

Iridium 9523 Product Developers' Guide (PRELIMINARY DRAFT)



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Revision History

Revision	Date	Comment
1.0	Apr 6, 2011	First Draft
2.0	May 9, 2011	Second Draft Following Internal Review
2.3	Jul 26, 2011	Revision sent with Alpha prototype Developer's Kit
2.5	Sep 12, 2011	Revision sent with Beta prototype Developer's Kit
2.6	Oct 11, 2011	 Added FCC and IC warning statements (sections 1.3 and 1.4) Removed reference to mounting screws in section 2.1 "Dimensions and Layout" Clarified screw/hole specifications in section 2.2 "Field Application Board Mounting" Unified formatting of examples and removed references to AT*Rn in section 8 "Informative Examples"

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List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description	
CE	Conformité Européene	
СТЅ	(V.24 signal) Clear To Send. This signal is used to control the flow of data to the Iridium 9523	
DC	Direct Current	
DCD	(V.24 signal) Data Carrier Detect	
DCE	Data Communications Equipment. In this Product, DCE refers to the Iridium 9523	
DSR	(V.24 signal) Data Set Ready. This signal, from the Iridium 9523, indicates readiness to accept communication over the data port	
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment. In this Product, DTE refers to the FA	
DTR	(V.24 signal) Data Terminal Ready. This signal, from the FA, requests the Iridium 9523 to accept communication over the data port	
ESD	Electro-static Discharge	
FA	Field Application; the application controlling the Iridium 9523	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
GND	Ground	
GSS	Gateway SBD Subsystem (synonymous with ESS)	
IC	Industry Canada	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	
LBT	L-Band Transceiver	
MO	Mobile Originated	
MOMSN	Mobile Originated Message Sequence Number	
MT	Mobile Terminated	
MTMSN	Mobile Terminated Message Sequence Number	
РСМ	Pulse Code Modulation	
RHCP	Right Hand Circular Polarization	
RI	(V.24 signal) Ring Indicate. This signal, from the Iridium 9523, indicates that an MT message is present at the GSS	
RTS	(V.24 signal) Request To Send. This signal is used to control the flow of data from the Iridium 9523.	
SBD	Short Burst Data	
SMS	Short Message Service	
ТВА	To Be Advised	
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter	
VAM	Value Added Manufacturer	
VAR	Value Added Reseller	
VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Ratio	

1 Product Overview

1.1 Key Features

The Iridium 9523 is a voice and data transceiver module for the Iridium global satellite network. It is designed to be integrated with field application (FA) hardware and software to produce a solution designed for a specific application or vertical market. These solutions drive a wide range of applications in industries such as Oil and Gas, Rail, Maritime, Aeronautical, Utilities and Government/Military.

The 9602 is designed to meet the regulatory requirements for approval for FCC, Canada, and CE assuming an antenna with a gain of ~3 dBi and adequate shielding.

The Iridium 9523 supports all Iridium's voice and data services. Applications can be built to use one or multiple services using the voice and data interfaces. The product provides the core transceiver module. All other functions and hardware such as SIM card reader, keypad, display, power supply antenna etc. must be provided by the Product Developer. The Iridium 9523 consists of the following:

- Iridium radio transceiver with 8 watt transmitter and dual receivers
- Call Processor function that implements the Iridium L-Band AIS protocol
- Iridium speech Vocoder
- Coaxial RF connector for the antenna
- 40-way inter-PCB connector with the following interfaces:
 - o Digital audio interfaces
 - DPL serial asynchronous control port
 - Serial asynchronous interface for SIM
 - o Data/Fax port serial asynchronous data plus 6 control signals
 - o GPIO control signals
 - o Power

1.2 Iridium 9523 Packaging and Regulatory Certification

The Iridium 9523 is a regulatory approved daughter module transceiver that can be fitted within an enclosed host system. With appropriate external connections, the host system can be designed to meet full transceiver regulatory tests and sold as a Regulatory Certified product that meets CE, FCC and IC requirements.

The Iridium 9523 is tested to the regulatory and technical certifications shown in Table 1.

Regulatory Approvals	Radio Tests	EMC Tests	Electrical / Mechanical / Operational Safety Tests
CE	ETSI EN 301 441 V1.1.1 (2000-05)	ETSI EN 301 489-20 V1.2.1(2002-11) ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1(2008-04) ETSI EN 301 489-20 V1.2.1(2002-11)	EN60950-1:2006 Part 1

Table 1: Regulatory and Technical Certifications

		EN61000-4-2 : 1995/A2 : 2001 Part 4.2	
	FCC CFR47 parts 2, 15, and 25	EN61000-4-3 : 2002 Part 4.3	
FCC		EN61000-4-4 : 2004	
		EN61000-4-6 : 1996/A1 : 2001 Part 4.6	
		EN55022:2006	
Industry Canada	Industry Canada RSS170 Issue 2, March, 2011		

1.3 FCC Warning Statement

- This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
 - 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
 - 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. End users must follow the specific operating instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

1.4 Industry Canada Warning Statement

1.4.1 English

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

1.4.2 French

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada.

Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

1.5 Software Revision

Product Developers should read this document in conjunction with the "Software Release Notes" relevant to the revision of the software that is loaded into their Iridium 9523. The software release notes are available on the Iridium for Partners section of the Iridium.com website.

There may be multiple software releases over the lifespan of the Iridium 9523. A software upgrade utility is provided with each software release. The utility runs on a Windows-compatible OS and will automatically upgrade the modem with the latest version.

Production procedures for finished goods should ensure that the appropriate software release is loaded on each Iridium 9523 module used. The software release loaded on a particular Iridium 9523 module can be read out using the AT command interface.

1.6 Reference

- [1] ITU-T Recommendation V.25ter, 08/95
- [2] ETS 300 642: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2); AT Command Set for GSM Mobile Equipment (GSM 07.07)
- [3] ETS 300 585: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2); Use of DTE-DCE Interface SMS and CBS (GSM 07.05)
- [4] ETS 300 520: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Call Barring (CB) Supplementary Services Stage 1 (GSM 02.88)
- [5] ETS 300 511: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Man–Machine Interface (MMI) of the Mobile Station (MS) (GSM 02.30)
- [6] ETS 300 516: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Call Waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) Supplementary Services; Stage 1 (GSM 02.83)
- [7] ETS 300 557: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Mobile radio interface; Layer 3 Specification (GSM 04.08)
- [8] ETS 300 559: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Point-to-Point (PP) Short Message Service (SMS) support on mobile radio interface (GSM 04.11)
- [9] ETS 300 536: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Technical realization of Short Message Service (SMS) Point-to-Point (PP) (GSM 03.40)
- [10] ETS 300 537: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Technical realization of Short Message Service Cell Broadcast (SMSCB) (GSM 03.41)

- [11] ETS 300 515: Digital Cellular Telecommunications System (Phase 2) (GSM); Call Forwarding (CF) Supplementary Services (GSM 02.82)
- [12] 3GPP TS 27.007: 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Terminals; AT command set for User Equipment (UE)

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2 Physical Specification

For illustrative purposes, pictures of the Iridium 9523, fitted with its aluminum shielding frame, are shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1: Photos of Iridium 9523



Left View



2.1 Dimensions and Layout

The overall dimensions of the Iridium 9523 and its weight are summarized in Table 2 and represented graphically in Figure 2.

Value
70.44 mm
36.04 mm
14.6 mm max (reservoir capacitors)
8.9 mm (screening can)
32g

Table 2: Iridium 9523 Mechanical Dimensions

The Iridium 9523 consists of a single PCB with components mounted on top and bottom sides.

On the top side, there are three reservoir capacitors, the RF connector, and a screening can covering all the remaining circuits.

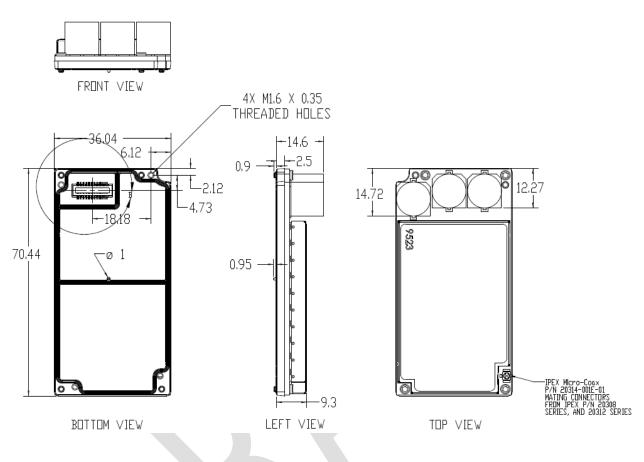
The bottom side has a Molex 40-pin multi-way user interface connector. The bottom side does not have a screening can, but instead the PCB artwork has an exposed ground ring all around the edge of the board. This ground ring makes contact with an aluminum screening frame, attached to the Iridium 9523 by four corner thread-forming screws. The tips of these screws protrude through the aluminum frame and act as alignment pins when mounting onto the FA board. The aluminum frame also has at its center a 1.0mm diameter alignment pin.

There are a further four corner screw holes through the aluminum frame and PCB for securing the 9523 to the FA board.

The two height values provided in Table 2 do not include the height of the compressible gasket on the bottom of the 9523 that will mate to the FA board. It is assumed that this gasket will compress to near zero thickness if screws are torqued sufficiently.

Figure 2: Dimensions of the Iridium 9523

(Dimensions in millimeters)



2.2 Field Application Board Mounting

The 9523 is designed to be mounted to an FA board as illustrated in Figure 3.

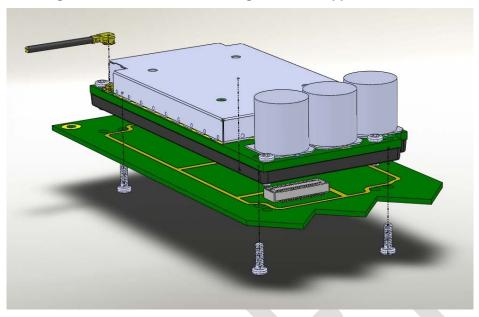


Figure 3: Illustration of mounting module to application board

The FA board must have a socket mating to the Molex 40-pin multi-way user interface connector on the bottom of the 9523. See section 3.1.1 for the connector part number. The Molex connectors and aluminum frame set the separation between the Iridium 9523 and FA boards at 2.5 mm.

In order to meet type approval standards for EMC, the FA board should include a ground ring and a good ground layer on its top surface to act as the fifth side of the screening can.

The layout of the mounting location for the 9523 on the FA board – including the locations and diameters of all nine holes, layout of the grounding ring, and identification of areas with different grounding requirements – is shown in Figure 4. A CAD file showing this information in DXF format can be obtained from Iridium in order to assist layout of FA boards.

The FA board must have screw holes lining up with the 9523's four 1.8mm corner mounting screw holes. The 9523 must be secured to the FA board with four M1.6x0.35 screws through these holes. The FA board must also have four corner alignment holes and one center alignment hole lining up, respectively, with the 9523's four 1.6mm corner protruding screws and one 1mm center alignment pin. The screw holes should be at least 1.8mm and the alignment hole at least 1.2mm, but they may be made slightly larger for greater tolerance. In Figure 4 below, one of the screw holes is 2.08mm, providing the primary alignment, while the other three screw holes are 2.1mm. In the same figure, the center alignment hole is 1.3mm. These dimensions are recommendations; other dimensions may be used so long as the 9523 is properly aligned with the user interface connector and ground trace.

In Figure 4, area 'A' of the FA board sits under sensitive analog circuitry on the 9523's bottom side, and it is essential that no components or tracks on the FA board appear in this area; it must be filled entirely with a solid ground plane on the top layer of the FA board.

Area 'D' sits under digital and power circuits. Ideally, this will also be shielded with a solid ground plane. However, it is acceptable to place tracks and low-profile components in area 'D', so long as care is taken to avoid mechanical clashes and due consideration is taken of EMC issues.

Area 'C' contains the Molex user interface connector and should be free of surface copper.

The FA board must provide a sufficient margin free of conductive elements around the 9523 perimeter in order to avoid electrical shorts with the 9523. This is indicated by the 'SMT Placement Keepout Zone'.

Partner solutions must be provide sufficient clearance above the conductive capacitors and shield can on the top of the 9523 to prevent an electrical short.

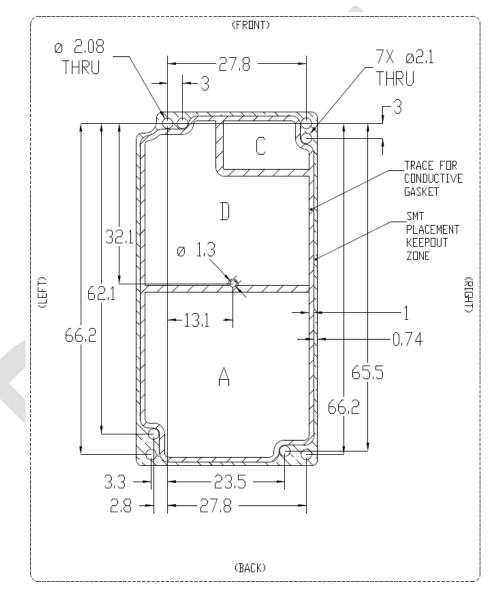


Figure 4: Mounting location dimensions and layout (Dimensions in millimeters)

APPLICATION BOARD MOUNTING HOLE LOCATIONS (ALL DIMENSIONS ± 0.15mm)

2.3 Environmental

2.3.1 Environmental Specification

The environmental specifications of the Iridium 9523 are summarized in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Value
Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to +70°C
Operating Humidity Range	≤ 75% RH
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Humidity Range	≤ 93% RH

2.3.2 Environmental Tests Performed

It is expected, based on testing performed on a system that incorporates the Iridium 9523, that the Iridium 9523 would pass the tests listed in Table 4. A later revision of this document will specify which of these the Iridium 9523 has been tested to in conjunction with a test interface board that offers no protection.

Test Name	Test Reference	Test Description
IEC	Vibration (IEC60068-2-64)	Mount unit to a vibration table and excite between 15 and 500 Hz
	Low Pressure (500.4 - II)	Decrease pressure to 57.2 kPa (equivalent to 15,000 ft) at a rate not to exceed 10 m/s and hold for 1 hour
	High Temperature (501.4 - I)	Over 24 hours, cycle the unit from 33°C to 71°C and back to 33°C. Repeat 7 times.
	High Temperature (501.4 - II)	Test is a subset of High Temperature 501.4 - Part I, focused on the first three cycles.
	Low Temperature (502.4 - I)	Soak unit for 24 hours at -45°C
Mil Spec 810F	Low Temperature (502.4 - II)	Soak unit for 4 hours at -10°C
	Temperature Shock (503.4 - I)	Soak unit at -40C for 4 hours. Transfer to 85C chamber and soak additional 4 hours. Repeat 3 times. Each transfer from one temperature environment to the other should be made in less than 1 minute.
	Vibration (514.5 - I, Cat. 8)	Secure unit to a vibration table and excite randomly from 15-2000 Hz at 0.01 - 0.03 g^2/Hz.
	Shock (516.4 - I)	Expose unit to 3 shocks of 40g over approximately 11ms in each of 3 primary axes (9 total shocks).

Table 4: Environmental Tests

3 Electrical Interfaces

The following subsections contain information for the electrical interfaces of the Iridium 9523 for the non-RF connections. The RF interface is covered in Section 4.

3.1 User Connector

Table 5 lists the connections to the Iridium 9523 on the user connector.

Signal group	Signal function
PCM Digital Audio	Two synchronous serial interfaces carrying 16-bit, 8 kHz sample rate PCM audio data
	Each port has 4 wires – data in each direction, clock and frame signals
	Only one digital audio port is in use at any time
	Port 1 has a secondary function during factory testing, to carry the 90ms frame synchronization from the test equipment
DPL port	Serial asynchronous control interface
	2 wires – data in each direction
Data/Fax port	Serial asynchronous control interface
	8 wires – data in each direction plus control signals
	The full set of control signals may be used for a Data/Fax port
SIM interface	Standard SIM signals
	5 wires – data, clock, reset, enable, voltage select
Power	Battery Supply to Iridium 9523
	5 power pins – 3x battery voltage and 2x boost voltage
	6 grounds
	1 boost regulator control line (PA_BOOST_EN)
GPIO, antenna configuration	2 wires – ANT_DET_PWR and FULL_POWER_EN. Signals provided as a mechanism to restrict the transmitted power – for example in order to meet SAR standards.
Other GPIO	2 wires – TX_ACTIVE which may be used as an output to indicate when the transmitter is active, and LBT_HSTB which determines the operating mode of the software on the Iridium 9523.

Table 5: Signal Groups on User Connector

3.1.1 User Connector Type

The connector on the Iridium 9523 is a 40-way, 0.5 mm pitch Molex low-profile header connector, part number 54102-0404.

This connector provides the ability for a stackable board-to-board configuration, allowing connection to the host system motherboard via a mating 53885-0408 socket.

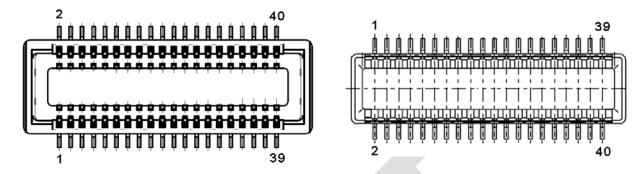
Data sheets on these connectors can be found at: http://www.molex.com

Pin numbering schemes for the Molex connectors on the Iridium 9523 and the host FA board are shown in Figure 5 (both pictures show the pin-out when looking down onto the boards).

Figure 5: Pin numbering scheme for User Connector

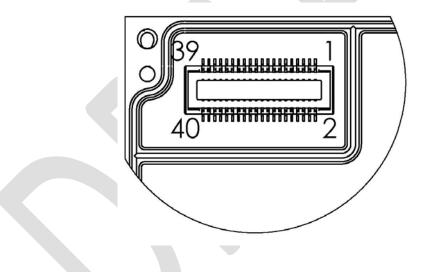
Molex 54102-0404 on Iridium 9523:

Molex 53885-0408 on FA PCB:



Error! Reference source not found. provides a reference for the pin designation and shows the connector's location and rotation with respect to the corner of the Iridium 9523 board. This view is for illustrative purposes only. This view designation is when looking into the user connector towards the Iridium 9523.





3.1.2 User Connector Pin Allocation

The user connector is a 2-row 40-way header. Individual pin assignments are shown in Table 6 and the limits for the digital signals are listed in Table 7. Multiple supply grounds are provided and all supply rails and supply grounds are required to be connected to the power supply in order to limit the current on any one pin.

Pin No.	Signal Name	Signal direction (WRT modem)	Signal function	Signal group
1	CODEC_PCMCLK	Out	Clock	PCM audio port 1

Table 6: User Connector Pin Allocation

Pin No.	Signal Name	Signal direction (WRT	Signal function	Signal group
		modem)		
2	CODEC_PCMIN	Out	Data from modem	PCM audio port 1
3	CODEC_PCMSYNC	Out	Frame Sync	PCM audio port 1
4	CODEC_PCMOUT	In	Data to modem	PCM audio port 1
5	0V		Ground	Power supply
6	0V		Ground	Power supply
7	UC_DACLK	Out	Clock	PCM audio port 2
8	UC_DATX	Out	Data from modem	PCM audio port 2
9	UC_DAFS	Out	Frame Sync	PCM audio port 2
10	UC_DARX	In	Data to modem	PCM audio port 2
11	0V		Ground	Power supply
12	0V		Ground	Power supply
13	DPL_RXD	In	Data to modem	DPL port
14	DPL_TXD	Out	Data from modem	DPL port
15	DF_RX	Out	Data from modem	Data/Fax port
16	DF_TX	In	Data to modem	Data/Fax port
17	DF_CTS	Out	Clear to Send	Data/Fax port
18	DF_DCD	Out	Carrier Detect	Data/Fax port
19	DF_DSR	Out	Data Set Ready	Data/Fax port
20	DF_RI	Out	Ringing Indication	Data/Fax port
21	DF_RTS	In	Request to Send	Data/Fax port
22	DF_DTR	In	Data Terminal Ready	Data/Fax port
23	SIM_1V8_3V	Out	Voltage select	SIM
24	SIM_CLOCK	Out	Clock	SIM
25	SIM_ENABLE	Out	Enable	SIM
26	SIM_RESET	Out	Reset	SIM
27	SIM_DATA_IO	Bidir	Data	SIM
28	FULL_POWER_EN	In	Enable full RF power	GPIO
29	ANT_DET_PWR	Out	Power for docking cradle detector	GPIO
30	LBT_HSTB	In	Handset/LBT switch	GPIO
31	TX_ACTIVE	Out	Signal to mute GPS receiver	GPIO
32	TRX ON	In	Enable modem power regulators	Power supply
33	PA BOOST EN	Out	Enable boost converter	Power supply
34	0V		Ground	Power supply
35	0V		Ground	Power supply
36	VBAT	In	Battery Voltage	Power supply
37	VBOOST	In	Boost Voltage for PA	Power supply
38	VBAT	In	Battery Voltage	Power supply
39	VBOOST	In	Boost Voltage for PA	Power supply
40	VBAT	In	Battery Voltage	Power supply

Table 7: Limits for 3.3V Digital Signals

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.0	5.5	V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	0.8	V
Input current	I _{IN}		20	μA
Input capacitance	C _{IN}		10	pF
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	2.4		V

Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	0.4	V
Low Level Output Current	I _{OL}	4.4	mA
High Level Output Current	I _{ОН}	5.5	mA

3.2 *DC* Power Supply Interface

3.2.1 Battery Power Input, VBAT

VBAT is the input from a Lithium-ion battery or other low-voltage source via the user connector. It must be in the range 3.2 to 6V and capable of supplying a maximum current of 500mA.

3.2.2 Boost Power Input, VBOOST

VBOOST - Boost converter input via user connector. See Section 3.2.4 for details.

The Iridium 9523 produces the logic signal PA_BOOST_EN to indicate when the external Boost Power voltage must be applied. This signal can be used as the enable signal to an external boost regulator (logic high = VBOOST needed, logic low = VBOOST not needed).

3.2.3 Power On/Off Control, TRX_ON

The input signal TRX_ON is provided to allow the Iridium 9523 to be powered off. This signal controls the power regulators on the Iridium 9523.

The Iridium 9523 starts up when power is applied and the TRX_ON input is high. As long as the input voltage is applied, logic high on this line turns the Iridium 9523 on and a logic low turns it off. If this line is not required then it must be connected directly to the VBAT supply.

Prior to turning off the modem a "flush memory" (AT*F) command should be issued to ensure all memory write activity is completed.

When an Iridium 9523 is powered off, the power-on-reset circuit requires 2 seconds for voltages to decay. Product Developers should therefore not reapply power until this time has elapsed after power has reached 0V. If the 2 second wait time is not adhered to, the reset circuit may not operate and the modem could be placed in a non-operational state. The state is not permanent and can be rectified by the above procedure.

Damage may be caused if TRX_ON is high and VBAT is not supplied. Partners must ensure that this condition cannot occur either by generating TRX_ON from VBAT or by adding protection circuitry such as a clamp diode between TRX_ON and VBAT.

3.2.4 Typical Power Usage Profile

The amount of current taken by the Iridium 9523 on its two supply rails depends on whether it is active in a call and the 'power step' level that the transmitter is using. The current consumption during a call at the highest power step is shown in Figure 7.

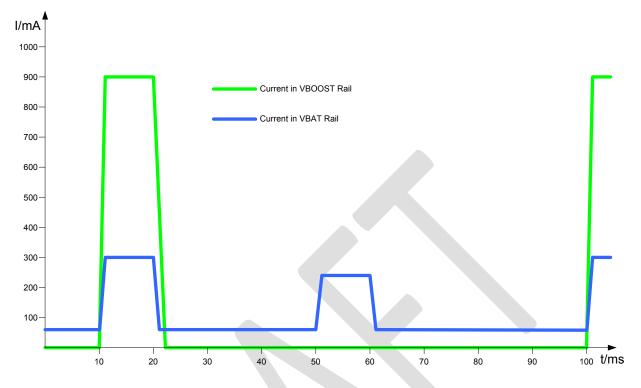
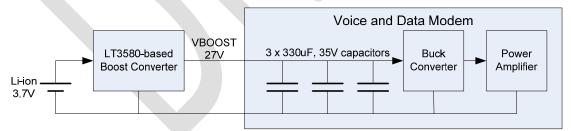


Figure 7: Current Profile of Supply Rails

The current peak in the VBOOST rail lasts for 8.3ms and repeats every 90ms (this is the period of a frame in the Iridium air interface). When not transmitting, the VBOOST current returns to zero. The VBOOST current was measured when the Iridium 9523 was connected to a 27V power source that could meet its instantaneous power requirements (around 25W).

A block diagram of the VBOOST power supply in a typical Lithium-ion powered application is shown in Figure 8.

Figure 8: VBOOST block diagram



Iridium's products use a boost-converter circuit based on the Linear Technology LT3580 to produce the VBOOST rail. This circuit is not capable of supplying the instantaneous current needed by the power amplifier. The Iridium 9523 therefore includes a total capacitance of 1000µF on the VBOOST rail to store charge; these capacitors are depleted during the transmit time-slot (8.3ms) and replenished during the remainder of the frame time (81.7ms). The voltage across the capacitors at the end of each transmit time-slot must not fall below 10.5V; otherwise the output voltage of the buck converter will drop too low and affect the transmitted waveform from the PA. The average current taken from the boost converter in this configuration is around 300mA.

It is possible to produce VBOOST in other ways, particularly if the FA has a convenient supply rail that has high enough voltage and current capacity. Table 8 shows the permissible limits for any VBOOST supply.

Parameter	Value	
Absolute maximum voltage	35V	
(limited by capacitor rating)	00 V	
Maximum recommended voltage	32V	
Minimum voltage when capacitors are charged	27V	
Minimum voltage when enabled	10.5V	
(limited by minimum input to buck converter to produce PA power rail)		
Maximum current into VBOOST pins	1A	
(limited by rating of inter-board connector)	IA	
Maximum power taken by buck converter	30W	
(during transmit time-slot)	5077	

Table 8: VBOOST Specification

The maximum average power requirement over a 90ms period is 3.1W. The capacitors discharge to typically 15V during the transmit burst when operating at maximum power. A typical design would have a power limit of between 5 and 6 Watts (current approximately 0.25 Amp) so that the reservoir capacitors are replenished in approximately half the allowed time.

If the boost voltage at the start of the transmit burst is below the minimum (27V) then the capacitors may discharge to below 9.5V, in which case the transmitter power will reduce.

There is a residual VBAT current of about 70mA all the time that the Iridium 9523 is switched on, even when not in a call. Periodically, the Iridium 9523 will draw about 250mA from the VBAT rail for about 20ms, as it maintains synchronization with the signal from the satellites.

When an Iridium call is in progress, there are two peaks in the current drawn by the VBAT rail in each 90ms frame – one of about 300mA during the transmit time-slot and a slightly smaller one, 250mA, during the receive time-slot.

At the start of each of period when the receiver or transmitter is active a burst of current will be drawn, as the radio circuitry switches on. This current is caused by the charging of six 4.7µF capacitors on the outputs of internal voltage regulators.

3.3 PCM Digital Audio

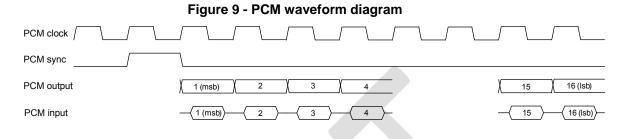
The Iridium 9523 has two 15-bit linear PCM digital audio ports, though only one of these can be in use at any time. The active port is selected using the AT+CAR command. This setup allows the FA board to provide two parallel audio paths and switch between them through software instead of hardware. The two ports have identical signals and timing, as shown in Figure 9. The PCM clock and sync signals are outputs from the Iridium 9523.

The PCM clock signal has a frequency of 2048 kHz with an accuracy of 1 ppm, but it is derived from an internal clock source by a fractional divider so each clock high period and low period is either 238.1 ns or 297.6 ns.

The PCM clock, sync and data signal outputs are all timed from the same internal clock and are skewed by less than 1 ns (at equal load).

The PCM data input has set-up and hold time requirements of 30 ns with respect to the falling edge of the PCM clock signal.

The two PCM ports were originally intended to be connected to a voice source/sink via a codec (such as the Texas Instruments TLV320AIC1110) for analog audio and directly for digital audio, but there is no need to use them in this way.



3.3.1 Port 1

Port 1 has the following signal pins:

Signal function	Signal name
PCM clock output	CODEC_PCMCLK
PCM sync output	CODEC_PCMSYNC
PCM data output	CODEC_PCMIN
PCM data input	CODEC_PCMOUT

Table 9: PCM Port 1 Signals

Note: the data signal names on Port 1 are defined from the point of view of an externally connected codec.

3.3.2 Port 2

Port 2 has the following signal pins:

Table 10: PCM Port 2 Signals

Signal function	Signal name
PCM clock output	UC_DACLK
PCM sync output	UC_DAFS
PCM data output	UC_DATX
PCM data input	UC_DARX

Note: the data signal names on Port 2 are defined from the point of view of the Iridium 9523.

3.3.3 11Hz Signal for Manufacturing and Regulatory Testing

An external 'frame tick' signal needs to be passed to the Iridium 9523 during regulatory radio testing of the host system, and possibly also during manufacturing testing. This frame signal has a period of 90ms (11.1Hz) and is fed to the Iridium 9523 using the CODEC_PCMOUT PCM data input.

The frame tick signal can have any mark:space ratio but must be externally synchronized to the Iridium 9523's internal clock. This is most easily achieved by double buffering the signal through two D-type latches clocked by CODEC_PCMCLK.

3.4 DPL port

The DPL port is a three-wire asynchronous serial port. It carries 8-bit, no parity data at 115,200 baud.

The DPL port enables peripherals such as handsets and SIM card readers to be interfaced to the Iridium 9523. The interface utilizes an Iridium proprietary communication bus not detailed in this document. Details can be made available after appropriate Non-Disclosure and/or License Agreements are executed.

The serial data signals use standard 3.3V signals with conventional polarity. If desired, an external RS232 level converter could be fitted to the FA board to extend range.

3.5 Data/Fax port

The asynchronous serial data/fax interface is comprised of eight standard RS232 data (8-bit, no parity), control, and status signals plus a ground level signal reference. This interface allows the FA to utilize the Iridium 9523's modem functionality via AT command control. With respect to this interface, the Iridium 9523 behaves as a DCE (Data Communication Equipment), and the FA behaves as a DTE (Data Terminal Equipment).

A 3-wire RS232 Data minimal interface may also be implemented; however the 9-wire interface offers better control and is the recommended implementation.

Autobaud is enabled by default. Autobaud will occur on the following characters: 'a', 'A', or CR (carriage return). Autobaud will also occur on the escape sequence character, provided this is an odd number character. Normally this is set to '+' in register S2. See the AT Command Reference for details.

3.5.1 9-Wire and 3-Wire Operation

By default, the serial interface operates as a 9-wire connection. Table 11 describes each of the signals, where "input" means an input to the Iridium 9523, and vice-versa for "output".

Signal	Description	
RX Active high data output [The FA receives the data from the Iridium 9523]		
ΤX	Active high data input [Data is transmitted from the FA to the Iridium 9523]	
GND	0V	
RTS	Active low flow control input	
CTS	Active low flow control output RTS and CTS are used together to implement hardware flow control when enabled with AT&K3, refer to section 5.7.13	
DTR	Active low handshaking input AT&Dn controls how the Iridium 9523 uses DTR, refer to section 5.7.11	
DSR	Active low handshaking output The Iridium 9523 drives DSR ON The FA may use this signal as an indication that the Iridium 9523 is powered up and ready to receive AT commands	

 Table 11: Data/Fax Port Serial Interface Signals

Signal	Description	
RI	Active low ring indicator output The Iridium 9523 drives RI ON when it receives an Automatic Notification from the network that a Mobile Terminated SBD Message is queued at the Gateway, and drives RI OFF after 5 seconds or when the FA initiates an SBD session, whichever occurs first	
DCD	Active low handshaking output The Iridium 9523 drives DCD ON to indicate that the Iridium link is active	

Note that the Ring Indicator (RI) pin is used by the Iridium 9523 to indicate that a Mobile Terminated SBD (MT-SBD) message is queued at the Gateway. The Field Application can monitor this pin and use appropriate AT Commands to command the Transceiver to retrieve the MT-SBD message.

The serial interface may be operated with a 3-wire connection, where only transmit, receive and ground signals are used. The Voice and Data Modem supports XON/XOFF flow control, which can be enabled using the AT&Kn command, but the amount of buffering is restricted by its limited buffer space and processing resources. There is therefore a risk of over-run and data loss, especially at high baud rates, so the use of a 9-wire interface is recommended whenever possible.

When operating with a 3-wire connection, the following rules apply:

- AT&Dn must be set to AT&D0 to ignore the DTR input
- AT&Kn must be set to AT&K0 to disable RTS/CTS flow control
- The other output signals may be connected, and operate as follows:
 - CTS driven ON (low)
 - DSR operates as normal
 - RI operates as normal
 - o DCD operates as normal

Notes:

1. RTS/CTS flow control, when enabled, is only used when the data port is in data mode. In AT command mode, RTS is ignored and CTS is driven ON (low).

2. If the DC input to the modem is to be disconnected, the developer will need to "tri-state" the serial interface to prevent a possible latch-up condition.

3.5.2 Configuration Settings

The Iridium 9523 allows the FA to configure the data port communication parameters. The three configuration types are active, factory default, and stored. The active configuration is the set of parameters currently in use. They can be changed by the FA individually via specific AT commands. The factory default configuration is stored in permanent memory. This configuration can be recalled at any time through use of the AT&Fn command.

Two groups of settings, or "profiles", can be stored as user-defined configurations. The FA first creates desired active configurations and then writes them to memory using the AT&Wn command. These profiles can be designated to be loaded as the active configuration upon Iridium 9523 power-up through use of the AT&Yn command. The Iridium 9523 can be reset without loss of power to these profiles through use of the ATZn command.

The configuration settings are stored in "S-register" locations and are detailed further in Section 6.

3.5.3 Modes of Operation

The serial interface is always in one of three modes: command mode, SBD data mode or SBD session mode. When the data port is in command mode, AT commands can be entered to control the Iridium 9523. In command mode, flow control has no effect, with the RTS input ignored and the CTS output driven ON (low). When in SBD data mode, the Iridium 9523 is transferring binary or text SBD message data to or from the FA.

In SBD data mode:

- All characters from the FA not forming part of the message data are ignored (i.e. no AT commands may be entered)
- No unsolicited result codes are issued
- RTS/CTS flow control, if enabled, is active. When RTS is OFF (high), the Iridium 9523 suspends transfer of data to the FA; when CTS is OFF (high), the Iridium 9523 expects the FA to suspend transfer of data.

When in SBD session mode, the Iridium 9523 is attempting to conduct an SBD session with the network. In SBD session mode:

- The FA must wait for the +SBDI [X][A]session result code
- All characters from the FA are ignored
- Unsolicited result codes are issued where those codes have been enabled

Transitions between the modes of operation are performed automatically by the Iridium 9523 in response to the SBD AT Commands; the FA has no other control over the mode.

3.5.4 Serial port signal levels

The inputs on the Iridium 9523 Data/Fax serial port (RTS, DTR and TXD) will operate correctly at 3.3V digital signal levels.

The five outputs from the Iridium 9523 Data/Fax serial port (DCD, DSR, CTS, RI and RXD) are all at 3.3V digital levels.

RS-232 interface chips can be fitted to the FA board if connection to an external RS232 link is required.

3.6 SIM interface

The Iridium 9523 needs an external Iridium SIM card and socket to be connected to its SIM interface. The signals operate at 3.3V logic levels, so an external SIM level converter such as the ONSemi NCN4555 must be connected between the Iridium 9523 and the SIM connector/socket to allow 3V or 1.8V SIM cards to be used.

An external SIM card reader may also be interfaced as a peripheral to the Iridium 9523 via the DPL interface. A SIM card in the external reader will take precedence over the SIM chip connected to the SIM interface when both are present.

3.7 GPIO Signals

There are four GPIO signals to the Iridium 9523, as described in this section.

3.7.1 Transmit power Control

The radiated power output from the Iridium transmitter can exceed SAR safety limits if the antenna is too close to the operator's body. An Iridium handset has a telescopic antenna to provide the necessary safe distance. The GPIO signals ANT_DET_PWR and FULL_POWER_EN are used to control the transmit power in conjunction with an antenna position-detector switch.

The Iridium 9523 polls the position-detector switch by providing a 3.3V output on ANT_DET_PWR in order to provide power to the antenna position sensing circuitry. When ANT_DET_PWR is high, the position sensing circuit must take FULL_POWER_EN high to enable full transmit power.

3.7.2 External GPS Receiver Switch

If the Iridium 9523 is used near a GPS receiver, it is possible that the input circuitry of the GPS receiver could be damaged by the output power of the Iridium transmitter, especially if the two devices share a single antenna. The Iridium 9523 has a GPIO signal, TX_ACTIVE, which is high whenever the Iridium transmitter is active and this could be used to control a switch on the input of the GPS receiver.

The TX_ACTIVE signal goes high 610us before the start of a transmit burst (ie. full power), and goes low 220us after the end of the burst. There is also 100us of power ramp-up before the burst and 100us of ramp-down after the burst.

3.7.3 Modem/Handset Mode Select Signal

A further GPIO signal, LBT_HSTB, is used to indicate whether the Iridium 9523 should operate as though it is mounted in a handset or a modem device. It should be pulled to 3.3V for normal modem operation, or 0V for handset mode. The major differences are:

- Data/Fax port is operational in modem mode and disabled in handset mode
- Background radio scanning for active radio channels is less intensive in handset mode, because power consumption is a more important issue for a battery-powered handset.

4 RF Interface

This section describes the physical characteristics of the RF connector and specifications of the RF Interface.

4.1 *RF Connector Type*

The RF connector on the Iridium 9523 is an I-PEX part number 20314-001E-01, from their MHF product range. When mating to the Iridium 9523 RF connector, use a suitable plug from the MHF (20308) or MHFII (20312) ranges.

Additional information can be found at: <u>http://www.i-pex.com</u>

Note that the RF connector on the Iridium 9523 is not mounted directly to the FA board along with the user interface connector. It must be attached to the FA board through a coaxial cable.

Note that for safety reasons, the RF connector on the Iridium 9523 should not be directly connected to an external antenna cable or cable distribution system. Paragraph 7.3 of EN60950-1:2006 safety standard requires that users are protected against high voltages that might appear on these cables. This can be achieved either by inserting a high-voltage isolating capacitor in series with the signal or by grounding the shield of the coaxial cable. The I-PEX connector has limited voltage capacity; therefore protection needs to be provided on the FA board. Developers are encouraged to review the EN60950-1:2006 standard for additional details.

4.1.1 Antenna Characteristics

The Iridium 9523 should be connected to a certified Iridium-band antenna with the following antenna connector characteristics as described in Table 12.

F	Parameter	Value
Ir	npedance	50 Ohms nominal
Gair	n (maximum)	3 dBi
P	olarization	RHCP
VSWR (ma	ximum operational)	1.5 : 1

Table 12: Antenna Characteristics

Existing qualified Iridium antennas may be used. (i.e. antennas designed and certified for the 9601, 9602, 9522, 9522A and 9522B) in conjunction with suitable protection circuitry.

4.2 RF Interface Specifications

The RF interface requirements for the Iridium 9523 are summarized in Table 13 below.

Parameter	Value
Frequency Range	1616 MHz to 1626.5 MHz
Duplexing Method	TDD (Time Domain Duplex)
Input/Output Impedance	50Ω
Multiplexing Method	TDMA/FDMA

4.3 Radio Characteristics

Table 14 contains radio characteristics of the Iridium 9523.

Parameter	Value
Average Power during a transmit slot (max)	7 W
Average Power during a frame (typical)	0.6 W
Receiver sensitivity (Typical level at connector)	-118 dBm
Max Cable loss permitted (Note 1)	3 dB
Link Margin – Downlink (Note 2)	12 dB
Link Margin – Uplink (Note 2)	12 dB

Note 1: Cable losses should be minimized. The total implementation loss for an antenna, connectors, cable, lightning arrestor and any other RF component between the Iridium 9523 and the antenna should not exceed 3 dB. Implementation loss higher than this will affect the Iridium link performance and quality of service. Solutions with a loss higher than 3 dB will not meet the requirements of Iridium Solution Certification.

Note 2: Link Margins are given assuming a free-space propagation model.

4.4 S-meter Performance

The numbers reported over the AT command interface indicate the signal strength of the ring channel. Care should be taken when using the S-meter readings for comparisons between devices. Of particular note are the following:

- 1. There is a 0.5 dB tolerance on calibrating the S-meter.
- 2. Each bar represents a 2 dB increment.
- 3. Multiple ring channels can be present at the same time so units can lock to different signals.
- 4. If the reading is near the decision threshold it would be easy to see a 1 bar difference.

5 AT Interface

5.1 Command Types

The Iridium 9523 employs two principal types of AT commands: basic and extended. The two types have differing syntax used to query and adjust their settings. They also have unique reference standards.

A specific basic AT command is used to reference S-registers and query and adjust their settings. Its syntax is similar to that of extended AT commands.

5.2 Basic Commands

Basic commands are industry standard and originally developed for Hayes-compatible PSTN modems. In many cases, basic commands consist of a single ASCII alpha character.

In other cases, a special character precedes the alpha character. Prefix characters used in Iridium 9523 basic commands include $\&, \, \&, and *$.

Most alpha characters in basic commands are followed by a numeric parameter, n. To adjust its setting, a basic command is entered with the appropriate numeric value of n. Note that if the numeric parameter n is omitted from the basic command entry, a value of zero is assumed for n. For example, ATXn is set to a value of 4 by entering ATX4, whereas it is set to value of 0 by entering either ATX0 or ATX.

To query a basic command setting, the AT&V command is entered to view the active configuration of a group of basic commands.

Some basic commands listed in this document are marked with "No action, compatibility only". In these cases, the basic command is accepted in the same fashion as is with other modems, but has no effect on the operation of the Iridium 9523, since it has no meaning in the IridiumTM/SM environment.

5.3 Extended Commands

Extended commands perform actions or set parameters that extend the capability of the Iridium 9523 beyond that which is allowed by basic commands. In some cases, they were designed for non-PSTN networks, such as the GSM network.

Most extended commands include a prefix of + followed by a single alpha character. Prefixes used in Iridium 9523 extended commands include +C, +D, +G, +I, and +S. Extended commands designed specifically for Iridium products include a -MS prefix.

Most extended commands include three alpha characters after the prefix, but some commands include just one or two alpha characters after the prefix.

Some extended commands have a single execution mode. No further syntax is added after the prefix and body of the command. For example, AT+GSN is entered as shown to query the Iridium 9523 for its assigned serial number (i.e. IMEI).

Some extended commands incorporate a test mode to query their range of valid responses. For example, AT+CBC is entered as shown in execution mode to query the Iridium 9523 for its battery connection and charge status. The command is entered as AT+CBC=? in test mode to query its range of valid responses.

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Some extended commands incorporate set, read, and test modes. For example, AT–MSVTR is entered as AT–MSVTR=n in set mode to enable/disable receipt of DTMF messages. It is entered as AT–MSVTR? in read mode to query its current setting and is entered as AT–MSVTR=? in test mode to query its range of valid settings.

Extended commands are grouped as shown below.

Extended Cellular Commands:

- +C prefix
- Used for GSM cellular phone-like functions
- Standards: ETSI specifications GSM 07.07 [2] and GSM 07.05 [3]

Extended Data Compression Commands:

- +D prefix
- Used for data compression
- Standard: V.25ter [1]

Extended Generic Commands:

- +G prefix
- Used for generic DCE issues such as identities and capabilities
- Standard: V.25ter [1]

Extended Interface Control Commands:

- +I prefix
- Used to control the FA interface
- Standard: V.25ter [1]

Extended Short Burst Data Commands:

- +S prefix
- Used for Short Burst Data messaging

Iridium Satellite Product Proprietary Commands:

- –MS prefix
- Proprietary to the Iridium product line

5.4 Command and Response Characters

The execution of a command string follows a left-to-right execution of each command followed by the reporting of a result code for the entire string.

The ASCII character set (CCITT T.50 International Alphabet 5, American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is used for the issuance of commands and responses. Only the low-order 7 bits of each character are used for commands or parameters; the high-order bit is ignored. Upper case characters are equivalent to lower case characters.

5.5 Command Entry

An AT command is a string of characters sent by the FA to the Iridium 9523 while it is in command mode. A command string has a prefix, a body, and a terminator. The prefix consists of the ASCII characters AT or at. The body is a string of commands restricted to printable ASCII characters. The default terminator is the <CR> character.

AT command entry syntax is critical, and the following rules apply:

- All commands (apart from A/ and +++) begin with a prefix of AT or at.
- The commands in a command string (apart from A/ and +++) are executed only after the return or enter key is pressed.
- Use of upper or lower case letters is allowed, but not a combination of both.
- The maximum number of characters in a command string is 128.
- If the numeric parameter n is omitted from the basic command entry, a value of zero is assumed for n.
- If an optional parameter is omitted from an extended command, the current value is implied. Optional parameters are enclosed by square brackets ([...]) in this document.
- Spaces entered into a command string for clarity between the AT prefix and the body of the command are ignored. Likewise, spaces entered for clarity within the command body between alpha characters and decimal parameters are ignored.
- The backspace or delete keys can typically be used to edit commands.
- Characters that precede the AT prefix are ignored.
- Ctrl-x can be used to abort a command line input.

Consider the following six commands to be entered in a single command line:

ATX0	(set basic command ATXn to n=0)		
AT&V	(execute basic command AT&V)		
AT+GSN	(execute extended command AT+GSN)		
AT+CMEE=?	(query the valid range of responses of extended command AT+CMEE)		
AT+CPBR=1,12	(execute extended command AT+CPBR with parameters 1 and 12)		
AT-MSVTR?	(query the current setting of extended command AT–MSVTR)		
The following are valid single command line entries of above six commands:			

5 5

at x 0 &v +gsn +cmee=? +cpbr=1,12 -msvtr? (all lower case)

AT X 0 &V +GSN +CMEE=? +CPBR=1,12 –MSVTR? (all upper case)

ATX 0 &V +GSN +CMEE=? +CPBR=1,12 –MSVTR?	(space omitted between AT and X)
ATX0 &V +GSN +CMEE=? +CPBR=1,12 –MSVTR?	(space omitted between ATX and 0)
ATX &V +GSN +CMEE=? +CPBR=1,12 -MSVTR?	(0 omitted from ATX0)
ATX;&V+GSN;+CMEE=?;+CPBR=1,12;-MSVTR?	(semicolon separators)
ATX&V+GSN+CMEE=?+CPBR=1,12-MSVTR?	(no separators)

5.6 Command Responses

A result code is sent to the FA in response to the execution of a command. It may also occur unsolicited from other conditions such as an incoming call (e.g. RING). Responses returned as a result of a query are called information responses.

Result codes can be represented by text if the Iridium 9523 is in verbose mode or with numbers if in numeric mode. The command ATVn informs the Iridium 9523 whether to respond in verbose or numeric mode. Further note that responses can be suppressed by setting the command ATQn to ATQ1. Table 15 below shows the difference in format between these modes.

Table 15: Result Code Response Format

	Numeric Mode ATQ0 ATV0	Verbose Mode ATQ0 ATV1
Result codes	<numeric_code> <cr></cr></numeric_code>	<cr><lf><verbose_code><c R><lf></lf></c </verbose_code></lf></cr>
Information Responses	<text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text>	<cr><lf><text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text></lf></cr>

Command entries with invalid syntax typically respond with ERROR. Command entries of valid syntax with an out-of-range parameter can respond in one of three following manners:

- Disallow out-of-range entry and respond with ERROR
- Disallow out-of-range entry and respond with OK
- Disallow out-of-range entry, accept the closest in-range value, and respond with OK

5.6.1 Hardware Failure Reporting

If the Iridium 9523 detects a hardware problem during initialization, it may be unable to function correctly. The Iridium 9523 notifies the FA of this situation by issuing an unsolicited result code at the end of initialization:

HARDWARE FAILURE: <subsys>,<error>

where <subsys> identifies the software subsystem that detected the error, and <error> is the subsystem-specific error code.

Any AT commands that cannot be handled in the failure condition will terminate with result code 4 ("ERROR").

5.7 Command Set Description

5.7.1 AT - Attention Code

This is the prefix for all commands except A/ and +++. When entered on its own, the Iridium 9523 will respond OK.

5.7.2 A/ - Repeat Last Command

Repeat the last command issued to the Iridium 9523 unless the power was interrupted or the unit is reset. A/ is not followed by <CR>.

5.7.3 +++ - Escape Sequence

The escape sequence is used to transfer from in-call data mode to in-call command mode without disconnecting from the remote modem. After a pause, the Iridium 9523 will respond with OK. Register S2 can be used to alter the escape character from +, the factory default, to any hexadecimal value in the range 0 to 255.

5.7.4 En - Echo

Echo command characters.

- 0 Characters are not echoed to the FA
- 1 Characters are echoed to the FA (default)

5.7.5 On - Online

Enter in-call data mode. This is used to return to in-call data mode from in-call command mode using an existing connection. An error is reported if on-hook.

0 Switch from in-call command mode to in-call data mode

Any value for n accepted

5.7.6 Qn - Quiet Mode

Control Iridium 9523 responses.

- 0 Iridium 9523 responses are sent to the FA (default)
- 1 Iridium 9523 responses are NOT sent to the FA

5.7.7 Vn - Verbose Mode

Set the response format of the Iridium 9523, which may be either numeric or textual.

- 0 Numeric responses
- 1 Textual responses (default)

5.7.8 Wn - Error Correction Message Control

Set the format of the CONNECT messages.

0 Upon connection, the Iridium 9523 reports the FA speed (default)

- 1 Upon connection, the Iridium 9523 reports the line speed, the error correction protocol and the FA speed in that order
- 2 Upon connection, the Iridium 9523 reports the DCE speed

5.7.9 Zn - Soft Reset

Reset the Iridium 9523 to a user-stored configuration.

- 0 Restores user configuration 0
- 1 Restores user configuration 1

5.7.10 &Cn - DCD Option

Select how the Iridium 9523 controls the DCD behavior.

- 0 DCD is forced on at all times
- 1 DCD indicates the connection status (default)

5.7.11 &Dn - DTR Option

Set the Iridium 9523 reaction to DTR signal.

0 DTR is ignored in all modes. A DTR signal input is not needed when set to &D0.

For all other &Dn settings, the following applies.

DTR must be ON during on-hook command mode. If DTR transitions from ON to OFF during on-hook command mode, operation will be locked after approximately 10 seconds. On-hook command mode operation will resume when DTR is restored ON.

DTR must be ON at call connection

DTR must be ON during both in-call command mode and in-call data mode. Reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions during in-call command mode and in-call data mode is determined by the &Dn setting as shown below. Note that the +CVHU command can be set to override these specified reactions.

If DTR transitions from ON to OFF during in-call command mode, and DTR is restored ON within approximately 10 seconds, the call will remain up. If DTR is not restored ON within approximately 10 seconds, the call will drop to on-hook command mode.

If DTR transitions from ON to OFF during in-call data mode, the mode will change to incall command mode. If DTR is restored ON within approximately 10 seconds, the call will remain up. If DTR is not restored ON within approximately 10 seconds, the call will drop to on-hook command mode.

- 2 If DTR transitions from ON to OFF during either in-call command mode or in-call data mode, the call will drop to on-hook command mode (default).
- 3 If DTR transitions from ON to OFF during either in-call command mode or in-call data mode, the call will drop to on-hook command mode and the Iridium 9523 will reset to AT command profile 0.

5.7.12 &Fn - Restore Factory Settings

Recall factory defaults.

1

0 Recall factory default 0

5.7.13 &Kn - Flow Control

Select the flow control method between the Iridium 9523 and FA.

- 0 Disables flow control
- 3 Enables RTS/CTS flow control (default)
- 4 Enables XON/XOFF flow control
- 6 Enables both RTS/CTS and XON/XOFF flow control

5.7.14 &Mn - Asynchronous/Synchronous Mode

Select the DTR operating mode.

0 Selects normal asynchronous operation (default). (See &Qn)

5.7.15 &Qn - Sync/Async Mode

Select asynchronous mode. This is an extension of the &M command and is used to control the connection modes permitted.

Note: The register is not updated right after the user requests new values because the requested values may or may not be what IRLP will use once a data call is established due to negotiations with the other peer. If the register is updated right away, this may give the user the impression that those values will be used during the data call, but there is no guarantee that will be the case. The real values will only be known once a data call is established and the negotiation phase is done. For that reason, the values are written to the register only after a call is established and both sides have negotiated parameter values (such as mode of operation). The value of the register will be reset to default value (5) after the call completed.

- 0, 6 Normal asynchronous operation with no error correction (unacknowledged mode)
- 5 Asynchronous operation with error correction (acknowledged mode) (default)

5.7.16 &Sn - DSR Override

Define the behavior of DSR.

- 0 DSR always active (default)
- 1 Same as 0

5.7.17 &V - View Active and Stored Configuration

View the current active configuration and stored profiles.

5.7.18 &Wn - Store Active Configuration

Store the active profile in non-volatile memory. This is used to store user configurations for later use.

- 0 Store current (active) configuration as profile 0
- 1 Store current (active) configuration as profile 1

5.7.19 &Yn - Designate Default Reset Profile

Select profile for use after power-up.

- 0 Select profile 0 (default)
- 1 Select profile 1

5.7.20 \Kn - Control Break

Control the response of the Iridium 9523 to a break received from the FA or the remote modem according to the parameter specified. The response is different in three separate states:

When a break is received from FA when Iridium 9523 is in data transfer mode:

- 0 Enter in-call command mode, no break sent to remote modem
- 1 Clear data buffers and send break to remote modem
- 2 Same as 0
- 3 Send break to remote modem immediately
- 4 Same as 0
- 5 Send break to remote modem in sequence with transmitted data (default)

When a break is received from the remote modem during a non-error corrected connection:

- 0 Clear data buffers and send break to FA
- 1 Same as 0
- 2 Send break to FA immediately
- 3 Same as 2
- 4 Send break to FA in sequence with received data
- 5 Same as 4 (default)

5.7.21 %R - Display Registers

Display all the S registers in the system.

5.7.22 *Pn - Power Phone

Turn Iridium 9523 off.

0 Turn phone OFF

5.7.23 +CBST - Select Bearer Service Type

Set Command: +CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]

Select the bearer service type for mobile originated calls. <speed> can have the following values:

- 0 Autobauding
- 1 300 bps V.21
- 2 1200 bps V.22
- 4 2400 bps V.22bis
- 6 4800 bps V.32
- 7 9600 bps V.32 (default)

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- 65 300 bps V.110
- 66 1200 bps V.110
- 68 2400 bps V.110
- 70 4800 bps V.110
- 71 9600 bps V.110

<name> takes the following value:

0 data circuit asynchronous

<ce> can only take the following value:

1 non-transparent

Read Command: +CBST?

Query the current bearer service type settings. Response is in the form:

+CBST: <speed>,<name>,<ce>

Test Command: +CBST=?

List the supported <speed>, <name>, <ce>. Response is in the form:

+CBST: (supported <speed>s),(supported <name>s),(supported <ce>s)

5.7.24 +CGMI - Manufacturer Identification

Exec Command: +CGMI

Query phone manufacturer.

5.7.25 +CGMM - Model Identification

Exec Command: +CGMM

Query phone model.

5.7.26 +CGMR - Revision

Exec Command: +CGMR

Query the phone revision.

5.7.27 +CGSN - Serial Number

Exec Command: +CGSN

Query the phone IMEI.

5.7.28 +CMEE - Report Mobile Equipment Error

Set Command: +CMEE=[<x>]

Set mobile equipment error reporting level.

<x> takes the following values:

0 Disable error reporting (use ERROR result code) (default)

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- 1 Enable numeric error reporting
- 2 Enable verbose error reporting

An example of an error report is:

+CME ERROR: <y>

where <y> can be the number or text listed below:

- 0 phone failure
- 1 no connection to phone
- 2 phone-adaptor link reserved
- 3 operation not allowed
- 4 operation not supported
- 5 PH-SIM PIN required
- 6 PH-FSIM PIN required
- 7 PH-FSIM PUK required
- 10 SIM not inserted
- 11 SIM PIN required
- 12 SIM PUK required
- 13 SIM failure
- 14 SIM busy
- 15 SIM wrong
- 16 incorrect password
- 17 SIM PIN2 required
- 18 SIM PUK2 required
- 20 memory full
- 21 invalid index
- 22 not found
- 23 memory failure
- 24 text string too long
- 25 invalid characters in text string
- 26 dial string too long
- 27 invalid characters in dial string
- 28 number is SIM fixed dialing restricted
- 30 no network service
- 31 network timeout
- 32 emergency calls only
- 40 network personalization PIN required
- 41 network personalization PUK required
- 42 network subset personalization PIN required

- 43 network subset personalization PUK required
- 44 service provider personalization PIN required
- 45 service provider personalization PUK required
- 46 corporate personalization PIN required
- 47 corporate personalization PUK required
- 100 unknown

Read Command: +CMEE?

Query mobile equipment error reporting level. The response is in the form:

+CMEE: <x>

Test Command: +CMEE=?

List the supported error reporting level. The response is in the form:

+CMEE: (supported <x>s)

5.7.29 +CPAS - Phone Activity Status

Exec Command: +CPAS

Query phone activity status. The response is in the form:

+CPAS: <x>

where <x> can take the following values:

- 0 Ready (allows commands)
- 1 Unavailable (does not allow commands)
- 2 Unknown (may not respond to commands)
- 3 Data Call Ringing (allows commands)
- 4 Data Call In Progress (allows commands)

5.7.30 +CR - Service Reporting Control

Set Command: +CR=[<mode>]

Set the service reporting level.

<mode> takes the following values:

- 0 Disable reporting (default)
- 1 Enable reporting

If reporting is enabled, the intermediate result code +CR: <serv> is returned by the Iridium 9523. <serv> can have one of the following values:

ASYNC	asynchronous transparent
SYNC	synchronous transparent
REL ASYNC	asynchronous non-transparent
REL SYNC	synchronous non-transparent

Read Command: +CR?

Query the current service reporting level settings. The response is in the form:

+CR: <mode>

Test Command: +CR=?

List the supported reporting levels. The response is in the form:

+CR: (supported <mode>s)

5.7.31 +DS - Set Data Compression Function

Set Command: +DS=[<direction>[,<comp_neg>[,<max_dict>[,<max_string]]]]

Set the V.42bis data compression function.

<direction> can take on the following values:

- 0 No compression
- 1 Transmit only
- 2 Receive only
- 3 Both directions (default)

<comp_neg> can take on the following values:

- 0 Do not disconnect if V.42bis is not negotiated by the remote DCE as specified in <direction> (default)
- 1 Disconnect if V.42bis is not negotiated by the remote DCE as specified in <direction>

<max_dict> can take on the following values: 512 to 2048. Default is 512.

<max_string> can take on the following values: 6 to 250. Default is 6.

Read Command: +DS?

Query the current data compression parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+DS: <direction>,<comp_neg>,<max_dict>,<max_dict>

Test Command: +DS=?

List the supported data compression parameters. The response is in the form:

+DS: (supported <direction>s),(supported <comp_neg>s,(supported <max_dict>s),(supported <max_dict>s))

Data compression will not work if IRLP is in unacknowledged mode.

Note: The register is not updated right after the user requests new values because the requested values may or may not be what IRLP will use once a data call is established due to negotiations with the other peer. If the register is updated right away, this may give the user the impression that those values will be used during the data call, but there is no guarantee that will be the case. The real values will only be known once a data call is established and the negotiation phase is done. For that reason, the values are written to the register only after a call is established and both sides have negotiated parameter values. The value of the register will be reset to default value (3) after the call is completed.

5.7.32 +DR - Data Compression Report Level

Set Command: +DR=[<mode>]

Set the data compression reporting level.

<mode> can take on the following values:

- 0 Disable data compression reporting (default)
- 1 Enable data compression reporting

If reporting is enabled, the following intermediate result codes are transmitted by the Iridium 9523:

+DR: NONE	No data compression
+DR: V42B	Data compression in use in both directions
+DR: V42B RD	Data compression in use in receive direction only
+DR: V42B TD	Data compression in use in transmit direction only

Read Command: +DR?

Query the current reporting level setting. The response is in the form:

+DR: <mode>

Test Command: +DR=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+DR: (supported <mode>s)

5.7.33 +CEER - Extended Error Report

Exec Command: +CEER

Execution command causes the phone to return information text <report> which offers the user an extended report of the reason of the failure in the last unsuccessful call setup (originating or answering) or the reason for last call release. The response is in the form:

+CEER: <report>

An example of a <report> is:

User alerting, no answer

5.7.34 +CHUP - Hangup call

This command causes the phone to hangup the current data or voice call. If hungup in this manner then the incoming call will not be forwarded to voice-mail. To allow a rejected call to be forwarded to voice-mail (if configured) use ATH0 instead.

5.7.35 +CMGD - Delete SMS Message

Exec Command: +CMGD=<index>

Execution command deletes message from preferred message storage <mem1> (<mem1> is the selected message storage from the +CPMS command) location <index>. If deleting fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms_err> is returned.

An example of an error report is:

+CMS ERROR: <cms_err>

where <cms_err> can be one of the numbers below:

- 1 unassigned number
- 8 operator barred

- 3 operation not allowed (identical to 302)
- 10 call barred
- 21 SM transfer rejected
- 27 destination out of service
- 28 unidentified subscriber
- 29 facility rejected
- 30 unknown subscriber
- 38 network out of order
- 41 temporary failure
- 42 congestion
- 47 resources unavailable
- 50 facility not subscribed
- 69 facility not implemented
- 81 invalid SM reference value
- 95 invalid message
- 96 invalid mandatory information element
- 97 nonexistent message type
- 98 incompatible message
- 99 nonexistent information element
- 111 protocol error
- 127 interworking
- 128 telephony interworking not supported
- 129 SM type 0 not supported
- 130 cannot replace SM
- 143 unspecified TP-PID error
- 144 coding scheme not supported
- 145 message class not supported
- 159 unspecified TP-DCS error
- 160 command not actioned
- 161 command unsupported
- 176 TPDU not supported
- 192 SC busy
- 193 no SC subscription
- 194 SC system failure
- 195 invalid SME address
- 196 destination SME barred
- 197 SM rejected

- 208 SIM SMS storage full
- 209 no SMS storage capability in SIM
- 210 error in MS
- 211 memory capacity exceeded
- 255 unspecified error
- 300 phone failure
- 301 SMS service reserved
- 302 operation not allowed
- 303 operation not supported
- 304 invalid PDU mode parameter
- 305 invalid text mode parameter
- 310 no SIM
- 311 SIM PIN required
- 312 PH-SIM PIN required
- 313 SIM failure
- 314 SIM busy
- 315 SIM wrong
- 320 memory failure
- 321 invalid memory index
- 322 memory full
- 330 SM-SC address unknown
- 331 no network service
- 332 network timeout
- 500 unknown error

5.7.36 +CMGF - SMS Message Format

Set Command: +CMGF=[<mode>]

Set command tells the phone, which input and output format of messages to use. <mode> indicates the format of messages used with send, list, read and write commands and unsolicited result codes resulting from received messages. Mode can be either PDU mode (entire TP data units used) or text mode (headers and body of the messages given as separate parameters). Only PDU mode is supported at this time.

Valid values for <mode> are:

0 PDU mode (default)

Read Command: +CMGF?

Read command returns the current <mode> set. Response is in the form:

+CMGF: <mode>

Test Command: +CMGF=?

Test command returns the list of supported <mode>s. Response is in the form:

+CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s)

5.7.37 +CMGL - List SMS Messages

Exec Command: +CMGL[=<stat>]

Execution command returns messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> (<mem1> is the selected message storage from the +CPMS command) to the FA. If listing fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms_err> is returned.

Valid values for <stat> are:

PDU Text

-		
0	"REC UNREAD"	received unread message (i.e. new message) (default)
1	"REC READ"	received read message
2	"STO UNSENT"	stored unsent message (only applicable to SMs)
3	"STO SENT"	stored sent message (only applicable to SMs)
4	"ALL"	all messages (only applicable to +CMGL command)

Response is in the following format for PDU mode:

```
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>[<CR><LF>+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu> [...]]
```

where:

<alpha>: string type alphanumeric representation of TP-destination address or TP-originating address corresponding to the entry found in the phonebook (optional field);

<length>: in PDU mode, this is the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

cpdu>: GSM 04.11 [8] SC address followed by GSM 03.40 [9] TPDU in hexadecimal format.

Test Command: +CMGL=?

Test command gives a list of all status values supported by the phone. Response is in the form:

+CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s)

5.7.38 +CMGR - Read SMS Message

Exec Command: +CMGR=<index>

Execution command returns the SMS message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> (<mem1> is the selected message storage from the +CPMS command). If status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. If reading fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms_err> is returned.

Response is in the following format for PDU mode:

+CMGR: <stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>

where:

<stat>:

- 0 MT message unread
- 1 MT message read

2 - MO message unsent

3 - MO message sent

(When reading an MT message the first time, the status is reported as 0 (unread). The status is then changed to 1 (read), and that is reported on subsequent reads of that message.)

<alpha>:string type alphanumeric representation of TP-destination address or TP-originating address corresponding to the entry found in the phonebook (optional field);

<length>:in PDU mode, this is the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

cpdu>: GSM 04.11 [8] SC address followed by GSM 03.40 [9] TPDU in hexadecimal format.

5.7.39 +CMGS - Send SMS Message

Exec Command: +CMGS=<length><CR><pdu><ctrl-Z/ESC> (PDU mode)

Execution command sends message from the FA to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). In PDU mode, <length> is the length of the actual TP data unit in octets; <pdu> is the GSM 04.11 [8] SC address followed by GSM 03.40 [9] TPDU in hexadecimal format.

PDU entry must be terminated by <ctrl-Z>. Sending can be cancelled by the <ESC> character.

Response is in the following format for PDU mode:

+CMGS: <mr>

where <mr> is the message reference value of the message.

If sending fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms_err> is returned.

5.7.40 +CMGW - Write SMS Message To Memory

Exec Command: +CMGW=<length>[,<stat>]<CR><pdu><ctrl-Z/ESC> (PDU mode)

Execution command stores a message to memory storage <mem2> (<mem2> is selected by the +CPMS command). In PDU mode, <length> is the length of the actual TP data unit in octets; <pdu> is the GSM 04.11 [8] SC address followed by GSM 03.40 [9] TPDU in hexadecimal format. By default, message status will be set to 'stored unsent', but parameter <stat> allows also other status values to be given.

PDU entry must be terminated by <ctrl-Z>. Storing can be cancelled by sending the <ESC> character.

Response is in the following format for PDU mode:

+CMGW: <index>

where <index> indicates the memory location where the message is stored.

If storing fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms_err> is returned.

5.7.41 +CMOD - Call Mode

Set Command: +CMOD=[<mode>]

Set command selects the call mode of further dialing commands (D) or for next answering command (A). Mode can be either single or alternating (the terms "alternating mode" and "alternating call" refer to all GSM bearer and teleservices that incorporate more than one basic service (voice, data, fax) within one call). For the satellite phones, only a single call is supported.

<mode>:

0 single mode (default)

Read Command: +CMOD?

Query the current call mode settings. The response is in the form:

+CMOD: <mode>

Test Command: +CMOD=?

List the supported call modes. The response is in the form:

+CMOD: (supported <mode>s)

5.7.42 +CNMI - New SMS Message Indications to DTE

Set Command: +CNMI=[<mode>[,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds>[, <bfr>]]]]]

Set command selects the procedure, how receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the FA when FA is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON.

Valid values for <mode> are:

- 0 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the phone. If result code buffer is full, older indications are discarded and replaced with the new received indications. (default)
- 1 Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when Iridium 9523-FA link is reserved (e.g. in in-call data mode). Otherwise forward them directly to the FA.
- 2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the phone when Iridium 9523-FA link is reserved (e.g. in in-call data mode) and flush them to the FA after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to the FA.

Valid values for <mt> are:

- 0 No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the FA. (default)
- 1 If SMS-DELIVER is stored in the phone, indication of the memory location is routed to the FA using unsolicited result code:

+CMTI: <mem>,<index>

2 SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (store message)) are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code:

+CMT: [<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode)

3 Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1.

Valid values for <bm> are:

No CBM indications are routed to the FA. (default)

Valid values for <ds> are:

0

- 0 No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the FA. (default)
- 1 SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the FA using unsolicited result code:

+CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode)

Valid values for <bfr> are:

0 Buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the FA when <mode> 1...3 is entered (OK response is returned before flushing the codes). (default)

Buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...3 is entered.

Read Command: +CNMI?

1

Read command returns the current settings for the SMS message indication. Response is in the form:

+CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr>

Test Command: +CNMI=?

Test command returns the supported settings of the phone. Response is in the form:

+CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <mt>s),(list of supported <bm>s),(list of supported
ds>s),(list of supported
dspr>s)

5.7.43 +COPS - Operator Select

Set Command: +COPS=[<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>]]]

Set command forces an attempt to manually register the phone to the network. Only IRIDIUM as <oper>is supported.

Valid values for the parameters are outlined below.

<mode>:

- 0 automatic (<oper> field is ignored) (default)
- 1 manual (<oper> field is optional)

<format>:

- 0 long format alphanumeric <oper>
- 1 short format alphanumeric <oper>
- 2 numeric <oper>

<oper> is of string type enclosed by quotes"; for example "IRIDIUM". <format> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or numeric; long alphanumeric format can be up to 16 characters long and short format up to 8 characters; numeric format is the Location Area Identification number which consists of a three BCD (Binary Coded Decimal) digit country code plus a two BCD digit network code; hence the number has structure: (country code digit 3)(country code digit 2)(country code digit 1)(network code digit 2)(network code digit 1). Since IRIDIUM is the only operator, the short and long format is "IRIDIUM" and the numeric format is "90103". These are the only values accepted.

Note that setting the <mode> to manual does not disable automatic registration of the phone to the network. It just forces a manual registration procedure when entered.

Read Command: +COPS?

Read command returns the current mode, and will always respond with "000" for <mode>. This is due to the continually enabled nature of the automatic registration mode. The response is in the form:

+COPS: <mode>

For example:

+COPS:000

Test Command: +COPS=?

Test command returns the list of operators present in the network. Response is in the form:

+COPS: [list of supported (<stat>,long alphanumeric <oper>,short alphanumeric <oper>,numeric <oper>)s] [,,(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s)]

where <stat> indicates:

2 current

For example:

+COPS:(002),"IRIDIUM","IRIDIUM","90103",,(000-001),(000-002)

5.7.44 +CPBF - Find Phonebook Entries

Exec Command: +CPBF=<findtext>

Execution command returns phonebook entries (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS) which alphanumeric fields start with string <findtext>. <findtext> should be of string type enclosed by ""; for example, "John".

Entry fields returned are location number <index n>, phone number stored there <number> (of address type <type>), and text <text> associated with the number. Response is in the following format:

+CPBF: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[[...]<CR><LF>+CBPF: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>]

Test Command: +CPBF=?

Test command returns the maximum lengths of <number> and <text> fields for phonebook entries. Response is in the form:

+CPBF: <nlength>,<tlength>

where <nlength> indicates the maximum length of <number> and <tlength> shows the maximum length of <text>.

5.7.45 +CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries

Exec Command: +CPBR=<index1>[,<index2>]

Execution command returns phonebook entries in location number range <index1>... <index2> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS. If <index2> is left out, only location <index1> is returned.

Entry fields returned are location number <index n>, phone number stored there <number> (of address type <type>) and text <text> associated with the number. Response is in the form:

```
+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[[...] <CR><LF>+CPBR: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>]
```

Test Command: +CPBR=?

Test command returns location range supported by the current storage and the maximum lengths of <number> and <text> fields. Response is in the form:

+CPBR: (list of supported <index>s),<nlength>,<tlength>

where <nlength> indicates the maximum length of <number> and <tlength> shows the maximum length of <text>.

5.7.46 +CPBS - Select Phonebook Storage

Set Command: +CPBS=<storage>

Set command selects phonebook memory storage <storage>, which is used by other phonebook commands. <storage> should be of string type enclosed by ""; for example, "FD".

<storage> takes the following values:

- FD SIM fixed dialing phonebook
- LD Last ten calls dialed phonebook
- ME Iridium 9523 phonebook
- MT combined Iridium 9523 and SIM phonebook (default)
- SM SIM phonebook

Read Command: +CPBS?

Read command returns currently selected memory, the number of used locations and total number of locations in the memory. Response is in the form:

+CPBS: <storage>,<used>,<total>

where <used> indicates the number of used locations and <total> shows the total capacity of <storage>.

Test Command: +CPBS=?

Test command returns supported storages.

5.7.47 +CPBW - Write Phonebook Entry

Exec Command: +CPBW=[<index>][,<number>[,<type>[<text>]]]

Execution command writes phonebook entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS. Entry fields written are phone number <number> (of address type <type>) and text <text> associated with the number. If those fields are omitted, phonebook entry is deleted. If <index> is left out, but <number> is given, entry is written to the first free location in the phonebook. Both <text> and <number> should be of string type enclosed by ""; for example, "John","1234".

Test Command: +CPBW=?

Test command returns the location range supported by the current storage, the maximum length of <number> field, supported number formats of the storage, and the maximum length of <text> field. Response is in form:

+CPBW: (list of supported <index>s),<nlength>,(list of supported <type>s),<tlength>

5.7.48 +CPIN - Enter PIN

Set Command: +CPIN=<pin>[,<newpin>]

Set command sends to the phone a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM Card PIN Code, SIM PUK, etc.). If no password request is pending, no action is taken by the phone.

- If the password required is SIM PUK, then <newpin> is required, where <newpin> is the new SIM Card PIN to replace the old SIM Card PIN.
- If the password required is SIM PUK2, then <newpin> is required, where <newpin> is the new SIM Card PIN2 to replace the old SIM Card PIN2
- Both <pin> and <newpin> should be of string type enclosed by " "; for example, "1234".

Read Command: +CPIN?

Read command returns an alphanumeric string indicating whether some password is required or not. Response is in the form:

+CPIN: <code>

where <code> can be one of the following:

READY	Iridium 9523 is not waiting for any password.
PH PIN	Iridium 9523 is waiting for Phone Unlock Code to be given.
SIM PIN	Iridium 9523 is waiting for SIM Card PIN1 Code to be given.
SIM PUK	Iridium 9523 is waiting for SIM PUK to be given (because SIM PIN1 is blocked).
SIM PIN2	Iridium 9523 is waiting for SIM PIN2 to be given.*
SIM PUK2	Iridium 9523 is waiting for SIM PUK2 to be given (because SIM PIN2 is blocked).

***Note**: The response "SIM PIN2" is somewhat misleading, because it indicates one of three possible scenarios:

- 1. PIN1 has already been successfully entered (thus equivalent to the READY response).
- 2. No PIN1 is required (thus equivalent to the READY response).
- 3. The phone is waiting for PIN2 (used to access Fixed Dialing settings and other subscriptionbased features).

In any of these three cases, the phone should be available to place and receive calls.

Note: +CPIN is closely related to +CLCK and +CPWD. See these commands for additional information.

5.7.49 +CPMS - Select Preferred SMS Message Storage

Set Command: +CPMS=<mem1>[, <mem2>[,<mem3>]]

Set command selects memory storages <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3>. <mem1> is the memory from which messages are read and deleted; <mem2> is the memory to which writing and sending operations are made; <mem3> is the memory to which received SMS messages are to be stored. If a chosen storage is not appropriate for the phone, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms_err> is returned.

Valid values for <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> are:

"SM" SIM message storage

Response is in the form:

+CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3>

where <used1>: number of messages currently in <mem1>

<total1>: total number of message locations in <mem1>

<used2>: number of messages currently in <mem2>

<total2>: total number of message locations in <mem2>

<used3>: number of messages currently in <mem3>

<total3>: total number of message locations in <mem3>

Read Command: +CPMS?

Read command returns the current storage selected, usage and capacity. Response is in the form:

+CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>, <mem3>,<used3>,<total3>

Test Command: +CPMS=?

Test command returns lists of memory storages supported by the phone. Response is in the form:

+CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s),(list of supported <mem2>s), (list of supported <mem3>s)

5.7.50 +CREG - Network Registration

Set Command: +CREG=[<n>]

Set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the Iridium 9523 network registration status, or code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] when <n>=2 and there is a change in the registration status of the phone.

Valid values for <n> are:

- 0 disable network registration unsolicited result code (default)
- 1 enable network registration unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>
- 2 enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]. <lac> indicates the location area code in string format; <ci> is in the cell identifier which is not applicable to IRIDIUM.

<stat> can be one of the following:

- 0 not registered, Iridium 9523 is not currently searching a new operator to register to
- 1 registered, home network
- 2 not registered, but Iridium 9523 is currently searching a new operator to register to
- 3 registration denied
- 4 unknown
- 5 registered, roaming

Read Command: +CREG?

Read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows the network registration status of the phone. Location information elements <lac> and <ci> are returned only when <n>=2 and phone is registered in the network. Response is in the form:

+CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

Test Command: +CREG=?

Test command lists the supported settings for +CREG. Response is in the form:

+CREG: (list of supported <n>s)

5.7.51 +CSCA - SMS Service Center Address

Set Command: +CSCA=<sca>[,<tosca>]

Set command updates the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMs are transmitted. In PDU mode, setting is used by the send and write commands, but only when the length of the SMSC address coded into coded parameter equals zero.

<sca>: GSM 04.11 [8] RP SC address Address-Value field in string format (i.e., enclosed by quotes "");

<tosca>: GSM 04.11 [8] RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format;

Read Command: +CSCA?

Read command returns the current service center address. Response is in the form:

+CSCA: <sca>,<tosca>

5.7.52 +CSCB - Select Cell Broadcast Message Types

Read Command: +CSCB?

Read command returns the current values for <mode>, <mids> and <dcss>. Response is in the form:

+CSCB: <mode>,<mids>,<dcss>

Test Command: +CSCB=?

Test command returns supported modes. Response is in the form:

+CSCB: (list of supported <mode>s)

5.7.53 +CSCS - Select TE Character Set

Set Command: +CSCS=[<chset>]

Set command informs the phone which character set <chset> is used by the FA. Only the IRA character set is currently supported. <chset> should be of string type enclosed by ""; for example, "IRA".

Valid values for <chset> are:

"IRA" international reference alphabet (ITU-T T.50)

Read Command: +CSCS?

Read command returns the current character set used. Response is in the form:

+CSCS: <chset>

Test Command: +CSCS=?

Test command returns the supported character set of the phone. Response is in the form:

+CSCS: (list of supported <chset>s)

5.7.54 +CSMS - Select SMS Message Service

Set Command: +CSMS=<service>

Set command selects short messaging service <service>. It returns the types of messages supported by the phone: <mt> for mobile terminated messages, <mo> for mobile originated messages and <bm> for broadcast type messages. If chosen service is not supported, final result code +CMS ERROR: <cms err> shall be returned. Only message service type 0 is currently supported.

Valid values for <service> are:

0 GSM 03.40 [9] and 03.41 [10] (the syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with GSM 07.05 [3] Phase 2 version 4.7.0) (default)

Response is in the form:

+CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm>

where, <mt>, <mo>, <bm>:

- 0 type not supported
- 1 type supported

Read Command: +CSMS?

Read command returns the current message service type set. Response is in the form:

+CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm>

Test Command: +CSMS=?

Test command returns the supported message services of the phone. Response is in the form:

+CSMS: (list of supported <service>s)

5.7.55 +CSTA - Select Type of Address

Set Command: +CSTA=[<type>]

Select the type of number for the dial command D. <type> is the type of address in integer format specified in GSM 4.08 subclause 10.5.4.7. Typical values for <type> are:

129 Unknown type (default)

145 International number

Read Command: +CSTA?

Query the current address type settings. The response is in the form:

+CSTA: <type>

Test Command: +CSTA=?

List the supported address type settings. The response is in the form:

+CSTA: (supported <type>s)

5.7.56 +GMI - Manufacturer Identification

Exec Command: +GMI

Query phone manufacturer. This command is similar to +CGMI.

5.7.57 +GMM - Model Identification

Exec Command: +GMM

Query phone model. This command is similar to +CGMM.

5.7.58 +GMR - Revision

Exec Command: +GMR

Query the phone revision. This command is similar to +CGMR.

5.7.59 +GSN - Serial Number

Exec Command: +GSN

Query the phone IMEI. This command is similar to +CGSN.

5.7.60 +GCAP - General Capabilities

Exec Command: +GCAP

Query the phone's overall capabilities.

5.7.61 A - Answer

Answer immediately. This causes the Iridium 9523 to answer the incoming data or voice call.

5.7.62 D - Dial

Dial a data or voice call number. The dial command causes the Iridium 9523 to enter originate mode and act as an auto dialer for connection to other modems or voice lines. The usual format is ATDnx..x where n is a Dial Modifier and x is a number. The following are valid numbers: 0123456789*#ABC. Dial modifiers are used to alter the manner in which the Iridium 9523 dials.

- L Redial last number
- + International dialing prefix. Allows the international access code to be omitted from dial string.
- > Direct dial from phonebook locations. See subsection below for further details.
- ; Start up a voice call. This modifier should be given after the dialing digits (or modifiers).

Any character received from the FA during the call establishment phase will cause the call attempted to be terminated.

5.7.62.1 D> - Direct Dial From Phonebook

The Iridium 9523 and SIM contain phonebooks which have a phone number and an alphanumeric field for each phonebook entry location. The use of V.25ter dialing command ensures that direct dialing from phone memory and SIM phonebook is possible through ordinary communications software which just gives the phone number field to be filled and then uses the D command to originate the call. Available memories may be queried with Select Phonebook Storage test command +CPBS=?, and location range for example with Read Phonebook Entries test command +CPBR=?.

Execute commands:

D><str>[;]

Originate call to phone number which corresponding alphanumeric field is <str> (if possible, all available memories should be searched for the correct entry). <str> is of string type value and should enclosed by "" (e.g., "John").

D> mem<n>[;]

Originate call to phone number in memory mem entry location <n> (available memories may be queried with Select Phonebook Storage test command +CPBS=?).

mem can be one of the following:

- FD SIM fixed dialing phonebook
- LD Last ten calls dialed phonebook
- ME Phone memory
- MT combined phone and SIM phonebook locations
- SM SIM phonebook

D><n>[;]

Originate call to phone number in entry location <n> (the command Select Phonebook Memory Storage +CPBS setting determines which phonebook storage is used).

5.7.63 Hn - Hangup

Control the hook switch. This command is used to clear a data call connection. It is also used to clear a voice call connection when the Iridium 9523 has originated the voice call with the ATD dial command or terminated the voice call with the ATA or ATS0=n answer command.

0 Place the Iridium 9523 on hook.

5.7.64 S0=n - Auto-Answer

Auto-answer. This causes the Iridium 9523 to auto-answer the incoming data or voice call.

- 0 Disable auto-answer.
- n>0 Enable auto-answer after n rings

5.7.65 Xn - Extended Result Codes

Select the response set to be used by the Iridium 9523 when informing the FA of the results of a command or data or voice call.

0 OK, CONNECT, RING, NO CARRIER, NO ANSWER and ERROR

CONNECT response is used to inform of a data call connection; OK response is used to inform of a voice call connection.

1 As X0 plus CONNECT x, where x is the FA speed

CONNECT x response is used for data calls only.

- 2 As X1 plus NO DIALTONE
- 3 As X2 plus BUSY
- 4 As X3 plus CARRIER x, PROTOCOL: and COMPRESSION:, where x is the line speed (default)

CARRIER x, PROTOCOL:, and COMPRESSION: responses are used for data calls only.

Note that the Wn command limits which connection related responses will be reported.

5.7.66 +CLVL - Volume Level Control

Exec Command: +CLVL=<level>

This command is used to select the 'volume' of the audio on the audio path. <level> is an integer type value with the smallest value representing the lowest sound level.

Read Command: +CLVL?

Query the current volume level settings. The response is in the form:

+CLVL: <level>

- 0 Equivalent to level 0 displayed on a handset's volume indicator
- 1 Equivalent to level 1 displayed on a handset's volume indicator
- 2 Equivalent to level 2 displayed on a handset's volume indicator
- 3 Equivalent to level 3 displayed on a handset's volume indicator
- 4 Equivalent to level 4 displayed on a handset's volume indicator

- 5 Equivalent to level 5 displayed on a handset's volume indicator
- 6 Equivalent to level 6 displayed on a handset's volume indicator
- 7 Equivalent to level 7 displayed on a handset's volume indicator

Test Command: +CLVL=?

List the supported volume level settings. The response is in the form:

+CLVL: (supported <level>s)

5.7.67 +CMUT - Mute Control

Exec Command: +CMUT=<n>

This command is used to enable and disable the uplink voice muting during a voice call. <n> can take one of the following values:

0 mute off

mute on

Read Command: +CMUT?

1

1

Query the current mute setting. The response is in the form:

+CMUT: <n>

Test Command: +CMUT=?

List the supported mute settings. The response is in the form:

+CMUT: (supported <n>s)

5.7.68 +CRC - Cellular Result Codes

Set Command: +CRC=[<mode>]

Set the extended format of incoming data or voice call indication.

<mode> takes the following values:

- 0 Disable extended format (default)
 - Enable extended format

If extended format is enabled, the unsolicited result code +CRING: <type> is returned by the Iridium 9523 instead of RING, where <type> can be one of the following:

ASYNC	asynchronous transparent
SYNC	synchronous transparent
REL ASYNC	asynchronous non-transparent
REL SYNC	synchronous non-transparent
FAX	facsimile
VOICE	normal voice

Read Command: +CRC?

Query the current result code settings. The response is in the form:

+CR: <mode>

Test Command: +CRC=?

List the supported result code settings. The response is in the form:

+CR: (supported <mode>s)

5.7.69 +CVHU - Voice Hangup Control

Set Command: +CVHU=[<mode>]

Selects whether the Hn (hangup) or &Dn command shall cause a voice call connection to be disconnected or not. <mode> can take one of the following values:

- 0 Ignore &Dn command specified reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions. Disconnect as reaction to Hn command. OK response given.
- 1 Ignore &Dn command specified reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions. Ignore Hn command. OK response given.
- 2 Comply with &Dn command specified reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions. Disconnect as reaction to Hn command (default).

Read Command: +CVHU?

Query the current voice control hangup settings. The response is in the form:

+CVHU: <mode>

Test Command: +CVHU=?

List the supported voice control hangup settings. The response is in the form:

+CVHU: (supported <mode>s)

5.7.70 +CCLK - Real-Time Clock

Set Command: +CCLK=[<time>]

Sets the real-time clock of the Iridium 9523. If setting fails, ERROR is returned.

<time>: string type value; format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. There is no blank space between the two double quotes. Since time zone feature is not supported in Iridium, this particular field (±zz) is ignored if it is entered. The range of valid years is between 1970 and 2058.

For example, May 15, 2011, 22:10:00 hours can be set using +CCLK= "11/05/15,22:10:00".

Read Command: +CCLK?

Read command returns the current setting of the clock.

+CCLK: <time>

5.7.71 –MSVTS - DTMF Generation in Voice Call

Set Command: -MSVTS=<string>

Generate the specified DTMF tone (i.e., send tone DTMF message to network). The parameter <string> shall consist of elements in a list where each element is separated by a comma. Each element should either be (1) a single ASCII character; or (2) string that follows the format: <tone>[,<time>] with each string enclosed in square brackets "[]". The string parameter values are defined as follows:

<tone> specifies the string of tones to be played or generated. The valid values are (in ASCII): '0'-'9', '#', '*'

<time> specifies the duration of each tone in 180-millisecond unit. Default value is 1 for 180 ms.

For example, the command string –MSVTS=1,[9,2],[5,3] will:

- 1. Generate DTMF 1 with a duration of 180 ms (default)
- 2. Generate DTMF 9 with a duration of 360 ms (2 * 180 ms)
- 3. Generate DTMF 5 with a duration of 540 ms (3 * 180 ms)

Test Command: -MSVTS=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

-MSVTS: (supported <tone>s),(supported <time>s)

Note: DTMF generated with the –MSVTS command is never played back locally as tones and is therefore neither played nor muted under control of the –MSVLS command.

5.7.72 –MSVTR - DTMF Received in Voice Call

Set Command: –MSVTR=[<mode>]

Disable or enable the receiving of DTMF messages from the network.

<mode> takes one of the following values:

- 0 Receiving of DTMF disabled (default)
- 1 Receiving of DTMF enabled

If receiving DTMF is enabled, the Iridium 9523 sends the following unsolicited result code every time a DTMF inband signaling data is received from the network while in a voice call:

-MSTRX: <tone>,<event>

where <tone> is the DTMF tone received ('0'-'9', '#', '*', 'A'-'D') and <event> can be one of the following:

0 tone stopped (i.e. key released)

1 tone started (i.e. key pressed)

Read Command: –MSVTR?

Query the current parameter settings. The response is in the form:

-MSVTR: <mode>

Test Command: –MSVTR=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

-MSVTR: (supported <mode>s)

5.7.73 –MSVLS - Local DTMF Feedback Selection

Set Command: -MSVLS=[<mode>]

Disable or enable playing of DTMF tones locally (i.e. feedback tones) while in a voice call.

<mode> takes one of the following values:

- 0 No mute. Play all DTMF tones (default) when pressed or received while in voice call.
- 1 Enable mute mode. Mute both pressed or received DTMF tones while in voice call.

Read Command: –MSVLS?

Query the current parameter settings. The response is in the form:

-MSVLS: <mode>

Test Command: –MSVLS=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

-MSVLS: (supported <mode>s)

Note: DTMF generated with the –MSVTS command is never played back locally as tones and is therefore neither played nor muted under control of the –MSVLS command.

5.7.74 –MSSTM - Request System Time

Exec Command: –MSSTM

Query the latest system time received from the network. The response is the form:

-MSSTM: <system_time>

<system_time> can take one of the following forms:

no network service The Iridium 9523 has not yet received system time from the network.

XXXXXX Where XXXXXXX is the current Iridium system time available from the network. The system time as received through the Iridium Air Interface, is a 32 bit integer count of the number of 90 millisecond intervals that have elapsed since the epoch. The return value is formatted as an ASCII hexadecimal number. The counter will rollover approximately every 12 years or be changed to prevent a rollover and as a result should not be used as a time source for user applications.

Iridium system time epoch: March 8, 2007, 03:50:21.00 GMT. (Note: the original Iridium system time epoch was June 1, 1996, 00:00:11 GMT, and was reset to the new epoch in January, 2008).

Iridium system time source: The system time is available and valid only after the Iridium 9523 has registered with the network and has received the Iridium system time from the network. Once the time is received, the Iridium 9523 uses its internal clock to increment the counter. In addition, at least every 8 hours, or on location update or other event that requires re-registration, the Iridium 9523 will obtain a new system time from the network.

Time localization: None. The system time value is always expressed in GMT time.

Resolution and accuracy: The resolution of the system time is one Iridium frame tick, or 90 ms. Accuracy as measured by the difference between the time reported and the actual time this message is sent out of the Iridium 9523's serial port should not exceed 4 frame ticks (.36 seconds) and in most cases will be one frame tick (.09 seconds) or less.

5.7.75 –MSGEO - Request Geolocation

Exec Command: -MSGEO

Query the geolocation grid code received from the network in the last Access Decision Notification message. The response is of the form:

-MSGEO: <x>,<y>,<z>,<time_stamp>

<x>, <y>, <z> is a geolocation grid code from an earth centered Cartesian coordinate system, using dimensions, x, y, and z, to specify location. The coordinate system is aligned such that the z-axis is aligned with the north and south poles, leaving the x-axis and y-axis to lie in the plane containing the equator. The axes are aligned such that at 0 degrees latitude and 0 degrees longitude, both y and z are zero and x is positive (x = +6376, representing the nominal earth radius in kilometres). Each dimension of the geolocation grid code is displayed in decimal form using units of kilometres. Each dimension of the geolocation grid code has a minimum value of -6376, a maximum value of +6376, and a resolution of 4.

<time_stamp> is assigned by the Iridium 9523 when the geolocation grid code received from the network is stored to Iridium 9523 internal memory. Current Iridium system time, which is a running count of 90 millisecond intervals, is used for the time stamp. Time stamp is a 32-bit integer displayed in hexadecimal form.

5.7.76 +CCFC - Call Forward Service

Exec Command:

+CCFC=<reason>,<mode>[,<number>[,<type>[,class>[,<subaddr>[,<satype>[,<time>]]]]]]

This command is based on GSM 07.07 [2] subclause 7.10, and allows control of the call forwarding supplementary service according to GSM 02.82 [11]. Registration, erasure and status query are supported. The valid values for the parameters are as follows:

<reason> takes one of the following values:

- 0 unconditional
- 1 mobile busy
- 2 no reply
- 3 not reachable
- 4 all call forwarding (refer GSM 02.30 [5])
- 5 all conditional call forwarding (refer GSM 02.30 [5])

<mode> takes one of the following values:

- 0 disable (not used in Call Forward)
- 1 enable (not used in Call Forward)
- 2 query status
- 3 registration
- 4 erasure
- <number>: quoted string type phone number of forwarding address. It contains digits only, or empty string if not applicable.
- <type>: type of address octet in integer format (refer to GSM 04.08 [7] subclause 10.5.4.7); default 145 when dialing string is international number, otherwise 129
- <classx>: is a sum of integers each representing a class of information:
 - 1 voice (telephony)
 - 2 data
- <subaddr>: string type sub-address, not supported by Iridium
- <satype>: type of sub-address, not supported by Iridium
- <time>: string containing number of seconds (up to 30, in multiples of 5). When 'no reply' is enabled or queried, this gives the time in seconds to wait before call is forwarded.

if <mode>=2 and command is successful, the Iridium 9523 returns a response in the form:

+CCFC:<status>,<class>[,<number>,<type>]

Where <status> may be as follows:

0 not active

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active

For example:

1

+CCFC:0,1

+CCFC:1,1,"+441223420024",145

+CCFC:2,3,"00881662990000",,1,,,"30"

Test Command: +CCFC=?

List supported <reason>s. The response is in the form of a range rather than a list:

+CCFC:(000-005)

5.7.77 +CLCC - Request Current Call Status

Exec Command: +CLCC

Returns the current call status of the Iridium 9523. The response is a comma separated list of call states. The number of call states in the response depends on the number of active call instances e.g. incoming calls and held calls.

+CLCC: <stat>[,<stat>]]

where <stat> (State of the Iridium 9523):

000	Active
001	Call Held
002	Dialing (MO Call)
004	Incoming (MT Call)
006	Idle

Note: the form of this announcement currently differs from the standard given in 3GPP TS 27.007 [12] subclause 7.18. A change to the interface may be made to become more standard.

5.7.78 +CNUM - Read MSISDN Numbers

Exec Command: +CNUM

Get the MSISDN numbers of the SIM. If returning fails, ERROR is returned. Response is in the form:

+CNUM:<text>,<number>,<type>

<text>: alpha tag of the phone numbers

<number>: MSISDN numbers

<type>: if the number starts with a '+', then the type is 145; otherwise the type is 129

Note: MSISDN numbers are only available if they were intentionally stored on the SIM.

5.7.79 +CSSSC – Supplementary Services Short Code

Exec Command: +CSSSC="<shortcode>"

Execute the given shortcode. If the shortcode fails, a CME ERROR code is returned. Otherwise, OK is returned.

Note: Shortcode functionality is only available if provisioned.

Note: This command does not support command concatenation.

5.7.80 +WIRLP - Iridium Radio Link Protocol

Set Command: +WIRLP=[<ver>[,<k1>[,<k2>[,< t1>[,<n2>[,<t2>[,<r1>[,<r2>[,<t4>[,<mode>]]]]]]]]]]

Set desired IRLP parameters to be negotiated with the peer at the start of the next data call. Note that these desired parameters are reset to hardcoded defaults at the end of a data call, so this command should be issued while a call is not in progress.

- <ver> specifies the desired IRLP version and can take the following values:
 - 0 Default IRLP version (N0)
- <k1> represents the maximum number of sequentially numbered I frames that may be outstanding at any given time at downlink direction (IWF->Iridium 9523) and can take the following values:

1-105. Default is 105.

<k2> represents the maximum number of sequentially numbered I frames that may be outstanding at any given time at uplink direction (Iridium 9523->IWF) and can take the following values:

1-105. Default is 105.

<tl> is used to supervise the acknowledgment of transmitted unnumbered frames. The values are defined to be the earliest instant to enter the recovery procedure and can take on the following values:

27-255 (in 50-ms unit). Default is 30.

<n2> is used to represent the maximum number of re-transmission attempts of a frame (e.g. I,S,N,U frame) and can take on the following values:

1-255. Default is 15.

<t2 > is used to indicate the amount of time available within which the acknowledging frame must be transmitted and can take on the following values:

1-255 (in 10-ms unit). Default is 10.

<r1> is used to represent the maximum number of S frames that are used to acknowledge I frames at downlink direction (IWF->Iridium 9523) and can take on the following values:

1-10. Default is 10.

<r2 > is used to represent the maximum number of S frames that are used to acknowledge I frames at uplink direction (Iridium 9523->IWF) and can take on the following values:

1-10. Default is 10.

<ta> is used to supervise the re-sequencing of misordered frames. The values are defined to be the earliest instant to consider a tardy frame as lost. It can take on the following values:

20-255 (in 10-ms unit). Default is 25.

<mode> is used to indicate the mode of operation and can take on the following values:

- 0 unacknowledged mode of operation
- 1 acknowledged mode of operation (default)

NOTE: For the proper operation of the IRLP procedures, t2 should be less than t1 and 2*t4 should be less than t1.

Read Command: +WIRLP?

Query the actual IRLP parameters resulting from the negotiation (XID exchange) at the start of the most recent data call. Note that these may differ from the desired parameters set using "+WIRLP=..."; from power-up they are set to hardcoded defaults, and will only change as the result of the negotiation. The response is in the form:

+WIRLP: <ver>, <k1>, <k2>, <t1>, <n2>, <t2>, <r1>, <r2>, <t4>, <mode>

Test Command: +WIRLP=?

List the supported IRLP parameter settings. The response is in the form:

```
+WIRLP: (supported <ver>s), (supported <k1>s), (supported <k2>s), (supported <t1>s), (supported <n2>s), (supported <t2>s), (supported <r1>s), (supported <r2s), (supported <t4>s), (supported <mode>s)
```

5.7.81 +WFRNG - Force IRLP Renegotiation

Set Command: +WFRNG=<frng>

Set forced renegotiation of IRLP parameters.

<frng> can take the following values:

- 0 Do not renegotiate (default)
- 1 Renegotiate
- 2 Disconnect

Read Command: +WFRNG?

Query the current parameter setting. The response is in the form:

+WFRNG: <frng>

Test Command: +WFRNG=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+WFRNG: (supported <frng>s)

5.7.82 +WTM - IRLP Test Mode

Set Command: +WTM=<tm>

Select DCE mode of operation.

<tm> can take the following values:

0 IRLP test mode off (default)

1 IRLP test mode on

Read Command: +WTM?

Query the current parameter setting. The response is in the form:

+WTM: <tm>

Test Command: +WTM=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+WTM: (supported <tm>s)

5.7.83 +WDLDM - IRLP Dynamic Link Delay Measurement

Set Command: +WDLDM=[<dldm>[,<mi>[,<dtl>]]]

Set the DCE dynamic link delay measurement parameters.

<dldm> can take the following values:

- 0 measurement off (default)
- 1 measurement on

<mi> denotes the measurement interval and can take the following values:

1-255 (in 1000-ms unit). Default is 15 for 15000 ms.

<dtl> denotes the delay tolerance in the link delay difference and can take the following values:

1-100 (in 1% unit). Default is 10%.

Read Command: +WDLDM?

Query the current parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+WDLDM: <dldm>,<mi>,<dtl>

Test Command: +WDLDM=?

List the supported parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+WDLDM: (supported <dldm>s), (supported <mi>s), (supported <dtl>s)

5.7.84 +WDAV - Register or Deregister an RS232 DAV Data Peripheral

Set Command: +WDAV=[<DP type>[,<encrypt>]]

Register or deregister an RS232 DAV Data Peripheral (DP).

<DP type> can take on the following values:

- 0 Deregister peripheral
- 1 Register Type 1 RS232 DAV Data Peripheral

<encrypt> can take on the following values:

0 Encryption is not supported at this time

Read Command: +WDAV?

Query the current DP registration parameter settings. The response is in the form:

+WDAV:<DP type>,<encrypt>

Test Command: +WDAV=?

List the supported DP registration parameters. The response is in the form:

+WDAV:(supported <type>s),(supported <encrypt>s)

5.7.85 +SBDWB - Short Burst Data: Write Binary Data to the Iridium 9523

Exec Command: +SBDWB=[<SBD message length>]

This command is used to transfer a binary SBD message from the FA to the single mobile originated buffer in the Iridium 9523. The mobile originated buffer can contain only one message at any one time.

- Once the command is entered, the Iridium 9523 will indicate to the FA that it is prepared to receive the message by sending the ASCII encoded string "READY<CR><LF>" (hex 52 45 41 44 59 0D 0A) to the FA.
- The <SBD message length> parameter represents the length, in bytes, of the SBD message not including the mandatory two-byte checksum.
- The maximum mobile originated SBD message length is 1960 bytes. The minimum mobile originated SBD message length is 1 byte.
- Once the FA receives the READY indication from the Iridium 9523, the SBD message must be sent from the FA formatted as follows:

{binary SBD message} + {2-byte checksum}

- The checksum is the least significant 2-bytes of the summation of the entire SBD message. The high order byte must be sent first. For example if the FA were to send the word "hello" encoded in ASCII to the Iridium 9523 the binary stream would be hex 68 65 6c 6c 6f 02 14.
- The mobile originated buffer will be empty upon power-up.
- If any data is currently in the mobile originated buffer, it will be overwritten.

Command Response:

- 0: SBD message successfully written to the Iridium 9523
- 1: SBD message write timeout. An insufficient number of bytes were transferred to Iridium 9523 during the transfer period of 60 seconds.
- 2: SBD message checksum sent from FA does not match the checksum calculated at the Iridium 9523
- 3: SBD message size is not correct. The maximum mobile originated SBD message length is 1960 bytes. The minimum mobile originated SBD message length is 1 byte.

5.7.86 +SBDRB - Short Burst Data: Read Binary Data from Iridium 9523

Exec Command: +SBDRB

This command is used to transfer a binary SBD message from the single mobile terminated buffer in the Iridium 9523 to the FA. The mobile terminated buffer can contain only one message at any one time.

• The SBD message is transferred formatted as follows:

{2-byte message length} + {binary SBD message} + {2-byte checksum}

- The {2-byte message length} field represents the length, in bytes, of the SBD message not including the length field or the mandatory two-byte checksum. The high order byte will be sent first.
- The maximum mobile terminated SBD message length is 1890 bytes.
- The checksum is the least significant 2-bytes of the summation of the entire SBD message. The high order byte will be sent first. For example if the Iridium 9523 were to send the word "hello" encoded in ASCII to the FA the binary stream would be hex 00 05 68 65 6c 6c 6f 02 14.
- If there is no mobile terminated SBD message waiting to be retrieved from the Iridium 9523, the message length and checksum fields will be zero.
- The mobile terminated message buffer will be empty upon power-up.

Command Response:

There are no response codes generated by the Iridium 9523 for this command.

5.7.87 +SBDRT - Short Burst Data: Read Text Message from the Iridium 9523

Exec Command: +SBDRT

This command is used to transfer a text SBD message from the single mobile terminated buffer in the Iridium 9523 to the FA. This command is similar to +SBDRB but does not provide a length indicator or checksum. The intent of this command is to provide a human friendly interface to SBD for demonstrations and application development. It is expected that most usage of SBD will be with binary messages.

- Once the command is entered, the SBD message in the mobile terminated buffer is sent out of the port.
- This command is similar to +SBDRB except no length or checksum will be provided.
- The maximum mobile terminated SBD message length is 1890 bytes.
- The mobile terminated message buffer will be empty upon power-up.

Command Response:

+SBDRT: <CR> {mobile terminated buffer}

5.7.88 +SBDD - Short Burst Data: Clear SBD Message Buffer(s)

Exec Command: +SBDD[<Delete type>]

This command is used to clear the mobile originated buffer, mobile terminated buffer or both.

- The <Delete type> parameter identifies which buffers are cleared.
 - 0: Clear the mobile originated buffer
 - 1: Clear the mobile terminated buffer
 - 2: Clear both the mobile originated and mobile terminated buffers
- Using this command or power cycling the phone are the only means by which both buffers are cleared.
- The mobile terminated buffer will be cleared when an SBD session is initiated.
- Sending a message from the Iridium 9523 to the ESS does not clear the mobile originated buffer.
- Reading a message from the Iridium 9523 does not clear the mobile terminated buffer.

Command Response:

- 0: Buffer(s) cleared successfully
- 1: An error occurred while clearing the buffer(s)

5.7.89 +SBDC - Short Burst Data: Clear SBD MOMSN

Exec Command: +SBDC

This command will clear (set to 0) the mobile originated message sequence number (MOMSN) stored in the Iridium 9523.

• The MOMSN is maintained even after power cycle.

Command Response:

- 0: The MOMSN was cleared successfully
- 1: An error occurred while clearing the MOMSN

5.7.90 +SBDS - Short Burst Data: Status

Exec Command: +SBDS

This command returns current state of the mobile originated and mobile terminated buffers.

Command Response:

+SBDS: <MO flag>, <MOMSN>, <MT flag>, <MTMSN>

where:

<MO flag>:

The MO flag indicates the existence of a message in the mobile originated buffer. The response from the Iridium 9523 is one of the following numeric codes:

- 0: No message in mobile originated buffer
- 1: Message in mobile originated buffer

<MOMSN>:

The MOMSN identifies the sequence number that will be used during the next mobile originated SBD session.

<MT Flag>:

The MT flag indicates the existence of a message in the mobile terminated buffer. The response from the Iridium 9523 is one of the following numeric codes:

- 0: No message in mobile terminated buffer
- 1: Message in mobile terminated buffer

<MTMSN>:

The MTMSN identifies the sequence number that was used in the most recent mobile terminated SBD session. This value will be -1 if there is nothing in the mobile terminated buffer.

5.7.91 +SBDTC - Short Burst Data: Transfer MO Buffer to MT Buffer

Exec Command: +SBDTC

This command will transfer the contents of the mobile originated buffer to the mobile terminated buffer. Developers of FA can use this command to test reading and writing to the Iridium 9523 without actually initiating SBD sessions with the ESS.

Command Response:

- 0: Mobile originated buffer transferred successfully
- 1: An error occurred while transferring the mobile originated buffer

5.7.92 +CAR - Audio Output Control

Set Command: +CAR=<n>

This command switches the type of audio output between analog, digital and mute (no audio output).

Valid values for <n> are as follows:

- 0 mute
- 1 analog (Codec port)
- 2 digital (User Connector port)

Read Command: +CAR?

This command queries the current audio setting. Response is in the form:

+CAR: <n>

Test Command: +CAR=?

This command lists the supported values of <n>. Response is in the form:

+CAR: (list of supported values of <n>)

5.7.93 In – Identification

Requests the Iridium 9523 to display information about itself.

- 0 "2400" (traffic channel rate for IRIDIUM data/fax)
- 1 "0000" (ROM checksum which is not supported so zero is output)
- 2 "OK" (result of ROM checksum verification which is not supported so OK is always output)
- 3 "XXXXXXXX" (Software revision level)
- 4 "IRIDIUM" (Product description)
- 5 "XXXX" (Country code)
- 6 "XXX" (Factory identity)
- 7 "XXXXXXXX" (Hardware specification)

5.7.94 +CIER – Indicator Event Reporting

Set Command: +CIER=[<mode>[,<sigind>[,<svcind>]]]

The set command enables or disables sending of the +CIEV unsolicited result code by the Iridium 9523 in case of indicator state changes. <mode> controls the processing of the +CIEV unsolicited result codes.

<mode>:

- 0 Disable indicator event reporting; do not send +CIEV unsolicited result codes to the FA; buffer the most recent indicator event for each indicator in the Iridium 9523. (default)
- 1 Enable indicator event reporting; buffer the most recent +CIEV unsolicited result code for each indicator when the data port is not in command mode, and flush them to the FA on return to command mode; otherwise forward events directly to the FA.

<sigind>:

Control reporting of "signal quality" indicator changes.

- 0 No "signal quality" indicator reporting
- 1 Enable "signal quality" indicator reporting using result code
 - +CIEV:0,<rssi>

where <rssi> is:

- 0 Equivalent to 0 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 1 Equivalent to 1 bar displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 2 Equivalent to 2 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 3 Equivalent to 3 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 4 Equivalent to 4 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 5 Equivalent to 5 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator

When enabled, the signal quality indicator is reported only when the signal strength changes. <svcind>:

Control reporting of "service availability" indicator changes.

- 0 No "service availability" indicator reporting
- 1 Enable "service availability" indicator reporting using result code
 - +CIEV:1,<value>

where <value> is:

- 0 Network service currently unavailable
- 1 Network service is available

Network service availability is equivalent to a signal strength greater than 0. The service availability indicator provides a way for the FA to wait until the Iridium 9523 can start an SBD session without receiving continual notifications of changes in signal strength.

Read Command: +CIER?

Query the current indicator event reporting settings. The response is of the form:

+CIER:<mode>,<sigind>,<svcind>

Test Command: +CIER=?

List the supported settings. The response is of the form:

+CIER: (supported <mode>s),(supported <sigind>s),(supported <svcind>s)

Note: In <mode> 1, the FA may miss some indicator state changes if they occur while the data port is reserved (not in command mode). However, the buffering mechanism ensures that the most recent change for each indicator during reservation will be flushed to the FA on return to command mode; thus the FA is always made aware of the latest state of each indicator.

5.7.95 +CRIS – Ring Indication Status

Exec Command: +CRIS

Query the ring indication status, returning the reason for the most recent assertion of the Ring Indicate signal. The response contains separate indications for telephony and SBD ring indications.

The response is in the form:

+CRIS:<tri>,<sri>

where <tri> indicates the telephony ring indication status:

- 0 No telephony ring alert received
- 1 Incoming voice call
- 2 Incoming data call

Incoming fax call

and <sri> indicates the SBD ring indication status:

- 0 No SBD ring alert received
- 1 SBD ring alert received

Note: It is valid for the Iridium 9523 to receive a telephony ring alert and an SBD ring alert at the same time. Assertion of the RI signal indicates only the presence of an alert; this command may be used to determine the type(s) of ring alert.

5.7.96 +CSQ[F] – Signal Quality

Exec Command: +CSQ[F]

Execution command returns the received signal strength indication <rssi> from the Iridium 9523. Response is in the form:

+CSQ: <rssi>

where <rssi> is:

3

- 0 Equivalent to 0 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 1 Equivalent to 1 bar displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 2 Equivalent to 2 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 3 Equivalent to 3 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 4 Equivalent to 4 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator
- 5 Equivalent to 5 bars displayed on the signal strength indicator

Note: The +CSQ form of the command waits for an updated signal strength reading to become available. This will usually be within two seconds of issuing the command. If the Iridium 9523 is in the process of acquiring the system, or in a satellite handoff, a delay in response of up to 10 seconds may be experienced.

If the Iridium 9523 has no SIM, is awaiting a SIM PIN entry, has an invalid SIM, or has otherwise not proceeded to successful registration, the delay in response may exceed the 50 second timeout limit. Under such condition, an ERROR response will be received. To avoid a delayed response due to registration problems, issue the +CREG command to verify registration prior to entering the +CSQ command to obtain signal strength.

Note: The +CSQF form of the command returns immediately, reporting the last known signal strength.

Test Command: +CSQ=?

List the supported signal strength indications. The response is in the form:

+CSQ: (supported <rssi>s)

5.7.97 +CULK – Unlock

Exec Command: +CULK=<unlock key>

Unlock the SBD functionality of the ISU after it has been locked by the Gateway. The unlock key must be obtained by contacting Iridium's customer support.

<unlock key>:

A string of 16 hexadecimal digits

While the Iridium 9523 is locked, it is unable to perform any SBD sessions. Any attempts to start a session will return an error code indicating that the Iridium 9523 is locked.

Command Response:

+CULK:<status>

where:

<status> indicates the lock status of the Iridium 9523 following the unlock attempt:

- 0 Unlocked Iridium 9523 is not locked and is permitted to perform SBD sessions.
- 1 Locked Iridium 9523 is locked and unable to perform SBD sessions. It must be unlocked by supplying the correct unlock key to the +CULK command.
- 2 Permanently locked Iridium 9523 is locked and unable to perform SBD sessions. It cannot be unlocked and must be returned to the supplier.

Read Command: +CULK?

Query the current SBD lock status of the Iridium 9523. The response is of the form:

+CULK:<status>

<status>:

- 0 Unlocked
- 1 Locked
- 2 Permanently locked

5.7.98 +CVMI – Voicemail Indication

Exec Command: +CVMI

Query the status of the voicemail indication flag. The response is of the form:

+CVMI:<vmi>

where <vmi> is:

1

0 No voicemail indication has been received

A voicemail indication has been received

The voicemail indication flag indicates whether a voicemail notification message has been received from the voicemail system. The flag is set to 1 when an indication is received, and is cleared to 0 after being queried with the +CVMI command.

Note: For this feature to function, the voicemail number must be programmed into the Iridium 9523.

5.7.99 +CICCID – Read ICC ID from sim

Exec Command: +CICCID

Query the status ICC ID of the sim:

+CICCID

This returns the 19 or 20 digit Integrated Circuit Card Identification of the sim.

Note: This value is cached from the sim and thus is not available until the caching has completed ~5-10 seconds after startup.

5.7.100 +CLIP – Calling Line Identification Presentation

Exec Command: +CLIP=<n>

Note: While this command is implemented in the Iridium 9523, it may not yet be supported in the Iridium network. Stand by for an Iridium Technical Bulletin announcing network support for this feature.

This command controls the presentation of the Calling Line Identity of the calling party in a mobile terminated call via the +CLIP unsolicited result code. <n> controls only the presentation of the unsolicited result code; the delivery of Calling Line Identity information to the Iridium 9523 is controlled by the provisioning of the CLI Presentation supplementary service in the network.

where <n> is:

- 0 Disable the +CLIP unsolicited result code. (default)
- 1 Enable the +CLIP unsolicited result code to be sent to the FA following the RING result code when a mobile terminated call is received and Calling Line Identity information is present.

The unsolicited result code has the format:

```
+CLIP:<number>,<type>
```

where:

<number> is the phone number of the calling party in "quotes", in the format specified by <type>.

<type> indicates the type of number:

- 129 Dial string without the international access character
- 145 Dial string which includes the international access character '+'

Read Command: +CLIP?

Query the current CLI Presentation provisioning status and the status of the +CLIP unsolicited result code. The response is of the form:

+CLIP:<n>,<m>

<m>:

- 0 CLIP not provisioned
- 1 CLIP provisioned
- 2 Unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)

5.7.101 +CLIR – Calling Line Identification Restriction

Exec Command: +CLIR=<n>

Note: While this command is implemented in the Iridium 9523, it may not yet be supported in the Iridium network. Stand by for an Iridium Technical Bulletin announcing network support for this feature.

This command controls the presentation of the Calling Line Identity of the calling party to the called party in the next mobile originated call.

<n>:

- 0 Presentation is determined by the subscription of the CLIR service
- 1 CLIR invocation i.e. hide the CLI for the next mobile originated call. This requires CLIR to be provisioned in one of the temporary modes.

2 CLIR suppression – i.e. show the CLI for the next mobile originated call. This requires CLIR to be provisioned in one of the temporary modes.

Note: If the CLIR service is not provisioned, and either invocation or suppression is requested for the next call, the next call may be rejected by the network. It is the FA's responsibility to check whether CLIR is provisioned using the +CLIR? read command.

Read Command: +CLIR?

Query the current CLI Restriction provisioning status and the CLIR invocation/suppression status for the next call. The response is of the form:

+CLIR:<n>,<m>

<m>:

- 0 CLIR not provisioned
- 1 CLIR provisioned in permanent mode
- 2 Unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
- 3 CLIR provisioned in temporary mode, defaulting to presentation restricted
- 4 CLIR provisioned in temporary mode, defaulting to presentation allowed

5.7.102 +IPR - Fixed DTE Rate

Set Command: +IPR=<rate>[,<autoflag>]

Set the data rate at which the Iridium 9523 will accept commands. The change in data rate takes effect after the result code (e.g. OK) is received by the FA.

<rate> takes the following values:

- 1 600 bps
- 2 1200 bps
- 3 2400 bps
- 4 4800 bps
- 5 9600 bps
- 6 19200 bps (default)
- 7 38400 bps

<autoflag> takes the following values:

- 0 Fixed rate automatic rate adjustment is disabled
- 1 Automatic rate adjustment is enabled (default)

Read Command: +IPR?

Query the current data rate and automatic rate adjustment setting. The response is in the form:

+IPR: <rate>,<autoflag>

Test Command: +IPR=?

List the supported data rates. The response is in the form:

+IPR: (supported <rate>s),(supported <autoflag>s)

5.7.103 +SBDWT - Short Burst Data: Write a Text Message to the Iridium

9523

Exec Command: +SBDWT=[<text message>]

This command is used to transfer a text SBD message from the FA to the single mobile originated buffer in the Iridium 9523.

The text message may be entered on the command line:

- For example, "AT+SBDWT=hello"
- The length of <text message> is limited to 120 bytes. This is due to the length limit on the AT command line interface.
- The message is terminated when a carriage return is entered

Alternatively, the text message may be entered separately:

- Upon entering the command "AT+SBDWT", the Iridium 9523 will indicate to the FA that it is
 prepared to receive the message by sending the string "READY<CR><LF>" (hex 52 45 41 44 59
 0D 0A) to the FA
- Once the FA receives the READY indication, the text message must be sent, terminated by a carriage return
- The length of the text message entered in this way is limited only by the maximum mobileoriginated message length of 1960 bytes
- The mobile originated buffer will be empty upon power-up
- If any data is currently in the mobile originated buffer, it will be overwritten

Command Response:

For the "AT+SBDWT" form:

- 0 SBD message successfully stored in mobile originated buffer
- 1 SBD message write timeout. No terminating carriage return was sent within the transfer period of 60 seconds.

For the "AT+SBDWT=<text message>" form:

- OK SBD message successfully stored in mobile originated buffer
- ERROR An error occurred storing SBD message in mobile originated buffer

5.7.104 +SBDDET - Short Burst Data: Detach

Exec Command: +SBDDET

Initiates an SBD session to detach the Iridium 9523 from the Gateway.

Command Response:

```
+SBDDET:<status>,<error>
```

where:

<status>:

- 0 Detach successfully performed
- 1 An error occurred while attempting the detach

<error>:

Gateway-reported values:

- 0 Detach successfully performed
- 1..4 Reserved, but indicate success if used
- 5..14 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 15 Access is denied

Iridium 9523-reported values:

- 16 Modem has been locked and may not make SBD calls (see +CULK command)
- 17 Gateway not responding (local session timeout)
- 18 Connection lost (RF drop)
- 19 Link failure (A protocol error caused termination of the call)
- 20..31 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 32 No network service, unable to initiate call
- 33..34 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 35 Iridium 9523 is busy, unable to initiate call
- 36.. Reserved, but indicate failure if used

This instructs the GSS to disable (detach) SBD ring alerts for the calling Iridium 9523. Successful completion of the detach command implies that the GSS has performed the requested detach action and the Iridium 9523 is no longer registered for SBD ring alerts. This session does not transfer any MO or MT messages.

Note: A user can send an MO-SBD message and request a detach at the same time by using the +SBDI command. The +SBDI command always requests a detach.

5.7.105 +SBDI - Short Burst Data: Initiate an SBD Session

Note: The +SBDI command is provided for backwards compatibility with existing FAs which do not use SBD Ring Alert functionality. For SBD calls invoked with this command:

- The SBD session type is fixed at type 0 MO call
- The SBD Delivery Short Code will be the value specified by the +SBDDSC command
- An SBD Detach is performed as part of the call
- No SBD location update is performed

FAs requiring SBD Ring Alert functionality should use the extended +SBDIX command.

Exec Command: +SBDI

This command initiates an SBD session between the Iridium 9523 and the GSS. If there is a message in the mobile originated buffer it will be transferred to the GSS. Similarly if there is one or more messages queued at the GSS the oldest will be transferred to the Iridium 9523 and placed into the mobile terminated buffer.

- The message, if any, in the mobile originated buffer will be sent from the Iridium 9523 to the GSS
- If there is a message queued at the GSS it will be transferred to the Iridium 9523 and placed into the mobile terminated buffer

Command Response:

+SBDI:<MO status>,<MOMSN>,<MT status>,<MTMSN>,<MT length>,<MT queued>

where:

<MO status>:

MO session status provides an indication of the disposition of the mobile originated transaction. The field can take on the following values:

- 0 No SBD message to send from the Iridium 9523
- 1 SBD message successfully sent from the Iridium 9523 to the GSS
- 2 An error occurred while attempting to send SBD message from Modem to GSS

<MOMSN>:

The Mobile Originated Message Sequence Number (MOMSN) is a value assigned by the Iridium 9523 when sending a mobile-originated message to the GSS. This value is incremented each time an SBD session is successfully completed between the Iridium 9523 to the GSS. This wraparound counter can range from 0 to 65535.

<MT status>:

The MT status provides an indication of the disposition of the mobile terminated transaction. The field can take on the following values:

- 0 No SBD message to receive from the GSS
- 1 SBD message successfully received from the GSS
- 2 An error occurred while attempting to perform a mailbox check or receive a message from the GSS

<MTMSN>:

The Mobile Terminated Message Sequence Number (MTMSN) is assigned by the GSS when forwarding a message to the Iridium 9523. This value is indeterminate if the field <MT status> is zero. This wraparound counter can range from 0 to 65535.

<MT length>:

The MT length is the length in bytes of the mobile terminated SBD message received from the GSS. If no message was received, this field will be zero.

<MT queued>:

MT queued is a count of mobile terminated SBD messages waiting at the GSS to be transferred to the Iridium 9523.

5.7.106 +SBDIX[A] - Short Burst Data: Initiate an SBD Session Extended

Note: The +SBDIX command must be used in place of the +SBDI command for FAs wishing to make use of SBD Ring Alert functionality.

Exec Command: +SBDIX[A][=<location>]

This command initiates an SBD session between the Iridium 9523 and the GSS, setting the SBD Session Type according to the type of command +SBDIX or +SBDIXA, Delivery Short Code according to the value specified by the +SBDDSC command, and the type of location according to whether the optional location value is provided. If there is a message in the mobile originated buffer it will be transferred to the GSS. Similarly if there are one or more messages queued at the GSS the oldest will be transferred to the Iridium 9523 and placed into the mobile terminated buffer.

- The message, if any, in the mobile originated buffer will be sent from the Iridium 9523 to the GSS
- If there is a message queued at the GSS it will be transferred to the Iridium 9523 and placed into the mobile terminated buffer

- This command will always attempt an SBD registration, consisting of attach and location update, during the SBD session in order to support SBD Ring Alert. If this is not desired, the +SBDI command should be used.
- The FA should append an 'A' to the command, i.e. +SBDIXA, when the SBD session is in response to an SBD ring alert

<location> has format:

[+]-]DDMM.MMM,[+]-]dddmm.mmm

where:

- DD Degrees latitude (00-89)
- MM Minutes latitude (00-59)
- MMM Thousandths of minutes latitude (000-999)
- ddd Degrees longitude (000-179)
- mm Minutes longitude (00-59)
- mmm Thousandths of minutes longitude (000-999)

This command initiates an SBD session between the Iridium 9523 and the GSS, setting the SBD Session.

The optional sign indicators specify latitude North (+) or South (-), and longitude East (+) or West (-). If omitted, the default is +.

For example,

```
AT+SBDIX=5212.483,-00007.350
```

corresponds to 52 degrees 12.483 minutes North, 0 degrees 7.35 minutes West.

Command Response:

+SBDIX:<MO status>,<MOMSN>,<MT status>,<MTMSN>,<MT length>,<MT queued>

where:

<MO status>:

MO session status provides an indication of the disposition of the mobile originated transaction. The field can take on the following values:

Gateway-reported values:

- 0 MO message, if any, transferred successfully
- 1 MO message, if any, transferred successfully, but the MT message in the queue was too big to be transferred
- 2 MO message, if any, transferred successfully, but the requested Location Update was not accepted
- 3..4 Reserved, but indicate MO session success if used
- 5..8 Reserved, but indicate MO session failure if used
- 10 GSS reported that the call did not complete in the allowed time
- 11 MO message queue at the GSS is full
- 12 MO message has too many segments
- 13 GSS reported that the session did not complete
- 14 Invalid segment size

15 Access is denied

Iridium 9523-reported values:

- 16 Modem has been locked and may not make SBD calls (see +CULK command)
- 17 Gateway not responding (local session timeout)
- 18 Connection lost (RF drop)
- 19 Link failure (A protocol error caused termination of the call)
- 20..31 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 32 No network service, unable to initiate call
- 33..34 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 35 Iridium 9523 is busy, unable to initiate call
- 36.. Reserved, but indicate failure if used

<MOMSN>:

The Mobile Originated Message Sequence Number (MOMSN) is a value assigned by the Iridium 9523 when sending a mobile-originated message to the GSS. This value is incremented each time an SBD session is successfully completed between the Iridium 9523 to the GSS. This wraparound counter can range from 0 to 65535.

<MT status>:

The MT status provides an indication of the disposition of the mobile terminated transaction. The field can take on the following values:

- 0 No SBD message to receive from the GSS
- 1 SBD message successfully received from the GSS
- 2 An error occurred while attempting to perform a mailbox check or receive a message from the GSS

<MTMSN>:

The Mobile Terminated Message Sequence Number (MTMSN) is assigned by the GSS when forwarding a message to the Iridium 9523. This value is indeterminate if the field <MT status> is zero. This wraparound counter can range from 0 to 65535.

<MT length>:

The MT length is the length in bytes of the mobile terminated SBD message received from the GSS. If no message was received, this field will be zero.

<MT queued>:

MT queued is a count of mobile terminated SBD messages waiting at the GSS to be transferred to the Iridium 9523.

5.7.107 +SBDDSC - Short Burst Data: Delivery Short Code

Set Command: +SBDDSC=<dsc>

Set the Delivery Short Code (DSC), which provides dynamic routing or control information for MO or MT messages. This is an 8-bit value providing the ability to set individual fields. Value 0x80 (hexadecimal) sets the most significant bit. Value 0x01 sets the least significant bit. Flag values can be added together to achieve a combination of settings. Some fields are overridden during certain SBD sessions (e.g. a +SBDREG registration session sets flag 0x80).

Enable or disable ring indications for SBD Ring Alerts.

<dsc>:

- 0..255 DSC to be used for subsequent MO messages (0 default)
- 0x80 Hold MT message delivery
- 0x40 Leave MT message in queue after delivery
- 0x20 Destination in MO payload

Read Command: +SBDDSC?

Query the current Delivery Short Code. The response is of the form:

+SBDDSC:<dsc>

5.7.108 +SBDMTA - Short Burst Data: Mobile-Terminated Alert

Set Command: +SBDMTA=<mode>

Enable or disable ring indications for SBD Ring Alerts.

<status>:

- 0 Disable ring indication
- 1 Enable ring indication (default)

When SBD ring indication is enabled, the Iridium 9523 asserts the RI line and issues the unsolicited result code SBDRING when an SBD ring alert is received.

Read Command: +SBDMTA?

Query the current ring indication mode. The response is of the form:

+SBDMTA:<mode>

Test Command: +SBDMTA=?

List the supported mode settings. The response is of the form:

+SBDMTA:(supported <mode> settings)

5.7.109 +SBDREG - Short Burst Data: Network Registration

Exec Command: +SBDREG[=<location>]

Triggers an SBD session to perform a manual SBD registration.

This command initiates an SBD session to perform a manual SBD registration, consisting of an attach and location update. This session does not transfer any MO or MT messages.

Note: The Iridium 9523 restricts the number of manual and automatic registrations to one every 3 minutes. Successive attempts within 3 minutes will return an error code indicating that the FA should try later (see error 36 below).

Note: A user can send an MO SBD message and register at the same time by using the +SBDIX command. The +SBDIX command always performs a registration attempt and should be used for an application requiring SBD Ring Alert. The +SBDI command never includes an SBD registration and should be used for an application that does not require SBD Ring Alert.

<location> has format:

[+|-]DDMM.MMM,[+|-]dddmm.mmm

where:

- DD Degrees latitude (00-89)
- MM Minutes latitude (00-59)
- MMM Thousandths of minutes latitude (000-999)
- ddd Degrees longitude (000-179)
- mm Minutes longitude (00-59)
- mmm Thousandths of minutes longitude (000-999)

This command initiates an SBD session between the Iridium 9523 and the GSS, setting the SBD Session.

The optional sign indicators specify latitude North (+) or South (-), and longitude East (+) or West (-). If omitted, the default is +.

For example,

AT+SBDIX=5212.483,-00007.350

corresponds to 52 degrees 12.483 minutes North, 0 degrees 7.35 minutes West.

Command Response:

+SBDREG:<status>,<reg err>

where:

<status> indicates the resulting registration status of the Iridium 9523:

- 0 Detached Modem is detached as a result of a successful +SBDDET or +SBDI command
- 1 Not registered Modem is attached but has not provided a good location since it was last detached
- 2 Registered Iridium 9523 is attached with a good location. Note that this may be the case even when the most recent attempt did not provide a good location.
- 3 Registration denied The GSS is denying service to the Iridium 9523

<reg err>:

Gateway-reported values:

- 0 No error
- 2 Session completed but the requested Location Update was not accepted
- 3..14 Reserved, but indicate Location Update failure if used
- 15 Access is denied

Iridium 9523-reported values:

- 16 Modem has been locked and may not make SBD calls (see +CULK command)
- 17 Gateway not responding (local session timeout)
- 18 Connection lost (RF drop)
- 19 Link failure (A protocol error caused termination of the call)
- 20..31 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 32 No network service, unable to initiate call
- 33..34 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 35 Iridium 9523 is busy, unable to initiate call

- 36 Try later, must wait 3 minutes since last registration
- 37.. Reserved, but indicate failure if used

Read Command: +SBDREG?

Query the current SBD registration status of the Iridium 9523. The response is of the form:

+SBDREG:<status>

<status>:

- 0 Detached
- 1 Not registered
- 2 Registered
- 3 Registration denied

The registration status is stored in Iridium 9523 non-volatile memory, and can therefore be queried by the FA after powering up.

5.7.110 +SBDAREG - Short Burst Data: Automatic Registration

Exec Command: +SBDAREG=<mode>

Set the Iridium 9523's Auto-registration mode.

<mode>:

- 0 Disable automatic registration (default)
- 1 Set the Auto-registration mode to "Automatic"
- 2 Set the Auto-registration mode to "Ask"

When auto-registration is enabled, mode 1 or 2, the Iridium 9523 monitors its current location and triggers an SBD auto-registration when it determines that it has moved sufficiently far away from its last registered location. Note that auto-registration runs only while the Iridium 9523 is attached to the GSS, i.e. the registration status is "Not registered" or "Registered".

Auto-registration may only be used with system-provided location. If the FA is providing its own location (e.g. GPS), the FA should use the manual registration command, +SBDREG.

Upon triggering in mode 1, "Automatic", the Iridium 9523 autonomously initiates an SBD session in order to perform a registration with its updated location. This session does not transfer any MO or MT messages.

Upon triggering in mode 2, "Ask", the Iridium 9523 reports to the FA that it should register with the system because its location has changed (see <event> below); it is then the responsibility of the FA to register via +SBDREG or +SBDIX. +SBDIX allows the FA to register while including an MO message and/or retrieving any MT message that is pending at the GSS.

When auto-registration is enabled, mode 1 or 2, the Iridium 9523 reports relevant events to the FA by issuing an unsolicited result code +AREG:<event>,<reg error>.

<event>:

- 0 Suggest FA makes a registration attempt (mode 2 only)
- 1 Auto-registration has been performed successfully (mode 1 only)
- 2 Auto-registration has failed and will be retried after a delay (mode 1 only)

<reg error>:

Gateway-reported values:

- 0 No error
- 2 Session completed but the requested Location Update was not accepted
- 3..14 Reserved, but indicate Location Update failure if used
- 15 Access is denied

Iridium 9523-reported values:

- 16 Modem has been locked and may not make SBD calls (see +CULK command)
- 17 Gateway not responding (local session timeout)
- 18 Connection lost (RF drop)
- 19 Link failure (A protocol error caused termination of the call)
- 20..31 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 32 No network service, unable to initiate call
- 33..34 Reserved, but indicate failure if used
- 35 Iridium 9523 is busy, unable to initiate call
- 36 Try later, must wait 3 minutes since last registration
- 37.. Reserved, but indicate failure if used

Read Command: +SBDAREG?

Query the current automatic MT registration mode. The response is of the form:

+SBDAREG:<mode>

Test Command: +SBDAREG=?

List the supported mode settings. The response is of the form:

+SBDAREG:(supported <mode> settings)

5.7.111 +SBDSX - Short Burst Data: Status Extended

Exec Command: +SBDSX

This command returns current state of the mobile originated and mobile terminated buffers, and the SBD ring alert status.

Command Response:

+SBDSX: <MO flag>, <MOMSN>, <MT flag>, <MTMSN>, <RA flag>, <msg waiting>

where:

<MO flag>:

The MO flag indicates the existence of a message in the mobile originated buffer. The response from the Iridium 9523 is one of the following numeric codes:

- 0 No message in mobile originated buffer
- 1 Message in mobile originated buffer

<MOMSN>:

The MOMSN identifies the sequence number that will be used during the next mobile originated SBD session.

<MT Flag>:

The MT flag indicates the existence of a message in the mobile terminated buffer. The response from the Iridium 9523 is one of the following numeric codes:

- 0 No message in mobile terminated buffer
- 1 Message in mobile terminated buffer

<MTMSN>:

The MTMSN identifies the sequence number that was used in the most recent mobile terminated SBD session. This value will be -1 if there is nothing in the mobile terminated buffer.

<RA flag>:

The RA flag indicates whether an SBD ring alert has been received and still needs to be answered.

- 0 No SBD ring alert
- 1 SBD ring alert has been received and needs to be answered

Note: The RA flag is set whenever the Iridium 9523 receives an SBD ring alert; this happens even if the +SBDMTA setting specifies that SBD ring indications are disabled.

The RA flag is cleared only on successful completion of an SBD mailbox check, i.e. an SBD session invoked with +SBDI[X[A]] in which the returned MT status indicates that no error occurred.

The value of the RA flag is stored in non-volatile memory so it is preserved across power cycling of the Iridium 9523.

<msg waiting>:

The message waiting flag indicates how many SBD mobile terminated messages are currently queued at the gateway awaiting collection by the Iridium 9523. This flag is updated after every SBD session, including +SBDI, +SBDIXA, +SBDREG and +SBDDET.

5.7.112 +ADJANT – User Antenna Adjustment Required

Exec Command: none

Unsolicited Announcement:

+ADJANT:<adj_required>

where:

```
<adj_required>:
```

The adj_required flag indicates whether the user needs to adjust the L-band antenna position to improve reception.

- 0 Adjustment no longer required
- 1 Adjustment required

The "+ADJANT:1" message will be sent up to three times, at 5-second intervals, if Layer 1 is attempting to acquire an L-band bearer but is unable to receive the BCCH transmission from the SV, whether the attempt is due to an MT call (prior to RING indication), MO call, or Location Update etc.

It is an indication that the user needs to deploy the antenna or adjust it to a better orientation/location.

Note that if the acquisition fails or succeeds, there will in most cases be a subsequent "+ADJANT:0", but this is not guaranteed in all cases.

5.7.113 +WANTST, +ANTST – Antenna status

Exec Command:

+WANTST

This command causes the IRIDIUM 9523's internal state-change history to be deleted, so that the next time it polls the antenna status, a +ANTST:<ant_status> unsolicited message will be generated regardless of state.

A result code (normally "OK") will be returned immediately, and the +ANTST:<ant_status> message will follow later (potentially much later – see below).

Unsolicited Announcement:

+ANTST:<ant_status>

where:

<ant_status>:

- 0 Built-in antenna is stowed
- 1 Built-in antenna is deployed, or an external antenna (via docking cradle) is connected, and the built-in antenna is disconnected so its stowed/deployed status is irrelevant

The +ANTST:<ant status> message will be sent whenever internal polling indicates that the antenna status has changed, or on polling after +WANTST has been received regardless of whether the state has changed or not. An initial state of 'stowed' can be assumed, but +ANTST:<ant status> will be sent shortly after initialization with the actual status in any case. Internal polling will measure the deployment and docking detector states before any overall state change is announced.

Note that internal polling occurs on each main receiver receive activity, i.e. once per 90ms during a call, at least once every 4.3 seconds while monitoring a Ring signal, and as infrequently as once every 2 minutes when performing Ring searches with no signal present.

5.7.114 +PCDA – Pending call drop alert

Exec Command: none

Unsolicited Announcement:

+PCDA:<alert_status>

where:

<alert_status>:

- 0 Pending call drop alert is inactive
- 1 Pending call drop alert is active

The +PCDA message will be sent whenever the pending call drop alert status changes.

5.7.115 +DPLCI – DPL Call Indication

Exec Command: none

Unsolicited Announcement:

+DPLCI=<call_state>,<call_type>,<emergency_call>,<telephone_number>

where:

<call_state>:

- 0 Idle
- 1 MO Establishing
- 2 MT Alerting

- 3 MT Connecting
- 4 Active
- 5 Releasing

<call_type>:

- 0 Speech
- 1 Data

<emergency_call>:

- 0 Normal Call
- 1 Emergency Call

<telephone_number>: Dialed telephone number digits

The +DPLCI message will be sent whenever there is a call state change based on the activity of a DPL peripheral handset.

5.7.116 +CCWA - Call Waiting service

Command	Possible response(s)
+CCWA=	None (command ignored without error)
+CCWA= <n>[,<mode>,<classx>]</classx></mode></n>	When command unsuccessful
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	When <mode>=2 command successful</mode>
	+CCWA: <status>,<class1></class1></status>
	[<cr><lf>+CCWA:<status>,<class2></class2></status></lf></cr>
	[]] (but the Iridium 9523 will in practice only report a single line, <class1> = 1)</class1>
	When <mode> not 2 and command successful</mode>
	None
+CCWA?	Current unsolicited result presentation status
	+CCWA: <n></n>
Test command	List of supported <n>s</n>
+CCWA=?	+CCWA:(0,1)
None	Unsolicited result notifying that a call is waiting
	+CCWA: <number>,<type>,<class></class></type></number>

Note: While this command is implemented in the Iridium 9523, it may not yet be supported in the Iridium network. Stand by for an Iridium Technical Bulletin announcing network support for this feature.

This command is based on GSM 07.07 [2] subclause 7.11, and allows control of the Iridium Call Waiting supplementary service similar to GSM 02.83 [6]. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported. Parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the presentation of the unsolicited result code to the FA when the Call Waiting service is enabled.

Command is abortable in the cases when the network is interrogated. The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM supplementary services is described in the GSM standard.

Defined values

<n> (sets/shows the result code presentation status in the Iridium 9523):

- 0 disable unsolicited result presentation
- 1 enable unsolicited result presentation

On a DTE-DCE command, <n> will set the result code presentation status in the Iridium 9523, regardless of the value of any <mode> parameter.

<mode> (when <mode> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated):

- 0 disable Call Waiting service for specified class(es)
- 1 enable Call Waiting service for specified class(es)
- 2 query status of Call Waiting service for specified class(es)

<classx> is a sum of integers each representing a class of information:

- 1 voice
- 2 data
- 4 fax

This parameter defaults to 7, equal to all classes, but the Iridium 9523 only supports Voice Call Waiting so this is illegal. Therefore in practice the FA must supply <classx>=1.

<status>:

- 0 Call Waiting service not active for specified Class
- 1 Call Waiting service active for specified Class

<number>: quoted string type phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>

<type>: type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [7] subclause 10.5.4.7); default 145 when dialing string is international number, otherwise 129.

If the network rejects a request to activate/deactivate the Call Waiting service due to it not being provisioned (or for other reasons), the reported CME ERROR code will be 133 "requested service option not subscribed". This is strictly speaking a GPRS-related code (GSM 07.07 [2] subclause 9.2.2), but is the most informative choice in this case.

Informative examples:

The status of only the Voice class can be queried:

AT+CCWA=1,2,1

If the command is successful, the Iridium 9523 might return (after contacting the network):

+CCWA:1,1

If a remote caller tries to place a voice call to the Iridium 9523 while it already has a call in progress, and the Call Waiting service has been made active for class Voice, then the network will send a message to the Iridium 9523. Then, if <n> has previously been set to '1', the Iridium 9523 will send an unsolicited result code to the FA, e.g.:

```
+CCWA:"+441223420024",145,1
```

5.7.117 +CLCK - Facility Lock

Command	Possible response(s)
+CLCK=	None (command ignored without error)
+CLCK= <fac>,<mode>[<passwd>[,<classx>]]</classx></passwd></mode></fac>	When command unsuccessful
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	When <mode>=2 and command successful</mode>
	+CLCK: <status>[,<class1></class1></status>
	[<cr><lf>+CLCK:<status>,<class2></class2></status></lf></cr>
	[]] (but the Iridium 9523 will in practice only report a single line, <class1> = 1)</class1>
	When <mode> not 2 and command successful</mode>
	None
Test command	List of supported <fac>s</fac>
+CLCK=?	+CLCK:("CS","SC","FD","AO","AI","AB")

This command is based on GSM 07.07 [2] subclause 7.4, and is used to enable, disable or interrogate an ME or a network facility <fac>.

Command is abortable in the cases when network facilities are set or interrogated. The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM supplementary services is described in the GSM standard.

Execute command is used to activate or deactivate Call Barring Supplementary Services, SIM Fixed Dialling feature, the SIM card PIN Code, or to enable or disable the Phone Lock feature in the Iridium 9523. A password code (detailed below) may be required, depending on the action chosen.

Not all Call Barring services detailed in GSM 07.07 [2] subclause 7.4 are supported. A subset of those implemented in the H1 menu MMI is supported.

Note: This command will not work unless the SIM PIN has been entered using the +CPIN command.

Note: Once this command has been issued to disable the PIN, neither it nor the +CPIN need to be issued again unless the PIN function is reactivated.

The following parameter values are currently supported:

<fac>:

- "CS" CNTRL Surface (Enable/Disable Phone Lock feature). The current Phone Unlock Code is required as <passwd>.
- "SC" SIM: Activate/Deactivate SIM card PIN Code, in which the SIM asks password in ME power-up. The PIN code is required as cpasswd>.
- "FD" SIM fixed dialling memory feature (PIN2 is required as <passwd>)
- "AO" BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls) (refer GSM 02.88 [4] clause 1). The Call Barring password is required as <passwd>.
- "AI" BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls) (refer GSM 02.88 [4] clause 2). The Call Barring password is required as <passwd>.
- "AB" All Barring services (refer GSM 02.30 [5]) (applicable only for <mode>=0). The Call Barring password is required as <passwd>.

Note: several GSM standard facility codes including the following are NOT supported:

- "OI" BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls) (refer GSM 02.88 [4] clause 1). All Iridium calls are International, so this facility should not be exercised by a user interface.
- "OX" BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) (refer GSM 02.88 [4] clause 1). All Iridium calls are International, so this facility should not be exercised by a user interface.
- "IR" BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) (refer GSM 02.88 [4] clause 2). In Iridium it is not possible to roam (there is only one "home country"), so this facility should not be exercised by a user interface.
- "AG" All outGoing barring services (refer GSM 02.30 [5]) (applicable only for <mode>=0). This subgroup of services cannot be addressed; the user interface should just use "AB".
- "AC" All inComing barring services (refer GSM 02.30 [5]) (applicable only for <mode>=0). This subgroup of services cannot be addressed; the user interface should just use "AB".

<mode>:

- 0 Disable (Deactivate)
- 1 Enable (Activate)

<passwd>: string type, enclosed by " "; for example, "1234".

Note: Factory default SIM card PIN Code is "1111"

Note: Factory default Phone Unlock Code is "1234"

<classx> is a sum of integers each representing a class of information:

- 1 voice
- 2 data
- 4 fax

This parameter defaults to 7, equal to all classes, but the Iridium 9523 only supports Voice Call Barring so this is illegal. Therefore in practice the FA must supply <classx>=1 when querying or changing the status of any Call Barring facility. When querying (<mode>=2), cpasswd> is irrelevant and should be supplied as "" in order to allow the <classx>=1 parameter to be supplied.

For facilities "CS", "SC" and "FD", the <passwd> and <classx> parameters are not relevant and will be ignored if supplied.

Test Command: +CLCK=?

Test command returns the facility values supported by the phone. The response is in the form:

+CLCK:(list of supported <fac>s)

Note: Only "CS" will appear as a supported value if there is no SIM card in the device.

Note: +CLCK is closely related to +CPIN and +CPWD. See these commands for additional information.

5.7.118 +CPWD - Change Password

Exec Command: +CPWD=<fac>,<oldpwd>,<newpwd>

This command sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by the AT command Facility Lock +CLCK . The following parameter values are currently supported:

<fac>:

"CS" CNTRL Surface (Phone Unlock Code)

- "SC" SIM (SIM Card PIN Code)
- "P2" SIM PIN2 (SIM Card PIN2 Code)
- "AB" Call Barring password (single password used for all call barring supplementary services)

Note: AT+CPWD="SC",<oldpwd>,<newpwd> will return "Error" unless the SIM Card Pin Code is currently activated (see AT command Facility Lock +CLCK).

Note: A user interface may prompt the user for two copies of the new password, in which case it should check the two are identical as only one copy is needed for this command.

Test Command: +CPWD=?

Test command returns a list of pairs which present the available facilities and the maximum length of their password. Response is in the form:

+CPWD: list of supported (<fac>,<pwdlength>)s

where <pwdlength> indicates the maximum length for the password.

Note: +CPWD is closely related to +CLCK and +CPIN. See these commands for additional information.

5.7.119 +CSDT – Sidetone

Exec Command: +CSDT=<sidetone enabled>

This command controls the transceiver board sidetone generation. Enabling sidetone will cause the Iridium 9523 to start sidetone generation. Disabling sidetone will cause the Iridium 9523 to stop sidetone generation. The following parameter values are currently supported:

< sidetone enabled >:

- 1 Enable sidetone
- 0 Disable sidetone

Query Command: +CSDT?

This command returns the current transceiver board sidetone generation state. 1 = enabled, 0 = disabled.

Test Command: +CSDT=?

Test command returns a list of valid values. Response is in the form:

+CSDT:list of supported modes

5.7.120 +CHLD – Call Hold and Multiparty

Command	Possible response(s)
+CHLD=	None (command ignored without error)
+CHLD= <n></n>	When command unsuccessful
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	When command successful
	ОК
Test command	List of supported <n>s</n>
+CHLD=?	+CHLD:(0,1,1x,2,2x,3)

Note: While this command is implemented in the Iridium 9523, it may not yet be supported in the Iridium network. Stand by for an Iridium Technical Bulletin announcing network support for this feature.

This command is based on GSM 07.07 [2] subclause 7.12, and is used to invoke the HOLD and MPTY supplementary services for switching between held calls, etc. The values of <n> are the same as those that a user can enter via a numeric keypad, as described in GSM 02.30 [5] subclause 4.5.5.

This command is not abortable, and finishes without waiting for a response from the network. The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM supplementary services is described in the GSM standard.

The following parameter values are currently supported:

<n>:

- "0" Releases all held calls or sets User Determined User Busy (UDUB) for a waiting call
- "1" Releases all active calls (if any exist) and accepts the other (held or waiting) call
- "1X" Releases a specific active call X
- "2" Places all active calls (if any exist) on hold and accepts the other (held or waiting) call
- "2X" Places all active calls on hold except call X with which communication shall be supported
- "3" Adds a held call to the conversation
- "4" Not supported (Connects the two calls and disconnects the subscriber from both calls (ECT))

"4*dirno" Not supported (Redirect an incoming or a waiting call to the specified directory number)

"5" Not supported (\$(CCBS)\$: Activates the Completion of Calls to Busy Subscriber Request)

Test Command: +CHLD=?

Test command returns the <n> values supported by the phone. The response is in the form:

+CHLD:(list of supported <n>s)

Note: "AT+CHLD=0" can be used to set UDUB when there is an incoming call, whether or not there is a current call active (or held), in order to support GSM 02.30 [5] subclauses 4.4.2.3 and 4.5.5.2.

5.7.121 +XCSI – Extended Call State Information

This proprietary unsolicited announcement was added to allow the FA to keep track of call state during Call Hold and Multiparty operations using AT+CHLD.

Exec Command: none

Unsolicited Announcement:

+XCSI=<overall call_state>,<active call_state>,<held_call state>,<active index>,<held index>

where:

<overall call_state>:

- 0 Idle (dialling possible)
- 1 One single-party call active
- 2 One multiparty call active
- 3 Incoming call arriving (otherwise idle)
- 4 One single-party call active, plus waiting call

- 5 One multiparty call active, plus waiting call
- 6 One single-party call held (dialing possible)
- 7 One multiparty call held (dialing possible)
- 8 Dual single-party call (one active, one held)
- 9 Dual call: single party call held, multiparty call active
- 10 Dual call: single party call active, multiparty call held
- 11 One single-party call held, plus waiting call
- 12 One multiparty call held, plus waiting call
- 13 Dual single-party call (one active, one held), plus waiting call
- 14 Dual call: single party call held, multiparty call active, plus waiting call
- 15 Dual call: single party call active, multiparty call held, plus waiting call
- 16 Busy, i.e. one or more calls are waiting for the network to process a change

<active call_state>, <held call state>:

- 0 Call is idle
- 1 MO establishment in progress
- 2 Waiting for user to answer MT call
- 3 User accepted MT call, completing establishment
- 4 Fully active
- 5 Call is part of fully active multiparty call
- 6 Call held
- 7 Call is part of held multiparty call
- 8 Multiparty (conference) build requested
- 9 Hold requested
- 10 Multiparty hold requested
- 11 Retrieve requested
- 12 Multiparty retrieve requested
- 13 Call is being removed (split) from multiparty call
- 14 Reestablishing
- 15 Releasing

<active index>,<held index>:

- 0..5 Index of call record
- 255 No call record

The +XCSI message extends the information available in the +DPLCI announcement. It will be sent whenever there is a non-data call state change in the Iridium 9523's internal Call Control (MMICC) state machines, including during a voice call session (possibly with multiple concurrent calls) when any call becomes held/active/waiting. There will be no +XCSI announcements during a data call, but there could be one after the data call has finished, when the overall call state goes idle.

The call index fields identify the call records for the active and held calls. Note that the IRIDIUM 9523 implementation allows at most one held call at a time. The index values can be used in the "<1x>" and "<2x>" options of the AT+CHLD command.

5.7.122 +CDSI – Report SMS status

This announcement is sent when the network responds after a mobile-originated SMS send attempt.

Exec Command: none

Unsolicited Announcement:

+CDSI:<status>

where:

<status>:

- 0..255 Success code or failure cause (TD_SMS_RP_CAUSE_*)
- 1 Unassigned Number
- 8 Operator Barring
- 10 Call Barred
- 21 SM Transfer Rejected
- 22 Memory Capacity Exceeded
- 27 Destination Out Of Order
- 28 Unidentified Subscriber
- 29 Facility Rejected
- 30 Unknown Subscriber
- 38 Network Out Of Order
- 41 Temporary Failure
- 42 Congestion
- 47 No Resources
- 50 Facility Not Subscribed
- 69 Facility Not Implemented
- 81 Invalid RP MR
- 95 Semantic Error
- 96 Mandatory IE Error
- 97 RP MT Not Implemented
- 98 Bad State
- 99 IE Not Implemented
- 111 Unspecified Error
- 127 Interworking Error
- 128 Success
- 129 Success Ack
- 253 No Transaction Id

254 CM Internal Error

255 RL Timeout

Values up to 127 are defined by GSM for SMS-PP Relay Layer messages and values 128 and above are internal codes introduced by Iridium.

5.7.123 +GPSSTA – Configure GPS status

This command enables and disables the GPS receiver when the module is idle. When the module is in a call, then the GPS receiver is disabled to avoid interference between the module's Iridium band transmitter and the GPS band receiver.

Note: the GPS receiver (and associated circuitry) is optional and is not fitted to some revisions of the Iridium 9523 transceiver board. In this case all forms of the +GPSSTA command will return an error.

Exec Command: +GPSSTA=<mode>

where:

<mode>:

- 0 disable GPS receiver
- 1 enable GPS receiver

Query Command: +GPSSTA?

This command returns the current GPS receiver state. 1 = enabled, 0 = disabled.

Test Command: +GPSSTA=?

Test command returns a list of valid values. Response is in the form:

+GPSSTA: list of supported modes

6 S-Register Definitions

S-registers allow control over specific Iridium 9523 operations. Some S-registers contain a single numeric value. Other S-registers are bit mapped where individual bits, or sets of bits, control specific functions.

6.1 S-Register Commands

Commands allow S-registers to be read, written, or simply referenced (i.e. set a pointer to designate the current, referenced S-register). S-register commands are described in the following subsections.

6.1.1 Sr - Direct S-Register Reference

Set a pointer to reference S-register r.

6.1.2 Sr? - Direct S-Register Read

Read the value of S-register r.

6.1.3 Sr=n - Direct S-Register Write

Set the value of S-register r to n, where n is a decimal value in the range 0 to 255.

6.1.4 ? - Referenced S-Register Read

Read the value of the current referenced S-register. The current referenced S-register is that which was last acted upon by a direct reference (ATSr), read (ATSr?), or write (ATSr=n) command.

6.1.5 =n - Referenced S-Register Write

Set the value of the current referenced S-register to n. The current referenced S-register is that which was last acted upon by a direct reference (ATSr), read (ATSr?), or write (ATSr=n) command.

6.2 Standard S-Registers

Table 16: Standard S-Registers

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
SO	0-255	0	Autoanswer. Assigning a value from 1 to 255 in register S0 tells the Iridium 9523 to automatically answer incoming calls. The factory setting of 0 turns off the automatic answer feature. Register S15 controls the type of call to be automatically answered.	
S1	0-255	0	Ring count	Yes
S2	0-255	43	Escape code character	

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
S3	0-127	13	Carriage return character	
S4	0-127	10	Line feed character	
S5	0-32	8	Backspace character	
S6	0-255	4	Wait for dial-tone	
			No action, compatibility only	
S7	0-255	50	Communication standard used by Iridium 9523	
			No action, compatibility only	
S8	0-255	4	Pause time for comma	
			No action, compatibility only	
S9	0-255	6	Carrier detect response time	
			No action, compatibility only	
S10	0-255	14	Carrier loss time	
			No action, compatibility only	
S11	0-255	0	DTMF tone duration	Yes
			No action, compatibility only	
S12	0-255	40	Escape guard time. Time, in 50ths of a second, until OK displayed after entering command mode by escape sequence.	
S14	0-255	170	Bitmap register where bit 1 reflects the En setting, bit 2 turns off command responses, bit 3 reflects the Vn setting, bit 5 reflects pulse/tone dial mode	
S21	0-255	48	Bitmap register where bit 0 reflects telephone jack control, bit 2 reflects RTS/CTS on/off, bits 3 and 4 reflect the &Dn setting, bit 5 reflects the &Cn setting, bit 6 reflects DSR on/off, and bit 7 reflects disconnecting long space.	
S22	0-255	246	Bitmap register where bits 0 and 1 reflect the speaker volume setting, bits 2 and 3 reflect the speaker on/off setting, and bits 4, 5 and 6 reflect the Xn setting.	Yes

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
S23	0-255	61	Bitmap register:	Yes
			bit 0: autobaud setting	
			bits 1-3: FA baud rate	
			bits 4-5: parity	
			bits 6-7: guard tone	
S25	0-255	5	Sets length of time in hundredths of a second that a change in the DTR status has to persist for before it is recognized.	
S27	0-255	9	Bitmap register where bits 0, 1 and 3 reflect the &Qn setting, bit 3 reflects leased line operation setting, bits 4 and 5 reflect synchronous clock setting.	Yes
S30	0-255	0	Disconnect activity timer. Timer used to determine how long the call connection has been inactive, in increments of 1/10000ms. A value of 0 disables this function.	
S31	0-255	0	Bitmap register where bit 1 reflects line modulation method setting, bits 2 and 3 reflect the Wn setting.	Yes
S36	0-255	7	Bitmap register where bits 0, 1 and 2 reflect the link type setting.	Yes
			No action, compatibility only	
S39	0-255	3	Bitmap register where bits 0, 1 and 2 reflect the &Kn setting.	Yes
S40	0-255	192	Bitmap register where bits 2, 3, and 4 reflect the \K setting, and bits 6 and 7 reflect the \An setting, bits 3-5 reflects the \Kn setting.	Yes
			No action, compatibility only	
S41	0-255	3	Bitmap registers where bits 2 and 6 enable retrain on bad signal quality setting, bit 4 reflects xon/xoff usage setting, and bit 5 reflects FA auto rate adjustment setting.	Yes
			No action, compatibility only	

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
S95	0-255	0	Bitmap register for extended result codes (overrides Wn setting).	
			0 = CONNECT shows DCE speed	
			2 = Enable CARRIER XXXX	
			3 = Enable PROTOCOL: XXXX	
			5 = Enable COMPRESSION: XXXX	

6.3 Iridium Specific S-Register Extensions

Table 17: Iridium-Specific S-Registers

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
S13	0-255	0	Bitmap register where bits 0-1 reflect the DCE data bits, bits 2-3 reflect the DCE stop bits, bits 4-6 reflect the DCE parity settings, and bit 7 is not used	Yes
S15	0-2	0	Auto-answer mode selection Bits 0-1: 0 (auto-answer voice and data calls) 1 (auto-answer voice calls only) 2 (auto-answer data calls only)	
S34	0-255	0	Bitmap register where bit 7 reflects the +DR setting, bits 0-1 reflect the data compression type (PT), bit 6 reflects the +DS compression negotiation setting.	Yes
S35	0-255	5	Bearer service capabilities	
S42	0-255	0	GSM Call clearing code as returned by the network. Refer to GSM 04.08 [7] Table 10.86 Cause Information Element Values.	Yes
S43	0-255	32	Bitmap register: 0 = +CMGF setting 1 = +CBST parameter <name> setting 2 = +CMEE setting 3 = +CMEE setting</name>	Yes

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
			5 = +CBST parameter <ce> setting</ce>	
			6 = +CRC setting	
			7 = +CR setting	
S44	0-255	4	Bitmap register:	Yes
			0-2 = +CPBS setting	
			5-6 = +CREG setting	
			7 = +CLIP setting	
S45	0-255	0	Bitmap register:	Yes
			0-1 = +CNMI parameter <mode> setting</mode>	
			2-3 = +CNMI parameter <mt> setting</mt>	
			4-5 = +CNMI parameter <bm> setting</bm>	
			6-7 = +CNMI parameter <ds> setting</ds>	
S47	0-255	0	Bits 4,5, and 6 reflect TON settings for dial string	
S49	0-255	1	Bits 0-3 reflect NPI settings for dial string	
S51	0-255	0	V.42bis maximum codewords (P1), high byte Yes	
S52	0-255	128	V.42bis maximum codewords (P1), low byte	
S54	0-255	20	V.42bis maximum string size (P2)	
S58	0-255	0	V.42bis compression direction (P0)	
S96	0-255	0	IRLP version number (N0) parameter	
S98	1-105	105	IRLP k iwf->isu parameter	
S99	1-105	105	IRLP k isu->iwf parameter	
S100	1-15	15	IRLP N2 parameter	
S102	26-255	30	IRLP T1 parameter	
S103	10-255	10	IRLP T2 parameter	
S104	4-255	4	IRLP T4 parameter	

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
S106	1-10	10	IRLP riwf->isu parameter	
S107	1-10	10	IRLP risu->iwf parameter	
S112	0-255	0	SBD upload message sequence number (high byte)	Yes
S113	0-255	0	SBD upload message sequence number (low byte)	Yes
S121	0-31	1	Bitmap register:	Yes
			bit 0: +SBDMTA setting (SBD ring indication)	
			bits 1-2: +SBDAREG setting (SBD automatic registration)	
			bit 3: +CCWA <n> setting</n>	
			bit 4: +GPSSTA <n> setting</n>	
S122	0-31	0	Bitmap register:	Yes
			bit 0: unused:	
			bits 1-3: +CIER setting (indicator event reporting)	
S123	0-255	8	Bitmap register:	Yes
			bit 0: unused	
			bit 1 = +WTM	
			bit 2 = +WDLDM <dldm></dldm>	
			bit 3 = +WIRLP <mode></mode>	
			bits 4-5 = +WFRNG	
S124	0-255	15	Dynamic link measurement interval (+WDLM <mi> setting). Value in 1000 ms unit.</mi>	
S125	1-100	10	Dynamic link delay measurement delay tolerance (+WDLM <dtl> setting). Value in % unit.</dtl>	
S126	0-255	2	Bitmap register:	Yes
			0 = Ignore &Dn command specified reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions. Disconnect as reaction to Hn command. OK response given.	
			1 = Ignore &Dn command specified reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions. Ignore Hn	

Register Number	Range	Default	Description	Sr=n Command Write Protected in SAC0201
			 command. OK response given 2 = Comply with &Dn command specified reaction to DTR ON to OFF transitions. Disconnect as reaction to Hn command. 	
S127	0-255	0	Bitmap Register containing copies of MSVTR/MSVLS parameters: Bit 0 = –MSVTR: 0 = Disabled (default) 1 = Enabled Bit 1 = –MSVLS: 0 = No Mute (default) 1 = Mute Enabled Bits 2-5 = Reserved (see IID#2600)	Yes

7 Summary of Result Codes

The following tables list the result codes returned by the Iridium 9523.

Numeric (V0)	Verbose (V1)	Description
0	'OK'	Acknowledges execution of command; voice call connection has been established.
1	'CONNECT'	Data call connection has been established.
2	'RING'	Incoming data or voice call received (unsolicited).
3	'NO CARRIER'	Data or voice call connection terminated.
4	'ERROR'	Command not accepted.
5	'CONNECT 1200'	Data call connection established at 1200 bps.
6	'NO DIALTONE'	No dialtone detected.
7	'BUSY'	Busy signal detected.
8	'NO ANSWER'	Data or voice call connection completion timeout.
9	'CONNECT 0600'	Data call connection established at 600 bps.
10	'CONNECT 2400'	Data call connection established at 2400 bps.
11	'CONNECT 4800'	Data call connection established at 4800 bps.
12	'CONNECT 9600'	Data call connection established at 9600 bps.
13	'CONNECT 7200'	Data call connection established at 7200 bps.
14	'CONNECT 12000'	Data call connection established at 12000 bps.
15	'CONNECT 14400'	Data call connection established at 14400 bps.
16	'CONNECT 19200'	Data call connection established at 19200 bps.
17	'CONNECT 38400'	Data call connection established at 38400 bps.
18	'CONNECT 57600'	Data call connection established at 57600 bps.
19	'CONNECT 115200'	Data call connection established at 115200 bps.
40	'CARRIER 300'	Data rate detected at 300 bps.

Table 18: V.25ter/Hayes Result Codes

44	'CARRIER 1200/75 '	Data rate detected at V.23 backward channel.
46	'CARRIER 1200'	Data rate detected at 1200 bps.
47	'CARRIER 2400'	Data rate detected at 2400 bps.
48	'CARRIER 4800'	Data rate detected at 4800 bps.
49	'CARRIER 7200'	Data rate detected at 7200 bps.
50	'CARRIER 9600'	Data rate detected at 9600 bps.
51	'CARRIER 12000'	Data rate detected at 12000 bps.
67	'COMPRESSION: V.42bis'	Data call connected with V.42bis compression enabled.
69	'COMPRESSION: NONE'	Data call connected with no data compression.
126	'SBDRING'	SBD ring alert received, indicating presence of a mobile terminated SBD message at gateway.
127	'HARDWARE FAILURE: <subsys>,<error>'</error></subsys>	Issued at initialization in case of a hardware failure. See section Error! Reference source not found.
as verbose	'+DR: V42B NONE'	Data call connected with no data compression.
as verbose	'+DR: V42B TD'	Data call connected with V.42bis compression enabled on transmit direction.
as verbose	'+DR: V42B RD'	Data call connected with V.42bis compression enabled on receive direction.
as verbose	'+DR: V42B'	Data call connected with V.42bis compression enabled on both transmit and receive direction.

Table 19: GSM 7.07 Result Codes

Numeric (V0)	Verbose (V1)	Description
as verbose	'+CR: ASYNC'	Asynchronous transparent data connection
as verbose	'+CR: REL ASYNC'	Asynchronous non-transparent data
as verbose	'+CME ERROR: <error></error>	Command not accepted. See section 5.7.28.
as verbose	'+CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>	Registration indication status (unsolicited if enabled). See section 5.7.50.
as verbose	'+CRING: ASYNC'	Asynchronous transparent data call indication
as verbose	'+CRING: REL ASYNC'	Asynchronous non-transparent data
as verbose	'+CRING: VOICE'	Voice call connection

Table 20: GSM 7.05 Result Codes

Numeric	Verbose (V1)	Description
as verbose	'+CMTI: <mem>,<index>'</index></mem>	SMS-DELIVER message indication (unsolicited if enabled). See section 5.7.42.
as verbose	'+CMT: [<alpha>],<length><cr><lf><pdu>' (PDU mode)</pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha>	SMS-DELIVER message indication (unsolic- ited if enabled). See section 5.7.42.
as verbose	'+CDS: <length><cr><lf><pdu>' (PDU mode)</pdu></lf></cr></length>	SMS-STATUS-REPORT message indication (unsolicited if enabled). See section 5.7.42.
as verbose	'+CMS ERROR: <error></error>	SMS command failed. See section 5.7.35.

Table 21: Iridium-specific Result Codes

Numeric (V0)	Verbose (V1)	Description
as verbose	'READY'	Ready to receive SBD binary message data from FA. See section 5.7.85.
as verbose	'+AREG: <event>,<reg error="">'</reg></event>	Auto-registration event report. See section 5.7.110.
as verbose	'+CIEV: <sig><value>'</value></sig>	Indicator event report. See section 5.7.94.
as verbose	'+ADJANT: <deployed>'</deployed>	User antenna adjustment is required. See section 5.7.112.

8 Informative Examples

Note: The examples below are presented in two different formats. The format used in each example has no significance. A single format will be used in a future revision of this document.

8.1 Unit Identification

When beginning to build a communication link, a general FA application controlling the Iridium 9523 should confirm the type of Iridium device to which it is connected.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT+CGMI		Get manufacturer
	Iridium	name
	OK	
AT+CGMM		
	<model id=""></model>	Get model number
	OK	
AT+CGMR		
	Call processor version: <revision></revision>	
	DSP version: <revision></revision>	Get revision
	OK	
AT+CGSN		
	30000100000000	Get IMEI
	OK	

8.2 Setting the Default Configuration

The FA sets the Transceiver's default configuration to no flow control, SBD automatic notifications enabled.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description	
AT&KO		Disable RTS/CTS flow control	
	OK		
AT+SBDMTA=1		Enable SBD ring indications	
	OK	Enable ODD fing indications	
AT&WO		- Store the configuration as profile 0	
	OK		
AT&Y0		Select profile 0 as the power up default	
	ОК	- Select profile 0 as the power-up default	

8.3 Power-on to Sending an SBD Message

The FA will power up the Transceiver, wait for the Transceiver to acquire the network, and send a 70-byte message.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
		Apply power to the Iridium 9523

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description	
		Wait for DSR to become asserted	
AT+CIER=1,0,1		Enable service indication reporting (note	
	OK	that this can be stored in the default configuration)	
	+CIEV: 1,1	Wait for the Iridium 9523 to acquire the network	
AT+SBDWB=70			
	READY	Transfor massage to tridium 0522	
<binary transfer=""></binary>		Transfer message to Iridium 9523	
	0		
AT+SBDIX		Perform SBD session	
	+SBDIX: 0,23,0,-1,0,0	Fendini SDD session	
AT+SBDD0		Clear the MO message huffer	
	OK	Clear the MO message buffer	

8.4 SBD Automatic Notification Registration

The FA verifies its registration state, performs a registration in order to be able to receive automatic notifications, and enables automatic notification indications.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT+SBDREG?		Query the Transceiver registration status
	+SBDREG:0	Transceiver is detached, i.e. un-registered
AT+SBDREG		Tell the Transceiver to register for automatic notifications
	+SBDREG:2,0	Transceiver is now registered
AT+SBDREG?		Query the Transceiver registration status
	+SBDREG:2	Transceiver is registered
AT+SBDMTA=1		Enable SBD ring indications from
	OK	Transceiver to FA

8.5 SBD Automatic Notification Message Reception

The FA verifies its registration state. Upon receiving automatic notification the FA initiates an SBD session to receive an MT message.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT+SBDREG?		Query the Transceiver registration status
	+SBDREG:2	Transceiver is registered
		Vendor application sends an MT message to the GSS
	+SBDRING	Transceiver indicates an incoming message. The RI line also toggles.
AT+SBDIXA		FA initiates an SBD session in answer to the automatic notification

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
	+SBDIXA:0,23,1,237,90,2	Transceiver informs FA that a 90-byte message was successfully received with MTMSN 237, and that two further MT messages are queued at the GSS
AT+SBDRB		FA retrieves the received message from
	<binary transfer=""></binary>	the Transceiver

8.6 SBD Automatic Notification Automatic Registration

The FA verifies its registration state and enables automatic registration using the "Ask" mode.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT+SBDREG?		Query the Transceiver registration status
	+SBDREG:2	Transceiver is registered
AT+SBDAREG=2		FA sets the automatic registration to "Ask"
	OK	mode
		Transceiver is moved
	+AREG:0,0	Transceiver notifies FA that it needs to
	TAREG.0,0	register
AT+SBDREG		FA instructs the Transceiver to register
	+SBDREG:2,0	Registration is successful

8.7 Powering Down

The FA flushes any pending Eeprom writes before powering down the Transceiver.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT*P0		FA tells Transceiver to flush pending
	OK	writes to Eeprom and waits for completion
 		FA may now safely disconnect the
		Transceiver power supply.

8.8 Originating a Data Call

An example of how to make a data call is given below:

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT+CBST=6,0,1		Asynchronous modem 4800 bps and
	OK	IRLP
AT+CR=1		Enable reporting
	OK	
ATD1234567890		Dial remote modem

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
	OK	
+CR: REL ASYNC		Call connected at FA rate of 9600
	CONNECT ASYNC 9600	Call connected at FA fate of 9600

8.9 Answering a Data Call

The Iridium 9523 is capable of accepting mobile terminated data calls. The following is a sequence of commands that can be used to establish the connection.

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
	RING	Indicates arrival of call request
ATA		Manually answer the call
	CONNECT 9600	Call connected at FA rate of 9600
ATS0=2		To automatically answer a call, register 0
A150-2		should be set to a non-zero value
	RING	Indicates arrival of call request
	CONNECT	Call connected at FA rate of 9600

8.10 Disconnecting a Data Call

To Transceiver (from FA)	To FA (from Transceiver)	Description
AT+CBST=6,0,1		Asynchronous modem 4800 bps and
	OK	IRLP
AT+CR=1		- Enable reporting
	OK	
ATD1234567890		– Dial remote modem
	OK	
+CR: REL ASYNC		Call connected at FA rate of 9600
	CONNECT ASYNC 9600	Call connected at FA fate of 9000
		Data transfer
<+++>		Sand agaging agguarda
	ОК	Send escape sequence
ATH0		
	OK	- Hang up call

8.11 Originating and Disconnecting a Voice Call

An example of how to make and disconnect a voice call is given below:

To Transceiver (from FA) To FA (from Transceiver		Description
ATD1234567890		Dial remote phone
	ОК	Call connected; phone stays in command mode
		Conversation
ATH0		
	OK	Hang up call

8.12 Coordination of +CLCC and +CPAS responses

In order to determine the call state of the Iridium 9523, the +CLCC and +CPAS commands may be used. The following table demonstrates how the output of the two commands, as well as the Extended Ring Message, can be combined to provide a more detailed definition of the call state than any one of the results provides by itself.

Call State	+CLCC Response	+CPAS Response	Extended Ring Message
ldle	+CLCC: 006	+CPAS: 000 or 003	n/a
Handset dialing - Voice	+CLCC: 002	+CPAS: 000 or 003	n/a
ATD dialing - Voice	command aborts call	command aborts call	n/a
ATD dialing - Data	command aborts call	command aborts call	n/a
Alerting after ATD dialing - Voice	command aborts call	command aborts call	n/a
Alerting after ATD dialing - Data	command aborts call	command aborts call	n/a
Ringing - Voice	+CLCC: 004	+CPAS: 003	CRING: VOICE
Ringing - Data	+CLCC: 004	+CPAS: 003	CRING: DATA
In call - Voice	+CLCC: 000	+CPAS: 000 or 003	n/a
In call - Data	+CLCC: 000	+CPAS: 004	n/a
On hold - Voice	+CLCC: 001	+CPAS: 000 or 003	n/a
Call waiting - Voice	2 or more call states, one of which is 004 e.g. +CLCC: 000,004	+CPAS: 000 or 003	n/a

Supported AT Commands

Table 22 lists the AT commands supported by the Iridium 9523. The list of supported commands is a subset of commands taken from Iridium's AT Command Specification.

Command	Description	See Section
%R	Display Registers	5.7.21
&Cn	DCD Option	5.7.10
&Dn	DTR Option	5.7.11
&Fn	Restore Factory Settings	5.7.12
&Kn	Flow Control	5.7.13
&Mn	Asynchronous/Synchronous Mode	5.7.14
&Qn	Sync/Async Mode	5.7.15
&Sn	DSR Override	5.7.16
&V	View Active Stored Configuration	5.7.17
&Wn	Store Active Configuration	5.7.18
&Yn	Designate Default Reset Profile	5.7.19
*Pn	Power Phone	5.7.22
∖Kn	Control Break	5.7.20
+++	Escape Sequence	5.7.3
+ADJANT	User Antenna Adjustment Required	5.7.112
+CAR	Audio Output Control	5.7.92
+CBST	Select Bearer Service Type	5.7.23
+CCFC	Call Forward Service	5.7.76
+CCLK	Real-Time Clock	5.7.70
+CCWA	Call Waiting Service	5.7.116
+CDSI	Report SMS Status	5.7.122
+CEER	Extended Error Report	5.7.33
+CGMI	Manufacturer Identification	5.7.24
+CGMM	Model Identification	5.7.25
+CGMR	Revision	5.7.26
+CGSN	Serial Number	5.7.27
+CHLD	Call Hold and Multiparty	5.7.120
+CHUP	Hangup Call	5.7.34
+CICCID	Read ICC ID From SIM	5.7.99
+CIER	Indicator Event Reporting	5.7.94

Table 22: Supported AT Commands

Command	Description	See Section
+CLCC	Request Current Call Status	5.7.77
+CLCK	Facility Lock	5.7.117
+CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation	5.7.100
+CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction	5.7.101
+CLVL	Loudspeaker Volume Level Control	5.7.66
+CMEE	Report Mobile Equipment Error	5.7.28
+CMGD	Delete SMS Message	5.7.35
+CMGF	SMS Message Format	5.7.36
+CMGL	List SMS Messages	5.7.37
+CMGR	Read SMS Message	5.7.38
+CMGS	Send SMS Message	5.7.39
+CMGW	Write SMS Message To Memory	5.7.40
+CMOD	Call Mode	5.7.41
+CMUT	Mute Control	5.7.67
+CNMI	New SMS Message Indications to DTE	5.7.42
+CNUM	Read MSISDN Numbers	5.7.78
+COPS	Operator Select	5.7.43
+CPAS	Phone Activity Status	5.7.29
+CPBF	Find Phonebook Entries	5.7.44
+CPBR	Read Phonebook Entries	5.7.45
+CPBS	Select Phonebook Storage	5.7.46
+CPBW	Write Phonebook Entry	5.7.47
+CPIN	Enter PIN	5.7.48
+CPMS	Select Preferred SMS Message Storage	5.7.49
+CPWD	Change Password	5.7.118
+CR	Service Reporting Control	5.7.30
+CRC	Cellular Result Codes	5.7.68
+CREG	Network Registration	5.7.50
+CRIS	Ring Indication Status	5.7.95
+CSCA	SMS Service Center Address	5.7.51
+CSCB	Select Cell Broadcast Message Types	5.7.52
+CSCS	Select TE Character Set	5.7.53
+CSDT	Sidetone	5.7.119
+CSMS	Select SMS Message Service	5.7.54
+CSQ[F]	Signal Quality	5.7.96

Command	Description	See Section
+CSSSC	Supplementary Services Short Code	5.7.79
+CSTA	Select Type of Address	5.7.55
+CULK	Unlock	5.7.97
+CVHU	Voice Hangup Control	5.7.69
+CVMI	Voicemail Indication	5.7.98
+DPLCI	DPL Call Indication	5.7.115
+DR	Data Compression Report Level	5.7.32
+DS	Set Data Compression Function	5.7.31
+GCAP	General Capabilities	5.7.60
+GMI	Manufacturer Identification	5.7.56
+GMM	Model Identification	5.7.57
+GMR	Revision	5.7.58
+GPSSTA	Configure GPS Status	5.7.123
+GSN	Serial Number	5.7.59
+IPR	Fixed DTE Rate	5.7.102
+PCDA	Pending Call Drop Alert	5.7.114
+SBDAREG	Short Burst Data: Automatic Registration	5.7.110
+SBDC	Short Burst Data: Clear SBD MOMSN	5.7.89
+SBDD	Short Burst Data: Clear SBD Message Buffer(s)	5.7.88
+SBDDET	Short Burst Data: Detach	5.7.104
+SBDDSC	Short Burst Data: Delivery Short Code	5.7.107
+SBDI	Short Burst Data: Initiate an SBD Session	5.7.105
+SBDIX[A]	Short Burst Data: Initiate an SBD Session Extended	5.7.106
+SBDMTA	Short Burst Data: Mobile-Terminated Alert	5.7.108
+SBDRB	Short Burst Data: Read Binary Data from Iridium 9523	5.7.86
+SBDREG	Short Burst Data: Network Registration	5.7.109
+SBDRT	Short Burst Data: Read a Text Message from the Iridium 9523	5.7.87
+SBDS	Short Burst Data: Status	5.7.90
+SBDSX	Short Burst Data: Status Extended	5.7.111
+SBDTC	Short Burst Data: Transfer MO Buffer to MT Buffer	5.7.91
+SBDWB	Short Burst Data: Write Binary Data to the Iridium 9523	5.7.85
+SBDWT	Short Burst Data: Write a Text Message to the Iridium 9523	5.7.103
+WANTST	Antenna Status	5.7.113
+WDAV	Register or Deregister an RS232 DAV Data Peripheral	5.7.84
+WDLDM	IRLP Dynamic Link Delay Measurement	5.7.83

+WIRLPIridiu+WTMIRLF+XCSIExterAAnswA/ReportATAtterDDialD>DirectEnEchoHnHangInIden	eat last command ntion code ct Dial From Phonebook	5.7.81 5.7.80 5.7.82 5.7.121 5.7.61 5.7.2 5.7.1 5.7.62 5.7.62.1 5.7.4
+WTMIRLF+XCSIExterAAnsyA/ReportA/ReportATAtterDDialD>DirectEnEchorHnHangInIden	P Test Mode nded Call State Information wer eat last command ntion code ct Dial From Phonebook	5.7.82 5.7.121 5.7.61 5.7.2 5.7.1 5.7.62 5.7.62.1
+XCSI Exter A Answ A/ Report AT Atter D Dial D> Dial En Echo Hn Hang In Iden	nded Call State Information wer eat last command ntion code ct Dial From Phonebook	5.7.121 5.7.61 5.7.2 5.7.1 5.7.62 5.7.62.1
AAnswA/ReportATAtterDDialD>DirectEnEchoHnHangInIden	ver eat last command ntion code ct Dial From Phonebook	5.7.61 5.7.2 5.7.1 5.7.62 5.7.62.1
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AT Atter D Dial D> Direct En Echo Hn Hang In Iden	ntion code ct Dial From Phonebook	5.7.1 5.7.62 5.7.62.1
D Dial D> Direct En Echo Hn Hang In Iden	ct Dial From Phonebook	5.7.62 5.7.62.1
D> Direct En Echo Hn Hang In Iden)	5.7.62.1
En Echo Hn Hang In Iden)	
Hn Hang In Iden		5.7.4
In Iden	gup	
		5.7.63
-MSGEO Reg	tification	5.7.93
moore noq	uest Geolocation	5.7.75
-MSSTM Req	uest System Time	5.7.74
-MSVLS Loca	al DTMF Feedback Selection	5.7.73
-MSVTR DTM	IF Received in Voice Call	5.7.72
-MSVTS DTM	IF Generation in Voice Call	5.7.71
On Onlin	10	5.7.5
Qn Quie	t Mode	5.7.6
S0=n Auto	Answer	5.7.64
Vn Verb	oose Mode	5.7.7
Wn Erro	r Correction Message Control	5.7.8
Xn Exte	nded Result Codes	5.7.65
Zn Soft	Reset	5.7.9