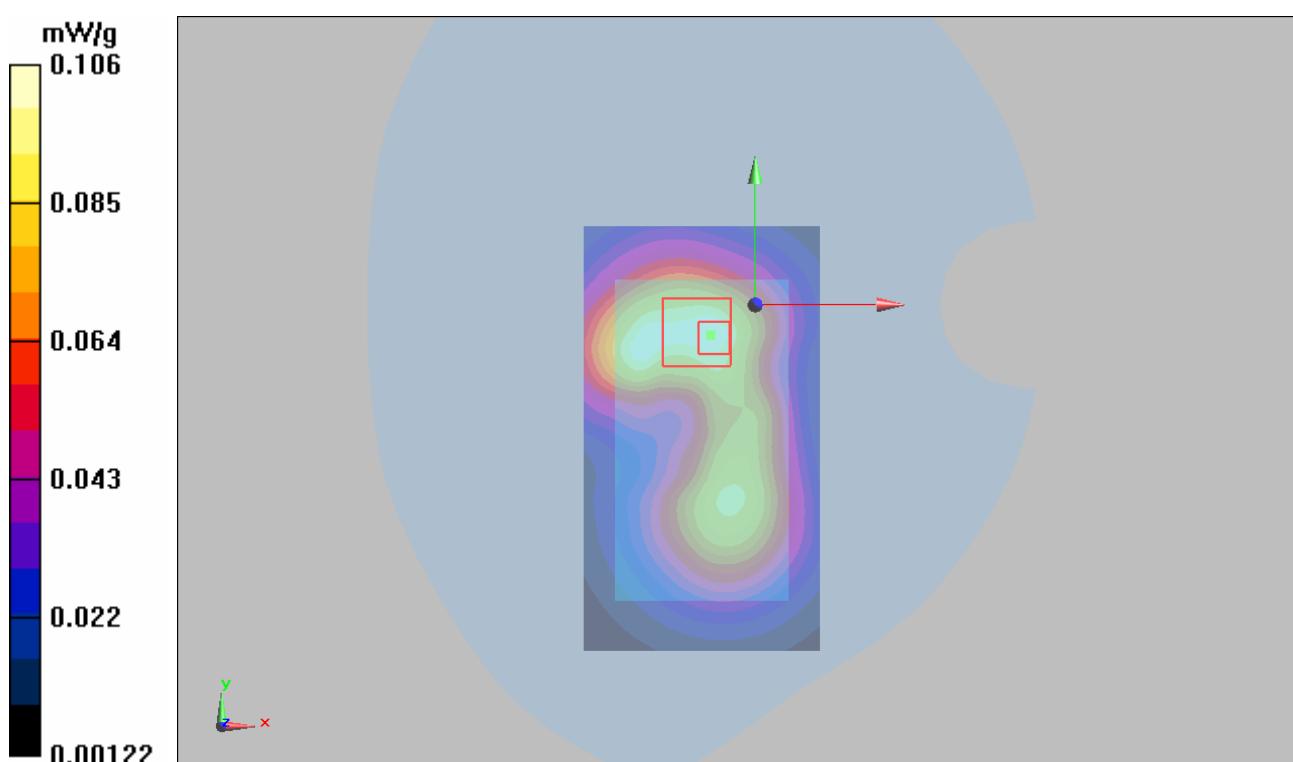


Figure 58 Body, Towards Ground, 802.11b Channel 1

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 96 of 146

802.11b Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 10:52:03 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.097 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.090 mW/g

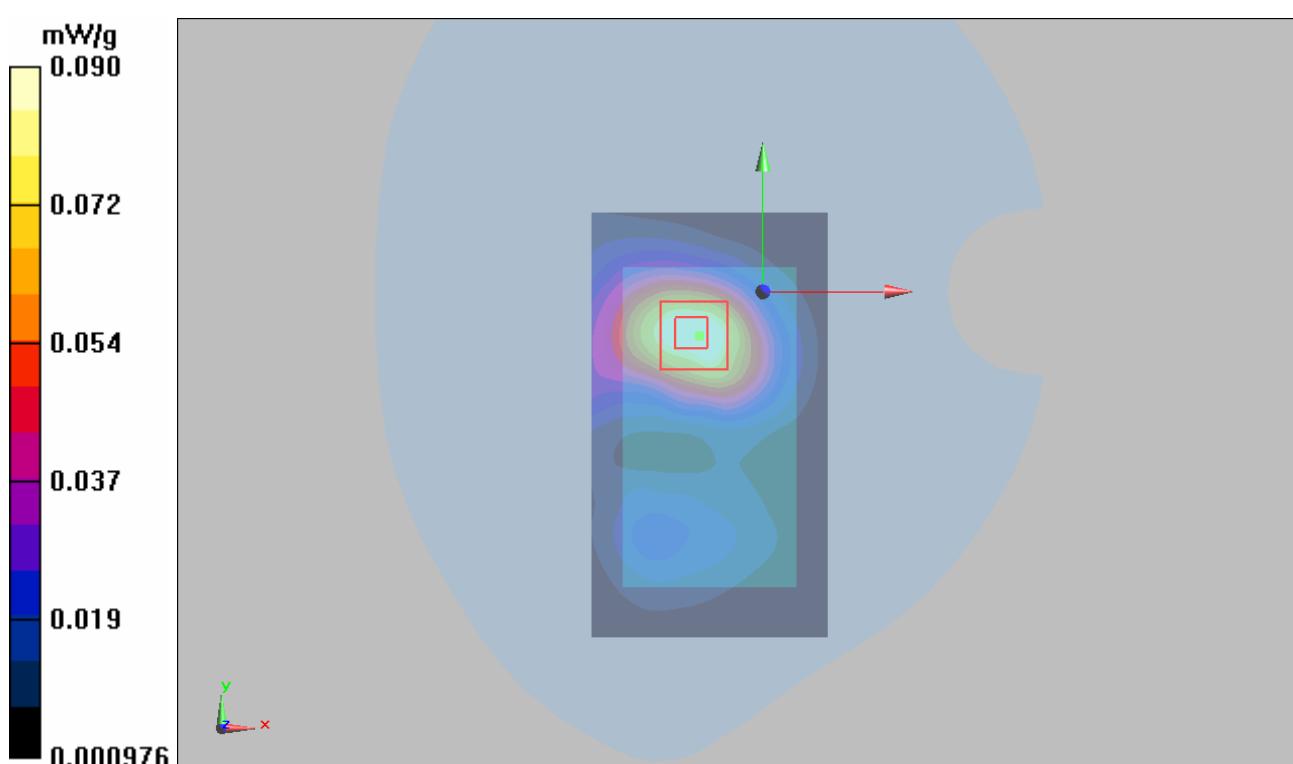


Figure 59 Body, Towards Phantom, 802.11b Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 97 of 146

802.11b Towards Ground with Earphone Middle

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 12:44:38 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.126 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.128 mW/g

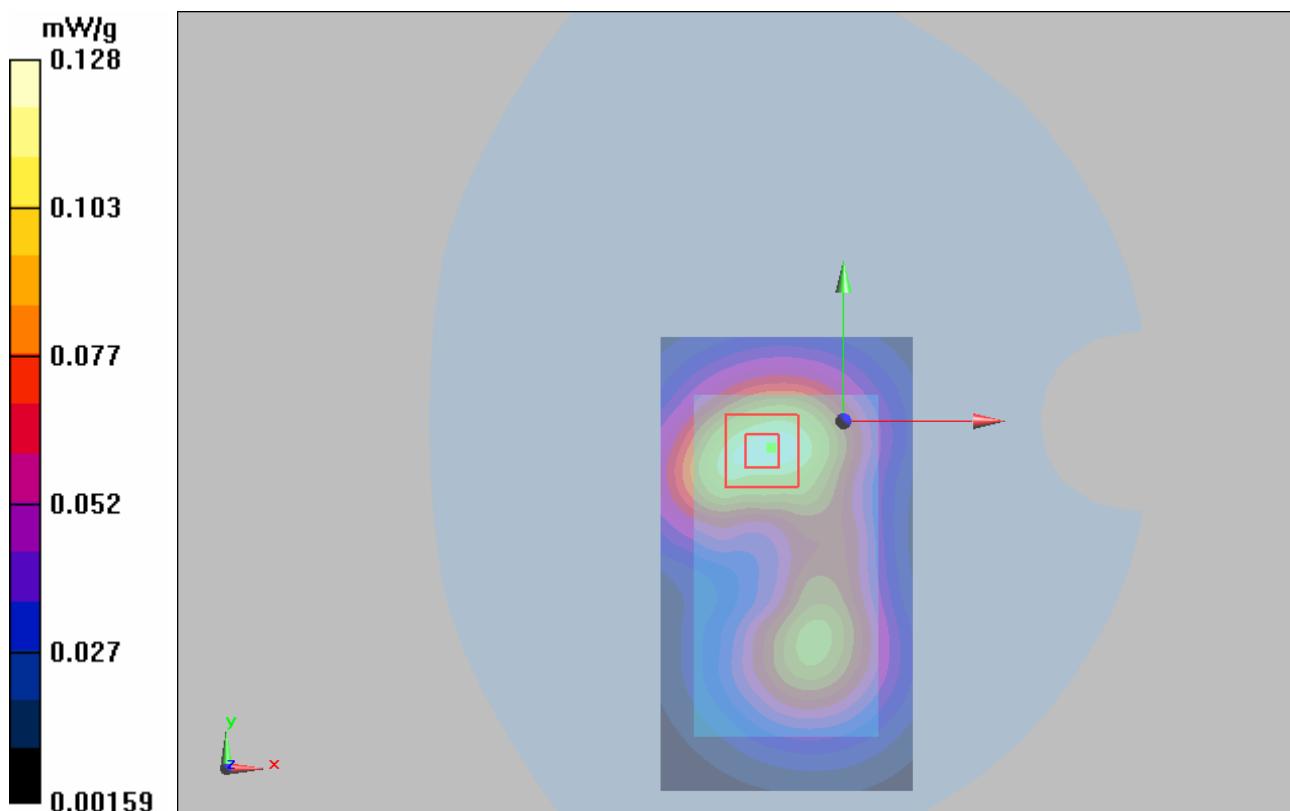


Figure 60 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, 802.11b Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 98 of 146

802.11b Towards Phantom with Earphone Middle

Date/Time: 5/27/2010 6:37:53 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.083 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.086 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g

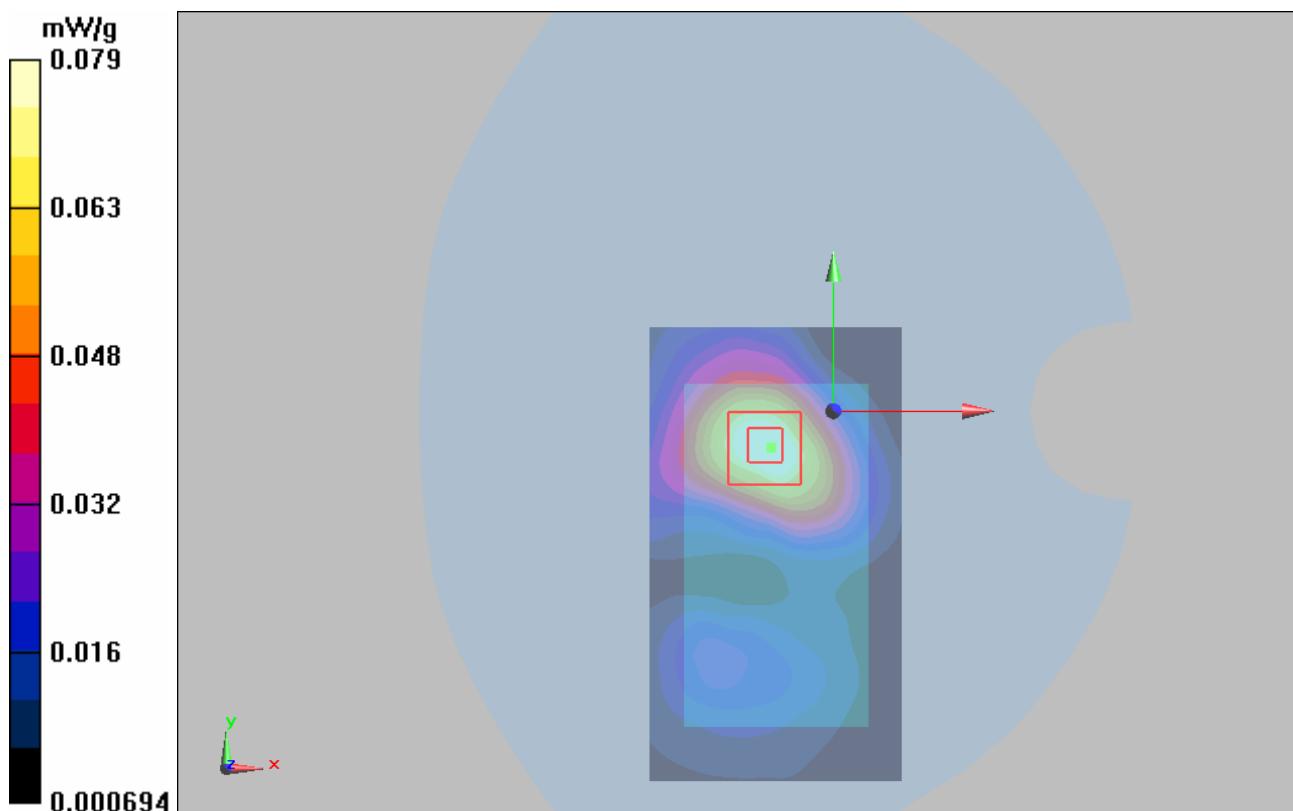


Figure 61 Body with Earphone, Towards Phantom, 802.11b Channel 6

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 99 of 146

ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Dec09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3661

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: December 30, 2009

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 880	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-880_Sep09)	Sep-10

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Niela Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: December 30, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 100 of 146

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM x,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). $NORM_{x,y,z}$ are only intermediet values, i.e., the uncertainties of $NORM_{x,y,z}$ does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP x,y,z : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z$: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$ whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 101 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3661

Manufactured:	October 20, 2008
Calibrated:	December 30, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 102 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μ V/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.46	0.52	0.48	\pm 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	89.4	91.4	90.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X Y Z	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	1.00 1.00 1.00	300 300 300	\pm 1.5%

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 103 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	9.34	9.34	9.34	0.69	0.64 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.06	9.06	9.06	0.72	0.64 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.59	0.63 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.83	0.56 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.22	7.22	7.22	0.35	0.83 ± 11.0%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.75 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.48	1.75 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.45	1.75 ± 13.1%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty all calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 104 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.24	9.24	9.24	0.54	0.73 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	8.97	8.97	8.97	0.53	0.72 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.67	0.65 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.60	0.69 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.26	1.12 ± 11.0%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.46	1.75 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.46	1.75 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.48	1.75 ± 13.1%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

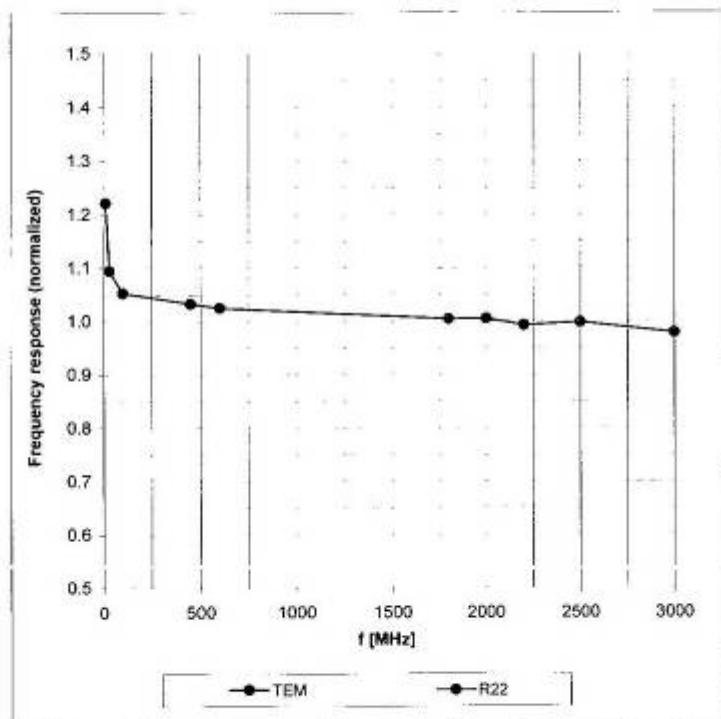
Page 105 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

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Test Report

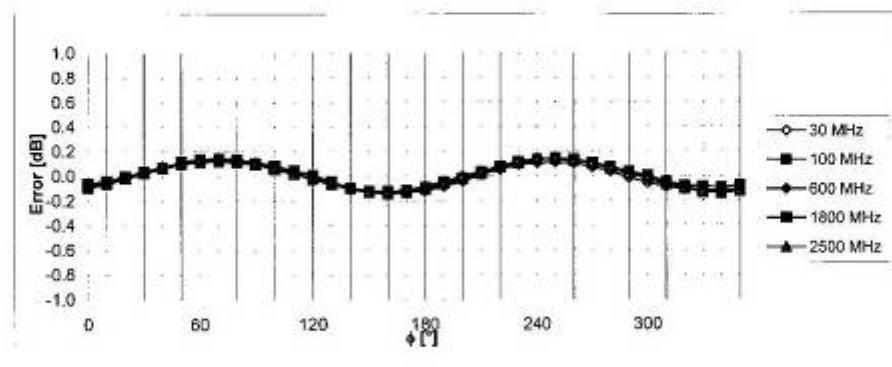
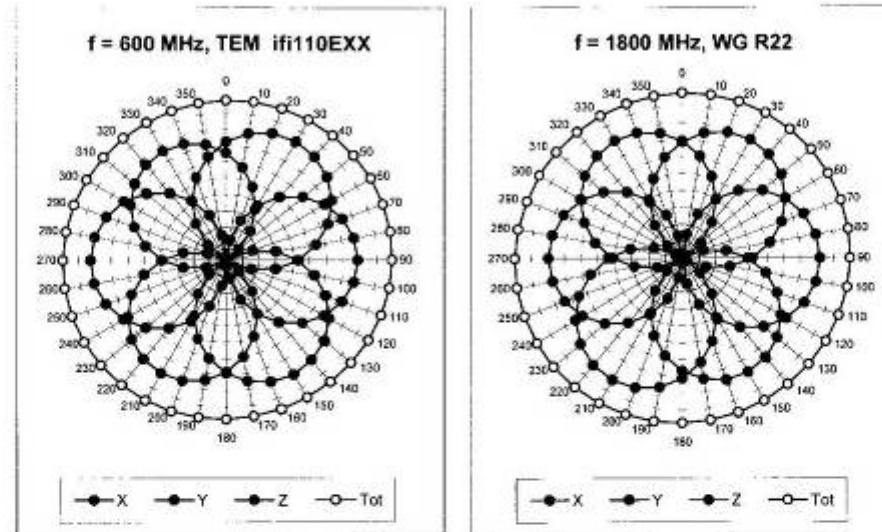
Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 106 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

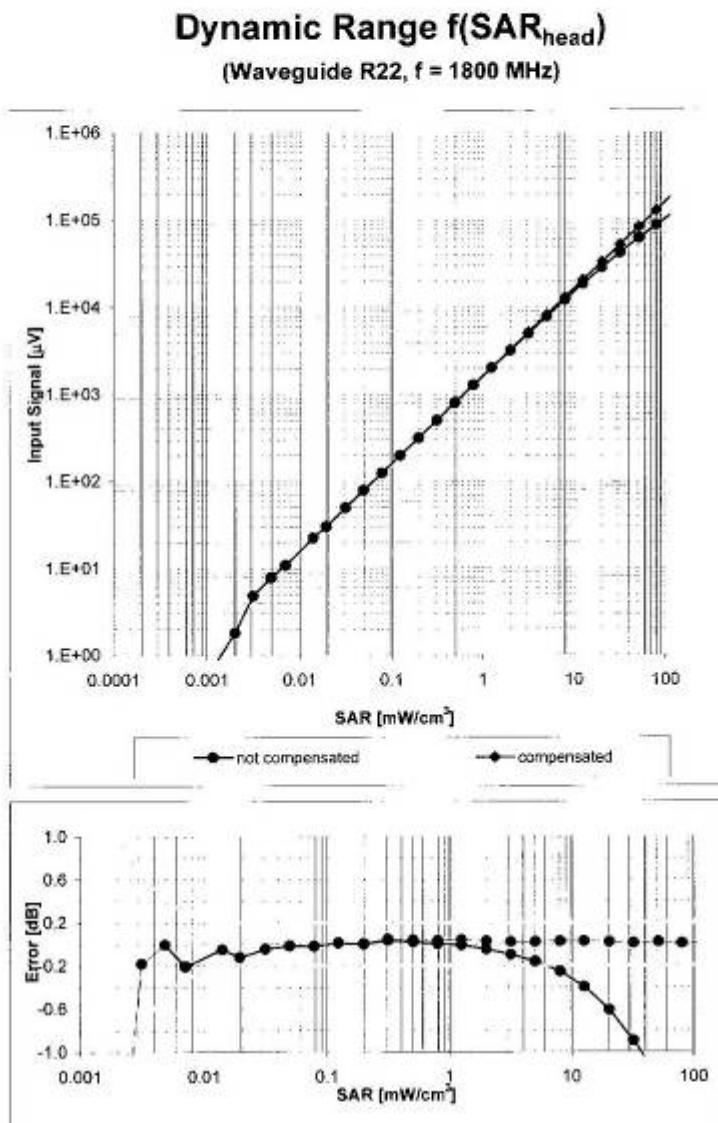
TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 107 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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Test Report

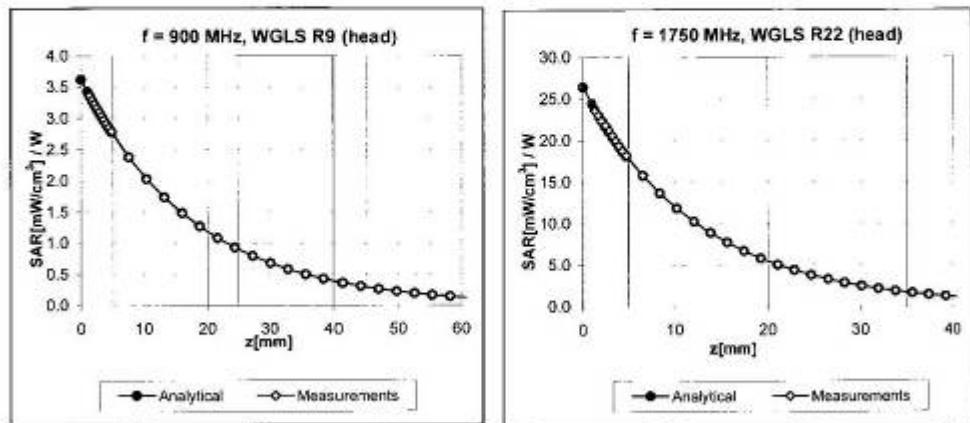
Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 108 of 146

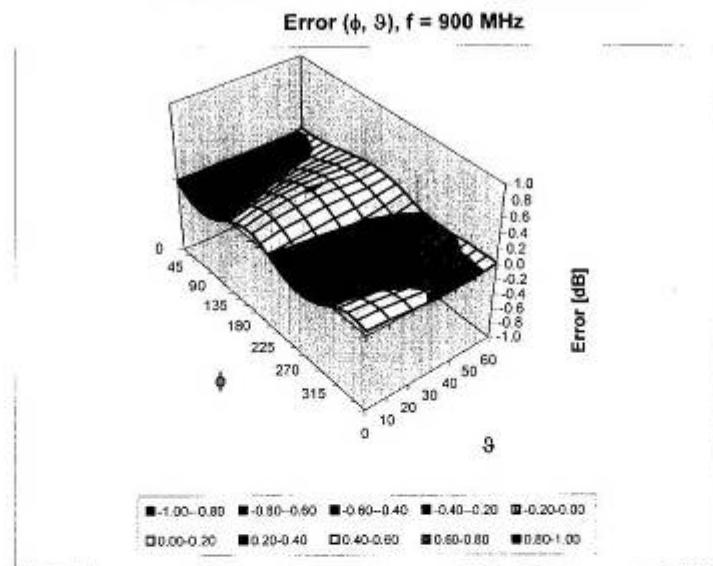
EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 109 of 146

EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (")	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 110 of 146

ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **ATL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d082_Jul09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d082**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **July 13, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)	Apr-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-09
Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 13, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 111 of 146

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	40.4 \pm 6 %	0.89 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.2 \pm 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	9.71 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	6.34 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.0 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.5 ± 0.2) °C	—	—

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.68 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	6.61 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 2.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 4.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.390 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 17, 2008

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 115 of 146

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 13.07.2009 11:31:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

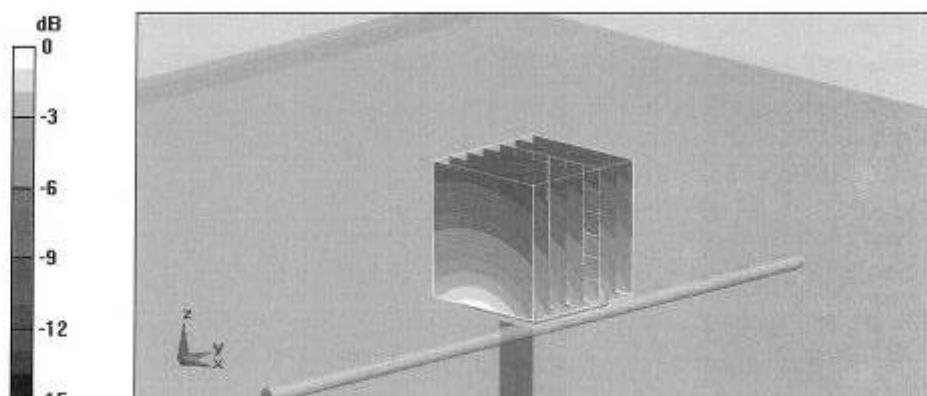
Pin=250mW; dip=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00639 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.8 mW/g



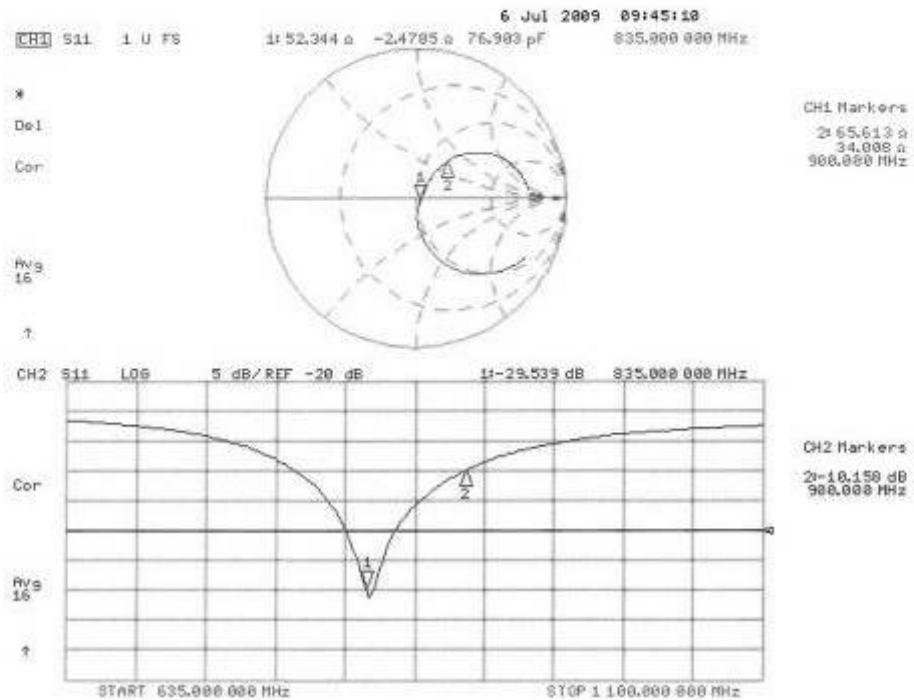
0 dB = 2.8mW/g

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 116 of 146

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 117 of 146

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 13.07.2009 11:50:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

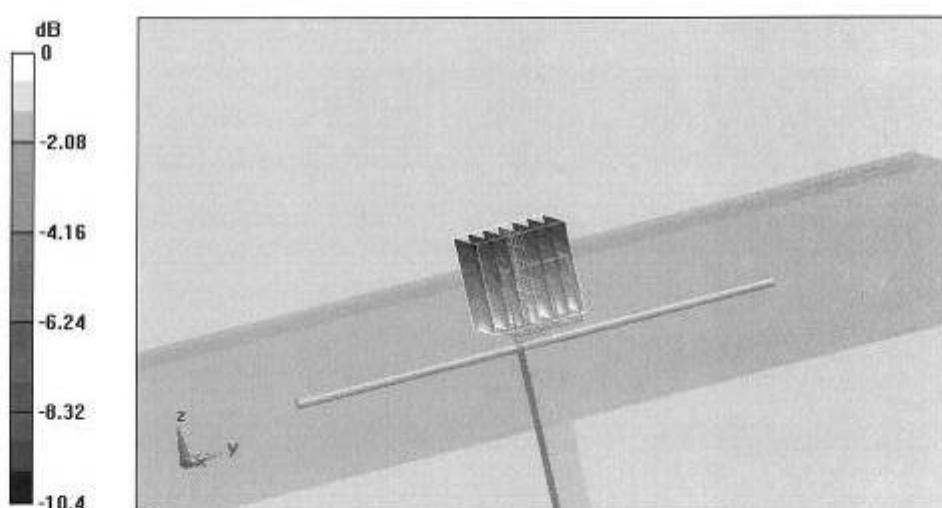
Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 mW/g



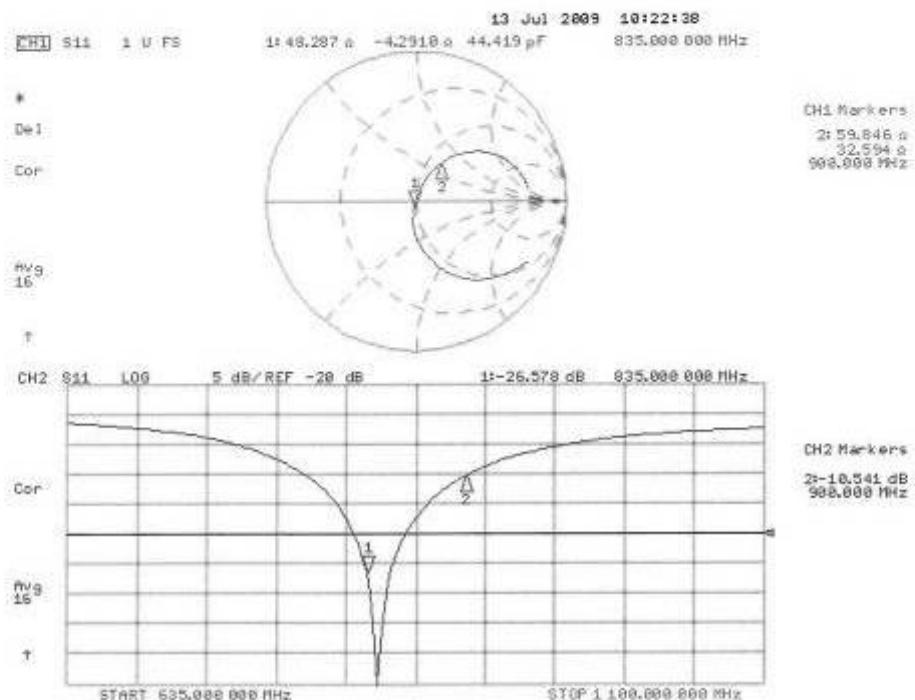
0 dB = 2.97mW/g

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 118 of 146

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 119 of 146

ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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S Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d018-Jun09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d018**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA-CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **June 26, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)	Apr-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Kača Poković	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 29, 2009

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Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 120 of 146

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz)", July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	41.0 \pm 6 %	1.42 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	41.1 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.38 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 122 of 146

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.9 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	—	—

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	42.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	41.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.52 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.8 \Omega + 2.7 \text{ j} \Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$46.6 \Omega + 4.3 \text{ j} \Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 04, 2002

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 124 of 146

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 13:05:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000PS0AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0 mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

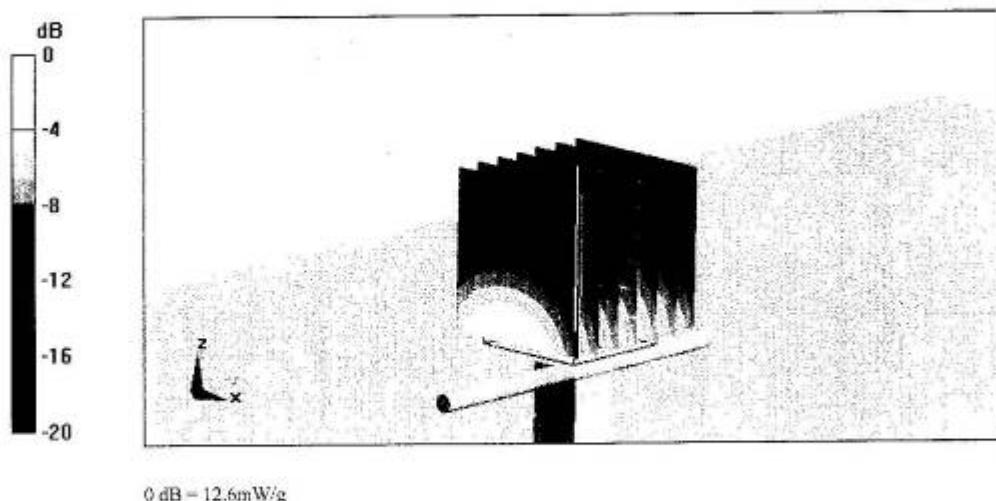
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g

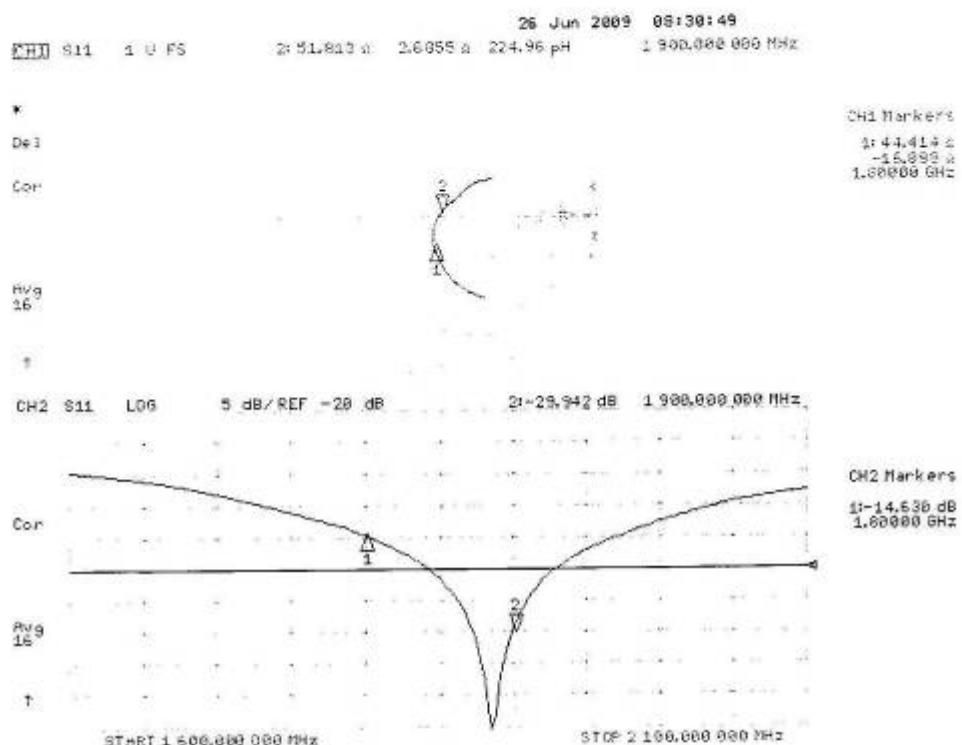


TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 125 of 146

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 126 of 146

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 14:30:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

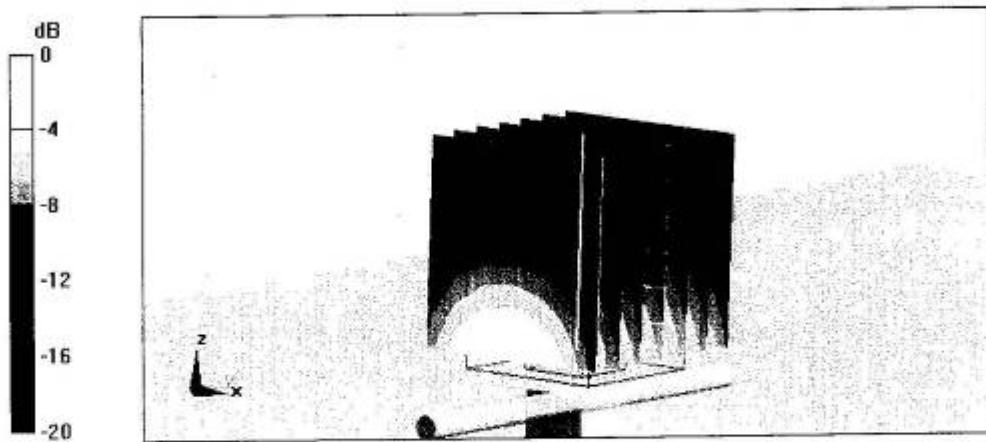
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.52 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g

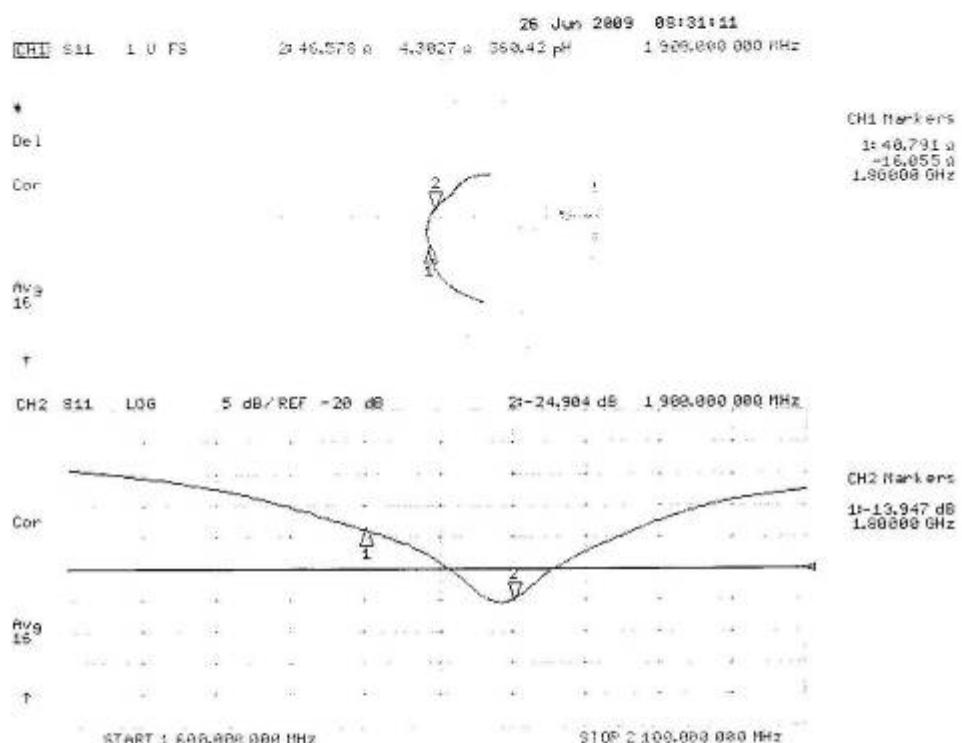


TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 127 of 146

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 128 of 146

ANNEX G: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: D2450V2-735 Jun09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 735
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

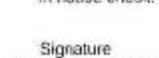
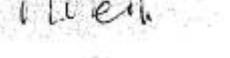
Calibration date: **June 19, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES30V2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)	Apr-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09
Calibrated by:	Name: Mike Mell	Function: Laboratory Technician	Signature: 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			Issued: June 19, 2009

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 129 of 146

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 130 of 146

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	$dx, dy, dz = 5 \text{ mm}$	
Frequency	$2450 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	40.4 \pm 6 %	1.78 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.8 \pm 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	54.2 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.32 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	25.4 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 131 of 146

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.2 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.7 ± 0.2) °C

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	52.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 132 of 146

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.2 \Omega + 2.4 j\Omega$
Return Loss	-28.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.7 \Omega + 4.6 j\Omega$
Return Loss	-26.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 7, 2003

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 133 of 146

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 19.06.2009 12:27:28

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; CopyF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4_Snf601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

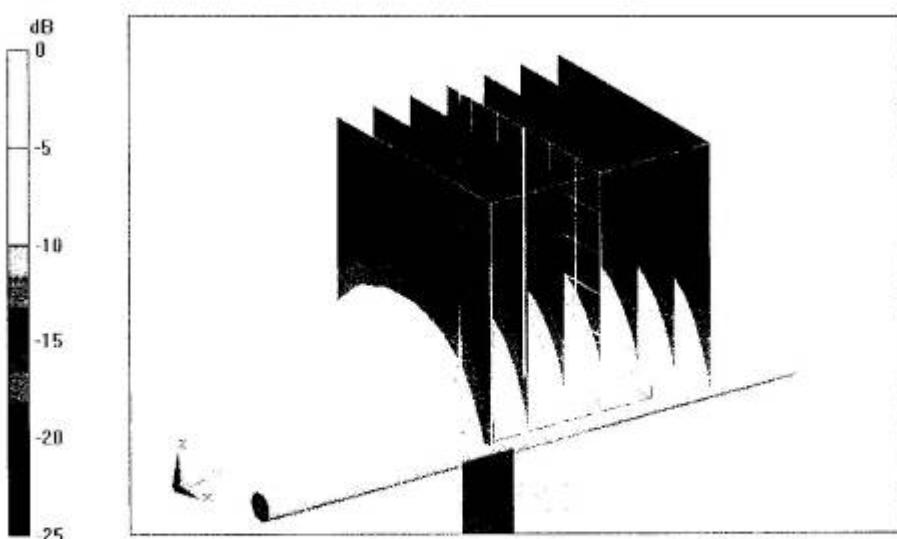
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 mW/g



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

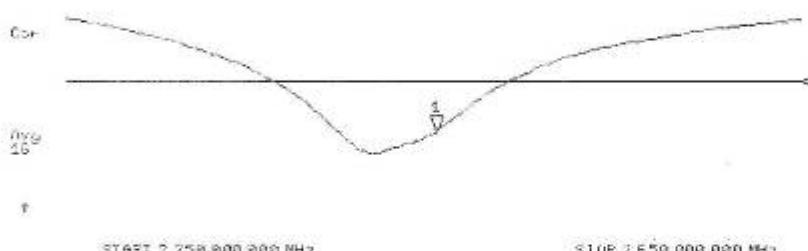
Page 134 of 146

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

CH1 S11 1.0% 19 Jun 2009 12:26:08
1: 53.229 a 2,4355 a 150.22 pH 2,450,000.000 MHz



CH2 S11 1.0% 5 dB/REF -20 dB 19-28.137 dB 2,450,000.000 MHz



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 135 of 146

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 19.06.2009 14:09:21

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.06, 4.06, 4.06); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sa601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

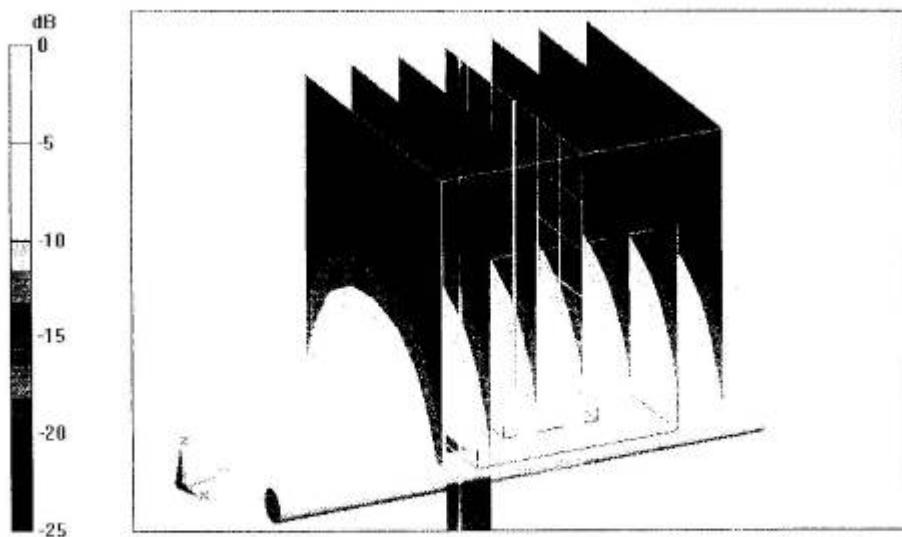
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.2 mW/g



0 dB = 17.2 mW/g

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Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

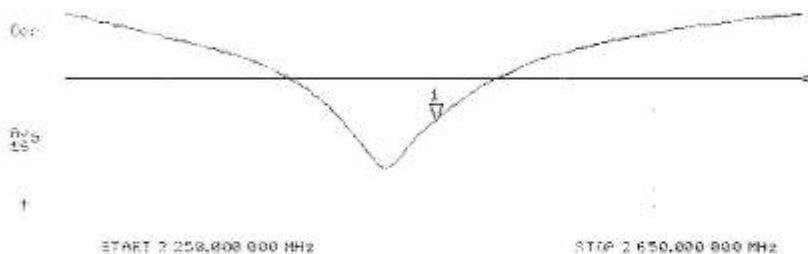
Page 136 of 146

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

19 Jun 2009 12:26:37
CNAI S11 1 U FS 1349.668 ± 4.6074 ± 299.30 fH 2 450.000 000 MHz



1342 S12 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 13-26.681 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 137 of 146

ANNEX H: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client TA - SH (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 871

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: November 11, 2009

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	1-Oct-09 (No: 9055)	Oct-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	05-Jun-09 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-10

Calibrated by: Name Andrea Guntli Function Technician Signature

Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director Signature

Issued: November 11, 2009
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 138 of 146

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughaussstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance*: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

Report No. RZA2010-0755-2

Page 139 of 146

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.813 \pm 0.1% (k=2)	404.794 \pm 0.1% (k=2)	405.237 \pm 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98191 \pm 0.7% (k=2)	3.98417 \pm 0.7% (k=2)	3.98912 \pm 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.0 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$
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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Test Report

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199994.0	1.84	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	19999.85	0.05	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19997.97	1.83	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200010.3	-3.71	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.12	-0.48	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.18	-0.78	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200010.2	-2.80	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.54	-0.86	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-19999.82	0.00	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.3	0.22	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	200.20	0.30	0.15
Channel X	- Input	-199.89	0.21	-0.10
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.8	-0.13	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200.06	-0.04	-0.02
Channel Y	- Input	-200.43	-0.73	0.36
Channel Z	+ Input	1999.5	-0.57	-0.03
Channel Z	+ Input	199.58	-0.72	-0.36
Channel Z	- Input	-201.11	-1.01	0.51

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	13.79	12.75
	-200	-12.26	-13.72
Channel Y	200	-11.82	-11.47
	-200	10.67	10.68
Channel Z	200	-1.08	-1.35
	-200	0.32	0.12

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	3.36	1.06
Channel Y	200	1.52	-	3.59
Channel Z	200	2.55	1.41	-

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Test Report

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15928	16288
Channel Y	16188	15745
Channel Z	15790	16219

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	0.06	-3.43	1.18	0.52
Channel Y	-0.71	-2.66	0.96	0.57
Channel Z	-0.95	-1.94	0.04	0.41

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (M Ω)	Measuring (M Ω)
Channel X	0.1999	204.4
Channel Y	0.1999	203.6
Channel Z	0.1999	203.8

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9